

TEST REPORT

Applicant: Glimpse LLC
Address: 101a Clay Street #144, San Francisco, CA 94111, USA
Equipment Type: 27 inch Digital Calendar Max
Model Name: 270-CAL
Brand Name: SKYLIGHT
FCC ID: 2BF8S-270-2
ISED Number: 26595-2702
HVIN: 270-CAL-2
Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C
RSS-Gen Issue 5
RSS-247 Issue 3
(refer to section 3.1)
Sample Arrival Date: Apr. 17, 2024
Test Date: Apr. 26, 2024 - May 22, 2024
Date of Issue: May 31, 2024

ISSUED BY:

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

**Tested by:** Li Ganming*Li Ganming***Checked by:** Ye Hongji*Ye Hongji***Approved by:** Liao Jianming
(Technical Director)*Liao Jianming*

Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>May 31, 2024</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	GENERAL INFORMATION	4
1.1	Test Laboratory	4
1.2	Test Location	4
2	PRODUCT INFORMATION	5
2.1	Applicant Information	5
2.2	Manufacturer Information	5
2.3	General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)	5
2.4	Technical Information	6
3	SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS	7
3.1	Test Standards	7
3.2	Test Verdict	8
4	GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS	9
4.1	Test Environments	9
4.2	Test Equipment List	9
4.3	Test Software List	10
4.4	Measurement Uncertainty	10
4.5	Description of Test Setup	11
4.6	Measurement Results Explanation Example	14
5	TEST ITEMS	15
5.1	Antenna Requirements	15
5.2	Output Power	16
5.3	Occupied Bandwidth	18
5.4	Conducted Spurious Emission	19
5.5	Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)	21

5.6	Conducted Emission	23
5.7	Radiated Spurious Emission	24
5.8	Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge).....	29
5.9	Power Spectral density (PSD).....	30
ANNEX A	TEST RESULT	31
A.1	Output Power	31
A.2	Occupied Bandwidth	34
A.3	Conducted Spurious Emissions	34
A.4	Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge).....	34
A.5	Conducted Emissions.....	35
A.6	Radiated Emission	37
A.7	Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge).....	45
A.8	Power Spectral Density (PSD)	51
ANNEX B	TEST SETUP PHOTOS	52
ANNEX C	EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS	52
ANNEX D	EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS	52

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Location	☒ Block B, 1/F, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	☐ 1/F, Building B, Ganghongji High-tech Intelligent Industrial Park, No. 1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Sub-district, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196. The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Glimpse LLC
Address	101a Clay Street #144, San Francisco, CA 94111, USA

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Glimpse LLC
Address	101a Clay Street #144, San Francisco, CA 94111, USA

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	27 inch Digital Calendar Max
Model Name Under Test	270-CAL
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model name differentiation	N/A
Serial Number	HNC444DGT00001D
Hardware Version	V2
Software Version	AY7081A-rk3566_27_max-build-20240331001002
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE) WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, 802.11ac and 802.11ax U-NII-1/2A/2C/3
-----------------------------------	---

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n/ax(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz $f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1) \times 5 \text{ MHz}$, where - f_c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz, - N = "Channel Number" with the range from 1 to 11. 802.11n/ax(40 MHz): 2.422 GHz - 2.452 GHz $f_c = 2412 \text{ MHz} + (N-1) \times 5 \text{ MHz}$, where - f_c = "Operating Frequency" in MHz, - N = "Channel Number" with the range from 3 to 9.
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM, OFDMA
Product Type	☐ Mobile ☒ Portable ☐ Fix Location
Antenna System (eg., MIMO, Smart Antenna)	N/A
Categorization as Correlated or Completely Uncorrelated	N/A
Antenna Type	FPC Antenna
Antenna Gain	2.59 dBi
About the Product	Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (HT20/40) and 802.11ax (HE20/40) was tested in this report.

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
3	RSS-247 Issue 3	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSS) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
4	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
5	KDB Publication 558074 D01v05r02	GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES

3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	ISED Part No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (f)	N/A	Pass ^{Note 1}
2	Output Power	15.247 (b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (d)	ANNEX A.1	Pass ^{Note3}
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247 (a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)	ANNEX A.2	-- ^{Note3}
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.3	-- ^{Note3}
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.247 (d)	RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.4	-- ^{Note3}
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	ANNEX A.5	Pass ^{Note3}
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.6	Pass ^{Note3}
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.7	Pass ^{Note3}
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247 (e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (b)	ANNEX A.8	-- ^{Note3}
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	RSS-Gen, 7.3	N/A	N/A ^{Note 2}

Note ¹: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note ²: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.

Note ³: The RF module (Model Name: SW6621-44B1) installed in the EUT is electronically and mechanically identical to the original certified module in the test report No. 18220WC40009703 (FCC ID: VYV-SW6621-44B1) & No. 18220WC40012803 (ISED Number: 27588-SW662144B1), so just Output Power & Conducted Emission & Radiated Spurious Emission & Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge) were retested in this report. Other test items please refer to the report No. 18220WC40009703 (FCC ID: VYV-SW6621-44B1) & No. 18220WC40012803 (ISED Number: 27588-SW662144B1).

Report No. 18220WC40009703 (FCC ID: VYV-SW6621-44B1) issued by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited on Apr. 08, 2024.

Report No. 18220WC40012803 (ISED Number: 27588-SW662144B1) issued by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited on Apr. 15, 2024.

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	49% to 68%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22.9℃ to +25.8℃
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	12.0 V

Note: The extreme test conditions please refer to the Report No. 18220WC40009703 (FCC ID: VYV-SW6621-44B1) issued by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited on Apr. 08, 2024.

Report No. 18220WC40012803 (ISED Number: 27588-SW662144B1) issued by Shenzhen Anbotek Compliance Laboratory Limited on Apr. 15, 2024.

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	U2063XA	MY58000251	2023.07.12	2024.07.11
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSV-40	101544	2023.12.27	2024.12.26
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY50531259	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Signaling Unit	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	CMW500	171150	2023.06.19	2024.06.18
Test Antenna-Horn	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	02460	2021.05.20	2024.05.19
				2024.05.16	2027.05.15
Test Antenna-Horn	A-INFO	LB-180400KF	J211060273	2021.07.02	2024.07.01
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	140	2022.02.19	2024.08.15
Amplifier	COM-MV	LSCX_LNA1-12G-01	7210214	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Amplifier	COM-MV	XKu_LNA7-18G-01	7210209	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Amplifier	COM-MV	KA LNA18 40G-01	18050001	2023.12.06	2024.12.05
EMI Receiver	Agilent	N9038A	MY55330120	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
Test Antenna-Bi-Log	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9168	9168-00867	2022.04.12	2025.04.11
Test Antenna-Loop	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2024.01.23	2027.01.22
Amplifier	COM-MV	ZT30-1000M	B2017119081	2023.12.05	2024.12.04
Anechoic Chamber	YiHeng	9m*6m*6m	142	2021.08.19	2024.08.18
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	MY57110309	2023.09.05	2024.09.04
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	8127-687	2023.05.16	2024.05.15
				2024.05.09	2025.05.08
Shielded Enclosure	YiHeng Electronic Co., Ltd	3.5m*3.1m*2.8 m	112	2022.02.19	2025.02.18

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.488	N/A	The section 4.5.1
BL410E	BALUN	V22.930	N/A	The section 4.5.2&4.5.3&4.5.4&4.5.5

4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.8%
RF output power, conducted	1.28 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.30 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.84 dB
All emissions, radiated	5.36 dB
Temperature	0.8°C
Humidity	4%

