

TEST REPORT

Applicant Name: Shenzhen Xin Yuan Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.
Address: Room 801-803, Yousuowei Building, No.2000, JiaXian Road,
Bantian Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Report Number: 2501Z32886E-RF-00C
FCC ID: 2ASYE-T3-S3-V13

Test Standard (s)

FCC PART 15.247

Sample Description

Product Type: T3-S3 V1.3
Model No.: T3-S3 V1.3
Multiple Model(s) No.: N/A
Trade Mark: LILYGO
Date Received: 2025-11-28
Issue Date: 2026-08-31

Test Result:	Pass▲
--------------	-------

▲ In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards above.

Prepared and Checked By:

Wills Yu

Wills Yu
RF Engineer

Approved By:

Nancy Wang

Nancy Wang
RF Supervisor

Note: The information marked * is provided by the applicant, the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity and this information can affect the validity of the result in the test report. Customer model name, addresses, names, trademarks etc. are included.

This report cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested. This report is valid only with a valid digital signature. The digital signature may be available only under the Adobe software above version 7.0.

This report must not be used by the customer to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government.

This report may contain data that are not covered by the NVLAP accreditation and are marked with an asterisk "▼".

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)

5F(B-West), 6F, 7F, the 3rd Phase of Wan Li Industrial Building D, Shihua Rd, FuTian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, China
Tel: +86-755-33320018 Fax: +86-755-33320008 www.baclcorp.com.cn

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	4
GENERAL INFORMATION	5
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT).....	5
OBJECTIVE	5
TEST METHODOLOGY.....	5
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	6
TEST FACILITY	6
SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION.....	7
DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONFIGURATION	7
EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS	7
EUT EXERCISE SOFTWARE	7
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS	7
EXTERNAL I/O CABLE.....	7
BLOCK DIAGRAM OF TEST SETUP	8
SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	10
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST	11
FCC§15.247 (I), §1.1307(B) & §2.1091 - MPE-BASED EXEMPTION	13
APPLICABLE STANDARD	13
RESULT	14
FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT.....	15
APPLICABLE STANDARD	15
ANTENNA CONNECTOR CONSTRUCTION	15
FCC §15.207 (A) - AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS.....	16
APPLICABLE STANDARD	16
EUT SETUP	16
EMI TEST RECEIVER SETUP.....	16
TEST PROCEDURE.....	16
FACTOR & OVER LIMIT CALCULATION.....	17
TEST DATA.....	17
FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(D) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS.....	20
APPLICABLE STANDARD	20
EUT SETUP	20
EMI TEST RECEIVER & SPECTRUM ANALYZER SETUP	21
TEST PROCEDURE.....	22
FACTOR & OVER LIMIT/MARGIN CALCULATION	22
TEST DATA.....	23
FCC §15.247(A) (2) - 6 DB EMISSION BANDWIDTH.....	31
APPLICABLE STANDARD	31
TEST PROCEDURE.....	31
TEST DATA.....	32
FCC §15.247(B) (3) - MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER.....	34
APPLICABLE STANDARD	34
TEST PROCEDURE.....	34

TEST DATA.....	35
FCC §15.247(D) - 100 KHZ BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE	36
APPLICABLE STANDARD	36
TEST PROCEDURE.....	36
TEST DATA.....	37
FCC §15.247(D) - CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION	39
APPLICABLE STANDARD	39
TEST PROCEDURE.....	39
TEST DATA.....	40
FCC §15.247(E) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	41
APPLICABLE STANDARD	41
TEST PROCEDURE.....	41
TEST DATA.....	42
C63.10 §11.6- DUTY CYCLE	43
TEST PROCEDURE.....	43
TEST DATA.....	43
EUT PHOTOGRAPHS	45
TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	46

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	2501Z32886E-RF-00C	Original Report	2026-08-31

GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Frequency Range	915MHz
Maximum Conducted Peak Output Power	6.81dBm
Modulation Technique	Lora_ Chirp Spread Spectrum (CSS)
Antenna Specification [#]	-3.33dBi (provided by the applicant)
Voltage Range	DC 5V from USB port
Sample serial number	3DBV-2 for AC Line Conducted Emissions and Radiated Emissions Test 3DBV-1 for RF Conducted Test (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen)
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition
Adapter Information	N/A

Objective

This test report is in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commission's rules.

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2020, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

And KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02.

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Each test item follows test standards and with no deviation.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		52.29kHz(k=1.96, 95% level of confidence)
RF Frequency		81.235Hz(k=1.96, 95% level of confidence)
RF output power, conducted		1.57dB(k=1.96, 95% level of confidence)
Conducted Spurious Emission		2.48dB(k=1.96, 95% level of confidence)
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions	9kHz~150 kHz	3.46dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	150 kHz ~30MHz	3.72dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Radiated Emissions	0.009MHz~30MHz	3.66dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	30MHz~1000MHz (Horizontal)	5.10dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	30MHz~1000MHz (Vertical)	6.28dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	1GHz - 6GHz	6.18dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	6GHz - 18GHz	6.62dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
	18GHz - 40GHz	6.66dB(k=2, 95% level of confidence)
Temperature		$\pm 0.4^{\circ}\text{C}$
Humidity		$\pm 2\%$
Supply voltages		DC $\pm 0.4\%$; AC $\pm 1\%$

Note: The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 5F(B-West) , 6F, 7F, the 3rd Phase of Wan Li Industrial Building D, Shihua Rd, FuTian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, China.

The lab has been recognized as the FCC accredited lab under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, test firm registration No.: 715558, the FCC Designation No. : CN5045.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in engineering mode.

Channel List[#]

Channel	Freq. (MHz)
1	915

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

EUT Exercise Software

“flash_download_tool_3.9.9_R2.exe[#]” exercise software was used and the power level is Default[#]. The software and power level was provided by the manufacturer.

Support Equipment List and Details

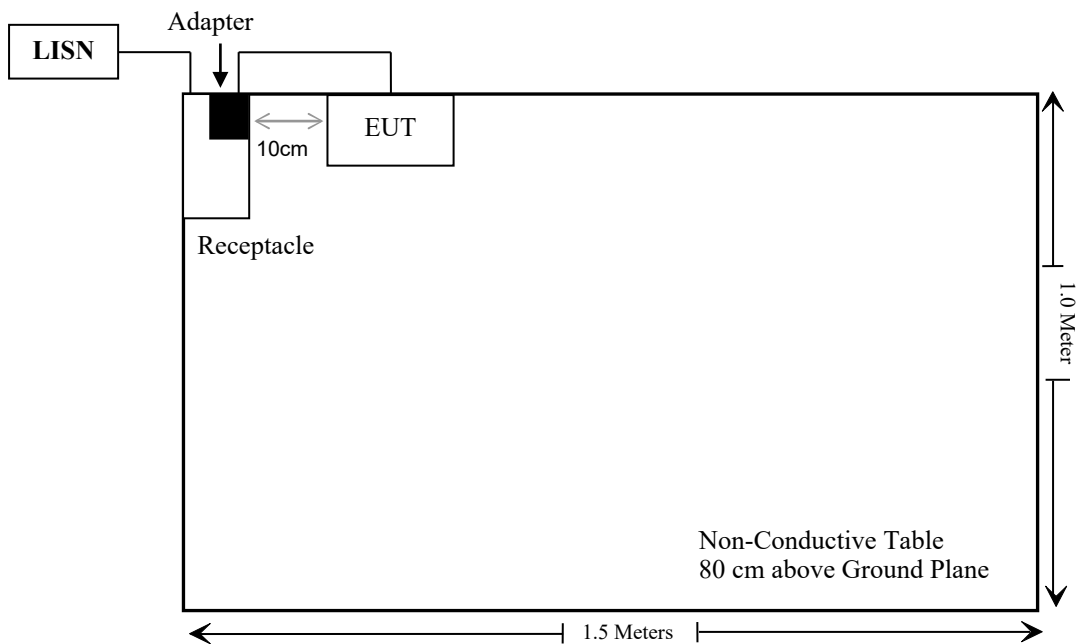
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Huajin	Adapter	HJ-0503000-US	Unknown

