

FCC Part 15C Test Report

FCC ID: 2AV36-RK3399

Product Name:	C810 Media Player
Trademark:	N/A
Model Name :	RK3399
Prepared For : Address :	InReality Limited Unit 207, 2/F Building 16W, No. 16 Science Park West Ave, Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, NT,HKSAR, China
Prepared By : Address :	Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd. BCTC Building & 1-2F, East of B Building, Pengzhou Industrial, Fuyuan 1st Road, Qiaotou Community, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Test Date:	Jan. 15, 2020 – Apr. 03, 2020
Date of Report :	Apr. 03, 2020
Report No.:	BCTC2001001195-1E

TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION**Applicant's name**..... : InReality LimitedAddress : Unit 207, 2/F Building 16W, No. 16 Science Park West Ave,
Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, NT,HKSAR, China**Manufacture's Name**..... : InReality LimitedAddress : Unit 207, 2/F Building 16W, No. 16 Science Park West Ave,
Hong Kong Science Park, Shatin, NT,HKSAR, China**Product description**

Product name : C810 Media Player

Trademark : N/A

Model and/or type reference
..... : RK3399**Standards** : FCC Part15.247
ANSI C63.10:2013

This device described above has been tested by BCTC, and the test results show that the equipment under test (EUT) is in compliance with the FCC requirements. And it is applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.

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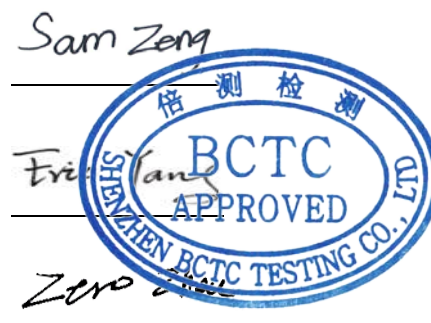


Table of Contents

Test Report Declaration	Page
1. TEST SUMMARY	5
2. TEST FACILITY	6
3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	6
4. GENERAL INFORMATION	7
4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT	7
4.2 Test Setup Configuration	7
4.3 Support Equipment	8
4.4 Channel List.....	9
4.5 Test Mode	10
5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED	11
5.1 Test Facility.....	11
5.2 Test Instrument Used	11
6. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	13
6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup	13
6.2 Limit	13
6.3 Test procedure.....	13
6.4 Test Result.....	15
7. RADIATED EMISSIONS	17
7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup	17
7.2 Limit	18
7.3 Test procedure.....	18
7.4 Test Result.....	20
7.5 RADIATED Band EMISSION MEASUREMENT	24
8. CONDUCTED EMISSION	26
8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup	26
8.2 Limit	26
8.3 Test procedure.....	26
8.4 Test Result.....	27
9. 20 DB BANDWIDTH	38
9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup	38

9.2	Limit	38
9.3	Test procedure.....	38
9.4	Test Result.....	39
10.	MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER.....	44
10.1	Block Diagram Of Test Setup	44
10.2	Limit	44
10.3	Test procedure.....	44
10.4	Test Result.....	45
11.	HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION.....	50
11.1	Block Diagram Of Test Setup	50
11.2	Limit	50
11.3	Test procedure.....	50
11.4	Test Result.....	51
12.	NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY	56
12.1	Block Diagram Of Test Setup	56
12.2	Limit	56
12.3	Test procedure.....	56
12.4	Test Result.....	57
13.	DWELL TIME.....	59
13.1	Block Diagram Of Test Setup	59
13.2	Limit	59
13.3	Test procedure.....	59
13.4	Test Result.....	60
14.	ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	66
15.	FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS.....	67
15.1	Standard Applicable	67
15.2	Frequency Hopping System	67
15.3	EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence.....	68
16.	EUT PHOTOGRAPHS	69
17.	EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS	71

(Note: N/A means not applicable)

1. TEST SUMMARY

Test procedures according to the technical standards:

FCC Part15 (15.247) , Subpart C			
Standard Section	Test Item	Judgment	Remark
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious emissions	PASS	
15.247(d) 15.205(a)	Band edge	PASS	
15.207	Conducted Emission	PASS	
15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	PASS	
15.247(b)	Maximum Peak Output Power	PASS	
15.247(a)	Frequency Separation	PASS	
15.247(a)	Number of Hopping Frequency	PASS	
15.247(a)	Dwell time	PASS	
15.203	Antenna Requirement	PASS	
15.247(g)(h)	Frequency Hopping System	PASS	
Note: (1) "N/A" denotes test is not applicable in this Test Report			

2. TEST FACILITY

Shenzhen BCTC Testing Co., Ltd.

Add. : BCTC Building & 1-2F, East of B Building, Pengzhou Industrial, Fuyuan 1st Road, Qiaotou Community, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

Test Firm Registration Number: 712850

IC Registered No.: 23583

3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The reported uncertainty of measurement $y \pm U$, where expanded uncertainty U is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of $k=2$, providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

No.	Item	Uncertainty
1	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=4.3dB
2	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=4.5dB
3	3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	U=3.34dB
4	Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=1.38dB
5	Conducted output power uncertainty Above 1G	U=1.576dB
6	Conducted output power uncertainty below 1G	U=1.28dB
7	humidity uncertainty	U=5.3%
8	Temperature uncertainty	U=0.59°C

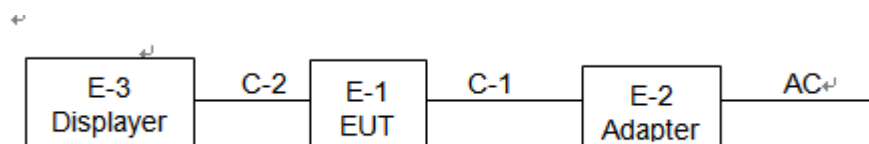
4. GENERAL INFORMATION

4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT

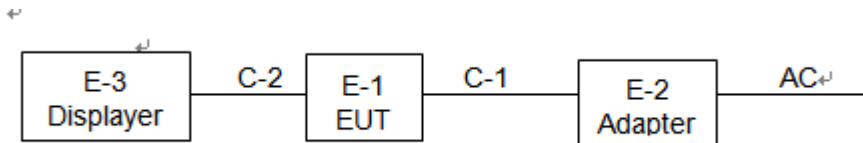
Equipment	C810 Media Player
Trade Name	N/A
Model Name	RK3399
Model Difference	N/A
Product Description	The EUT is a C810 Media Player
	Operation Frequency: 2402-2480 MHz
	Modulation Type: GFSK, Pi/4DQPSK, 8DPSK
	Number Of Channel 79CH
	Antenna Designation: External antenna
	Antenna Gain 2.1dBi
	Based on the application, features, or specification exhibited in User's Manual, the EUT is considered as an ITE/Computing Device. More details of EUT technical specification, please refer to the User's Manual.
Channel List	Please refer to the Note 2.
Power Source	DC 12V From adapter
Adapter	Model No:ELY-1230 Input:110-240~50/60Hz 1.0A Output:DC12V 3A
Connecting I/O Port(s)	Please refer to the User's Manual

4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in *EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS* for the actual Conducted Emission Test



Radiated Spurious Emission Test



4.3 Support Equipment

No.	Device Type	Brand	Model	Series No.	Data Cable
E-1	C810 Media Player	N/A	RK3399	N/A	EUT
E-2	Adapter	N/A	ELY-1230	N/A	Auxiliary

Item	Shielded Type	Ferrite Core	Length	Note
C-1	NO	NO	1M	USB cable unshielded

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

4.4 Channel List

CH	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Frequency (MHz)	CH	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	1	2403	2	2404	3	2405
4	2406	5	2407	6	2408	7	2409
8	2410	9	2411	10	2412	11	2413
12	2414	13	2415	14	2416	15	2417
16	2418	17	2419	18	2420	19	2421
20	2422	21	2423	22	2424	23	2425
24	2426	25	2427	26	2428	27	2429
28	2430	29	2431	30	2432	31	2433
32	2434	33	2435	34	2436	35	2437
36	2438	37	2439	38	2440	39	2441
40	2442	41	2443	42	2444	43	2445
44	2446	45	2447	46	2448	47	2449
48	2450	49	2451	50	2452	51	2453
52	2454	53	2455	54	2456	55	2457
56	2458	57	2459	58	2460	59	2461
60	2462	61	2463	62	2464	63	2465
64	2466	65	2467	66	2468	67	2469
68	2470	69	2471	70	2472	71	2473
72	2474	73	2475	74	2476	75	2477
76	2478	77	2479	78	2480	79	/

4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

During testing, Channel and Power Controlling Software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product.

The EUT is Continue Transmitting.

The software is installed in operation system, named "RFTestTool.apk", Version 1.0.

Test Mode	Test mode	Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
1	Transmitting(GFSK)	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz
2	Transmitting(Pi/4DQPSK)	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz
3	Transmitting(8DPSK)	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz
4	Transmitting (conducted emission and Radiated emission)			
5	hopping mode			

5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED

5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at BCTC Building & 1-2F, East of B Building, Pengzhou Industrial, Fuyuan 1st Road, Qiaotou Community, Fuyong Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

5.2 Test Instrument Used

RF conduction and Radiation Test equipment

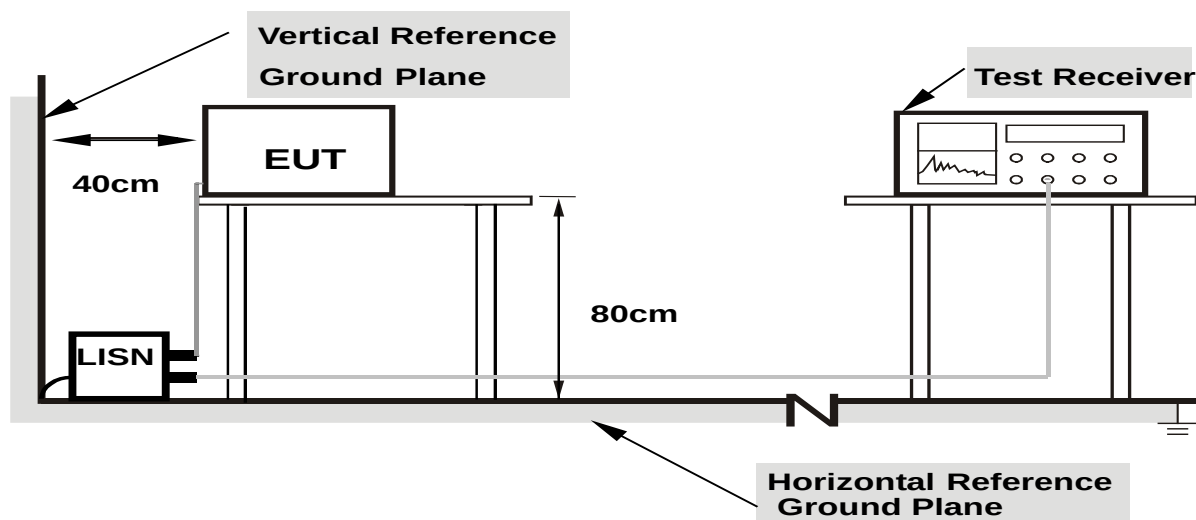
Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last calibration	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer (9kHz-26.5GHz)	Agilent	E4407B	MY45109572	Jun. 13, 2019	Jun. 12, 2020
2	Test Receiver (9kHz-7GHz)	R&S	ESR7	101154	Jun. 13, 2019	Jun. 12, 2020
3	Bilog Antenna (30MHz-3GHz)	SCHWARZB ECK	VULB9163	VULB9163-942	Jun. 22, 2019	Jun. 21, 2020
4	Horn Antenna (1GHz-18GHz)	SCHWARZB ECK	BBHA9120D	1541	Jun. 22, 2019	Jun. 21, 2020
5	Horn Antenna (18GHz-40GHz)	SCHWARZB ECK	BBHA9170	822	Jun. 22, 2019	Jun. 21, 2020
6	Amplifier (9KHz-6GHz)	SCHWARZB ECK	BBV9744	9744-0037	Jun. 25, 2019	Jun. 24, 2020
7	Amplifier (0.5GHz-18GHz)	SCHWARZB ECK	BBV9718	9718-309	Jun. 25, 2019	Jun. 24, 2020
8	Amplifier (18GHz-40GHz)	MITEQ	TTA1840-35-HG	2034381	Jun. 17, 2019	Jun. 16, 2020
9	Loop Antenna (9KHz-30MHz)	SCHWARZB ECK	FMZB1519B	014	Jul. 02, 2019	Jul. 01, 2020
10	RF cables1 (9kHz-30MHz)	Huber+Suhner	9kHz-30MHz	B1702988-0008	Jun. 25, 2019	Jun. 24, 2020
11	RF cables2 (30MHz-1GHz)	Huber+Suhner	30MHz-1GHz	1486150	Jun. 25, 2019	Jun. 24, 2020
12	RF cables3 (1GHz-40GHz)	Huber+Suhner	1GHz-40GHz	1607106	Jun. 25, 2019	Jun. 24, 2020
13	Power Meter	Keysight	E4419	\	Jun. 17, 2019	Jun. 16, 2020
14	Power Sensor (AV)	Keysight	E9 300A	\	Jun. 17, 2019	Jun. 16, 2020
15	Signal Analyzer 20kHz-26.5GHz	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY49100060	Jun. 13, 2019	Jun. 12, 2020
16	Spectrum Analyzer 9kHz-40GHz	R&S	FSP40	100363	Jun. 13, 2019	Jun. 12, 2020
17	D.C. Power Supply	LongWei	TPR-6405D	\	\	\
18	Software	Frad	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE	\	\

Conduction Test equipment

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Last calibration	Calibrated until
1	Test Receiver	R&S	ESR3	102075	Jun. 13, 2019	Jun. 12, 2020
2	LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK8127	8127739	Jun. 13, 2019	Jun. 12, 2020
3	LISN	R&S	ENV216	101375	Jun. 13, 2019	Jun. 12, 2020
4	RF cables	Huber+Suhnar	9kHz-30MHz	B1702988-0008	Jun. 25, 2019	Jun. 24, 2020
5	Software	Frad	EZ-EMC	EMC-CON 3A1	\	\

6. CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



Note: 1.Support units were connected to second LISN.

2.Both of LISNs (AMN) are 80 cm from EUT and at least 80 from other units and other metal planes

6.2 Limit

FREQUENCY (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)		Standard
	Quasi-peak	Average	
0.15 -0.5	66 - 56 *	56 - 46 *	FCC
0.50 -5.0	56.00	46.00	FCC
5.0 -30.0	60.00	50.00	FCC

6.3 Test procedure

Receiver Parameters	Setting
Attenuation	10 dB
Start Frequency	0.15 MHz
Stop Frequency	30 MHz
IF Bandwidth	9 kHz

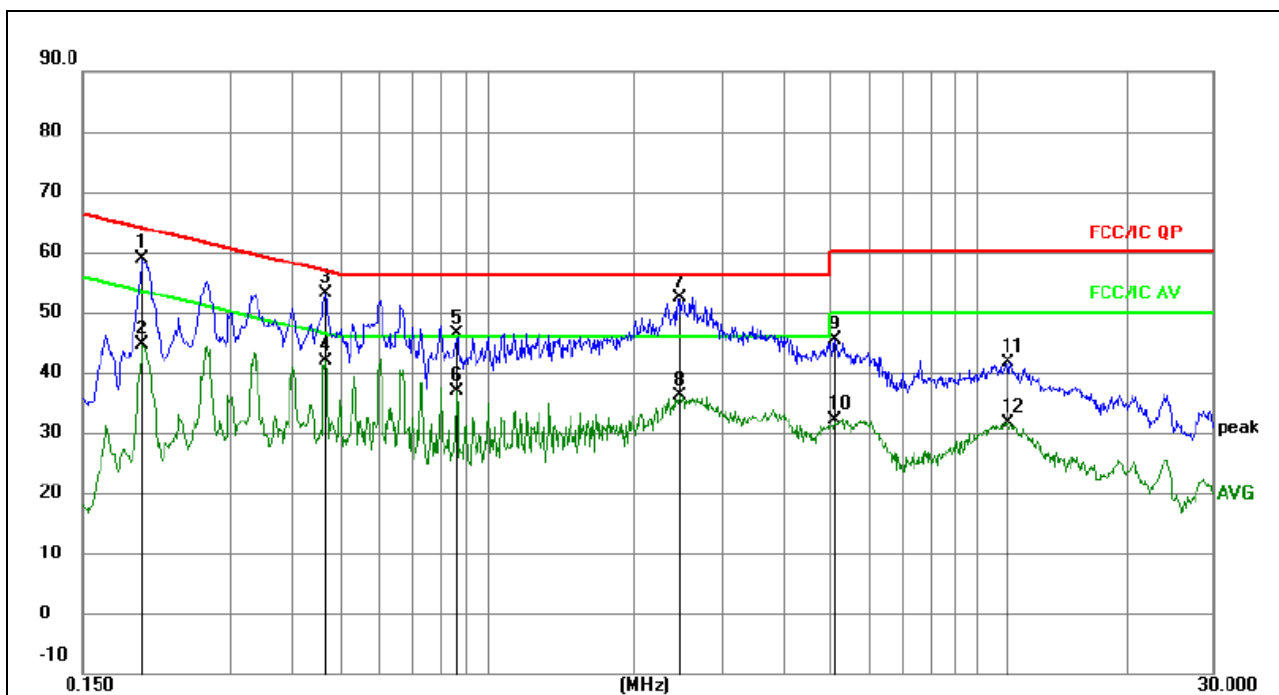
a. The EUT was placed 0.8 meters from the horizontal ground plane with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). All other support equipments powered from additional LISN(s). The LISN provide 50 Ohm/ 50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.

- b. Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long.
- c. I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.
- d. LISN at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.
- e. For the actual test configuration, please refer to the related Item –EUT Test Photos.

Note: We pretest AC 120V and AC 240V, the worst voltage was AC 120V and the data recording in the report.

