TEST REPORT

of

FCC Part 15 Subpart C §15.247

FCC ID: 2BG22SLM-1101

Equipment Under Test	:	STALUKE
Model Name	:	SLM-1101
Variant Model Name(s)	:	-
FCC Applicant	:	Seoulinmedicare Co., Ltd.
Manufacturer	:	Seoulinmedicare Co., Ltd.
Date of Receipt	:	2024.05.03
Date of Test(s)	:	2024.06.03 ~ 2024.06.20
Date of Issue	:	2024.06.25

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.
This test report does not assure KOLAS accreditation.

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2) The SGS Korea is not responsible for the sampling, the results of this test report apply to the sample as received.
3) This test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the Company.
4) The data marked ※ in this report was provided by the customer and may affect the validity of the test results.
We are responsible for all the information of this test report except for the data(※) provided by the customer

Tested by: **Murphy Kim**

Technical Manager: **Jinhyoung Cho**

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. Gunpo Laboratory

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1. General Information

1.1. Testing Laboratory

SGS Korea Co., Ltd. (Gunpo Laboratory)
- 10-2, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807
- 4, LS-ro 182beon-gil, Gunpo-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea, 15807
- Designation number: KR0150

All SGS services are rendered in accordance with the applicable SGS conditions of service available on request and accessible at http://www.sgs.com/en/Terms-and-Conditions.aspx.

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1.2. Details of Applicant

Applicant : Seoulinmedicare Co., Ltd.
Address : 4F 593-16, Dongtangiheung-ro, Hwaseong-si, Gyeonggi-do, South Korea, 18469
Contact Person : Lee, Ji-soo
Phone No. : +82 10 7767 9160

1.3. Details of Manufacturer

Company : Same as applicant
Address : Same as applicant

1.4. Description of EUT

Kind of Product	STALUKE
Model Name	SLM-1101
Variant Model Names	-
Serial Number	Conducted Sample: 1101-0003-2404 Radiated Sample: 1101-0004-2404
Power Supply	AC 120 V
Frequency Range	2 402 ㎒ ~ 2 480 ㎒ (Bluetooth Low Energy)
Modulation Technique	GFSK
Number of Channels	40 channels (Bluetooth Low Energy)
Antenna Type	PCB Pattern Antenna
Antenna Gain※	3.35 ㏈i
H/W Version	V1.0
S/W Version	V1.0

1.5. Test Equipment List

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval	Cal. Due
Signal Generator	R&S	SMA100B	106887	Oct. 06, 2023	Annual	Oct. 06, 2024
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	103211	Dec. 06, 2023	Annual	Dec. 06, 2024
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY53421758	Sep. 01, 2023	Annual	Sep. 01, 2024
Attenuator	AEROFLEX / INMET	40AH2W-10	40G-1	Jun. 19, 2024	Annual	Jun. 19, 2025
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHKX3.0/18G-10SS	21	Jun. 07, 2024	Annual	Jun. 07, 2025
High Pass Filter	Wainwright Instrument GmbH	WHNX7.5/26.5G-6SS	15	Jun. 07, 2024	Annual	Jun. 07, 2025
Low Pass Filter	Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	V 8979400903-2	Feb. 07, 2024	Annual	Feb. 07, 2025
Power Sensor	R&S	NRP-Z81	100418	Feb. 07, 2024	Annual	Feb. 07, 2025
Preamplifier	H.P.	8447F	2944A03909	Aug. 04, 2023	Annual	Aug. 04, 2024
Signal Conditioning Unit	R&S	SCU-18F	101058	Dec. 07, 2023	Annual	Dec. 07, 2024
Pre Amplifier	MITEQ Inc.	JS44-18004000-35-8P	1546891	Oct. 06, 2023	Annual	Oct. 06, 2024
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	FMZB 1519	1519-039	Aug. 21, 2023	Biennial	Aug. 21, 2025
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	VULB 9163	9163-396	Apr. 02, 2024	Biennial	Apr. 02, 2026
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF906	100326	Feb. 19, 2024	Annual	Feb. 19, 2025
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	BBHA 9170	9170-540	Dec. 05, 2023	Annual	Dec. 05, 2024
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESU26	100109	Jan. 16, 2024	Annual	Jan. 16, 2025
Turn Table	Innco systems GmbH	DS 1200 S	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Controller	Innco systems GmbH	CONTROLLER CO3000-4P	CO3000/963/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Antenna Mast	Innco systems GmbH	MA4640-XP-ET	MA4640/536/383 30516/L	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Anechoic Chamber	SY Corporation	L × W × H (9.6 m × 6.4 m × 6.6 m)	N/A	N.C.R.	N/A	N.C.R.
Coaxial Cable	SENSORVIEW	NMST-13A26-NMST-5 m	TPC2402190004	Apr. 03, 2024	Semi-Annual	Oct. 03, 2024
Coaxial Cable	SENSORVIEW	NMST-13A26-NMST-10 m	TPC2402190001	Apr. 03, 2024	Semi-Annual	Oct. 03, 2024
Coaxial Cable	RFONE	PL360P-292M292M-1.5M-A	20200324002	Apr. 12, 2024	Semi-Annual	Oct. 12, 2024

Note;

For equipment listed above that has a calibration date or calibration due date that falls within the test date range, care was taken to ensure that this equipment was used after the calibration date and before the calibration due date

1.6. Summary of Test Results

The EUT has been tested according to the following specifications:

APPLIED STANDARD: FCC Part 15 Subpart C		
Section	**Test Item(s)**	**Result**
15.205(a) 15.209 15.247(d)	Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emission	Complied
15.247(a)(2)	6 dB Bandwidth	Complied
15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Complied
15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Complied
15.207	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	Complied

1.7. Test Procedure(s)

The measurement procedures described in the American National Standard of Procedure for Compliance Testing of unlicensed Wireless Devices (ANSI C63.10-2013) and the guidance provided in KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 were used in the measurement of the DUT.

1.8. Sample Calculation

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

1.8.1. Conducted Test

Offset value (dB) = Attenuator (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

1.8.2. Radiation Test

Field strength level (dBμV/m) = Measured level (dBμV) + Antenna factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) - Amplifier gain (dB) + Duty factor (dB)

1.9. Information of software for test

- Using the software of Direct Test Mode Tool (Version 0.9.1) to testing of EUT.

1.10. Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty	
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	0.34 dB	
Power Spectral Density	0.64 dB	
6 dB Bandwidth	0.07 MHz	
Conducted Spurious Emission	0.80 dB	
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	3.10 dB	
Radiated Emission, 9 kHz to 30 MHz	H	3.60 dB
	V	3.60 dB
Radiated Emission, below 1 GHz	H	4.60 dB
	V	4.90 dB
Radiated Emission, above 1 GHz	H	3.90 dB
	V	3.80 dB

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of *k*=2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

1.11. Test Report Revision

Revision	Report number	Date of Issue	Description
0	F690501-RF-RTL005182	2024.06.25	Initial

1.12. Worst-Case Configuration and Test Mode (Bluetooth 5.2)

Type	Modulation	Mode	Frequency (㎒)	Packet length (Byte)	RF Output Power (㏈m)
Left	GFSK	PHY 1M	2 480	37	0.38
				255	**0.39**
		PHY 2M		37	0.31
				255	**0.33**
Right		PHY 1M		37	-0.88
				255	**-0.87**
		PHY 2M		37	-0.87
				255	**-0.84**

Remark;

The EUT supported PHY 1M, PHY 2M.

All modes were investigated.

For PHY 1M and PHY 2M, 255 bytes is tested as worst condition.

Radiated emission below 1 ㎓ were performed with the EUT set to transmit at the channel with highest output power as worst-case scenario.

Radiated emission above 1 ㎓ was performed with the EUT set to transmit Low/Middle/High Channels as worst-case scenario.

Conducted tests were performed with the EUT set to transmit Low/Middle/High channels with highest output power.

1.13. Duty Cycle of EUT

Regarding to KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02, 6, the maximum duty cycles of all modes were investigated and set the spectrum analyzer as below;
Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set detector = peak or average. The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100.

Type	Mode	Duty Cycle (%)	Correction Factor (dB)
Left	PHY 1M	85.19	0.70
	PHY 2M	57.38	2.41
Right	PHY 1M	85.18	0.70
	PHY 2M	57.38	2.41

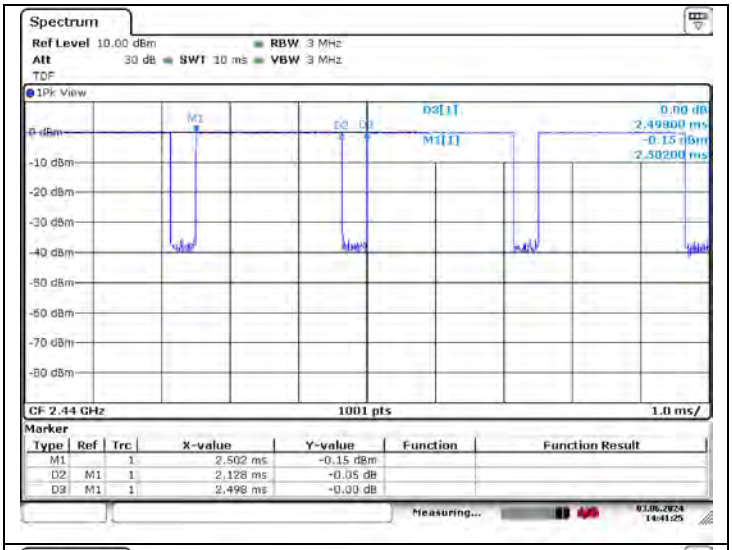
Remark;

1. Duty Cycle (%) = (Tx on time / Tx on + off time) x 100
2. Correction Factor (dB) = 10 log (1 / Duty Cycle)

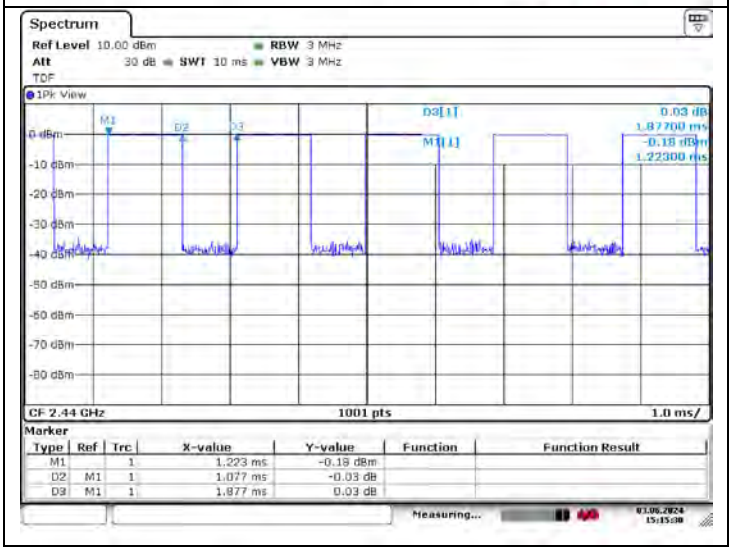
- Test plots

Left

PHY 1M

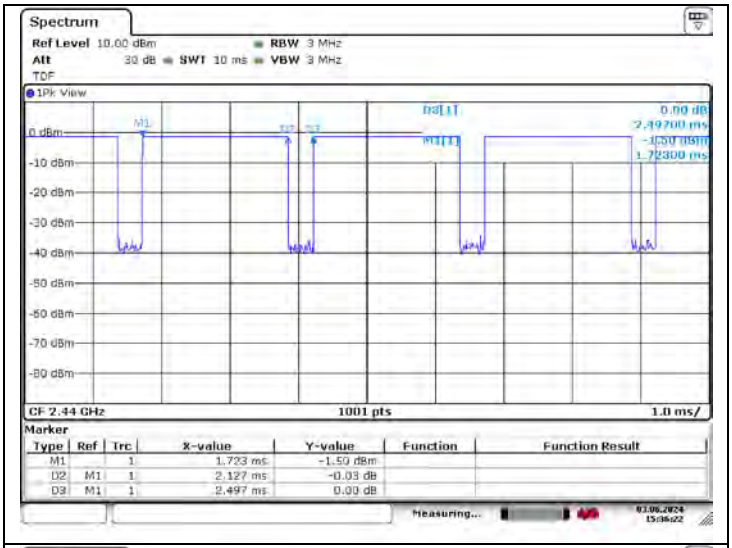


PHY 2M

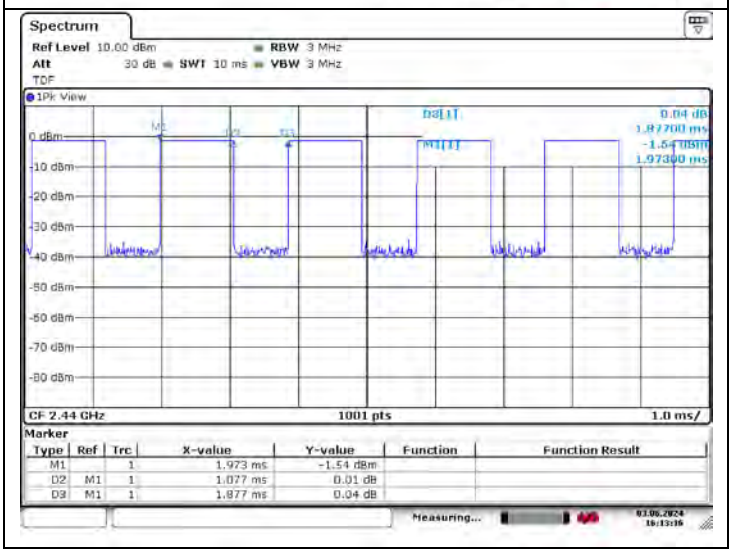


Right

PHY 1M



PHY 2M

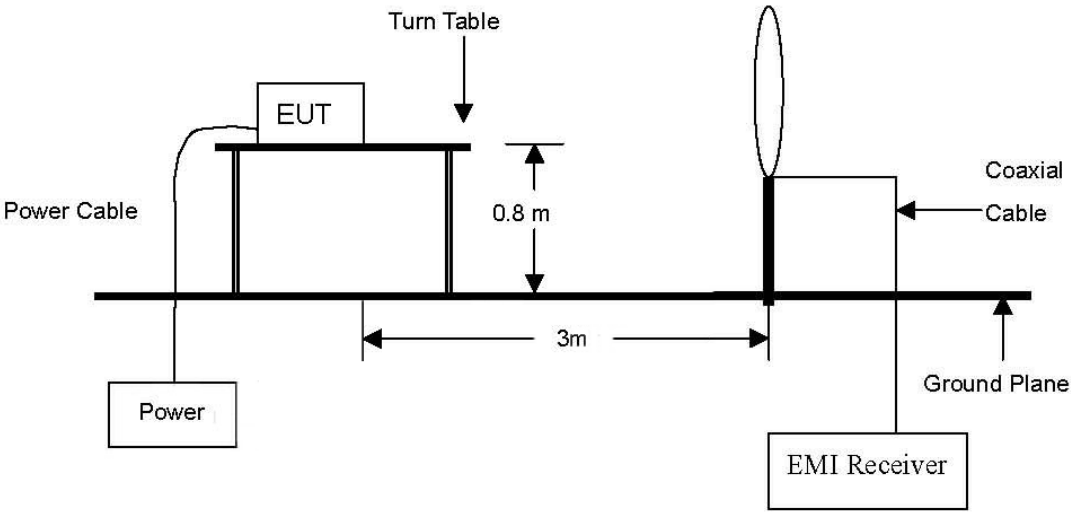


2. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions and Conducted Spurious Emissions

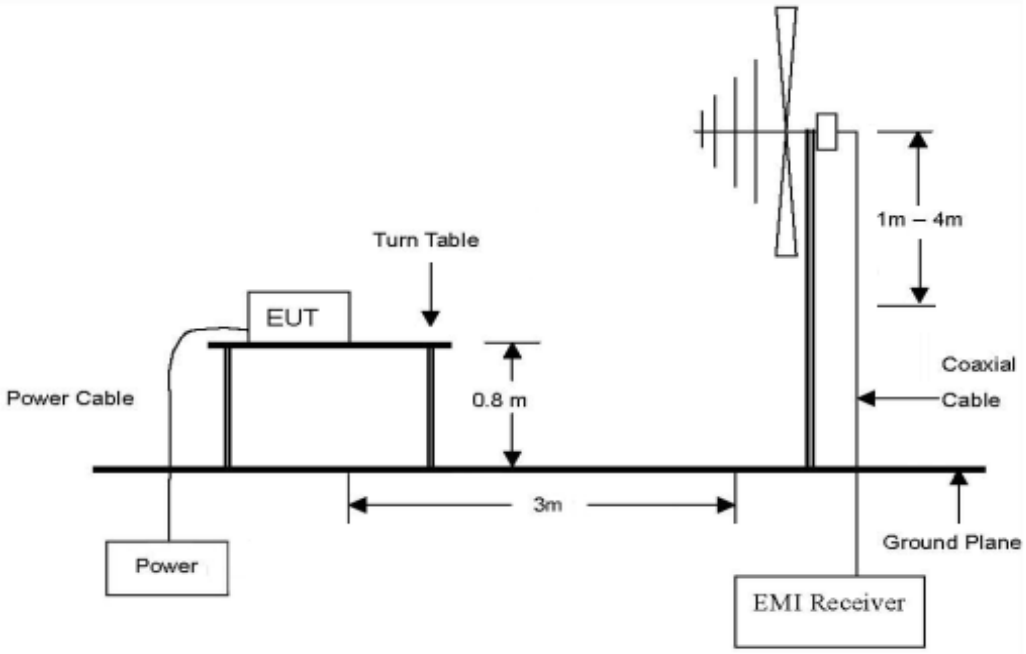
2.1. Test Setup

2.1.1. Transmitter Radiated Spurious Emissions

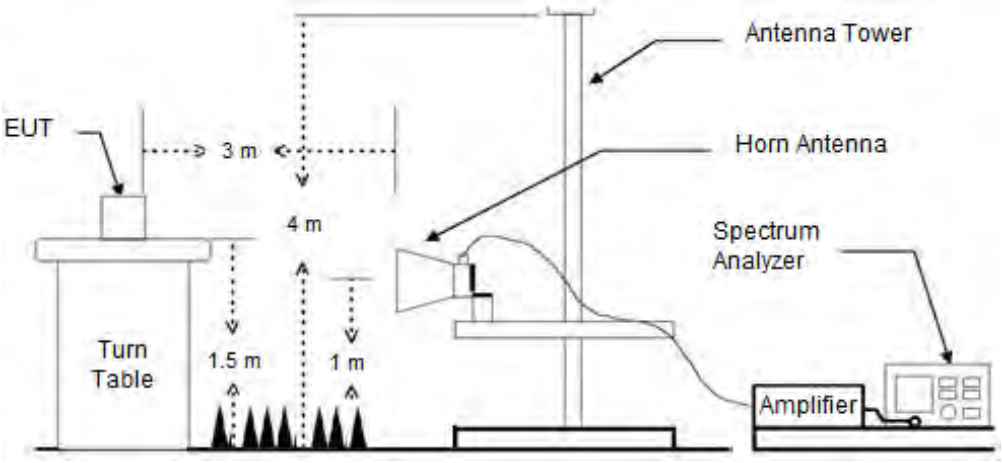
The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 9 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission from 30 ㎒ to 1 ㎓ Emissions.



The diagram below shows the test setup that is utilized to make the measurements for emission.
The spurious emissions were investigated from 1 ㎓ to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or 40 ㎓, whichever is lower.



2.1.2. Conducted Spurious Emissions

2.2. Limit

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 ㎑ bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 ㏈ below that in the 100 ㎑ bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 ㏈ instead of 20 ㏈. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emission which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to §15.209(a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (㎒)	Field Strength (㎛V/m)	Measurement Distance (Meters)
0.009-0.490	2 400/F(㎑)	300
0.490-1.705	24 000/F(㎑)	30
1.705-30.0	30	30
30-88	100**	3
88-216	150**	3
216-960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 ㎒, 76-88 ㎒, 174-216 ㎒ or 470-806 ㎒. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this part, e.g., §§15.231 and 15.241.