External I/O Cable

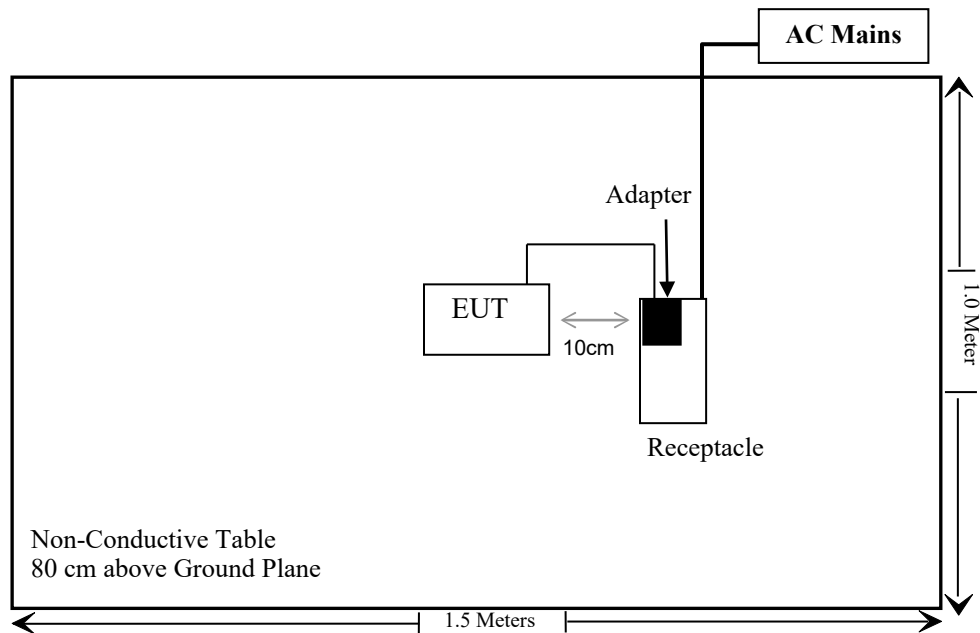
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
Unshielded Un-detachable AC cable	1.2	Receptacle	LISN/AC Mains
Unshielded Detachable USB cable	1.0	Adapter	EUT

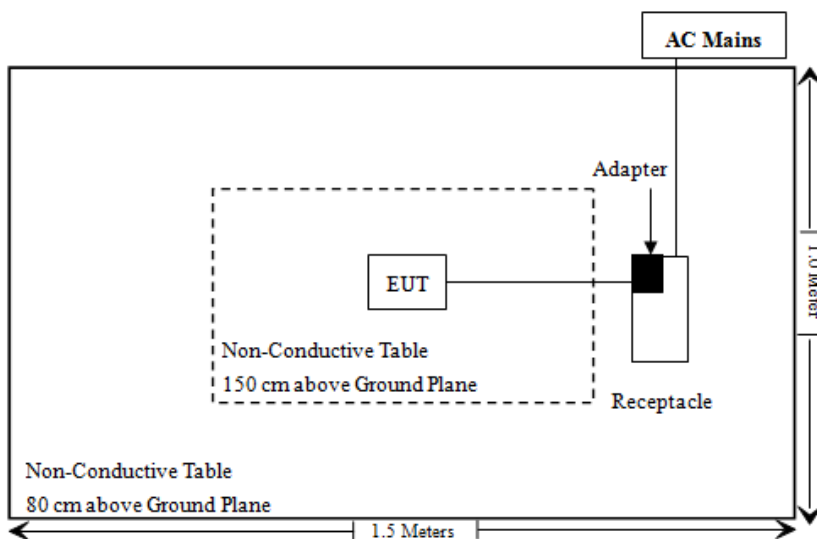
Block Diagram of Test Setup

For AC Line Conducted Emissions:



For Radiated Emissions below 1GHz:





SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §1.1307(b)(3), §2.1091	MPE-Based Exemption	Compliant
FCC §15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §15.207(a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.205, §15.209, §15.247(d)	Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247 (a)(2)	6 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emission	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
C63.10 §11.6	Duty Cycle	/

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
AC Line Conducted Emissions Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	101120	2025/09/01	2026/08/31
Rohde & Schwarz	LISN	ENV216	101613	2025/09/18	2026/09/17
Rohde & Schwarz	Transient Limiter	ESH3Z2	DE25985	2025/09/18	2026/09/17
Unknown	CE Cable	Unknown	UF A210B-1-0720-504504	2025/09/18	2026/09/17
Audix	EMI Test software	E3	191218 V9(c)	NCR	NCR
Radiated Emission Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	102455	2025/09/01	2026/08/31
Sonoma instrument	Pre-amplifier	310 N	186238	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2023/07/20	2026/07/19
Unknown	Chamber A Cable	Cable A1	Cable A1	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Unknown	Chamber A Cable	Cable A2	Cable A2	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
BACL	Active Loop Antenna	1313-1A	4031911	2024/05/14	2027/05/13
Unknown	Chamber A Cable	Cable A3	Cable A3	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Unknown	Chamber A Cable	Cable A4	Cable A4	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Audix	EMI Test software	E3	19821b(V9)	NCR	NCR
TDK	Chamber	Chamber A	2#	2023/07/12	2026/07/11
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40	101605	2025/09/01	2026/08/31
A.H.System	Preamplifier	PAM-0118P	489	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Schwarzbeck	Horn Antenna	BBHA9120D (1201)	1143	2023/07/26	2026/07/25
Unknown	Chamber B Cable	Cable B1	Cable B1	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Unknown	Chamber B Cable	Cable B2	Cable B2	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
Unknown	Chamber B Cable	Cable B3	Cable B3	2025/09/08	2026/09/07
JD	Filter Switch Unit	DT7220FSU	DS79906	2025/08/12	2026/08/11
JD	Multiplex Switch Test Control Set	DT7220SCU	DS79903	2025/08/12	2026/08/11
Audix	EMI Test software	E3	191218 V9(c)	NCR	NCR
TDK	Chamber	Chamber B	1#	2023/07/14	2026/07/13

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
RF Conducted Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV40-N	102259	2025/09/01	2026/08/31
Rohde & Schwarz	Spectrum Analyzer	FSU26	200982	2025/08/12	2026/08/11
Unknown	3dB Attenuator	Unknown	F-03-EM220	2025/06/26	2026/06/25
JD	JD Auto Test software	NA	1.0.0.3769	NCR	NCR

* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC§15.247 (i), §1.1307(b) & §2.1091 - MPE-Based Exemption

Applicable Standard

According to subpart 15.247 (i) and subpart 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

According to KDB 447498 D04 v01 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance

MPE-Based Exemption:

General frequency and separation-distance dependent MPE-based effective radiated power(ERP) thresholds are in Table B.1 [Table 1 of § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C)] to support an exemption from further evaluation from 300 kHz through 100 GHz.

Table 1 to § 1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C) - Single RF Sources Subject to Routine Environmental Evaluation

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$.
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2/f^2$.
30-300	$3.83 R^2$.
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2 f$.
1,500-100,000	$19.2 R^2$.

R is the minimum separation distance in meters

f = frequency in MHz

For multiple RF sources: Multiple RF sources are exempt if:

in the case of fixed RF sources operating in the same time-averaging period, or of multiple mobile or portable RF sources within a device operating in the same time averaging period, if the sum of the fractional contributions to the applicable thresholds is less than or equal to 1 as indicated in the following equation:

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \frac{P_i}{P_{th,i}} + \sum_{j=1}^b \frac{ERP_j}{ERP_{th,j}} + \sum_{k=1}^c \frac{Evaluated_k}{Exposure Limit_k} \leq 1$$

Result

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Tune up conducted power [#] (dBm)	Antenna Gain [#]		ERP		Evaluation Distance (m)	ERP Limit (mW)
			(dBi)	(dBd)	(dBm)	(mW)		
BLE	2402-2480	3.0	4.9	2.75	5.75	3.76	0.2	768
2.4G Wi-Fi	2412~2462	23.0	4.9	2.75	25.75	375.84	0.2	768
Lora	915	7.0	-3.33	-5.48	1.52	1.42	0.2	468

Note: 1. The tune up conducted power and antenna gain was declared by the applicant.
2. 0dBd=2.15dBi
3. The BLE, 2.4G Wi-Fi and Lora cannot transmit at same time.

To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 20cm from nearby persons.

