Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co.,Ltd.
Building 7,Baiwang Idea Factory, No.1051,Songbai Road, Yangguang Community,
Xili Subdistrict, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Phone: 400-963-0755 E-mail: cs@szhtw.com.cn Website:http:/www.szhtw.com.cn

ACCREDITED
Testing Cert #:3902.01

TEST REPORT

For SAR

Report No..... :	CHTW26085011
Project No ..... :	SHT2606090406W
FCC ID ..... :	2ATVZ-SQDBT
Applicant's name ..... :	Mountain Sports Distribution Inc.
Address..... :	802 9th St N, Golden, BC, V0A 1H2, Canada
Product Name..... :	SQUAD BT FRS Radio
Trade Mark..... :	MOUNTAINLAB
Model No..... :	SQDBT
Listed Model(s) ..... :	-
Standard ..... :	**FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093** **ANSI/IEEE Std C95.1-1992** **IEEE Std 1528-2013**
Date of receipt of test sample.....:	2026/7/10
Date of testing……..:	2026/8/4 - 2026/8/7
Date of issue……....:	2026/8/19
Result..... ……..:	**PASS**

Compiled by (Position+Printed name+Signature) :	File administrator	Caspar Chen	Caspar Chen
Supervised by (Position+Printed name+Signature) :	Project Engineer	Xiaodong Zhao	Xiaodong Zhao
Approved by (Position+Printed name+Signature) :	RF Manager	Xu Yang	Xu Yang

Testing Laboratory Name ..... :	**Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.**
Address..... :	Building 7, Baiwang Idea Factory, No.1051, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Subdistrict, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Test Report Form No. ..... :	R0066
Test Report Form(s) Originator ..... :	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.
Master TRF ..... :	Dated 2025-07

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1 . Statement of Compliance

Maximum Reported SAR (W/kg @1g)			
RF Exposure Conditions	FRS#	Bluetooth	Simultaneous TX
Front-of-face(Dist.= 25mm)	0.186	0.001	0.187
Body-worn(Dist.= 0mm)	0.795	0.003	0.798

Note:

1. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and IEEE Std C95.1.
2. This device had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528 and FCC KDB publications.
3. #: The above FRS SAR values are all based on a 75% duty cycle.

2 . Test Standards and Report version

2.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC 47 Part 2.1093: Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992: IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
IEEE Std 1528-2013: IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

FCC published RF exposure KDB procedures:
KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04: SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02: RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations
KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01: Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

TCB workshop: April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)

2.2. Report version

Revision No.	Date of issue	Description
N/A	2026-08-19	Original

3. Summary

3.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Mountain Sports Distribution Inc.
Address:	802 9th St N, Golden, BC, V0A 1H2, Canada
Manufacturer:	Mountain Sports Distribution Inc.
Address:	802 9th St N, Golden, BC, V0A 1H2, Canada

3.2. Product Description

Main unit	
Name of EUT:	SQUAD BT FRS Radio
Trade Mark:	MOUNTAINLAB
Model No.:	SQDBT
Listed Model(s):	-
Power supply:	DC 3.7V from battery
Hardware version:	1.0.0
Software version:	2.0.0
Device Dimension:	Length x Width x Thickness (mm): 145 x 60 x 28
Device Category:	Portable
Product stage:	Production unit
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population/Uncontrolled
HTW test sample No.:	YPHT26060904002

3.3. Radio Specification Description

FRS	
Operation Frequency:	462.5625MHz~ 462.7125MHz 467.5625MHz~ 467.7125MHz 462.5500MHz~ 462.7250MHz
Modulation Type:	FM
Channel Bandwidth:	12.5kHz
Antenna Type:	Integral
Remark: *1. The product supports VOX, the maximum duty cycle supported by the device is 75%.*	
Bluetooth	
Support Type:	☒ BLE-1Mbps

3.4. Test frequency list

When the frequency channels required for SAR testing are not specified, the following should be applied to determine the number of required test channels.The test channels should be evenly spread across the transmission frequency band of each wireless mode.

$$N_c = Round\left\{\left[100\left(f_{high} - f_{low}\right)/f_c\right]^{0.5} \times \left(f_c/100\right)^{0.2}\right\},$$

N_c is the number of test channels, rounded to the nearest integer,
f_{high} and f_{low} are the highest and lowest channel frequencies within the transmission band,
f_c is the mid-band channel frequency,
all frequencies are in MHz.

Modulation Type	Channel Separation	Test Channel	Test Frequency (MHz)
			TX
Analog	12.5kHz	CH4	462.6375
		CH11	467.6375

3.5. Testing Laboratory Information

Laboratory Name	Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.	
Laboratory Location	Building 7, Baiwang Idea Factory, No.1051, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Subdistrict, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China	
Connect information:	Tel: 400-963-0755 E-mail: cs@szhtw.com.cn http://www.szhtw.com.cn	
Qualifications	Type	Accreditation Number
	FCC	762235

3.6. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Ambient temperature	18 °C to 25 °C
Ambient humidity	30%RH to 70%RH
Air Pressure	950-1050mbar

4. Equipments Used during the Test

● SAR Test Software					
Used	Test Item	Software Name	Manufacturer	Equipment No.	Version
●	SAR	DASY5	Speag	HTWER011	V52.10.0.1446

