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RADIO TEST REPORT – 400598-1TRFWL

Type of assessment:

Final product testing

Applicant:

Akisens Group

Product name (type):

Water leakage prevention system

Model:

WS-HTS001

FCC ID:

2ASQRWSHTS001

ISED Registration number:

26389-WSHTS001

Specifications:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C, §15.231
- RSS-210 Annex A.1, Issue 10, December 2019

Date of issue: July 28, 2021

Redwanul Rasel, EMC/RF Specialist	
Tested by	Signature
Daniel Hynes, EMC/RF Lab Manager	
Reviewed by	Signature

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Test site registration	**Organization**	**Recognition numbers and location**		
	FCC/ISED	FCC: CA2040; IC: 2040A-4 (Ottawa/Almonte); FCC: CA2041; IC: 2040G-5 (Montreal); CA0101 (Cambridge)		
Website	www.nemko.com			

Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.
This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contained in this report are within Nemko Canada's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

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Section 1. Report summary

1.1 Test specifications

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C, Clause 15.231	Periodic operation in the band 40.66–40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz
RSS-210 Annex A.1, Issue 10, December 2019	Licence-Exempt Radio Apparatus: Category I Equipment. Momentarily operated devices

1.2 Test methods

ANSI C63.10 v2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
RSS-Gen, Issue 5, March 2019	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
RSS-102, Issue 5, March 19, 2015	Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

1.3 Exclusions

None

1.4 Statement of compliance

In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was performed against all relevant requirements of the test standard except as noted in section 1.3 above. Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies In full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

See "Summary of test results" for full details.

1.5 Test report revision history

Table 1.5-1: *Test report revision history*

Revision #	Date of issue	Details of changes made to test report
TRF	July 28, 2021	Original report issued

Section 2. Engineering considerations

2.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT for compliance

There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

2.2 Technical judgment

None

2.3 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.

Section 3. Test conditions

3.1 Atmospheric conditions

Temperature	15 °C – 35 °C
Relative humidity	20 % – 75 %
Air pressure	86 kPa (860 mbar) – 106 kPa (1060 mbar)

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

3.2 Power supply range

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages ±5 %, for which the equipment was designed.

Section 4. Measurement uncertainty

4.1 Uncertainty of measurement

UKAS Lab 34 and TIA-603-B have been used as guidance for measurement uncertainty reasonable estimations with regards to previous experience and validation of data. Nemko Canada, Inc. follows these test methods in order to satisfy ISO/IEC 17025 requirements for estimation of uncertainty of measurement for wireless products.

Measurement uncertainty budgets for the tests are detailed below. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of K = 2 with 95% certainty.

Table 4.1-1: *Measurement uncertainty calculations for Radio*

Test name	Measurement uncertainty, ±dB
All antenna port measurements	0.55
Occupied bandwidth	4.45
Conducted spurious emissions	1.13
Radiated spurious emissions	3.78
AC power line conducted emissions	3.55

Section 5. Information provided by the applicant

5.1 Disclaimer

This section contains information provided by the applicant and has been utilized to support the test plan. Inaccurate information provided by the applicant can affect the validity of the results contained within this test report. Nemko accepts no responsibility for the information contained within this section and the impact it may have on the test plan and resulting measurements.

5.2 Applicant

Company name	Akisens Group
Address	3166 rue Joseph-Monier Terrebonne Québec Canada, J6X 4R1

5.3 Manufacturer

Company name	Akisens Group
Address	3166 rue Joseph-Monier Terrebonne Québec Canada, J6X 4R1

5.4 EUT information

Product name	Water leakage prevention system
Model	WS-HTS001
Serial number	A2010090163
Part number	Aki-wlsht-03
Operating conditions	Autonomous operation, firmware revision 1.0.3, options: 21 messages per packet. Firmware changed to CW mode when applicable in test.
Product description and theory of operation	The sensor detects the water, the temperature and the humidity. The sensor communicates in radio frequency to the AkiSens smart controller.

5.5 Technical information

Applicant IC company number	26389
IC UPN number	WSHTS001
All used IC test site(s) Reg. number	2040G-5
RSS number and Issue number	RSS-210 Issue 10, Annex A.1
Operation type	☐ Periodic ☒ Non-periodic
Frequency (MHz)	433.92
Field strength, dBµV/m @ 3 m	68.02
Measured BW (kHz), 99% OBW	68.88
Type of modulation	OOK (On-Off Keying)
Emission classification	L1D
Fundamental Field strength, dBµV/m @ 3 m	68.03 (peak) and 52.42 (calculated average) at 433.92 MHz
Transmitter spurious, dBµV/m @ 3 m	60.52 (peak) and 44.91 (calculated average) at 4339.1 MHz
Power supply requirements	Battery: 1.7 V_{DC}
Antenna information	Type: 433MHz spring antenna Gain: 2.5 dBi Manufacturer: KTNNKG Model: TH-001
Firmware information	03

5.6 EUT setup details

5.6.1 EUT Exercise

Methods used to exercise the EUT:

During testing, Transmitter (Tx) was set into continuous mode.