Result: Compliant

FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has one external antennas with unique antenna connector, and the maximum antenna gain[#] is -3.33dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

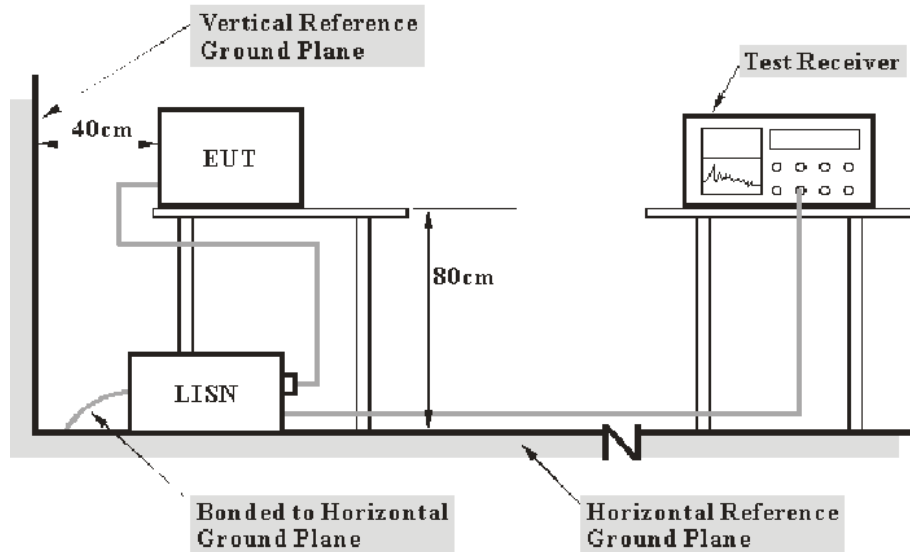
Result: Compliant.

FCC §15.207 (a) - AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

FCC§15.207

EUT Setup



- Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
 2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2020 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

Factor & Over Limit Calculation

The factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor) and Cable Loss. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{LISN VDF} + \text{Cable Loss}$$

The “**Over limit**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over limit of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Over Limit} &= \text{Level} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor}\end{aligned}$$

Note: The term "cable loss" refers to the combination of a cable and a 10dB transient limiter (attenuator).

Test Data

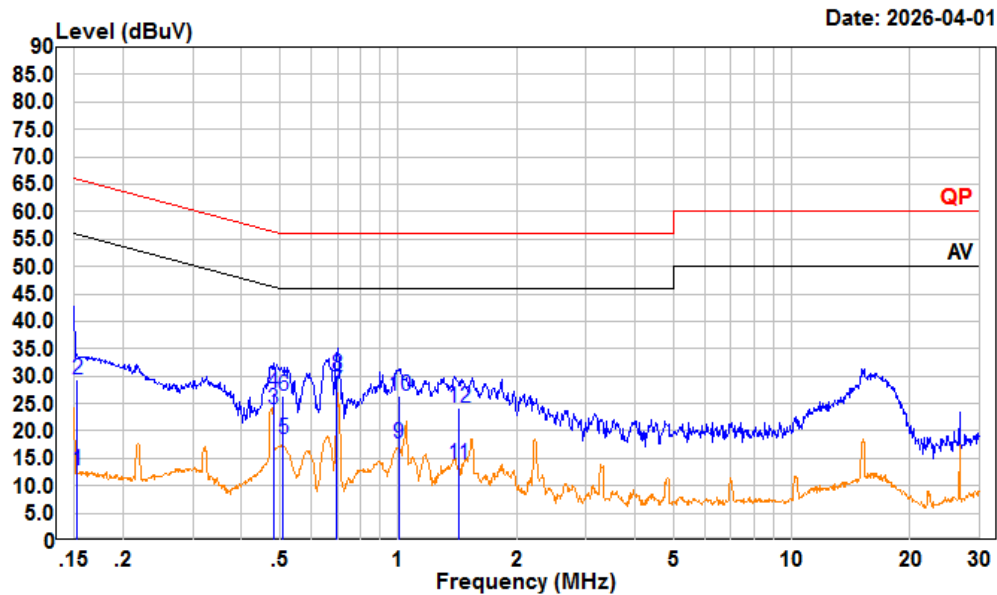
Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25.8 °C
Relative Humidity:	52 %
ATM Pressure:	100.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Macy Shi on 2026-04-01.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

AC 120V/60 Hz, Line



Condition: Line

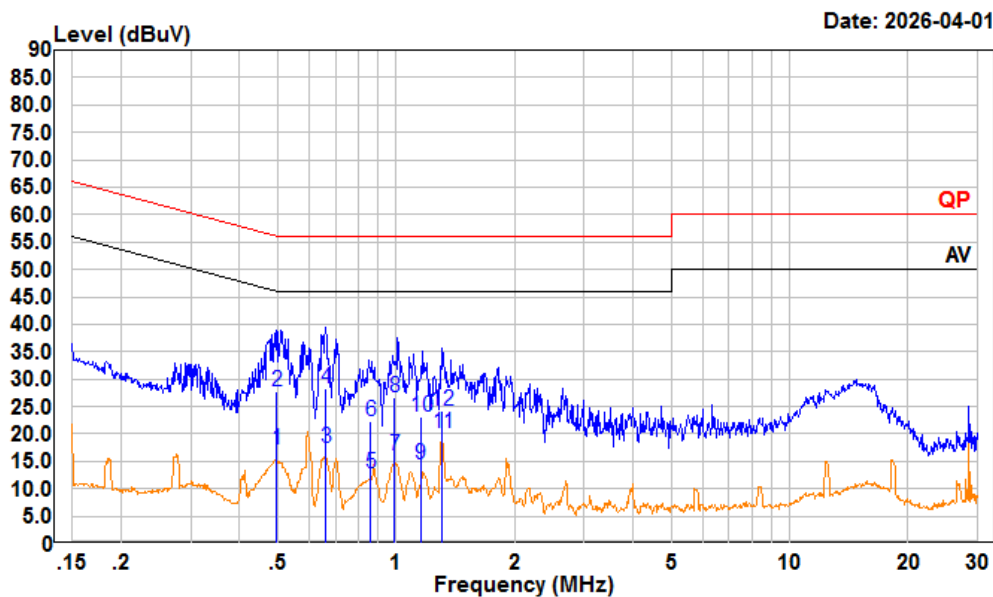
Project : 2501Z32886E-RF

tester : Macy.shi Note:Transmitting

Setting : RBW:9kHz

		Read		LISN	Cable	Limit	Over	
	Freq	Level	Level	Factor	Loss	Line	Limit	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	dBuV	dB	
1	0.153	-6.85	12.87	9.70	10.02	55.85	-42.98	Average
2	0.153	9.79	29.51	9.70	10.02	65.85	-36.34	QP
3	0.482	4.12	23.95	9.80	10.03	46.30	-22.35	Average
4	0.482	6.98	26.81	9.80	10.03	56.30	-29.49	QP
5	0.510	-1.28	18.56	9.80	10.04	46.00	-27.44	Average
6	0.510	6.58	26.42	9.80	10.04	56.00	-29.58	QP
7	0.699	7.38	27.22	9.80	10.04	46.00	-18.78	Average
8	0.699	10.22	30.06	9.80	10.04	56.00	-25.94	QP
9	1.001	-2.43	17.69	9.90	10.22	46.00	-28.31	Average
10	1.001	6.35	26.47	9.90	10.22	56.00	-29.53	QP
11	1.424	-6.14	13.97	9.90	10.21	46.00	-32.03	Average
12	1.424	4.00	24.11	9.90	10.21	56.00	-31.89	QP

AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral



Condition: neutral

Project : 2501Z32886E-RF

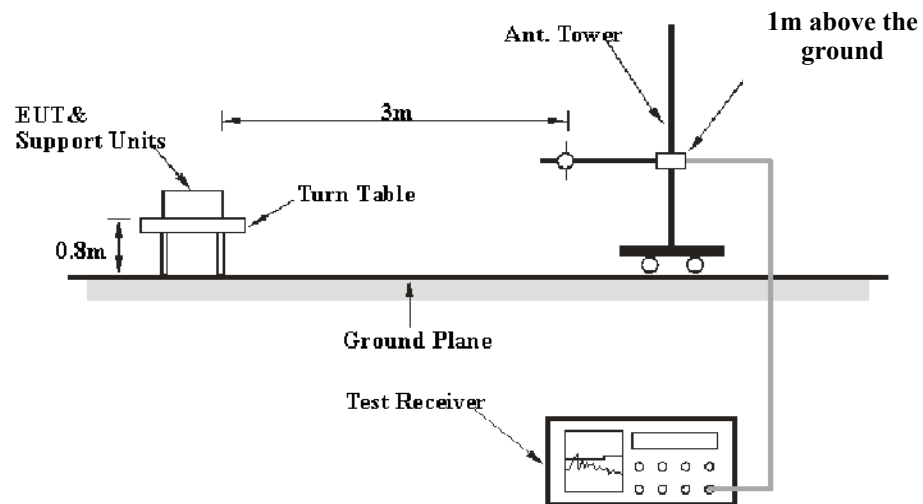
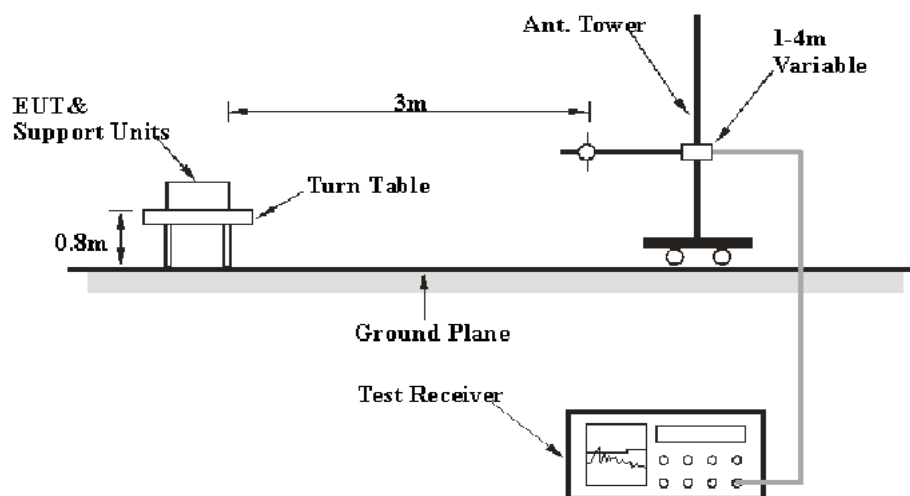
tester : Macy.shi Note: Transmitting

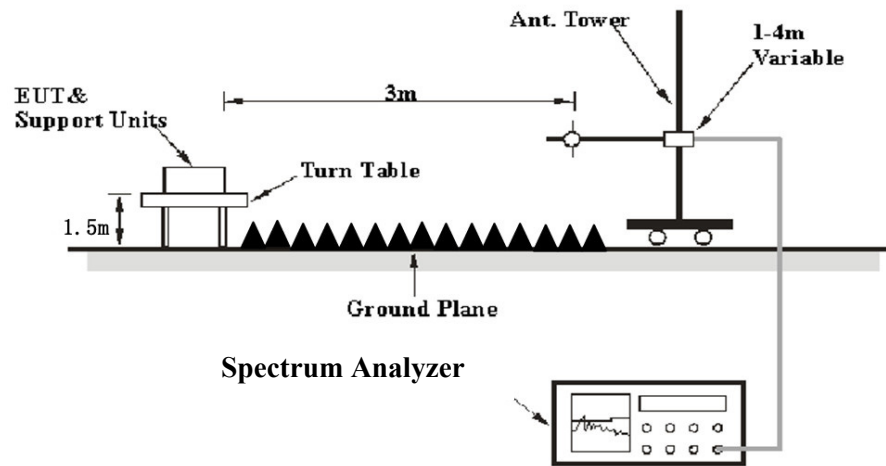
Setting : RBW:9kHz

	Freq	Read Level	LISN Level	LISN Factor	Cable Loss	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dB	dBuV	dB	
1	0.497	-2.57	17.06	9.60	10.03	46.05	-28.99	Average
2	0.497	8.04	27.67	9.60	10.03	56.05	-28.38	QP
3	0.664	-2.21	17.43	9.60	10.04	46.00	-28.57	Average
4	0.664	8.61	28.25	9.60	10.04	56.00	-27.75	QP
5	0.862	-6.87	12.78	9.60	10.05	46.00	-33.22	Average
6	0.862	2.75	22.40	9.60	10.05	56.00	-33.60	QP
7	0.992	-3.57	16.08	9.60	10.05	46.00	-29.92	Average
8	0.992	7.01	26.66	9.60	10.05	56.00	-29.34	QP
9	1.155	-5.39	14.43	9.60	10.22	46.00	-31.57	Average
10	1.155	3.23	23.05	9.60	10.22	56.00	-32.95	QP
11	1.309	0.36	20.17	9.60	10.21	46.00	-25.83	Average
12	1.309	4.43	24.24	9.60	10.21	56.00	-31.76	QP

FCC §15.209, §15.205 & §15.247(d) - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**Applicable Standard**

FCC §15.247 (d); §15.209; §15.205;

EUT Setup**9 kHz-30MHz:****30MHz-1GHz:**

Above 1GHz:

The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters test site, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2020. The specification used was the FCC 15.209, and FCC 15.247 limits.

EMI Test Receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver & Spectrum Analyzer Setup were set with the following configurations:

9 kHz-1GHz:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Detector	Measurement
9 kHz – 150 kHz	/	/	200 Hz	QP	QP
	300 Hz	1 kHz	/	PK	PK
150 kHz – 30 MHz	/	/	9 kHz	QP	QP
	10 kHz	30 kHz	/	PK	PK
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	/	/	120 kHz	QP	QP
	100 kHz	300 kHz	/	PK	PK

Above 1 GHz:

Pre-scan

Measurement	Duty cycle	RBW	Video B/W	Detector
PK	Any	1MHz	3 MHz	Peak
AV	>98%	1MHz	1 kHz	Peak
	<98%	1MHz	>1/Ton, not less than 1kHz	Peak

Final measurement for emission identified during pre-scan

Measurement	Duty cycle	RBW	Video B/W	Detector
PK	Any	1MHz	3 MHz	Peak
AV	>98%	1MHz	10 Hz	Peak
	<98%	1MHz	≥1/Ton	Peak

Note: Ton is minimum transmission duration

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All final data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode except for the frequency bands 9–90 kHz, 110–490 kHz and above 1000 MHz, average detection modes for frequency bands 9–90 kHz and 110–490 kHz, peak and average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

For 9 kHz-30MHz, the report shall list the six emissions with the smallest margin relative to the limit, for each of the three antenna orientations (parallel, perpendicular, and ground-parallel) unless the margin is greater than 20 dB.

If the maximized peak measured value complies with under the QP/Average limit more than 6dB, then it is unnecessary to perform an QP/Average measurement.

All emissions under the average limit and under the noise floor have not recorded in the report.

Factor & Over Limit/Margin Calculation

The Factor is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Factor} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The “**Over Limit/Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, an Over Limit/margin of -7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for calculation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Over Limit/Margin} &= \text{Level/Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit} \\ \text{Level / Corrected Amplitude} &= \text{Read Level} + \text{Factor}\end{aligned}$$

Test Data**Environmental Conditions**

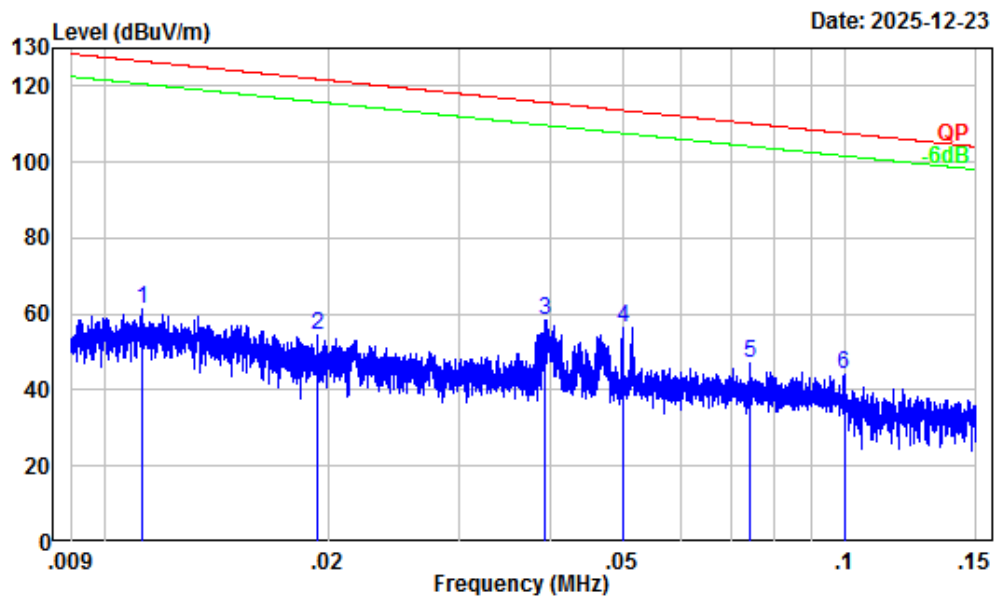
Temperature:	23.4~24.2 °C
Relative Humidity:	50~52 %
ATM Pressure:	101.1~101.7 kPa

