TEST REPORT

Product Name:	MINI COMPUTER
FCC ID:	2BLRA-T01
Trademark:	WVX
Model Number:	Workmini-T01
Prepared For:	Shenzhen SA-Peace Technology Co. , Ltd.
Address:	Star River WORLDA1306, No. 1 Yabaolu, Nankeng community, Bantian Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong Province, China
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen SA-Peace Technology Co. , Ltd.
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Prepared By:	Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	1&2/F., Building A, No.26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Sample Received Date:	Dec. 09, 2024
Sample tested Date:	Dec. 09, 2024 to Feb. 24, 2025
Issue Date:	Feb. 24, 2025
Report No.:	CTB24120913802RF03
Test Standards	FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407
Test Results	PASS
Remark:	This is WIFI-5GHz band radio test report.

Compiled by:	Reviewed by:	Approved by:
Zhou Kui	Arron Liu	Bin Mei
Zhou Kui	Arron Liu	Bin Mei / Director

Note: If there is any objection to the inspection results in this report, please submit a written report to the company within 15 days from the date of receiving the report. The test report is effective only with both signature and specialized stamp. This result(s) shown in this report refer only to the sample(s) tested. Without written approval of Shenzhen CTB Testing Technology Co., Ltd. this report can't be reproduced except in full. The tested sample(s) and the sample information are provided by the client. "*" indicates the testing items were fulfilled by subcontracted lab. "#" indicates the items are not in CNAS accreditation scope.

TABLE OF CONTENT

Test Report Declaration Page
1. VERSION 4
2. TEST SUMMARY 5
3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY 6
4. PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP 7
4.1 Product Information 7
4.2 Test Setup Configuration 7
4.3 Support Equipment 7
4.4 Channel List 8
4.5 Test Mode 9
4.6 Test Environment 9
5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED 10
5.1 Test Facility 10
5.2 Test Instrument Used 10
6. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION 13
6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup 13
6.2 Limit 13
6.3 Test procedure 13
6.4 Test Result 15
7. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 17
7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup 17
7.2 Limit 17
7.3 Test procedure 18
7.4 Test Result 19
8. BAND EDGE 24
8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup 24
8.2 Limit 24
8.3 Test procedure 24
8.4 Test Result 25
9. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER 34
9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup 34
9.2 Limit 34
9.3 Test procedure 35
9.4 Test Result 36
10. EMISSION BANDWIDTH& OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH 45
10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup 45
10.2 Limits 45
10.3 Test Procedure 45
10.4 Test Results 47
11. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY 56
11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup 56
11.2 Limit 56

11.3 Test procedure 56
11.4 Test Result 58
12. FREQUENCY STABILITY 67
12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup 67
12.2 Limit 67
12.3 Test procedure 67
12.4 Test Result 67
13. OPERATION IN THE ABSENCE OF INFORMATION TO THE TRANSMIT . . . 77
13.1 Requirement 77
13.2 Test Results 77
14. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT 78
15. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS 79

(Note: N/A means not applicable)

1. VERSION

Report No.	Issue Date	Description	Approved
CTB24120913802RF03	Feb. 24, 2025	Original	Valid

2. TEST SUMMARY

The Product has been tested according to the following specifications:

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
AC Power Line Conducted Emission	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)(6)	ANSI C63.10-2013	PASS
Radiated Spurious emissions	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033	PASS
Band edge	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.205/15.407(b)	KDB789033	PASS
Conducted Peak Output Power	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033	PASS
Emission Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)(e)	KDB789033	PASS
Power Spectral Density	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (a)	KDB789033	PASS
Frequency stability	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (g)	KDB789033	PASS
Operation in the absence of information to the transmit	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407 (b)	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E	PASS
Antenna Requirement	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.203	/	PASS

Remark:
Test according to ANSI C63.10-2013.

3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the Product as specified in CISPR 16-4-2. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Item	Uncertainty
Occupancy bandwidth	U=±54.3Hz
Adjacent channel power	U=±1.3dB
Conducted Adjacent channel power	U=±1.38dB
Conducted output power Above 1G	U=±1.0dB
Conducted output power below 1G	U=±0.9dB
Power Spectral Density , Conduction	U=±1.0dB
Conduction spurious emissions	U=±2.8dB
Out of band emission	U=±54Hz
3m camber Radiated spurious emission(9KHz-30MHz)	U=±4.8dB
3m camber Radiated spurious emission(30MHz-1GHz)	U=±4.3dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(1GHz-18GHz)	U=±4.5dB
3m chamber Radiated spurious emission(18GHz-40GHz)	U=±3.4dB
humidity uncertainty	U=±5.3%
Temperature uncertainty	U=±0.59℃
Supply voltages	U=±3%
Time	U=±5%
Conducted emission(150K-30MHz)	3.2dB

4. PRODUCT INFORMATION AND TEST SETUP

4.1 Product Information

Model(s):	Workmini-T01
Model Description:	N/A
Wi-Fi Specification:	IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax
Hardware Version:	SU_ARB60_MB_V21
Software Version:	3.03
Operation Frequency:	WiFi (5.8G): IEEE 802.11a/n/ac/ax(20M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 5 channel IEEE 802.11n/ac/ax(40M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 2 channel IEEE 802.11ac/ax(80M): 5725MHz ~5850MHz/ 1 channel
Max. RF output power:	WiFi (5.8G): 13.798dBm
Type of Modulation:	WiFi (5.8G): OFDM, OFDMA
Antenna installation:	WiFi (5.8G): FPC antenna
Antenna Gain:	WiFi (5.8G):Ant1: 5.45dBi Ant2: 5.67dBi
Ratings:	Power Input: AC 100-240V to 50-60Hz 2.0A Product Input: DC 20V 5A

4.2 Test Setup Configuration

See test photographs attached in EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS for the actual connections between Product and support equipment.

4.3 Support Equipment

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Series No.	Note
1.	Keyboard	DELL	KB216t	N/A	AE
2	Mouse	DELL	MS116c	N/A	AE
3	Monitor	DELL	SE2218HV	N/A	AE
4	Router	Huawei	AX2 Pro	/	AE

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

4.4 Channel List

ANT1,ANT2

For 802.11a/n/ac/ax(20M) Operation in the 5745MHz ~5825 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745MHz	161	5805MHz
153	5765MHz	165	5825MHz
157	5785MHz	NA	NA

For 802.11n/ac/ax(40M) Operation in the 5755MHz ~5795 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
151	5755MHz	159	5795MHz

For 802.11ac/ax(80M) Operation in the 5775 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	NA	NA
155	5775MHz	NA	NA

MIMO(ANT 1+ANT 2)

For 802.11n/ac/ax(20M) Operation in the 5745MHz ~5825 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
149	5745MHz	161	5805MHz
153	5765MHz	165	5825MHz
157	5785MHz	NA	NA

For 802.11n/ac/ax(40M) Operation in the 5755MHz ~5795 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	Channel	Frequency
151	5755MHz	159	5795MHz

For 802.11ac/ax(80M) Operation in the 5775 MHz band			
Channel	Frequency	NA	NA
155	5775MHz	NA	NA

EUT has two Internal Antenna with Max Antenna Gain (Ant1: 5.45dBi, Ant2: 5.67dBi) MIMO: 8.57dBi. on every antenna, CDD device with two spatial streams, according to KDB662911 D01 v02r01,

Directional gain= GANT + Array Gain, where Array Gain is as follows.

1) For power spectral density(PSD) measurements,

So the directional gain for PSD is 8.57dBi

2) For power measurements,

The Array gain=0 dB for NANT≤4,

So the directional gain for Power measurements is 5.67dBi

NOTE: Dutycycle>98%.

NOTE: Dutycycle>98%.

Test mode	Rate
802.11a	54M
802.11n	500M
802.11ac/ax	500M

4.5 Test Mode

All test mode(s) and condition(s) mentioned were considered and evaluated respectively by performing full tests, the worst data were recorded and reported.

Test Mode	Tx/Rx	RF Channel		
802.11a/n/ac/ax(20M)	5745MHz ~5825MHz	Channel 149	Channel 157	Channel 165
		5745MHz	5785MHz	5825MHz
802.11n/ac/ax(40M)		Channel 151	N/A	Channel 159
		5755MHz	N/A	5795MHz
802.11ac/ax(80M)		N/A	Channel 155	N/A
		N/A	5775MHz	N/A

4.6 Test Environment

Humidity(%):	54
Atmospheric Pressure(kPa):	101
Normal Voltage(AC):NV	120V
Normal Temperature(℃):NT	23
Low Temperature(℃):LT	0
High Temperature(℃):HT	40

5. TEST FACILITY AND TEST INSTRUMENT USED

5.1 Test Facility

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 1&2F., Building A, No. 26, Xinhe Road, Xinqiao, Xinqiao Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. The site and apparatus are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-1 other equivalent standards.

5.2 Test Instrument Used

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type No.	Serial No.	Firmware Version	Calibrated until
1	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52090073	A.14.16	2025/6/28
2	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120032	/	2025/6/28
3	Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY56120034	/	2025/6/28
4	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	V3.5.80	2025/6/28
5	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	A.14.16	2025/6/28
6	Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140365	A.01.60	2025/6/28
7	Vector signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47420195	A.01.87	2025/6/28
8	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2025/6/28
9	2.4 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF2400-2483.5MS-1154	20181015001	/	2025/6/30
10	5 GHz Filter	Shenxiang	MSF5150-5850MS-1155	20181015001	/	2025/6/30
11	Filter	Xingbo	XBLBQ-DZA120	190821-1-1	/	2025/6/30
12	BT&WI-FI Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8310	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/	/
13	Rohde & Schwarz SFU Broadcast Test System	R&S	SFU	101017	/	2025/6/28
14	Temperature humidity chamber	Hongjing	TH-80CH	DG-15174	/	2025/6/28
15	234G Automatic test software	Micowave	MTS8200	Ver. 2.0.0.0	/	/
16	966 chamber	C.R.T.	966	/	/	2027/6/21
17	Receiver	R&S	ESPI	100362	RF_ATTEN_7 (104489/003)	2025/6/28
18	Amplifier	HP	8447E	2945A02747	/	2025/6/28
19	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	/	2025/6/28
20	TRILOG Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	00869	/	2025/6/28
21	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	01911	/	2025/6/28

22	EMI test software	Fala	EZ-EMC	FA-03A2 RE	/	/
23	Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224	/	2025/6/28
24	loop antenna	ZHINAN	ZN30900A	GTS534	/	/
25	40G Horn antenna	A/H/System	SAS-574	588	/	2025/6/28
26	Amplifier	AEROFLEX	Aeroflex	097	/	2025/6/28
27	Power Metter	KEYSIGHT	N1912AP	N/A	A.05.00	2025/6/28

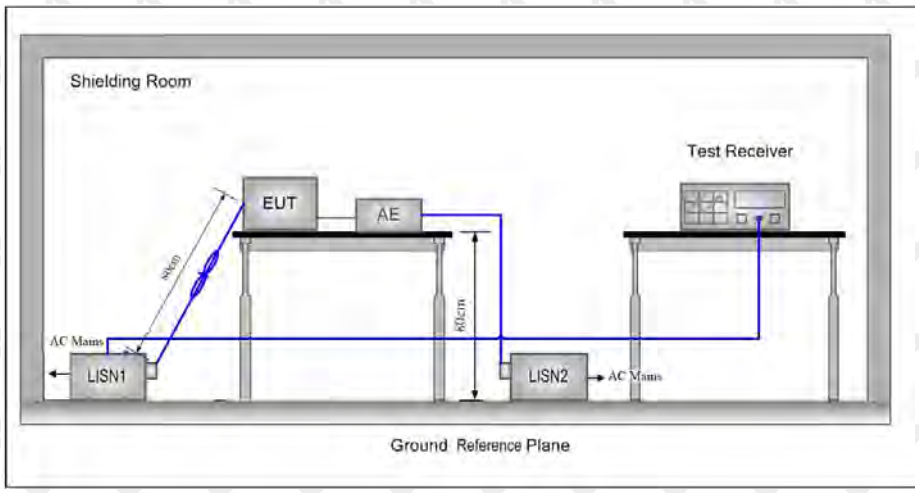
Continuous disturbance						
No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Firmware version	Calibrated until
1	843 Shield Room	C/ R/ T	843	/	/	2027/6/21
2	AMN	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESH3-Z5	831551852	/	2025/6/30
3	Pulse limiter	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESH3Z2	357881052	/	2025/6/28
4	EMI TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100428	V4.42.SP3	2025/6/30
5	Coaxial cable	ZDECL	Z302S	18091904	/	2025/6/30
6	ISN	Schwarzbeck	NTFM8158	183	/	2025/6/30
7	Voltage sensor	Schwarzbeck	TK 9420	01189	/	2025/10/25
8	EZ-EMC	Frad	EMC-con3A1.1	/	/	/
9	Current Probe	FCC	F-52B	199453	/	2025/5/27
10	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2025/6/28
11	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	V3.5.80	2025/6/28

Radiated emission(No.2 Chamber)						
No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Firmware version	Calibrated until
1	966 Chamber	C/ R/ T	966	/	/	2026/11/14
2	Double Ridged Broadband Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120 D	01911	/	2026/7/07
3	Broadband Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9168	1471	/	2025/7/06
4	Amplifier	Agilent	8449B	3008A01838	/	2025/6/30
5	Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9743 B	00500	/	2025/5/23
6	EMI TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI7	100861	/	2025/10/25
7	Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY51289897	A.14.16	2025/6/28
8	EMI test software	Farad	EZ-EMC	/	Ver. FARAD-3A1+	/
9	Coaxial cable	Rosenberg	8m	/	/	2025/10/25
10	Coaxial cable	Times	2m	/	/	2025/10/25
11	Coaxial cable	Times	2m	/	/	2025/10/25

12	Coaxial cable	Times	1m	/	/	2025/10/25
13	loop antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519B	1519B-224	/	2025/6/29
14	Communication test set	R&S	CMW500	108058	B.19.07 (E1962B)	2025/6/28
15	Communication test set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50102567	V3.5.80	2025/6/28

6. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

6.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



6.2 Limit

Table 4 – AC power-line conducted emissions limits

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56[Note 1]	56 to 46[Note 1]
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30	60	50

Note 1: The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

6.3 Test procedure

1) The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.

2) The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a 50Ω/50μH + 5Ω linear impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.

3) The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane,

4) The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane.

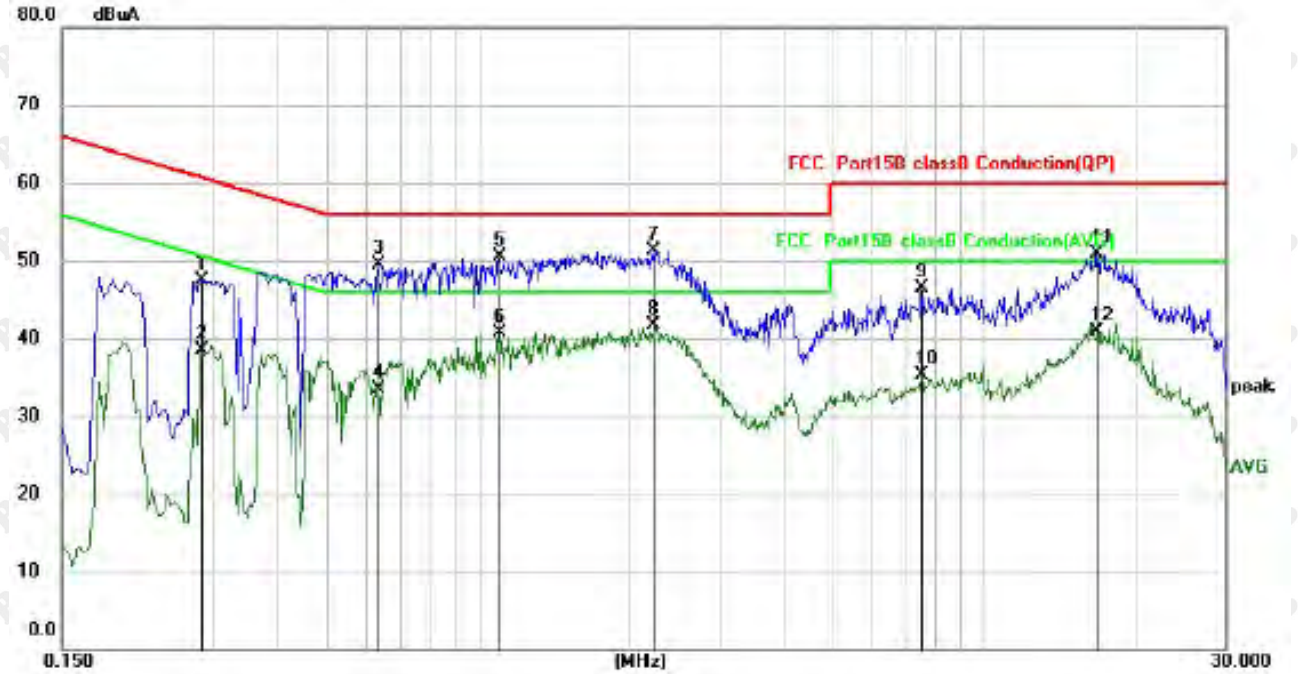
This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.

