

FCC SAR EVALUATION REPORT

**In accordance with the requirements of
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093), ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and
IEEE Std 1528-2013**

Product Name : 4G feature phone

Brand Name : i-MOBIL

Model Name : iM421

Family Model : N/A

Report No. : S23050900904001

FCC ID : 2AT55-IM421

Prepared for

I-MOBIL SOCIEDAD ANONIMA DE CAPITAL VARIABLE
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ALCALDIA MIGUEL HIDALGO, CIUDAD DE MEXICO, PAIS MEXICO,
CODIGO POSTAL 11270**Product description**

Product name 4G feature phone

Brand Name i-MOBIL

Model and/or type
reference iM421

Family Model N/A

FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

Standards IEEE Std 1528-2013

Published RF exposure KDB procedures

This device described above has been tested by Shenzhen NTEK. In accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 and KDB 865664 D01. Testing has shown that this device is capable of compliance with localized specific absorption rate (SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992. The test results in this report apply only to the tested sample of the stated device/equipment. Other similar device/equipment will not necessarily produce the same results due to production tolerance and measurement uncertainties.

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Test Sample Number S230509009004

Date of Test

Date (s) of performance of tests... May 11, 2023 ~ May 23, 2023

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Test Result **Pass**Prepared By
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※ ※ Revision History ※ ※

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1. General Information

1.1. RF exposure limits

(A).Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

(B).Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

NOTE: **Whole-Body SAR** is averaged over the entire body, **partial-body SAR** is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. **SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles** is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

Occupational/Controlled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled Environments:

Are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

NOTE
HEAD AND TRUNK LIMIT
1.6 W/kg
APPLIED TO THIS EUT

1.2. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for iM421 are as follows.

RF Exposure Conditions		Max Reported SAR Value(W/kg)
1-g Head		0.177
1-g Body-Worn (Separation distance of 10mm)		0.022
Max Simultaneous Tx	Head	0.261
	Body-Worn	0.064

Note: The Max Simultaneous Tx is calculated based on the same configuration and test position. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013 & KDB 865664 D01.

1.3. EUT Description

Device Information			
Product Name	4G feature phone		
Brand Name	i-MOBIL		
Model Name	iM421		
Family Model	N/A		
Model Difference	N/A		
FCC ID	2AT55-IM421		
Device Phase	Identical Prototype		
Exposure Category	General population / Uncontrolled environment		
Antenna Type	GSM/WCDMA/LTE::FPC Antenna, WIFI/BT:Cable Antenna		
Battery Information	DC 3.7V, 1000mAh		
HW Version	G04_T107_PCB_V1.0		
SW Version	I-MOBIL_4G_iM421_MX_V01		
Device Operating Configurations			
Supporting Mode(s)	GSM850/1900,WCDMABand2/5,LTEBand4/5/7/13, Bluetooth		
Test Modulation	GSM(GMSK/8PSK), WCDMA(QPSK), LTE(QPSK/16QAM), Bluetooth(GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK)		
Device Class	B		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM 850	824-849	869-894
	GSM 1900	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 2	1850-1910	1930-1990
	WCDMA Band 5	824-849	869-894

	LTE Band 4	1710-1755	2110-2155
	LTE Band 5	824-849	869-894
	LTE Band 7	2500-2570	2620-2690
	LTE Band 13	777-787	746-756
	Bluetooth	2402-2480	
GPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
EGPRS Multislot Class(12)	Max Number of Timeslots in Uplink		4
	Max Number of Timeslots in Downlink		4
	Max Total Timeslot		5
Power Class	4, tested with power level 5(GSM 850)		
	1, tested with power level 0(GSM 1900)		
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 2)		
	3, tested with power control "all 1"(WCDMA Band 5)		
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 4)		
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 5)		
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 7)		
	3, tested with power control all Max.(LTE Band 13)		

1.4. Test specification(s)

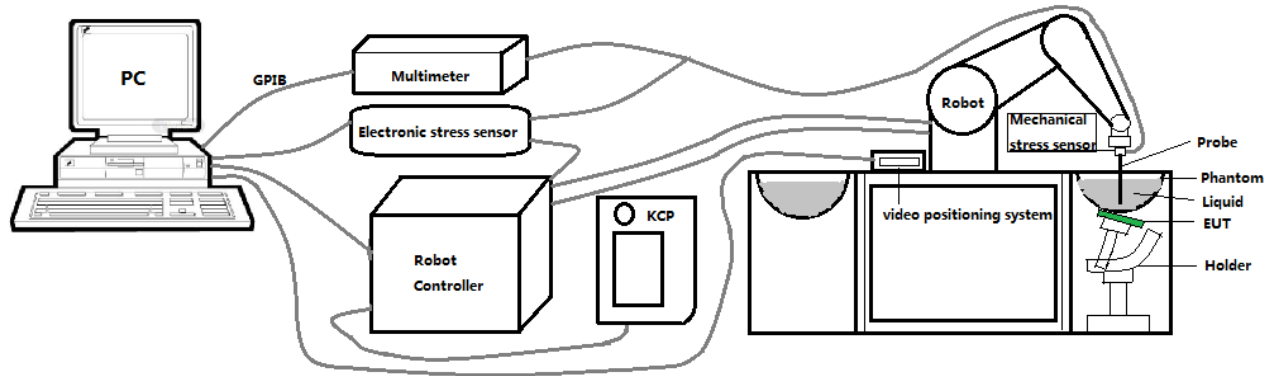
FCC 47 CFR Part 2(2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE Std 1528-2013
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures
KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR

1.5. Ambient Condition

Ambient temperature	20°C – 24°C
Relative Humidity	30% – 70%

2. SAR Measurement System

2.1. SATIMO SAR Measurement Set-up Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 901 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.03 mm. The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

The first step of the field measurement is the evaluation of the voltages induced on the probe by the device under test. Probe diode detectors are nonlinear. Below the diode compression point, the output voltage is proportional to the square of the applied E-field; above the diode compression point, it is linear to the applied E-field. The compression point depends on the diode, and a calibration procedure is necessary for each sensor of the probe.

The Keithley multimeter reads the voltage of each sensor and send these three values to the PC. The corresponding E field value is calculated using the probe calibration factors, which are stored in the working directory. This evaluation includes linearization of the diode characteristics. The field calculation is done separately for each sensor. Each component of the E field is displayed on the "Dipole Area Scan Interface" and the total E field is displayed on the "3D Interface"

2.2. Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ± 0.03 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

2.3. E-Field Probe

This E-field detection probe is composed of three orthogonal dipoles linked to special Schottky diodes with low detection thresholds. The probe allows the measurement of electric fields in liquids such as the one defined in the IEEE and CENELEC standards.

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08/16 EPGO287 with following specifications is used



- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
 - Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm
 - Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1 mm
 - Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 2 mm (repeatability better than ± 1 mm).
 - Probe linearity: ± 0.08 dB
 - Axial isotropy: ± 0.01 dB
 - Hemispherical Isotropy: ± 0.01 dB
 - Calibration range: 650MHz to 5900MHz for head & body simulating liquid.
 - Lower detection limit: 8mW/kg
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30° .

2.3.1. E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y, and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (Conv F) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix D of this report.

2.4. SAM phantoms

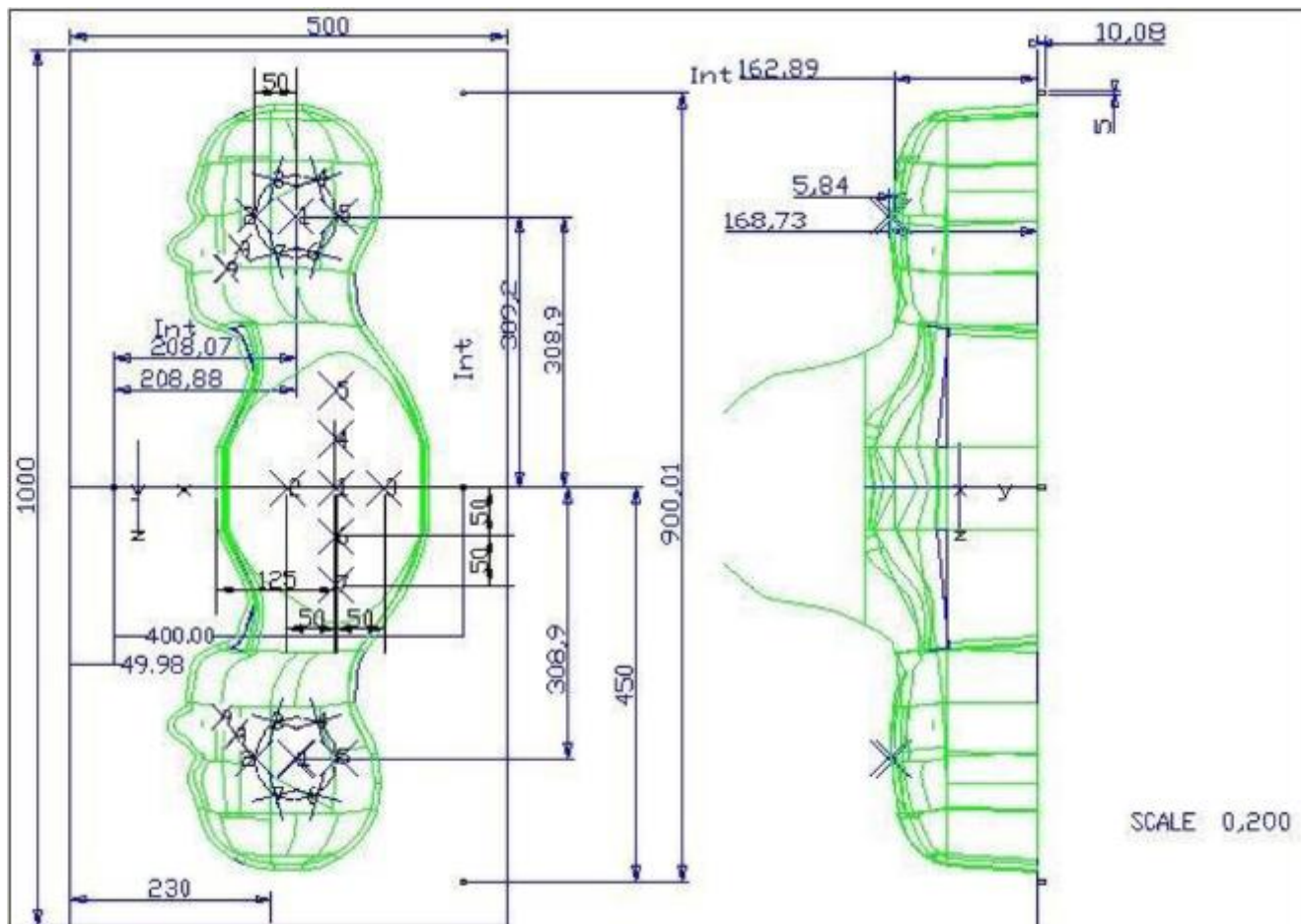
Photo of SAM phantom SN 16/15 SAM119



The SAM phantom is used to measure the SAR relative to people exposed to electro-magnetic field radiated by Smart Phones.

2.4.1. Technical Data

Serial Number	Shell thickness	Filling volume	Dimensions	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 SAM119	2 mm ±0.2 mm	27 liters	Length:1000 mm Width:500 mm Height:200 mm	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02

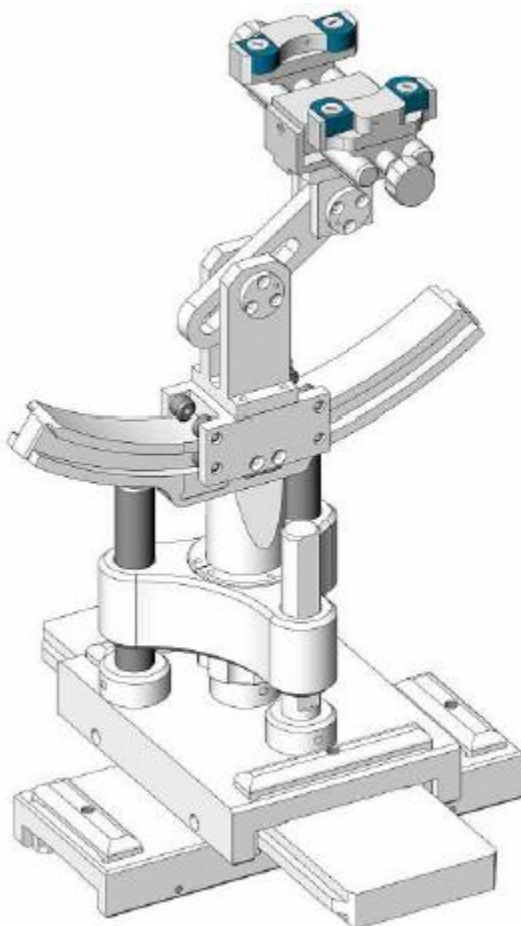


Serial Number	Left Head(mm)		Right Head(mm)		Flat Part(mm)	
SN 16/15 SAM119	2	2.02	2	2.08	1	2.09
	3	2.05	3	2.06	2	2.06
	4	2.07	4	2.07	3	2.08
	5	2.08	5	2.08	4	2.10
	6	2.05	6	2.07	5	2.10
	7	2.05	7	2.05	6	2.07
	8	2.07	8	2.06	7	2.07
	9	2.08	9	2.06	-	-

The test, based on ultrasonic system, allows measuring the thickness with an accuracy of 10 μm .

2.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 degree.



Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 16/15 MSH100	Delrin	3.7	0.005

2.6. Test Equipment List

This table gives a complete overview of the SAR measurement equipment.

Devices used during the test described are marked ☒

	Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
					Last Cal.	Due Date
☒	MVG	E FIELD PROBE	SSE2	SN 08/16 EPGO287	Jan. 10, 2023	Jan. 09, 2024
☒	MVG	750 MHz Dipole	SID750	SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☒	MVG	835 MHz Dipole	SID835	SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☐	MVG	900 MHz Dipole	SID900	SN 03/15 DIP 0G900-348	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☒	MVG	1800 MHz Dipole	SID1800	SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☒	MVG	1900 MHz Dipole	SID1900	SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☐	MVG	2000 MHz Dipole	SID2000	SN 03/15 DIP 2G000-351	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☐	MVG	2300 MHz Dipole	SID2300	SN 03/16 DIP 2G300-358	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☐	MVG	2450 MHz Dipole	SID2450	SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☒	MVG	2600 MHz Dipole	SID2600	SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☐	MVG	3500 MHz Dipole	SID3500	SN 09/12 DIP 3G500-360	Oct. 15, 2022	Oct. 14, 2025
☐	MVG	5000 MHz Dipole	SWG5500	SN 13/14 WGA 33	Mar. 01, 2021	Feb. 28, 2024
☒	MVG	Liquid measurement Kit	SCLMP	SN 21/15 OCPG 72	NCR	NCR
☒	MVG	Power Amplifier	N.A	AMPLISAR_28/14_003	NCR	NCR
☒	KEITHLEY	Millivoltmeter	2000	4072790	NCR	NCR
☒	R&S	Universal radio communication tester	CMU200	117858	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
☒	R&S	Wideband radio communication	CMW500	103917	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023

		tester				
☒	HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410J01136	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
☒	Agilent	MXG Vector Signal Generator	N5182A	MY47070317	Jun. 16, 2022	Jun. 15, 2023
☒	Agilent	Power meter	E4419B	MY45102538	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
☒	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	MY41495644	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
☒	Agilent	Power sensor	E9301A	US39212148	Jun. 17, 2022	Jun. 16, 2023
☒	MCLI/USA	Directional Coupler	CB11-20	0D2L51502	Jul. 17, 2020	Jul. 16, 2023
☒	N/A	Thermometer	N/A	LES-085	Mar. 27, 2023	Mar. 26, 2026
☒	MVG	SAM Phantom	SSM2	SN 16/15 SAM119	NCR	NCR
☒	MVG	Device Holder	SMPPD	SN 16/15 MSH100	NCR	NCR
☒	Shenzhen Tianxu Communication Technology Co., Ltd.	Human Simulating Liquid	Head 750	Head 750	NCR	NCR
☒	Shenzhen Tianxu Communication Technology Co., Ltd.	Human Simulating Liquid	Head 835	Head 835	NCR	NCR
☒	Shenzhen Tianxu Communication Technology Co., Ltd.	Human Simulating Liquid	Head 1800	Head 1800	NCR	NCR
☒	Shenzhen Tianxu Communication Technology Co., Ltd.	Human Simulating Liquid	Head 1900	Head 1900	NCR	NCR
☒	Shenzhen Tianxu Communication	Human Simulating Liquid	Head 2600	Head 2600	NCR	NCR

	Technology Co., Ltd.					
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3. SAR Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For Wi-Fi/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT Wi-Fi/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure Wi-Fi/BT output power.

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT Wi-Fi/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix A demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the OPENSAR software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

3.1. Power Reference

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

3.2. Area scan & Zoom scan

The area scan is a 2D scan to find the hot spot location on the DUT. The zoom scan is a 3D scan

above the hot spot to calculate the 1g and 10g SAR value.

Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1.6 W/kg 1 g limit, or 1.26 W/kg for 2 W/kg, 10 g limit).

Area scan & Zoom scan scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5 · $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

3.3. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

3.4. Volumetric Scan

The volumetric scan consists to a full 3D scan over a specific area. This 3D scan is useful form multi Tx SAR measurement. Indeed, it is possible with OpenSAR to add, point by point, several volumetric scan to calculate the SAR value of the combined measurement as it is define in the standard IEEE1528 and IEC62209.

3.5. Power Drift

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In OpenSAR measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in V/m. If the power drifts more than $\pm 5\%$, the SAR will be retested.

4. System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Ingredients (% of weight)	Head Tissue									
Frequency Band (MHz)	750	835	900	1800	1900	2000	2450	2600	5200	5800
Water	34.40	34.40	34.40	55.36	55.36	57.87	57.87	57.87	65.53	65.53
NaCl	0.79	0.79	0.79	0.35	0.35	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.00
1,2-Propanediol	64.81	64.81	64.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Triton X-100	0.00	0.00	0.00	30.45	30.45	19.97	19.97	19.97	24.24	24.24
DGBE	0.00	0.00	0.00	13.84	13.84	22.00	22.00	22.00	10.23	10.23

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid depth from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm.

Photo of Liquid depth for Head Position	Photo of Liquid depth for Body Position
	

4.1.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results

The simulating liquids should be checked at the beginning of a series of SAR measurements to determine if the dielectric parameters are within the tolerances of the specified target values. The measured conductivity and relative permittivity should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target values.

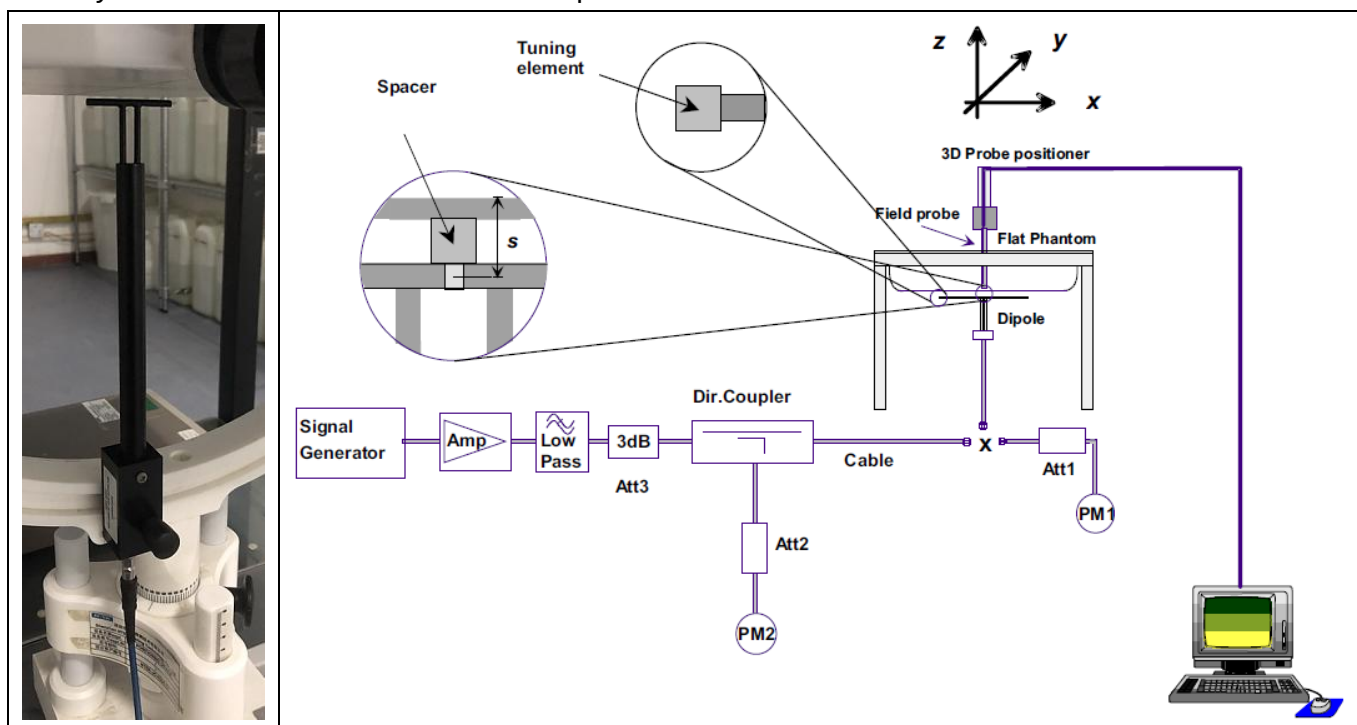
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue		Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp.	Test Date
		$\epsilon_r (\pm 5\%)$	$\sigma \text{ (S/m)} (\pm 5\%)$	ϵ_r	$\sigma \text{ (S/m)}$		
Head 750	750	41.96 (39.86~44.06)	0.89 (0.85~0.93)	40.46	0.90	21.3 °C	May. 11, 2023
Head 850	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	40.85	0.91	21.1 °C	May. 22, 2023
Head 1800	1800	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.94	1.41	21.7 °C	May. 12, 2023
Head 1900	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	38.26	1.46	21.4 °C	May. 23, 2023
Head 2600	2600	39.01 (37.06~40.96)	1.96 (1.86~2.06)	38.10	1.99	21.6 °C	May. 17, 2023

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

4.2. System Verification Procedure

The system verification is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100mW (below 5GHz) or 100mW (above 5GHz). To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the system verification to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the system verification to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

The system verification is shown as below picture:



System Verification	Target SAR (1W)		Measured SAR		Liquid Temp.	Delta (%)		Test Date
	(±10%)		(Normalized to 1W)					
	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)	1-g (W/Kg)	10-g (W/Kg)		1-g (±10%)	10-g (±10%)	
750MHz	8.53	5.56	9.08	5.33	21.3 °C	6.45%	-4.14%	May. 11, 2023
	(7.68~9.38)	(5.01~6.11)						
835MHz	9.84	6.22	9.51	6.76	21.1 °C	-3.35%	8.68%	May. 22, 2023
	(8.86~10.82)	(5.60~6.84)						
1800MHz	37.96	19.81	39.93	20.91	21.7 °C	5.19%	5.55%	May. 12, 2023
	(34.17~41.75)	(17.83~21.79)						
1900MHz	40.37	20.48	43.87	20.35	21.4 °C	8.67%	-0.63%	May. 23, 2023
	(36.34~44.40)	(18.44~22.52)						
2600MHz	55.83	24.19	53.9	23.65	21.6 °C	-3.46%	-2.23%	May. 17, 2023
	(50.25~61.41)	(21.78~26.60)						

5. SAR Measurement variability and uncertainty

5.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

5.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.

6. RF Exposure Positions

6.1. Ear and handset reference point

Figure 6.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M”, the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE”, and the right ERP is marked “RE”.

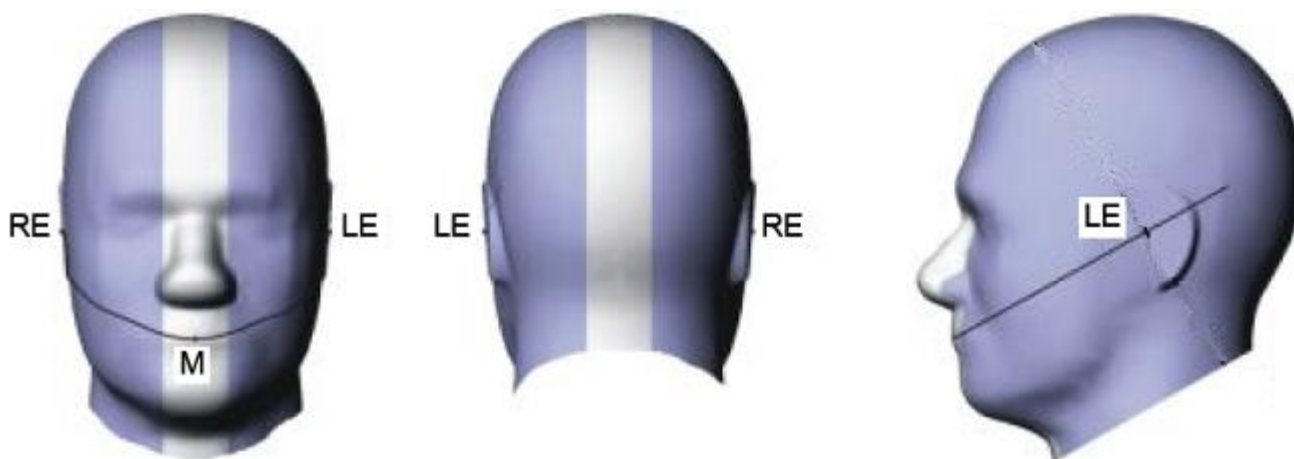


Fig 6.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM phantom

6.2. Definition of the cheek position

1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 6.2.1 and Figure 6.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 6.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 6.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
2. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
3. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP
4. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
5. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.

6. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 6.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

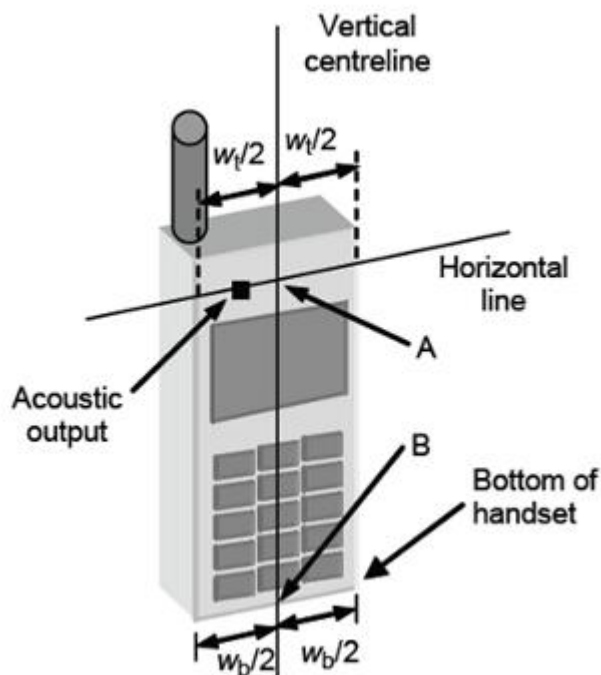


Fig 6.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case"

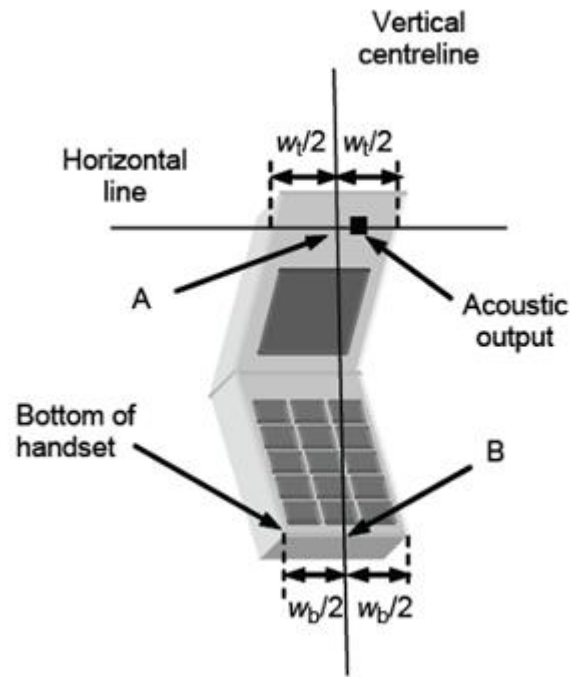


Fig 6.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

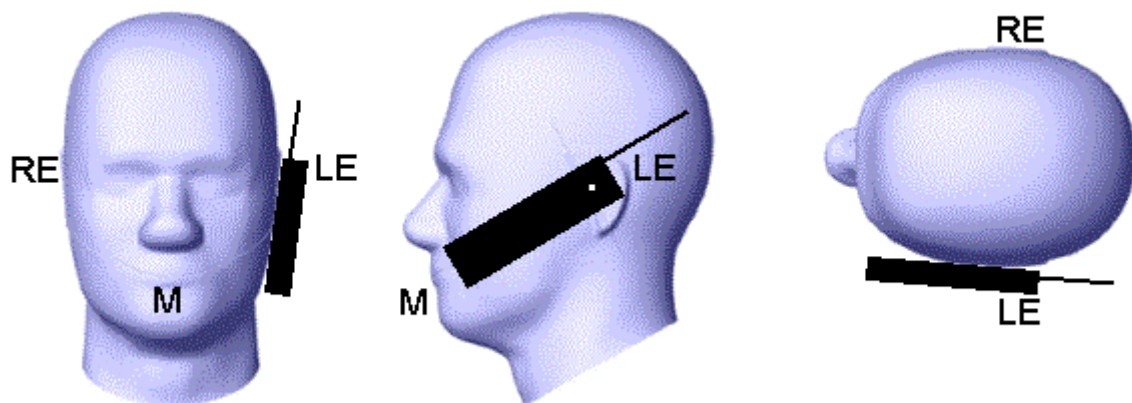


Fig 6.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

6.3. Definition of the tilt position

1. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, retract the handset parallel to the reference plane far enough away from the phantom to enable a rotation of the device by 15 degree.
2. Rotate the Handset around the horizontal line by 15 degree (see Figure 6.3.1).
3. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on a line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact is at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna with the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset shall be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any part of the handset is in contact with the pinna as well as a second part of the handset is in contact with the phantom, e.g., the antenna with the back of the head.

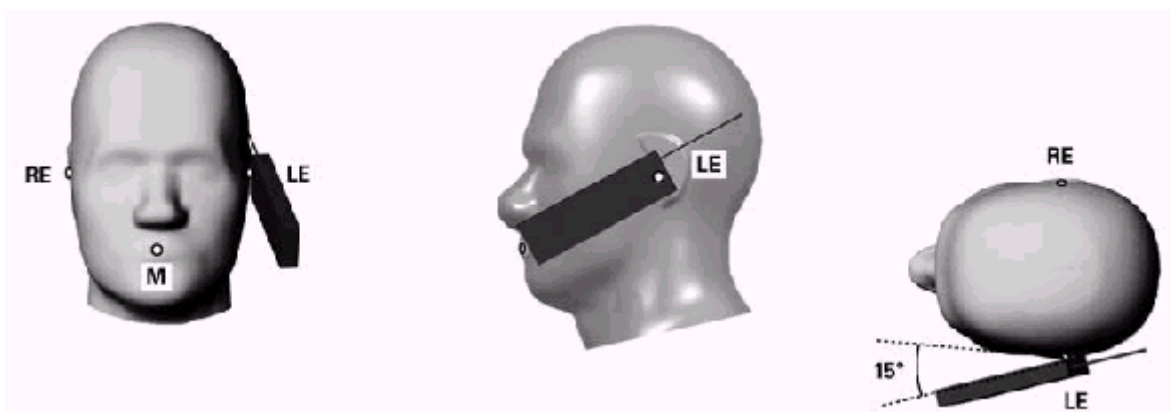


Figure 6.3.1 – Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

6.4. Body Worn Accessory

1. Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4.1). Per KDB 648474 D04, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.
2. Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest

spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

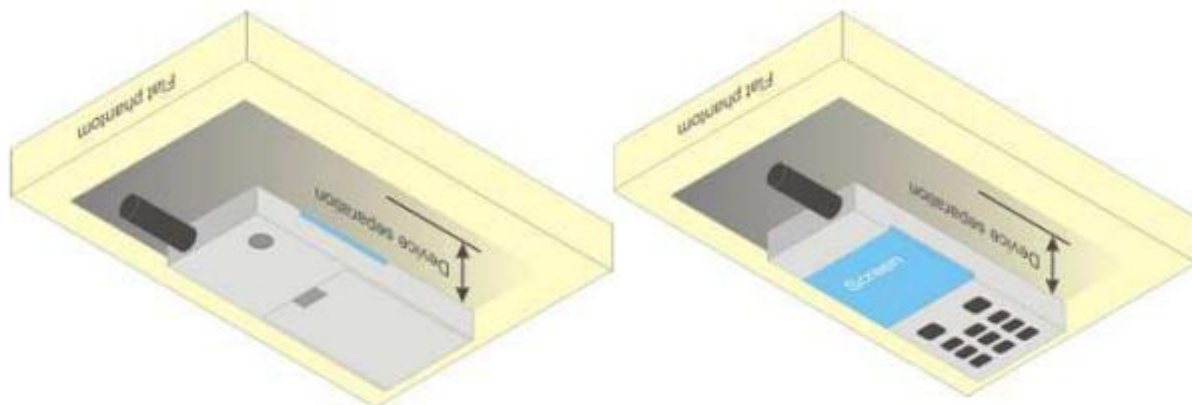


Figure 6.4.1 – Test positions for body-worn devices

6.5. Wireless Router Devices

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WLAN simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WLAN transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WLAN transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

7. RF Output Power

7.1. GSM Conducted Power

Band GSM850	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	128	189	251	Tune-up	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8
GSM (GMSK)	33.00	32.79	32.58	32.52	23.97	23.76	23.55	23.49
GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	33.00	32.87	32.67	32.61	23.97	23.84	23.64	23.58
GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	31.00	30.86	30.63	30.57	24.98	24.84	24.61	24.55
GPRS(GMSK,3 Tx slot)	29.00	28.95	28.71	28.66	24.74	24.69	24.45	24.40
GPRS(GMSK,4 Tx slot)	27.00	26.73	26.48	26.38	23.99	23.72	23.47	23.37
EGPRS(8PSK,1 Tx slot)	27.50	27.03	27.35	27.07	18.47	18.00	18.32	18.04
EGPRS(8PSK,2 Tx slot)	27.00	25.96	26.56	26.66	20.98	19.94	20.54	20.64
EGPRS(8PSK,3 Tx slot)	24.00	23.45	23.54	23.60	19.74	19.19	19.28	19.34
EGPRS(8PSK,4 Tx slot)	22.00	21.76	21.21	21.44	18.99	18.75	18.20	18.43
Band GSM1900	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)				Frame-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up	512	661	810	Tune-up	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM (GMSK)	31.00	30.71	30.48	30.02	21.97	21.68	21.45	20.99
GPRS(GMSK,1 Tx slot)	31.00	30.91	30.71	30.26	21.97	21.88	21.68	21.23
GPRS(GMSK,2 Tx slot)	29.00	28.74	28.48	28.01	22.98	22.72	22.46	21.99
GPRS(GMSK,3 Tx slot)	27.50	27.18	26.90	26.51	23.24	22.92	22.64	22.25
GPRS(GMSK,4 Tx slot)	25.50	25.07	24.66	24.25	22.49	22.06	21.65	21.24
EGPRS(8PSK,1 Tx slot)	27.00	26.90	26.58	26.14	17.97	17.87	17.55	17.11
EGPRS(8PSK,2 Tx slot)	25.50	25.20	24.82	24.58	19.48	19.18	18.80	18.56
EGPRS(8PSK,3 Tx slot)	24.00	23.96	23.32	23.01	19.74	19.70	19.06	18.75
EGPRS(8PSK,4 Tx slot)	20.00	19.64	19.40	19.06	16.99	16.63	16.39	16.05

7.2. WCDMA Conducted Power

WCDMA Band 2	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6
RMC12.2K	24.50	24.22	24.09	24.10
HSDPA Sub 1	24.00	23.70	23.41	23.26
HSDPA Sub 2	23.50	23.37	23.13	22.92

HSDPA Sub 3	23.50	23.01	22.88	22.73
HSDPA Sub 4	23.00	22.74	22.74	22.29
HSUPA Sub 1	23.50	23.43	23.22	23.31
HSUPA Sub 2	24.00	23.53	23.34	23.25
HSUPA Sub 3	23.50	23.15	22.69	23.16
HSUPA Sub 4	24.00	23.58	23.31	23.30
HSUPA Sub 5	23.50	23.37	23.12	23.08
WCDMA Band 5	Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			
Tx Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	4132	4182	4233
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6
RMC12.2K	24.00	23.52	23.71	23.67
HSDPA Sub 1	23.50	22.77	23.14	22.25
HSDPA Sub 2	23.00	22.55	22.94	22.10
HSDPA Sub 3	23.00	22.22	22.60	21.68
HSDPA Sub 4	22.50	22.06	22.46	21.67
HSUPA Sub 1	23.00	22.73	22.95	22.12
HSUPA Sub 2	23.50	22.75	23.11	22.23
HSUPA Sub 3	23.00	22.23	22.74	21.94
HSUPA Sub 4	23.50	22.39	23.11	21.96
HSUPA Sub 5	23.00	22.57	22.97	22.17

7.3. LTE Conducted Power

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		19957/1710.7	20175/1732.5	20393/1754.3
LTE Band 4	1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.00	24.54	24.44	24.97
			1	2	25.00	24.48	24.49	24.95
			1	5	25.00	24.54	24.50	24.95
			3	0	25.00	24.39	24.51	24.83
			3	1	25.00	24.45	24.49	24.70
			3	2	25.00	24.39	24.51	24.79
		16QAM	6	0	24.00	23.37	23.61	23.63
			1	0	24.50	24.45	24.20	24.23
			1	2	24.50	24.38	24.36	24.15
			1	5	24.50	24.42	24.37	24.26
			3	0	24.50	23.61	23.65	24.07
			3	1	24.50	23.58	23.69	24.01
			3	2	24.50	23.63	23.64	23.95
			6	0	23.00	22.61	22.48	22.73
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		19965/1711.5	20175/1732.5	20385/1753.5
LTE Band 4	3MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.00	24.36	24.42	24.98
			1	7	25.00	24.41	24.51	25.00
			1	14	25.00	24.34	24.46	24.98
			8	0	24.00	23.39	23.48	23.66
			8	4	24.00	23.46	23.53	23.68
			8	7	24.00	23.66	23.61	23.63
			15	0	24.00	23.43	23.59	23.65
		16QAM	1	0	25.00	24.48	24.24	24.10
			1	7	25.00	24.45	24.29	24.24
			1	14	25.00	24.80	24.32	24.17
			8	0	23.00	22.41	22.70	22.75
			8	4	23.00	22.48	22.76	22.71
			8	7	23.00	22.73	22.73	22.61
			15	0	23.00	22.60	22.56	22.74
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		

			RB Size	RB Offset		19975/1712.5	20175/1732.5	20375/1752.5
LTE Band 4	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.00	24.36	24.51	24.65
			1	12	25.00	24.15	24.57	24.80
			1	24	25.00	24.18	24.53	24.75
			12	0	24.00	23.31	23.45	23.64
			12	6	24.00	23.73	23.62	23.73
			12	11	24.00	23.62	23.61	23.76
			25	0	24.00	23.78	23.59	23.61
		16QAM	1	0	24.50	24.04	23.67	23.38
			1	12	24.50	24.19	23.72	23.41
			1	24	24.50	24.07	23.63	23.40
			12	0	23.00	22.50	22.42	22.85
			12	6	23.00	22.71	22.49	22.66
			12	11	23.00	22.74	22.46	22.54
			25	0	23.00	22.90	22.72	22.76
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20000/1715	20175/1732.5	20350/1750
LTE Band 4	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.00	23.43	24.80	24.74
			1	24	25.00	24.36	24.68	24.77
			1	49	25.00	23.47	24.77	24.78
			25	0	24.00	23.59	23.43	23.56
			25	12	24.00	23.40	23.61	23.59
			25	24	24.00	23.48	23.54	23.72
			50	0	24.00	23.29	23.59	23.42
		16QAM	1	0	25.00	24.17	23.70	24.58
			1	24	25.00	24.18	23.98	24.66
			1	49	25.00	24.17	23.83	24.73
			25	0	23.00	22.79	22.58	22.79
			25	12	23.00	22.81	22.59	22.47
			25	24	23.00	22.51	22.64	22.61
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20025/1717.5	20175/1732.5	20325/1747.5
LTE Band 4	15MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.00	23.42	24.93	24.49
			1	37	25.00	24.58	24.89	24.56
			1	74	25.00	24.64	24.85	24.60

			36	0	24.00	23.36	23.45	23.40
			36	18	24.00	23.57	23.71	23.51
			36	37	24.00	23.51	23.39	23.60
			75	0	24.00	23.54	23.69	23.62
		16QAM	1	0	25.00	24.25	24.64	24.11
			1	37	25.00	24.32	24.77	24.03
			1	74	25.00	24.38	24.70	24.25
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20050/1720	20175/1732.5	20300/1745
LTE Band 4	20MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.00	23.45	24.64	24.49
			1	49	25.00	24.67	24.67	24.59
			1	99	25.00	24.92	24.74	24.76
			50	0	24.00	23.39	23.58	23.59
			50	24	24.00	23.36	23.54	23.58
			50	49	24.00	23.46	23.39	23.65
			100	0	24.00	23.42	23.63	23.58
		16QAM	1	0	24.50	23.73	23.21	23.69
			1	49	24.50	23.73	23.23	23.70
			1	99	24.50	23.91	23.29	24.03

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20407/824.7	20525/836.5	20643/848.3
LTE Band 5	1.4MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.50	23.83	24.05	24.34
			1	2	24.50	23.93	24.13	24.21
			1	5	24.50	23.92	24.19	24.24
			3	0	24.50	23.88	24.18	24.09
			3	1	24.50	23.89	24.12	24.04
			3	2	24.50	23.88	24.12	23.99
			6	0	23.50	22.87	23.16	23.08
		16QAM	1	0	24.00	23.73	23.00	23.04
			1	2	24.00	23.72	23.16	23.08
			1	5	24.00	23.75	22.98	23.10
			3	0	23.50	23.02	23.15	22.85
			3	1	23.50	22.99	23.25	22.91
			3	2	23.50	22.96	23.26	22.90
			6	0	22.50	21.93	22.34	22.03

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20415/825.5	20525/836.5	20635/847.5
LTE Band 5	3MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.50	23.77	23.98	24.30
			1	7	24.50	23.81	24.10	24.35
			1	14	24.50	23.96	24.12	24.20
			8	0	23.50	22.85	23.04	22.91
			8	4	23.50	22.83	23.19	22.90
			8	7	23.50	22.72	23.22	23.11
			15	0	23.50	22.81	23.11	22.88
		16QAM	1	0	24.00	23.68	23.64	23.95
			1	7	24.00	23.76	23.81	23.91
			1	14	24.00	23.72	23.83	23.85
			8	0	23.00	21.82	22.80	21.92
			8	4	23.00	21.86	22.35	21.92
			8	7	23.00	22.23	22.42	22.02
			15	0	22.50	21.91	22.23	21.99
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20425/826.5	20525/836.5	20625/846.5
LTE Band 5	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.50	23.81	24.07	24.17
			1	12	24.50	23.84	24.17	24.15
			1	24	24.50	23.87	24.19	24.02
			12	0	23.50	22.88	23.03	23.14
			12	6	23.50	22.95	23.15	23.01
			12	11	23.50	22.86	23.23	22.91
			25	0	23.50	22.93	23.24	23.00
		16QAM	1	0	23.50	22.80	23.16	22.78
			1	12	23.50	22.81	23.31	22.68
			1	24	23.50	22.90	23.23	22.74
			12	0	22.50	21.91	22.47	22.02
			12	6	22.50	22.30	22.10	21.99
			12	11	22.50	22.26	22.18	21.87
			25	0	22.50	22.27	22.34	22.13
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20450/829	20525/836.5	20600/844

LTE Band 5	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.50	22.96	24.15	24.30
			1	24	24.50	23.83	24.35	24.34
			1	49	24.50	23.98	24.38	24.39
			25	0	23.50	22.95	23.05	22.97
			25	12	23.50	22.94	23.15	22.95
			25	24	23.50	23.08	23.00	23.01
			50	0	23.50	23.00	23.17	23.06
		16QAM	1	0	24.50	23.49	23.32	24.10
			1	24	24.50	23.61	23.44	24.05
			1	49	24.50	23.70	23.42	24.15
			25	0	23.00	22.37	22.61	22.39
			25	12	23.00	22.42	22.23	22.05
			25	24	23.00	21.98	22.63	21.90

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5
LTE Band 7	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.50	23.92	24.17	23.96
			1	12	24.50	23.99	24.14	23.95
			1	24	24.50	23.93	24.06	24.05
			12	0	23.50	23.19	23.09	23.05
			12	6	23.50	23.07	23.04	23.00
			12	11	23.50	23.09	23.08	23.14
			25	0	23.50	23.02	23.04	23.07
		16QAM	1	0	23.50	23.49	22.71	23.27
			1	12	23.50	23.44	22.74	23.18
			1	24	23.50	23.40	22.86	23.26
			12	0	23.00	22.08	22.06	22.64
			12	6	23.00	21.99	21.88	22.64
			12	11	23.00	22.01	21.93	22.20
			25	0	23.00	22.08	22.14	22.59

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565
LTE Band 7	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.00	23.10	24.55	24.15
			1	24	25.00	24.08	24.44	24.12
			1	49	25.00	23.04	24.44	24.21
			25	0	23.50	23.06	23.13	23.06

			25	12	23.50	23.11	23.13	23.22
			25	24	23.50	23.07	23.12	23.12
			50	0	23.50	23.19	22.94	23.27
		16QAM	1	0	24.50	23.78	24.22	23.92
			1	24	24.50	23.56	24.16	24.05
			1	49	24.50	23.63	24.25	24.01
			25	0	23.00	22.12	22.07	22.27
			25	12	23.00	22.15	21.97	22.66
			25	24	23.00	22.20	22.04	22.71
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5
LTE Band 7	15MHz	QPSK	1	0	25.00	24.19	24.47	24.12
			1	37	25.00	24.18	24.51	24.15
			1	74	25.00	24.21	24.52	24.16
			36	0	23.50	23.13	23.06	23.14
			36	18	23.50	23.17	23.04	23.13
			36	37	23.50	23.11	23.17	23.19
			75	0	23.50	23.12	23.10	23.08
		16QAM	1	0	24.50	24.00	24.34	23.90
			1	37	24.50	23.91	24.24	23.89
			1	74	24.50	23.95	24.20	23.89
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560
LTE Band 7	20MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.50	24.30	23.96	23.95
			1	49	24.50	24.37	24.10	24.03
			1	99	24.50	24.35	24.05	24.11
			50	0	23.50	23.17	23.18	23.02
			50	24	23.50	23.13	23.02	23.08
			50	49	23.50	23.07	23.24	23.20
			100	0	23.50	23.07	23.10	23.21
		16QAM	1	0	24.00	23.67	23.42	23.28
			1	49	24.00	23.48	23.24	23.32
			1	99	24.00	23.69	23.32	23.50

Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration	Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)
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			RB Size	RB Offset		23205/779.5	23230/782	23255/784.5
LTE Band 13	5MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.00	23.77	23.82	23.61
			1	12	24.00	23.68	23.77	23.69
			1	24	24.00	23.66	23.91	23.66
			12	0	23.50	22.82	22.64	23.09
			12	6	23.50	22.64	22.63	23.08
			12	11	23.50	22.61	23.00	22.67
			25	0	23.50	22.72	22.67	23.08
		16QAM	1	0	23.00	22.85	22.32	22.70
			1	12	23.00	22.82	22.40	22.94
			1	24	23.00	22.91	22.79	22.65
			12	0	22.50	21.65	21.57	22.05
			12	6	22.50	21.62	21.62	22.06
			12	11	22.50	21.62	22.07	21.78
			25	0	22.50	21.87	21.82	22.01
Band	Band Width	Modulation	RB Configuration		Tune-up (dBm)	Channel/Frequency(MHz)		
			RB Size	RB Offset		N/A	23230/782	N/A
LTE Band 13	10MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.00	N/A	22.65	N/A
			1	24	23.00	N/A	23.77	N/A
			1	49	23.00	N/A	23.90	N/A
			25	0	21.50	N/A	22.70	N/A
			25	12	21.50	N/A	22.64	N/A
			25	24	21.50	N/A	23.13	N/A
			50	0	21.50	N/A	22.64	N/A
		16QAM	1	0	22.00	N/A	23.07	N/A
			1	24	22.00	N/A	23.11	N/A
			1	49	22.00	N/A	23.05	N/A
			25	0	20.50	N/A	21.68	N/A
			25	12	20.50	N/A	21.80	N/A
			25	24	20.50	N/A	22.13	N/A

7.4. Bluetooth Output Power

BR+EDR	Output Power (dBm)				
	Data Rates	Tune-up (dBm)	Channel		
			0CH	39CH	78CH
	1M	1.00	-0.61	0.66	0.97

	2M	3.00	1.03	2.20	2.60
	3M	3.00	1.14	2.31	2.69

NOTE: Power measurement results of Bluetooth.

8. Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

Refer to FCC KDB 447498D01, the 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$\leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-q SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-q extremity SAR, where:}$$

- $f_{\text{(GHz)}}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	Calculation Result	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
Bluetooth	3.00	2.00	5	2.480	0.6	3	Yes

NOTE: Standalone SAR test exclusion for Bluetooth.

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] * $\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}/x}$ W/kg for test separation distances $\leq 50\text{mm}$, where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Position	P _{max} (dBm)	P _{max} (mW)	Distance (mm)	f (GHz)	x	Estimated SAR (W/Kg)
Bluetooth	Head	3.00	2.00	5	2.48	7.5	0.084
Bluetooth	Body	3.00	2.00	10	2.48	7.5	0.042

NOTE: Estimated SAR calculation for Bluetooth

9. SAR Results

9.1. SAR measurement Result

9.1.1. SAR measurement Result of GSM850

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						

Left Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.002	0.001	-0.49	30.63	31.00	0.002	2023/5/22	1#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.001	0.001	0.20	30.63	31.00	0.001	2023/5/22	
Right Cheek	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.002	0.001	0.63	30.63	31.00	0.002	2023/5/22	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.001	0.001	0.14	30.63	31.00	0.001	2023/5/22	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM850.