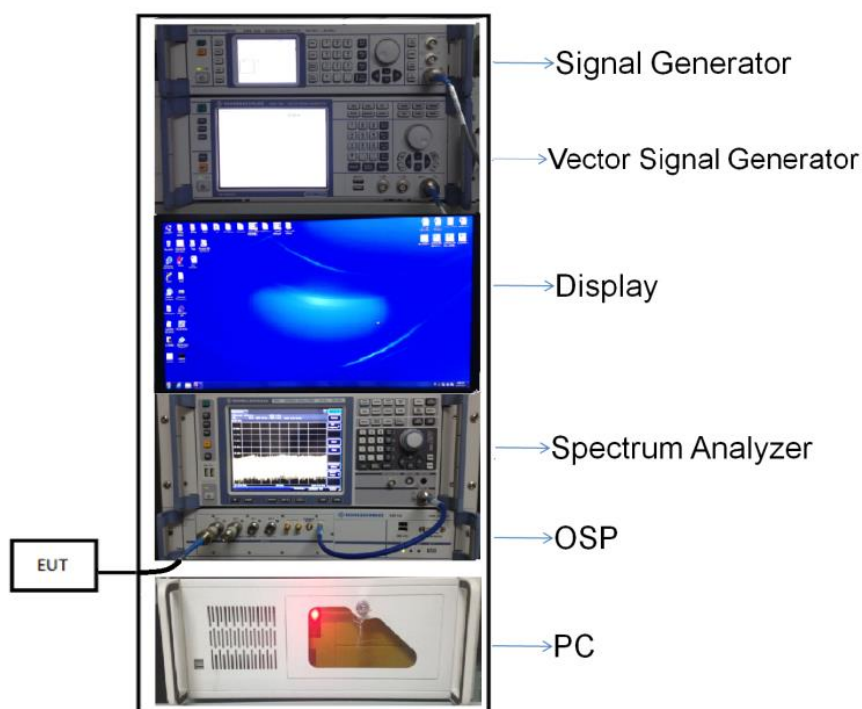
4.5 Description of Test Setup

4.5.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)

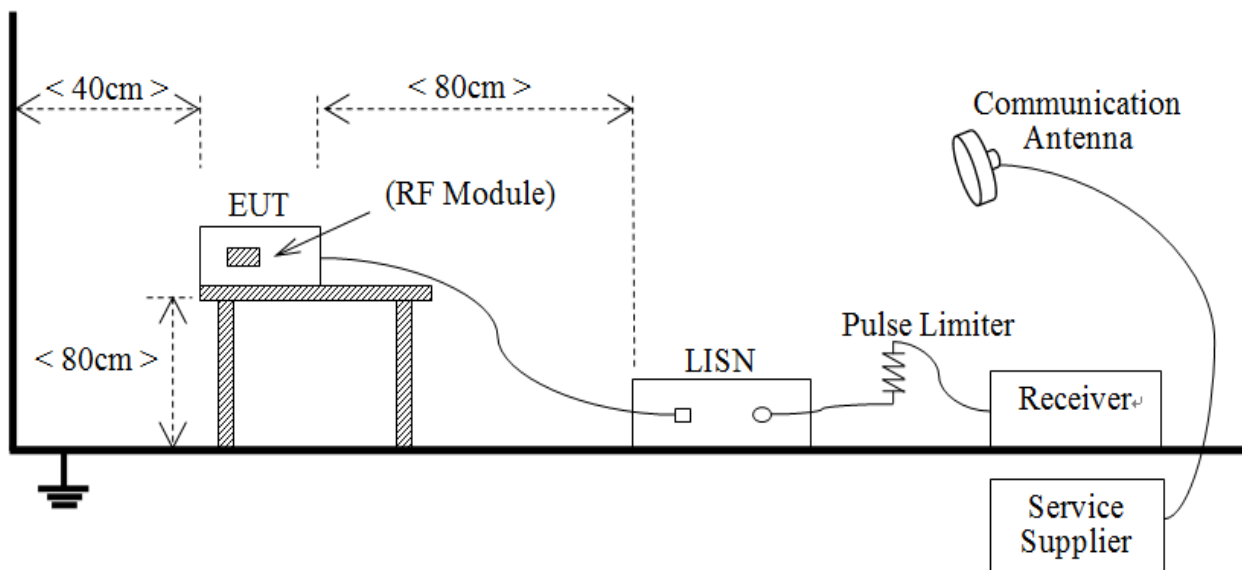
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5dBm used, then the final result of EUT:

Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



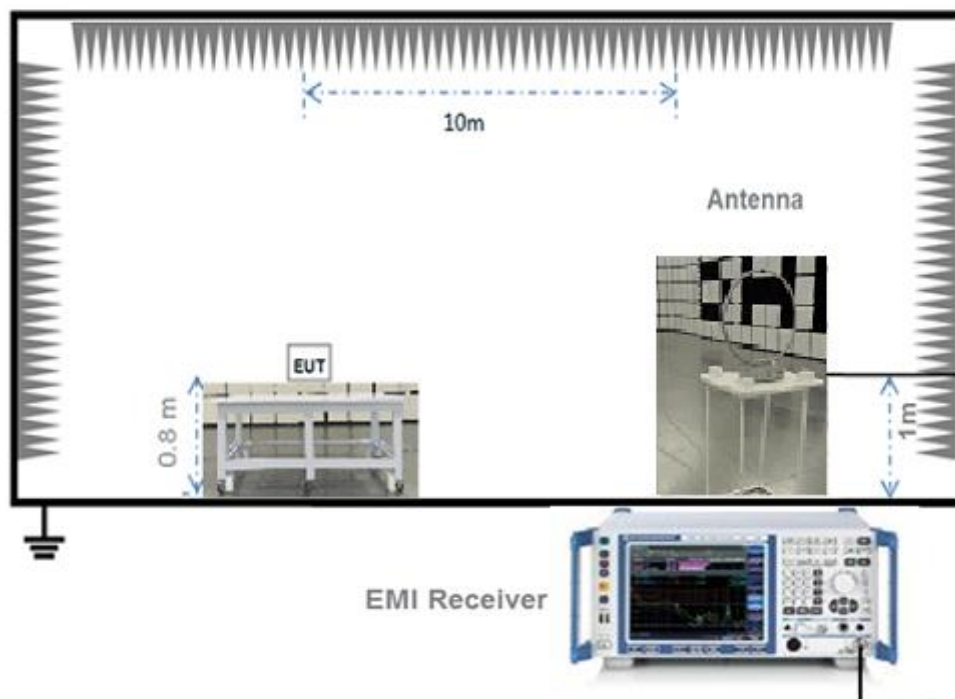
(Diagram 1)

4.5.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



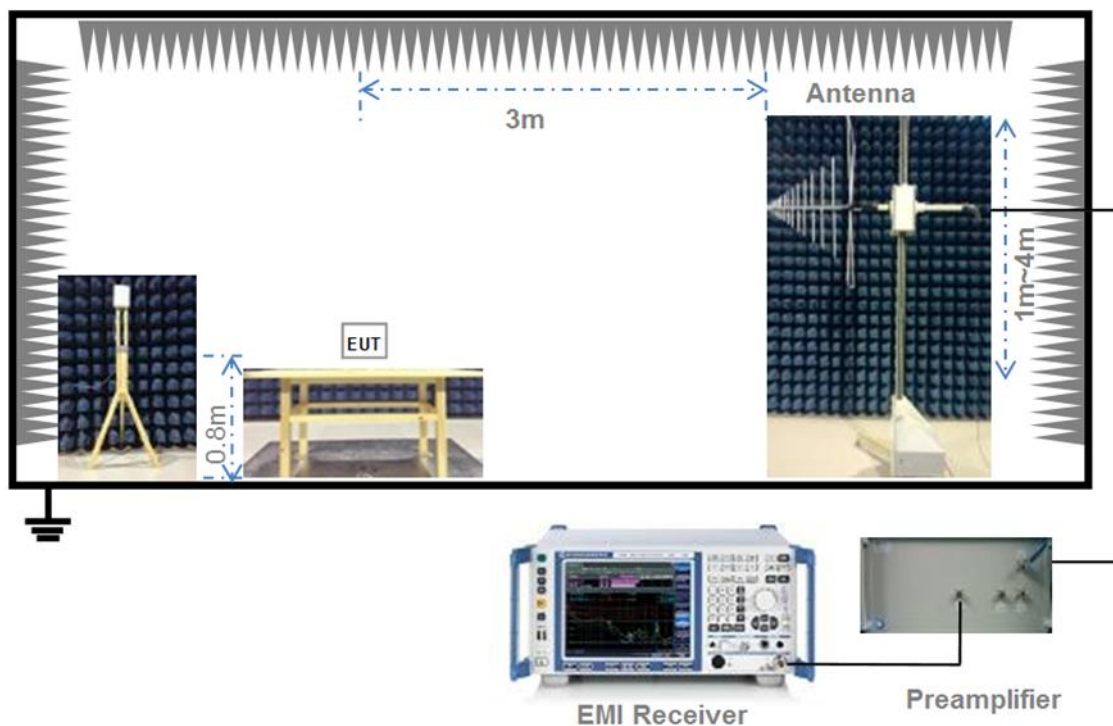
(Diagram 2)

