



RF Test Report

For

Applicant Name: Shenzhen DOOGEE Hengtong Technology CO., LTD
Address: B, 2/F, Building A4, Silicon Valley Power Digital Industrial Park, No. 22, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China
EUT Name: Tablet
Brand Name: DOOGEE
Model Number: T20Mini
Series Model Number: Refer to section 2

Issued By

Company Name: BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address: F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China

Report Number: BTF230725R01006
Test Standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 2
FCC CFR Title 47 Part22
FCC CFR Title 47 Part24
FCC CFR Title 47 Part27
FCC ID: 2AX4YT20MINI
Test Conclusion: Pass
Test Date: 2023-07-10 to 2023-07-10
Date of Issue: 2023-07-24

Prepared By: Elma.Yang
Date: elma.yang / Project Engineer
2023-07-24

Approved By: Elma.Yang
Date: Ryan.CJ / EMC Manager
2023-07-24



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Revision History		
Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content
R_V0	2023-07-24	Original
Note:	Once the revision has been made, then previous versions reports are invalid.	

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1. Introduction

1.1 Identification of Testing Laboratory

Company Name:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address:	F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Phone Number:	+86-0755-23146130
Fax Number:	+86-0755-23146130

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address:	F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
Description:	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at F101, 201 and 301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China
FCC Registration Number:	518915
Designation Number:	CN1330

1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature:	20°C to 35°C
Ambient Relative Humidity:	45% to 55%
Ambient Pressure:	100 kPa to 102 kPa

1.4 Announcement

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v0.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing, reviewing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BTF and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (6) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.

2. Product Information

2.1 Application Information

Company Name:	Shenzhen DOOGEE Hengtong Technology CO., LTD
Address:	B, 2/F, Building A4, Silicon Valley Power Digital Industrial Park, No. 22, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	Shenzhen DOOGEE Hengtong Technology CO., LTD
Address:	B, 2/F, Building A4, Silicon Valley Power Digital Industrial Park, No. 22, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China

2.3 Factory Information

Company Name:	Shenzhen DOOGEE Hengtong Technology CO., LTD
Address:	B, 2/F, Building A4, Silicon Valley Power Digital Industrial Park, No. 22, Longhua New District, Shenzhen, China

2.4 General Description of Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name:	Tablet
Test Model Number:	T20Mini
Series Model Number:	T20Mini, T20Mini Pro, T20Mini Pro Max, T20Mini Plus, T20Mini Ultra, T20Mini E, T20Mini S, T20Mini SE, T20Mini Kid, N80, N80Pro
Diff:	There is no difference except the name of the model
Hardware Version	Q30-T616-V1.0-230612-L1
Software Version	DOOGEE-T20Mini-EEA-Android13.0-20230714

2.5 Technical Information

Operating Bands	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850/1900 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 2/5 FDD LTE Band 5/7 TDD LTE Band 38/40/41	
Modulation Type	GPRS	GMSK
	EGPRS	8PSK
	WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA	QPSK
	LTE	QPSK 16QAM
TX Frequency Range	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 2: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 5: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz FDD LTE Band 5: 824 ~ 849 MHz FDD LTE Band 7: 2500 ~ 2570 MHz TDD LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz TDD LTE Band 40: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz TDD LTE Band 41: 2535 MHz ~ 2655 MHz	
Power Class	GPRS 850: 4 GPRS 1900: 1 EGPRS 850/1900: E2 WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 2: 3 WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 5: 3 FDD LTE Band 5: 3 FDD LTE Band 7: 3 TDD LTE Band 38: 3 TDD LTE Band 40: 3 TDD LTE Band 41: 3	
Multislot Class	GPRS/EGPRS: 12	
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna	

Antenna Gain [#]	GSM850 -2.5dBi	GSM1900 1.87dBi	WCDMA B2 1.87dBi	WCDMA B5 -2.5dBi
	LTE B5 -2.5dBi	LTE B7 -0.5dBi	LTE B38 -0.5dBi	LTE B40 0.04dBi
	LTE B41 -0.5dBi			
The Max RF Output Power (EIRP/ERP)	GSM850: 26.12dBm GSM1900: 29.09dBm GPRS850: 33.08dBm GPRS1900: 29.08dBm EGPRS850: 25.32dBm EGPRS1900: 25.62dBm WCDMA Band V: 24.23dBm WCDMA Band II: 22.51dBm FDD LTE Band 5: 23.39dBm FDD LTE Band 7: 20.81dBm TDD LTE Band 38:20.33dBm TDD LTE Band 40:19.64dBm TDD LTE Band 41:22.11dBm			

Note:

1. The EUT is a Mobile Phone, supporting dual SIM card slots under the same transceiver. Both SIM card slots support GSM, WCDMA, LTE and both SIM card slots share the same transceiver, so only SIM1 is tested in this report.
2. #: The antenna gain provided by the applicant, and the laboratory will not be responsible for the accumulated calculation results which covers the information provided by the applicant.

3. Summary of Test Results

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	47 CFR Part 22 Subpart H	Cellular Radiotelephone Service
3	47 CFR Part 24 Subpart E	Broadband PCS
4	47 CFR Part 27	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services
5	ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016	Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards
6	KDB 971168 D01 v03r01	Measurement Guidance for Certification of Licensed Digital Transmitters
7	ANSI C63.26:2015	IEEE/ANSI Standard for Compliance Testing of Transmitters Used in Licensed Radio Services

3.2 Summary of Test Result

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Test Verdict	Remark
1	Conducted RF Output Power	2.1046	Pass	--
2	Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power	2.1046 22.913(a) 24.232(c) 27.50	Pass	--
3	Peak to Average Ratio	2.1046 22.913(d) 24.232(d) 27.50(d)	Pass	--
4	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049 22.917(b) 24.238(b) 27.53	Pass	--
5	Frequency Stability	2.1055 22.355 24.235 27.54	Pass	--
6	Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	2.1051 22.917 24.238 27.53	Pass	--
7	Band Edge	2.1051 22.917 24.238 27.53	Pass	--
8	Field Strength of Spurious Radiation	2.1053 22.917 24.238 27.53	Pass	--

3.3 Uncertainty of Test

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and TR100 028-1/-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of $k=2$.

Measurement	Value
RF output power, conducted	0.63 dB
Conducted spurious emissions	0.94 dB
Radiated emissions (< 1 GHz)	4.12 dB
Radiated emissions (> 1 GHz)	4.16 dB
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	69 KHz
Frequency Stability	0.4 KHz
Temperature	0.82 °C
Humidity	4.1 %

4. Test Configuration

4.1 Environment Condition

During the measurement, the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Test Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.80 V
	LV (Low Voltage)	3.42 V
	HV (High Voltage)	4.18 V
Test Temperature of the EUT	NT (Normal Temperature)	+25 °C
	LT (Low Temperature)	-20 °C
	HT (High Temperature)	+55 °C

4.2 Test Equipment List

Conducted Method Test						
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due	Use
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50410020	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☑
WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	161997	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☑
Adjustable Direct Current Regulated Power Supply	Dongguan Tongmen Electronic Technology Co., LTD	etm-6050c	20211026123	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☑
Programmable constant temperature and humidity box	ZZCKONG	ZZ-K02A	20210928007	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☑
RF Sensor Unit	Techy	TR1029-2	/	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☑
RF Control Unit	Techy	TR1029-1	/	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☑
RFTest software	/	V1.00	/	/	/	☑

Radiated Method Test						
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due	Use
SIGNAL ANALYZER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSQ40	100010	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☑
EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI7	101032	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☑
Log periodic antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	01328	2021.11.28	2023.11.27	☑
Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9170	01157	2021.11.28	2023.11.27	☑
POSITIONAL CONTROLLER	SKET	PCI-GPIB	/	/	/	☑
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-10m	21101570	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☑

RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-10m	21101566	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☒
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-2.5m	21101573	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☒
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-1m	21101576	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☒
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-1m	21101568	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☒
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF2-NMNM-10m	21101570	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☒
RE Cable	REBES Talent	UF1-SMASMAM-10m	21101566	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☒
Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9744	00246	2022.11.24	2023.11.23	☒
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	2597	2022.3.26	2023.3.25	☒
Low Noise Pre-amplifier	Sket	LNPA_1840G-50	SK2022032902	2022.3.26	2023.3.25	☒
Coaxial cable Multiflex 141	Schwarzbeck	N/SMA 0.5m	517386	2022.3.26	2023.3.25	☒
Broadband Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV9718D	00008	2022.3.26	2023.3.25	☒

4.3 Test Auxiliary Equipment

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Length	Description	Use
/	/	/	/	/	/	☒

4.4 Test Configurations

Test Items	Test Mode	Test Channel		
		LCH	MCH	HCH
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power	GSM 850	v	v	v
	GSM 1900	v	v	v
	GPRS 850	v	v	v
	GPRS 1900	v	v	v
	EGPRS 850	v	v	v
	EGPRS 1900	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 2	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 5	v	v	v
	GSM 850	v	v	v
	GSM 1900	v	v	v
	GPRS 850	v	v	v
	GPRS 1900	v	v	v
	EGPRS 850	v	v	v
	EGPRS 1900	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 2	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 5	v	v	v