5) In order to find the maximum emission, the relative positions of equipment and all of the interface cables must be changed according to ANSI C63.10 on conducted measurement.

6.4 Test Result

ANT1
Modulation : 802.11a (the worst data)
Test Channel : 5785MHz

L:

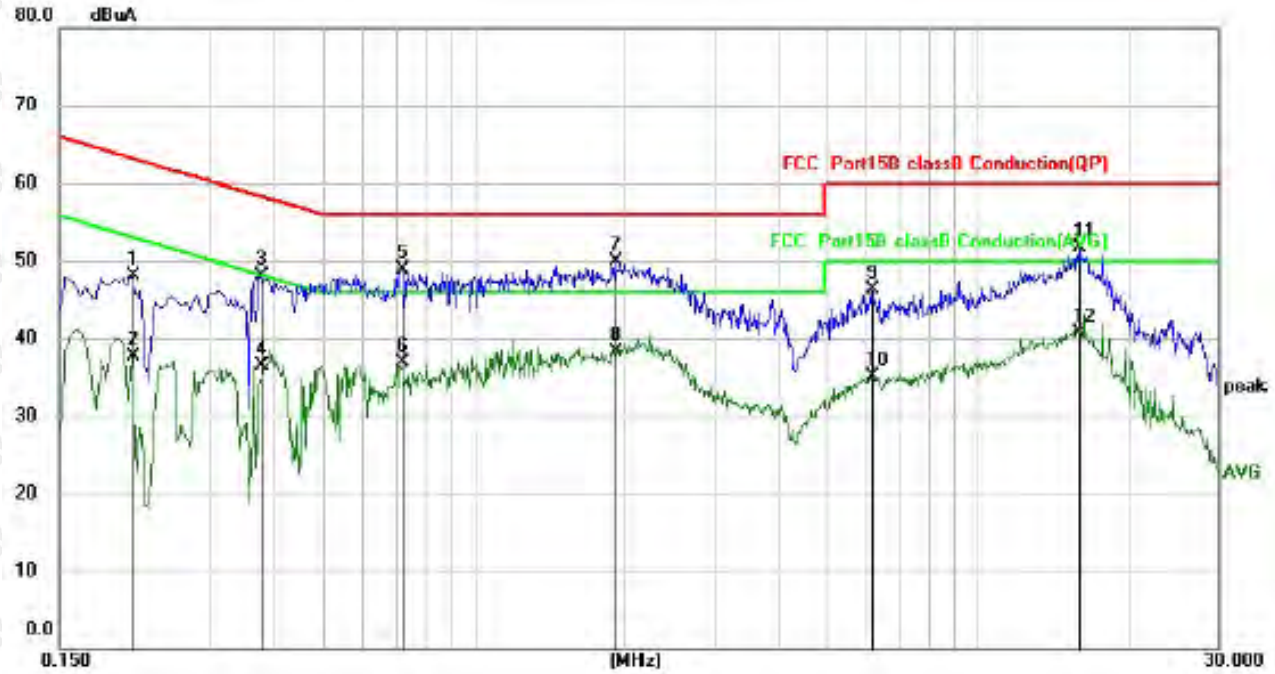


No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dBS	dBuA	dBuA	dB	Detector
1		0.2819	36.79	10.65	47.44	60.76	-13.32	QP
2		0.2819	27.81	10.65	38.46	50.76	-12.30	AVG
3		0.6340	38.90	10.65	49.55	56.00	-6.45	QP
4		0.6340	22.87	10.65	33.52	46.00	-12.48	AVG
5		1.0940	39.48	11.01	50.49	56.00	-5.51	QP
6		1.0940	29.62	11.01	40.63	46.00	-5.37	AVG
7		2.2139	39.70	11.63	51.33	56.00	-4.67	QP
8	*	2.2139	30.00	11.63	41.63	46.00	-4.37	AVG
9		7.5019	33.55	12.99	46.54	60.00	-13.46	QP
10		7.5019	22.36	12.99	35.35	50.00	-14.65	AVG
11		16.7258	37.46	13.43	50.89	60.00	-9.11	QP
12		16.7258	27.44	13.43	40.87	50.00	-9.13	AVG

Remark:

Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Measurement – Limit

N:



No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading Level	Correct Factor	Measure-ment	Limit	Over	
		MHz	dBuV	dBS	dBuA	dBuA	dB	Detector
1		0.2100	37.44	10.70	48.14	63.21	-15.07	QP
2		0.2100	26.93	10.70	37.63	53.21	-15.58	AVG
3		0.3780	37.43	10.59	48.02	58.32	-10.30	QP
4		0.3780	25.94	10.59	36.53	48.32	-11.79	AVG
5		0.7219	38.14	10.74	48.88	56.00	-7.12	QP
6		0.7219	26.12	10.74	36.86	46.00	-9.14	AVG
7	*	1.9179	38.34	11.53	49.87	56.00	-6.13	QP
8		1.9179	26.78	11.53	38.31	46.00	-7.69	AVG
9		6.1817	33.60	12.65	46.25	60.00	-13.75	QP
10		6.1817	22.48	12.65	35.13	50.00	-14.87	AVG
11		15.8900	38.25	13.38	51.63	60.00	-8.37	QP
12		15.8900	27.36	13.38	40.74	50.00	-9.26	AVG

Remark:
1. Factor = Cable loss + LISN factor, Margin = Limit – Level
2. All modes were tested at AC 120V and 240V, only the worst result of AC 120V 60Hz was reported.
3. All the test modes completed for test. Only the worst result of was reported.

7. RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

7.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup

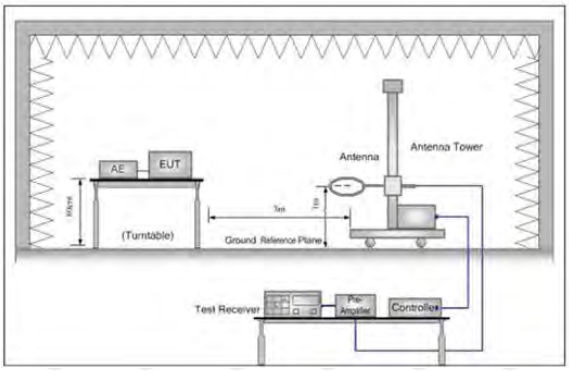


Figure 1. Below 30MHz

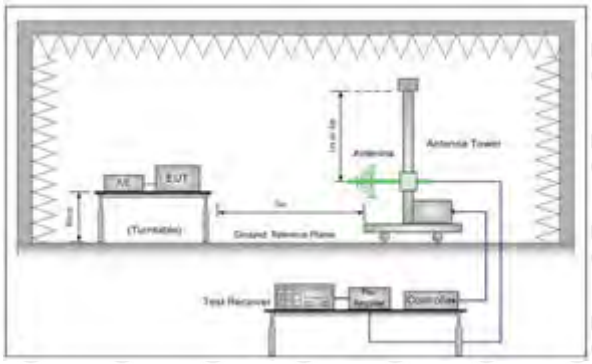


Figure 2. 30MHz to 1GHz

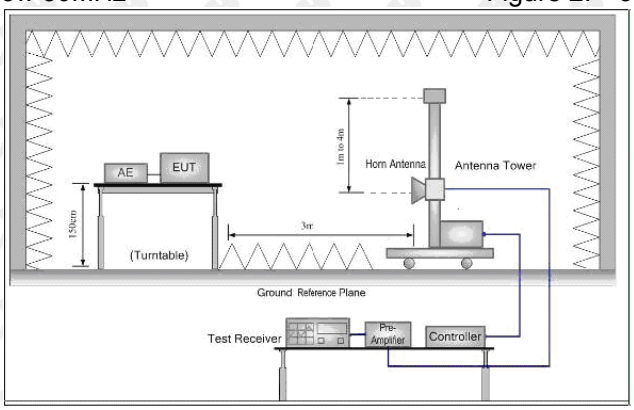


Figure 3. Above 1GHz

7.2 Limit

Spurious Emissions:

Frequency	Field strength (dBμV/m)	Remark	Measurement distance (m)
0.009MHz-0.490MHz	20log 2400/F (kHz) + 80	Quasi-peak	3
0.490MHz-1.705MHz	20log 24000/F (kHz) + 40	Quasi-peak	3
1.705MHz-30MHz	20log 30 + 40	Quasi-peak	3
30MHz-88MHz	40.0	Quasi-peak	3
88MHz-216MHz	43.5	Quasi-peak	3
216MHz-960MHz	46.0	Quasi-peak	3
960MHz-1GHz	54.0	Quasi-peak	3
Above 1GHz	54.0	Average	3

Note: 15.35(b), Unless otherwise specified, the limit on peak radio frequency emissions is 20dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test. This peak limit applies to the total peak emission level radiated by the device.

If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:
(i) EIRP = ((E*d)^2) / 30
where:
• E is the field strength in V/m;
• d is the measurement distance in meters;
• EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in watts.
(ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to:
EIRP[dBm] = E[dBμV/m] + 20 log(d[meters]) - 104.77
(iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:
EIRP[dBm] = E[dBμV/m] - 95.2

7.3 Test procedure

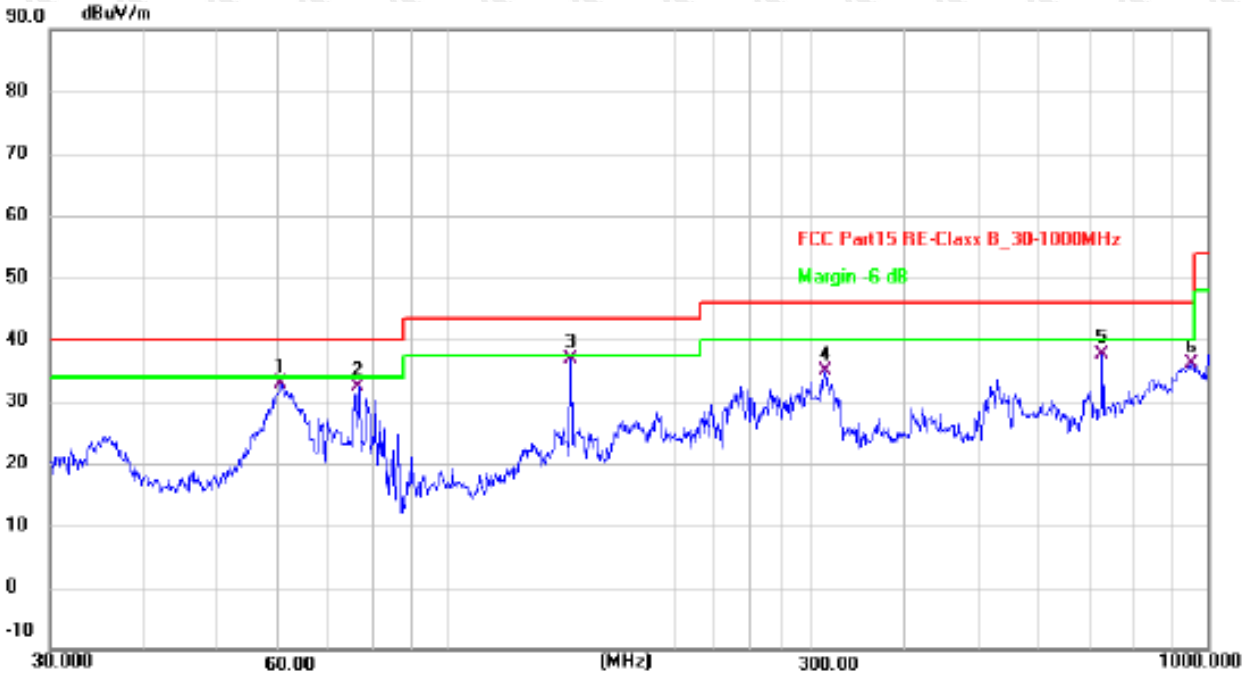
Below 1GHz test procedure as below:
a.The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter semi-anechoic camber. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
b.The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
c.The antenna height is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
d.For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters (for the test frequency of below 30MHz, the antenna was tuned to heights 1 meter) and the rota table table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
e.The test-receiver system was set to Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.
f.If the emission level of the EUT in peak mode was 10dB lower than the limit specified, then testing could be stopped and the peak values of the EUT would be reported. Otherwise the emissions that did not have 10dB margin would be re-tested one by one using peak, quasi-peak or average method as specified and then reported in a data sheet.
Above 1GHz test procedure as below:
g.Different between above is the test site, change from Semi- Anechoic Chamber to fully Anechoic Chamber and change form table 0.8 meter to 1.5 meter(Above 18GHz the distance is 1 meter and table is 1.5 meter).
h.Test the EUT in the lowest channel ,the middle channel ,the Highest channel
j.Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured was complete.

Receiver set:

Frequency	Detector	RBW	VBW	Remark
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.009MHz-0.090MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.090MHz-0.110MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30KHz	Quasi-peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Peak	10kHz	30KHz	Peak
0.110MHz-0.490MHz	Average	10kHz	30KHz	Average
0.490MHz -30MHz	Quasi-peak	10kHz	30kHz	Quasi-peak
30MHz-1GHz	Quasi-peak	120 kHz	300KHz	Quasi-peak
Above 1GHz	Peak	1MHz	3MHz	Peak
	Peak	1MHz	10Hz	Average

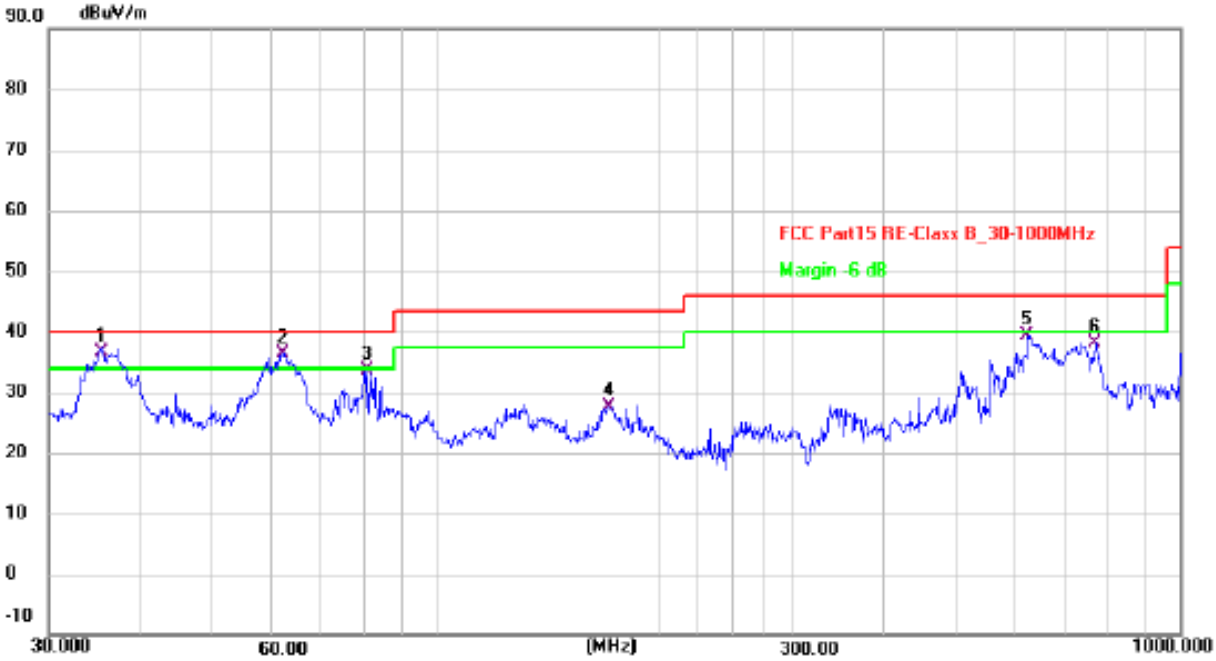
7.4 Test Result

30MHz-1GHzTest Results: ANT1
Modulation : 802.11a (the worst data)
Test Channel : 5785MHz
Antenna polarity: H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	60.2800	47.74	-14.74	33.00	40.00	-7.00	QP
2	76.5119	50.49	-18.19	32.30	40.00	-7.70	QP
3 *	145.3505	50.61	-13.69	36.92	43.50	-6.58	QP
4	314.3763	48.41	-13.58	34.83	46.00	-11.17	QP
5	726.8052	42.38	-4.69	37.69	46.00	-8.31	QP
6	952.0937	36.66	-0.49	36.17	46.00	-9.83	QP

Antenna polarity: V



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1 *	35.3750	49.89	-13.16	36.73	40.00	-3.27	QP
2 !	61.9950	51.71	-15.28	36.43	40.00	-3.57	QP
3	80.6440	51.90	-18.39	33.51	40.00	-6.49	QP
4	170.1947	42.08	-14.39	27.69	43.50	-15.81	QP
5	622.8900	45.60	-6.23	39.37	46.00	-6.63	QP
6	771.4482	41.62	-3.49	38.13	46.00	-7.87	QP