2.3. Test Procedures

Radiated emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates in section 11.11 & 11.12 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

2.3.1. Test Procedures for emission below 30 ㎒

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. Then antenna is a loop antenna is fixed at one meter above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both parallel and perpendicular of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
3. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
4. The test-receiver system was set to average or quasi peak detect function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

2.3.2. Test Procedures for emission from above 30 ㎒

1. The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site below 1 ㎓ and 1.5 meters above the ground at a 3 meter anechoic chamber test site above 1 ㎓. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
2. During performing radiated emission below 1 ㎓, the EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower. During performing radiated emission above 1 ㎓, the EUT was set 3 meter away from the interference-receiving antenna.
3. The antenna is a bi-log antenna, a horn antenna and its height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
4. For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
5. For measurements below 1 ㎓ resolution bandwidth is set to 100 ㎑ for peak detection measurements or 120 ㎑ for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.
6. For measurements Above 1 ㎓ resolution bandwidth is set to 1 ㎒, the video bandwidth is set to 3 ㎒ for peak measurements and as applicable for average measurements.

2.3.3. Test Procedures for Radiated Spurious Emissions

1. Unwanted Emissions into Non-Restricted Frequency Bands

- The Reference Level Measurement refer to section 11.11.2
Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency, SPAN ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth, the RBW = 100 ㎑ and VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold.

- Unwanted Emissions Level Measurement refer to section 11.11.3
Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100 ㎑ and VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold.

2. Unwanted Emissions into Restricted Frequency Bands

- Peak Power measurement procedure refer to section 11.12.2.4
Set RBW = as specified in Table 9, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = auto, Trace = Max hold.

Table 9 – RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9 ㎑ to 150 ㎑	200 ㎐ to 300 ㎐
0.15 ㎒ to 30 ㎒	9 ㎑ to 10 ㎑
30 ㎒ to 1 000 ㎒	100 ㎑ to 120 ㎑
> 1 000 ㎒	1 ㎒

If the peak – detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

- Average Power measurements procedure refer to section 11.12.2.5.2
The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
Measure the duty cycle D of the transmitter output signal as described in section 11.6.
Set RBW = 1 ㎒, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = RMS, if span / (# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2).
Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied then the detector mode shall be set to peak.

Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
As an alternative the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or ㏈ averaging shall not be used. Sweep time = auto, Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.

A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is [10 log (1 / D)], where D is the duty cycle.
2) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (D ≥ 98%) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycled correction is required for that emission.

3. Definition of DUT Axis.

The radiation test of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X, Y, and Z described in the test setup photo. All radiated testing of EUT was performed with worst case axis.

2.3.4. Test Procedures for Conducted Spurious Emissions

Per the guidance of ANSI C63.10-2013, section 11.11.1 & 11.11.2 & 11.11.3, the reference level for out of band emissions is established from the plots of this section since the band edge emissions are measured with a RBW of 100 ㎑. This reference level is then used as the limit in subsequent plots for out of band spurious emissions shown in section 2.4.3. The limit for out of band spurious emission at the band edge is 20 ㏈ below the fundamental emission level measured in a 100 ㎑ bandwidth.

1. Conducted Emissions at Band Edge
 - The Measurement refer to section 11.11.3
   Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured, the RBW = 100 ㎑ and VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace mode = Max hold, The trace was allowed to stabilize.

2. Conducted Spurious Emissions
 - The Measurement refer to section 11.11.3
   Start frequency was set to 9 ㎑ and stop frequency was set to 25 ㎓ (separated into two plots per channel), RBW = 1 ㎒, VBW ≥ 3 x RBW, Detector = Peak, Sweep time = Auto couple, Trace = Max hold, The trace was allowed to stabilize.

3. TDF function
 - For plots showing conducted spurious emissions from 9 ㎑ to 25 ㎓, all path loss of wide frequency range was investigated and compensated to spectrum analyzer as TDF function.
   So, the reading values shown in plots were final result.

2.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) ℃
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

2.4.1. Radiated Spurious Emissions below 1 000 ㎒

The frequency spectrum from 9 ㎑ to 1 000 ㎒ was investigated. All reading values are peak values.

- Left

Radiated Emissions			Ant	Correction (dB/m)	Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.		Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
32.72	33.60	Quasi - Peak	V	-11.75	21.85	40.00	18.15
276.45	40.62	Quasi - Peak	H	-7.71	32.91	46.00	13.09
364.88	32.04	Quasi - Peak	H	-5.43	26.61	46.00	19.39
Above 400.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remark;

1. Spurious emissions for all channels were investigated and almost the same below 1 ㎓.
2. Test from 30 ㎒ to 1 000 ㎒ was performed using the software of ELEKTRA(V5.02) from Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG.
3. Reported spurious emissions are in **PHY 1M / 255 bytes / High channel** as worst case among other mode and channels.
4. Radiated spurious emission measurement as below.
   (Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)
   (Correction = Antenna Factor + AMP Factor + Cable Loss)
5. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not report much lower than the limits by over 20 ㏈.

- Right

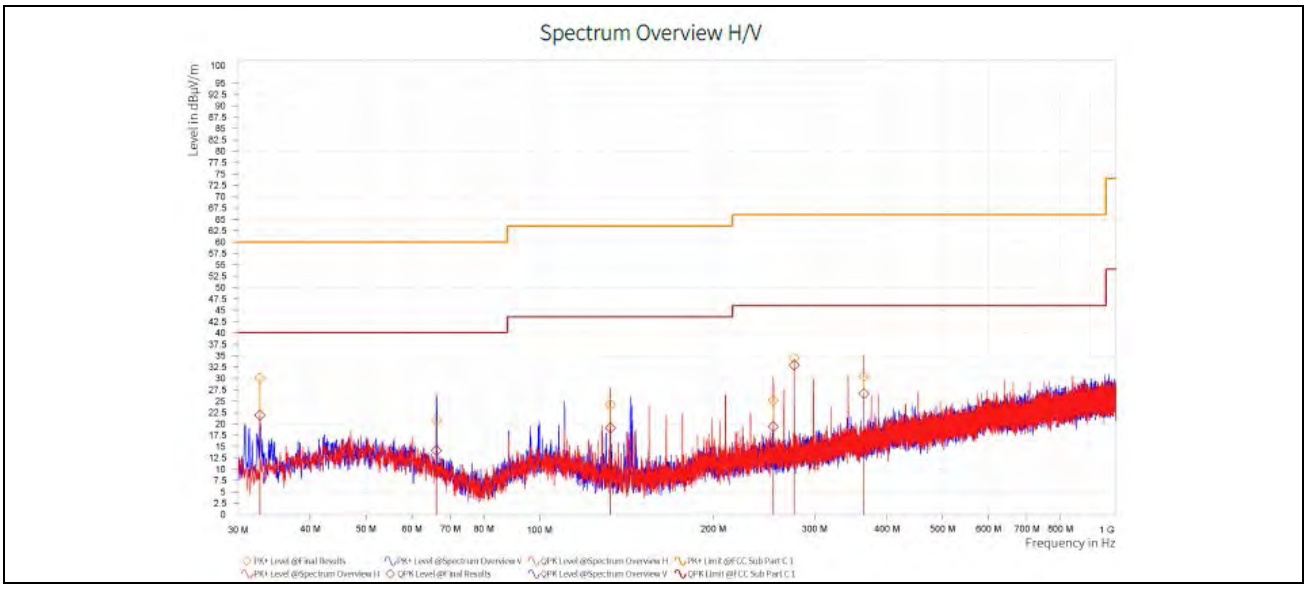
Radiated Emissions			Ant	Correction (dB/m)	Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.		Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
276.41	36.92	Quasi - Peak	H	-7.71	29.21	46.00	16.79
364.88	32.18	Quasi - Peak	H	-5.43	26.75	46.00	19.25
Above 400.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remark;

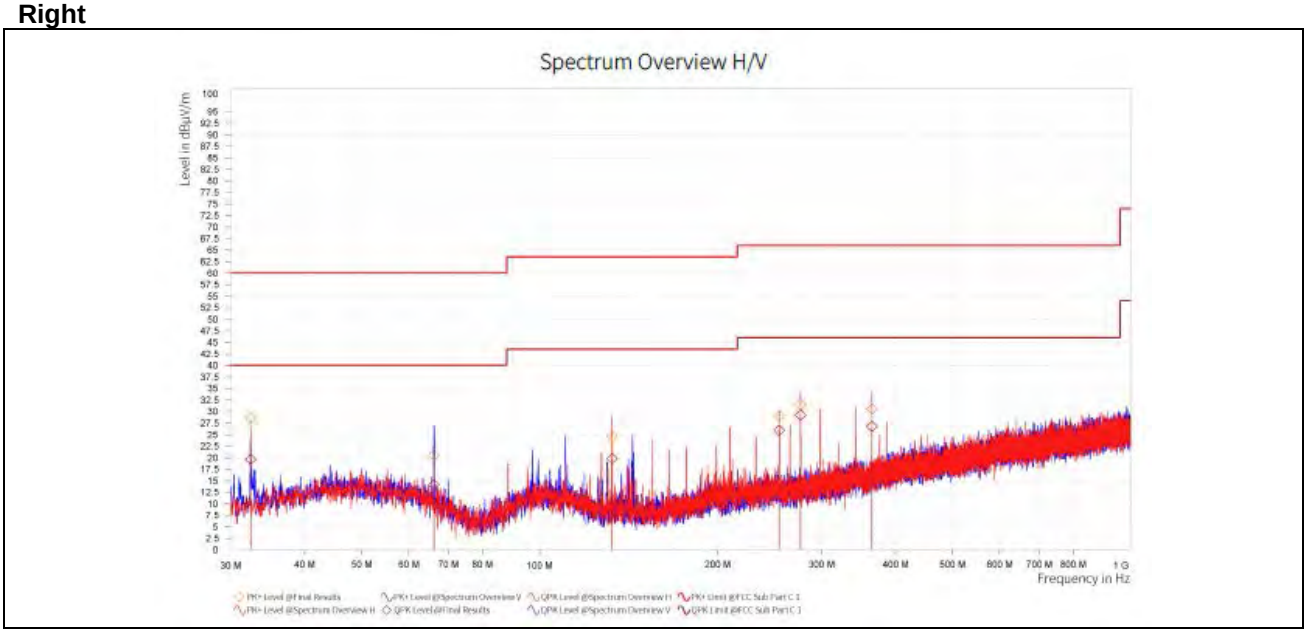
1. Spurious emissions for all channels were investigated and almost the same below 1 ㎓.
2. Test from 30 ㎒ to 1 000 ㎒ was performed using the software of ELEKTRA(V5.02) from Rohde & Schwarz GmbH & Co. KG.
3. Reported spurious emissions are in **PHY 2M / 255 bytes / High channel** as worst case among other mode and channels.
4. Radiated spurious emission measurement as below.
   (Actual = Reading + AF + AMP + CL)
   (Correction = Antenna Factor + AMP Factor + Cable Loss)
5. According to §15.31(o), emission levels are not report much lower than the limits by over 20 ㏈.

- Test plots

Left



Right



2.4.2. Radiated Spurious Emissions above 1 000 ㎒

The frequency spectrum above 1 000 ㎒ was investigated. All reading values are peak and average values.

- Left
Test mode: PHY 1M

Low Channel (2 402 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	21.26	Peak	H	27.96	6.01	-	55.23	74.00	18.77
*2 310.00	11.58	Average	H	27.96	6.01	0.70	46.25	54.00	7.75
*2 314.46	23.82	Peak	H	27.99	6.02	-	57.83	74.00	16.17
*2 314.14	14.49	Average	H	27.98	6.02	0.70	**49.19**	54.00	4.81
*2 390.00	22.19	Peak	H	28.12	6.12	-	56.43	74.00	17.57
*2 390.00	10.46	Average	H	28.12	6.12	0.70	45.40	54.00	8.60

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 804.02	47.86	Peak	V	32.72	-30.82	-	49.76	74.00	24.24
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Middle Channel (2 440 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 879.81	46.34	Peak	V	33.02	-30.75	-	48.61	74.00	25.39
*7 319.49	45.11	Peak	H	36.14	-29.14	-	52.11	74.00	21.89
Above 7 400.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

High Channel (2 480 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	26.62	Peak	H	28.33	6.24	-	61.19	74.00	12.81
*2 483.50	10.78	Average	H	28.33	6.24	0.70	46.05	54.00	7.95
*2 483.90	27.03	Peak	H	28.34	6.24	-	61.61	74.00	12.39
*2 496.01	10.93	Average	H	28.38	6.25	0.70	46.26	54.00	7.74
*2 500.00	20.76	Peak	H	28.40	6.26	-	55.42	74.00	18.58
*2 500.00	11.07	Average	H	28.40	6.26	0.70	46.43	54.00	7.57

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 960.07	44.51	Peak	V	33.32	-30.67	-	47.16	74.00	26.84
*7 440.48	45.63	Peak	H	36.22	-28.95	-	52.90	74.00	21.10
Above 7 500.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Test mode: PHY 2M

Low Channel (2 402 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	20.59	Peak	H	27.96	6.01	-	54.56	74.00	19.44
*2 310.00	11.03	Average	H	27.96	6.01	2.41	47.41	54.00	6.59
*2 314.87	22.41	Peak	H	27.99	6.02	-	56.42	74.00	17.58
*2 314.25	12.82	Average	H	27.99	6.02	2.41	**49.24**	54.00	4.76
*2 390.00	21.07	Peak	H	28.12	6.12	-	55.31	74.00	18.69
*2 390.00	10.53	Average	H	28.12	6.12	2.41	47.18	54.00	6.82

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 804.03	48.31	Peak	V	32.72	-30.82	-	50.21	74.00	23.79
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Middle Channel (2 440 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 880.29	46.32	Peak	V	33.02	-30.74	-	48.60	74.00	25.40
*7 318.40	45.19	Peak	H	36.14	-29.13	-	52.20	74.00	21.80
Above 7 400.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

High Channel (2 480 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	28.39	Peak	H	28.33	6.24	-	62.96	74.00	11.04
*2 483.50	11.39	Average	H	28.33	6.24	2.41	48.37	54.00	5.63
*2 483.57	28.60	Peak	H	28.33	6.24	-	63.17	74.00	10.83
*2 483.67	11.15	Average	H	28.33	6.24	2.41	48.13	54.00	5.87
*2 500.00	20.67	Peak	H	28.40	6.26	-	55.33	74.00	18.67
*2 500.00	10.49	Average	H	28.40	6.26	2.41	47.56	54.00	6.44

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 959.97	45.99	Peak	V	33.32	-30.67	-	48.64	74.00	25.36
*7 438.73	45.51	Peak	H	36.22	-28.96	-	52.77	74.00	21.23
Above 7 500.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

- Right
Test mode: PHY 1M

Low Channel (2 402 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	19.63	Peak	V	27.96	6.01	-	53.60	74.00	20.40
*2 310.00	12.07	Average	V	27.96	6.01	0.70	46.74	54.00	7.26
*2 317.54	23.57	Peak	V	28.01	6.02	-	57.60	74.00	16.40
*2 314.18	15.83	Average	V	27.99	6.02	0.70	**50.54**	54.00	3.46
*2 390.00	18.07	Peak	V	28.12	6.12	-	52.31	74.00	21.69
*2 390.00	8.16	Average	V	28.12	6.12	0.70	43.10	54.00	10.90

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 803.99	49.01	Peak	H	32.72	-30.82	-	50.91	74.00	23.09
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Middle Channel (2 440 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 880.32	46.65	Peak	H	33.02	-30.74	-	48.93	74.00	25.07
*7 319.56	43.44	Peak	H	36.14	-29.13	-	50.45	74.00	23.55
Above 7 400.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

High Channel (2 480 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	22.04	Peak	V	28.33	6.24	-	56.61	74.00	17.39
*2 483.50	8.51	Average	V	28.33	6.24	0.70	43.78	54.00	10.22
*2 483.80	20.38	Peak	V	28.34	6.24	-	54.96	74.00	19.04
*2 484.00	9.22	Average	V	28.34	6.24	0.70	44.50	54.00	9.50
*2 500.00	18.56	Peak	V	28.40	6.26	-	53.22	74.00	20.78
*2 500.00	8.87	Average	V	28.40	6.26	0.70	44.23	54.00	9.77

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 960.13	47.28	Peak	H	33.32	-30.67	-	49.93	74.00	24.07
*7 439.26	45.15	Peak	H	36.22	-28.95	-	52.42	74.00	21.58
Above 7 500.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Test mode: PHY 2M

Low Channel (2 402 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 310.00	20.23	Peak	V	27.96	6.01	-	54.20	74.00	19.80
*2 310.00	10.80	Average	V	27.96	6.01	2.41	47.18	54.00	6.82
*2 313.23	23.46	Peak	V	27.98	6.02	-	57.46	74.00	16.54
*2 313.76	14.67	Average	V	27.98	6.02	2.41	**51.08**	54.00	2.92
*2 390.00	18.66	Peak	V	28.12	6.12	-	52.90	74.00	21.10
*2 390.00	8.09	Average	V	28.12	6.12	2.41	44.74	54.00	9.26

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 803.98	48.68	Peak	H	32.72	-30.82	-	50.58	74.00	23.42
Above 4 900.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Middle Channel (2 440 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 880.06	47.82	Peak	H	33.02	-30.74	-	50.10	74.00	23.90
*7 320.12	46.20	Peak	H	36.14	-29.13	-	53.21	74.00	20.79
Above 7 400.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

High Channel (2 480 ㎒)

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*2 483.50	19.93	Peak	V	28.33	6.24	-	54.50	74.00	19.50
*2 483.50	8.89	Average	V	28.33	6.24	2.41	45.87	54.00	8.13
*2 483.80	20.60	Peak	V	28.34	6.24	-	55.18	74.00	18.82
*2 484.19	9.32	Average	V	28.34	6.24	2.41	46.31	54.00	7.69
*2 500.00	18.26	Peak	V	28.40	6.26	-	52.92	74.00	21.08
*2 500.00	8.57	Average	V	28.40	6.26	2.41	45.64	54.00	8.36

Radiated Emissions			Ant.	Correction Factors			Total	Limit	
Frequency (㎒)	Reading (dBμV)	Detect Mode	Pol.	AF (dB/m)	AMP+CL (dB)	DF (dB)	Actual (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
*4 959.95	47.42	Peak	H	33.32	-30.67	-	50.07	74.00	23.93
*7 441.58	45.20	Peak	H	36.22	-28.94	-	52.48	74.00	21.52
Above 7 500.00	Not detected	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Remarks;

1. "*" means the restricted band.
2. Measuring frequencies from 1 ㎓ to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1 000 ㎒ were made with an instrument using peak/average detector mode.
4. Actual = Reading + AF + CL + (DF) or Reading + AF + AMP + CL + (DF).
5. According to § 15.31(o), emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 ㏈.
6. The maximized peak measured value complies with the average limit, to perform an average measurement is unnecessary.
7. AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, DF = Duty Correction Factor.

