

FCC ID TEST REPORT

Under:

FCC 15 Subpart C, Paragraph 15.247

Operation within the band

☒ 2400-2483.5MHz

☒ DTS-Digital Transmission System ☒ Single-modular

Prepared for:

AiWave Technologies

ul. Niska 3, 27-200 Starachowice Poland

FCC ID: 2BCCA-6235ZRRB

EUT: RTL8735 Module

Model: 6235Z-RRB

December 15, 2023

Issue Date:

Original Report

Report Type:



Prepared by: Jason Xiong / Engineer



Reviewed & Approved by: Apollo Liu / Manager

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Report Revision History

Report #	Version	Description	Issued Date
KSZ2023053101J02	Rev.01	Initial issue of report	September 27, 2023
KSZ2023053101J02	Rev.02	Update section 1.6 & section 2.1~2.4 & section 5 of report	December 15, 2023

1. General Information

1. 1 Notes

The test results of this report relate exclusively to the test item specified in 1.6. The Ke Mei Ou Laboratory does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report may only be reproduced or published in full. Reproduction or publication of extracts from the report requires the prior written approval of the Ke Mei Ou Laboratory.

1. 2 Testing Laboratory

Test Firm Name:	Ke Mei Ou Lab Co., Ltd.
Test Firm Address:	2013-2016, 20th Floor, Business Center, Jiahui Xin Cheng, No 3027, Shen Nan Road, Fu Tian, Shen Zhen, Guang Dong, P. R. China
FCC Designation Number:	CN1532
Test Firm Registration Number:	344480
Internet:	www.kmolab.com
Email:	kmo@kmolab.com
ANSI-ASQ National Accreditation Board/ACLASS ISO/IEC 17025 Accredited Lab for telecommunication standards. The Registration Number is AT-1532. The testing quality system meets with ISO/IEC-17025 requirements. This approval results is accepted by MRA of ILAC.	

1. 3 Details of Applicant

Name	AiWave Technologies
Address	ul. Niska 3, 27-200 Starachowice Poland

1. 4 Application Details

Date of Receipt of Application	: May 31, 2023
Date of Receipt of Test Item	: July 28, 2023
Date of Test	: July 28, 2023 ~ September 27, 2023

1. 5 Details of Manufacturer

Name	AiWave Technologies
Address	ul. Niska 3, 27-200 Starachowice Poland

1. 6 Test Item

EUT Feature	
EUT Description:	RTL8735 Module
Brand Name:	FN-LINK
Basic Mode:	6235Z-RRB
Family Model:	-
HW Version:	-
SW Version:	-
EUT RF Technology:	☒ IEEE Std. 802.11b/g/n
Equipment Class:	☒ DTS - Digital Transmission System ☒ Single-modular
EUT Stage:	☒ Identical Prototype
Note:	The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.

Additional Information

Standard Product Specification	
Tx/Rx Frequency Range	☒ 2412-2462 MHz
Beamforming Function	☐ With beamforming ☒ Without beamforming
Operating Mode	☒ Other
Operational Condition	☐ AC ☒ Other
	☒ DC ☒ Other ☐ From Battery ☐ 2.0~3.3Vdc

Specification of Accessory			
☐ AC/DC Adapter # (Charger)	Brand Name	N/A	Model Name
	Power Rating	N/A	

Antenna Type / Gain						
Ant.	Manufacture		Other		-	
1	N/A		☒ PCB		☐ -	
Ant.	Port	☐ BT	☐ Zigbee	☒ 2.4G	☐ 5G	☐ 6G
Gain (dBi)						
1	1	-	-	2.77	-	-
Note: ☒ 2.4G 1Tx_1Rx ☐ BT - ☐ 5G - ☐ Zigbee - ☐ 6G -						

Standard Product Specification à General			
IEEE Standard	Frequency Range (MHz)	CH. Frequency (MHz)	Number of Channel
☒ 802.11b(HT20) ☒ 802.11g(HT20) ☒ 802.11n(HT20) ☐ 802.11ax(HEW20)	2400-2483.5	2412-2462	1-11 à 11
☒ 802.11n(HT40) ☐ 802.11ax(HEW40)	2400-2483.5	2422-2462	3-9 à 7
IEEE Standard	Frequency Range (MHz)	Band-Width (MHz)	Number of Tx-ant
☒ 802.11b(HT20)	2400-2483.5	20	1Tx
☒ 802.11g(HT20)	2400-2483.5	20	1Tx
☒ 802.11n(HT20)	2400-2483.5	20	1Tx
☐ 802.11n(HT20-BF)	2400-2483.5	20	1Tx
☐ 802.11ax(HEW20)	2400-2483.5	20	1Tx
☐ 802.11ax(HEW20-BF)	2400-2483.5	20	1Tx
☒ 802.11n(HT40)	2400-2483.5	40	1Tx
☐ 802.11n(HT40-BF)	2400-2483.5	40	1Tx
☐ 802.11ax(HEW40)	2400-2483.5	40	1Tx
☐ 802.11ax(HEW40-BF)	2400-2483.5	40	1Tx
Note: 1)11b mode uses a combination of DSSS-DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK modulation. 2)11g, HT20 and HT40 use a combination of OFDM-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM modulation. 3)HEW20, HEW40 use a combination of OFDMA-BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM, 1024QAM modulation. 4)Band-Width is the nominal channel bandwidth.			