6.4 Test Result

Temperature :	26℃	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Phase :	L
Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz	Test Mode :	Mode 4

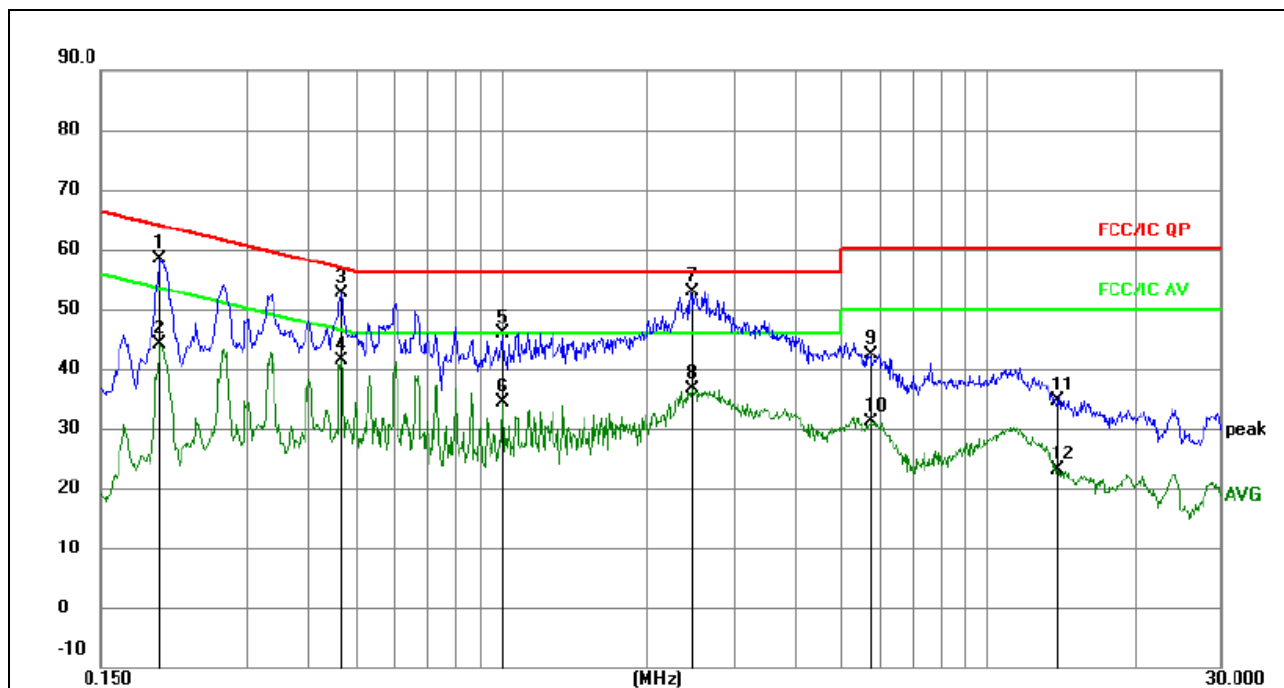


Remark:

1. All readings are Quasi-Peak and Average values.
2. Factor = Insertion Loss + Cable Loss.

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dB	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1985	49.40	9.46	58.86	63.67	-4.81	QP	
2		0.1985	35.08	9.46	44.54	53.67	-9.13	AVG	
3	*	0.4686	43.62	9.56	53.18	56.54	-3.36	QP	
4		0.4686	32.42	9.56	41.98	46.54	-4.56	AVG	
5		0.8659	36.83	9.61	46.44	56.00	-9.56	QP	
6		0.8659	27.19	9.61	36.80	46.00	-9.20	AVG	
7		2.4735	42.66	9.62	52.28	56.00	-3.72	QP	
8		2.4735	26.47	9.62	36.09	46.00	-9.91	AVG	
9		5.1116	35.58	9.80	45.38	60.00	-14.62	QP	
10		5.1116	22.45	9.80	32.25	50.00	-17.75	AVG	
11		11.4983	31.87	9.69	41.56	60.00	-18.44	QP	
12		11.4983	21.94	9.69	31.63	50.00	-18.37	AVG	

Temperature :	26℃	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure :	101kPa	Phase :	N
Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz	Test Mode :	Mode 4



Remark:

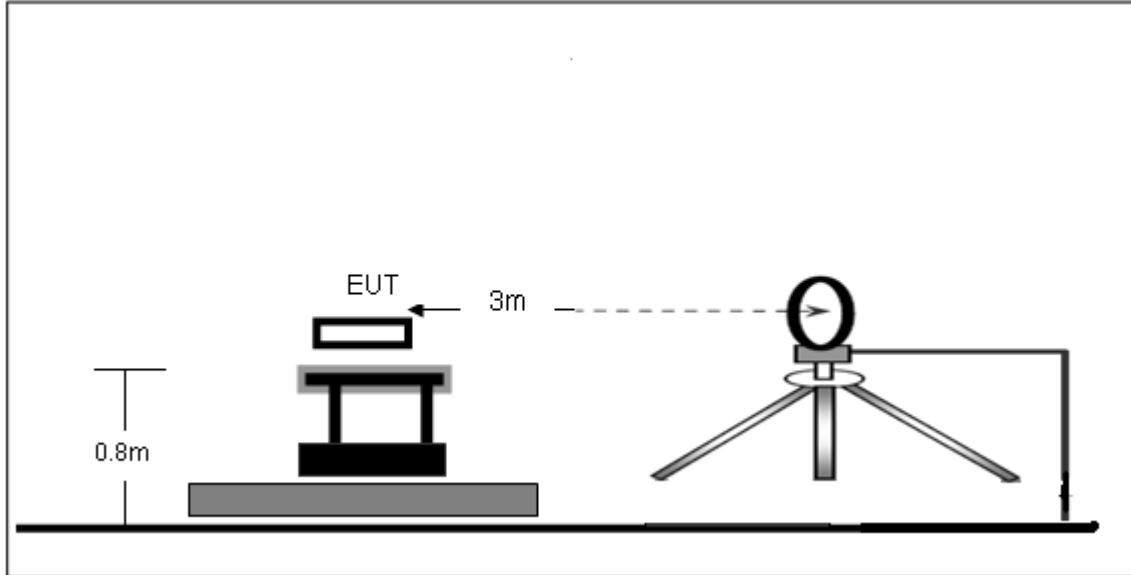
1. All readings are Quasi-Peak and Average values.
2. Factor = Insertion Loss + Cable Loss.

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dB	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV	Limit dBuV	Over dB	Detector	Comment
1		0.1985	48.90	9.46	58.36	63.67	-5.31	QP	
2		0.1985	34.58	9.46	44.04	53.67	-9.63	AVG	
3		0.4686	43.12	9.56	52.68	56.54	-3.86	QP	
4		0.4686	31.92	9.56	41.48	46.54	-5.06	AVG	
5		1.0045	36.37	9.57	45.94	56.00	-10.06	QP	
6		1.0045	24.85	9.57	34.42	46.00	-11.58	AVG	
7	*	2.4735	43.16	9.62	52.78	56.00	-3.22	QP	
8		2.4735	26.97	9.62	36.59	46.00	-9.41	AVG	
9		5.7743	32.52	9.77	42.29	60.00	-17.71	QP	
10		5.7743	21.42	9.77	31.19	50.00	-18.81	AVG	
11		13.9146	24.92	9.70	34.62	60.00	-25.38	QP	
12		13.9146	13.40	9.70	23.10	50.00	-26.90	AVG	

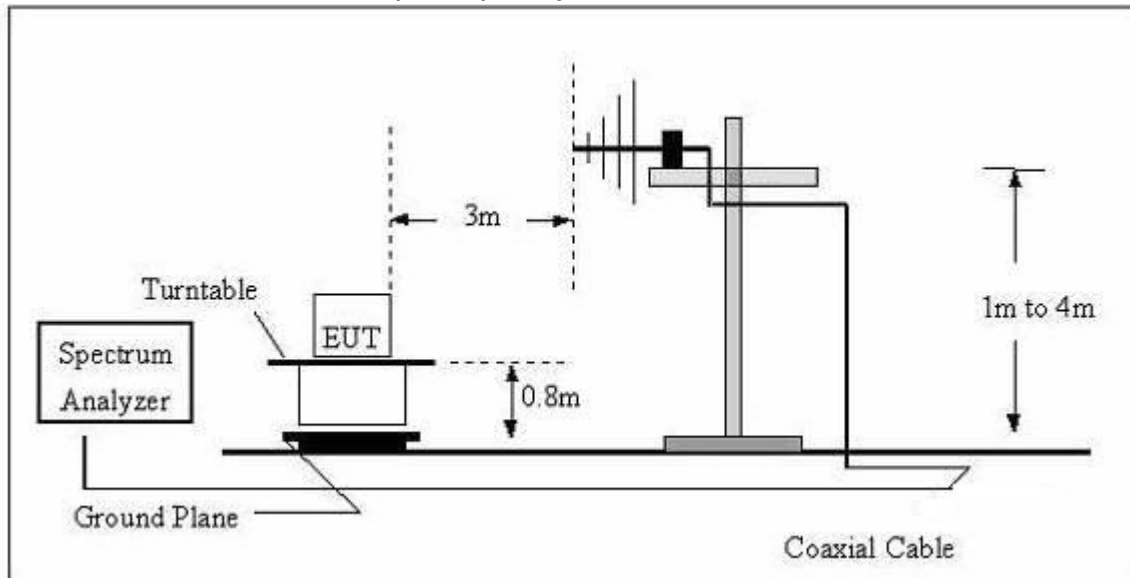
7. RADIATED EMISSIONS

7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

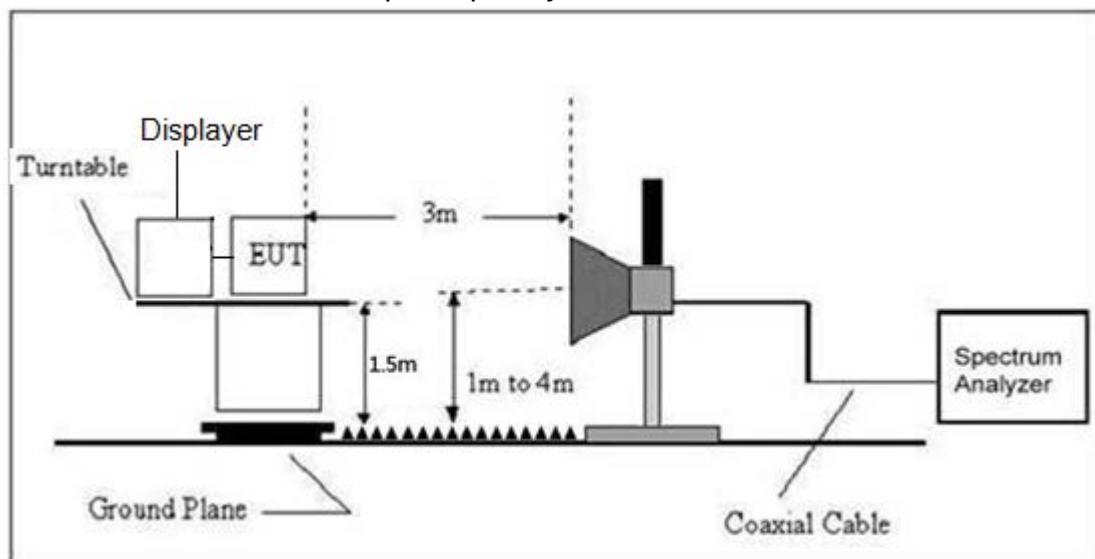
(A) Radiated Emission Test-Up Frequency Below 30MHz



(B) Radiated Emission Test-Up Frequency 30MHz~1GHz



(C) Radiated Emission Test-Up Frequency Above 1GHz



7.2 Limit

20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequency	Field Strength	Distance	Field Strength Limit at 3m Distance	
(MHz)	uV/m	(m)	uV/m	dBuV/m
0.009 ~ 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300	$10000 * 2400/F(\text{kHz})$	$20\log^{(2400/F(\text{kHz}))} + 80$
0.490 ~ 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30	$100 * 24000/F(\text{kHz})$	$20\log^{(24000/F(\text{kHz}))} + 40$
1.705 ~ 30	30	30	$100 * 30$	$20\log^{(30)} + 40$
30 ~ 88	100	3	100	$20\log^{(100)}$
88 ~ 216	150	3	150	$20\log^{(150)}$
216 ~ 960	200	3	200	$20\log^{(200)}$
Above 960	500	3	500	$20\log^{(500)}$

7.3 Test procedure

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
9kHz~150kHz	RBW 200Hz for QP
150kHz~30MHz	RBW 9kHz for QP
30MHz~1000MHz	RBW 120kHz for QP

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
1-25GHz	RBW 1 MHz /VBW 1 MHz for Peak, RBW 1 MHz / VBW 10Hz for Average

Below 1GHz test procedure as below:

- a. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.

Above 1GHz test procedure as below:

- g. Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber and change from table 0.8 metre to 1.5 metre(Above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter and table is 1.5 metre).
- h. Test the EUT in the lowest channel ,the middle channel ,the Highest channel.

Note:

Both horizontal and vertical antenna polarities were tested and performed pretest to three orthogonal axis. The worst case emissions were reported.

7.4 Test Result

Between 9KHz – 30MHz

Temperature:	26℃	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101 kPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Mode :	Mode 4	Polarization :	--

Freq.	Reading	Limit	Margin	State
(MHz)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	P/F
--	--	--	--	PASS
--	--	--	--	PASS

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

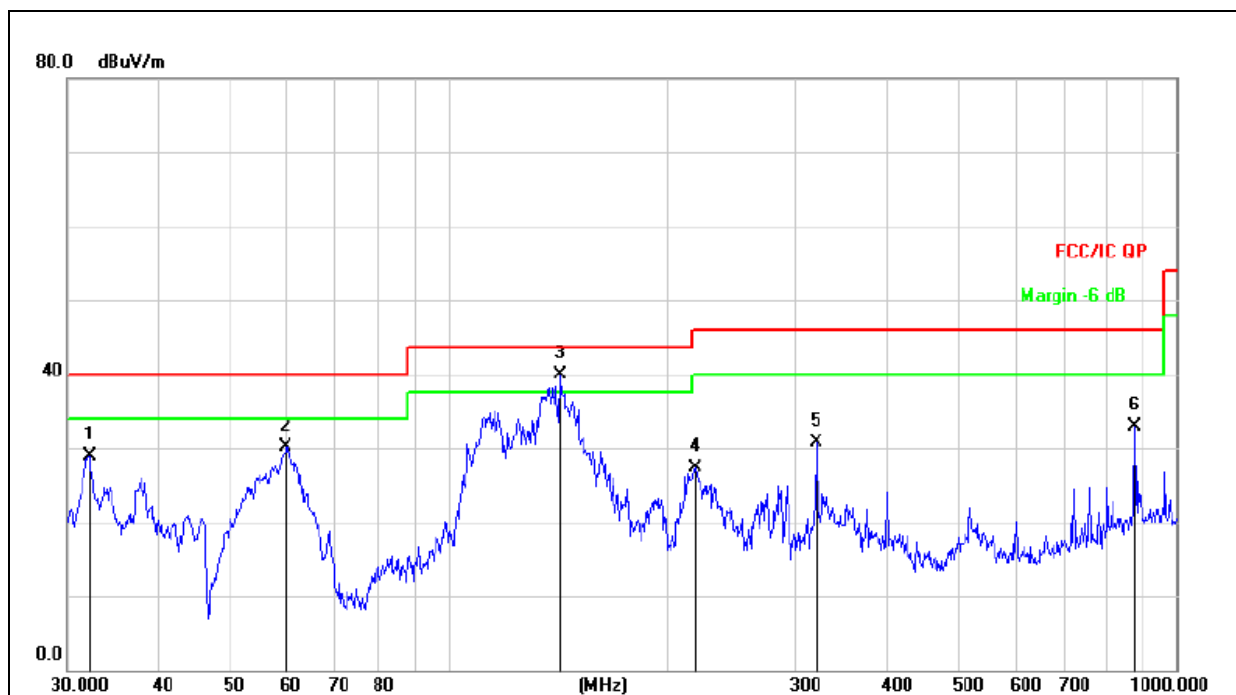
Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log (\text{specific distance}/\text{test distance})$ (dB);

Limit line = specific limits(dBuv) + distance extrapolation factor.

Test all the modes and only worst case was reported.

Between 30MHz – 1GHz

Temperature:	26℃	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101kPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Mode :	Mode 4	Polarization :	Horizontal

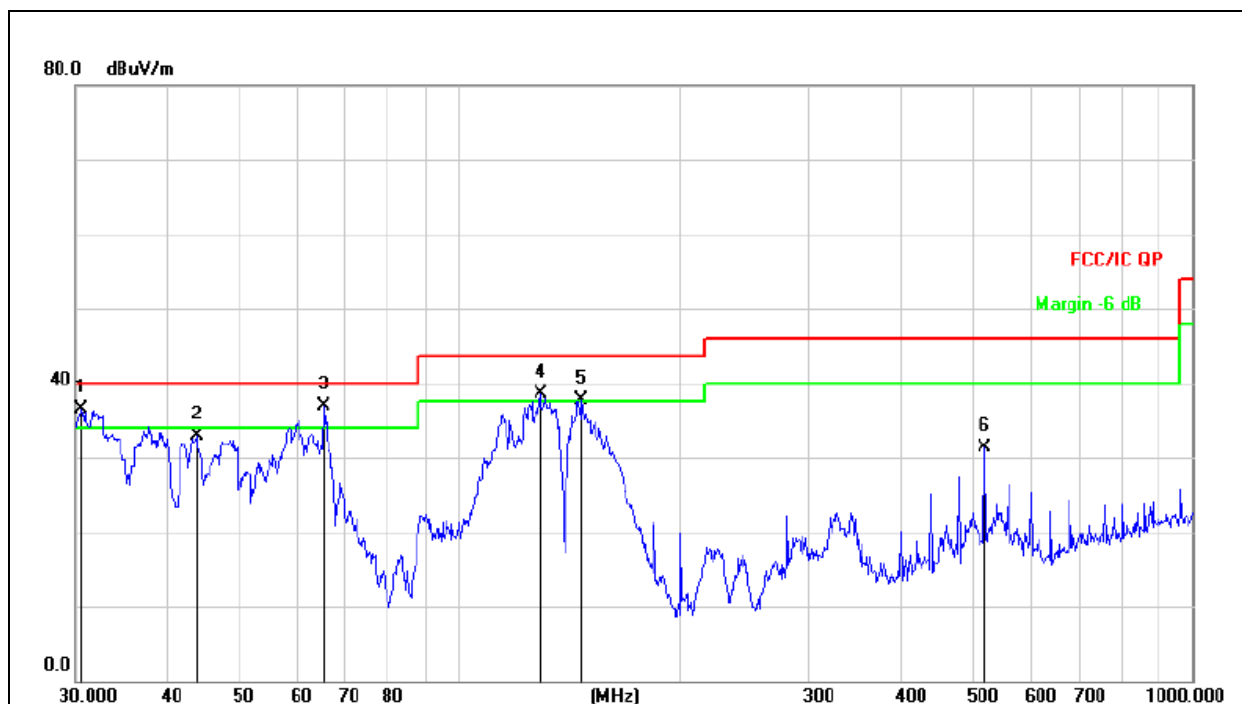


Remark:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading Level dBuV	Correct Factor dB	Measure- ment dBuV/m	Limit dB/m	Over dB	Detector
1		32.1795	45.80	-16.87	28.93	40.00	-11.07	QP
2		59.8588	46.08	-15.90	30.18	40.00	-9.82	QP
3	*	142.3243	58.98	-19.01	39.97	43.50	-3.53	QP
4		218.3085	43.11	-15.88	27.23	46.00	-18.77	QP
5		319.9370	43.74	-13.05	30.69	46.00	-15.31	QP
6		875.2470	34.89	-2.00	32.89	46.00	-13.11	QP

Temperature:	26°C	Relative Humidity:	54%
Pressure:	101kPa	Test Voltage :	AC 120V/60Hz
Test Mode :	Mode 4	Polarization :	Vertical



Remark:

Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading	Correct	Measure-	Limit	Over	
		MHz	Level	Factor	ment			Detector
			dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dB/m	dB	
1	!	30.5305	53.67	-17.18	36.49	40.00	-3.51	QP
2		43.8119	48.08	-15.20	32.88	40.00	-7.12	QP
3	*	65.3431	54.10	-17.13	36.97	40.00	-3.03	QP
4	!	129.0146	56.66	-18.15	38.51	43.50	-4.99	QP
5	!	146.8876	56.91	-19.30	37.61	43.50	-5.89	QP
6		520.8881	39.65	-8.41	31.24	46.00	-14.76	QP

Remark:

Test all the modes and only worst case was reported.