4.5.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



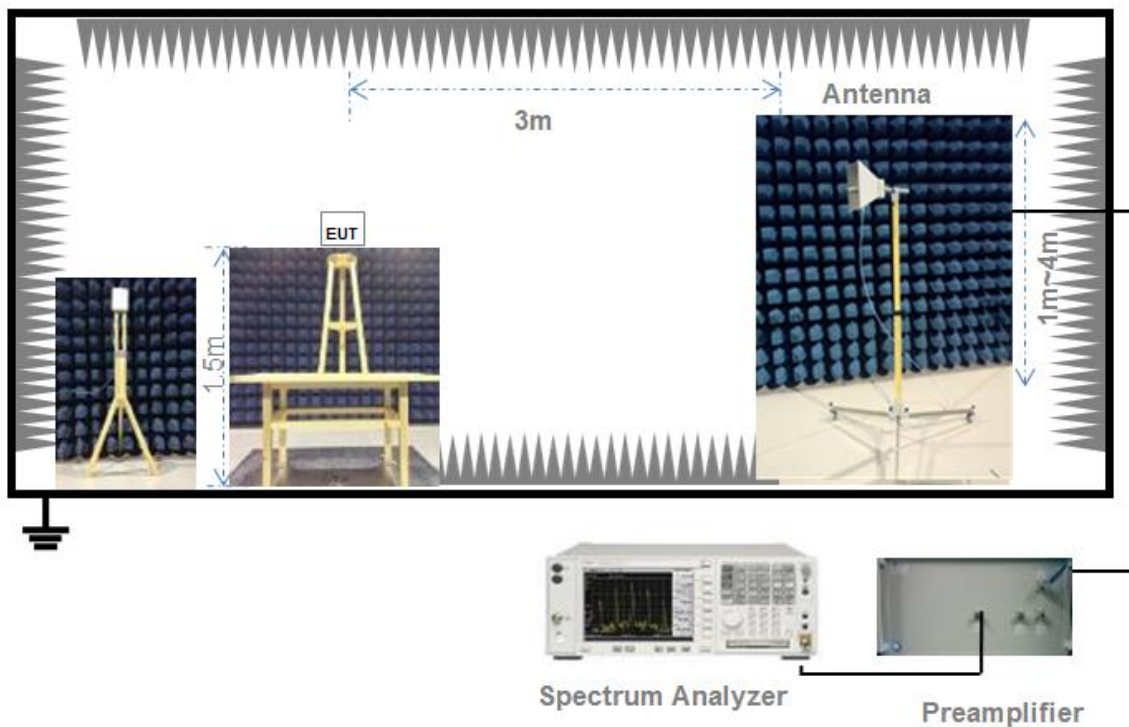
(Diagram 3)

4.5.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.5.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.6 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.6.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.

The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.

Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.6.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP = Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203; RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

The EUT shall be transmitted at its maximum power control level.

$EIRP = \text{Maximum peak conducted output power} + \text{Antenna Gain}$.

Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- 1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.
 - 2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 - 3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal.
- c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.

Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$ and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle $\geq 98\%$). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) ± 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission ± 0.5 MHz.

Standard method(The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (\text{OBW/RBW})]$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
0.50 - 30	60	50

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.

Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength ($\mu\text{V}/\text{m}$)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.3 to 4.5.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.
- g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

- a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
- b) VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW.
- c) Detector = Peak.
- d) Sweep time = auto.
- e) Trace mode = max hold.
- f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be

longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

- a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
- b) Measure the duty cycle, x , of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
- c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
- d) $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$.
- e) Detector = RMS, if $\text{span}/(\# \text{ of points in sweep}) \leq (RBW/2)$. Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
- f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
 - 1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
 - 2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
- g) Sweep time = auto.
- h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
- i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
 - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is $20 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle.
 - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.5.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.

Set the VBW $\geq 3 \text{ RBW}$.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power

Note: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report.

Average Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	20.47	111.43	30	1000	Pass
Middle	20.01	100.23			Pass
High	20.36	108.64			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	20.89	122.74	30	1000	Pass
Middle	20.79	119.95			Pass
High	21.34	136.14			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	22.01	158.85	30	1000	Pass
Middle	22.23	167.11			Pass
High	22.40	173.78			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	21.36	136.77	30	1000	Pass
Middle	21.67	146.89			Pass
High	21.02	126.47			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	22.56	180.30	30	1000	Pass
Middle	22.89	194.54			Pass
High	22.98	198.61			Pass

802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	22.03	159.59	30	1000	Pass
Middle	22.14	163.68			Pass
High	21.75	149.62			Pass

E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISSED)

802.11b Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	23.06	202.30	36	4	Pass
Middle	22.60	181.97			Pass
High	22.95	197.24			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	23.48	222.84	36	4	Pass
Middle	23.38	217.77			Pass
High	23.93	247.17			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	24.60	288.40	36	4	Pass
Middle	24.82	303.39			Pass
High	24.99	315.50			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	23.95	248.31	36	4	Pass
Middle	24.26	266.69			Pass
High	23.61	229.61			Pass

802.11ax-20 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	25.15	327.34	36	4	Pass
Middle	25.48	353.18			Pass
High	25.57	360.58			Pass

802.11ax-40 MHz(SU) Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	24.62	289.73	36	4	Pass
Middle	24.73	297.17			Pass
High	24.34	271.64			Pass

A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

Note: Not applicable.

A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions

Note: Not applicable.

A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: Not applicable.

A.5 Conducted Emissions

Note¹: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

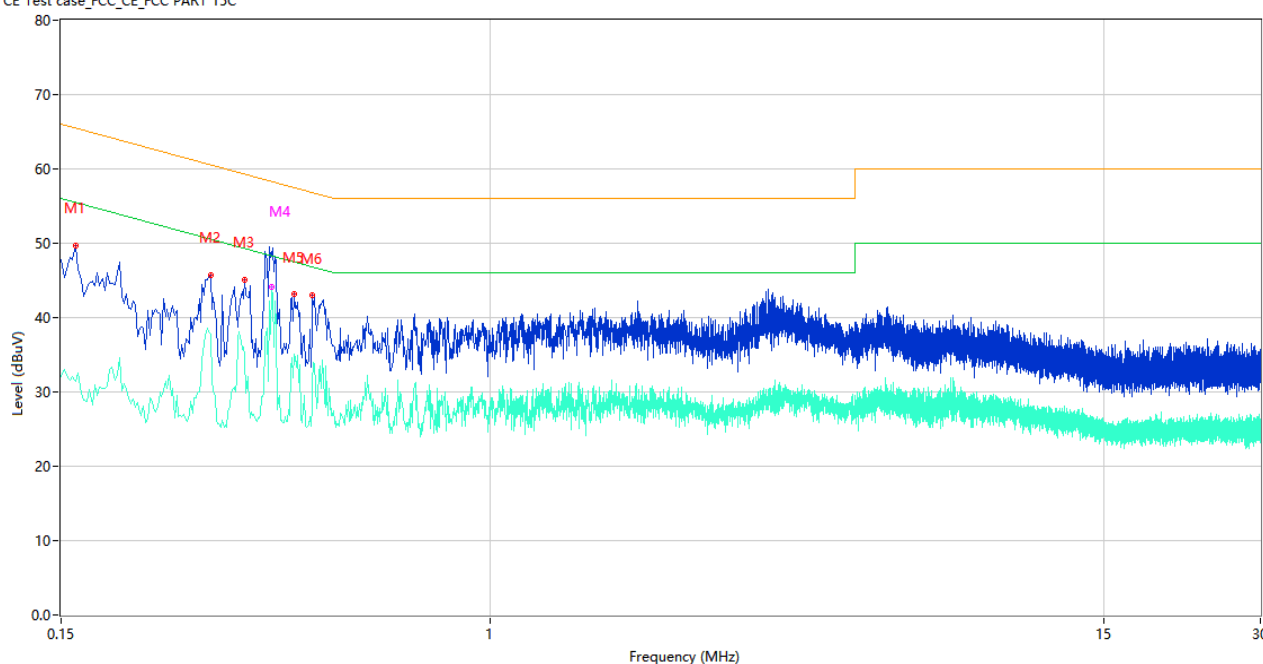
Note²: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note³: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