1. 7 Applicable Standards

Applicable Standards	
According to the specifications of the manufacturer, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:	
☒ FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247 ☒ FCC KDB Publication No. 558074 D01 DTS Meas. Guidance v05r02 ☒ FCC KDB 414788 D01 Radiated Test Site v01r01 ☐ FCC KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 ☒ ANSI C63.10-2013	
Note:	1)All test items were verified and recorded according to the standards and without any deviation during the test. 2)This EUT has also been tested and complied with the requirements of FCC 15 Part 15, Subpart B, recorded in a separate test report.

2. Technical Test

2.1 Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

FCC Rules	Test Type	Limit	Result	Notes
15.247(a)(2)	6dB Bandwidth	$\geq 0.5\text{MHz}$	Pass	Complies
-	99% Bandwidth	-	Pass	Complies
15.247(b)(3)	Peak Output Power	$\leq 30\text{dBm}$	Pass	Complies
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	$\leq 8\text{dBm}/3\text{kHz}$	Pass	Complies
15.247(d)	Conducted Band Edges and Spurious Emission	$\leq 20\text{dBc}$	Pass	Complies
15.247(d)	Radiated Band Edges and Spurious Emission	FCC 15.209(a) & 15.247(d)	Pass	Complies
15.207	AC Conducted Emission	FCC15.207(a)	Pass	Complies
15.203 & 15.247(b)	Antenna Requirement	N/A	Pass	Complies
15.247(i) & 1.1307(b)(1) & 2.1091	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	$< 1\text{mW}/\text{cm}^2$	Pass	Complies

2.2 Antenna Requirement

Regulation	
Per § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the rule.	
Result	☒ The EUT has one external PCB antenna with the I-PEX connector, which was permanently attached. ☒ The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit The antenna gain: Refer to section 1.6 ☒ The antenna location: Refer to internal photo. Therefore, the EUT complies with Section 15.203 of the FCC rules.

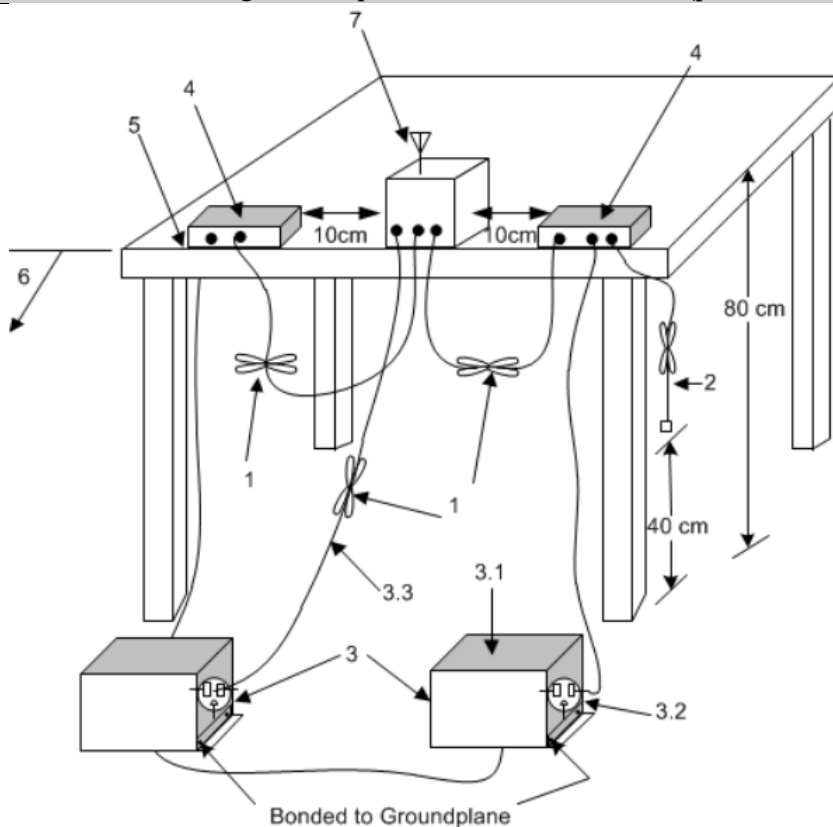
2.3 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement	Frequency	Uncertainty
Conducted emissions	0.15MHz ~ 30MHz	3.20
Radiated emissions	9kHz ~ 30MHz	4.20
Radiated emissions	30MHz ~ 300MHz	4.62
Radiated emissions	300MHz ~ 1000MHz	4.62
Radiated emissions	1GHz ~ 18GHz	4.86
Radiated emissions	18GHz ~ 40GHz	3.80
Conducted Power	-	1.60
Conducted Emissions	-	1.60
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	-	2.0%
Band Edge	-	1.60
Conducted Power Spectral Density	-	1.60
Note:	This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2	

Conformity Decision Rule

The applied conformity decision rule is based on ILAC G8:09/2019 clause 4.2.1 Binary Statement for Simple Acceptance Rule ($w = 0$).

☒ **ANSI C63.10:2013 - Test arrangement for power-line conducted emissions (product with accessories)**



1—Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 cm to 40 cm long.

2—The I/O cables that are not connected to an accessory shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.

3—EUT connected to one LISN. Unused LISN measuring port connectors shall be terminated in 50 Ω loads. LISN may be placed on top of, or immediately beneath, reference ground plane.