Used	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Equipment No.	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. date (YY-MM-DD)	Due date (YY-MM-DD)
●	Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	HTWE0313-05	DAE4	1549	2026/5/8	2027/5/7
●	E-field Probe	SPEAG	HTWE0313-06	EX3DV4	7494	2025/11/27	2026/11/26
●	E-field Probe	SPEAG	-	EX3DV4	3842	2026/1/7	2027/1/6
●	Phantoms	SPEAG	HTWE0313-12	ELI V8.0	2078	N/A	N/A
●	Head TSL	-	-	HSL450	-	N/A	N/A
●	Head TSL	-	-	HBBL600-10000	-	N/A	N/A
●	Temperature & humidity	Aoyla	HTWE0642	AS105	K1211500839	2026/3/20	2027/3/19
Tissue-equivalent liquids Validation							
●	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	HTWE0315-01	DAK-12	1130	N/A	N/A
●	Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	HTWE0315-02	DAK-3.5	1267	N/A	N/A
●	Network analyzer	Keysight	HTWE0331	E5071C	MY46733048	2025/8/19	2026/8/18
●	Thermometer	LKM	HTWE0317	DTM3000	3693	2026/3/20	2027/3/19
System Validation							
●	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-02	D450V3	1102	2024/1/24	2027/1/23
●	System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	HTWE0314-07	D2450V2	1009	2023/12/6	2026/12/5
●	Signal Generator	R&S	HTWE0276	SMB100A	114360	2026/3/13	2027/3/12
●	Power Viewer for Windows	R&S		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
●	Power sensor	R&S	HTWE0278	NRP18A	101010	2026/3/13	2027/3/12
●	Power sensor	R&S	HTWE0389	NRP18A	101386	2026/3/13	2027/3/12
●	Power Amplifier	BONN	HTWE0336	BLWA 0160-2M	1811887	2025/11/26	2026/11/25
●	Dual Directional Coupler	Mini-Circuits	HTWE0335	ZHDC-10-62-S+	F975001814	2025/11/26	2026/11/25
●	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	HTWE0333	VAT-3W2+	1819	2025/11/26	2026/11/25
●	Attenuator	Mini-Circuits	HTWE0334	VAT-10W2+	1741	2025/11/26	2026/11/25

Note:

1. *The Probe,Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix E and F.*
2. *Referring to KDB865664 D01, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justifcatio. The dipole are also not physically damaged or repaired during the interval.*

5. Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg. The expanded SAR measurement uncertainty must be ⩽ 30%, for a confidence interval of k = 2. If these conditions are met,extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

Therefore, the measurement uncertainty is not required.

6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

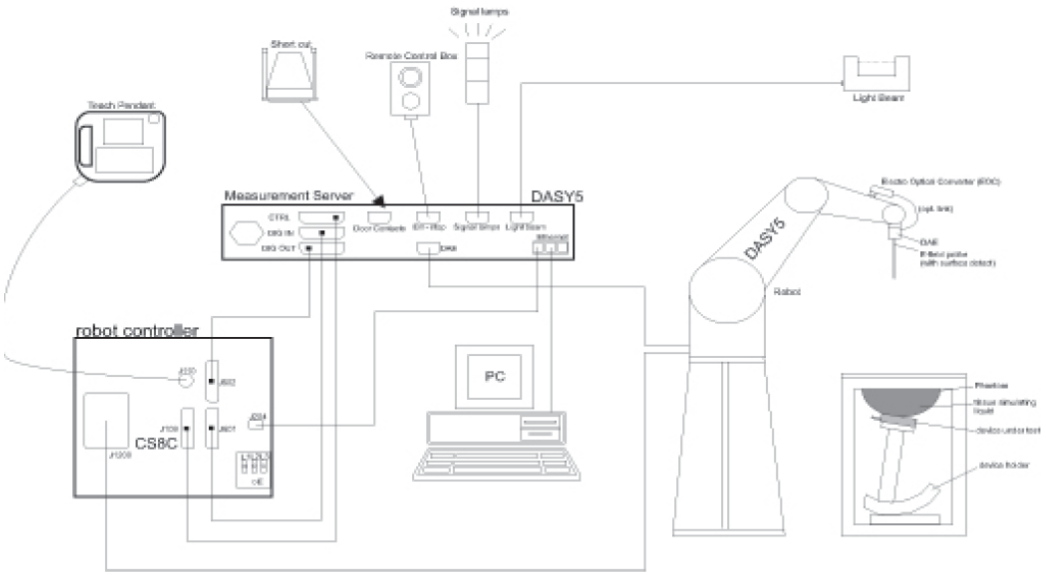
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

- **Probe Specification**

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core
Interleaved sensors
Built-in shielding against static charges
PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

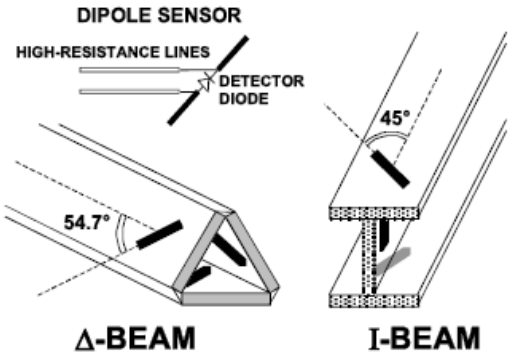
Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

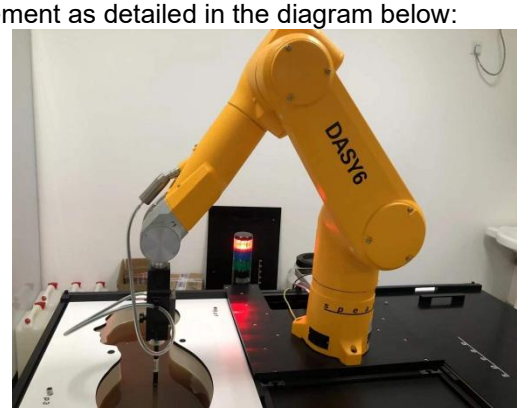
Frequency	10 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)
Directivity	±0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 10 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

- **Isotropic E-Field Probe**

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

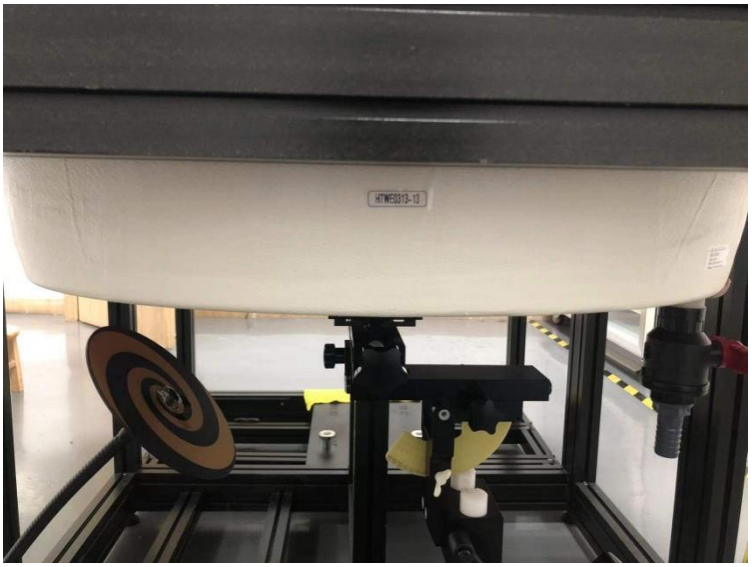
The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:





6.3. Phantoms

The ELI Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI isfully compatible with the EN IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can beintegrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation ofthe liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of thecomplete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurementgrids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.