- Test plots

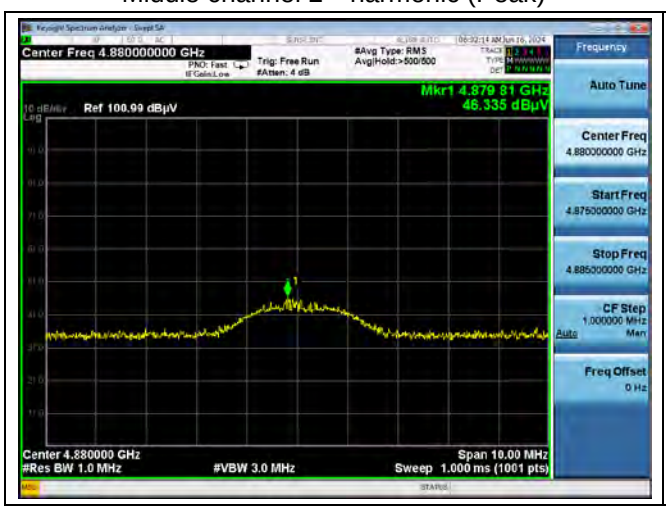
Left
Test mode: PHY 1M

Low channel band edge (Peak)

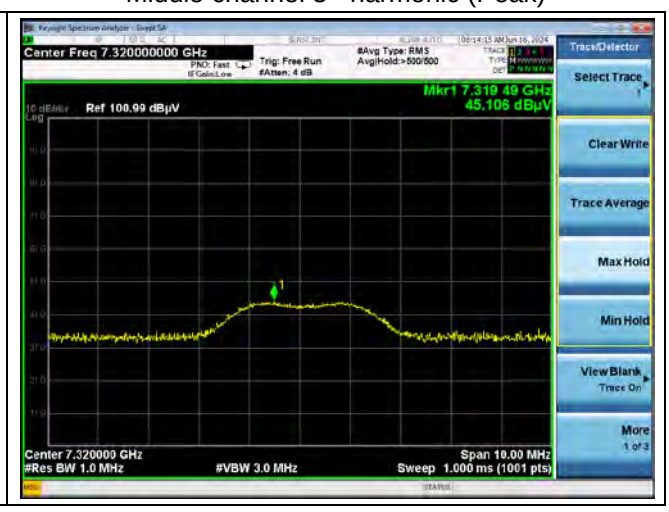
Low channel band edge (Average)

Low channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)

Middle channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)



Middle channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)

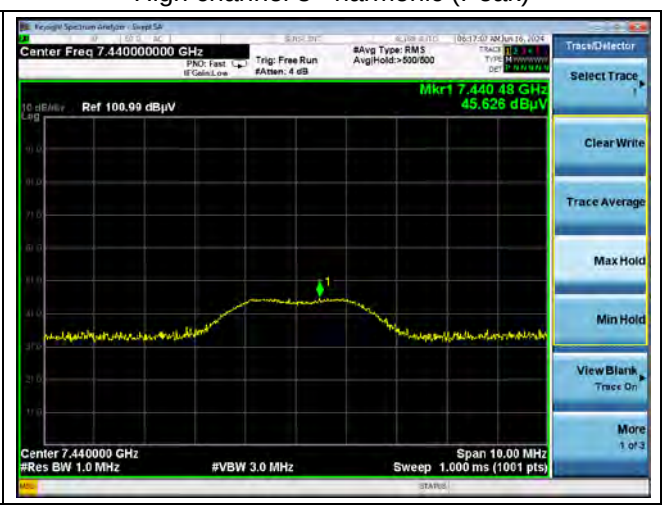


High channel band edge (Peak)

High channel band edge (Average)

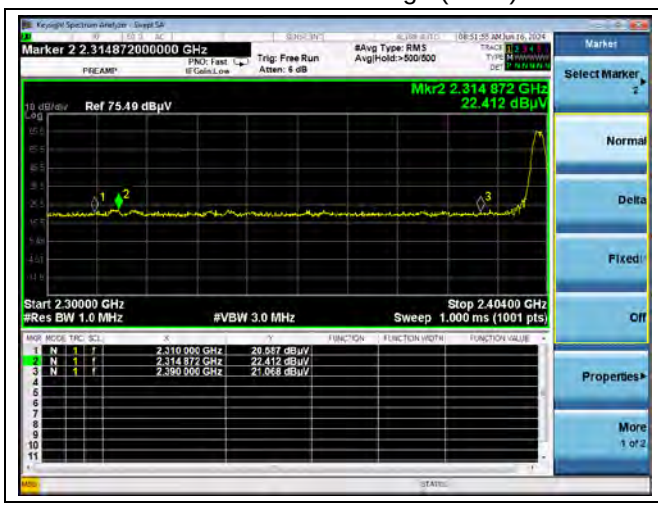
High channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)

High channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)



Test mode: PHY 2M

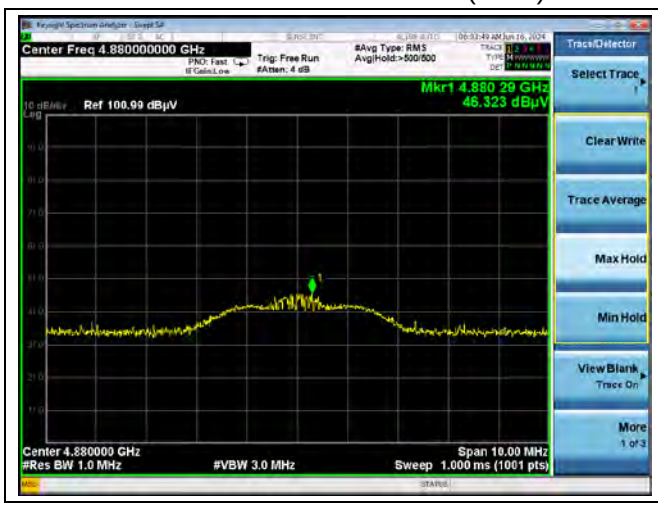
Low channel band edge (Peak)



Low channel band edge (Average)

Low channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)

Middle channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)

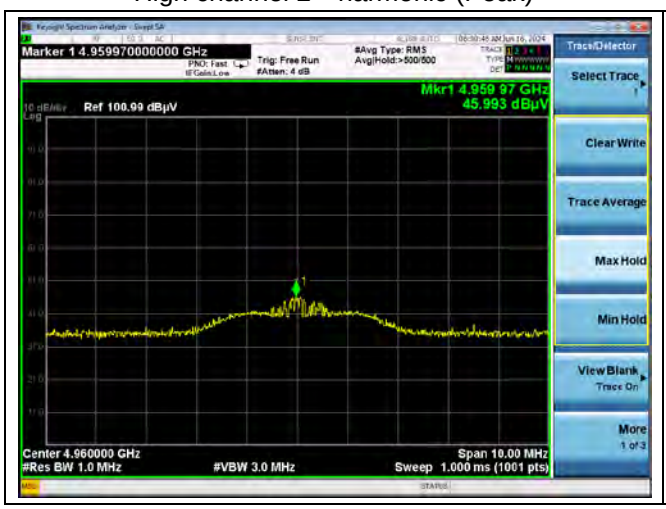


Middle channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)

High channel band edge (Peak)

High channel band edge (Average)

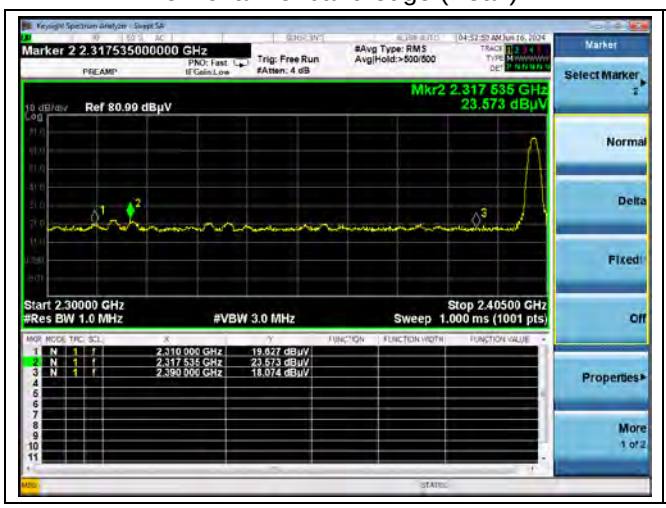
High channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)



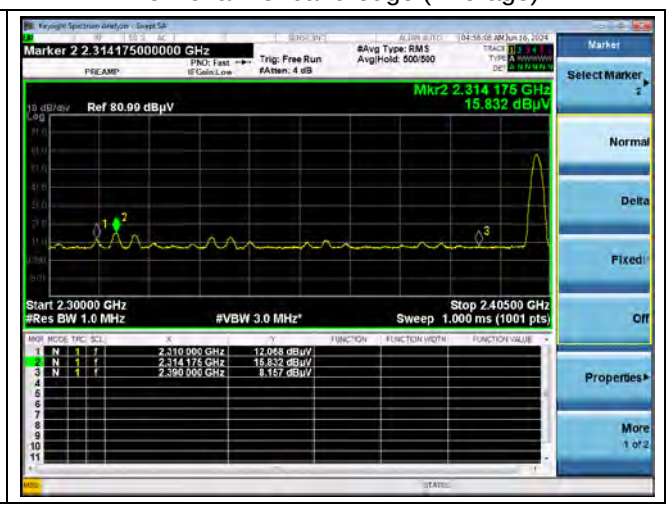
High channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)

Right
Test mode: PHY 1M

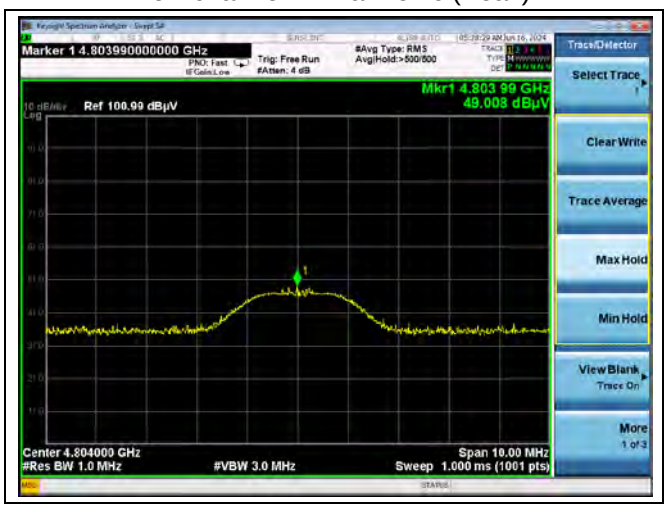
Low channel band edge (Peak)



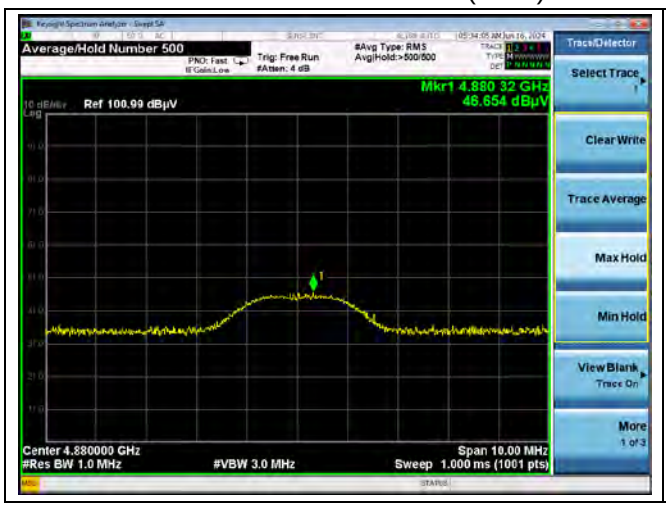
Low channel band edge (Average)



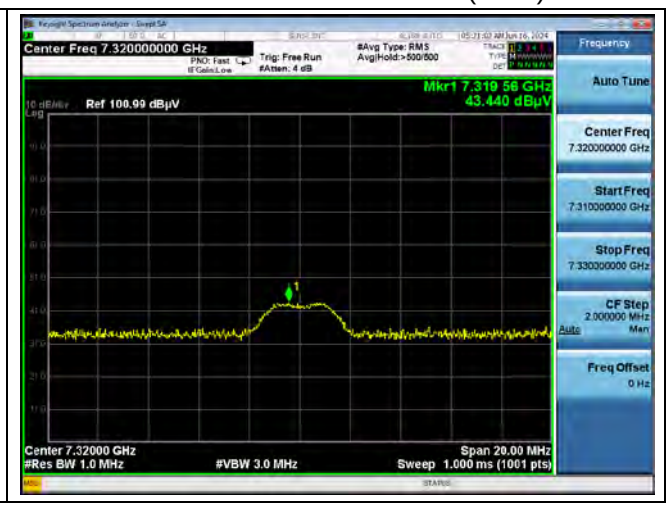
Low channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)



Middle channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)



Middle channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)

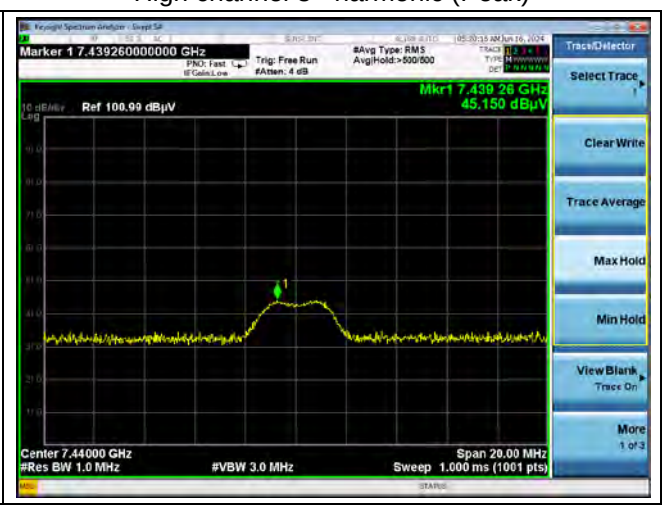


High channel band edge (Peak)

High channel band edge (Average)

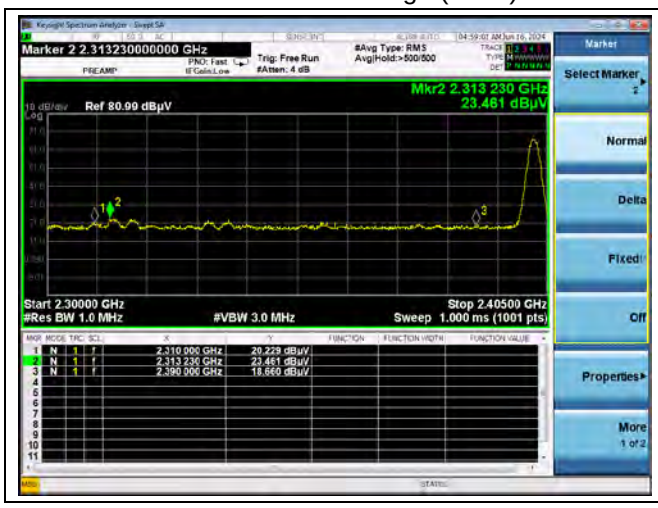
High channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)

High channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)



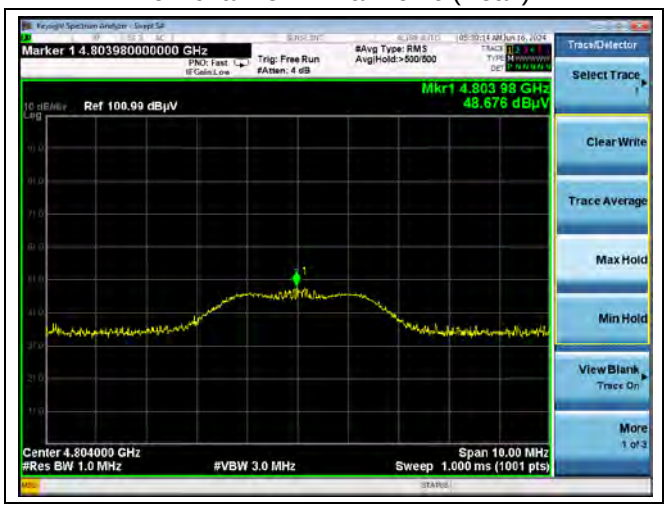
Test mode: PHY 2M

Low channel band edge (Peak)

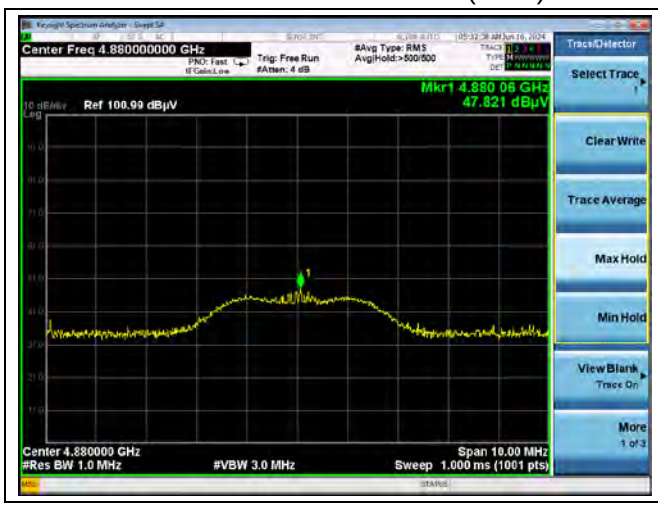


Low channel band edge (Average)

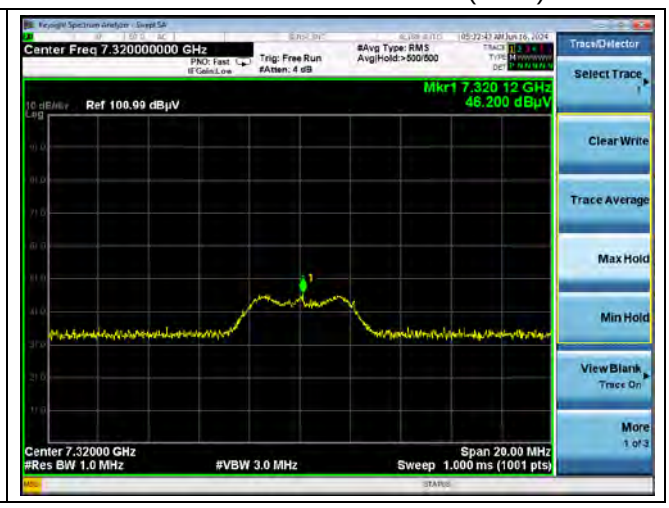
Low channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)



Middle channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)



Middle channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)



High channel band edge (Peak)

High channel band edge (Average)

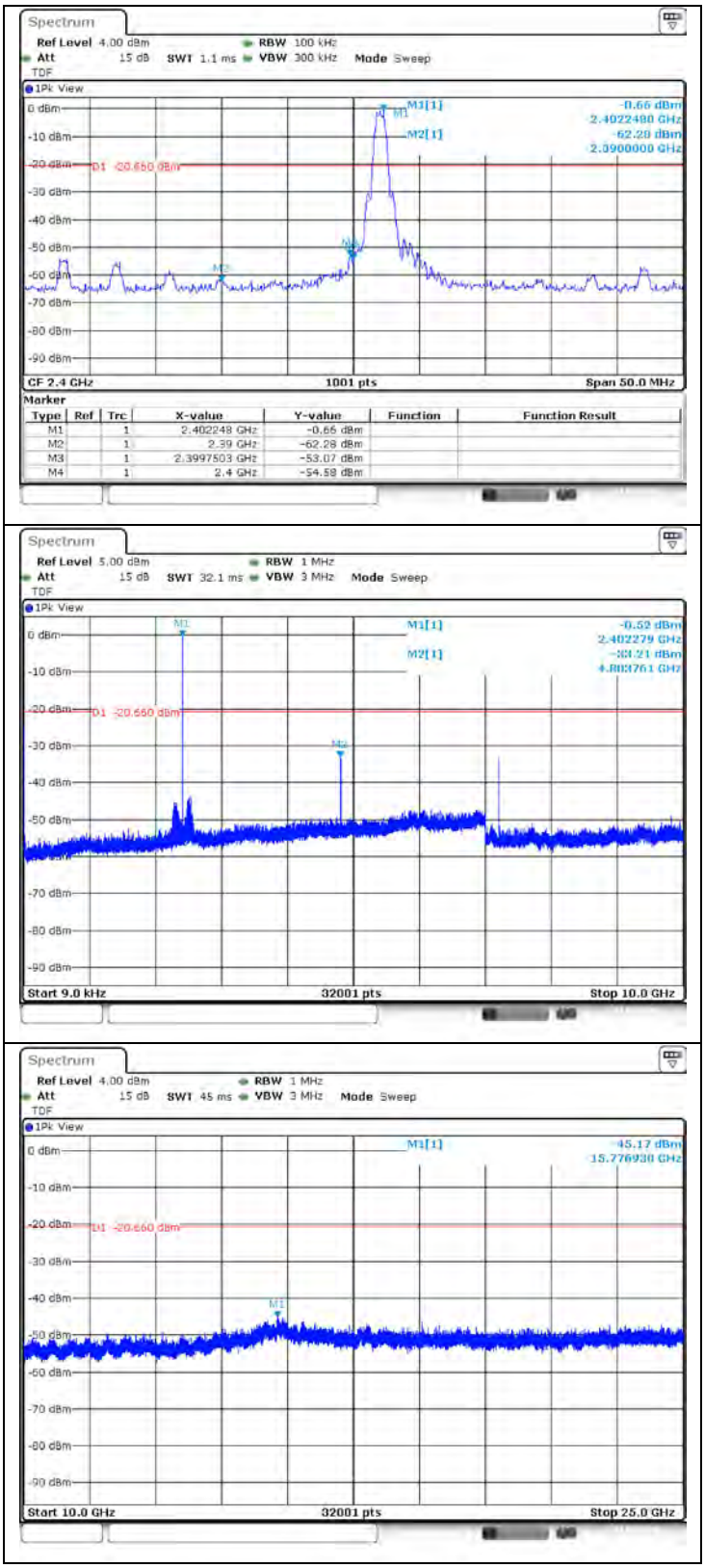
High channel 2nd harmonic (Peak)

High channel 3rd harmonic (Peak)