Remark: Factor = Cable lose + Antenna factor - Pre-amplifier; Margin = Limit – Level

Radiated Spurious Emission (Above 1GHz): ANT1

Modulation : 802.11(a) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height（m）	Table Angle (Degree)	Antenna polarization
Channel:5745MHz									
11490	40.41	17.46	57.87	74	-16.13	PK	1.79	350	H
11490	26.15	17.46	43.61	54	-10.39	AV	1.55	29	H
11490	41.79	17.46	59.25	74	-14.75	PK	1.19	122	V
11490	26.57	17.46	44.03	54	-9.97	AV	1.61	270	V
Channel:5785MHz									
11570	39.01	17.46	56.47	74	-17.53	PK	1.14	293	H
11570	27.74	17.46	45.20	54	-8.80	AV	1.13	329	H
11570	40.39	17.46	57.85	74	-16.15	PK	1.22	267	V
11570	26.09	17.46	43.55	54	-10.45	AV	1.59	293	V
Channel:5825MHz									
11650	39.60	17.57	57.17	74	-16.83	PK	1.33	56	H
11650	25.47	17.57	43.04	54	-10.96	AV	1.34	189	H
11650	40.76	17.57	58.33	74	-15.67	PK	1.11	212	V
11650	25.85	17.57	43.42	54	-10.58	AV	1.34	262	V

ANT1

Modulation : 802.11(n40) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height（m）	Table Angle (Degree)	Antenna polarization
Channel:5755MHz									
11510	39.64	17.49	57.13	74	-16.87	PK	1.74	237	H
11510	25.35	17.49	42.84	54	-11.16	AV	1.87	114	H
11510	39.01	17.49	56.50	74	-17.50	PK	1.88	24	V
11510	25.82	17.49	43.31	54	-10.69	AV	1.65	235	V
Channel:5795MHz									
11590	41.18	17.52	58.70	74	-15.94	PK	1.65	348	H
11590	27.60	17.52	45.12	54	-15.30	AV	1.71	181	H
11590	40.47	17.52	57.99	74	-16.01	PK	1.83	248	V
11590	27.50	17.52	45.02	54	-8.98	AV	1.69	47	V

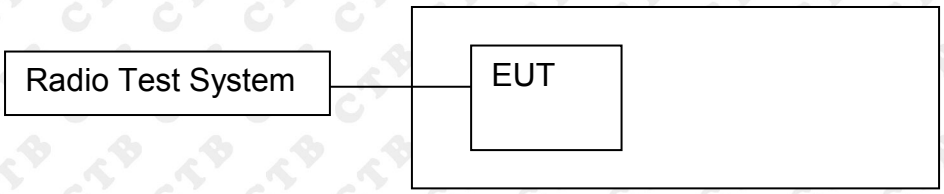
ANT1
Modulation : 802.11(VH80) (the worst data)

Freq (MHz)	Rd_level (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Level (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Over (dB)	detector	Height（m）	Table Angle (Degree)	Antenna polarization
Channel:5775MHz									
11550	41.95	17.50	59.45	74	-14.55	PK	1.43	228	H
11550	25.80	17.50	43.30	54	-10.70	AV	1.59	128	H
11550	41.31	17.50	58.81	74	-15.19	PK	1.21	67	V
11550	27.96	17.50	45.46	54	-8.54	AV	1.66	354	V

Remark:
1.Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier. Emission level = Reading Result + Factor, Margin = Emission level - Limits
2.The EUT was tested in the low, high channel and the worst case position data was reported.
3.Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

8. BAND EDGE

8.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



8.2 Limit

(1) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(2) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(3) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(4) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band: All emissions within the frequency range from the band edge to 10 MHz above or below the band edge shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −17 dBm/MHz; for frequencies 10 MHz or greater above or below the band edge, emissions shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of −27 dBm/MHz.
(5) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
(6) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.

8.3 Test procedure

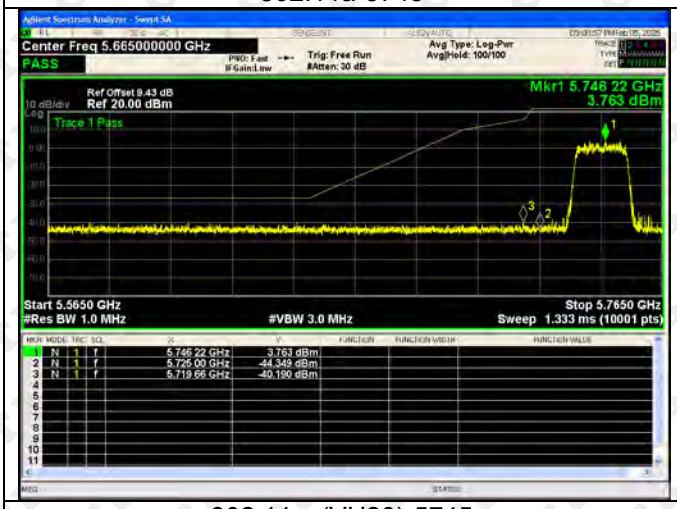
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 1 MHz with a convenient frequency span.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

8.4 Test Result

Test Graph

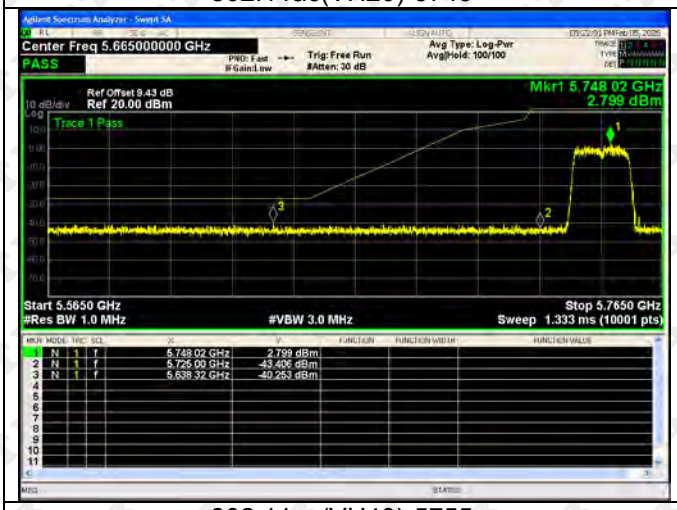
ANT1:

802.11a-5745



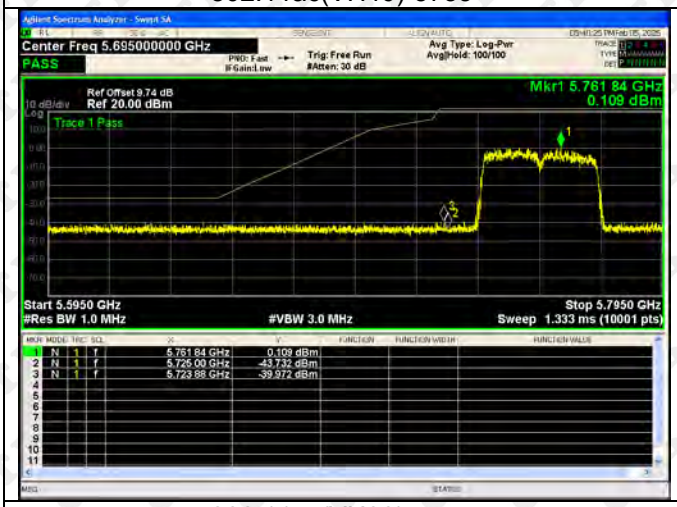
802.11a-5825

802.11ac(VH20)-5745



802.11ac(VH20)-5825

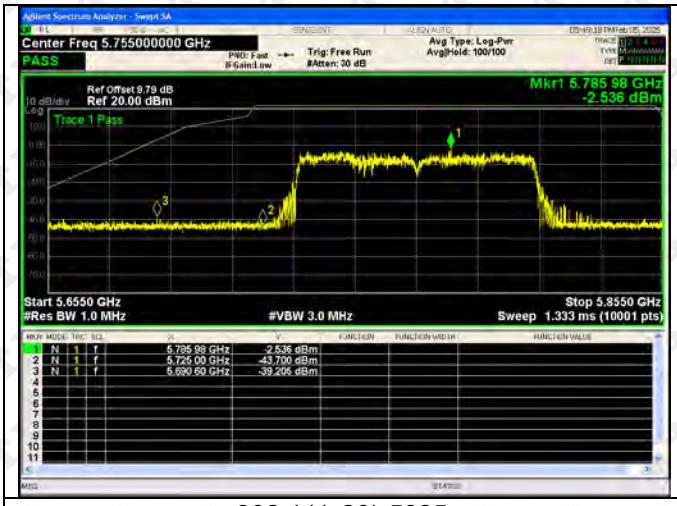
802.11ac(VH40)-5755



802.11ac(VH40)-5795

802.11ac(VH80)-5775

802.11(n20)-5745



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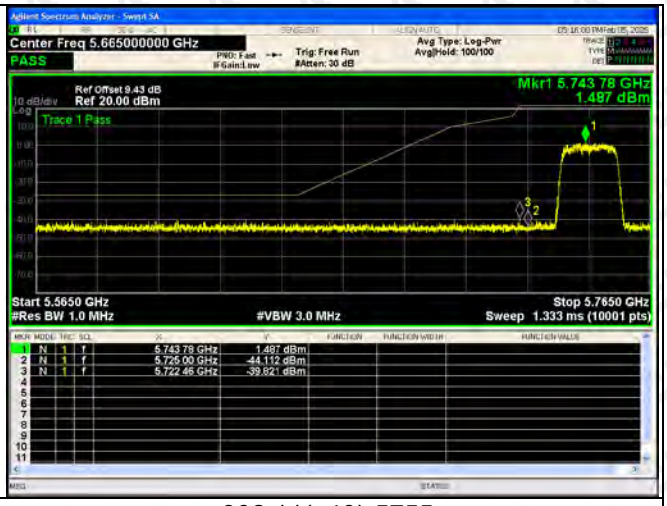


802.11(n40)-5755

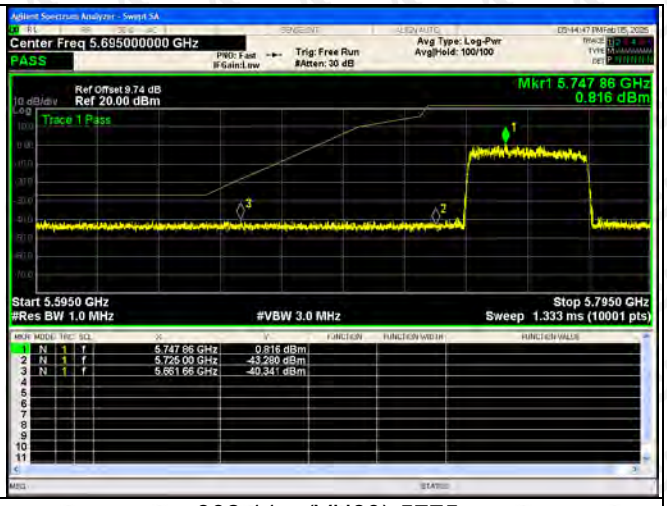
802.11(n40)-5795

802.11ax(VH20)-5745

802.11ax(VH20)-5825

802.11ax(VH40)-5755

802.11ax(VH40)-5795



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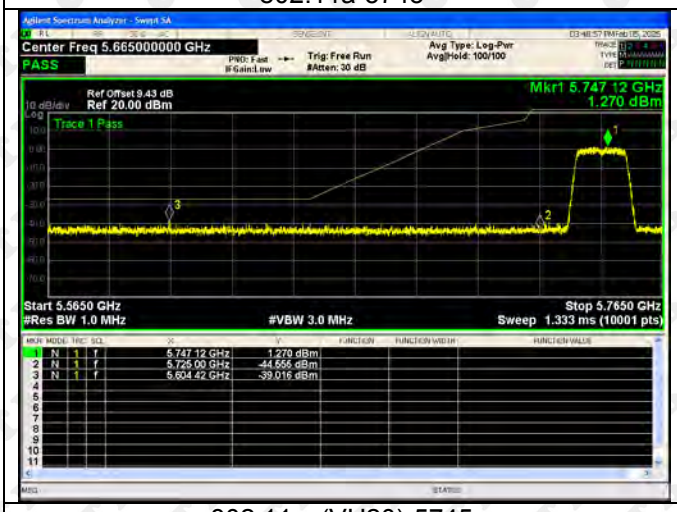
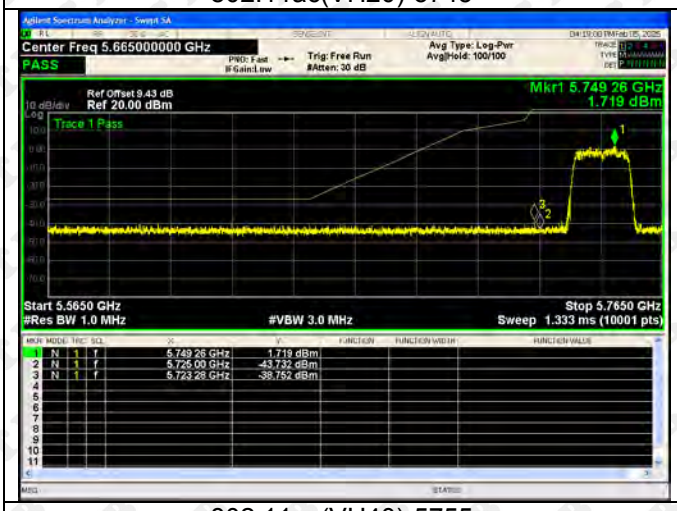
ANT2:

802.11a-5745



802.11a-5825

802.11ac(VH20)-5745



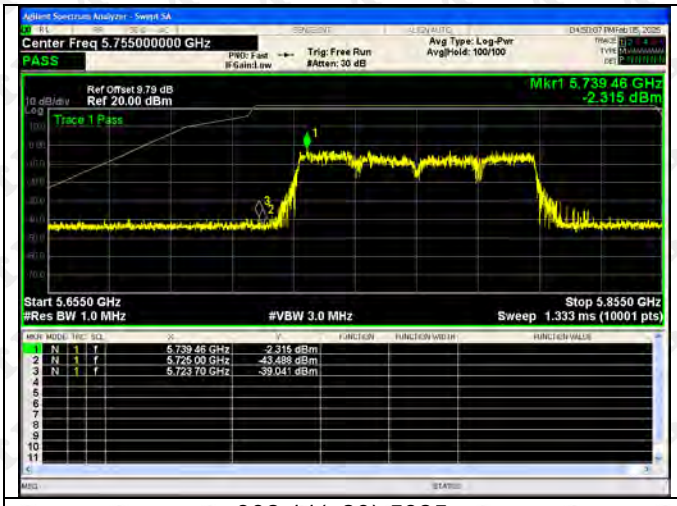
802.11ac(VH20)-5825

802.11ac(VH40)-5755

802.11ac(VH40)-5795

802.11ac(VH80)-5775

802.11(n20)-5745



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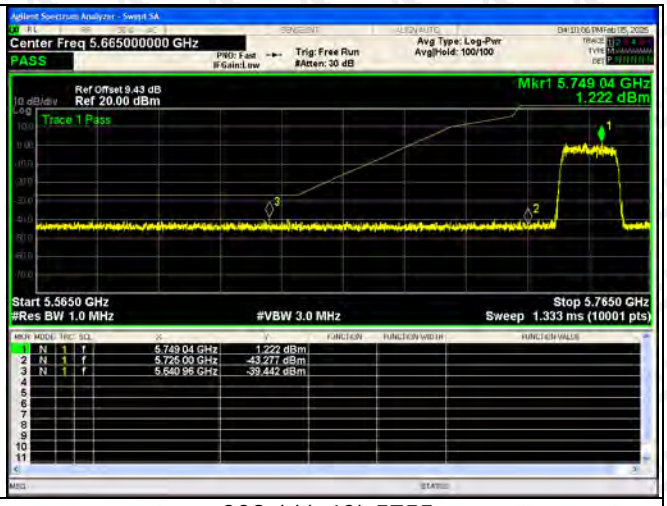
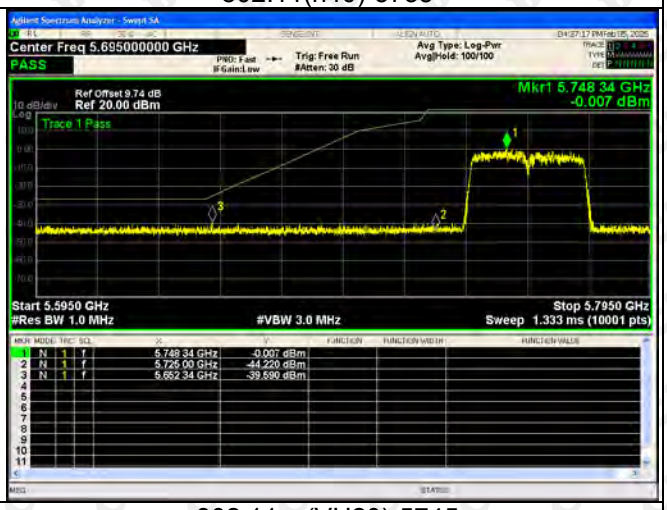