ELI Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.
The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

Device holder supplied by SPEAG

7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

Step 1: Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm of the phantom inner surface that is closest to the DUT. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Step 2: Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum locations even in relatively coarse grids. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable points, it computes the field maximal found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE Standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan). If only one Zoom Scan follows the Area Scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of Zoom Scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 mm ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2}\cdot\delta\cdot\ln(2)$ mm ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

Step 3: Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1g and 10g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the Zoom Scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 g and 10 g and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v04

Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

Step 4: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The Power Drift Measurement gives the field difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. The measurement procedure is the same as Step 1. The SAR drift shall be kept within ± 5 %.

7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcpi
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcpi: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$\text{H} - \text{fieldprobes}: \qquad H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1} f + a_{i2} f^2}{f}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)
Normi: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z), [mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes
ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution
aij: sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f: carrier frequency [GHz]
Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m
Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

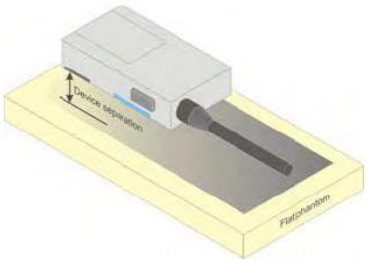
SAR: local specific absorption rate in mW/g
Etot: total field strength in V/m
σ: conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ: equivalent tissue density in g/cm3

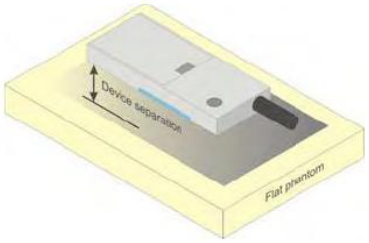
Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

8.1. Front-of-face

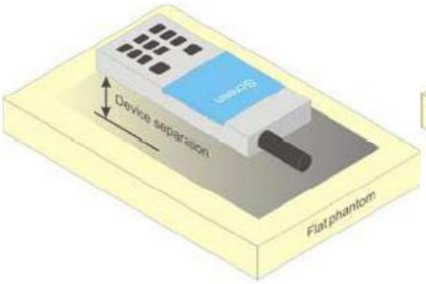
A typical example of a front-of-face device is a two-way radio that is held at a distance from the face of the user when transmitting. In these cases the device under test shall be positioned at the distance to the phantom surface that corresponds to the intended use as specified by the manufacturer in the user instructions. If the intended use is not specified, a separation distance of 25 mm between the phantom surface and the device shall be used.

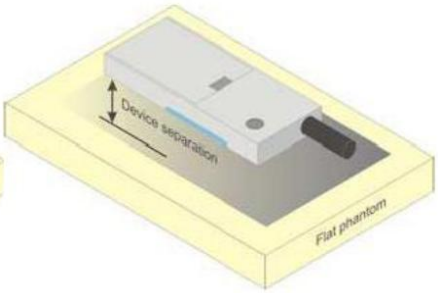




8.2. Body Position

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.





9. Dielectric Property Measurements & System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18℃ to 25℃ and within ± 2℃ of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized.

The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3-4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance; for example, when the parameters are marginal at the beginning of the measurement series.

The dielectric constant (ε_r) and conductivity (σ) of typical tissue-equivalent media recipes are expected to be within ± 5% of the required target values; but for SAR measurement systems that have implemented the SAR error compensation algorithms documented in IEEE Std 1528-2013, to automatically compensate the measured SAR results for deviations between the measured and required tissue dielectric parameters, the tolerance for ε_r and σ may be relaxed to ± 10%. This is limited to frequencies ≤ 3 GHz.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters

FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Tissue dielectric parameters		
Target Frequency (MHz)	Head	
	ε_r	σ(S/m)
450	43.5	0.87
2450	39.2	1.80

IEEE Std 1528-2013

Refer to Table 3 within the IEEE Std 1528-2013

Measurement Results:

Dielectric performance of tissue simulating liquid									
Frequency (MHz)	ε_r		σ(S/m)		Delta (ε_r)	Delta (σ)	Limit	Temp (℃)	Date
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured					
450	43.50	45.32	0.870	0.904	4.18%	3.91%	±5%	22.4	2026/8/4
2450	39.20	39.48	1.800	1.813	0.71%	0.72%	±5%	22.7	2026/8/7

9.2. SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02,SAR system validadion status should be documented to confirm measurement accuracy.The SAR systems (including SAR probes,system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements.Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation,according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 and IEEE 1528-2013.Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent,each probe calibration point,using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