3.1—All other equipment powered from additional LISN(s).

3.2—A multiple-outlet strip may be used for multiple power cords of non-EUT equipment.

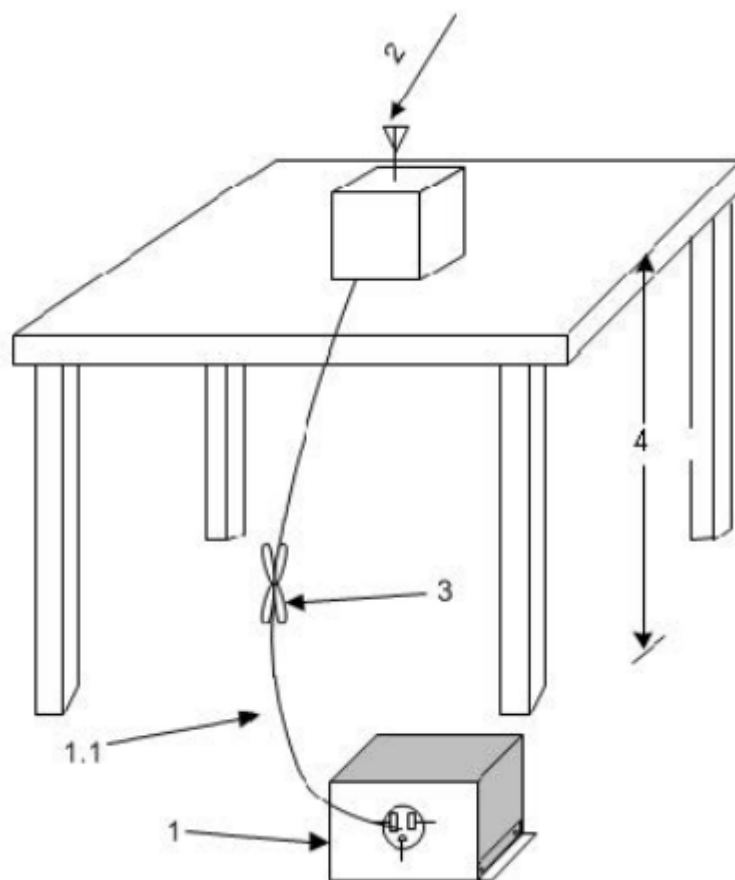
3.3—LISN at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.

5—Rear of EUT, including peripherals, shall all be aligned and flush with edge of tabletop.

6—Edge of tabletop shall be 40 cm removed from a vertical conducting plane that is bonded to the ground plane.

7—Antenna can be integral or detachable. If detachable, then the antenna shall be attached for this test.

☒ ANSI C63.10:2013 - Test arrangement for radiated emissions (tabletop product)



1—A LISN is optional for radiated measurements between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz but not allowed for measurements below 30 MHz and above 1000 MHz. If used, then connect EUT to one LISN. Unused LISN measuring port connectors shall be terminated in 50 Ω loads. The LISN may be placed on top of, or immediately beneath, the reference ground plane.

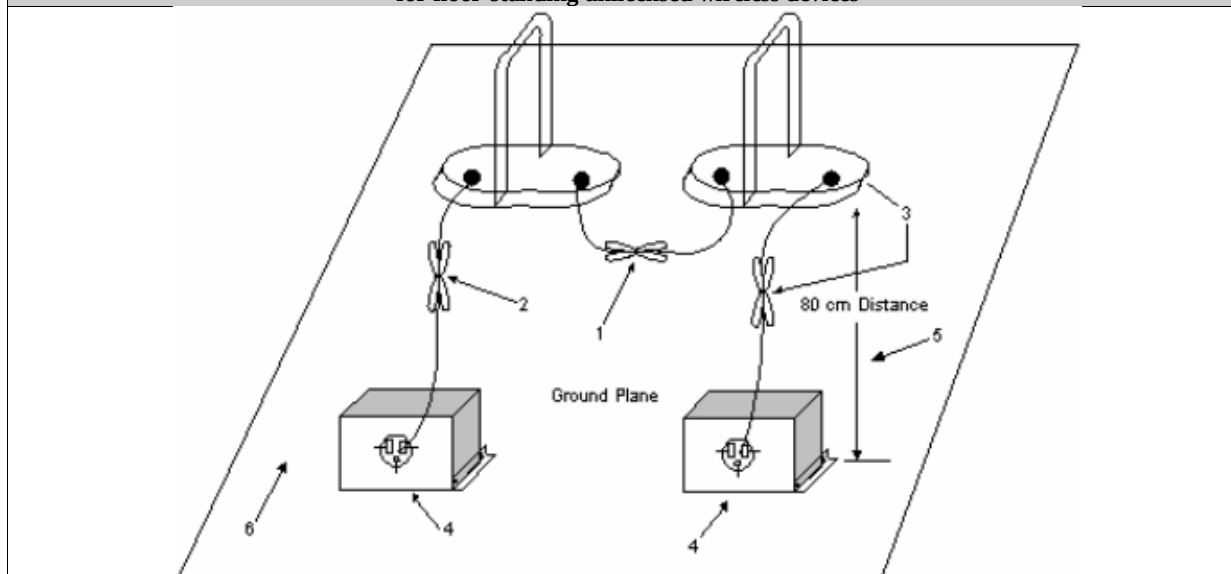
1.1—LISN spaced at least 80 cm from the nearest part of the EUT chassis.