The testing was performed by Nico Wu on 2025-12-23 for below 1GHz and Zenos Qiao on 2026-01-22 for above 1GHz.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

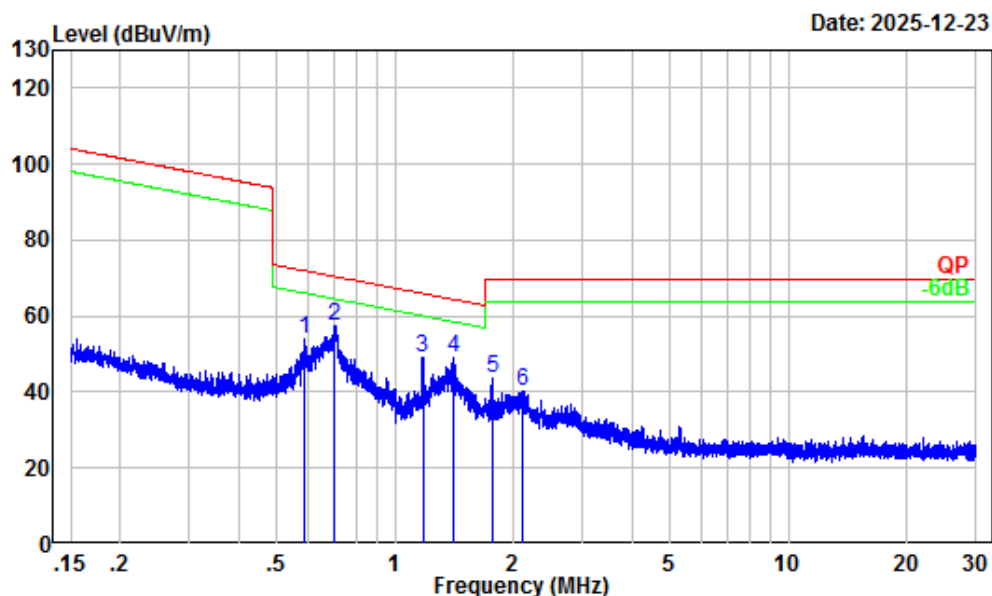
Note:

- 1. For the radiated spurious emission below 30MHz, only the worst case (parallel) was recorded.*
- 2. For the radiated spurious emission below 1GHz, When the test result of peak was less than the limit of QP/Average more than 6dB, just peak value were recorded.*
- 3. After pre-scan in the X, Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case z-axis of orientation were recorded.*

9 kHz-30MHz:

Site : Chamber A
Condition : 3m
Project Number : 2501Z32886E-RF
Test Mode : Transmitting
Detector: Peak RBW/VBW: 0.3/1kHz
Tester : Nico Wu

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Limit Level	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
1	0.011	32.07	29.04	61.11	126.59	-65.48 Peak
2	0.019	30.53	23.81	54.34	121.88	-67.54 Peak
3	0.039	27.52	31.00	58.52	115.70	-57.18 Peak
4	0.050	26.39	30.20	56.59	113.61	-57.02 Peak
5	0.074	23.97	22.92	46.89	110.18	-63.29 Peak
6	0.100	22.03	22.10	44.13	107.64	-63.51 Peak

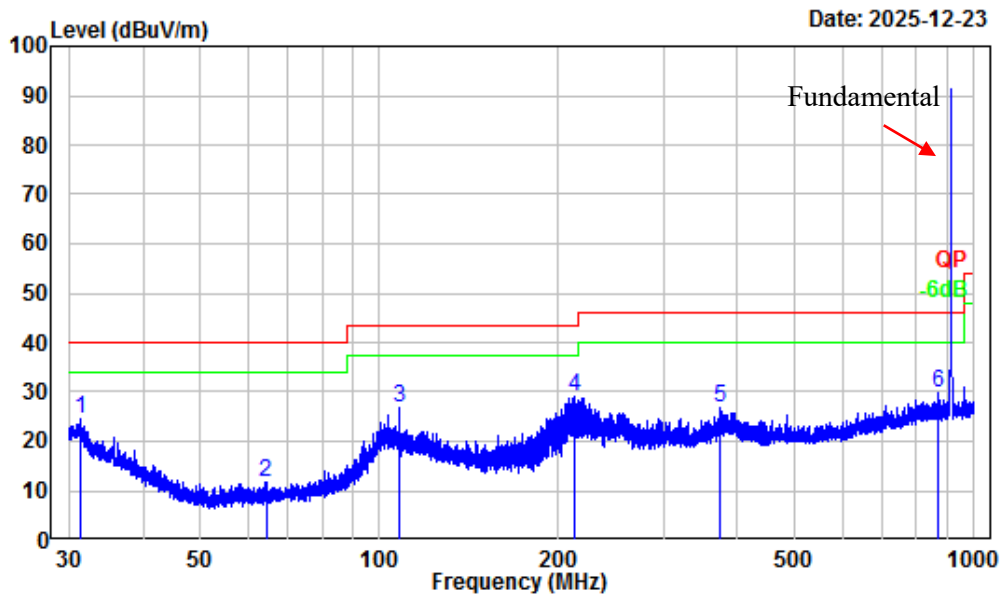


Site : Chamber A
Condition : 3m
Project Number : 2501Z32886E-RF
Test Mode : Transmitting
Detector: Peak RBW/VBW: 10/30kHz
Tester : Nico Wu

	Freq	Factor	Read Level	Level	Limit Line	Over Limit	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	
1	0.589	5.30	48.46	53.76	72.17	-18.41	Peak
2	0.701	3.92	53.62	57.54	70.62	-13.08	Peak
3	1.177	0.70	48.55	49.25	66.02	-16.77	Peak
4	1.415	0.04	49.08	49.12	64.39	-15.27	Peak
5	1.765	-0.94	44.58	43.64	69.54	-25.90	Peak
6	2.107	-1.66	41.97	40.31	69.54	-29.23	Peak

30 MHz~1 GHz:

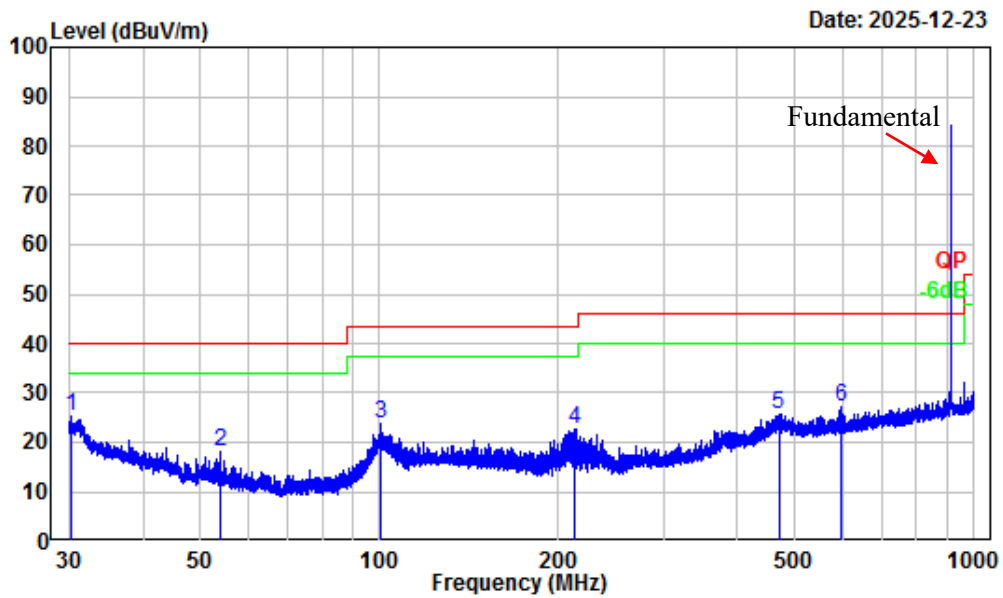
Horizontal



Site : Chamber A
Condition : 3m Horizontal
Project Number : 2501Z32886E-RF
Test Mode : Transmitting
Detector: Peak RBW/VBW: 100/300kHz
Tester : Nico Wu

