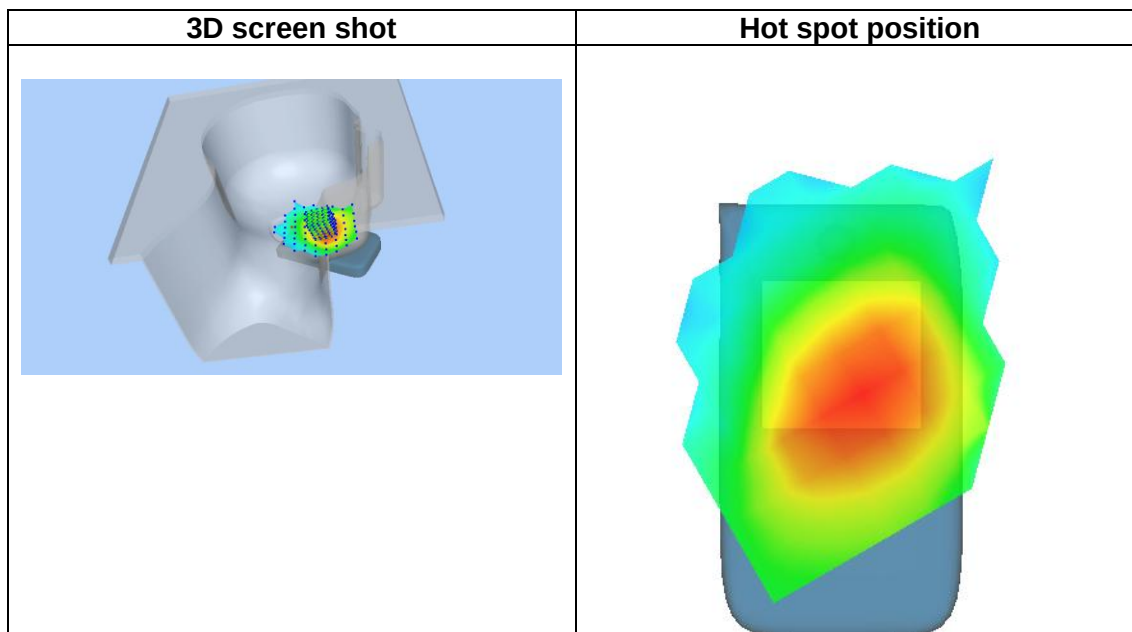
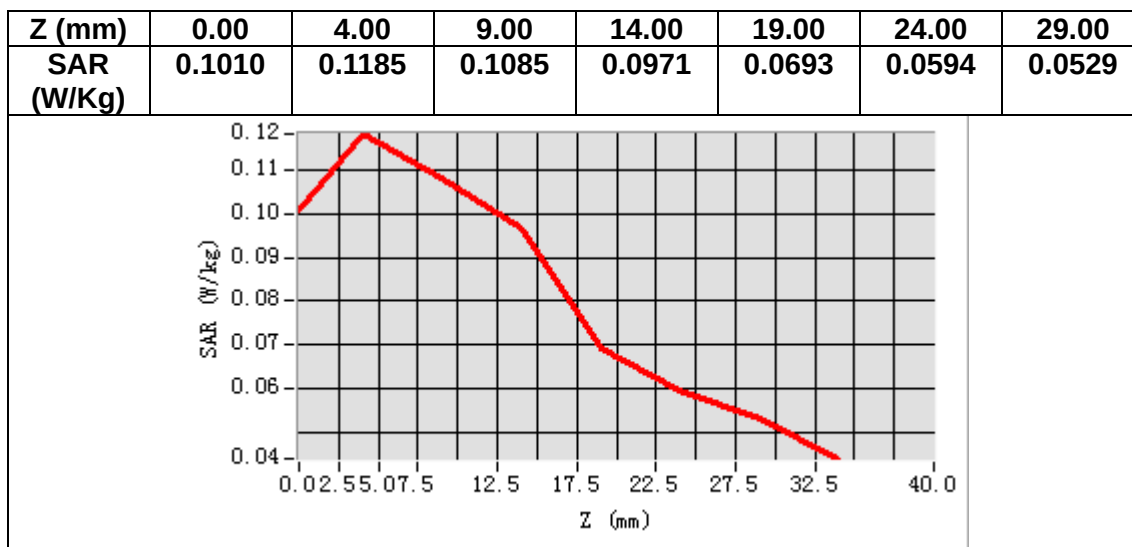




MEASUREMENT 30

Date of measurement: 27/11/2024

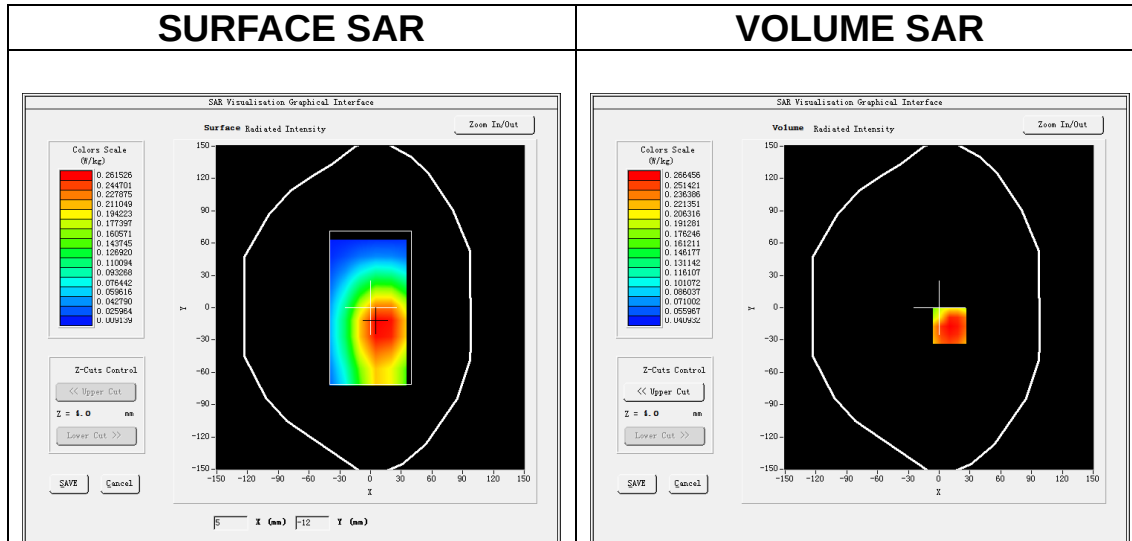
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 12</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.42</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	707.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.412174
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.957754
Conductivity (S/m)	0.863062
Variation (%)	-3.629999

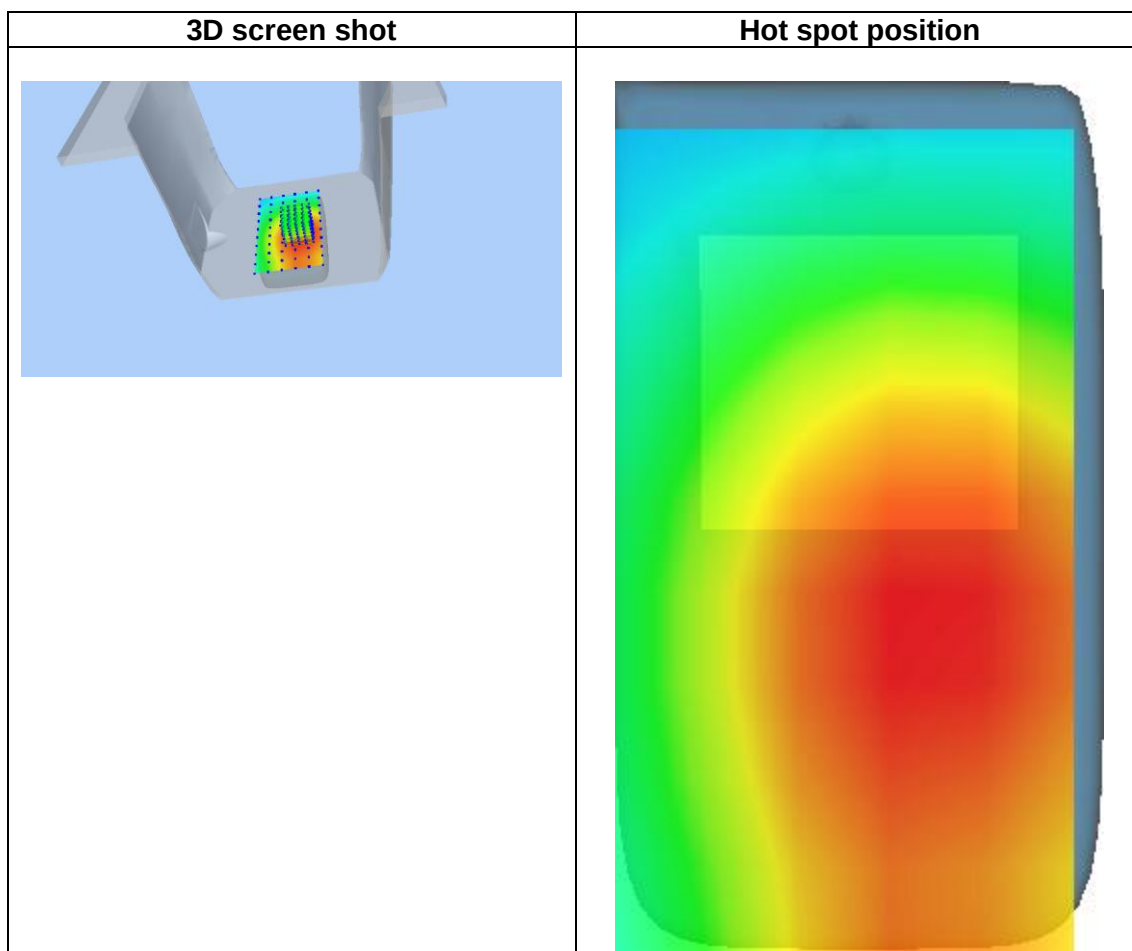
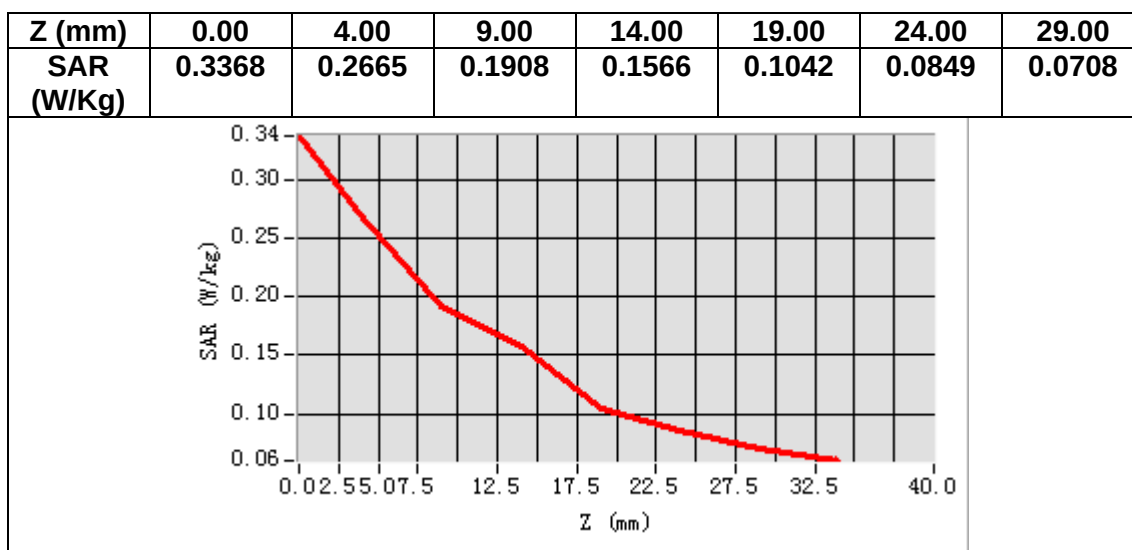
SURFACE SAR



Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=-17.00

SAR Peak: 0.36 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.180440
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.256498



MEASUREMENT 31

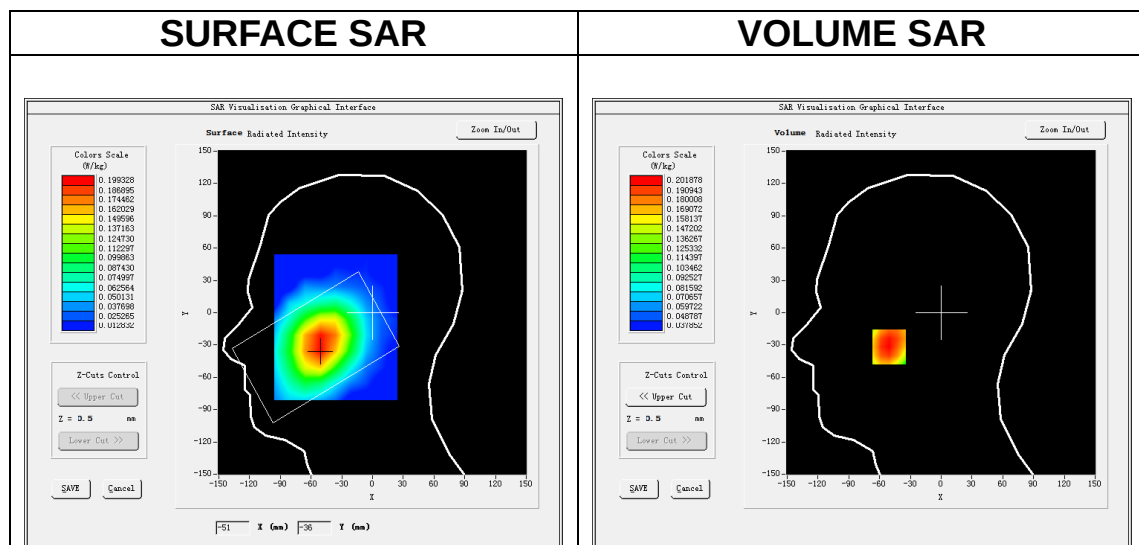
Date of measurement: 27/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 13</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.42</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

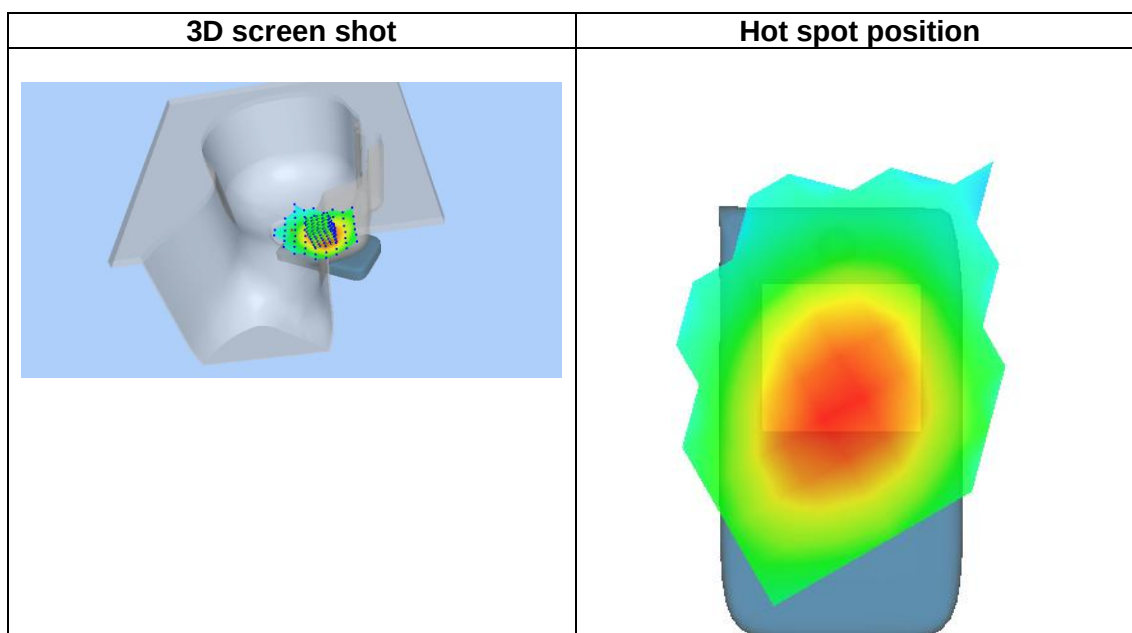
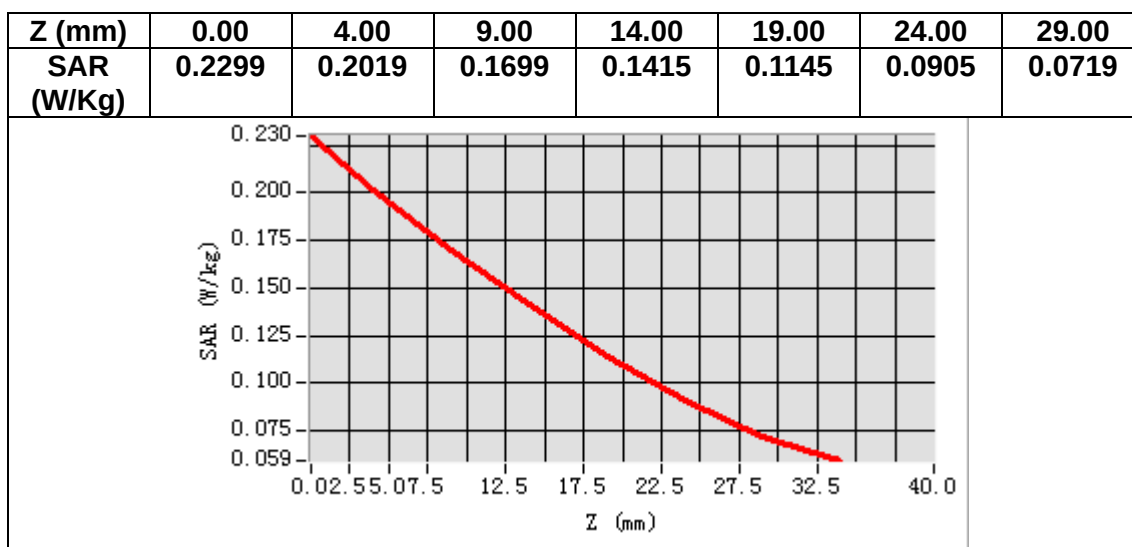
Frequency (MHz)	782.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.524524
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.215304
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921687
Variation (%)	-0.130000



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-32.00

SAR Peak: 0.23 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.155101
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.197490