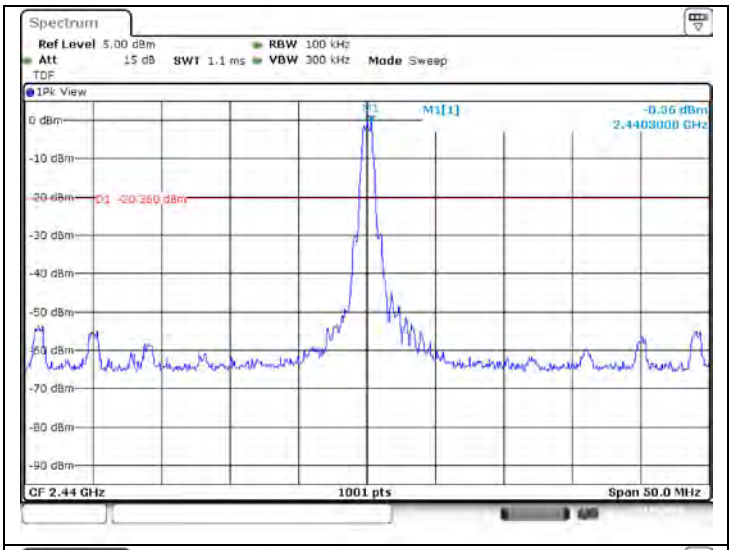
2.4.3. Plot of Conducted Spurious Emissions