5.6 EUT setup details, continued

5.6.2 EUT test configuration

Table 5.6-1: *EUT sub assemblies*

Description	Brand name	Model, Part number, Serial number, Revision level
Water sensor AKI	Akisens	MN: WS-HTS001, PN: Aki-wlsht-03, SN: A2010090163, Rev: 2

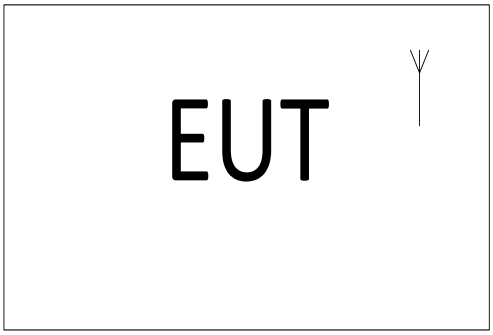


Figure 5.6-1: *Radiated testing block diagram*

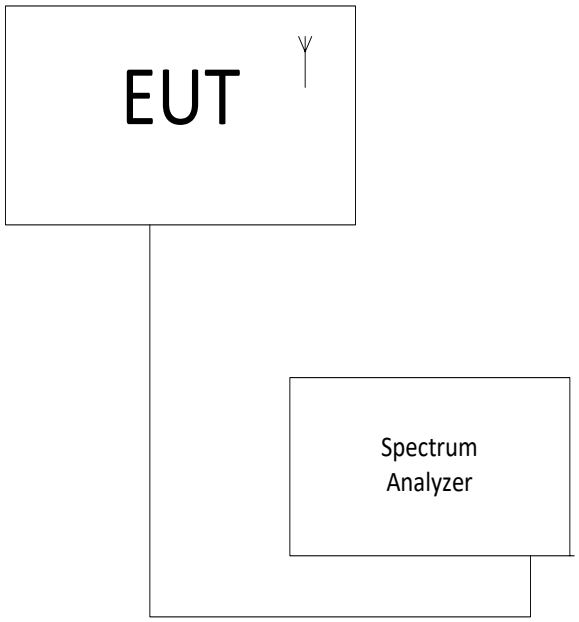


Figure 5.6-2: *Antenna port testing block diagram*

Section 6. Summary of test results

6.1 Testing location

Test location (s)	Montreal

6.2 Testing period

Test start date	June 15, 2020	Test end date	February 5, 2021

6.3 Sample information

Receipt date	June 15, 2020	Nemko sample ID number(s)	# 1

6.4 FCC Part 15 Subpart C, general requirements test results

Table 6.4-1: *FCC general requirements results*

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.207(a)	Conducted limits	Not applicable
§15.31(e)	Variation of power source	Pass
§15.31(m)	Number of tested frequencies	Pass
§15.203	Antenna requirement	Pass

Notes: EUT is a battery operated device, the testing was performed using fresh batteries.

6.5 FCC Part 15 Subpart C, intentional radiators test results

Table 6.5-1: *FCC 15.231 requirements results*

Part	Test description	Verdict
§15.231(a)	Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation	Pass
§15.231(b)	Field strength of emissions	Pass
§15.231(c)	Emission bandwidth	Pass
§15.231(d)	Requirements for devices operating within 40.66–40.70 MHz band	Not applicable[1]
§15.231(e)	Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation	Not applicable

Notes: [1]EUT does not operate in 40.66–40.70 MHz band

6.6 ISED RSS-Gen, Issue 5, test results

Table 6.6-1: *RSS-Gen results*

Part	Test description	Verdict
7.3	Receiver radiated emission limits	Not applicable
7.4	Receiver conducted emission limits	Not applicable
6.9	Operating bands and selection of test frequencies	Pass
8.8	AC power-line conducted emissions limits	Not applicable

Notes: [1] According to sections 5.2 and 5.3 of RSS-Gen, Issue 5 the EUT does not have a stand-alone receiver neither scanner receiver, therefore exempt from receiver requirements.

EUT is a battery operated device, the testing was performed using fresh batteries.

6.7 ISED RSS-210, Issue 10, test results

Table 6.7-1: *RSS-210 results*

Section	Test description	Verdict
A.1.1	Technical requirements	Pass
A.1.2	Field strengths	Pass
A.1.3	Bandwidth of momentary signals	Pass
A.1.4	Reduced field strengths	Not applicable

Notes: None

Section 7. Test equipment

7.1 Test equipment list

Table 7.1-1: *Equipment list*

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model no.	Asset no.	Cal cycle	Next cal.
3 m EMI test chamber (Emissions)	TDK	SAC-3	FA002532e	2 year	February 25, 2022
Flush mount turntable	Sunol	FM2022	FA002550	—	NCR
Controller	Sunol	SC104V	FA002551	—	NCR
Antenna mast	Sunol	TLT2	FA002552	—	NCR
3 Phase AC Power Source	apc AC Power	45 kVA	FA002677	—	VOU
Power Meter	HIOKI	PW3337	FA002727	1 year	March 15, 2022
Bilog antenna (20–2000 MHz)	Sunol	JB1	FA002517	1 year	March 3, 2022
Horn antenna (1–18 GHz)	EMCO	3115	FA001451	1 year	February 16, 2022
Pre-amplifier (0.5–18 GHz)	Com-Power	PAM-118A	FA002561	1 year	September 22, 2021
Receiver/spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 40	FA002071	1 year	March 16, 2022
Spectrum analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV 40	FA002731	1 year	March 23, 2022
High Pass Filter (> 1100 MHz)	Microwave Circuits	H1G212G1	FA002689	—	VOU
50 Ω coax cable	C.C.A.	None	FA002831	—	VOU
50 Ω coax cable	C.C.A.	None	FA002605	—	VOU

