# FCC TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen Nanxiangzi Technology Co., Ltd

Smart TV Box

Test Model: Q1

Additional Model No.: Please Refer to Page 6

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Prepared for | : | Shenzhen Nanxiangzi Technology Co., Ltd |
| Address | : | 2nd Floor, Building F, Hongzhu Yongqi Technology Park, Lezhujiao Village, Jiuwei community, Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen |
| Prepared by | : | Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. |
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| Web | : | www.LCS-cert.com |
| Mail | : | webmaster@LCS-cert.com |
| Date of receipt of test sample | : | November 22, 2023 |
| Number of tested samples | : | 2 |
| Sample No. | : | A11133168-1, A11133168-2 |
| Serial number | : | Prototype |
| Date of Test | : | November 22, 2023 ~ December 05, 2023 |
| Date of Report | : | December 05, 2023 |

# FCC TEST REPORT
# FCC CFR 47 PART 15 E (15.407)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Report Reference No. .....** | **:** | **LCSA11133168EE** |
| Date of Issue..... | : | December 05, 2023 |
| **Testing Laboratory Name .....** | **:** | **Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.** |
| Address..... | : | 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China |
| Testing Location/ Procedure..... | : | Full application of Harmonised standards ■<br>Partial application of Harmonised standards □<br>Other standard testing method □ |
| **Applicant's Name.....** | **:** | **Shenzhen Nanxiangzi Technology Co., Ltd** |
| Address..... | : | 2nd Floor, Building F, Hongzhu Yongqi Technology Park, Lezhujiao Village, Jiuwei community, Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen |
| **Test Specification** | | |
| Standard ..... | : | FCC CFR 47 PART 15 E (15.407) |
| **Test Report Form No.....** | **:** | LCSEMC-1.0 |
| TRF Originator ..... | : | Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. |
| Master TRF..... | : | Dated 2011-03 |

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| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **EUT Description.....** | **:** | **Smart TV Box** |
| Trade Mark..... | : | N/M |
| Test Model ..... | : | Q1 |
| Ratings..... | : | For Smart TV BOX Input: 5V⎓2.0A<br>For Adapter Input: 100-240V~, 50/60Hz, Max 0.6A<br>Adapter Output: 5V⎓2.0A |
| **Result .....** | **:** | **Positive** |

| **Compiled by:** | **Supervised by:** | **Approved by:** |
|---|---|---|
| Jack Liu/Administrator | Cary Luo/ Technique principal | Gavin Liang/ Manager |

# FCC -- TEST REPORT

| | |
|---|---|
| **Test Report No. :** **LCSA11133168EE** | December 05, 2023<br>Date of issue |

| | |
|---|---|
| EUT..... | : Smart TV Box |
| Test Model..... | : Q1 |
| **Applicant.....** | : **Shenzhen Nanxiangzi Technology Co., Ltd** |
| Address..... | : 2nd Floor, Building F, Hongzhu Yongqi Technology Park, Lezhujiao Village, Jiuwei community, Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen |
| Telephone..... | : / |
| Fax..... | : / |
| **Manufacturer.....** | : **Shenzhen Nanxiangzi Technology Co., Ltd** |
| Address..... | : 2nd Floor, Building F, Hongzhu Yongqi Technology Park, Lezhujiao Village, Jiuwei community, Hangcheng Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen |
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| Fax..... | : / |
| **Factory.....** | : **Shenzhen Nanxiangzi Technology Co., Ltd** |
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| Telephone..... | : / |
| Fax..... | : / |

| | |
|---|---|
| **Test Result:** | **Positive** |

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

# Revision History

| Report Version | Issue Date | Revision Content | Revised By |
|---|---|---|---|
| 000 | December 05, 2023 | Initial Issue | -- |
| | | | |
| | | | |

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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1. Description of Device (EUT)

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| EUT | : | Smart TV Box |
| Test Model | : | Q1 |
| Additional Model No. | : | Q6, Q95, Q95MAX, Q95MINI |
| Model Declaration | : | PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, So no additional models were tested |
| Power Supply | : | For Smart TV BOX Input: 5V⎓2.0A<br>For Adapter Input: 100-240V~, 50/60Hz, Max 0.6A<br>Adapter Output: 5V⎓2.0A |
| Hardware Version | : | Q1-V3.0 |
| Software Version | : | android10 |
| Bluetooth | : | |
| Frequency Range | : | 2402MHz ~ 2480MHz |
| Channel Number | : | 79 channels for Bluetooth V5.2(DSS)<br>40 channels for Bluetooth V5.2(DTS) |
| Channel Spacing | : | 1MHz for Bluetooth V5.2(DSS)<br>2MHz for Bluetooth V5.2(DTS) |
| Modulation Type | : | GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V5.2(DSS)<br>GFSK for Bluetooth V5.2(DTS) |
| Bluetooth Version | : | V5.2 |
| Antenna Description | : | PCB Antenna, 2.0dBi(Max.) |
| 2.4G WLAN | | |
| Frequency Range | : | 2412MHz ~ 2462MHz |
| Channel Spacing | : | 5MHz |
| Channel Number | : | 11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth (2412~2462MHz)<br>7 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth (2422~2452MHz) |
| Modulation Type | : | IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK)<br>IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)<br>IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) |
| Antenna Description | : | PCB Antenna, 1.0dBi (max.) |
| 5.2G WLAN | | |
| Frequency Range | : | 5180MHz~5240MHz |
| Channel Number | : | 4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180MHz-5240MHz)<br>2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190MHz~5230MHz) |
| Modulation Type | : | IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)<br>IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) |
| Antenna Description | : | PCB Antenna, 1.0dBi (max.) |
| 5.8G WLAN | | |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Frequency Range | : | 5745MHz~5825MHz |
| Channel Number | : | 5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5745MHz-5825MHz)<br>2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5755MHz~5795MHz) |
| Modulation Type | : | IEEE 802.11a: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)<br>IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) |
| Antenna Description | : | PCB Antenna, 1.0dBi (max.) |

## 1.2. Host System Configuration List and Details

| Manufacturer | Description | Model | Serial Number | Certificate |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| -- | ADAPTER | TNS30W-050200-1 | -- | FCC |

## 1.3. External I/O Port

| I/O Port Description | Quantity | Cable |
|---|---|---|
| Power Port | 1 | N/A |
| USB Port | 2 | N/A |
| LAN Port | 1 | N/A |
| HDMI IN Port | 1 | N/A |
| AV Port | 1 | N/A |
| TF Card Port | 1 | N/A |

## 1.4. Description of Test Facility

NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.

FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier is CN0071.

CNAS Registration Number is L4595.

Test Firm Registration Number: 254912.

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.4:2014 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010 SVSWR requirement for radiated emission above 1GHz.

