



RF EXPOSURE EVALUATION

FCC ID:2AZ2V-ZEN37

Product Name	:	Wall Remote
Model Name	:	ZEN37
Operating frequency	:	908.40MHz 908.42MHz 916.00MHz 912 MHz 920 MHz
Numbers of Channel	:	5 channels
Antenna Type	:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain	:	-15.59dBi
Type of Modulation	:	2FSK for 908.40MHz 2FSK for 908.42MHz 2GFSK for 916.00MHz DSSS OQPSK LR for 912 MHz and 920 MHz
Power supply	:	Battery : LIR2032 Voltage: 3.6V
Hardware Version	:	1.0
Software Version	:	1.0



Standard Requirement

According to § 15.247(i) and § 1.1307b(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, section 4. 3. 1.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g SAR extremity SAR, where}$$

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100MHz and 6GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Routine SAR evaluation refers to that specifically required by § 2.1093, using measurements or computer simulation. When routine SAR evaluation is not required, portable transmitters with output power greater than the applicable low threshold require SAR evaluation to quality for TCB approval.

RF output Power:

Freq. (MHz)	Field strength(max)(dBuV/m)	EIRP (max) (dBm)
908.40	89.47	-5.73
908.42	90.00	-5.20
916.00	89.99	-5.21

Note: $\text{EIRP} = E - 104.8 + 20 \log D$,
Where

E is the electric field strength in dBuV/m.

EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm.

d is the specified measurement distance in m.

where $D=3$, $\text{EIRP} = E - 95.2$.

**Test Result:**

Channel (MHz)	Maximum output power (dBm)	Tune up tolerance (dBm)	Max Tune Up Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculation results	Limit	Operating Mode
912	0.334	0.5 ± 1	1.412538	5	0.269791	3	DSSS OQPSK LR
920	0.452	0.5 ± 1	1.412538	5	0.269791	3	DSSS OQPSK LR
908.40	-5.73	-5.50 ± 1	0.354813	5	0.067635	3	2FSK
908.42	-5.20	-5.00 ± 1	0.398107	5	0.075888	3	2FSK
916.00	-5.21	-5.00 ± 1	0.398107	5	0.076204	3	2GFSK

According to KDB 447498, no stand-alone required for the antenna, and no simultaneous SAR measurement is required.

The device can't support simultaneous transmitter.

Signature

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EMC Manager

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