Note: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

Section 8. Testing data

8.1 FCC 15.31(e) Variation of power source

8.1.1 References, definitions and limits

For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

8.1.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Redwanul Rasel	Test date	June 15, 2020

8.1.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

8.1.4 Test data

EUT Power requirements:	☐ AC	☐ DC	☒ Battery
If EUT is an AC or a DC powered, was the noticeable output power variation observed?	☐ YES	☐ NO	☒ N/A
If EUT is battery operated, was the testing performed using fresh batteries?	☒ YES	☐ NO	☐ N/A
If EUT is rechargeable battery operated, was the testing performed using fully charged batteries?	☒ YES	☐ NO	☐ N/A

8.2 FCC 15.203 and RSS-Gen, section 6.8 Antenna requirement

8.2.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

ISED:
The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list.

For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report.

8.2.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Redwanul Rasel	Test date	June 15, 2020

8.2.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

8.2.4 Test data

Must the EUT be professionally installed?	☒ YES	☐ NO	
Does the EUT have detachable antenna(s)?	☐ YES	☒ NO	
If detachable, is the antenna connector(s) non-standard?	☐ YES	☐ NO	☒ N/A

8.3 FCC 15.231(a) and RSS-210 A.1.1 Conditions for intentional radiators to comply with periodic operation

8.3.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:

(a) The provisions of this section are restricted to periodic operation within the band 40.66–40.70 MHz and above 70 MHz. Except as shown in paragraph (e) of this section, the intentional radiator is restricted to the transmission of a control signal such as those used with alarm systems, door openers, remote switches, etc. Continuous transmissions, voice, video and the radio control of toys are not permitted. Data is permitted to be sent with a control signal. The following conditions shall be met to comply with the provisions for this periodic operation:

(1) A manually operated transmitter shall employ a switch that will automatically deactivate the transmitter within not more than 5 seconds of being released.

(2) A transmitter activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds after activation.

(3) Periodic transmissions at regular predetermined intervals are not permitted. However, polling or supervision transmissions, including data, to determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are allowed if the total duration of transmissions does not exceed more than two seconds per hour for each transmitter. There is no limit on the number of individual transmissions, provided the total transmission time does not exceed two seconds per hour.

(4) Intentional radiators which are employed for radio control purposes during emergencies involving fire, security, and safety-of-life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the pendency of the alarm condition.

(5) Transmission of set-up information for security systems may exceed the transmission duration limits in paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section, provided such transmissions are under the control of a professional installer and do not exceed ten seconds after a manually operated switch is released or a transmitter is activated automatically. Such set-up information may include data.

ISED:

Devices shall comply with the following for momentary operation:

(a) A manually operated transmitter shall be equipped with a push-to-operate switch and be under manual control at all times during transmission. When released, the transmitter shall cease transmission within no more than 5 seconds of being released.

(b) A transmitter that has been activated automatically shall cease transmission within 5 seconds of activation.

(c) Periodic transmissions at regular, predetermined intervals are not permitted, except as specified in Section A.1.4. However, polling or supervision transmissions that determine system integrity of transmitters used in security or safety applications are permitted, provided the total duration of transmission does not exceed 2 seconds per hour for each transmitter.

(d) Intentional radiators used for radio control during emergencies involving fire, security of goods (e.g. burglar alarms), and safety-of-life, when activated to signal an alarm, may operate during the interval of the alarm condition.

8.3.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Redwanul Rasel	Test date	February 5, 2021

8.3.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

8.3.4 Test data

☒ EUT is a manually triggered transmitter
☒ EUT is an automatically triggered transmitter

☒ EUT is not a periodic transmitter

☒ The EUT usage is for radio control purposes during emergencies
☐ The EUT usage is not for radio control purposes during emergencies

☒ The EUT transmits set-up information
☐ The EUT does not transmit set-up information