Test Position of Hotspot with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.001	0.001	3.01	30.63	31.00	0.001	2023/5/22	
Back Side	189/836.4	GPRS(GMSK 2TS)	0.002	0.001	0.26	30.63	31.00	0.002	2023/5/22	2#

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM850

9.1.2. SAR measurement Result of GSM1900

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Left Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.005	0.003	3.89	26.90	27.50	0.006	2023/5/23	3#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.002	0.002	1.02	26.90	27.50	0.002	2023/5/23	
Right Cheek	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.003	0.002	0.30	26.90	27.50	0.003	2023/5/23	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.002	0.001	2.01	26.90	27.50	0.002	2023/5/23	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of GSM1900

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.007	0.003	0.36	26.90	27.50	0.008	2023/5/23	
Back Side	661/1880	GPRS(GMSK 3TS)	0.009	0.005	-2.59	26.90	27.50	0.010	2023/5/23	4#

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of GSM1900

9.1.3. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Left Cheek	0.009	0.005	1.17	24.09	24.50	0.010	2023/5/23	0.009	0.005	5#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.005	0.003	2.64	24.09	24.50	0.005	2023/5/23	0.005	0.003	
Right Cheek	0.008	0.004	2.93	24.09	24.50	0.009	2023/5/23	0.008	0.004	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.004	0.002	3.46	24.09	24.50	0.004	2023/5/23	0.004	0.002	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.010	0.005	-0.86	24.09	24.50	0.011	2023/5/23	
Back Side	9400/1880	RMC12.2K	0.013	0.007	1.76	24.09	24.50	0.014	2023/5/23	6#

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 2

9.1.4. SAR measurement Result of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						

Left Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.001	0.000	0.00	23.71	24.00	0.001	2023/5/22	7#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	<0.001	<0.001	-1.93	23.71	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/22	
Right Cheek	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	<0.001	<0.001	2.42	23.71	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/22	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	<0.001	<0.001	-0.68	23.71	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/22	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
Front Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	<0.001	<0.001	2.05	23.71	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/22	
Back Side	4182/836.4	RMC12.2K	0.001	0.001	0.60	23.71	24.00	0.001	2023/5/22	8#

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 5

9.1.5. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 4

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Left Cheek	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.006	0.003	1.20	24.74	25.00	0.006	2023/5/12	9#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.003	0.002	2.01	24.74	25.00	0.003	2023/5/12	
Right Cheek	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.004	0.002	-2.59	24.74	25.00	0.004	2023/5/12	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.002	0.001	-0.71	24.74	25.00	0.002	2023/5/12	
50%RB										
Left Cheek	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(50,49)	<0.001	<0.001	-1.31	23.39	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/12	
Left Tilt 15 Degree	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(50,49)	<0.001	<0.001	4.55	23.39	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/12	

Right Cheek	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(50,49)	<0.001	<0.001	2.87	23.39	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/12	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(50,49)	<0.001	<0.001	-2.19	23.39	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/12	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 4

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Front Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.007	0.003	1.73	24.74	25.00	0.007	2023/5/12	
Back Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(1,99)	0.010	0.005	2.67	24.74	25.00	0.011	2023/5/12	10#
50%RB										
Front Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.005	0.003	-2.23	23.39	24.00	0.006	2023/5/12	
Back Side	20175/1732.5	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.007	0.003	3.15	23.39	24.00	0.008	2023/5/12	

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of WCDMA Band 4

9.1.6. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 5

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Left Cheek	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,49)	0.172	0.129	1.49	24.38	24.50	0.177	2023/5/22	11#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,49)	0.092	0.066	-0.52	24.38	24.50	0.095	2023/5/22	
Right Cheek	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,49)	0.160	0.114	1.97	24.38	24.50	0.164	2023/5/22	
Right Tilt 15	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,49)	0.079	0.057	-1.21	24.38	24.50	0.081	2023/5/22	

Degree										
50%RB										
Left Cheek	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.094	0.076	-3.60	23.15	23.50	0.102	2023/5/22	
Left Tilt 15 Degree	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.052	0.033	-3.84	23.15	23.50	0.056	2023/5/22	
Right Cheek	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.084	0.058	3.51	23.15	23.50	0.091	2023/5/22	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	0.041	0.029	4.02	23.15	23.50	0.044	2023/5/22	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 5

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Front Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,49)	<0.001	<0.001	-3.99	24.38	24.50	<0.001	2023/5/22	
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(1,49)	0.001	0.001	2.33	24.38	24.50	0.001	2023/5/22	12#
50%RB										
Front Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	<0.001	<0.001	2.13	23.15	23.50	<0.001	2023/5/22	
Back Side	20525/836.5	10M QPSK(25,12)	<0.001	<0.001	1.04	23.15	23.50	<0.001	2023/5/22	

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 5

9.1.7. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 7

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Left Cheek	21100/2535	20M QPSK(1,49)	0.017	0.008	3.79	24.10	24.50	0.019	2023/5/17	13#

Left Tilt 15 Degree	21100/2535	20M QPSK(1,49)	0.010	0.005	0.71	24.10	24.50	0.011	2023/5/17	
Right Cheek	21100/2535	20M QPSK(1,49)	0.014	0.007	2.90	24.10	24.50	0.015	2023/5/17	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	21100/2535	20M QPSK(1,49)	0.008	0.003	2.76	24.10	24.50	0.009	2023/5/17	
50%RB										
Left Cheek	21100/2535	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.014	0.005	-1.66	23.24	23.50	0.015	2023/5/17	
Left Tilt 15 Degree	21100/2535	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.008	0.003	4.61	23.24	23.50	0.008	2023/5/17	
Right Cheek	21100/2535	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.010	0.004	1.49	23.24	23.50	0.011	2023/5/17	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	21100/2535	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.006	0.002	-2.16	23.24	23.50	0.006	2023/5/17	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 7

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Front Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(1,49)	0.017	0.007	-1.67	24.10	24.50	0.019	2023/5/17	
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(1,49)	0.020	0.010	3.04	24.10	24.50	0.022	2023/5/17	14#
50%RB										
Front Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.014	0.005	4.92	23.24	23.50	0.015	2023/5/17	
Back Side	21100/2535	20M QPSK(50,49)	0.016	0.007	-0.22	23.24	23.50	0.017	2023/5/17	

NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 7

9.1.8. SAR measurement Result of LTE Band 13

Test Position of Head	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Left Cheek	23230/782	10M QPSK(1,49)	0.001	0.000	-0.84	23.39	24.00	0.001	2023/5/11	15#
Left Tilt 15 Degree	23230/782	10M QPSK(1,49)	<0.001	<0.001	-3.73	23.39	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/11	
Right Cheek	23230/782	10M QPSK(1,49)	<0.001	<0.001	-2.62	23.39	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/11	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	23230/782	10M QPSK(1,49)	<0.001	<0.001	-1.39	23.39	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/11	
50%RB										
Left Cheek	23230/782	10M QPSK(25,24)	<0.001	<0.001	-2.56	23.13	23.50	<0.001	2023/5/11	
Left Tilt 15 Degree	23230/782	10M QPSK(25,24)	<0.001	<0.001	4.99	23.13	23.50	<0.001	2023/5/11	
Right Cheek	23230/782	10M QPSK(25,24)	<0.001	<0.001	4.06	23.13	23.50	<0.001	2023/5/11	
Right Tilt 15 Degree	23230/782	10M QPSK(25,24)	<0.001	<0.001	2.13	23.13	23.50	<0.001	2023/5/11	

NOTE: Head SAR test results of LTE Band 13

Test Position of Body-Worn with 10mm	Test channel /Freq.	Mode	SAR Value (W/kg)		Power Drift(%)	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up Power (dBm)	Scaled SAR 1-g (W/Kg)	Date	Plot
			1-g	10-g						
1RB										
Front Side	23230/782	10M QPSK(1,49)	<0.001	<0.001	-0.87	23.39	24.00	<0.001	2023/5/11	
Back Side	23230/782	10M QPSK(1,49)	0.001	0.001	4.52	23.39	24.00	0.001	2023/5/11	16#
50%RB										
Front Side	23230/782	10M QPSK(25,24)	<0.001	<0.001	-2.85	23.13	23.50	<0.001	2023/5/11	

Back Side	23230/782	10M QPSK(25,24)	<0.001	<0.001	-3.98	23.13	23.50	<0.001	2023/5/11	
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NOTE: Body-Worn SAR test results of LTE Band 13

9.2. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

- Scalar SAR summation $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$.
- $\text{SPLSR} = (\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan. If $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

Test Position		Scaled SAR _{MAX}		Σ 1-g SAR (W/Kg)	SPLSR	Remark
		WWAN	DSS			
Head	Left Cheek	0.177	0.084	0.261	N/A	N/A
	Left Tilt 15 Degree	0.095	0.084	0.179	N/A	N/A
	Right Cheek	0.164	0.084	0.248	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt 15 Degree	0.081	0.084	0.165	N/A	N/A
Body-Worn	Front Side	0.019	0.042	0.061	N/A	N/A
	Back Side	0.022	0.042	0.064	N/A	N/A

1. Appendix A. Photo documentation

Refer to appendix Test Setup photo---SAR

2. Appendix B. System Check Plots

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MEASUREMENT 1 System Performance Check - 750MHz
MEASUREMENT 2 System Performance Check - 835MHz
MEASUREMENT 3 System Performance Check - 1800MHz
MEASUREMENT 4 System Performance Check - 1900MHz
MEASUREMENT 5 System Performance Check - 2600MHz

MEASUREMENT 1

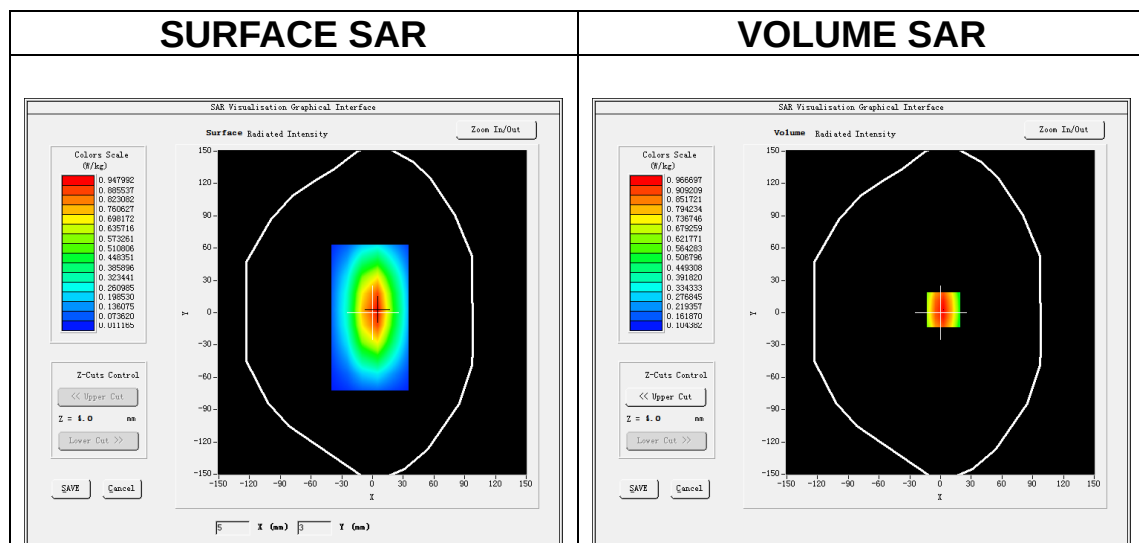
Date of measurement: 11/5/2023

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW750</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.49</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

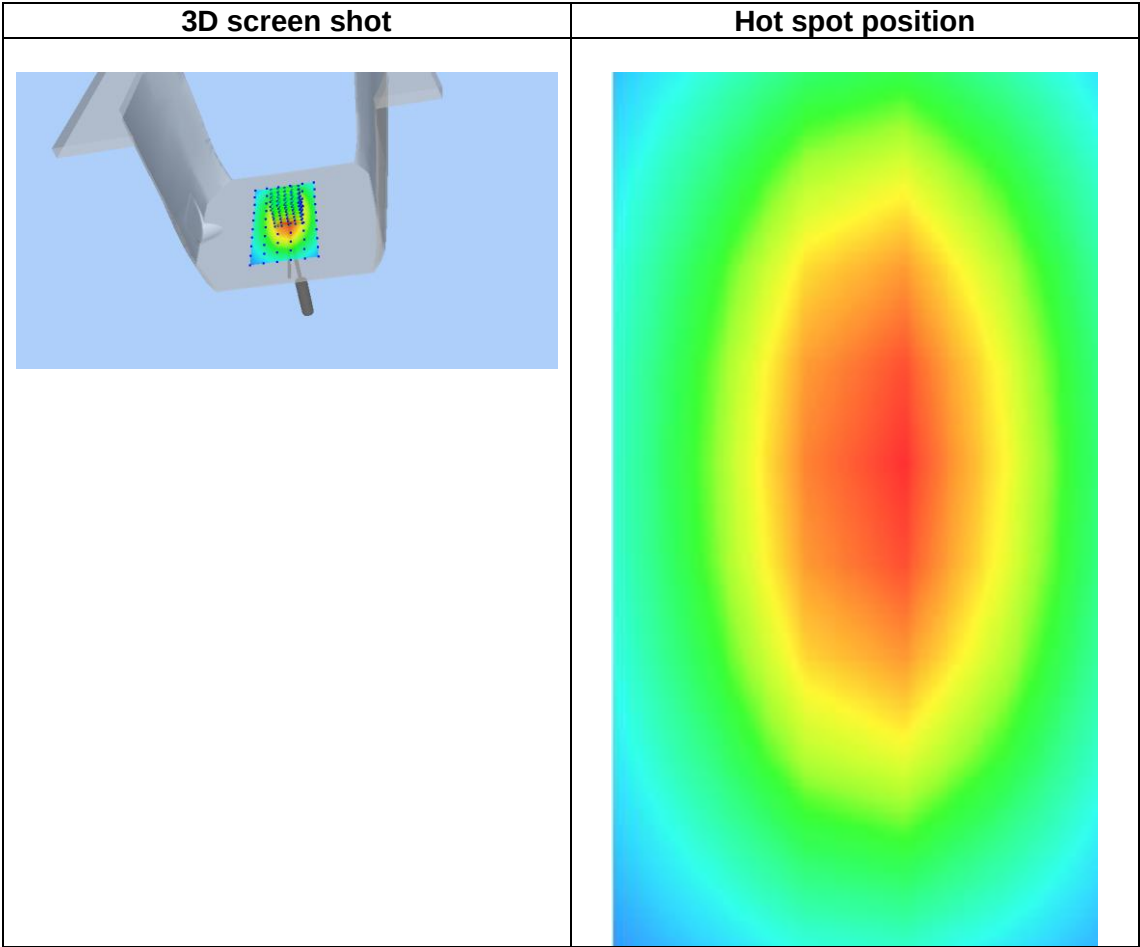
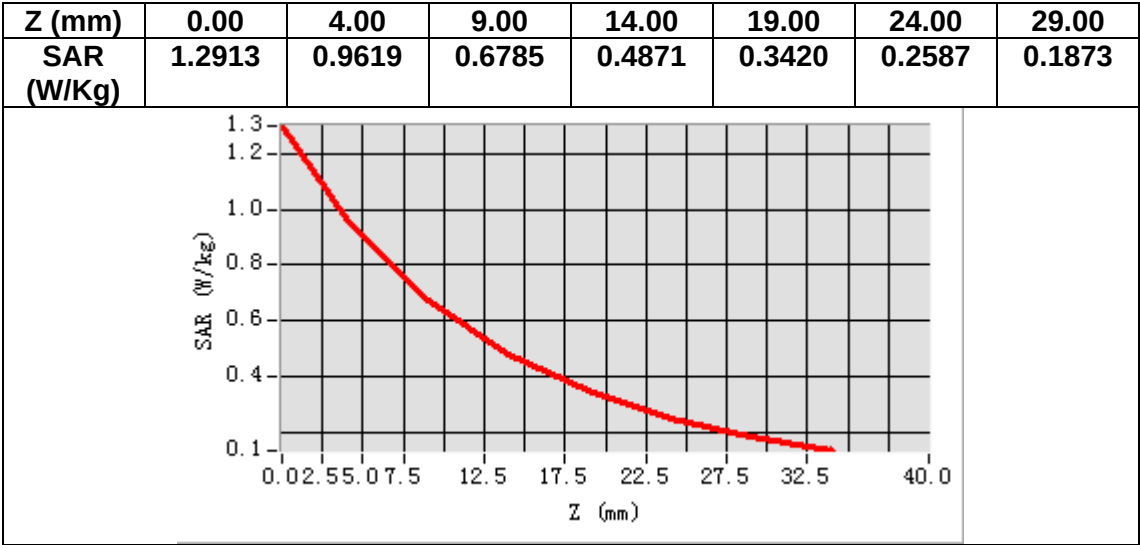
Frequency (MHz)	750.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.462777
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.618986
Conductivity (S/m)	0.900791
Variation (%)	-3.920000



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=3.00

SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.533158
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.908222



MEASUREMENT 2

Date of measurement: 22/5/2023

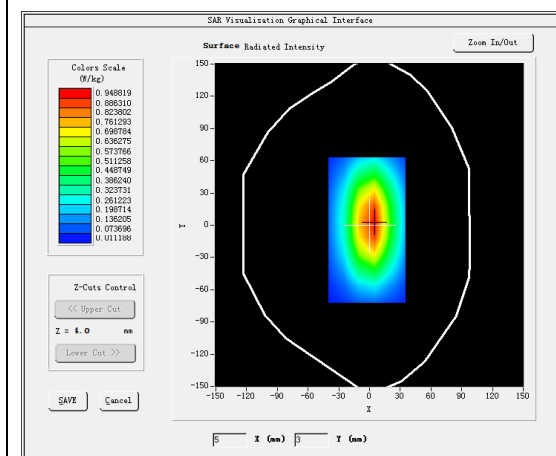
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

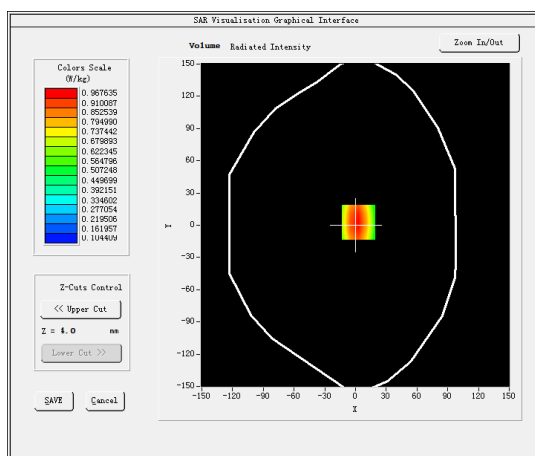
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.851013
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.567467
Conductivity (S/m)	0.907713
Variation (%)	-1.080000

SURFACE SAR



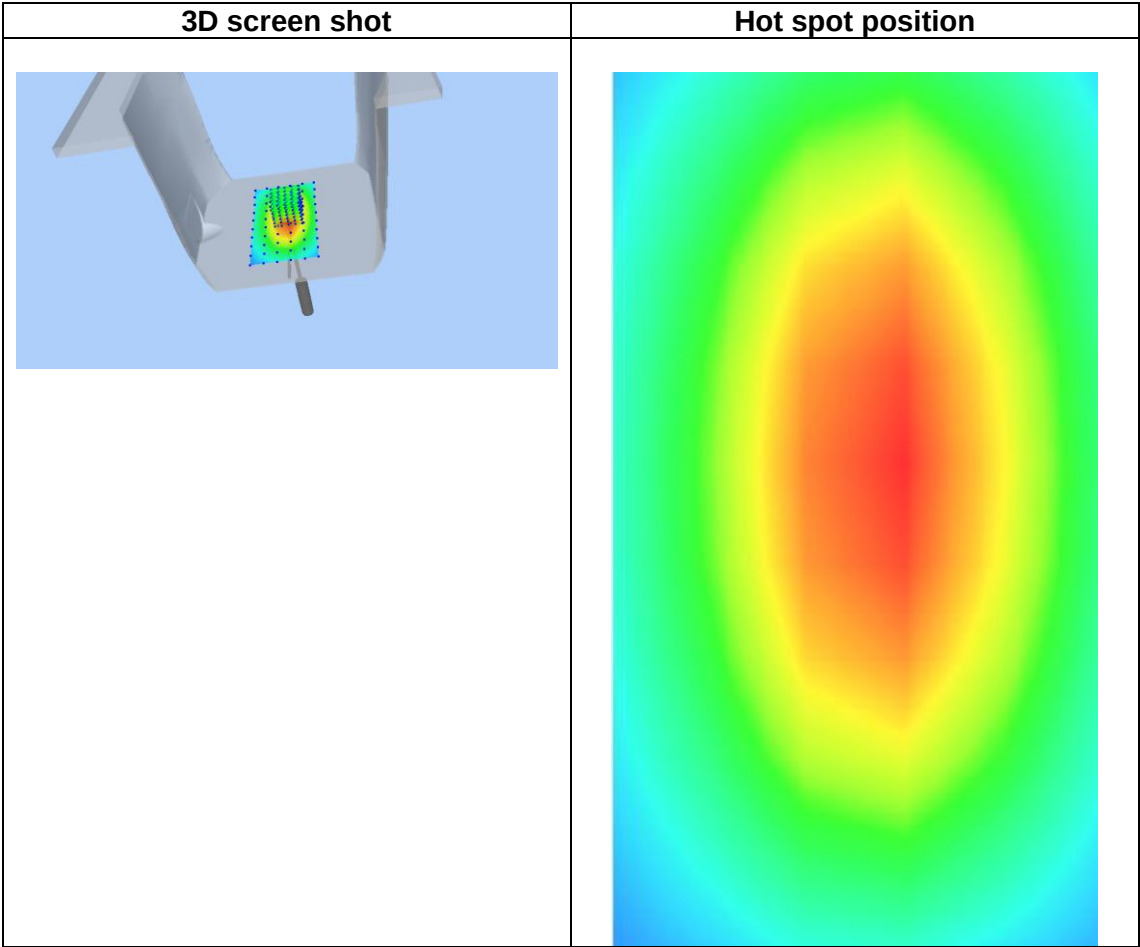
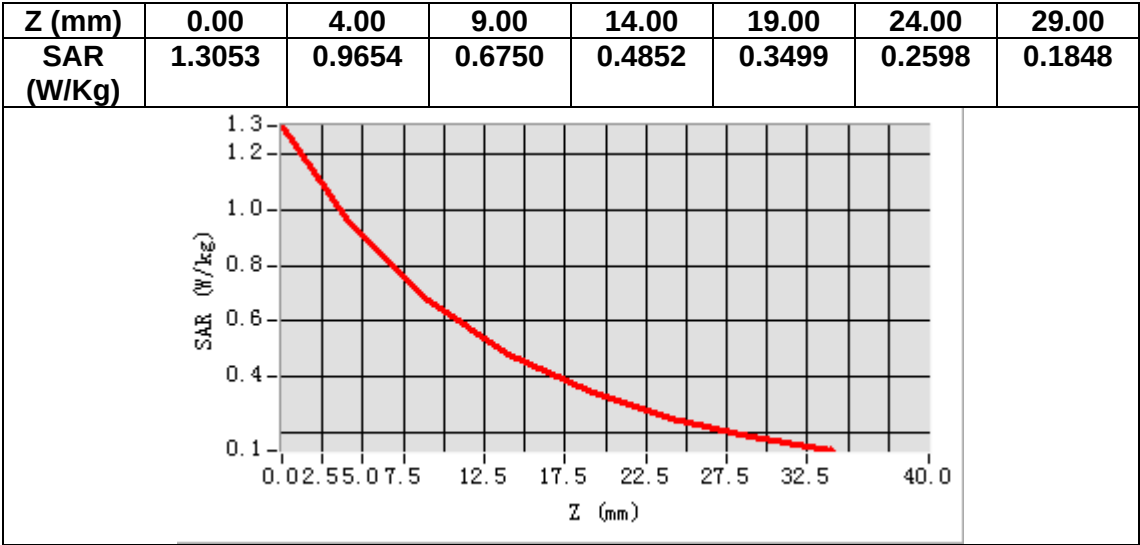
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=3.00

SAR Peak: 1.30 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.676321
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.951203



MEASUREMENT 3

Date of measurement: 12/5/2023

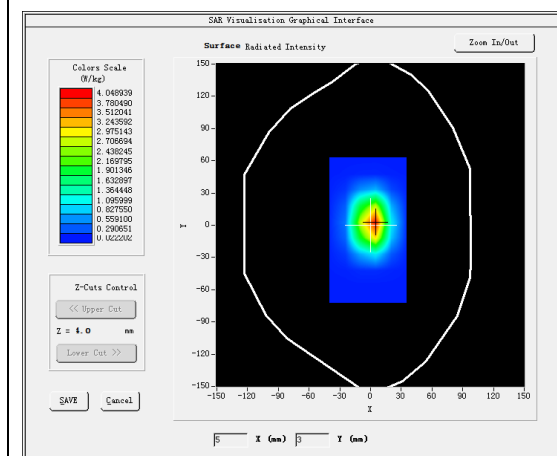
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1800</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.73</u>

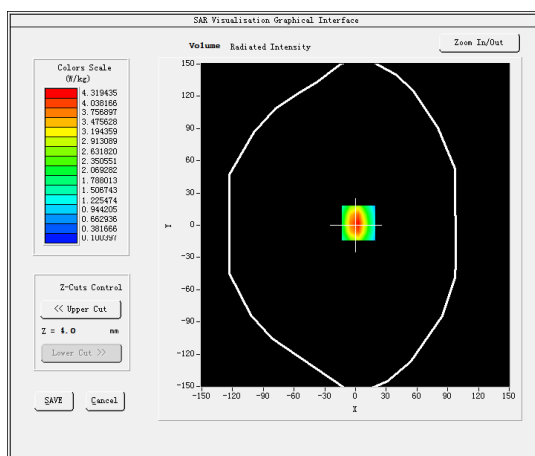
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1800.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.939563
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.081262
Conductivity (S/m)	1.408126
Variation (%)	1.540000