	Freq Factor		Read	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	Level	Line	Limit	
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
1	31.30	-6.65	31.23	24.58	40.00	-15.42 Peak
2	64.40	-18.00	29.54	11.54	40.00	-28.46 Peak
3	108.03	-13.60	40.52	26.92	43.50	-16.58 Peak
4	213.39	-14.15	43.32	29.17	43.50	-14.33 Peak
5	372.82	-9.39	36.08	26.69	46.00	-19.31 Peak
6	868.37	-1.62	31.25	29.63	46.00	-16.37 Peak

Vertical



Site : Chamber A
Condition : 3m Vertical
Project Number : 2501Z32886E-RF
Test Mode : Transmitting
Detector: Peak RBW/VBW: 100/300kHz
Tester : Nico Wu

	Freq Factor		Read	Limit	Over	Remark
	MHz	dB/m	Level	Line	Limit	
	MHz	dB/m	dBuV	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB
1	30.29	-6.11	31.53	25.42	40.00	-14.58 Peak
2	54.00	-18.32	36.27	17.95	40.00	-22.05 Peak
3	100.40	-15.80	39.40	23.60	43.50	-19.90 Peak
4	212.46	-14.12	36.73	22.61	43.50	-20.89 Peak
5	469.29	-6.79	32.53	25.74	46.00	-20.26 Peak
6	598.53	-5.27	32.53	27.26	46.00	-18.74 Peak

Above 1 GHz:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB μ V)	PK/Ave	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
915MHz							
1830.00	58.82	PK	H	-13.84	44.98	74	-29.02
1830.00	59.75	PK	V	-13.84	45.91	74	-28.09
2745.00	56.28	PK	H	-10.63	45.65	74	-28.35
2745.00	57.69	PK	V	-10.63	47.06	74	-26.94
3660.00	54.54	PK	H	-9.71	44.83	74	-29.17
3660.00	55.09	PK	V	-9.71	45.38	74	-28.62
4575.00	52.97	PK	H	-8.23	44.74	74	-29.26
4575.00	53.19	PK	V	-8.23	44.96	74	-29.04
5490.00	52.23	PK	H	-6.14	46.09	74	-27.91
5490.00	52.89	PK	V	-6.14	46.75	74	-27.25

Note:

Note:

Corrected Factor = Antenna factor (RX) + Cable Loss – Amplifier Factor

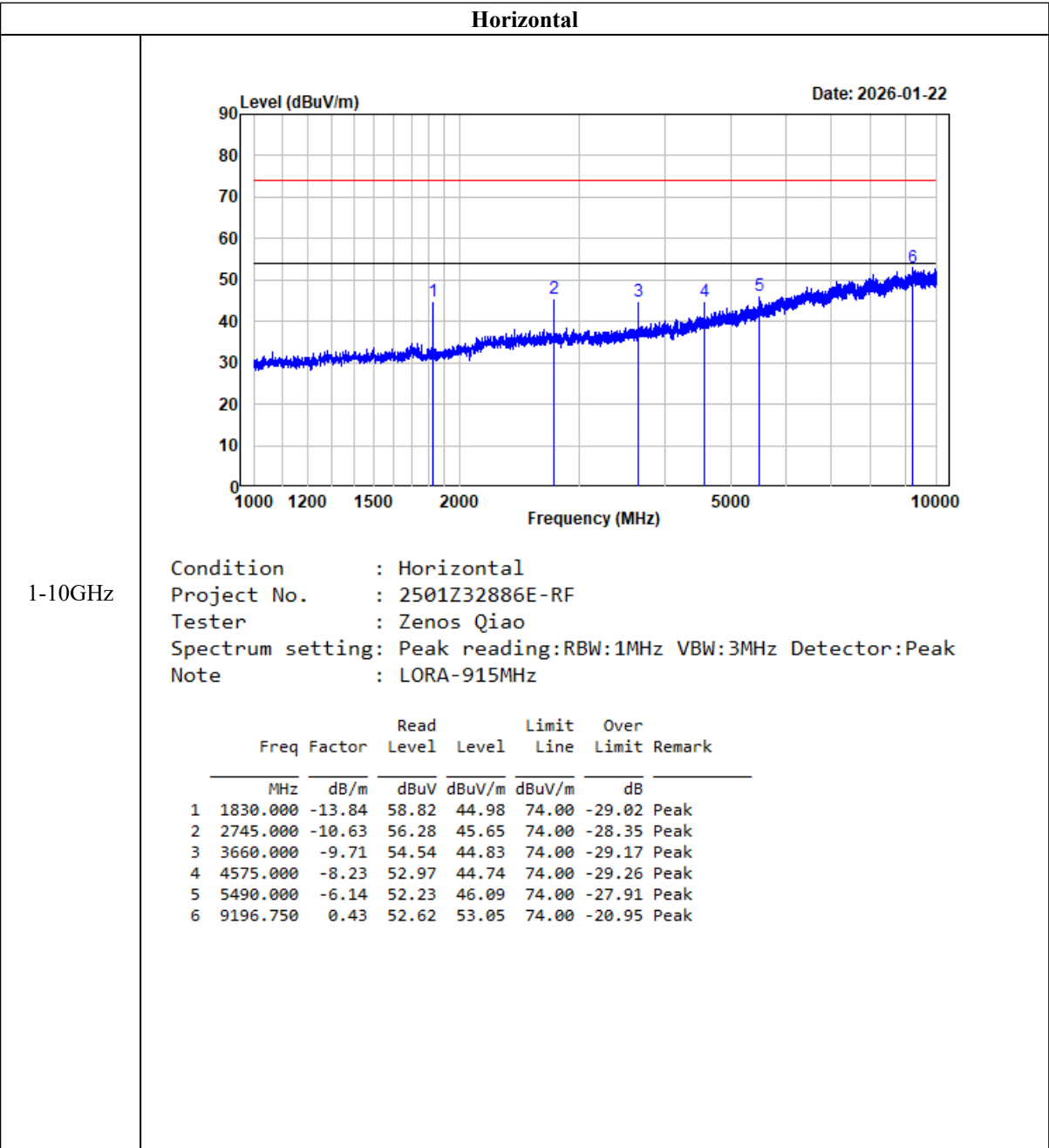
Corrected Amplitude = Corrected Factor + Reading

