# TEST REPORT

| | |
|---|---|
| **Applicant:** | Shenzhen Wellstec Communications Co., Ltd |
| **Address:** | 1403, Block A, BOTON Science & Technology Park, No. 1044 Chaguang Road, Nanshan District, ShenZhen, China |
| **Equipment Type:** | Feature Flip Phone |
| **Model Name:** | FP177W |
| **Brand Name:** | Artia |
| **FCC ID:** | 2AZP4-FP177W |
| **Test Standard:** | 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C (refer to section 3.1) |
| **Sample Arrival Date:** | May. 22, 2026 |
| **Test Date:** | May. 26, 2026 - Jun. 20, 2026 |
| **Date of Issue:** | Aug. 13, 2026 |

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**ISSUED BY:**

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **Tested by:** He Yu Yang | **Checked by:** Li Ganming | **Approved by:** Liao Jianming (Technical Director) |
| He Yu Yang | Li Ganming | |

**Revision History**

| Version | Issue Date | Revisions |
|---|---|---|
| Rev. 01 | Aug. 13, 2026 | Initial Issue |

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# 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 Test Laboratory

| | |
|---|---|
| Name | Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. |
| Address | 601, Building 2, Intelligent Connected Vehicle Industrial Park, No.55, Xiangshan Road, Luotian Community, Yanluo Sub-district, Bao'an District, Shenzhen |
| Phone Number | +86 755 6685 0100 |

## 1.2 Test Location

| | |
|---|---|
| Name | Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. |
| Location | ☐ Building 2, Intelligent Connected Vehicle Industrial Park, No.55, Xiangshan Road, Luotian Community, Yanluo Sub-district, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong |
| | ☑ 1/F., Building B, Ganghongji High-Tech Intelligent Industrial Park, No.1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Subdistrict, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong |
| Accreditation Certificate | The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196. |

# 2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

## 2.1 Applicant Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Applicant | Shenzhen Wellstec Communications Co., Ltd |
| Address | 1403, Block A, BOTON Science & Technology Park, No. 1044 Chaguang Road, Nanshan District, ShenZhen, China |

## 2.2 Manufacturer Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Manufacturer | Shenzhen Wellstec Communications Co., Ltd |
| Address | 1403, Block A, BOTON Science & Technology Park, No. 1044 Chaguang Road, Nanshan District, ShenZhen, China |

## 2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

| | |
|---|---|
| EUT Name | Feature Flip Phone |
| Model Name Under Test | FP177W |
| Series Model Name | N/A |
| Description of Model name differentiation | N/A |
| Hardware Version | Harbor-MB-1V0 |
| Software Version | Harbor_V1.0.35 |
| Dimensions (Approx.) | N/A |
| Weight (Approx.) | N/A |

## 2.4 Technical Information

| | |
|---|---|
| Network and Wireless connectivity | 4G Network LTE FDD Band 2/4/5/12/13/17/25/26/66/71<br>Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE)<br>WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20) |
| About the Product | The equipment is Feature Flip Phone, intended for used with information technology equipment. |

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

| | |
|---|---|
| Modulation Technology | FHSS |
| Modulation Type | GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK |
| Product Type | ☐ Mobile<br>☒ Portable<br>☐ Fix Location |
| Transfer Rate | DH5: 1 Mbps<br>2DH5: 2 Mbps<br>3DH5: 3 Mbps |
| Frequency Range | The frequency range used is 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz. |
| Number of Channel | 79 (at intervals of 1 MHz) |
| Tested Channel | 0 (2402 MHz), 39 (2441 MHz), 78 (2480 MHz) |
| Antenna Type | PIFA Antenna |
| Antenna Gain | 1.36 dBi |
| Antenna Impedance | 50 Ω |
| Antenna System (MIMO Smart Antenna) | N/A |

All channel was listed on the following table:

| Channel Number | Freq. (MHz) | Channel Number | Freq. (MHz) | Channel Number | Freq. (MHz) | Channel Number | Freq. (MHz) |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| **0** | **2402** | 21 | 2423 | 42 | 2444 | 63 | 2465 |
| 1 | 2403 | 22 | 2424 | 43 | 2445 | 64 | 2466 |
| 2 | 2404 | 23 | 2425 | 44 | 2446 | 65 | 2467 |
| 3 | 2405 | 24 | 2426 | 45 | 2447 | 66 | 2468 |
| 4 | 2406 | 25 | 2427 | 46 | 2448 | 67 | 2469 |
| 5 | 2407 | 26 | 2428 | 47 | 2449 | 68 | 2470 |
| 6 | 2408 | 27 | 2429 | 48 | 2450 | 69 | 2471 |
| 7 | 2409 | 28 | 2430 | 49 | 2451 | 70 | 2472 |
| 8 | 2410 | 29 | 2431 | 50 | 2452 | 71 | 2473 |
| 9 | 2411 | 30 | 2432 | 51 | 2453 | 72 | 2474 |
| 10 | 2412 | 31 | 2433 | 52 | 2454 | 73 | 2475 |
| 11 | 2413 | 32 | 2434 | 53 | 2455 | 74 | 2476 |
| 12 | 2414 | 33 | 2435 | 54 | 2456 | 75 | 2477 |
| 13 | 2415 | 34 | 2436 | 55 | 2457 | 76 | 2478 |
| 14 | 2416 | 35 | 2437 | 56 | 2458 | 77 | 2479 |
| 15 | 2417 | 36 | 2438 | 57 | 2459 | **78** | **2480** |
| 16 | 2418 | 37 | 2439 | 58 | 2460 | - | - |
| 17 | 2419 | 38 | 2440 | 59 | 2461 | - | - |
| 18 | 2420 | **39** | **2441** | 60 | 2462 | - | - |
| 19 | 2421 | 40 | 2442 | 61 | 2463 | - | - |
| 20 | 2422 | 41 | 2443 | 62 | 2464 | - | - |

# 3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

## 3.1 Test Standards

| No. | Identity | Document Title |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C | Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment |
| 4 | ANSI C63.10-2020 | American National Standard for Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices |
| 5 | KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 | Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules |

## 3.2 Test Verdict

| No. | Description | FCC Part No. | Channel | Test Result | Verdict | Remark |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Antenna Requirement | 15.203 | N/A | -- | Pass | Note [1] |
| 2 | Number of Hopping Frequencies | 15.247(a) | Hopping Mode | ANNEX A.1 | Pass | Note [2] |
| 3 | Peak Output Power | 15.247(b) | Low/Middle/High | ANNEX A.2 | Pass | -- |
| 4 | Occupied Bandwidth | 15.247(a) | Low/Middle/High | ANNEX A.3 | Pass | -- |
| 5 | Carrier Frequency Separation | 15.247(a) | Hopping Mode | ANNEX A.4 | Pass | Note [2] |
| 6 | Time of Occupancy (Dwell time) | 15.247(a) | Hopping Mode | ANNEX A.5 | Pass | Note [2] |
| 7 | Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge | 15.247(d) | Hopping Mode; Low/Middle/High | ANNEX A.6 | Pass | Note [2] |
| 8 | Conducted Emission | 15.207 | Low/Middle/High | ANNEX A.7 | Pass | Note [2] |
| 9 | Radiated Spurious Emission | 15.209 15.247(d) | Low/Middle/High | ANNEX A.8 | Pass | Note [2] |
| 10 | Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge) | 15.209 15.247(d) | Low/High | ANNEX A.9 | Pass | Note [2] |

Note [1]: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.
Note [2]: π/4-DQPSK is the EDR 2M rate mode, 8DPSK is the EDR 3M rate mode. The consistency of test results in π/4-DQPSK and 8DPSK is very high. So we chose 8DPSK as a typical representative to appear on the report. Another we will show all the modes on the RF output power test item.

# 4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

## 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Relative Humidity | 45% to 63% | |
| Atmospheric Pressure | 100 kPa to 102 kPa | |
| Temperature | NT (Normal Temperature) | +19.8℃ to +24.1℃ |
| Working Voltage of the EUT | NV (Normal Voltage) | 3.92V |

## 4.2 Test Equipment List

| Description | Manufacturer | Model | Serial No. | Cal. Date | Cal. Due |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Spectrum Analyzer | KEYSIGHT | N9020A | MY54420186 | 2026.05.11 | 2027.05.10 |
| Power meter | R&S | NRP8S | 101498 | 2025.07.07 | 2026.07.06 |
| Spectrum Analyzer | KEYSIGHT | N9020A | MY56060127 | 2025.12.25 | 2026.12.24 |
| Test Antenna-Horn | A-INFO | LB-180400KF | J211060273 | 2024.06.15 | 2027.06.14 |
| Test Antenna-Bi-Log | Schwarzbeck | VULB 9163 | 01414 | 2023.11.03 | 2026.11.02 |
| Test Antenna-Horn | Schwarzbeck | BBHA 9120D | 02459 | 2023.10.26 | 2026.10.25 |
| Test Antenna-Loop | Schwarzbeck | FMZB 1513-60 | 00015 | 2026.05.12 | 2028.05.11 |
| Anechoic Chamber | YIHENG | C8-966 | 107 | 2024.05.12 | 2027.05.11 |
| EMI Receiver | Keysight | N9038A | MY55330121 | 2025.12.26 | 2026.12.25 |
| Filtering unit | BALUN | SU319F | LW-SZ19D0001F01 | N/A | N/A |
| Switching unit | BALUN | SU319 | LW-SZ19D0001S01 | N/A | N/A |
| EMI Receiver | keysight | N9038B | MY61380132 | 2025.12.26 | 2026.12.25 |
| LISN | SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK | NSLK8127 | 01009 | 2025.07.15 | 2026.07.14 |
| Shielded Enclosure | YiHeng Electronic Co., Ltd | 4.3m*2.9m*2.4m | 235 | 2024.11.05 | 2027.11.04 |

## 4.3 Test Software List

| Description | Manufacturer | Software Version | Serial No. | Applicable test Setup |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| BL410R | BALUN | V2.1.1.488 | N/A | The section 4.5.1 |
| BL410E | BALUN | V22.930 | N/A | The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5 |

## 4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

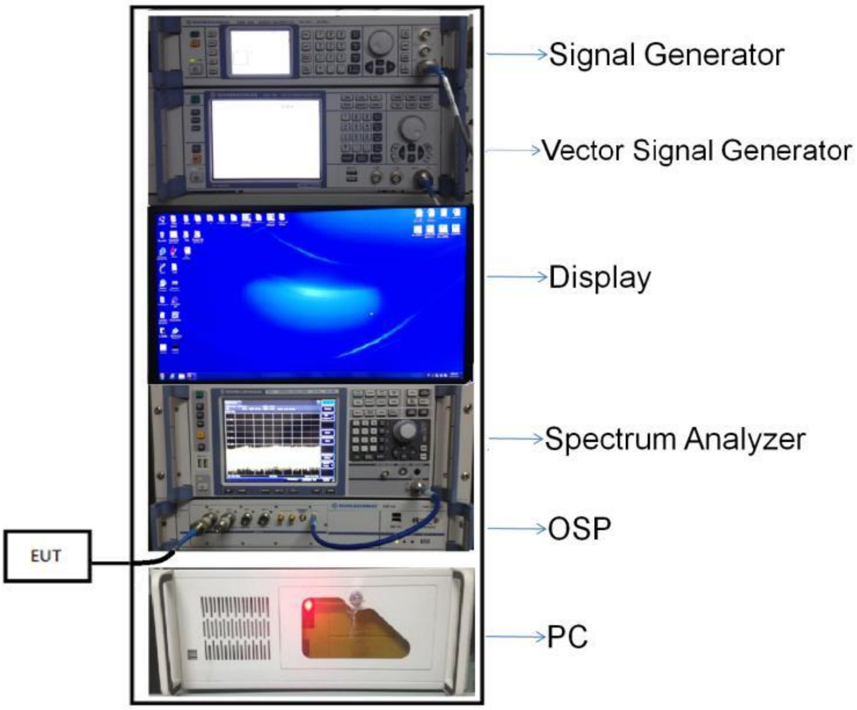
| Parameters | Uncertainty |
|---|---|
| Occupied Channel Bandwidth | 2.8% |
| RF output power, conducted | 1.28 dB |
| Power Spectral Density, conducted | 1.30 dB |
| Unwanted Emissions, conducted | 1.84 dB |
| All emissions, radiated | 5.36 dB |
| Temperature | 0.8°C |
| Humidity | 4% |

## 4.5 Description of Test Setup

### 4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

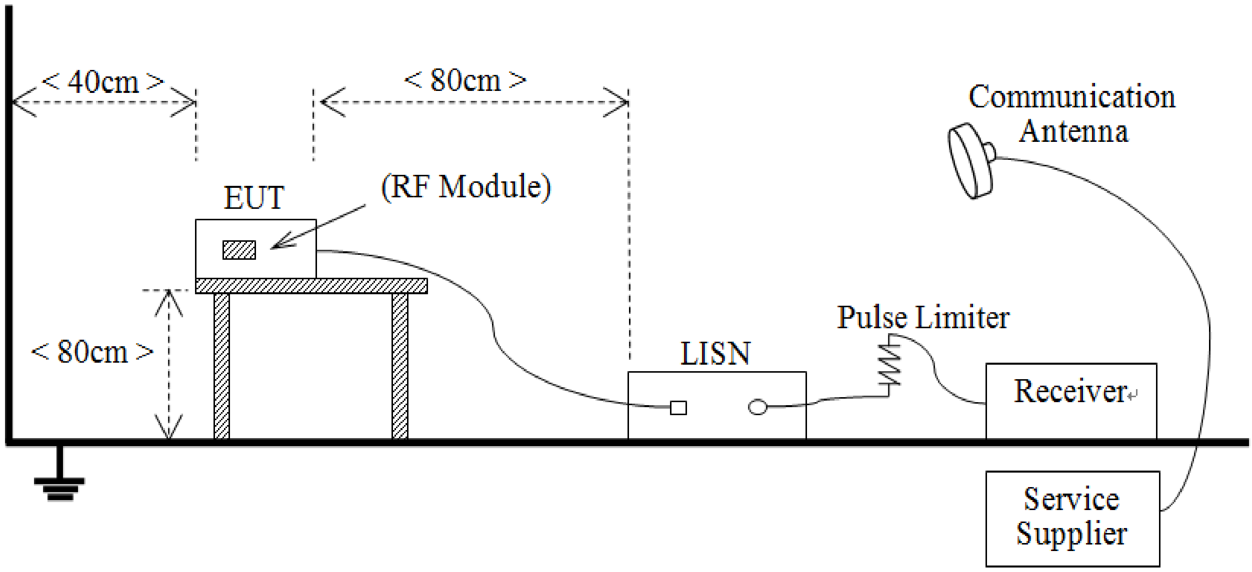
Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT:
Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



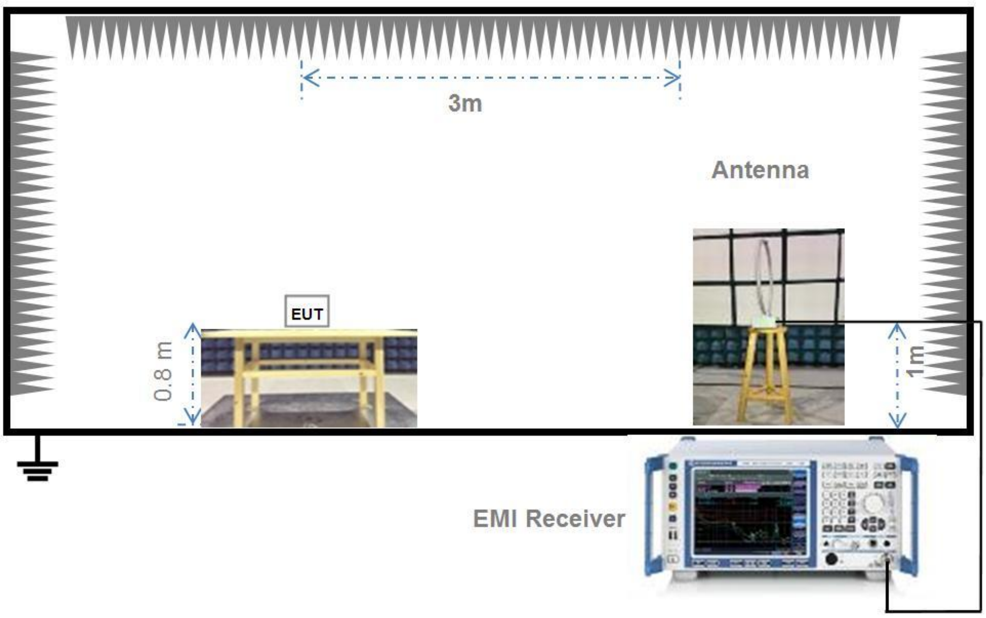

**(Diagram 1)**

### 4.5.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



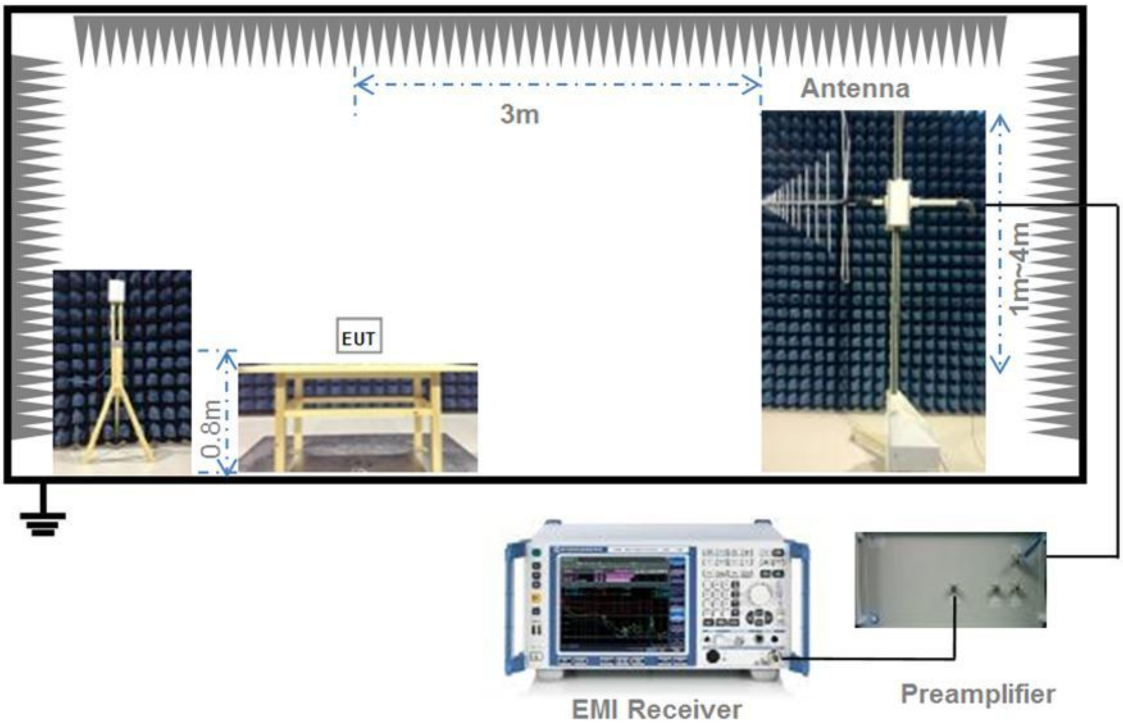

**(Diagram 2)**

### 4.5.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



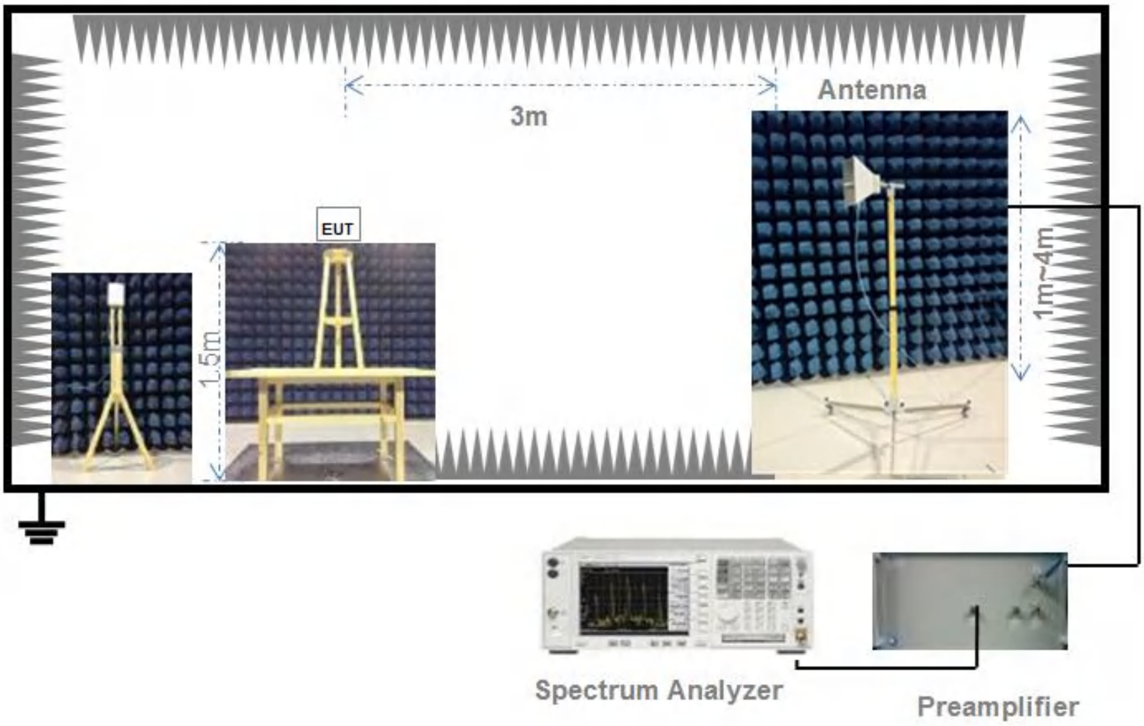

**(Diagram 3)**

### 4.5.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)




**(Diagram 4)**

### 4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)




**(Diagram 5)**

## 4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

### 4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.
The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.
Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

# 5 TEST ITEMS

## 5.1 Antenna Requirements

### 5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

| Protected Method | Description |
|---|---|
| The antenna is embedded in the product. | An embedded-in antenna design is used. |

| Reference Documents | Item |
|---|---|
| Photo | Please refer to the EUT Photo documents. |

### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

## 5.2 Frequency Hopping Systems

### 5.2.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv); FCC §15.247(g); FCC §15.247(h);
Describe how the hopping sequence is generated. Provide an example of the hopping sequence channels, to demonstrate that the sequence meets the requirement specified in the definition of an FHSS system. Per the definition in Section 2.1(c), the hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.
Describe how each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average (e.g., that each new transmission event begins on the next channel in the hopping sequence after the final channel used in the previous transmission event).
Describe how the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth (either RF or IF) matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.
Describe how the associated receiver(s) has the ability to shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
For short burst systems, describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it be designed to be capable of operating as a true frequency hopping system. Specifically, the device shall comply with the equal frequency use and pseudorandom hopping sequence requirement when transmitting in short bursts, and shall be designed to comply when presented with continuous data (or information) stream.
Describe how the EUT complies with the requirement that it not have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.