SURFACE SAR



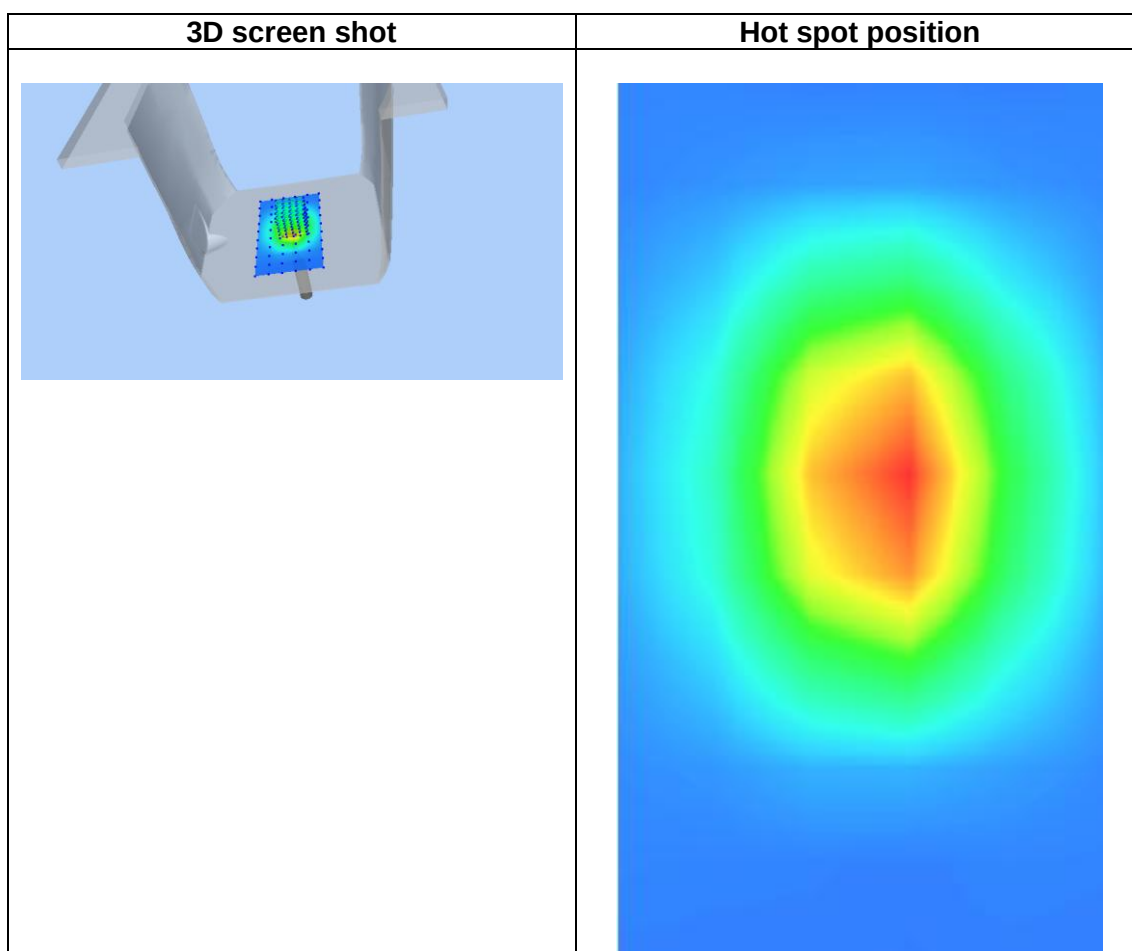
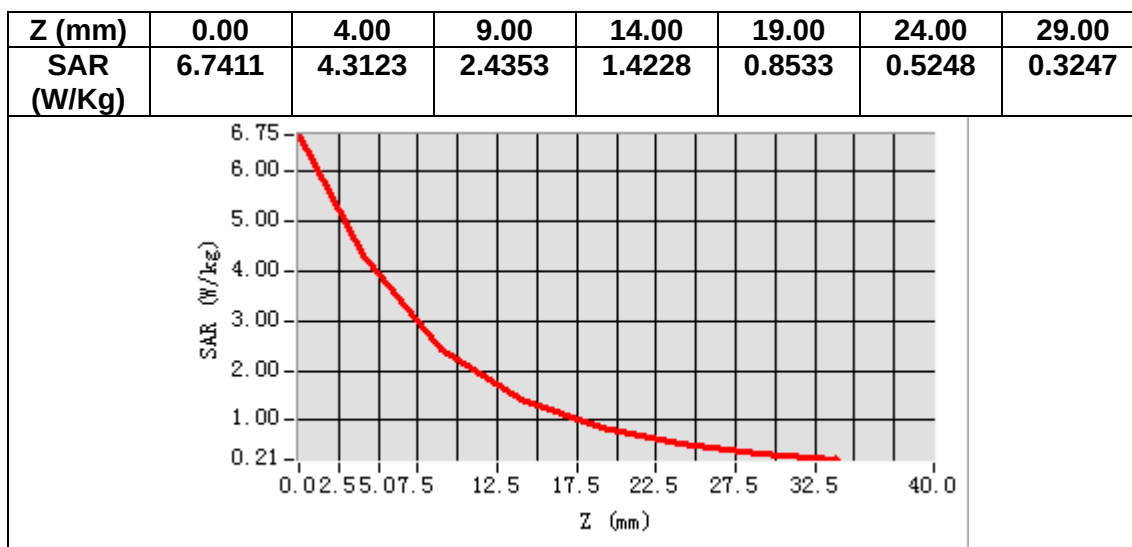
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 6.82 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.091249
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	3.993252



MEASUREMENT 4

Date of measurement: 23/5/2023

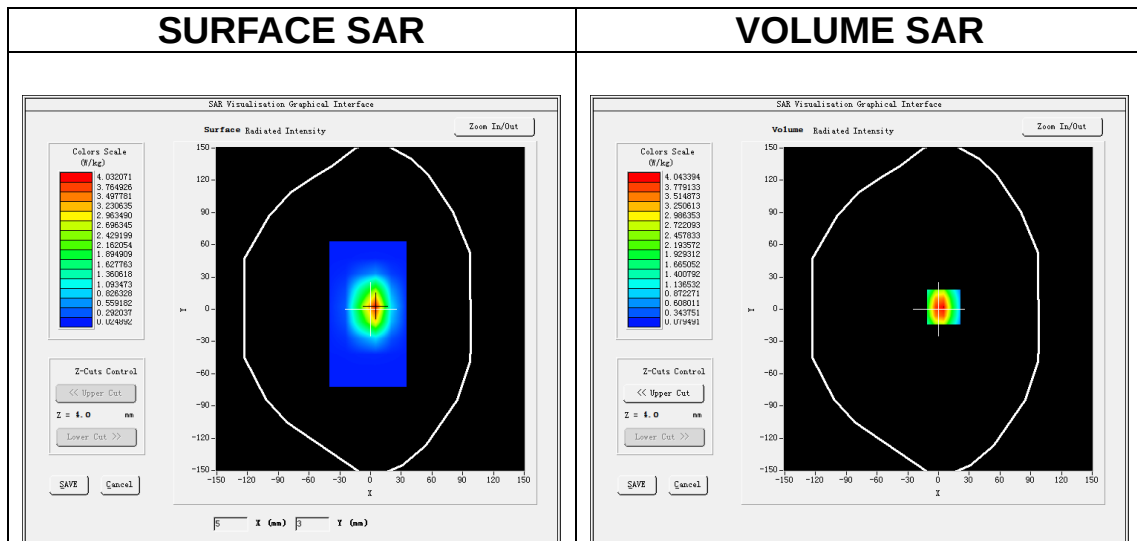
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Dipole</u>
Band	<u>CW1900</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
ConvF	<u>1.91</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.255627
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.812378
Conductivity (S/m)	1.457973
Variation (%)	0.660000

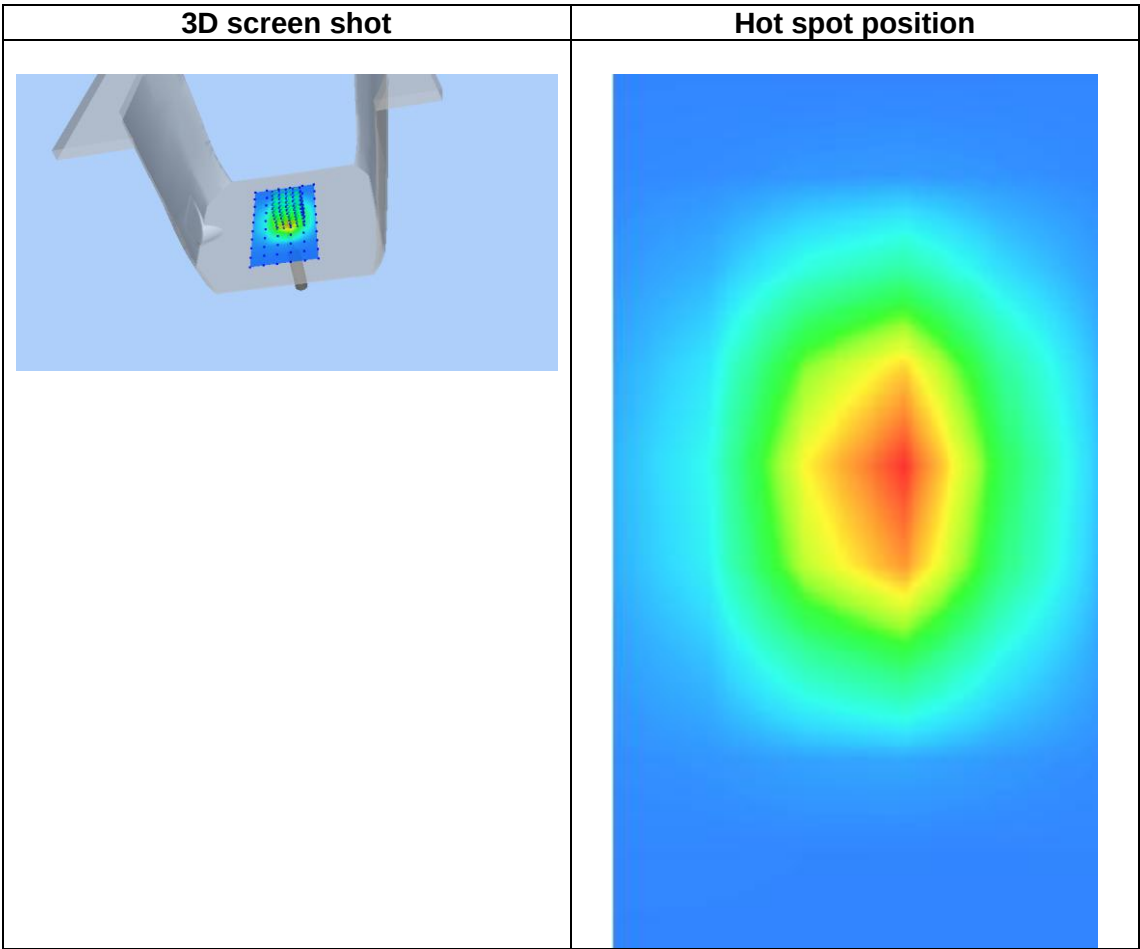
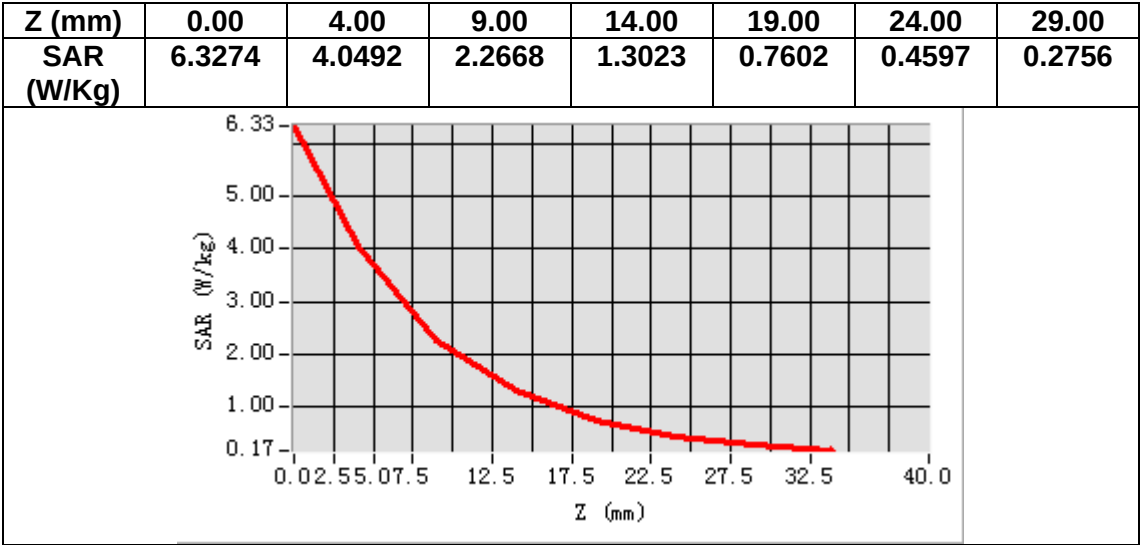
SURFACE SAR



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=2.00

SAR Peak: 6.70 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.035157
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.387305



MEASUREMENT 5

Date of measurement: 17/5/2023

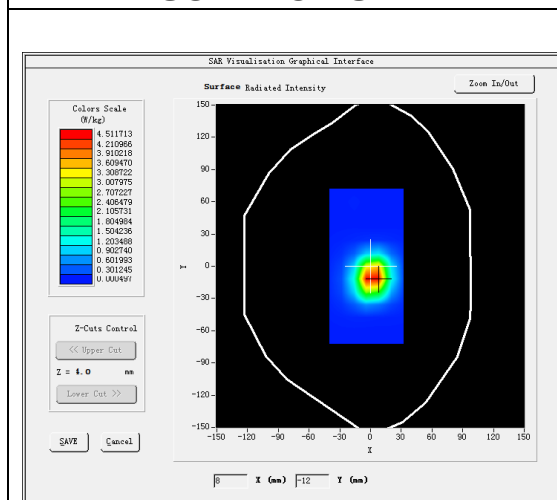
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW2600</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>CW (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.87</u>

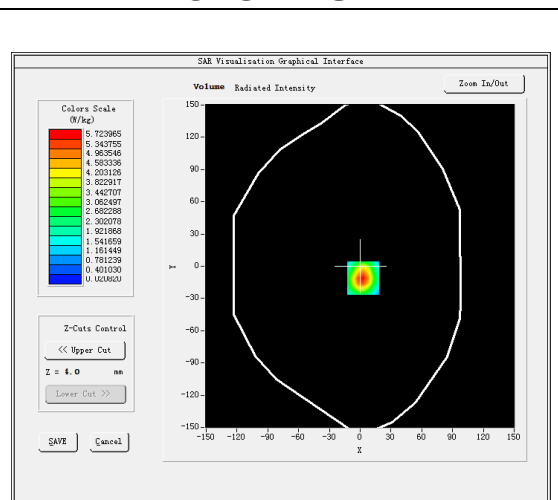
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2600.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.103742
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.779907
Conductivity (S/m)	1.990431
Variation (%)	-0.680000

SURFACE SAR



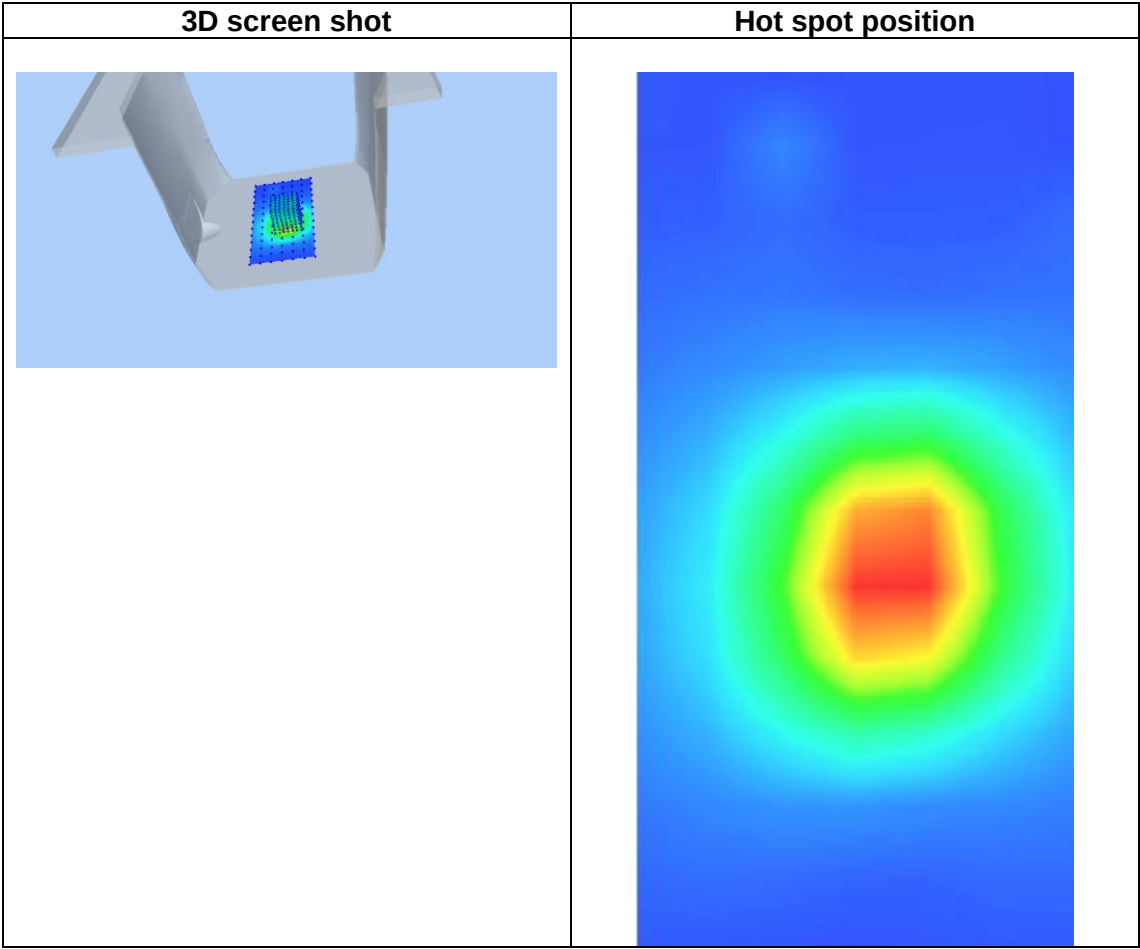
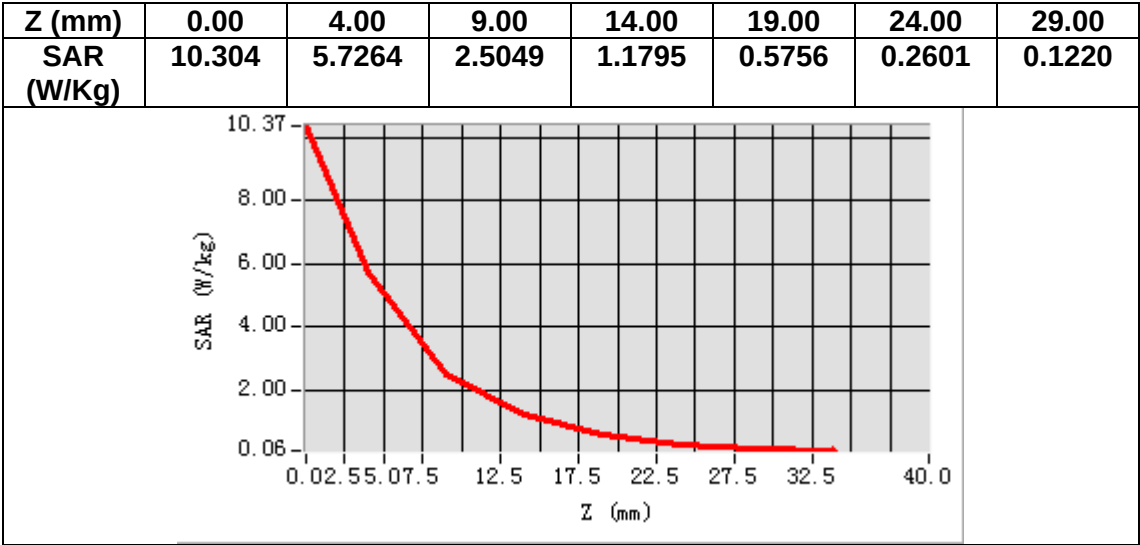
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-11.00

SAR Peak: 10.29 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.365045
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.390270



1. Appendix C. Plots of High SAR Measurement

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MEASUREMENT 14 LTE Band 7 Body
MEASUREMENT 15 LTE Band 13 Head
MEASUREMENT 16 LTE Band 13 Body

MEASUREMENT 1

Date of measurement: 22/5/2023

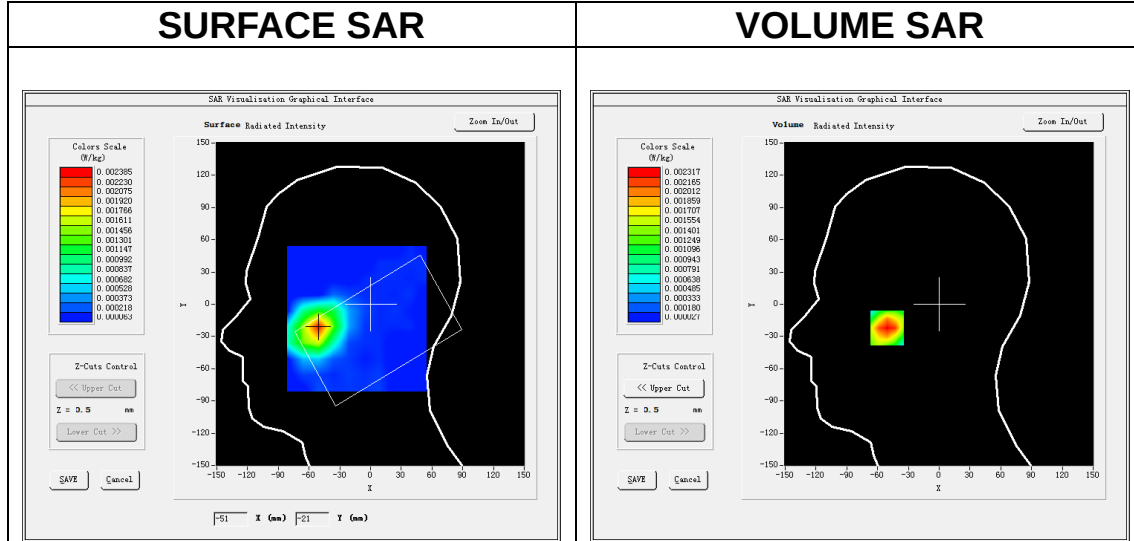
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.766674
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.593307
Conductivity (S/m)	0.910436
Variation (%)	-0.490000

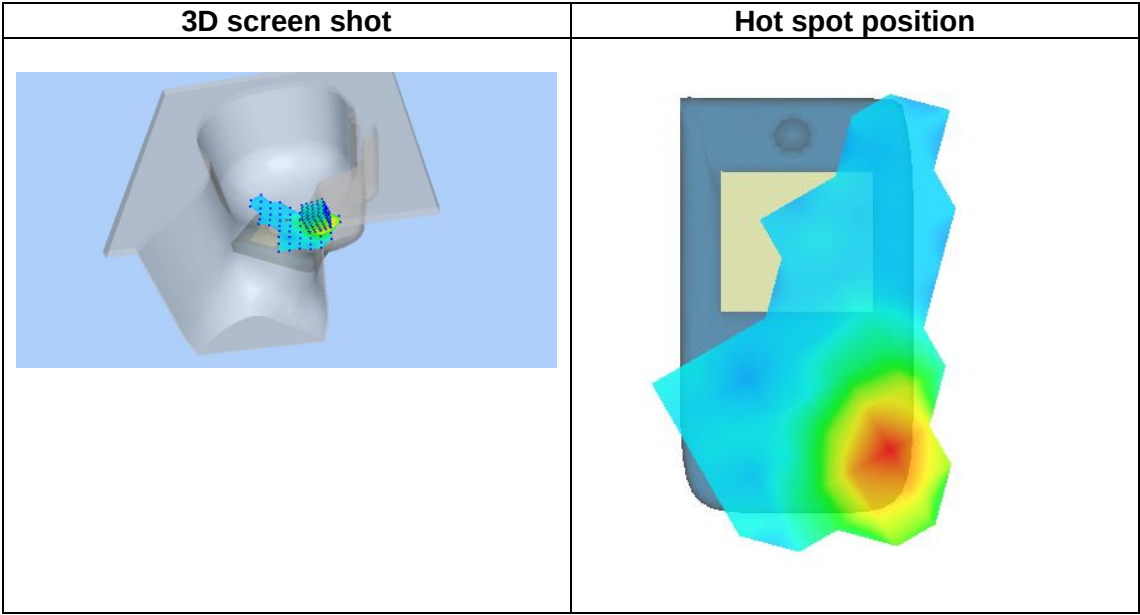
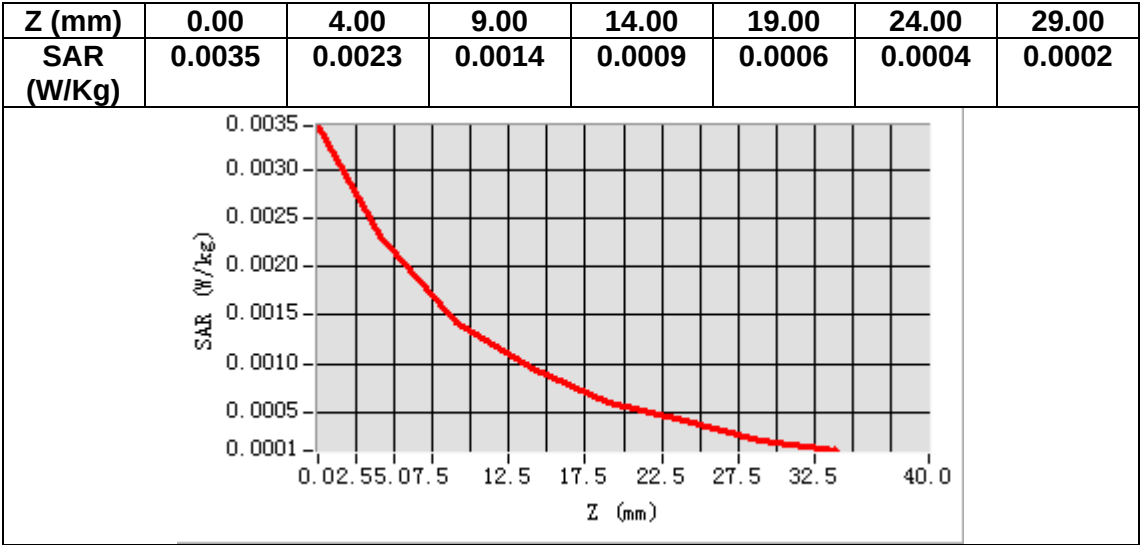
SURFACE SAR