Between 1-25GHz

Polar (H/V)	Frequency	Meter Reading	Pre-ampli fier	Cable Loss	Antenna Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
GFSK Low Channel:2402MHz									
V	4804.00	53.42	39.55	7.77	25.66	47.30	74.00	-26.70	Pk
V	4804.00	43.36	39.55	7.77	25.66	37.24	54.00	-16.76	AV
V	7206.00	53.13	38.33	7.3	24.55	46.65	74.00	-27.35	Pk
V	7206.00	43.37	38.33	7.3	24.55	36.89	54.00	-17.11	AV
H	4804.00	54.86	39.55	7.77	25.66	48.74	74.00	-25.26	Pk
H	4804.00	43.08	39.55	7.77	25.66	36.96	54.00	-17.04	AV
H	7206.00	50.46	38.33	7.3	24.55	43.98	74.00	-30.02	Pk
H	7206.00	43.33	38.33	7.3	24.55	36.85	54.00	-17.15	AV

Polar (H/V)	Frequency	Meter Reading	Pre-ampli fier	Cable Loss	Antenna Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detector Type
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
GFSK Middle Channel:2441MHz									
V	4882.00	54.59	38.89	7.57	25.45	48.72	74.00	-25.28	Pk
V	4882.00	43.16	38.89	7.57	25.45	37.29	54.00	-16.71	AV
V	7323.00	53.70	38.78	7.35	24.54	46.81	74.00	-27.19	Pk
V	7323.00	43.59	38.78	7.35	24.54	36.70	54.00	-17.30	AV
H	4882.00	51.84	38.89	7.57	25.45	45.97	74.00	-28.03	Pk
H	4882.00	43.59	38.89	7.57	25.45	37.72	54.00	-16.28	AV
H	7323.00	53.29	38.78	7.35	24.54	46.40	74.00	-27.60	Pk
H	7323.00	43.26	38.78	7.35	24.54	36.37	54.00	-17.63	AV

Polar (H/V)	Frequency	Meter Reading	Pre-ampli fier	Cable Loss	Antenna Factor	Emission Level	Limits	Margin	Detecto r Type
	(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	
GFSK High Channel:2480MHz									
V	4960.00	50.12	38.75	7.38	25.41	44.16	74.00	-29.84	Pk
V	4960.00	43.15	38.75	7.38	25.41	37.19	54.00	-16.81	AV
V	7440.00	53.48	38.65	7.15	24.52	46.50	74.00	-27.50	Pk
V	7440.00	43.49	38.65	7.15	24.52	36.51	54.00	-17.49	AV
H	4960.00	53.53	38.75	7.38	25.41	47.57	74.00	-26.43	Pk
H	4960.00	43.58	38.75	7.38	25.41	37.62	54.00	-16.38	AV
H	7440.00	50.71	38.65	7.15	24.52	43.73	74.00	-30.27	Pk
H	7440.00	43.14	38.65	7.15	24.52	36.16	54.00	-17.84	AV

Remark:

1. Emission Level = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier,
Margin= Emission Level - Limit
2. If peak below the average limit, the average emission was no test.
3. The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.
4. All the Modulation are test, the worst mode is GFSK, the data recording in the report.

7.5 RADIATED Band EMISSION MEASUREMENT

Test Requirement:

FCC Part15 C Section 15.209 and 15.205

LIMITS OF RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT (Above 1000MHz)

FREQUENCY (MHz)	Limit (dBuV/m) (at 3M)	
	PEAK	AVERAGE
Above 1000	74	54

Notes:

- (1) The limit for radiated test was performed according to FCC PART 15C.
- (2) The tighter limit applies at the band edges.
- (3) Emission level (dBuV/m)=20log Emission level (uV/m).

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Attenuation	Auto
Start Frequency	2300MHz
Stop Frequency	2520MHz
RB / VB (emission in restricted band)	1 MHz / 1 MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 10Hz for Average

TEST PROCEDURE

Above 1GHz test procedure as below:

- a. 1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b. The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c. The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rota table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e. The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
- f. If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
- g. Test the EUT in the lowest channel,the Highest channel

Note:

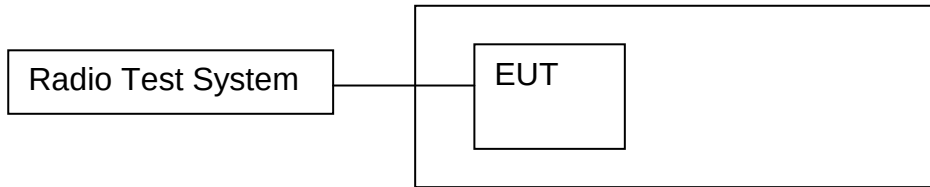
Both horizontal and vertical antenna polarities were tested and performed pretest to three orthogonal axis. The worst case emissions were reported

TEST RESULT

	Polar (H/V)	Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dBuV)	Pre- amplifier (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	Emission evel (dBuV/m)	Limits (dBuV/m)		Result
							PK	□PK	AV	
GFSK	Low Channel 2402MHz									
	H	2390.00	61.62	38.06	7.42	20.15	51.13	74.00	54.00	PASS
	H	2400.00	54.13	38.06	7.42	20.15	43.64	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2390.00	60.71	38.06	7.42	20.15	50.22	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2400.00	54.55	38.06	7.42	20.15	44.06	74.00	54.00	PASS
	High Channel 2480MHz									
	H	2483.50	60.32	38.17	7.45	20.54	50.14	74.00	54.00	PASS
	H	2485.50	52.38	38.17	7.45	20.54	42.20	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2483.50	61.72	38.17	7.45	20.54	51.54	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2485.50	54.81	38.17	7.45	20.54	44.63	74.00	54.00	PASS
Pi/4DQPSK	Low Channel 2402MHz									
	H	2390.00	61.19	38.06	7.42	20.15	50.70	74.00	54.00	PASS
	H	2400.00	52.29	38.06	7.42	20.15	41.80	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2390.00	61.13	38.06	7.42	20.15	50.64	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2400.00	53.29	38.06	7.42	20.15	42.80	74.00	54.00	PASS
	High Channel 2480MHz									
	H	2483.50	61.89	38.17	7.45	20.54	51.71	74.00	54.00	PASS
	H	2485.50	51.95	38.17	7.45	20.54	41.77	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2483.50	63.10	38.17	7.45	20.54	52.92	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2485.50	53.37	38.17	7.45	20.54	43.19	74.00	54.00	PASS
8DPSK	Low Channel 2402MHz									
	H	2390.00	60.38	38.06	7.42	20.15	49.89	74.00	54.00	PASS
	H	2400.00	54.48	38.06	7.42	20.15	43.99	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2390.00	61.45	38.06	7.42	20.15	50.96	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2400.00	55.06	38.06	7.42	20.15	44.57	74.00	54.00	PASS
	High Channel 2480MHz									
	H	2483.50	61.55	38.17	7.45	20.54	51.37	74.00	54.00	PASS
	H	2485.50	52.45	38.17	7.45	20.54	42.27	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2483.50	63.17	38.17	7.45	20.54	52.99	74.00	54.00	PASS
	V	2485.50	54.40	38.17	7.45	20.54	44.22	74.00	54.00	PASS
Remark:										
1. Emission Level = Meter Reading + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier, Margin= Emission Level - Limit										
2. If the PK measured levels comply with average limit, then the average level were deemed to comply with average limit.										

8. CONDUCTED EMISSION

8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



8.2 Limit

Regulation 15.247 (d), In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

8.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;

2. Set the spectrum analyzer:

Below 30MHz:

RBW = 100kHz, VBW = 300kHz, Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

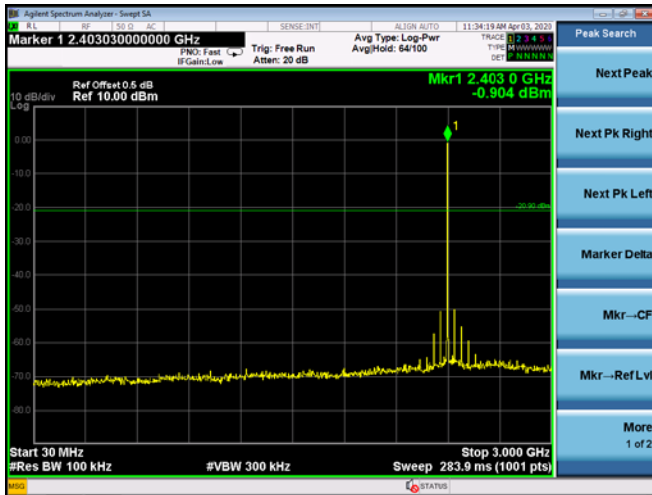
Above 30MHz:

RBW = 100KHz, VBW = 300KHz, Sweep = auto

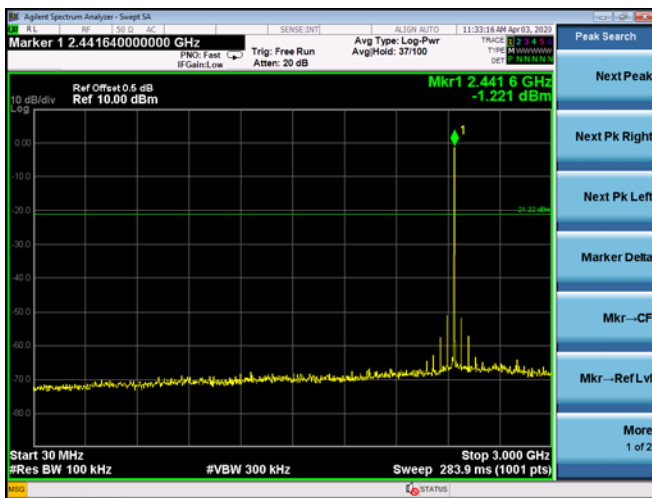
Detector function = peak, Trace = max hold