MEASUREMENT 32

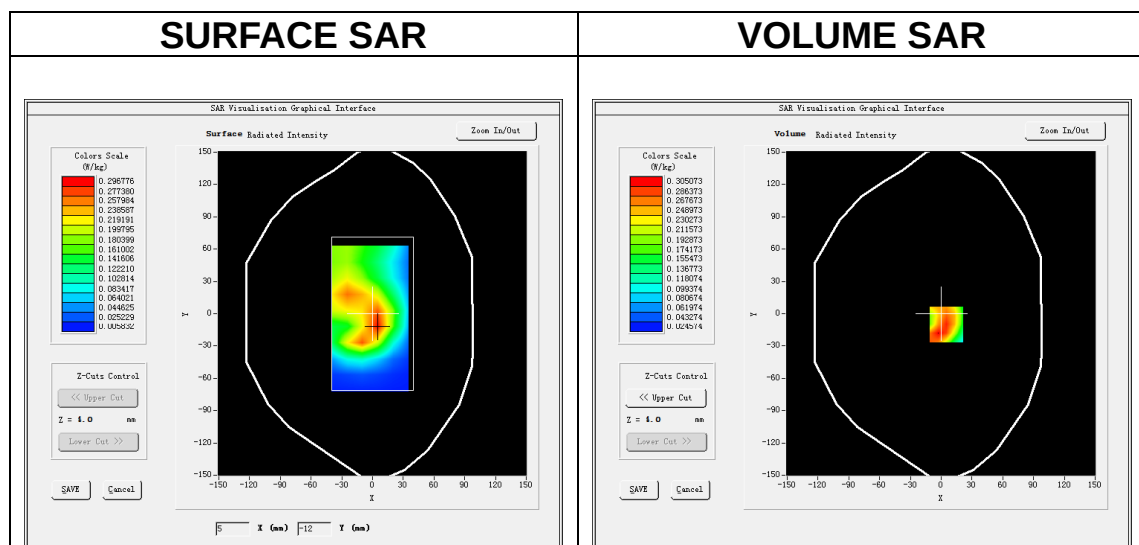
Date of measurement: 27/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Validation plane</u>
Device Position	<u>Body</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 13</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
ConvF	<u>2.42</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

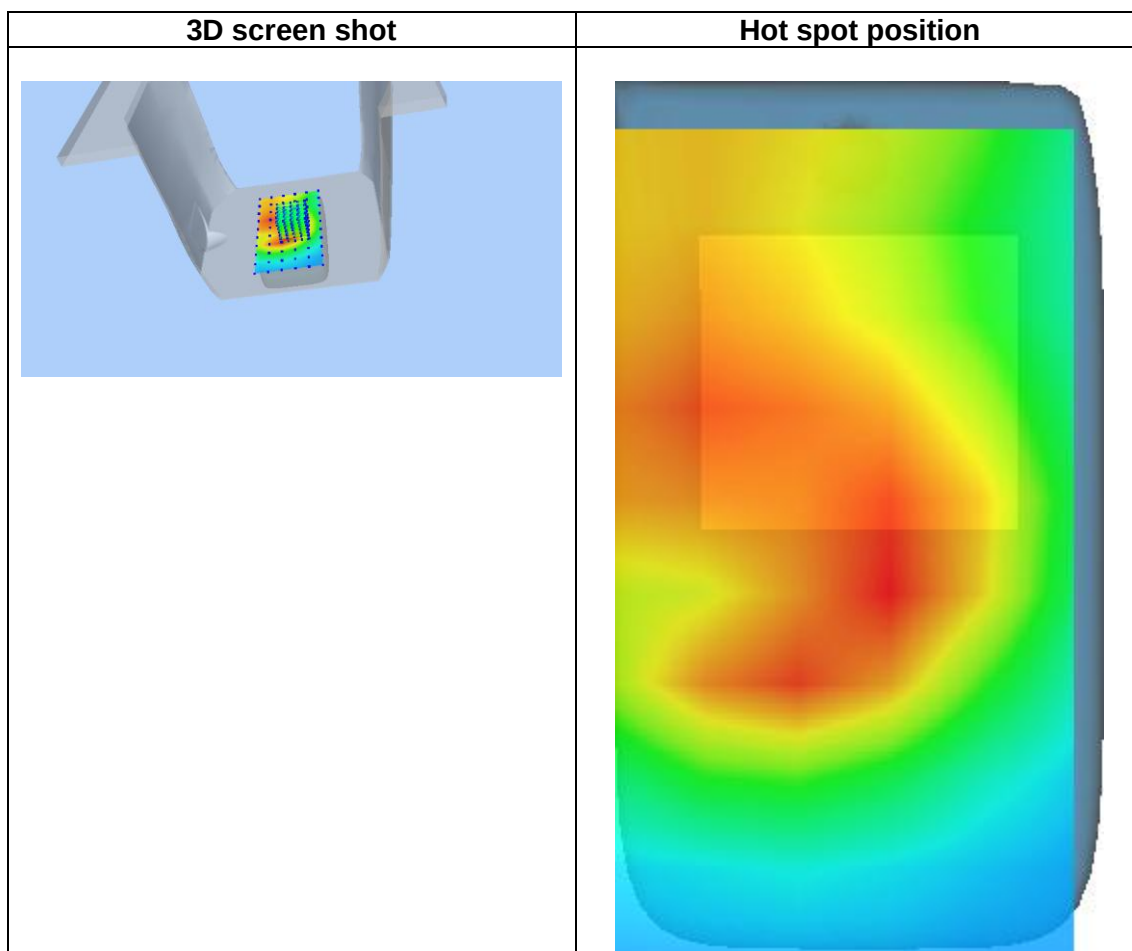
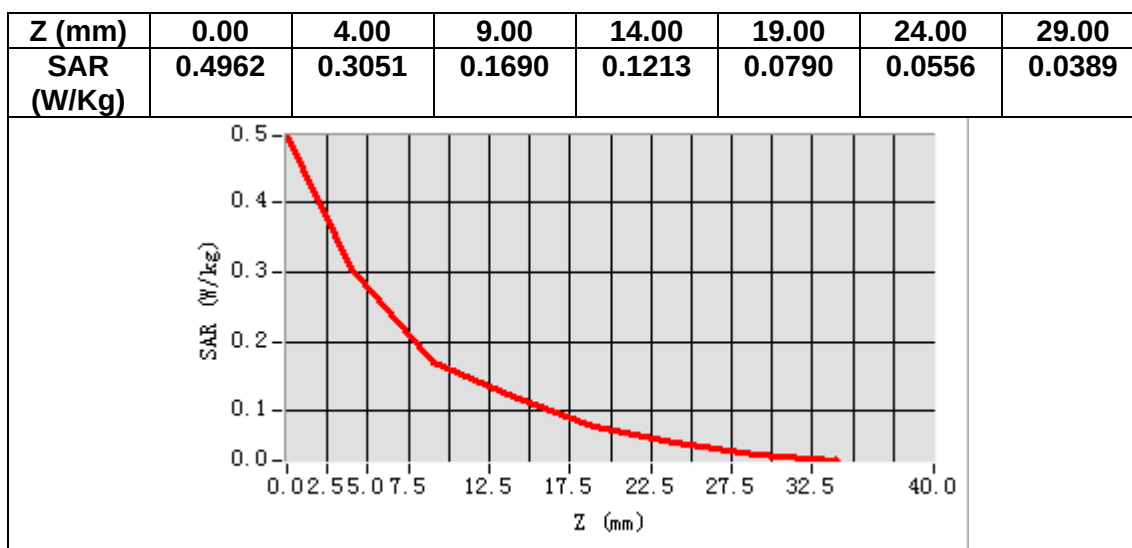
Frequency (MHz)	782.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.524524
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.215304
Conductivity (S/m)	0.921687
Variation (%)	-1.010000



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-10.00

SAR Peak: 0.45 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.175851
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.291870



MEASUREMENT 33

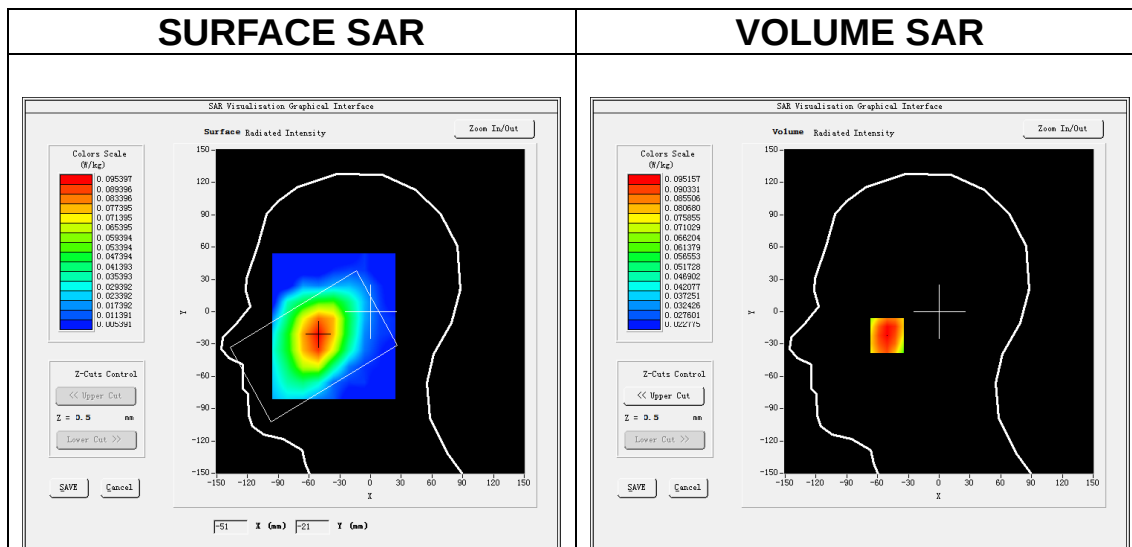
Date of measurement: 27/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 17</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.42</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

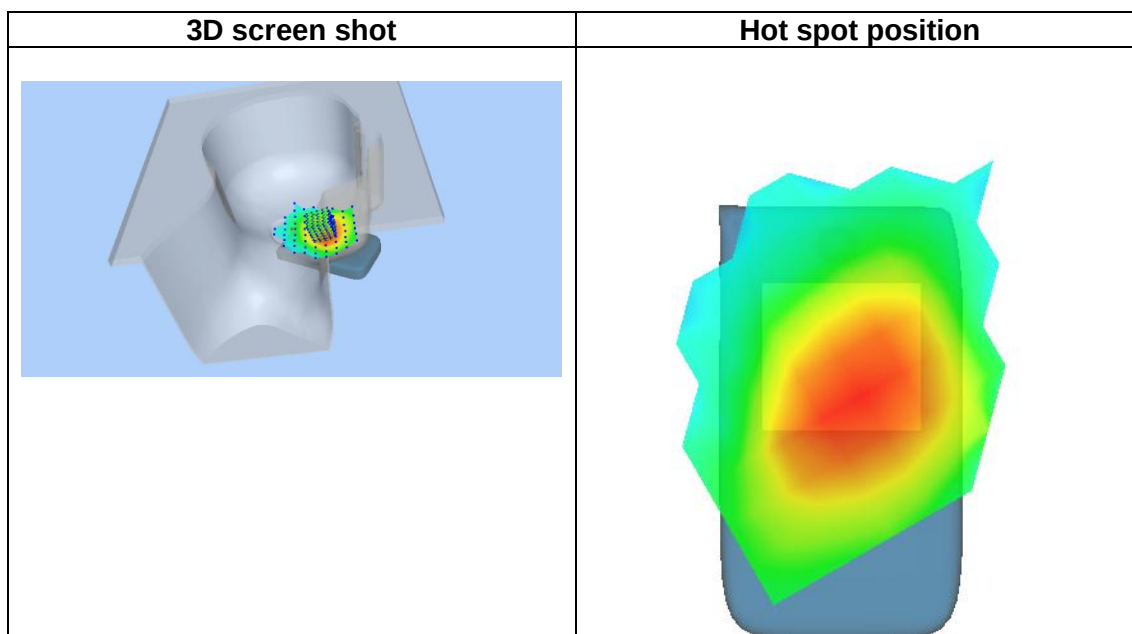
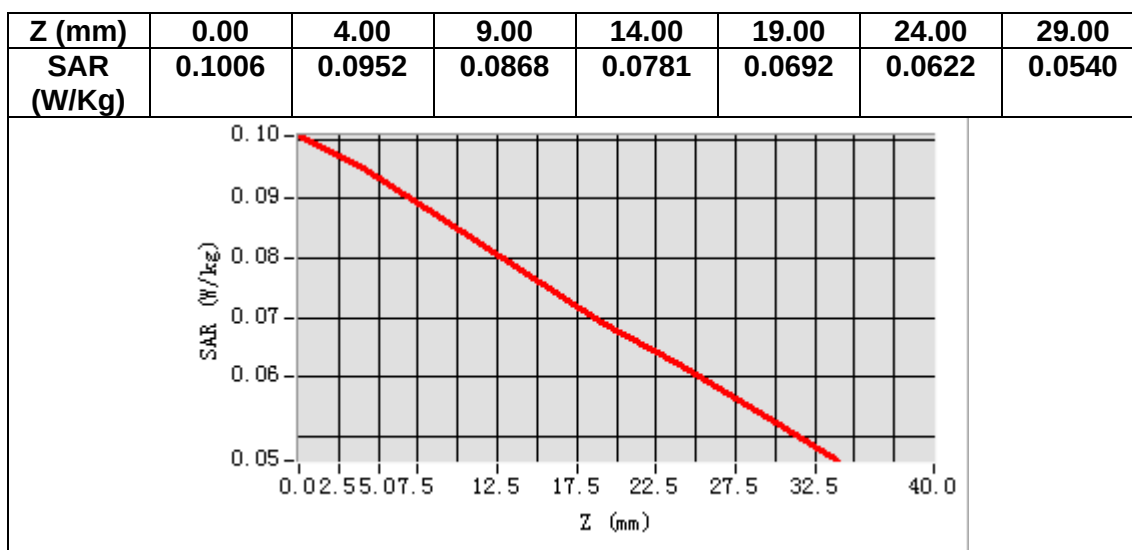
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.396824
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.898205
Conductivity (S/m)	0.863762
Variation (%)	0.550000



Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-22.00

SAR Peak: 0.11 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.079067
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.093290



MEASUREMENT 34

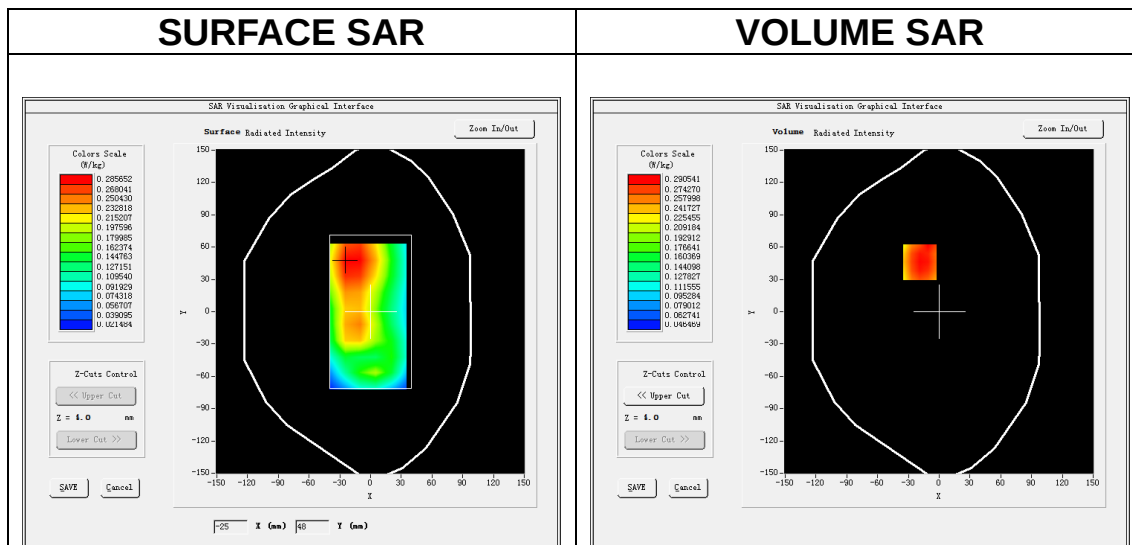
Date of measurement: 27/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 17</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.42</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