### 5.2.2 Description of the systems

1. According to the preset procedure of the whole network, all the stations in the automatic control network synchronously change the frequency multiple times within one second, and temporarily stay on each frequency hopping channel. Periodic synchronization signaling is sent from the primary station, instructing all slaves to simultaneously change the operating frequency, then the hopping sequence is generated.
2. The hop set shall appear as random in the near term, shall appear as evenly distributed in the long term, and sequential hops shall be randomly distributed in both direction and magnitude of change.
3. Channels are classified into two categories, used and unused, where used channels are part of the hopping sequence and unused channels are replaced in the hopping sequence by used channels in a pseudo-random way. Make each individual EUT meets the requirement that each of its hopping channels is used equally on average.
4. The input bandwith and transmitted bandwith are both 1MHz, the associated receiver(s) complies with the requirement that the input bandwidth matches the bandwidth of the transmitted signal.
5. Connected devices communicate on the same physical channel by synchronizing with a common clock and hopping sequence.
6. EUT isn’t short burst systems.
7. EUT can’t have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort.

## 5.3 Number of Hopping Frequencies

### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii)

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

### 5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.3.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = The frequency band of operation

RBW = To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize

### 5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

## 5.4 Peak Output Power

### 5.4.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

### 5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.4.3 Test Procedure

The Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to verify the conducted RF output peak power of the Module.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize.

### 5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

## 5.5 Occupied Bandwidth

### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

### 5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.5.3 Test Procedure

20dB bandwidth

use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW ≥ 3*RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate, Allow the trace to stabilize.

99% bandwidth

use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = approximately 1.5 to 5 times the 99% bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW

VBW ≥ 3*RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate, Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument and report the measured bandwidth.

### 5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

## 5.6 Carrier Frequency Separation

### 5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 2/3 of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### 5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.6.3 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) ≥ 1% of the span

Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

### 5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

## 5.7 Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)

### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400 MHz - 2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

### 5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.7.3 Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel
RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set >> 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel
Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel
Detector function: Peak
Trace: Max hold

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

The average time of occupancy on any channel within the Period can be calculated with formulas:
For GFSK and 8DPSK:
For DH1 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 2) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}
{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}
For DH3 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 4) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}
{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}
For DH5 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (1600 / 6) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}
{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}
For AFH Mode:
For DH1 package type
{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (800 / 2) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For DH3 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (800 / 4) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

For DH5 package type

{Total of Dwell} = {Pulse Time} * (800 / 6) / {Number of Hopping Frequency} * {Period}

{Period} = 0.4 s * {Number of Hopping Frequency}

The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to record the dwell time of each occupation measured in this channel, which is called Pulse Time here.

### 5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

## 5.8 Conducted Spurious Emission & Authorized-band band-edge

### 5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

### 5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.8.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.
RBW = 100 kHz
VBW = 300 kHz
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
Allow the trace to stabilize

### 5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

## 5.9 Conducted Emission

### 5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μH/50Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

| Frequency range (MHz) | Conducted Limit (dBμV) | |
|---|---|---|
| | Quai-peak | Average |
| 0.15 - 0.50 | 66 to 56 | 56 to 46 |
| 0.50 - 5 | 56 | 46 |
| 0.50 - 30 | 60 | 50 |

### 5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.9.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.
Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

### 5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

## 5.10 Radiated Spurious Emission

### 5.10.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

| Frequency (MHz) | Field Strength (μV/m) | Measurement Distance (m) |
|---|---|---|
| 0.009 - 0.490 | 2400/F(kHz) | 300 |
| 0.490 - 1.705 | 24000/F(kHz) | 30 |
| 1.705 - 30.0 | 30 | 30 |
| 30 - 88 | 100 | 3 |
| 88 - 216 | 150 | 3 |
| 216 - 960 | 200 | 3 |
| Above 960 | 500 | 3 |

Note:

1. Field Strength (dBμV/m) = 20*log[Field Strength (μV/m)].
2. In the emission tables above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.
3. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
4. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

### 5.10.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.10.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)

c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).

e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$E = EIRP – 20\log D + 104.8$

where:

E = electric field strength in dBμV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.

g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.

b) VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.

c) Detector = Peak.

d) Sweep time = auto.

e) Trace mode = max hold.

f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

| Frequency | RBW |
|---|---|
| 9-150 kHz | 200-300 Hz |
| 0.15-30 MHz | 9-10 kHz |
| 30-1000 MHz | 100-120 kHz |
| > 1000 MHz | 1 MHz |

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.

b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.

c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).

d) VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.

e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).

1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.

2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.

g) Sweep time = auto.

h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is 10 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is 20 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

### 5.10.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

## 5.11Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

### 5.11.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

### 5.11.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

### 5.11.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band-edge. Use the procedure described in 11.12.3.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., $D \geq 98\%$). Use the procedure described in 11.12.3.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ±2%). Use the procedure described in 11.12.3.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2%).
If the EUT can be configured or modified to transmit continuously (D ≥ 98%), measured using the following method (with EUT transmitting continuously):

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within

2 MHz of the authorized band-edge).

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW ≥ [3 × RBW].

Detector = Power averaging (rms), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2).

Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):

As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.

Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB

averaging shall not be used.

Sweep time = auto.

Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) ± 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band-power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission) ± 0.5 MHz.

If continuous transmission of the EUT (D ≥ 98%) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (duty cycle variations are less ±2%), then the following procedure may be used to measure the average power of unwanted emissions within 2 MHz of the authorized band-edge:

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW ≥ [3 × RBW].

Detector = Power averaging (rms), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2).

Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):

Detector = Power averaging (rms), if [span / (# of points in sweep)] ≤ (RBW / 2). Satisfying this condition might require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

Averaging type = power (i.e., rms):

1)As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging

2)Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.

Sweep time = auto.

Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the instrument's band-power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) ± 0.5 MHz. If the spectrum analyzer does not have a band-power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission ± 0.5 MHz.

A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [20 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D ≥ 98%) rather than turning ON and

OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty cycle is not permitted. Determining compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission—it is not based on an average across ON and OFF times of the transmitter.

### 5.11.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.9.

# ANNEX A TEST RESULT

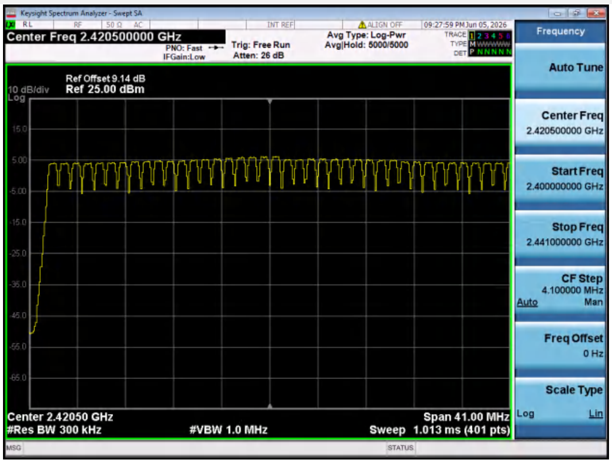
## A.1 Number of Hopping Frequency

<u>Test Data</u>

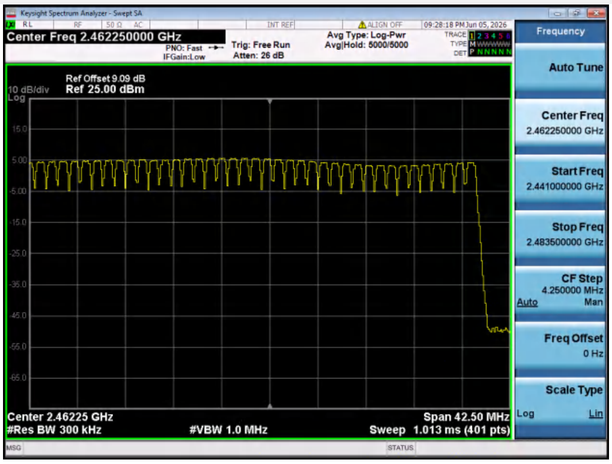
| Test Mode | Frequency Block (MHz) | Measured Channel Numbers | Min. Limit | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| GFSK | 2400 - 2483.5 | 79 | 15 | Pass |
| 8DPSK | 2400 - 2483.5 | 79 | 15 | Pass |

<u>Test Plots</u>

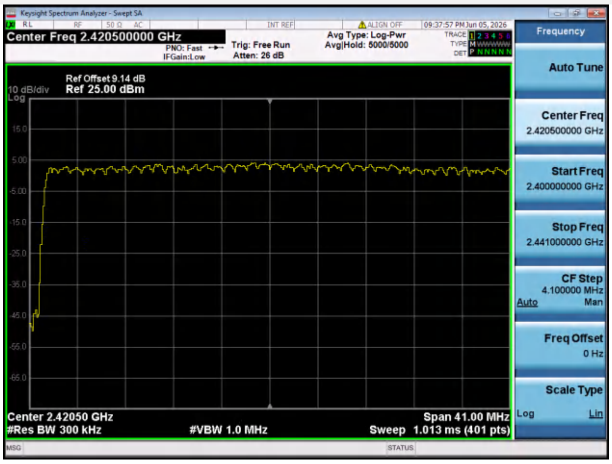
GFSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz



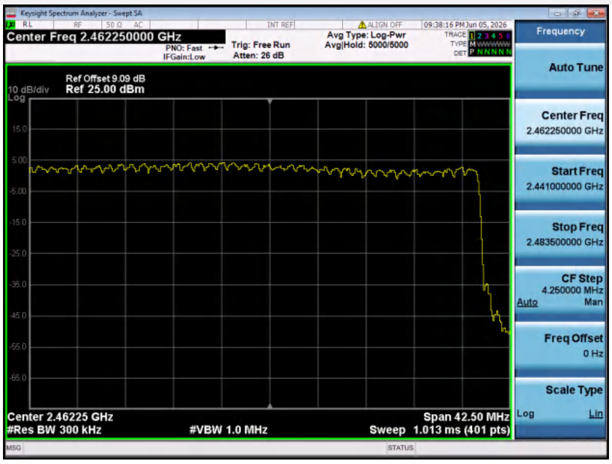

GFSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz




8DPSK 2.4 GHz ~ 2.4415 GHz




8DPSK 2.4415 GHz ~ 2.4835 GHz



## A.2 Peak Output Power

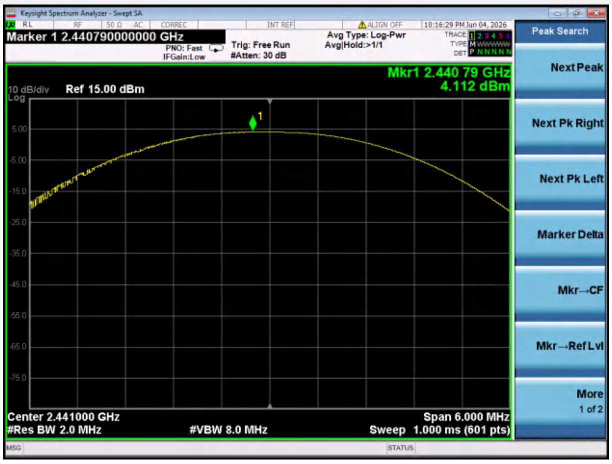
Peak Power Test Data

| Channel | Measured Output Peak Power | | | | | | Limit | | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | GFSK | | π/4-DQPSK | | 8DPSK | | dBm | mW | |
| | dBm | mW | dBm | mW | dBm | mW | | | |
| Low | 4.00 | 2.51 | 4.87 | 3.07 | 5.26 | 3.36 | 21 | 125 | Pass |
| Middle | 4.11 | 2.58 | 4.76 | 2.99 | 5.16 | 3.28 | | | Pass |
| High | 4.36 | 2.73 | 5.03 | 3.19 | 5.39 | 3.46 | | | Pass |

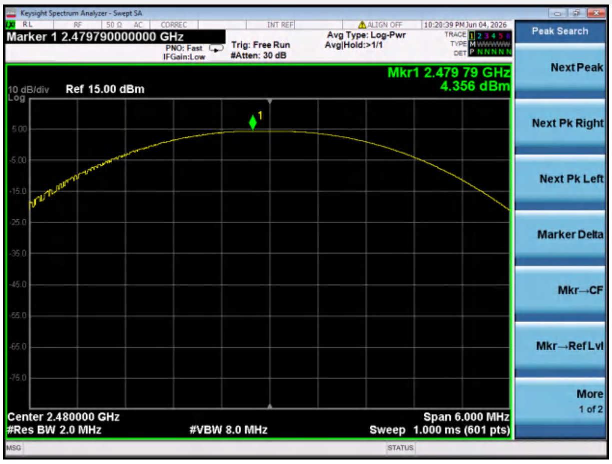
## Test Plots

### GFSK LOW CHANNEL

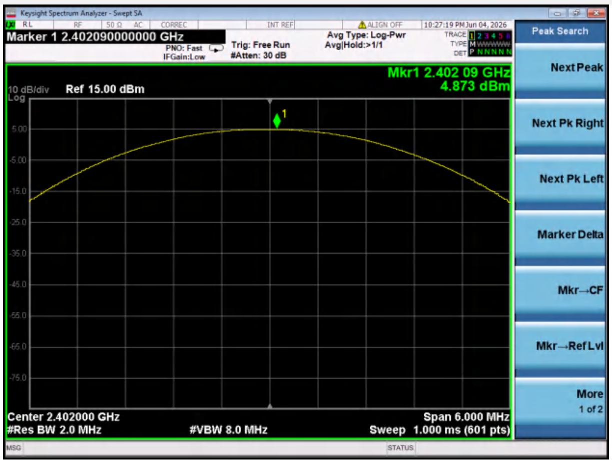

### GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



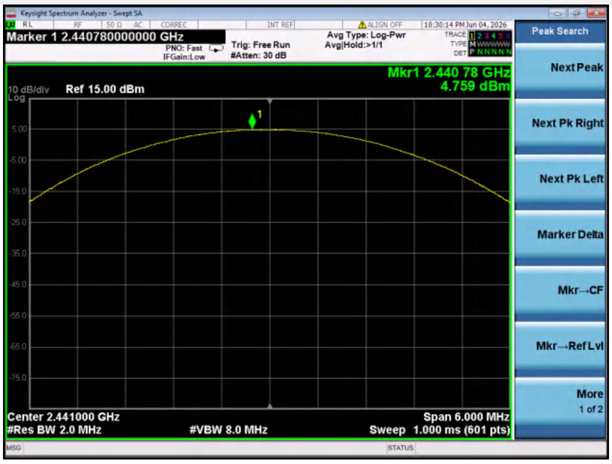

### GFSK HIGH CHANNEL



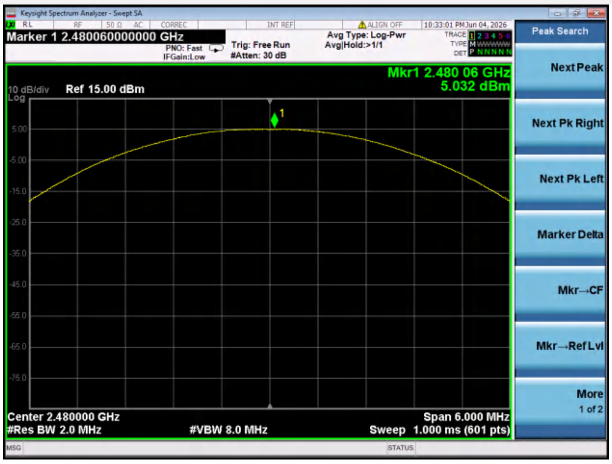

### π/4-DQPSK LOW CHANNEL



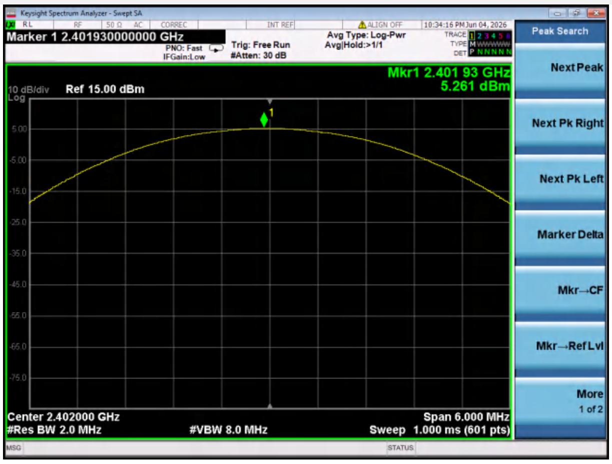

### π/4-DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



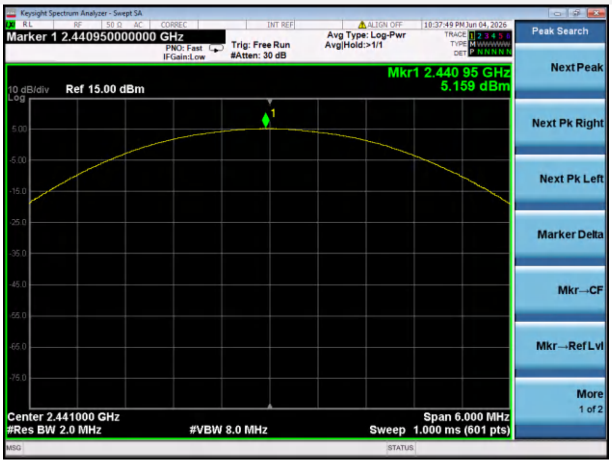
π/4-DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



