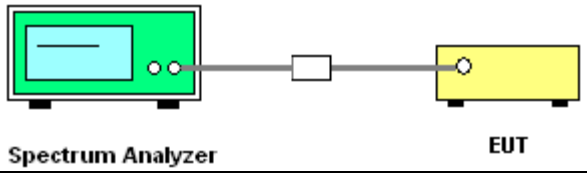
6.6. Hopping Channel Number

6.6.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
Limit:	Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 3. Enable the EUT hopping function. 4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = the frequency band of operation; set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller; VBW≥RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 5. The number of hopping frequency used is defined as the number of total channel. 6. Record the measurement data in report.
Test Result:	PASS

6.6.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100619	Sep. 11, 2021
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 11, 2021
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 11, 2021

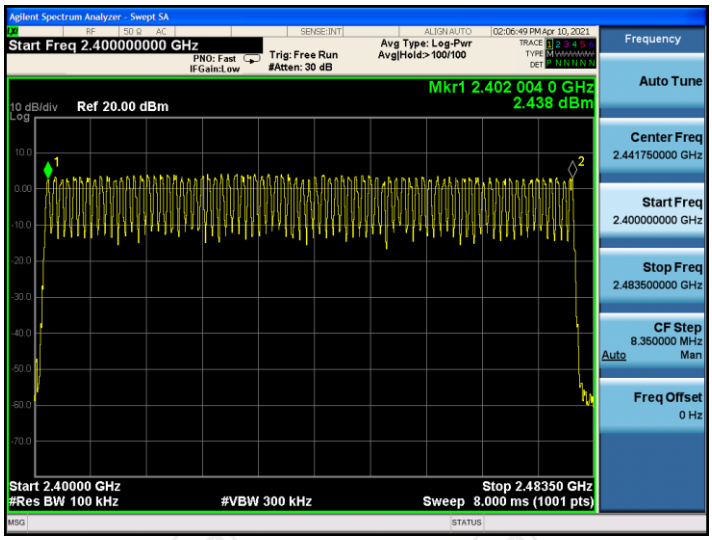
Note: *The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).*

6.6.3. Test data

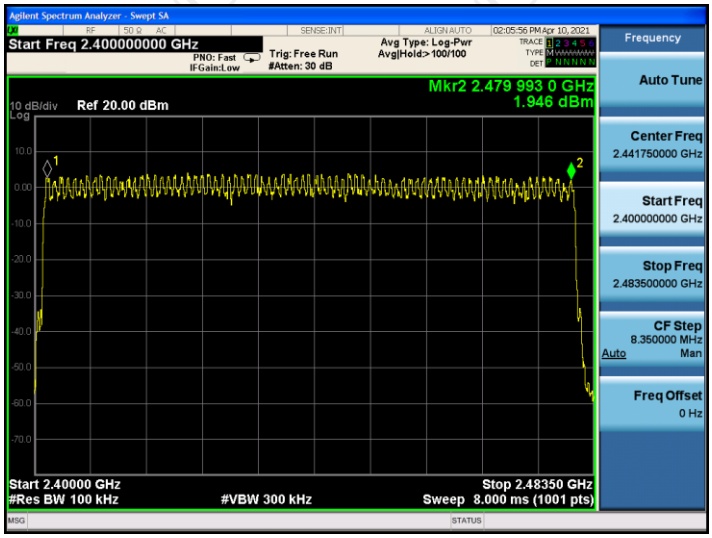
Mode	Hopping channel numbers	Limit	Result
GFSK, Pi/4DQPSK, 8DPSK	79	15	PASS

Test plots as follows:

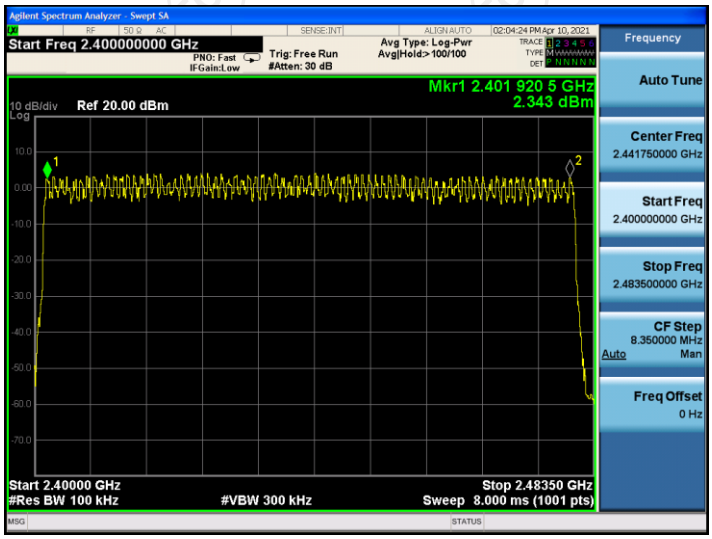
GFSK



Pi/4DQPSK

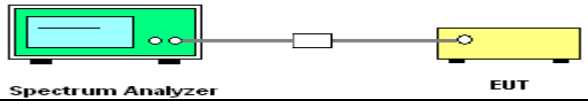


8DPSK



6.7. Dwell Time

6.7.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
Limit:	The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Hopping mode
Test Procedure:	1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 3. Enable the EUT hopping function. 4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel; RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel; VBW≥RBW; Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold. 5. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

6.7.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100619	Sep. 11, 2021
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 11, 2021
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 11, 2021

Note: *The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).*

6.7.3. Test Data

Mode	Packet	Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops)	Package Transfer Time (ms)	Dwell time (second)	Limit (second)	Result
GFSK	DH1	320	0.616	0.197	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH3	160	1.896	0.303	0.4	PASS
GFSK	DH5	106.67	3.144	0.335	0.4	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	2-DH1	320	0.607	0.194	0.4	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	2-DH3	160	1.878	0.300	0.4	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	2-DH5	106.67	3.128	0.334	0.4	PASS
8DPSK	3-DH1	320	0.608	0.195	0.4	PASS
8DPSK	3-DH3	160	1.884	0.301	0.4	PASS
8DPSK	3-DH5	106.67	3.124	0.333	0.4	PASS

Note: *1. In normal mode, hopping rate is 1600 hops/s with 6 slots in 79 hopping channels.*

For DH1, With channel hopping rate (1600 / 2 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 2 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 320 hops

For DH3, With channel hopping rate (1600 / 4 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 4 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 160 hops

For DH5, With channel hopping rate (1600 / 6 / 79) in Occupancy Time Limit (0.4 x 79) (s), Hops Over Occupancy Time comes to (1600 / 6 / 79) x (0.4 x 79) = 106.67 hops

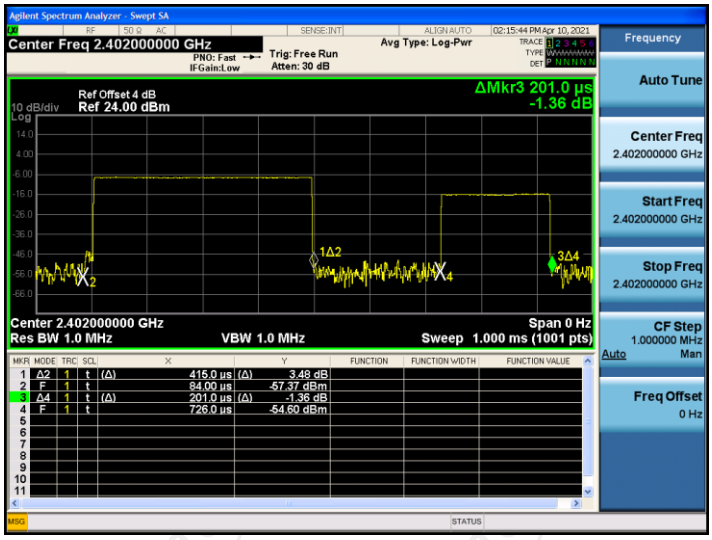
2. Dwell Time(s) = Hops Over Occupancy Time (hops) x Package Transfer Time

Test plots as follows:

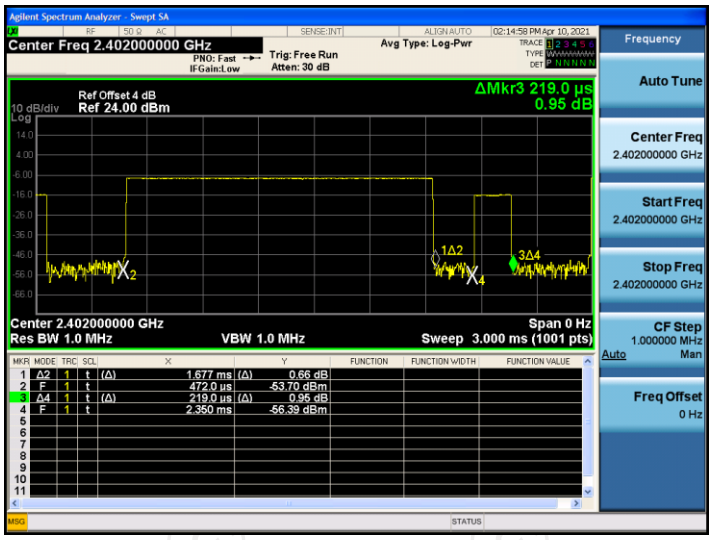
Hotline: 400-6611-140 Tel: 86-755-27673339 Fax: 86-755-27673332 http://www.tct-lab.com

