

FCC ID : 2AYMH-NP-213F**➤ Test Standards and Limits****1. According to KDB 447498 D01 v06, Section 4.3.1****2. FCC Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits:**

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max power of channel})/(\text{min test separation distance})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

➤ Measurement and Calculation**1. Maximum transmit power**

2.4G SRD, Antenna Gain: -1.2 dBi

Operation Mode	Channel Number	Channel Frequency (MHz)	EIRP (dBm)	Result calculation	1-g SAR
2.4G SRD	4	2402	-2.08	0.192	3
	82	2441	-0.61	0.272	3
	160	2480	1.53	0.448	3
* $\text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] = \text{E}[\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}] + 20 \log(d[\text{meters}]) - 104.77$					

2. MPE Calculation

For the max result : $0.448 \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR extremity SAR, No SAR is required.

-End of the Report-