2—Antenna can be integral or detachable, depending on the EUT.

3—Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 cm to 40 cm long.

4—For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height shall be 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height shall be 1.5 m for measurements, except as otherwise specified.

□ ANSI C63.10:2013 - Test arrangement for radiated and conducted emissions
for floor-standing unlicensed wireless devices



1—Excess I/O cables shall be bundled in the center. If bundling is not possible, then the cables shall be arranged in serpentine fashion. Bundling shall not exceed 40 cm in length.

2—Excess power cords shall be bundled in the center or shortened to an appropriate length.

3—EUT and all cables shall be insulated, if required, from the ground plane by up to 12 mm of insulating material.

4—EUT connected to one LISN. LISN may be placed on top of, or immediately beneath, the ground plane.

i All other equipment powered from a second LISN or additional LISN(s).

ii A multiple-outlet strip may be used for multiple power cords of non-EUT equipment.

5—Horizontal projection from the closest point of EUT to the nearest point of the LISN. For radiated emission testing, the LISNs shall be removed.

6—Ground reference plane.

3. EUT Modifications

No modification by test lab.

4. Conducted Power Line Test

4.1 Test Equipment

Please refer to Section 10 this report.

4.2 Test Procedure

Test Method	
☒	The EUT and simulators are connected to the main power through a line impedance stabilization network (L.I.S.N.). This provides a 50 ohm/50uH coupling impedance for the measuring equipment. The peripheral devices are also connected to the main power through a LISN that provides a 50ohm/50uH coupling impedance with 50ohm termination. Both sides of A.C. line are checked for maximum conducted interference. In order to find the maximum emission., the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10:2013 on conducted measurement. Conducted emissions were invested over the frequency range from 0.15MHz to 30MHz using a receiver bandwidth of 9kHz.

4.3 Test Setup

Test Setup
AC Line Conducted Emissions The diagram illustrates the test setup for AC Line Conducted Emissions within a shielded room. A metal ground plane is at the bottom. A PC/EUT is placed on a stand, 0.4m from the left wall and 0.8m high. It is connected to an LIS (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) unit. The LIS is connected to a spectrum analyzer, which is shown displaying a graph on its screen. This test is applicable for radio equipment and/or ancillary equipment for fixed use powered by the AC mains. This test shall be performed on a representative configuration of the radio equipment, the associated ancillary equipment, or a representative configuration of the combination of radio and ancillary equipment. This test assesses the level of internally generated electrical noise present on the AC power input/output ports.

4. 4 Configuration of the EUT

Refer to section 2.4 of this test report.

4. 5 EUT Operating Condition

Refer to section 2.4 of this test report.

4. 6 Conducted Power Line Emission Limits

FCC Part 15 Paragraph 15.207 (dBuV)	
Frequency Range (MHz)	QP/AV
0.15 – 0.5	66-56/56-46
0.5 – 5.0	56/46
5.0 - 30	60/50

Note: In the above table, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

4. 7 Conducted Power Line Test Result

Test Results:	Refer to Appendix
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5. FCC Part 15.247 Requirements for DTS Systems

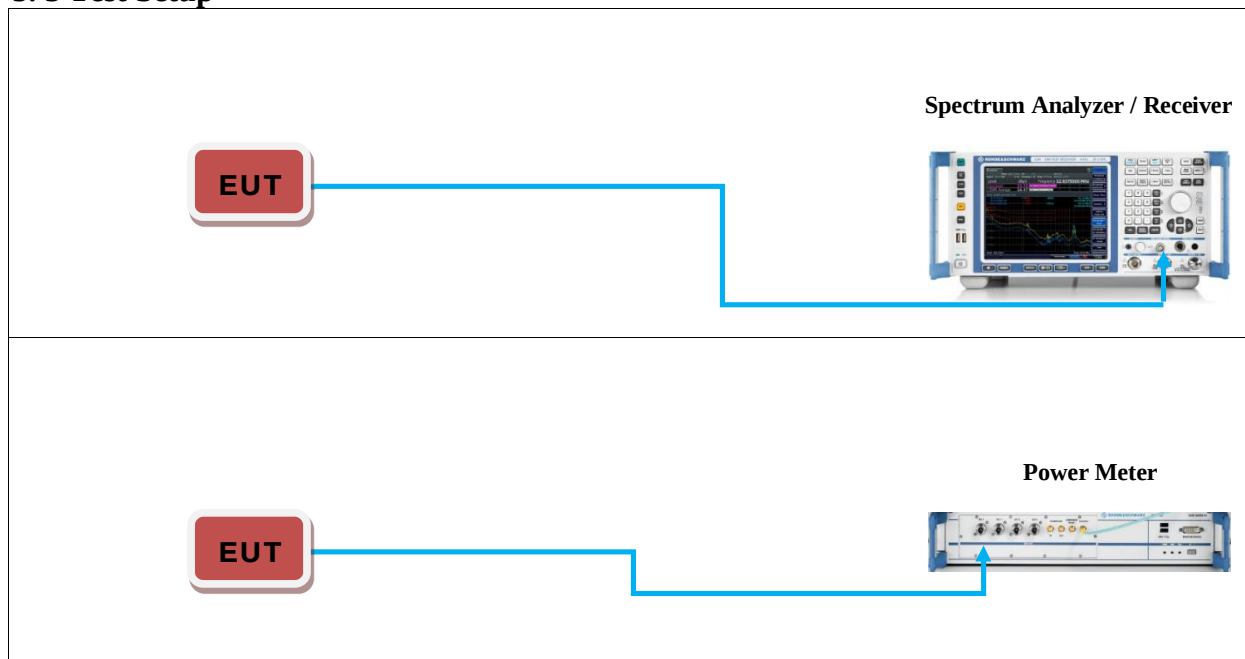
5.1 Test Equipment

Please refer to Section 10 this report.