## 1.5. Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the LCS quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

## 1.6. Measurement Uncertainty

| Test Item | | Frequency Range | Uncertainty | Note |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Radiation Uncertainty | : | 9KHz~30MHz | ±3.10dB | (1) |
| | | 30MHz~200MHz | ±2.96dB | (1) |
| | | 200MHz~1000MHz | ±3.10dB | (1) |
| | | 1GHz~26.5GHz | ±3.80dB | (1) |
| | | 26.5GHz~40GHz | ±3.90dB | (1) |
| Conduction Uncertainty | : | 150kHz~30MHz | ±1.63dB | (1) |
| Power disturbance | : | 30MHz~300MHz | ±1.60dB | (1) |
| Output power | : | 1GHz-40GHz | ±0.57dB | (1) |
| Power Spectral Density | : | 1GHz-40GHz | ±1.2dB | (1) |
| Occupied Channel Bandwidth | : | 1GHz-40GHz | ±5% | (1) |
| Conducted RF Spurious Emission | : | 9kHz-40GHz | ±1.80dB | (1) |
| Emissions in Restricted Bands | : | 1GHz-40GHz | ±2.47dB | (1) |
| Frequency Stability | : | 1GHz-40GHz | ±25Hz | (1) |

(1). This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

## 1.7. Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in X position.

Worst-case mode and channel used for 150 KHz-30 MHz power line conducted emissions was determined to be IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode (Low Channel).

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9 KHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was determined to be IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode (Low Channel).

AC conducted emission pre-test at both at AC 120V/60Hz and AC 240V/60Hz modes, recorded worst case;

AC conducted emission pre-test at power adapter modes, recorded worst case;

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

IEEE 802.11a Mode: 6 Mbps, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11n HT40 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

## 1.8. Channel List and Frequency

| Frequency Band | Channel No. | Frequency (MHz) | Channel No. | Frequency (MHz) |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5745~5825MHz | 149 | 5745 | 155 | 5775 |
| | 151 | 5755 | 159 | 5795 |
| | 153 | 5765 | 161 | 5805 |
| | 157 | 5785 | 165 | 5825 |
| For IEEE 802.11a/n HT20, Channel 149, 157 and 165 were tested.<br>For IEEE 802.11n HT40, Channel 151 and 159 were tested. | | | | |

# 2. TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

## 2.1. EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

## 2.2. EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure 789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 and KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 is required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.407 UII device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E

## 2.3. General Test Procedures

### 2.3.1 Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

### 2.3.2 Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz and 1.5 m above ground plane above 1GHz. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

# 3. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

## 3.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition.

## 3.2. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software provided by applicant.

## 3.3. Special Accessories

N/A.

## 3.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document

## 3.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

## 3.6. Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.

# 4. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

| Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart E | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| FCC Rules | Description of Test | Result | Remark |
| §15.407(e) | 6dB Bandwidth | Compliant | Appendix E.1 |
| §2.1047 | 99% Occupied Bandwidth | Compliant | N/A |
| §15.407(a) | Maximum Conducted Output Power | Compliant | Appendix E.2 |
| §15.407(a) | Power Spectral Density | Compliant | Appendix E.3 |
| §15.209, §15.407(b) | Emissions in Restricted Bands | Compliant | Appendix E.4 |
| §15.407(g) | Frequency Stability | Compliant | Appendix E.5 |
| / | On Time and Duty Cycle | / | Only reported; Appendix E.6 |
| §15.209, §15.407(b) | Radiated Emissions | Compliant | Note 1 |
| §15.207(a) | AC Conducted Emissions | Compliant | Note 1 |
| §15.203 | Antenna Requirements | Compliant | Note 1 |
| §15.407 §2.1091 | RF Exposure | Compliant | Note 2 |

*Remark:*
*1. Note 1 – Test results inside test report;*
*2. Note 2 – Test results in other test report (RF Exposure report).*

# 5. TEST RESULT

## 5.1. 6dB Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

### 5.1.1. Standard Applicable

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

### 5.1.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

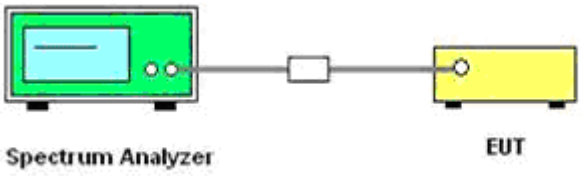
Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

| Spectrum Parameter | Setting |
|---|---|
| Attenuation | Auto |
| Span | > 26dB Bandwidth |
| Detector | Peak |
| Trace | Max Hold |
| Sweep Time | Auto |

### 5.1.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. The resolution bandwidth of 100 KHz and the video bandwidth of 300 KHz were used.
3. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 6dB below carrier.

### 5.1.4. Test Setup Layout




### 5.1.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.1.6. Test Result of 6dB Occupied Bandwidth

*PASS.*

*Please refer to Appendix E.1*

*Remark:*

1. *Measured 6dB bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40.*

## 5.2. 99% Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

### 5.2.1. Standard Applicable

According to §2.1049: The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the following conditions as applicable.

### 5.2.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

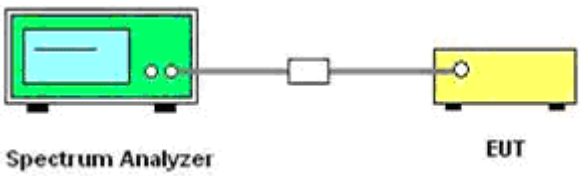
Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

| Spectrum Parameter | Setting |
|---|---|
| Attenuation | Auto |
| Span Frequency | > RBW |
| Detector | Peak |
| Trace | Max Hold |
| Sweep Time | Auto |

### 5.2.3. Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. Set RBW = 1%~5% OBW; VBW≥3*RBW;
3. Measured the 99% occupied bandwidth by related function of the spectrum analyzer.

### 5.2.4. Test Setup Layout




### 5.2.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.2.6. Test Result of 99% Occupied Spectrum Bandwidth

Not Applicable

## 5.3. Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

### 5.3.1. Standard Applicable

**For 5725~5850MHz**

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

### 5.3.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the power meter.

### 5.3.3. Test Procedures

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.

According to KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Section 3 (a) Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

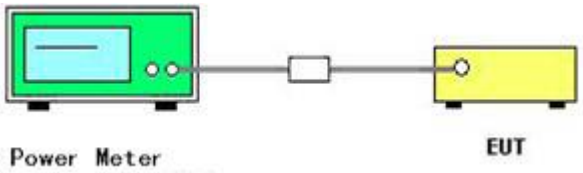
(i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
- At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
- The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.

(ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.

(iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

### 5.3.4. Test Setup Layout




### 5.3.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.3.6. Test Result of Maximum Conducted Output Power

*PASS*

*Please refer to Appendix E.2*

*Remark:*

1. *Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40.*
4. *Report conducted power = Measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;*
5. *The EUT used two same PIFA antenna for WIFI TX/RX, the directional gain=2.04+10*log (2) =5.05dBi.*
6. *For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices;*
   *Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for NANT ≤ 4;*
   *Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for channel widths ≥ 40 MHz for any NANT;*
   *Array Gain = 5 log (NANT/NSS) dB or 3 dB, whichever is less, for 20-MHz channel widths with NANT ≥ 5.*

## 5.4. Power Spectral Density Measurement

### 5.4.1. Standard Applicable

**For 5725~5850MHz**

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

### 5.4.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

### 5.4.3. Test Procedures

1). The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple.

2). The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.

3). Set the RBW = 510 kHz

4). Set the VBW ≥ 3*RBW

5). Span=Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal

6). Detector = RMS.

7). Sweep time = auto couple.

8). Trace mode = max hold.

9). Allow trace to fully stabilize.

10). If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10 log (500 kHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

11). If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10 log (1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

12). Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

5.4.4. Test Setup Layout

5.4.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.4.6. Test Result of Power Spectral Density

*PASS.*

*Please refer to Appendix E.3*

*Remark:*

1. *Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40.*
4. *Report conducted PSD = measured conducted PSD + Duty Cycle factor + RBW factor;*
5. *RBW factor = 10 log (500 KHz / 300 KHz) = 2.218 dB;*
6. *The EUT used two same PIFA antenna for WIFI TX/RX, the directional gain=2.04+10*log (2)=5.05dBi. So the power spectrum density limits of IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11 n HT40 for MIMO with CDD technology should be reduced.*
7. *For MIMO with CCD technology device, The Directional Gain= Gain of individual transmit antennas (dBi) + Array gain;*
   *Array gain = 10 log (Nant), where Nant is the number of transmit antennas*

## 5.5.Emissions in Restricted Bands

### 5.5.1 Limit

According to ξ15.407 (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

(a) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

(b) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

(c) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.

(d) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:

(i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of −27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.

(ii) Devices certified before March 2, 2017 with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease by March 2, 2018. Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.

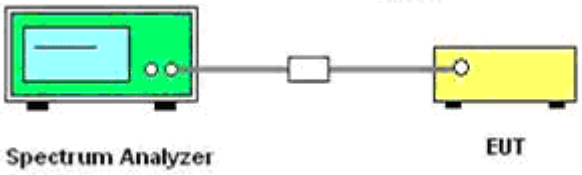
(e) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.

(f) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

(g) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.

(h) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

### 5.5.2 Test Configuration




### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

1. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
2. Set the RBW = 1MHz.
3. Set the VBW ≥ 3MHz
4. Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is ≤ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
5. Manually set sweep time ≥ 10 × (number of points in sweep) × (total on/off period of the transmitted signal).
6. Set detector = power averaging (rms).
7. Sweep time = auto couple.
8. Trace mode = max hold.

9. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

5.5.4 Test Results

*PASS*

*Please refer to Appendix E.4*

*Remark:*

1. *Measured unwanted emission at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode;*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20, IEEE 802.11n HT40.*
4. *E.I.R.P = Conducted power + Antenna Gain;*
5. *EIRP calculation. A value representative of an upper bound on out-of-band antenna gain (in dBi) shall be added to the measured antenna-port conducted emission power to compute EIRP within the specified measurement bandwidth. (For emissions in the restricted bands, additional calculations are required to convert EIRP to field strength at the specified distance.) The upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands or 2 dBi, whichever is greater.3 However, for devices that operate in multiple bands using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest to the out-of-band frequency being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when measuring emissions at frequencies within 20% of the absolute frequency at the nearest edge of that band, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be selected;*
6. *Over limit = EIRP – Limit;*

## 5.6. Frequency Stability

### 5.6.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC §15.407(g) “Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the users manual.”

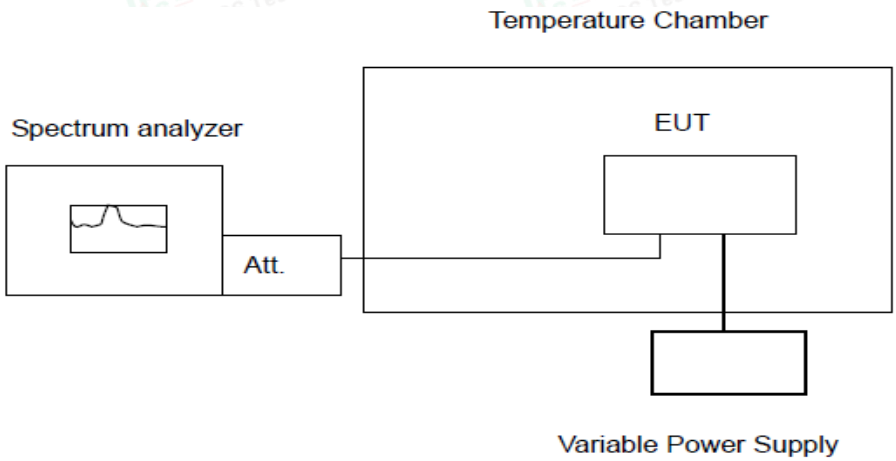
According to FCC §2.1055(a) “The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:”

(1) From −30° to + 50° centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

(2) From −20° to + 50° centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Maritime Services under part 80 of this chapter, except for Class A, B, and S Emergency Position Indicating Radiobeacons (EPIRBS), and equipment to be licensed for use above 952 MHz at operational fixed stations in all services, stations in the Local Television Transmission Service and Point-to-Point Microwave Radio Service under part 21 of this chapter, equipment licensed for use aboard aircraft in the Aviation Services under part 87 of this chapter, and equipment authorized for use in the Family Radio Service under part 95 of this chapter.

(3) From 0° to + 50° centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Radio Broadcast Services under part 73 of this chapter.

### 5.6.2 Test Configuration




### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The equipment under test was connected to an external AC or DC power supply and input rated voltage. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum anzlyer via feed through attenators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low engouh to obtain the desired frequency resoluation and measure EUT 20 degree operating frequency as reference frequency. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to -30 degree. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency. Repeat step measure wuth 10 degree increased per stage until the highest temperature of +50 degree reached.

### 5.6.4 Test Results

PASS

*Please refer to Appendix E.5*

## 5.7. On Time and Duty Cycle

### 5.7.1. Standard Applicable

None; for reporting purpose only.

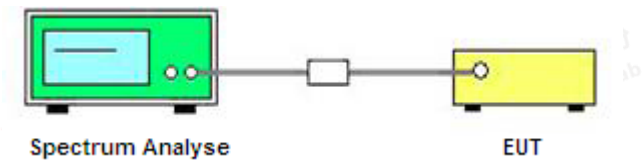
### 5.7.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyzer.