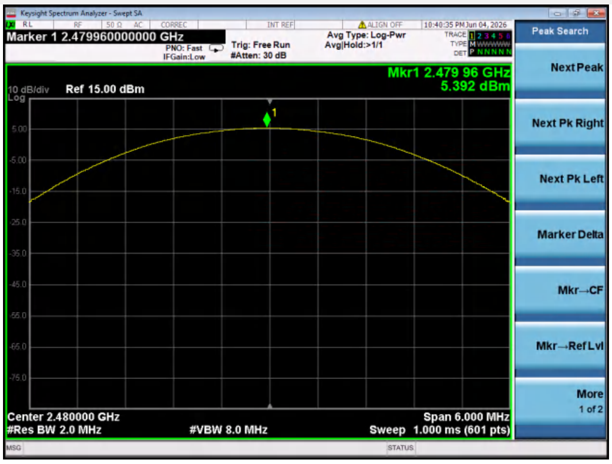

8DPSK LOW CHANNEL




8DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL




8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL



# A.3 20 dB and 99% bandwidth

Test Data

| GFSK | | |
|---|---|---|
| Channel | 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | 99% Bandwidth (MHz) |
| Low | 0.952400 | 0.855610 |
| Middle | 0.952400 | 0.855930 |
| High | 0.952400 | 0.856800 |
| π/4-DQPSK | | |
| Channel | 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | 99% Bandwidth (MHz) |
| Low | 1.297600 | 1.181200 |
| Middle | 1.297600 | 1.181700 |
| High | 1.297600 | 1.180800 |
| 8DPSK | | |
| Channel | 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | 99% Bandwidth (MHz) |
| Low | 1.304900 | 1.180200 |
| Middle | 1.304900 | 1.178800 |
| High | 1.304900 | 1.177900 |

## Test Plots

## 20 dB Bandwidth

### GFSK LOW CHANNEL


### GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL


### GFSK HIGH CHANNEL


### π/4-DQPSK LOW CHANNEL


### π/4-DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

## π/4-DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL

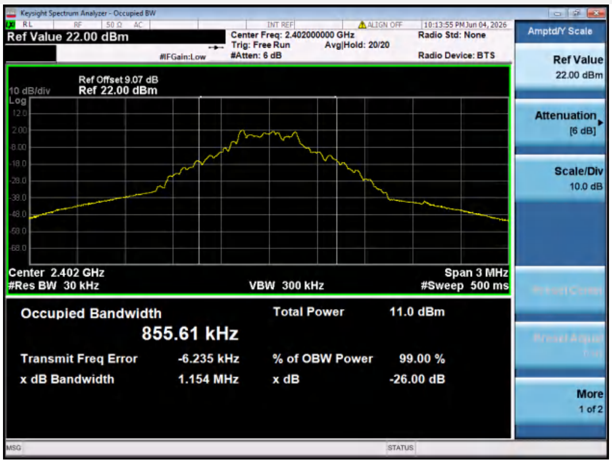

## 8DPSK LOW CHANNEL


## 8DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL

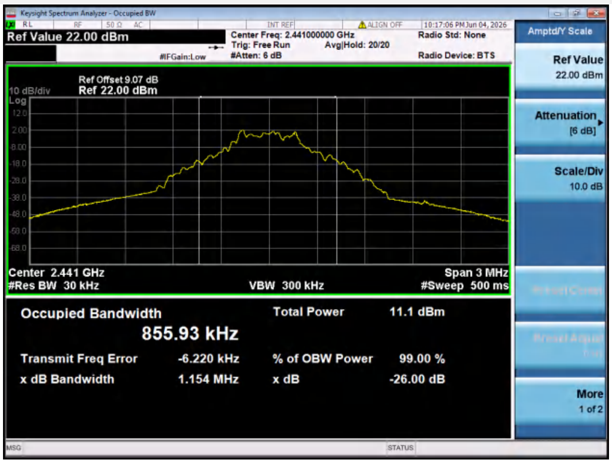

## 8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL

## 99% Bandwidth

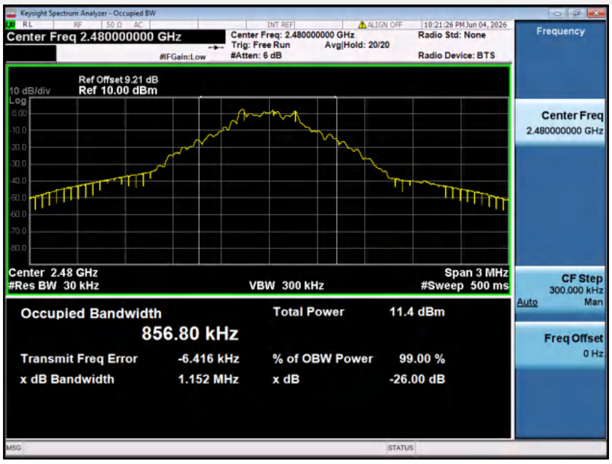
### GFSK LOW CHANNEL



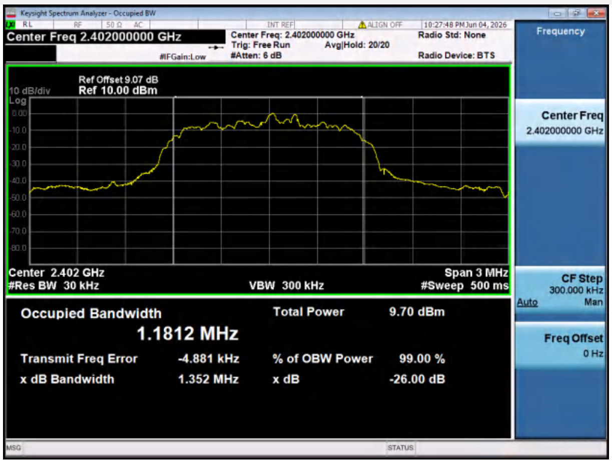

### GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



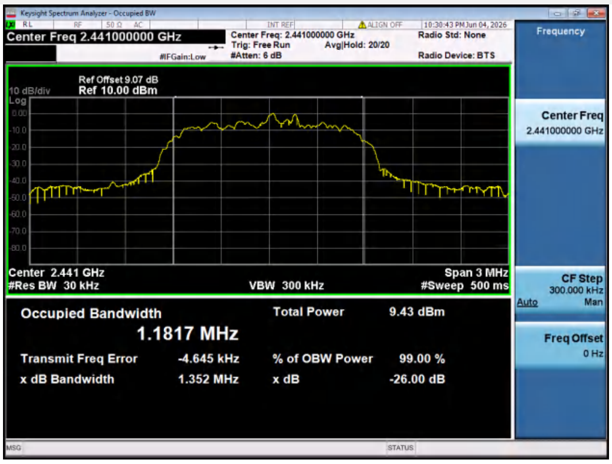

### GFSK HIGH CHANNEL



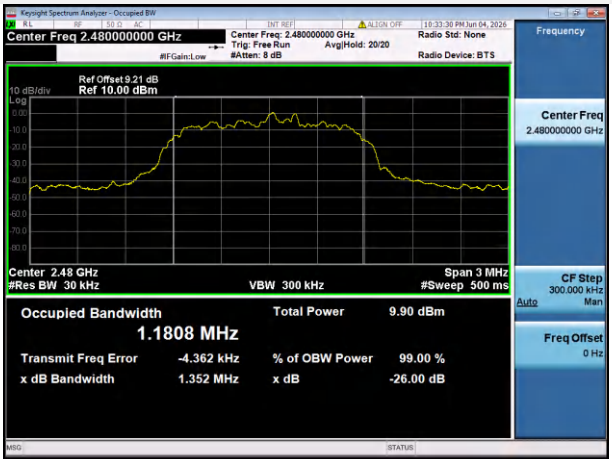

### π/4-DQPSK LOW CHANNEL



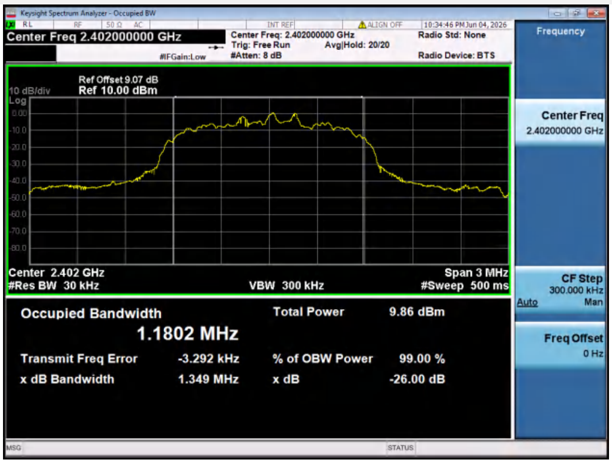

### π/4-DQPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL



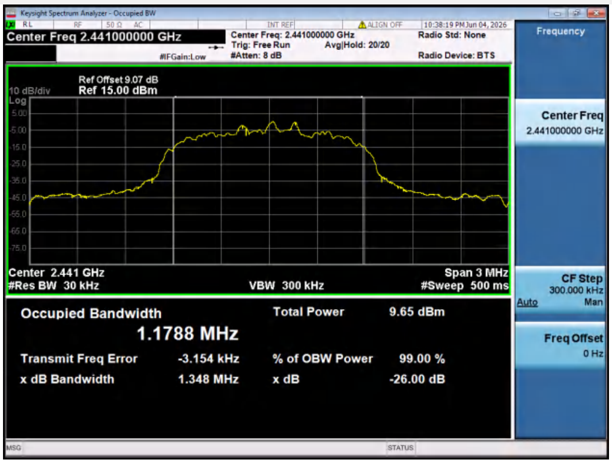
## π/4-DQPSK HIGH CHANNEL



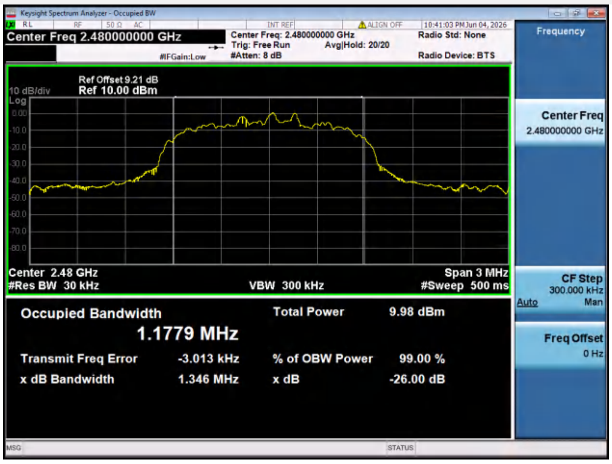

## 8DPSK LOW CHANNEL




## 8DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL




## 8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL



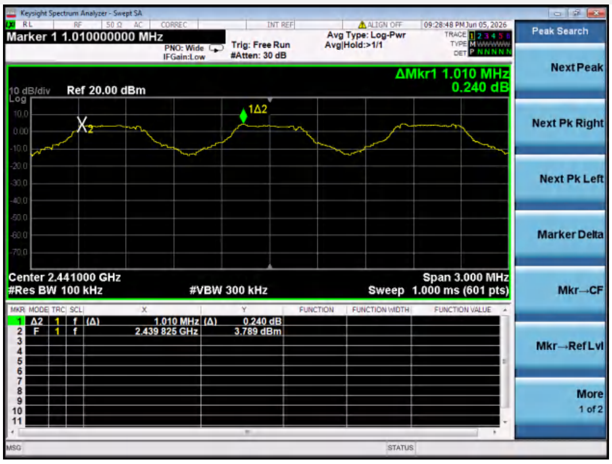
## A.4 Hopping Frequency Separation

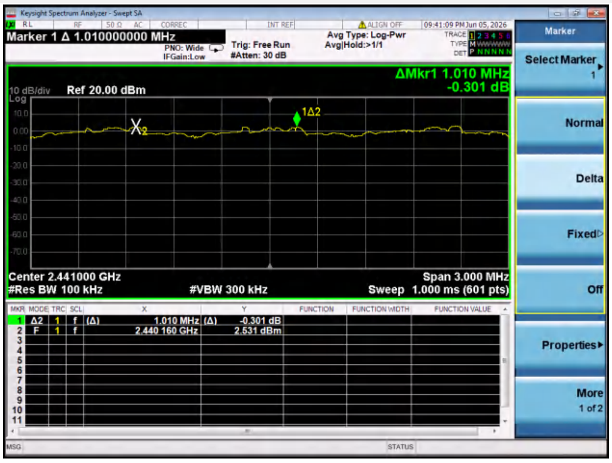
Test Data

| Mode | Frequency separation (MHz) | 2/3 of the 20 dB Bandwidth (MHz) | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|
| GFSK | 1.010 | 0.635 | Pass |
| 8DPSK | 1.010 | 0.870 | Pass |

Test Plots

| GFSK | 8DPSK |
|---|---|



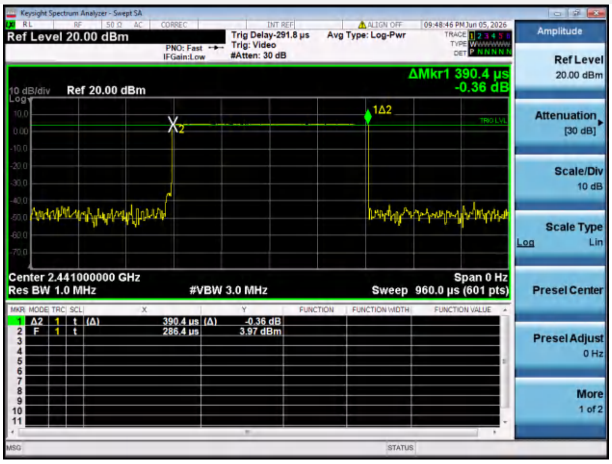
## A.5 Average Time of Occupancy

Test Data

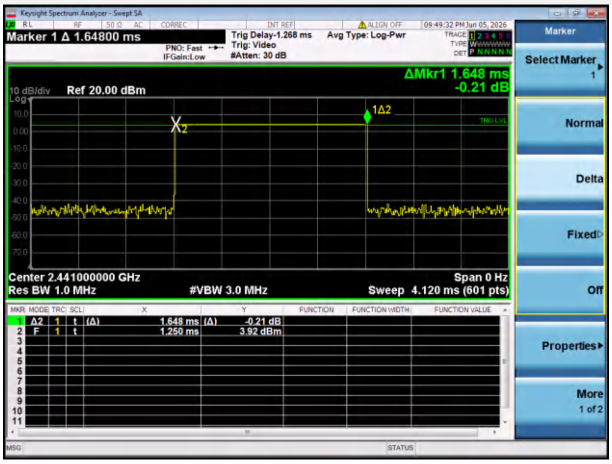
| GFSK | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| DH Packet | Pulse Width (ms) | Total of Dwell (ms) | Limit (sec) | Verdict |
| DH 1 | 0.39040 | 124.928 | 0.4 | Pass |
| DH 3 | 1.64800 | 263.680 | 0.4 | Pass |
| DH 5 | 2.90000 | 309.333 | 0.4 | Pass |
| 8DPSK | | | | |
| DH Packet | Pulse Width (ms) | Total of Dwell (ms) | Limit (sec) | Verdict |
| 3DH 1 | 0.37600 | 120.320 | 0.4 | Pass |
| 3DH 3 | 1.61400 | 258.240 | 0.4 | Pass |
| 3DH 5 | 2.88800 | 308.053 | 0.4 | Pass |
| AFH Mode | | | | |
| DH Packet | Pulse Width (ms) | Total of Dwell (ms) | Limit (sec) | Verdict |
| DH 1 | 0.39040 | 62.464 | 0.4 | Pass |
| DH 3 | 1.64800 | 131.840 | 0.4 | Pass |
| DH 5 | 2.90000 | 154.667 | 0.4 | Pass |

## Test Plots

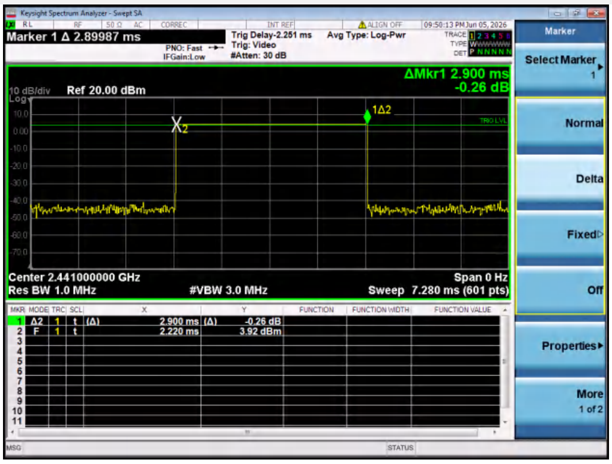
GFSK DH1



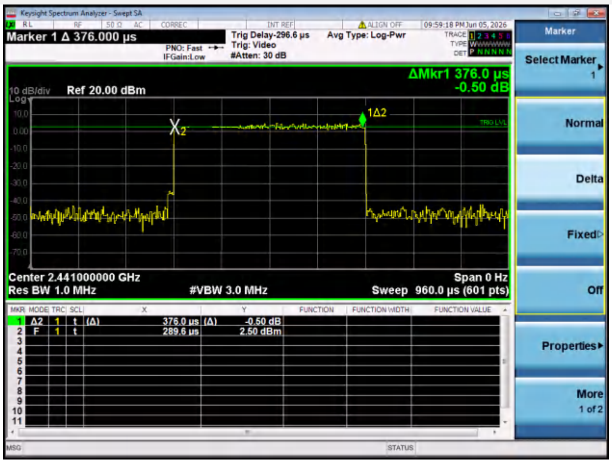

GFSK DH3



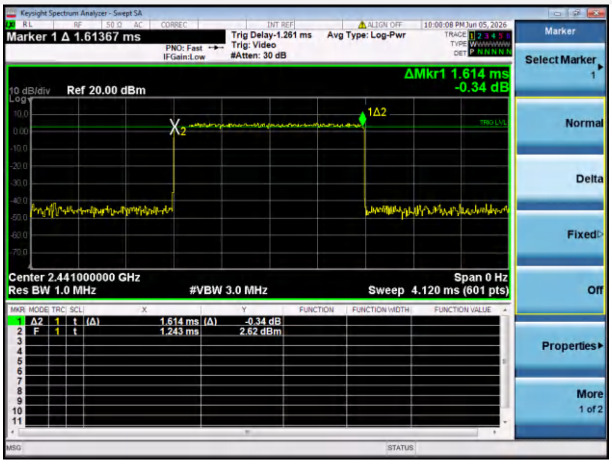

GFSK DH5



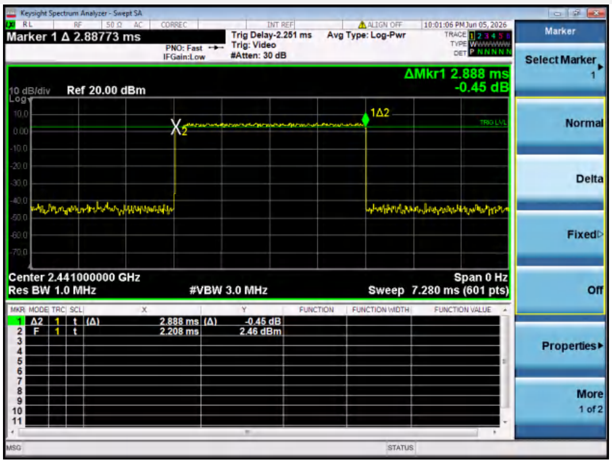

8DPSK 3DH1



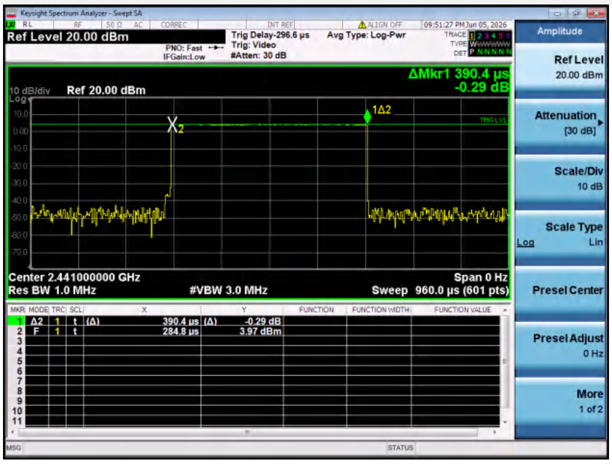

8DPSK 3DH3



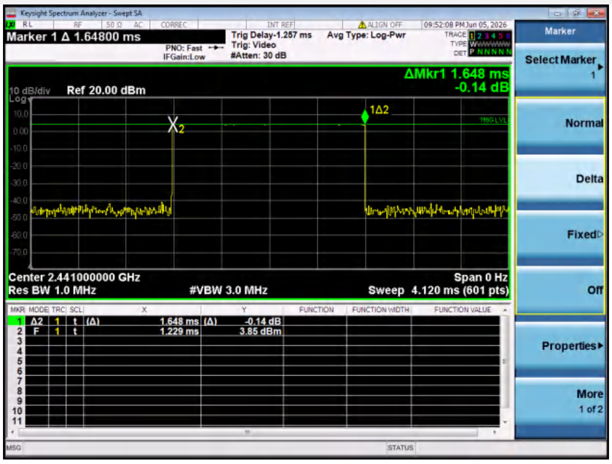
## 8DPSK 3DH5



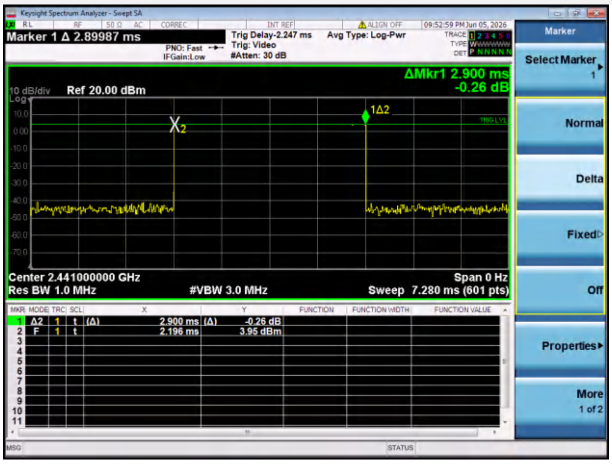

## AFH Mode DH1




## AFH Mode DH3




## AFH Mode DH5



## A.6 Conducted Spurious Emissions & Authorized-band band-edge

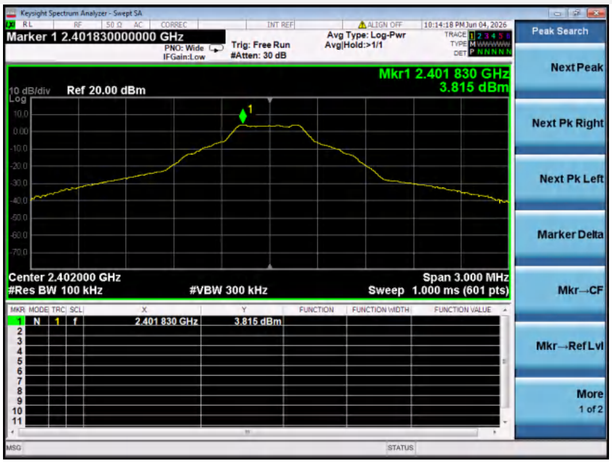
Test Data

| GFSK | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Channel | Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | | Verdict |
| | | Carrier Level | Calculated 20 dBc Limit | |
| Low | -33.69 | 3.82 | -16.19 | Pass |
| Middle | -30.52 | 3.95 | -16.05 | Pass |
| High | -31.20 | 4.22 | -15.78 | Pass |
| 8DPSK | | | | |
| Channel | Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | | Verdict |
| | | Carrier Level | Calculated 20 dBc Limit | |
| Low | -32.13 | 2.73 | -17.27 | Pass |
| Middle | -31.78 | 2.53 | -17.47 | Pass |
| High | -31.86 | 2.84 | -17.16 | Pass |