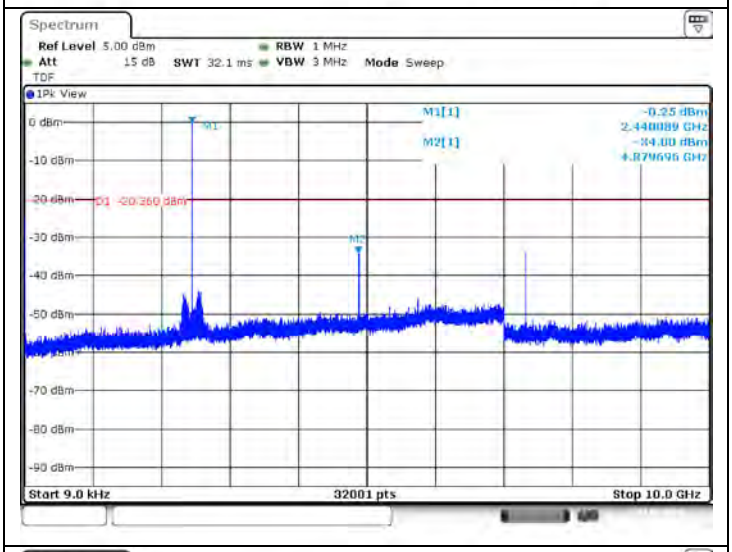
- Left
Test mode: PHY 1M

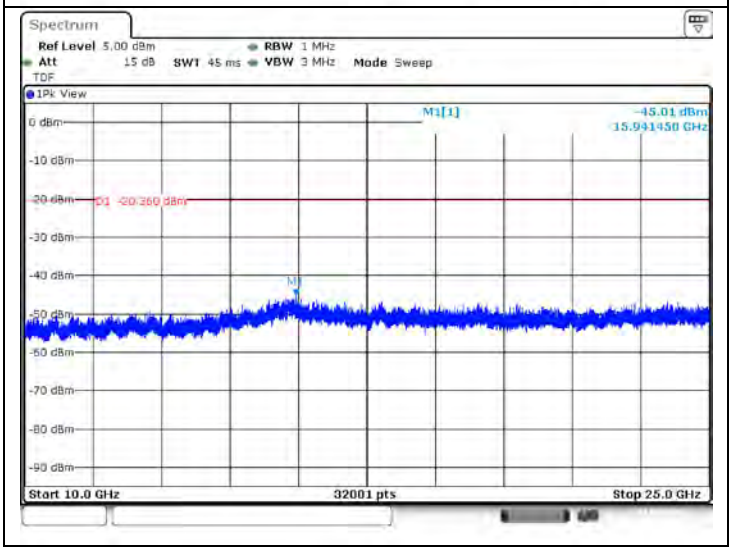
Low Channel



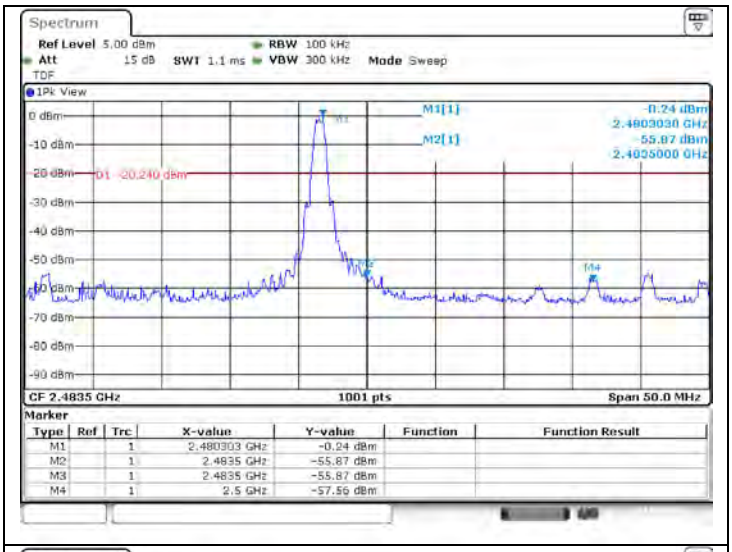
Middle Channel

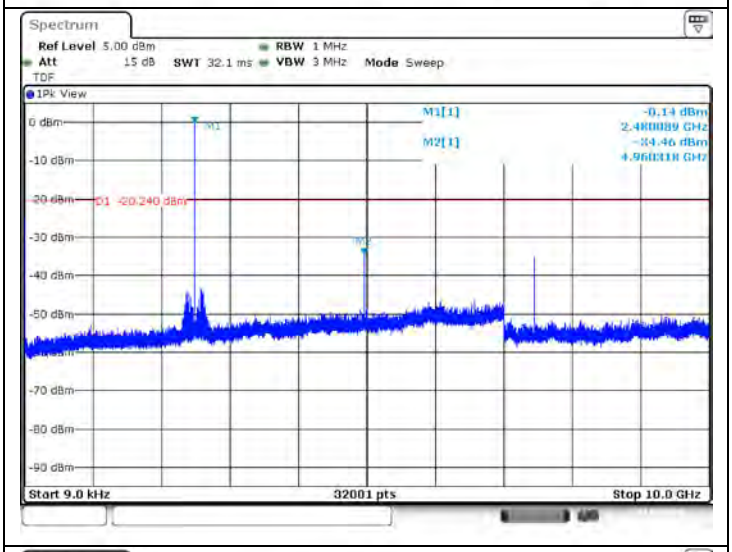


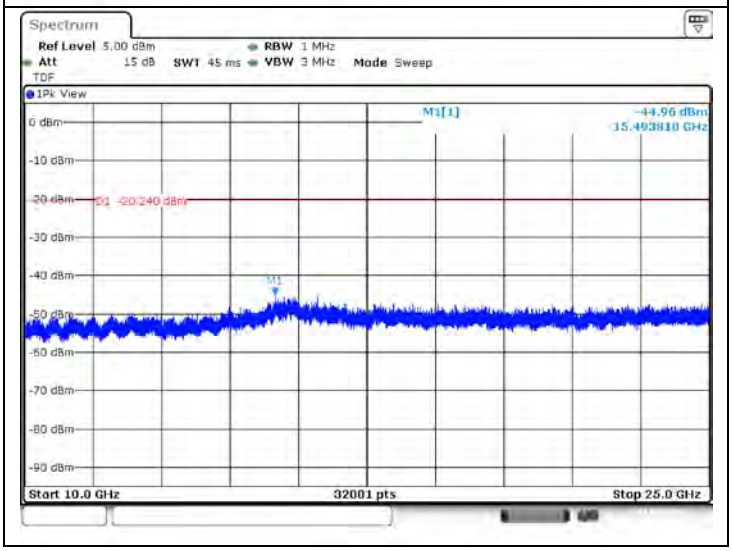




High Channel

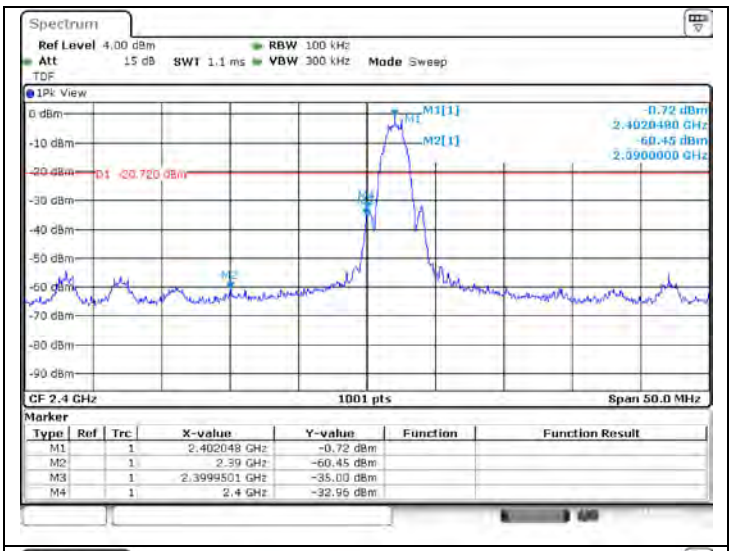


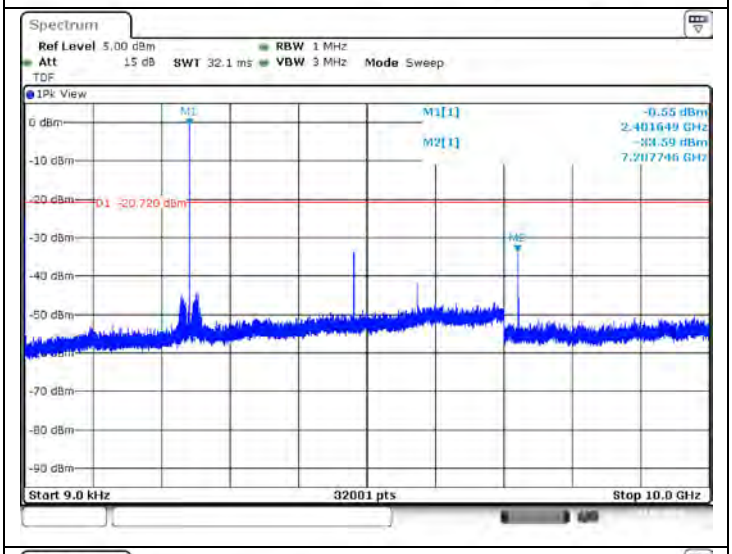


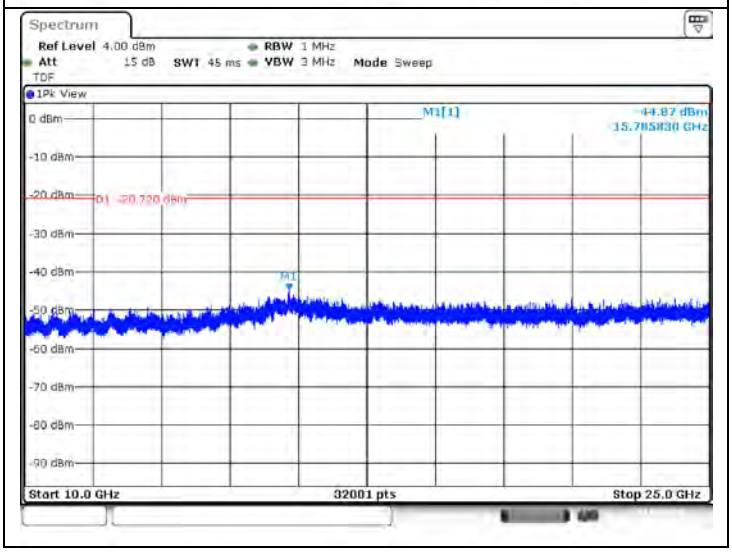


Test mode: PHY 2M

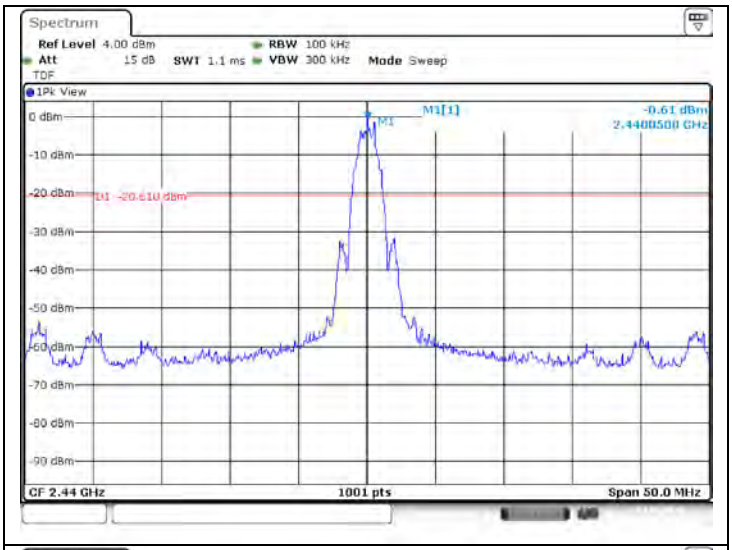
Low Channel

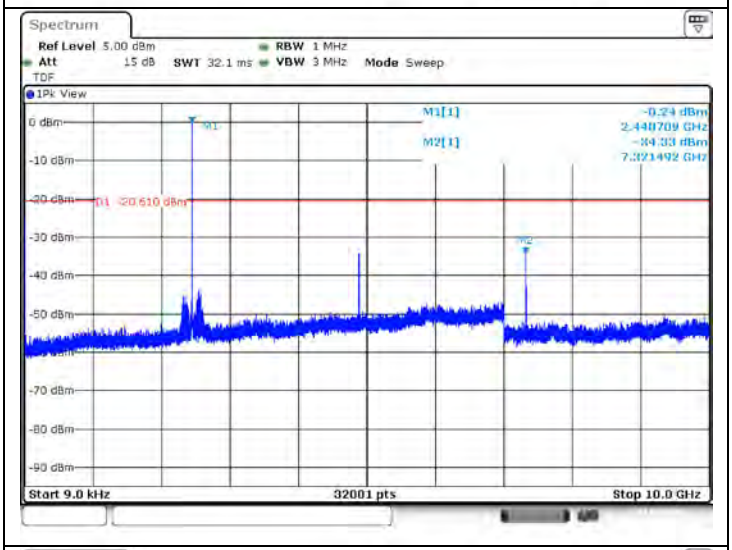


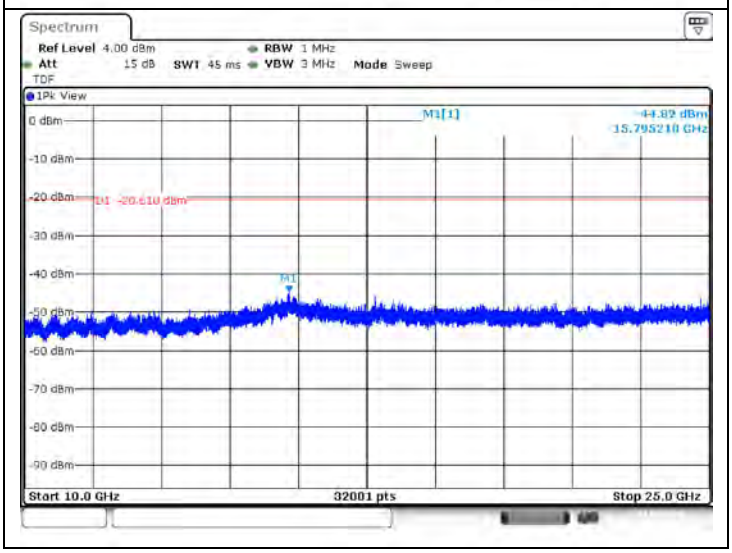




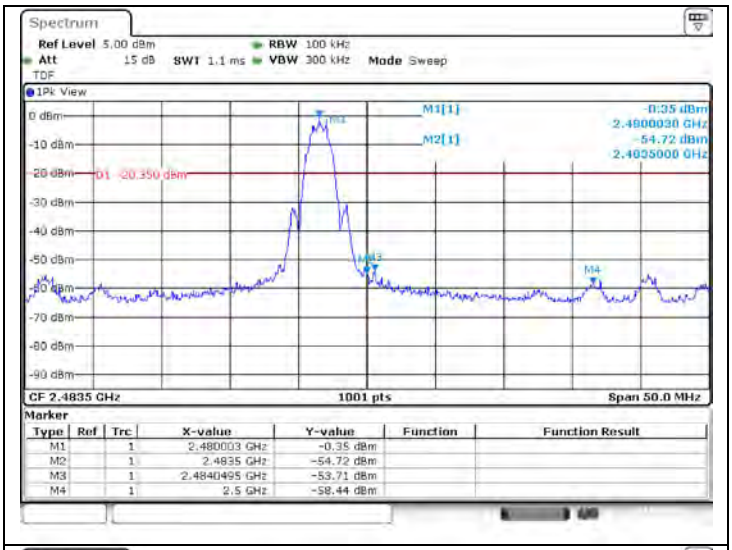
Middle Channel

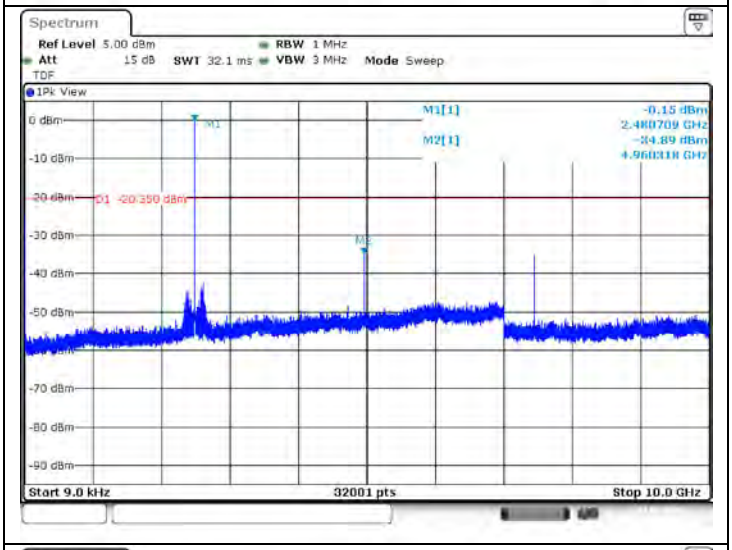


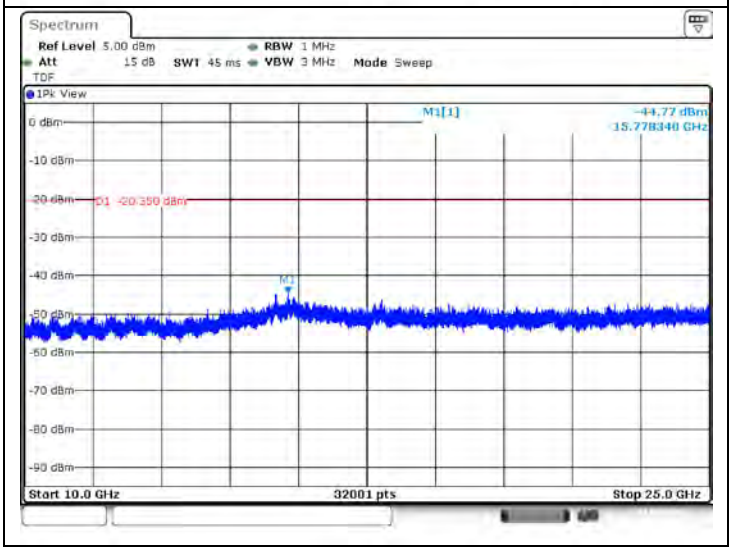




High Channel

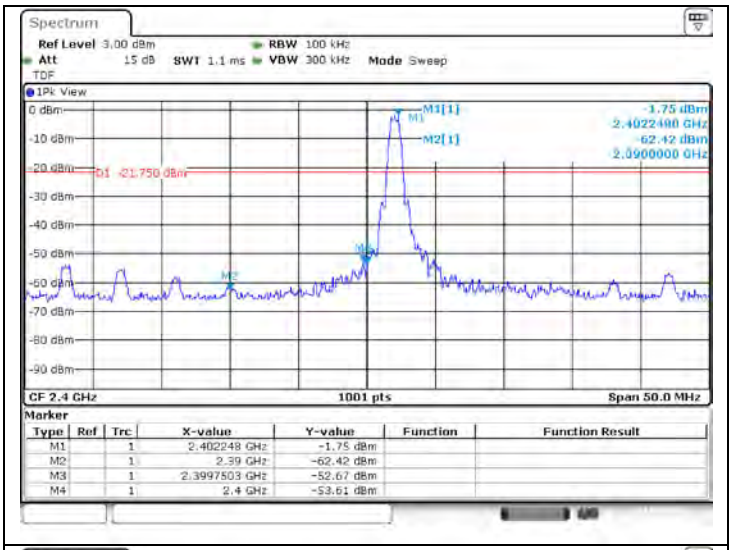


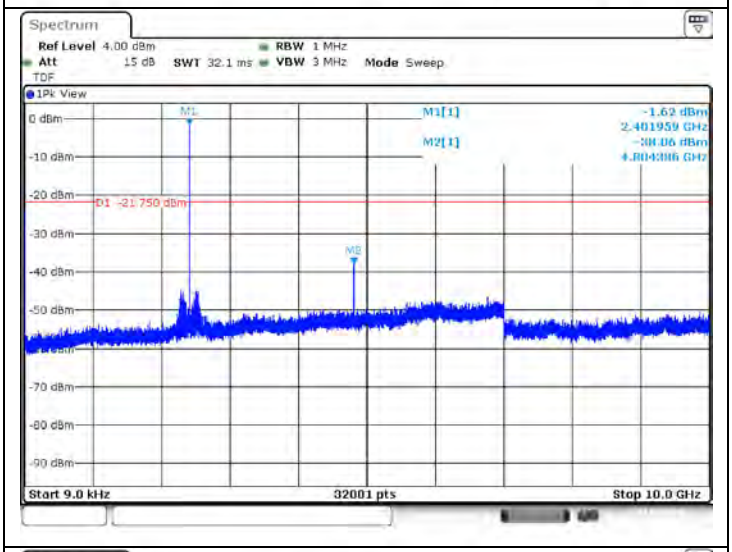


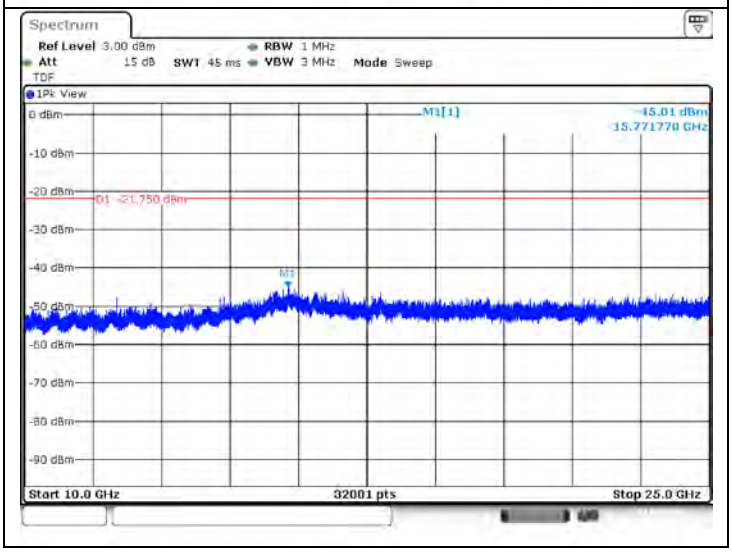


- Right
Test mode: PHY 1M

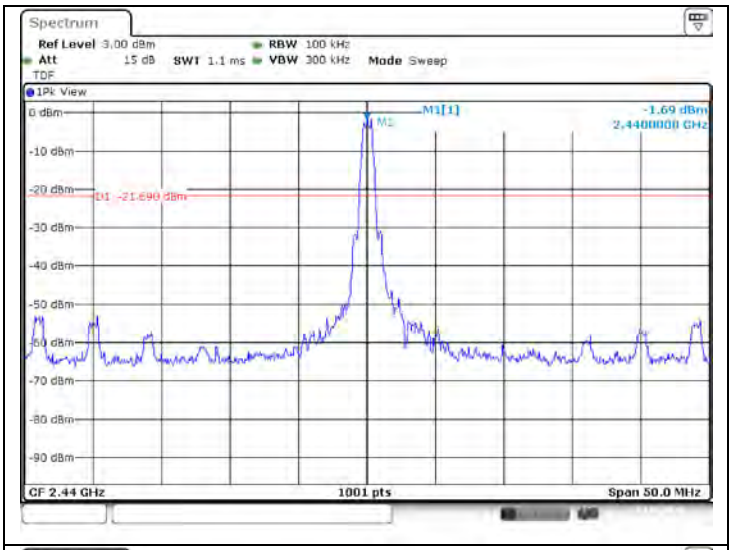
Low Channel

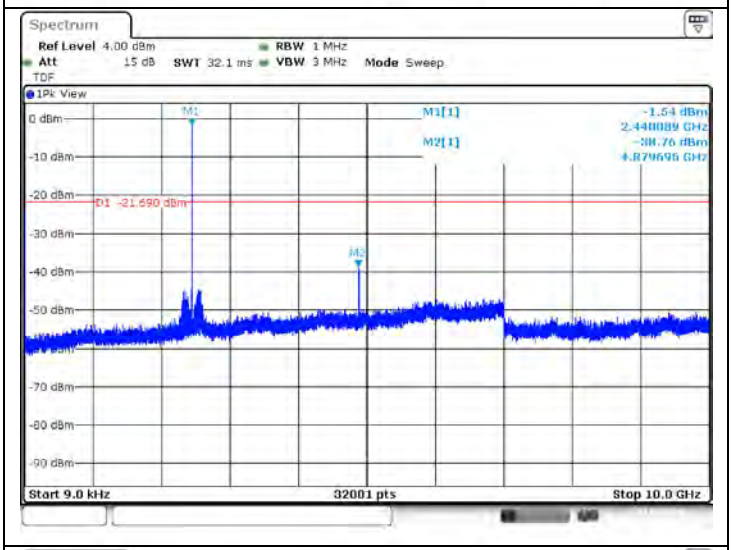


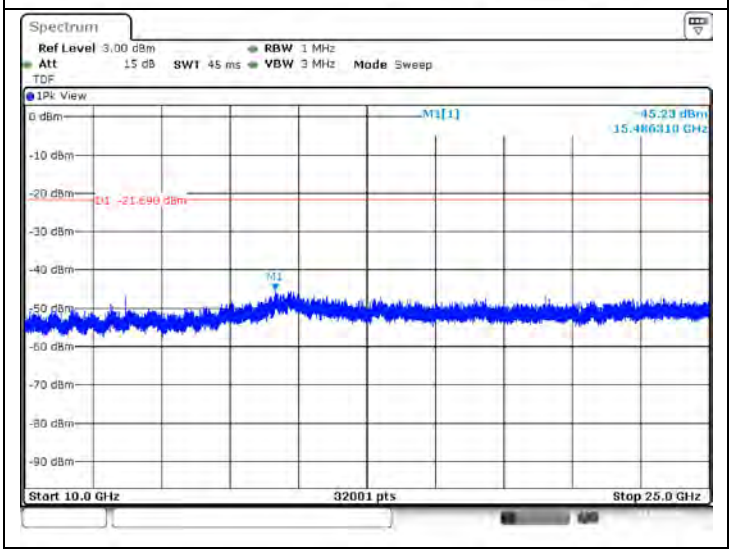




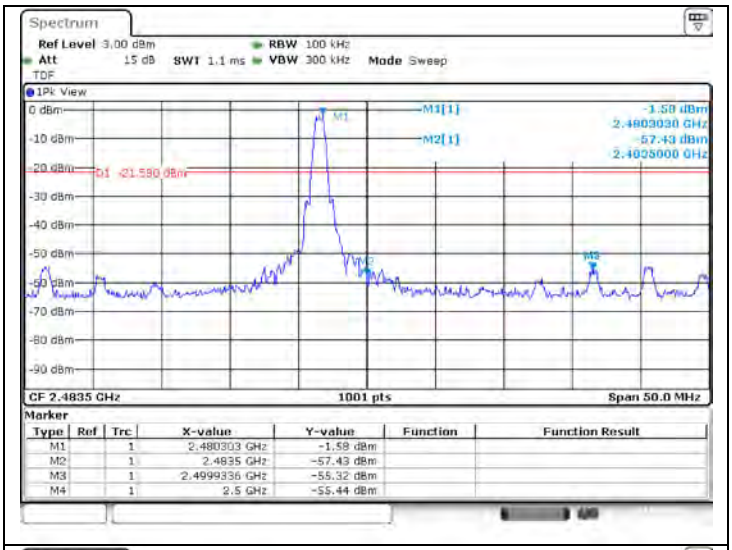
Middle Channel

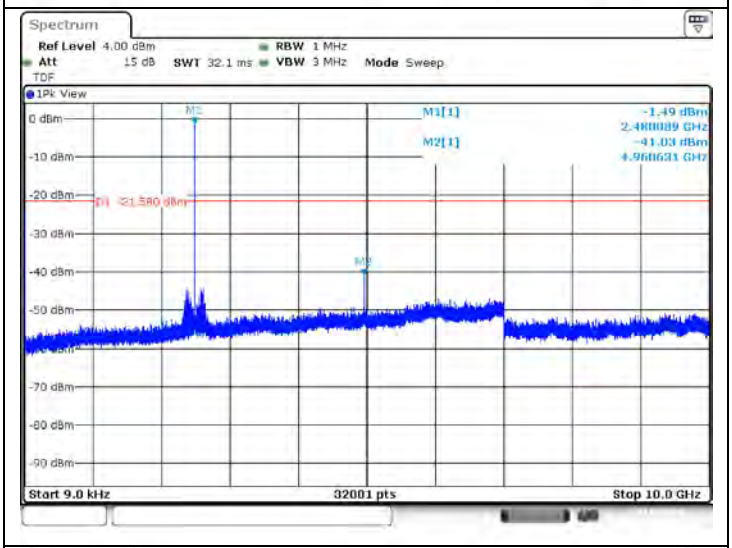


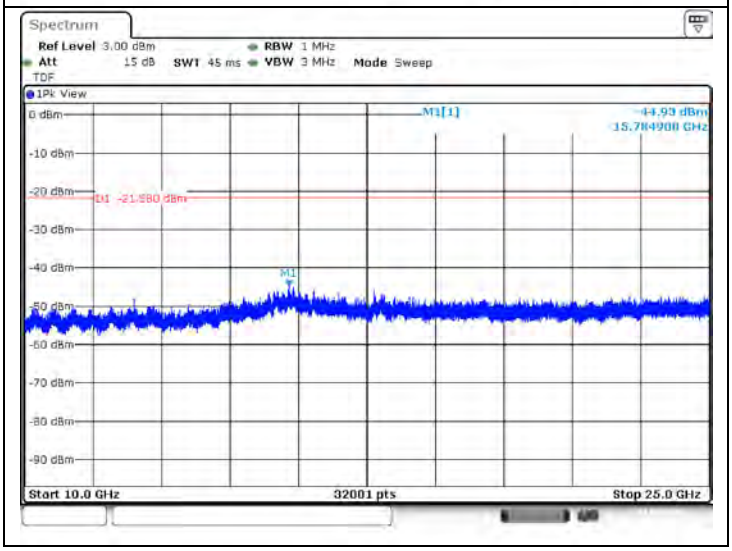




High Channel

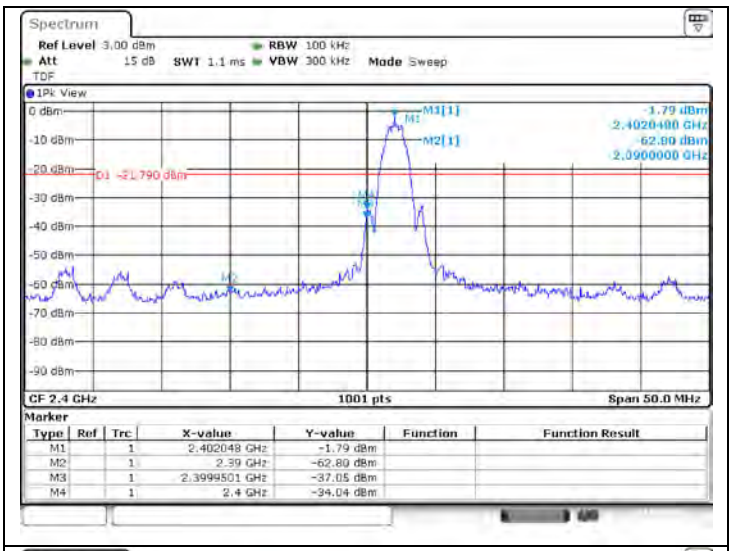


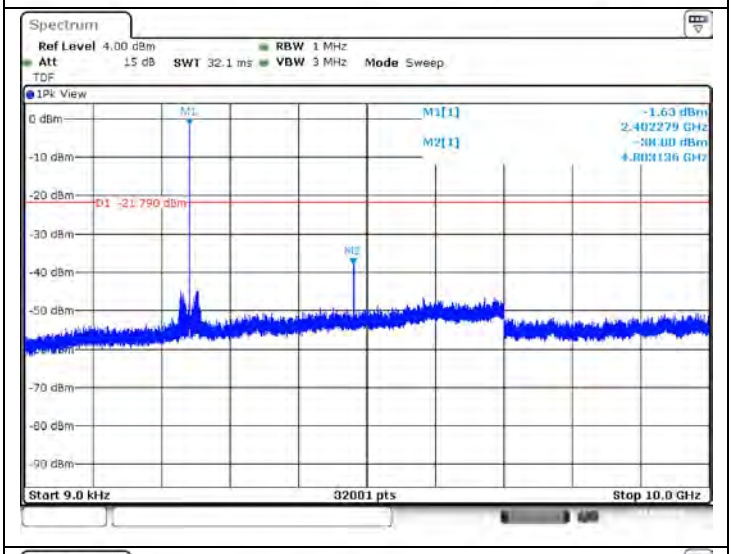


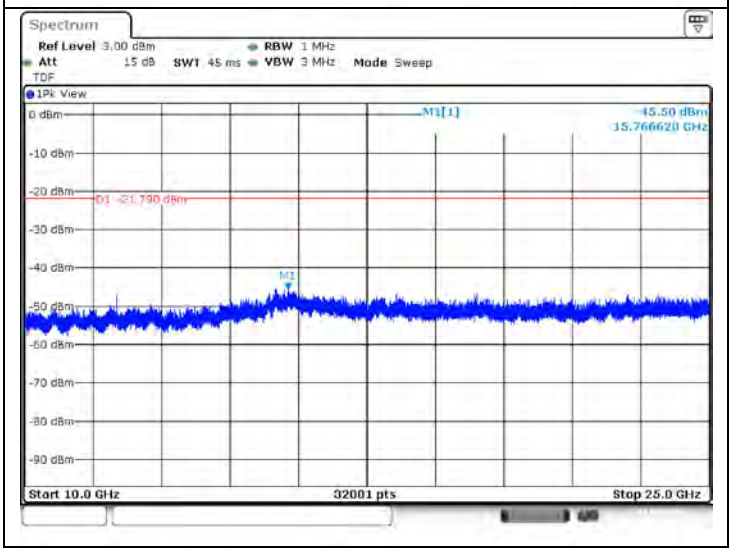


Test mode: PHY 2M

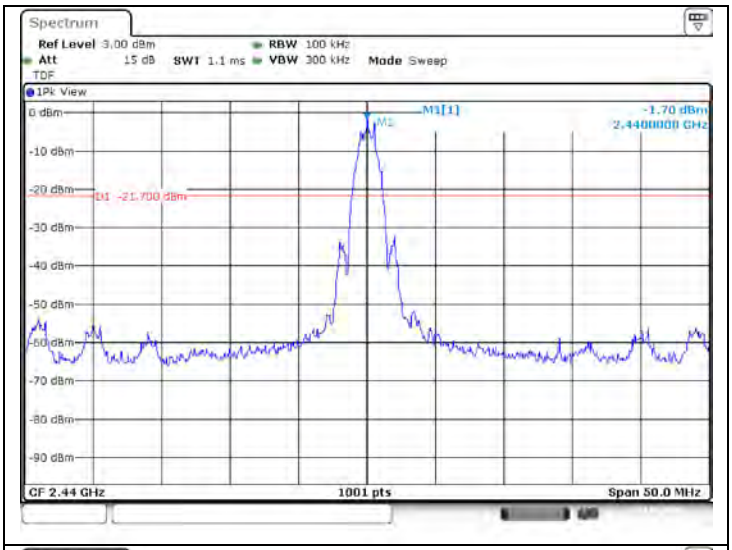
Low Channel

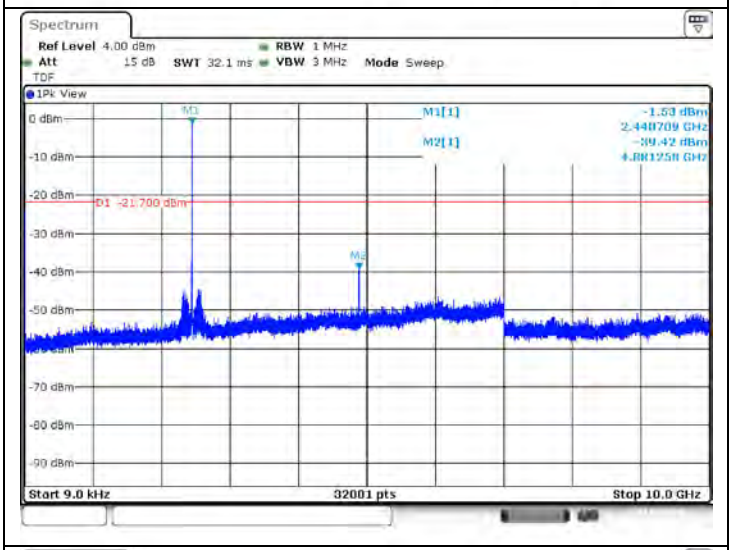


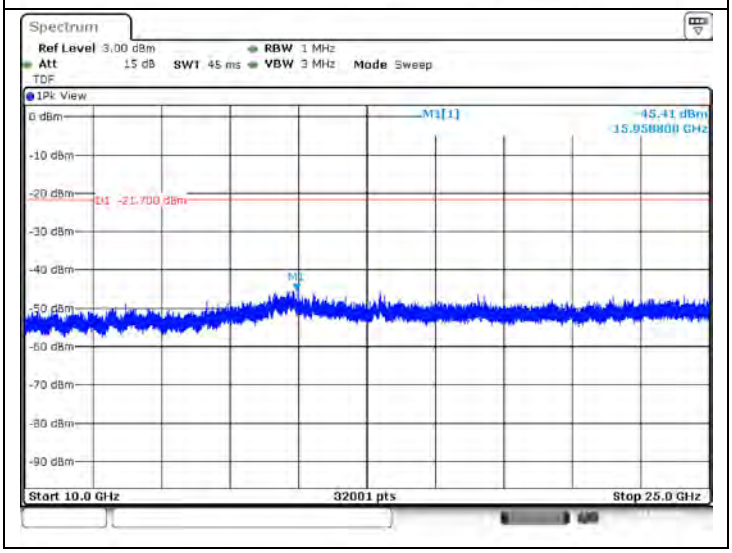




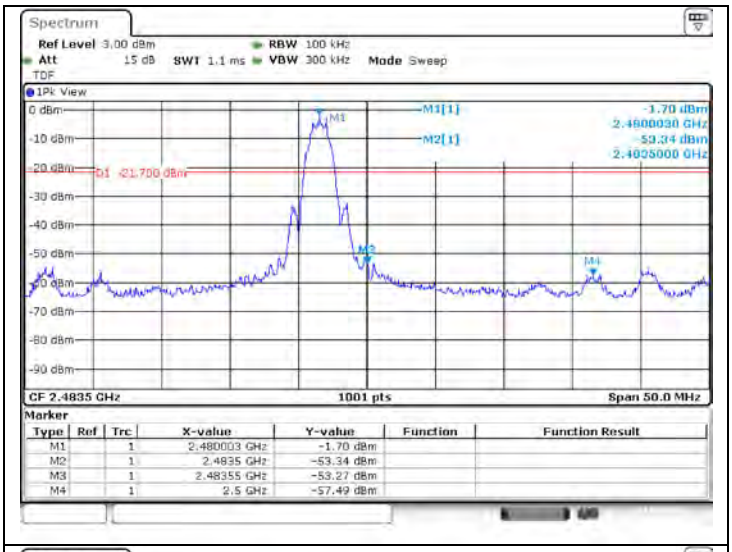
Middle Channel

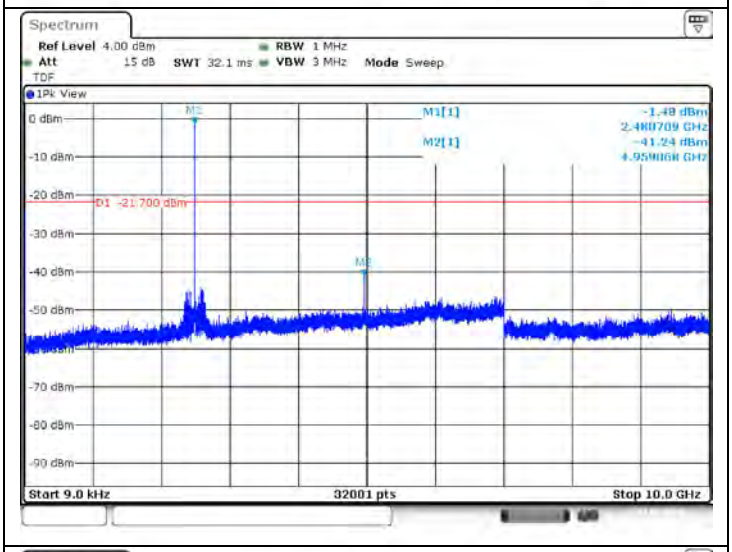


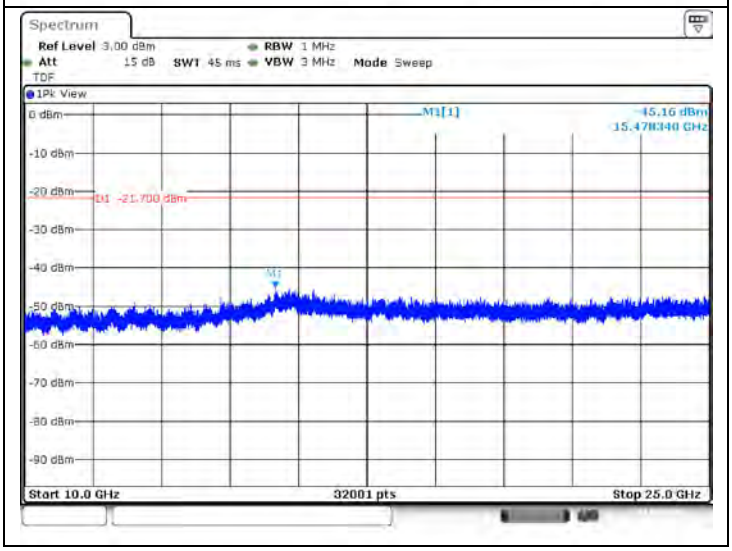




High Channel







3. 6 ㏈ Bandwidth

3.1. Test Setup

3.2. Limit

According to §15.247(a)(2), systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 ㎒, 2 400-2 483.5 ㎒, and 5 725-5 850 ㎒ bands. The minimum 6 ㏈ bandwidth shall be at least 500 ㎑.