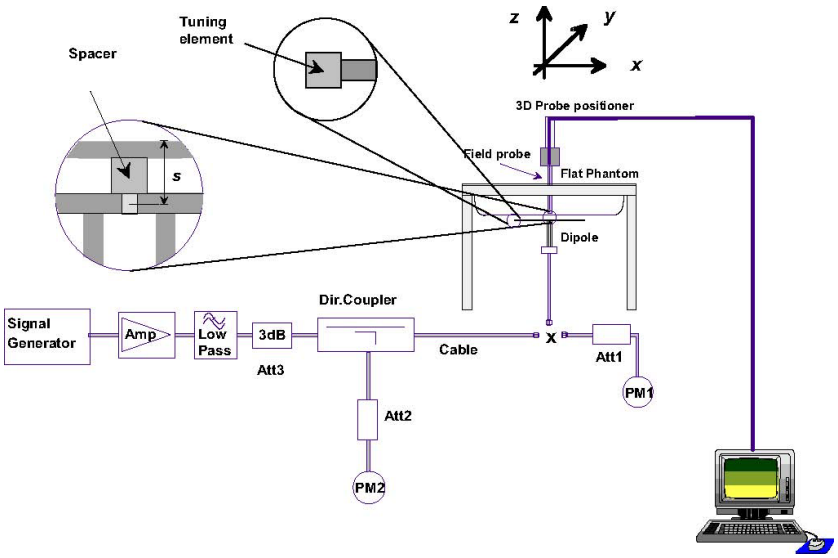
A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s),measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

9.3. System Check

SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy, according to the tissue dielectric media, probe calibration points and other system operating parameters required for measuring the SAR of a test device. The system verification must be performed for each frequency band and within the valid range of each probe calibration point required for testing the device. The same SAR probe(s) and tissue-equivalent media combinations used with each specific SAR system for system verification must be used for device testing. When multiple probe calibration points are required to cover substantially large transmission bands, independent system verifications are required for each probe calibration point. A system verification must be performed before each series of SAR measurements using the same probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium. Additional system verification should be considered according to the conditions of the tissue-equivalent medium and measured tissue dielectric parameters, typically every three to four days when the liquid parameters are re-measured or sooner when marginal liquid parameters are used at the beginning of a series of measurements.

System Performance Check Measurement Conditions:

- The measurements were performed in the flat section of the TWIN SAM or ELI phantom, shell thickness: 2.0±0.2 mm (bottom plate) filled with Body or Head simulating liquid of the following parameters.
- The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.
- The DASY system with an E-Field Probe was used for the measurements.
- The dipole was mounted on the small tripod so that the dipole feed point was positioned below the center marking of the flat phantom section and the dipole was oriented parallel to the body axis (the long side of the phantom). The standard measuring distance was 10 mm (above 1 GHz) and 15 mm (below 1 GHz) from dipole center to the simulating liquid surface.
- The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 15 mm was aligned with the dipole.
  For 5 GHz band - The coarse grid with a grid spacing of 10 mm was aligned with the dipole.
- Special 7x7x7 (below 3 GHz) and/or 8x8x7 (above 3 GHz) fine cube was chosen for the cube.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.



System Performance Check Setup

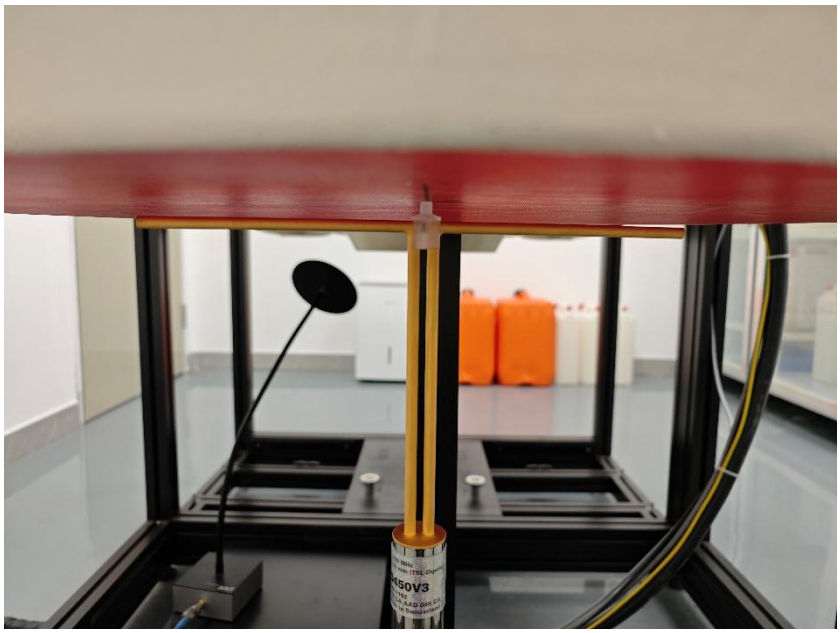


Photo of Dipole Setup

Measurement Results:

SAR System Check Result											
Frequency (MHz)	1g SAR			10g SAR			Delta (1g)	Delta (10g)	Limit	Temp (℃)	Date
	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW	Target 1W	Normalize to 1W	Measured 250mW					
450	4.61	4.88	1.22	3.08	3.33	0.833	5.86%	8.18%	±10%	23.1	2026/8/4
2450	53.40	48.40	12.10	24.70	23.00	5.75	-9.36%	-6.88%	±10%	23.5	2026/8/7

Note:

The 1-g and 10-g SAR measured with a reference dipole, using the required tissue-equivalent medium at the test frequency, must be within ±10% of the manufacturer calibrated dipole SAR target.

Plots of System Performance Check

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.,SAR Lab Date: 2026/8/4

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 450MHz

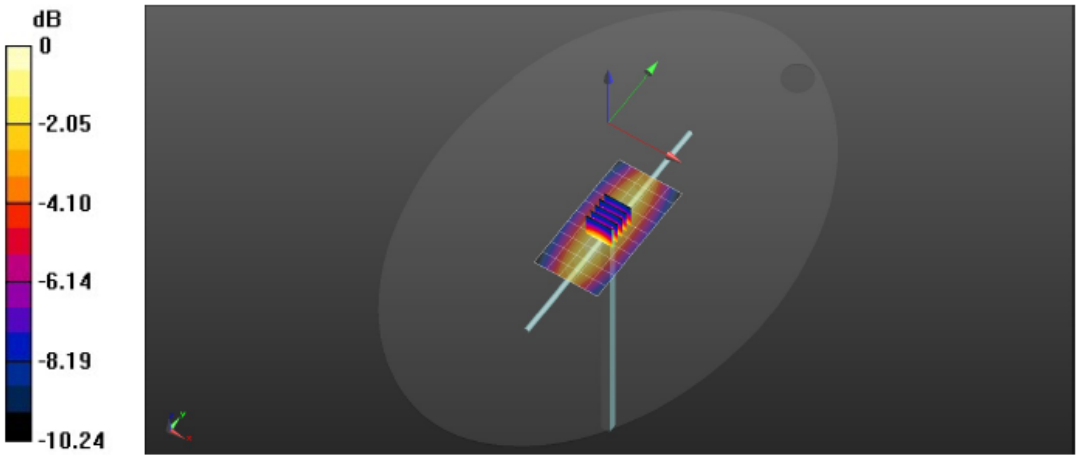
Communication System: UID 0, A-CW (0); Frequency: 450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 450 MHz; σ = 0.904 S/m; ε_r = 45.322; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient Temperature:23.1°C;Liquid Temperature:22.4°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(11.51, 11.51, 11.51) @ 462.637 MHz; Calibrated: 2025/11/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 2026/5/8
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (6x11x1):
Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.70 W/kg