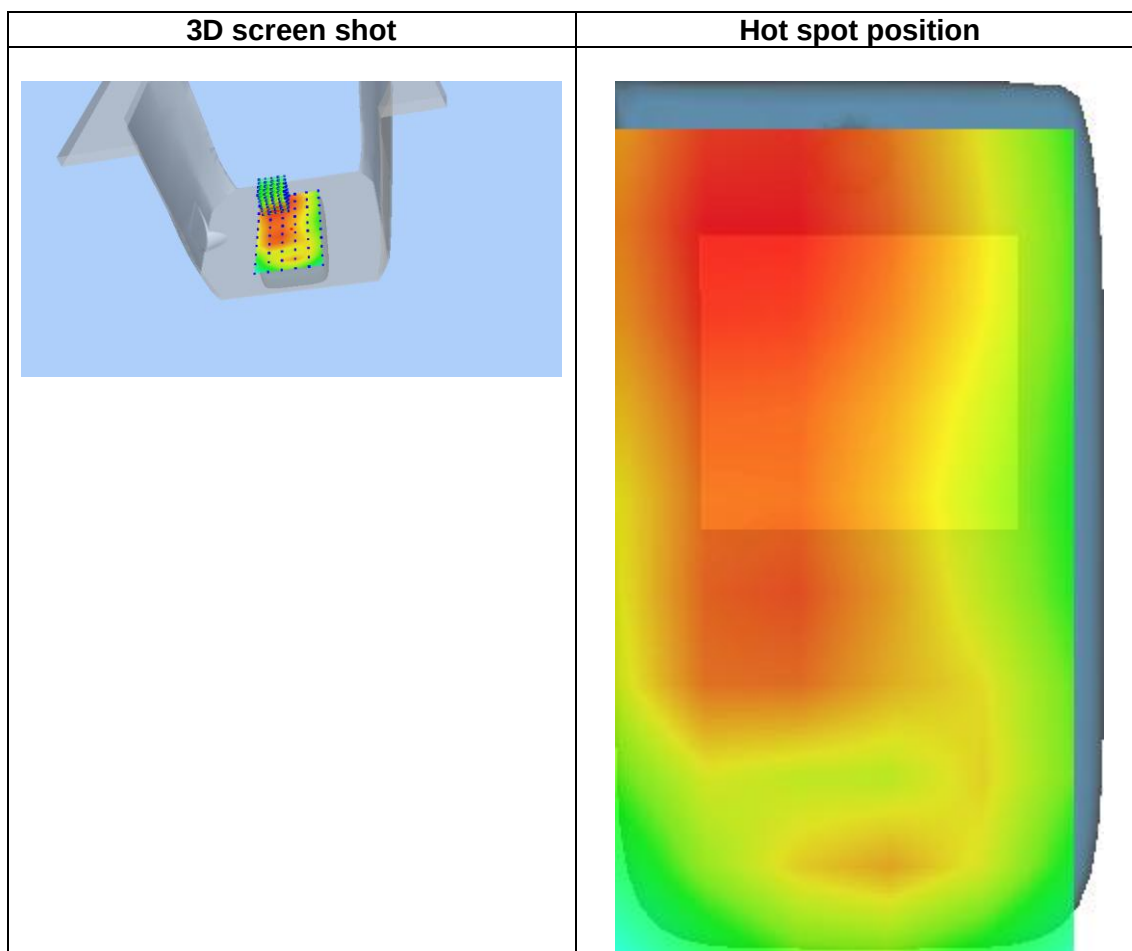
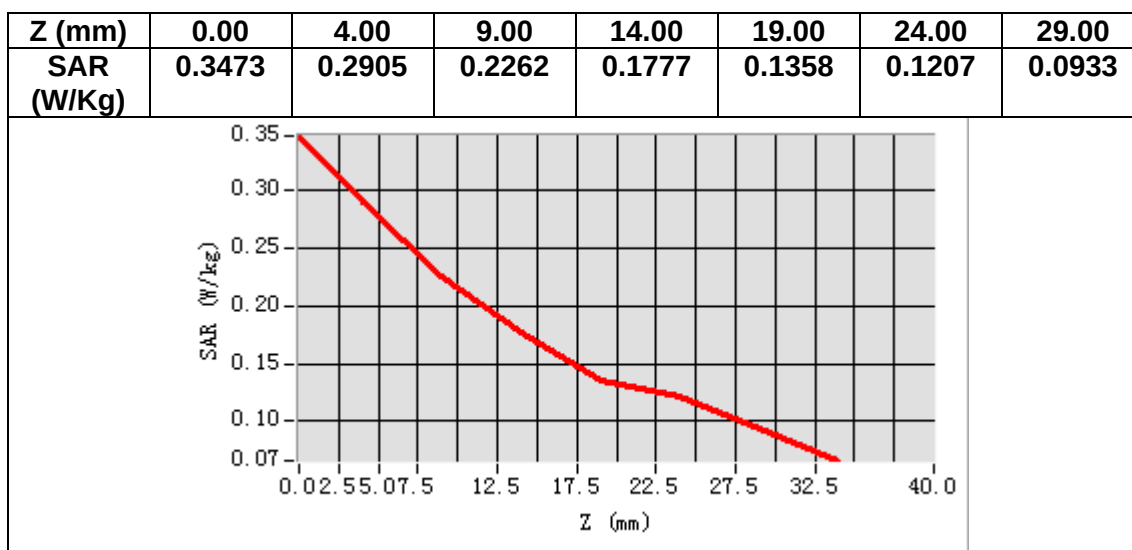
Frequency (MHz)	710.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.396824
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	21.898205
Conductivity (S/m)	0.863762
Variation (%)	-0.800000



Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=46.00

SAR Peak: 0.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.221622
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.270945



MEASUREMENT 35

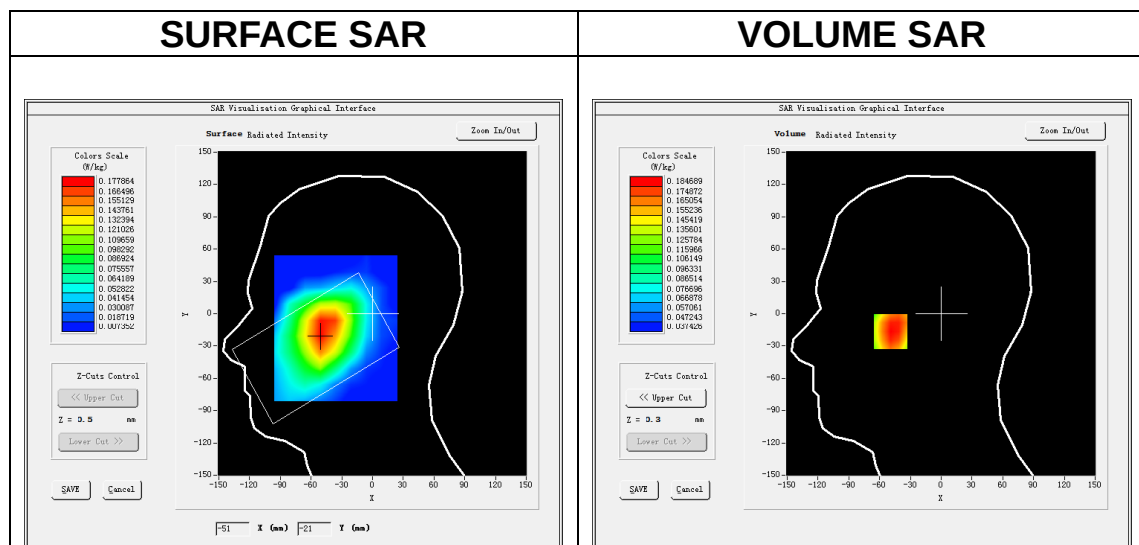
Date of measurement: 26/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm
ZoomScan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	FDDBand19
Channels	Middle
Signal	(Crest factor: 1.0)
ConvF	2.34

B. SAR Measurement Results

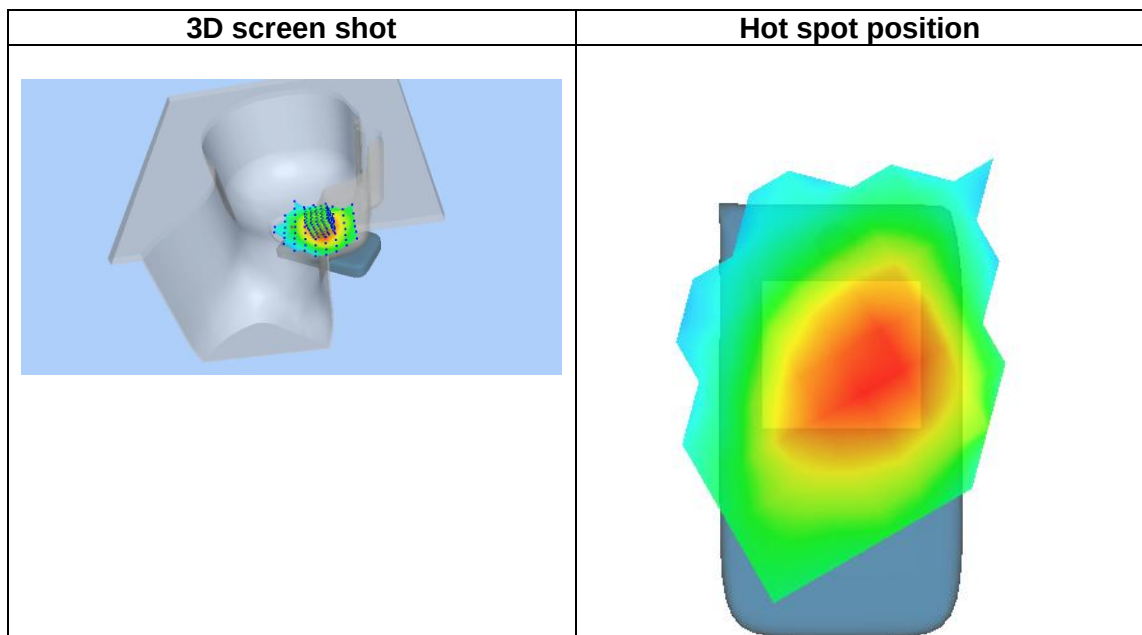
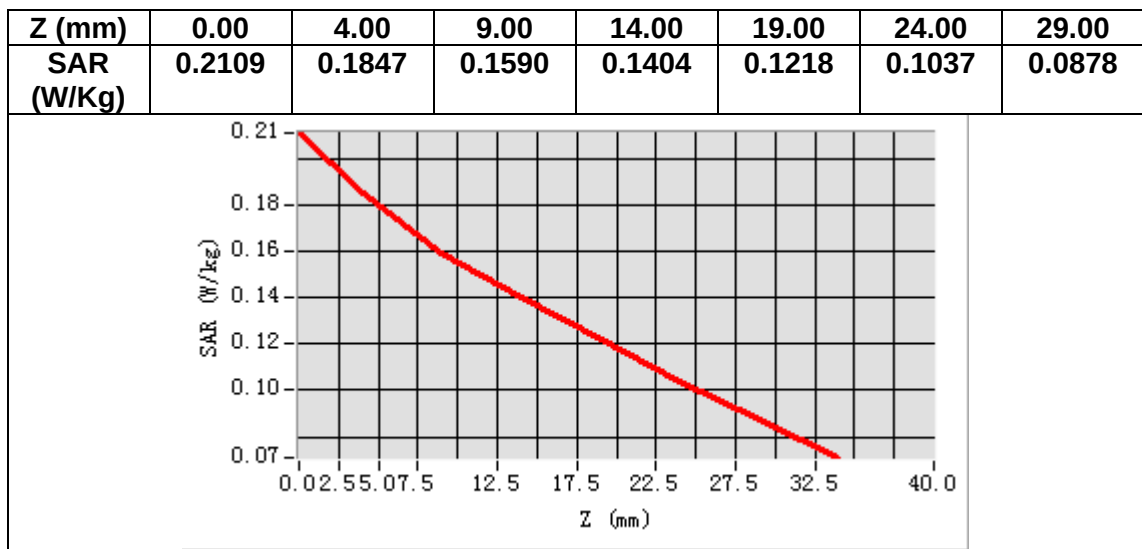
Frequency (MHz)	837.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.857166
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.716030
Conductivity (S/m)	0.917343
Variation (%)	1.970000



Maximum location: X=-49.00, Y=-16.00

SAR Peak: 0.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.147876
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.183987



MEASUREMENT 36

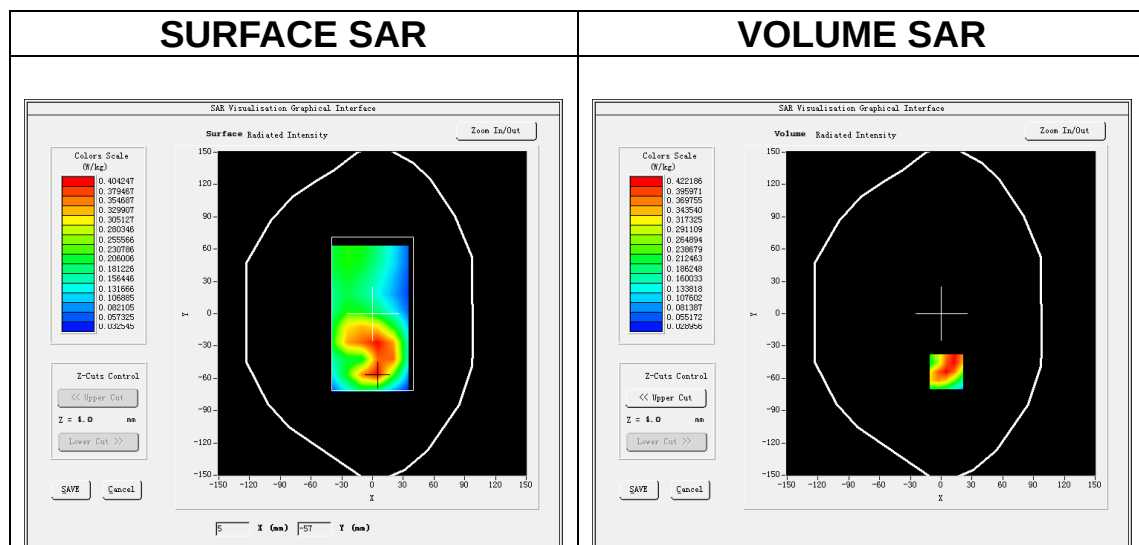
Date of measurement: 26/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>FDDBand19</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>(Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.34</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

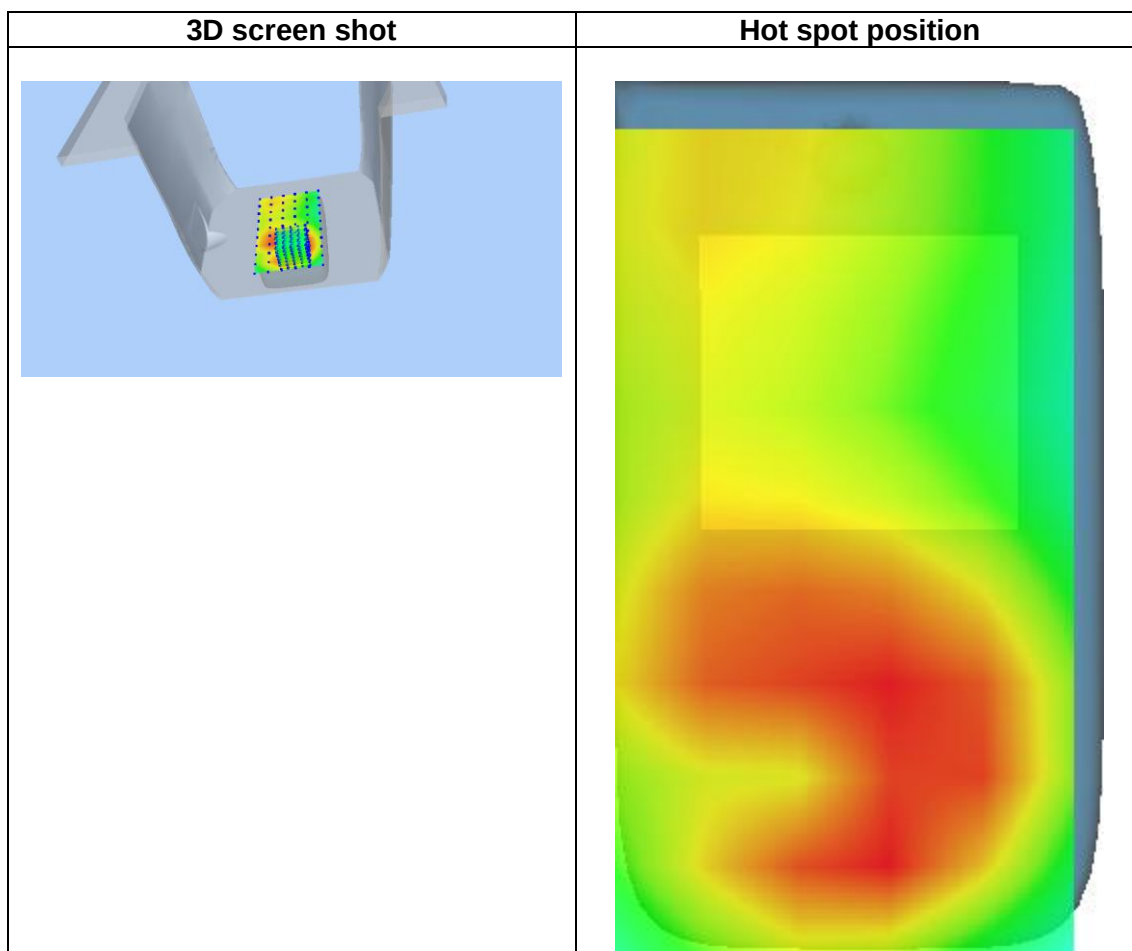
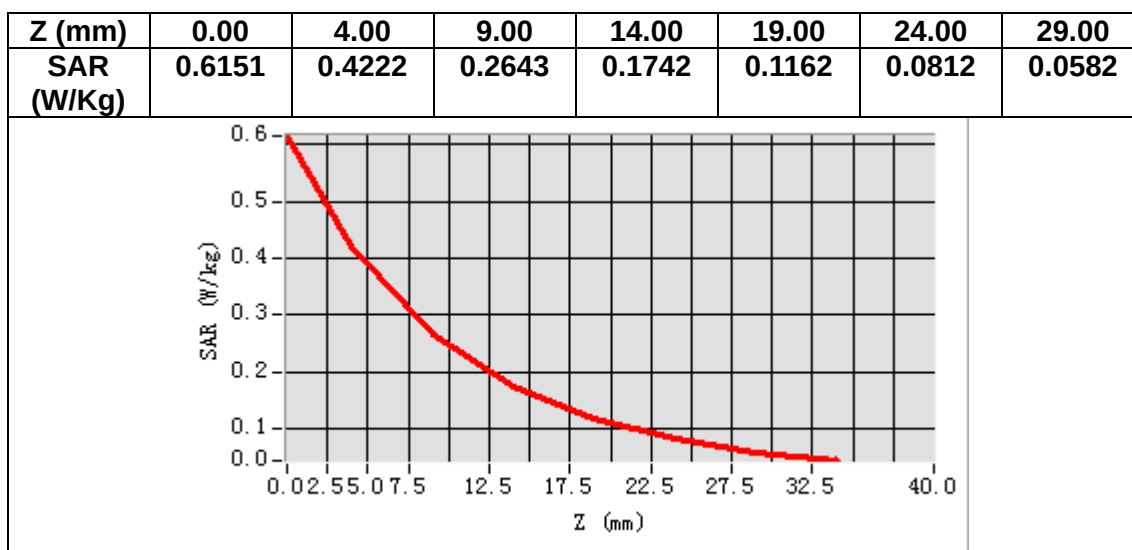
Frequency (MHz)	837.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.857166
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.716030
Conductivity (S/m)	0.917343
Variation (%)	-0.440000



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-54.00

SAR Peak: 0.61 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.250566
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.407894