5.2 Test Procedure

6 dB & 99% Bandwidth		
Refer to KDB 558074, section 8.2 (11.8 of ANSI C63.10) DTS bandwidth measurement. Refer to RSS-Gen, section 6.7 for occupied bandwidth testing. Refer to ANSI C63.10, section 6.9.3 for occupied bandwidth testing.		
Test Method:	1. The testing follows ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 11.8 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. Set the Video bandwidth (VBW) = 300 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz. 5. For 99% Bandwidth Measurement, the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 1%~5% of OBW and set the Video bandwidth (VBW) = 3MHz. 6. Measure and record the results in the test report.	
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power		
Refer to KDB 558074, section 8.3.1.1 (11.9.1.1 of ANSI C63.10) RBW ≥ EBW method. Refer to KDB 558074, section 8.3.1.2 (11.9.1.2 of ANSI C63.10) integrated band power method. Refer to KDB 558074, section 8.3.1.3 (11.9.1.3 of ANSI C63.10) peak power meter. Refer to ANSI C63.10, section 11.9		
Test Method:	1.The EUT was connected directly to a spectrum analyzer. 2.RBW = 1~5% of the OBW, not to exceed 1MHz 3.Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 x span / RBW 4.Trace average at least 100 traces in power	5.Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 6.The RF output power was measured using the spectrum analyzer's channel power function.
	1. The testing follows the Measurement Procedure of ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 11.9.1.3 PKPM1 Peak power meter or ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 11.9.2.3.1 Method AVGPM method. 2. The RF output of EUT was connected to the power meter by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement. 3. Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously. 4. Measure the conducted output power and record the results in the test report.	
Maximum Average Conducted Output Power		
Test Method:	Refer to KDB 558074, clause 8.3.2.2 (11.9.2.2 of ANSI C63.10) using a spectrum analyzer. Refer to KDB 558074, clause 8.3.2.3 (11.9.2.3 of ANSI C63.10) using a power meter	
If the EUT supports multiple transmit chains using options given below:		
Refer as KDB 662911, In-band power measurements. Using the measure-and-sum approach, measured all transmit ports individually. Sum the power (in linear power units e.g., mW) of all ports for each individual sample and save them.		▪ If multiple transmit chains, EIRP calculation could be following as methods: Ptotal = P1 + P2 + ... + Pn (calculated in linear unit [mW] and transfer to log unit [dBm]) EIRPtotal = Ptotal + DG
Peak Power Spectral Density		
Refer to KDB 558074, clause 8.4 (11.10 of ANSI C63.10) Max. PSD.		
Test Method:	a) Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency. b) Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth. c) Set the RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz. d) Set the VBW ≥ 3 x RBW. e) Detector = peak. f) Sweep time = auto couple.	g) Trace mode = max hold. h) Allow trace to fully stabilize. i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW. j) If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.
▪ Peak power spectral density procedures that the same method as used to determine the conducted output power. If maximum peak conducted output power was measured to demonstrate compliance to the output power limit, then the peak PSD procedure below (Method PKPSD) shall be used. If maximum conducted output power was measured to demonstrate compliance to the output power limit, then one of the average PSD procedures shall be used, as applicable based on the following criteria (the peak PSD procedure is also an acceptable option).		
If The EUT supports multiple transmit chains using options given below:		
▪ Measure and sum the spectra across the outputs. Refer as KDB 662911, In-band power spectral density (PSD). Sample all transmit ports simultaneously using a spectrum analyzer for each transmit port. Where the trace bin-by-bin of each transmit port summing can be performed. (i.e., in the first spectral bin of output 1 is summed with that in the first spectral bin of output 2 and that from the first spectral bin of output 3, and so on up to the NTX output to obtain the value for the first frequency bin of the summed spectrum.). Add up the amplitude (power) values for the different transmit chains and use this as the new data trace.		
Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edge		
Refer to KDB 558074 Section 8.5 and 8.7 & ANSI C63.10-2013 clause 11.11		
Test Method:	a. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a low lose cable. b. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100kHz and 300kHz with suitable frequency	c. The band edges was measured and recorded.

5. 3 Test Setup



5. 4 Configuration of the EUT

Same as section 4.4 of this report

5. 5 EUT Operating Condition

Same as section 4.5 of this report.

5. 6 Limit

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902 ~ 928 MHz, 2400 ~ 2483.5 MHz, and 5725 ~ 5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the bands of 902-928MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz: 1 Watt.

According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

According to §15.247(f), the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping turned off, shall comply with the power density requirements of paragraph (d) of this section.