### 5.7.3. Test Procedures

1. Set the Centre frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
2. Set the span=0MHz, RBW=8MHz, VBW=8.0MHz, Sweep time=auto;
3. Detector = peak;
4. Trace mode = Single hold.

### 5.7.4. Test Setup Layout




### 5.7.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 5.7.6. Test result

*For reporting purpose only.*

*Please refer to Appendix E.6*

## 5.8. Radiated Emissions Measurement

### 5.8.1. Standard Applicable

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz | MHz | MHz | GHz |
|---|---|---|---|
| 0.090-0.110 | 16.42-16.423 | 399.9-410 | 4.5-5.15 |
| \1\ 0.495-0.505 | 16.69475-16.69525 | 608-614 | 5.35-5.46 |
| 2.1735-2.1905 | 16.80425-16.80475 | 960-1240 | 7.25-7.75 |
| 4.125-4.128 | 25.5-25.67 | 1300-1427 | 8.025-8.5 |
| 4.17725-4.17775 | 37.5-38.25 | 1435-1626.5 | 9.0-9.2 |
| 4.20725-4.20775 | 73-74.6 | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5 |
| 6.215-6.218 | 74.8-75.2 | 1660-1710 | 10.6-12.7 |
| 6.26775-6.26825 | 108-121.94 | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4 |
| 6.31175-6.31225 | 123-138 | 2200-2300 | 14.47-14.5 |
| 8.291-8.294 | 149.9-150.05 | 2310-2390 | 15.35-16.2 |
| 8.362-8.366 | 156.52475-156.52525 | 2483.5-2500 | 17.7-21.4 |
| 8.37625-8.38675 | 156.7-156.9 | 2690-2900 | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475 | 162.0125-167.17 | 3260-3267 | 23.6-24.0 |
| 12.29-12.293. | 167.72-173.2 | 3332-3339 | 31.2-31.8 |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285 | 3345.8-3358 | 36.43-36.5 |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4 | 3600-4400 | (\2\) |
| 13.36-13.41 | | | |

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.
\2\ Above 38.6

For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:

All emissions shall be limited to a level of −27 dBm/MHz(68.2dBuV/m at 3m) at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz(105.2dBuV/m at 3m) at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6(110.8dBuV/m at 3m) dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz(122.2dBuV/m at 3m) at the band edge.

In addition, In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

| Frequencies (MHz) | Field Strength (microvolts/meter) | Measurement Distance (meters) |
|---|---|---|
| 0.009~0.490 | 2400/F(KHz) | 300 |
| 0.490~1.705 | 24000/F(KHz) | 30 |
| 1.705~30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30~88 | 100 | 3 |
| 88~216 | 150 | 3 |
| 216~960 | 200 | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

### 5.8.2. Measuring Instruments and Setting

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

| Spectrum Parameter | Setting |
|---|---|
| Attenuation | Auto |
| Start Frequency | 1000 MHz |
| Stop Frequency | 10th carrier harmonic |
| RB / VB (Emission in restricted band) | 1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average |
| RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band) | 1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average |

| Receiver Parameter | Setting |
|---|---|
| Attenuation | Auto |
| Start ~ Stop Frequency | 9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG |
| Start ~ Stop Frequency | 150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG |
| Start ~ Stop Frequency | 30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP |

5.8.3. Test Procedures

**1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz**

**Setup:**

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.

--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.

--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.

--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.

--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.

--- The measurement distance is 3 meter.

--- The EUT was set into operation.

**Premeasurement:**

--- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.

--- The antenna height is 1.0 meter.

--- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

**Final measurement:**

--- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).

--- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.

--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

**2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz**

**Setup:**

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.

--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.

--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.

--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions

--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.

--- The measurement distance is 3 meter.

--- The EUT was set into operation.

**Premeasurement:**

--- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.

--- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.

--- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.

--- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

**Final measurement:**

--- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.

--- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position (± 45°) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.

--- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.

--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

**3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz**

**Setup:**

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.

--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.

--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.

--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions

--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.

--- The measurement distance is 3 meter.

--- The EUT was set into operation.

**Premeasurement:**

--- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.

--- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.

--- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.

--- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

**Final measurement:**

--- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.

--- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position (± 45°) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.

--- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.

--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

**4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz**

**Setup:**

--- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.

--- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.

--- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.

--- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions

--- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.

--- The measurement distance is 1 meter.

--- The EUT was set into operation.

**Premeasurement:**

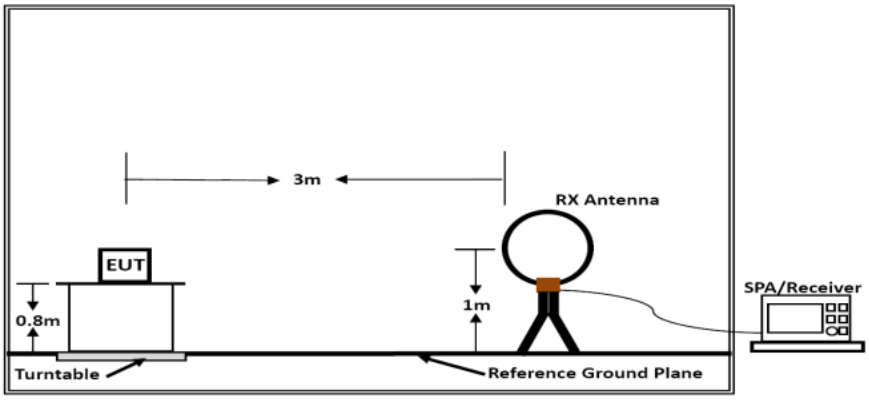
--- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarizations of the antenna.

**Final measurement:**

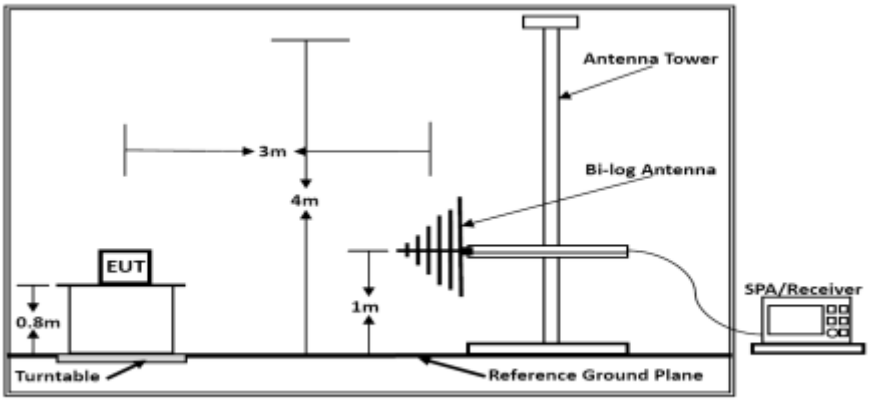
--- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.

--- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

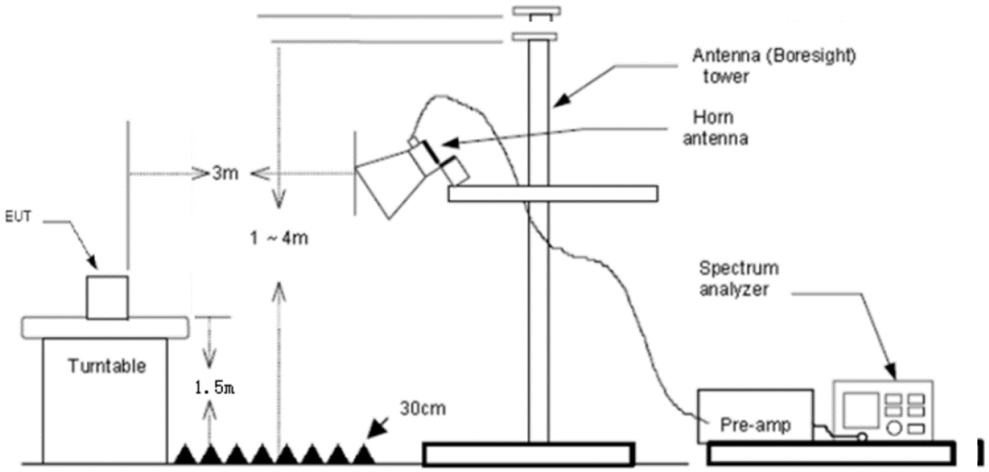
5.8.4. Test Setup Layout




Below 30MHz




Below 1GHz




Above 18 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade form 3m to 1m.

5.8.5. EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

5.8.6. Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30 MHz)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Temperature | 23.8℃ | Humidity | 52.1% |
| Test Engineer | Nick Peng | Configurations | IEEE 802.11a/n |

| Freq. (MHz) | Level (dBuV) | Over Limit (dB) | Over Limit (dB) | Remark |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| - | - | - | - | See Note |

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = 40 log (specific distance / test distance) (dB);
Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

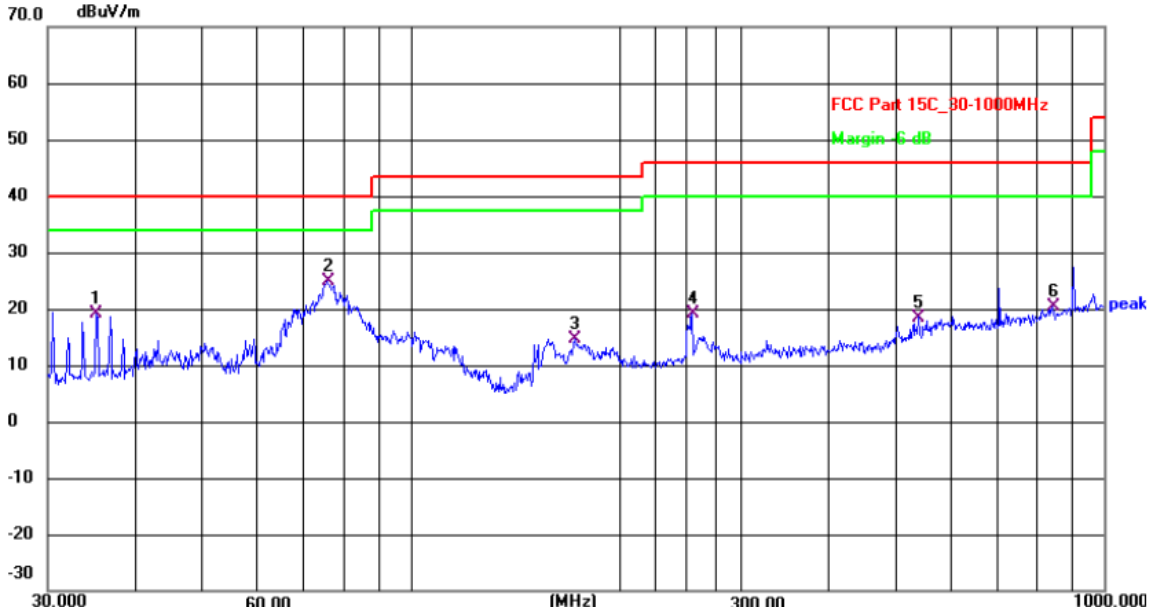
5.8.7. Results of Radiated Emissions (30 MHz~1 GHz)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Temperature | 23.8℃ | Humidity | 52.1% |
| Test Engineer | Nick Peng | Configurations | IEEE 802.11a/n |

**PASS.**

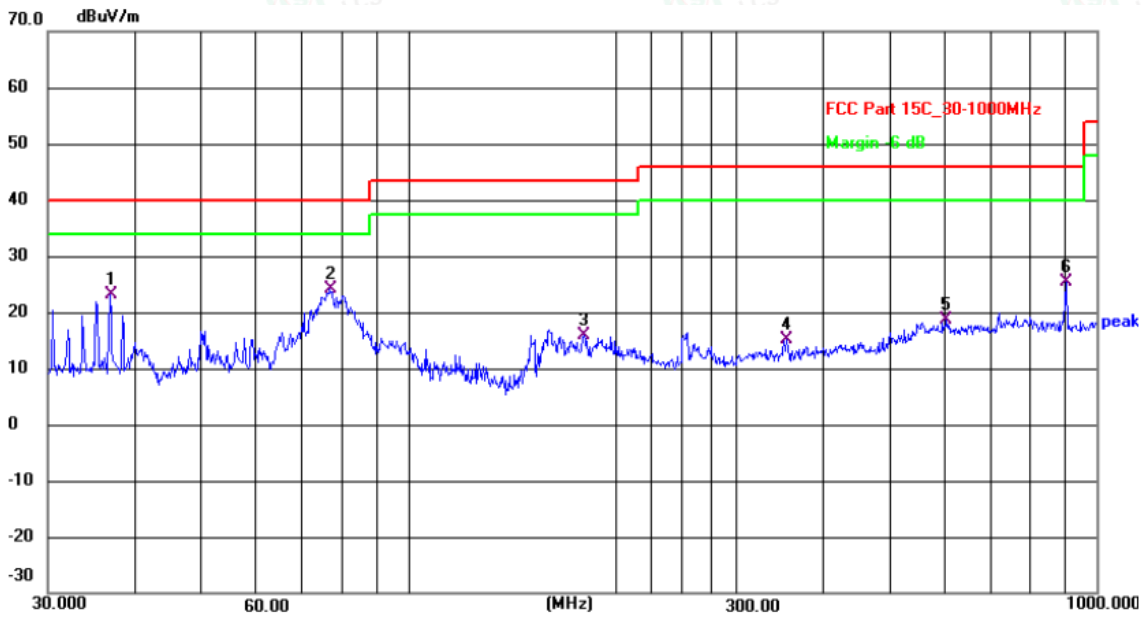
The test data please refer to following page.