MEASUREMENT 37

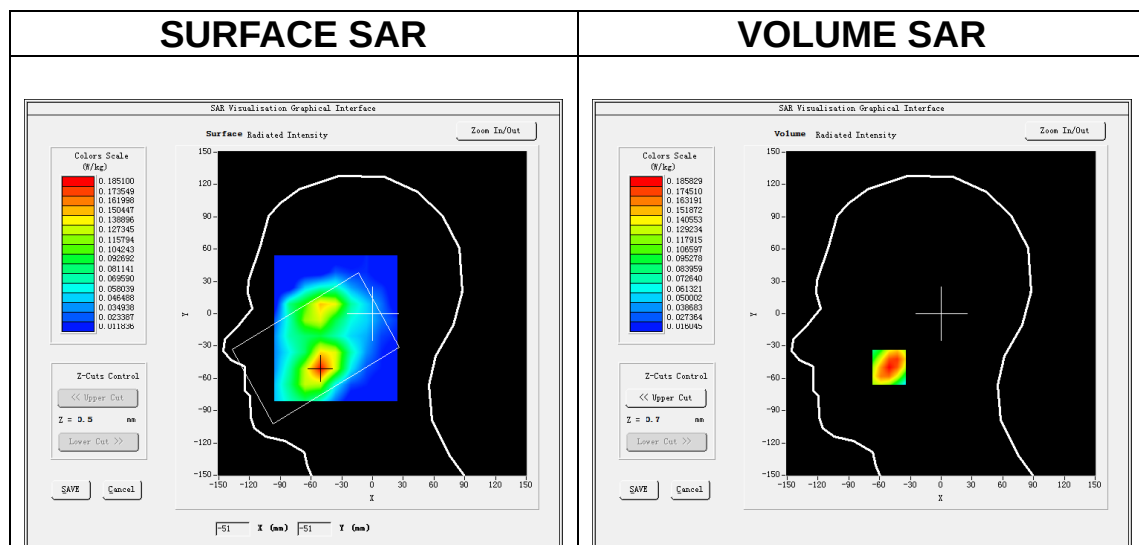
Date of measurement: 24/11/2024

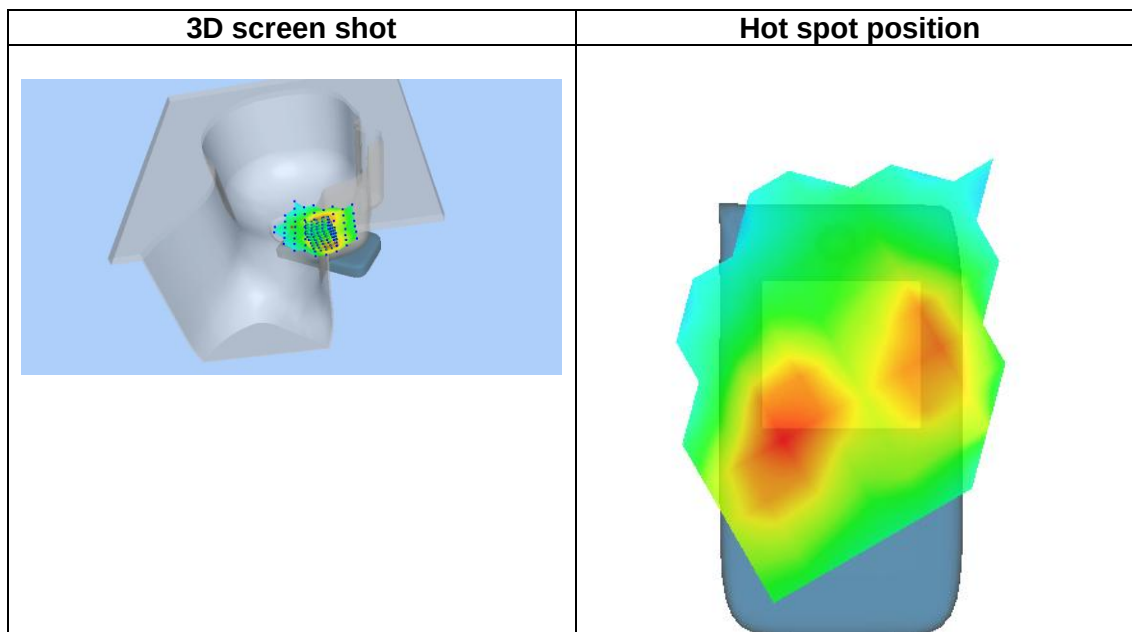
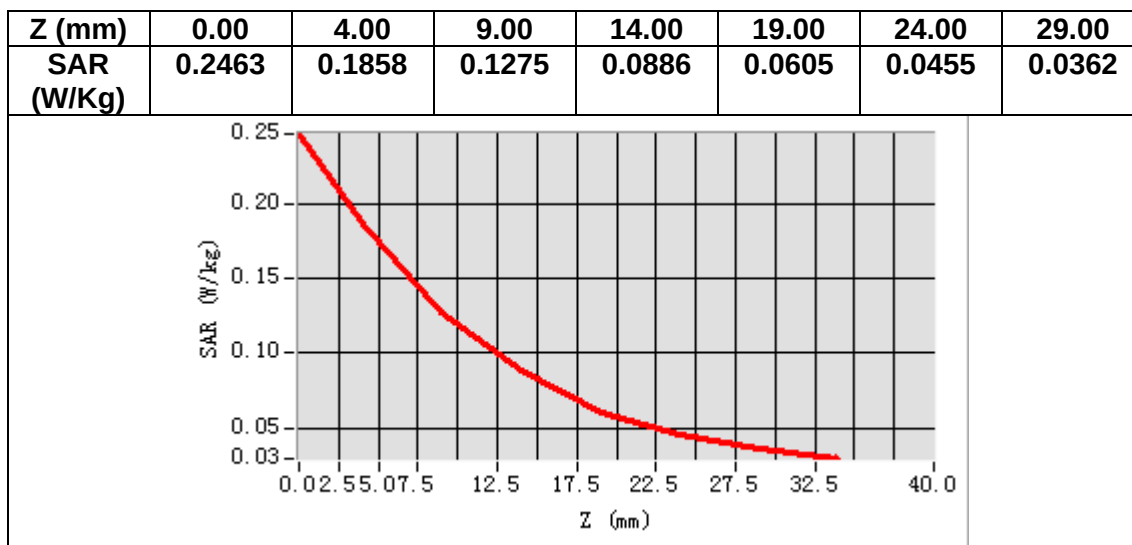
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 25</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.57</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1882.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.415211
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.726231
Conductivity (S/m)	1.435154
Variation (%)	4.250000





MEASUREMENT 38

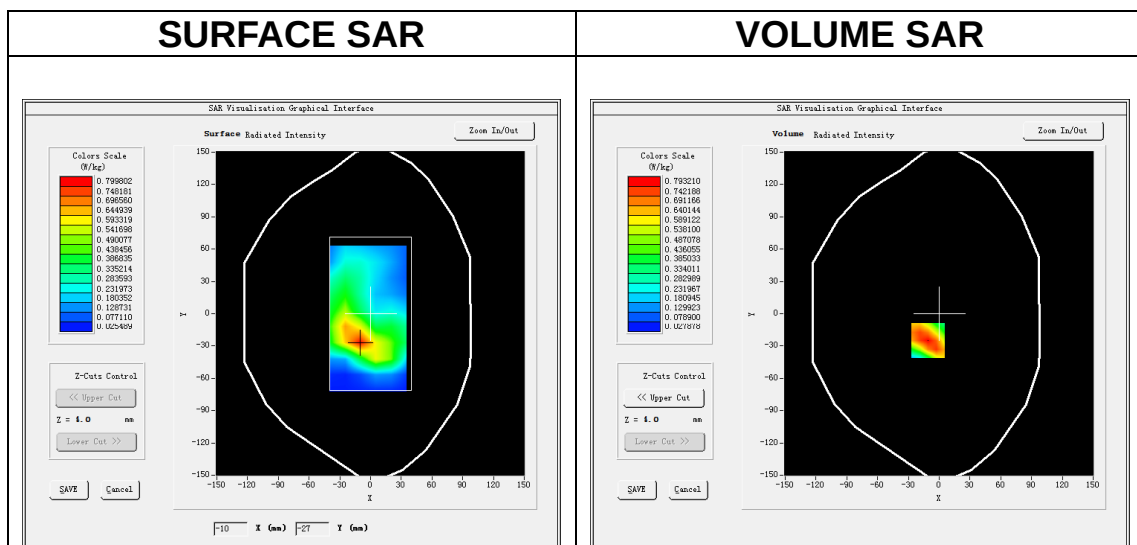
Date of measurement: 24/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 25</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.57</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

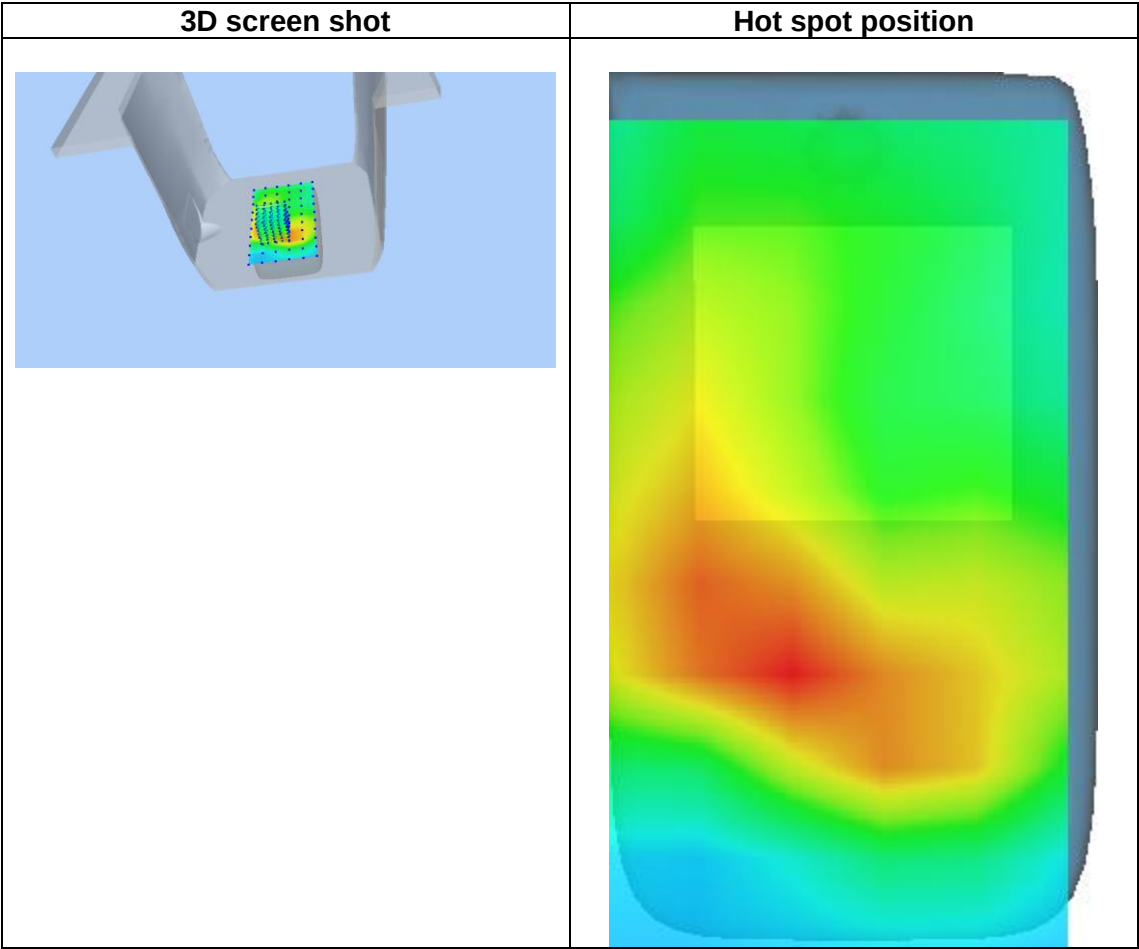
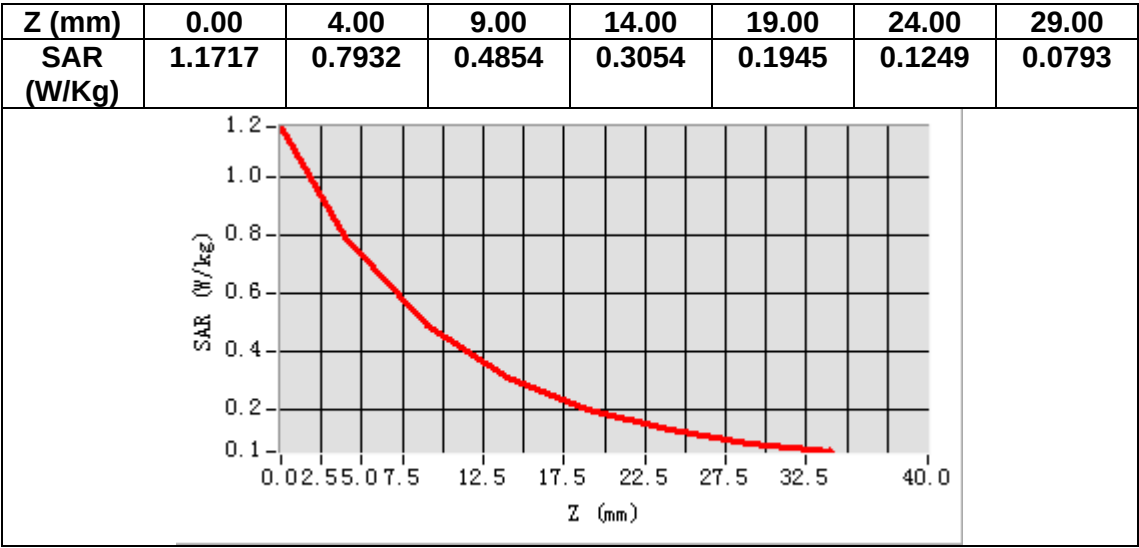
Frequency (MHz)	1882.500000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.415211
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.726231
Conductivity (S/m)	1.435154
Variation (%)	3.950000



Maximum location: X=-11.00, Y=-25.00

SAR Peak: 1.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.445179
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.771514



MEASUREMENT 39

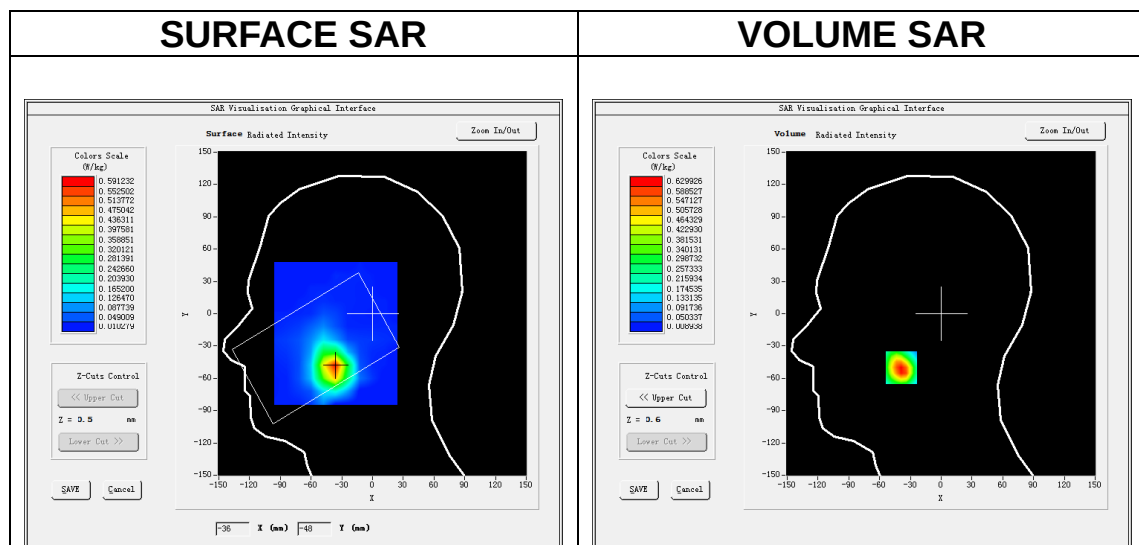
Date of measurement: 25/11/2024

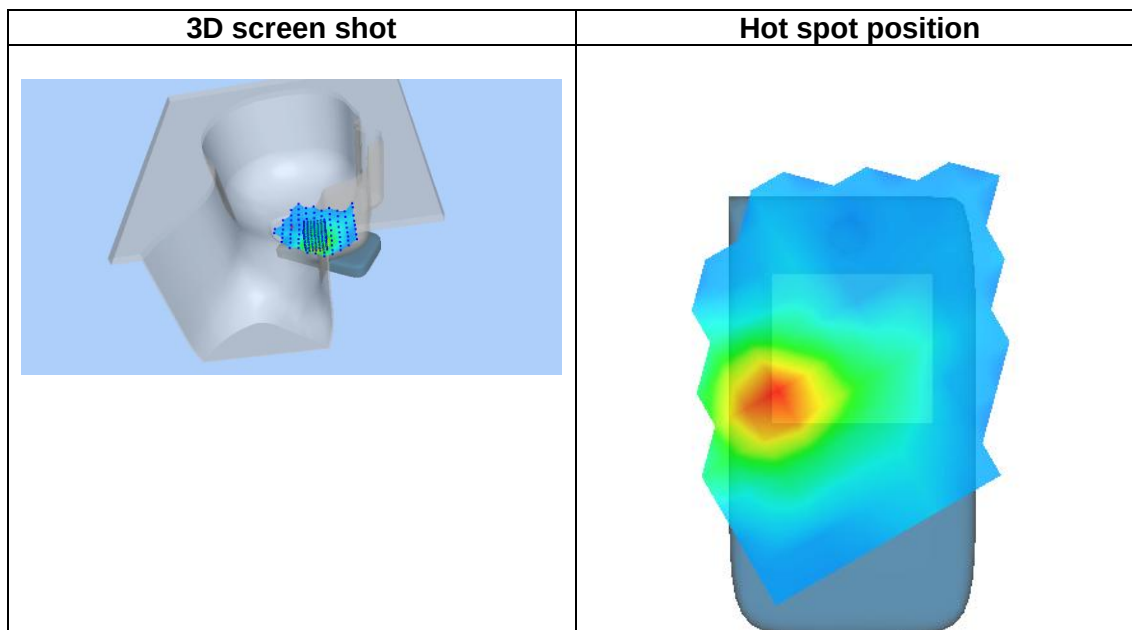
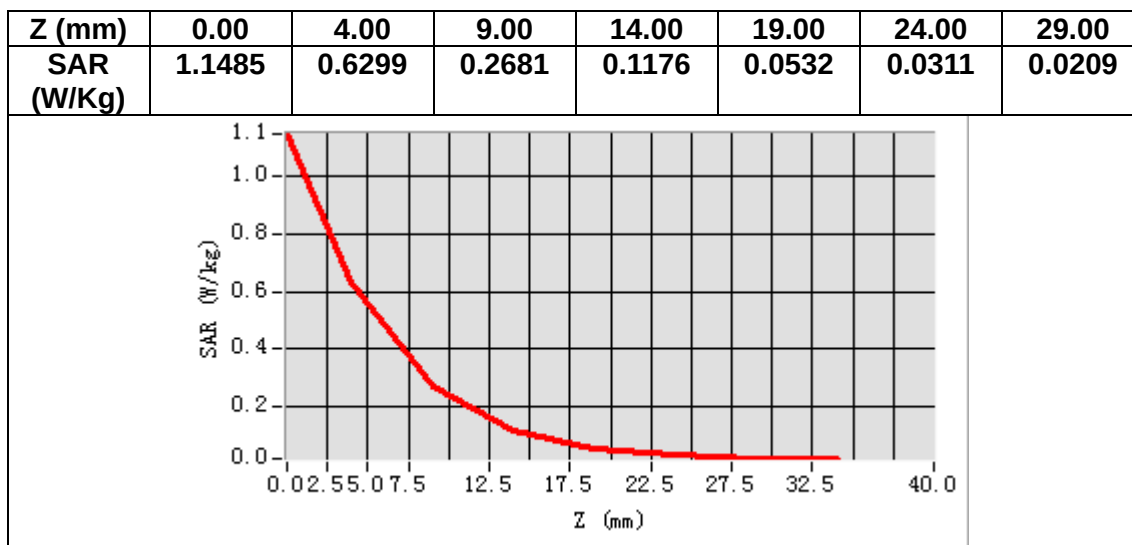
A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
Band	<u>LTE band 38</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.6)</u>
ConvF	<u>2.51</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2595.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.845840
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.813172
Conductivity (S/m)	1.991399
Variation (%)	1.799999