Test Data and Plots

PHASE L

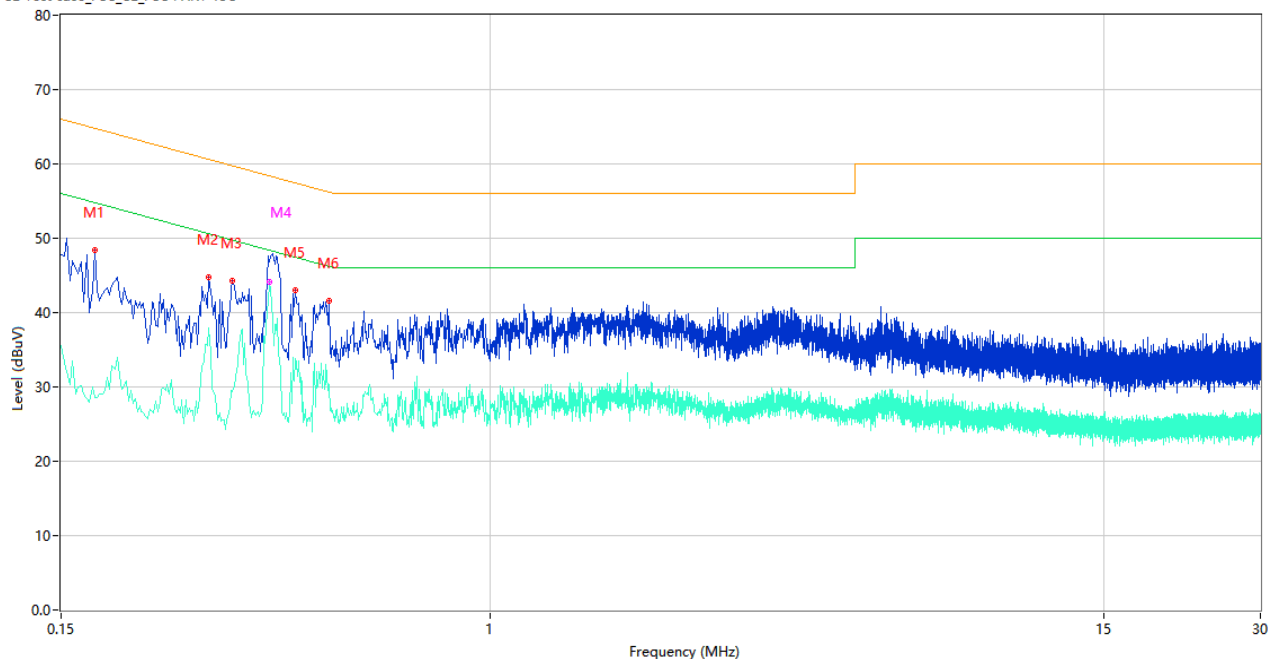
CE Test case_FCC_CE_FCC PART 15C



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.160	49.72	9.78	65.46	15.74	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.160	31.45	9.78	55.46	24.01	AV	L	Pass
2	0.290	45.73	9.76	60.52	14.79	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.290	37.75	9.76	50.52	12.77	AV	L	Pass
3	0.338	45.12	10.52	59.25	14.13	Peak	L	Pass
3**	0.338	34.99	10.52	49.25	14.26	AV	L	Pass
4	0.380	48.43	10.64	58.28	9.85	Peak	L	Pass
4**	0.380	44.09	10.64	48.28	4.19	AV	L	Pass
5	0.420	43.10	10.34	57.45	14.35	Peak	L	Pass
5**	0.420	35.01	10.34	47.45	12.44	AV	L	Pass
6	0.456	42.98	10.02	56.77	13.79	Peak	L	Pass
6**	0.456	31.25	10.02	46.77	15.52	AV	L	Pass

PHASE N

CE Test case_FCC_CE_FCC PART 15C



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.174	48.49	9.78	64.77	16.28	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.174	28.53	9.78	54.77	26.24	AV	N	Pass
2	0.288	44.83	9.76	60.58	15.75	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.288	37.95	9.76	50.58	12.63	AV	N	Pass
3	0.320	44.34	10.16	59.71	15.37	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.320	29.32	10.16	49.71	20.39	AV	N	Pass
4	0.376	46.82	10.65	58.37	11.55	Peak	N	Pass
4**	0.376	44.11	10.65	48.37	4.26	AV	N	Pass
5	0.422	43.06	10.32	57.41	14.35	Peak	N	Pass
5**	0.422	33.88	10.32	47.41	13.53	AV	N	Pass
6	0.490	41.60	9.99	56.17	14.57	Peak	N	Pass
6**	0.490	30.31	9.99	46.17	15.86	AV	N	Pass

A.6 Radiated Emission

Note¹: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note²: For the test data above 1 GHz, According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

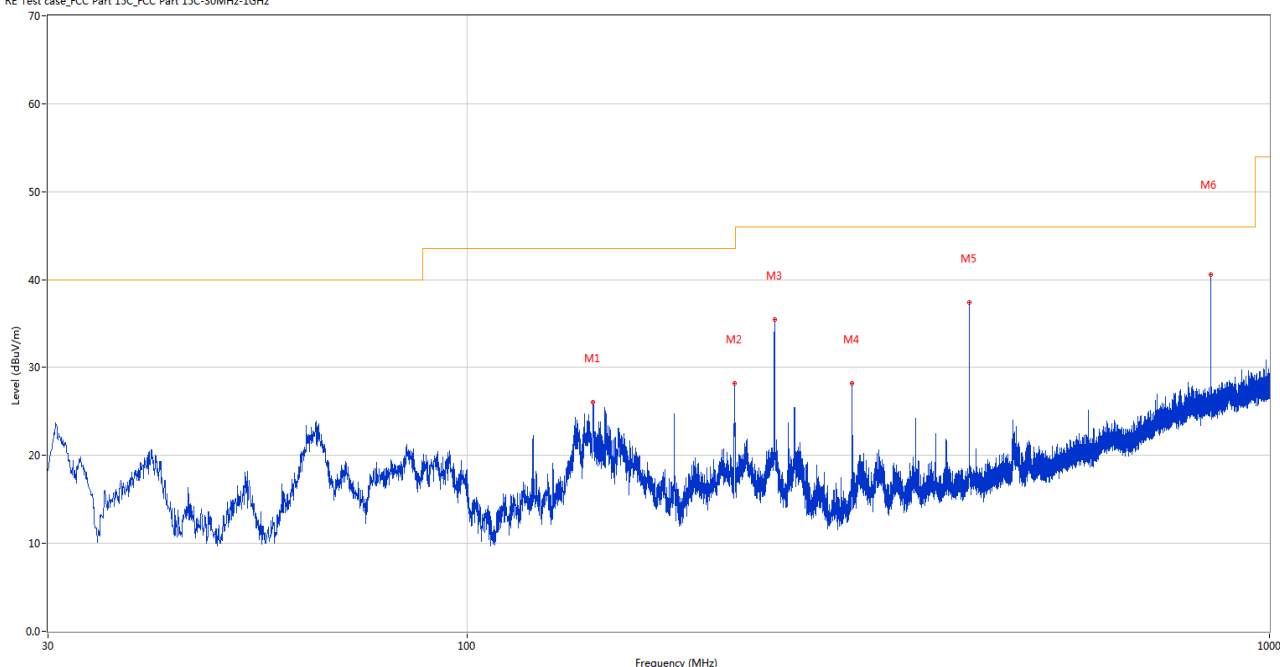
Note³: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