802.11(n40)-5755

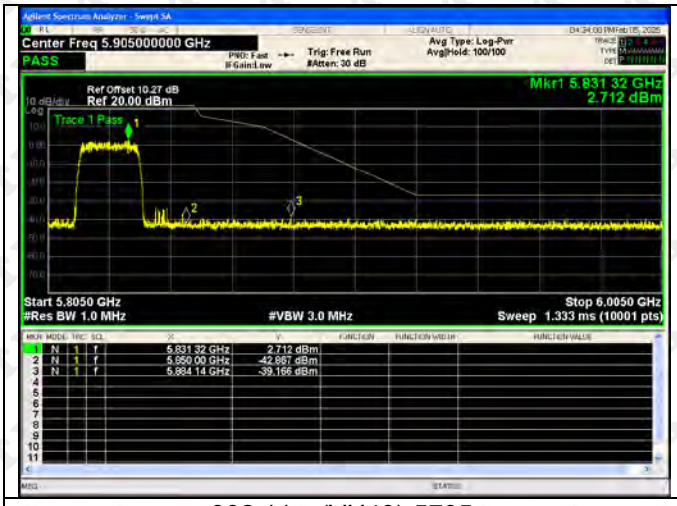
802.11(n40)-5795

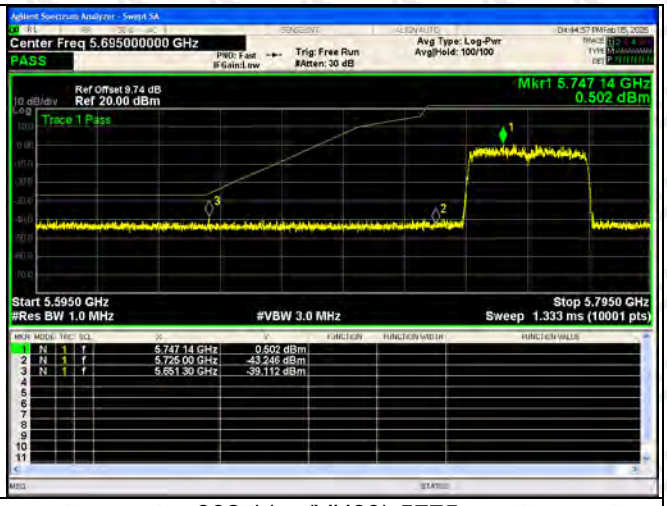


802.11ax(VH20)-5745

802.11ax(VH20)-5825

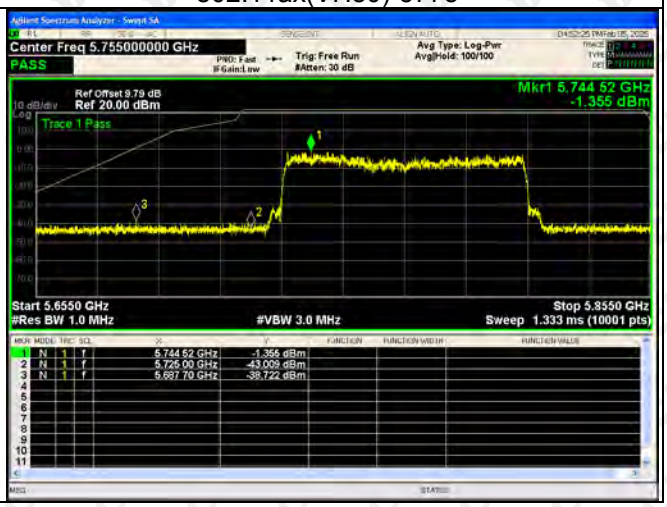
802.11ax(VH40)-5755





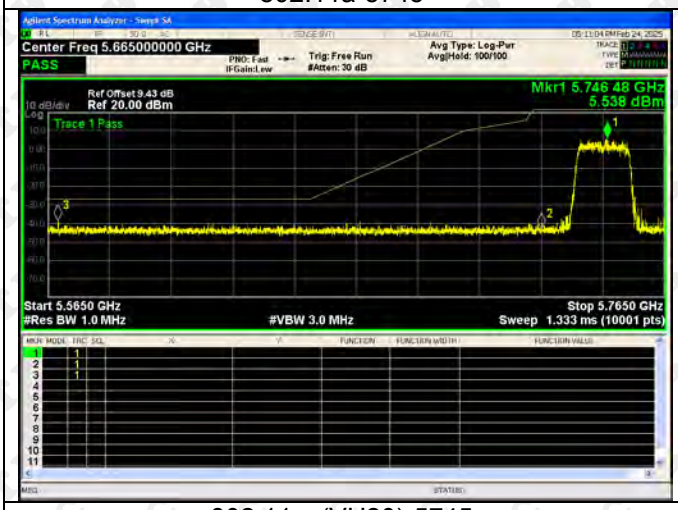
802.11ax(VH40)-5795

802.11ax(VH80)-5775



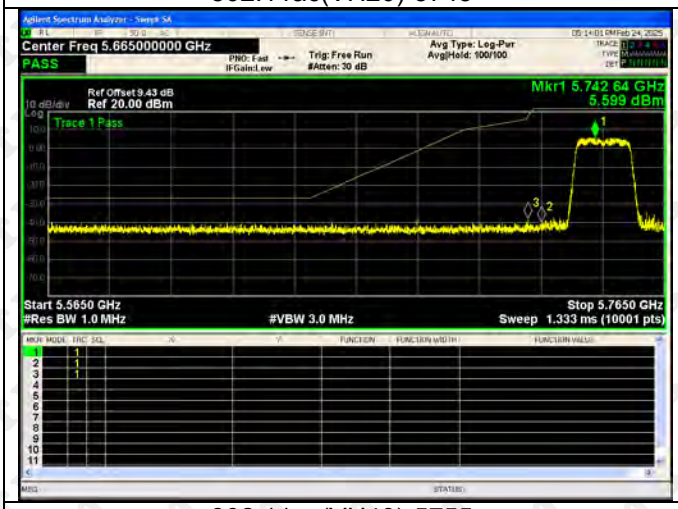
MIMO (ANT1-ANT2):

802.11a-5745



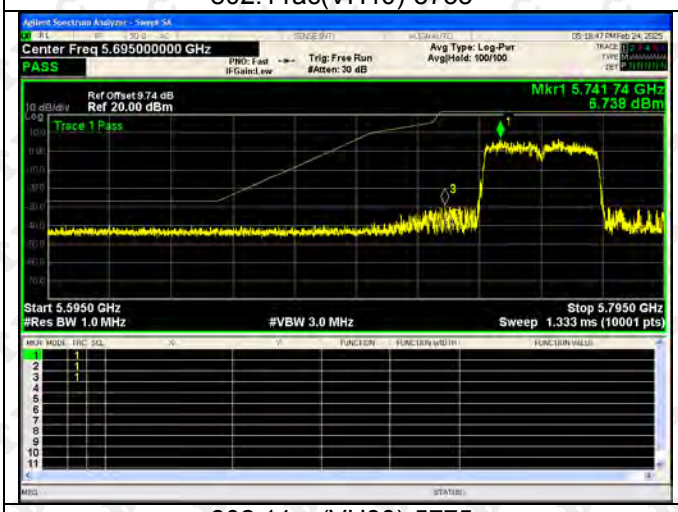
802.11a-5825

802.11ac(VH20)-5745



802.11ac(VH20)-5825

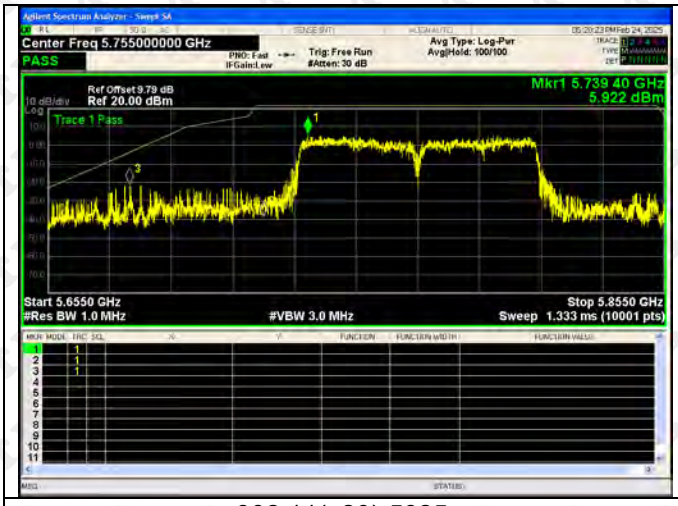
802.11ac(VH40)-5755



802.11ac(VH40)-5795

802.11ac(VH80)-5775

802.11(n20)-5745



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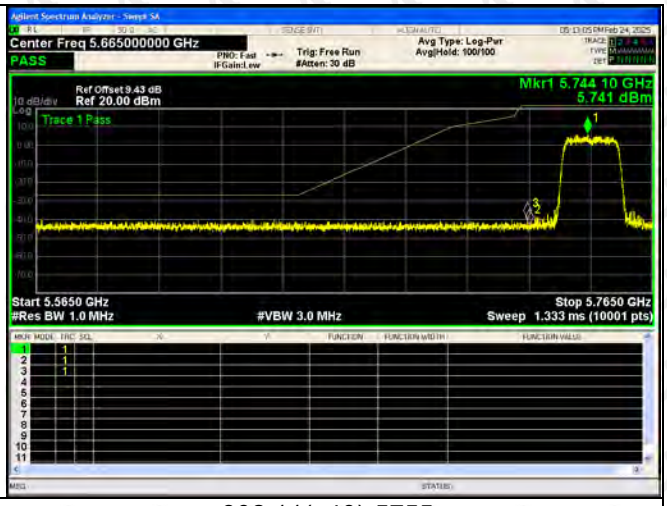
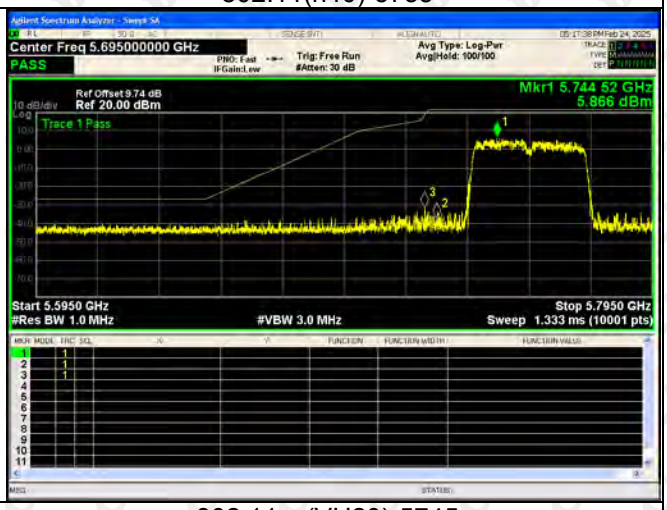


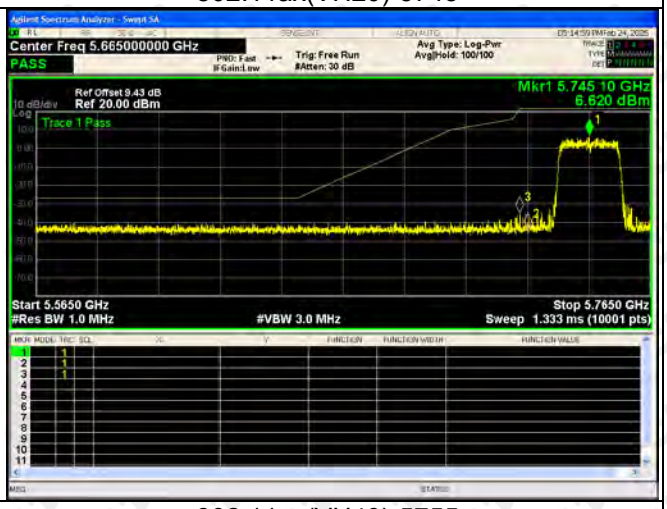
802.11(n40)-5755

802.11(n40)-5795



802.11ax(VH20)-5745

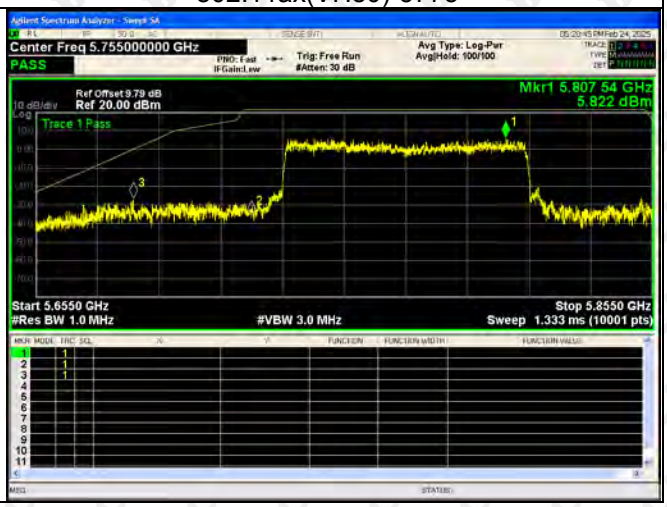
802.11ax(VH20)-5825



802.11ax(VH40)-5755

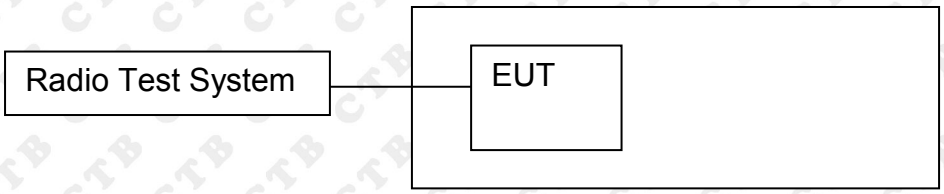
802.11ax(VH40)-5795

802.11ax(VH80)-5775



9. CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

9.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



9.2 Limit

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.
(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p.
at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition,the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(4) The maximum conducted output power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.
(5) The maximum power spectral density is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used. Measurements in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band are made over a reference bandwidth of 500 kHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. Measurements in the 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and the 5.47-5.725 GHz bands are made over a bandwidth of 1 MHz or the 26 dB emission bandwidth of the device, whichever is less. A narrower resolution

bandwidth can be used, provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth.

(h) Transmit Power Control (TPC) and Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS).
(1) Transmit power control (TPC). U-NII devices operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band and the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall employ a TPC mechanism. The U-NII device is required to have the capability to operate at least 6 dB below the mean EIRP value of 30 dBm. A TPC mechanism is not required for systems with an e.i.r.p. of less than 500 mW.

9.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

(i) Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth (EBW) (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.

(ii) Set RBW = 1 MHz.

(iii) Set VBW ≥ 3 MHz.

(iv) Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW. (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is ≤ RBW/2, so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)

(v) Sweep time = auto.

(vi) Detector = power averaging (rms), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.

(vii) If transmit duty cycle < 98%, use a video trigger with the trigger level set to enable triggering only on full power pulses. Transmitter must operate at maximum power control level for the entire duration of every sweep. If the EUT transmits continuously (i.e., with no off intervals) or at duty cycle ≥ 98%, and if each transmission is entirely at the maximum power control level, then the trigger shall be set to “free run.”

(viii) Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode.

(ix) Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument’s band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the spectrum.