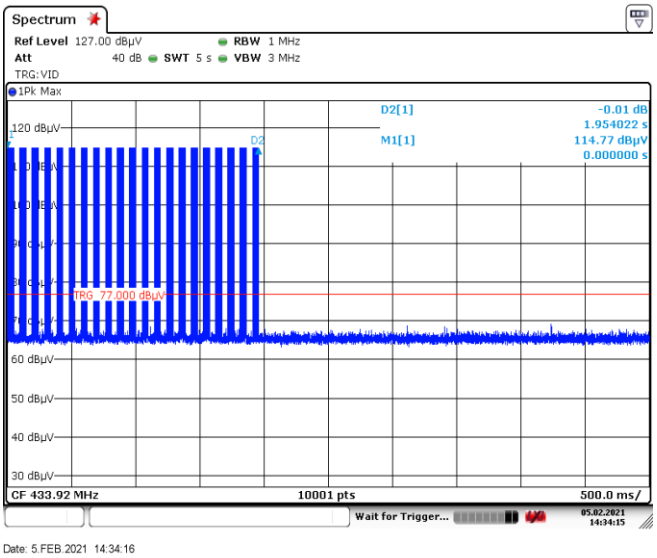


Figure 8.3-1: *Transmission duration (Manually triggered)*

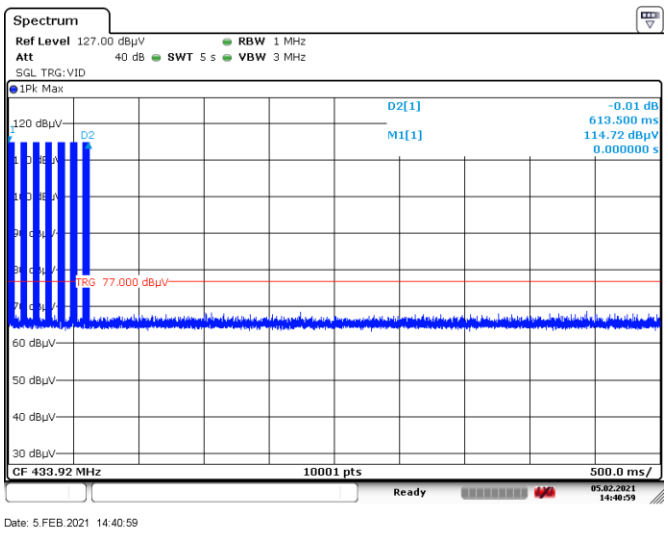


Figure 8.3-2: *Transmission duration (Automatically triggered)*

8.4 FCC 15.231(b) and RSS-210 A.1.2 Field strength of emissions

8.4.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:

(b) In addition to the provisions of §15.205 the field strength of emissions from intentional radiators operated under this section shall not exceed the following table.

1) The field strength limits in the table below are specified at a distance of 3 meters. The tighter limits apply at the band edges.
2) Intentional radiators operating under the provisions of this section shall demonstrate compliance with the limits on the field strength of emissions, as shown in the above table, based on the average value of the measured emissions. As an alternative, compliance with the limits in the above table may be based on the use of measurement instrumentation with a CISPR quasi-peak detector. The specific method of measurement employed shall be specified in the application for equipment authorization. If average emission measurements are employed, the provisions in §15.35 for averaging pulsed emissions and for limiting peak emissions apply. Further, compliance with the provisions of §15.205 shall be demonstrated using the measurement instrumentation specified in that section.
3) The limits on the field strength of the spurious emissions in the table below are based on the fundamental frequency of the intentional radiator. Spurious emissions shall be attenuated to the average (or, alternatively, CISPR quasi-peak) limits shown in this table or to the general limits shown in §15.209, whichever limit permits a higher field strength.

ISED:

a. The field strength of emissions from momentarily operated intentional radiators shall not exceed the limits in table below, based on the average value of the measured emissions. The requirements of the "Pulsed operation" section of RSS-Gen apply for averaging pulsed emissions and limiting peak emissions.
Alternatively, compliance with the limits in the table below may be demonstrated using an International Special Committee on Radio Interference (CISPR) quasi‑peak detector.

b. Unwanted emissions shall be 10 times below the fundamental emissions field strength limits in the table below or comply with the limits specified in RSS-Gen, whichever is less stringent.

Table 8.4-1: *Field strength limits*

Fundamental frequency (MHz)	Field strength of fundamental (µV/m)	(dBµV/m)	Field strength of spurious emissions (µV/m)	(dBµV/m)
40.66–40.70[1]	2,250	67.0	225	47.0
70–130	1,250	61.9	125	41.9
130–174	1,250 to 3,750*	61.9 to 71.5*	125 to 375*	41.9 to 51.5*
174–260[2]	3,750	71.5	375	51.5
260–470[2]	3,750 to 12,500*	71.5 to 81.9*	375 to 1,250*	51.5 to 61.9*
Above 470	12,500	81.9	1,250	61.9

** Linear interpolation with frequency F in MHz:*
For 130–174 MHz: Field Strength (µV/m) = (56.82 × F) − 6136
For 260–470 MHz: Field Strength (µV/m) = (41.67 × F) – 7083

Notes: *[1]The levels applicable to FCC only.*
[2]Frequency bands 225–328.6 MHz and 335.4–399.9 MHz are designated for the exclusive use of the Government of Canada. Manufacturers should be aware of possible harmful interference and degradation of their licence-exempt radio equipment in these frequency bands.

References, definitions and limits, continued

Table 8.4-2: *FCC §15.209 and RSS-Gen – Radiated emission limits*

Frequency, MHz	Field strength of emissions µV/m	dBµV/m	Measurement distance, m
0.009–0.490	2400/F	$67.6 – 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	300
0.490–1.705	24000/F	$87.6 – 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$	30
1.705–30.0	30	29.5	30
30–88	100	40.0	3
88–216	150	43.5	3
216–960	200	46.0	3
above 960	500	54.0	3

Notes: In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
For frequencies above 1 GHz the limit on peak RF emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test

Table 8.4-3: *ISED restricted frequency bands*

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	12.57675–12.57725	399.9–410	7.25–7.75
0.495–0.505	13.36–13.41	608–614	8.025–8.5
2.1735–2.1905	16.42–16.423	960–1427	9.0–9.2
3.020–3.026	16.69475–16.69525	1435–1626.5	9.3–9.5
4.125–4.128	16.80425–16.80475	1645.5–1646.5	10.6–12.7
4.17725–4.17775	25.5–25.67	1660–1710	13.25–13.4
4.20725–4.20775	37.5–38.25	1718.8–1722.2	14.47–14.5
5.677–5.683	73–74.6	2200–2300	15.35–16.2
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	2310–2390	17.7–21.4
6.26775–6.26825	108–138	2483.5–2500	22.01–23.12
6.31175–6.31225	149.9–150.05	2655–2900	23.6–24.0
8.291–8.294	156.52475–156.52525	3260–3267	31.2–31.8
8.362–8.366	156.7–156.9	3332–3339	36.43–36.5
8.37625–8.38675	162.0125–167.17	3345.8–3358	Above 38.6
8.41425–8.41475	167.72–173.2	3500–4400	
12.29–12.293	240–285	4500–5150	
12.51975–12.52025	322–335.4	5350–5460	

Note: Certain frequency bands listed in this table and above 38.6 GHz are designated for licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to related devices are set out in the 200 and 300 series of RSSs.