Occupied Bandwidth	GSM 850	v	v	v
	GSM 1900	v	v	v
	GPRS 850	v	v	v
	GPRS 1900	v	v	v
	EGPRS 850	v	v	v
	EGPRS 1900	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 2	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 5	v	v	v
Frequency Stability	GSM 850	v	v	v
	GSM 1900	v	v	v
	GPRS 850	v	v	v
	GPRS 1900	v	v	v
	EGPRS 850	v	v	v
	EGPRS 1900	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 2	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 5	v	v	v

Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals	GSM 850	v	v	v
	GSM 1900	v	v	v
	GPRS 850	v	v	v
	GPRS 1900	v	v	v
	EGPRS 850	v	v	v
	EGPRS 1900	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 2	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 5	v	v	v
Band Edge	GSM 850	v	v	v
	GSM 1900	v	v	v
	GPRS 850	v	v	v
	GPRS 1900	v	v	v
	EGPRS 850	v	v	v
	EGPRS 1900	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 2	v	--	v
	WCDMA Band 5	v	--	v
	HSDPA Band 2	v	--	v
	HSDPA Band 5	v	--	v
	HSUPA Band 2	v	--	v
	HSUPA Band 5	v	--	v

ield Strength of Spurious Radiation	GSM 850	v	v	v
	GSM 1900	v	v	v
	GPRS 850	v	v	v
	GPRS 1900	v	v	v
	EGPRS 850	v	v	v
	EGPRS 1900	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 2	v	v	v
	WCDMA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSDPA Band 5	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 2	v	v	v
	HSUPA Band 5	v	v	v

Note 1: The mark “v” means that this configuration is chosen for testing.

Test Mode	UL Channel	UL Channel No.	UL Frequency (MHz)
GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 850	Low Channel	128	824.2
	Middle Channel	190	836.6
	High Channel	251	848.8
GSM/GPRS/EGPRS 1900	Low Channel	512	1850.2
	Middle Channel	661	1880.0
	High Channel	810	1909.8
WCDMA Band 2	Low Channel	9262	1852.4
	Middle Channel	9400	1880.0
	High Channel	9538	1907.6
WCDMA Band 5	Low Channel	4132	826.4
	Middle Channel	4182	836.4
	High Channel	4233	846.6

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)						Modulation Type		RB#			Test Channel		
	1.4	3	5	10	15	20	QPSK	16-QAM	1	Half	Full	LCH	MCH	HCH
Effective (Isotropic) Radiated Power														
5	v	v	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
7	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
38	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
40	n	n	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
41	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
Peak to Average Ratio														
5	v	v	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
7	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
38	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
40	n	n	v	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
41	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
Occupied Bandwidth														
5	v	v	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
7	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
38	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
40	n	n	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
41	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
Frequency Stability														
5	v	v	v	v	n	n	v	v	--	--	v	v	v	v
7	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	--	--	v	v	v	v
38	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	--	--	v	v	v	v
40	n	n	v	v	n	n	v	v	--	--	v	v	v	v
41	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	--	--	v	v	v	v
Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals														
5	v	v	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
7	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
38	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
40	n	n	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
41	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v

Band Edge														
5	v	v	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
7	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
38	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
40	n	n	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
41	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
Field Strength of Spurious Radiation														
5	v	v	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
7	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
38	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
40	n	n	v	v	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
41	n	n	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v	v
Note 1: The mark “v” means that this configuration is chosen for testing.														
Note 2: The mark “n” means that this bandwidth is not supported.														

Band 5

Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth [MHz]	N _{UL}	Frequency of Uplink [MHz]	N _{DL}	Frequency of Downlink [MHz]
Low Range	1.4	20407	824.7	2407	869.7
	3	20415	825.5	2415	870.5
	5	20425	826.5	2425	871.5
	10 ^[1]	20450	829	2450	874
Mid Range	1.4/3/5/10 ^[1]	20525	836.5	2525	881.5
High Range	1.4	20643	848.3	2643	893.3
	3	20635	847.5	2635	892.5
	5	20625	846.5	2625	891.5
	10 ^[1]	20600	844	2600	889

NOTE 1: Bandwidth for which a relaxation of the specified UE receiver sensitivity requirement (TS 36.101 [27] Clause 7.3) is allowed.

Band 7

Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth [MHz]	N _{UL}	Frequency of Uplink [MHz]	N _{DL}	Frequency of Downlink [MHz]
Low Range	1.4	19957	1710.7	1957	2110.7
	3	19965	1711.5	1965	2111.5
	5	19975	1712.5	1975	2112.5
	10	20000	1715	2000	2115
	15	20025	1717.5	2025	2117.5
	20	20050	1720	2050	2120
Mid Range	1.4/3/5/10/15/20	20175	1732.5	2175	2132.5
High Range	1.4	20393	1754.3	2393	2154.3
	3	20385	1753.5	2385	2153.5
	5	20375	1752.5	2375	2152.5
	10	20350	1750	2350	2150
	15	20325	1747.5	2325	2147.5
	20	20300	1745	2300	2145

Band 38

Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth [MHz]	EARFCN	Frequency (UL and DL) [MHz]
Low Range	5	37775	2572.5
	10	37800	2575
	15	37825	2577.5
	20	37850	2580
Mid Range	5/10/15/20	38000	2595
High Range	5	38225	2617.5
	10	38200	2615
	15	38175	2612.5
	20	38150	2610

Band 40

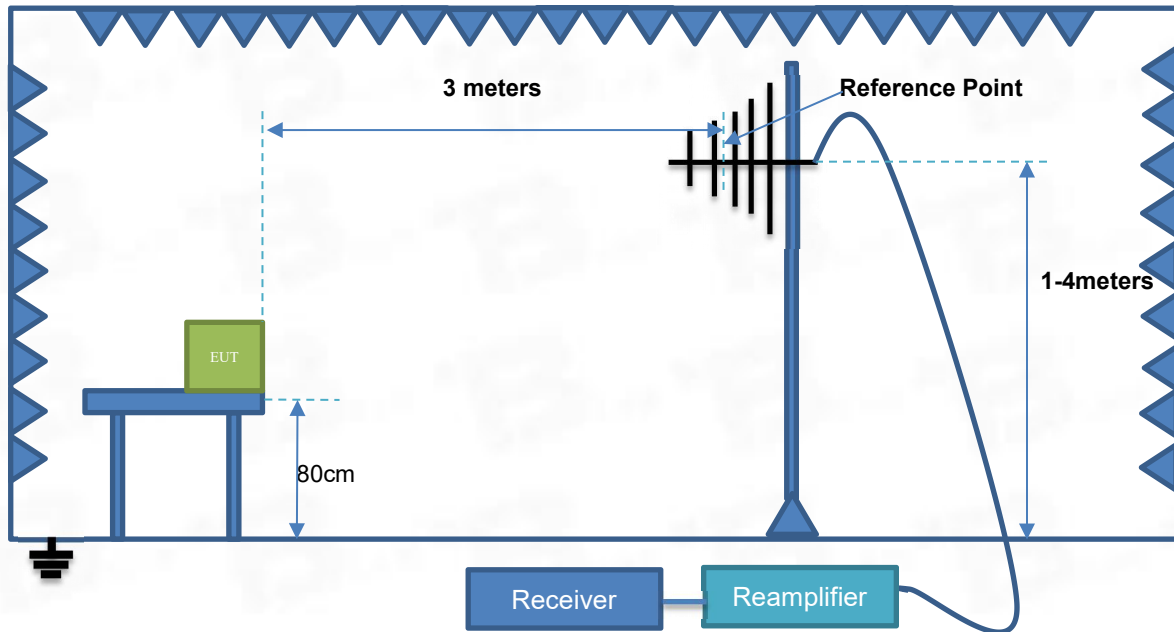
Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth [MHz]	EARFCN	Frequency (UL and DL) [MHz]
Low Range	5	38675	2302.5
	10	38700	2305
	15	38725	2307.5
	20	38750	2310
Mid Range	5/10/15/20	39150	2350
High Range	5	39625	2397.5
	10	39600	2395
	15	39575	2392.5
	20	39550	2390