*Horizontal*




| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | Factor (dB/m) | Level (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 35.2511 | 36.99 | -17.79 | 19.20 | 40.00 | -20.80 | QP |
| 2 | 75.9773 | 44.53 | -19.72 | 24.81 | 40.00 | -15.19 | QP |
| 3 | 172.5987 | 33.99 | -19.31 | 14.68 | 43.50 | -28.82 | QP |
| 4 | 254.7283 | 34.69 | -15.56 | 19.13 | 46.00 | -26.87 | QP |
| 5 | 539.4775 | 30.50 | -12.19 | 18.31 | 46.00 | -27.69 | QP |
| 6 | 842.1296 | 29.35 | -9.00 | 20.35 | 46.00 | -25.65 | QP |

*Vertical*




| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Reading (dBuV) | Factor (dB/m) | Level (dBuV/m) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 36.8953 | 40.72 | -17.70 | 23.02 | 40.00 | -16.98 | QP |
| 2 | 77.0505 | 43.90 | -19.76 | 24.14 | 40.00 | -15.86 | QP |
| 3 | 180.0164 | 34.55 | -18.68 | 15.87 | 43.50 | -27.63 | QP |
| 4 | 355.4272 | 30.08 | -14.84 | 15.24 | 46.00 | -30.76 | QP |
| 5 | 605.6592 | 29.27 | -10.59 | 18.68 | 46.00 | -27.32 | QP |
| 6 | 903.3093 | 33.74 | -8.25 | 25.49 | 46.00 | -20.51 | QP |

*Note:*

*1). Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode (Low Channel).*
*2). Emission level (dBuV/m) = 20 log Emission level (uV/m).*
*3). Level = Reading + Factor, Margin = Level–Limit, Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamp Factor.*

5.8.8. Results for Radiated Emissions (1 – 40 GHz)

*Note: All the modes have been tested and recorded worst mode in the report.*

*IEEE 802.11a*

*Channel 149 / 5745 MHz*

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Ant. Fac dB/m | Pre. Fac dB | Cab.Los dB | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark | Pol/Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17.235 | 43.65 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 50.56 | 68.20 | -17.64 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 17.235 | 31.81 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 38.72 | 54.00 | -15.28 | Average | Horizontal |
| 17.235 | 49.94 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 56.46 | 68.20 | -11.74 | Peak | Vertical |
| 17.235 | 31.58 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 38.10 | 54.00 | -15.90 | Average | Vertical |

*Channel 157 / 5785 MHz*

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Ant. Fac dB/m | Pre. Fac dB | Cab.Los dB | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark | Pol/Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17.355 | 44.72 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 51.63 | 68.20 | -16.57 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 17.355 | 38.33 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 45.24 | 54.00 | -8.76 | Average | Horizontal |
| 17.355 | 49.01 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 55.53 | 68.20 | -12.67 | Peak | Vertical |
| 17.355 | 35.70 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 42.22 | 54.00 | -11.78 | Average | Vertical |

*Channel 163 / 5825 MHz*

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Ant. Fac dB/m | Pre. Fac dB | Cab.Los dB | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark | Pol/Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17.475 | 43.13 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 50.04 | 68.20 | -18.16 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 17.475 | 30.54 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 37.45 | 54.00 | -16.55 | Average | Horizontal |
| 17.475 | 43.24 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 49.76 | 68.20 | -18.44 | Peak | Vertical |
| 17.475 | 29.89 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 36.41 | 54.00 | -17.59 | Average | Vertical |

*IEEE 802.11n HT20*

*Channel 149 / 5745 MHz*

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Ant. Fac dB/m | Pre. Fac dB | Cab.Los dB | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark | Pol/Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17.235 | 46.20 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 53.11 | 68.20 | -15.09 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 17.235 | 35.01 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 41.92 | 54.00 | -12.08 | Average | Horizontal |
| 17.235 | 49.40 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 55.92 | 68.20 | -12.28 | Peak | Vertical |
| 17.235 | 34.58 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 41.10 | 54.00 | -12.90 | Average | Vertical |

*Channel 157 / 5785 MHz*

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Ant. Fac dB/m | Pre. Fac dB | Cab.Los dB | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark | Pol/Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17.355 | 48.61 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 55.52 | 68.20 | -12.68 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 17.355 | 32.66 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 39.57 | 54.00 | -14.43 | Average | Horizontal |
| 17.355 | 49.98 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 56.50 | 68.20 | -11.70 | Peak | Vertical |
| 17.355 | 28.66 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 35.18 | 54.00 | -18.82 | Average | Vertical |

*Channel 163 / 5825 MHz*

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Ant. Fac dB/m | Pre. Fac dB | Cab.Los dB | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark | Pol/Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17.475 | 45.99 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 52.90 | 68.20 | -15.30 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 17.475 | 38.99 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 45.90 | 54.00 | -8.10 | Average | Horizontal |
| 17.475 | 40.99 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 47.51 | 68.20 | -20.69 | Peak | Vertical |
| 17.475 | 37.22 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 43.74 | 54.00 | -10.26 | Average | Vertical |

*IEEE 802.11n HT40*

*Channel 151 / 5755 MHz*

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Ant. Fac dB/m | Pre. Fac dB | Cab.Los dB | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark | Pol/Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17.265 | 46.02 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 52.93 | 68.20 | -15.27 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 17.265 | 29.26 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 36.17 | 54.00 | -17.83 | Average | Horizontal |
| 17.265 | 43.94 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 50.46 | 68.20 | -17.74 | Peak | Vertical |
| 17.265 | 37.19 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 43.71 | 54.00 | -10.29 | Average | Vertical |

*Channel 159 / 5795 MHz*

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Ant. Fac dB/m | Pre. Fac dB | Cab.Los dB | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark | Pol/Phase |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 17.385 | 44.53 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 51.44 | 68.20 | -16.76 | Peak | Horizontal |
| 17.385 | 33.76 | 33.21 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 40.67 | 54.00 | -13.33 | Average | Horizontal |
| 17.385 | 44.85 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 51.37 | 68.20 | -16.83 | Peak | Vertical |
| 17.385 | 36.49 | 32.82 | 35.82 | 9.52 | 43.01 | 54.00 | -10.99 | Average | Vertical |

Notes:

1). Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz ~ 40 GHz, at least have 20dB margin found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz.
2). Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz ~ 40 GHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
3). 18~40GHz at least have 20dB margin. No recording in the test report.
4). Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

6). Measured Level = Reading Level + Factor, Over = Measured–Limit, Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Preamp Factor.