Table 8.4-4: *FCC restricted frequency bands*

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
0.495–0.505	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675	156.7–156.9	2690–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025	240–285	3345.8–3358	36.43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725	322–335.4	3600–4400	Above 38.6
13.36–13.41			

8.4.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Redwanul Rasel	Test date	June 15, 2020, February 5, 2021

8.4.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The spectrum was searched from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic.
Radiated measurements were performed at a distance of 3 m.
Average radiated emissions were obtained by subtracting duty cycle / correction factor from the peak measurement results.
All emissions within restricted bands were attenuated more than 10 dB below limit.

Spectrum analyser settings for radiated measurements within restricted bands below 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

Spectrum analyser settings for peak radiated measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz:

Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Detector mode	Peak
Trace mode	Max Hold

8.4.4 Test data

Duty cycle/average factor calculations

§15.35(c) When the radiated emission limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emission, and pulsed operation is employed; the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds.

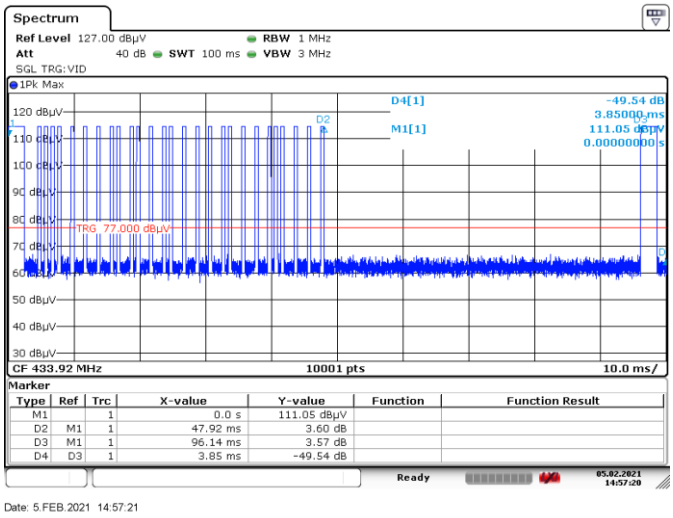


Figure 8.4-1: *Transmission within 100 ms*

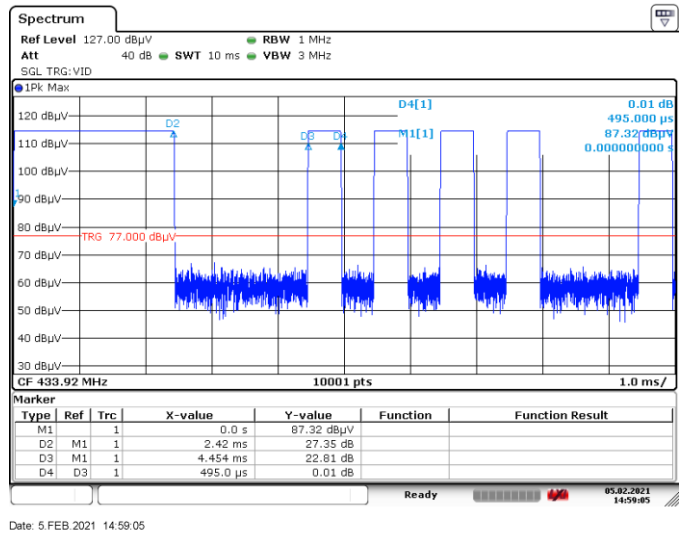


Figure 8.4-2: *Transmission zoom in*

Note: The duty cycle of this plot shows a worst-case of events triggering.

As per operation description from customer, Duty cycle calculations are as below:
From Figure 8.4-1 the ON time of one complete pulse train is 2.42 + 0.5 x 27 = 15.92 ms
From Figure 8.3-1 when manually triggered there are 21 pulse trains in 19542.022 ms from start to stop.
This is 20 pulse trains in 1954.022 – 15.92 = 1938.102 ms from start to start.
Therefore, the duration of one pulse train start to start is 1938.102 / 20 = 96.9051 ms which closely agrees with 96.14 ms from Figure 8.4-1
For manual activation:

$$Duty\ cycle\ or\ average\ factor\ based\ on\ C63.10\ section\ 7.5\ (Procedure\ for\ determining\ the\ average\ value\ of\ pulsed\ emissions) as\ follows:$$
$$= 20 \times \log_{10}\left(\frac{Tx_{100_{ms}}}{100_{ms}}\right) = 20 \times \log_{10}\left(\frac{2.42\times1+0.5\times27ms}{96.14_{ms}}\right) = -15.61\ dB$$