Head/d=15mm, Pin=250mW, dist=1.4mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 47.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.833 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 16 mm)
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 61.8%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.92 W/kg



0 dB = 1.92 W/kg = 2.83 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.,SAR Lab Date: 2026/8/7

SystemPerformanceCheck-Head 2450MHz

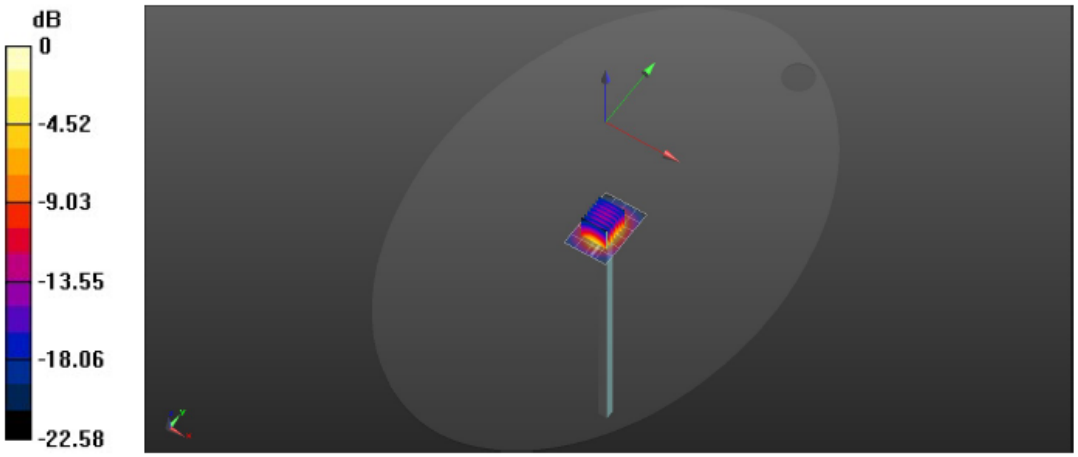
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.813 S/m; ε_r = 39.479; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient Temperature:23.5°C;Liquid Temperature:22.7°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2026/1/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 2026/5/8
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Head/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg

Head/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 92.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.75 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 9.5 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 49.9%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg



0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg

10. SAR Exposure Limits

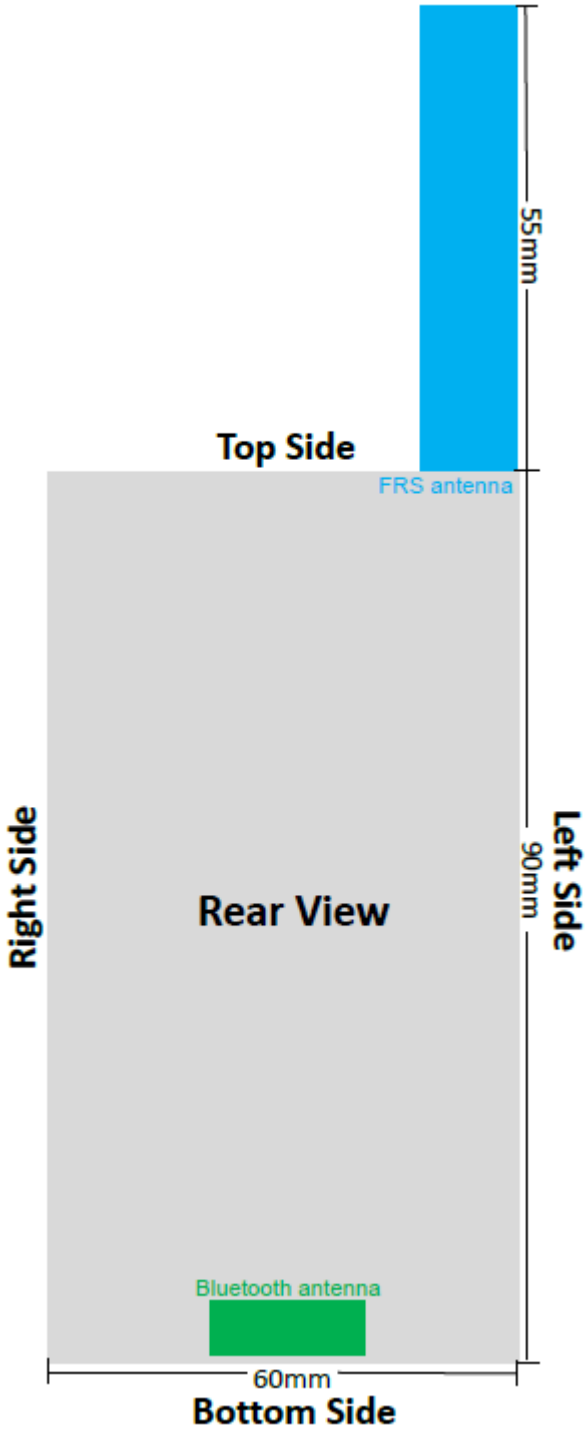
SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093.