## 5.9. Power Line Conducted Emissions

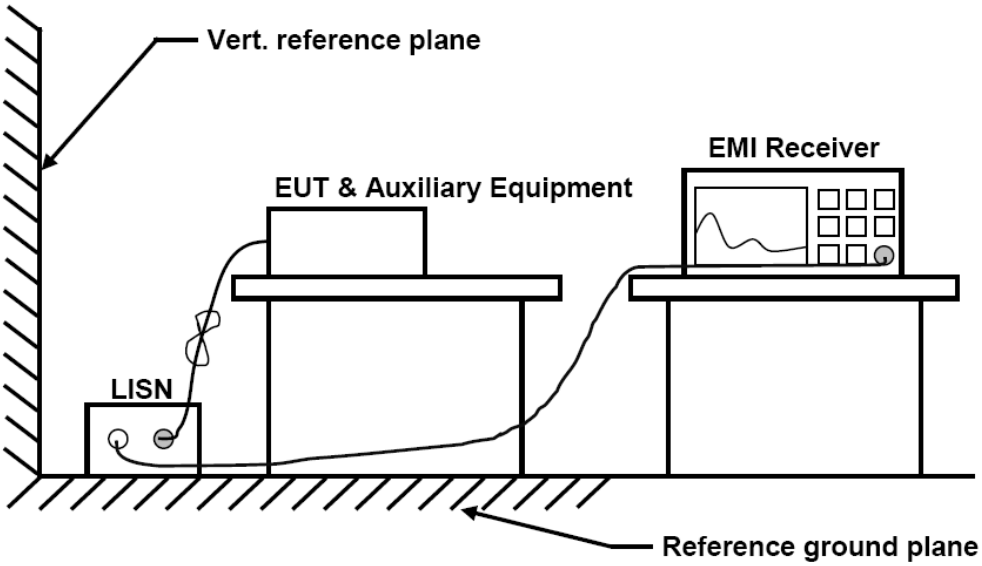
### 5.9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range are listed as follows:

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Limits (dBμV) | |
|---|---|---|
| | Quasi-peak | Average |
| 0.15 to 0.50 | 66 to 56* | 56 to 46* |
| 0.50 to 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 5 to 30 | 60 | 50 |

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

### 5.9.2 Block Diagram of Test Setup



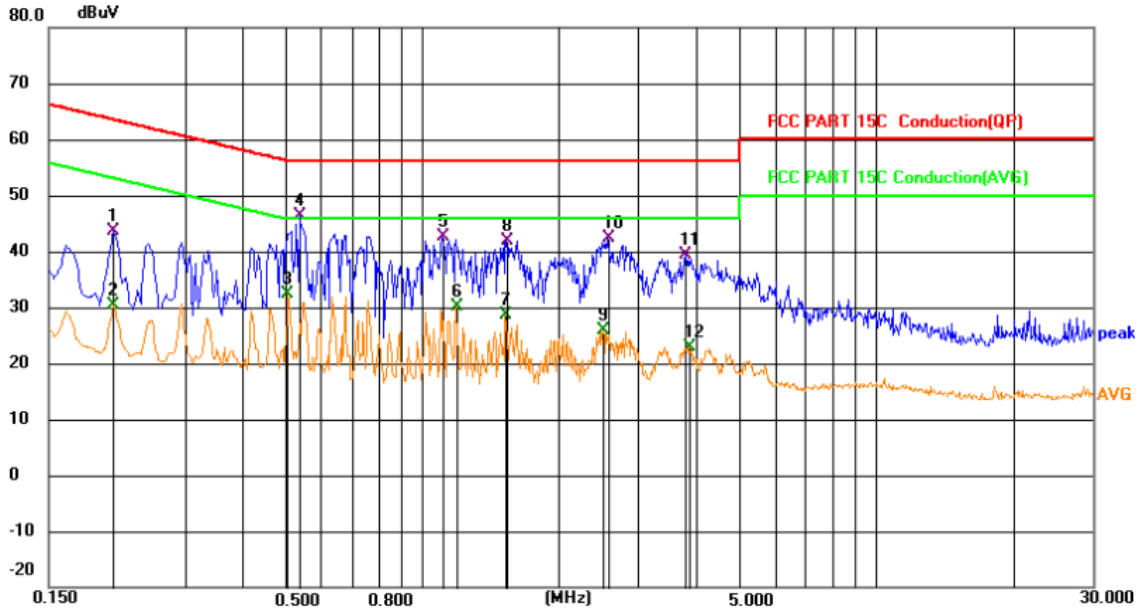

### 5.9.3 Test Results

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Temperature | 23.3℃ | Humidity | 53.7% |
| Test Engineer | Nick Peng | Configurations | IEEE 802.11a/n |

**PASS.**

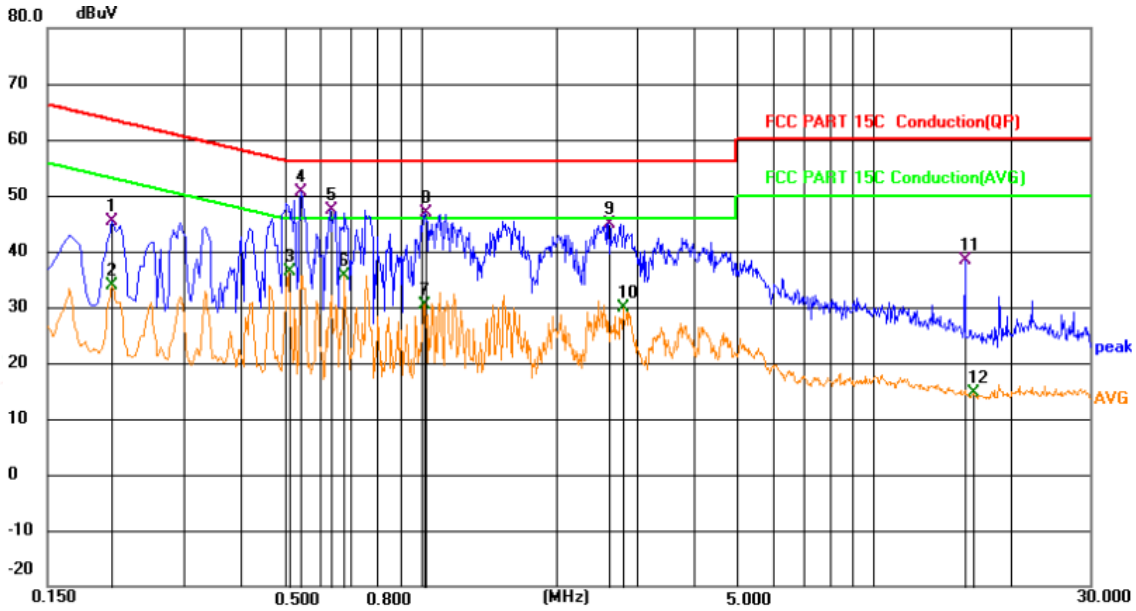
The test data please refer to following page.