Similarly, From Figure 8.3-2 when manually triggered there are 7 pulse trains in 613.5 ms from start to stop.
This is 6 pulse trains in 613.5 – 15.92 = 597.58 ms from start to start.
Therefore, the duration of one pulse train from start to start is 597.58 / 6 = 99.597 ms
For automatic activation:

$$Duty\ cycle\ or\ average\ factor\ based\ on\ C63.10\ section\ 7.5\ (Procedure\ for\ determining\ the\ average\ value\ of\ pulsed\ emissions) as\ follows:$$
$$= 20 \times \log_{10}\left(\frac{Tx_{100_{ms}}}{100_{ms}}\right) = 20 \times \log_{10}\left(\frac{2.42\times1+0.5\times27ms}{99.597_{ms}}\right) = -15.92\ dB$$

Test data, continued

Table 8.4-5: *Radiated field strength measurement results*

Frequency, MHz	Peak Field Strength @ 3 m, dBµV/m	Peak Field Strength @ 3 m, Limit, dBµV/m	Margin, dB	Duty cycle factor, dB	Calculated Average Field Strength @ 3 m, dBµV/m	Average Field Strength @ 3 m, Limit, dBµV/m	Margin, dB
433.92	68.03	100.83	32.80	- 15.61	52.42	80.83	28.41
867.83	43.48	80.83	37.35	- 15.61	27.87	60.83	32.96

Notes: Field strength includes correction factor of antenna, cable loss, amplifier, and attenuators where applicable.

Note : Calculated Average Field Strength (dBµV/m) = Peak field strength (dBµV/m) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

Tabular data is the summation of both Vertical and Horizontal antenna polarization.

Table 8.4-6: *Radiated field strength measurement results*

Frequency, MHz	Peak field strength, dBµV/m	Peak limit, dBµV/m	Margin, dB	Duty cycle factor, dB	Calculated Average field strength, dBµV/m	Average field strength limit, dBµV/m	Margin, dB
1301.72	41.77	74.00	32.23	- 15.61	26.16	54.00	27.84
2169.58	44.24	80.83	36.59	- 15.61	28.63	60.83	32.20
2603.58	48.76	80.83	32.07	- 15.61	33.15	60.83	27.68
3037.29	45.8	80.83	35.03	- 15.61	30.19	60.83	30.64
3471.43	47.97	80.83	32.86	- 15.61	32.36	60.83	28.47
3905.29	57.05	74.00	16.95	- 15.61	41.44	54.00	12.56
4339.14	60.52	74.00	13.48	- 15.61	44.91	54.00	9.09

Notes: Field strength includes correction factor of antenna, cable loss, amplifier, and attenuators where applicable.
433.92 MHz is an intentional transmission from the EUT
Tabular data is the summation of both Vertical and Horizontal antenna polarization.
Calculated Average Field Strength (dBµV/m) = Peak field strength (dBµV/m) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

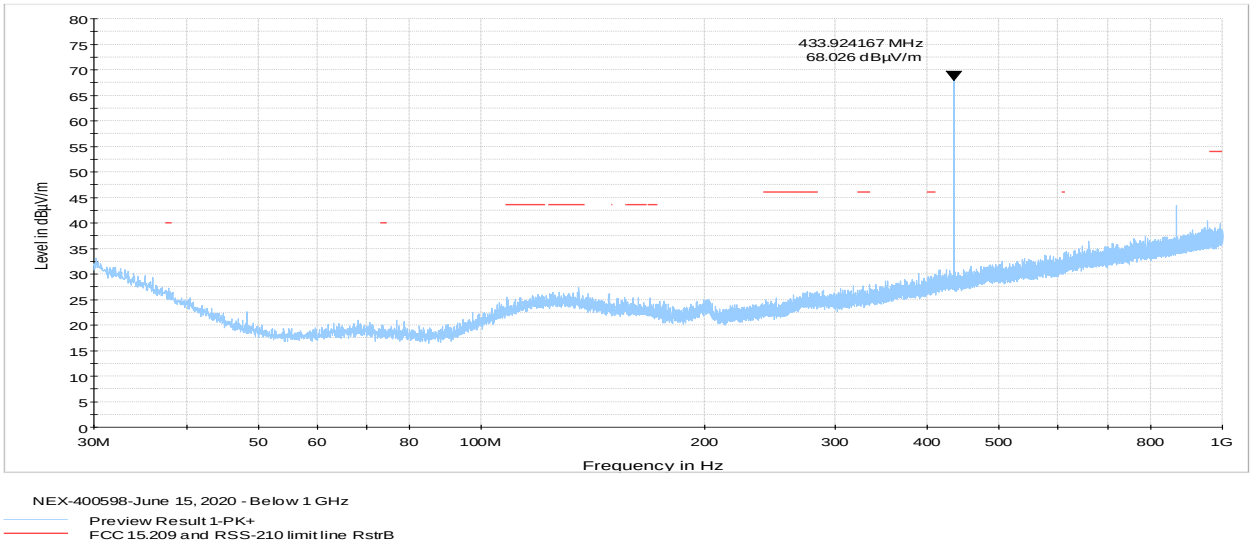


Figure 8.4-3: *Spurious emissions below 1 GHz*

Note : 433.92 MHz is an intentional transmission from the EUT antenna.