Band 41

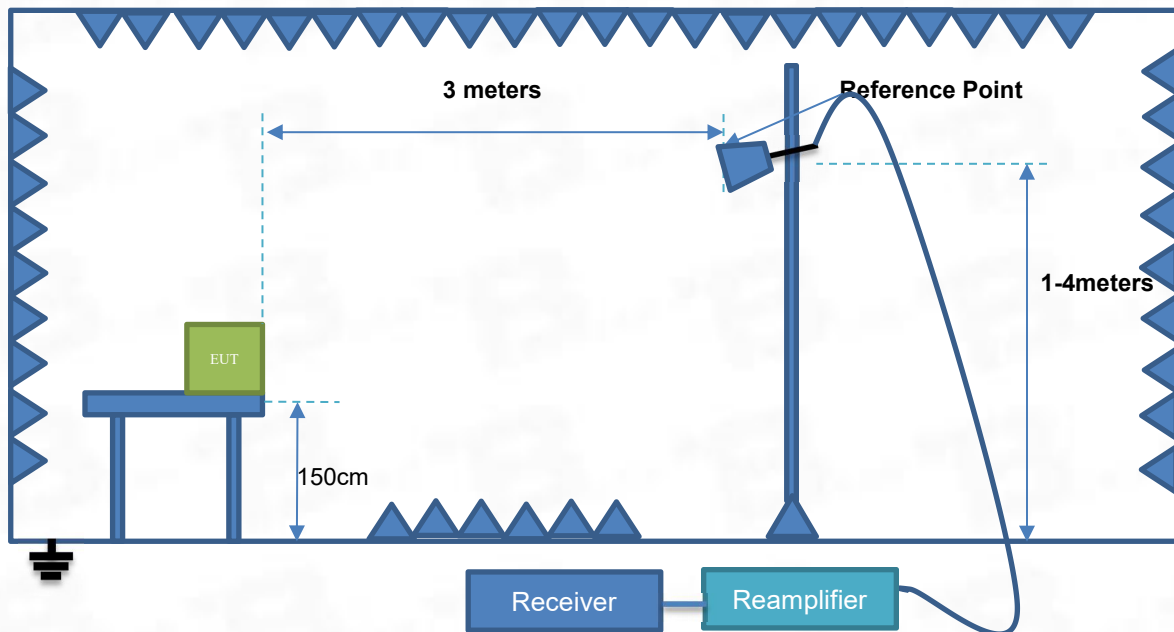
Test Frequency ID	Bandwidth [MHz]	EARFCN	Frequency (UL and DL) [MHz]
Low Range	5	39675	2498.5
	10	39700	2501
	15	39725	2503.5
	20	39750	2506
Mid Range	5/10/15/20	40620	2593
High Range	5	41565	2687.5
	10	41540	2685
	15	41515	2682.5
	20	41490	2680

4.5 Test Setup

Test Setup 1

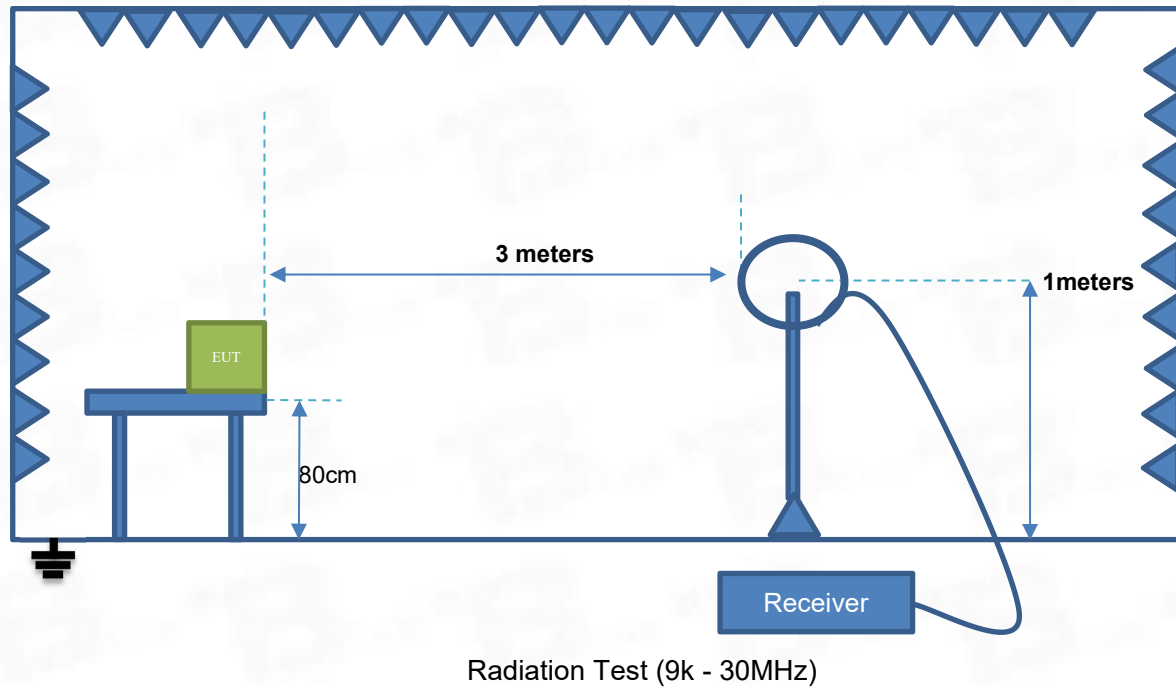


Radiation Test (30MHz – 1GHz)

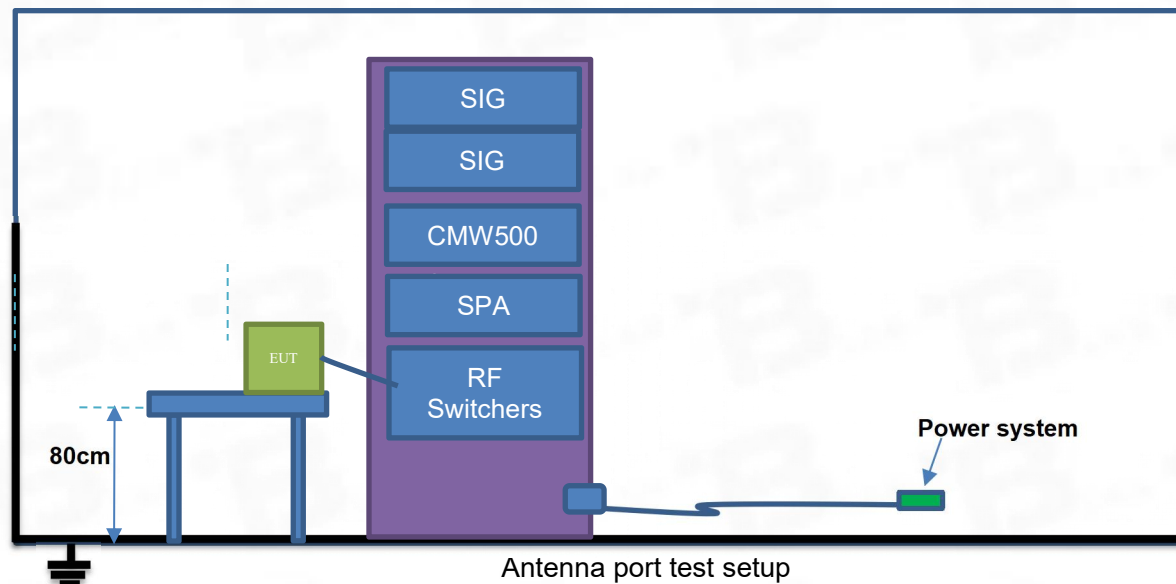


Radiation Test (Above 1GHz)

Test Setup 2



Test Setup 3



5. Test Items

5.1 Transmitter Radiated Power (EIRP/ERP)

5.1.1 Limit

FCC § 2.1046 & 22.913(a) & 24.232(c) & 27.50(a) & 27.50(b) & 27.50(c) & 27.50(d) & 27.50(h) & 90.635(b) & 90.542(a); RSS-103 4.6; RSS-132 5.4, RSS-133 6.4, RSS-139 6.5, RSS199 4.4

According to FCC section 22.913(a) (5), the Effective Radiated Power (ERP) of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 watts.

According to FCC section 24.232(c), mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP and the equipment must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

According to FCC section 27.50(a) (3), for mobile and portable stations transmitting in the 2305-2315MHz band or the 2350-2360MHz band, the average EIRP must not exceed 50 milliwatts within any 1 megahertz of authorized bandwidth, except that for mobile and portable stations compliant with 3GPP LTE standards.

FCC section 27.50(b) (10), portable stations (hand-held devices) transmitting in the 746-757MHz, 776-788MHz, and 805-806MHz bands are limited to 3 watts ERP.

FCC section 27.50(c) (10), portable stations (hand-held devices) in the 600MHz uplink band and the 698-746MHz band, and fixed and mobile stations in the 600MHz uplink band are limited to 3 watts ERP.

FCC section 27.50(d) (4), fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band and mobile and portable stations operating in the 1695-1710 MHz and 1755-1780 MHz bands are limited to 1 watt EIRP. Fixed stations operating in the 1710-1755 MHz band are limited to a maximum antenna height of 10 meters above ground. Mobile and portable stations operating in these bands must employ a means for limiting power to the minimum necessary for successful communications.

(7) Fixed, mobile, and portable (hand-held) stations operating in the 2000-2020 MHz band are limited to 2 watts EIRP.

And FCC section 27.50(h) (2), for mobile and other user stations, mobile stations are limited to 2.0 watts EIRP. All user stations are limited to 2.0 watts transmitter output power.

According to FCC section 90.635(b), the maximum output power of the transmitter for mobile stations is 100 watts (20dBW).

According to FCC section 90.542(a) (7), portable stations (hand-held devices) transmitting in the 758-768 MHz band and the 788-798 MHz band are limited to 3 watts ERP.

5.1.2 Test Setup

The section 4.4 test setup 4 description is used for conducted test, and the test setup description is used for radiated test. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.1.3 Test Procedure

Description of the Conducted Output Power Measurement

The EUT is coupled to the SS with attenuator through power splitter; the RF load attached to EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm; the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading. A system simulator is used to establish communication with the EUT, and its parameters are set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power. The measured power in the radio frequency on the transmitter output terminals shall be reported.