Type Exposure	Limit (W/kg)	
	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	**1.6**	8.0
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

11. Antenna Location



12. Power Measurement Results and Tune-up

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D04

Please refer to Appendix Report

13. SAR Measurement Results

SAR measurement results please refer to Appendix Report

SAR Test Data Plots to the Appendix D.

14. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

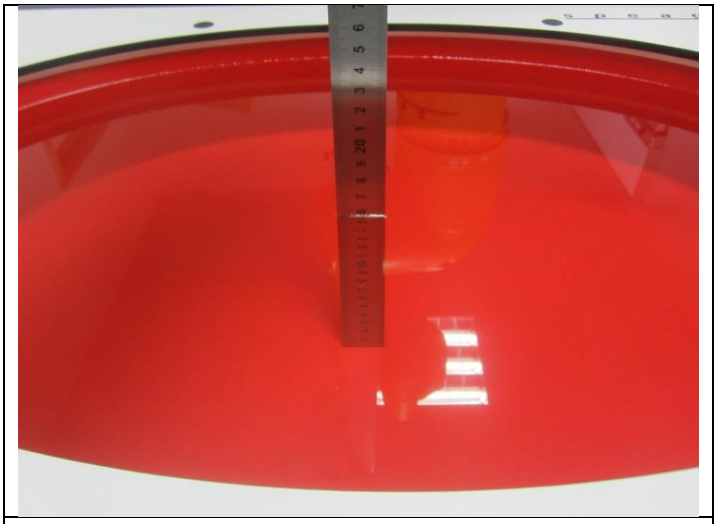
No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Front-of-face	Body-worn
1	FRS + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes

General note:
The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

Simultaneous Transmission data:

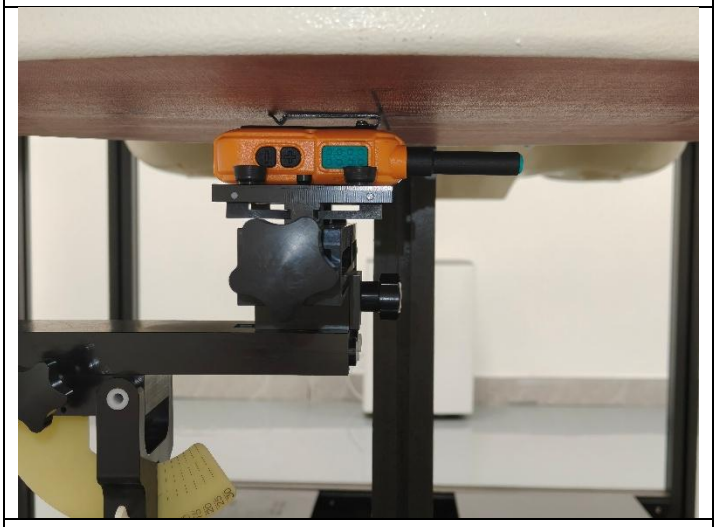
Please refer to Appendix Report

15. Test Setup Photos



Liquid depth in the flat Phantom

Front-of-face(25mm)



Body-worn With Belt Clip (0mm)

16. External Photos of the EUT

Please refer to the test report No.: CHTW26085020

--- End of Report ---

Appendix Report

Project No.	SHT2606090406W		
Test sample No.	YPHT26060904002	Model No.	SQDBT
Start test date	2026/8/4	Finish date	2026/8/7
Temperature	23.7°C	Humidity	57.6%
Test Engineer	Jiaxing Si	Auditor	Xiaodong Zhao

Appendix clause	Test Item	Result
A	Power Measurement Results	PASS
B	SAR Measurement Results	PASS
C	Simultaneous Transmission analysis Results	PASS

Appendix A:Power Measurement Results

FRS					
Mode	Channel Separation	Frequency		ERP (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)
		Channel	MHz		
Analog	12.5kHz	CH4	462.6375	31.51	32.00
		CH11	467.6375	25.56	26.00

Bluetooth							
Mode		Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Duty Cycle
BLE	GFSK	0	2402	6.93	6.22	6.50	84.86%
		19	2440	6.71	6.00	6.50	84.86%
		39	2480	6.31	5.56	6.00	85.20%

Appendix B:SAR Measurement Results - Front-of-face

FRS

Mode	Channel Separation	Test Position	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency		ERP (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	75% Duty SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
				CH	MHz								
Analog	12.5kHz	Front	25	CH4	462.6375	31.51	32.00	1.119	-0.02	0.221	0.247	0.186	1
				CH11	467.6375	25.56	26.00	1.107	-0.11	0.035	0.039	0.029	-

Bluetooth

Mode	Test Position	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up scaling factor	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g)	Report SAR(1g)	Plot No.
			CH	MHz							(W/kg)	(W/kg)	
GFSK	Front	25	0	2402	6.22	6.50	1.067	84.86%	1.178	0.09	0.001	0.001	2
			19	2440	6.00	6.50	1.122	84.86%	1.178	-	-	-	-
			39	2480	5.56	6.00	1.107	85.20%	1.174	-	-	-	-

Appendix B:SAR Measurement Results - Body-worn

FRS													
Mode	Channel Separation	Test Position	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency		ERP (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	75% Duty SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
				CH	MHz								
Analog	12.5kHz	Back(With Belt Clip)	0	CH4	462.6375	31.51	32.00	1.119	-0.04	0.947	1.060	0.795	3
				CH11	467.6375	25.56	26.00	1.107	-0.04	0.132	0.146	0.110	-

Bluetooth													
Mode	Test Position	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up scaling factor	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Plot No.
			CH	MHz									
GFSK	Back(With Belt Clip)	0	0	2402	6.22	6.50	1.067	84.86%	1.178	0.07	0.002	0.003	4
			19	2440	6.00	6.50	1.122	84.86%	1.178	-	-	-	-
			39	2480	5.56	6.00	1.107	85.20%	1.174	-	-	-	-

Appendix C: Simultaneous Transmission analysis Results

Front-of-face					
FRS Mode	Channel Separation	Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		Summed SAR
			FRS	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
Analog	12.5kHz	Front	0.186	0.001	0.187