Test data, continued

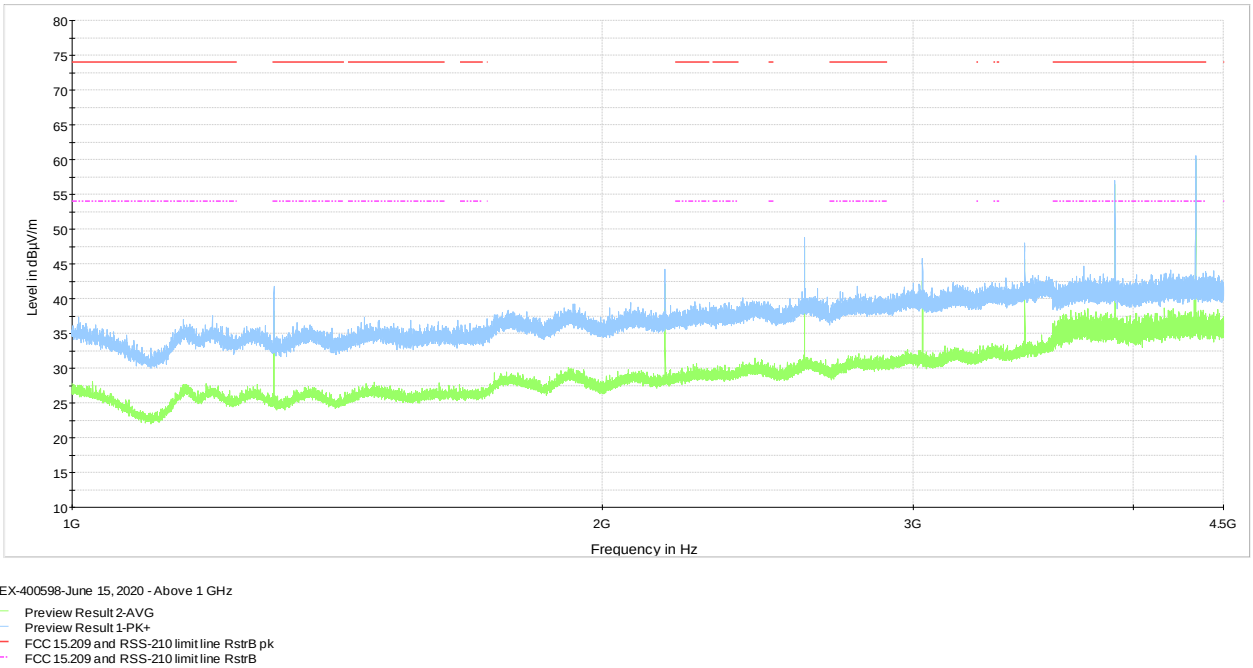


Figure 8.4-4: *Spurious emissions above 1 GHz*

8.5 FCC 15.231(c) and RSS-210 A.1.3 Emission bandwidth of momentary signals

8.5.1 References, definitions and limits

FCC:
The bandwidth of the emission shall be no wider than 0.25 % of the center frequency for devices operating above 70 MHz and below 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the emission shall be no wider than 0.5 % of the center frequency. Bandwidth is determined at the points 20 dB down from the modulated carrier.

ISED:
The 99% bandwidth of momentarily operated devices shall be less or equal to 0.25% of the centre frequency for devices operating between 70 MHz and 900 MHz. For devices operating above 900 MHz, the 99% bandwidth shall be less or equal to 0.5% of the centre frequency.

8.5.2 Test summary

Verdict	Pass		
Tested by	Redwanul Rasel	Test date	June 16, 2020

8.5.3 Observations, settings and special notes

Limit: 0.25 % of 433.92 MHz is 1085 kHz
Spectrum analyser settings:

Resolution bandwidth	≥ 1 % of emission bandwidth
Video bandwidth	≥ 3 × RBW
Frequency span	Wider than emission bandwidth
Detector mode	Peak