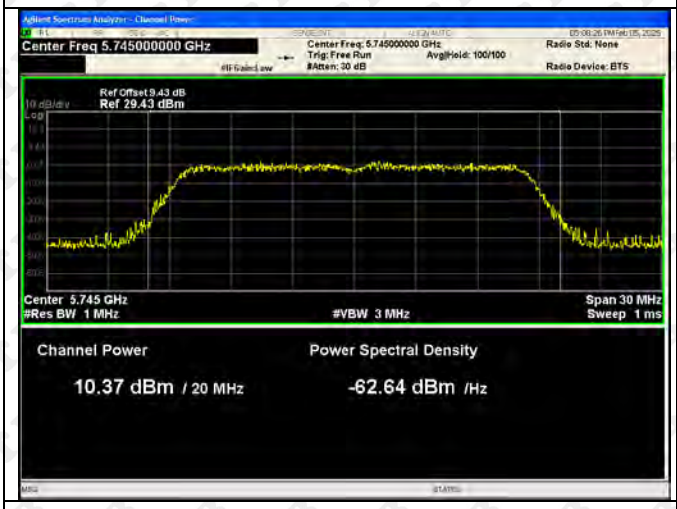
9.4 Test Result

ANT 1+ANT 2

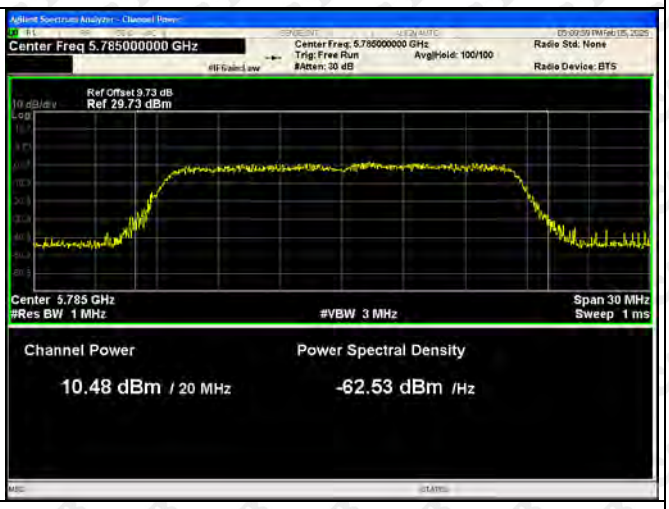
Test mode1	Test Channel (MHz)	Output Power dBm ANT1	Output Power dBm ANT2	Output Power dBm Total	Limit dBm
802.11a	5745	10.372	8.993	/	30
	5785	10.48	9.416	/	30
	5825	9.755	10.267	/	30
802.11ac20	5745	9.636	8.684	12.196	30
	5785	10.087	8.936	12.560	30
	5825	10.221	10.136	13.189	30
802.11ac40	5755	10.006	10.181	13.105	30
	5795	10.207	10.74	13.492	30
802.11ac80	5775	9.904	10.076	13.001	30
802.11n(HT20)	5745	9.031	8.584	11.824	30
	5785	9.002	9.054	12.038	30
	5825	10.733	10.25	13.509	30
802.11n(HT40)	5755	9.806	10.065	12.948	30
	5795	9.031	10.669	12.937	30
802.11ax20	5745	9.702	10.04	12.885	30
	5785	9.818	9.242	12.550	30
	5825	10.895	10.677	13.798	30
802.11ax40	5755	10.419	10.374	13.407	30
	5795	10.371	10.957	13.684	30
802.11ax80	5775	9.225	9.406	12.327	30

ANT1:

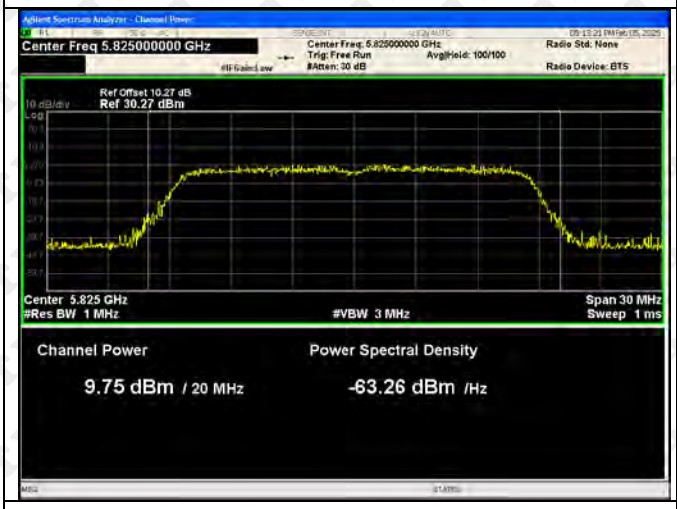
802.11a-5745



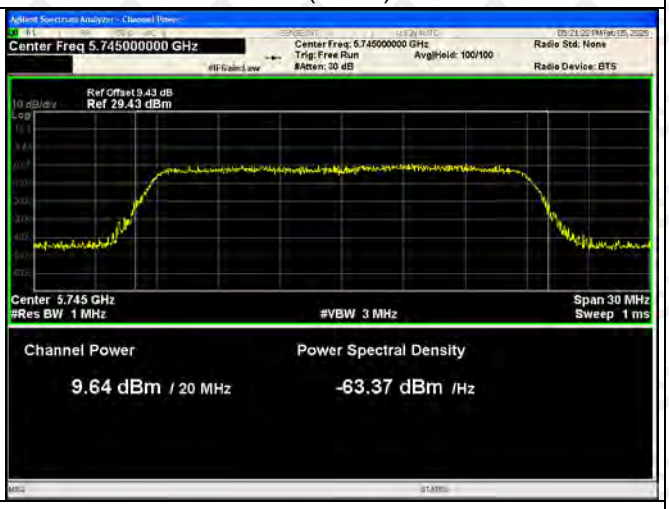
802.11a-5785



802.11a-5825



802.11ac(VH20)-5745



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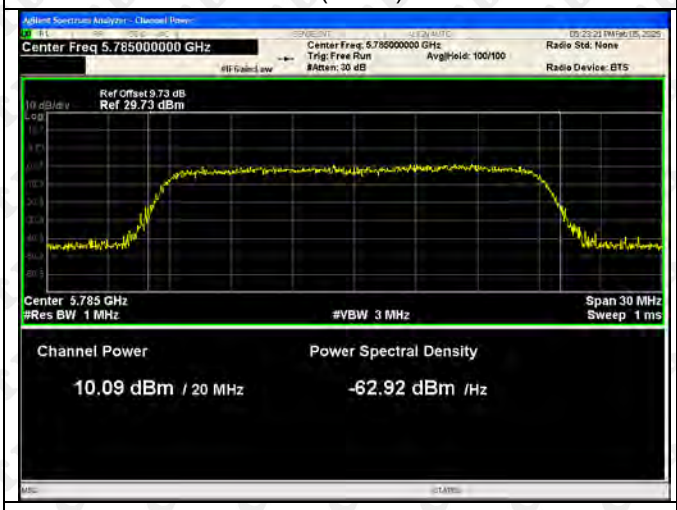

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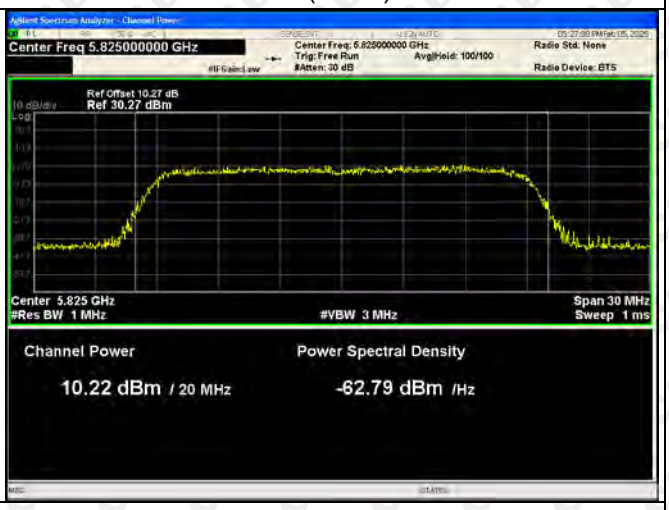
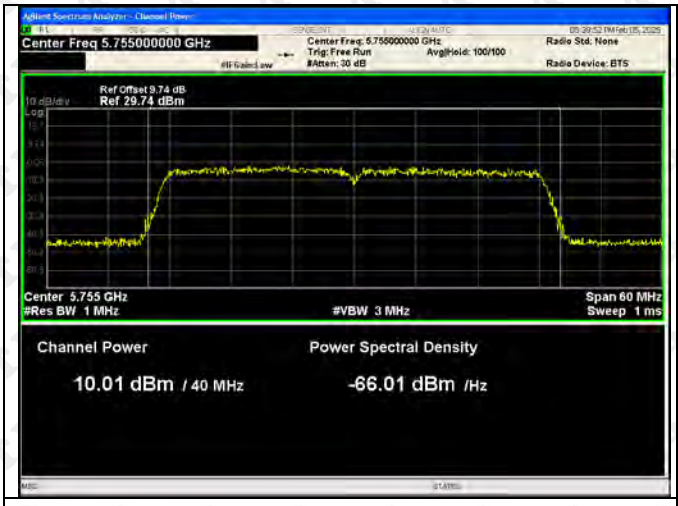


802.11ac(VH40)-5755

802.11ac(VH40)-5795



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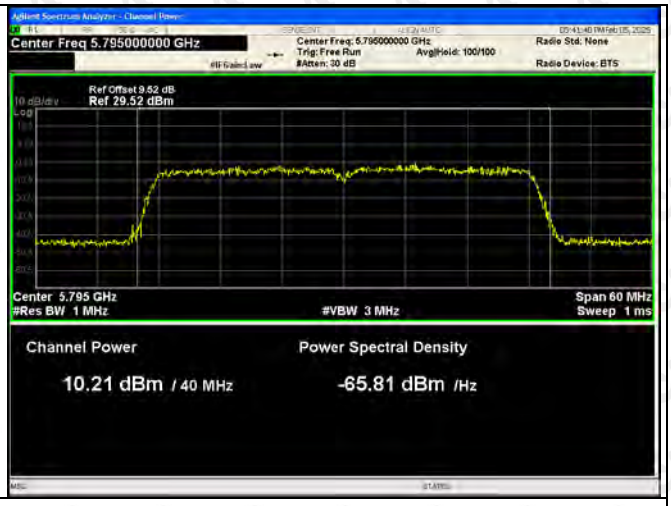
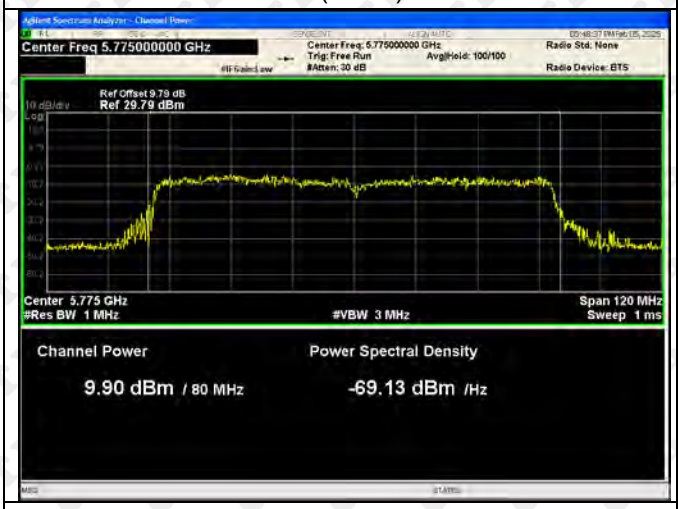


802.11n(HT20)-5745



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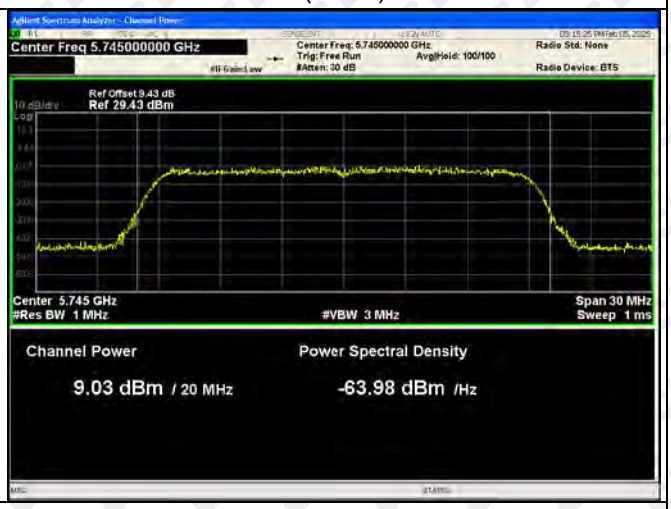

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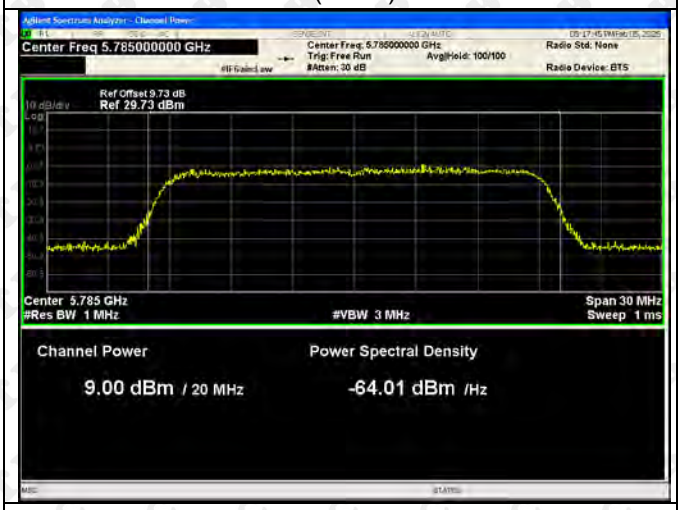
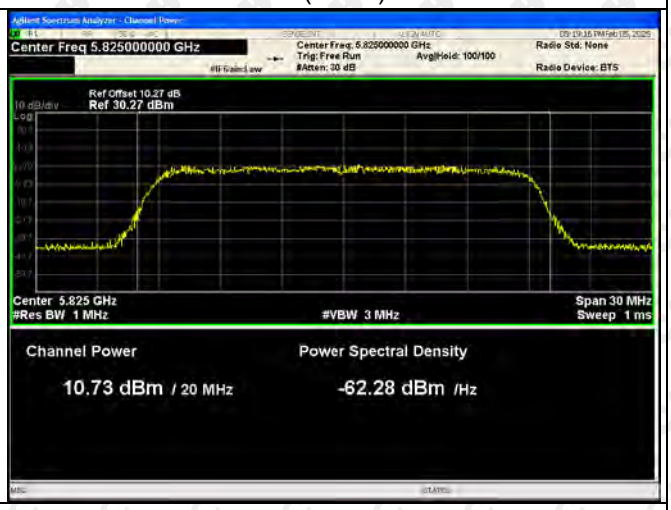


5802.11n(HT40)-5755



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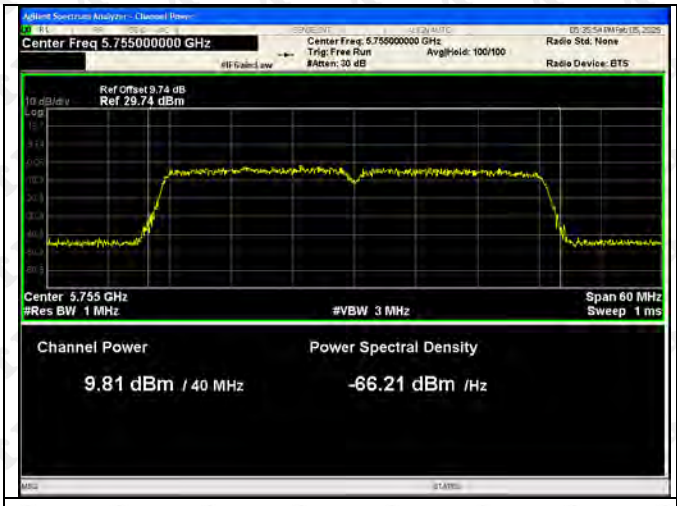
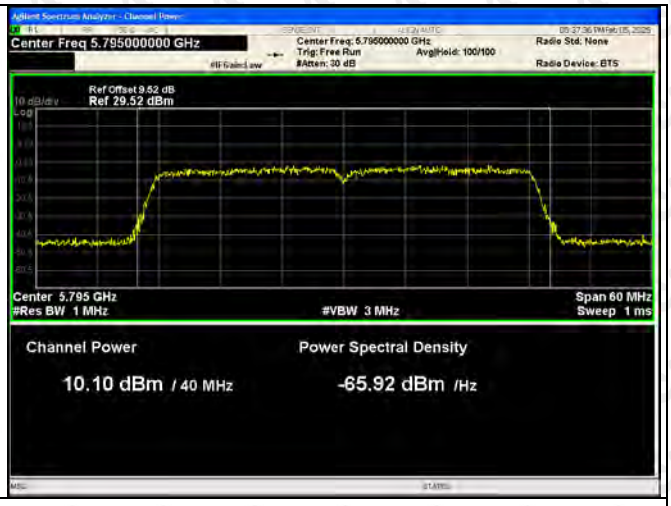


802.11ax(VH20)-5745



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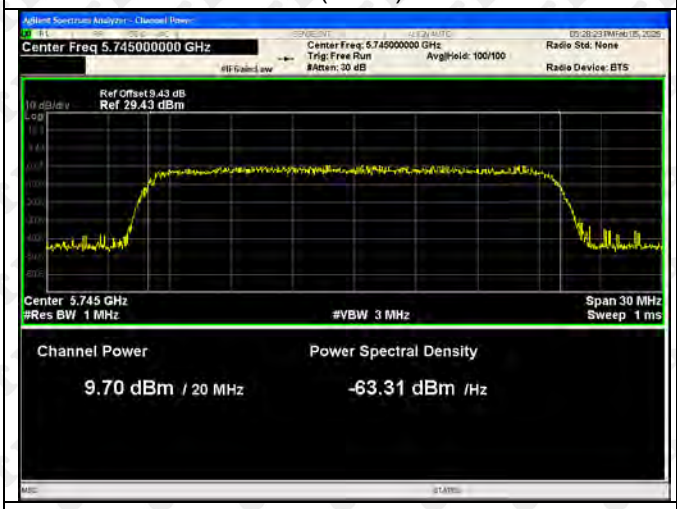