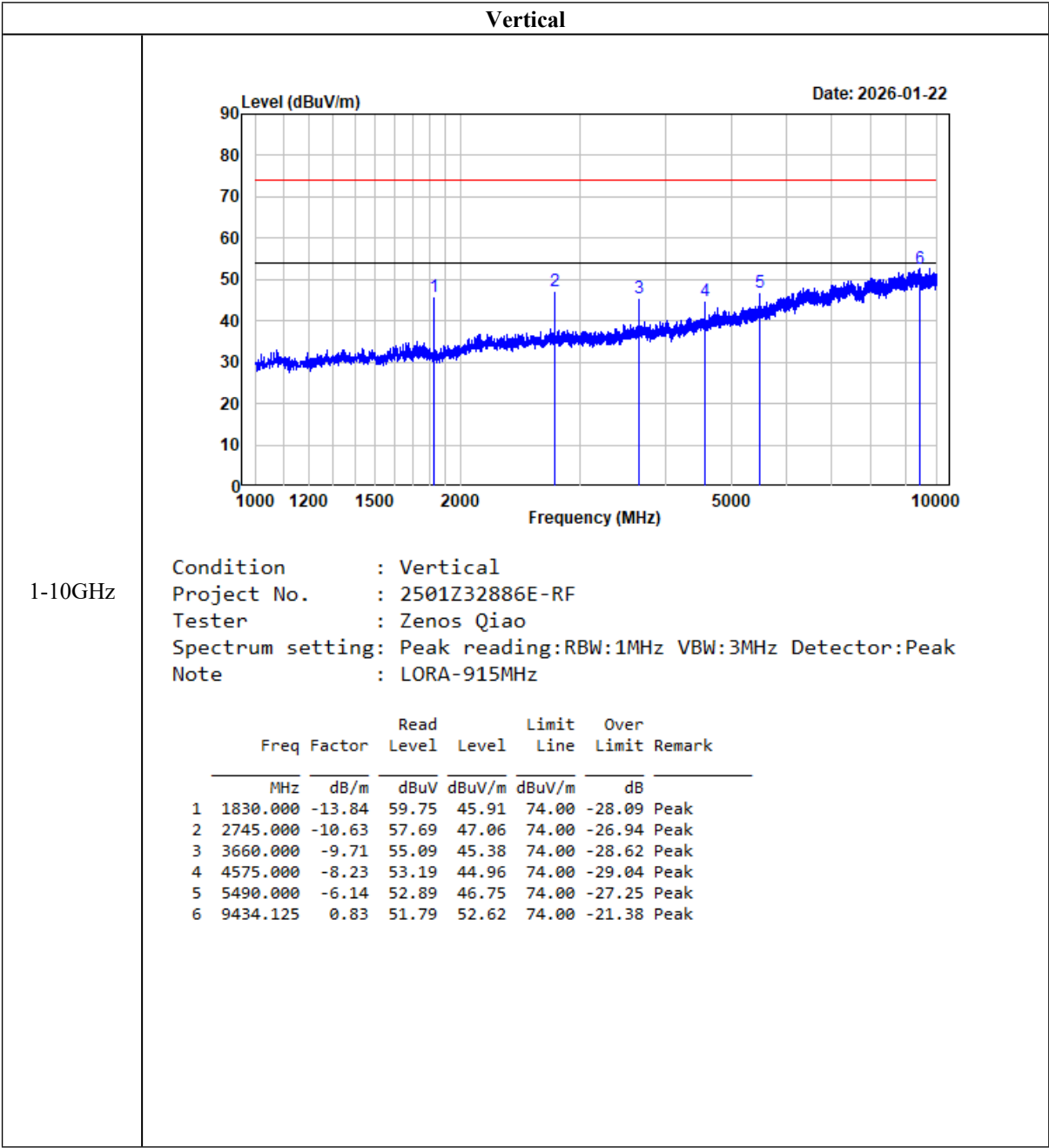
Margin = Corrected. Amplitude - Limit

The other spurious emission which is in the noise floor level was not recorded.

The test result of peak was less than the limit of average, so just peak values were recorded.

Listed with worst case test plot:





FCC §15.247(a) (2) - 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

Applicable Standard

Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2020 Clause 11.8.1 & Clause 6.9.3

The steps for the first option are as follows:

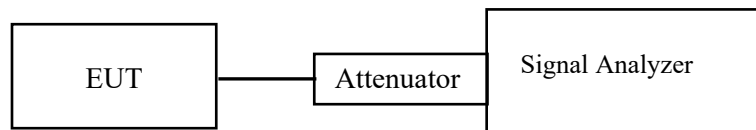
- a) Set RBW = shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW but not less than 100 kHz.
- b) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- c) Detector = peak.
- d) Trace mode = max-hold.
- e) Sweep = No faster than coupled (auto) time.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
- g) Measure the maximum width of the emission by placing two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the “–6 dB down amplitude”. If a marker is below this “–6 dB down amplitude” value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value.

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be at least three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (\text{OBW}/\text{RBW})]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.6.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max-hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.

g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing spectral plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

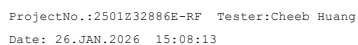
Temperature:	25.6 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Cheeb Huang on 2026-01-26.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the following table and plots.

Test Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (MHz)
915	0.649	0.5



FCC §15.247(b) (3) - MAXIMUM CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

Applicable Standard

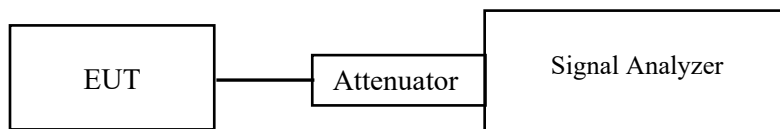
According to FCC §15.247(b) (3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2020 Clause 11.9.1.1

The following procedure shall be used when an instrument with a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth is available to perform the measurement:

- a) Set the RBW $\geq$ DTS bandwidth.
- b) Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- c) Set span $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- d) Sweep time = No faster than coupled (auto) time.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Trace mode = max-hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.



Note: A short RF cable with low cable loss connected to the EUT antenna port, which was provided by client or lab, the cable loss was add with offset into test equipment, the total offset consists of attenuator and/or RF cable loss

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

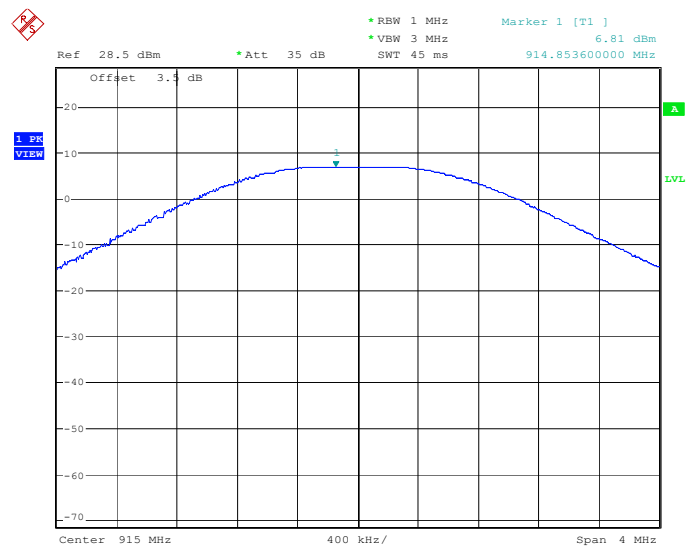
Temperature:	25.6 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Cheeb Huang on 2026-01-26.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the following table and plots.

Test Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
915	6.81	≤30



ProjectNo.:2501Z32886E-RF Tester:Cheeb Huang
Date: 26.JAN.2026 15:35:41

FCC §15.247(d) - 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE

Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2020 Clause 11.11.3

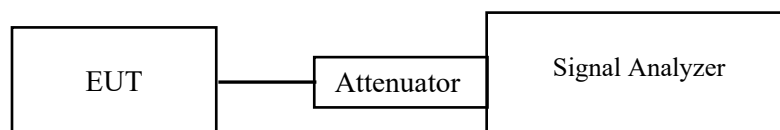
Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured. Note that the frequency range might need to be divided into multiple frequency ranges to retain frequency resolution.

NOTE—the number of points can also be increased for large spans to retain frequency resolution

- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = No faster than coupled (auto) time.
- f) Trace mode = max-hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.



Test Data**Environmental Conditions**

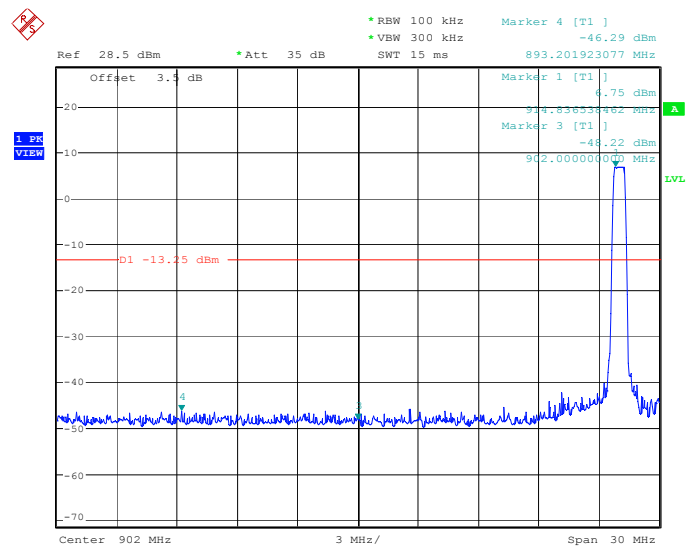
Temperature:	25.6 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Cheeb Huang on 2026-01-26.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

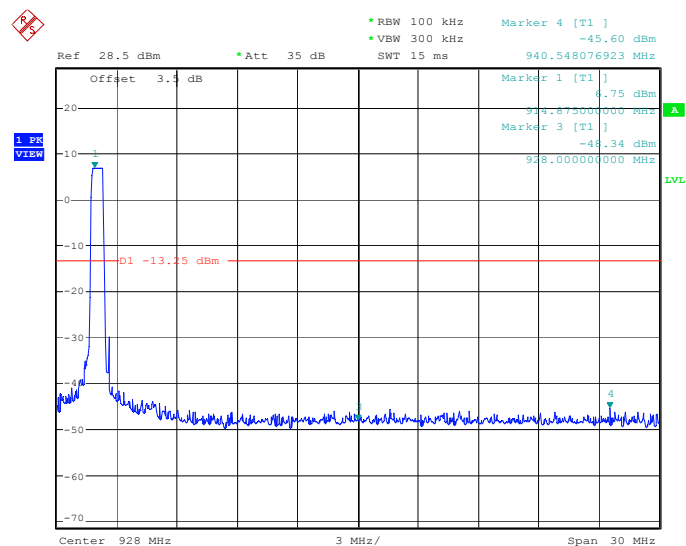
Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the following plots.