MEASUREMENT 40

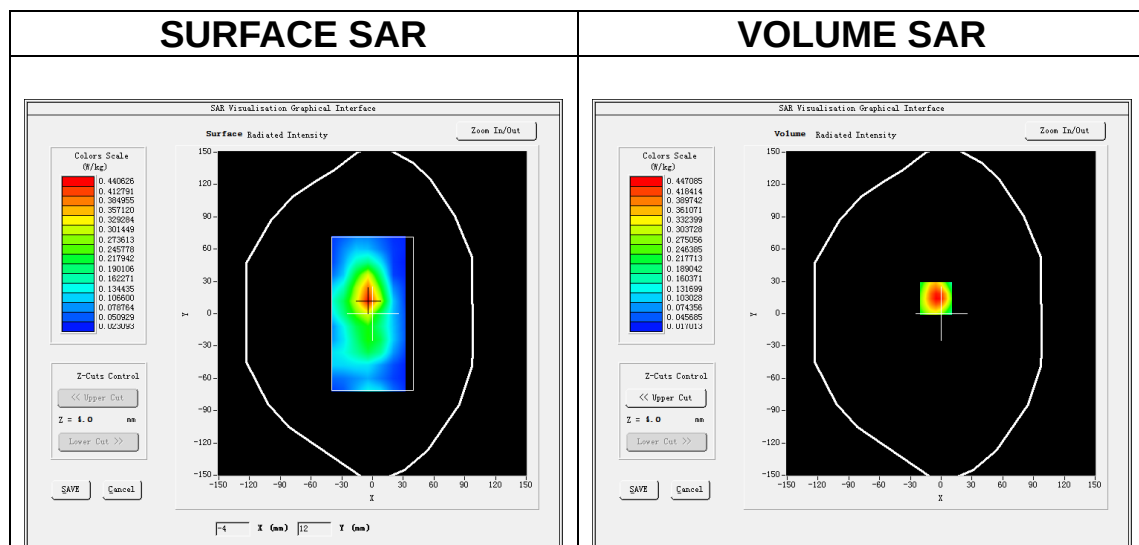
Date of measurement: 25/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 38</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.6)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.51</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

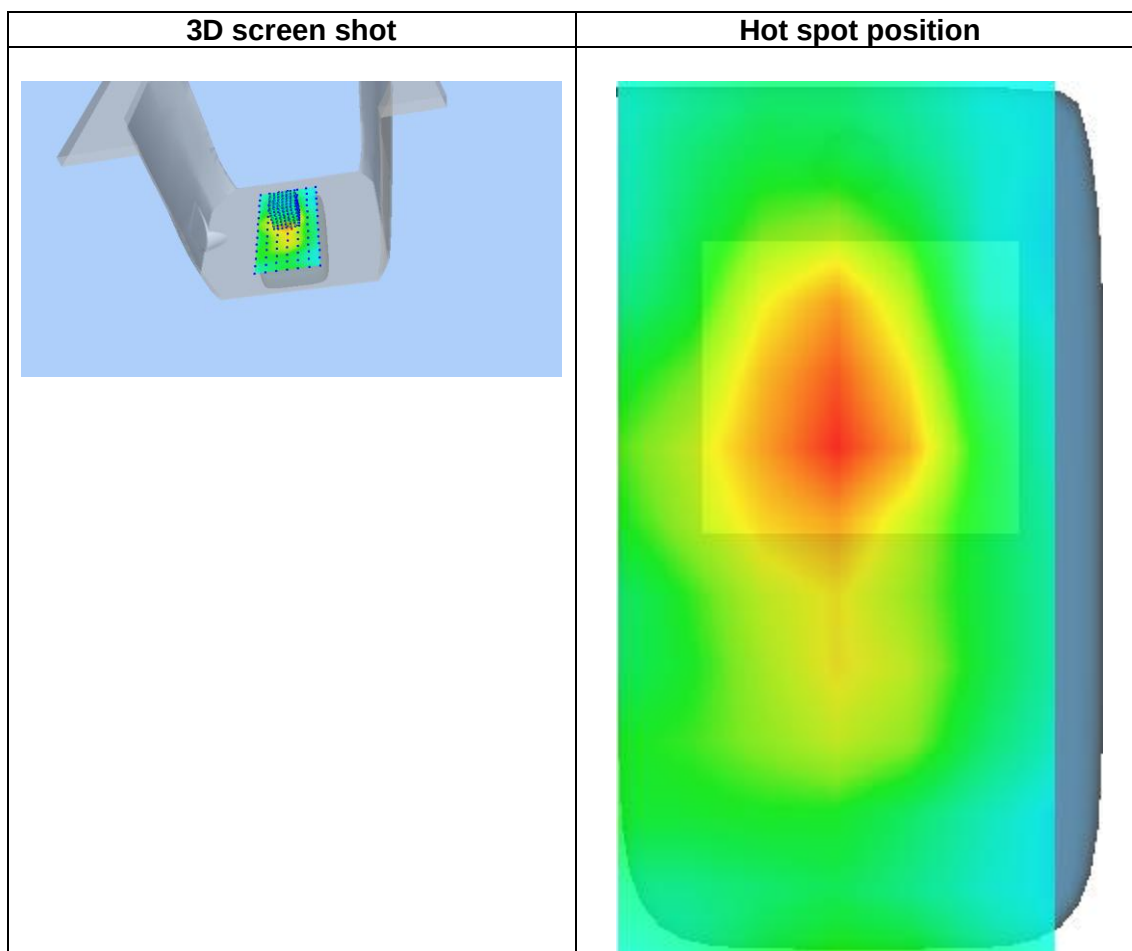
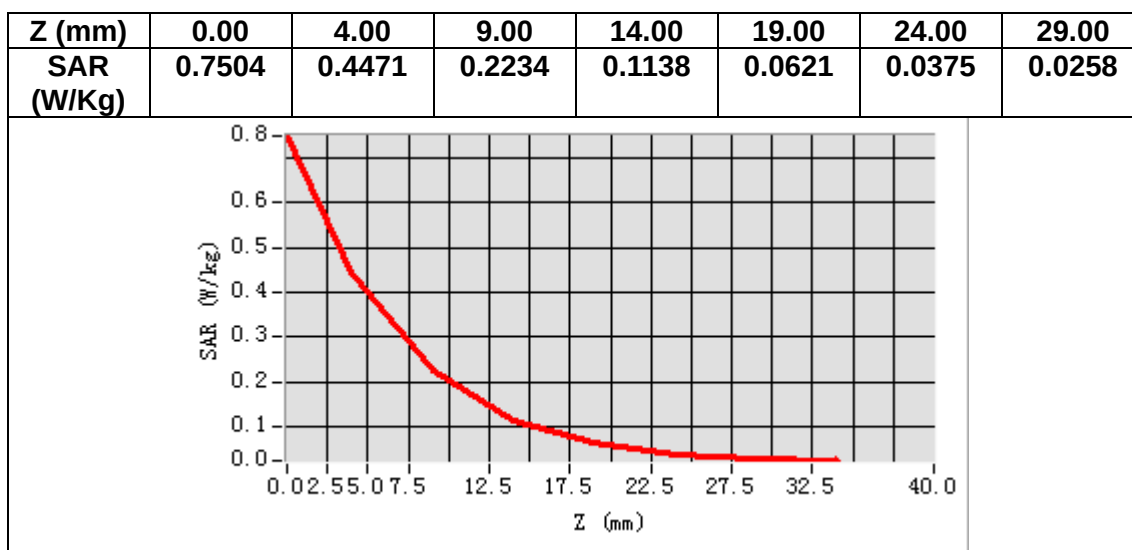
Frequency (MHz)	2595.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.845840
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.813172
Conductivity (S/m)	1.991399
Variation (%)	0.400000



Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=14.00

SAR Peak: 0.76 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.217784
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.430393



MEASUREMENT 41

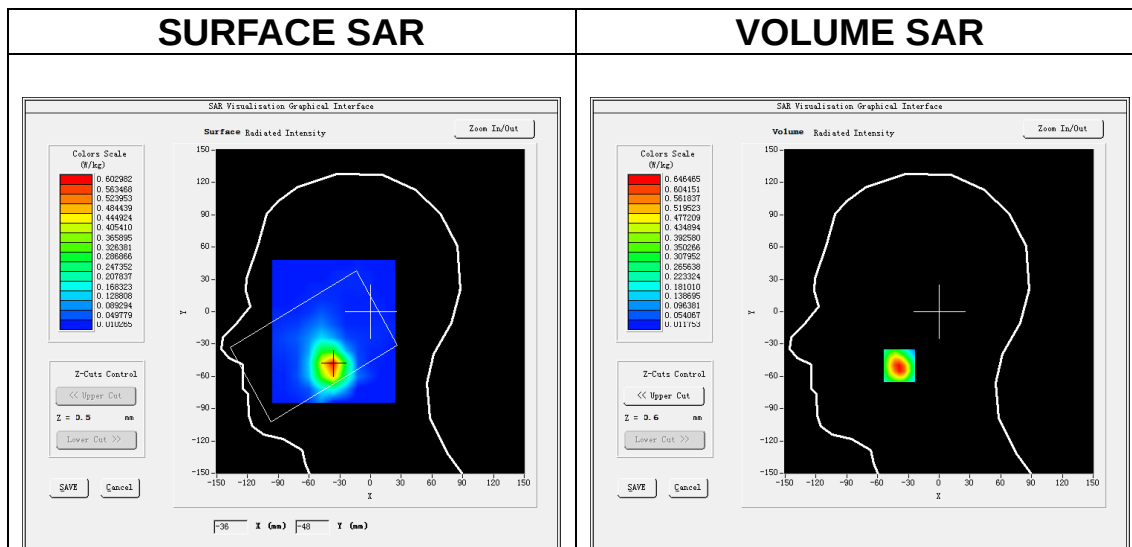
Date of measurement: 25/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 41</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.6)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.51</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

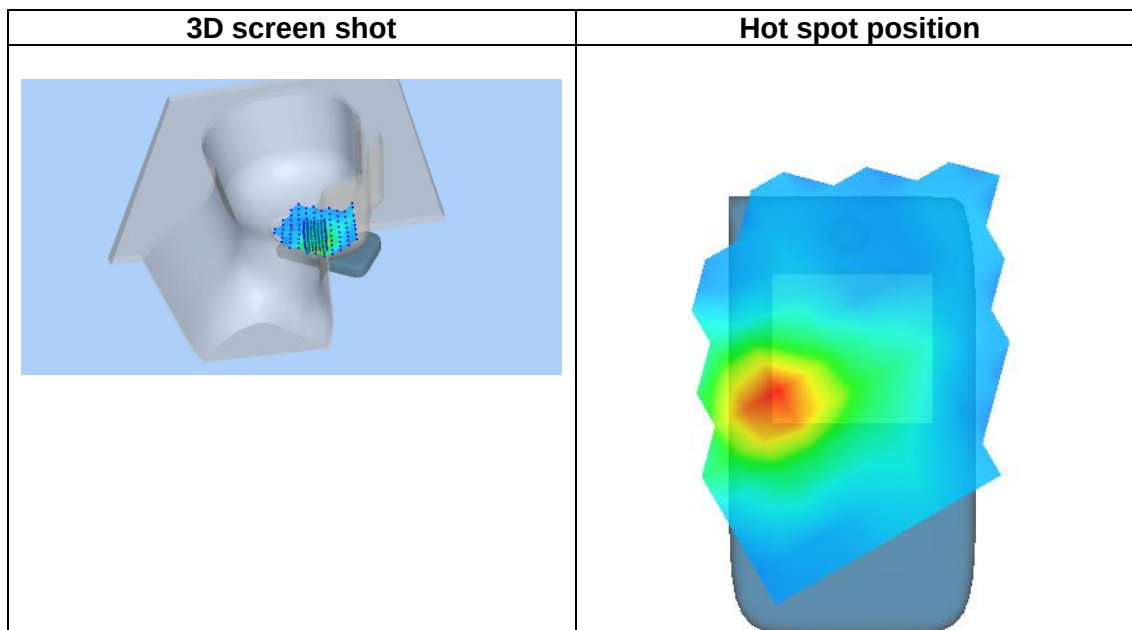
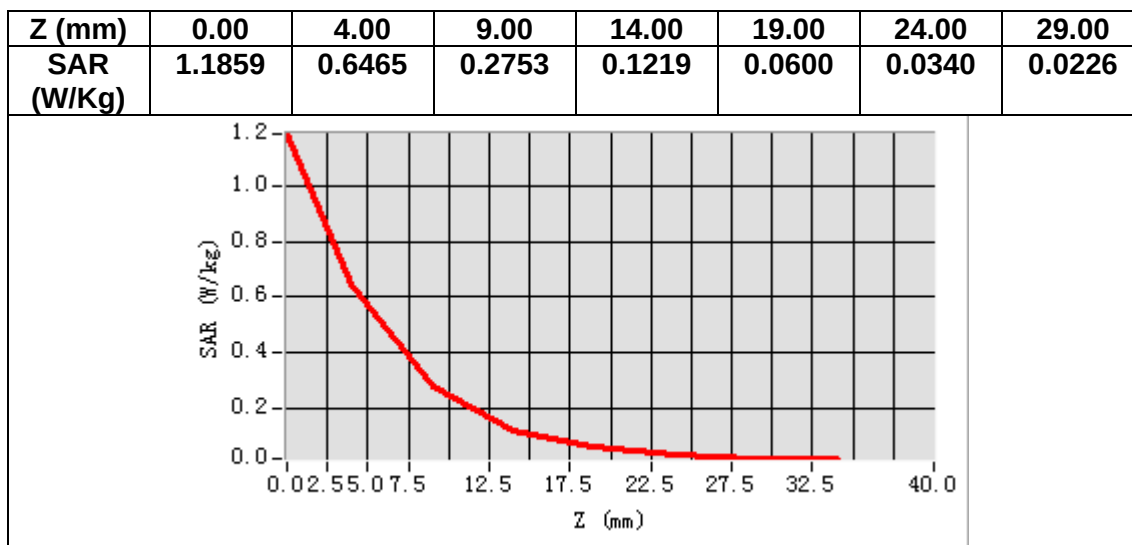
Frequency (MHz)	2593.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.932243
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.762972
Conductivity (S/m)	1.982633
Variation (%)	3.280000



Maximum location: X=-37.00, Y=-50.00

SAR Peak: 1.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.280624
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.615555



MEASUREMENT 42

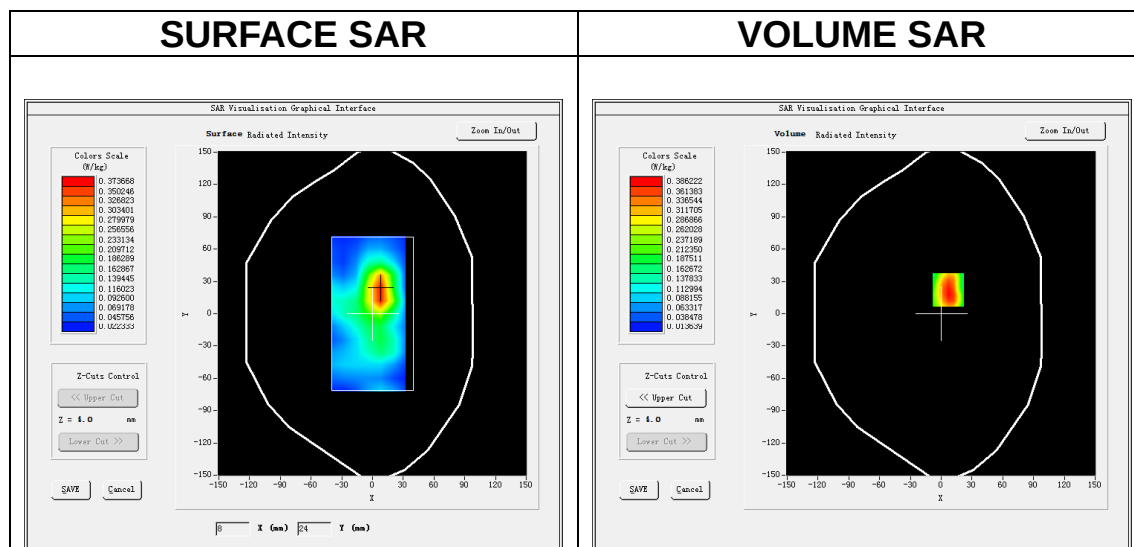
Date of measurement: 25/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 41</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.6)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.51</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

