



12/10/2025

To: Federal Communications Commission
Office of Engineering and Technology Laboratory Division

7435 Oakland Mills Road
Columbia, MD 21046

Confidentiality Request regarding application for certification of **FCC ID: 2AU5C-VIPSR06**

Pursuant to Sections 0.457(d)(1)(ii) and 0.459 of the Commission's Rules and FCC Guidance document 726920, we hereby request confidential treatment of information accompanying this application as outlined below:

PERMANENT LONG-TERM CONFIDENTIALITY:

Schematics
Block Diagrams
Theory of Operation

The above information contains trade secrets and proprietary information not customarily released to the public. The public disclosure of this information might be harmful to the applicant and provide unjustified benefits to its competitors.

The Applicant understands that pursuant to Rule 0.457(d)(1)(ii), disclosure of this Application and all accompanying materials will not be made before the date of the Grant for this Application.

Pursuant to DA04-1705 June 15, 2004 of the Commission's public notice, we also require temporary confidential treatment of information accompanying this application as outlined below for a period of 180 days:

SHORT-TERM CONFIDENTIALITY:

Internal Photos

Temporary confidentiality for 180 days from public disclosure is important for Racelogic Limited. from a commercial perspective. It enables the company to complete its development and regulatory efforts prior to introducing the product to the marketplace. Releasing information on the product via the FCC website prior to formal market introduction can be confusing to our customers and places the company at a competitive disadvantage.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Simon Hooper", on a light blue rectangular background.

Simon Hooper

Head Office: Unit 10, Swan Business Centre
Osier Way, Buckingham, Bucks MK18 1TB, England

Long Term Confidentiality request

Pursuant to 47 CFR 0.457(d) of the FCC Rules, information that is considered "trade secret" and not routinely available to the public may be withheld from public inspection if a request for non-disclosure is submitted pursuant to 47 CFR 0.459. This process is called requesting confidentiality. Any exhibit NOT granted confidentiality is viewable on our Website as soon as a grant is issued. We strongly suggest that applicants be informed of this *before* a grant of equipment authorization is issued.

A request for confidentiality should reference the rule sections listed above; contain a reason that the material should be withheld from public inspection; identify the specific information by exhibit type, name, and description; explain why the information is a "trade secret;" and state whether this information is publicly available anywhere else. "Trade secret" information is information obtained at considerable company expense and is not normally released to any party or person outside that company.

Once confidentiality is approved, the information will be held confidential as long as the FCC retains the information or until a request for inspection is filed and approved per 47 CFR 0.461.

Exhibits Eligible for Confidentiality

Exhibit types that are commonly held confidential are: (1) schematic diagrams, (2) detailed block diagrams, (3) detailed operational descriptions, (4) parts lists, and (5) tune up procedures.

Internal photos and user's manual exhibits, while not typically held confidential, may be eligible for confidentiality in certain circumstances. Additional justification must be provided in these cases. For example, internal photos of a consumer device may be held confidential when the circuit board is enclosed in epoxy or some sort of material that would destroy the circuit board if it was removed. Alternatively, internal photos of a consumer device may be held confidential if the device is sealed and disassembly would destroy the product. Another example is when a non-consumer device is not accessible by the general public, such as a device mounted on the top of a large tower (or in a fenced enclosure) that is only serviceable by the licensee or his designated technicians. Finally, a user's manual may be held confidential when the manual is very technical and is not provided to the consumer because the consumer cannot service the device.