GFSK

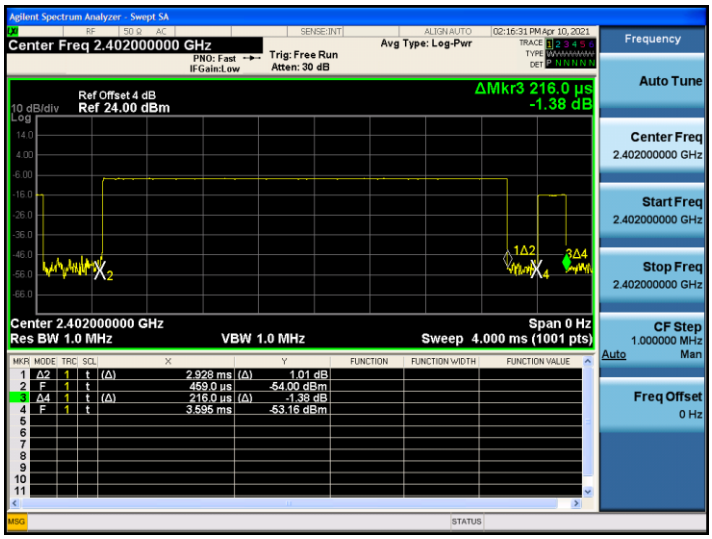
DH1



DH3

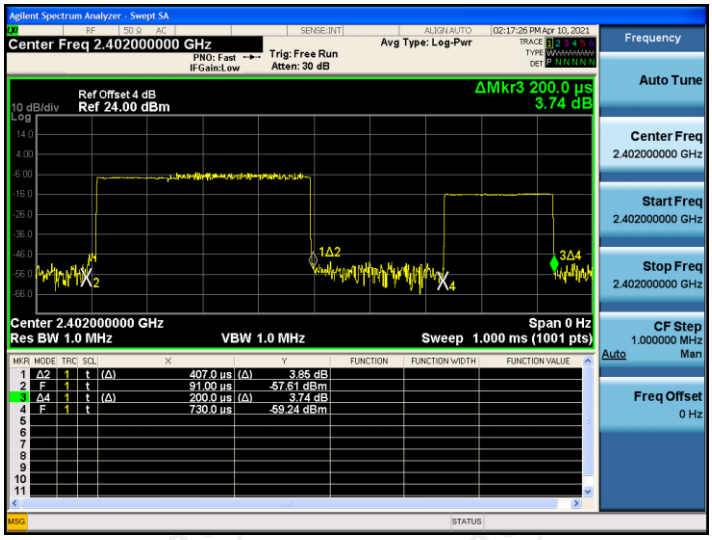


DH5

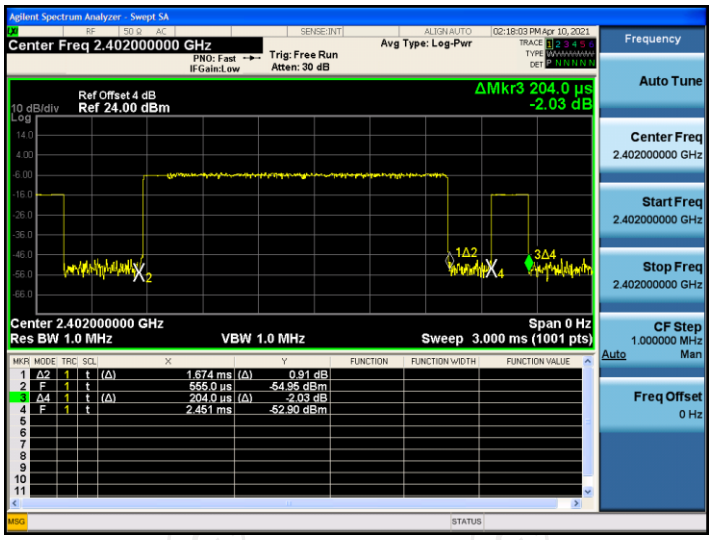


Pi/4DQPSK

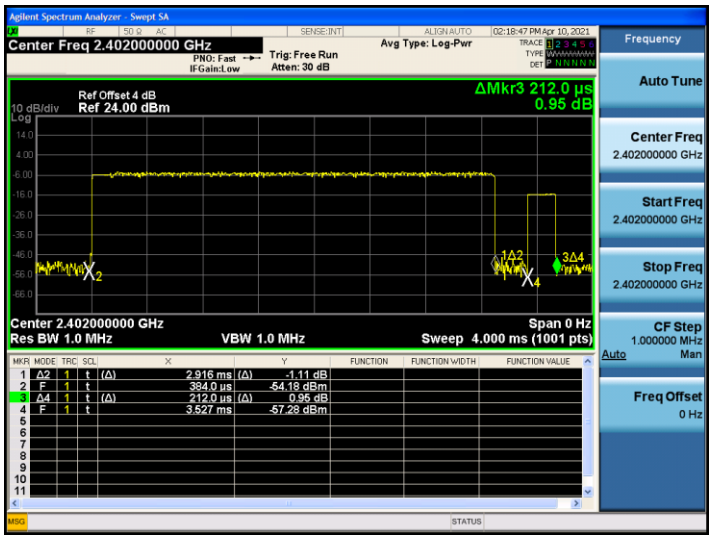
2-DH1



2-DH3

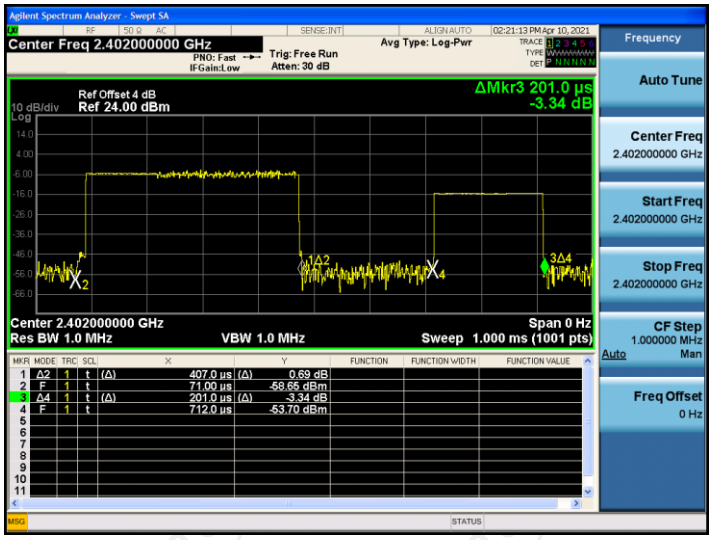


2-DH5

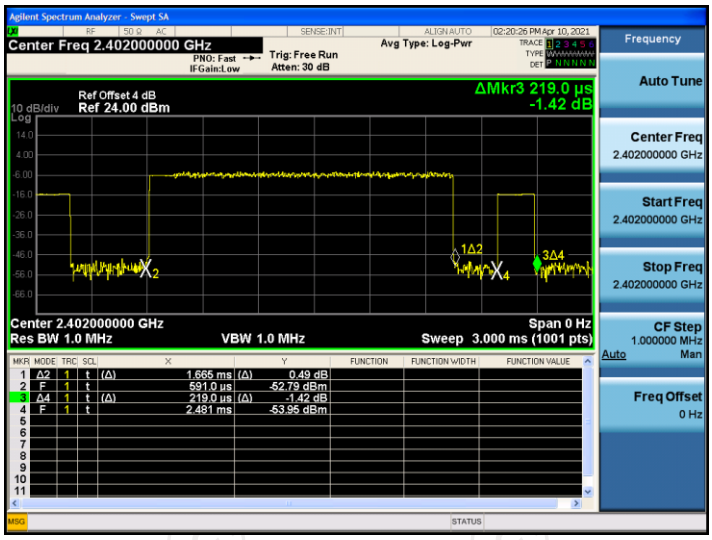


8DPSK

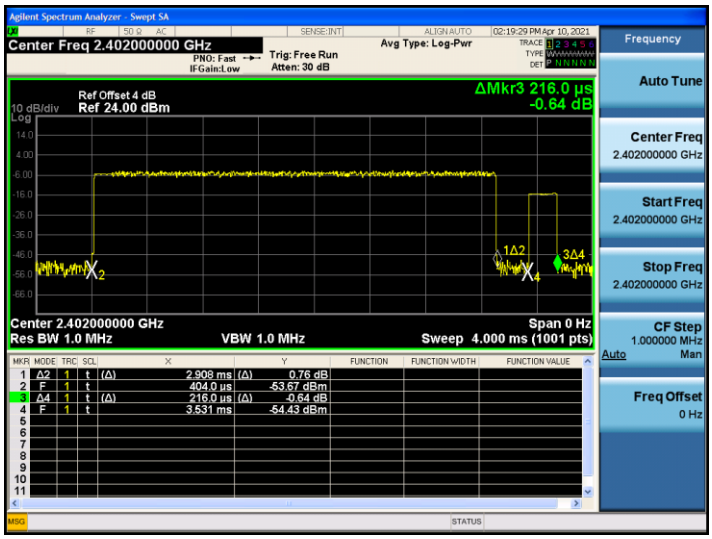
3-DH1



3-DH3



3-DH5



6.8. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

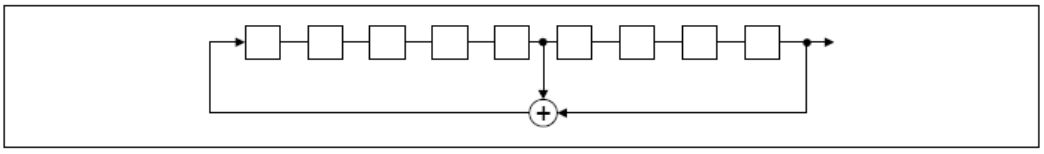
Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1) requirement:

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.
Alternatively. Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

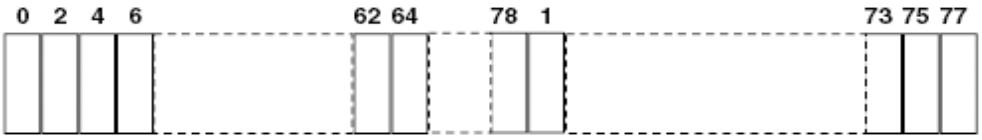
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first one of 9 consecutive ones; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: 2^9 -1 = 511 bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

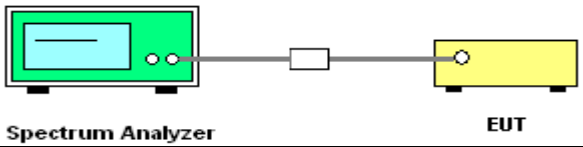
An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.
The system receivers have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

6.9. Conducted Band Edge Measurement

6.9.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	1. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 2. Set RBW = 100 kHz (≥1% span=10MHz), VBW = 300 kHz (≥RBW). Band edge emissions must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100kHz RBW. The attenuation shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB when RMS conducted output power procedure is used. 3. Enable hopping function of the EUT and then repeat step 2 and 3. 4. Measure and record the results in the test report.
Test Result:	PASS

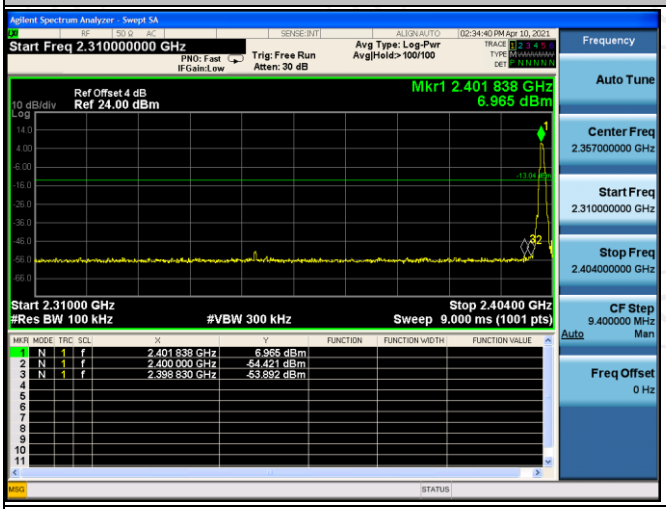
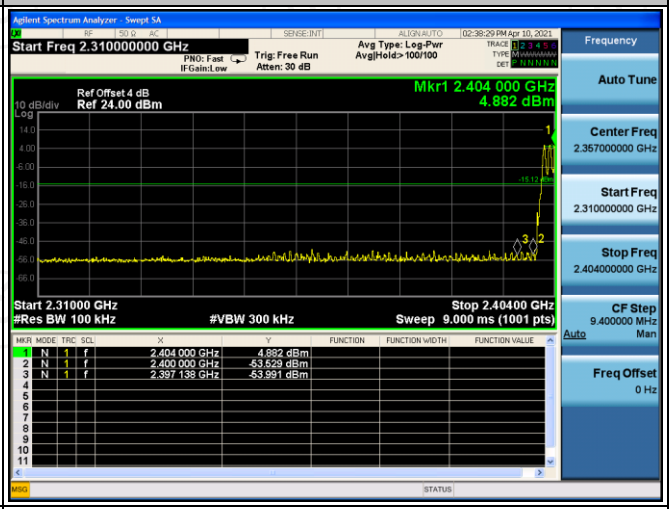
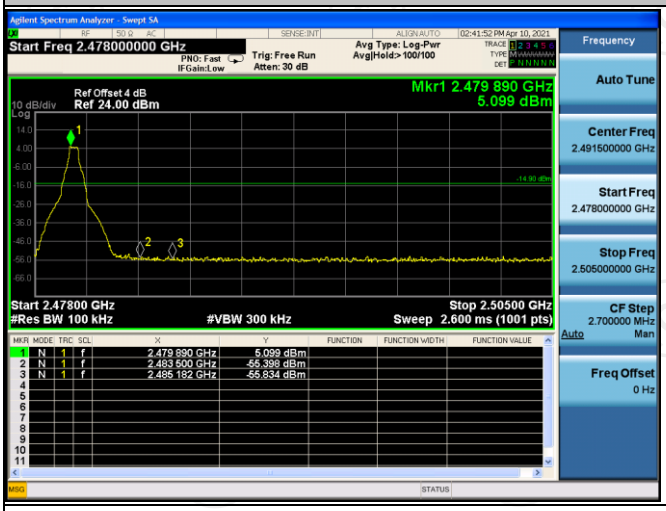
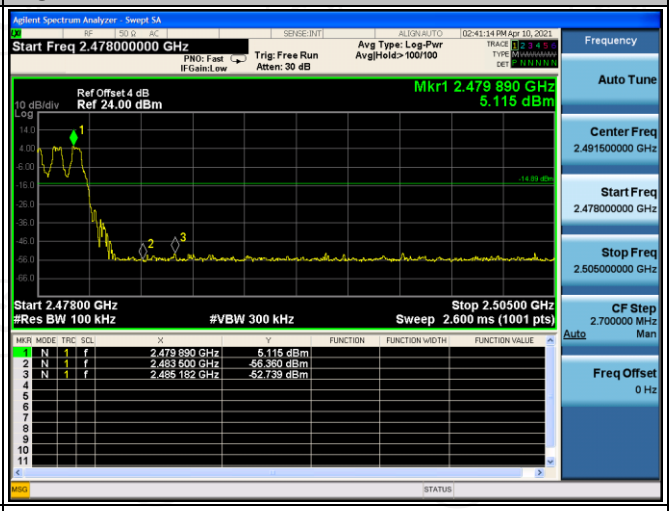
6.9.2. Test Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100619	Sep. 11, 2021
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 11, 2021
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 11, 2021