Note⁴: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

Test Data and Plots

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H

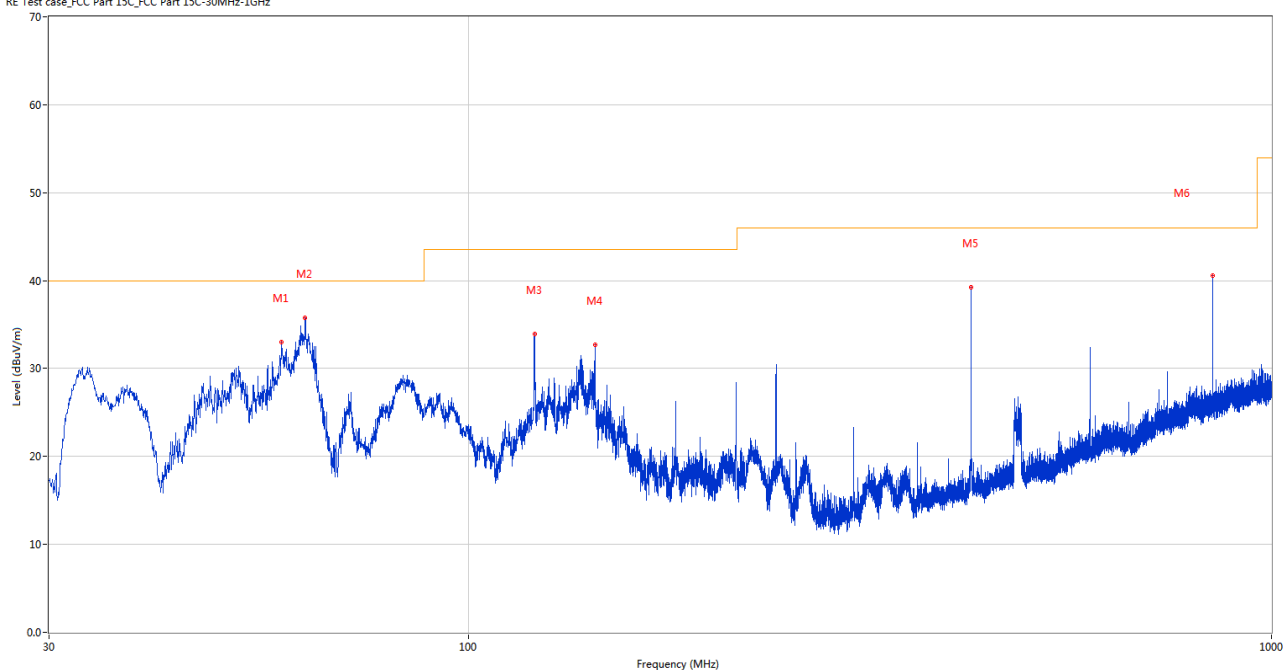
RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC Part 15C-30MHz-1GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	143.538	26.06	-26.31	43.5	17.44	Peak	268.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	215.367	28.18	-29.25	43.5	15.32	Peak	118.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
3	241.508	35.44	-27.13	46.0	10.56	Peak	99.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	301.891	28.17	-24.73	46.0	17.83	Peak	297.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	422.608	37.43	-20.97	46.0	8.57	Peak	42.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	845.140	40.54	-11.95	46.0	5.46	Peak	135.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V

RE Test case_FCC Part 15C_FCC Part 15C-30MHz-1GHz



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	58.469	32.99	-27.42	40.0	7.01	Peak	120.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2	62.544	35.74	-27.64	40.0	4.26	Peak	163.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	120.743	33.89	-27.97	43.5	9.61	Peak	180.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	143.587	32.71	-26.31	43.5	10.79	Peak	280.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	422.608	39.22	-20.97	46.0	6.78	Peak	176.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	845.140	40.56	-11.95	46.0	5.44	Peak	324.00	100	Vertical	Pass

Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious above 18G is noise only, do not show on the report.

Note 3: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report.

Note 4: All mode has been pre tested, only show worst data on this report.

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1444.900	45.36	-17.07	74.0	28.64	Peak	266.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1444.900	39.65	-17.07	54.0	14.35	AV	266.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2410.700	108.26	-10.37	74.0	-34.26	Peak	67.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2410.700	105.43	-10.37	54.0	-51.43	AV	67.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	4824.000	50.54	-3.61	74.0	23.46	Peak	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4824.000	46.24	-3.61	54.0	7.76	AV	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	7704.750	53.82	2.00	74.0	20.18	Peak	114.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7704.750	45.37	2.00	54.0	8.63	AV	114.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	12231.063	52.82	0.84	74.0	21.18	Peak	347.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12231.063	42.72	0.84	54.0	11.28	AV	347.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	16389.301	55.92	2.76	74.0	18.08	Peak	195.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16389.301	47.00	2.76	54.0	7.00	AV	195.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11b Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1583.900	46.01	-17.09	74.0	27.99	Peak	211.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1583.900	34.79	-17.09	54.0	19.21	AV	211.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2410.800	104.43	-10.35	74.0	-30.43	Peak	58.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2410.800	101.46	-10.35	54.0	-47.46	AV	58.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4934.500	48.88	-3.59	74.0	25.12	Peak	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4934.500	40.28	-3.59	54.0	13.72	AV	0.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	7766.000	53.87	1.67	74.0	20.13	Peak	38.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	7766.000	44.33	1.67	54.0	9.67	AV	38.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	12449.800	53.73	1.04	74.0	20.27	Peak	275.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	12449.800	42.81	1.04	54.0	11.19	AV	275.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17453.738	56.11	5.50	74.0	17.89	Peak	222.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	17453.738	47.31	5.50	54.0	6.69	AV	222.00	400	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1475.800	49.83	-17.20	74.0	24.17	Peak	292.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1475.800	45.07	-17.20	54.0	8.93	AV	292.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2460.600	107.48	-11.30	74.0	-33.48	Peak	64.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2460.600	104.61	-11.30	54.0	-50.61	AV	64.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
3	4924.250	50.32	-3.53	74.0	23.68	Peak	16.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4924.250	45.82	-3.53	54.0	8.18	AV	16.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	7154.250	53.80	0.22	74.0	20.20	Peak	36.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7154.250	44.19	0.22	54.0	9.81	AV	36.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	12260.750	54.43	0.99	74.0	19.57	Peak	283.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12260.750	43.35	0.99	54.0	10.65	AV	283.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	16855.762	56.06	3.47	74.0	17.94	Peak	24.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16855.762	47.10	3.47	54.0	6.90	AV	24.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11b High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1584.300	44.94	-17.10	74.0	29.06	Peak	360.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1584.300	37.39	-17.10	54.0	16.61	AV	360.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2460.800	103.97	-11.30	74.0	-29.97	Peak	60.00	200	Vertical	N/A
2**	2460.800	101.05	-11.30	54.0	-47.05	AV	60.00	200	Vertical	N/A
3	4931.250	49.25	-3.51	74.0	24.75	Peak	260.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4931.250	39.37	-3.51	54.0	14.63	AV	260.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7709.250	53.38	1.90	74.0	20.62	Peak	106.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4**	7709.250	44.41	1.90	54.0	9.59	AV	106.00	200	Vertical	Pass
5	12220.375	52.85	0.69	74.0	21.15	Peak	36.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	12220.375	43.82	0.69	54.0	10.18	AV	36.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	17444.286	56.88	5.55	74.0	17.12	Peak	297.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	17444.286	47.74	5.55	54.0	6.26	AV	297.00	300	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n40 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1206.900	44.83	-17.55	74.0	29.17	Peak	325.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1206.900	34.11	-17.55	54.0	19.89	AV	325.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2406.000	105.62	-10.39	74.0	-31.62	Peak	79.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2406.000	97.52	-10.39	54.0	-43.52	AV	79.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
3	4844.000	50.82	-3.68	74.0	23.18	Peak	341.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4844.000	46.90	-3.68	54.0	7.10	AV	341.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	4844.500	50.97	-3.74	74.0	23.03	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4844.500	45.37	-3.74	54.0	8.63	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	12251.963	53.20	1.08	74.0	20.80	Peak	4.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12251.963	43.03	1.08	54.0	10.97	AV	4.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	16383.526	56.64	2.54	74.0	17.36	Peak	40.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16383.526	47.43	2.54	54.0	6.57	AV	40.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n40 Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1329.900	43.36	-16.89	74.0	30.64	Peak	230.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1329.900	32.94	-16.89	54.0	21.06	AV	230.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2438.900	99.88	-10.26	74.0	-25.88	Peak	328.00	200	Vertical	N/A
2**	2438.900	92.36	-10.26	54.0	-38.36	AV	328.00	200	Vertical	N/A
3	4925.000	49.22	-3.56	74.0	24.78	Peak	24.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4925.000	39.91	-3.56	54.0	14.09	AV	24.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7715.000	53.78	1.54	74.0	20.22	Peak	46.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4**	7715.000	45.20	1.54	54.0	8.80	AV	46.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	12277.613	54.06	0.80	74.0	19.94	Peak	0.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	12277.613	43.69	0.80	54.0	10.31	AV	0.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	17457.938	56.19	5.42	74.0	17.81	Peak	112.00	200	Vertical	Pass
6**	17457.938	47.16	5.42	54.0	6.84	AV	112.00	200	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n40 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1457.800	44.94	-16.99	74.0	29.06	Peak	291.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1457.800	34.35	-16.99	54.0	19.65	AV	291.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
2	2436.600	106.27	-10.37	74.0	-32.27	Peak	31.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2436.600	97.57	-10.37	54.0	-43.57	AV	31.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
3	4904.250	49.09	-3.14	74.0	24.91	Peak	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4904.250	45.43	-3.14	54.0	8.57	AV	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	4904.500	50.98	-3.21	74.0	23.02	Peak	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4904.500	44.59	-3.21	54.0	9.41	AV	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	12542.188	53.13	1.20	74.0	20.87	Peak	267.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12542.188	42.77	1.20	54.0	11.23	AV	267.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	17454.787	56.92	5.48	74.0	17.08	Peak	307.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17454.787	47.64	5.48	54.0	6.36	AV	307.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n40 High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1385.500	42.65	-17.28	74.0	31.35	Peak	94.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1385.500	32.07	-17.28	54.0	21.93	AV	94.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2441.000	99.63	-9.79	74.0	-25.63	Peak	326.00	100	Vertical	N/A
2**	2441.000	92.70	-9.79	54.0	-38.70	AV	326.00	100	Vertical	N/A
3	4991.000	49.52	-3.22	74.0	24.48	Peak	124.00	200	Vertical	Pass
3**	4991.000	41.09	-3.22	54.0	12.91	AV	124.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	7979.250	53.84	1.66	74.0	20.16	Peak	124.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4**	7979.250	44.40	1.66	54.0	9.60	AV	124.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	12267.162	53.29	0.92	74.0	20.71	Peak	11.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5**	12267.162	45.55	0.92	54.0	8.45	AV	11.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6	17460.038	56.46	5.38	74.0	17.54	Peak	185.00	400	Vertical	Pass
6**	17460.038	47.44	5.38	54.0	6.56	AV	185.00	400	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11ax40(SU) Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1447.500	44.59	-16.80	74.0	29.41	Peak	288.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1447.500	34.25	-16.80	54.0	19.75	AV	288.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2410.000	105.44	-10.38	74.0	-31.44	Peak	66.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2410.000	98.13	-10.38	54.0	-44.13	AV	66.00	100	Horizontal	N/A
3	4844.000	50.97	-3.68	74.0	23.03	Peak	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4844.000	46.59	-3.68	54.0	7.41	AV	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	4844.250	49.30	-3.78	74.0	24.70	Peak	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4844.250	46.95	-3.78	54.0	7.05	AV	0.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
5	12936.637	53.22	1.44	74.0	20.78	Peak	0.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5**	12936.637	43.16	1.44	54.0	10.84	AV	0.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6	17439.562	56.57	5.54	74.0	17.43	Peak	17.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17439.562	47.16	5.54	54.0	6.84	AV	17.00	400	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11ax40(SU) Low Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1585.000	44.53	-17.06	74.0	29.47	Peak	360.00	400	Vertical	Pass
1**	1585.000	33.63	-17.06	54.0	20.37	AV	360.00	400	Vertical	Pass
2	2430.200	100.65	-10.59	74.0	-26.65	Peak	323.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2430.200	92.24	-10.59	54.0	-38.24	AV	323.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	4921.250	49.41	-3.18	74.0	24.59	Peak	360.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3**	4921.250	40.39	-3.18	54.0	13.61	AV	360.00	100	Vertical	Pass
4	7770.000	54.05	1.44	74.0	19.95	Peak	199.00	400	Vertical	Pass
4**	7770.000	44.54	1.44	54.0	9.46	AV	199.00	400	Vertical	Pass
5	12251.963	52.97	1.08	74.0	21.03	Peak	156.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5**	12251.963	43.49	1.08	54.0	10.51	AV	156.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6	16400.850	56.40	3.16	74.0	17.60	Peak	295.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6**	16400.850	47.42	3.16	54.0	6.58	AV	295.00	100	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11ax40(SU) High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1217.100	45.72	-17.60	74.0	28.28	Peak	294.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1217.100	33.33	-17.60	54.0	20.67	AV	294.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2438.900	106.26	-10.26	74.0	-32.26	Peak	94.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2438.900	98.24	-10.26	54.0	-44.24	AV	94.00	200	Horizontal	N/A
3	4904.250	50.18	-3.14	74.0	23.82	Peak	4.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3**	4904.250	45.68	-3.14	54.0	8.32	AV	4.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
4	7766.250	54.30	1.56	74.0	19.70	Peak	190.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
4**	7766.250	44.18	1.56	54.0	9.82	AV	190.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
5	11752.263	53.00	-0.19	74.0	21.00	Peak	272.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
5**	11752.263	43.84	-0.19	54.0	10.16	AV	272.00	400	Horizontal	Pass
6	16381.425	56.58	2.46	74.0	17.42	Peak	243.00	300	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16381.425	46.85	2.46	54.0	7.15	AV	243.00	300	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11ax40(SU) High Channel