Band edge, Left side



ProjectNo.:2501Z32886E-RF Tester:Cheeb Huang
Date: 26.JAN.2026 15:29:55

Band edge, Right side



ProjectNo.:2501Z32886E-RF Tester:Cheeb Huang
Date: 26.JAN.2026 15:31:38

FCC §15.247(d) - CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2020 Clause 11.11.3

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured. Note that the frequency range might need to be divided into multiple frequency ranges to retain frequency resolution.

NOTE—the number of points can also be increased for large spans to retain frequency resolution

b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

c) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.

d) Detector = peak.

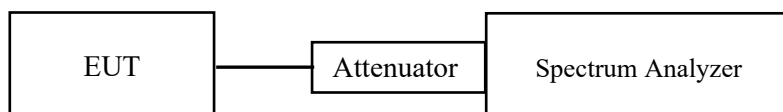
e) Sweep time = No faster than coupled (auto) time.

f) Trace mode = max-hold.

g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.

h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit



Note: The worst cable loss among the test frequency range was added into plots.

Test Data

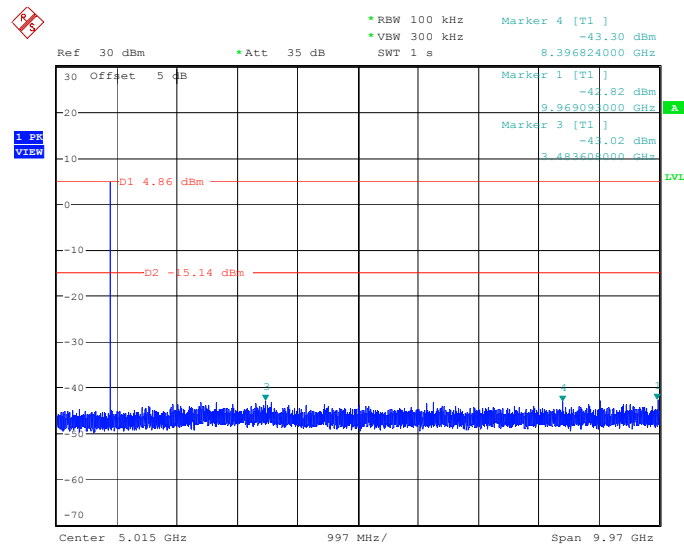
Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25.6 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Cheeb Huang on 2026-01-26.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant



ProjectNo.:2501Z32886E-RF Tester:Cheeb Huang
Date: 26.JAN.2026 15:40:41

FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

Applicable Standard

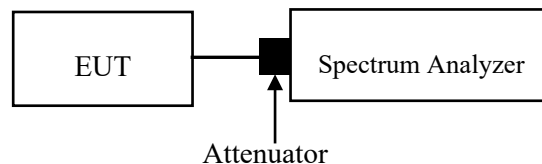
For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

Test Procedure

Test Method: ANSI C63.10-2020 Clause 11.10.2

The following procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to determine compliance, and it is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to determine compliance:

- a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span >1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW to $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
- d) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = No faster than coupled (auto) time.
- g) Trace mode = max-hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
- j) If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



Note : A short RF cable with low cable loss connected to the EUT antenna port, which was provided by client or lab, the cable loss was add with offset into test equipment, the total offset consists of attenuator and/or RF cable loss

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

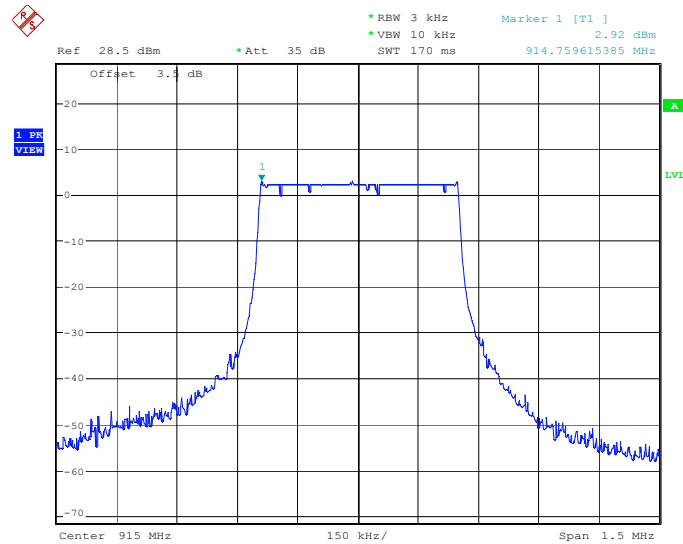
Temperature:	25.6 °C
Relative Humidity:	48 %
ATM Pressure:	101 kPa

The testing was performed by Cheeb Huang on 2026-01-26.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant. Please refer to the following table and plots.

Test Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
915	2.92	≤8.00



ProjectNo.:2501Z32886E-RF Tester:Cheeb Huang
Date: 26.JAN.2026 15:26:24

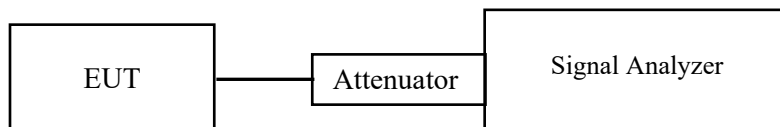
C63.10 §11.6- DUTY CYCLE

Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2020 Section 11.6

Measurements of duty cycle and transmission duration shall be performed using one of the following techniques:

- a) A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have a sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal.
- b) The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the ON and OFF times of the transmitted signal:
 - 1) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.
 - 2) Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.
 - 3) Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.
 - 4) The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring the duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7 \mu s$.)



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

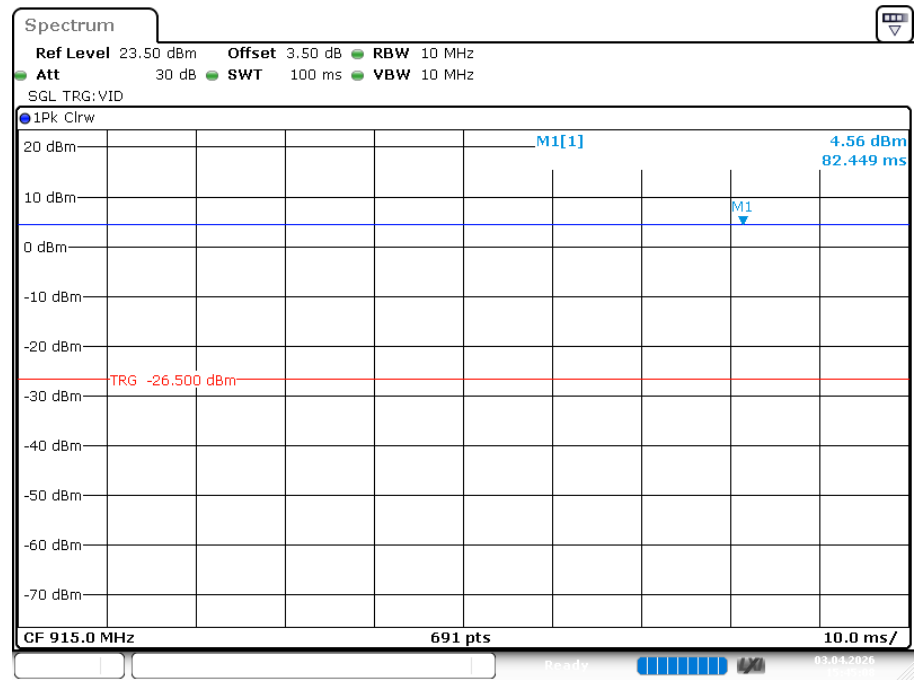
Temperature:	25.9 °C
Relative Humidity:	49 %
ATM Pressure:	100 kPa

The testing was performed by Cheeb Huang on 2026-04-03.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliant.

Test Frequency (MHz)	T _{on} (ms)	T _{on+off} (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	1/T _{on} (Hz)	VBW Setting (Hz)
915	100	100	100.00	/	10



ProjectNo.:2501Z32886E-RF Tester:Cheeb Huang
Date: 3.APR.2026 15:45:08

EUT PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to the attachment 2501Z32886E-RF-EXP External photo and 2501Z32886E-RF-INP Internal photo.

TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Please refer to the attachment 2501Z32886E-RF-TSPD Test Setup photo.

******* END OF REPORT *******