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-22.00

SAR Peak: 0.00 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.001265
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.002258



MEASUREMENT 2

Date of measurement: 22/5/2023

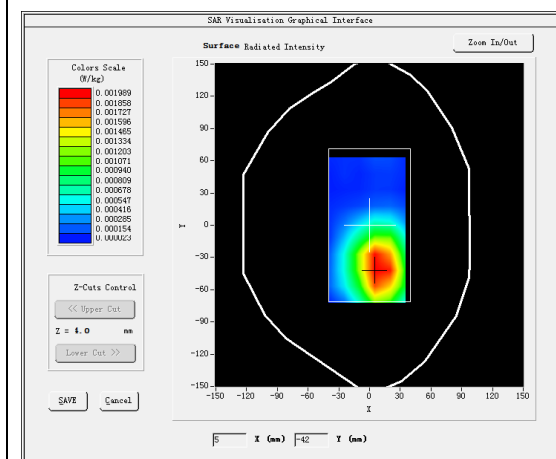
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

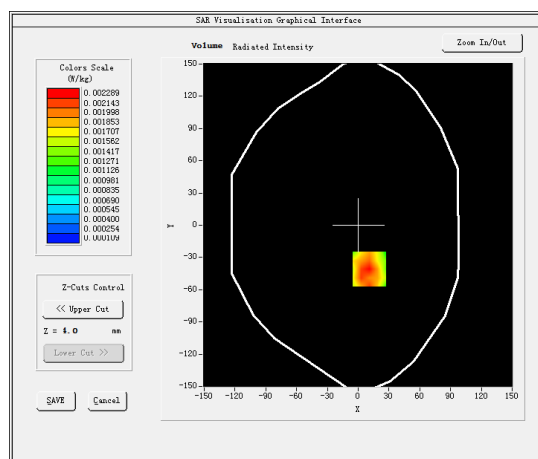
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.766674
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.593307
Conductivity (S/m)	0.910436
Variation (%)	0.259998

SURFACE SAR



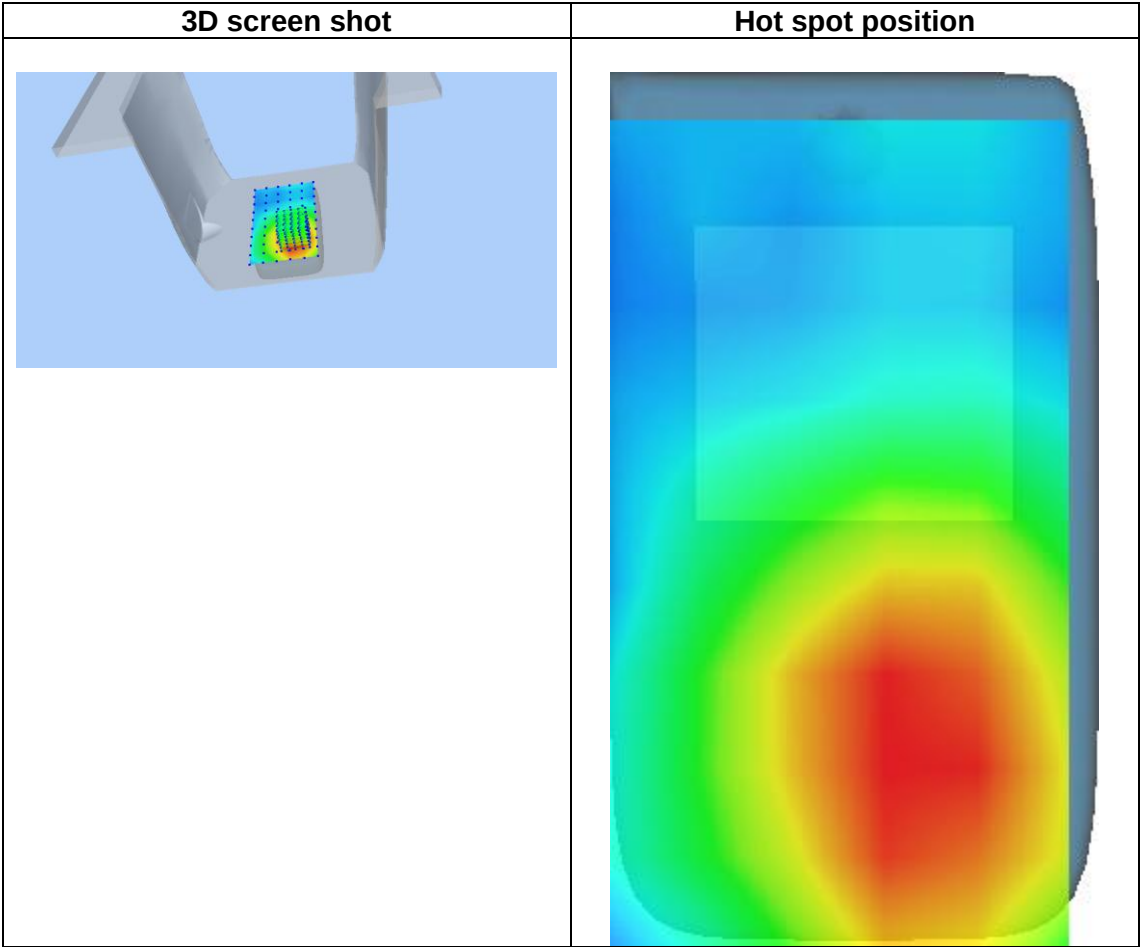
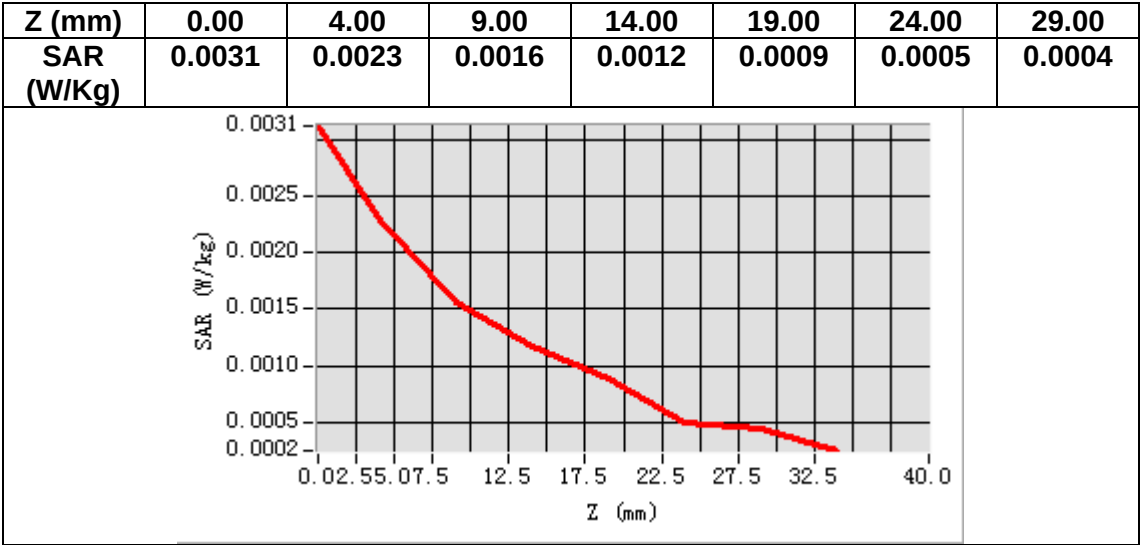
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=11.00, Y=-41.00

SAR Peak: 0.00 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.001426
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.002117



MEASUREMENT 3

Date of measurement: 23/5/2023

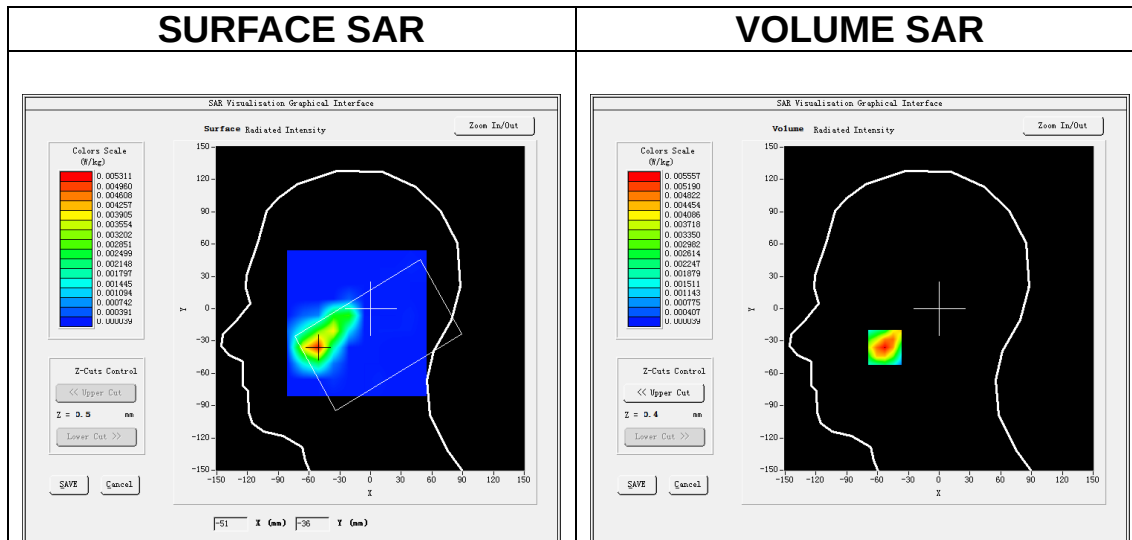
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.91</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.342026
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.830178
Conductivity (S/m)	1.444485
Variation (%)	3.889999

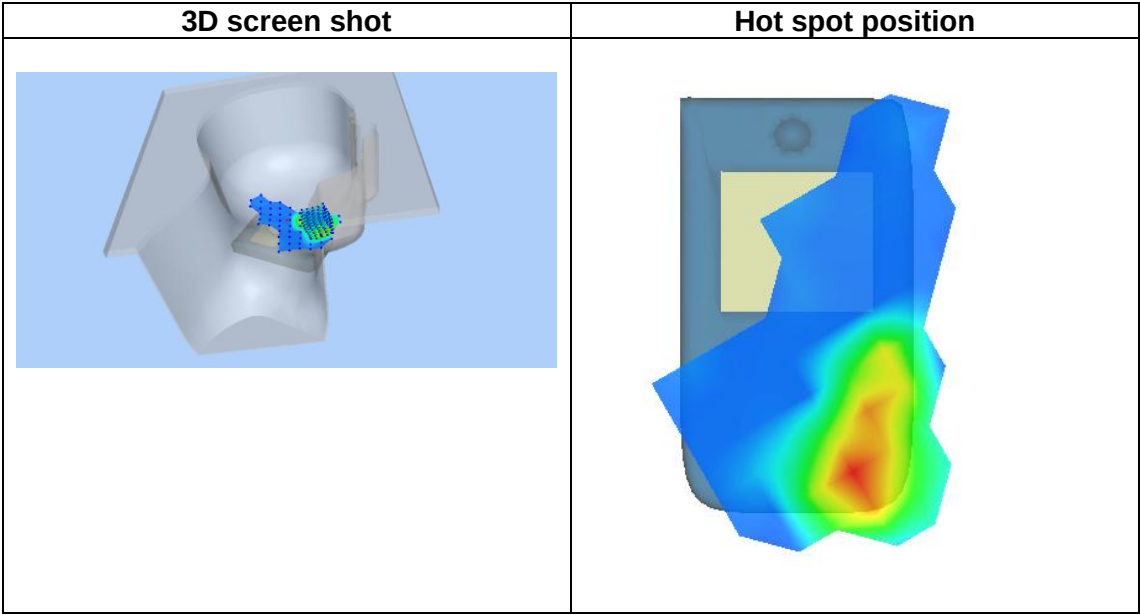
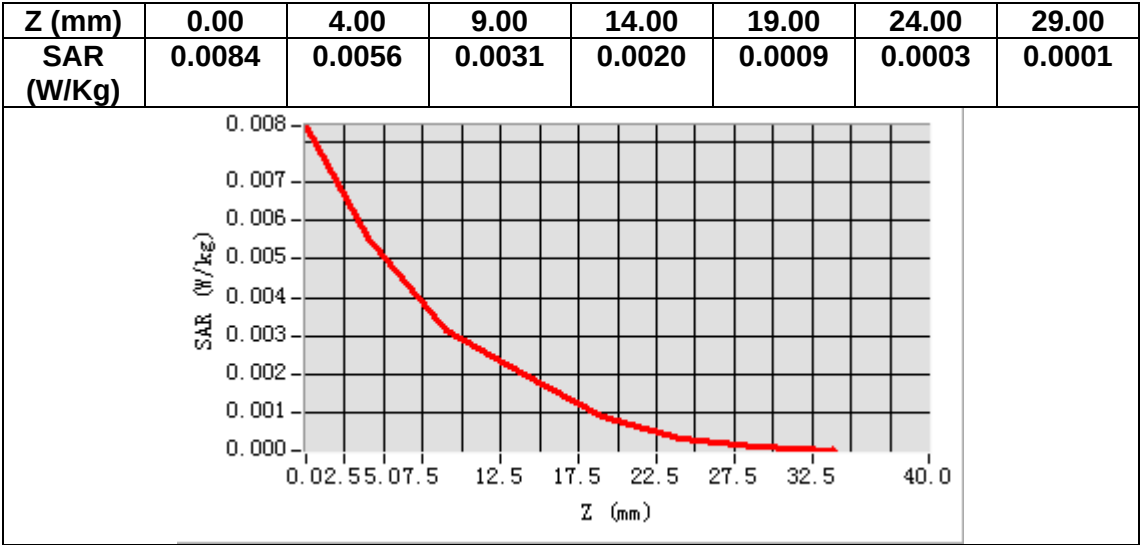
SURFACE SAR



Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-36.00

SAR Peak: 0.01 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.002708
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.005339



MEASUREMENT 4

Date of measurement: 23/5/2023

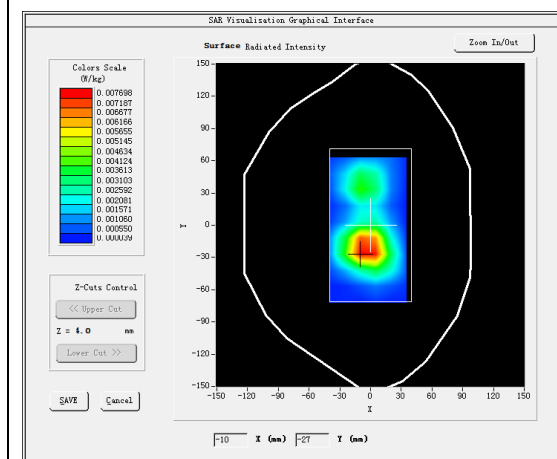
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.91</u>

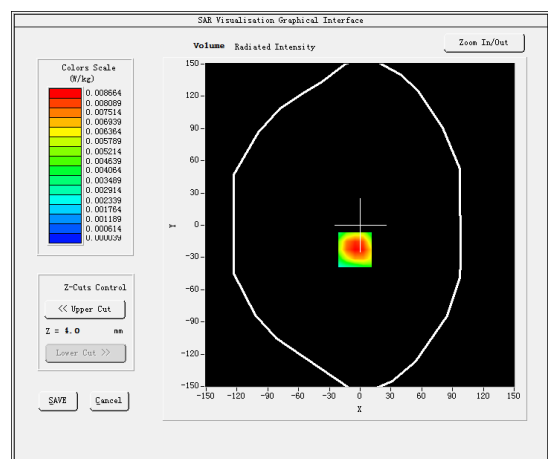
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.342026
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.830178
Conductivity (S/m)	1.444485
Variation (%)	-2.590000

SURFACE SAR



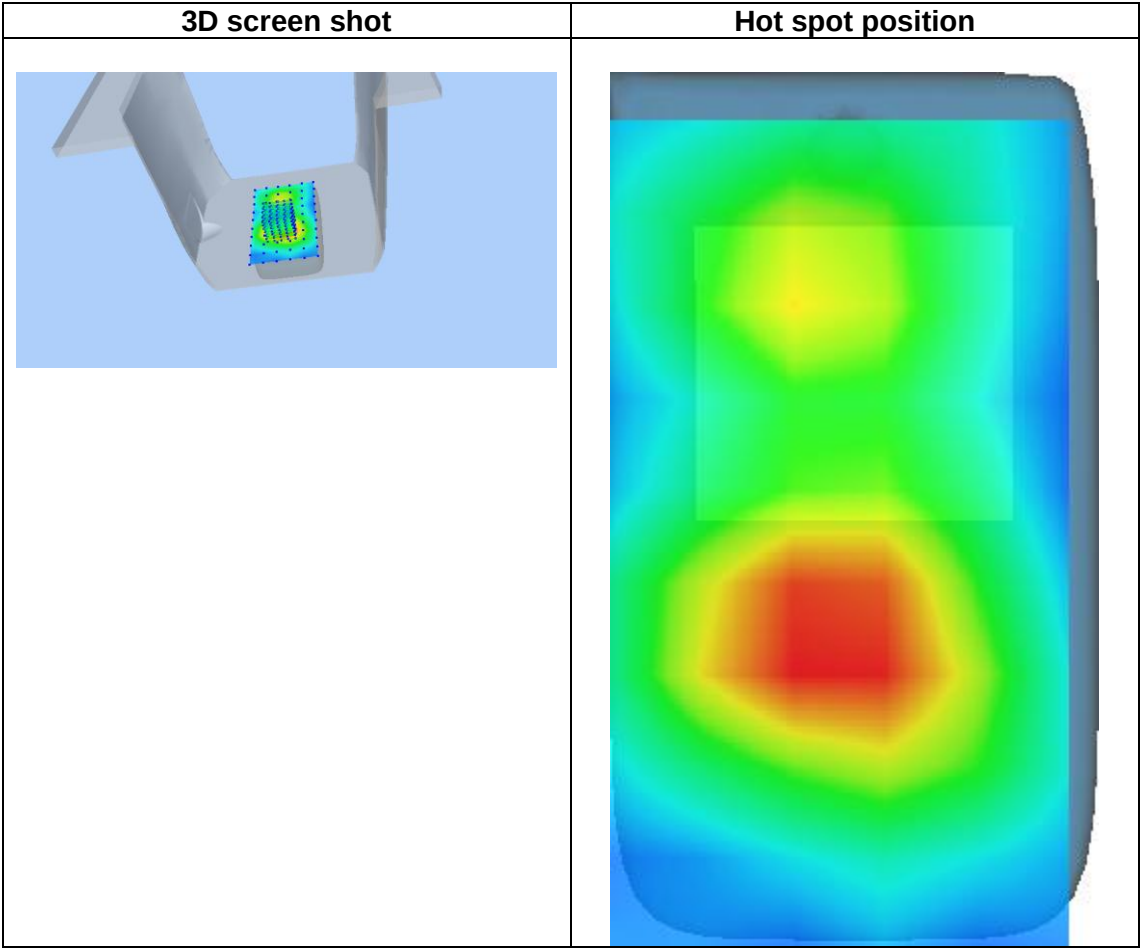
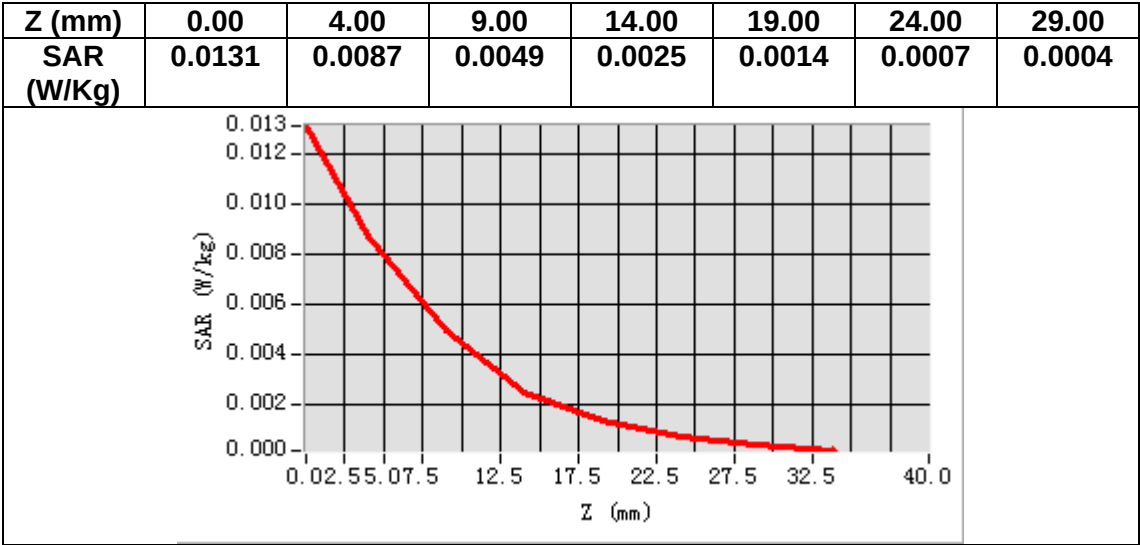
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-23.00

SAR Peak: 0.01 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.004619
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.008583



MEASUREMENT 5

Date of measurement: 23/5/2023

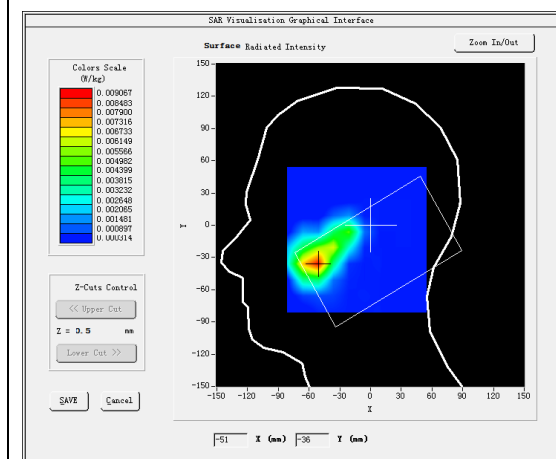
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band2 WCDMA1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.91</u>

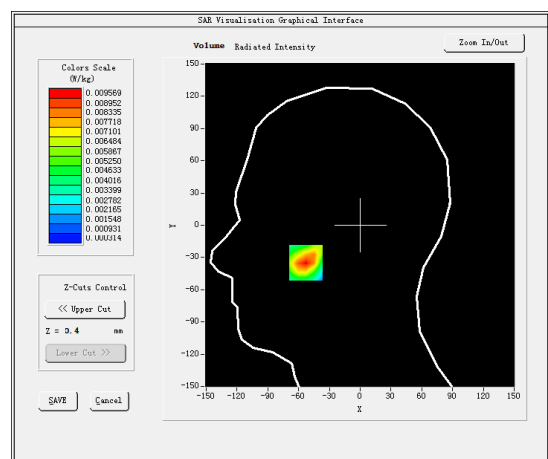
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.342026
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.830178
Conductivity (S/m)	1.444485
Variation (%)	1.170000