8.5.4 Test data

Table 8.5-1: *20 dB bandwidth measurement result*

20 dB bandwidth, kHz	Limit, kHz	Margin, kHz
80.46	1085	1004.54

Table 8.5-2: *99 % occupied bandwidth measurement result*

99 % occupied bandwidth, kHz	Limit, kHz	Margin, kHz
68.88	1085	1016.12

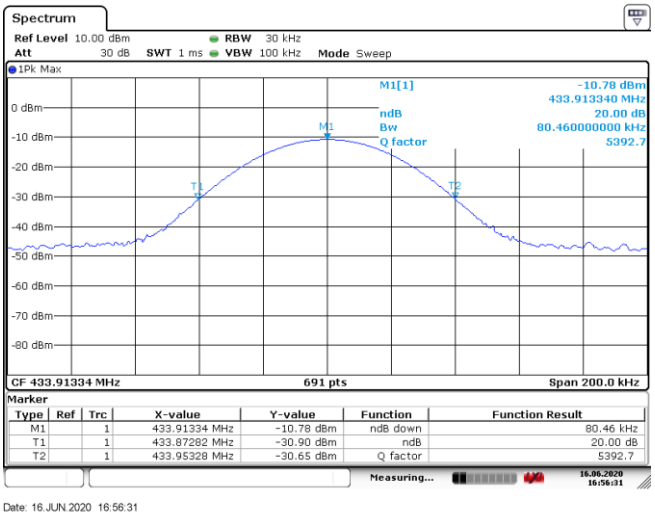


Figure 8.5-1: *20 dB occupied bandwidth*

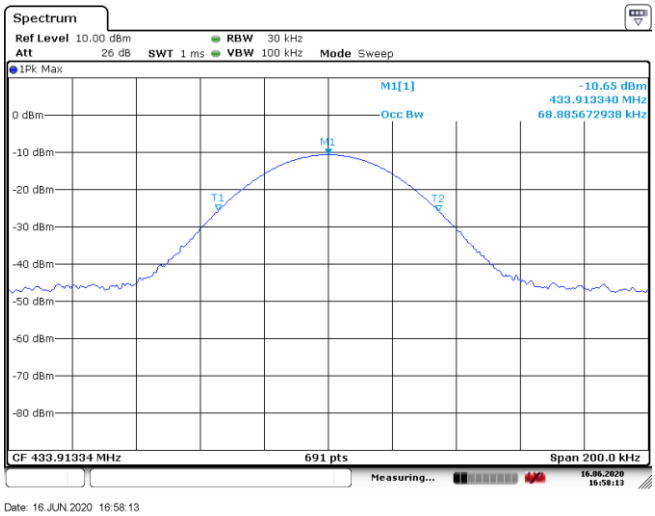
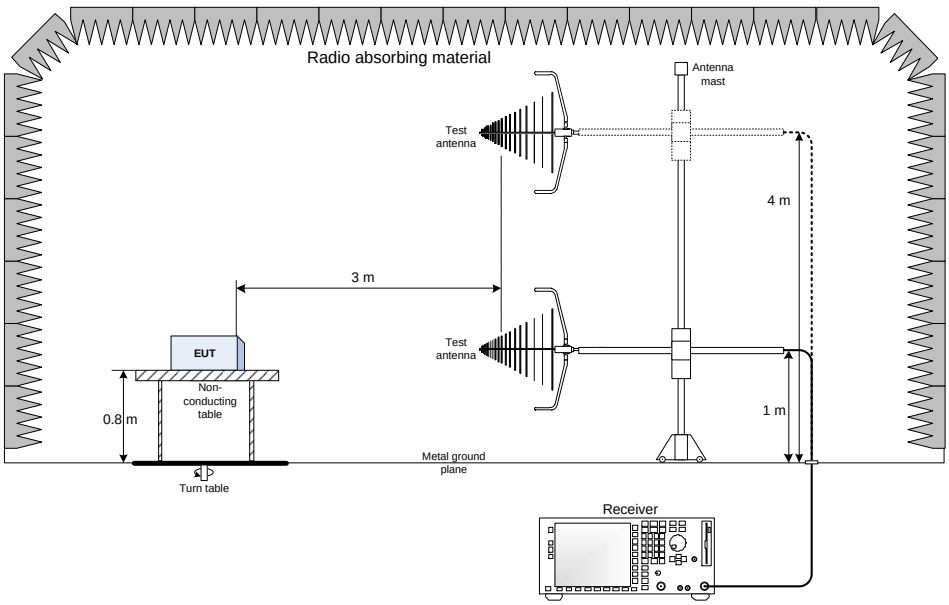


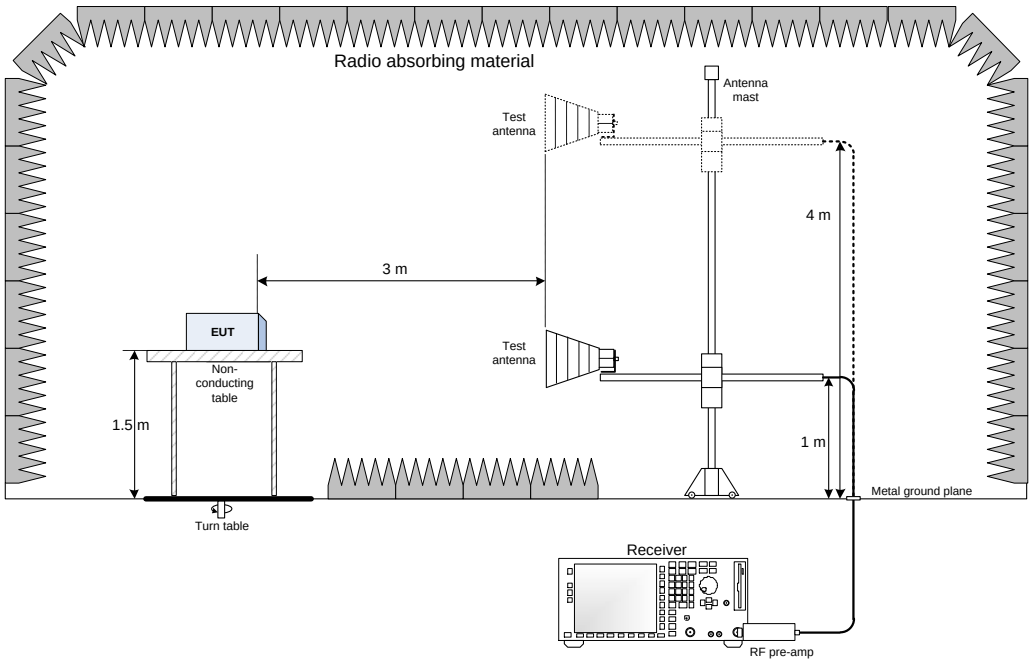
Figure 8.5-2: *99 % occupied bandwidth*

Section 9. Block diagrams of test set-ups

9.1 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies below 1 GHz



9.2 Radiated emissions set-up for frequencies above 1 GHz



(End of report)