No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1584.600	44.79	-17.04	74.0	29.21	Peak	179.00	200	Vertical	Pass
1**	1584.600	32.96	-17.04	54.0	21.04	AV	179.00	200	Vertical	Pass
2	2436.000	100.48	-10.16	74.0	-26.48	Peak	328.00	200	Vertical	N/A
2**	2436.000	92.55	-10.16	54.0	-38.55	AV	328.00	200	Vertical	N/A
3	4818.250	49.37	-3.07	74.0	24.63	Peak	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	4818.250	39.76	-3.07	54.0	14.24	AV	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	7866.750	53.48	1.61	74.0	20.52	Peak	239.00	300	Vertical	Pass
4**	7866.750	44.04	1.61	54.0	9.96	AV	239.00	300	Vertical	Pass
5	11738.963	53.57	-0.27	74.0	20.43	Peak	270.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5**	11738.963	44.61	-0.27	54.0	9.39	AV	270.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	17434.051	56.74	5.52	74.0	17.26	Peak	154.00	300	Vertical	Pass
6**	17434.051	47.34	5.52	54.0	6.66	AV	154.00	300	Vertical	Pass

A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note ¹: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

Note ²: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.

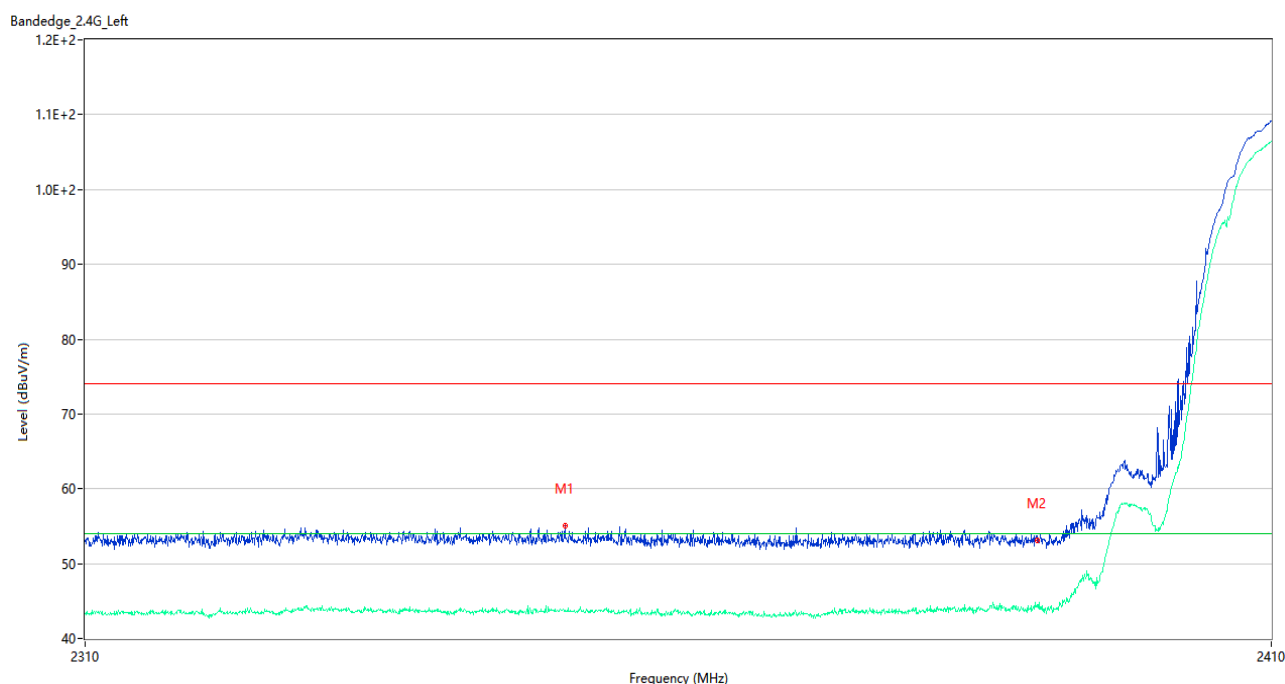
Note ³: According the ANSI C63.10-2013, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note ⁴: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report.

Note ⁵: All mode has been pre tested, only show worst data on this report.