8.4 Test Result

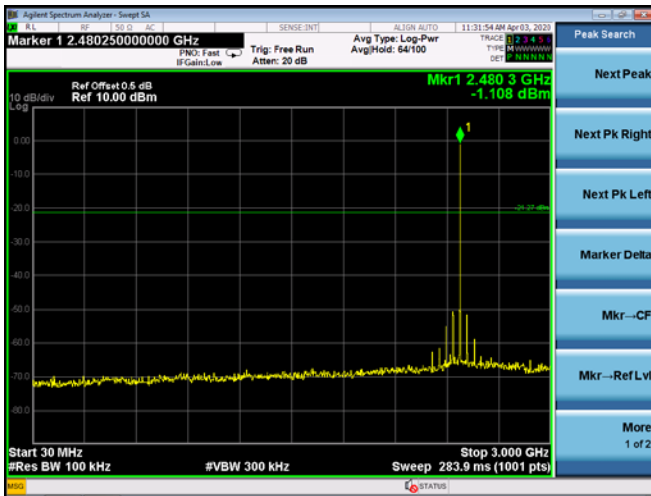
30MHz – 25GHz GFSK Low Channel



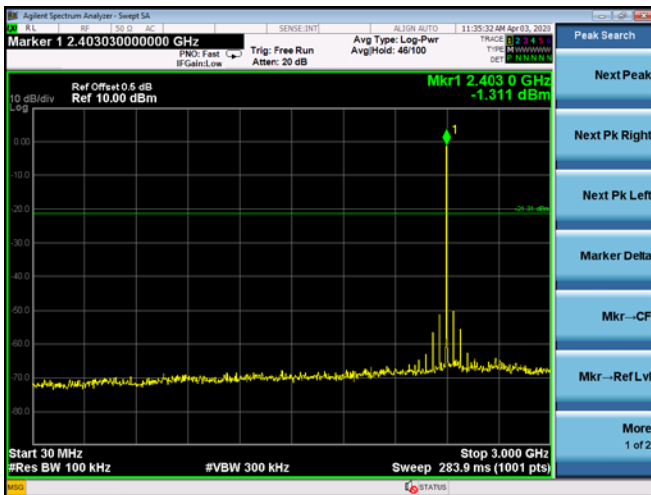
GFSK Middle Channel



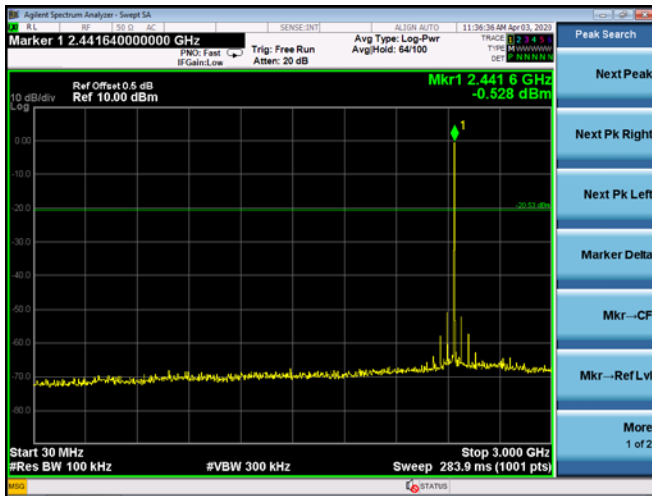
GFSK High Channel



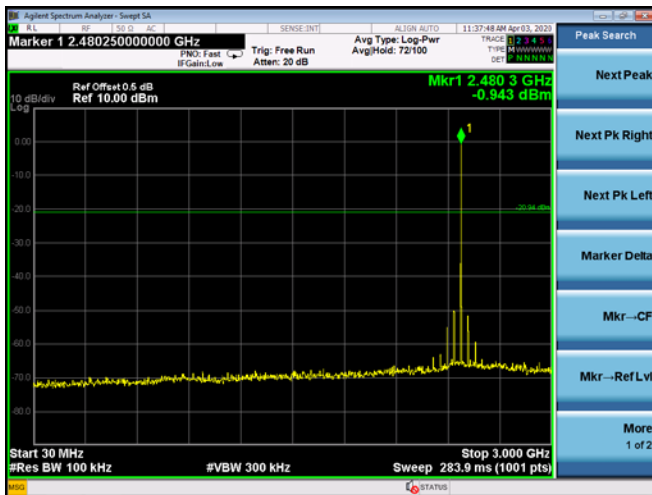
Pi/4 DQPSK Low Channel



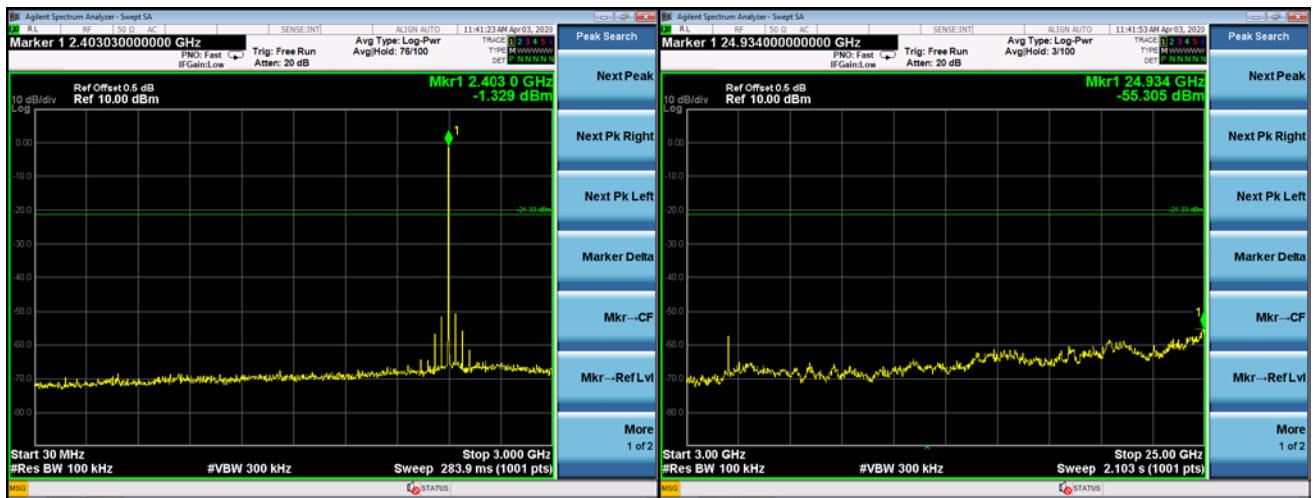
Pi/4 DQPSK Middle Channel



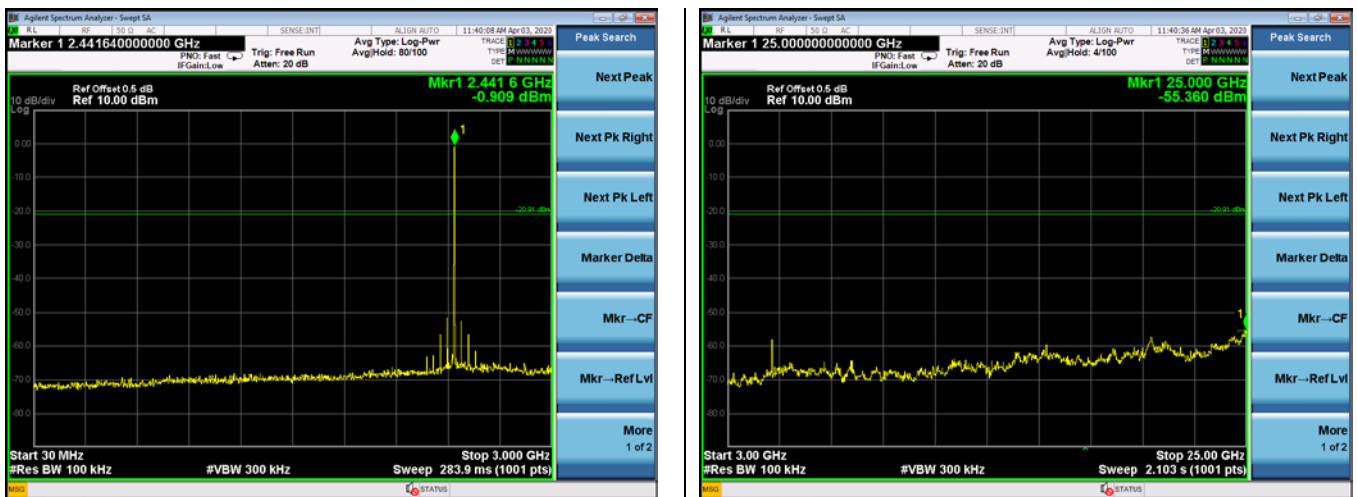
Pi/4 DQPSK High Channel



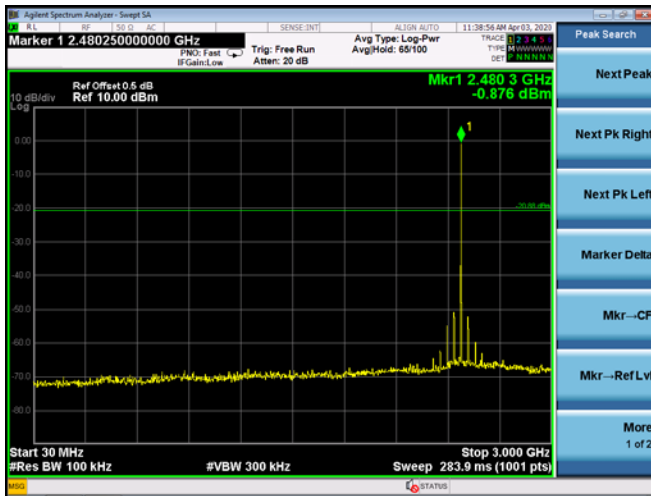
8DPSK Low Channel



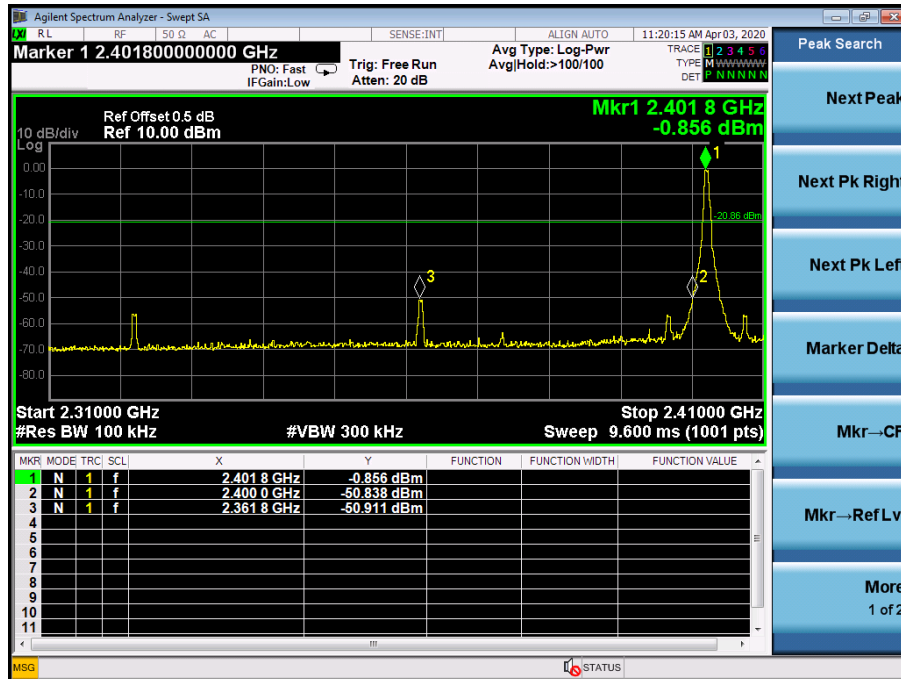
8DPSK Middle Channel



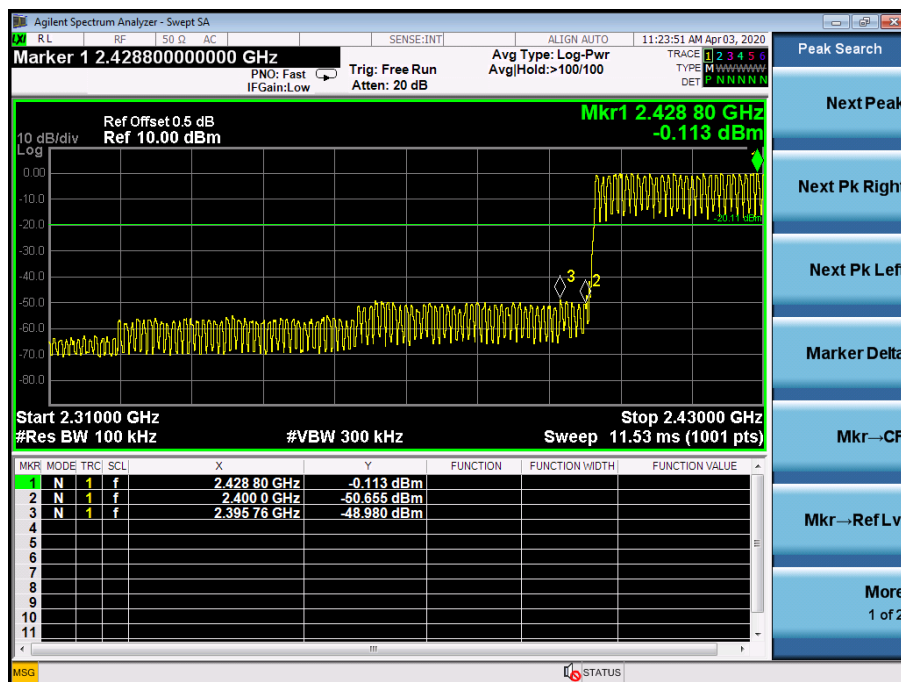
8DPSK High Channel



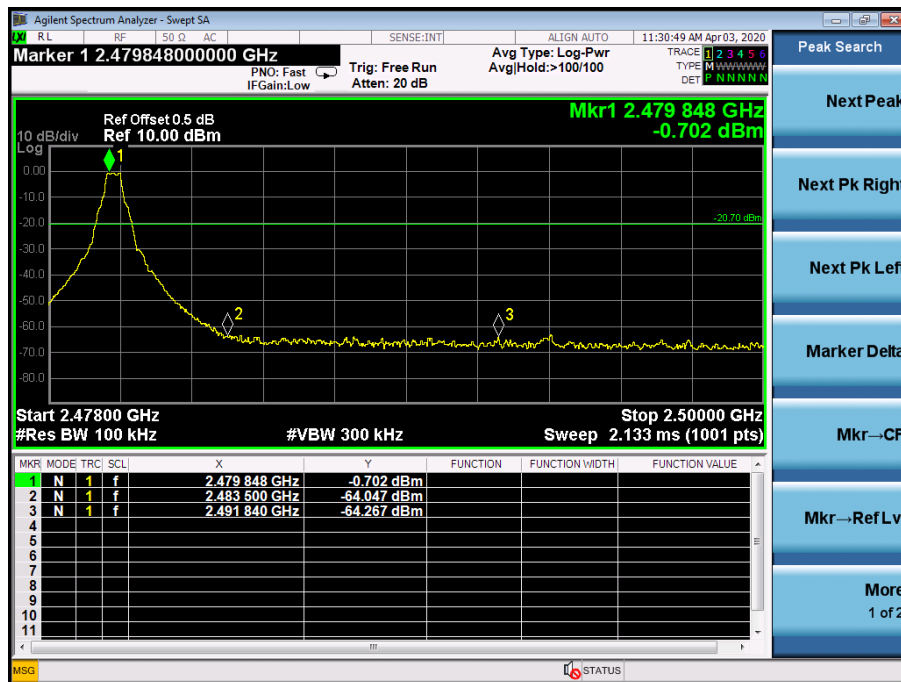
GFSK Transmitting Band edge-left side



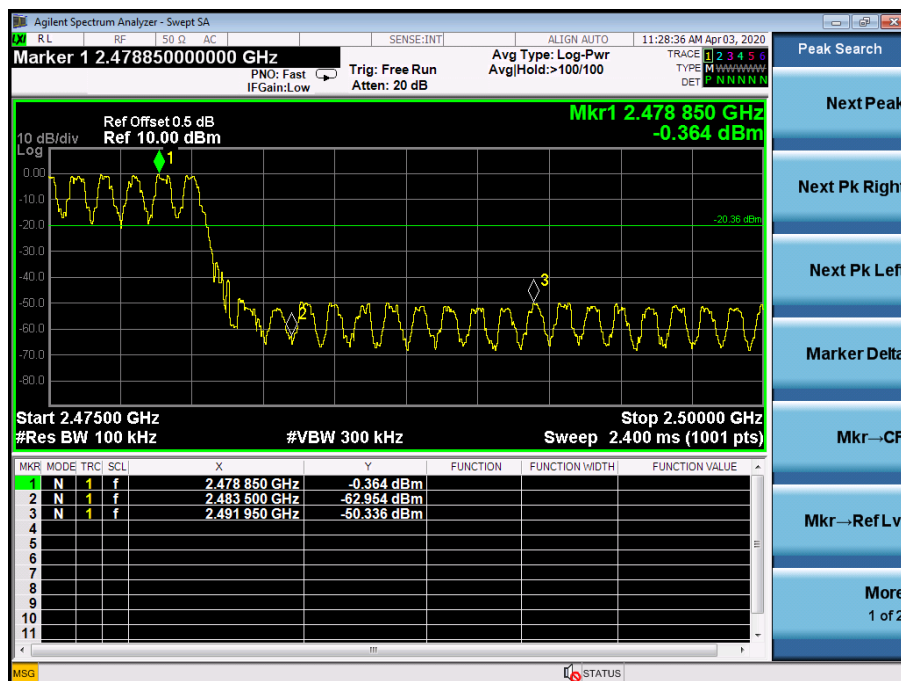
GFSK Hopping Band edge-left side



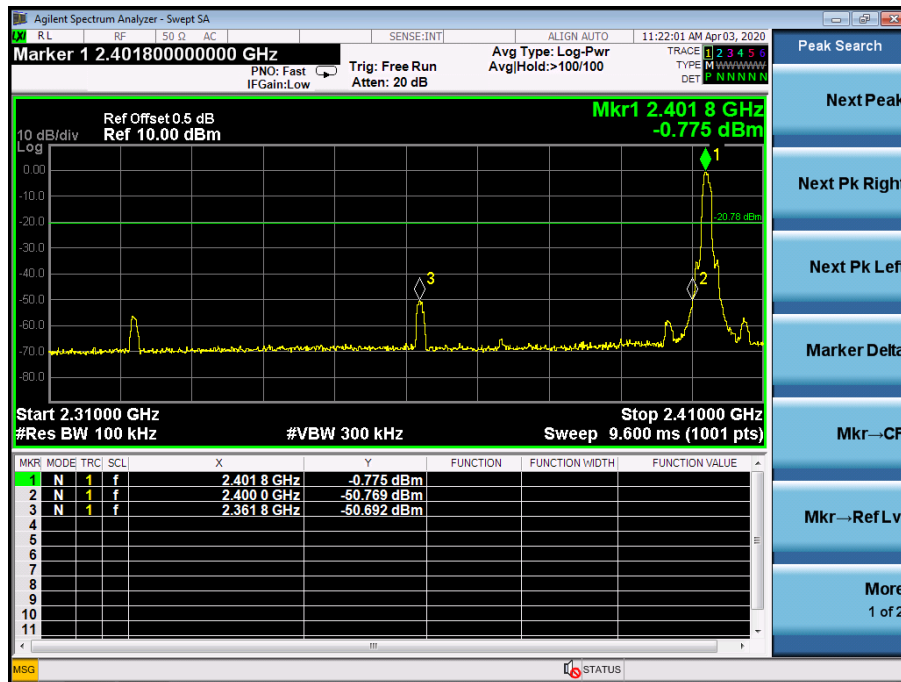
GFSK Transmitting Band edge-right side



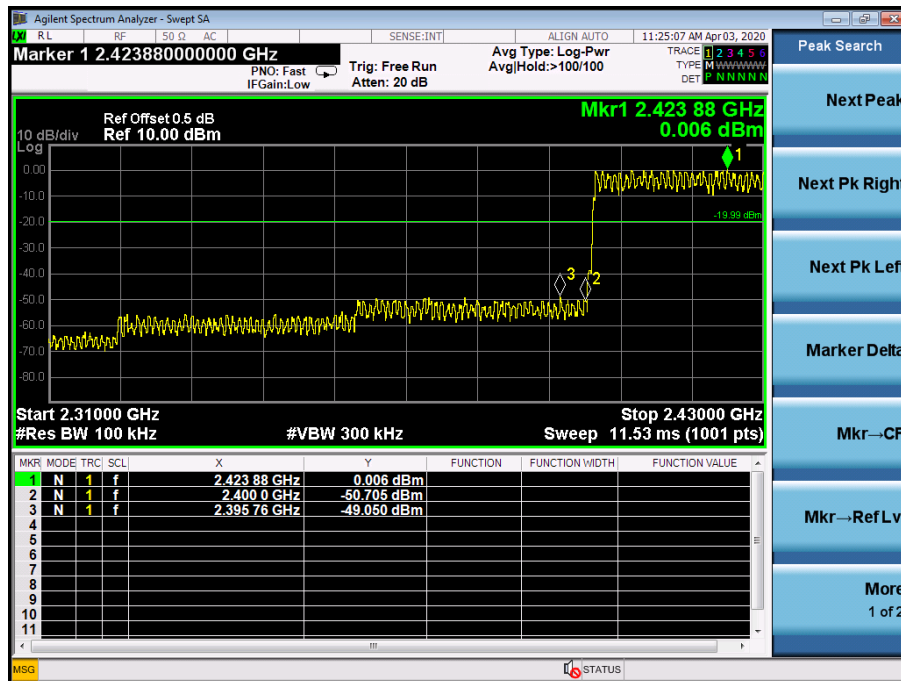
GFSK Hopping Band edge-right side



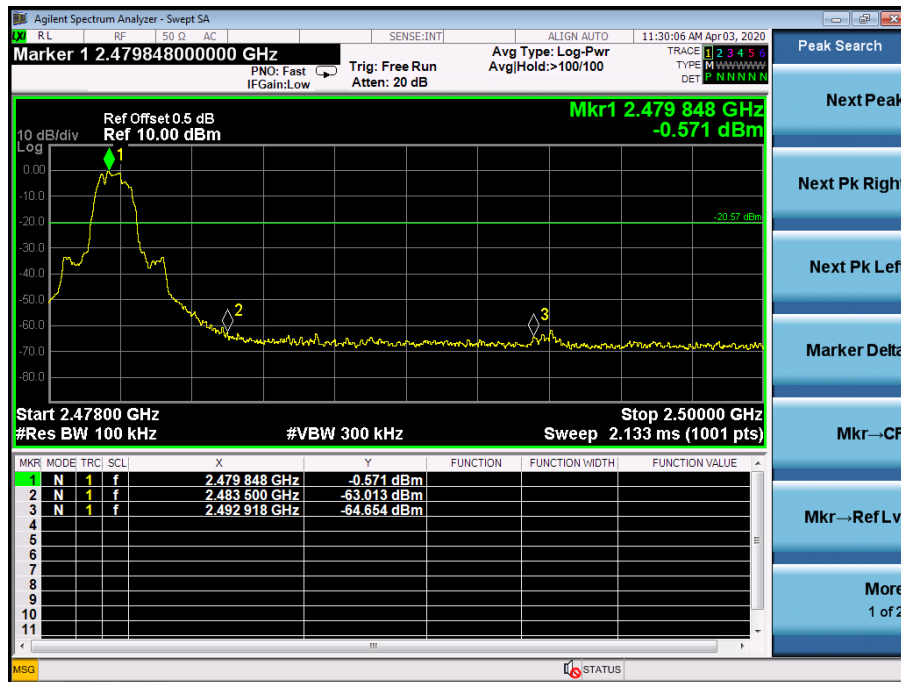
Pi/4 DQPSK Transmitting Band edge-left side



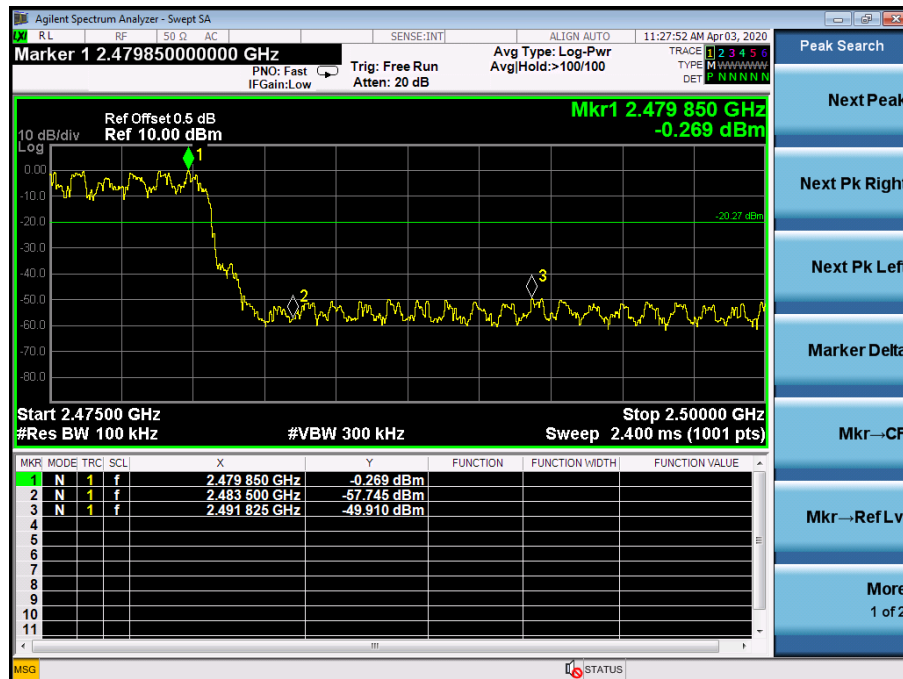
Pi/4 DQPSK Hopping Band edge-left side



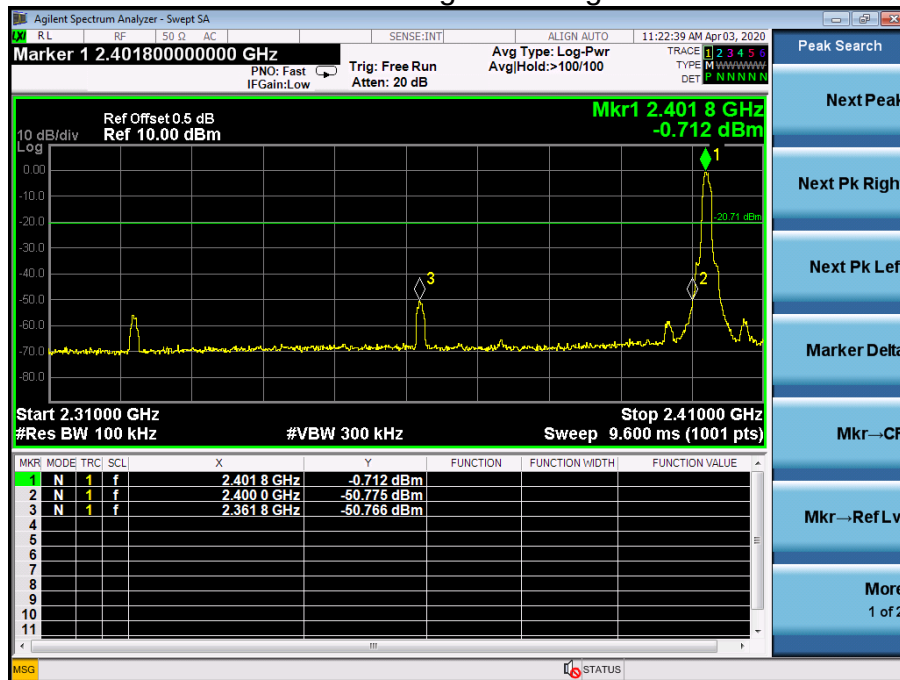
Pi/4 DQPSK Transmitting Band edge-right side