Body-worn					
FRS Mode	Channel Separation	Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		Summed SAR
			FRS	Bluetooth	(W/kg)
Analog	12.5kHz	Back(With Belt Clip)	0.795	0.003	0.798

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.,SAR Lab Date: 2026/8/4

Analog-12.5kHz Front-of-face

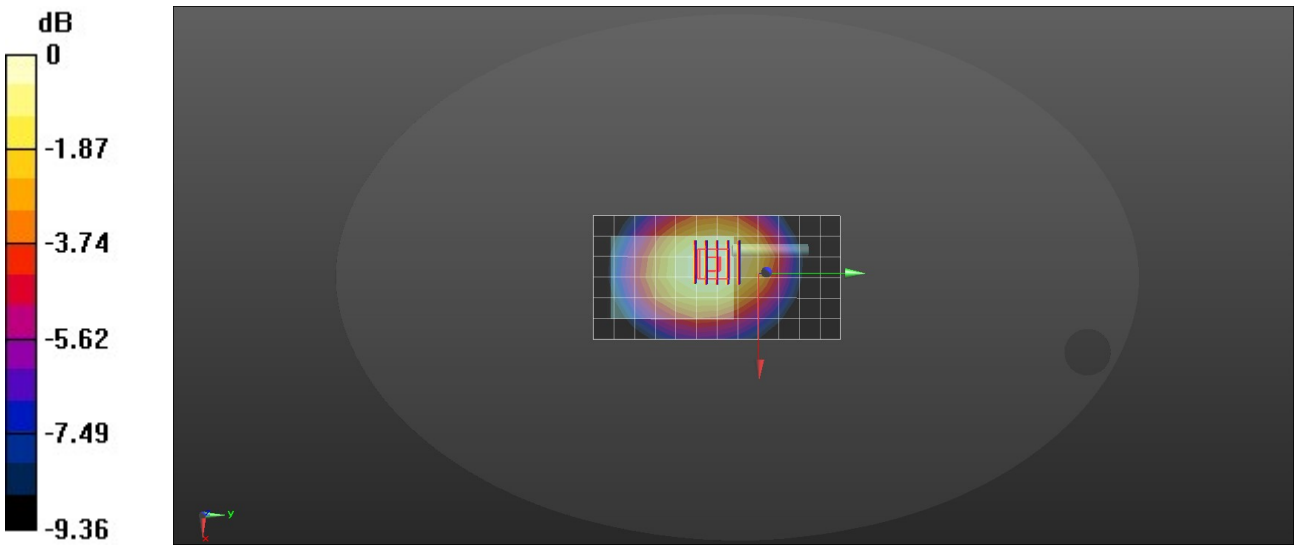
Communication System: UID 0, Analog (0); Frequency: 462.637 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 463 MHz; σ = 0.913 S/m; ε_r = 45.135; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient Temperature:23.1°C;Liquid Temperature:22.4°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(11.51, 11.51, 11.51) @ 462.637 MHz; Calibrated: 2025/11/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 2026/5/8
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Front 25mm/CH4/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 W/kg

Front 25mm/CH4/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 17.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.342 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.221 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 16 mm)
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.8%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.292 W/kg



0 dB = 0.292 W/kg = -5.35 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.,SAR Lab Date: 2026/8/7

Bluetooth Front-of-face

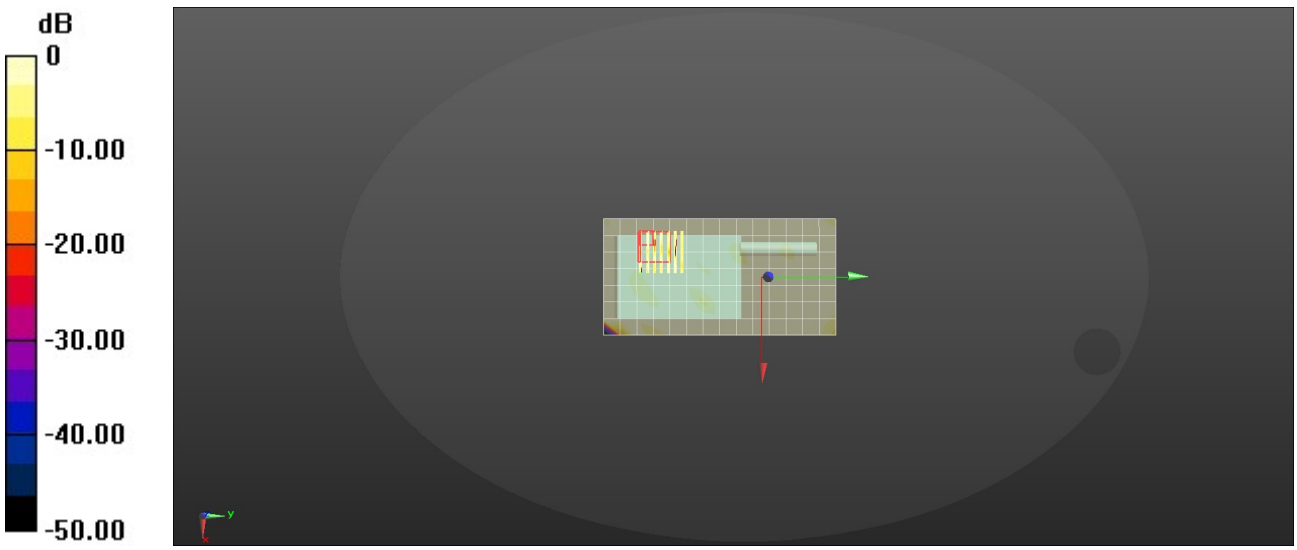
Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.77 S/m; ε_r = 39.565; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient Temperature:23.5°C;Liquid Temperature:22.7°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 2026/1/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 2026/5/8
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Front 25mm/CH0/Area Scan (8x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00366 W/kg

Front 25mm/CH0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00225 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.001 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.001 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm)
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 43.9%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00228 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00228 W/kg = -26.42 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.,SAR Lab Date: 2026/8/4