5. 7 Test Result

A. 6 dB Bandwidth_DTS Bandwidth _

Test Results:	Refer to Appendix
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B. Occupied Channel Bandwidth

Test Results:	Refer to Appendix
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C. Peak Power_ Maximum conducted output power

Test Results:	Refer to Appendix
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D. Peak Power Spectral Density_ Maximum power spectral density

Test Results:	Refer to Appendix
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E. Band Edges Measurement

Test Results:	Refer to Appendix
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F. Conducted Spurious Emission

Test Results:	Refer to Appendix
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G. Duty Cycle

Test Results:	Refer to Appendix
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6. Radiated Emission Radiated Emission at 3 Meters

6. 1 Test Equipment

Please refer to Section 10 this report.

6. 2 Test Procedure

The radiated emissions test below 30 MHz is performed in the following steps:					
Frequency (MHz)	RBW(kHz)	Step Size(kHz)	Pre-Scan	Pre-Scan with FFT	Final Scan
0.009 ~ 0.15	0.2	≤0.1	Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-Peak, Average
0.15 ~ 30	9	≤4.5	Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-Peak, Average	Peak Quasi-Peak, Average

The EUT was tested according to ANSI C63.10:2013.

- The loop antenna is positioned with its plane perpendicular to the ground with the lowest height of the antenna 1 m above the ground.
- The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- The measurement equipment is connected to the loop antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test.
- The EUT is turned to a position likely to get the maximum and the test antenna is rotated to detect the maximum of the fundamental in this EUT position.
- Then the EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 45°. Starting at 0°, at each table position the spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the current table position is noted as the maximum position.
- After the last pre-scan, the significant maximum emissions and their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the EUT is rotated by ±45° around the table position found during pre-scans while measuring the emission level continuously. For final scan, the worst-case table position is set and the maximum emission level is recorded.
- Step g) is repeated for all other frequencies in the list.
- Finally, for frequencies with critical emissions the loop antenna is rotated again to find the maximum of emission. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to i) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions. If the EUT may be used in one position only, steps a) to i) are repeated in one orthogonal position.

The radiated emissions test from 30 MHz to 960 MHz is performed in the following steps:					
Frequency (MHz)	RBW(kHz)	Step Size(kHz)	Pre-Scan	Pre-Scan with FFT	Final Scan
30 ~ 960	120	≤60	Peak	Quasi-Peak	Quasi-Peak

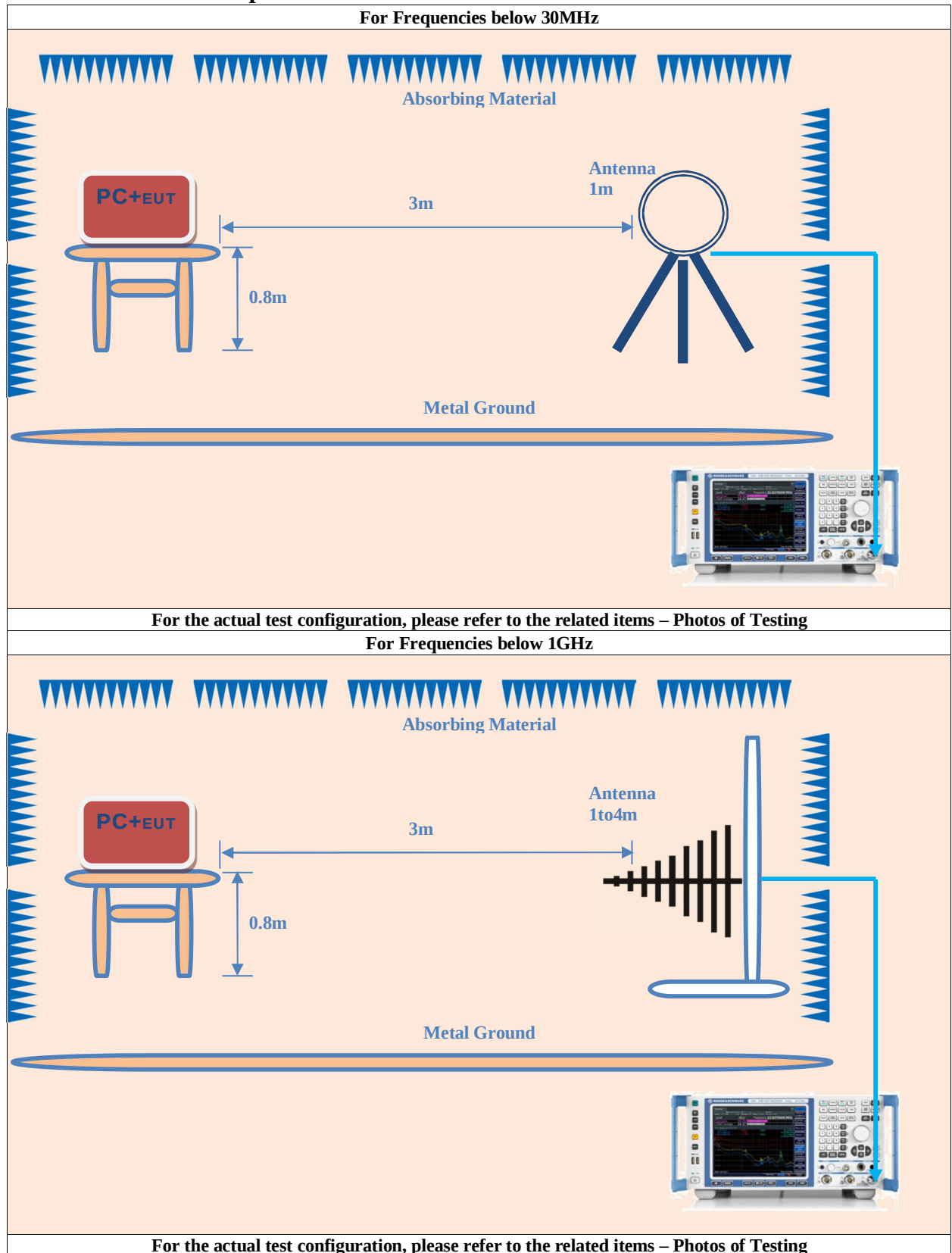
The EUT was tested according to ANSI C63.10:2013.