SURFACE SAR



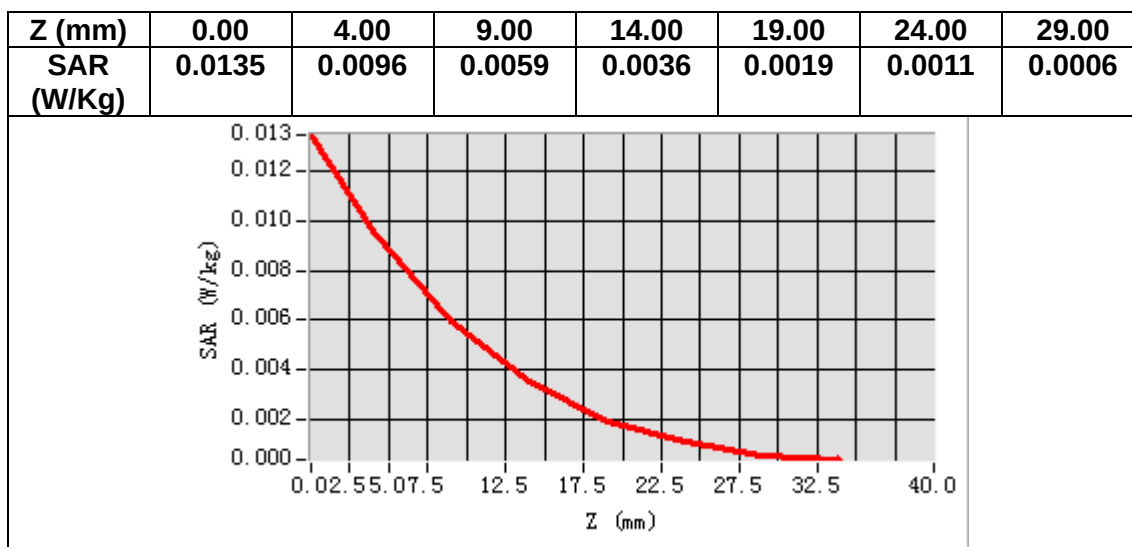
VOLUME SAR



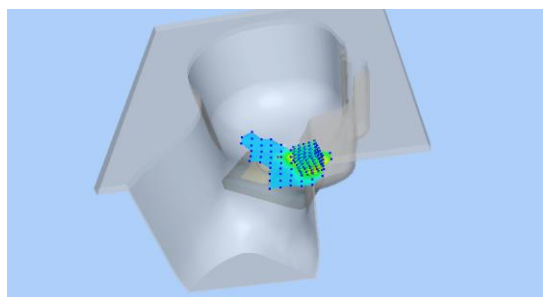
Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-35.00

SAR Peak: 0.01 W/kg

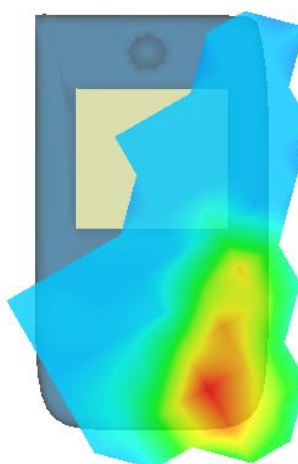
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.004797
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.008994



3D screen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 6

Date of measurement: 23/5/2023

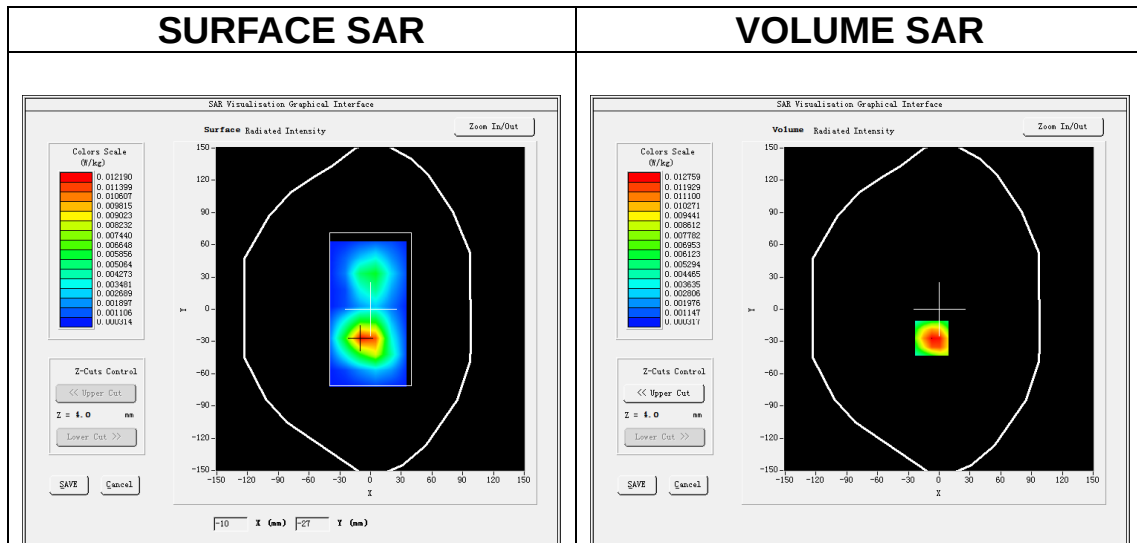
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band2 WCDMA1900</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.91</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.342026
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.830178
Conductivity (S/m)	1.444485
Variation (%)	1.760000

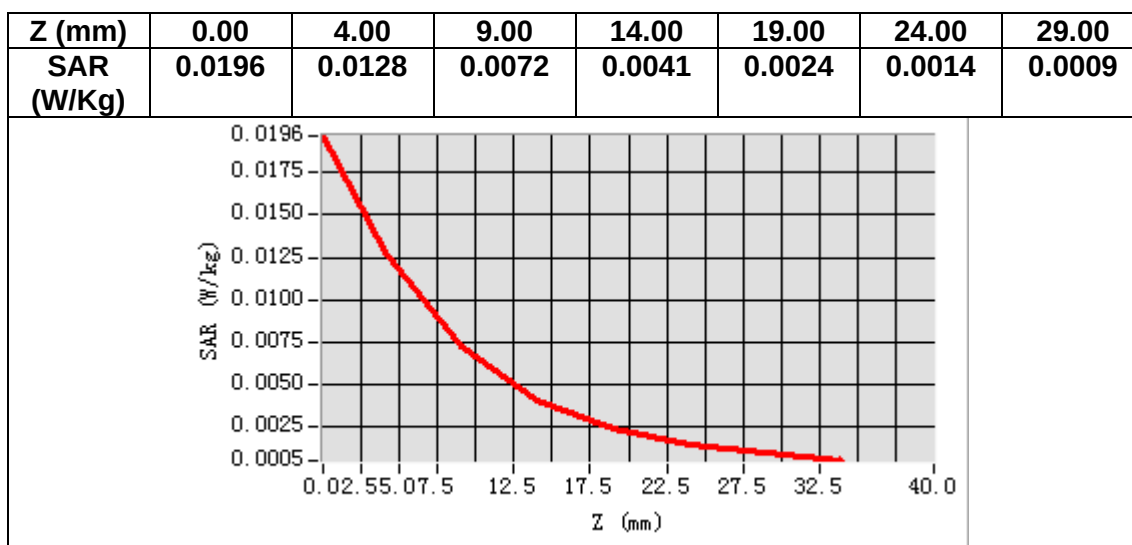
SURFACE SAR



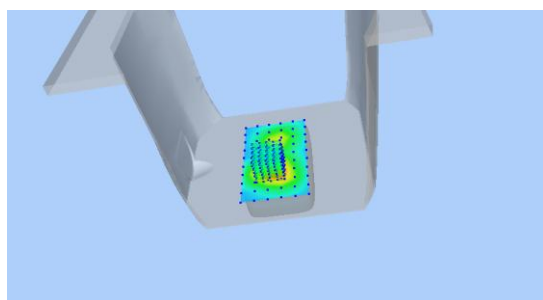
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=-27.00

SAR Peak: 0.02 W/kg

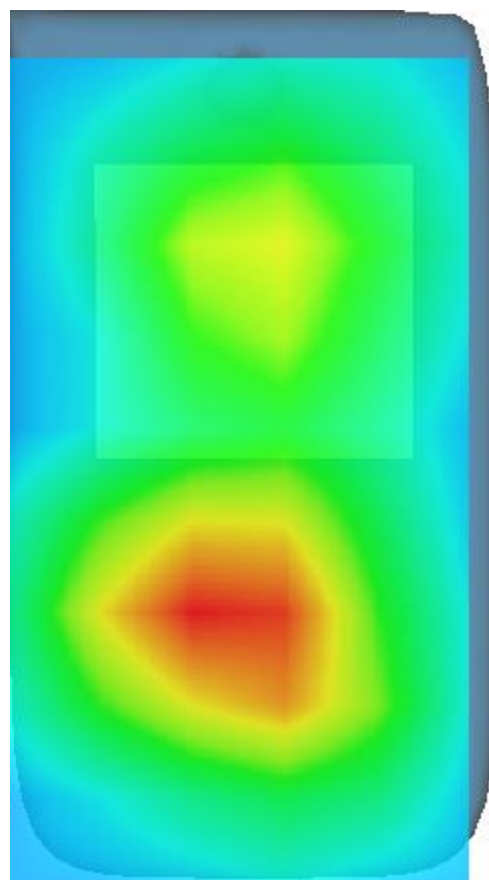
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.006837
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.012893



3D screen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 7

Date of measurement: 22/5/2023

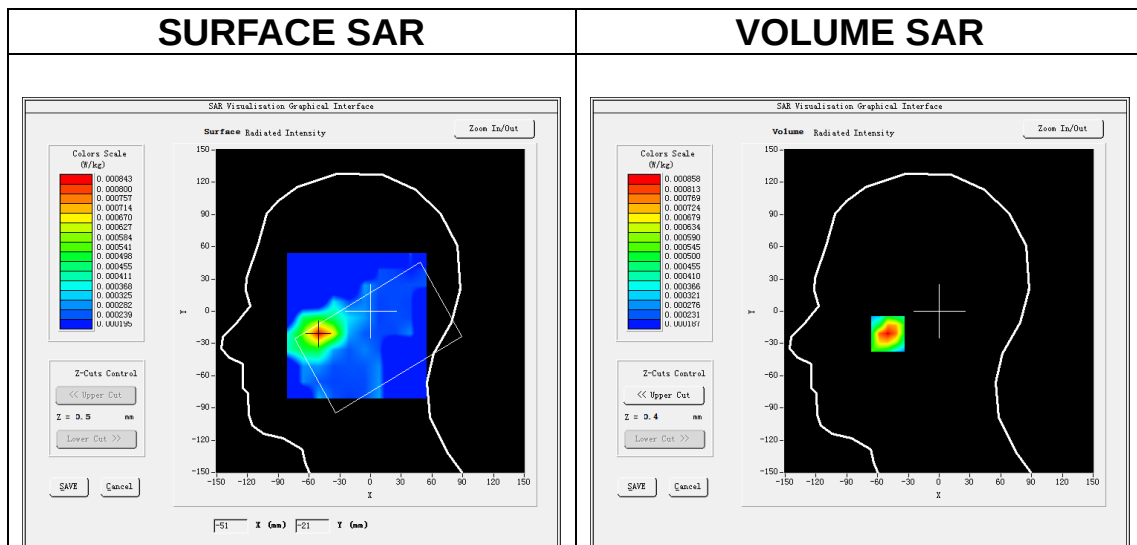
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band5 WCDMA850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.766674
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.593307
Conductivity (S/m)	0.910436
Variation (%)	0.000000

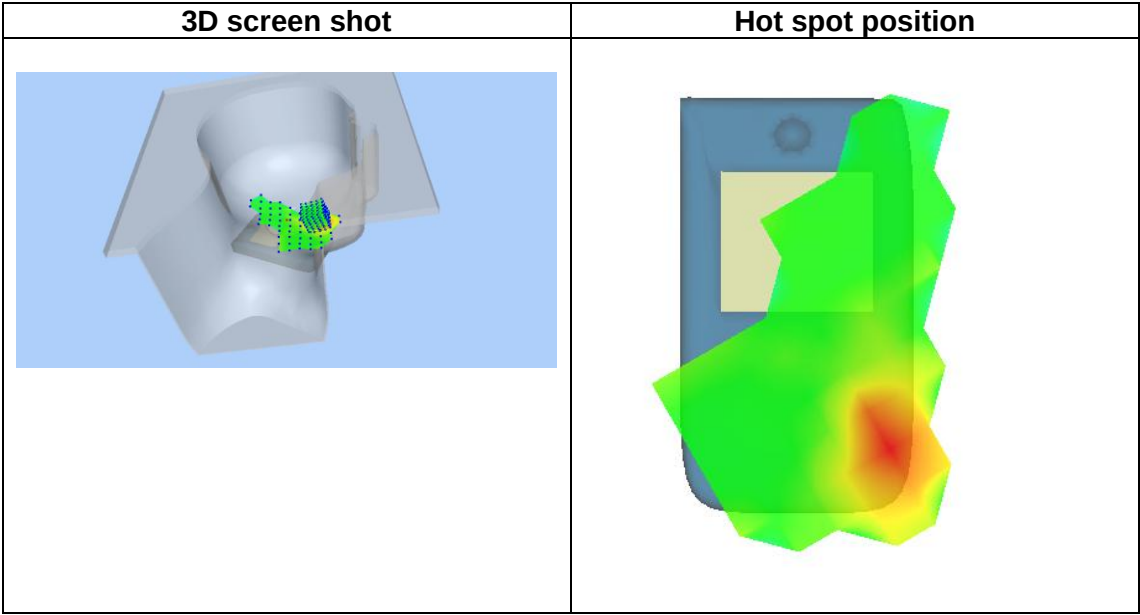
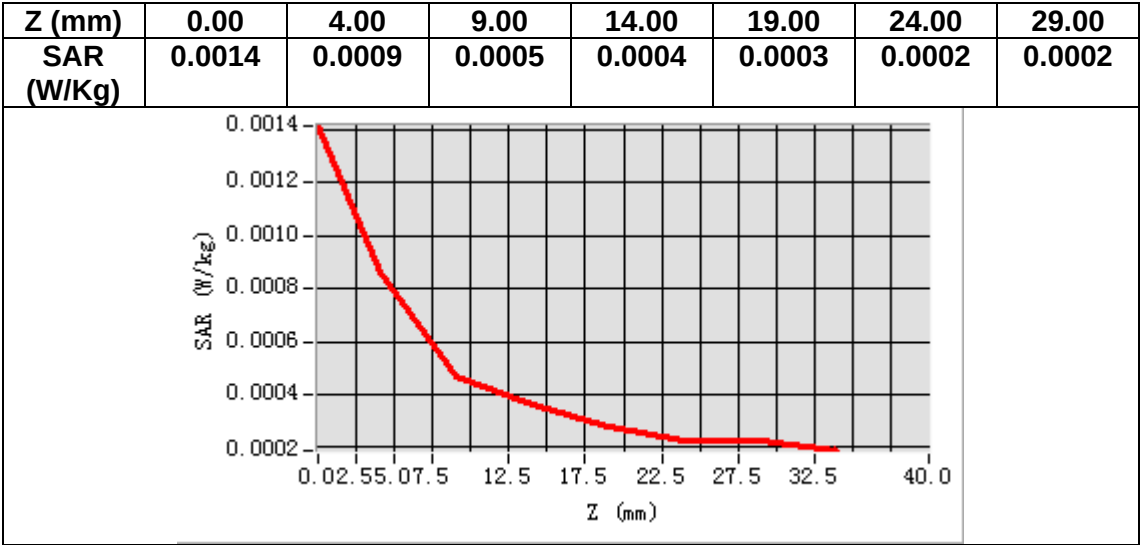
SURFACE SAR



Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-21.00

SAR Peak: 0.00 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.000489
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.000839



MEASUREMENT 8

Date of measurement: 22/5/2023

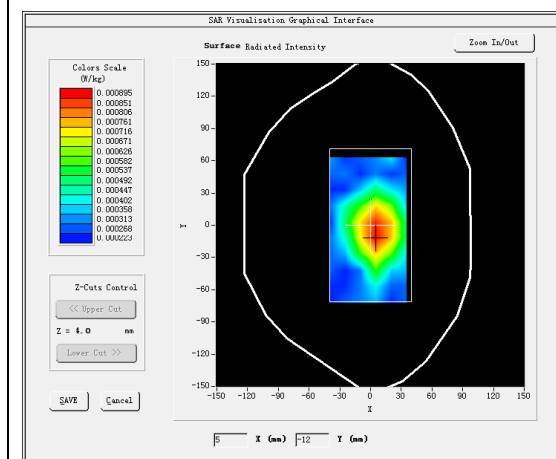
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>Band5 WCDMA850</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

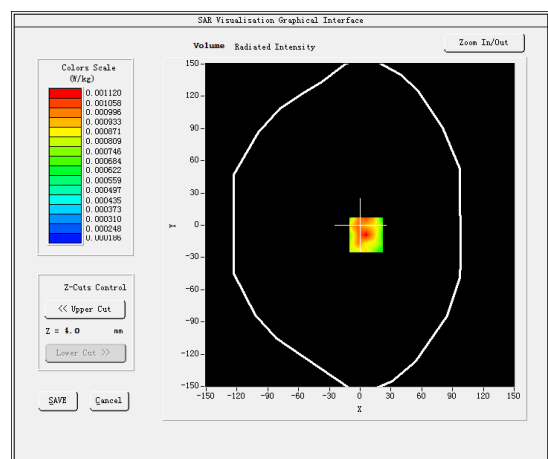
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.400000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.766674
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.593307
Conductivity (S/m)	0.910436
Variation (%)	0.600000

SURFACE SAR



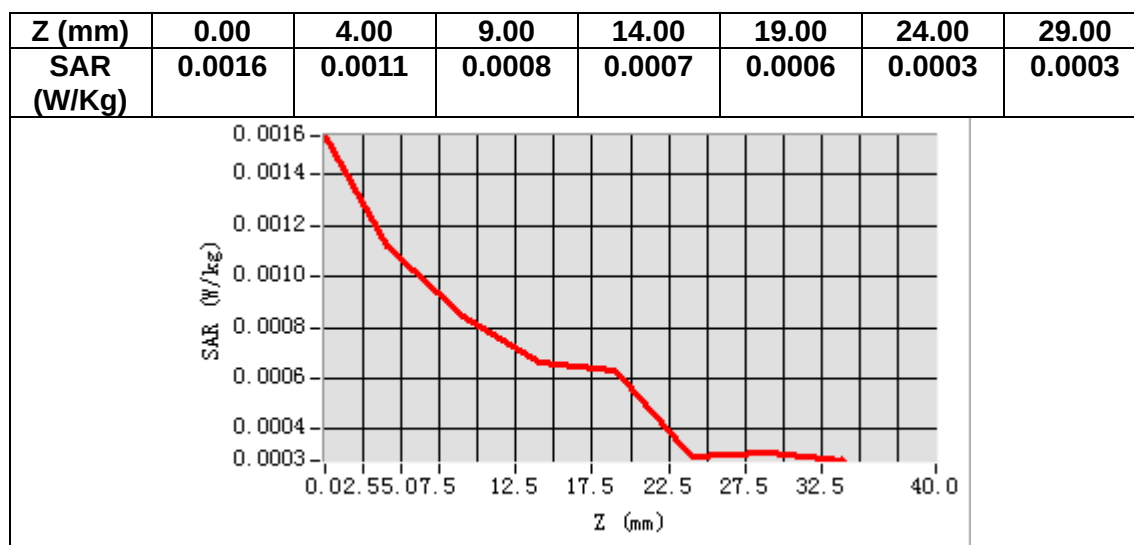
VOLUME SAR



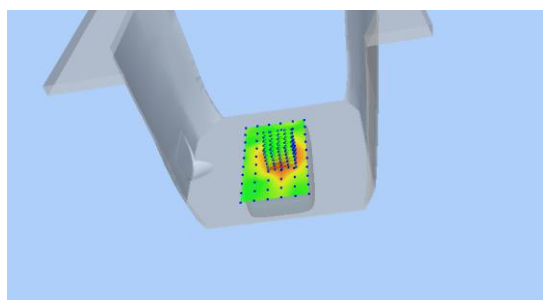
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-9.00

SAR Peak: 0.00 W/kg

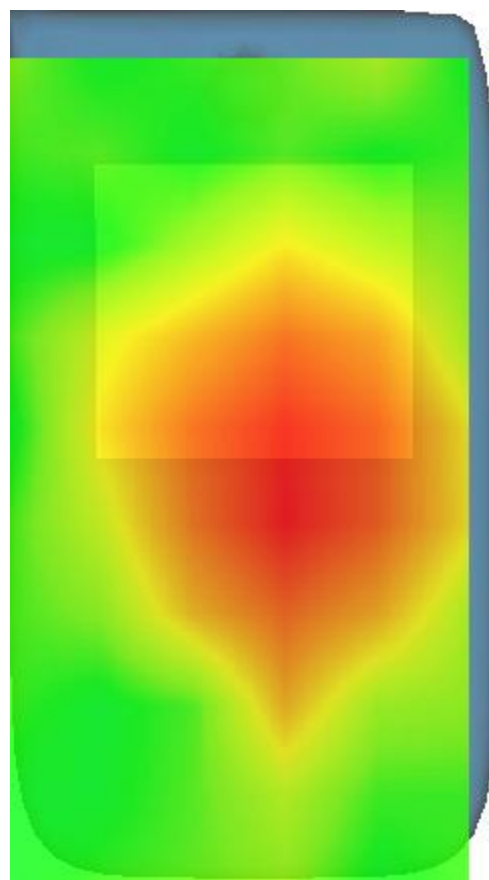
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.000766
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.001083



3D screen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 9

Date of measurement: 12/5/2023

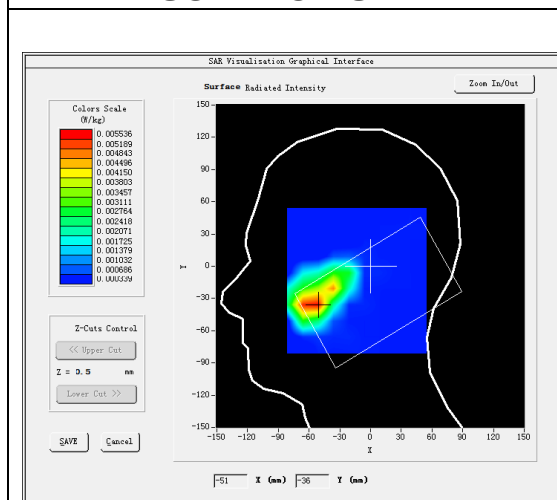
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 4</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.73</u>

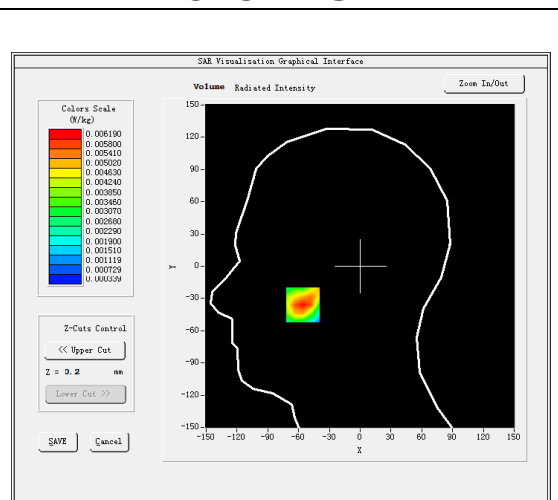
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1732.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.407162
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.018412
Conductivity (S/m)	1.349272
Variation (%)	1.200000

SURFACE SAR



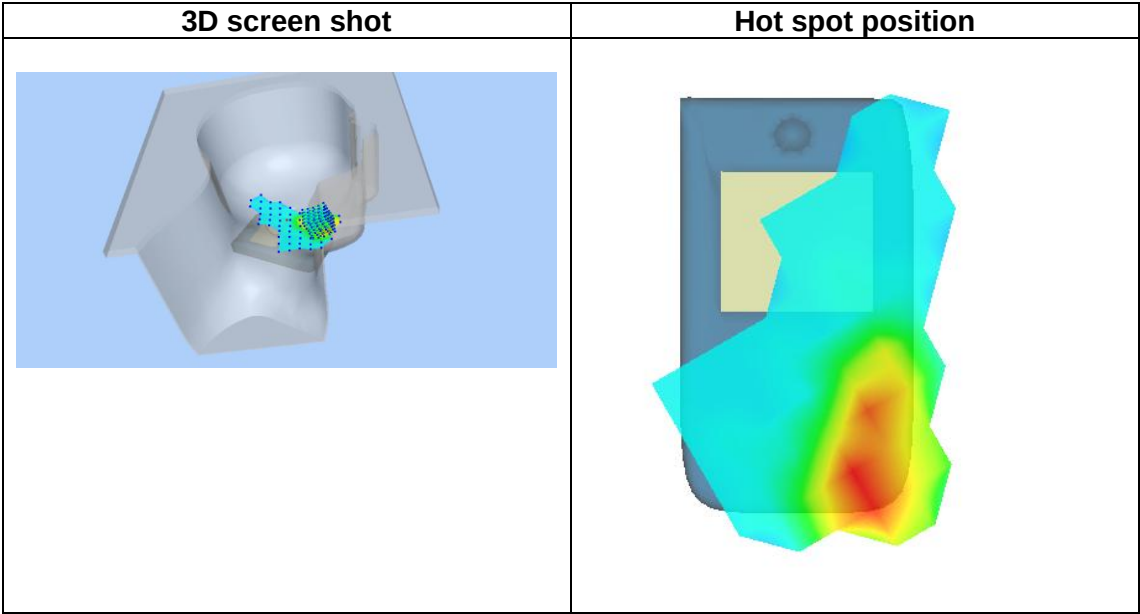
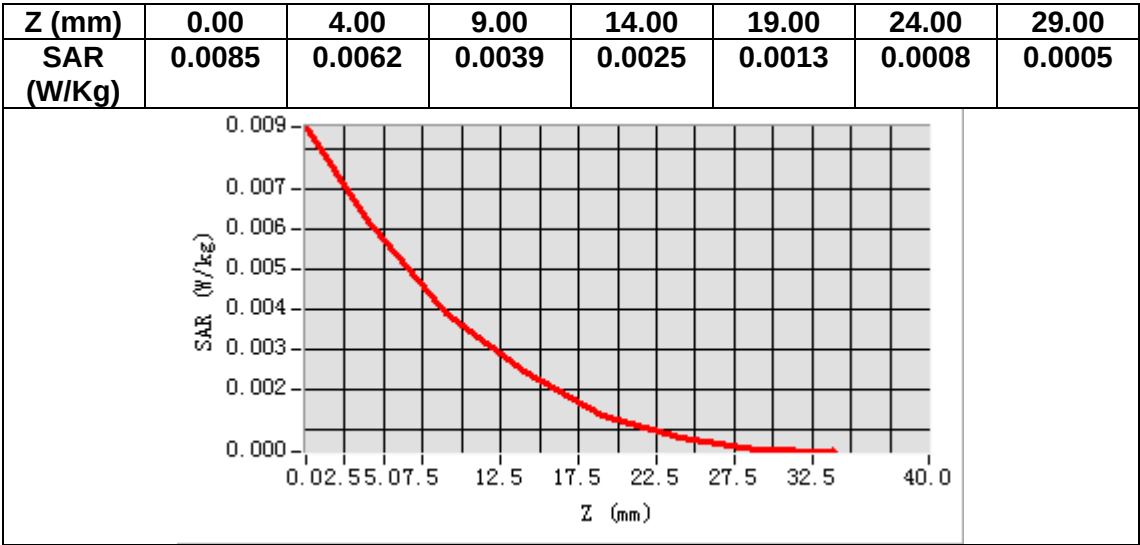
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-36.00