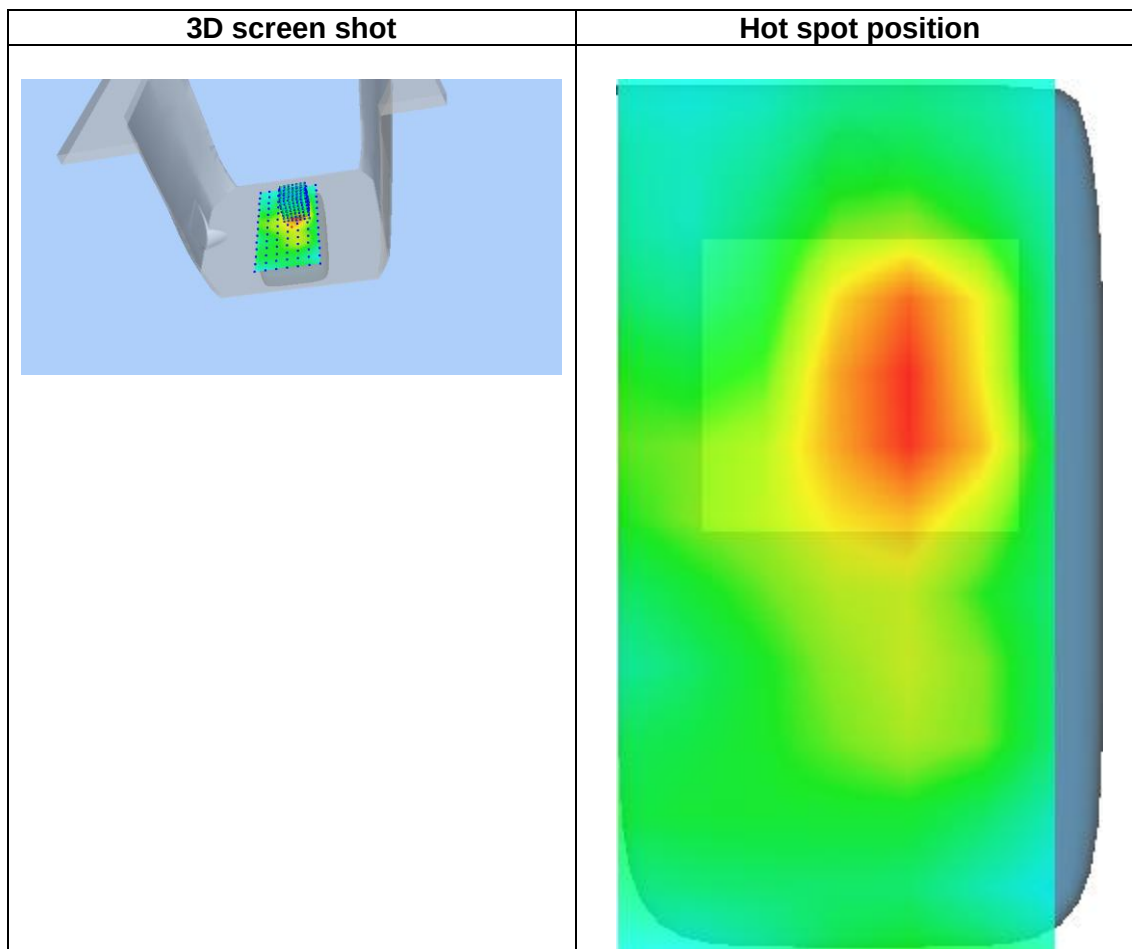
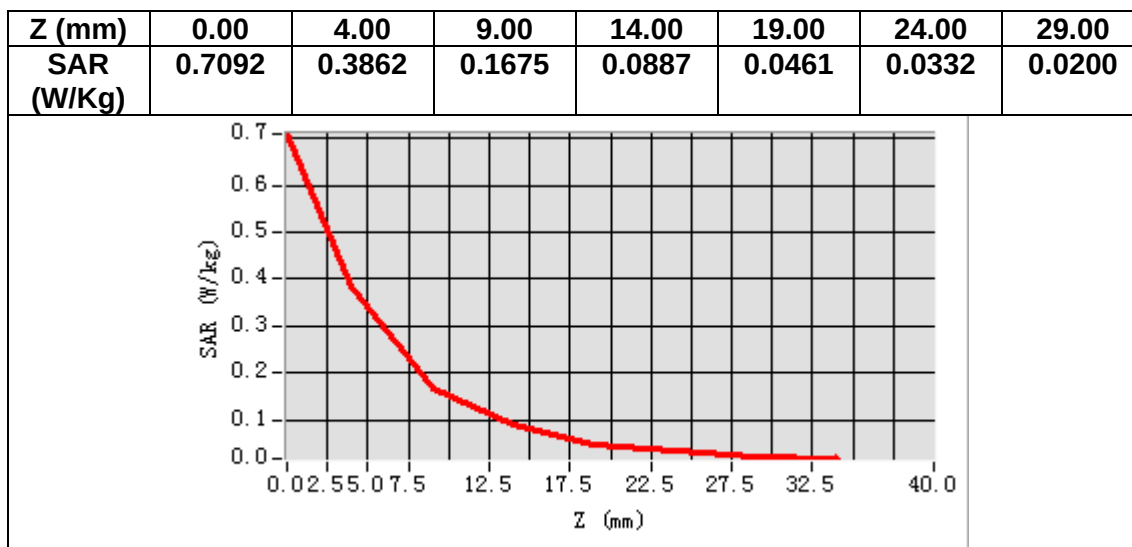
Frequency (MHz)	2593.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.932243
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.762972
Conductivity (S/m)	1.982633
Variation (%)	1.380000



Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=22.00

SAR Peak: 0.66 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.185419
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.370553



MEASUREMENT 43

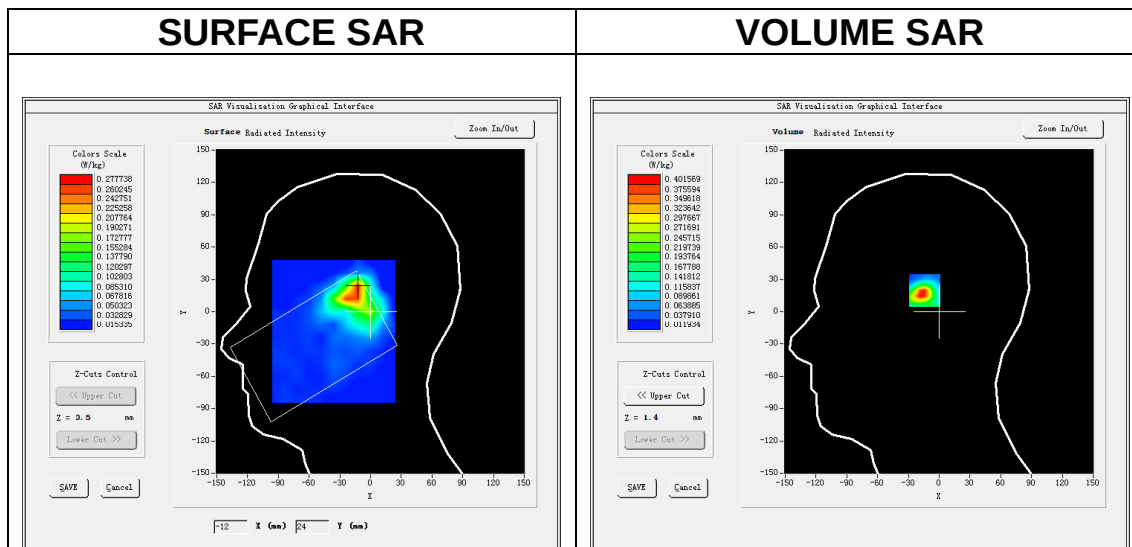
Date of measurement: 28/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
ZoomScan	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
Phantom	<u>Left head</u>
Device Position	<u>Cheek</u>
Band	<u>SA n78</u>
Channels	<u>Middle</u>
Signal	<u>(Crest factor: 1.6)</u>
ConvF	<u>2.15</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

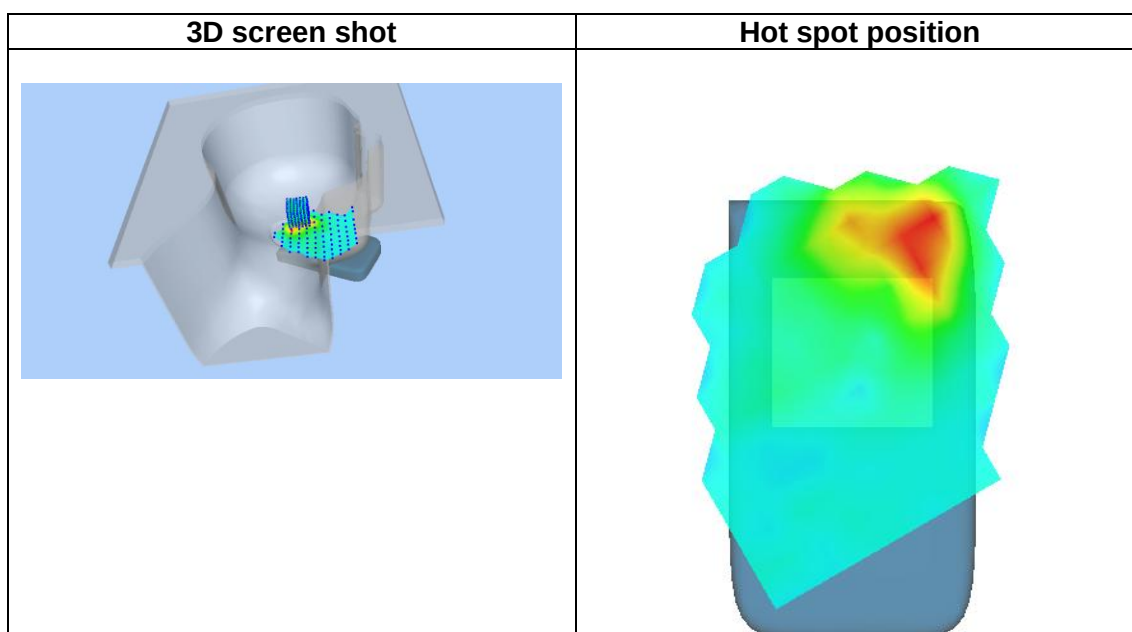
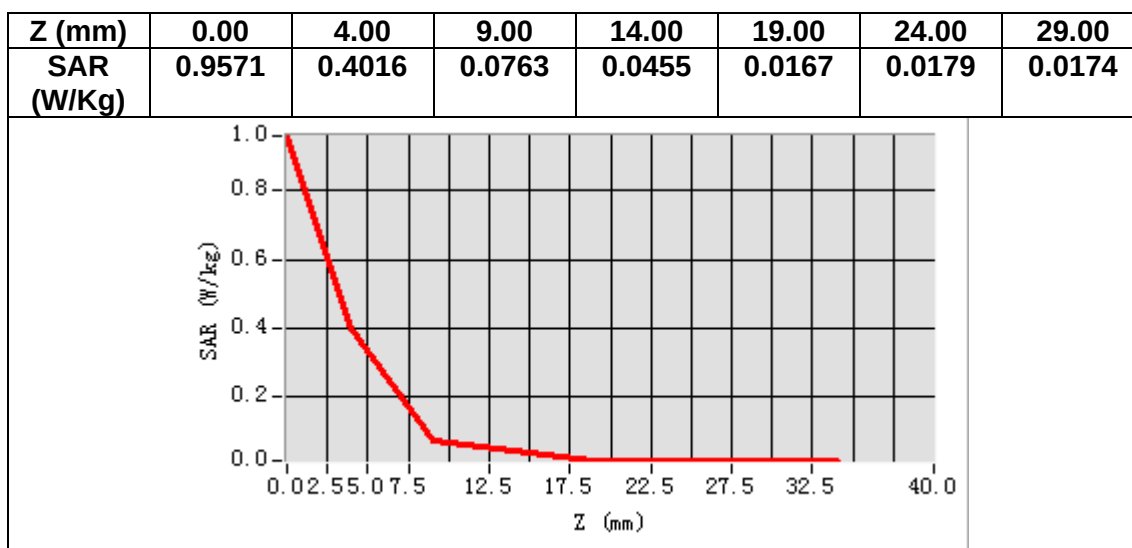
Frequency (MHz)	3549.990000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.569071
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.509588
Conductivity (S/m)	2.861605
Variation (%)	0.050000



Maximum location: X=-13.00, Y=21.00

SAR Peak: 0.88 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.135159
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.383089



MEASUREMENT 44

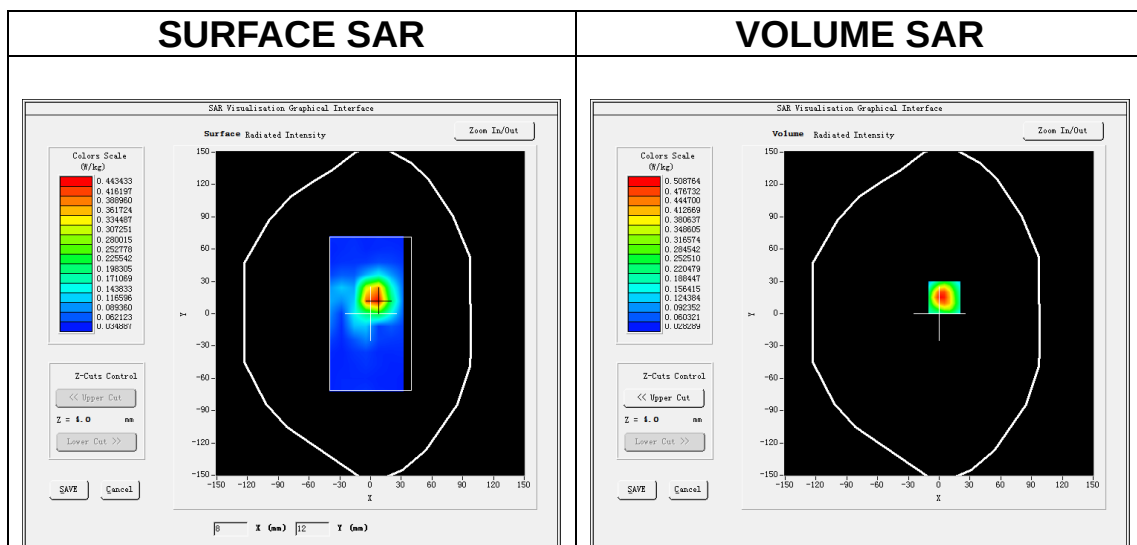
Date of measurement: 28/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>SA n78</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>(Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.15</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

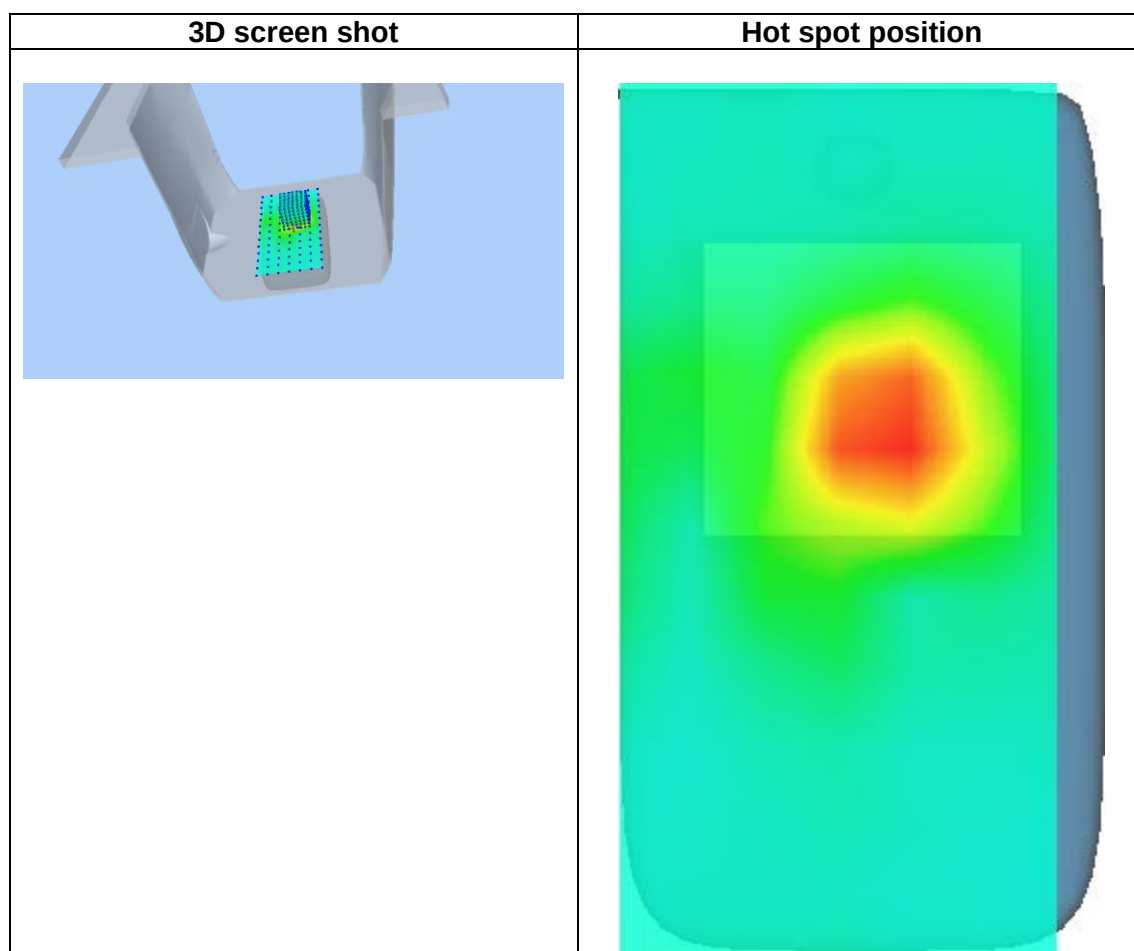
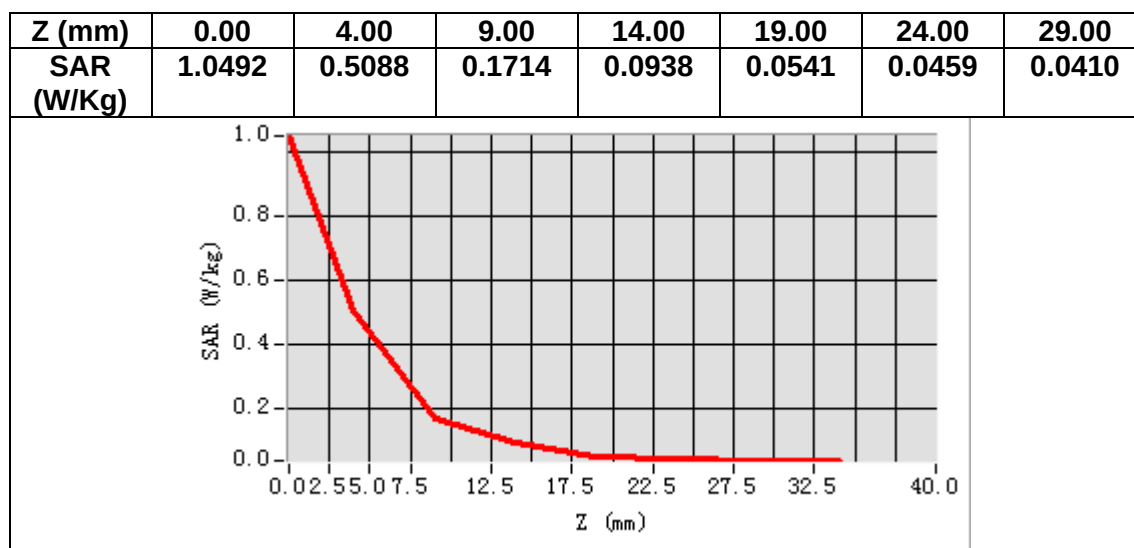
Frequency (MHz)	3549.990000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.569071
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.509588
Conductivity (S/m)	2.861605
Variation (%)	-0.120000



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=15.00

SAR Peak: 0.96 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.214290
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.487611