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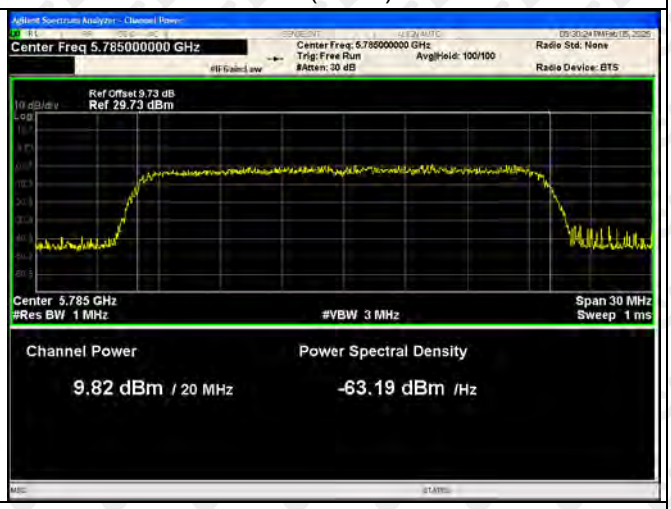

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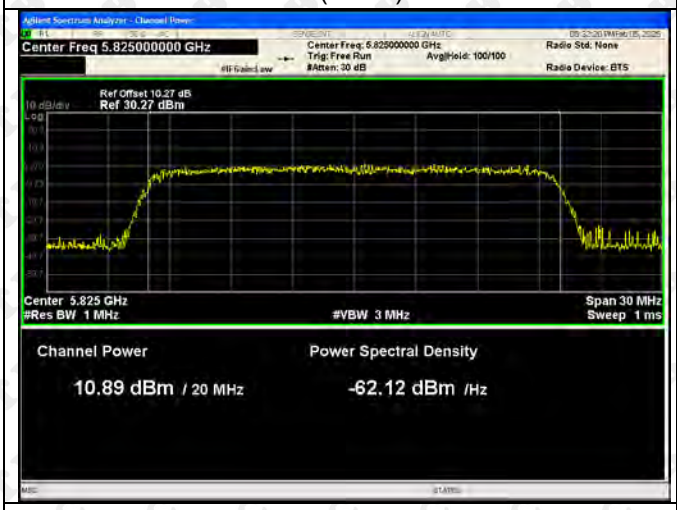

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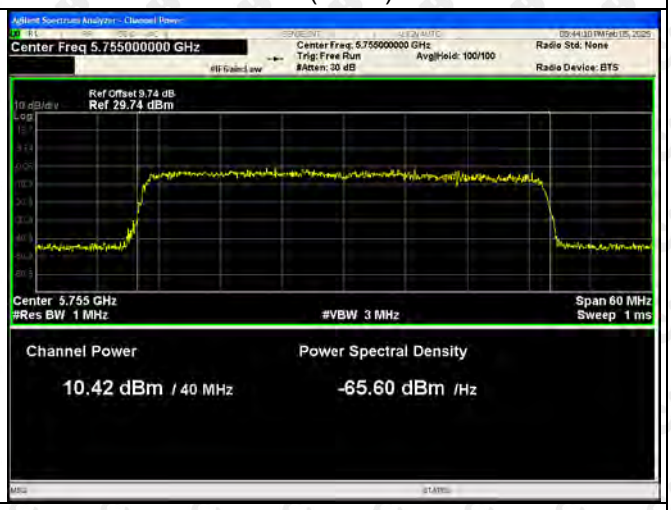
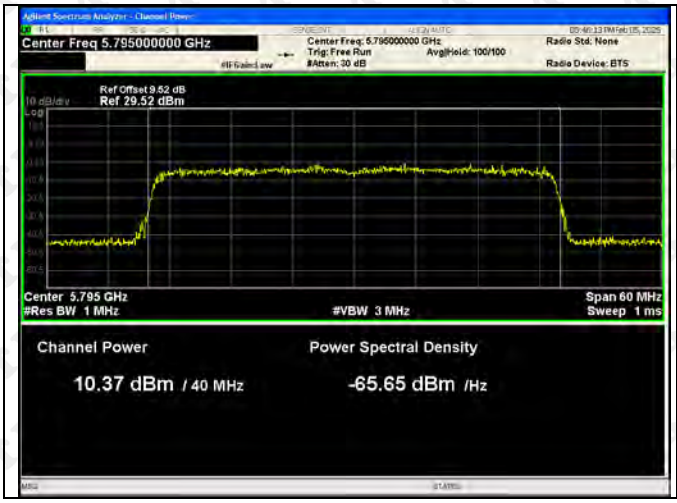
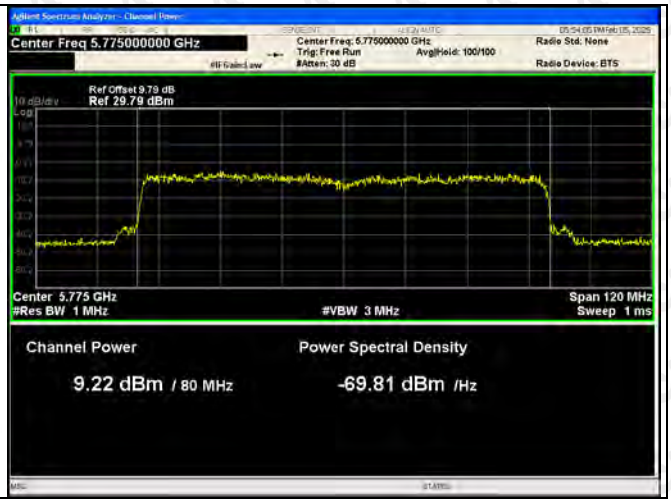


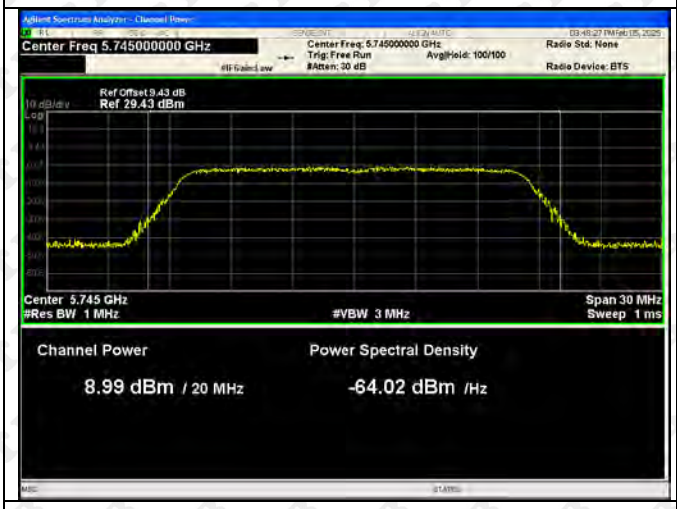
802.11ax(VH80)-5775


Center Freq 5.795000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.795000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.52 dB
Ref 29.52 dBm
Center 5.795 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Span 60 MHz
Sweep 1 ms
Channel Power
10.37 dBm / 40 MHz
Power Spectral Density
-65.65 dBm /Hz

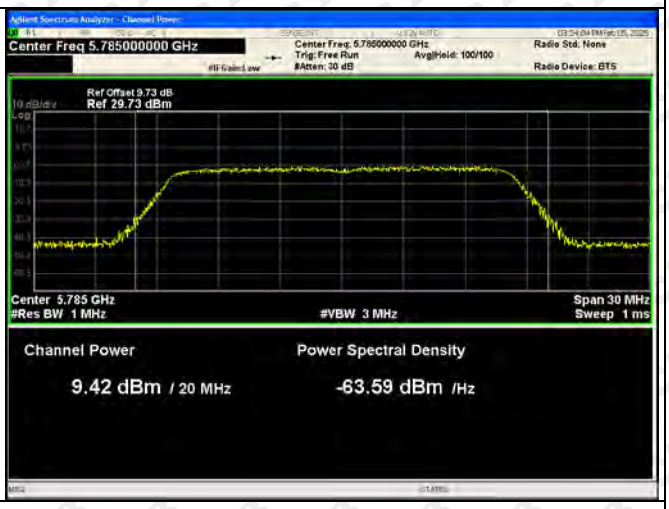

Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.775000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.79 dB
Ref 29.79 dBm
Center 5.775 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Span 120 MHz
Sweep 1 ms
Channel Power
9.22 dBm / 80 MHz
Power Spectral Density
-69.81 dBm /Hz

ANT2:

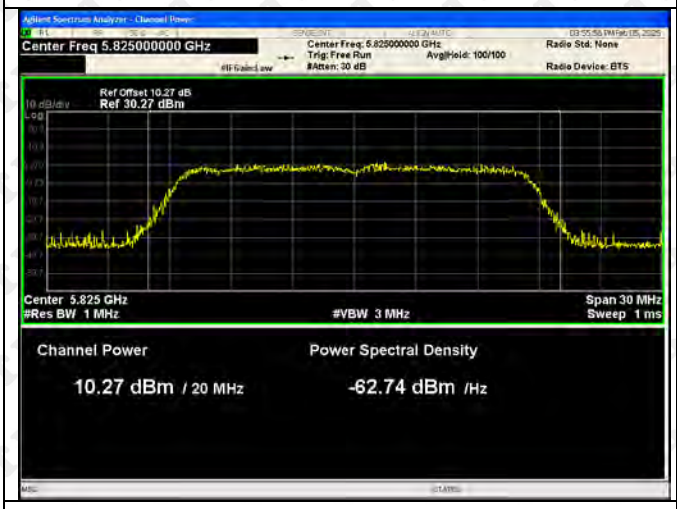
802.11a-5745



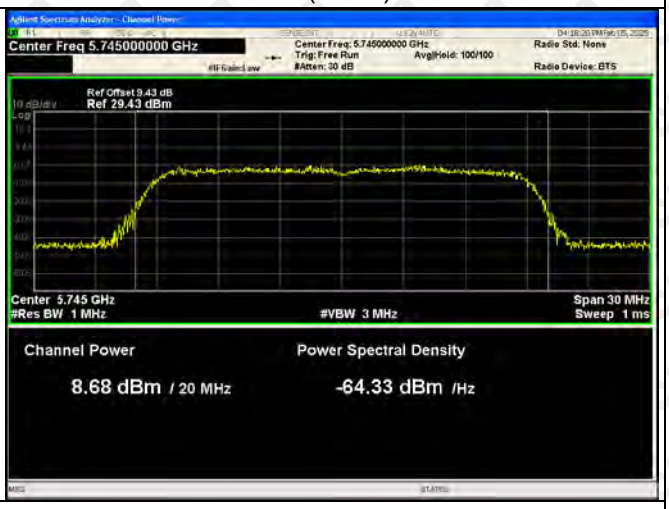
802.11a-5785



802.11a-5825



802.11ac(VH20)-5745



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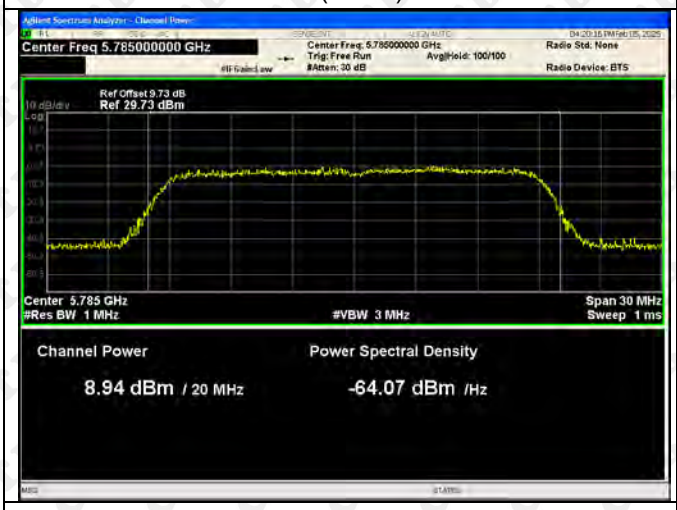

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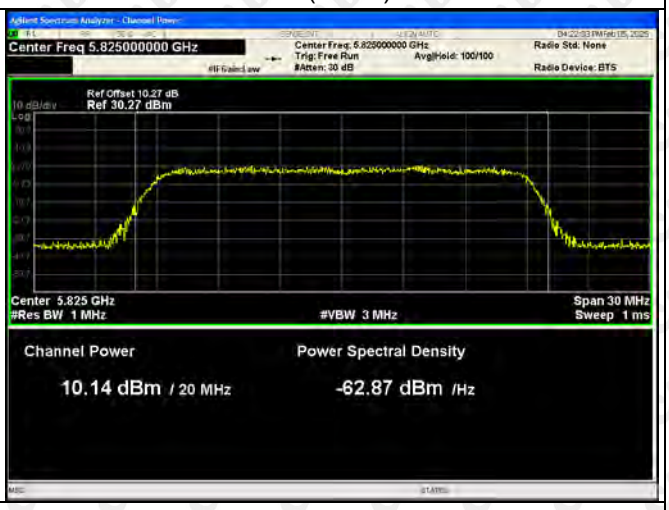
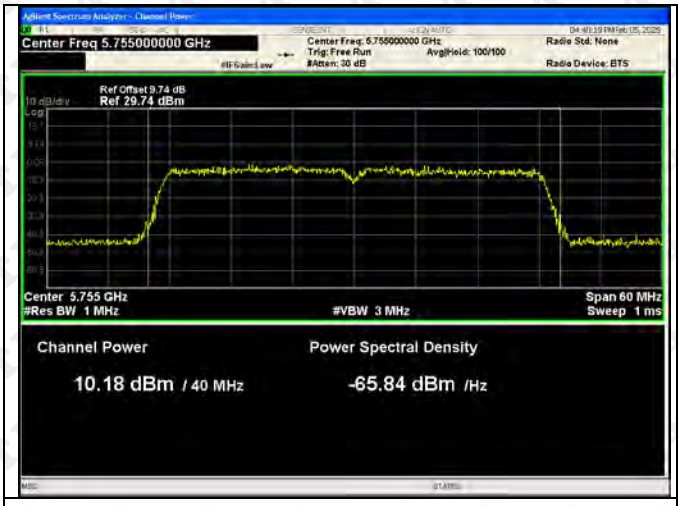
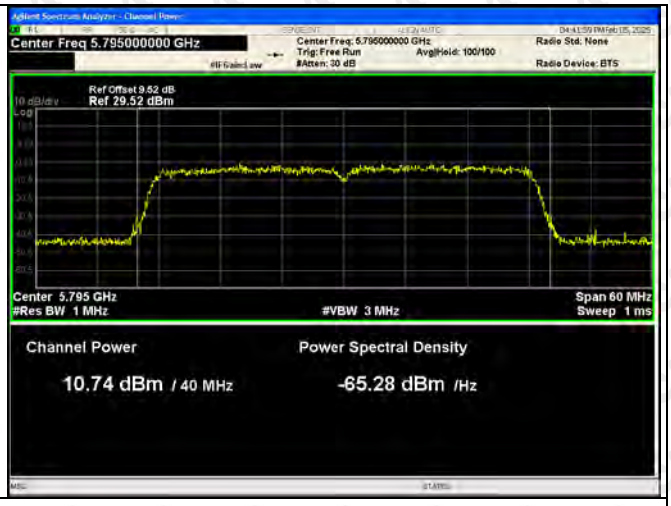


802.11ac(VH40)-5755

802.11ac(VH40)-5795



802.11ac(VH80)-5775



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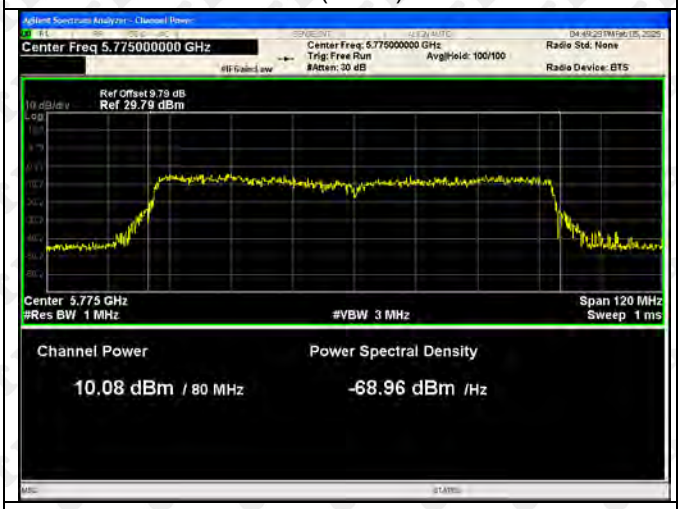