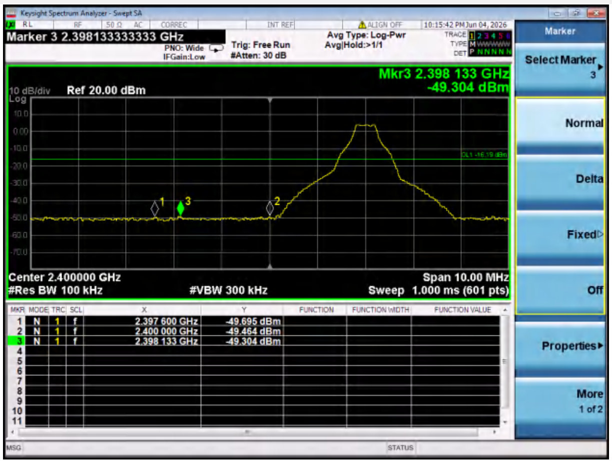
| Hopping Mode | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mode | Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm) | Limit (dBm) | | Verdict |
| | | Carrier Level | Calculated 20 dBc Limit | |
| GFSK | -21.10 | 5.74 | -14.26 | Pass |
| 8DPSK | -21.72 | 4.14 | -15.86 | Pass |

## Test Plots

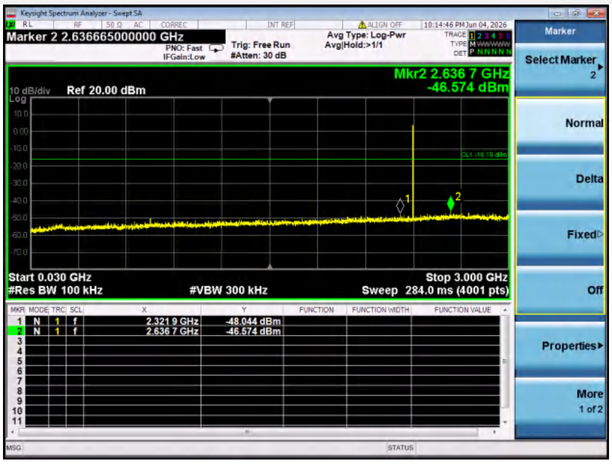
### GFSK LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



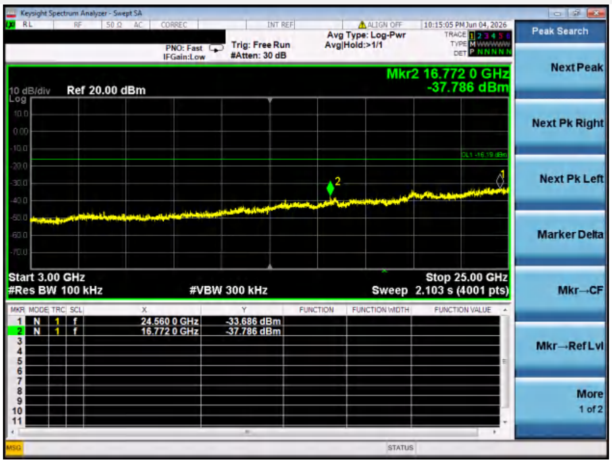

### GFSK LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



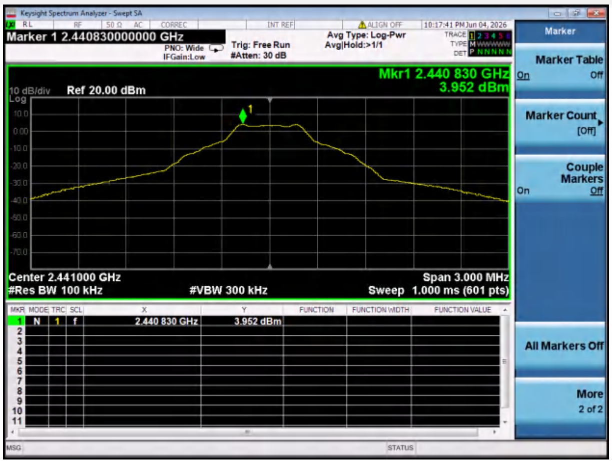

### GFSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz




### GFSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz ~ 25 GHz

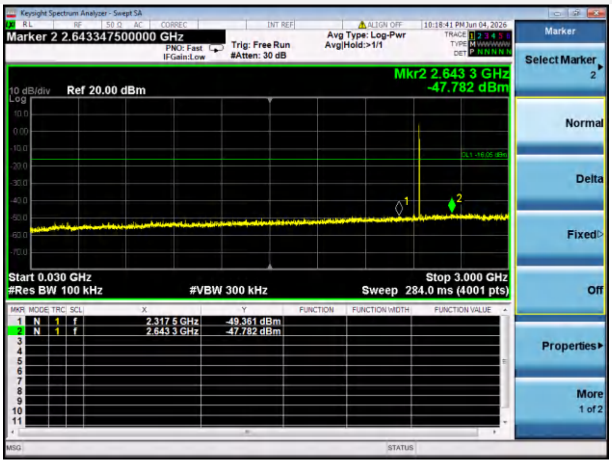



### GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



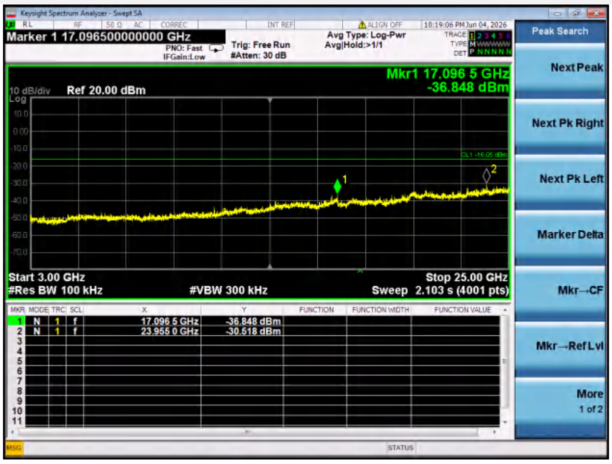
GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS

30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

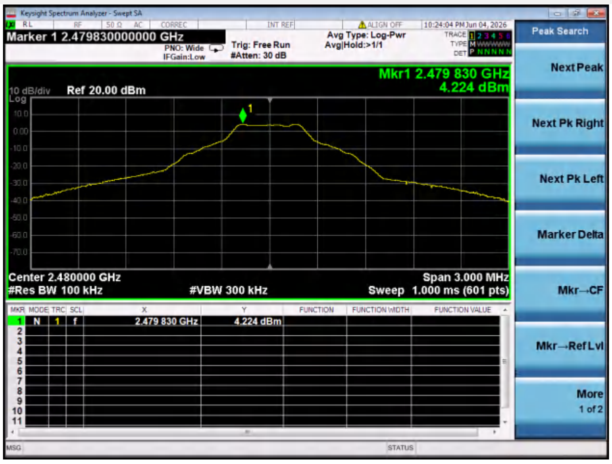



GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS

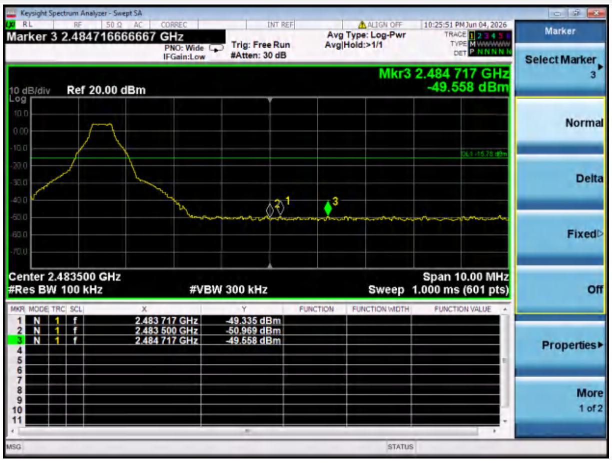
3 GHz ~ 25 GHz




GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

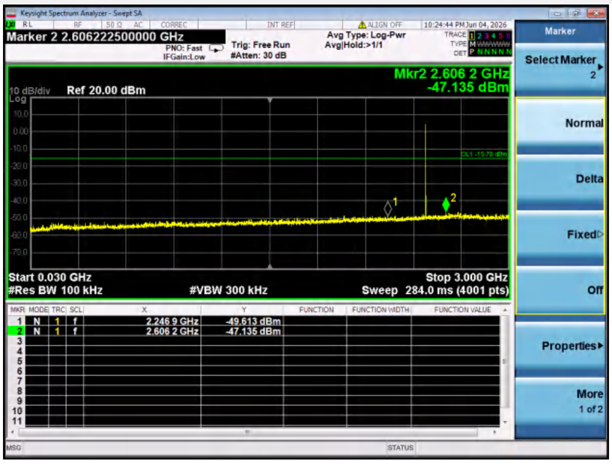



GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE



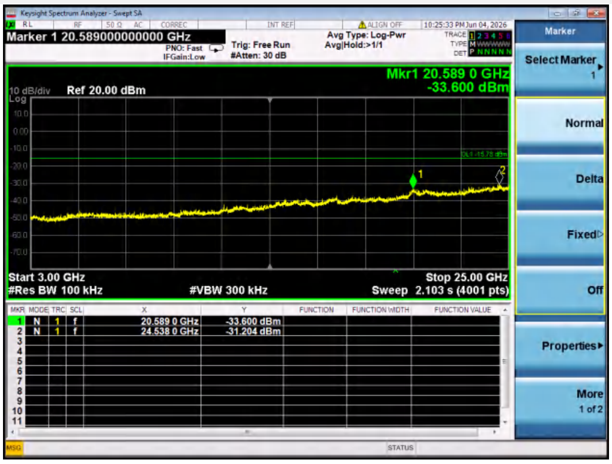

GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS

30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

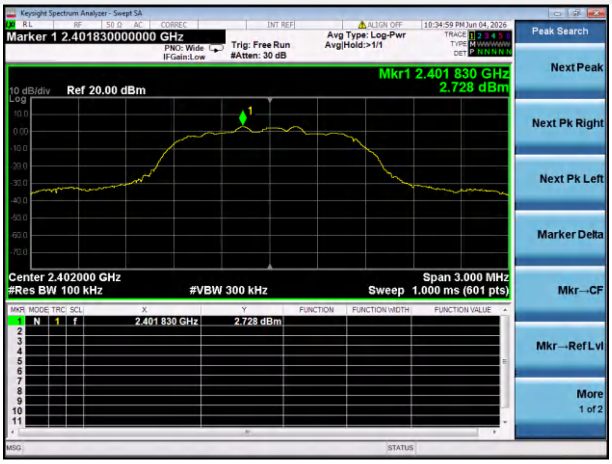



GFSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS

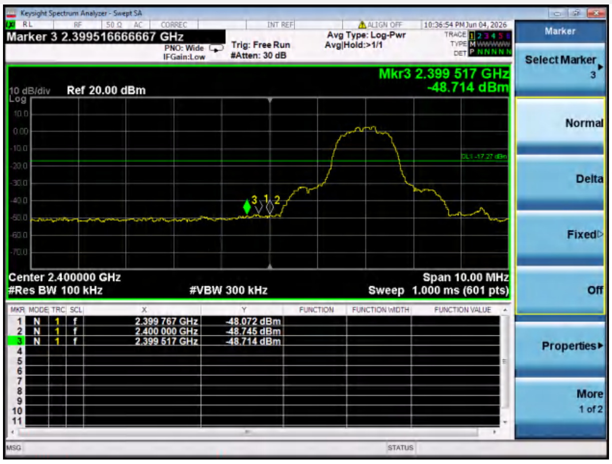
3 GHz ~ 25 GHz



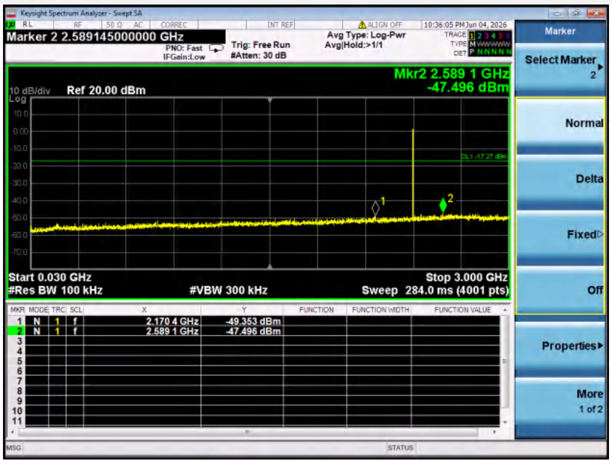
## 8DPSK LOW CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL




## 8DPSK LOW CHANNEL, BAND EDGE

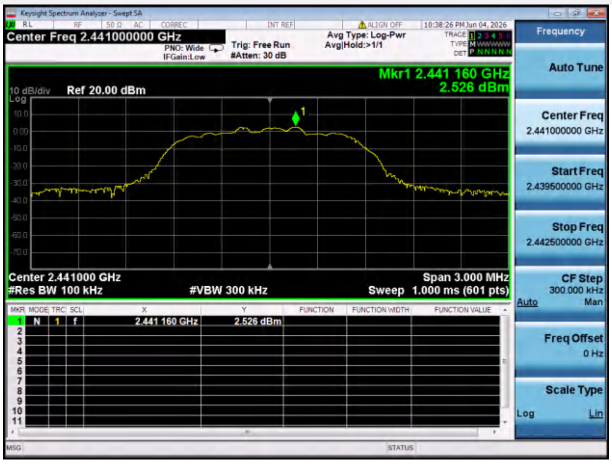



## 8DPSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

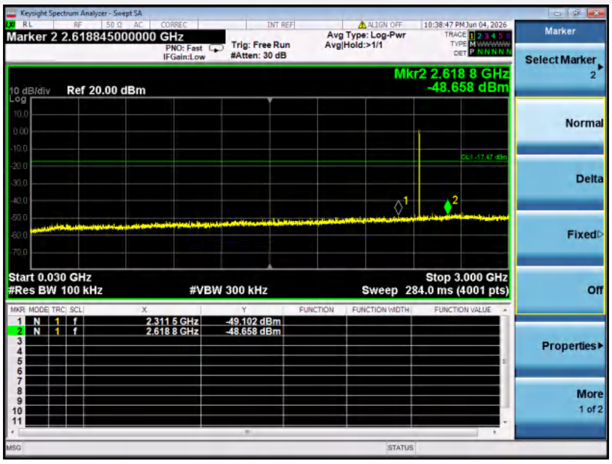



## 8DPSK LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 3 GHz ~ 25 GHz


## 8DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL

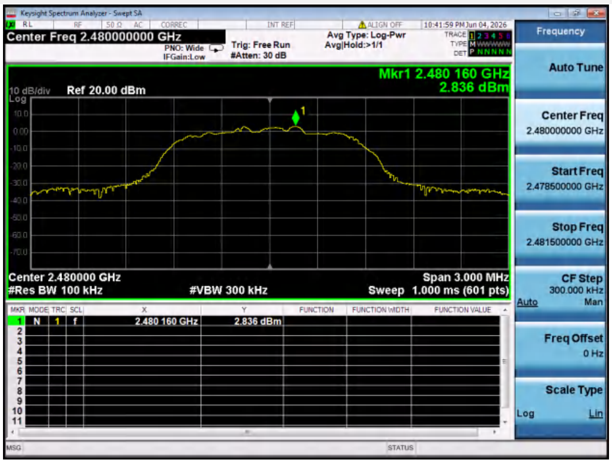


8DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



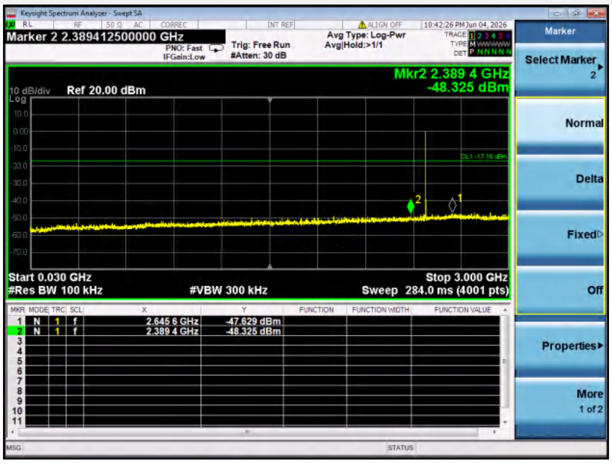

8DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
3 GHz ~ 25 GHz


8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL, CARRIER LEVEL



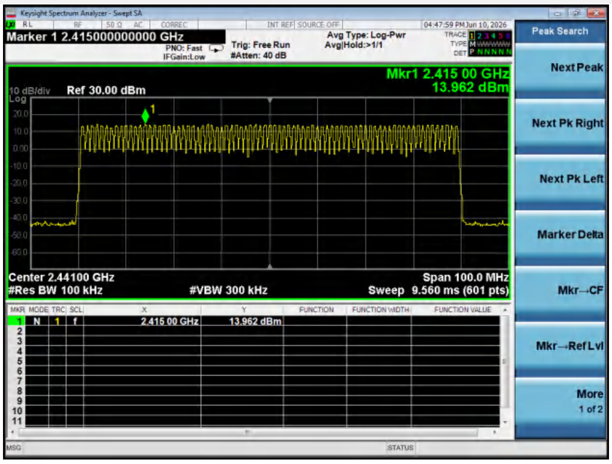

8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL, BAND EDGE


8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz

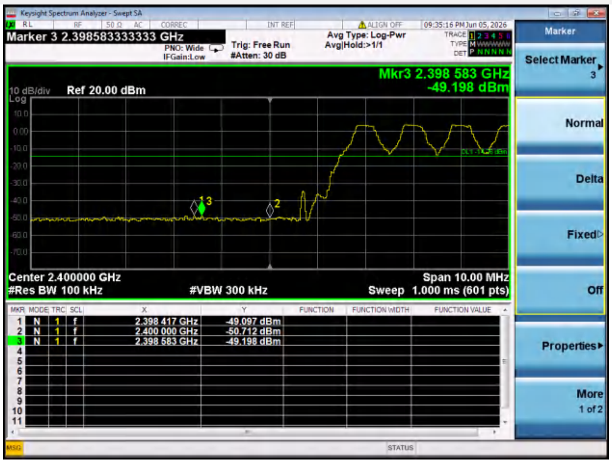



8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS
3 GHz ~ 25 GHz

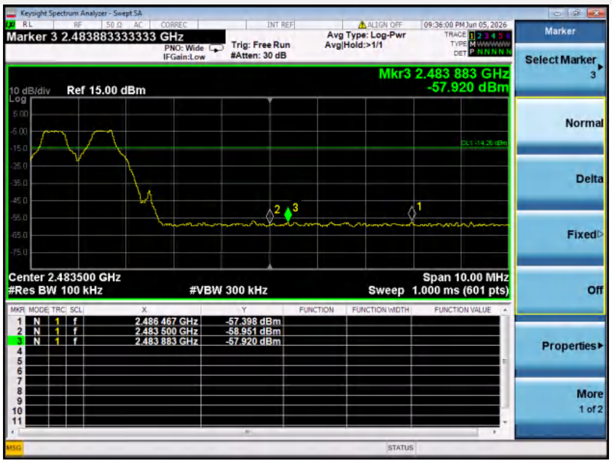
GFSK HOPPING, CARRIER LEVEL



GFSK HOPPING BAND EDGE (LOW)