3.3. Test Procedure

The test follows section 11.8 DTS bandwidth of ANSI C63.10-2013.
Tests performed using section 11.8.1 Option 1.

- Option 1:
1. Set RBW to = 100 ㎑.
2. Set the VBW ≥ [3 x RBW].
3. Detector = peak.
4. Trace mode = max hold.
5. Sweep = auto couple.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 ㏈ relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

3.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) ℃
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

- Left

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum Bandwidth (kHz)
PHY 1M	Low	2 402	0.704	500
	Middle	2 440	0.710	
	High	2 480	0.710	
PHY 2M	Low	2 402	1.163	
	Middle	2 440	1.163	
	High	2 480	1.157	

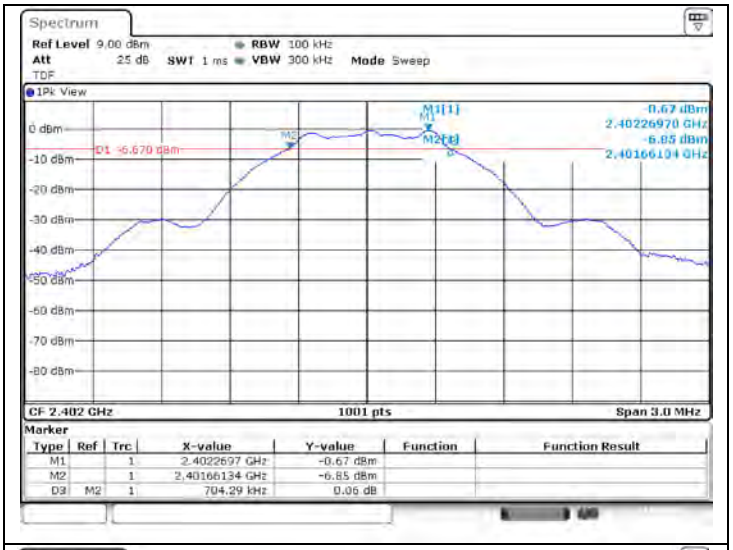
- Right

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum Bandwidth (kHz)
PHY 1M	Low	2 402	0.701	500
	Middle	2 440	0.701	
	High	2 480	0.710	
PHY 2M	Low	2 402	1.169	
	Middle	2 440	1.163	
	High	2 480	1.163	

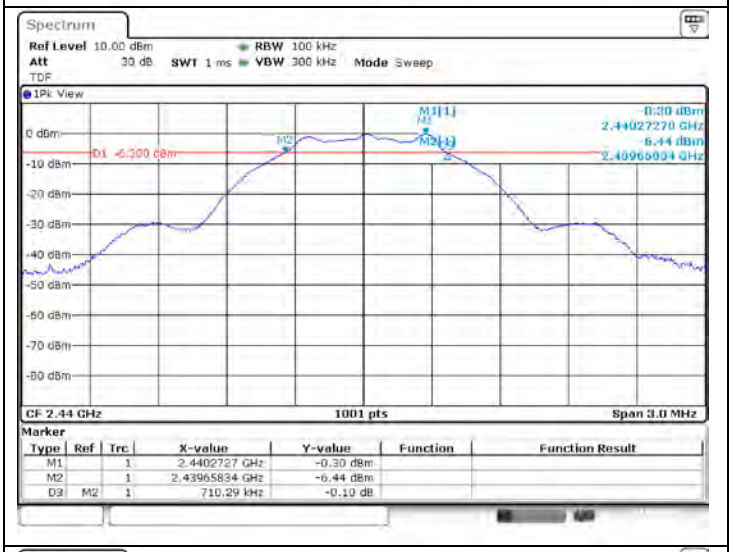
- Test plots

Left
Test mode: PHY 1M

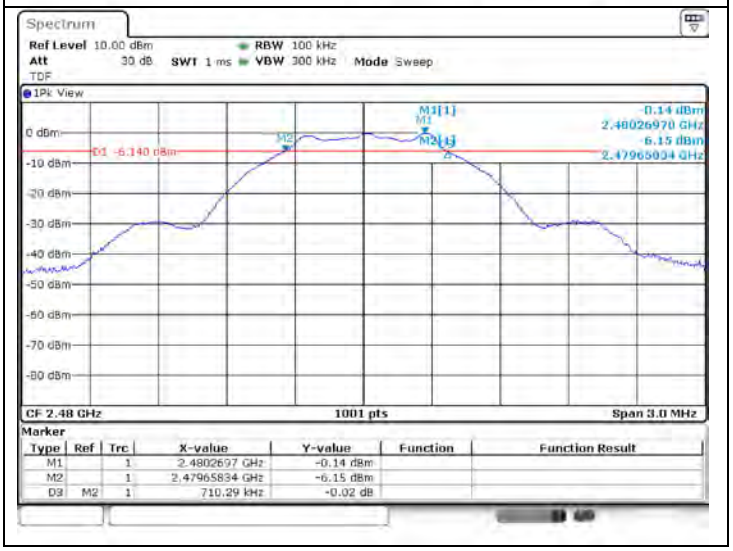
Low Channel



Middle Channel

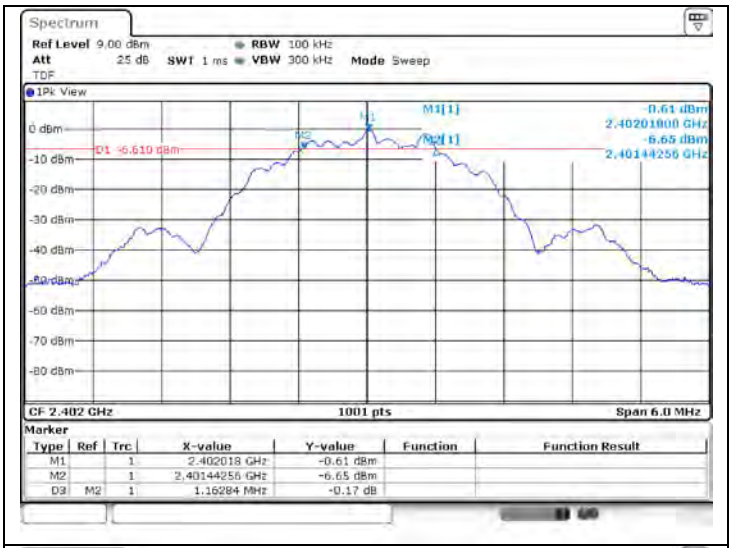


High Channel

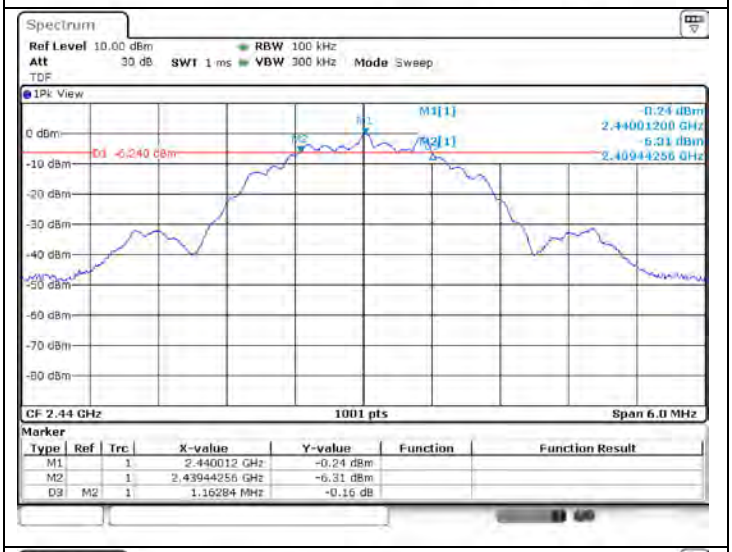


Test mode: PHY 2M

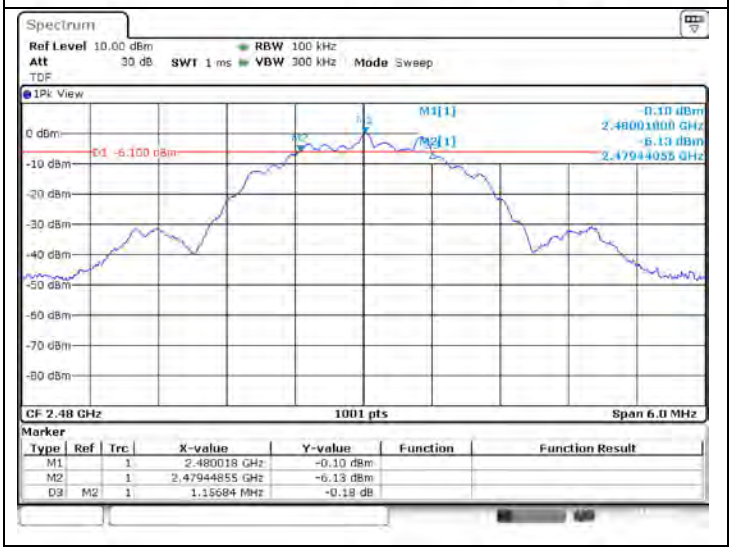
Low Channel



Middle Channel

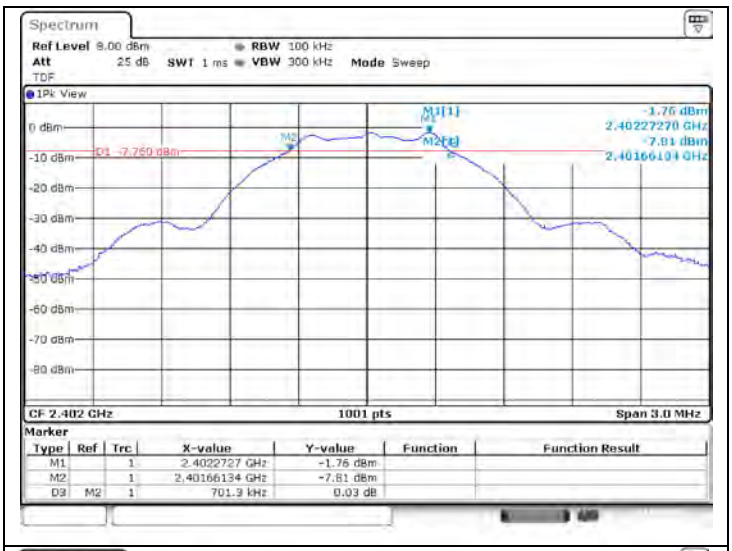


High Channel

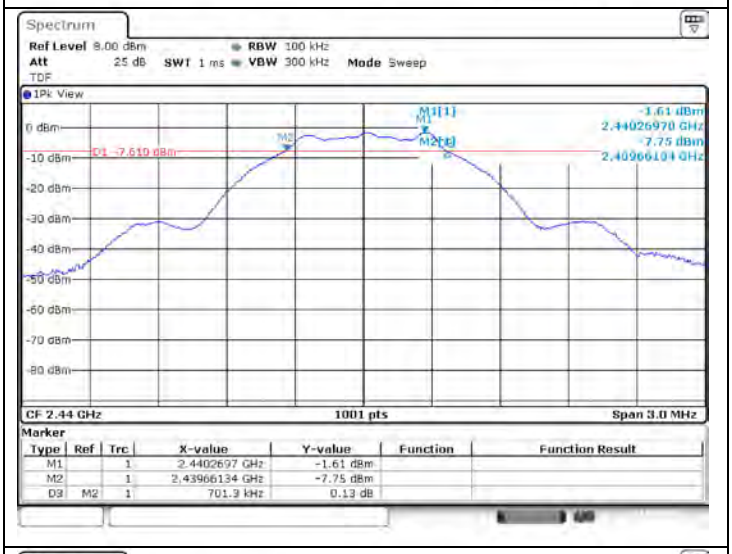


Right
Test mode: PHY 1M

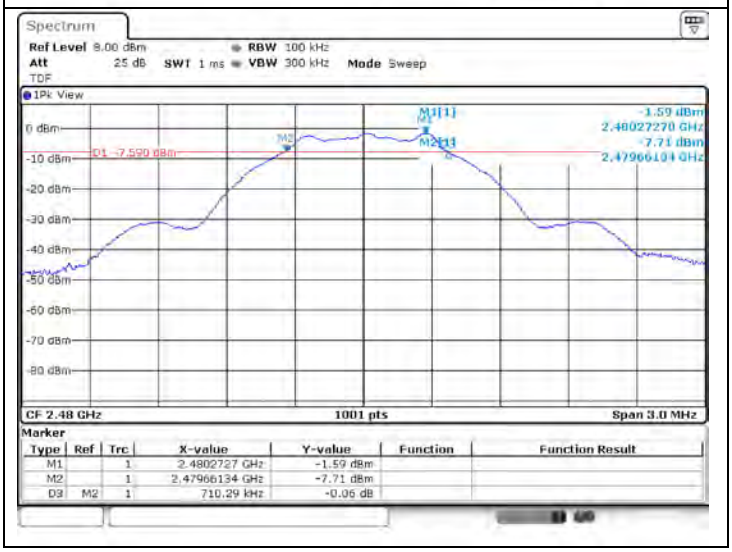
Low Channel



Middle Channel

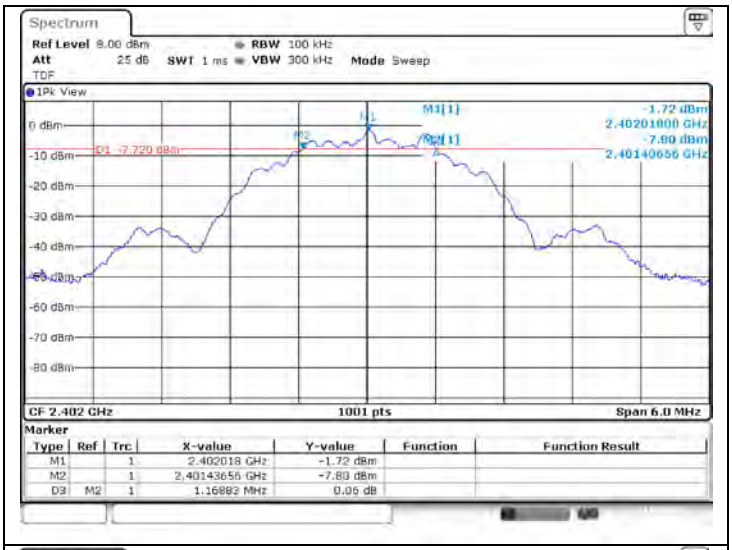


High Channel

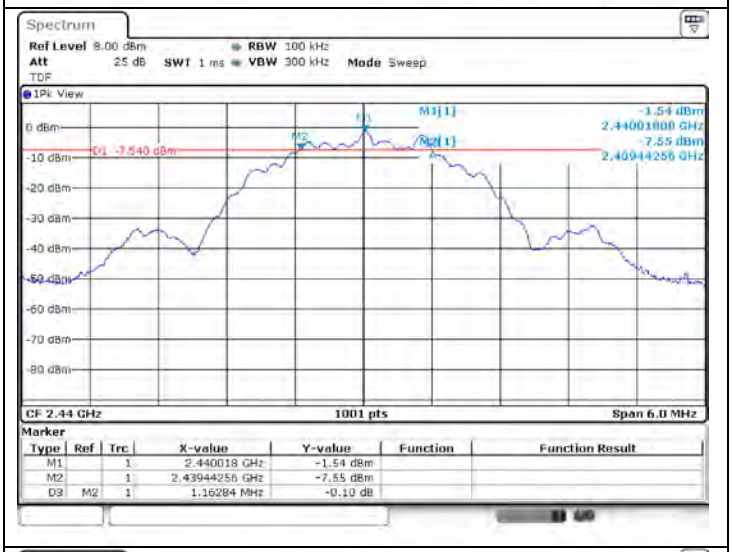


Test mode: PHY 2M

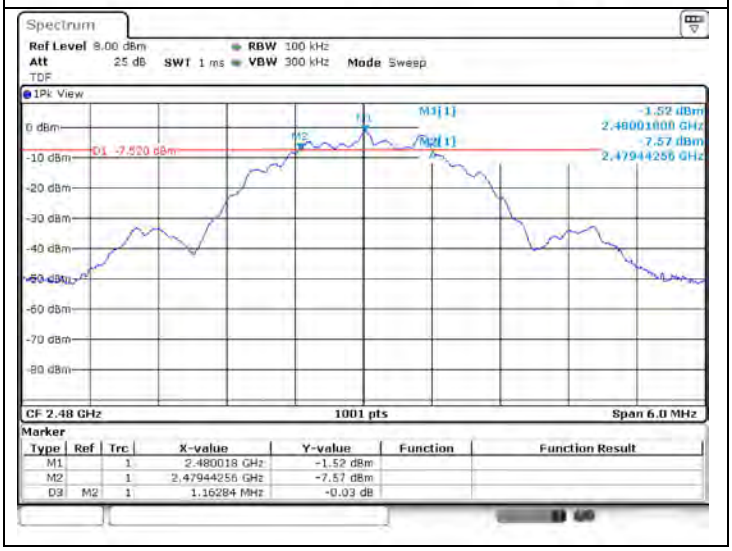
Low Channel



Middle Channel

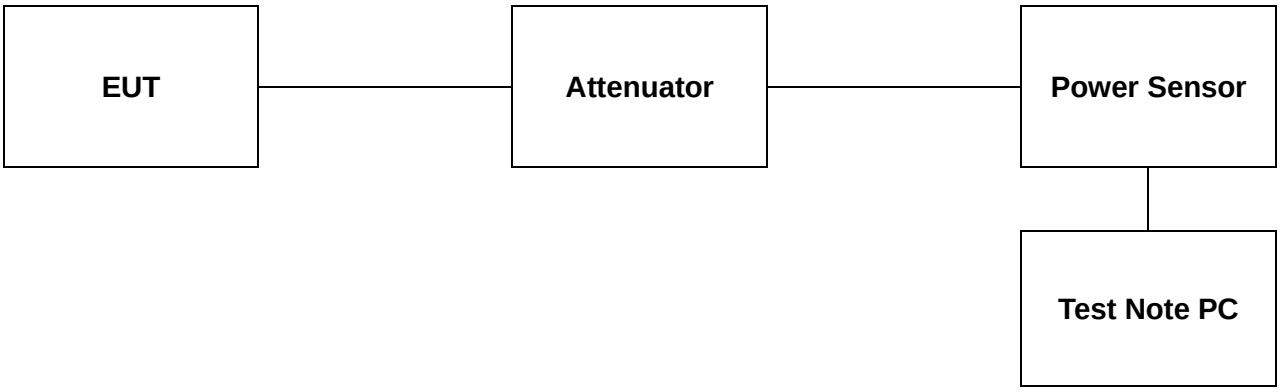


High Channel



4. Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

4.1. Test Setup



4.2. Limit

According to §15.247(b)(3), for systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 ㎒, 2 400-2 483.5 ㎒, and 5 725-5 850 ㎒ bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

According to §15.247(b)(4), the conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 ㏈i. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 ㏈i are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraph (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in ㏈ that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 ㏈i.