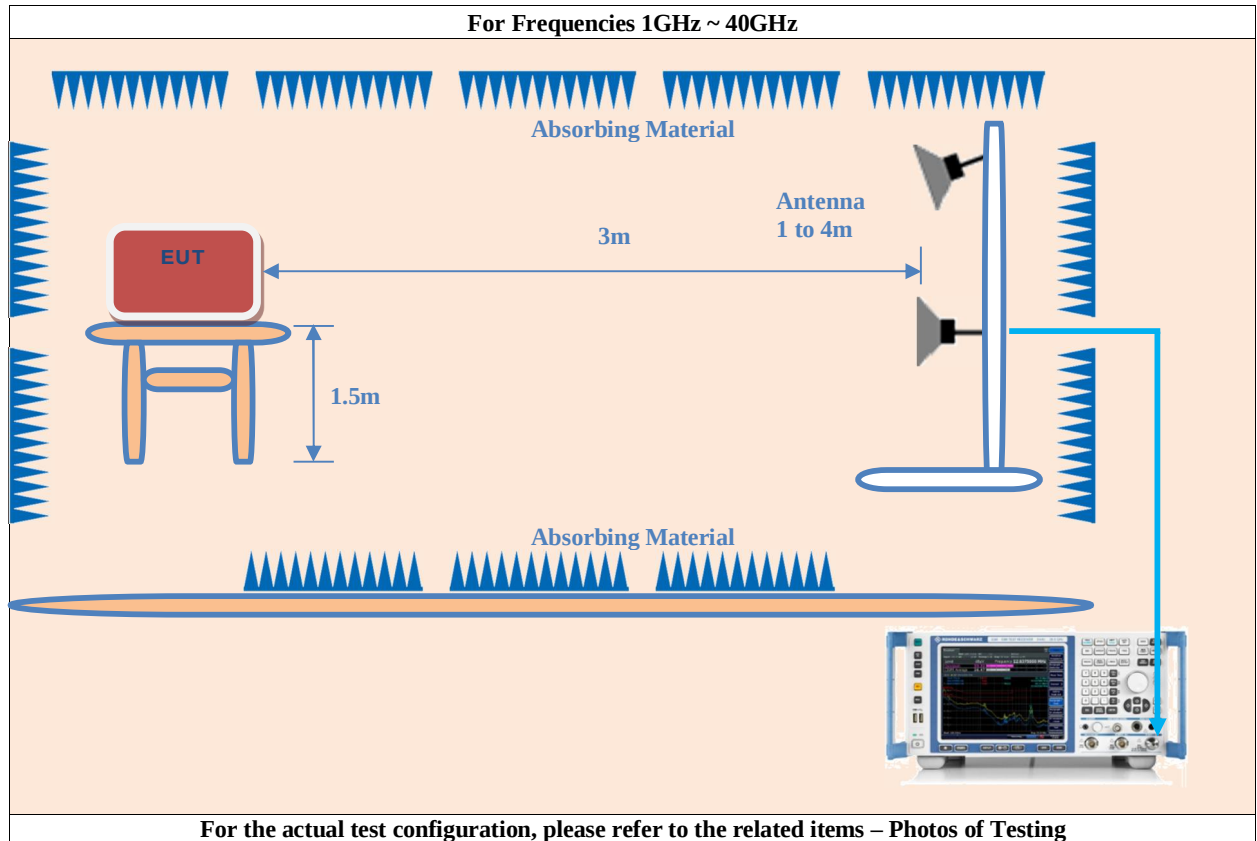
- The measurement antenna is oriented initially for vertical polarization.
- The EUT is placed in its standard position on a turntable capable of rotation through 360° in the horizontal plane and arranged as tabletop or floor-standing equipment, as applicable. The EUT is switched on.
- The measurement equipment is connected to the measurement antenna and set-up according to the specifications of the test.
- The table position is set to 0°.
- The antenna height is set to 1 m.
- The spectrum for the full frequency range is recorded. If the emission at a certain frequency is higher than the levels already recorded, the polarization and height of the measurement antenna as well as the current table position are noted as the maximum position.
- The antenna height is increased to 4 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- The polarization of the measurement antenna is changed to horizontal.
- The antenna height is decreased from 4 m to 1 m in steps of 50 cm. At each height, step f) is repeated.
- The EUT is rotated in a horizontal plane through 360° in steps of 60°. At each table position, steps e) to i) are repeated.
- After the last pre-scan, the significant maximum emissions with their polarizations and heights of the measurement antenna as well as their table positions are determined and collected in a list.
- With the test receiver set to the first frequency of the list, the measurement antenna is set to the polarization and height and the table is moved to the position as determined during pre-scans.
- The antenna is moved by ±50 cm around this height and the EUT is rotated by ±60° around this table position while measuring the emission level continuously.
- For final scan, the worst-case positions of antenna and table are set and the maximum emission level is recorded.
- Steps l) to n) are repeated for all other frequencies in the list. At least, frequency and level of the six highest emissions relative to the limit have to be recorded. However, emissions more than 20 dB below the limit do not need to be reported.