The relevant equation for determining the conducted measured value is:

$$\text{Conducted Output Power Value (dBm)} = \text{Measured Value (dBm)} + \text{Path Loss (dB)}$$

where:

Conducted Output Power Value = final conducted measured value in the conducted power test, in dBm; Measured Value = measured conducted power received by spectrum analyzer or power meter, in dBm;

Path Loss = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and spectrum analyzer or power meter, including external cable loss, in dB;

During the test, the data of Path Loss (dB) is added in the spectrum analyzer or power meter, so Measured Value (dBm) is the final values which contains the data of Path Loss (dB).

For example:

In the conducted output power test, when measured value for GSM850 is 24.7 dBm, and path loss is 8.5 dB, then final conducted output power value is:

$$\text{Conducted Output Power Value (dBm)} = 24.7 \text{ dBm} + 8.5 \text{ dB} = 33.2 \text{ dBm}$$

Description of the Transmitter Radiated Power Measurement

In many cases, the RF output power limits for licensed digital transmission devices is specified in terms of effective radiated power (ERP) or equivalent isotropic radiated power (EIRP). Typically, ERP is specified when the operating frequency is less than or equal to 1 GHz and EIRP is specified when the operating frequency is greater than 1 GHz. Both are determined by adding the transmit antenna gain to the conducted RF output power with the primary difference between the two being that when determining the ERP, the transmit antenna gain is referenced to a dipole antenna (i.e., dBd) whereas when determining the EIRP, the transmit antenna gain is referenced to an isotropic antenna (dBi).

Final measurement calculation as below:

The relevant equation for determining the ERP or EIRP from the conducted RF output power measured using the guidance provided above is:

$$\text{ERP/EIRP} = \text{PMeas} + \text{GT} - \text{LC}$$

where:

ERP/EIRP = effective or equivalent radiated power, respectively (expressed in the same units as PMeas, typically dBW or dBm);

PMeas = measured transmitter output power or PSD, in dBm or dBW; GT = gain of the transmitting antenna, in dBd (ERP) or dBi (EIRP); dBd (ERP)=dBi (EIRP) -2.15 dB

LC = signal attenuation in the connecting cable between the transmitter and antenna, in dB.

For devices utilizing multiple antennas, KDB 662911 provides guidance for determining the effective array transmit antenna gain term to be used in the above equation.

For example:

In the EIRP test, when PMeas value for GSM1900 is 30.2 dBm, LC is 0.6 dB, and GT is -3.4 dB, then final EIRP value is:

$$\text{EIRP for GSM1900} = 30.2 \text{ dBm} - 3.4 \text{ dBi} - 0.6 \text{ dB} = 26.2 \text{ dBm}$$

The relevant equation for determining the ERP/EIRP from the radiated RF output power is:

$$\text{ERP/EIRP (dBm)} = \text{SA Read Value (dBm)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB)}$$

where:

ERP/EIRP = effective or equivalent radiated power, in dBm;

SA Read Value = measured transmitter power received by EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer, in dBm; Correction

Factor = total correction factor including cable loss, in dB;

During the test, the data of Correction Factor (dB) is added in the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer, so SA Read Value (dBm) is the final values which contains the data of Correction Factor (dB).

For example:

In the ERP test, when SA read value for GSM850 is 21dBm, and correction factor is 8dB, then final ERP value for GSM850 is:

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 21\text{dBm} + 8\text{dB} = 29\text{dBm}$$

5.1.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1

5.2 Peak to Average Ratio

5.2.1 Limit

FCC § 2.1046 & 24.232(d) & 27.50(d); RSS-130 4.6.1, RSS-133 6.4, RSS-139 6.5, RSS199 4.4

In addition, when the transmitter power is measured in terms of average value, the peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time using a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

According to FCC section 24.232(d); RSS-133 6.4, power measurements for transmissions by stations authorized under this section may be made either in accordance with a Commission-approved average power technique or in compliance with 24.232 (e) of this section. In both instances, equipment employed must be authorized in accordance with the provisions of § 24.51. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

FCC section 24.232(e)); RSS-133 6.4., peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms equivalent voltage. The measurement results shall be properly adjusted for any instrument limitations, such as detector response times, limited resolution bandwidth capability when compared to the emission bandwidth, sensitivity, etc., so as to obtain a true peak measurement for the emission in question over the full bandwidth of the channel.

According to FCC section 27.50(d) (5); RSS-139 6.5, in measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13dB.

According to RSS-19 4.4, In addition, the peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time and shall use a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

5.2.2 Test Setup

The section 4.5 test setup 5 description is used for conducted test, and the test setup description is used for radiated test. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

Here the lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to verify the peak-to-average ratio. According to KDB 971168 D01, there is CCDF procedure for PAPR:

- a) Refer to instrument's analyzer instruction manual for details on how to use the power statistics/CCDF function;
- b) Set resolution/measurement bandwidth $\geq$ signal's occupied bandwidth;
- c) Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve;
- d) Set the measurement interval as follows:
 - 1)for continuous transmissions, set to 1 ms,
 - 2)for burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize and set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.

e) Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.

Alternate procedure for PAPR:

Use one of the procedures presented in 4.1 to measure the total peak power and record as PPk. Use one of the applicable procedures presented 4.2 to measure the total average power and record as PAvg. Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

$\text{PAPR (dB)} = \text{PPk (dBm)} - \text{PAvg (dBm)}$.

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2

5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC § 2.1049, RSS-Gen 6.7

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission.

Many of the individual rule parts specify a relative OBW in lieu of the 99% OBW. In such cases, the OBW is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and on above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated by at least X dB below the transmitter power, where the value of X is typically specified as 26.

5.3.2 Test Setup

The section 4.5 test setup 5 description is used for conducted test, and the test setup description is used for radiated test. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

The following procedure shall be used for measuring power bandwidth.

- a) The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be set wide enough to capture all modulation products including the emission skirts (i.e., two to five times the anticipated OBW).
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1 to 5 % of the anticipated OBW, and the VBW shall be at least 3 times the RBW.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope must be at least $10\log(\text{OBW} / \text{RBW})$ below the reference level.
- d) NOTE—Steps a) through c) may require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- e) For -26 dB OBW, the dynamic range of the spectrum analyzer at the selected RBW shall be at least 10dB below the target “-X dB down” requirement, e.g. -26 dB OBW, the spectrum analyzer noise floor at the selected RBW shall be 36dB below the reference value.
- f) Set the detection mode to peak, and the trace mode to max hold.
- g) For 99% OBW, use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the spectrum analyzer (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
If the instrument does not have a 99 % power bandwidth function, the trace data points are to be recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5 % of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99 % power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- h) For -26 dB OBW, determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit a modulated signal. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).

Determine the “-X dB down amplitude” as equal to (reference value -X). Alternatively, this calculation can be performed by the analyzer by using the marker-delta function.

Place two markers, one at the lowest and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display such that each marker is at or slightly below “-X dB down amplitude” determined in step g). If a marker is below this “-X dB down amplitude” value it shall be placed as close as possible to this value. The OBW is the positive frequency difference between the two markers.

- i) The OBW shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display. The frequency and amplitude axes and scale shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).
- j) Change variable modulations, coding, or channel bandwidth settings, then repeat above test procedures.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3

5.4 Frequency Stability

5.4.1 Limit

FCC § 2.1055 & 22.355 & 24.235 & 27.54 & 90.213; RSS-130 4.5, RSS-132 5.3, RSS-133 6.3, RSS-139 6.4, RSS199 4.3

The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:

- (1) The temperature is varied from -30°C to +50°C.
- (2) Frequency measurements shall be made at the extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10°C through the range.

The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

- (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than carried battery equipment.
- (2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating and point which shall be specified by the manufacture.
- (3) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided.

FCC § 22.355, RSS-132 5.3

Except as otherwise provided in this part, the carrier frequency of each transmitter in the Public Mobile Services must be maintained within the tolerances given in Table C-1 of this section.

Table C-1—Frequency Tolerance for Transmitters in the Public Mobile Services

Frequency range (MHz)	Base, fixed (ppm)	Mobile > 3 watts (ppm)	Mobile ≤ 3 watts (ppm)
25 to 50	20.0	20.0	50.0
50 to 450	5.0	5.0	50.0
450 to 512	2.5	5.0	5.0
821 to 896	1.5	2.5	2.5
928 to 929	5.0	n/a	n/a
929 to 960	1.5	n/a	n/a
2110 to 2220	10.0	n/a	n/a

FCC § 24.235, RSS-133 6.3

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block.

FCC § 27.54, RSS-139 6.4

The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

FCC § 90.213, RSS199 4.3

The frequency stability shall not depart from the reference frequency in excess of ± 2.5 ppm for mobile stations.

5.4.2 Test Setup

The section 4.5 test setup 6 description is used for conducted test, and the test setup description is used for radiated test. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed in a temperature chamber.
2. The temperature is set to 25°C and allowed to stabilize. After sufficient soak time, the transmitting frequency error is measured.
3. The temperature is increased by not more than 10 degrees, allowed to stabilize and soak, and then repeat the frequency error measurement.
4. Repeat procedure 3 until +50°C and -30°C is reached.
5. Change supply voltage, and repeat measurement until extreme voltage is reached.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4

5.5 Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals

5.5.1 Limit

FCC § 2.1051 & 22.917(a) & 24.238(a) & 27.53(a) & 27.53(c) & 27.53(f) & 27.53(g) & 27.53(h) & 27.53(m) & 90.691 & 90.543; RSS-130 4.7, RSS-132 5.5, RSS-133 6.5, RSS-139 6.6, RSS199 4.5

In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

FCC § 22.917(a) & 24.238(a), RSS-132 5.5, RSS-133 6.5

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. This is calculated to be -13 dBm.