4.3. Test Procedure

The test follows section 11.9.1.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

PKPM1 Peak-reading power meter method
- The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

The test follows section 11.9.2.3.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

Method AVGPM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average-reading power meter)
- Alternatively, measurements may be performed using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since this measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.

Test program: (S/W name: R&S Power Viewer, Version: 3.2.0)

1. Initially overall offset for attenuator and cable loss is measured per frequency.
2. Measured offset is inserted in test program in advance of measurement for output power.
3. Power for each frequency (channel) of device is investigated as final result.
4. Final result reported on this section from R&S power viewer program includes with several factors and test program shows only final result.

4.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) ℃
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

- Left
Test mode: PHY 1M

Mode	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	Average Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Limit (dB m)
GFSK	Low	2 402	-0.42	0.04	30
	Middle	2 440	-0.16	0.23	
	High	2 480	**-0.14**	**0.39**	

Test mode: PHY 2M

Mode	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	Average Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Limit (dB m)
GFSK	Low	2 402	-0.37	0.03	30
	Middle	2 440	-0.17	0.23	
	High	2 480	**-0.08**	**0.33**	

- Right
Test mode: PHY 1M

Mode	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	Average Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Limit (dB m)
GFSK	Low	2 402	-1.51	-1.04	30
	Middle	2 440	-1.44	-0.99	
	High	2 480	**-1.29**	**-0.87**	

Test mode: PHY 2M

Mode	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	Average Power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Result (dB m)	Limit (dB m)
GFSK	Low	2 402	-1.48	-1.01	30
	Middle	2 440	-1.43	-0.92	
	High	2 480	**-1.23**	**-0.84**	

5. Power Spectral Density

5.1. Test Setup

5.2. Limit

According to §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 �dB m in any 3 ㎑ band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

5.3. Test Procedure

The measurements are recorded using the PKPSD measurement procedure in section 11.10.2 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

- This procedure shall be used if maximum peak conducted output power was used to demonstrate compliance, and is optional if the maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance.

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW to 3 ㎑ ≤ RBW ≤ 100 ㎑.
4. Set the VBW ≥ [3 x RBW].
5. Detector = peak.
6. Sweep time = auto couple.
7. Trace mode = max hold.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 ㎑) and repeat.

5.4. Test Results

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) ℃
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

- Left
Test mode: PHY 1M

Mode	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	Measured PSD (dB m/3 ㎑)	Limit (dB m/3 ㎑)
GFSK	Low	2 402	-16.53	8
	Middle	2 440	-16.24	
	High	2 480	-16.14	

Test mode: PHY 2M

Mode	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	Measured PSD (dB m/3 ㎑)	Limit (dB m/3 ㎑)
GFSK	Low	2 402	-18.42	8
	Middle	2 440	-18.16	
	High	2 480	-18.04	

- Right
Test mode: PHY 1M

Mode	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	Measured PSD (dB m/3 ㎑)	Limit (dB m/3 ㎑)
GFSK	Low	2 402	-17.64	8
	Middle	2 440	-17.58	
	High	2 480	-17.52	

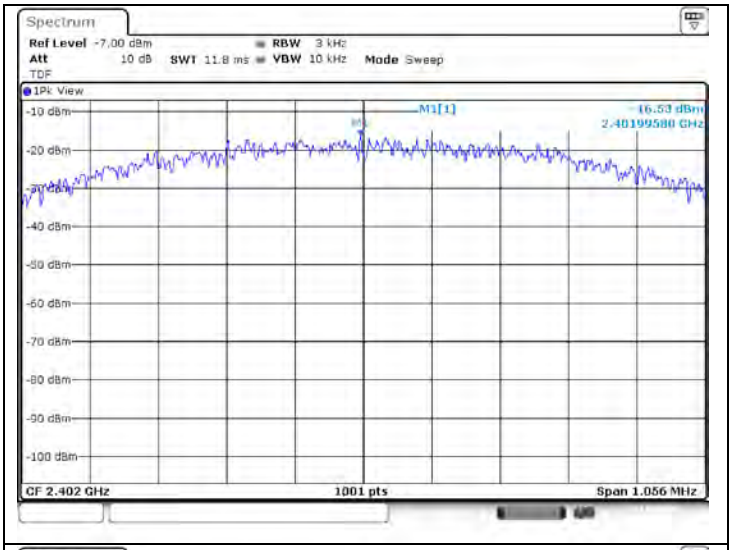
Test mode: PHY 2M

Mode	Channel	Frequency (㎒)	Measured PSD (dB m/3 ㎑)	Limit (dB m/3 ㎑)
GFSK	Low	2 402	-19.49	8
	Middle	2 440	-19.48	
	High	2 480	-19.42	

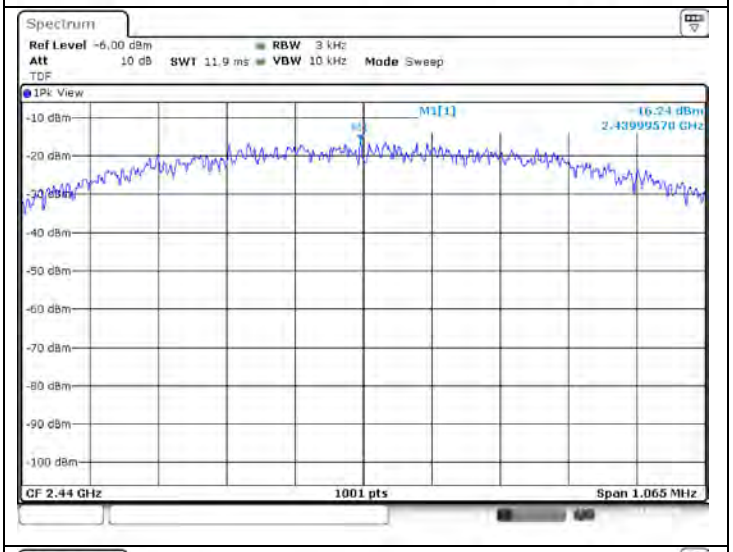
- Test plots

Left
Test mode: PHY 1M

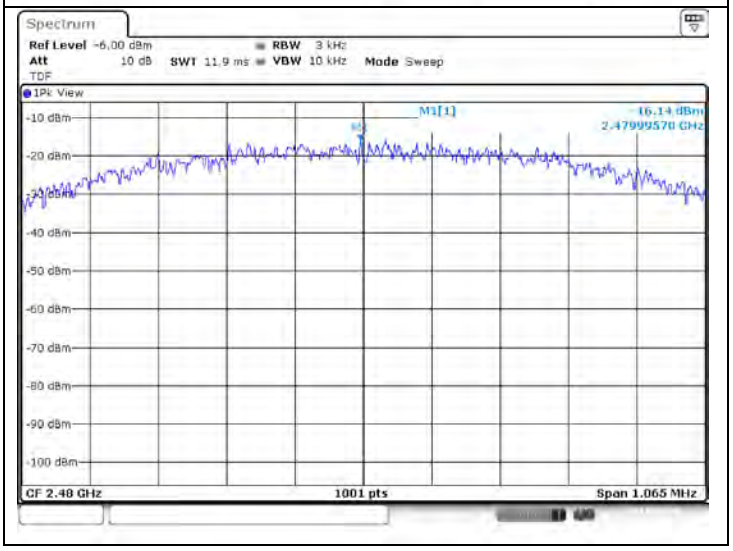
Low Channel



Middle Channel

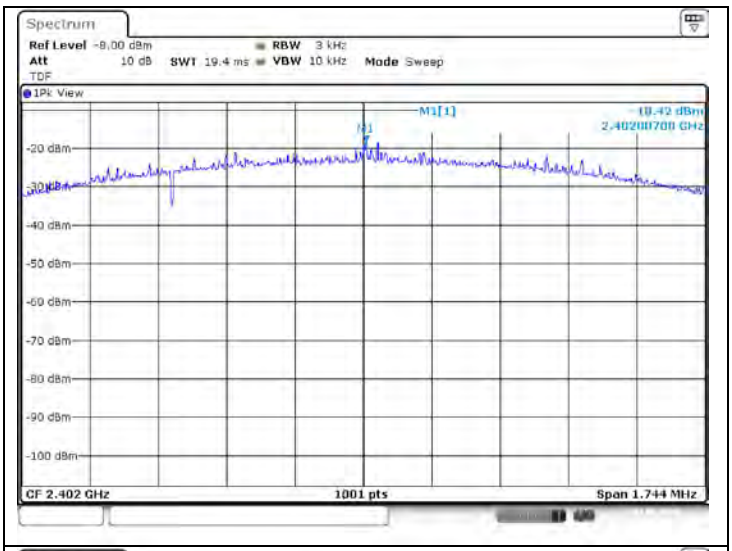


High Channel

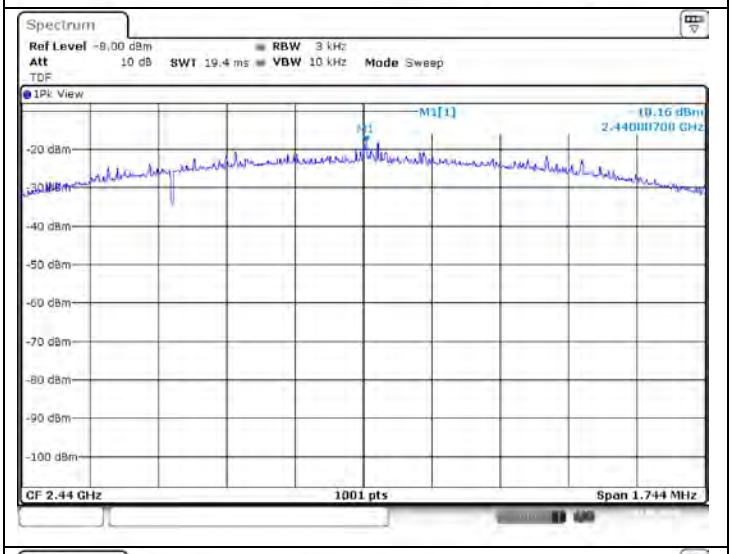


Test mode: PHY 2M

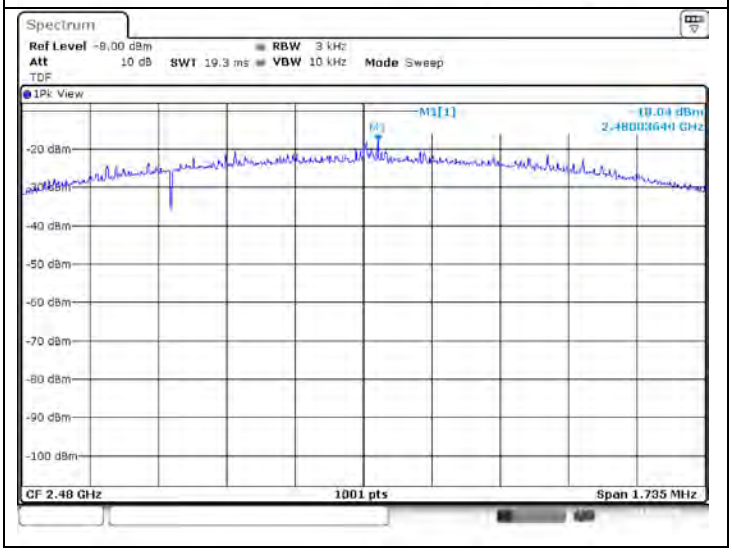
Low Channel



Middle Channel

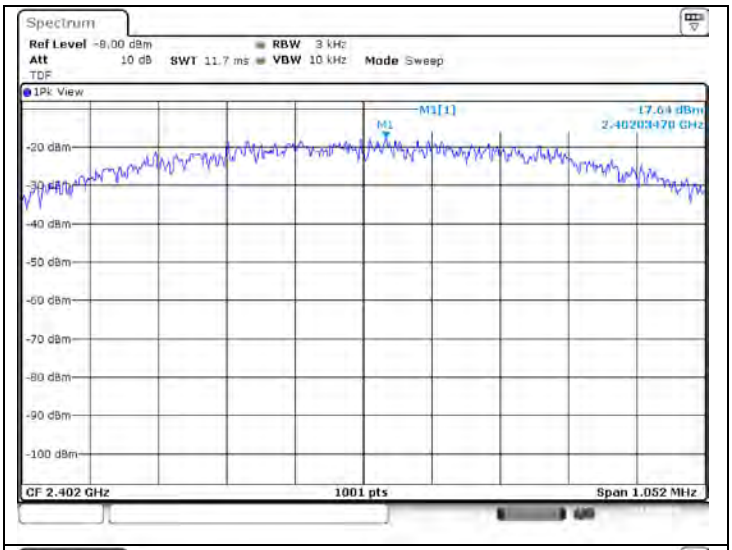


High Channel

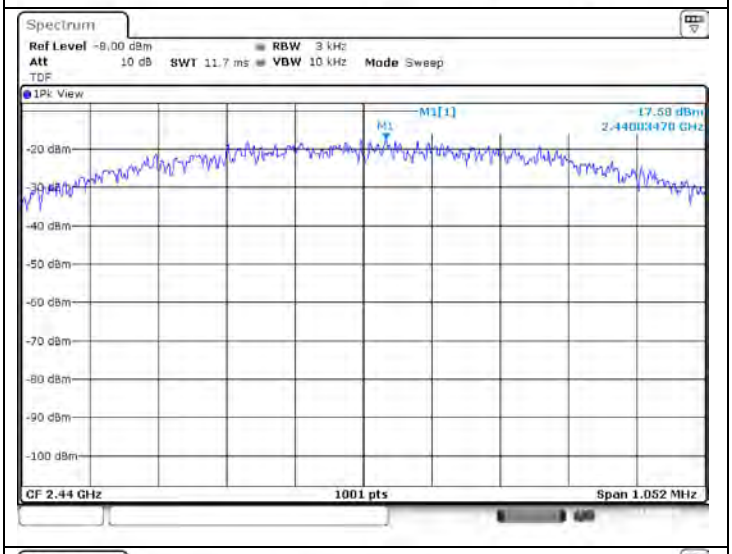


Right
Test mode: PHY 1M

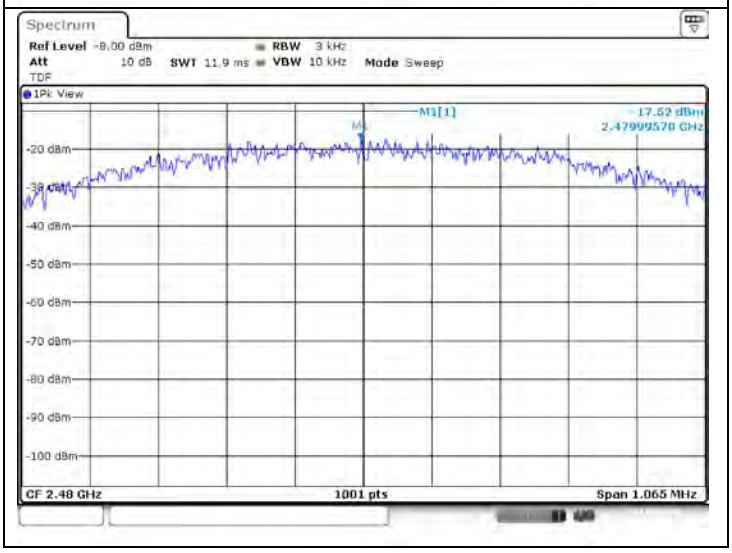
Low Channel



Middle Channel

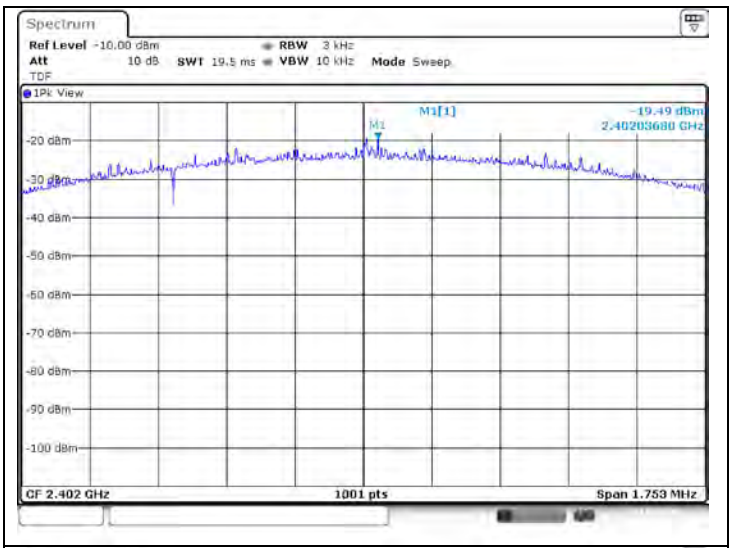


High Channel

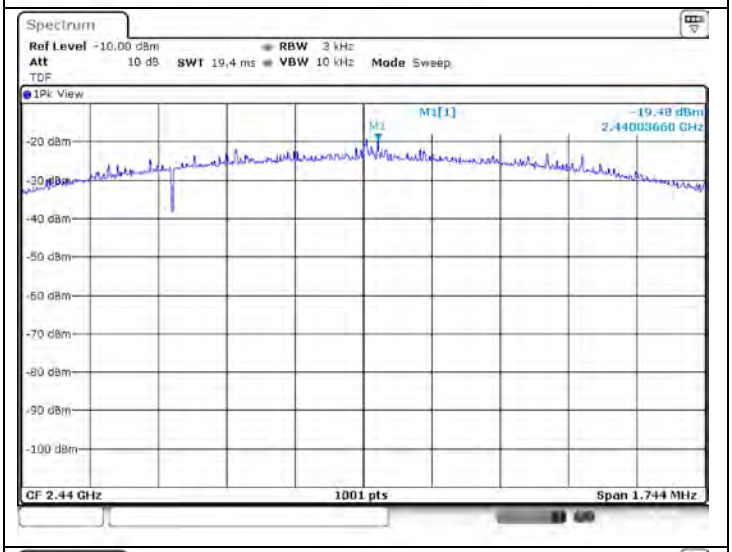


Test mode: PHY 2M

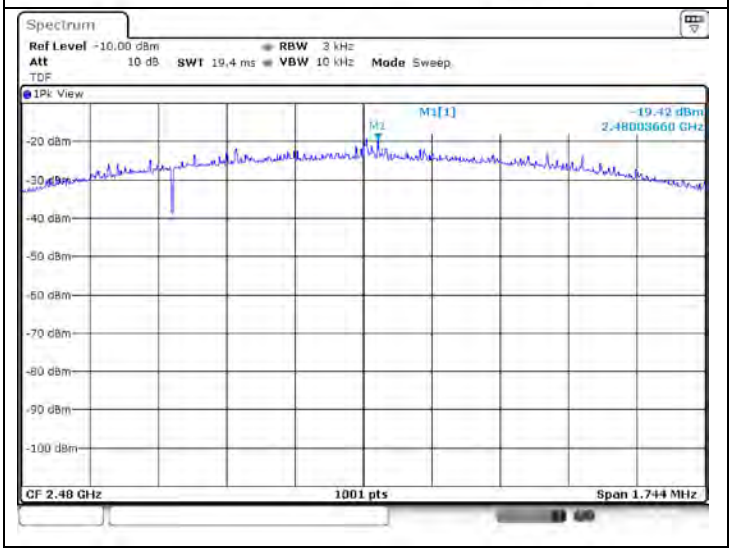
Low Channel



Middle Channel

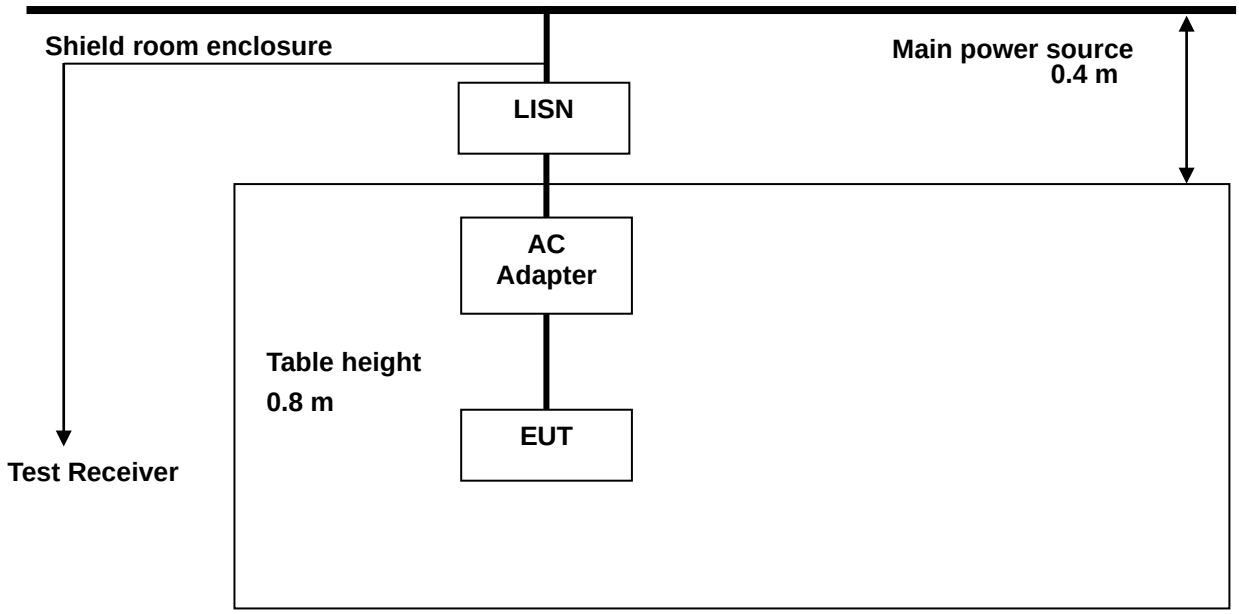


High Channel



6. AC Power Line Conducted Emission

6.1. Test Setup



6.2. Limit

According to §15.207(a), for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH /50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).
Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission (㎒)	Conducted limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

6.3. Test Procedures

AC conducted emissions from the EUT were measured according to the dictates of ANSI C63.10-2013.