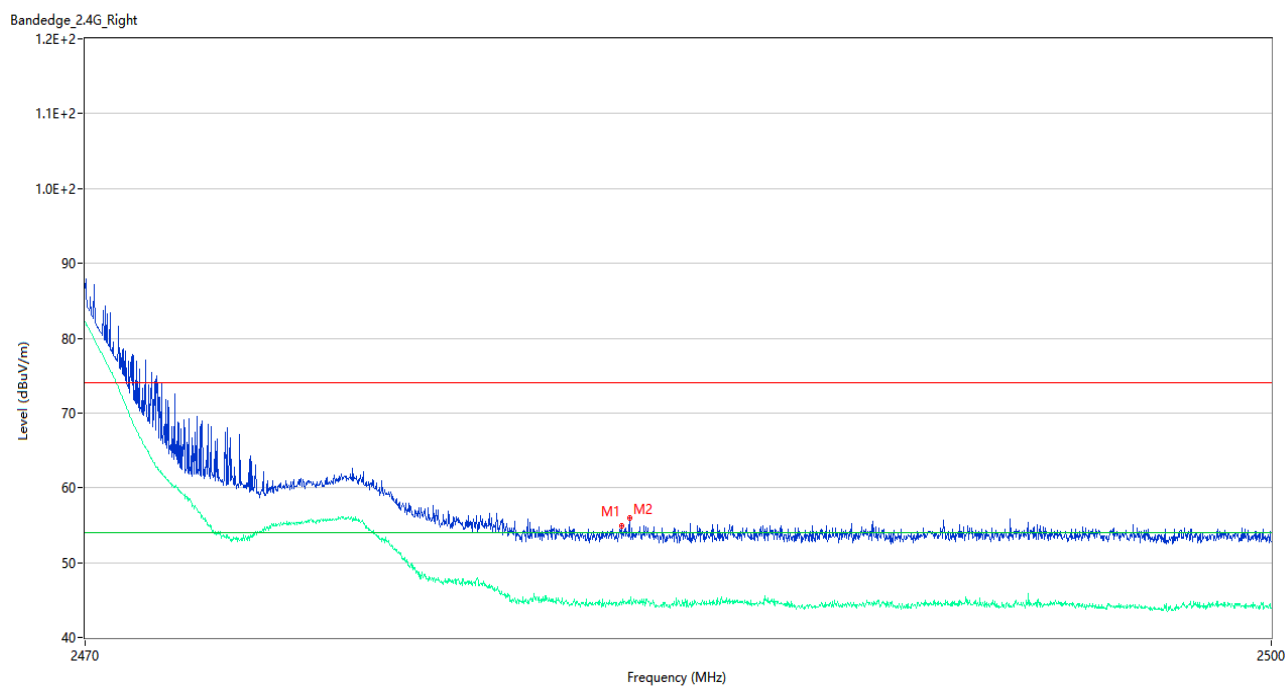
Test Data and Plots

802.11b LOW CHANNEL



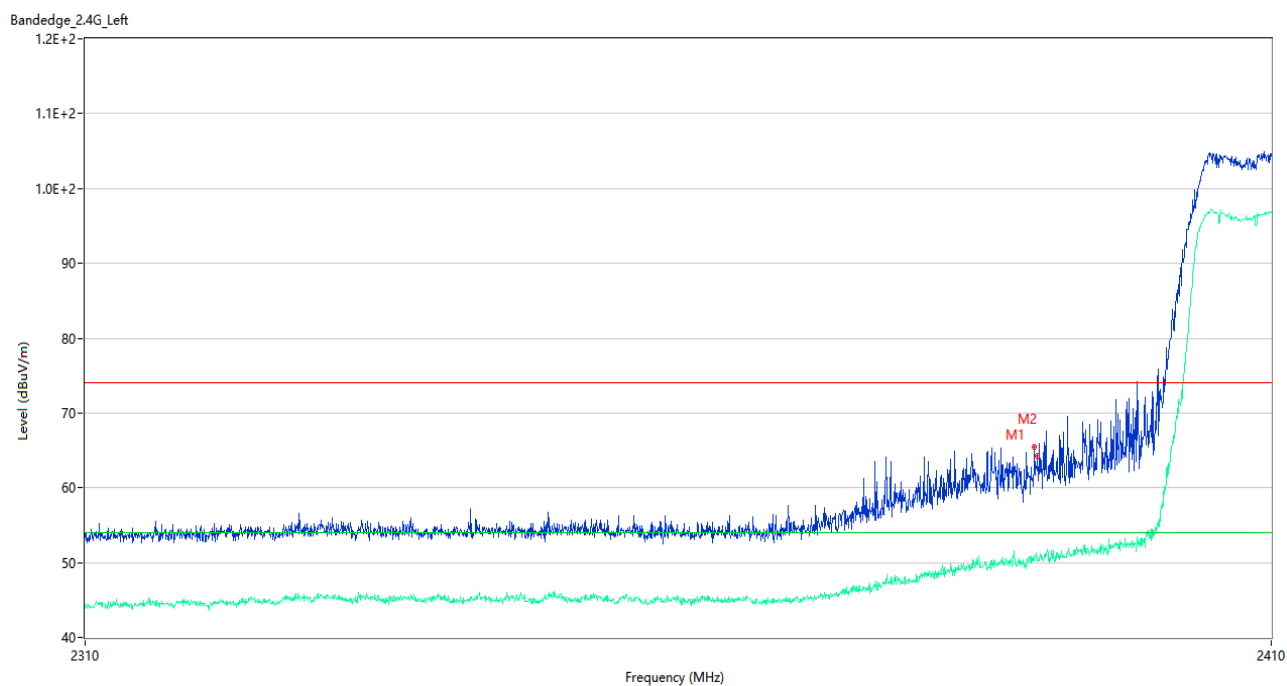
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2349.950	55.10	-0.96	74.0	18.90	Peak	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2349.950	43.70	-0.96	54.0	10.30	AV	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2389.950	53.10	-1.82	74.0	20.90	Peak	89.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2389.950	44.23	-1.82	54.0	9.77	AV	89.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



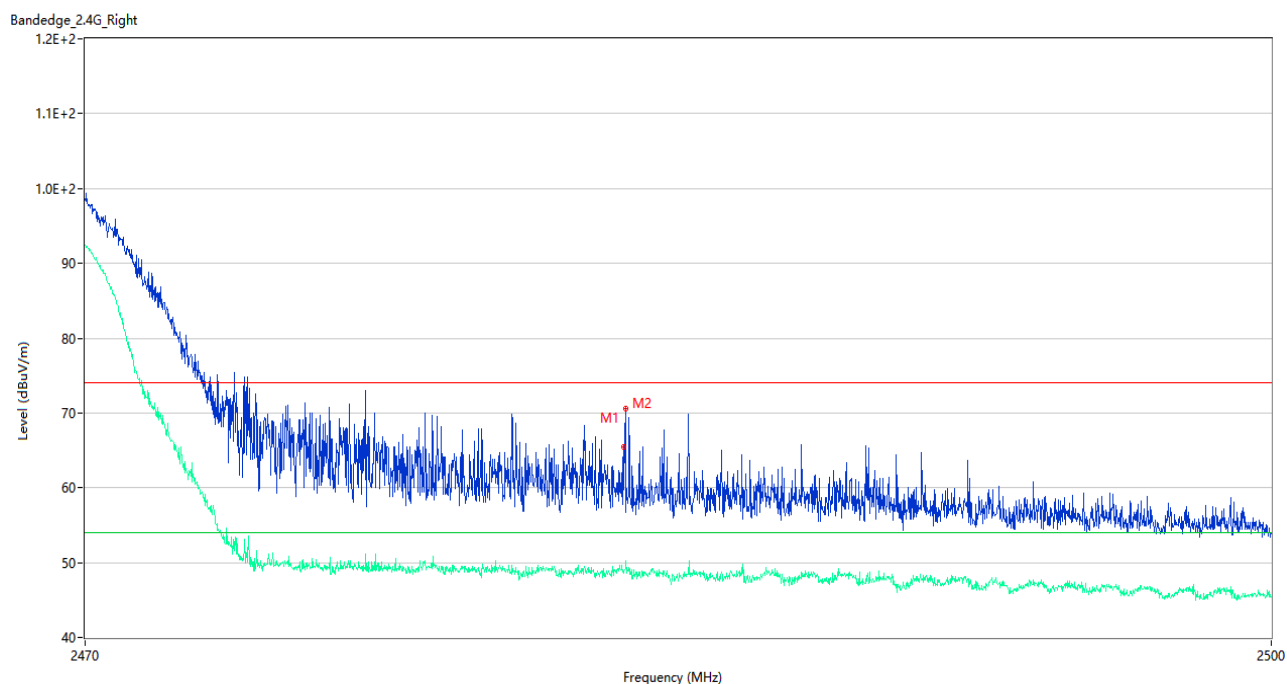
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.515	54.87	-1.10	74.0	19.13	Peak	237.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.515	44.43	-1.10	54.0	9.57	AV	237.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2483.725	55.93	-1.06	74.0	18.07	Peak	90.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2483.725	44.51	-1.06	54.0	9.49	AV	90.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