If the EUT may be used in various positions, steps a) to o) are repeated in two other orthogonal positions.

The radiated emissions test above 960 MHz to 40 GHz is performed in the following steps:					
Frequency (MHz)	RBW(kHz)	VBW(kHz)	Sweep Time	Detector	Trace Mode
960~40000	1000	3000	AUTO	PK/AV	Max Hold
Radiated emissions above 960 MHz are measured according to clause 6.6 of ANSI C63.10 by conducting exploratory and final radiated emission tests. According to clause 6.6.4.1 of ANSI C63.10, measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the requirements. However, an attempt shall be made to avoid making final measurements in the near field of both the measurement antenna and the EUT. Final radiated emissions above 1 GHz are measured in a semi-anechoic chamber (SAC) with RF absorbing material on the floor between measurement antenna and EUT. The measurement distance is shown in the appropriate tests. The emissions of the EUT are recorded with an EMI test receiver.					

6. 3 Radiated Test Setup





6. 4 Configuration of the EUT

Same as section 2.4 of this report

6. 5 EUT Operating Condition

Same as section 2.4 of this report

6. 6 Radiated Emission Limit

In any 100 KHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band, the radio frequency power that is produced by modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in section 15.209(a), which lesser attenuation.

All other emissions inside restricted bands specified in section 15.205(a) shall not exceed the general radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a)

Note:

Applies to harmonics/spurious emissions that fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. The maximum permitted average field strength is listed in section 15.209.

47 CFR §15.237(c): The emission limits as specified above are based on measurement instrument employing an average detector. The provisions in section 15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply.

FCC CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, Para. 15.205(a) – Restricted Frequency Bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41	--	--	--

¹Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490–0.510MHz.
²Above 38.6

FCC 47 CFR, Part 15.209(a) – Field Strength Limits within Restricted Frequency Bands

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Field Strength @3m (dBuV/m)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2,400/F (F in kHz)	128.5 ~ 93.8
0.490 ~ 1.705	24,000/F (F in kHz)	73.8 ~ 63
1.705 ~ 30	30	69.5
30 ~ 88	100	40
88 ~ 216	150	43.5
216 ~ 960	200	46
Above 960	500	53.9

FCC 47 CFR, Part 15.33 – Frequency range of radiated measurements.

(a) For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in this paragraph:	
☒	(1) If the intentional radiator operates below 10 GHz: to the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.
☐	(2) If the intentional radiator operates at or above 10 GHz and below 30 GHz: to the fifth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower.
☐	(3) If the intentional radiator operates at or above 30 GHz: to the fifth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 200 GHz, whichever is lower, unless specified otherwise elsewhere in the rules.
☐	(4) If the intentional radiator operates at or above 95 GHz: To the third harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 750 GHz, whichever is lower, unless specified otherwise elsewhere in the rules.
☐	(5) If the intentional radiator contains a digital device, regardless of whether this digital device controls the functions of the intentional radiator or the digital device is used for additional control or function purposes other than to enable the operation of the intentional radiator, the frequency range shall be investigated up to the range specified in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section or the range applicable to the digital device, as shown in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, whichever is the higher frequency range of investigation.

6. 7 Radiated Emission Test Result

Test Results:	Refer to Appendix
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7. Photos of Testing

Refer to Exhibits _ Test Setup Photos

8. Photographs – EUT

Refer to Exhibits _ External Photos & Internal Photos

9. FCC ID Label

Refer to Exhibits _ Label & Location Info

10. Test Equipment

Equipment/ Facilities	Manufacturer	Model #	Serial No.	Cal/Char Date	Due Date
Artificial Mains: Two Line V-Network	Rohde & Schwarz	EM5040A	KMO-SZ009M	2022/5/12	2024/5/12
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR7	KMO-SZ026M	2022/5/12	2024/5/12
Test Software	Rohde & Schwarz	ESR7	N/A	NCR	NCR
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB1519B	KMO-SZ411	2022/7/20	2025/7/20
Trilog-Super Broadband Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	KMO-SZ412	2022/5/5	2025/5/5
Broad-Band Horn Antenna 1-18 GHz	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	KMO-SZ413	2022/5/5	2025/5/5
Pre-Amplifier 1-18 GHz	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9718	KMO-SZ415	2022/10/15	2025/10/15
Pre-Amplifier 18-40 GHz	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9721	KMO-SZ416	2022/5/4	2025/5/4
Broad-Band Horn Antenna 18-40 GHz	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	KMO-SZ414	2022/7/20	2025/7/20
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	KMO-SZ003	2023/12/14	2026/12/14
Power Meter	Rohde & Schwarz	OSP-120+OSP- B157	KMO-SZ237	2023/12/14	2026/12/14
3m Anechoic Chamber	SAEMC	966	KMO-SZ419	2022/10/17	2025/10/17

-----End of Report -----