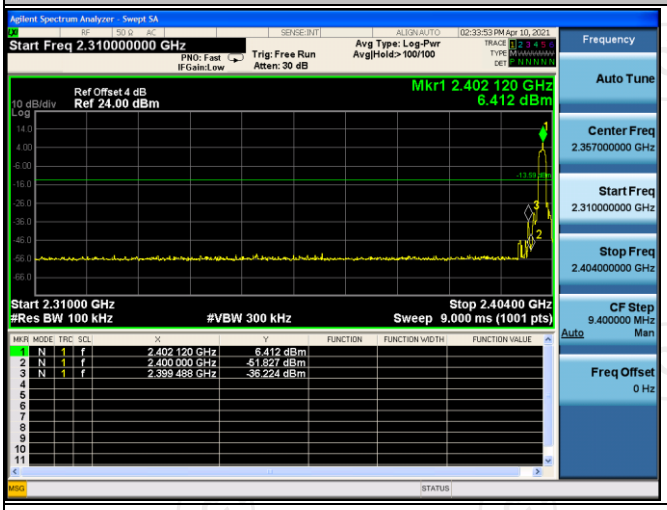
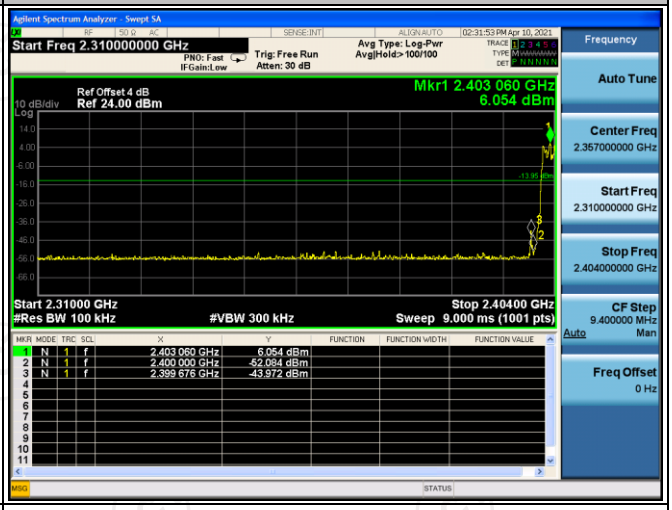
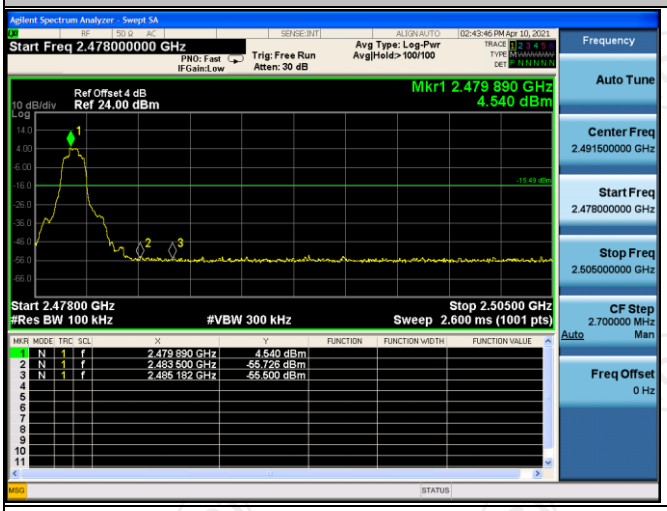
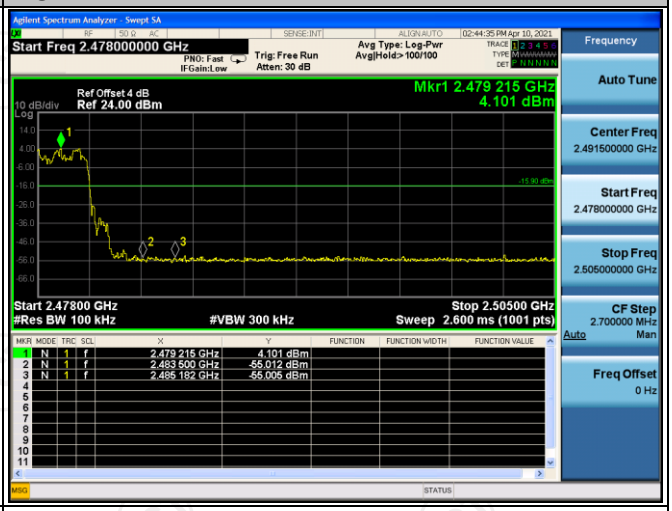
Note: *The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).*

6.9.3. Test Data

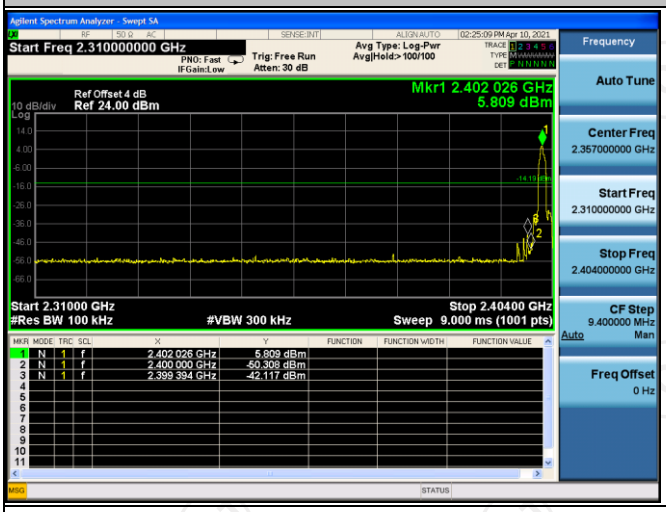
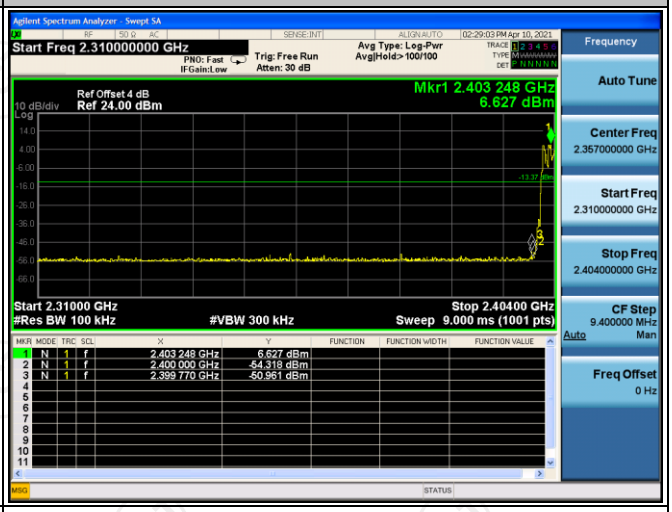
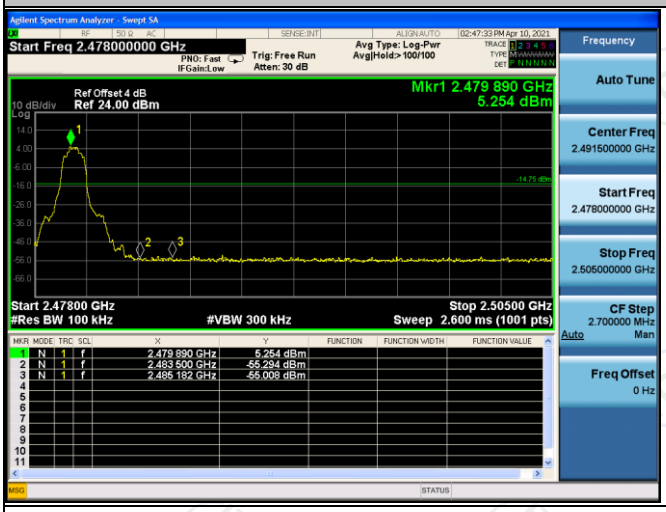
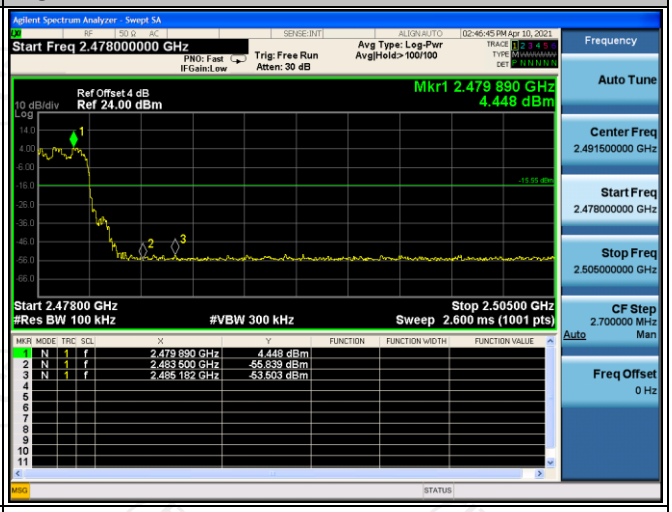
GFSK Modulation

Test channel:	Lowest channel
	
No-hopping mode	Hopping mode
Test channel:	**Highest channel**
	
No-hopping mode	Hopping mode

Pi/4DQPSK Modulation

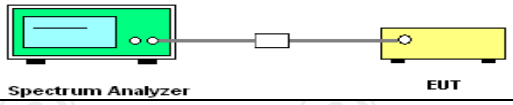
Test channel:	Lowest channel
	
No-hopping mode	Hopping mode
Test channel:	**Highest channel**
	
No-hopping mode	Hopping mode

8DPSK Modulation

Test channel:	Lowest channel
	
No-hopping mode	Hopping mode
Test channel:	Highest channel
	
No-hopping mode	Hopping mode

6.10. Conducted Spurious Emission Measurement

6.10.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d)
Test Method:	KDB 558074 D01 v05r02
Limit:	In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the intentional radiation frequency band, the radio frequency power shall be at least 20 dB below the highest level of the radiated power. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands must also comply with the radiated emission limits.
Test Setup:	
Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	1. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 2. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 3. Set RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300kHz, scan up through 10th harmonic. All harmonics / spurs must be at least 20 dB down from the highest emission level within the authorized band as measured with a 100 kHz RBW. 4. Measure and record the results in the test report. 5. The RF fundamental frequency should be excluded against the limit line in the operating frequency band.
Test Result:	PASS