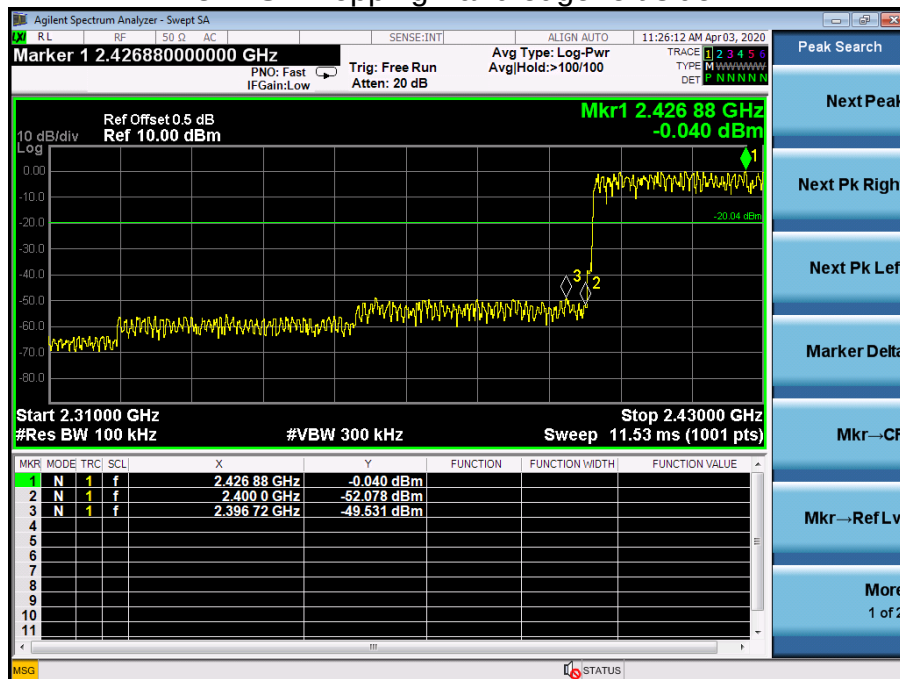
Pi/4 DQPSK Hopping Band edge-right side



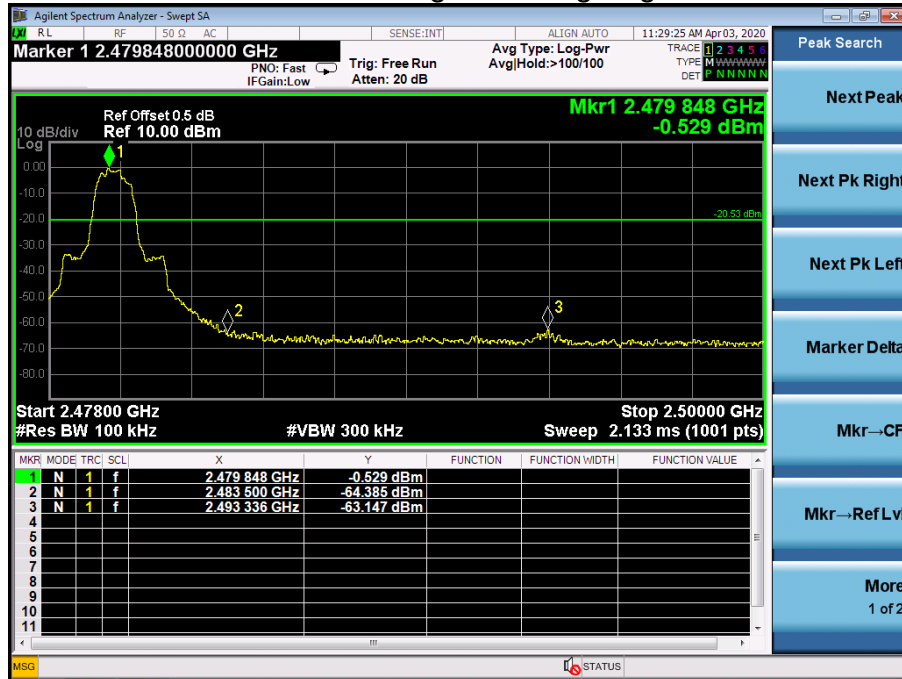
8DPSK Transmitting Band edge-left side



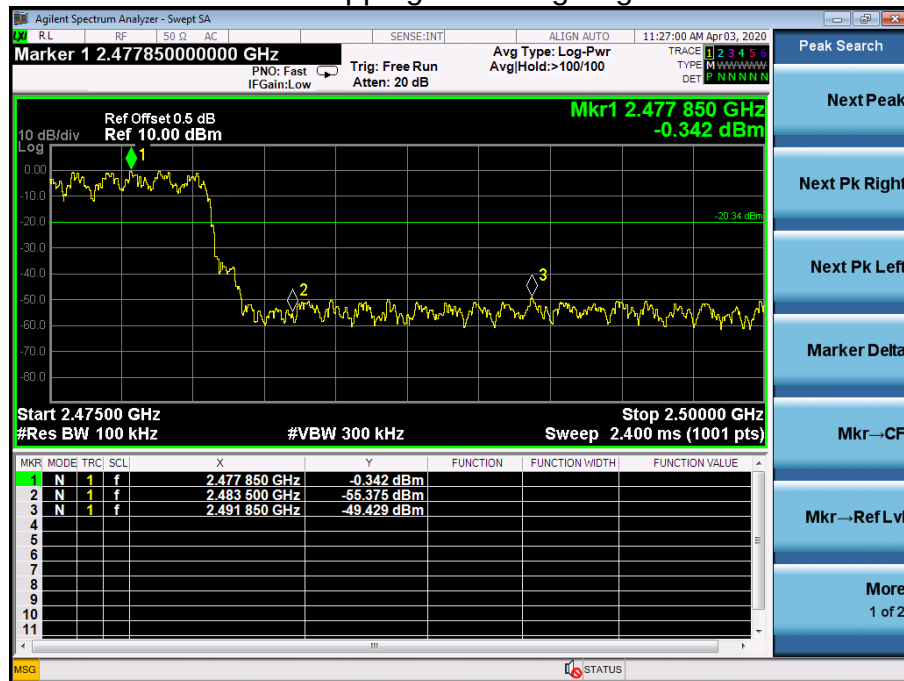
8DPSK Hopping Band edge-left side



8DPSK Transmitting Band edge-right side

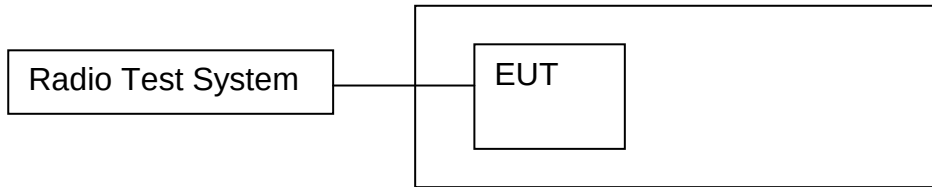


8DPSK Hopping Band edge-right side



9. 20 DB BANDWIDTH

9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



9.2 Limit

N/A

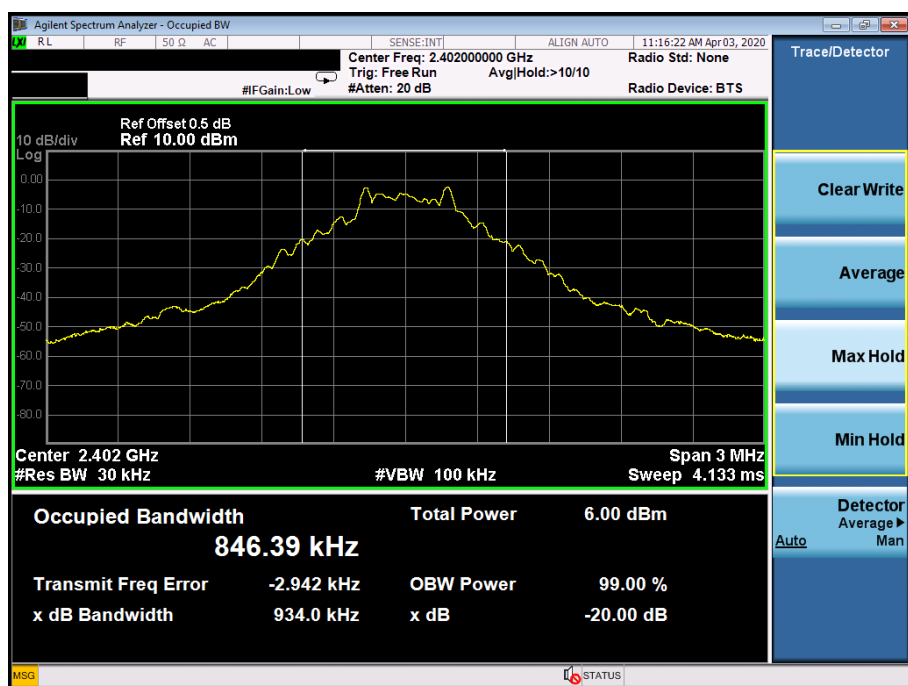
9.3 Test procedure

1. Set RBW = 30 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$.
3. Detector = Peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 20 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

9.4 Test Result

Modulation	Test Channel	Bandwidth(MHz)
GFSK	Low	0.934
GFSK	Middle	0.933
GFSK	High	0.894
Pi/4 DQPSK	Low	1.282
Pi/4 DQPSK	Middle	1.283
Pi/4 DQPSK	High	1.281
8DPSK	Low	1.225
8DPSK	Middle	1.224
8DPSK	High	1.225

Test plots
GFSK Low Channel



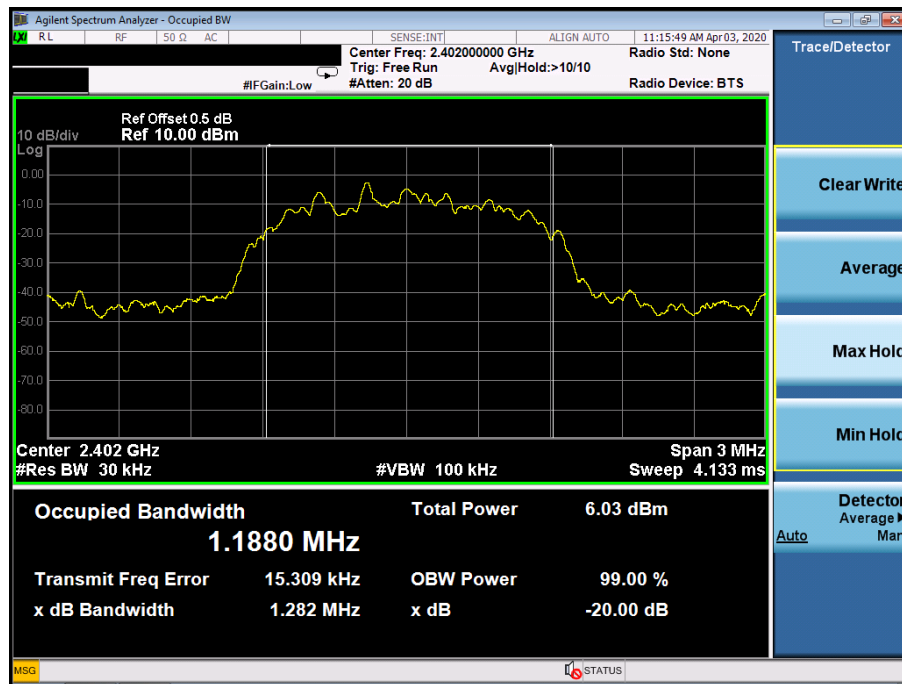
GFSK Middle Channel



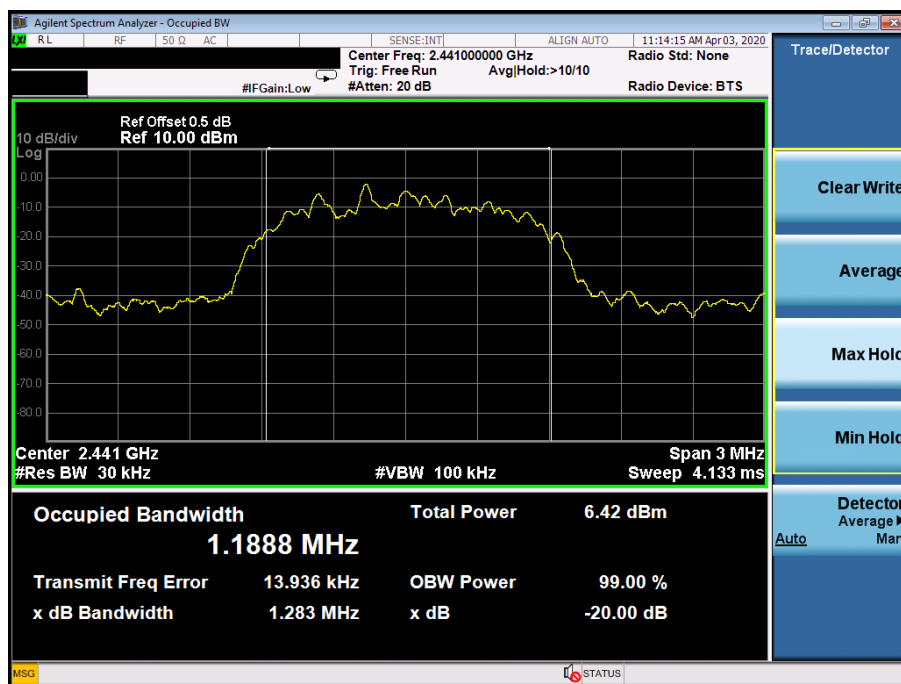
GFSK High Channel



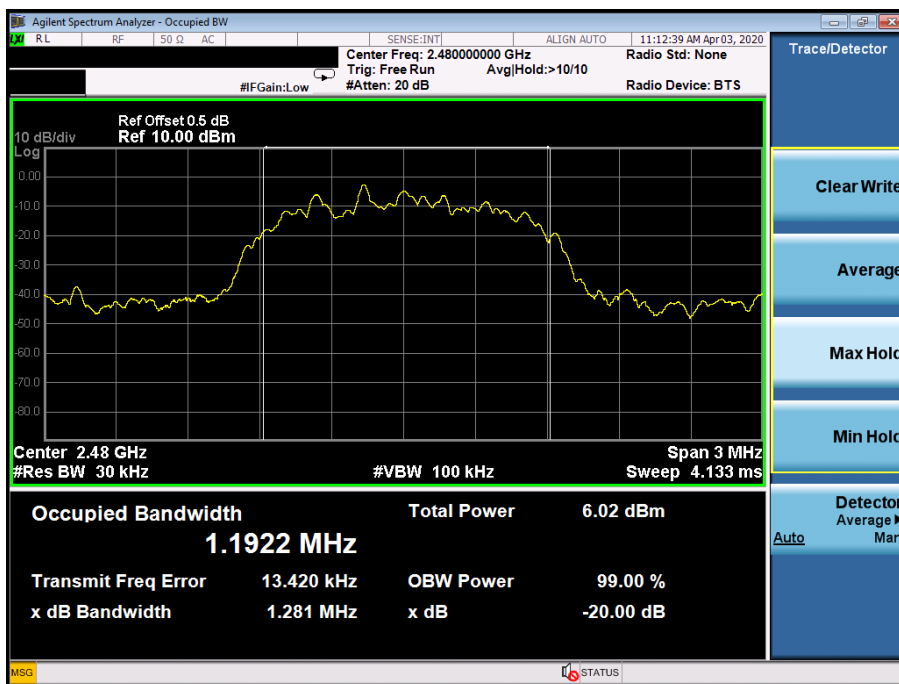
Pi/4 DQPSK Low Channel



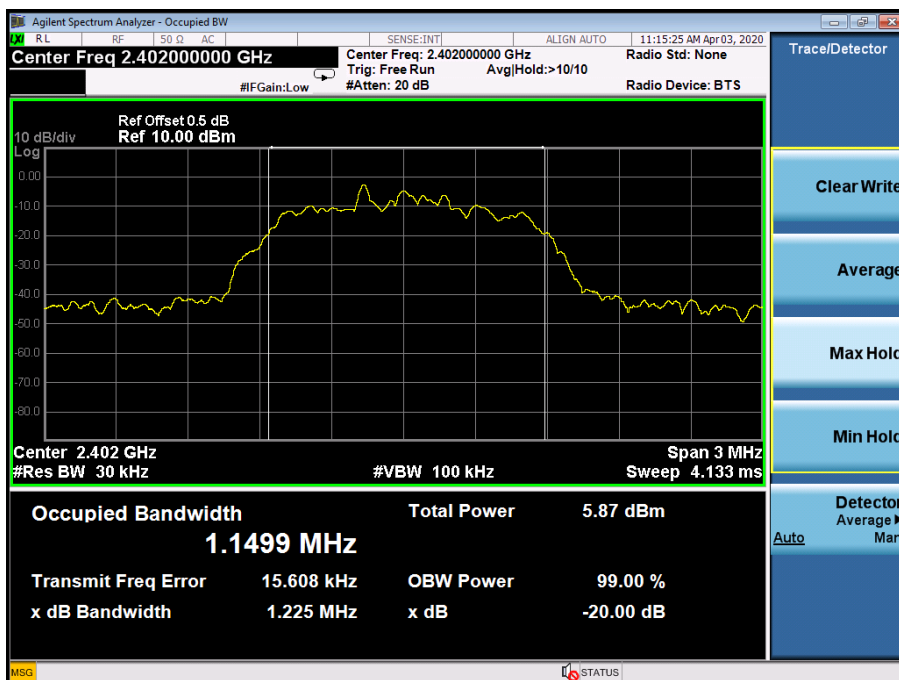
Pi/4 DQPSK Middle Channel



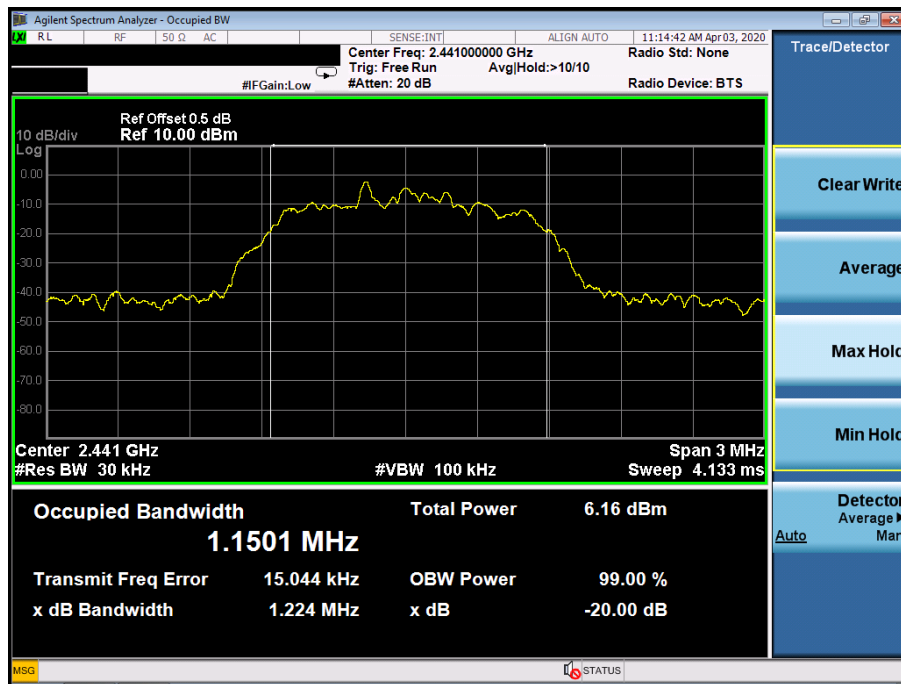
Pi/4 DQPSK High Channel



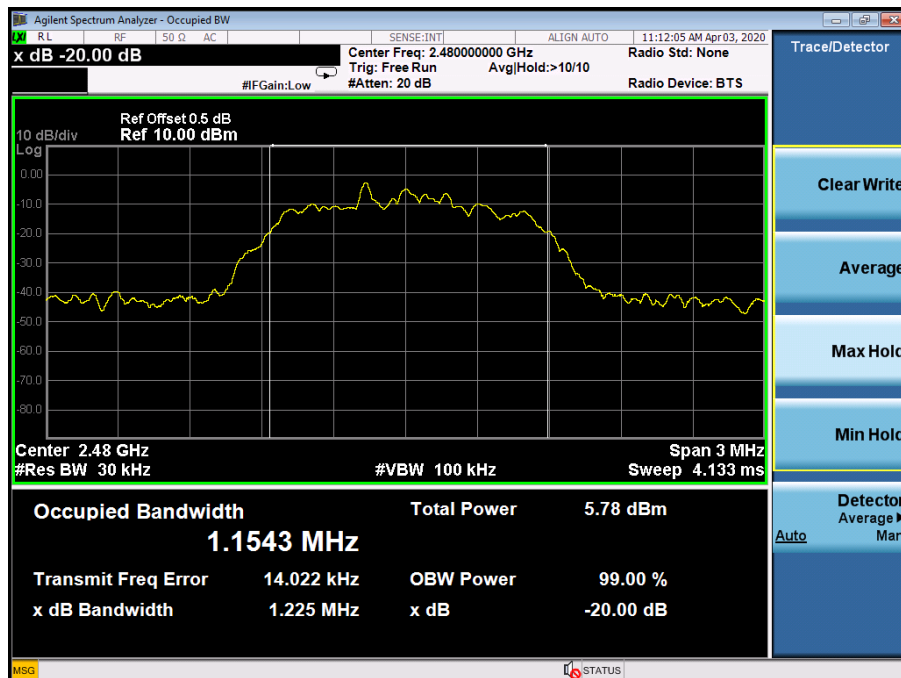
8DPSK Low Channel



8DPSK Middle Channel

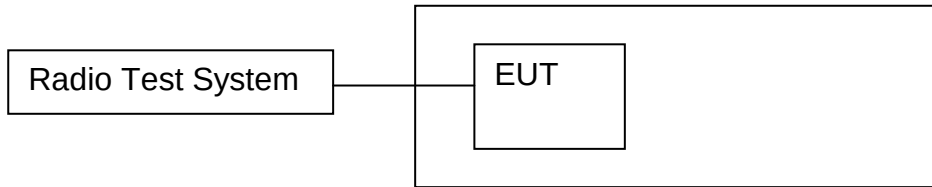


8DPSK High Channel



10. MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



10.2 Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

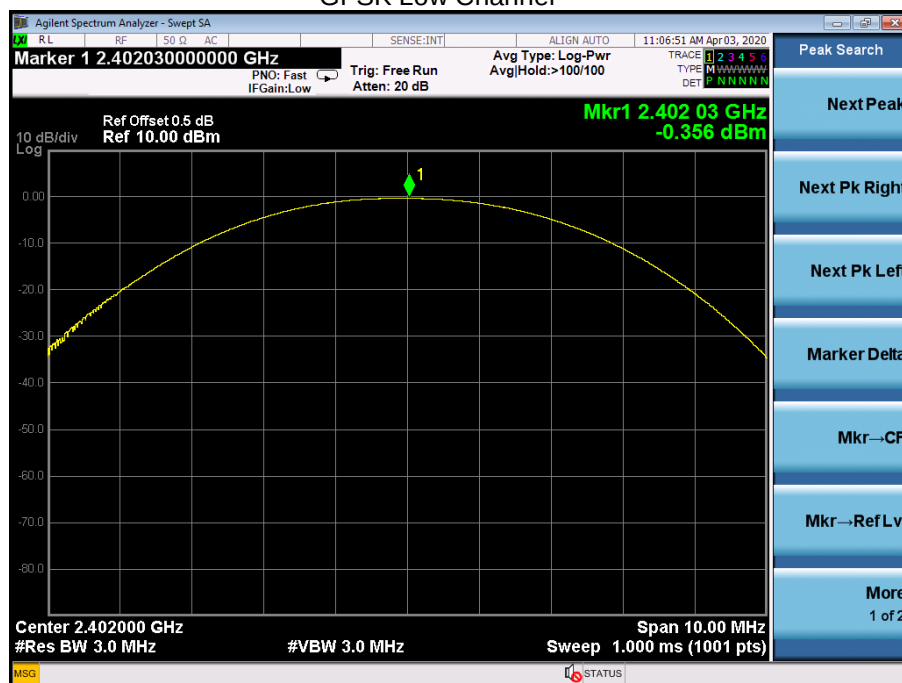
10.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 3MHz. VBW = 3MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak.
3. Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, medium and highest channel individually. Record the max value.