1. The test procedure is performed in a 6.5 m × 3.5 m × 3.5 m (L × W × H) shielded room. The EUT along with its peripherals were placed on a 1.0 m (W) × 1.5 m (L) and 0.8 m in height wooden table and the EUT was adjusted to maintain a 0.4 meter space from a vertical reference plane.
2. The EUT was connected to power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN) which provides 50 ohm coupling impedance for measuring instrument and the chassis ground was bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
3. All peripherals were connected to the second LISN and the chassis ground also bounded to the horizontal ground plane of shielded room.
4. The excess power cable between the EUT and the LISN was bundled. The power cables of peripherals were unbundled. All connecting cables of EUT and peripherals were moved to find the maximum emission.

6.4. Test Results

The following table shows the highest levels of conducted emissions on both phase of Hot and Neutral line.

Ambient temperature : (23 ± 1) ℃
Relative humidity : 47 % R.H.

Frequency range : 0.15 ㎒ - 30 ㎒
Measured Bandwidth : 9 ㎑

- Left

Freq.	Reading (dBμV)		Correction Factor (dB)	Result (dBμV)		Line	Limit (dBμV)		Margin (dB)	
(㎒)	Quasi-peak	Average		Quasi-peak	Average		Quasi-peak	Average	Quasi-peak	Average
0.18	27.30	7.80	9.60	36.90	17.40	N	64.49	54.49	27.59	37.09
0.43	21.60	2.70	9.70	31.30	12.40	N	57.25	47.25	25.95	34.85
5.09	7.60	-1.10	10.00	17.60	8.90	N	60.00	50.00	42.40	41.10
12.74	13.90	13.40	10.60	24.50	24.00	N	60.00	50.00	35.50	26.00
20.85	5.40	-0.30	11.10	16.50	10.80	N	60.00	50.00	43.50	39.20
28.99	3.90	-3.60	11.30	15.20	7.70	N	60.00	50.00	44.80	42.30
0.18	24.70	7.00	9.70	34.40	16.70	H	64.49	54.49	30.09	37.79
0.43	19.70	2.70	9.70	29.40	12.40	H	57.25	47.25	27.85	34.85
4.97	5.40	-1.60	10.00	15.40	8.40	H	56.00	46.00	40.60	37.60
12.51	7.80	4.50	10.40	18.20	14.90	H	60.00	50.00	41.80	35.10
16.72	5.90	-0.10	10.60	16.50	10.50	H	60.00	50.00	43.50	39.50
20.48	6.10	0.90	10.90	17.00	11.80	H	60.00	50.00	43.00	38.20

Remark;

1. Line (H): Hot, Line (N): Neutral.
2. All channels were investigated and the worst-case emissions were reported using **PHY 1M / 255 bytes / High channel.**
3. The limit for Class B device(s) from 150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ are specified in Section of the Title 47 CFR.
4. Test from 150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ was performed using the software of EMC32(V10.60.20) from R&S.
5. Traces shown in plot were made by using a Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
6. Deviations to the Specifications: None.
7. Result (dBμV) = Reading (dBμV) + Correction Factor(dB)
8. Correction Factor(dB) = LISN factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

- Right

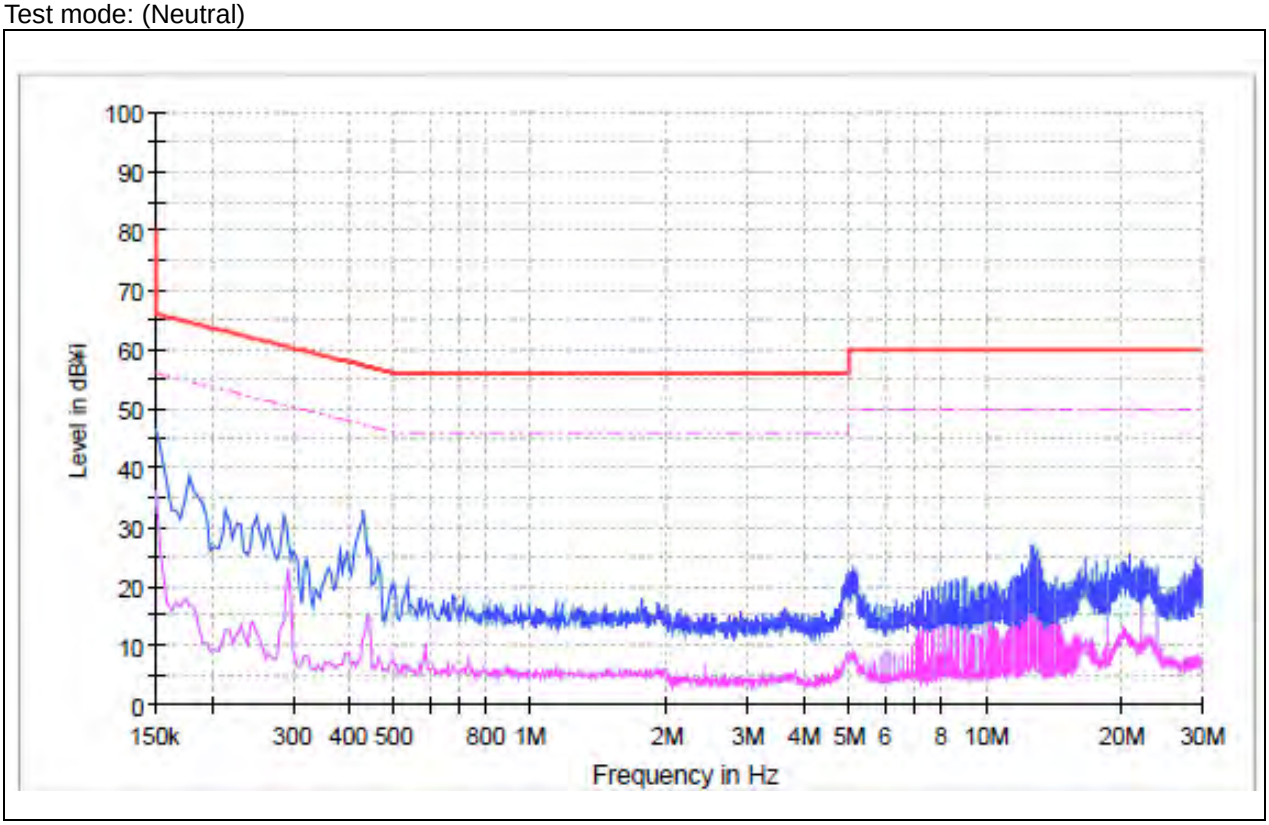
Freq.	Reading (dBμV)		Correction Factor (dB)	Result (dBμV)		Line	Limit (dBμV)		Margin (dB)	
(MHz)	Quasi-peak	Average		Quasi-peak	Average		Quasi-peak	Average	Quasi-peak	Average
0.18	27.20	8.00	9.60	36.80	17.60	N	64.49	54.49	27.69	36.89
0.42	14.70	-0.90	9.70	24.40	8.80	N	57.45	47.45	33.05	38.65
5.05	5.00	-1.70	9.90	14.90	8.20	N	60.00	50.00	45.10	41.80
12.90	12.90	11.80	10.60	23.50	22.40	N	60.00	50.00	36.50	27.60
16.41	4.90	-0.70	10.80	15.70	10.10	N	60.00	50.00	44.30	39.90
20.28	7.70	2.50	11.10	18.80	13.60	N	60.00	50.00	41.20	36.40
0.18	27.50	8.00	9.70	37.20	17.70	H	64.49	54.49	27.29	36.79
0.43	19.70	2.70	9.70	29.40	12.40	H	57.25	47.25	27.85	34.85
5.16	7.10	-1.30	10.00	17.10	8.70	H	60.00	50.00	42.90	41.30
12.76	15.10	14.60	10.40	25.50	25.00	H	60.00	50.00	34.50	25.00
16.71	5.80	-0.60	10.60	16.40	10.00	H	60.00	50.00	43.60	40.00
20.31	6.70	1.30	10.90	17.60	12.20	H	60.00	50.00	42.40	37.80

Remark;

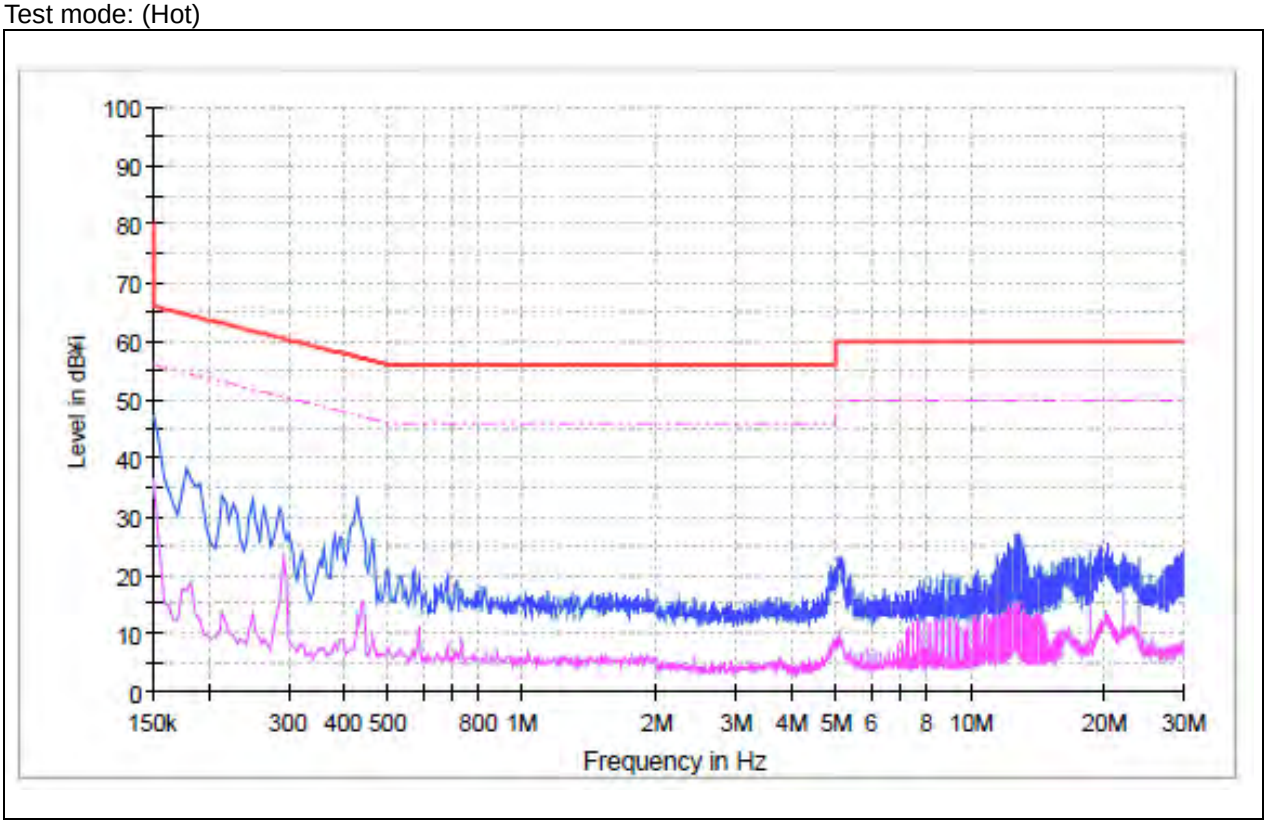
1. Line (H): Hot, Line (N): Neutral.
2. All channels were investigated and the worst-case emissions were reported using **PHY 2M / 255 bytes / High channel.**
3. The limit for Class B device(s) from 150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ are specified in Section of the Title 47 CFR.
4. Test from 150 ㎑ to 30 ㎒ was performed using the software of EMC32(V10.60.20) from R&S.
5. Traces shown in plot were made by using a Quasi-peak detector and average detector.
6. Deviations to the Specifications: None.
7. Result (dBμV) = Reading (dBμV) + Correction Factor(dB)
8. Correction Factor(dB) = LISN factor (dB) + Cable loss (dB)

- Test plots

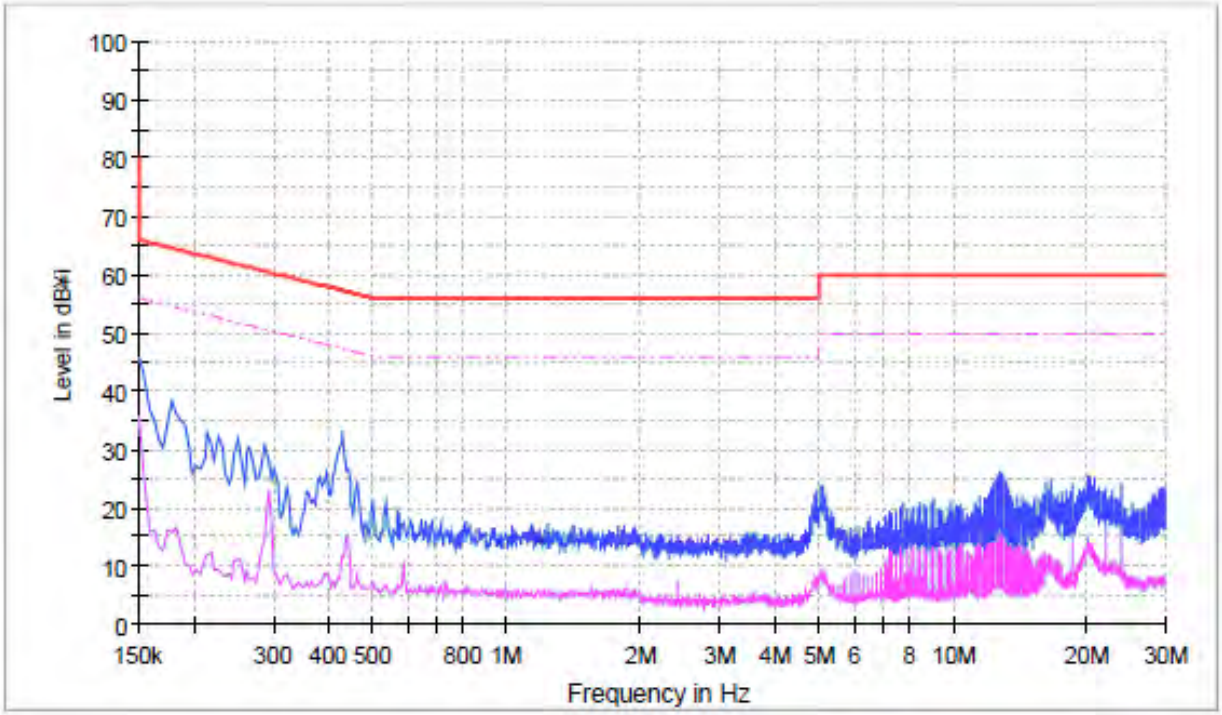
Left
Test mode: (Neutral)



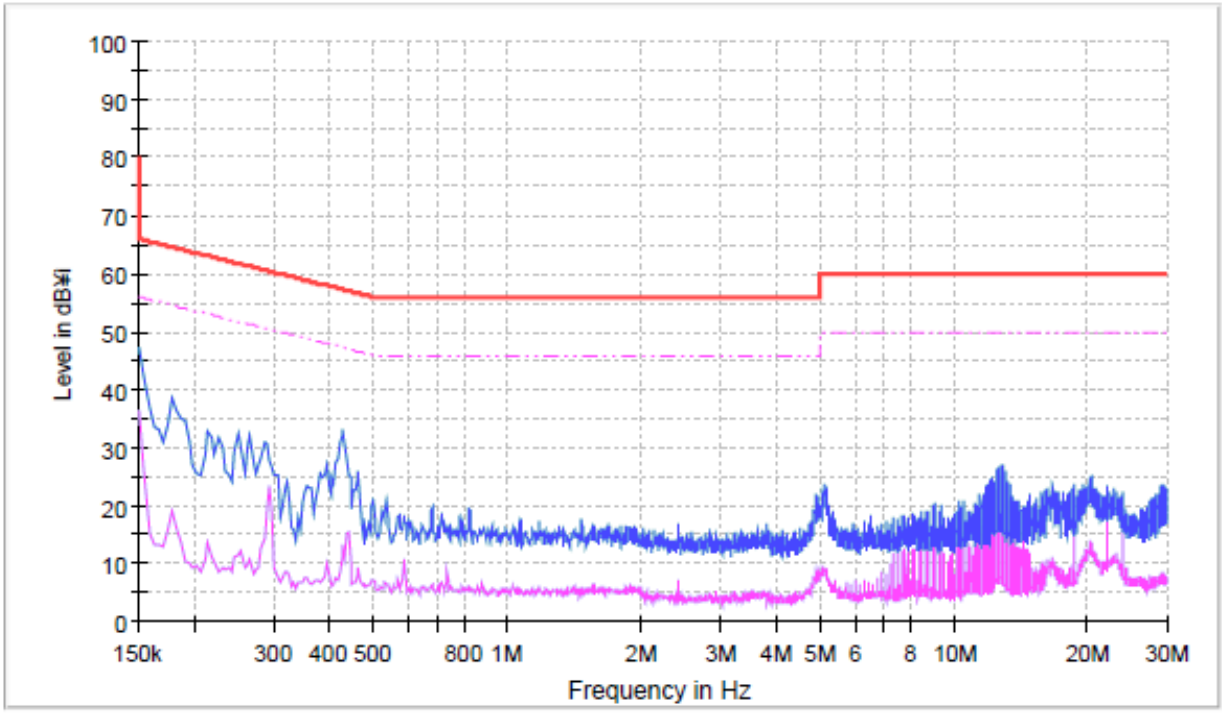
Test mode: (Hot)



Right
Test mode: (Neutral)



Test mode: (Hot)



7. Antenna Requirement

7.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section §15.247(b) if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power shall be reduced appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

7.2. Antenna Connected Construction

Antenna used in this product is PCB Pattern Antenna and the antenna gains are as follows.

Type	Left	Right
Gain [dBi]	3.35	3.35

- End of the Test Report -