FCC § 27.53(a) (4), RSS-139 6.6

For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315MHz and 2350-2360MHz bands:

- (1) By a factor of not less than: $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345MHz, not less than $61 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341MHz, and not less than $67 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337MHz.
- (2) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305MHz, $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300MHz, $61 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296MHz, $67 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292MHz, and $70 + 10 \log(P)$ dB below 2288MHz.
- (3) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365MHz, and not less than $70 + 10 \log(P)$ dB above 2365MHz.

FCC § 27.53(c), RSS-139 6.6

For operations in the 746–758 MHz band and the 776–788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

- (1) On any frequency outside the 746–758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB;
- (2) On any frequency outside the 776–788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB;
- (3) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;
- (4) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;

- (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;
- (6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

FCC § 27.53(f) , RSS-139 6.6

For operations in the 746–758 MHz, 775–788 MHz, and 805–806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559–1610 MHz shall be limited to - 70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and -80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.

FCC § 27.53(g) , RSS-139 6.6

For operations in the 600MHz band and the 698-746MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43+10\log(P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

FCC § 27.53(h) (1) , RSS-139 6.6

Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ dB.

FCC § 27.53(m) (4) , RSS-139 6.6

For mobile digital stations (BRS and EBS stations), the attenuation factor shall be not less than:

- $40+10\log P$ dB (-10 dBm, 100 nW) on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 MHz from the channel edge.
- $43+10\log P$ dB (-13 dBm, 50 nW) on all frequencies between 5 MHz and X MHz from the channel edge,
- $55+10\log P$ dB (-25 dBm, 3 nW) on all frequencies more than X MHz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 MHz or the actual emission bandwidth (26 dB).

In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or

EBS licensees.

FCC § 90.691

- (a) Out-of-band emission requirement shall apply only to the “outer” channels included in an EA license and to spectrum adjacent to interior channels used by incumbent licensees. The emission limits are as follows:
 - (1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $116 \log_{10}(f/6.1)$ decibels or $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.
 - (2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.
- (b) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

FCC § 90.543

- (e) For operations in the 758–768 MHz and the 788–798 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:
 - (1) On all frequencies between 769–775 MHz and 799–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations.
 - (2) On all frequencies between 769–775 MHz and 799–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations.
 - (3) On any frequency between 775–788 MHz, above 805 MHz, and below 758 MHz, by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
 - (4) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (e)(1) and (2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.
- (f) For operations in the 758–775 MHz and 788–805 MHz bands, all emissions including harmonics in the band 1559–1610 MHz shall be limited to -70 dBW/ MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and -80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.

RSS199 4.5

- (a) for base station and fixed subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$.
- (b) for mobile subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - (i) $40 + 10 \log_{10} p$ from the channel edges to 5 MHz away
 - (ii) $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ between 5 MHz and X MHz from the channel edges, and
 - (iii) $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$ at X MHz and beyond from the channel edges

In addition, the attenuation shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz, and $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$ at or below 2490.5 MHz.

In (a) and (b), p is the transmitter power measured in watts and X is 6 MHz or the equipment occupied bandwidth, whichever is greater.

5.5.2 Test Setup

The section 4.5 test setup 5 description is used for conducted test, and the test setup description is used for radiated test. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency blocks a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

The EUT is coupled to the system simulator and spectrum analyzer; the RF load attached to EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm; the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading.

CMW500 is used to establish communication with the EUT, and its parameters are set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power.

The RF output of the transmitter is connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

Spurious emissions are tested with 0.001MHz RBW for frequency less than 150kHz, 0.01MHz RBW for frequency less than 30MHz, 0.1MHz RBW for frequency less than 1GHz, and 1MHz RBW for frequency above 1GHz. And sweep point number are at least 401, referring to following formula.

Sweep point number = $\text{Span/RBW VBW} = 3 \times \text{RBW}$

Detector Mode=mean or average power

Record the frequencies and levels of spurious emissions.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5

5.6 Band Edge Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC § 2.1051 & 22.917(a) & 24.238(a) & 27.53(a) & 27.53(c) & 27.53(g) & 27.53(h) & 27.53(m) & 90.691 & 90.543; RSS-130 4.7, RSS-132 5.5, RSS-133 6.5, RSS-139 6.6, RSS199 4.5

In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

FCC § 22.917(a) & 24.238(a), RSS-132 5.5, RSS-133 6.5

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. This is calculated to be -13 dBm.

FCC § 27.53(a) (4), RSS-139 6.6

For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315MHz and 2350-2360MHz bands:

- (1) By a factor of not less than: $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345MHz, not less than $61 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341MHz, and not less than $67 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337MHz.
- (2) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305MHz, $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300MHz, $61 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296MHz, $67 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292MHz, and $70 + 10 \log(P)$ dB below 2288MHz.
- (3) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365MHz, and not less than $70 + 10 \log(P)$ dB above 2365MHz.

FCC § 27.53(c), RSS-139 6.6

For operations in the 746–758 MHz band and the 776–788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

- (1) On any frequency outside the 746–758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB;
- (2) On any frequency outside the 776–788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB;
- (3) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25Hz band segment, for base and fixed stations;

- (4) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;
- (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater.

However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;

- (6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

FCC § 27.53(g), RSS-139 6.6

For operations in the 600MHz band and the 698-746MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

FCC § 27.53(h) (1), RSS-139 6.6

Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ dB.

FCC § 27.53(m) (4), RSS-139 6.6

For mobile digital stations (BRS and EBS stations), the attenuation factor shall be not less than:

- $40 + 10 \log P$ dB (–10 dBm, 100 nW) on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 MHz from the channel edge.
- $43 + 10 \log P$ dB (–13 dBm, 50 nW) on all frequencies between 5 MHz and X MHz from the channel edge,
- $55 + 10 \log P$ dB (–25 dBm, 3 nW) on all frequencies more than X MHz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 MHz or the actual emission bandwidth (26 dB).

In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

FCC § 90.691

- (a) Out-of-band emission requirement shall apply only to the “outer” channels included in an EA license and to spectrum adjacent to interior channels used by incumbent licensees. The emission limits are as follows:
 - (1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $116 \log_{10}(f/6.1)$ decibels

- or $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.
- (2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.
- (b) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

FCC § 90.543

- (e) For operations in the 758–768 MHz and the 788–798 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:
- (1) On all frequencies between 769–775 MHz and 799–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations.
 - (2) On all frequencies between 769–775 MHz and 799–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations.
 - (3) On any frequency between 775–788 MHz, above 805 MHz, and below 758 MHz, by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
 - (4) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (e)(1) and (2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

RSS199 4.5

- (a) for base station and fixed subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$.
- (b) for mobile subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
- (i) $40 + 10 \log_{10} p$ from the channel edges to 5 MHz away
 - (ii) $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ between 5 MHz and X MHz from the channel edges, and
 - (iii) $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$ at X MHz and beyond from the channel edges

In addition, the attenuation shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz, and $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$ at or below 2490.5 MHz.

In (a) and (b), p is the transmitter power measured in watts and X is 6 MHz or the equipment occupied bandwidth, whichever is greater.

5.6.2 Test Setup

The section 4.5 test setup 5 description is used for conducted test, and the test setup description is used for radiated test. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The EUT, which is powered by the Battery, is coupled to the Spectrum Analyzer (SA) and the System Simulator (SS) with attenuators through the Power Splitter; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50 Ohm; the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading.

1. The EUT is coupled to the system simulator and spectrum analyzer; the RF load attached to EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm; the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading.
2. CMW500 is used to establish communication with the EUT, and its parameters are set to force the EUT transmitting at maximum output power.
3. The RF output of the transmitter is connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.
4. The center of the spectrum analyzer was set to block edge frequency.
5. Band edge are tested with 1%*cBW (RBW), and sweep point number referred to following formula.
Sweep point number = $2 * \text{Span} / \text{RBW} \text{ VBW} = 3 \text{RBW}$
6. Record the frequencies and levels of spurious emissions.

For mobile and portable stations, on all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P) \text{ dB}$ in a 6.25 kHz band segment. Since it was not possible to set the resolution bandwidth to 6.25 kHz with the available equipment, a bandwidth of 10 kHz was used instead to show compliance. By using a 10 kHz bandwidth on the spectrum analyzer.

$$10 * \log(10 \text{ kHz} / 6.25 \text{ kHz}) = 2.04 \text{ dB}$$
$$\text{Limit Line} = -35 \text{ dBm} + 2.04 \text{ dB} = -32.96 \text{ dBm}$$

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6

5.7 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

5.7.1 Limit

FCC § 2.1053 & 22.917(a) & 24.238(a) & 27.53(a) & 27.53(c) & 27.53(f) & 27.53(g) & 27.53(h) & 27.53(m) & 90.691 & 90.543 ; RSS-130 4.7, RSS-132 5.5, RSS-133 6.5, RSS-139 6.6, RSS199 4.5

FCC § 22.917(a) & 24.238(a)

The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. This is calculated to be -13 dBm.