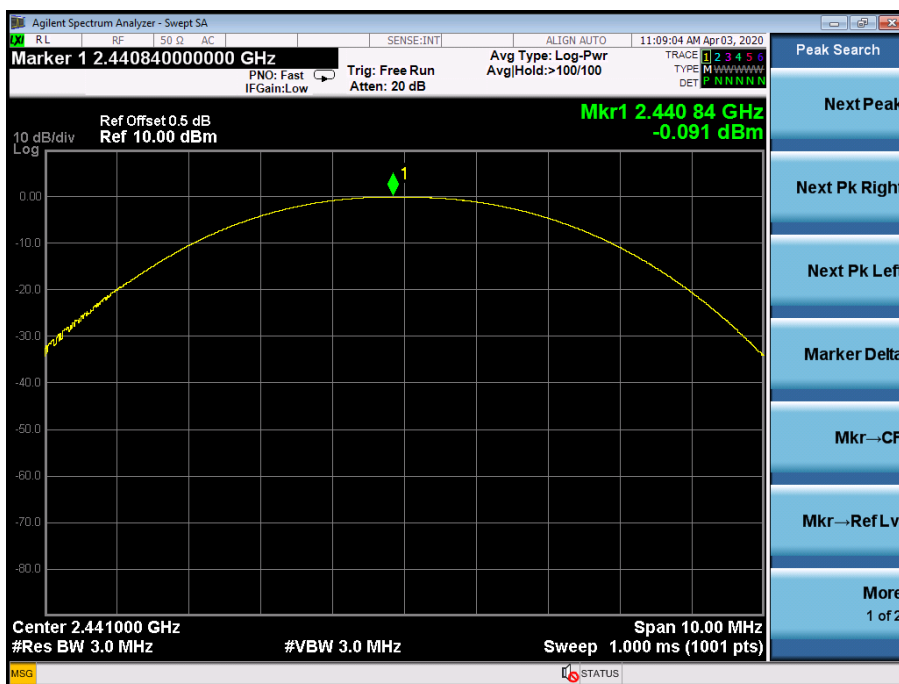
10.4 Test Result

Modulation	Test Channel	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
GFSK	Low	-0.36	21
GFSK	Middle	-0.09	21
GFSK	High	-0.43	21
Pi/4 DQPSK	Low	0.87	21
Pi/4 DQPSK	Middle	1.14	21
Pi/4 DQPSK	High	0.77	21
8DPSK	Low	1.18	21
8DPSK	Middle	1.49	21
8DPSK	High	1.17	21

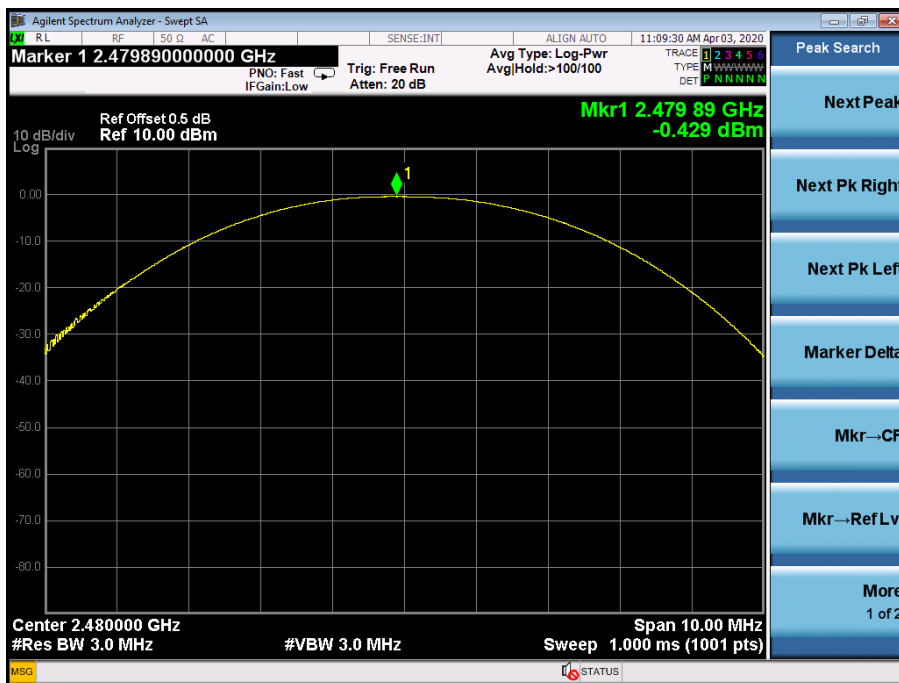
Test plots
GFSK Low Channel



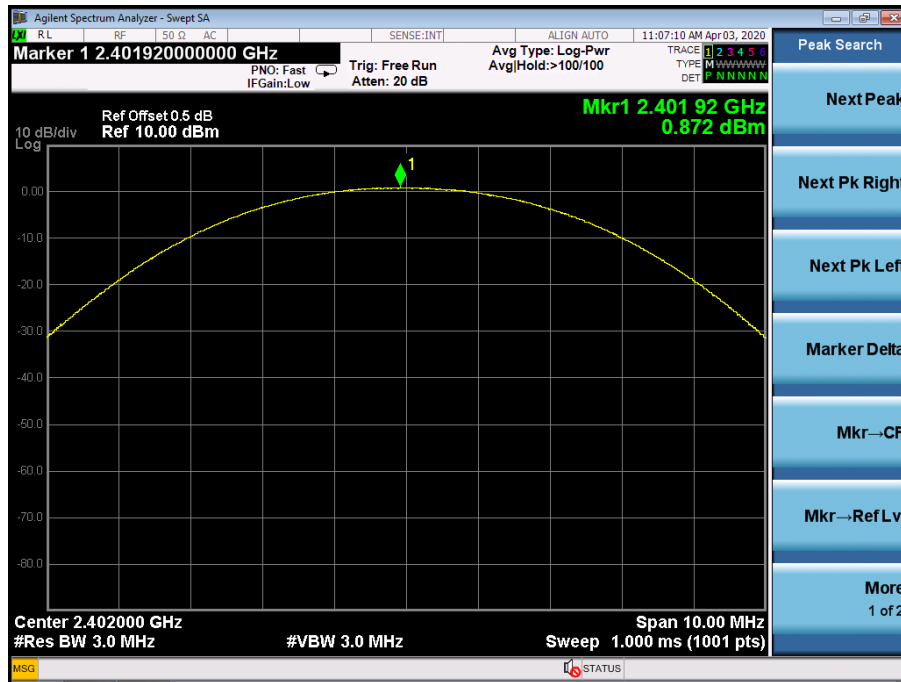
GFSK Middle Channel



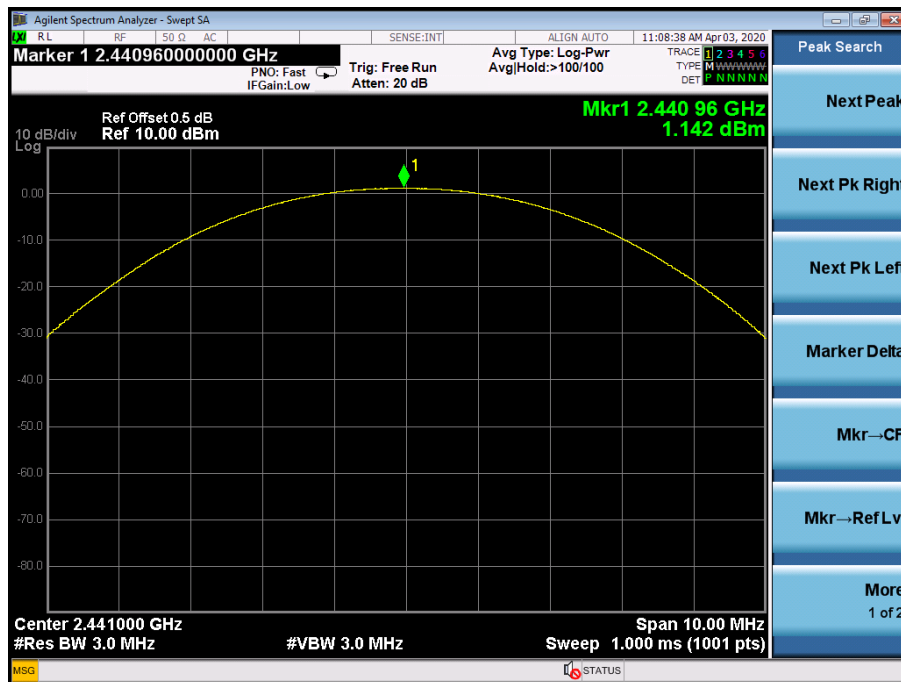
GFSK High Channel



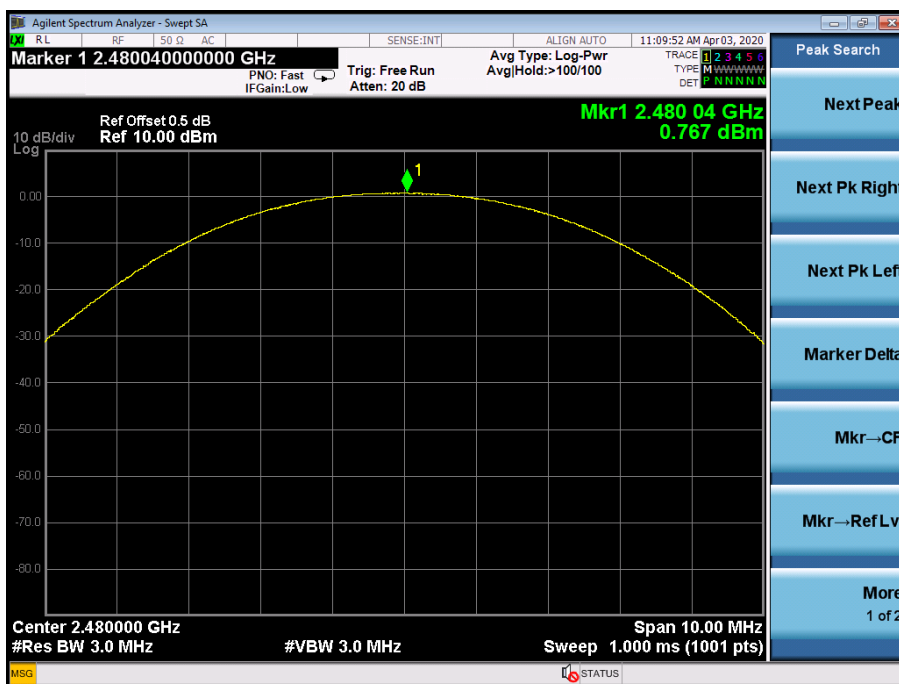
Pi/4 DQPSK Low Channel



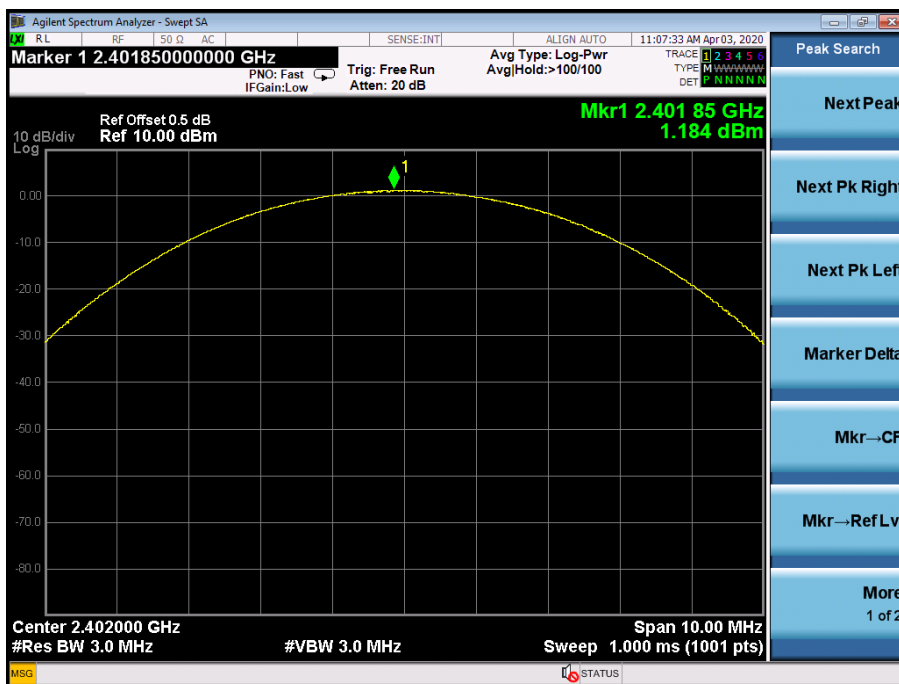
Pi/4 DQPSK Middle Channel



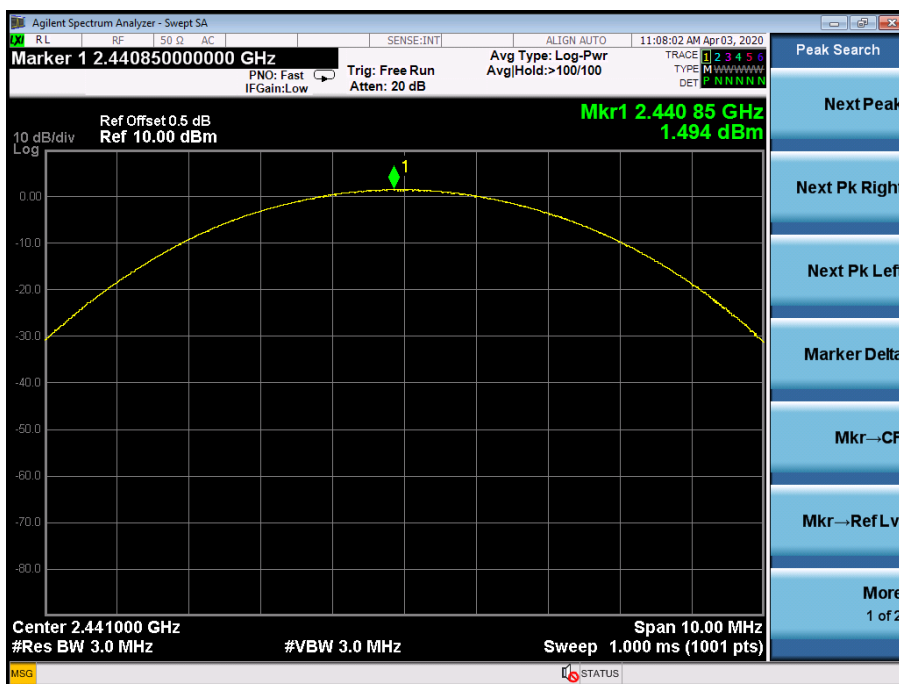
Pi/4 DQPSK High Channel



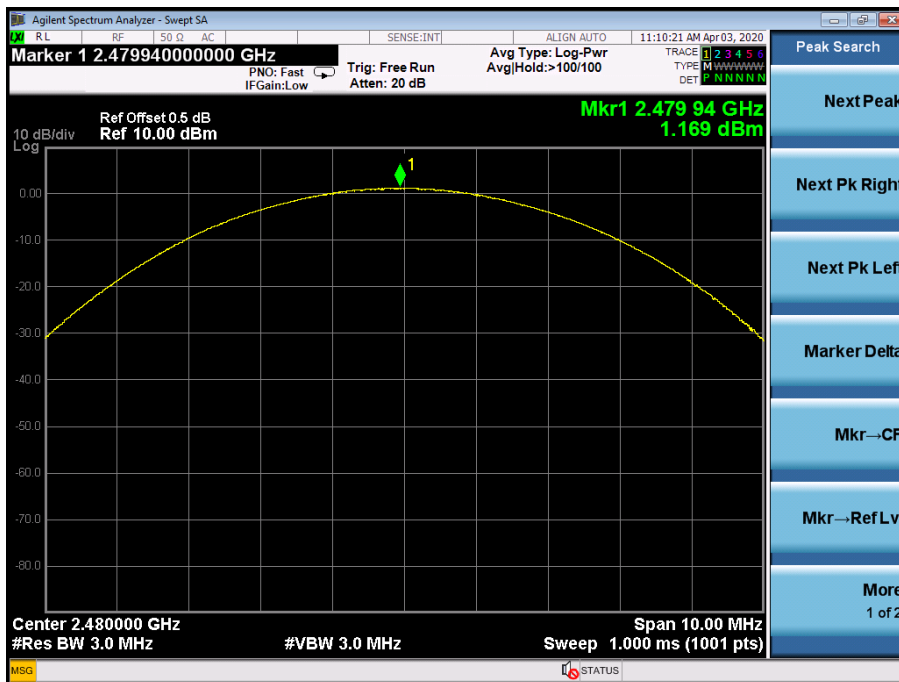
8DPSK Low Channel



8DPSK Middle Channel

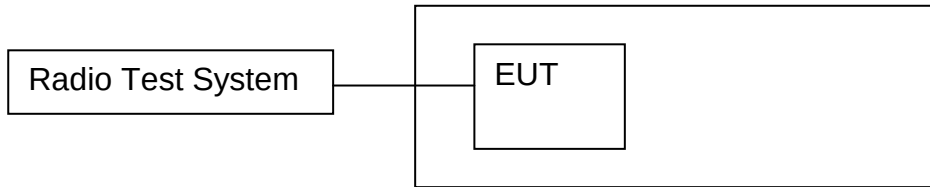


8DPSK High Channel



11. HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION

11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



11.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 0.125W.