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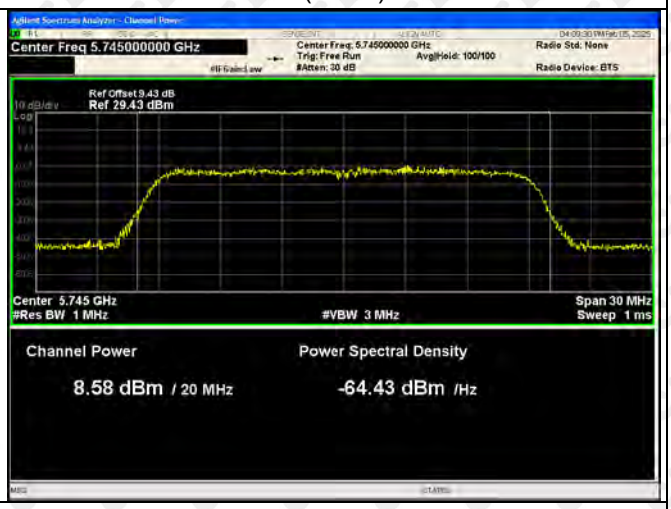

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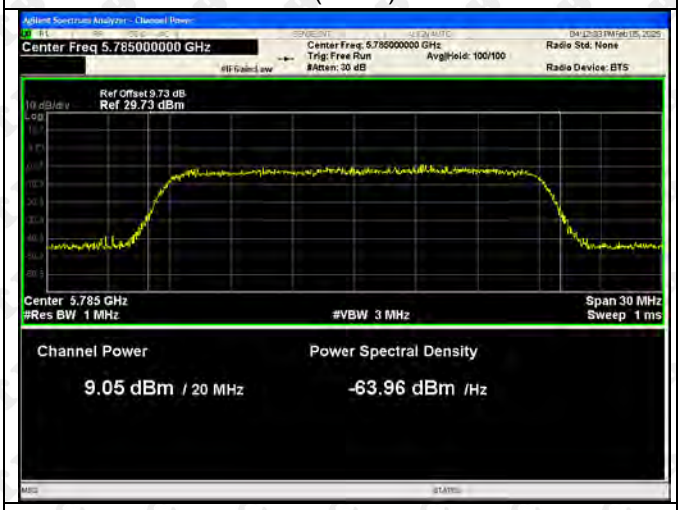

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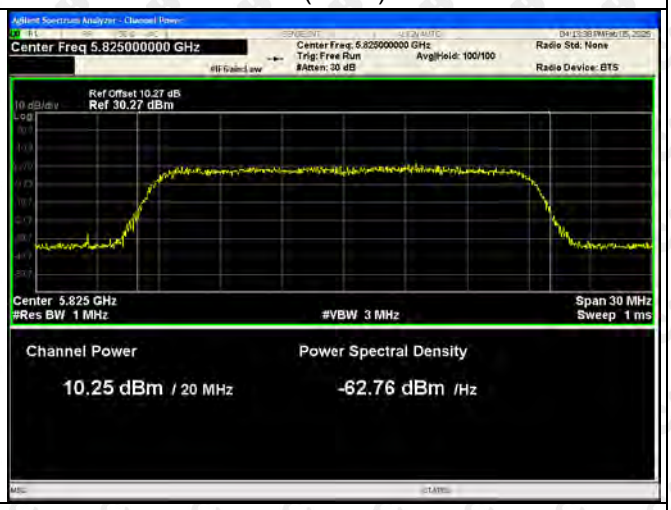

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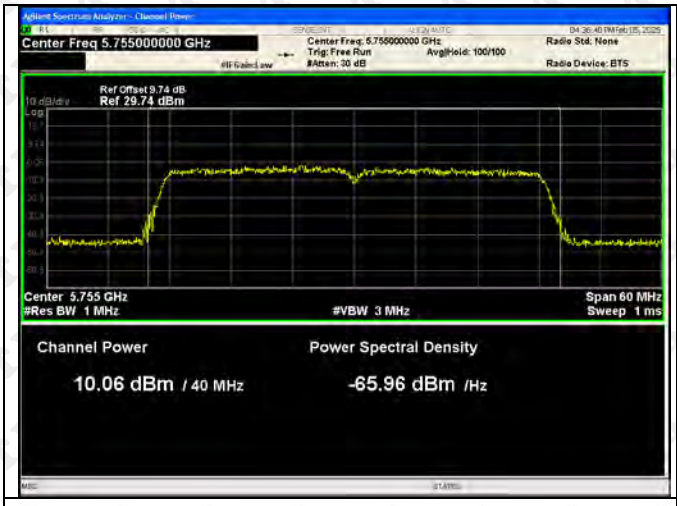
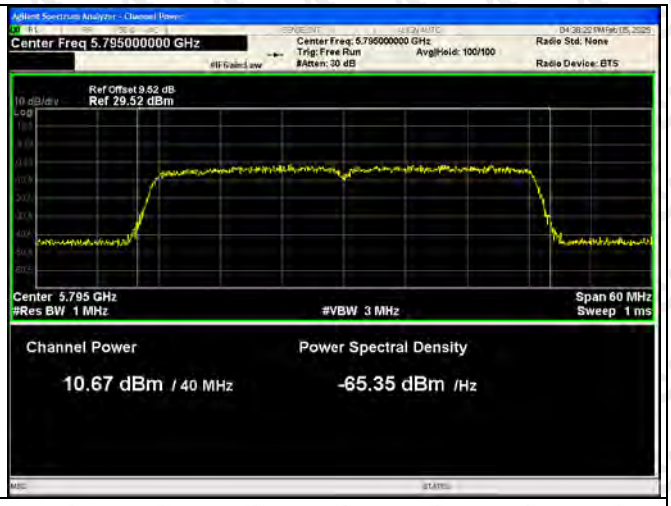
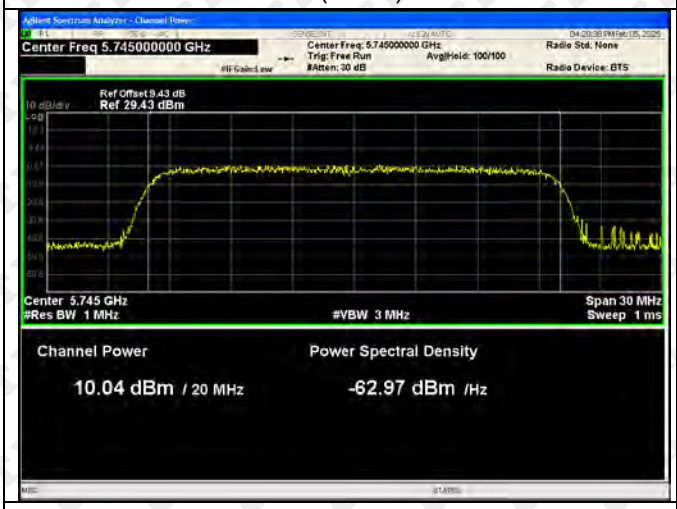


802.11ax(VH20)-5745



802.11ax(VH20)-5785



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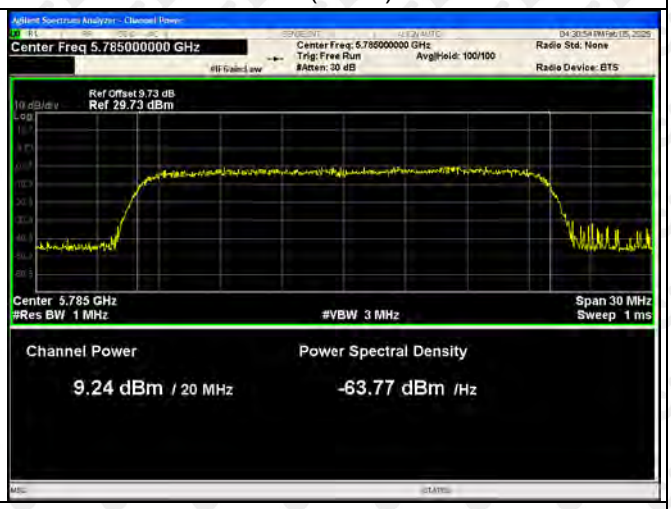
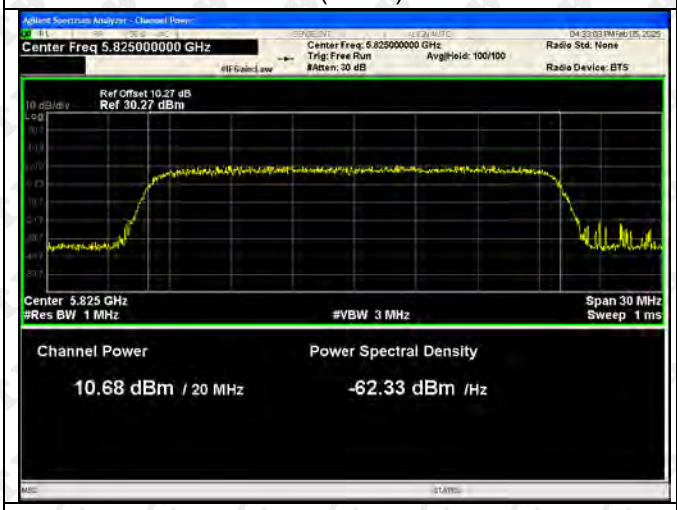
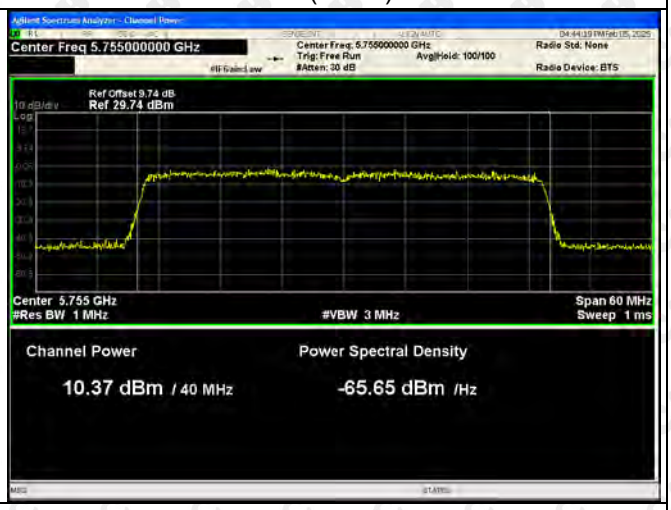


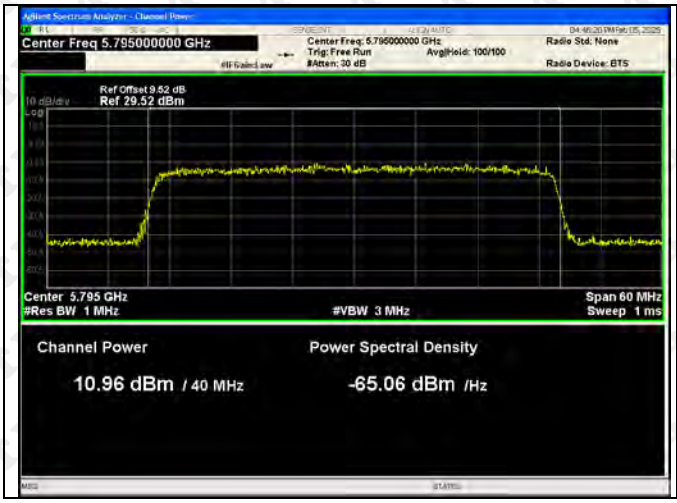
802.11ax(VH40)-5755

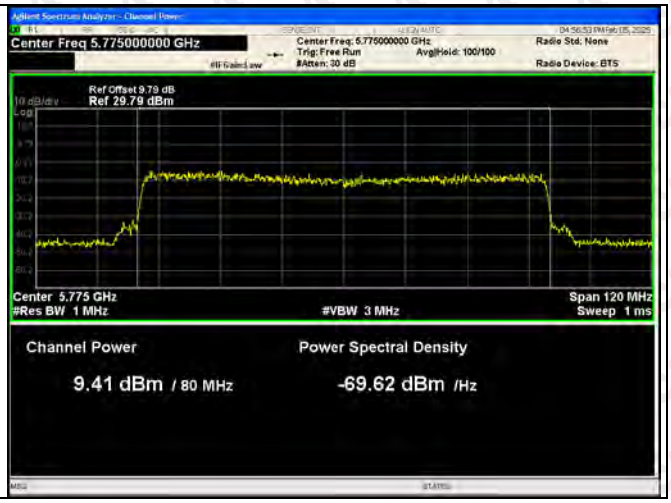


802.11ax(VH40)-5795



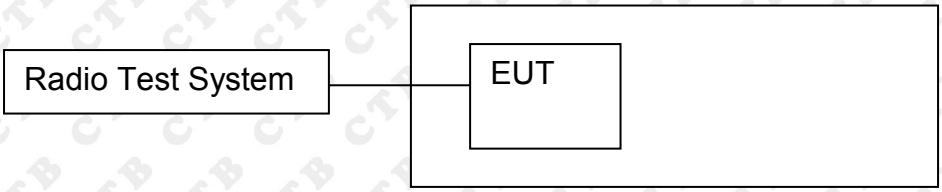
802.11ax(VH80)-5775


Center Freq 5.795000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.795000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.52 dB
Ref 29.52 dBm
Center 5.795 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Span 60 MHz
Sweep 1 ms
Channel Power
10.96 dBm / 40 MHz
Power Spectral Density
-65.06 dBm /Hz


Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.775000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.79 dB
Ref 29.79 dBm
Center 5.775 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Span 120 MHz
Sweep 1 ms
Channel Power
9.41 dBm / 80 MHz
Power Spectral Density
-69.62 dBm /Hz

10. EMISSION BANDWIDTH& OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

10.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



10.2 Limits

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
(e) Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

10.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

1. Emission Bandwidth (EBW)
a) Set RBW = approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth.
b) Set the VBW > RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.
d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.
2. Minimum Emission Bandwidth for the band 5.725−5.85 GHz
Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 kHz for the band 5.725−5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:
a) Set RBW = 100 kHz.
b) Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 * RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.

d) Trace mode = max hold.
e) Sweep = auto couple.
f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
g) Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.
Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described in this section. For devices that use channel aggregation refer to III.A and III.C for determining emission bandwidth.

D. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

The 99% occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. Measurement of the 99% occupied bandwidth is *required* only as a condition for using the optional band-edge measurement techniques described in II.G.3.d). Measurements of 99% occupied bandwidth may also optionally be used in lieu of the EBW to define the minimum frequency range over which the 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Page 4 spectrum is integrated when measuring maximum conducted output power as described in II.E. However, the EBW must be measured to determine bandwidth dependent limits on maximum conducted output power in accordance with Section 15.407(a).
The following procedure shall be used for measuring (99%) power bandwidth:

1. Set center frequency to the nominal EUT channel center frequency.

2. Set span = 1.5 times to 5.0 times the OBW.

3. Set RBW = 1% to 5% of the OBW

4. Set VBW ≥ 3 * RBW

5. Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.

6. Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available).