FCC § 27.53(a) (4), RSS-139 6.6

For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315MHz and 2350-2360MHz bands:

- (1) By a factor of not less than: $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345MHz, not less than $61 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341MHz, and not less than $67 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337MHz.
- (2) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305MHz, $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300MHz, $61 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296MHz, $67 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292MHz, and $70 + 10 \log(P)$ dB below 2288MHz.
- (3) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365MHz, and not less than $70 + 10 \log(P)$ dB above 2365MHz.

FCC § 27.53(c), RSS-139 6.6

For operations in the 746–758 MHz band and the 776–788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

- (1) On any frequency outside the 746–758 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB;
- (2) On any frequency outside the 776–788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB;
- (3) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations;
- (4) On all frequencies between 763–775 MHz and 793–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;
- (5) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed;
- (6) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section is based on the use of

measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

FCC § 27.53(f), RSS-139 6.6

For operations in the 746–758 MHz, 775–788 MHz, and 805–806 MHz bands, emissions in the band 1559–1610 MHz shall be limited to - 70 dBW/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) for wideband signals, and -80 dBW EIRP for discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth. For the purpose of equipment authorization, a transmitter shall be tested with an antenna that is representative of the type that will be used with the equipment in normal operation.

FCC § 27.53(g), RSS-139 6.6

For operations in the 600MHz band and the 698-746MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43+10\log(P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

FCC § 27.53(h) (1), RSS-139 6.6

Except as otherwise specified below, for operations in the 1695-1710 MHz, 1710-1755 MHz, 1755-1780 MHz, 1915-1920 MHz, 1995-2000 MHz, 2000-2020 MHz, 2110-2155 MHz, 2155-2180 MHz, and 2180-2200 bands, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ dB. FCC § 27.53(m) (4)

For mobile digital stations (BRS and EBS stations), the attenuation factor shall be not less than:

- $40+10\log P$ dB (-10 dBm, 100 nW) on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 MHz from the channel edge.
- $43+10\log P$ dB (-13 dBm, 50 nW) on all frequencies between 5 MHz and X MHz from the channel edge,
- $55+10\log P$ dB (-25 dBm, 3 nW) on all frequencies more than X MHz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 MHz or the actual emission bandwidth (26 dB).

In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log(P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

FCC § 90.691

(a) Out-of-band emission requirement shall apply only to the "outer" channels included in an EA license and to spectrum adjacent to interior channels used by incumbent licensees. The emission limits are as follows:

(1) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block by up to and including 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $116 \log_{10}(f/6.1)$ decibels or $50 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ decibels or 80 decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 12.5 kHz.

(2) For any frequency removed from the EA licensee's frequency block greater than 37.5 kHz, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10}(P)$ decibels or 80

decibels, whichever is the lesser attenuation, where f is the frequency removed from the center of the outer channel in the block in kilohertz and where f is greater than 37.5 kHz.

(b) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

FCC § 90.543

(e) For operations in the 758–768 MHz and the 788–798 MHz bands, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:

- (1) On all frequencies between 769–775 MHz and 799–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $76 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for base and fixed stations.
- (2) On all frequencies between 769–775 MHz and 799–805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log(P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations.
- (3) On any frequency between 775–788 MHz, above 805 MHz, and below 758 MHz, by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
- (4) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (e)(1) and (2) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation such that the reading taken with any resolution bandwidth setting should be adjusted to indicate spectral energy in a 6.25 kHz segment.

RSS199 4.5

- (a) for base station and fixed subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$.
- (b) for mobile subscriber equipment, the power of any unwanted emissions measured as above shall be attenuated (in dB) below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least:
 - (i) $40 + 10 \log_{10} p$ from the channel edges to 5 MHz away
 - (ii) $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ between 5 MHz and X MHz from the channel edges, and
 - (iii) $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$ at X MHz and beyond from the channel edges

In addition, the attenuation shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz, and $55 + 10 \log_{10} p$ at or below 2490.5 MHz.

In (a) and (b), p is the transmitter power measured in watts and X is 6 MHz or the equipment occupied bandwidth, whichever is greater.

5.7.2 Test Setup

The section 4.5 test setup 4 description is used for conducted test, and the test setup description is used for radiated test. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

1. On a test site, the EUT shall be placed at 80cm height on a turn table, and in the position close to normal use as declared by the applicant.
2. The test antenna shall be oriented initially for vertical polarization located 3 m from EUT to correspond to the fundamental frequency of the transmitter.
3. The output of the test antenna shall be connected to the measuring receiver and the peak detector is used for the measurement.

4. During the measurement of the EUT, the resolution bandwidth was to 1 MHz and the average bandwidth was set to 1 MHz.
5. The transmitter shall be switched on; the measuring receiver shall be tuned to the frequency of the transmitter under test.
6. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
7. The transmitter shall be rotated through 360° in the horizontal plane, until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
8. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered again through the specified range of height until the maximum signal level is detected by the measuring receiver.
9. The maximum signal level detected by the measuring receiver shall be noted.
10. The EUT was replaced by half-wave dipole (824 ~ 849 MHz) or horn antenna (1 850 ~ 1 910 MHz) connected to a signal generator.
11. In necessary, the input attenuator setting on the measuring receiver shall be adjusted in order to increase the sensitivity of the measuring receiver.
12. The test antenna shall be raised and lowered through the specified range of height to ensure that the maximum signal is received.
13. The input signal to the substitution antenna shall be adjusted to the level that produces a level detected by the measuring receiver, which is equal to the level noted while the transmitter radiated power was measured, corrected for the change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.
14. The input level to the substitution antenna shall be recorded as power level in dBm, corrected for any change of input attenuator setting of the measuring receiver.
15. The measurement shall be repeated with the test antenna and the substitution antenna orientated for horizontal polarization.

Final measurement calculation as below:

The relevant equation for determining the ERP/EIRP from the radiated RF output power is: $\text{ERP/EIRP (dBm)} = \text{SA Read Value (dBm)} + \text{Correction Factor (dB)}$

where:

ERP/EIRP = effective or equivalent radiated power, in dBm;

SA Read Value = measured transmitter power received by EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer, in dBm; Correction

Factor = total correction factor including cable loss, in dB;

During the test, the data of Correction Factor (dB) is added in the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer, so SA Read Value (dBm) is the final values which contains the data of Correction Factor (dB).

For example:

In the ERP test, when SA read value for GSM850 is 21dBm, and correction factor is 8dB, then final ERP value for GSM850 is:

$$\text{ERP (dBm)} = 21\text{dBm} + 8\text{dB} = 29\text{dBm}$$

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7

ANNEX A Test Results

A.1 Transmitter Radiated Power (ERP/EIRP)

Refer to appendix report.

A.2 Peak to Average Ratio

Refer to appendix report.

A.3 Occupied Bandwidth

Refer to appendix report.

A.4 Frequency Stability

Refer to appendix report.

A.5 Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminals

Refer to appendix report.

A.6 Band Edge Emission

Refer to appendix report.

A.7 Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

Test mode:	GSM850		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1648.40	Vertical	-36.70	-13.00	Pass
2472.60	V	-39.06		
3296.80	V	-37.58		
4121.00	V	-43.19		
4945.20	V	---		
1648.40	Horizontal	-39.21	-13.00	Pass
2472.60	H	-42.89		
3296.80	H	-45.00		
4121.00	H	-46.33		
4945.20	H	---		
Test mode:	GSM850		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1673.20	Vertical	-39.46	-13.00	Pass
2509.80	V	-37.85		
3346.40	V	-43.32		
4183.00	V	---		
5019.60	V	-39.04		
1673.20	Horizontal	-42.25	-13.00	Pass
2509.80	H	-44.66		
3346.40	H	-45.65		
4183.00	H	-39.46		
5019.60	H	---		
Test mode:	GSM850		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1697.60	Vertical	-36.32	-13.00	Pass
2546.40	V	-39.71		
3395.20	V	-38.09		
4244.00	V	-43.20		
5092.80	V	---		
1697.60	Horizontal	-38.87	-13.00	Pass
2546.40	H	-42.07		
3395.20	H	-45.02		
4244.00	H	-45.72		
5092.80	H	---		

Test mode:	PCS1900		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
3700.40	Vertical	-36.55	-13.00	Pass
5550.60	V	-39.60		
7400.80	V	-38.04		
9251.00	V	-42.87		
11101.20	V	---		
3700.40	Horizontal	-39.49	-13.00	Pass
5550.60	H	-42.20		
7400.80	H	-44.94		
9251.00	H	-45.83		
11101.20	H	---		
Test mode:	PCS1900		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
3760.00	Vertical	-36.88	-13.00	Pass
5640.00	V	-39.20		
7520.00	V	-38.15		
9400.00	V	-43.56		
11280.00	V	---		
3760.00	Horizontal	-38.61	-13.00	Pass
5640.00	H	-42.10		
7520.00	H	-44.66		
9400.00	H	-46.33		
11280.00	H	---		
Test mode:	PCS1900		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
3819.60	Vertical	-37.18	-13.00	Pass
5729.40	V	-39.51		
7639.20	V	-38.23		
9549.00	V	-43.24		
11458.80	V	---		
3819.60	Horizontal	-38.80	-13.00	Pass
5729.40	H	-42.43		
7639.20	H	-44.60		
9549.00	H	-45.96		
11458.80	H	---		