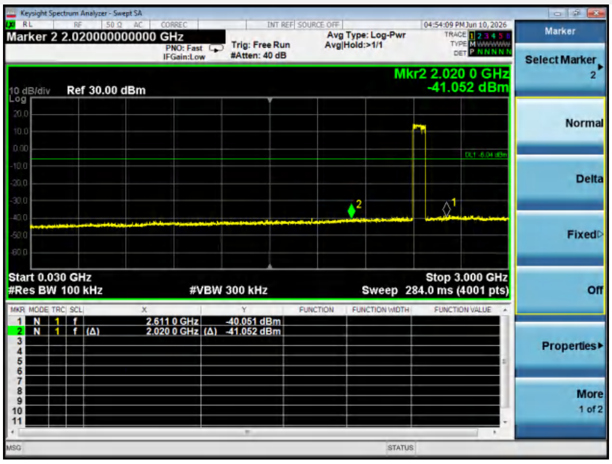


GFSK HOPPING BAND EDGE (HIGH)



GFSK Hopping Mode, SPURIOUS

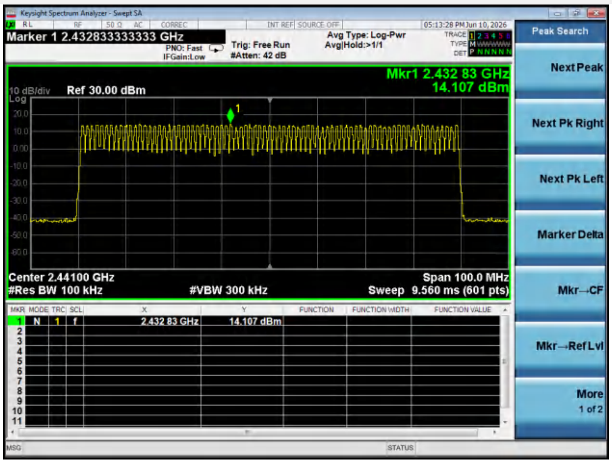
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz



GFSK Hopping Mode, SPURIOUS

3GHz ~ 25 GHz

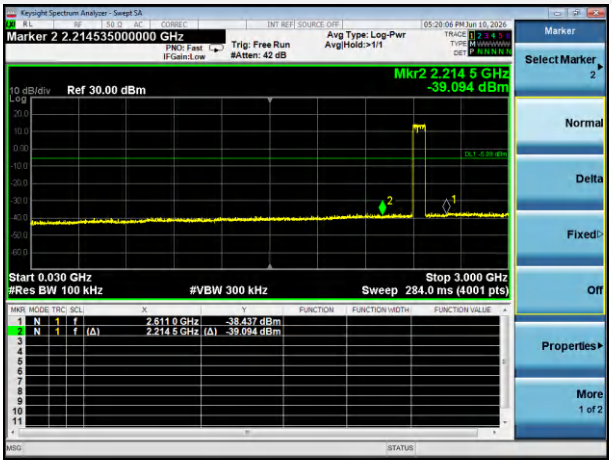
8DPSK HOPPING, CARRIER LEVEL



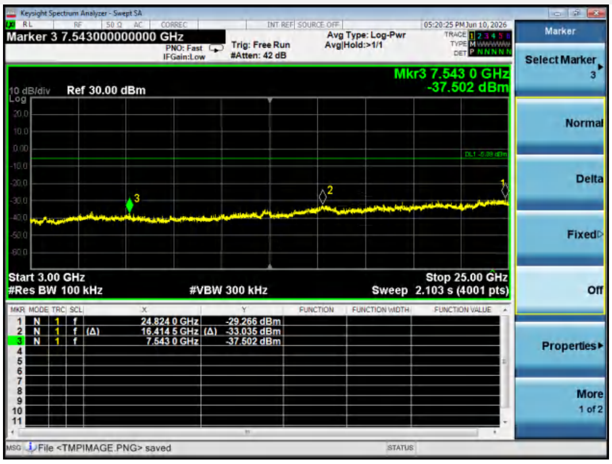

8DPSK Hopping BAND EDGE (LOW)


8DPSK Hopping BAND EDGE (HIGH)


8DPSK Hopping Mode, SPURIOUS
30 MHz ~ 3 GHz




8DPSK Hopping Mode, SPURIOUS
3GHz ~ 25 GHz



## A.7 Conducted Emissions

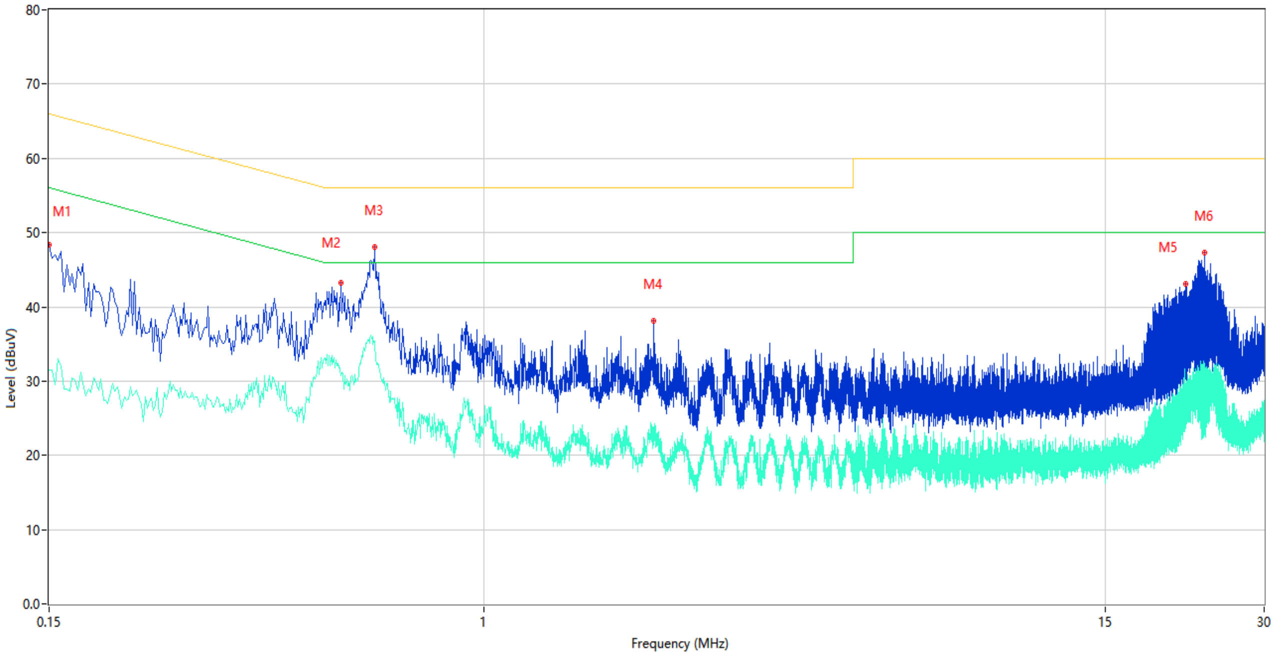
Note [1]: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

Note [2]: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note [3]: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

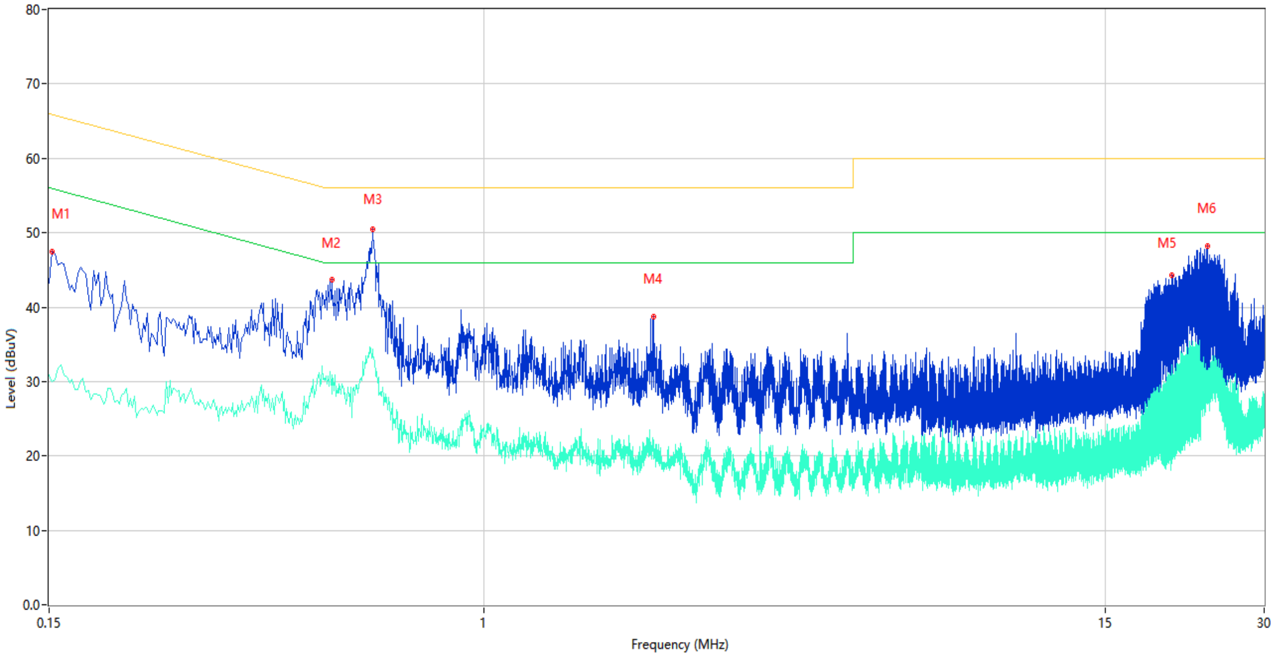
## Test Data and Plots

PHASE L




| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Line | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 0.150 | 48.32 | 10.27 | 66.00 | 17.68 | Peak | L | Pass |
| 1** | 0.150 | 31.42 | 10.27 | 56.00 | 24.58 | AV | L | Pass |
| 2 | 0.536 | 43.31 | 10.26 | 56.00 | 12.69 | Peak | L | Pass |
| 2** | 0.536 | 30.75 | 10.26 | 46.00 | 15.25 | AV | L | Pass |
| 3 | 0.620 | 48.00 | 10.26 | 56.00 | 8.00 | Peak | L | Pass |
| 3** | 0.620 | 35.35 | 10.26 | 46.00 | 10.65 | AV | L | Pass |
| 4 | 2.092 | 38.05 | 10.41 | 56.00 | 17.95 | Peak | L | Pass |
| 4** | 2.092 | 23.74 | 10.41 | 46.00 | 22.26 | AV | L | Pass |
| 5 | 21.294 | 43.15 | 14.56 | 60.00 | 16.85 | Peak | L | Pass |
| 5** | 21.294 | 27.20 | 14.56 | 50.00 | 22.80 | AV | L | Pass |
| 6 | 23.126 | 47.30 | 14.93 | 60.00 | 12.70 | Peak | L | Pass |
| 6** | 23.126 | 32.45 | 14.93 | 50.00 | 17.55 | AV | L | Pass |

PHASE N




| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Line | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 0.152 | 47.48 | 10.18 | 65.89 | 18.41 | Peak | N | Pass |
| 1** | 0.152 | 30.03 | 10.18 | 55.89 | 25.86 | AV | N | Pass |
| 2 | 0.514 | 43.65 | 10.17 | 56.00 | 12.35 | Peak | N | Pass |
| 2** | 0.514 | 30.85 | 10.17 | 46.00 | 15.15 | AV | N | Pass |
| 3 | 0.614 | 50.45 | 10.17 | 56.00 | 5.55 | Peak | N | Pass |
| 3** | 0.614 | 34.40 | 10.17 | 46.00 | 11.60 | AV | N | Pass |
| 4 | 2.092 | 38.78 | 10.32 | 56.00 | 17.22 | Peak | N | Pass |
| 4** | 2.092 | 22.13 | 10.32 | 46.00 | 23.87 | AV | N | Pass |
| 5 | 20.030 | 44.33 | 14.35 | 60.00 | 15.67 | Peak | N | Pass |
| 5** | 20.030 | 32.28 | 14.35 | 50.00 | 17.72 | AV | N | Pass |
| 6 | 23.452 | 48.23 | 15.04 | 60.00 | 11.77 | Peak | N | Pass |
| 6** | 23.452 | 30.77 | 15.04 | 50.00 | 19.23 | AV | N | Pass |

## A.8 Radiated Spurious Emission

Note [1]: The symbol of “--” in the table which means not application.

Note [2]: For the test data above 1 GHz, according the ANSI C63.10-2020, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

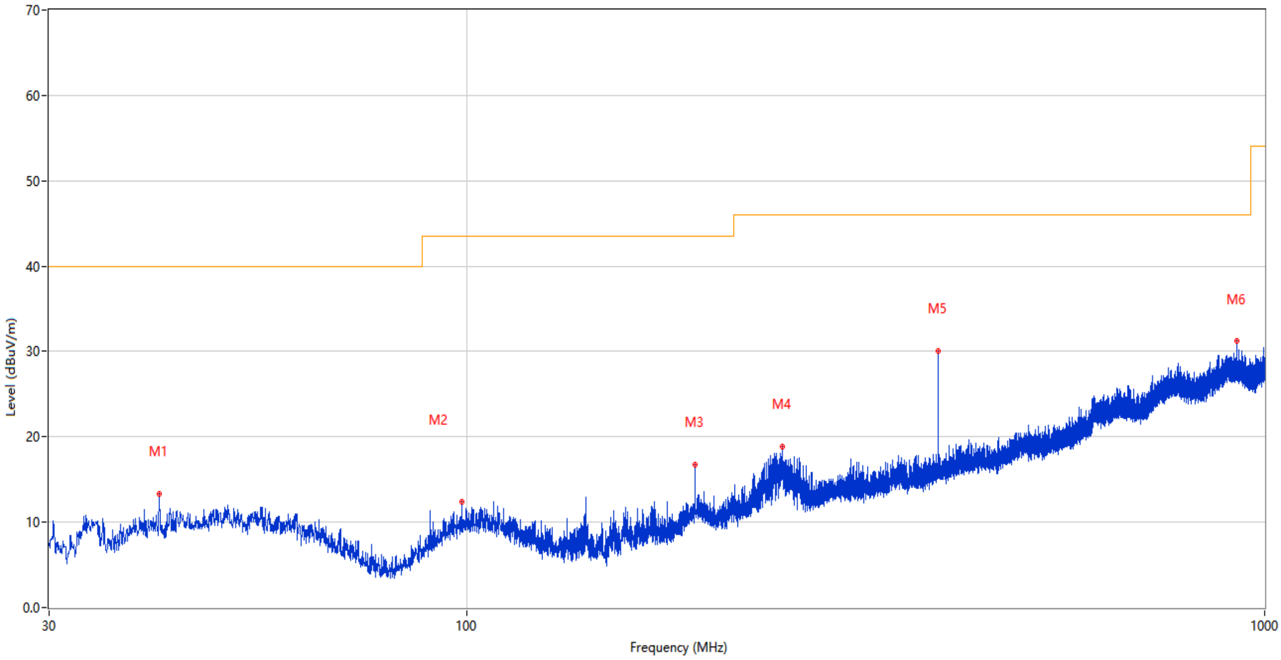
Note [3]: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and DH5-Hopping mode is the worst.

Note [4]: Results (dBuV/m) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV/m) + Factor (dB)

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

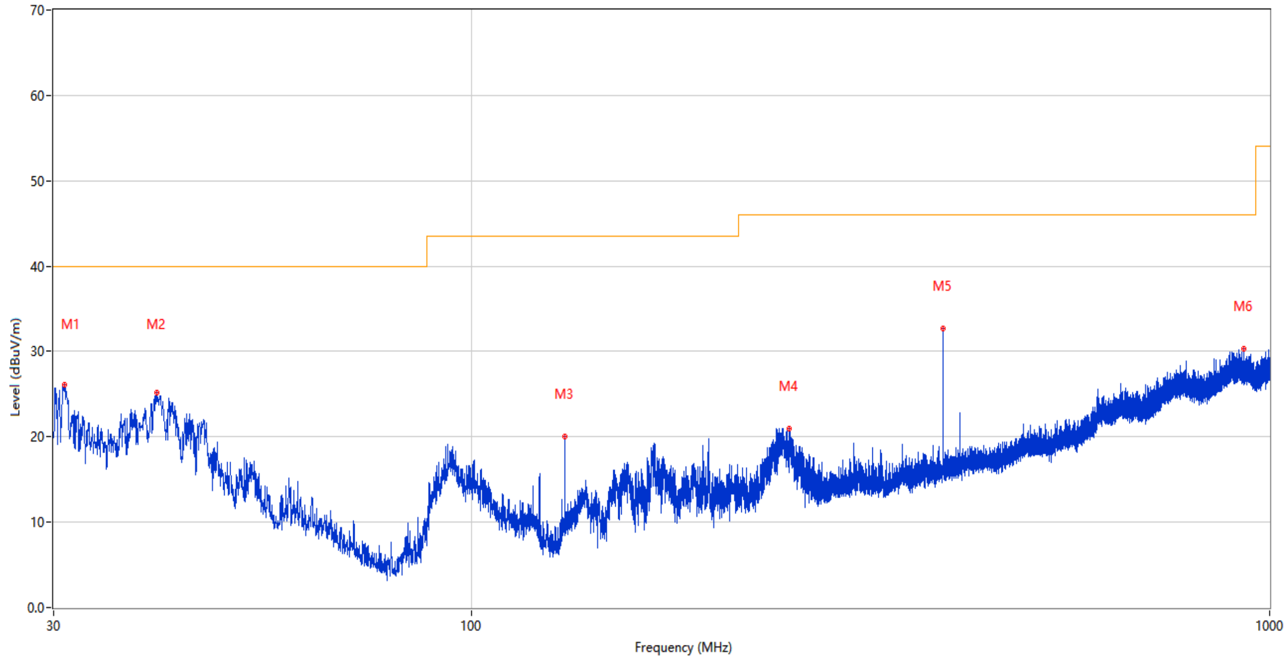
Test Data and Plots

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H




| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 41.203 | 13.26 | -26.24 | 40.0 | 26.74 | Peak | 84.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 98.725 | 12.38 | -25.94 | 43.5 | 31.12 | Peak | 360.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 3 | 193.396 | 16.69 | -25.61 | 43.5 | 26.81 | Peak | 144.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4 | 248.444 | 18.88 | -24.23 | 46.0 | 27.12 | Peak | 262.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5 | 390.015 | 30.05 | -20.85 | 46.0 | 15.95 | Peak | 252.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6 | 921.964 | 31.18 | -8.59 | 46.0 | 14.82 | Peak | 42.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V