6.10.2. Test Instruments

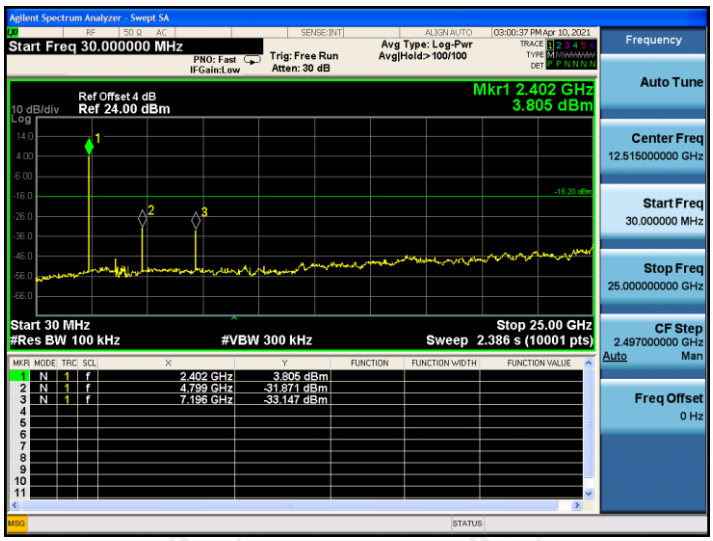
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Due
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100619	Sep. 11, 2021
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSQ40	200061	Sep. 11, 2021
RF Cable (9KHz-26.5GHz)	TCT	RE-06	N/A	Sep. 11, 2021
Antenna Connector	TCT	RFC-01	N/A	Sep. 11, 2021

Note: *The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).*

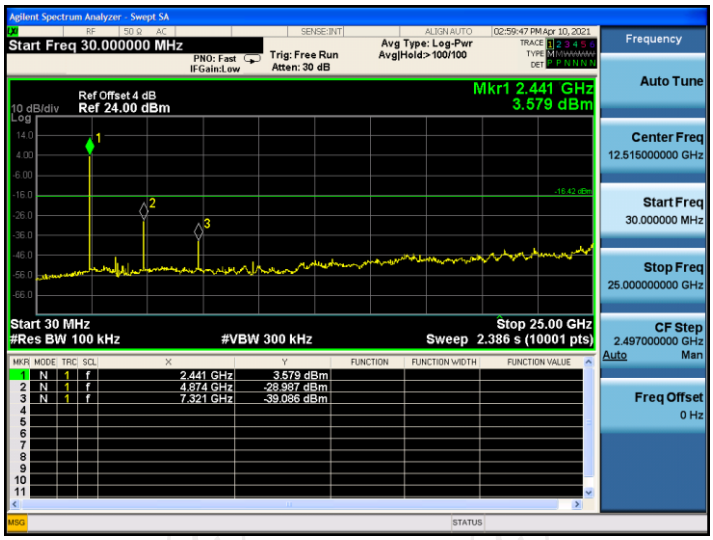
6.10.3. Test Data

GFSK mode

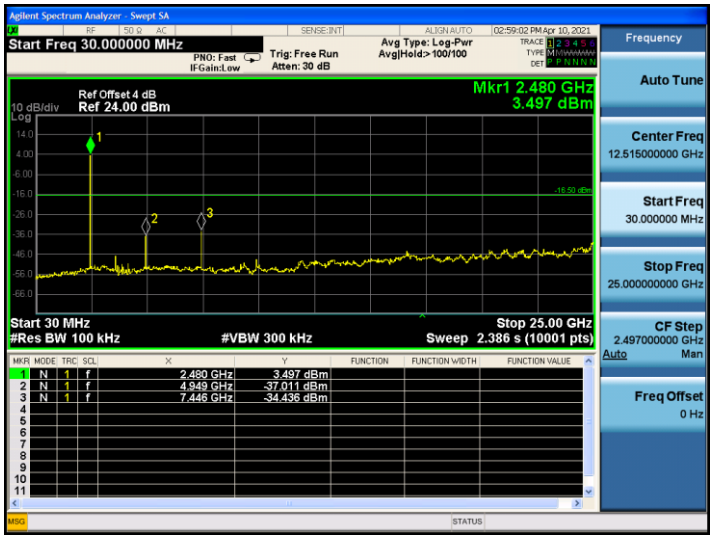
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel

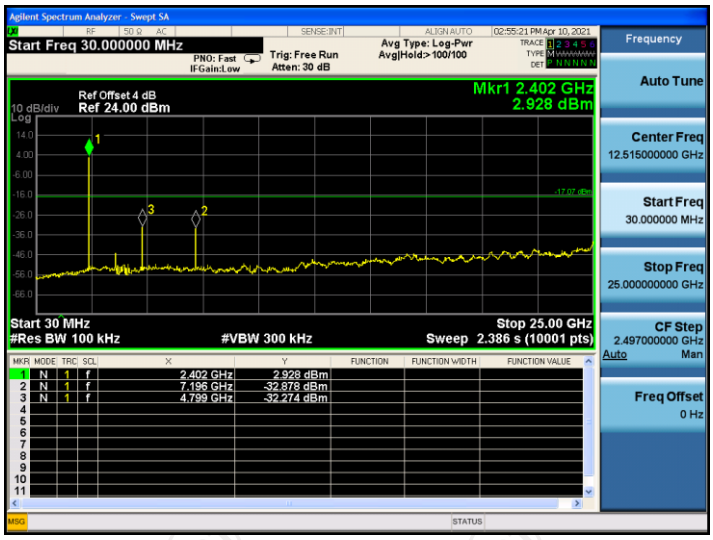


Highest Channel

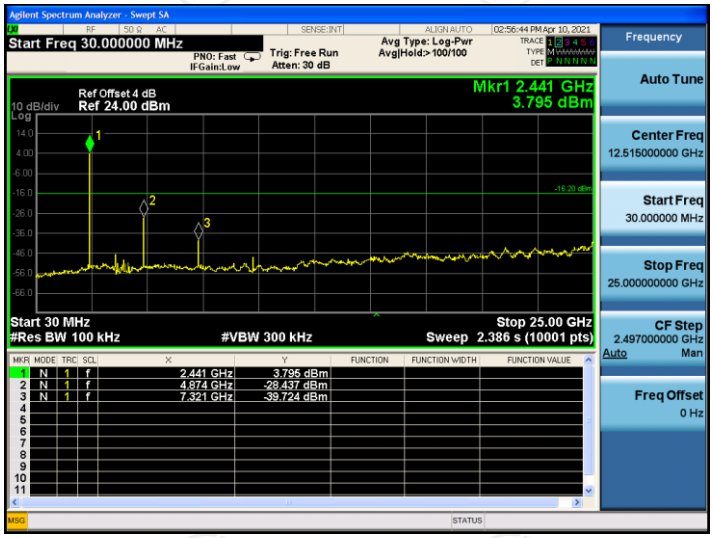


Pi/4DQPSK mode

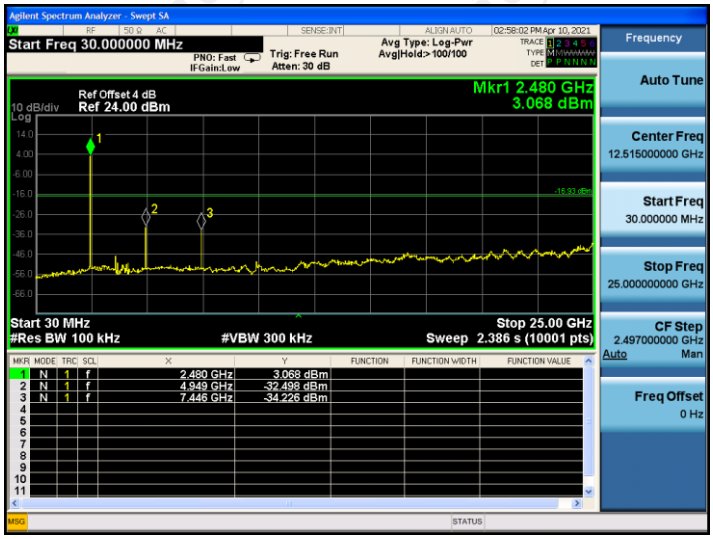
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel

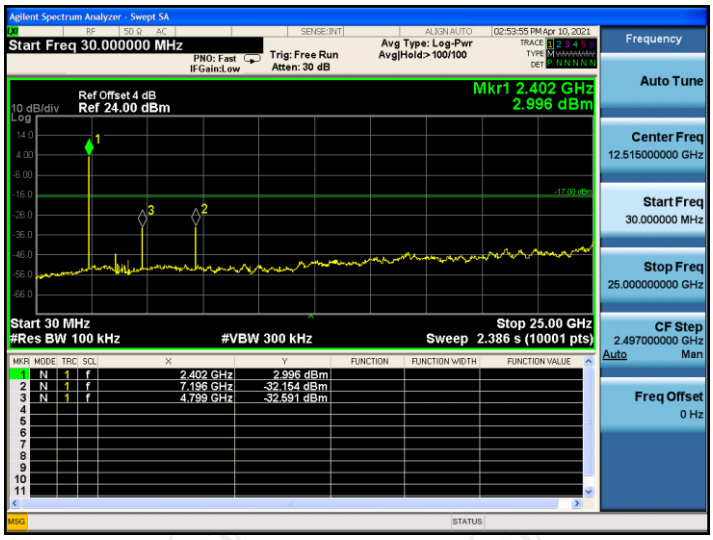


Highest Channel

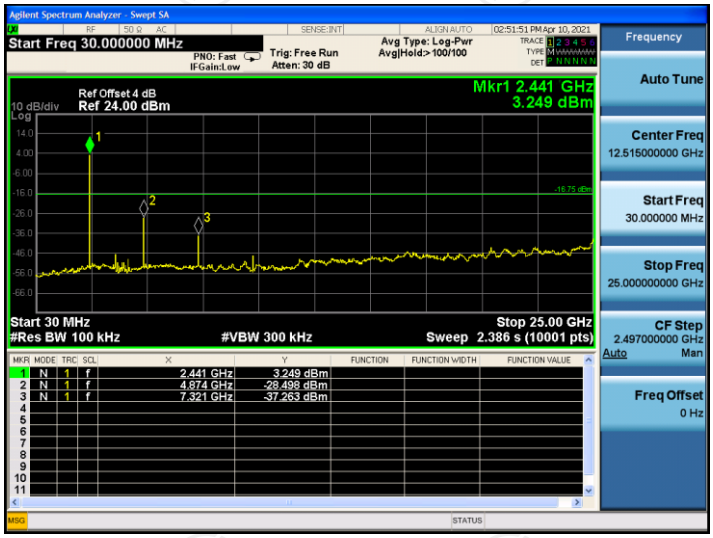


8DPSK mode

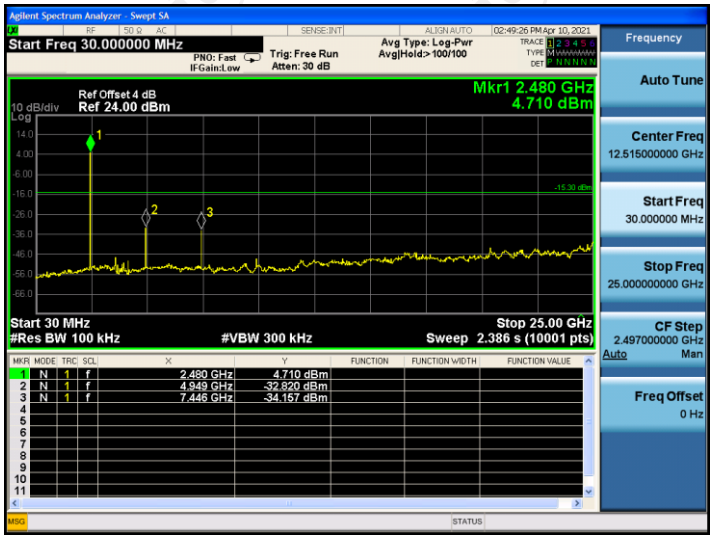
Lowest Channel



Middle Channel



Highest Channel



6.11. Radiated Spurious Emission Measurement

6.11.1. Test Specification

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.209
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Frequency Range:	9 kHz to 25 GHz
Measurement Distance:	3 m
Antenna Polarization:	Horizontal & Vertical

Receiver Setup:

Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
9kHz- 150kHz	Quasi-peak	200Hz	1kHz	Quasi-peak Value
150kHz-30MHz	Quasi-peak	9kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak Value
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120KHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak Value
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak Value
	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average Value

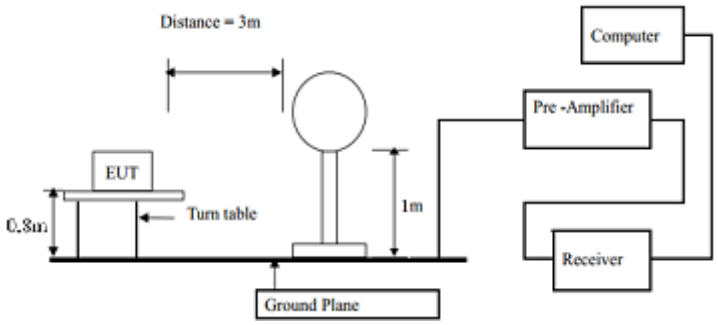
Limit:

Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490-1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705-30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

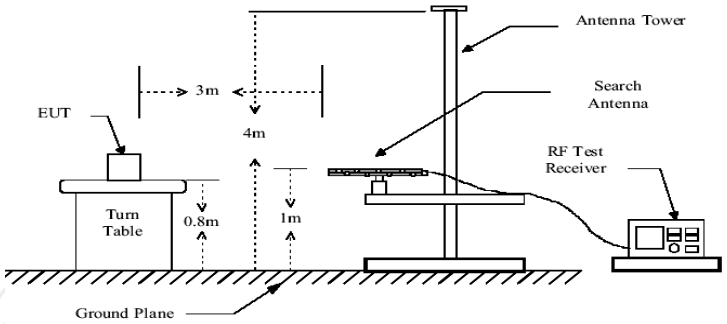
Frequency	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)	Detector
Above 1GHz	500	3	Average
	5000	3	Peak

Test setup:

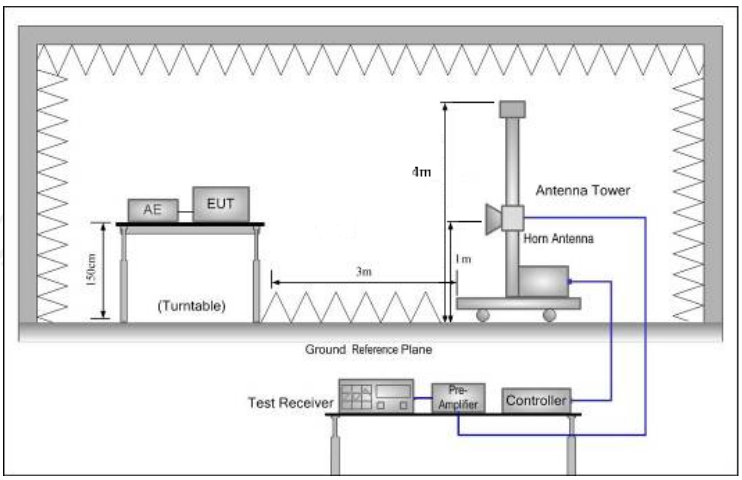
For radiated emissions below 30MHz



30MHz to 1GHz



Above 1GHz



Test Mode:	Transmitting mode with modulation
Test Procedure:	1. The testing follows the guidelines in Spurious Radiated Emissions of ANSI C63.10:2013 Measurement Guidelines. 2. For the radiated emission test below 1GHz: The EUT was placed on a turntable with 0.8 meter above ground. The EUT was set 3 meters from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable height antenna tower. The EUT was arranged to its worst case and then tune the antenna tower (from 1 m to 4 m) and turntable (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading. A pre-amp and a high PASS filter are used for the test in order to get better signal level. For the radiated emission test above 1GHz: Place the measurement antenna on a turntable with 1.5 meter above ground, which is away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission

	and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings: (1) Span shall wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured; (2) Set RBW=120 kHz for f < 1 GHz, RBW=1MHz for f>1GHz ; VBW≥RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak; Trace = max hold for peak (3) For average measurement: use duty cycle correction factor method per 15.35(c). Duty cycle = On time/100 milliseconds On time =N1*L1+N2*L2+...+Nn-1*LNn-1+Nn*Ln Where N1 is number of type 1 pulses, L1 is length of type 1 pulses, etc. Average Emission Level = Peak Emission Level + 20*log(Duty cycle) Corrected Reading: Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Read Level - Preamp Factor = Level
Test results:	PASS

6.11.2. Test Instruments

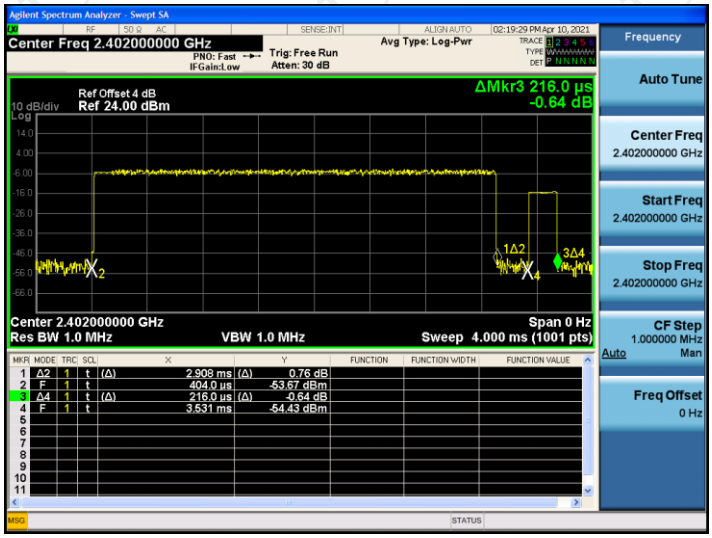
Radiated Emission Test Site (966)				
Name of Equipment	**Manufacturer**	**Model**	**Serial Number**	**Calibration Due**
Test Receiver	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESIB7	100197	Jul. 27, 2021
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSQ40	200061	Sep. 11, 2021
Pre-amplifier	EM Electronics Corporation CO.,LTD	EM30265	07032613	Sep. 02, 2021
Pre-amplifier	HP	8447D	2727A05017	Sep. 02, 2021
Loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	12024	Sep. 05, 2022
Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	340	Sep. 04, 2022
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	631	Sep. 04, 2022
Horn Antenna	A-INFO	LB-180400-KF	J211020657	Sep. 04, 2022
Antenna Mast	Keleto	RE-AM	N/A	N/A
Line-4	RE-high-04	TCT	N/A	Sep. 02, 2021
Line-8	RE-01	TCT	N/A	Jul. 27, 2021
EMI Test Software	Shurple Technology	EZ-EMC	N/A	N/A