MEASUREMENT 45

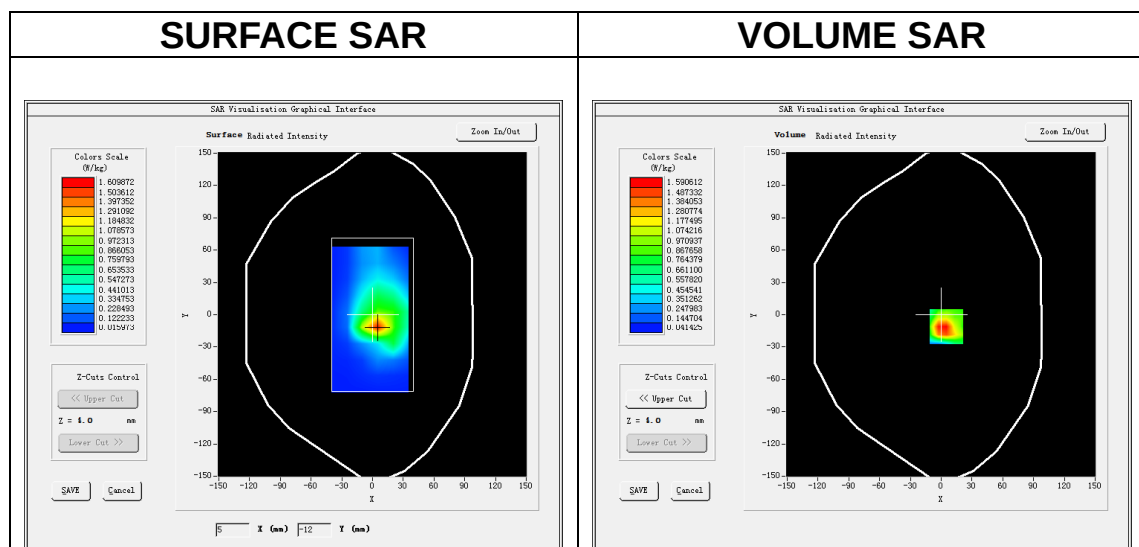
Date of measurement: 24/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>LTE band 2</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.57</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

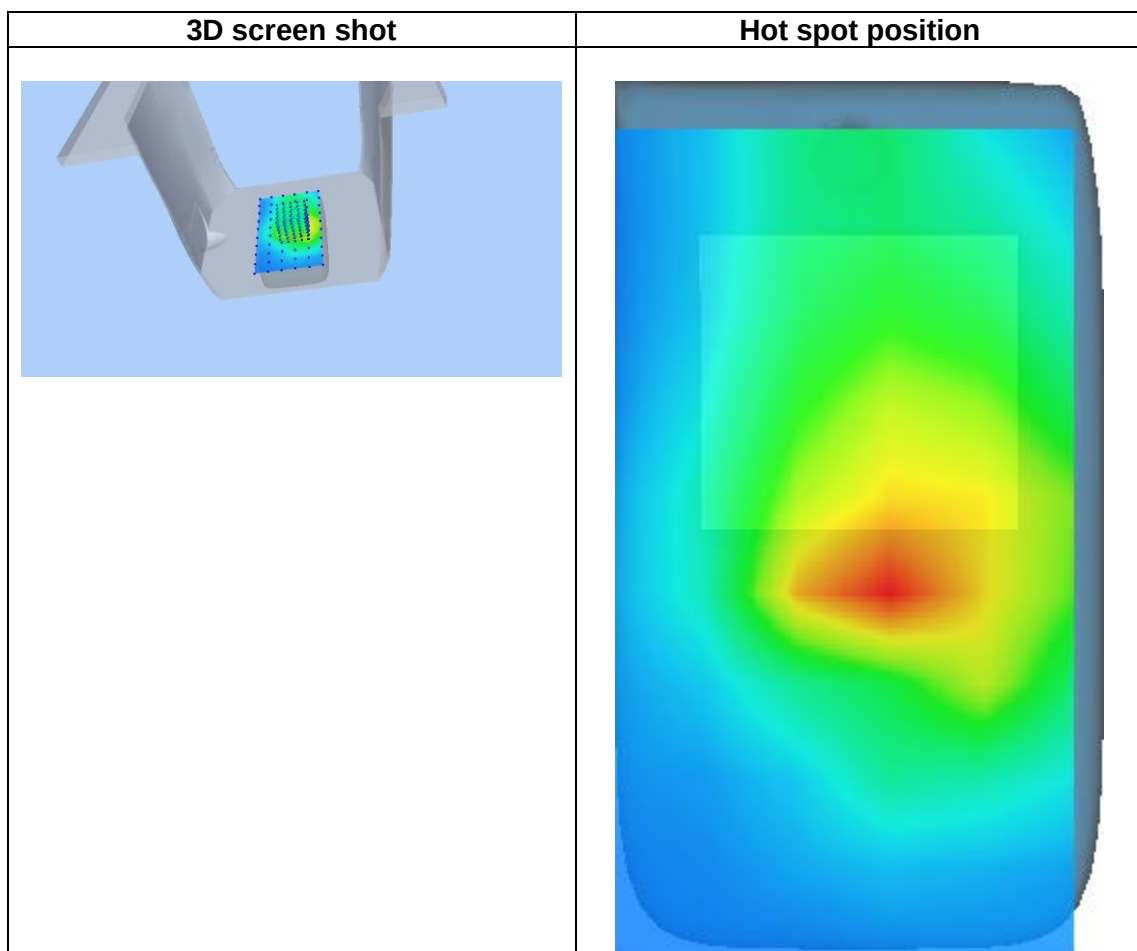
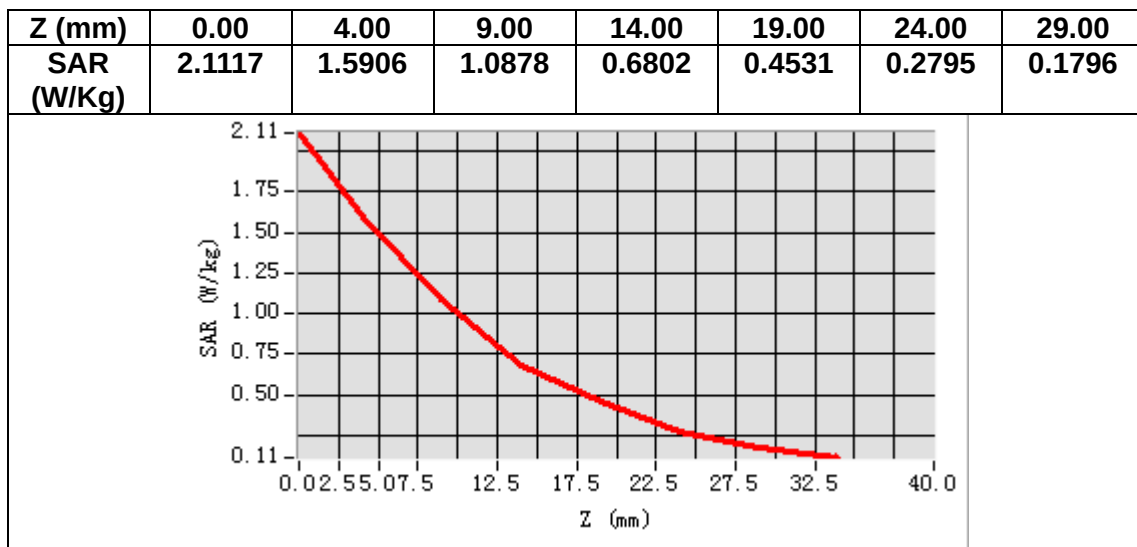
Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.415112
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.697431
Conductivity (S/m)	1.430621
Variation (%)	-1.940000



Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=-11.00

SAR Peak: 2.59 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.833487
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.596472



MEASUREMENT 46

Date of measurement: 28/11/2024

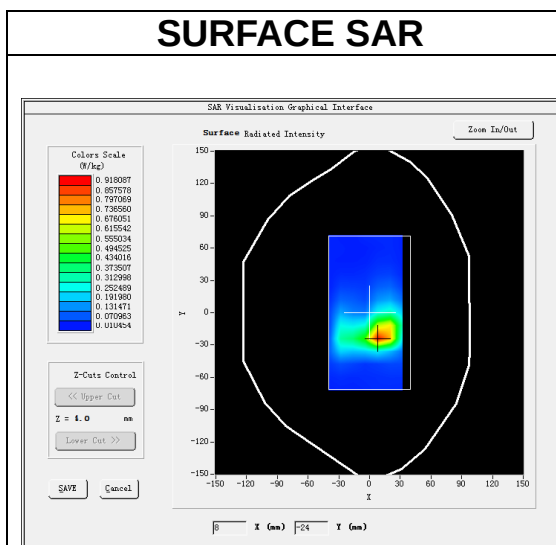
A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>SA n78</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>(Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.15</u>

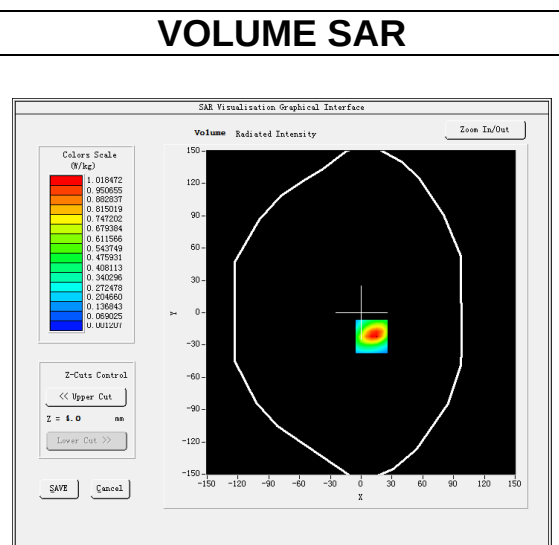
B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	3549.990000
Relative permittivity (real part)	37.569071
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.509588
Conductivity (S/m)	2.861605
Variation (%)	3.300000

SURFACE SAR



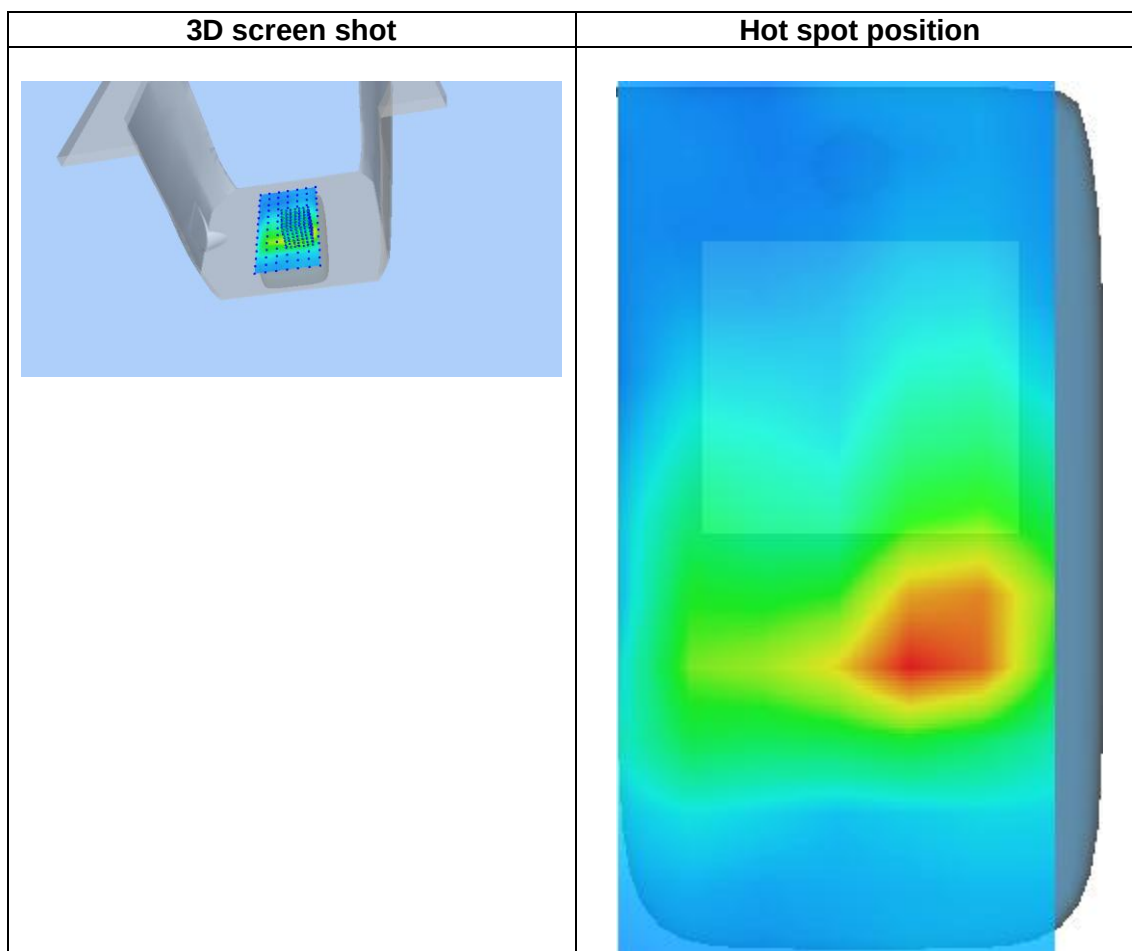
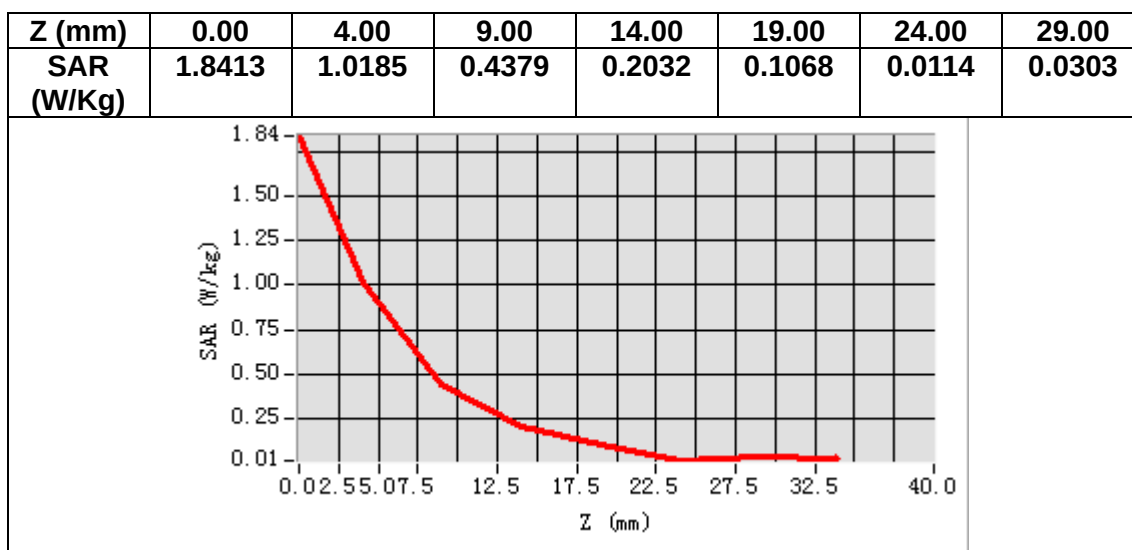
VOLUME SAR



Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=-22.00

SAR Peak: 1.86 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.415111
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.966200



MEASUREMENT 47

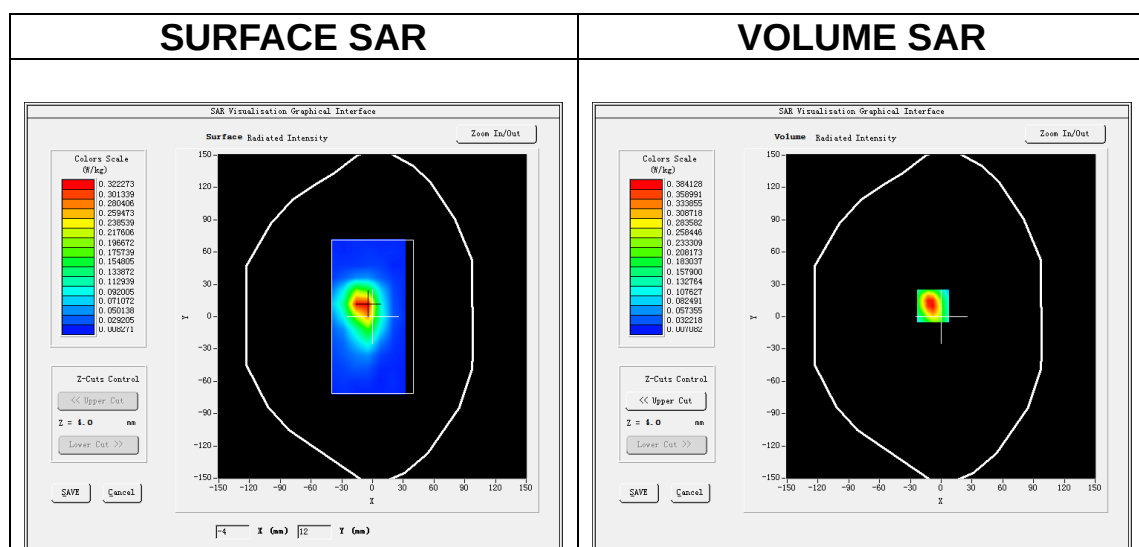
Date of measurement: 18/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=12mm dy=12mm, h= 5.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11b ISM</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.11b (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>2.74</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