802.11n40 LOW CHANNEL



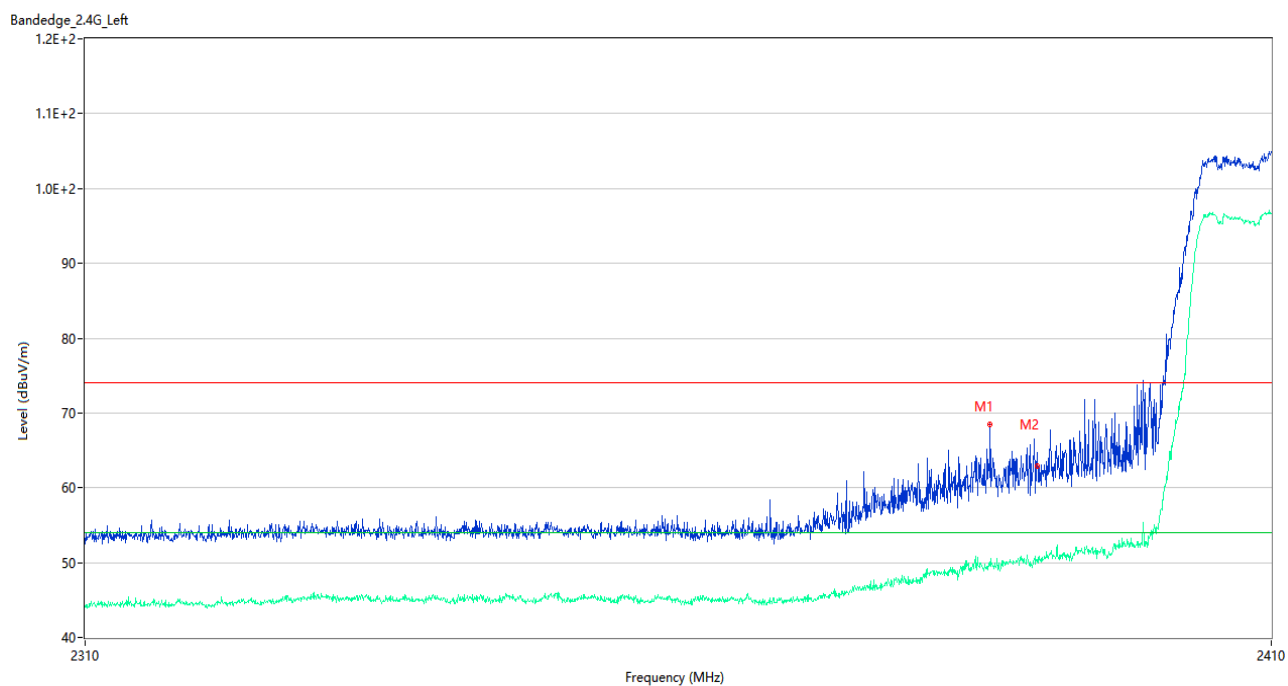
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2389.700	65.50	-1.76	74.0	8.50	Peak	86.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2389.700	50.30	-1.76	54.0	3.70	AV	86.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2389.950	64.29	-1.82	74.0	9.71	Peak	88.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2389.950	50.27	-1.82	54.0	3.73	AV	88.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

802.11n40 HIGH CHANNEL



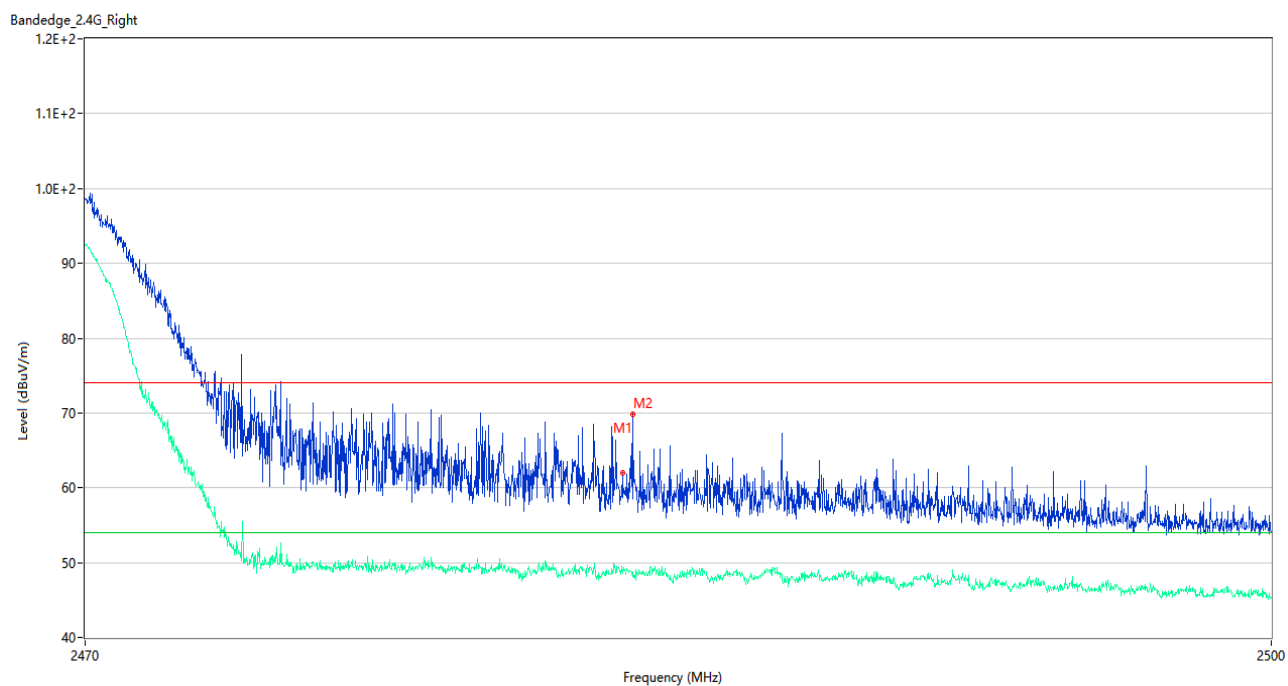
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.575	65.50	-1.09	74.0	8.50	Peak	24.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.575	48.65	-1.09	54.0	5.35	AV	24.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2	2483.620	70.52	-1.08	74.0	3.48	Peak	87.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2483.620	49.26	-1.08	54.0	4.74	AV	87.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

802.11ac40 LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2385.900	68.49	-1.50	74.0	5.51	Peak	24.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2385.900	49.65	-1.50	54.0	4.35	AV	24.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2	2389.950	62.85	-1.82	74.0	11.15	Peak	63.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2389.950	50.08	-1.82	54.0	3.92	AV	63.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

802.11ac40 HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.545	61.97	-1.09	74.0	12.03	Peak	294.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.545	48.54	-1.09	54.0	5.46	AV	294.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2483.800	69.89	-1.05	74.0	4.11	Peak	84.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2483.800	48.15	-1.05	54.0	5.85	AV	84.00	200	Horizontal	Pass

A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Note: Not applicable.

ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2440655-AR-2.PDF”.

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2440655-AW-1.PDF”.

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SZ2440655-AI-1.PDF”.

Statement

1. The laboratory guarantees the scientificity, accuracy and impartiality of the test, and is responsible for all the information in the report, except the information provided by the customer. The customer is responsible for the impact of the information provided on the validity of the results.
2. The report without China inspection body and laboratory Mandatory Approval (CMA) mark has no effect of proving to the society.
3. For the report with CNAS mark or A2LA mark, the items marked with "☆" are not within the accredited scope.
4. This report is invalid if it is altered, without the signature of the testing and approval personnel, or without the "inspection and testing dedicated stamp" or test report stamp.
5. The test data and results are only valid for the tested samples provided by the customer.
6. This report shall not be partially reproduced without the written permission of the laboratory.
7. Any objection shall be raised to the laboratory within 30 days after receiving the report.

--END OF REPORT--