11.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 30kHz. VBW = 100kHz , Span = 2MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section Submit this plot.

11.4 Test Result

Modulation	Test Channel	Separation (MHz)	Limit(MHz)	Result
GFSK	Low	1.004	0.623	PASS
GFSK	Middle	1.002	0.622	PASS
GFSK	High	1.006	0.596	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	Low	1.004	0.855	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	Middle	0.998	0.855	PASS
Pi/4 DQPSK	High	1.006	0.854	PASS
8DPSK	Low	0.998	0.817	PASS
8DPSK	Middle	1.006	0.816	PASS
8DPSK	High	1.000	0.817	PASS

Test plots
GFSK Low Channel



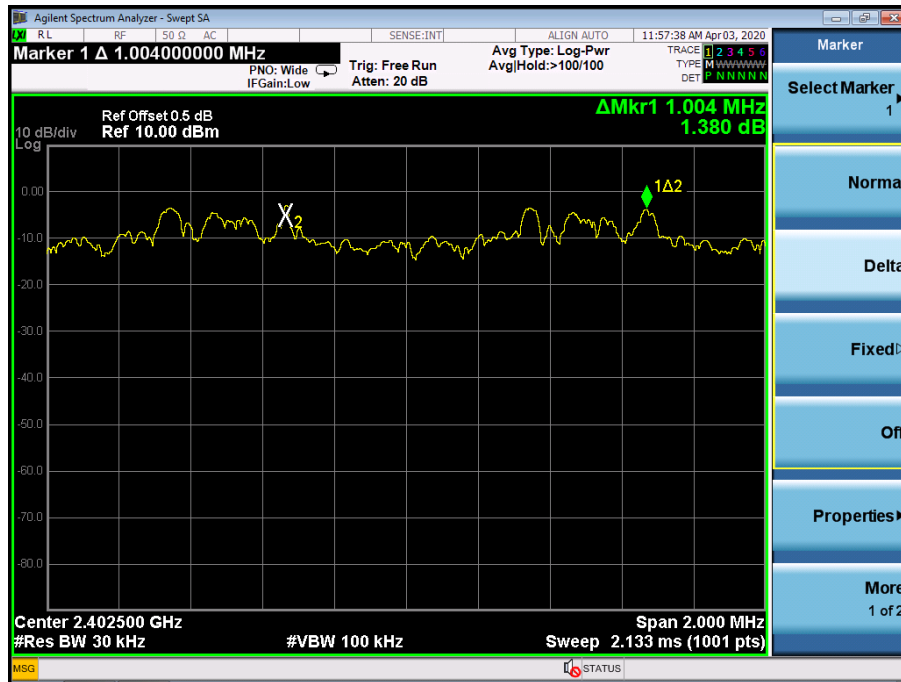
GFSK Middle Channel



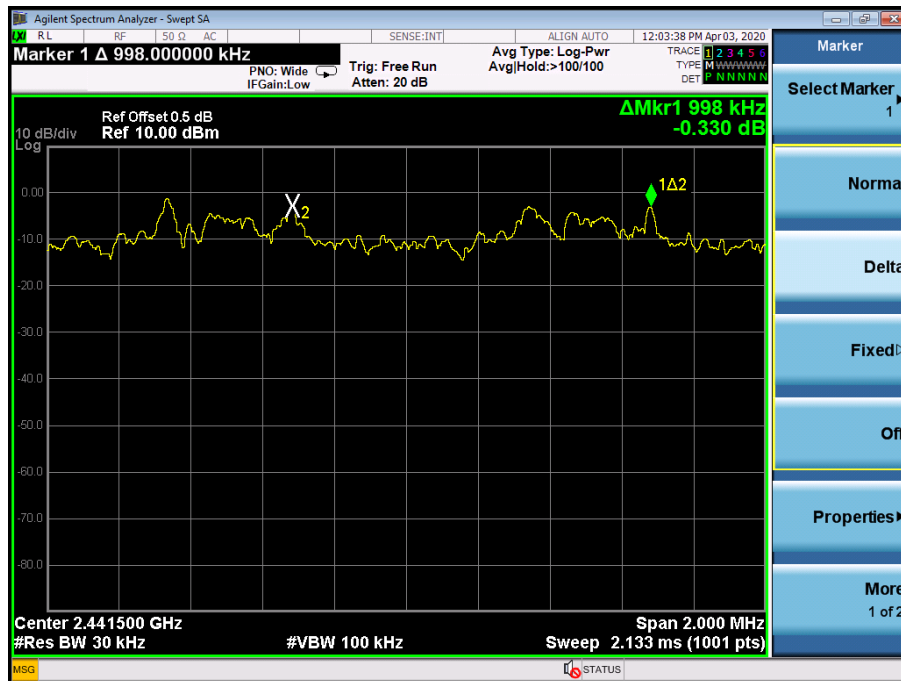
GFSK High Channel



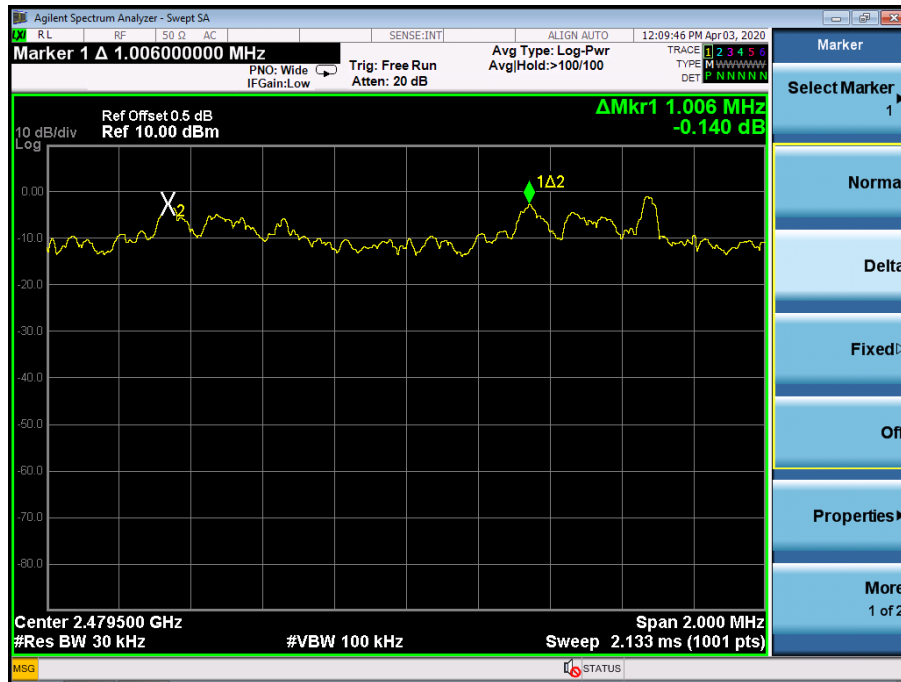
Pi/4 DQPSK Low Channel



Pi/4 DQPSK Middle Channel



Pi/4 DQPSK High Channel



8DPSK Low Channel



8DPSK Middle Channel

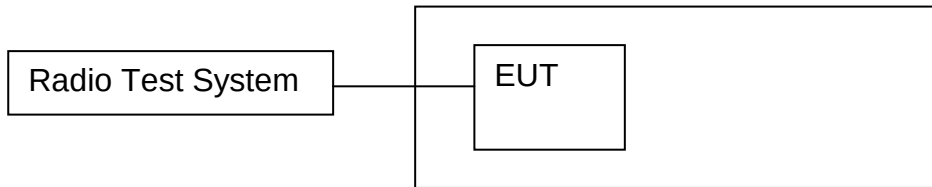


8DPSK High Channel



12. NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



12.2 Limit

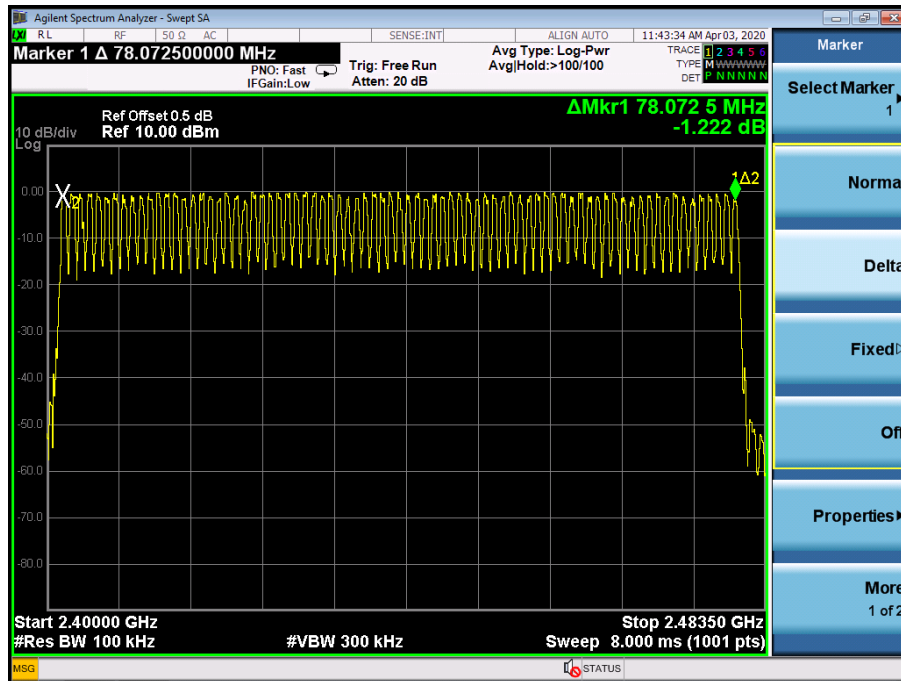
Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

12.3 Test procedure

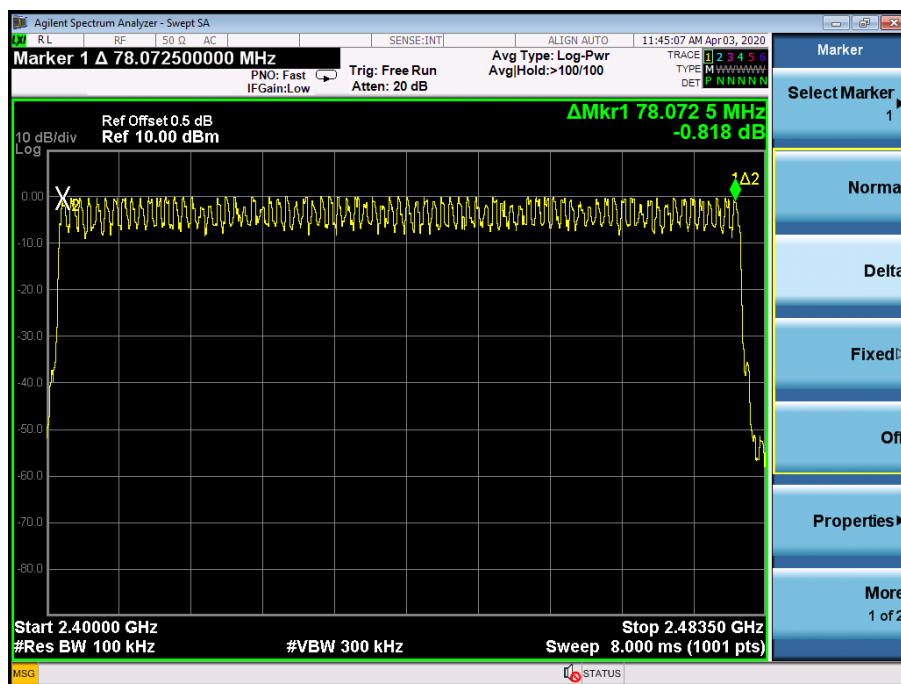
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100kHz. VBW = 300kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer: Start Frequency = 2.4GHz, Stop Frequency = 2.4835GHz. Sweep=auto;

12.4 Test Result

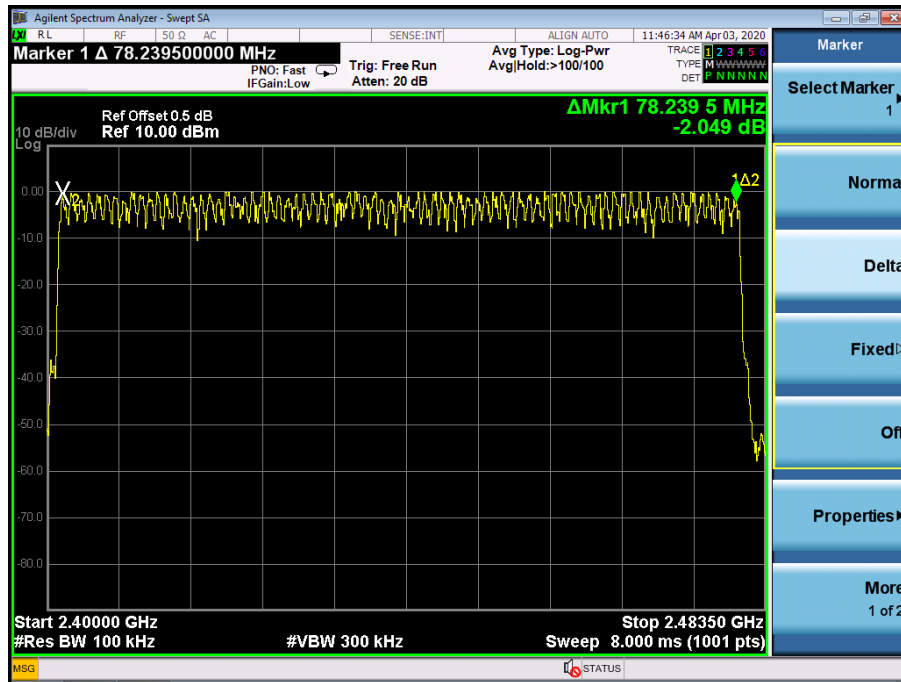
Test Plots:
79 Channels in total
GFSK



Pi/4 DQPSK

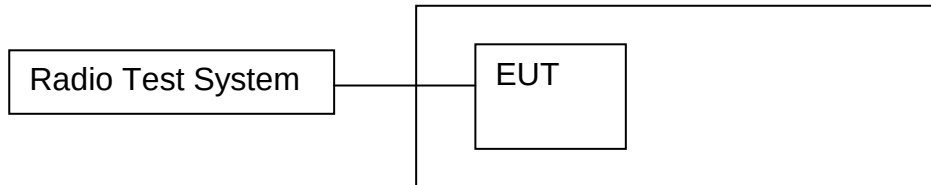


8DPSK



13. DWELL TIME

13.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



13.2 Limit

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

13.3 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. Centred on a hopping channel;
3. Set RBW = 1MHz and VBW = 3MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Set the EUT for DH5, DH3 and DH1 packet transmitting.
4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g.. data rate. modulation format. etc.). repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s).

13.4 Test Result

DH5 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 6 hops per second in each channel (5 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX).

DH3 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 4 hops per second in each channel (3 time slots RX, 1 time slot TX).

DH1 Packet permit maximum 1600 / 79 / 2 hops per second in each channel (1 time slot RX, 1 time slot TX). So, the Dwell Time can be calculated as follows:

DH5: $1600/79/6 \times 0.4 \times 79 \times (\text{MkrDelta})/1000$

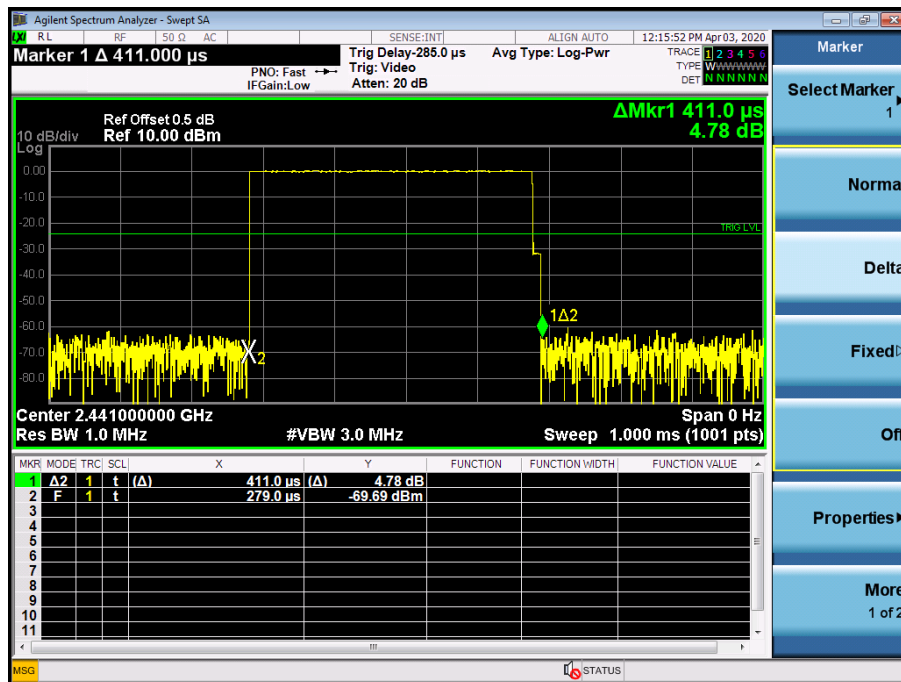
DH3: $1600/79/4 \times 0.4 \times 79 \times (\text{MkrDelta})/1000$

DH1: $1600/79/2 \times 0.4 \times 79 \times (\text{MkrDelta})/1000$

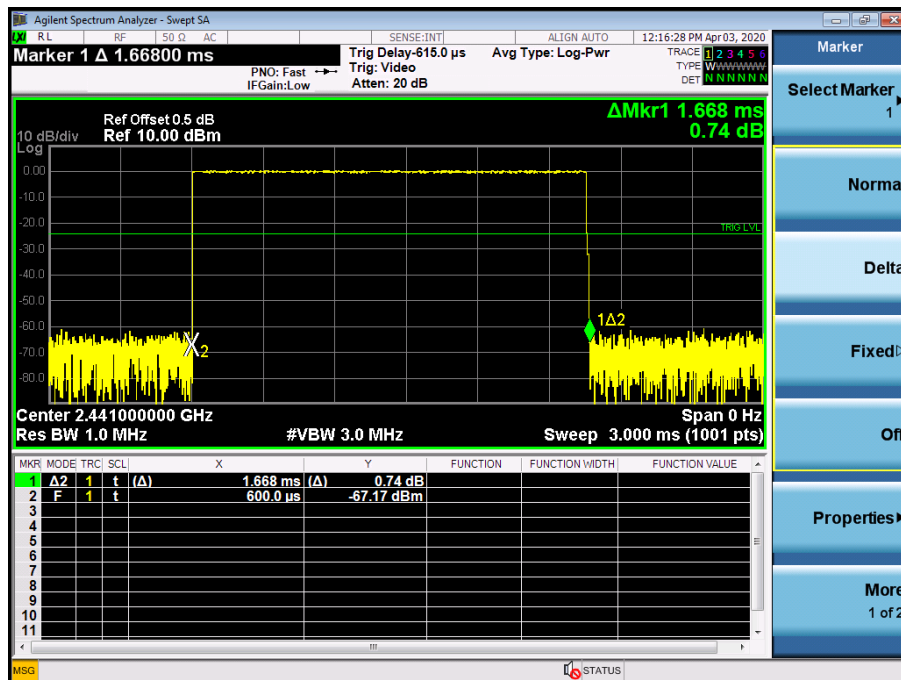
Remark: Mkr Delta is once pulse time.