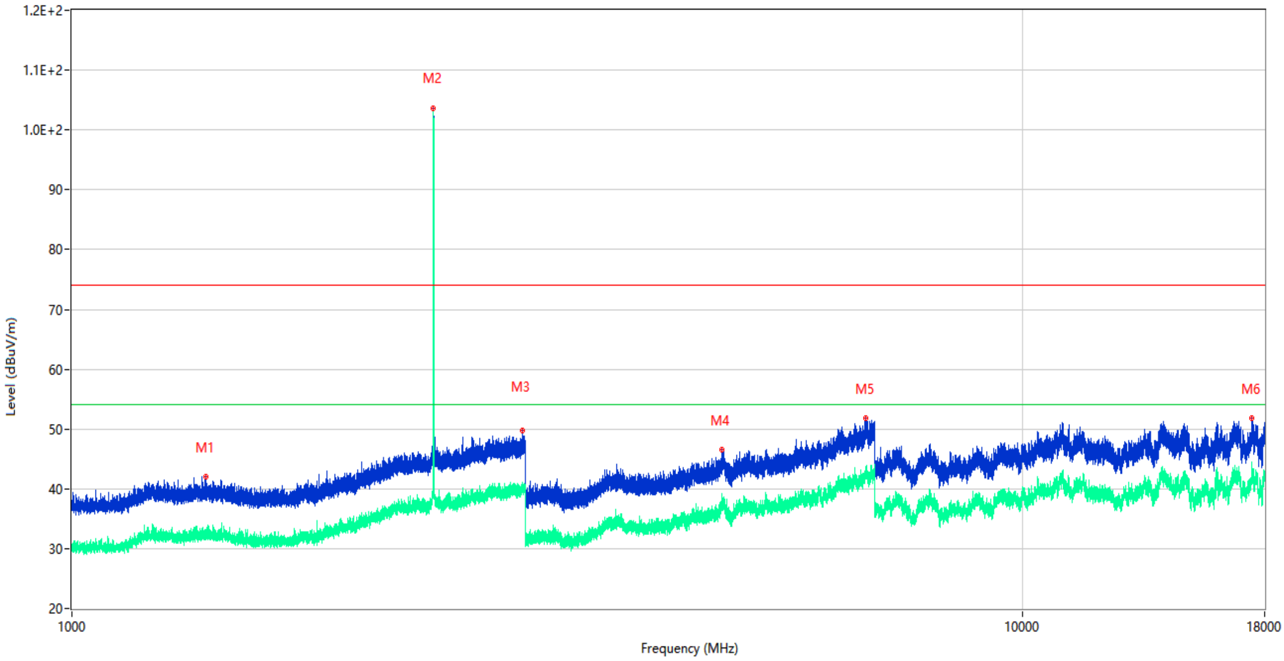



| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 30.970 | 26.17 | -28.89 | 40.0 | 13.83 | Peak | 149.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 2 | 40.379 | 25.12 | -26.41 | 40.0 | 14.88 | Peak | 114.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 3 | 130.977 | 20.09 | -29.49 | 43.5 | 23.41 | Peak | 31.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4 | 250.335 | 21.02 | -24.17 | 46.0 | 24.98 | Peak | 144.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5 | 390.015 | 32.67 | -20.85 | 46.0 | 13.33 | Peak | 147.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6 | 927.298 | 30.28 | -8.65 | 46.0 | 15.72 | Peak | 289.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |

Note [1]: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

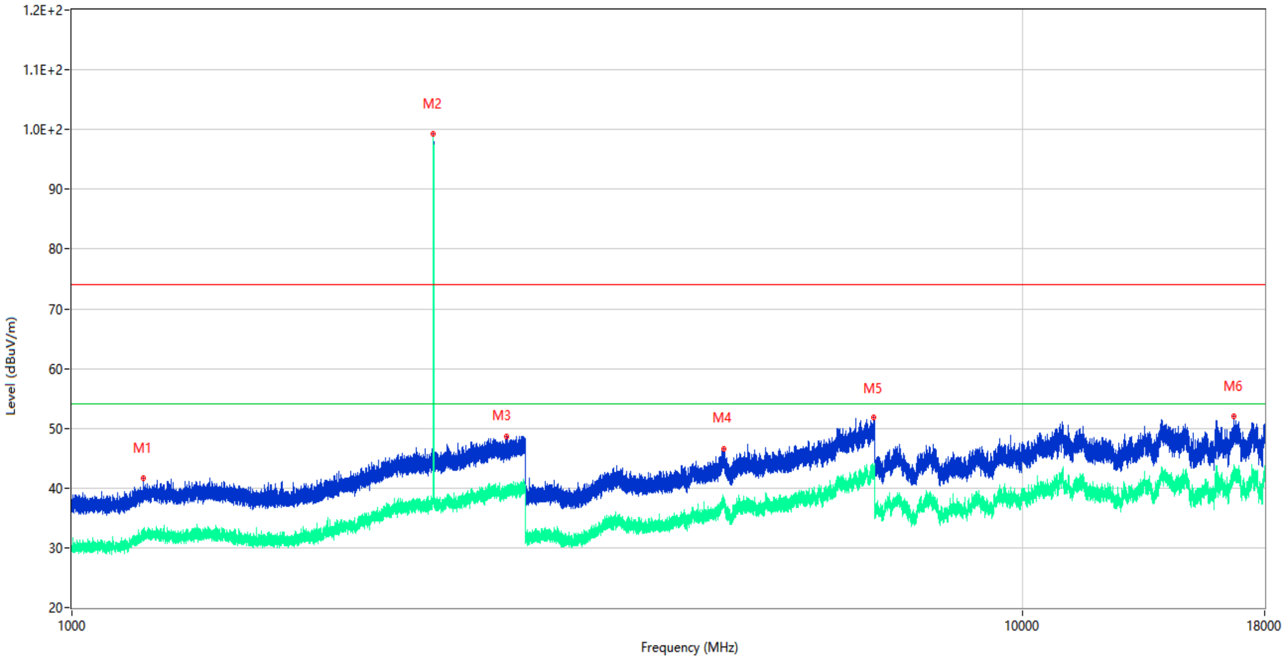
Note [2]: The spurious from 18GHz-25GHz is noise only, do not show on the report.

GFSK LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



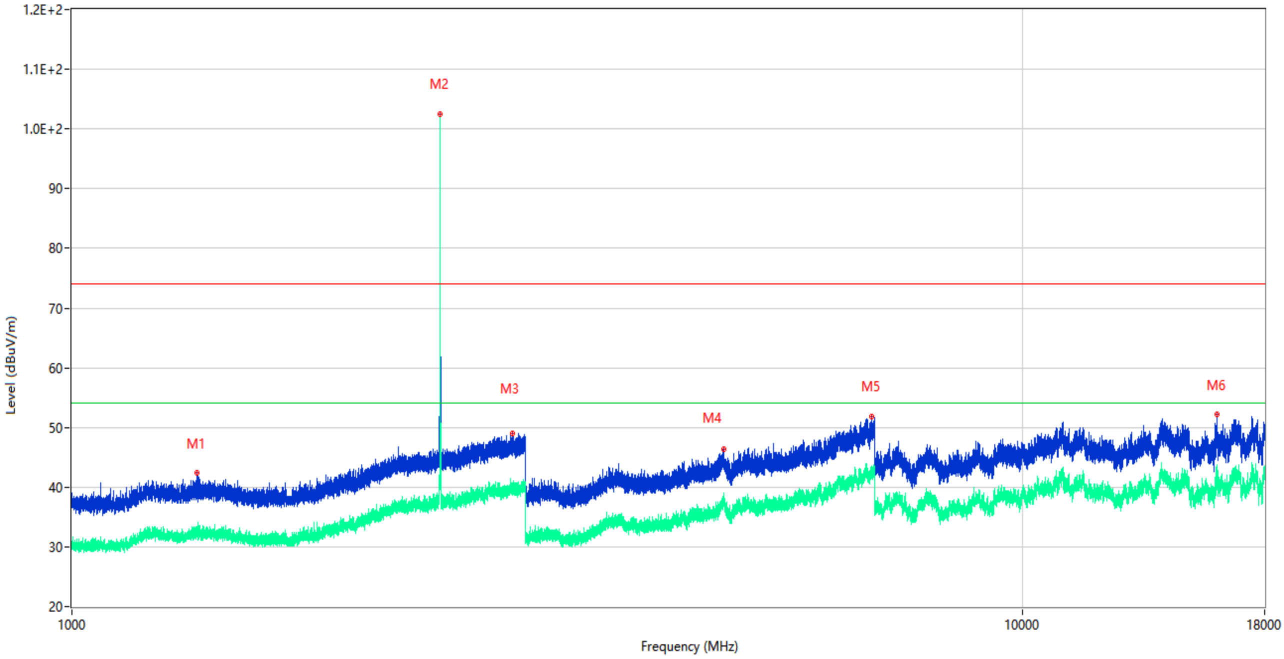

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1383.600 | 42.02 | -17.35 | 74.0 | 31.98 | Peak | 163.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 1383.600 | 32.59 | -17.35 | 54.0 | 21.41 | AV | 163.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2401.800 | 103.66 | -13.91 | 74.0 | -29.66 | Peak | 152.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 2** | 2401.800 | 102.70 | -13.91 | 54.0 | -48.70 | AV | 152.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 3 | 2979.100 | 49.80 | -10.74 | 74.0 | 24.20 | Peak | 0.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 3** | 2979.100 | 41.11 | -10.74 | 54.0 | 12.89 | AV | 0.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4 | 4831.000 | 46.58 | -7.02 | 74.0 | 27.42 | Peak | 156.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4** | 4831.000 | 36.66 | -7.02 | 54.0 | 17.34 | AV | 156.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5 | 6851.400 | 51.77 | -1.28 | 74.0 | 22.23 | Peak | 176.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5** | 6851.400 | 41.84 | -1.28 | 54.0 | 12.16 | AV | 176.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6 | 17464.500 | 51.78 | 8.33 | 74.0 | 22.22 | Peak | 38.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6** | 17464.500 | 42.73 | 8.33 | 54.0 | 11.27 | AV | 38.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |

GFSK LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



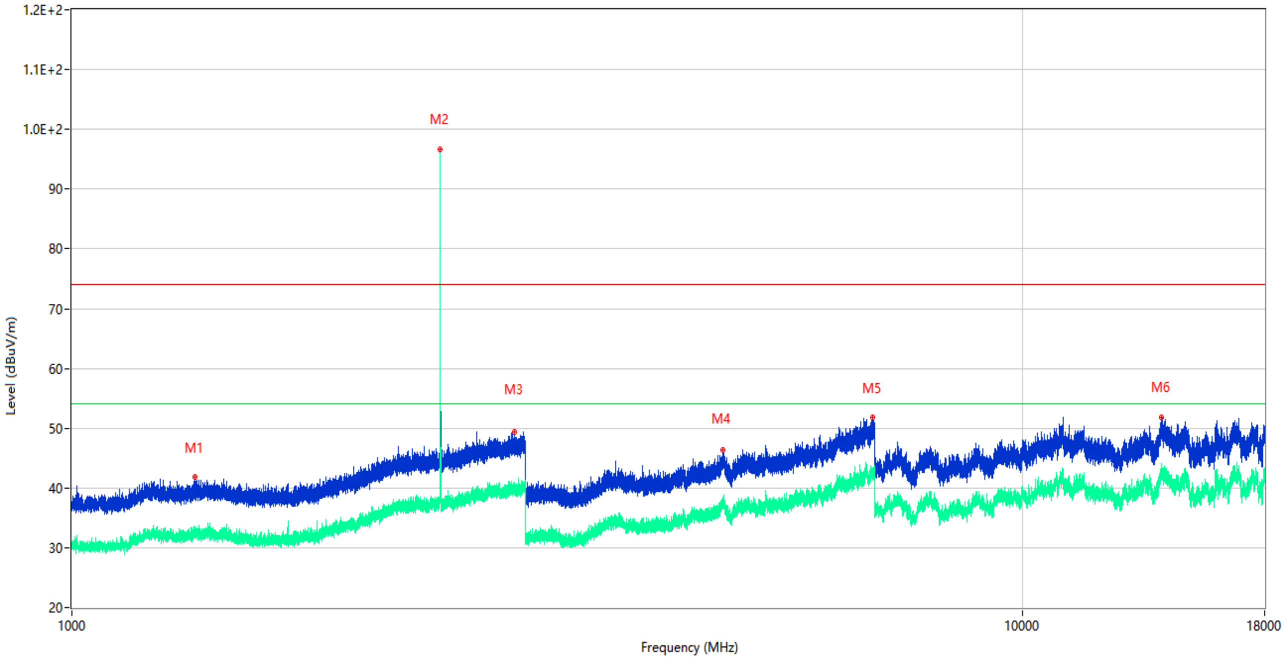

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1188.300 | 41.67 | -17.76 | 74.0 | 32.33 | Peak | 92.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 1** | 1188.300 | 31.69 | -17.76 | 54.0 | 22.31 | AV | 92.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 2 | 2401.800 | 99.36 | -13.91 | 74.0 | -25.36 | Peak | 184.00 | 200 | Vertical | N/A |
| 2** | 2401.800 | 99.01 | -13.91 | 54.0 | -45.01 | AV | 184.00 | 200 | Vertical | N/A |
| 3 | 2869.900 | 48.70 | -11.88 | 74.0 | 25.30 | Peak | 265.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 3** | 2869.900 | 39.65 | -11.88 | 54.0 | 14.35 | AV | 265.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4 | 4852.400 | 46.50 | -6.23 | 74.0 | 27.50 | Peak | 0.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4** | 4852.400 | 37.49 | -6.23 | 54.0 | 16.51 | AV | 0.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5 | 6978.200 | 51.74 | -1.16 | 74.0 | 22.26 | Peak | 324.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5** | 6978.200 | 43.38 | -1.16 | 54.0 | 10.62 | AV | 324.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6 | 16720.574 | 52.01 | 6.87 | 74.0 | 21.99 | Peak | 295.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6** | 16720.574 | 41.76 | 6.87 | 54.0 | 12.24 | AV | 295.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |

## GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



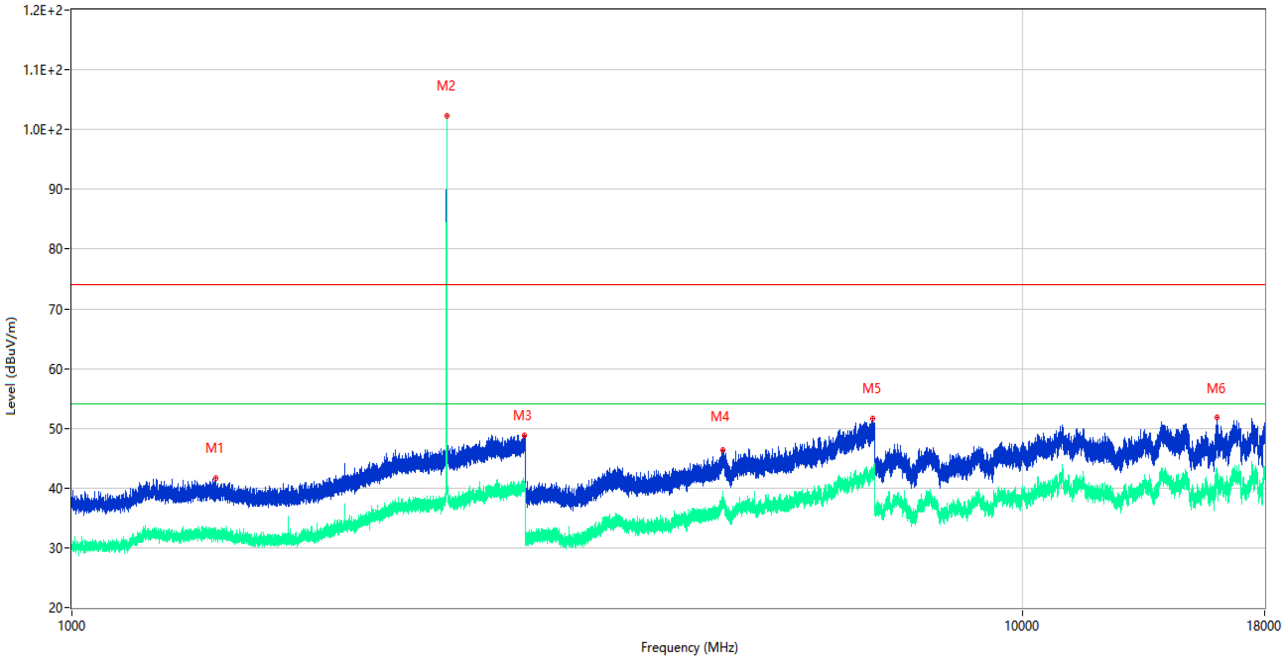

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1352.300 | 42.33 | -17.36 | 74.0 | 31.67 | Peak | 71.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 1352.300 | 32.40 | -17.36 | 54.0 | 21.60 | AV | 71.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2441.100 | 102.54 | -13.39 | 74.0 | -28.54 | Peak | 360.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 2** | 2441.100 | 102.17 | -13.39 | 54.0 | -48.17 | AV | 360.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 3 | 2911.600 | 49.03 | -11.58 | 74.0 | 24.97 | Peak | 49.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 3** | 2911.600 | 38.96 | -11.58 | 54.0 | 15.04 | AV | 49.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4 | 4849.400 | 46.42 | -6.37 | 74.0 | 27.58 | Peak | 75.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4** | 4849.400 | 37.33 | -6.37 | 54.0 | 16.67 | AV | 75.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5 | 6944.800 | 51.90 | -1.28 | 74.0 | 22.10 | Peak | 158.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5** | 6944.800 | 42.19 | -1.28 | 54.0 | 11.81 | AV | 158.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6 | 16049.625 | 52.17 | 5.62 | 74.0 | 21.83 | Peak | 261.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6** | 16049.625 | 42.03 | 5.62 | 54.0 | 11.97 | AV | 261.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |

GFSK MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



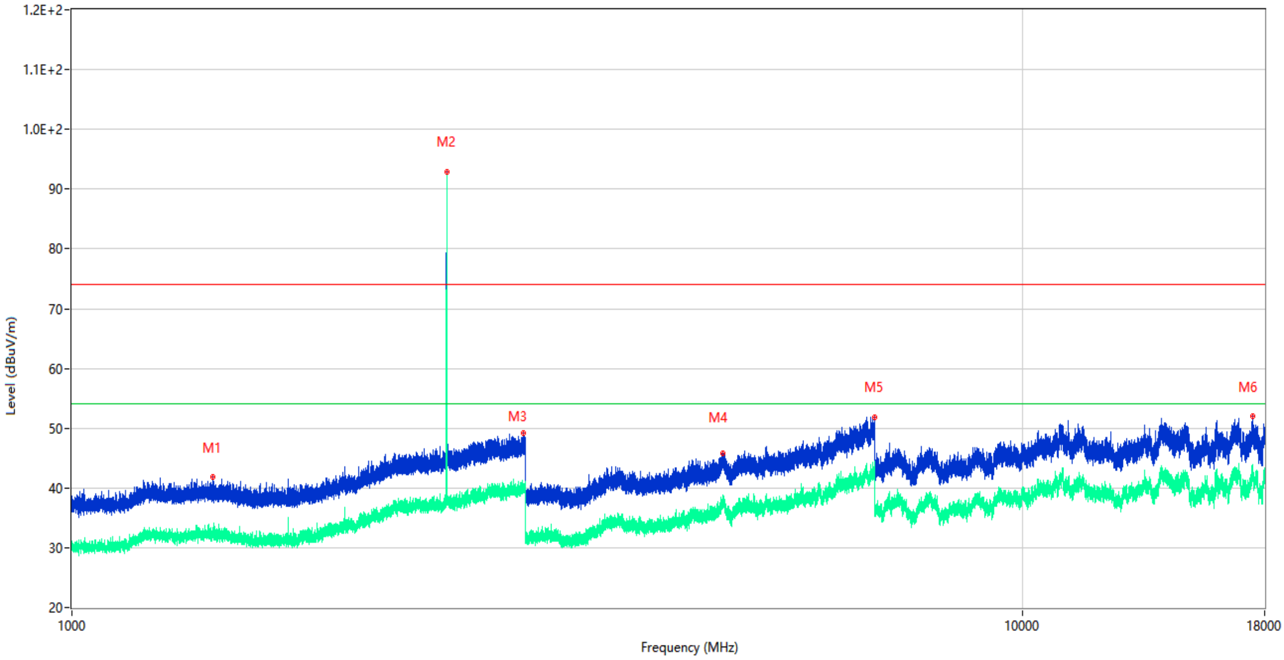

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1346.500 | 41.76 | -17.44 | 74.0 | 32.24 | Peak | 170.00 | 400 | Vertical | Pass |
| 1** | 1346.500 | 32.43 | -17.44 | 54.0 | 21.57 | AV | 170.00 | 400 | Vertical | Pass |
| 2 | 2441.100 | 96.70 | -13.39 | 74.0 | -22.70 | Peak | 149.00 | 100 | Vertical | N/A |
| 2** | 2441.100 | 96.43 | -13.39 | 54.0 | -42.43 | AV | 149.00 | 100 | Vertical | N/A |
| 3 | 2925.700 | 49.33 | -11.53 | 74.0 | 24.67 | Peak | 74.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 3** | 2925.700 | 39.28 | -11.53 | 54.0 | 14.72 | AV | 74.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4 | 4847.200 | 46.45 | -6.46 | 74.0 | 27.55 | Peak | 109.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4** | 4847.200 | 37.81 | -6.46 | 54.0 | 16.19 | AV | 109.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5 | 6970.200 | 51.82 | -1.03 | 74.0 | 22.18 | Peak | 322.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5** | 6970.200 | 43.03 | -1.03 | 54.0 | 10.97 | AV | 322.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6 | 14019.713 | 51.88 | 5.67 | 74.0 | 22.12 | Peak | 176.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6** | 14019.713 | 41.93 | 5.67 | 54.0 | 12.07 | AV | 176.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |

GFSK HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



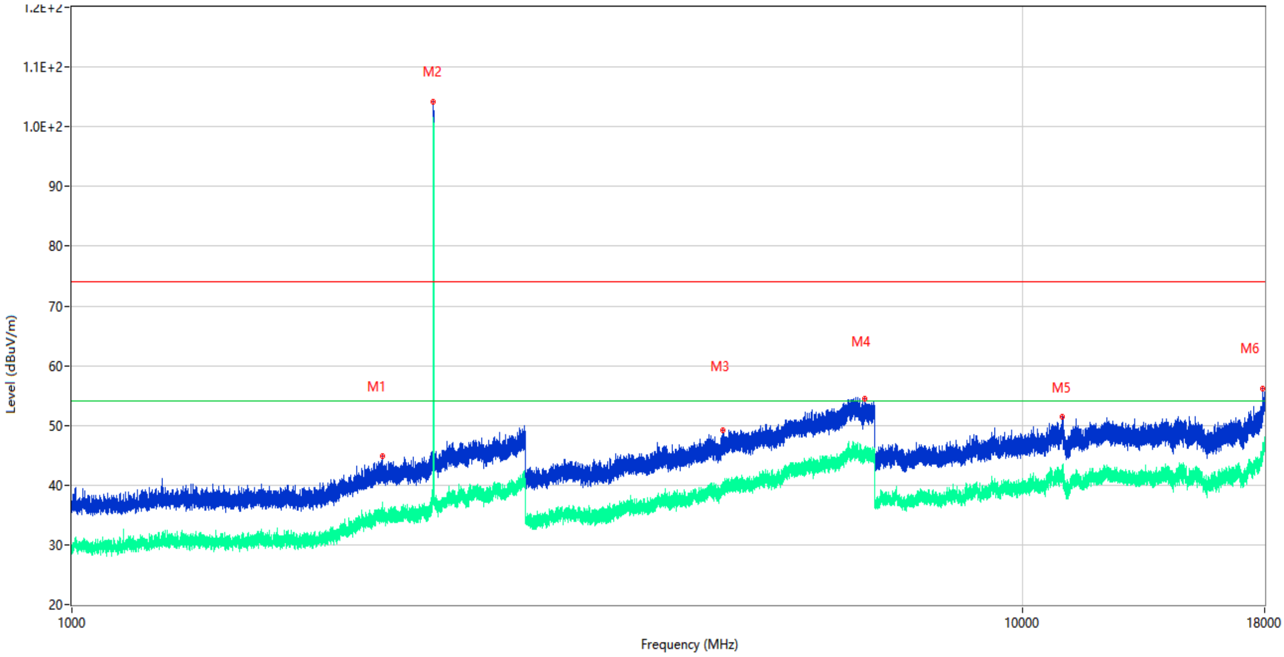

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1417.700 | 41.73 | -17.59 | 74.0 | 32.27 | Peak | 226.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 1417.700 | 33.00 | -17.59 | 54.0 | 21.00 | AV | 226.00 | 400 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2480.100 | 102.36 | -13.55 | 74.0 | -28.36 | Peak | 360.00 | 100 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 2** | 2480.100 | 102.06 | -13.55 | 54.0 | -48.06 | AV | 360.00 | 100 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 3 | 2993.400 | 48.87 | -11.06 | 74.0 | 25.13 | Peak | 247.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 3** | 2993.400 | 40.06 | -11.06 | 54.0 | 13.94 | AV | 247.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4 | 4840.200 | 46.31 | -6.41 | 74.0 | 27.69 | Peak | 304.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4** | 4840.200 | 37.56 | -6.41 | 54.0 | 16.44 | AV | 304.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5 | 6954.400 | 51.69 | -1.73 | 74.0 | 22.31 | Peak | 39.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5** | 6954.400 | 42.18 | -1.73 | 54.0 | 11.82 | AV | 39.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6 | 16034.925 | 51.76 | 4.80 | 74.0 | 22.24 | Peak | 276.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6** | 16034.925 | 41.12 | 4.80 | 54.0 | 12.88 | AV | 276.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |

GFSK HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



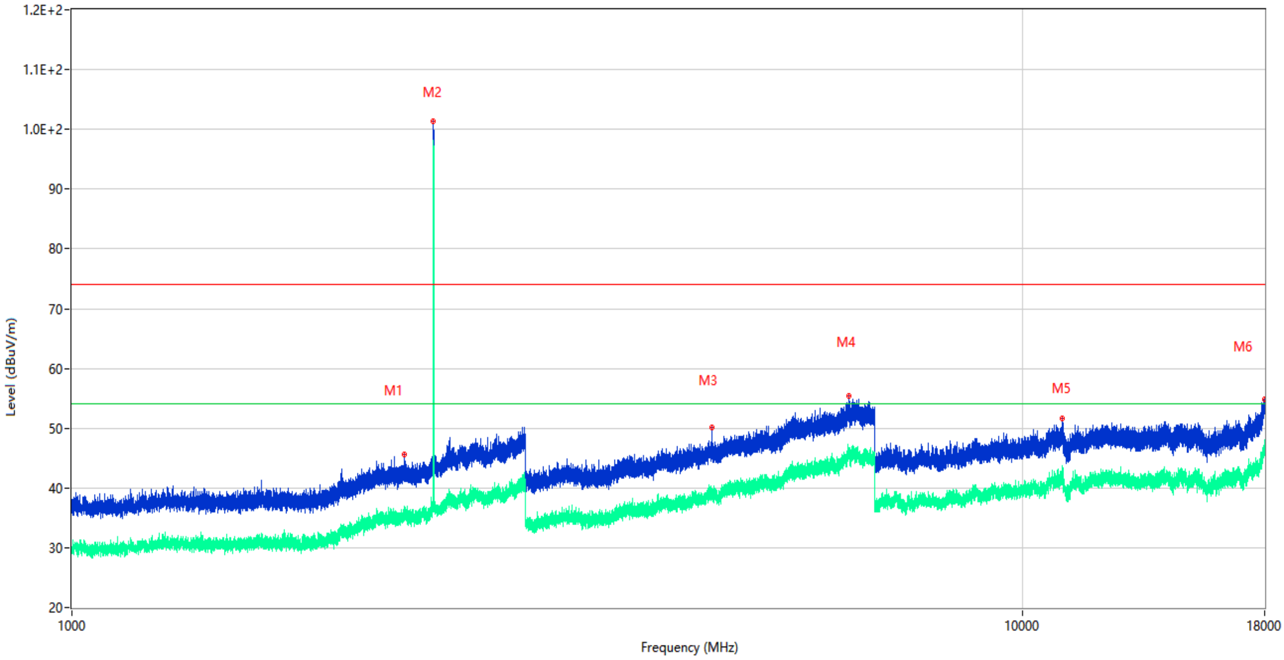

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1408.600 | 41.77 | -17.11 | 74.0 | 32.23 | Peak | 103.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 1** | 1408.600 | 32.85 | -17.11 | 54.0 | 21.15 | AV | 103.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 2 | 2480.200 | 92.91 | -13.56 | 74.0 | -18.91 | Peak | 144.00 | 100 | Vertical | N/A |
| 2** | 2480.200 | 92.46 | -13.56 | 54.0 | -38.46 | AV | 144.00 | 100 | Vertical | N/A |
| 3 | 2989.200 | 49.21 | -11.28 | 74.0 | 24.79 | Peak | 124.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 3** | 2989.200 | 40.05 | -11.28 | 54.0 | 13.95 | AV | 124.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4 | 4843.400 | 45.82 | -6.43 | 74.0 | 28.18 | Peak | 123.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4** | 4843.400 | 38.81 | -6.43 | 54.0 | 15.19 | AV | 123.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5 | 6997.200 | 51.90 | -1.36 | 74.0 | 22.10 | Peak | 123.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5** | 6997.200 | 42.54 | -1.36 | 54.0 | 11.46 | AV | 123.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6 | 17486.287 | 51.98 | 8.06 | 74.0 | 22.02 | Peak | 84.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6** | 17486.287 | 41.94 | 8.06 | 54.0 | 12.06 | AV | 84.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |

8DPSK LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



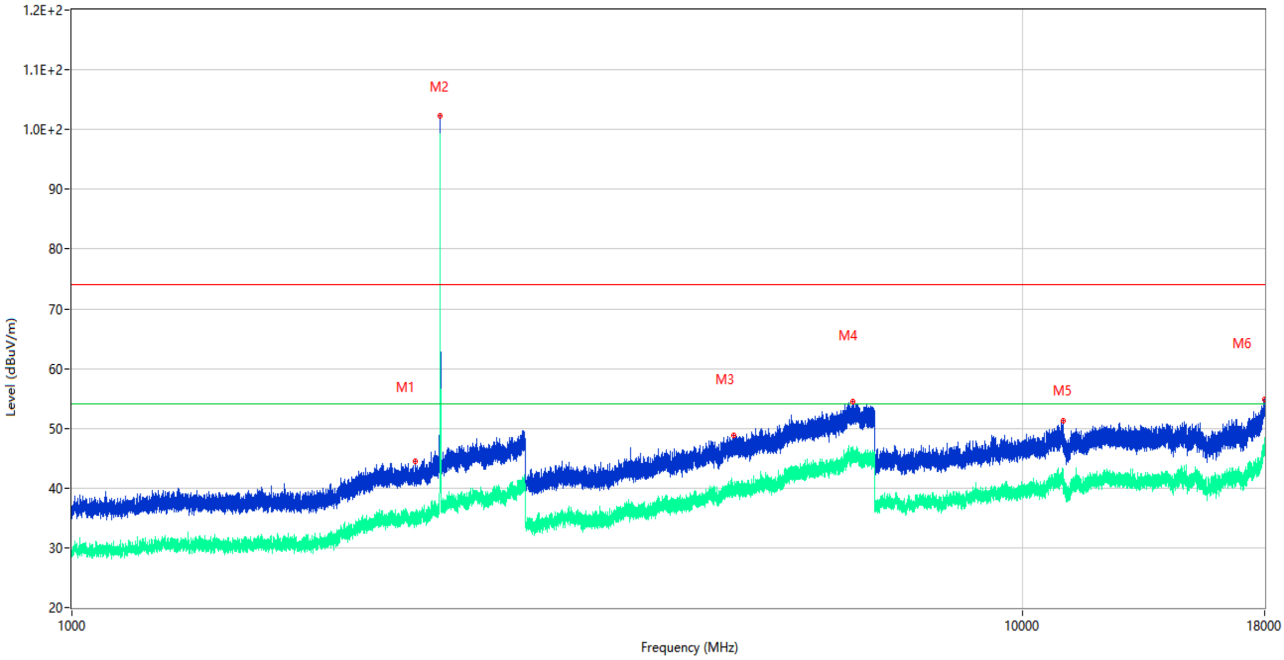

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2120.100 | 44.89 | -15.51 | 74.0 | 29.11 | Peak | 100.00 | 300 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 2120.100 | 35.25 | -15.51 | 54.0 | 18.75 | AV | 100.00 | 300 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2402.200 | 104.21 | -13.87 | 74.0 | -30.21 | Peak | 333.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 2** | 2402.200 | 100.83 | -13.87 | 54.0 | -46.83 | AV | 333.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 3 | 4842.800 | 49.27 | -5.41 | 74.0 | 24.73 | Peak | 199.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 3** | 4842.800 | 39.38 | -5.41 | 54.0 | 14.62 | AV | 199.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4 | 6824.200 | 54.44 | 0.37 | 74.0 | 19.56 | Peak | 309.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4** | 6824.200 | 45.15 | 0.37 | 54.0 | 8.85 | AV | 309.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5 | 11025.287 | 51.41 | 7.55 | 74.0 | 22.59 | Peak | 173.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5** | 11025.287 | 42.23 | 7.55 | 54.0 | 11.77 | AV | 173.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6 | 17930.177 | 56.23 | 11.12 | 74.0 | 17.77 | Peak | 82.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6** | 17930.177 | 46.32 | 11.12 | 54.0 | 7.68 | AV | 82.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |

8DPSK LOW CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



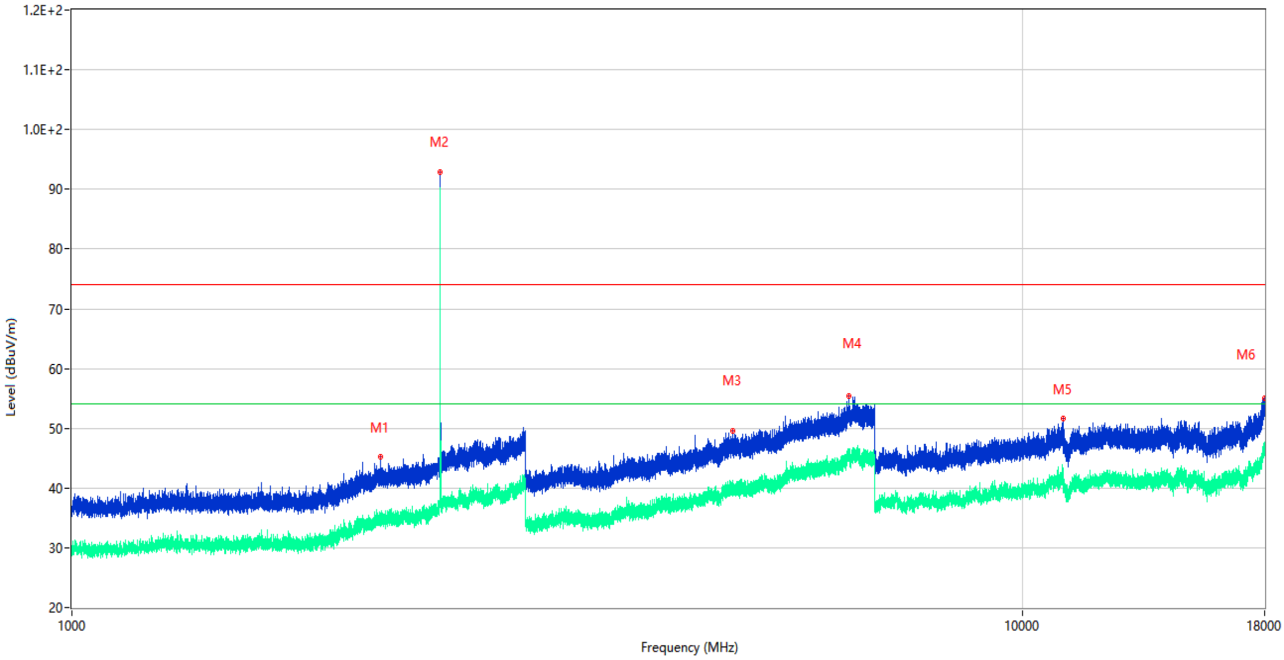

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2239.600 | 45.59 | -14.73 | 74.0 | 28.41 | Peak | 108.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 1** | 2239.600 | 35.97 | -14.73 | 54.0 | 18.03 | AV | 108.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 2 | 2401.900 | 101.29 | -13.82 | 74.0 | -27.29 | Peak | 155.00 | 200 | Vertical | N/A |
| 2** | 2401.900 | 98.07 | -13.82 | 54.0 | -44.07 | AV | 155.00 | 200 | Vertical | N/A |
| 3 | 4712.000 | 50.14 | -6.28 | 74.0 | 23.86 | Peak | 0.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 3** | 4712.000 | 38.74 | -6.28 | 54.0 | 15.26 | AV | 0.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4 | 6571.400 | 55.35 | 0.67 | 74.0 | 18.65 | Peak | 41.00 | 400 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4** | 6571.400 | 45.89 | 0.67 | 54.0 | 8.11 | AV | 41.00 | 400 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5 | 11021.263 | 51.72 | 7.44 | 74.0 | 22.28 | Peak | 37.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5** | 11021.263 | 42.12 | 7.44 | 54.0 | 11.88 | AV | 37.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6 | 17987.400 | 54.84 | 12.13 | 74.0 | 19.16 | Peak | 157.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6** | 17987.400 | 46.15 | 12.13 | 54.0 | 7.85 | AV | 157.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |

8DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H



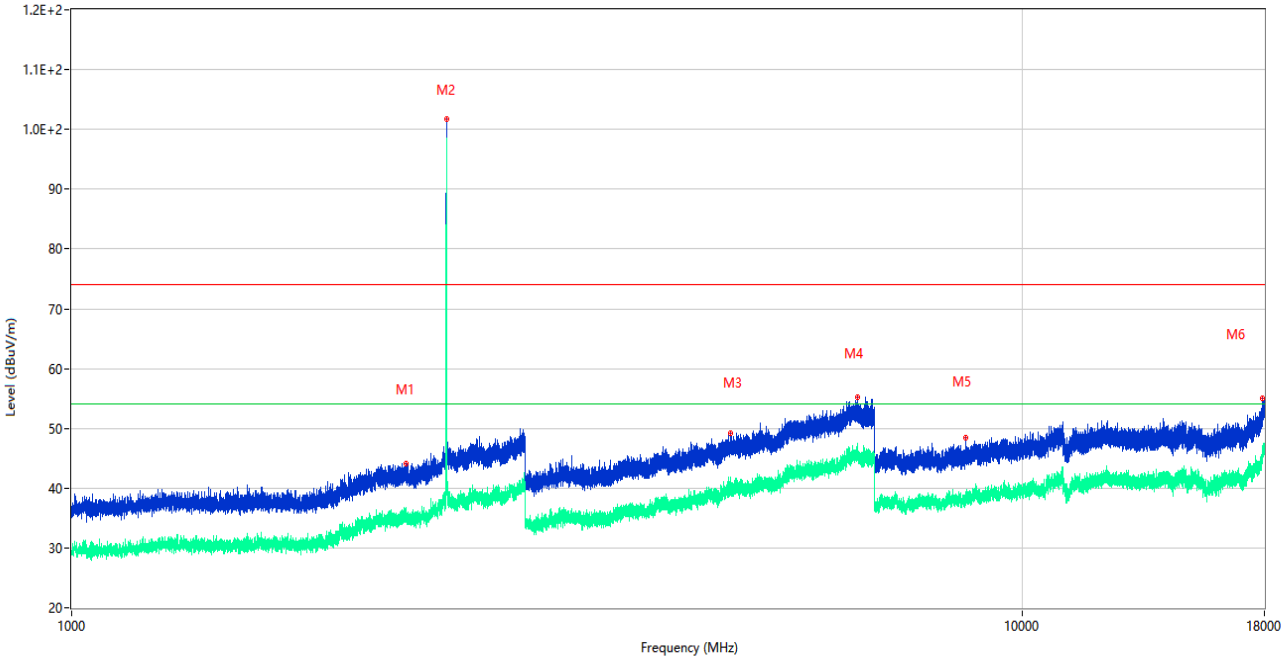

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2296.000 | 44.47 | -15.26 | 74.0 | 29.53 | Peak | 126.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 2296.000 | 35.26 | -15.26 | 54.0 | 18.74 | AV | 126.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2441.000 | 102.25 | -14.45 | 74.0 | -28.25 | Peak | 327.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 2** | 2441.000 | 98.89 | -14.45 | 54.0 | -44.89 | AV | 327.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 3 | 4974.200 | 48.81 | -4.36 | 74.0 | 25.19 | Peak | 217.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 3** | 4974.200 | 39.66 | -4.36 | 54.0 | 14.34 | AV | 217.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4 | 6630.800 | 54.54 | 0.28 | 74.0 | 19.46 | Peak | 233.00 | 300 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4** | 6630.800 | 46.08 | 0.28 | 54.0 | 7.92 | AV | 233.00 | 300 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5 | 11039.375 | 51.30 | 7.96 | 74.0 | 22.70 | Peak | 360.00 | 150 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5** | 11039.375 | 42.91 | 7.96 | 54.0 | 11.09 | AV | 360.00 | 150 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6 | 17987.926 | 54.76 | 12.14 | 74.0 | 19.24 | Peak | 0.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6** | 17987.926 | 45.71 | 12.14 | 54.0 | 8.29 | AV | 0.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |

## 8DPSK MIDDLE CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V



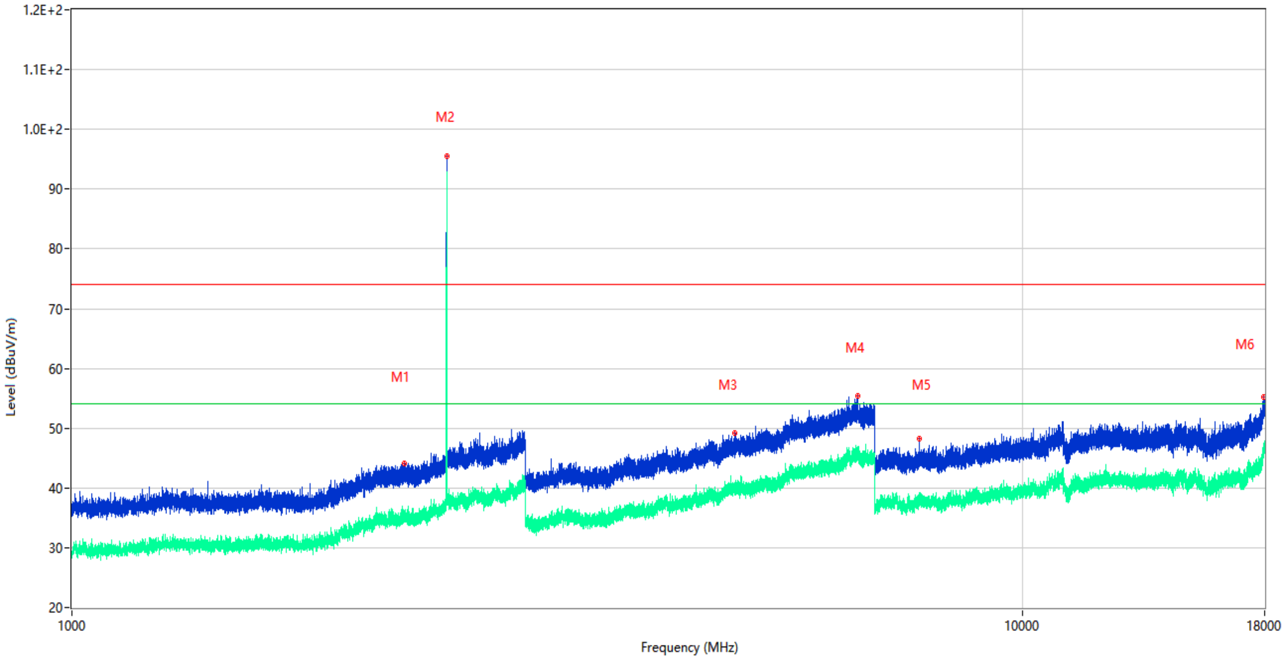

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2111.800 | 45.19 | -15.98 | 74.0 | 28.81 | Peak | 288.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 1** | 2111.800 | 34.15 | -15.98 | 54.0 | 19.85 | AV | 288.00 | 200 | Vertical | Pass |
| 2 | 2440.800 | 97.94 | -14.34 | 74.0 | -23.94 | Peak | 165.00 | 200 | Vertical | N/A |
| 2** | 2440.800 | 94.82 | -14.34 | 54.0 | -40.82 | AV | 165.00 | 200 | Vertical | N/A |
| 3 | 4960.200 | 49.54 | -4.80 | 74.0 | 24.46 | Peak | 167.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 3** | 4960.200 | 40.81 | -4.80 | 54.0 | 13.19 | AV | 167.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4 | 6565.000 | 55.34 | 0.77 | 74.0 | 18.66 | Peak | 356.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4** | 6565.000 | 45.54 | 0.77 | 54.0 | 8.46 | AV | 356.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5 | 11036.213 | 51.63 | 7.87 | 74.0 | 22.37 | Peak | 151.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5** | 11036.213 | 42.59 | 7.87 | 54.0 | 11.41 | AV | 151.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6 | 17993.437 | 55.12 | 12.24 | 74.0 | 18.88 | Peak | 302.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6** | 17993.437 | 47.07 | 12.24 | 54.0 | 6.93 | AV | 302.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |

8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H




| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2249.100 | 44.11 | -14.77 | 74.0 | 29.89 | Peak | 360.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 2249.100 | 35.50 | -14.77 | 54.0 | 18.50 | AV | 360.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2480.200 | 101.68 | -13.19 | 74.0 | -27.68 | Peak | 326.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 2** | 2480.200 | 98.59 | -13.19 | 54.0 | -44.59 | AV | 326.00 | 200 | Horizontal | N/A |
| 3 | 4931.200 | 49.20 | -4.72 | 74.0 | 24.80 | Peak | 341.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 3** | 4931.200 | 40.04 | -4.72 | 54.0 | 13.96 | AV | 341.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4 | 6715.400 | 55.15 | 0.21 | 74.0 | 18.85 | Peak | 0.00 | 300 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 4** | 6715.400 | 46.12 | 0.21 | 54.0 | 7.88 | AV | 0.00 | 300 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5 | 8729.600 | 48.49 | 1.15 | 74.0 | 25.51 | Peak | 360.00 | 300 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 5** | 8729.600 | 38.85 | 1.15 | 54.0 | 15.15 | AV | 360.00 | 300 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6 | 17931.489 | 54.94 | 11.14 | 74.0 | 19.06 | Peak | 96.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 6** | 17931.489 | 45.28 | 11.14 | 54.0 | 8.72 | AV | 96.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |

## 8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL 1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V




| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2237.600 | 44.16 | -14.74 | 74.0 | 29.84 | Peak | 188.00 | 400 | Vertical | Pass |
| 1** | 2237.600 | 35.62 | -14.74 | 54.0 | 18.38 | AV | 188.00 | 400 | Vertical | Pass |
| 2 | 2480.200 | 95.56 | -13.19 | 74.0 | -21.56 | Peak | 181.00 | 200 | Vertical | N/A |
| 2** | 2480.200 | 92.74 | -13.19 | 54.0 | -38.74 | AV | 181.00 | 200 | Vertical | N/A |
| 3 | 4984.800 | 49.17 | -4.69 | 74.0 | 24.83 | Peak | 360.00 | 150 | Vertical | Pass |
| 3** | 4984.800 | 39.92 | -4.69 | 54.0 | 14.08 | AV | 360.00 | 150 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4 | 6716.800 | 55.41 | 1.15 | 74.0 | 18.59 | Peak | 57.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 4** | 6716.800 | 46.50 | 1.15 | 54.0 | 7.50 | AV | 57.00 | 100 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5 | 7792.350 | 48.20 | 0.33 | 74.0 | 25.80 | Peak | 359.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 5** | 7792.350 | 37.68 | 0.33 | 54.0 | 16.32 | AV | 359.00 | 300 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6 | 17938.313 | 55.24 | 11.25 | 74.0 | 18.76 | Peak | 162.00 | 400 | Vertical | Pass |
| 6** | 17938.313 | 45.55 | 11.25 | 54.0 | 8.45 | AV | 162.00 | 400 | Vertical | Pass |

## A.9 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note [1]: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note [2]: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

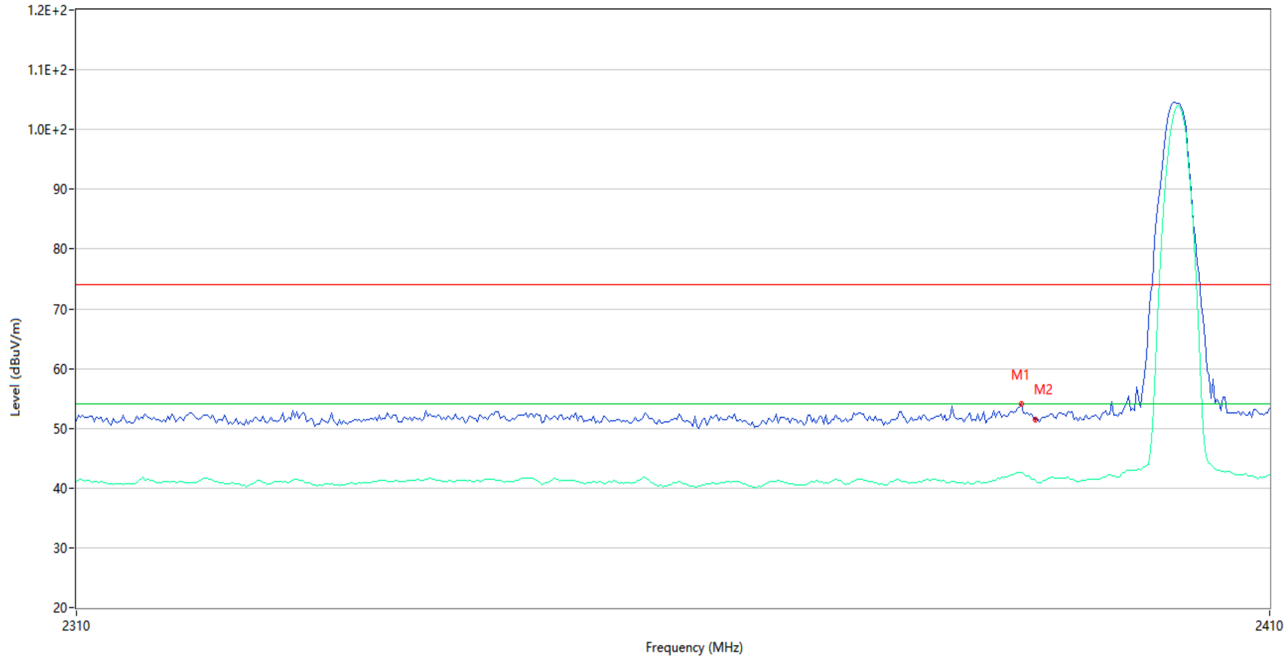
Note [3]: According the ANSI C63.10-2020, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note [4]: The Level (dBuV/m) has been corrected by factor.

Note [5]: Both horizontal and vertical directions were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report.

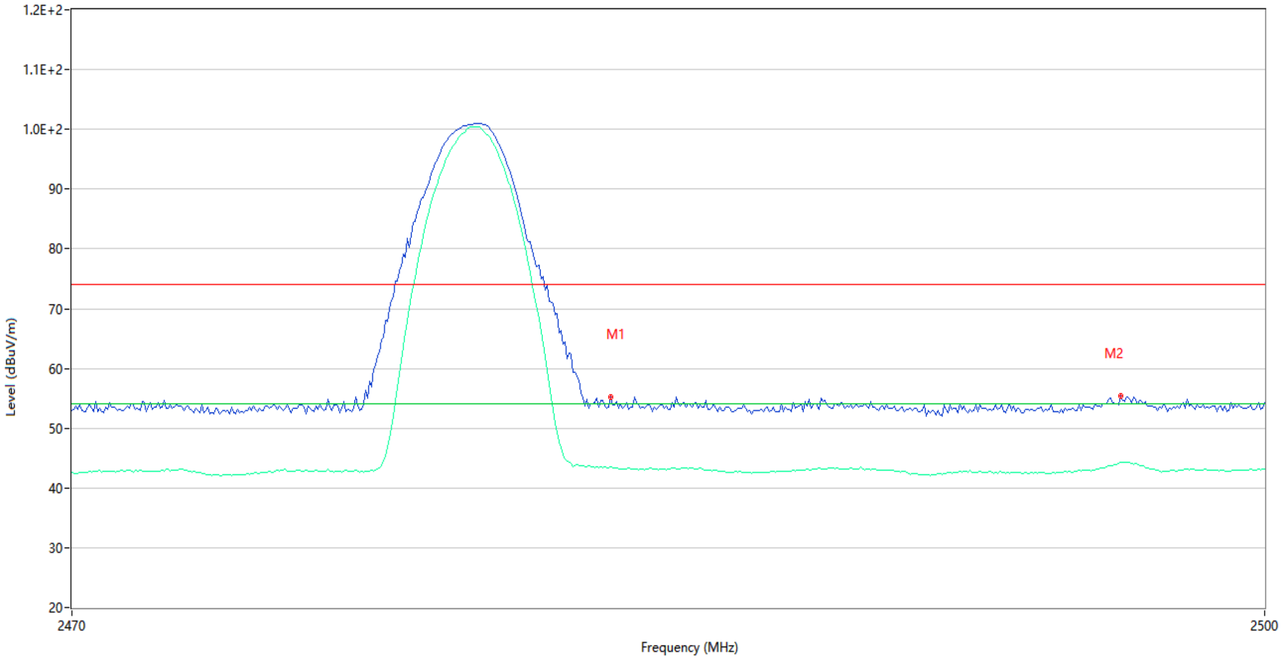
Test Data and Plots

GFSK LOW CHANNEL



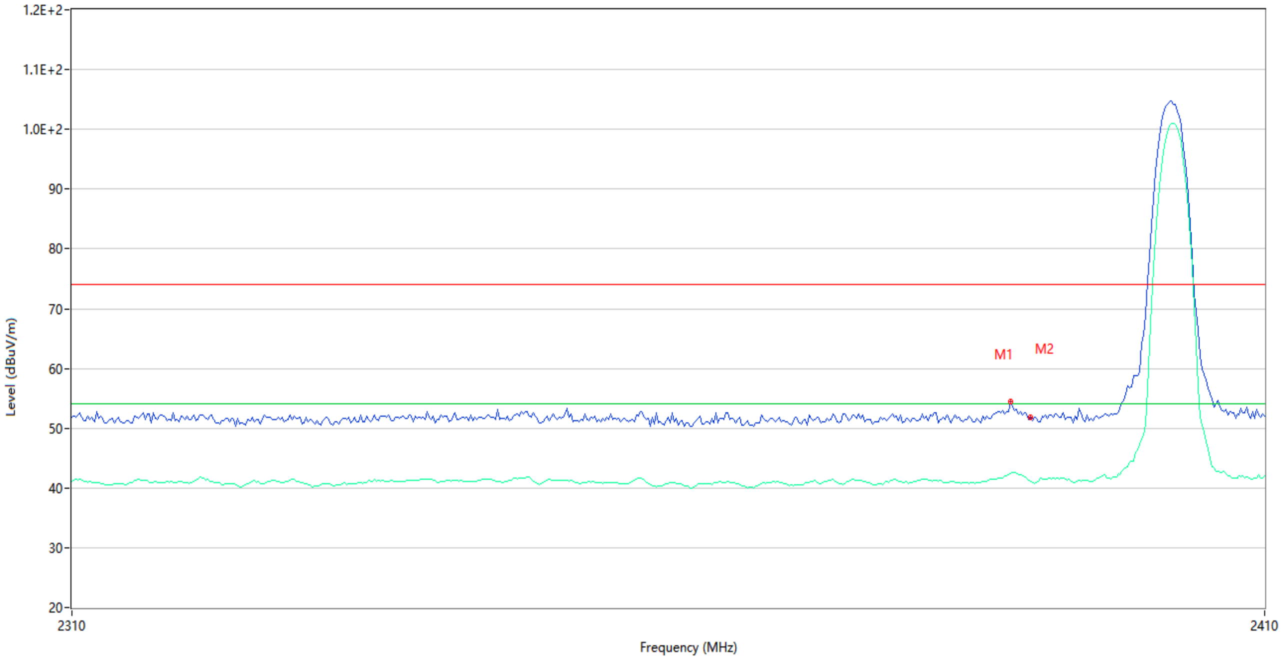

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2388.833 | 54.02 | -1.50 | 74.0 | 19.98 | Peak | 297.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 2388.833 | 42.53 | -1.50 | 54.0 | 11.47 | AV | 297.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2390.000 | 51.49 | -2.77 | 74.0 | 22.51 | Peak | 139.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2** | 2390.000 | 41.27 | -2.77 | 54.0 | 12.73 | AV | 139.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |

## GFSK HIGH CHANNEL



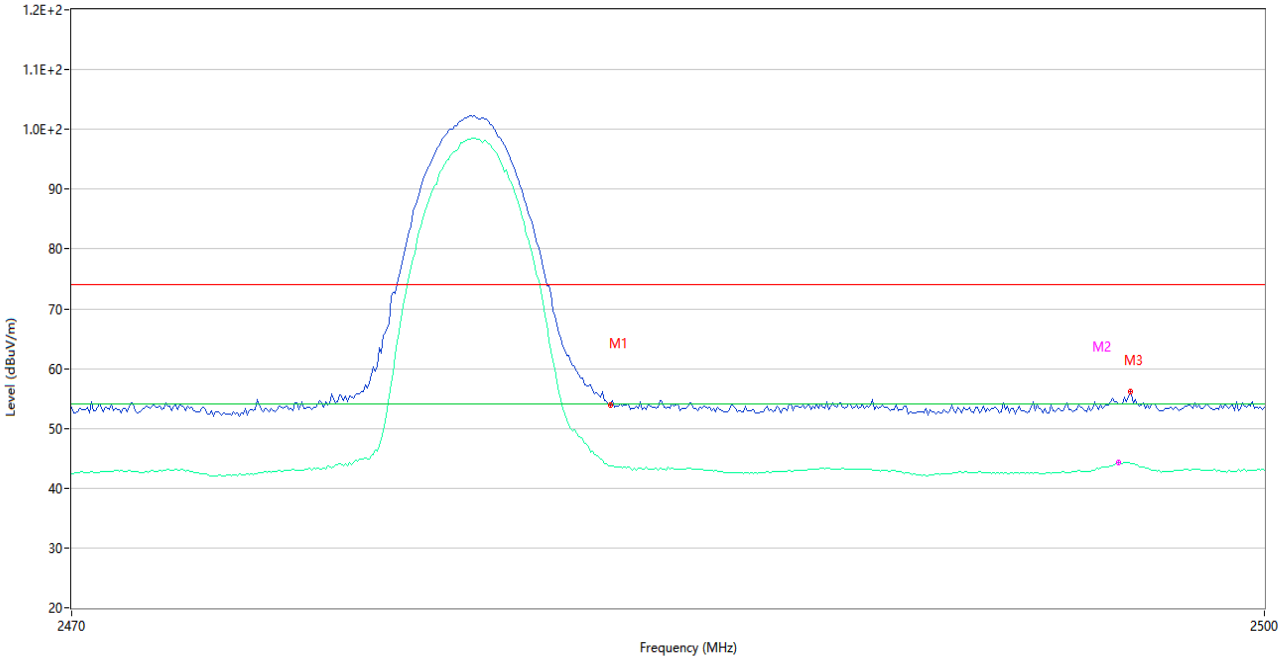

| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2483.500 | 55.20 | -0.90 | 74.0 | 18.80 | Peak | 148.00 | 150 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 2483.500 | 43.45 | -0.90 | 54.0 | 10.55 | AV | 148.00 | 150 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2496.350 | 55.35 | 0.23 | 74.0 | 18.65 | Peak | 294.00 | 150 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2** | 2496.350 | 44.23 | 0.23 | 54.0 | 9.77 | AV | 294.00 | 150 | Horizontal | Pass |

## 8DPSK LOW CHANNEL




| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2388.333 | 54.50 | -1.50 | 74.0 | 19.50 | Peak | 19.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 2388.333 | 42.35 | -1.50 | 54.0 | 11.65 | AV | 19.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2390.000 | 51.82 | -2.77 | 74.0 | 22.18 | Peak | 360.00 | 150 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2** | 2390.000 | 41.16 | -2.77 | 54.0 | 12.84 | AV | 360.00 | 150 | Horizontal | Pass |

## 8DPSK HIGH CHANNEL




| No. | Frequency (MHz) | Results (dBuV/m) | Factor (dB) | Limit (dBuV/m) | Margin (dB) | Detector | Table (Degree) | Height (cm) | Antenna | Verdict |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 2483.500 | 53.86 | -0.90 | 74.0 | 20.14 | Peak | 143.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 1** | 2483.500 | 43.70 | -0.90 | 54.0 | 10.30 | AV | 143.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2 | 2496.300 | 54.00 | 0.15 | 74.0 | 20.00 | Peak | 214.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 2** | 2496.300 | 44.22 | 0.15 | 54.0 | 9.78 | AV | 214.00 | 100 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 3 | 2496.600 | 56.14 | 0.35 | 74.0 | 17.86 | Peak | 100.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |
| 3** | 2496.600 | 44.13 | 0.35 | 54.0 | 9.87 | AV | 100.00 | 200 | Horizontal | Pass |

# ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “Ti-CC26050270-AR.PDF”.

# ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “Ti-CC26050270-AW.PDF”.

# ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “Ti-CC26050270-AI.PDF”.

# Statement

1. The laboratory guarantees the scientificity, accuracy and impartiality of the test, and is responsible for all the information in the report, except the information provided by the customer. The customer is responsible for the impact of the information provided on the validity of the results.
2. The report without China inspection body and laboratory Mandatory Approval (CMA) mark has no effect of proving to the society.
3. For the report with CNAS mark or A2LA mark, the items marked with "☆" are not within the accredited scope.
4. This report is invalid if it is altered, without the signature of the testing and approval personnel, or without the “inspection and testing dedicated stamp” or test report stamp.
5. The test data and results are only valid for the tested samples provided by the customer.
6. This report shall not be partially reproduced without the written permission of the laboratory.
7. Any objection shall be raised to the laboratory within 30 days after receiving the report.

--END OF REPORT--