Note: *The calibration interval of the above test instruments is 12 months and the calibrations are traceable to international system unit (SI).*

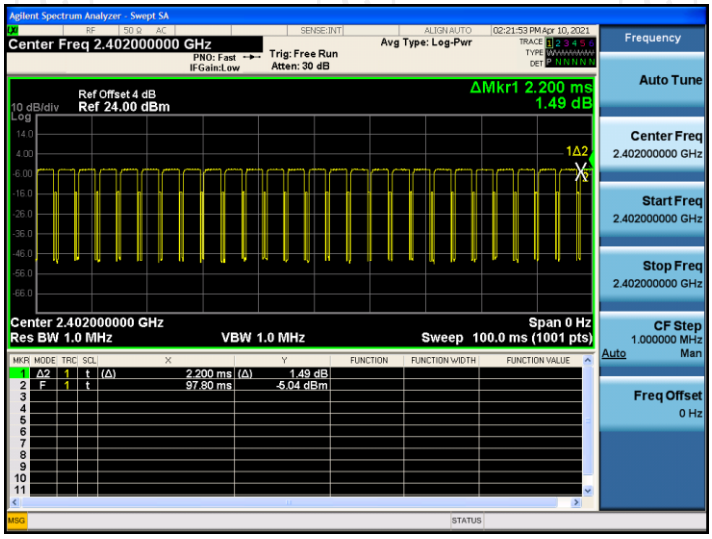
6.11.3. Test Data

Duty cycle correction factor for average measurement

3-DH5 on time (One Pulse) Plot on Channel 00



3-DH5 on time (Count Pulses) Plot on Channel 00



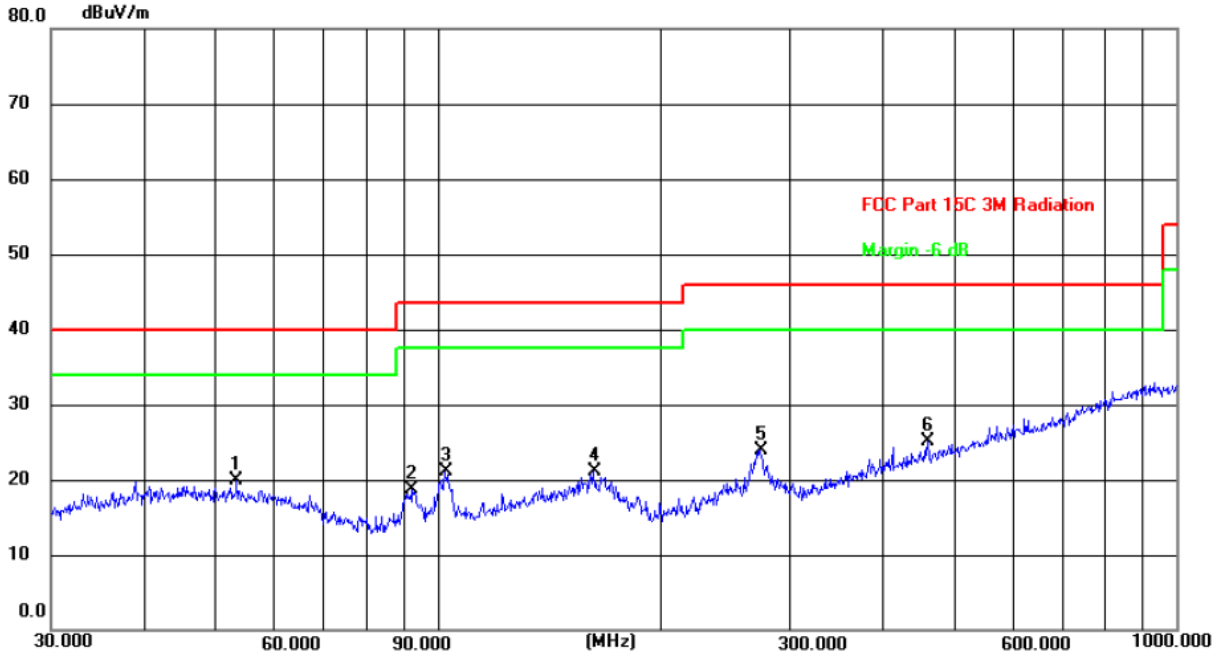
Note:

1. *Worst case Duty cycle = on time/100 milliseconds = (3.124*26+2.200)/100=0.8342*
2. *Worst case Duty cycle correction factor = 20*log (Duty cycle) = -1.57dB*
3. *3-DH5 has the highest duty cycle worst case and is reported.*
4. *The average levels were calculated from the peak level corrected with duty cycle correction factor (-1.57dB) derived from 20log (dwell time/100ms). This correction is only for signals that hop with the fundamental signal, such as band-edge and harmonic. Other spurious signals that are independent of the hopping signal would not use this correction.*

Please refer to following diagram for individual

Below 1GHz

Horizontal:



Site

Polarization: ***Horizontal***

Temperature: 25(C)

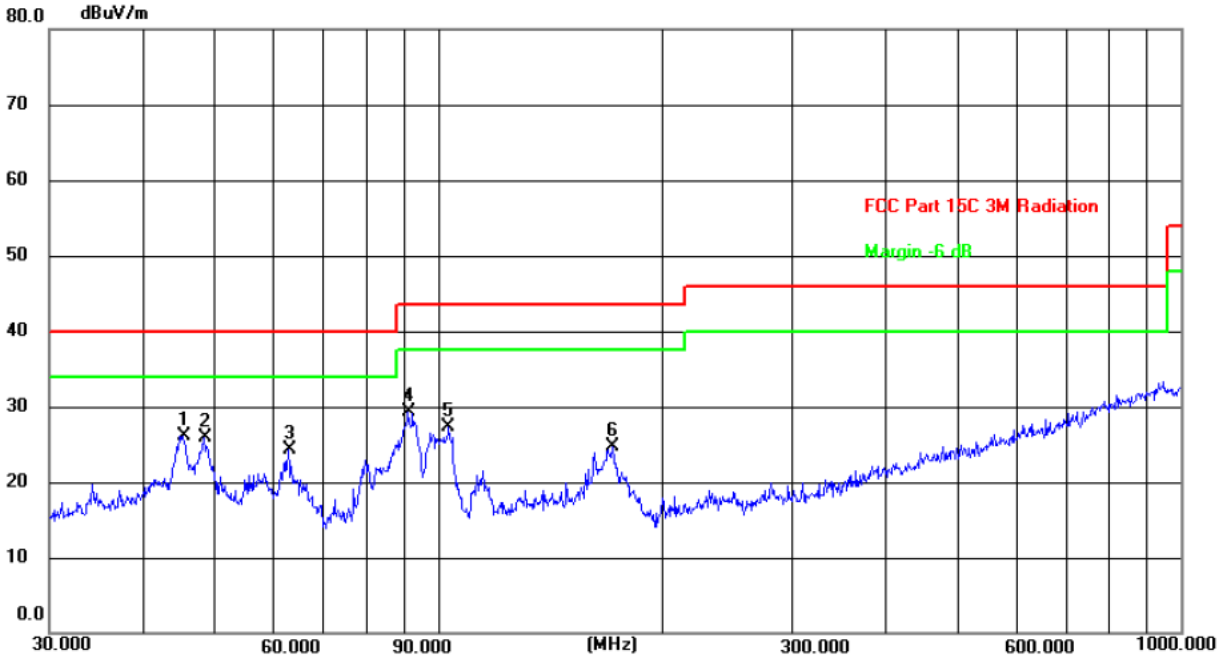
Limit: FCC Part 15C 3M Radiation

Power: DC 3.7V

Humidity: 55 %

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	53.5052	6.30	13.54	19.84	40.00	-20.16	peak	P
2	92.4624	9.16	9.52	18.68	43.50	-24.82	peak	P
3	102.3597	10.50	10.57	21.07	43.50	-22.43	peak	P
4	162.6106	7.99	13.14	21.13	43.50	-22.37	peak	P
5	273.2341	10.30	13.63	23.93	46.00	-22.07	peak	P
6	460.7271	6.49	18.55	25.04	46.00	-20.96	peak	P

Vertical:



Site | Polarization: *Vertical* | Temperature: 25(C)

Limit: FCC Part 15C 3M Radiation | Power: DC 3.7V | Humidity: 55 %

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	P/F
1 *	45.3755	12.30	13.88	26.18	40.00	-13.82	peak	P
2	48.5016	12.16	13.80	25.96	40.00	-14.04	peak	P
3	62.8708	11.81	12.55	24.36	40.00	-15.64	peak	P
4	91.1746	19.90	9.37	29.27	43.50	-14.23	peak	P
5	103.4421	16.56	10.65	27.21	43.50	-16.29	peak	P
6	171.9946	12.55	12.15	24.70	43.50	-18.80	peak	P

Note: *1.The low frequency, which started from 9KHz~30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported*