Modulation	Channel Data	Packet	pulse time(ms)	Dwell Time(s)	Limits(s)
GFSK	Middle	DH1	0.411	0.132	0.4
		DH3	1.668	0.267	0.4
		DH5	2.930	0.313	0.4
Pi/4DQPSK	Middle	DH1	0.420	0.134	0.4
		DH3	1.680	0.269	0.4
		DH5	2.940	0.314	0.4
8DPSK	Middle	DH1	0.420	0.134	0.4
		DH3	1.680	0.269	0.4
		DH5	2.955	0.315	0.4

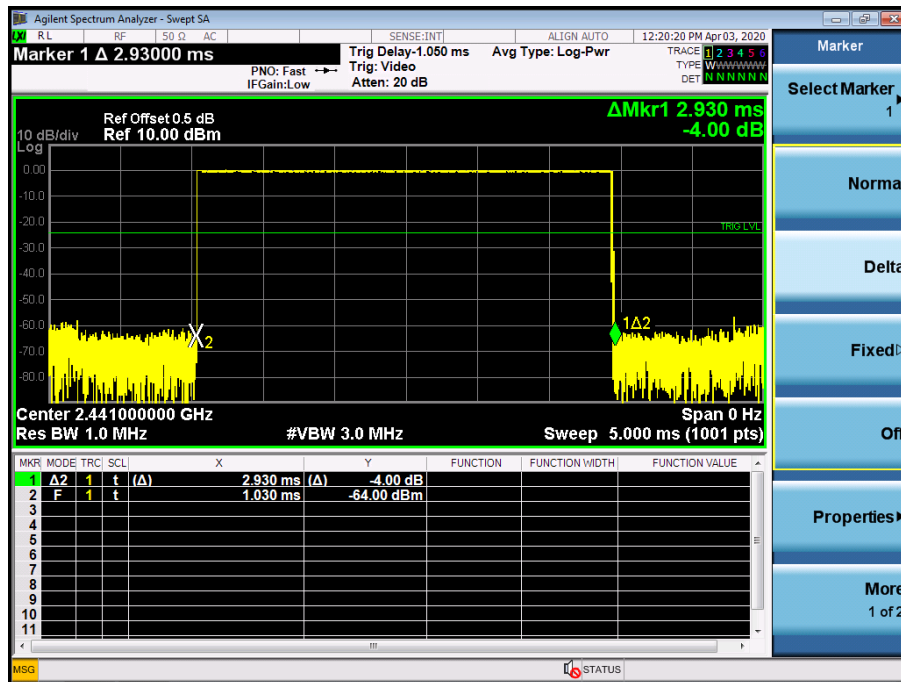
Test Plots
GFSK DH1 Middle Channel



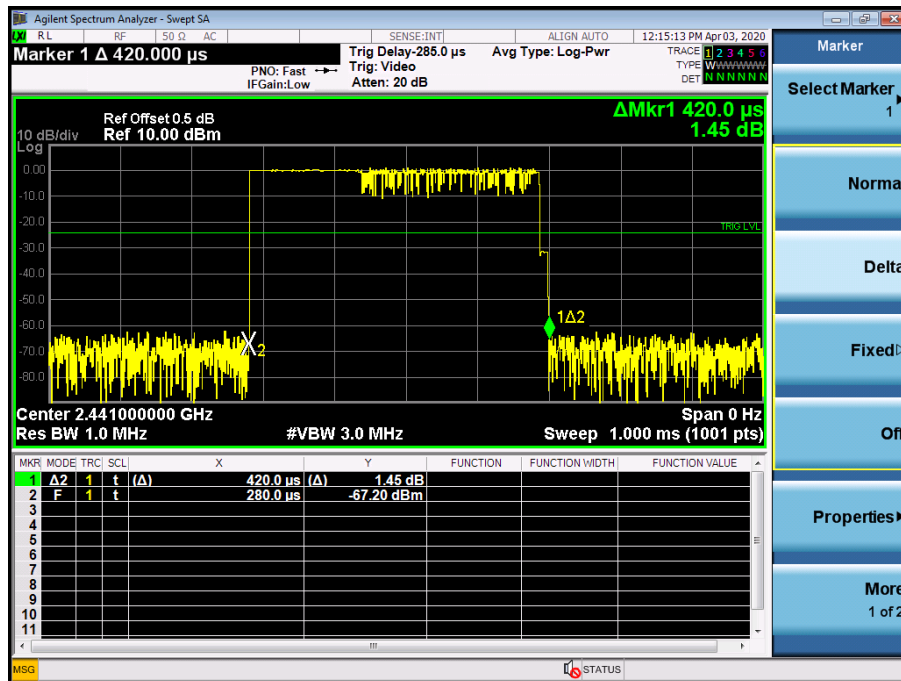
GFSK DH3 Middle Channel



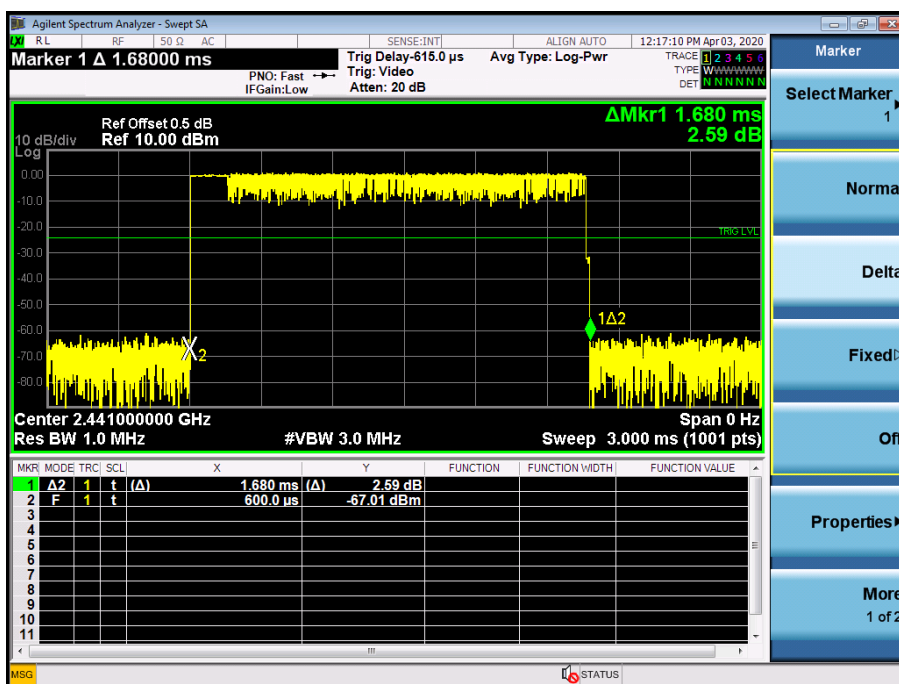
GFSK DH5 High Middle Channel



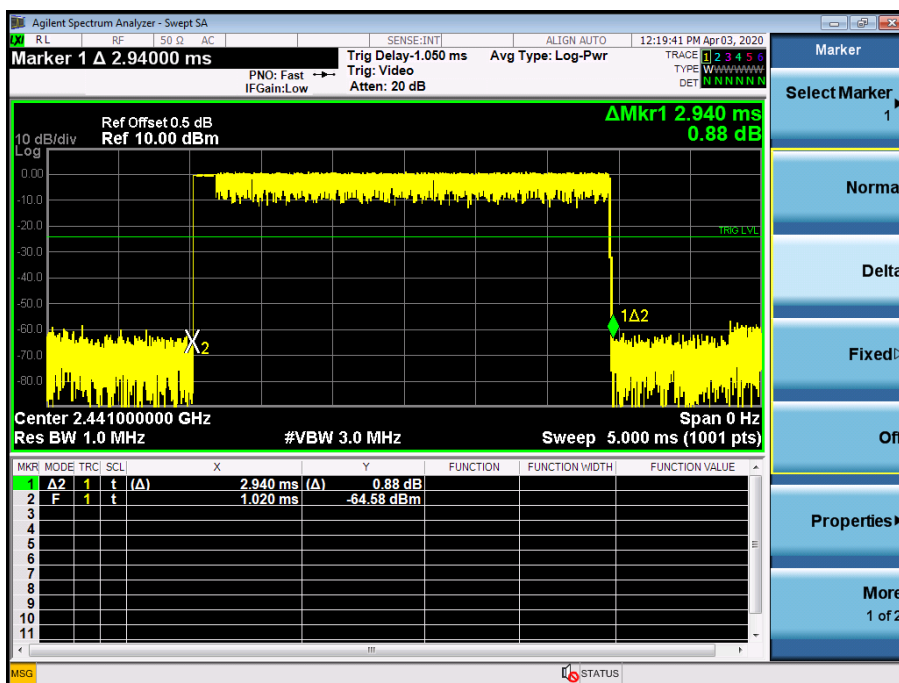
Pi/4DQPSK DH1 Middle Channel



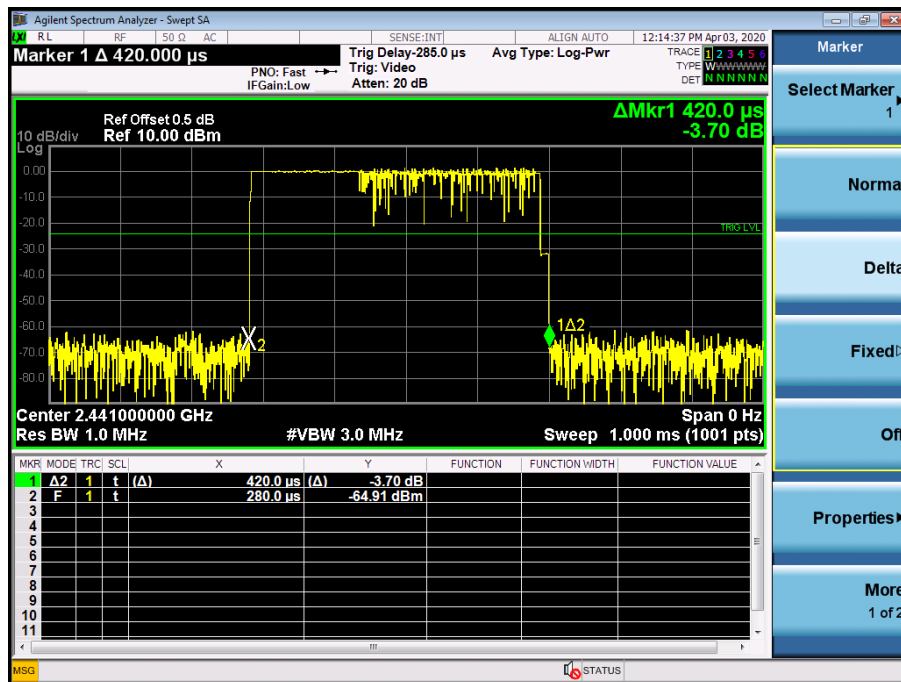
Pi/4DQPSK DH3 Middle Channel



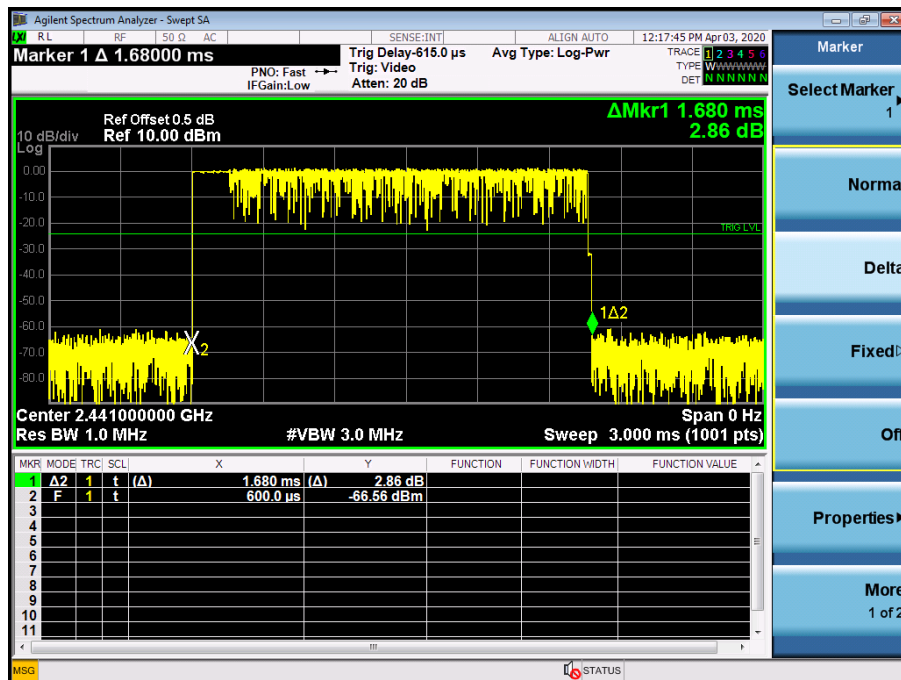
Pi/4DQPSK DH5 Middle Channel



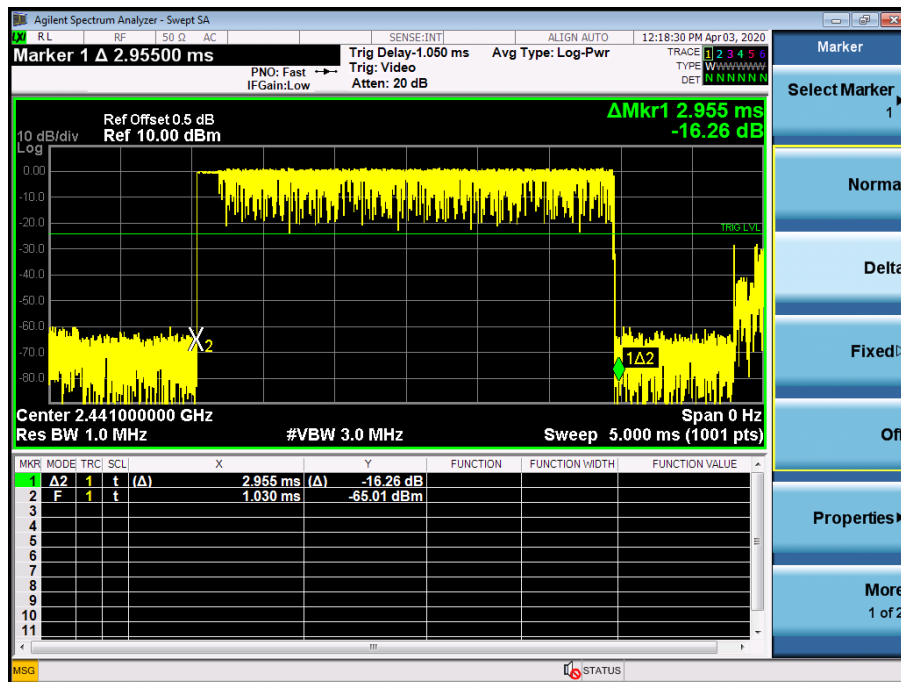
8DPSK DH1 Middle Channel



8DPSK DH3 Middle Channel



8DPSK DH5 Middle Channel



14. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

The EUT antenna is External antenna. It comply with the standard requirement.

15. FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

15.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), the system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

15.2 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule. This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

This device was tested with a Bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

15.3 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

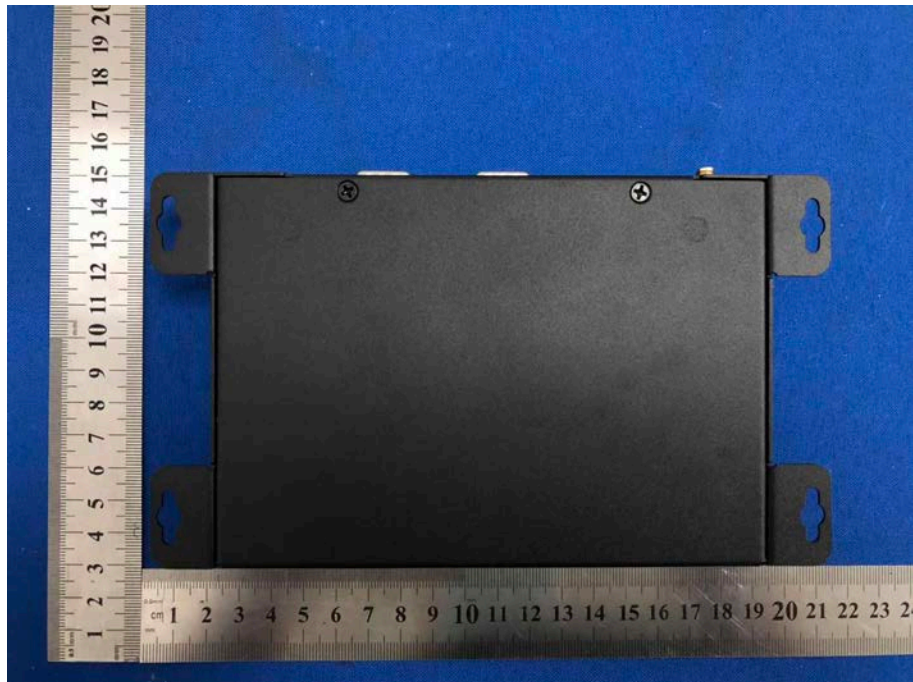
Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 56, 24, 40, 56, 40, 08, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 18, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 54, 71, 08, 05, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

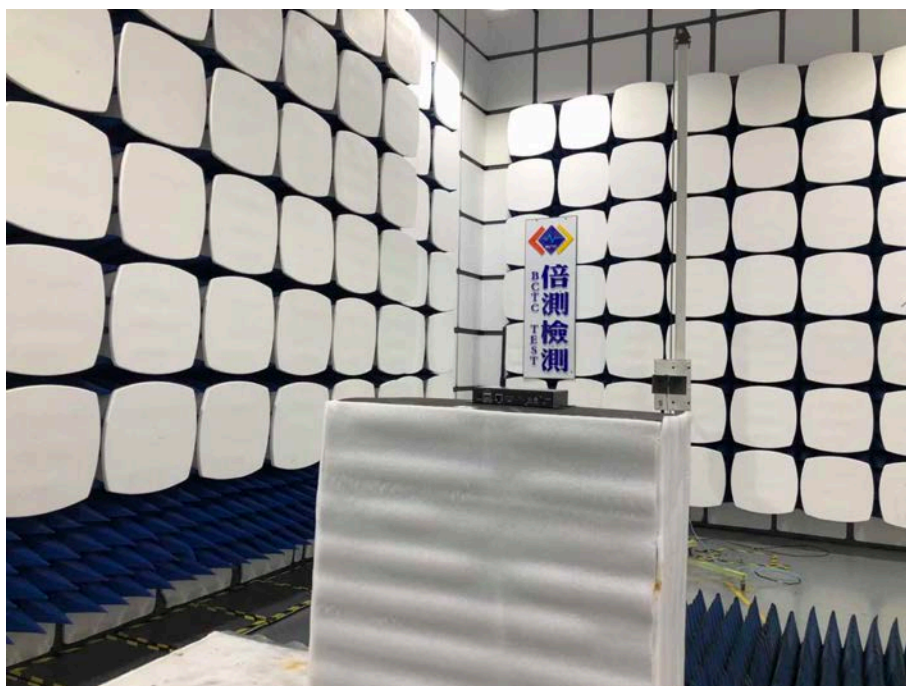
16. EUT PHOTOGRAPHS





17. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

Spurious emissions



Conducted emissions



***** END OF REPORT *****