Test mode:	WCDMA Band V		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1652.80	Vertical	-37.13	-13.00	Pass
2479.20	V	-39.45		
3305.60	V	-37.82		
4132.00	V	-42.86		
4958.40	V	---		
1652.80	Horizontal	-38.90	-13.00	Pass
2479.20	H	-42.64		
3305.60	H	-44.48		
4132.00	H	-45.92		
4958.40	H	---		
Test mode:	WCDMA Band V		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1672.80	Vertical	-37.22	-13.00	Pass
2509.20	V	-39.16		
3345.60	V	-37.95		
4182.00	V	-43.19		
5018.40	V	---		
1672.80	Horizontal	-39.08	-13.00	Pass
2509.20	H	-42.35		
3345.60	H	-44.98		
4182.00	H	-46.44		
5018.40	H	---		
Test mode:	WCDMA Band V		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1693.20	Vertical	-36.83	-13.00	Pass
2539.80	V	-39.09		
3386.40	V	-38.08		
4233.00	V	-43.38		
5079.60	V	---		
1693.20	Horizontal	-38.95	-13.00	Pass
2539.80	H	-42.71		
3386.40	H	-44.76		
4233.00	H	-45.64		
5079.60	H	---		

Test mode:	WCDMA Band II		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
3704.80	Vertical	-36.60	-13.00	Pass
5557.20	V	-39.04		
7409.60	V	-38.48		
9262.00	V	-43.18		
11114.40	V	---		
3704.80	Horizontal	-39.33	-13.00	Pass
5557.20	H	-42.85		
7409.60	H	-44.92		
9262.00	H	-45.84		
11114.40	H	---		
Test mode:	WCDMA Band II		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
3760.00	Vertical	-36.46	-13.00	Pass
5640.00	V	-39.06		
7520.00	V	-38.31		
9400.00	V	-43.48		
11280.00	V	---		
3760.00	Horizontal	-39.54	-13.00	Pass
5640.00	H	-42.65		
7520.00	H	-45.34		
9400.00	H	-45.78		
11280.00	H	---		
Test mode:	WCDMA Band II		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
3815.20	Vertical	-37.04	-13.00	Pass
5722.80	V	-39.70		
7630.40	V	-37.76		
9538.00	V	-43.76		
11445.60	V	---		
3815.20	Horizontal	-39.25	-13.00	Pass
5722.80	H	-42.35		
7630.40	H	-44.71		
9538.00	H	-46.07		
11445.60	H	---		

Test mode:	WCDMA Band IV		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
3424.8	Vertical	-37.01	-13.00	Pass
5137.2	V	-39.23		
10274.4	V	-38.15		
15411.6	V	-42.94		
30823.2	V	---		
3424.8	Horizontal	-38.96	-13.00	Pass
5137.2	H	-42.29		
10274.4	H	-45.26		
15411.6	H	-45.65		
30823.2	H	---		
Test mode:	WCDMA Band IV		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
3480	Vertical	-36.90	-13.00	Pass
5220	V	-39.22		
10440	V	-37.84		
15660	V	-42.84		
31320	V	---		
3480	Horizontal	-39.44	-13.00	Pass
5220	H	-42.55		
10440	H	-44.68		
15660	H	-45.83		
31320	H	---		
Test mode:	WCDMA Band IV		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
3505.2	Vertical	-37.02	-13.00	Pass
5257.8	V	-39.93		
10515.6	V	-38.47		
15773.4	V	-43.63		
31546.8	V	---		
3505.2	Horizontal	-38.68	-13.00	Pass
5257.8	H	-42.16		
10515.6	H	-45.14		
15773.4	H	-46.37		
31546.8	H	---		

QPSK Mode:

Test mode:	LTE Band 5(1.4MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1649.40	Vertical	-36.44	-13.00	Pass
2474.10	V	-39.19		
3298.80	V	-38.18		
4123.50	V	-42.91		
4948.20	V	---		
1649.40	Horizontal	-38.95	-13.00	Pass
2474.10	H	-43.06		
3298.80	H	-44.69		
4123.50	H	-46.02		
4948.20	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 5(1.4MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1673.00	Vertical	-37.27	-13.00	Pass
2509.50	V	-39.26		
3346.00	V	-38.08		
4182.50	V	-43.33		
5019.00	V	---		
1673.00	Horizontal	-38.76	-13.00	Pass
2509.50	H	-42.61		
3346.00	H	-44.69		
4182.50	H	-45.82		
5019.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 5(1.4MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1696.60	Vertical	-36.43	-13.00	Pass
2544.90	V	-39.34		
3393.20	V	-38.29		
4241.50	V	-43.48		
5089.80	V	---		
1696.60	Horizontal	-36.99	-13.00	Pass
2544.90	H	-39.09		
3393.20	H	-38.31		
4241.50	H	-43.30		
5089.80	H	---		

Test mode:	LTE Band 7(5MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5005.00	Vertical	-36.95	-25.00	Pass
7507.50	V	-39.17		
10010.00	V	-37.78		
12512.50	V	-43.00		
15015.00	V	---		
5005.00	Horizontal	-38.60	-25.00	Pass
7507.50	H	-42.58		
10010.00	H	-44.78		
12512.50	H	-45.87		
15015.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 7(5MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5070.00	Vertical	-36.91	-25.00	Pass
7605.00	V	-39.36		
10140.00	V	-38.15		
12675.00	V	-43.57		
15210.00	V	---		
5070.00	Horizontal	-39.17	-25.00	Pass
7605.00	H	-42.68		
10140.00	H	-45.30		
12675.00	H	-46.36		
15210.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 7(5MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5135.00	Vertical	-36.58	-25.00	Pass
7702.50	V	-39.57		
10270.00	V	-37.93		
12837.50	V	-43.66		
15405.00	V	---		
5135.00	Horizontal	-38.69	-25.00	Pass
7702.50	H	-42.89		
10270.00	H	-44.45		
12837.50	H	-45.98		
15405.00	H	---		

Test mode:	LTE Band 38(5MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5005.00	Vertical	-36.56	-25.00	Pass
7507.50	V	-39.38		
10010.00	V	-38.46		
12512.50	V	-43.30		
15015.00	V	---		
5005.00	Horizontal	-39.43	-25.00	Pass
7507.50	H	-42.92		
10010.00	H	-44.66		
12512.50	H	-45.62		
15015.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 38(5MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5070.00	Vertical	-39.49	-25.00	Pass
7605.00	V	-38.14		
10140.00	V	-43.07		
12675.00	V	---		
15210.00	V	-39.15		
5070.00	Horizontal	-43.03	-25.00	Pass
7605.00	H	-45.12		
10140.00	H	-45.69		
12675.00	H	-39.49		
15210.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 38(5MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5135.00	Vertical	-37.16	-25.00	Pass
7702.50	V	-39.54		
10270.00	V	-37.76		
12837.50	V	-43.76		
15405.00	V	---		
5135.00	Horizontal	-38.77	-25.00	Pass
7702.50	H	-42.21		
10270.00	H	-44.72		
12837.50	H	-46.47		
15405.00	H	---		

Test mode:	LTE Band 40(5MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
4615.00	Vertical	-37.20	-25.00	Pass
6922.50	V	-39.49		
9230.00	V	-38.30		
11537.50	V	-43.10		
13845.00	V	---		
4615.00	Horizontal	-39.21	-25.00	Pass
6922.50	H	-43.00		
9230.00	H	-44.47		
11537.50	H	-45.83		
13845.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 40(5MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
4620.00	Vertical	-36.46	-25.00	Pass
6930.00	V	-39.89		
9240.00	V	-37.77		
11550.00	V	-43.66		
13860.00	V	---		
4620.00	Horizontal	-39.25	-25.00	Pass
6930.00	H	-42.10		
9240.00	H	-44.57		
11550.00	H	-46.22		
13860.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 40(5MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
4625.00	Vertical	-37.11	-25.00	Pass
6937.50	V	-38.95		
9250.00	V	-38.10		
11562.50	V	-43.73		
13875.00	V	---		
4625.00	Horizontal	-39.54	-25.00	Pass
6937.50	H	-42.67		
9250.00	H	-44.79		
11562.50	H	-46.25		
13875.00	H	---		

Test mode:	LTE Band 41(5MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5115.00	Vertical	-37.04	-25.00	Pass
7672.50	V	-39.95		
10230.00	V	-38.09		
12787.50	V	-43.72		
15345.00	V	---		
5115.00	Horizontal	-38.91	-25.00	Pass
7672.50	H	-42.26		
10230.00	H	-45.26		
12787.50	H	-46.48		
15345.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 41(5MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5200.00	Vertical	-36.84	-25.00	Pass
7800.00	V	-39.89		
10400.00	V	-38.05		
13000.00	V	-43.25		
15600.00	V	---		
5200.00	Horizontal	-39.33	-25.00	Pass
7800.00	H	-42.27		
10400.00	H	-44.44		
13000.00	H	-46.00		
15600.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 41(5MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5305.00	Vertical	-37.25	-25.00	Pass
7957.50	V	-39.54		
10610.00	V	-37.56		
13262.50	V	-43.27		
15915.00	V	---		
5305.00	Horizontal	-38.95	-25.00	Pass
7957.50	H	-42.44		
10610.00	H	-44.79		
13262.50	H	-45.85		
15915.00	H	---		