Analog-12.5kHz Body-worn

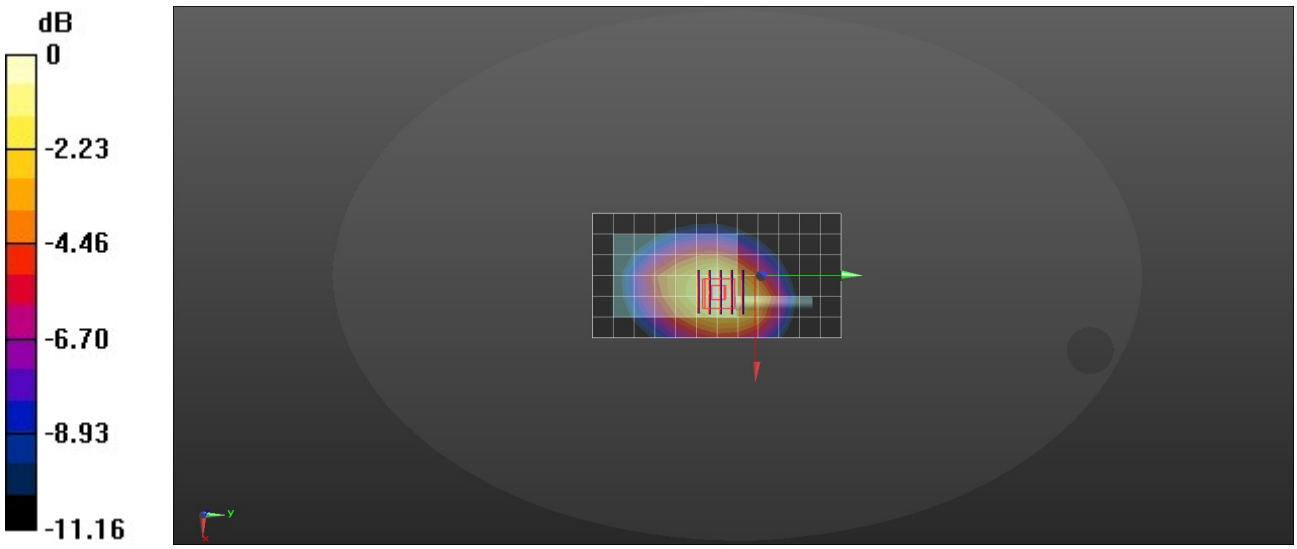
Communication System: UID 0, Analog (0); Frequency: 462.637 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 463 MHz; σ = 0.913 S/m; ε_r = 45.135; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient Temperature:23.1°C;Liquid Temperature:22.4°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7494; ConvF(11.51, 11.51, 11.51) @ 462.637 MHz; Calibrated: 2025/11/27
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 2026/5/8
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Back(With Belt Clip) 0mm/CH4/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg

Back(With Belt Clip) 0mm/CH4/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.947 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.623 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 19.5 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 60.1%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg



0 dB = 1.35 W/kg = 1.30 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.,SAR Lab Date: 2026/8/7

Bluetooth Body-worn

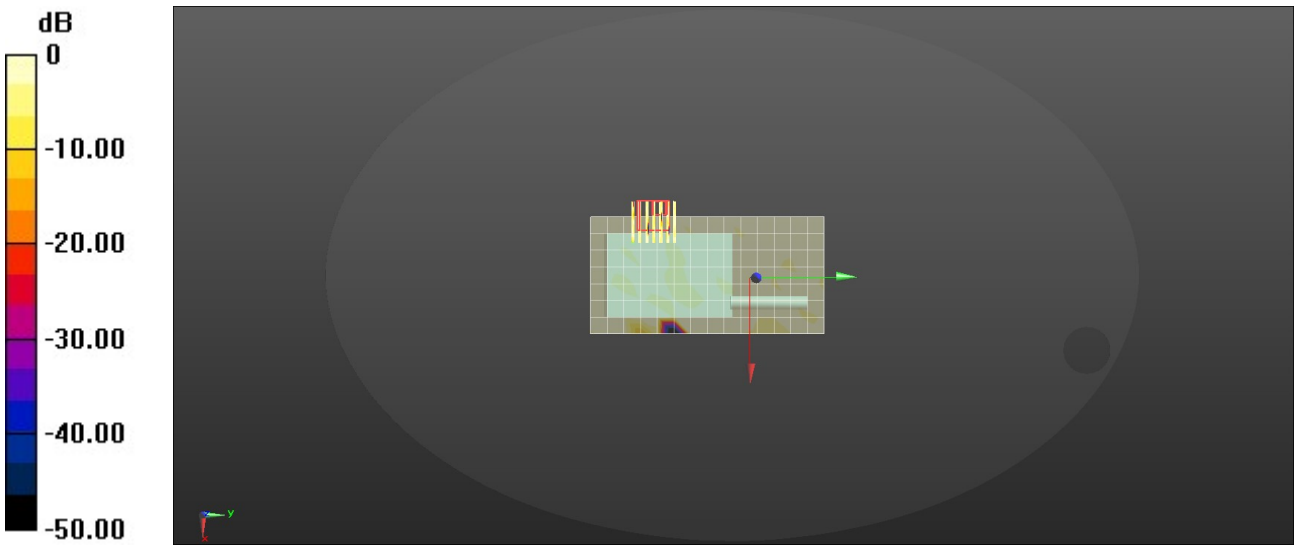
Communication System: UID 0, Generic BT (0); Frequency: 2402 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: f = 2402 MHz; σ = 1.77 S/m; ε_r = 39.565; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Ambient Temperature:23.5°C;Liquid Temperature:22.7°C;

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3842; ConvF(7.25, 7.25, 7.25) @ 2402 MHz; Calibrated: 2026/1/7
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1549; Calibrated: 2026/5/8
- Phantom: ELI V8.0 ; Type: QD OVA 004 AA ; Serial: 2078
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Back(With Belt Clip) 0mm/CH0/Area Scan (8x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00370 W/kg

Back(With Belt Clip) 0mm/CH0/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00814 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.002 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.001 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below: Larger than measurement grid (> 15 mm)
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 64.5%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00243 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00243 W/kg = -26.14 dBW/kg