SAR Peak: 0.01 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.003217
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.005718



MEASUREMENT 10

Date of measurement: 12/5/2023

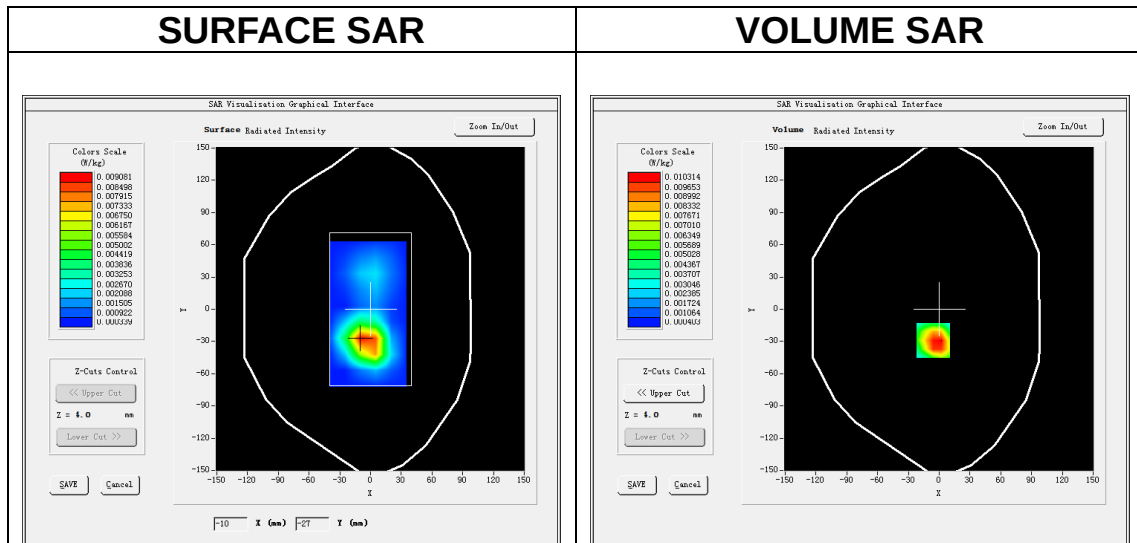
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 4</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.73</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1732.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.407162
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.018412
Conductivity (S/m)	1.349272
Variation (%)	2.670000

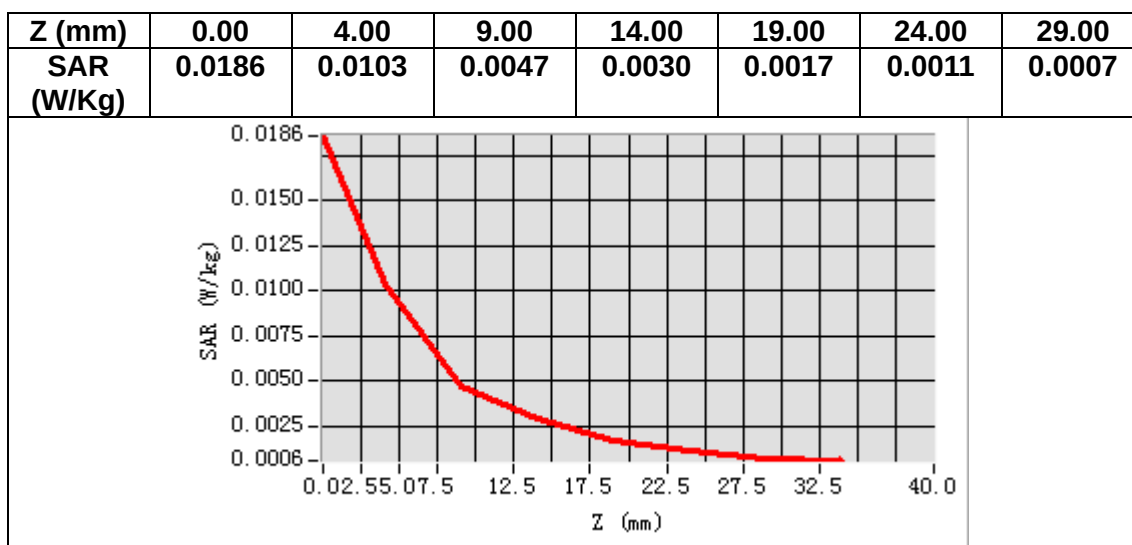
SURFACE SAR



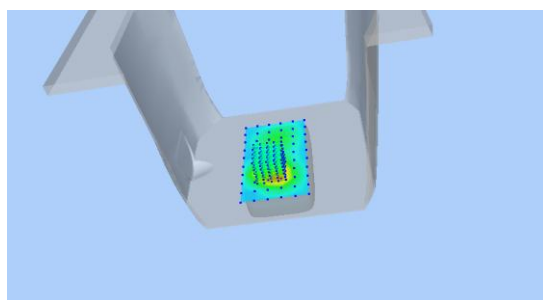
Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-29.00

SAR Peak: 0.02 W/kg

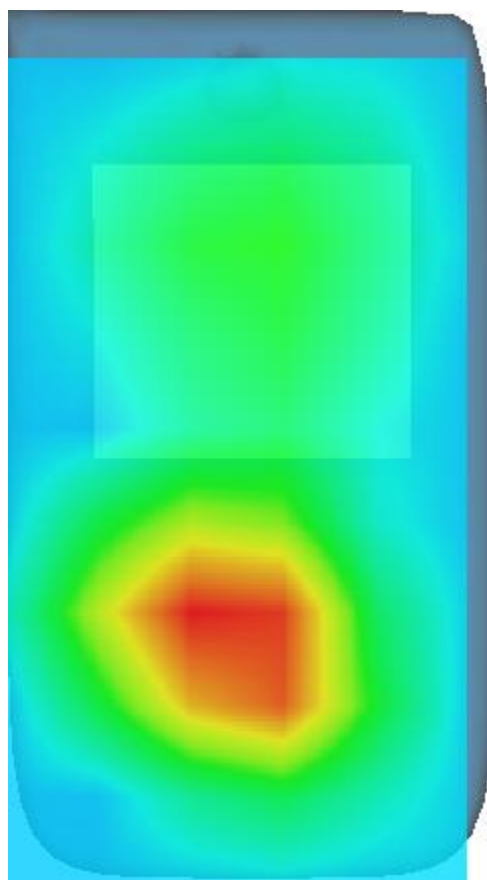
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.005284
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.010202



3D screen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 11

Date of measurement: 22/5/2023

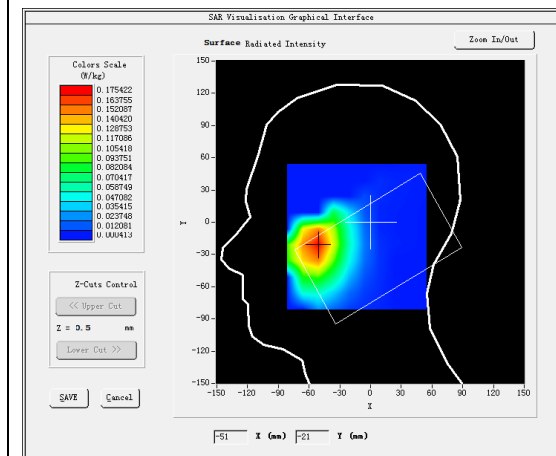
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 5</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

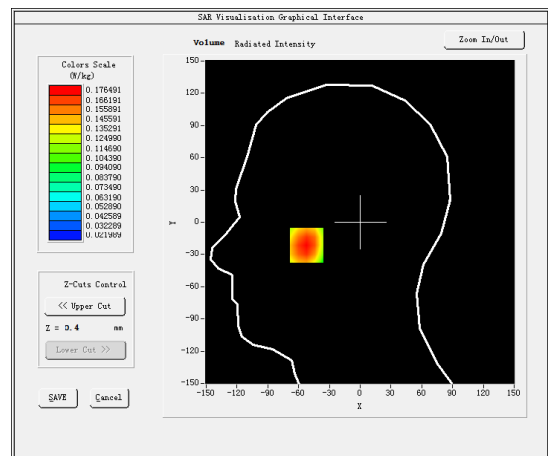
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.916782
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.709425
Conductivity (S/m)	0.915941
Variation (%)	1.490000

SURFACE SAR



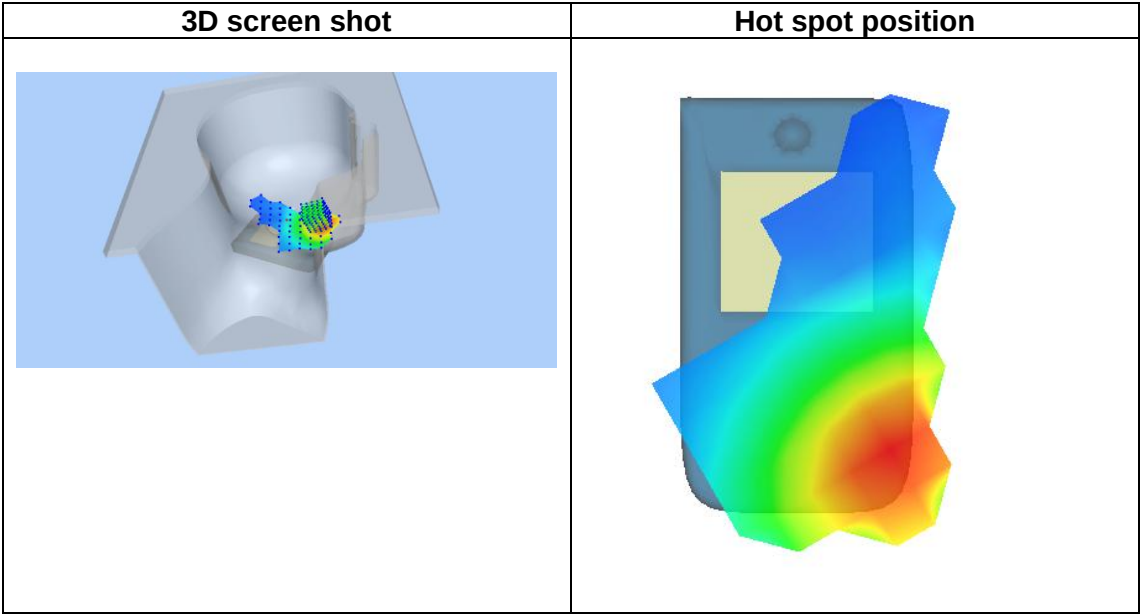
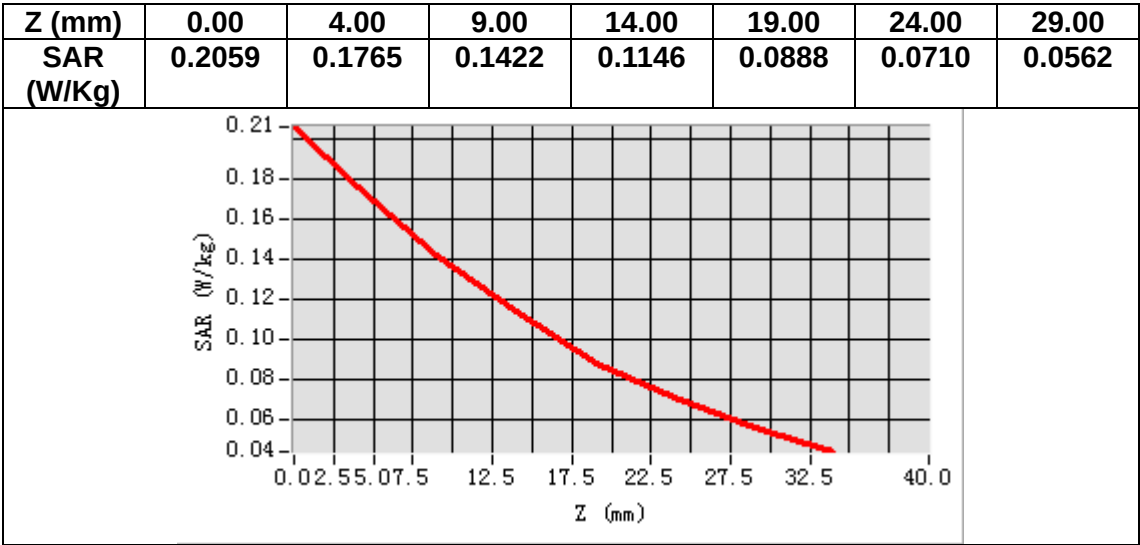
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-21.00

SAR Peak: 0.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.128813
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.172101



MEASUREMENT 12

Date of measurement: 22/5/2023

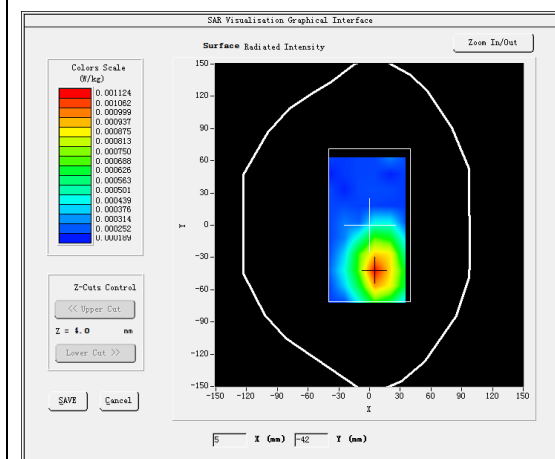
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 5</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.50</u>

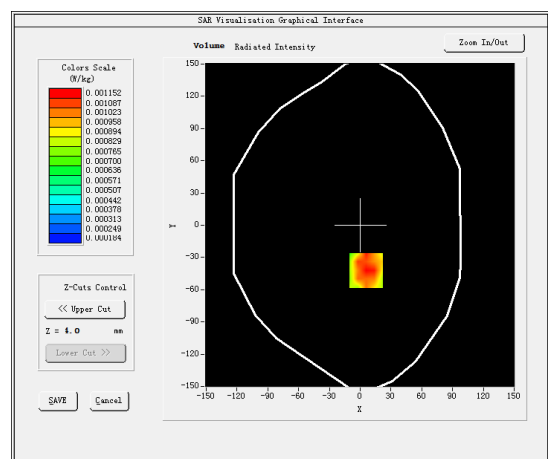
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	836.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.769264
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.591967
Conductivity (S/m)	0.910482
Variation (%)	2.330000

SURFACE SAR



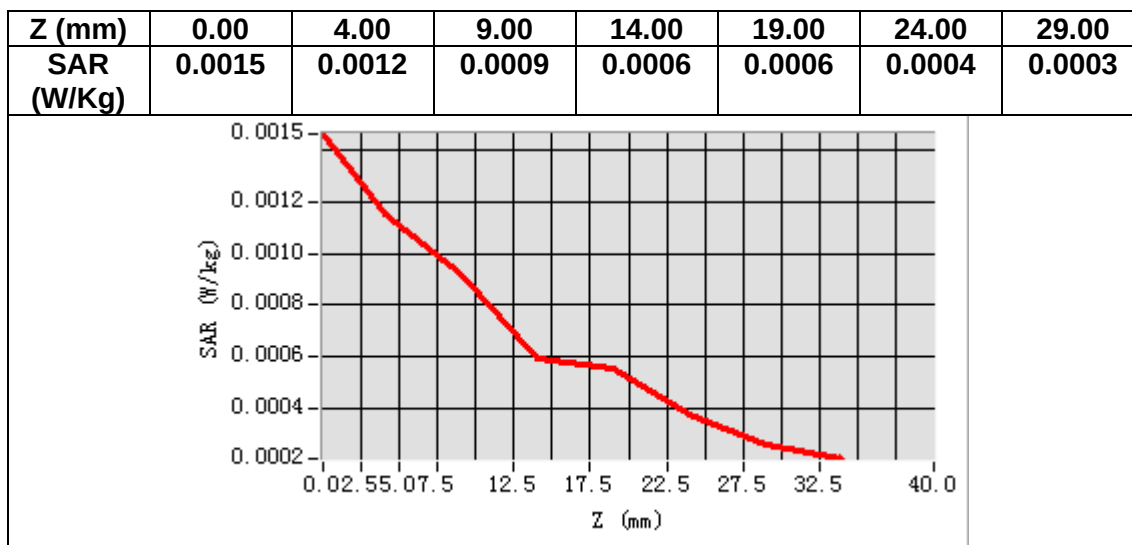
VOLUME SAR



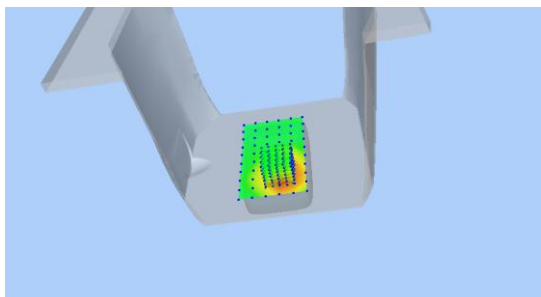
Maximum location: X=6.00, Y=-42.00

SAR Peak: 0.00 W/kg

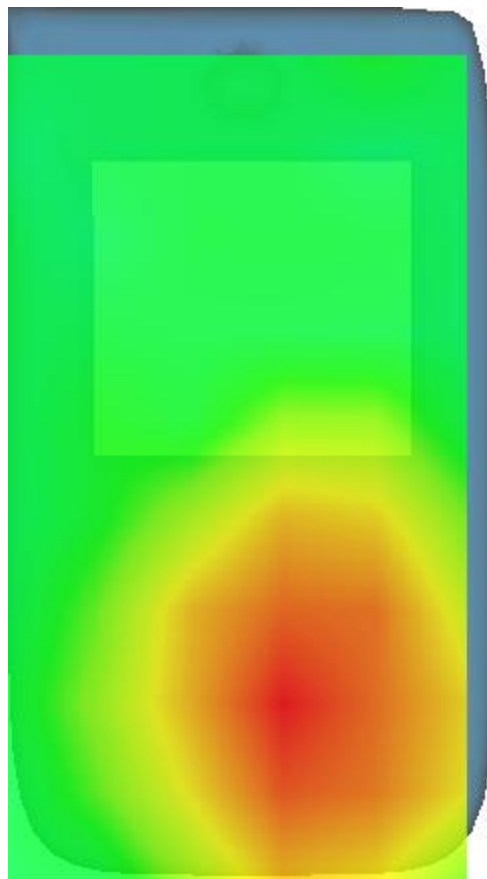
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.000798
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.001113



3D screen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 13

Date of measurement: 17/5/2023

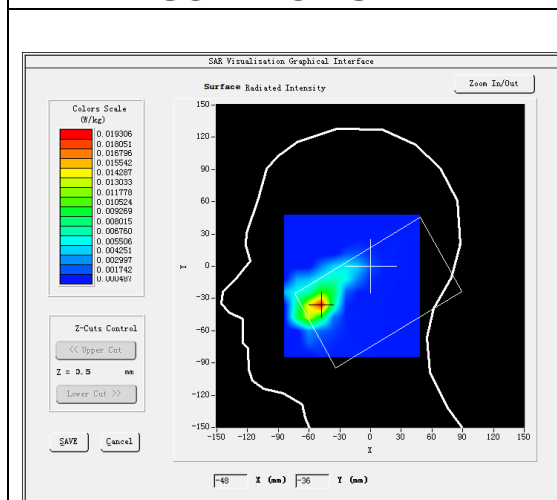
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 7</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.87</u>

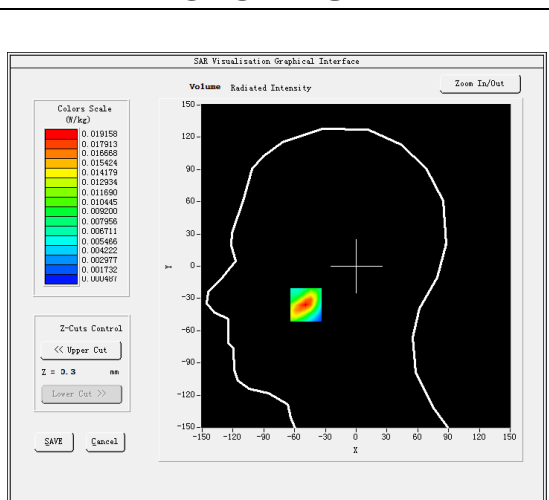
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.439041
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.647807
Conductivity (S/m)	1.922066
Variation (%)	3.790000

SURFACE SAR



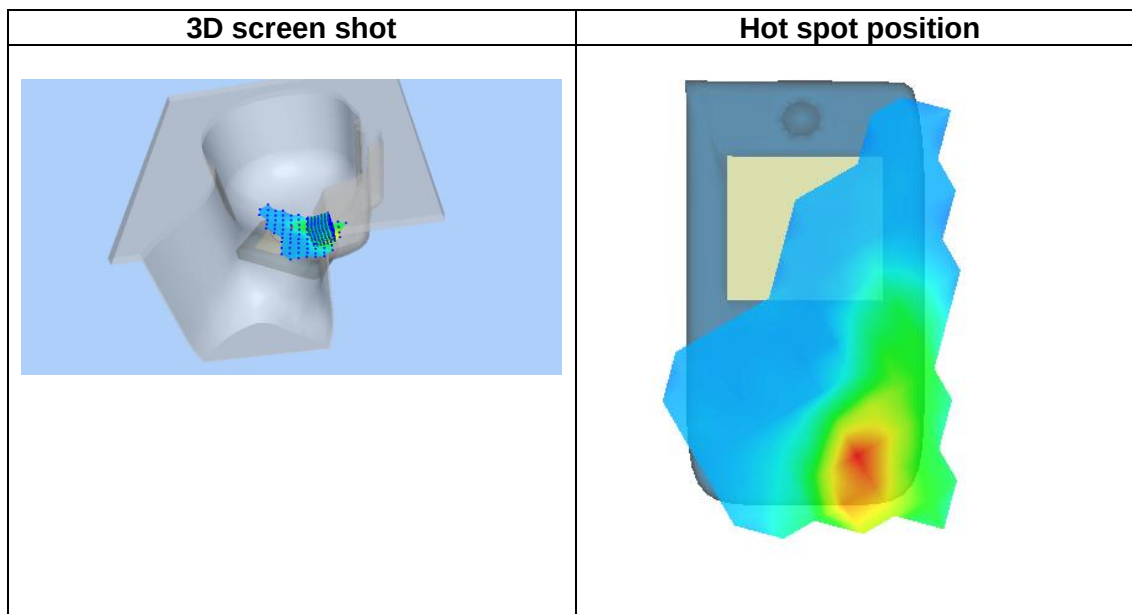
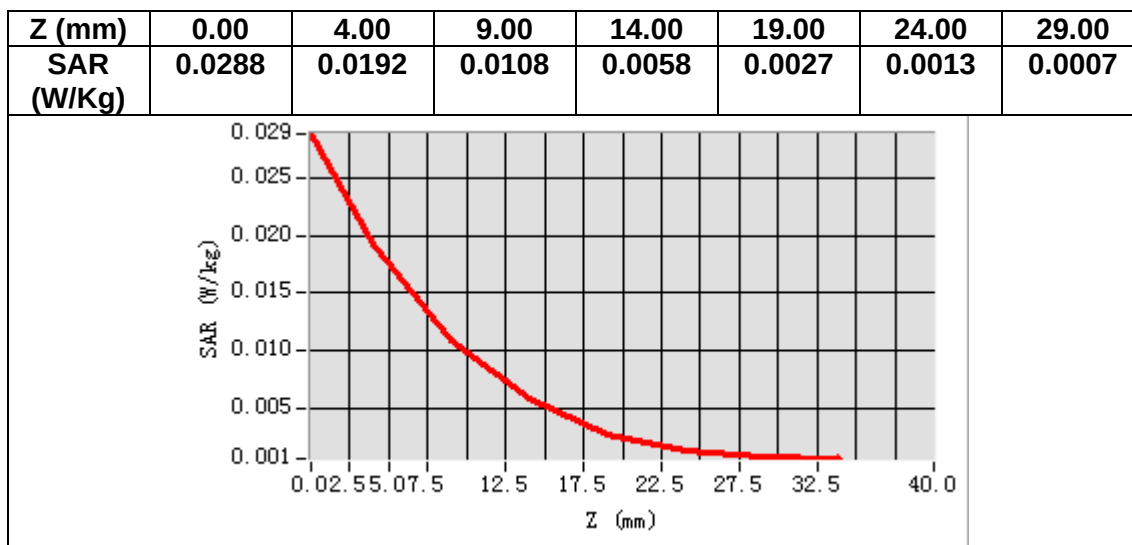
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-36.00