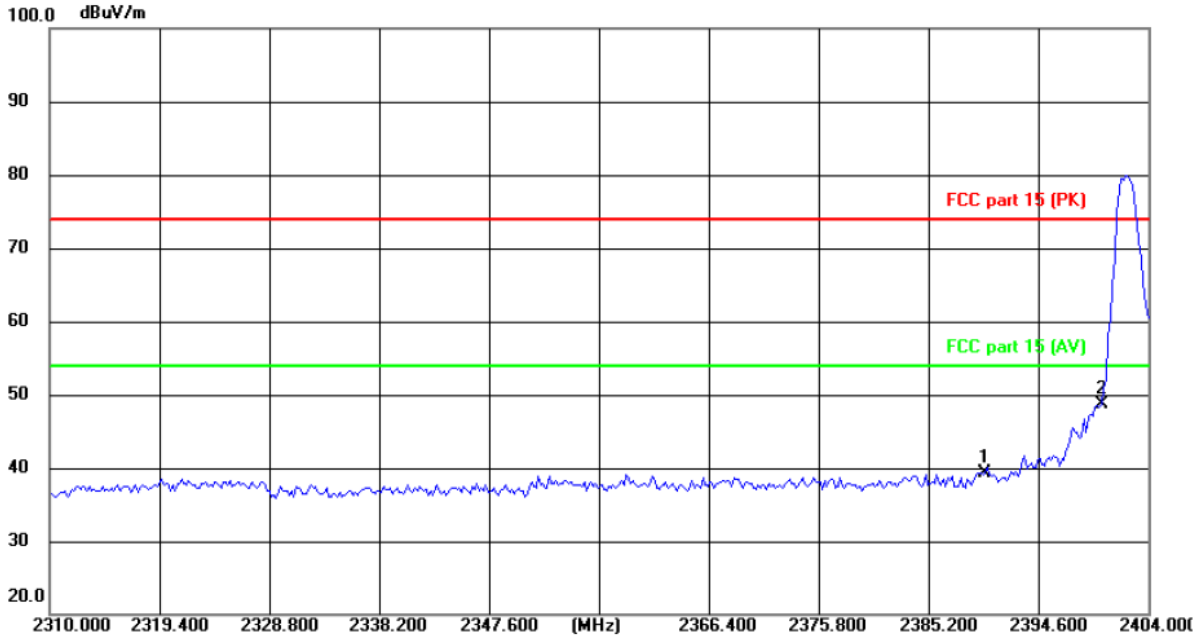
2. Measurements were conducted in all three channels (high, middle, low) and three modulation (GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK, 8DPSK) and the worst case Mode (highest channel and 8DPSK) was submitted only.

3. Freq. = Emission frequency in MHz
Measurement (dBμV/m) = Reading level (dBμV) + Corr. Factor (dB)
Correction Factor= Antenna Factor + Cable loss – Pre-amplifier
Limit (dBμV/m) = Limit stated in standard
Margin (dB) = Measurement (dBμV/m) – Limits (dBμV/m)
Any value more than 10dB below limit have not been specifically reported
** is meaning the worst frequency has been tested in the test frequency range*

Test Result of Radiated Spurious at Band edges

Lowest channel 2402:

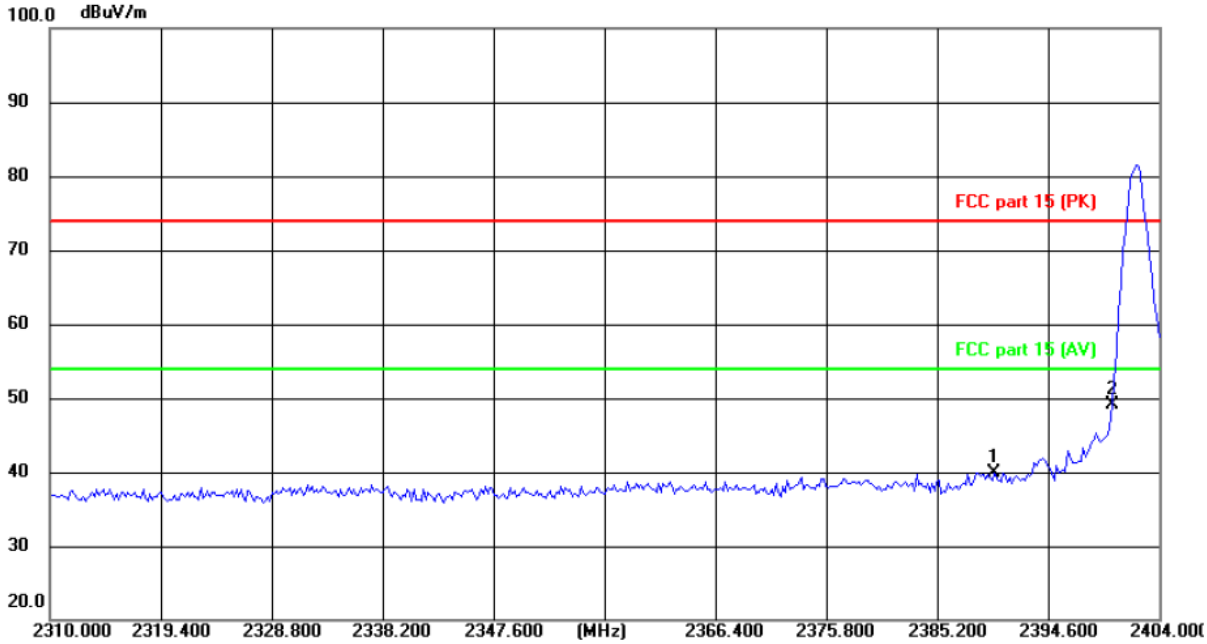
Horizontal:



Site	Polarization: *Horizontal*	Temperature:	25(C)
Limit: FCC part 15 (PK)	Power: DC 3.7V	Humidity:	55 %

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	Detector
1		2390.000	52.42	-13.15	39.27	74.00	-34.73	peak
2	*	2400.000	61.92	-13.12	48.80	74.00	-25.20	peak

Vertical:

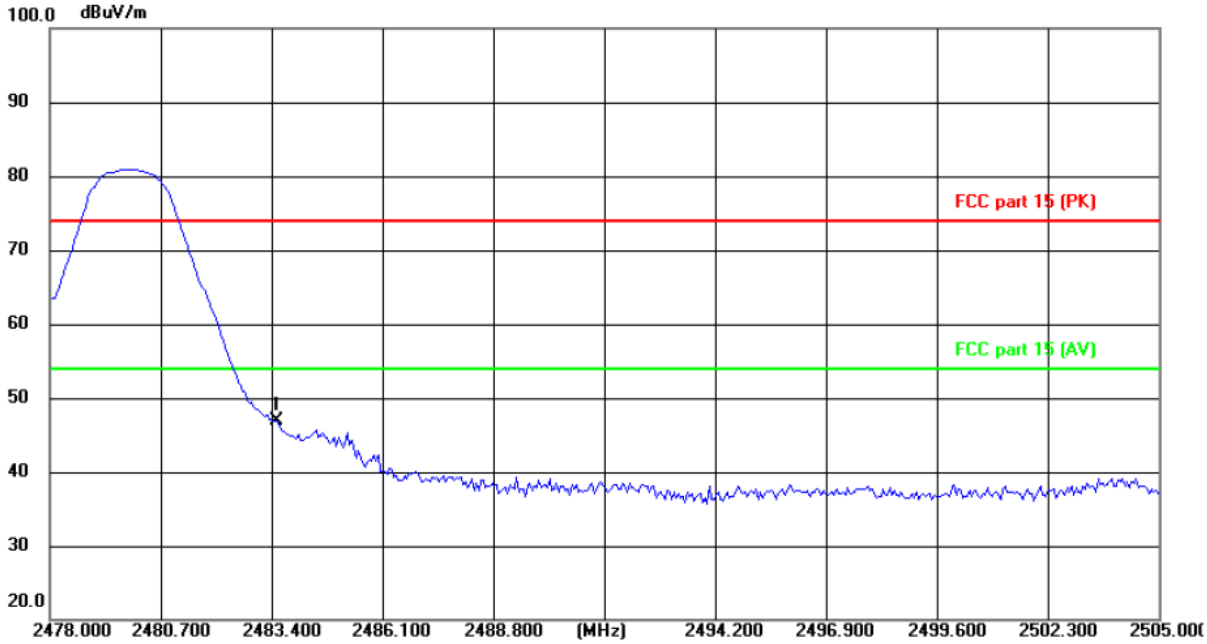


Site				Polarization:	*Vertical*		Temperature:	25(C)
Limit: FCC part 15 (PK)				Power:	DC 3.7V		Humidity:	55 %

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	Detector
1		2390.000	53.04	-13.15	39.89	74.00	-34.11	peak
2	*	2400.000	62.31	-13.12	49.19	74.00	-24.81	peak

Highest channel 2480:

Horizontal:



Site	Polarization: *Horizontal*	Temperature:	25(C)
Limit: FCC part 15 (PK)	Power: DC 3.7V	Humidity:	55 %

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	Detector
1	*	2483.500	59.69	-12.84	46.85	74.00	-27.15	peak