16-QAM Mode:

Test mode:	LTE Band 5(1.4MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1649.40	Vertical	-37.12	-13.00	Pass
2474.10	V	-39.08		
3298.80	V	-38.27		
4123.50	V	-43.17		
4948.20	V	---		
1649.40	Horizontal	-39.24	-13.00	Pass
2474.10	H	-42.20		
3298.80	H	-44.83		
4123.50	H	-46.09		
4948.20	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 5(1.4MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1673.00	Vertical	-36.93	-13.00	Pass
2509.50	V	-39.87		
3346.00	V	-37.89		
4182.50	V	-43.31		
5019.00	V	---		
1673.00	Horizontal	-39.20	-13.00	Pass
2509.50	H	-42.30		
3346.00	H	-45.09		
4182.50	H	-45.99		
5019.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 5(1.4MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
1696.60	Vertical	-37.00	-13.00	Pass
2544.90	V	-39.47		
3393.20	V	-38.20		
4241.50	V	-43.70		
5089.80	V	---		
1696.60	Horizontal	-39.10	-13.00	Pass
2544.90	H	-42.42		
3393.20	H	-44.50		
4241.50	H	-45.59		
5089.80	H	---		

Test mode:	LTE Band 7(5MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5005.00	Vertical	-36.96	-25.00	Pass
7507.50	V	-39.46		
10010.00	V	-38.28		
12512.50	V	-43.80		
15015.00	V	---		
5005.00	Horizontal	-38.66	-25.00	Pass
7507.50	H	-42.87		
10010.00	H	-44.73		
12512.50	H	-46.30		
15015.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 7(5MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5070.00	Vertical	-36.33	-25.00	Pass
7605.00	V	-39.32		
10140.00	V	-37.67		
12675.00	V	-43.56		
15210.00	V	---		
5070.00	Horizontal	-39.56	-25.00	Pass
7605.00	H	-42.08		
10140.00	H	-44.43		
12675.00	H	-46.24		
15210.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 7(5MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5135.00	Vertical	-37.22	-25.00	Pass
7702.50	V	-39.35		
10270.00	V	-38.37		
12837.50	V	-43.10		
15405.00	V	---		
5135.00	Horizontal	-39.52	-25.00	Pass
7702.50	H	-42.27		
10270.00	H	-45.02		
12837.50	H	-45.88		
15405.00	H	---		

Test mode:	LTE Band 38(5MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5005.00	Vertical	-37.23	-25.00	Pass
7507.50	V	-39.77		
10010.00	V	-37.62		
12512.50	V	-43.16		
15015.00	V	---		
5005.00	Horizontal	-38.86	-25.00	Pass
7507.50	H	-42.81		
10010.00	H	-44.69		
12512.50	H	-45.54		
15015.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 38(5MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5070.00	Vertical	-36.82	-25.00	Pass
7605.00	V	-39.18		
10140.00	V	-37.92		
12675.00	V	-43.11		
15210.00	V	---		
5070.00	Horizontal	-39.18	-25.00	Pass
7605.00	H	-42.99		
10140.00	H	-44.54		
12675.00	H	-45.77		
15210.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 38(5MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5135.00	Vertical	-36.96	-25.00	Pass
7702.50	V	-39.49		
10270.00	V	-37.90		
12837.50	V	-42.86		
15405.00	V	---		
5135.00	Horizontal	-39.42	-25.00	Pass
7702.50	H	-42.07		
10270.00	H	-44.70		
12837.50	H	-45.76		
15405.00	H	---		

Test mode:	LTE Band 40(5MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
4615.00	Vertical	-36.49	-25.00	Pass
6922.50	V	-39.66		
9230.00	V	-37.67		
11537.50	V	-43.47		
13845.00	V	---		
4615.00	Horizontal	-39.43	-25.00	Pass
6922.50	H	-42.99		
9230.00	H	-44.59		
11537.50	H	-45.93		
13845.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 40(5MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
4620.00	Vertical	-37.21	-25.00	Pass
6930.00	V	-39.05		
9240.00	V	-37.71		
11550.00	V	-42.95		
13860.00	V	---		
4620.00	Horizontal	-38.98	-25.00	Pass
6930.00	H	-42.16		
9240.00	H	-44.60		
11550.00	H	-45.92		
13860.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 40(5MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
4625.00	Vertical	-36.66	-25.00	Pass
6937.50	V	-39.05		
9250.00	V	-37.76		
11562.50	V	-43.02		
13875.00	V	---		
4625.00	Horizontal	-39.18	-25.00	Pass
6937.50	H	-42.08		
9250.00	H	-44.55		
11562.50	H	-45.53		
13875.00	H	---		

Test mode:	LTE Band 41(5MHz)		Test channel:	Lowest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5115.00	Vertical	-36.60	-25.00	Pass
7672.50	V	-39.01		
10230.00	V	-38.35		
12787.50	V	-43.48		
15345.00	V	---		
5115.00	Horizontal	-39.49	-25.00	Pass
7672.50	H	-42.41		
10230.00	H	-44.99		
12787.50	H	-45.72		
15345.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 41(5MHz)		Test channel:	Middle
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5200.00	Vertical	-36.89	-25.00	Pass
7800.00	V	-39.59		
10400.00	V	-37.59		
13000.00	V	-43.25		
15600.00	V	---		
5200.00	Horizontal	-39.33	-25.00	Pass
7800.00	H	-42.10		
10400.00	H	-44.64		
13000.00	H	-45.96		
15600.00	H	---		
Test mode:	LTE Band 41(5MHz)		Test channel:	Highest
Frequency (MHz)	Spurious Emission		Limit (dBm)	Result
	Polarization	Level (dBm)		
5305.00	Vertical	-36.38	-25.00	Pass
7957.50	V	-39.63		
10610.00	V	-37.74		
13262.50	V	-43.81		
15915.00	V	---		
5305.00	Horizontal	-38.98	-25.00	Pass
7957.50	H	-42.27		
10610.00	H	-44.55		
13262.50	H	-45.86		
15915.00	H	---		

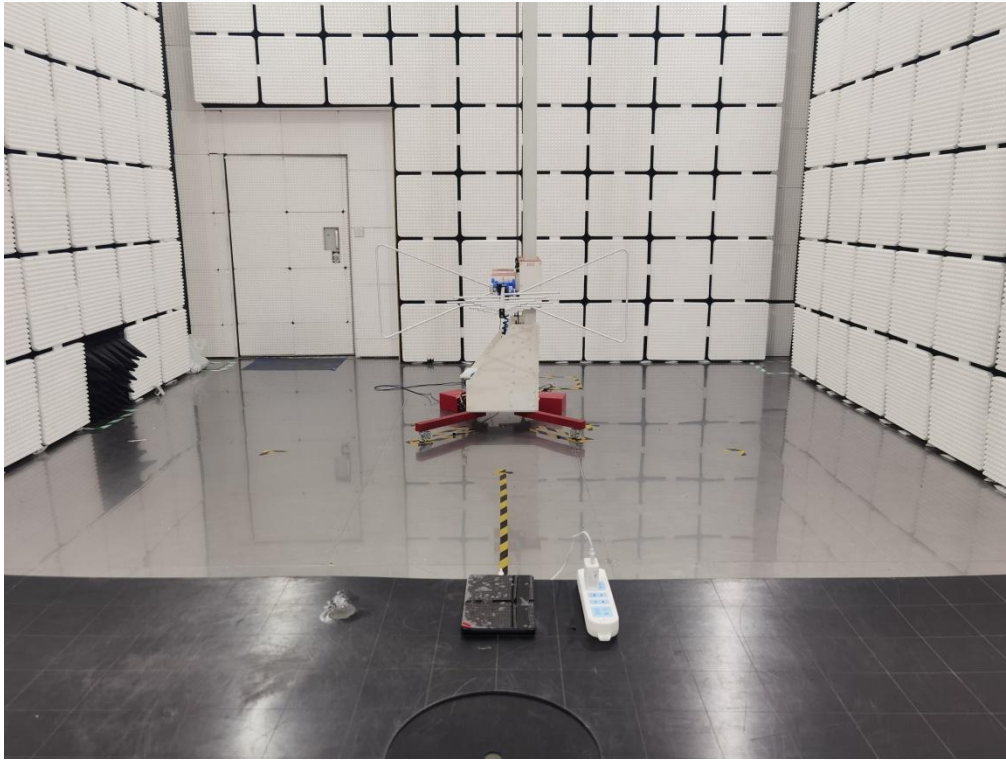
Remark:

1. The emission behaviour belongs to narrowband spurious emission, all modes investigated and only worst case is reported.
2. Remark"---" means that the emission level is too low (20dB lower than the limit) to be measured

ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Emissions in restricted frequency bands (above 1GHz)



Emissions in restricted frequency bands (below 1GHz)

ANNEX C EUT PHOTOS

Please refer to the report No.BTF230725R01001



Test Report Number: BTF230725R01005



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--END OF REPORT--