SAR Peak: 0.03 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.008076
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.017066



MEASUREMENT 14

Date of measurement: 17/5/2023

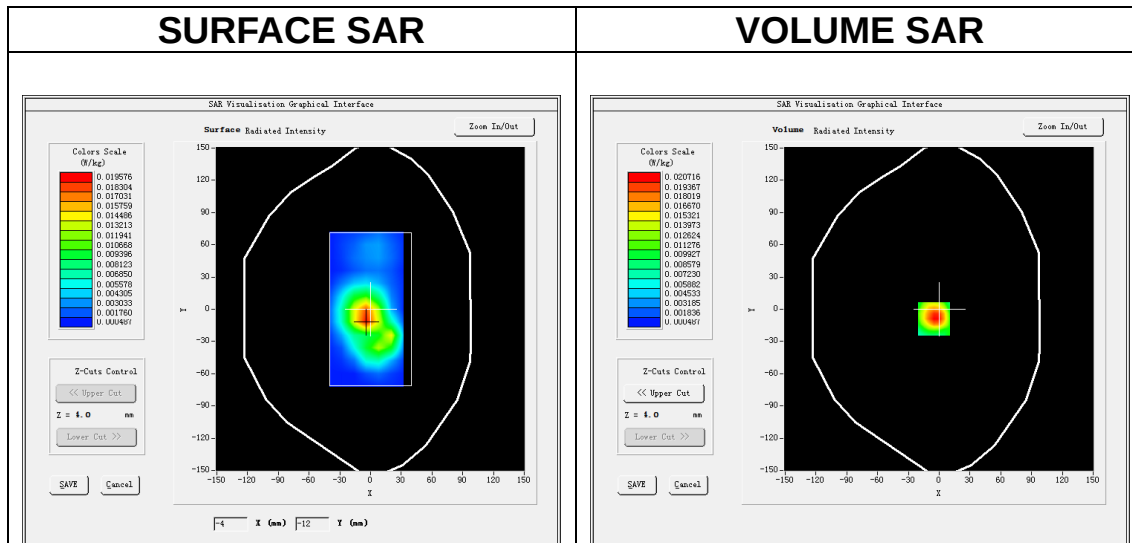
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 7</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.87</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2535.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.439041
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.647807
Conductivity (S/m)	1.922066
Variation (%)	3.040000

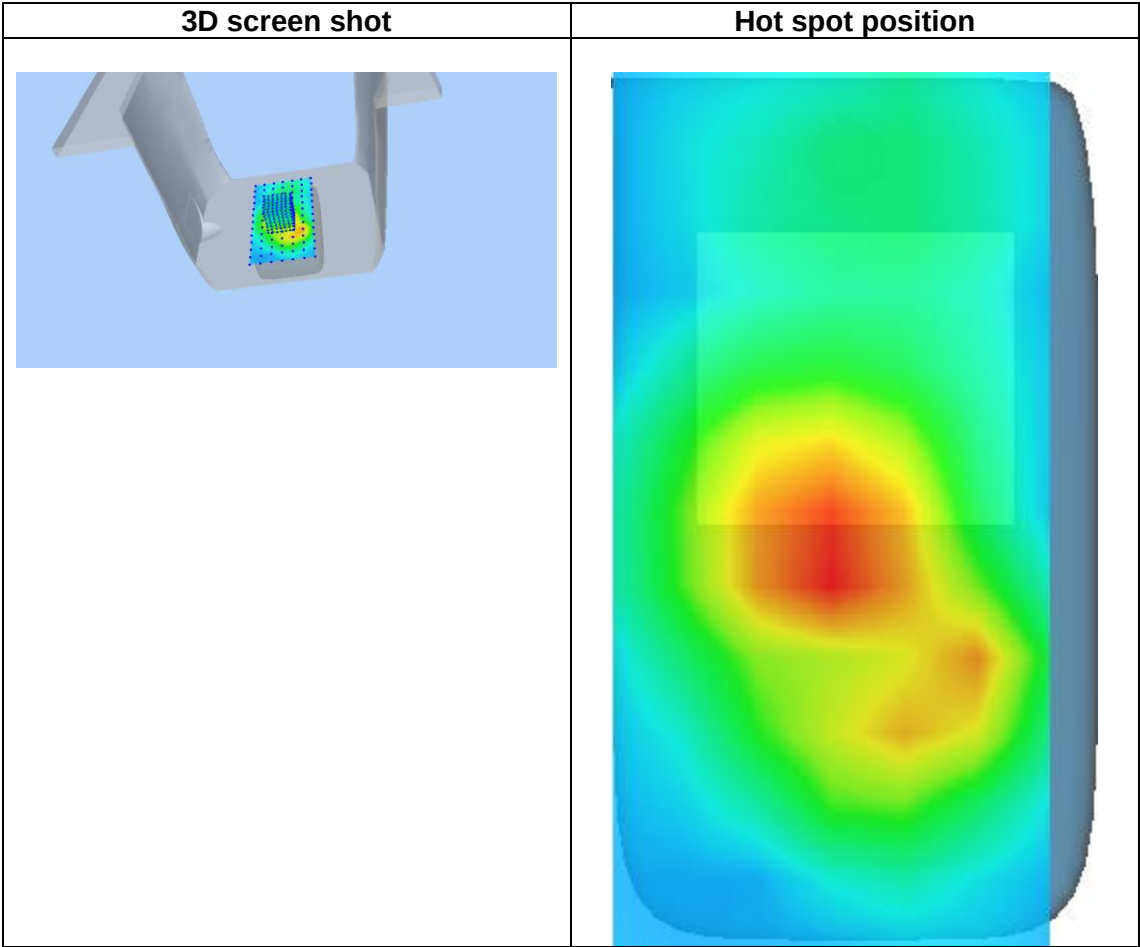
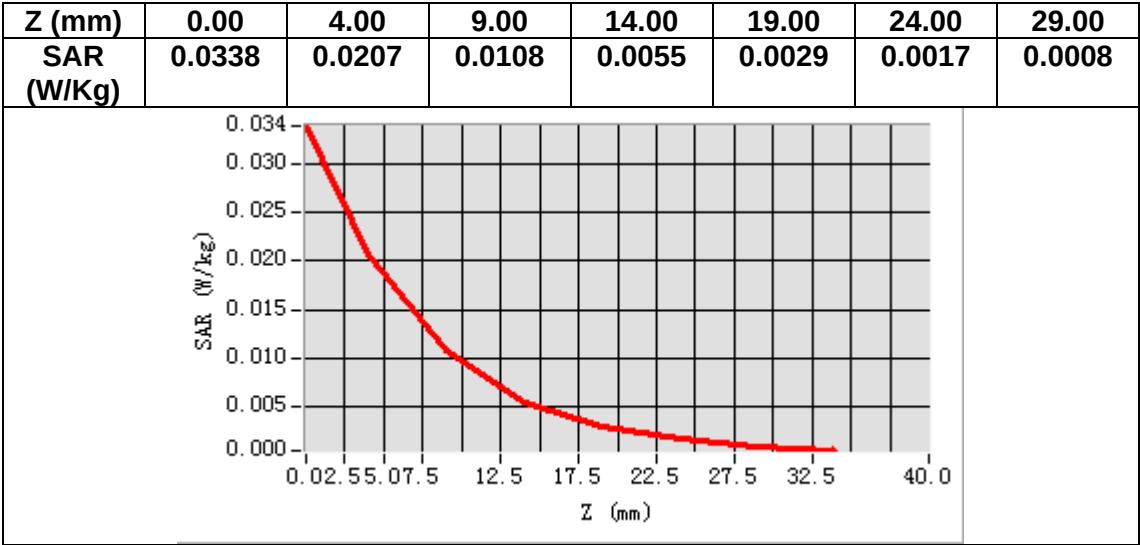
SURFACE SAR



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=-9.00

SAR Peak: 0.03 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.009778
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.019730



MEASUREMENT 15

Date of measurement: 11/5/2023

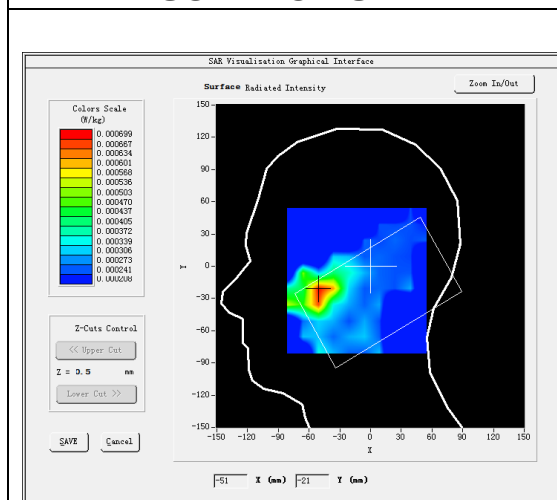
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 13</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.49</u>

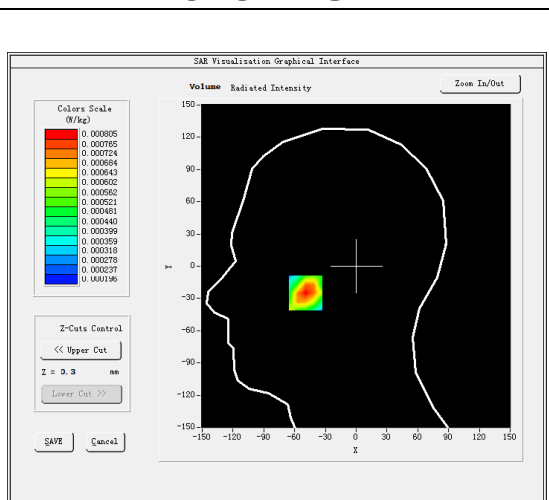
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	782.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.117777
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.188286
Conductivity (S/m)	0.920513
Variation (%)	-0.840000

SURFACE SAR



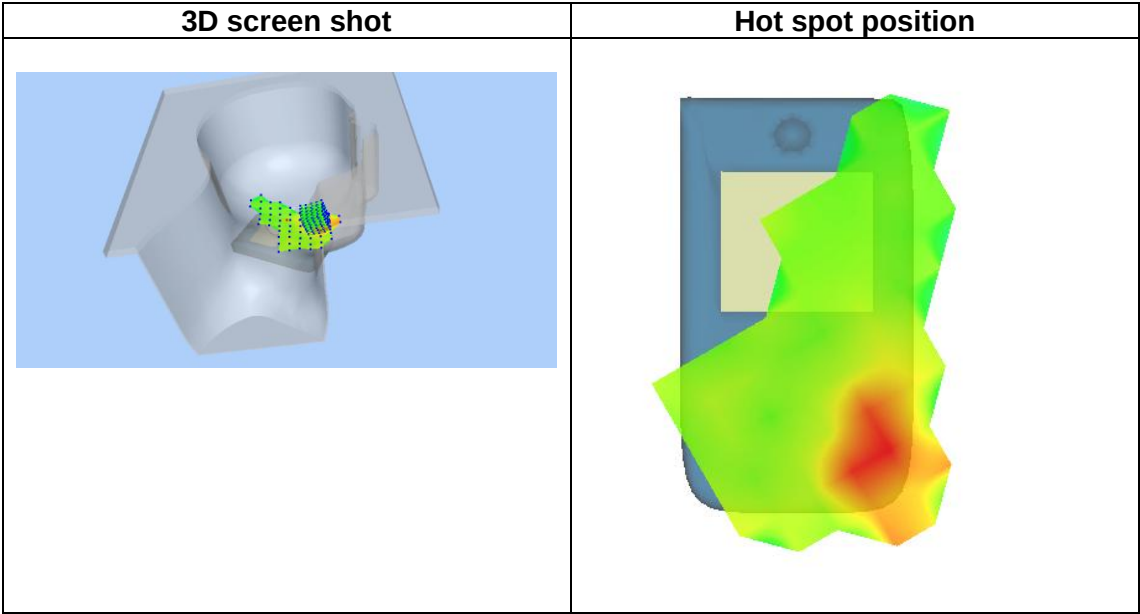
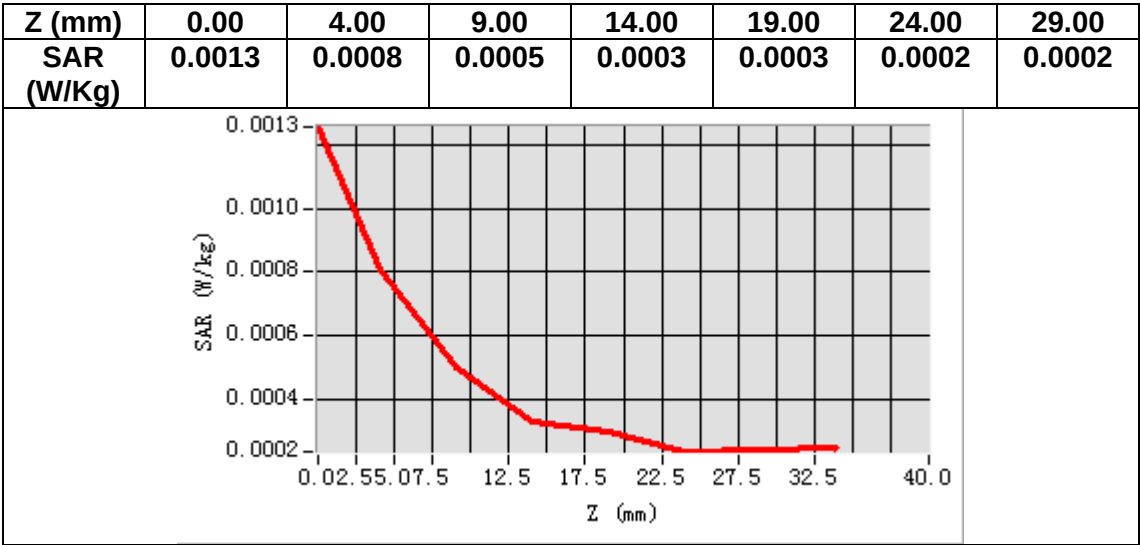
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-25.00

SAR Peak: 0.00 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.000476
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.000785



MEASUREMENT 16

Date of measurement: 11/5/2023

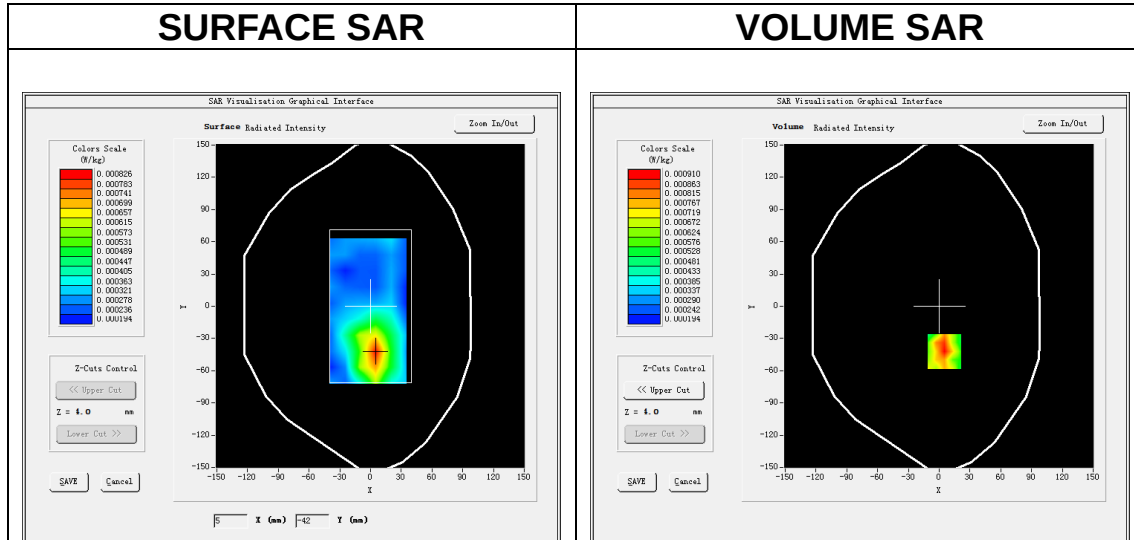
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 13</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.49</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	782.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.117777
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.188286
Conductivity (S/m)	0.920513
Variation (%)	4.520000

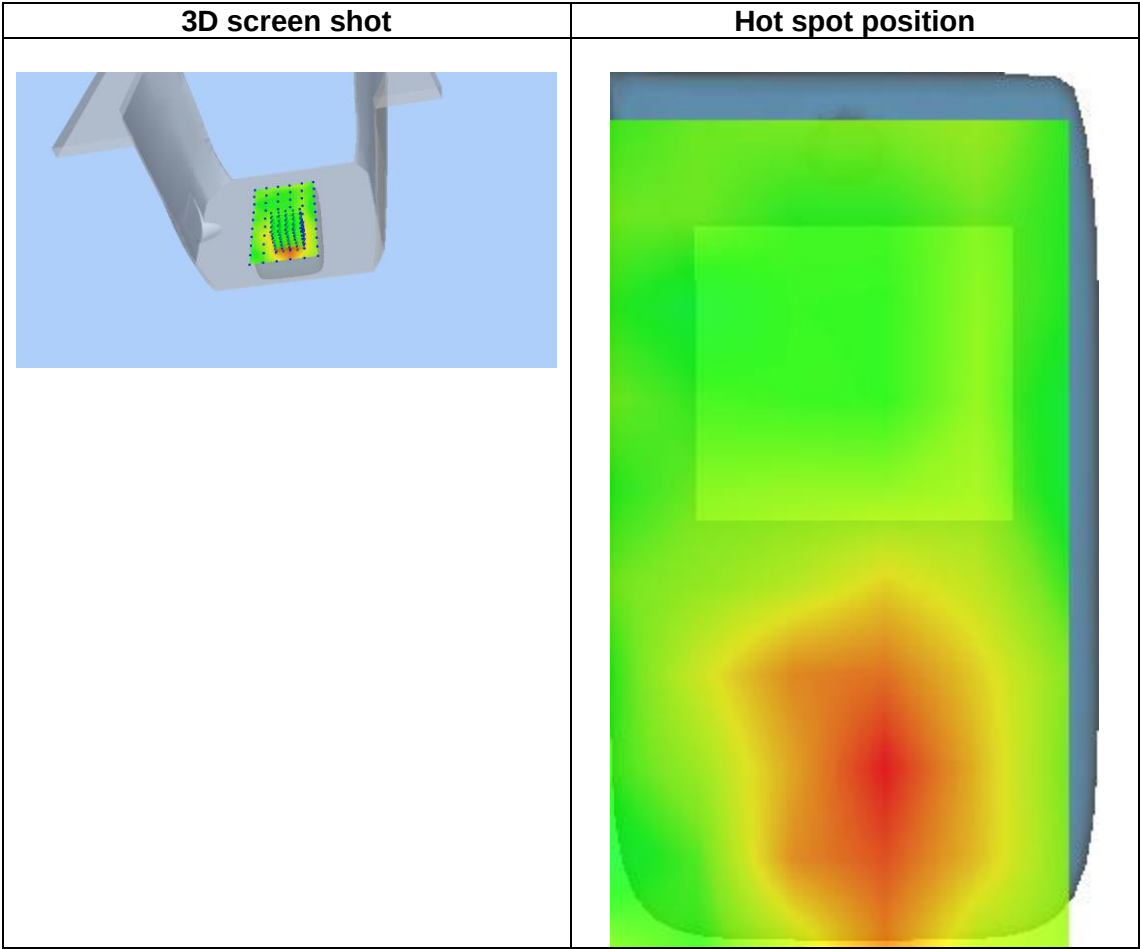
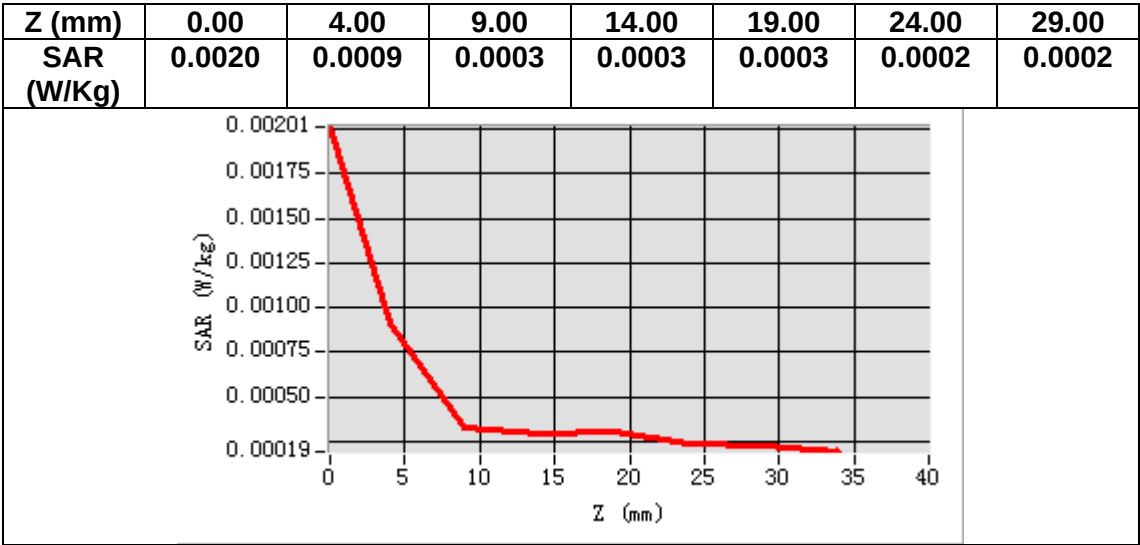
SURFACE SAR



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-42.00

SAR Peak: 0.00 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.000516
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.000975



2. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - SN 08/16 EPGO287
750 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350
2600 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356
Extended Calibration Certificate



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: SN 08/16 EPG0287

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 01/10/2023



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	1/10/2023	
Checked by :	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	1/10/2023	
Approved by :	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	1/10/2023	

Mode d'emploi

2023.01.10

11:27:33

+01'00'

PHILIPS

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Jérôme Luc	1/10/2023	Initial release



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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	SN 08/16 EPGO287
Product Condition (new / used)	Used
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-6GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.211 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.199 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.199 MΩ

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, FCC KDB865664 D01, CENELEC EN62209 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



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3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.1 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/(\delta/2)})}{\delta/2} \text{ for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

$SAR_{uncertainty}$	is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
d_{be}	is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre
Δ_{step}	is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
δ	is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;
ΔSAR_{be}	in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.



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The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide					
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2					14 %

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

Normx dipole 1 (μV/(V/m) ²)	Normy dipole 2 (μV/(V/m) ²)	Normz dipole 3 (μV/(V/m) ²)
0.72	0.66	0.77

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
107	110	110

Calibration curves $e_i=f(V)$ (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain E-field value using the formula:

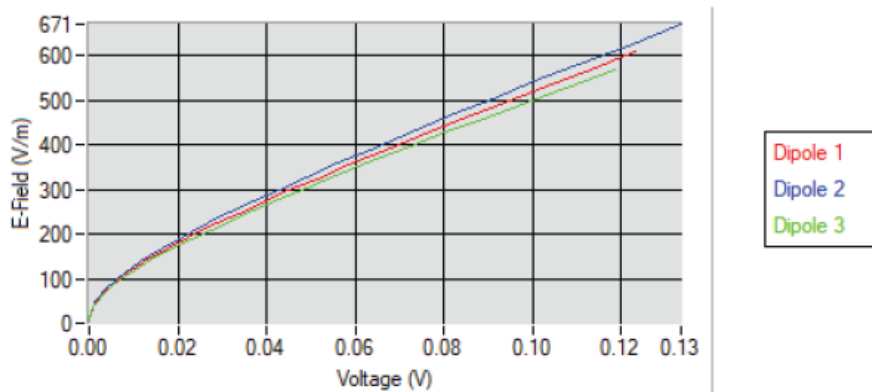
$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

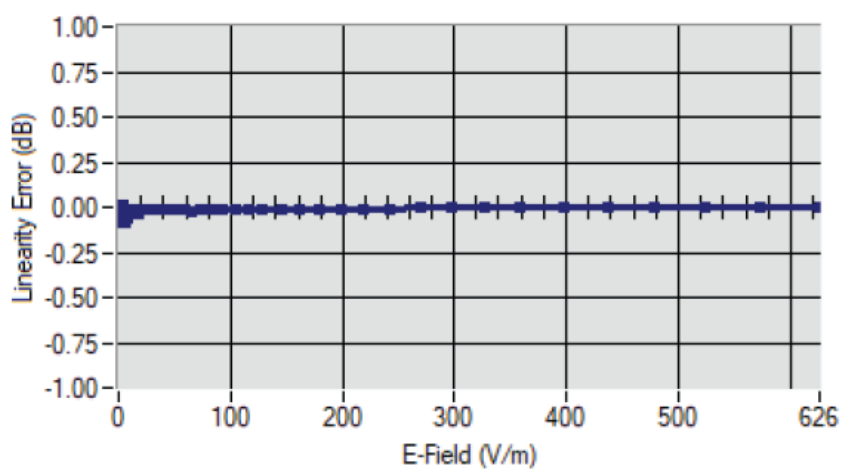
Ref: ACR.60.1.21.MVGB.A

Calibration curves



5.2 LINEARITY

Linearity



Linearity: +/- 1.90% (+/- 0.08dB)