*Line*




| No. | Mk. | Freq. | Reading Level | Correct Factor | Measure-ment | Limit | Margin | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV | dBuV | dB | Detector | Comment |
| 1 | | 0.2086 | 23.96 | 19.63 | 43.59 | 63.26 | -19.67 | QP | |
| 2 | | 0.2086 | 10.71 | 19.63 | 30.34 | 53.26 | -22.92 | AVG | |
| 3 | | 0.5056 | 12.76 | 19.65 | 32.41 | 46.00 | -13.59 | AVG | |
| 4 | * | 0.5371 | 26.61 | 19.65 | 46.26 | 56.00 | -9.74 | QP | |
| 5 | | 1.1086 | 22.91 | 19.65 | 42.56 | 56.00 | -13.44 | QP | |
| 6 | | 1.1851 | 10.53 | 19.66 | 30.19 | 46.00 | -15.81 | AVG | |
| 7 | | 1.5271 | 9.01 | 19.67 | 28.68 | 46.00 | -17.32 | AVG | |
| 8 | | 1.5316 | 22.30 | 19.67 | 41.97 | 56.00 | -14.03 | QP | |
| 9 | | 2.5081 | 6.12 | 19.71 | 25.83 | 46.00 | -20.17 | AVG | |
| 10 | | 2.5576 | 22.62 | 19.71 | 42.33 | 56.00 | -13.67 | QP | |
| 11 | | 3.8176 | 19.65 | 19.79 | 39.44 | 56.00 | -16.56 | QP | |
| 12 | | 3.8806 | 2.98 | 19.79 | 22.77 | 46.00 | -23.23 | AVG | |

*Neutral*




| No. | Mk. | Freq. | Reading Level | Correct Factor | Measure-ment | Limit | Margin | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | MHz | dBuV | dB | dBuV | dBuV | dB | Detector | Comment |
| 1 | | 0.2083 | 25.75 | 19.63 | 45.38 | 63.27 | -17.89 | QP | |
| 2 | | 0.2083 | 14.29 | 19.63 | 33.92 | 53.27 | -19.35 | AVG | |
| 3 | | 0.5101 | 16.72 | 19.65 | 36.37 | 46.00 | -9.63 | AVG | |
| 4 | * | 0.5435 | 30.91 | 19.65 | 50.56 | 56.00 | -5.44 | QP | |
| 5 | | 0.6305 | 27.82 | 19.66 | 47.48 | 56.00 | -8.52 | QP | |
| 6 | | 0.6790 | 15.88 | 19.65 | 35.53 | 46.00 | -10.47 | AVG | |
| 7 | | 1.0157 | 10.72 | 19.65 | 30.37 | 46.00 | -15.63 | AVG | |
| 8 | | 1.0211 | 27.28 | 19.65 | 46.93 | 56.00 | -9.07 | QP | |
| 9 | | 2.5945 | 25.15 | 19.71 | 44.86 | 56.00 | -11.14 | QP | |
| 10 | | 2.7942 | 10.17 | 19.72 | 29.89 | 46.00 | -16.11 | AVG | |
| 11 | | 15.8854 | 18.51 | 19.91 | 38.42 | 60.00 | -21.58 | QP | |
| 12 | | 16.5732 | -5.42 | 19.98 | 14.56 | 50.00 | -35.44 | AVG | |

****Note: Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode (Low Channel).*

*Measurement= Reading + Correct, Margin = Measurement – Limit, Correct Factor=Lisn Factor+Cable Factor*

## 5.10. Antenna Requirements

### 5.10.1 Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### 5.10.2 Antenna Connected Construction

#### 5.10.2.1. Standard Applicable

According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

#### 5.10.2.2. Antenna Connector Construction

The gains of antenna used for transmitting is 1.0dBi(Max), and the antenna is an PCB Antenna connect to PCB board and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

#### 5.10.2.3. Results: Compliance.

# 6. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENTS

| Item | Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Cal Date | Due Date |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Power Meter | R&S | NRVS | 100444 | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |
| 2 | Power Sensor | R&S | NRV-Z81 | 100458 | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |
| 3 | Power Sensor | R&S | NRV-Z32 | 10057 | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |
| 4 | Test Software | Tonscend | JS1120-2 | / | N/A | N/A |
| 5 | RF Control Unit | Tonscend | JS0806-2 | N/A | 2023-08-15 | 2024-08-14 |
| 6 | MXA Signal Analyzer | Agilent | N9020A | MY50510140 | 2023-10-18 | 2024-10-17 |
| 7 | DC Power Supply | Agilent | E3642A | N/A | 2023-10-18 | 2024-10-17 |
| 8 | EMI Test Software | AUDIX | E3 | / | N/A | N/A |
| 9 | 3m Semi Anechoic Chamber | SIDT FRANKONIA | SAC-3M | 03CH03-HY | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |
| 10 | Positioning Controller | Max-Full | MF7802BS | MF780208586 | N/A | N/A |
| 11 | Active Loop Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | FMZB 1519B | 00005 | 2021-08-29 | 2024-08-28 |
| 12 | By-log Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | VULB9163 | 9163-470 | 2021-09-12 | 2024-09-11 |
| 13 | Horn Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | BBHA 9120D | 9120D-1925 | 2021-09-05 | 2024-09-04 |
| 14 | Broadband Horn Antenna | SCHWARZBECK | BBHA 9170 | 791 | 2021-08-29 | 2024-08-28 |
| 15 | Broadband Preamplifier | SCHWARZBECK | BBV9719 | 9719-025 | 2021-08-29 | 2024-08-28 |
| 16 | EMI Test Receiver | R&S | ESR 7 | 101181 | 2023-08-15 | 2024-08-14 |
| 17 | RS SPECTRUM ANALYZER | R&S | FSP40 | 100503 | 2023-07-17 | 2024-07-16 |
| 18 | Low-frequency amplifier | SchwarzZBECK | BBV9745 | 00253 | 2023-10-18 | 2024-10-17 |
| 19 | High-frequency amplifier | JS Denki Pte | PA0118-43 | JSPA21009 | 2023-10-18 | 2024-10-17 |
| 20 | 6dB Attenuator | / | 100W/6dB | 1172040 | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |
| 21 | 3dB Attenuator | / | 2N-3dB | / | 2023-10-18 | 2024-10-17 |
| 22 | EMI Test Receiver | R&S | ESPI | 101940 | 2023-08-15 | 2024-08-14 |
| 23 | Artificial Mains | R&S | ENV216 | 101288 | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |
| 24 | 10dB Attenuator | SCHWARZBECK | MTS-IMP-136 | 261115-001-0032 | 2023-06-09 | 2024-06-08 |
| 25 | EMI Test Software | Farad | EZ | / | N/A | N/A |

# 7. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

# 8. EXTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

# 9. INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.

----------THE END OF REPORT----------