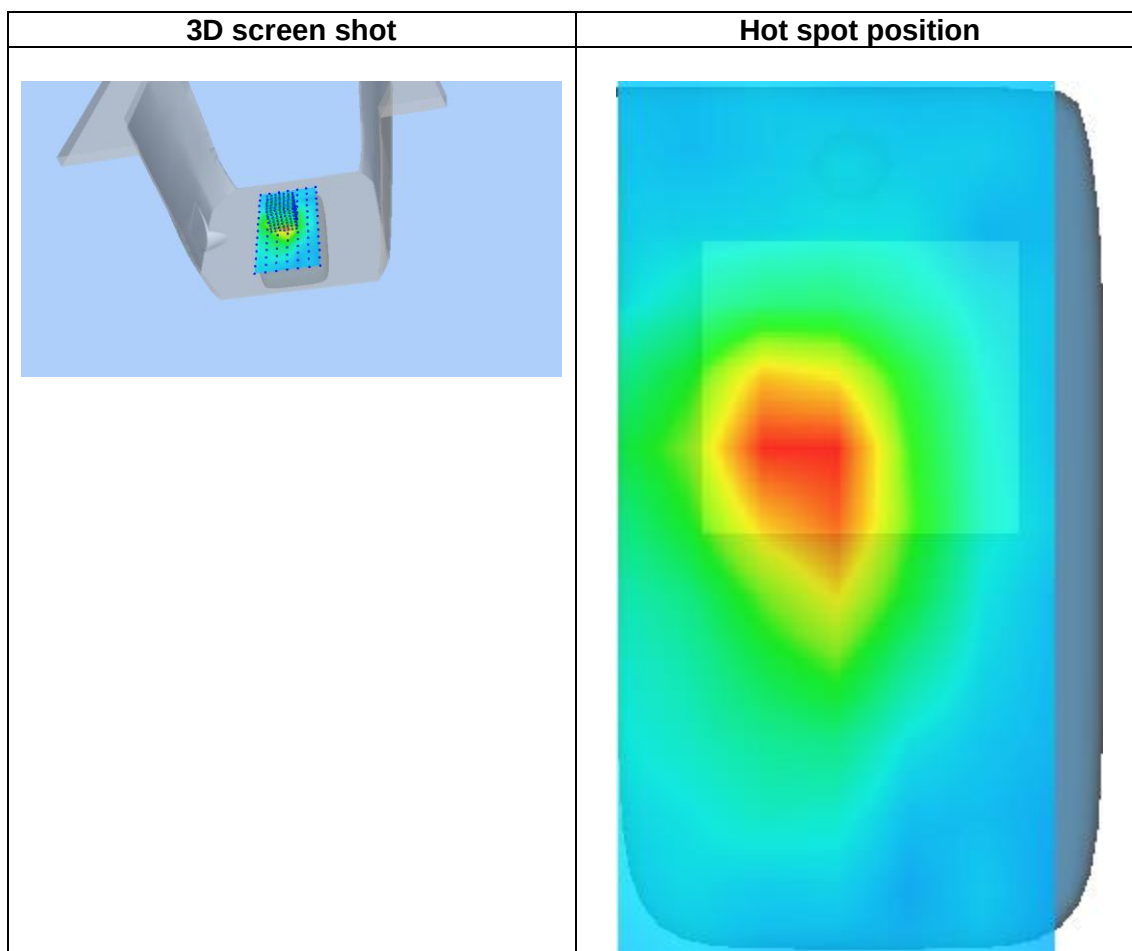
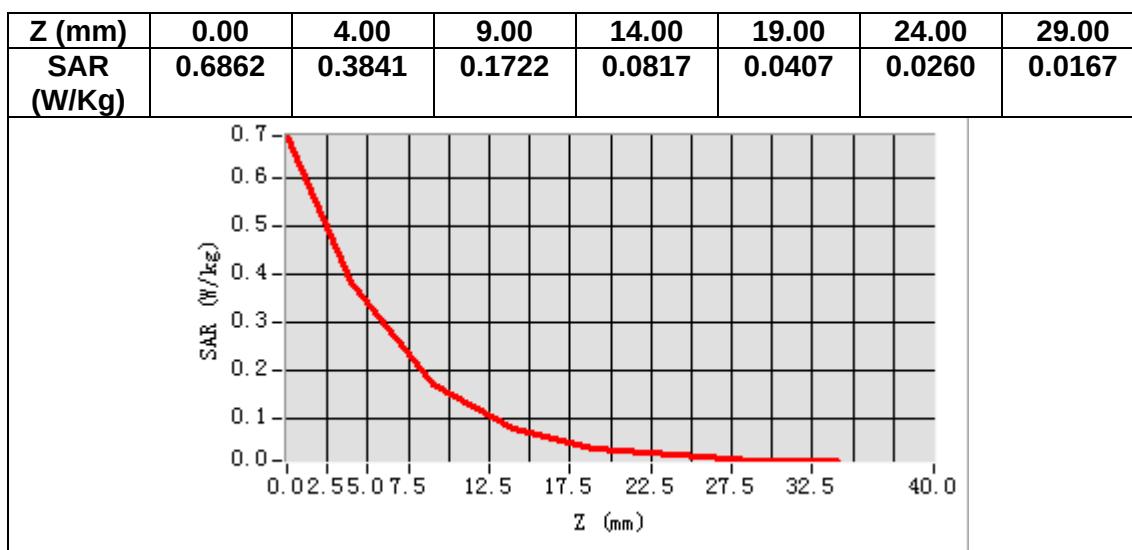
Frequency (MHz)	2437.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.014111
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.123987
Conductivity (S/m)	1.776842
Variation (%)	0.130000



Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=10.00

SAR Peak: 0.70 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.161462
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.364702



MEASUREMENT 48

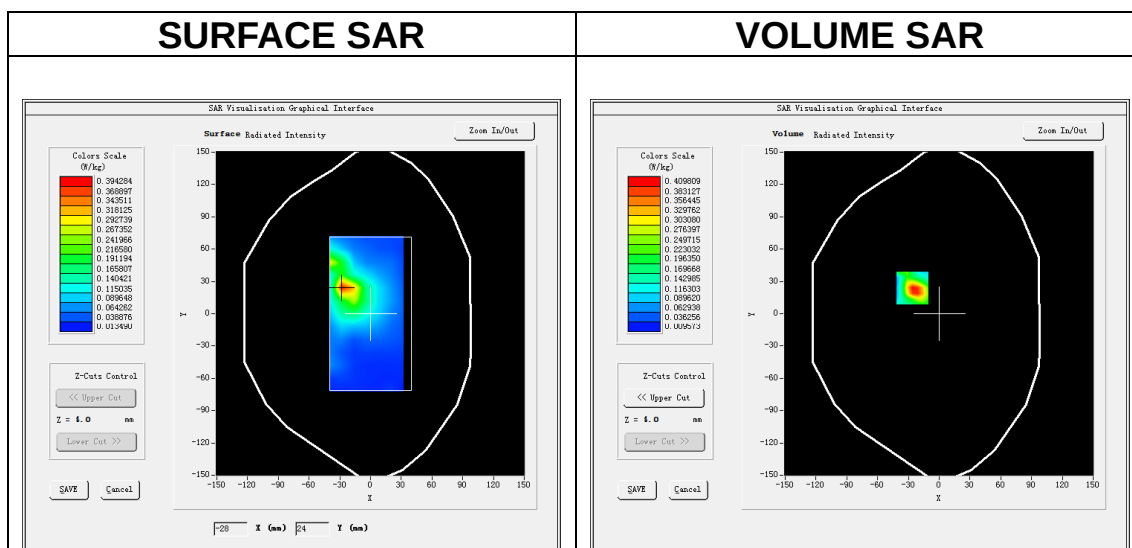
Date of measurement: 7/11/2024

A. Experimental conditions.

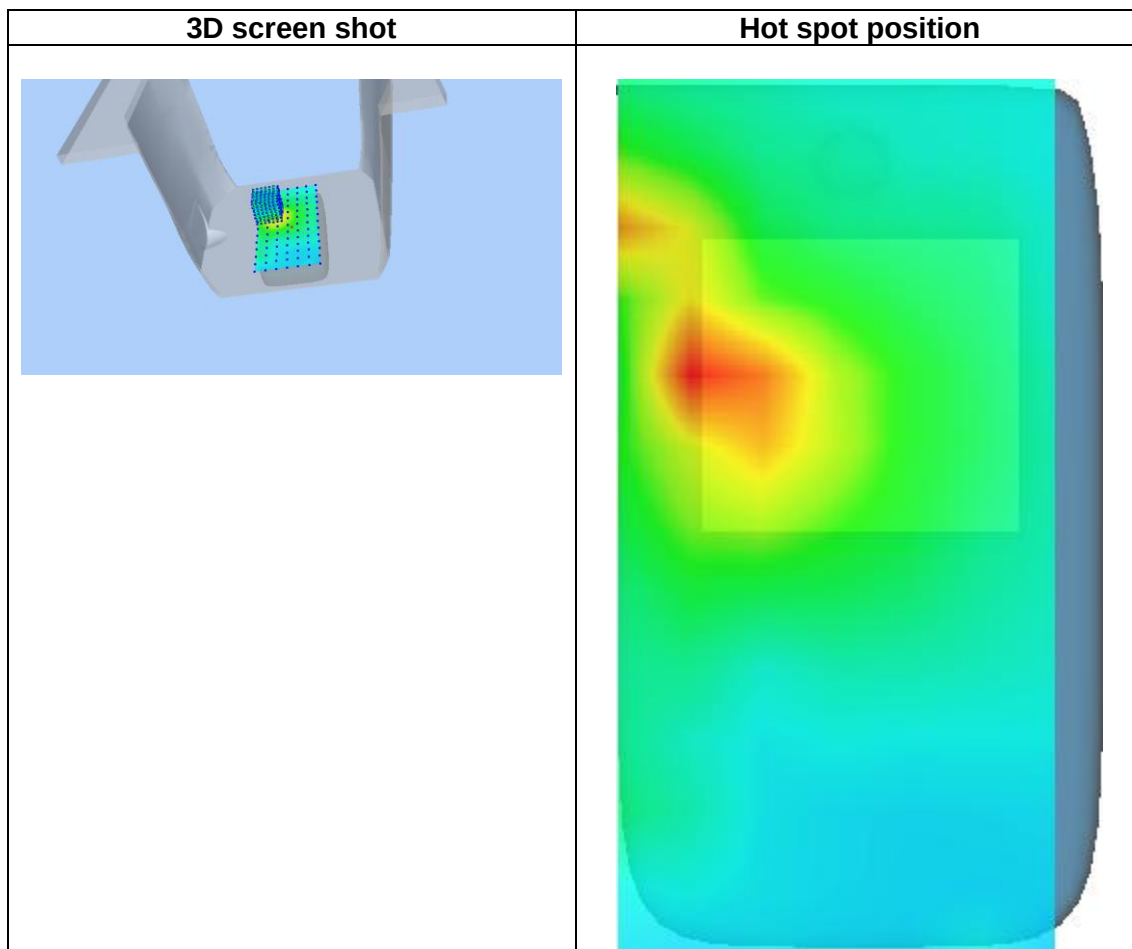
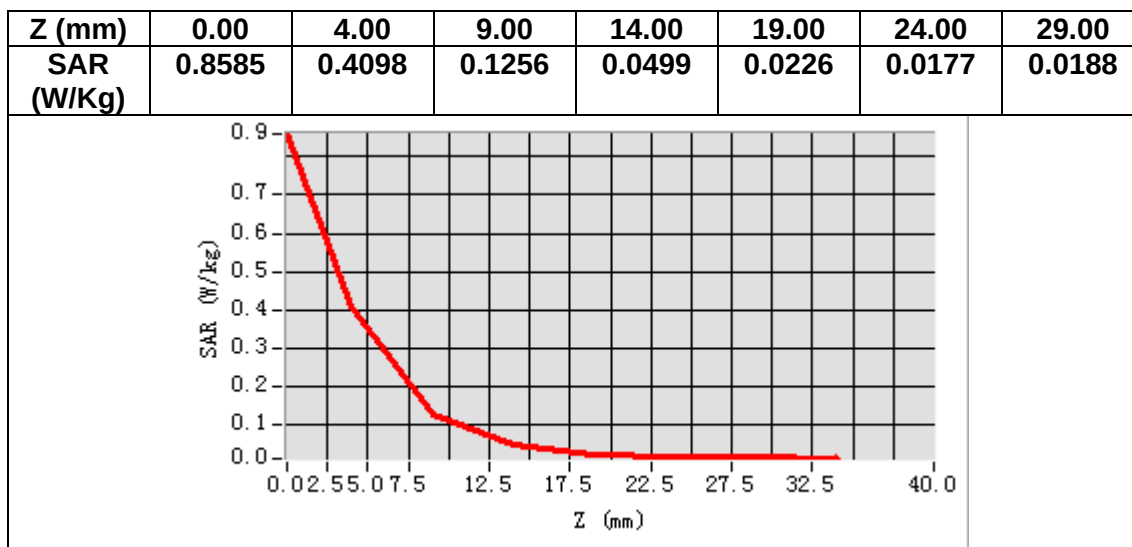
<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=10mm dy=10mm, h= 2.00 mm</u>
<u>ZoomScan</u>	<u>7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm</u>
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>IEEE 802.11a U-NII</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	<u>IEEE802.11a (Crest factor: 1.0)</u>
<u>ConvF</u>	<u>1.90</u>

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	5785.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.233006
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.058298
Conductivity (S/m)	5.160959
Variation (%)	3.280000

SURFACE SAR**Maximum location: X=-26.00, Y=24.00****SAR Peak: 0.87 W/kg**

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.150231
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.395227



14. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - 4024-EPGO-442
750 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G750-355
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350
2300 MHz Dipole - SN 03/16 DIP 2G300-358
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352
2600 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G600-356
3500 MHz Dipole - SN 09/12 DIP 3G500-360
5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 13/14 WGA 33

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COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.278.12.24.BES.A

SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: 4024-EPGO-442

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 10/04/2024



Accreditations #2-6789
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.278.12.24.BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Cyrille ONNEE	Measurement Responsible	10/4/2024	
Checked & approved by:	Pedro Ruiz	Technical Manager	10/4/2024	
Authorized by:	Pedro Ruiz	Laboratory Director	10/4/2024	

Assinado por:

Pedro RUIZ

29093B31C46F428...

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Cyrille ONNEE	10/4/2024	Initial release

Docusign Envelope ID: 223C1A7C-4751-4B95-8502-1618DC0951E3



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.278.12.24.BES.A

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.278.12.24.BES.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	4024-EPGO-442
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-7.5GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.206 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.223 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.235 MΩ

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their effect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore-mentioned standards.

3.1 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards for frequency range 600-7500MHz and using the calorimeter cell method (transfer method) as outlined in the standards for frequency 150-450 MHz.

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3.2 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01 W/kg to 100 W/kg.

3.3 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.4 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2 (e^{-d_{be}/\delta} - e^{-d_{step}/\delta})}{2d_{step} \delta/2} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

$SAR_{uncertainty}$ is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect

d_{be} is the distance between the surface and the closest *zoom-scan* measurement point, in millimetre

Δ_{step} is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible

δ is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;

ΔSAR_{be} in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect $SAR_{uncertainty}[\%]$ for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit, 2%).

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3.5 PROBE MODULATION RESPONSE

MVG's probe were evaluated experimentally with various modulated signal and the deviation from CW response were found neglectable in the used power range of the probe. So the correction to taking into account the linearization parameters for different modulation is null, therefore the CW factor given in this report can be used whatever the measured modulation

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with a SAR probe calibration using the waveguide or calorimetric cell technique depending on the frequency.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-11% for the frequency range 150-450MHz.

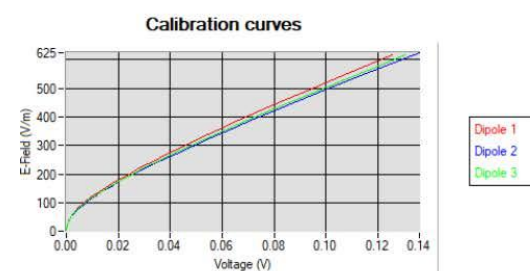
The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-14% for the frequency range 600-7500MHz.

5 CALIBRATION RESULTS

Ambient condition	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 CALIBRATION IN AIR

The following curve represents the measurement in waveguide of the voltage picked up by the probe toward the E-field generated inside the waveguide.



From this curve, the sensitivity in air is calculated using the below formula.

$$E^2 = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{V_i (1 + V_i / DCP_i)}{Norm_i}$$

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where

V_i =voltage readings on the 3 channels of the probe

DCPi=diode compression point given below for the 3 channels of the probe

Normi=dipole sensitivity given below for the 3 channels of the probe

Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
0.73	0.79	0.78

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
105	109	103

5.2 CALIBRATION IN LIQUID

The calorimeter cell or the waveguide is used to determine the calibration in liquid using the formula below.

$$\text{ConvF} = \frac{E_{\text{liquid}}^2}{E_{\text{air}}^2}$$

The E-field in the liquid is determined from the SAR measurement according to the below formula.

$$E_{\text{liquid}}^2 = \frac{\rho \text{ SAR}}{\sigma}$$

where

σ =the conductivity of the liquid

ρ =the volumetric density of the liquid

SAR=the SAR measured from the formula that depends on the setup used. The SAR formulas are given below

For the calorimeter cell (150-450 MHz), the formula is:

$$\text{SAR} = c \frac{dT}{dt}$$

where

c =the specific heat for the liquid

dT/dt =the temperature rises over the time

For the waveguide setup (600-75000 MHz), the formula is:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{4P_W}{ab\delta} e^{-\frac{2z}{\delta}}$$

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where

a=the larger cross-sectional of the waveguide

b=the smaller cross-sectional of the waveguide

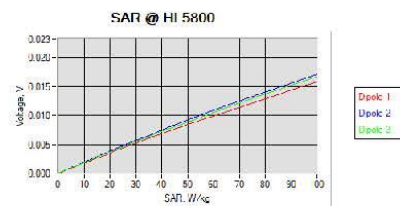
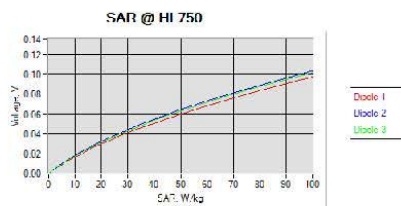
δ =the skin depth for the liquid in the waveguide

Pw=the power delivered to the liquid

The below table summarize the ConvF for the calibrated liquid. The curves give examples for the measured SAR depending on the voltage in some liquid.

Liquid	Frequency (MHz*)	ConvF
HL750	750	2.42
HL850	835	2.34
HL900	900	2.24
HL1800	1800	2.51
HL1900	1900	2.57
HL2000	2000	2.64
HL2300	2300	2.73
HL2450	2450	2.74
HL2600	2600	2.51
HL3300	3300	2.11
HL3500	3500	2.15
HL3700	3700	2.08
HL3900	3900	2.27
HL4200	4200	2.39
HL4600	4600	2.30
HL4900	4900	2.13
HL5200	5200	1.89
HL5400	5400	1.97
HL5600	5600	1.88
HL5800	5800	1.90

(*) Frequency validity is +/-50MHz below 600MHz, +/-100MHz from 600MHz to 6GHz and +/-700MHz above 6GHz



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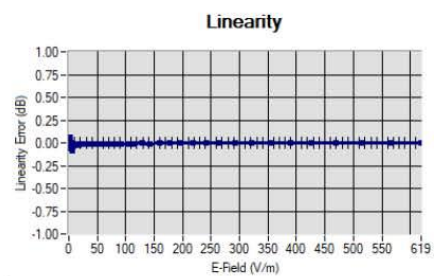
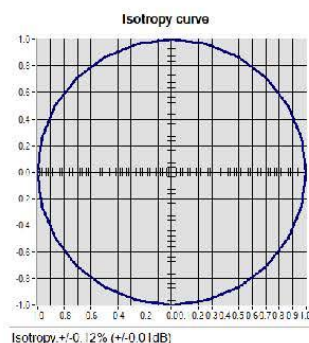


COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

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6 VERIFICATION RESULTS

The figures below represent the measured linearity and axial isotropy for this probe. The probe specification is ± 0.2 dB for linearity and ± 0.15 dB for axial isotropy.

Linearity $\pm 1.90\%$ (± 0.08 dB)

7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2026
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2026
USB Sensor	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022	10/2025
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Fluoroptic Thermometer	LumaSense Luxtron 812	94264	09/2022	09/2025
Coaxial cell	MVG	SN 32/16 COAXCELL_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

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Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG2_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G600_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG14_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_7G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44235403	02/2024	02/2027