7. If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in power units. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% occupied bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

10.4 Test Results

5725-5850 MHz

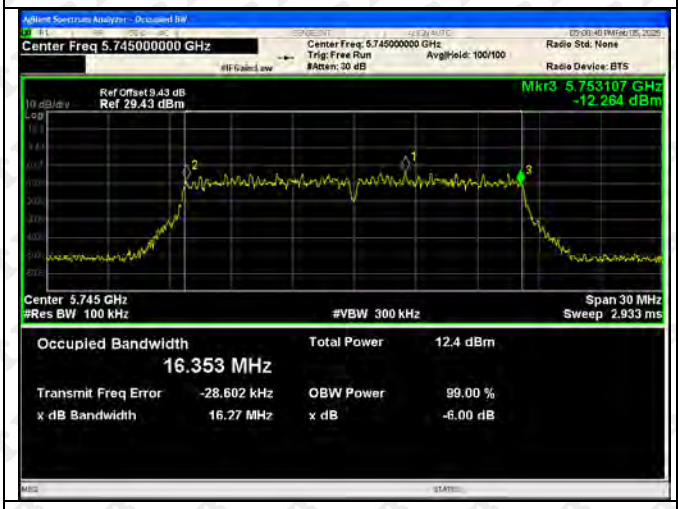
Test mode Ant 1	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
802.11a	5745	16.27	Pass
	5785	16.029	Pass
	5825	15.97	Pass
802.11ac20	5745	17.589	Pass
	5785	17.273	Pass
	5825	17.325	Pass
802.11ac40	5755	35.825	Pass
	5795	35.806	Pass
802.11ac80	5775	75.929	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	5745	17.566	Pass
	5785	17.272	Pass
	5825	17.624	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	5755	36.085	Pass
	5795	36.051	Result
802.11ax20	5745	18.802	Pass
	5785	18.596	Pass
	5825	18.495	Pass
802.11ax40	5755	36.422	Pass
	5795	37.719	Pass
802.11ax80	5775	75.463	Pass

Test mode Ant 2	Test Channel (MHz)	6dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Result
802.11a	5745	16.332	Pass
	5785	15.95	Pass
	5825	16.386	Pass
802.11ac20	5745	17.62	Pass
	5785	16.967	Pass
	5825	16.92	Pass
802.11ac40	5755	35.829	Pass
	5795	35.802	Pass
802.11ac80	5775	75.918	Pass
802.11n(HT20)	5745	17.591	Pass
	5785	17.591	Pass
	5825	17.208	Pass
802.11n(HT40)	5755	35.731	Pass
	5795	36.02	Result
802.11ax20	5745	18.831	Pass
	5785	18.318	Pass
	5825	18.446	Pass
802.11ax40	5755	36.479	Pass
	5795	37.725	Pass
802.11ax80	5775	75.6	Pass

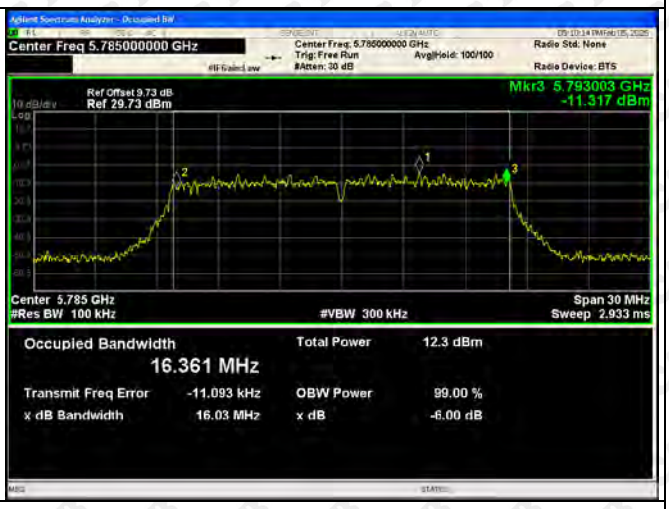
Test Graph

ANT1:
5725-5850MHz

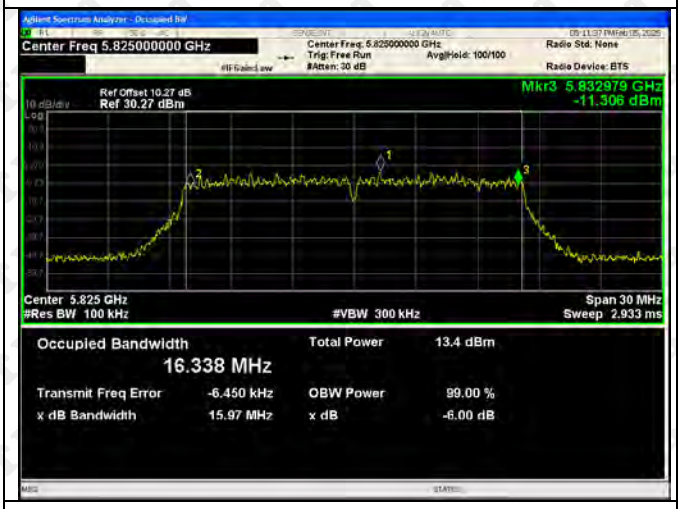
802.11a-5745



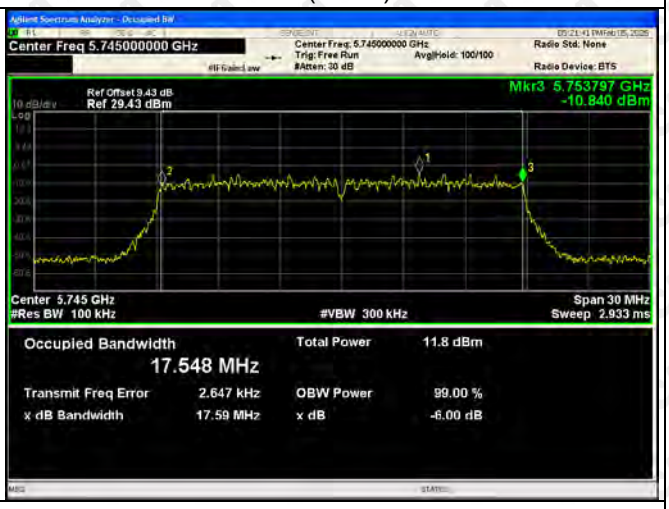
802.11a-5785



802.11a-5825



802.11ac(VH20)-5745



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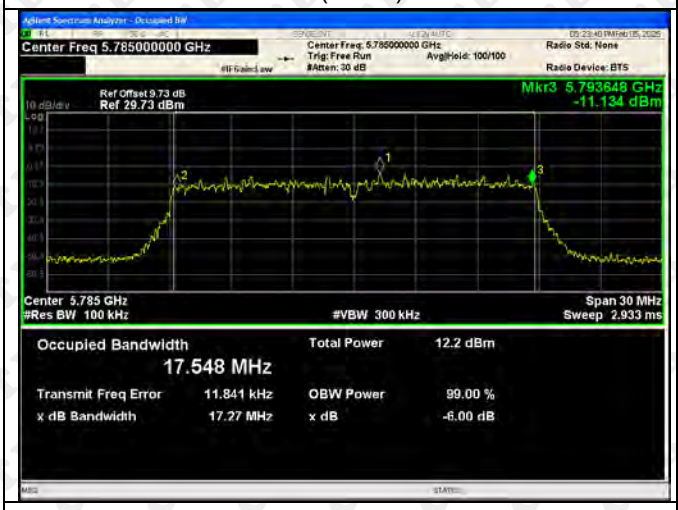

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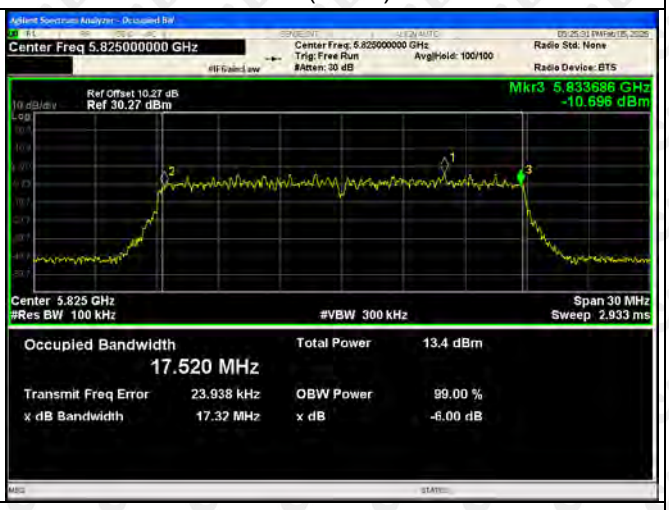
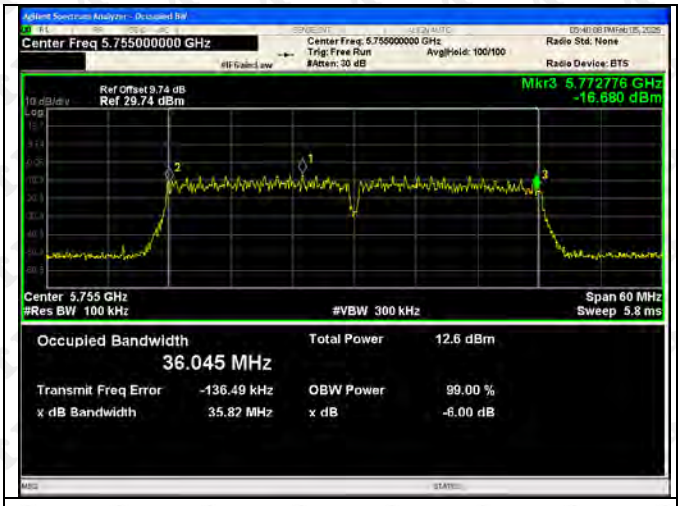


802.11ac(VH40)-5755

802.11ac(VH40)-5795



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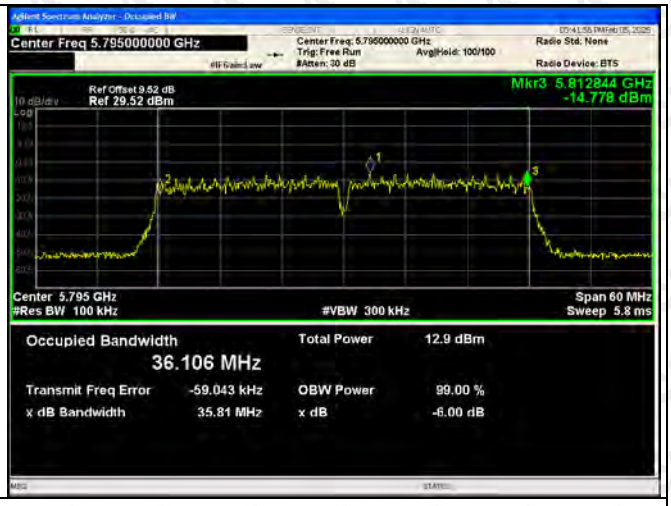

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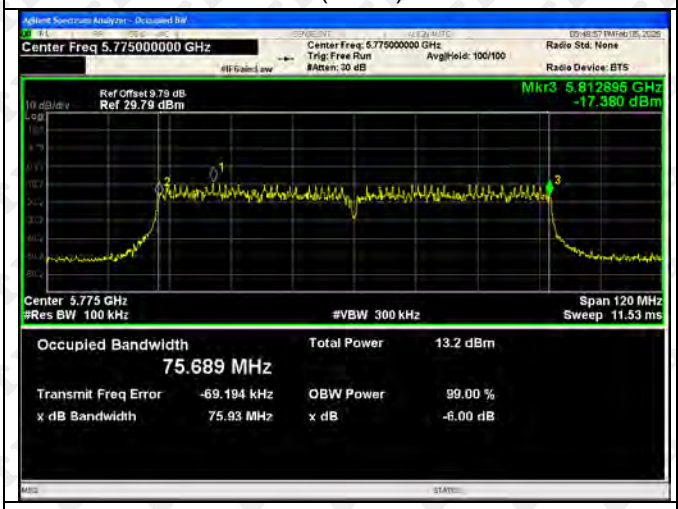

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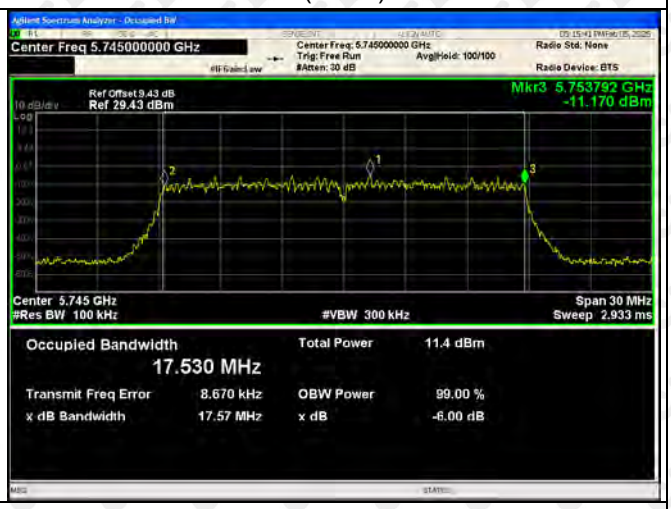

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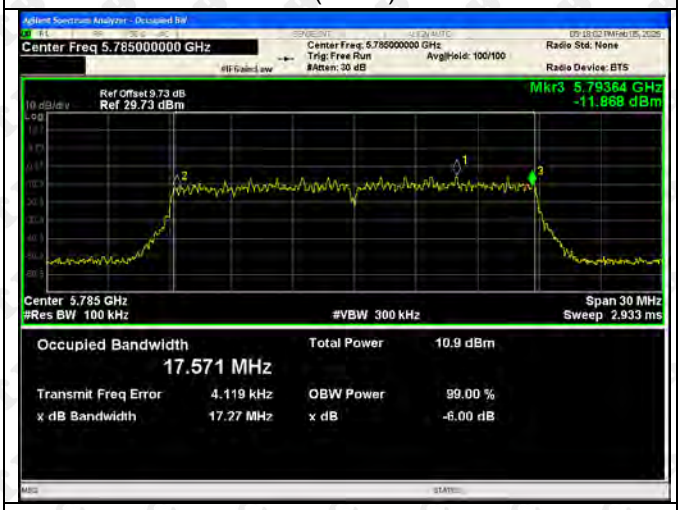

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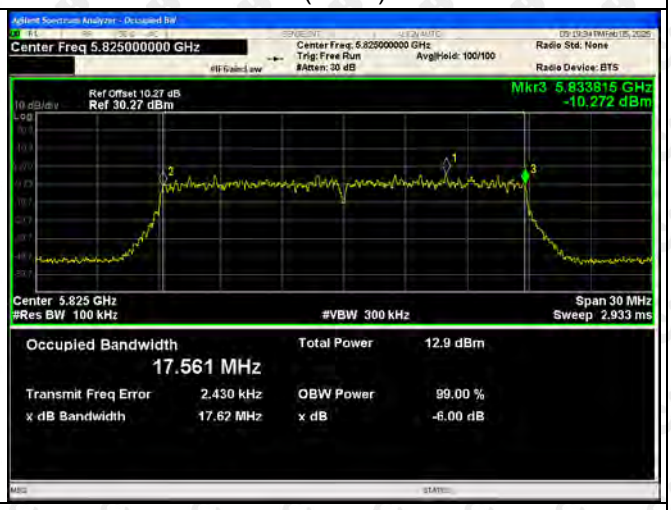

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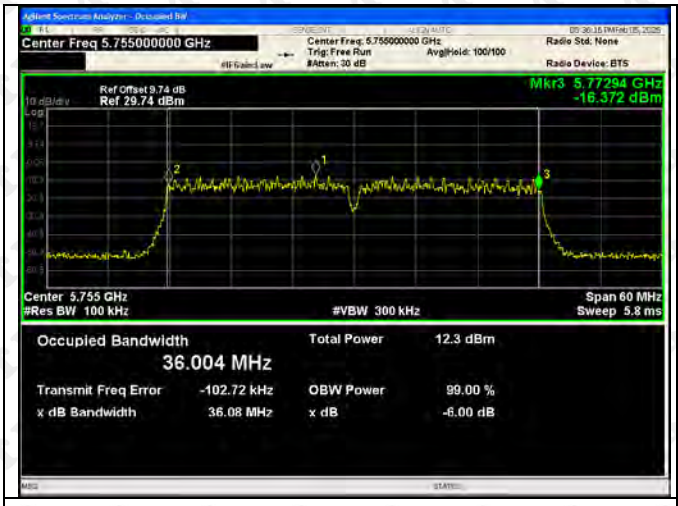
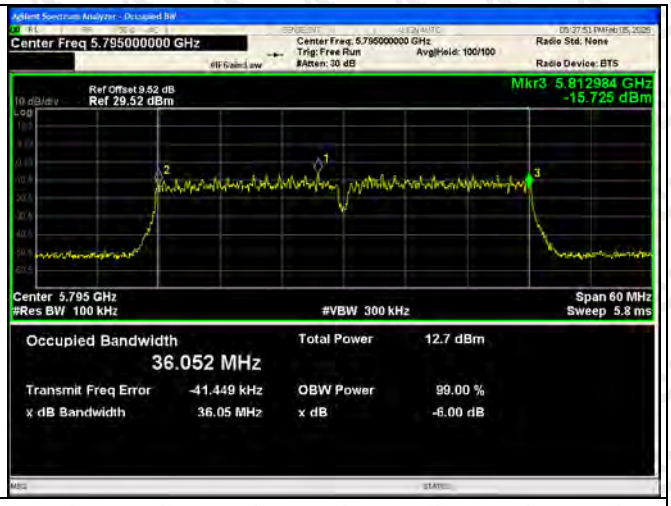


802.11ax(VH20)-5745



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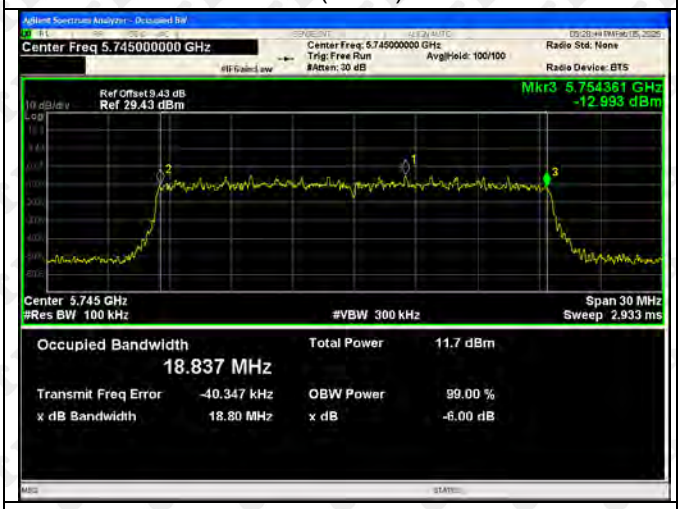

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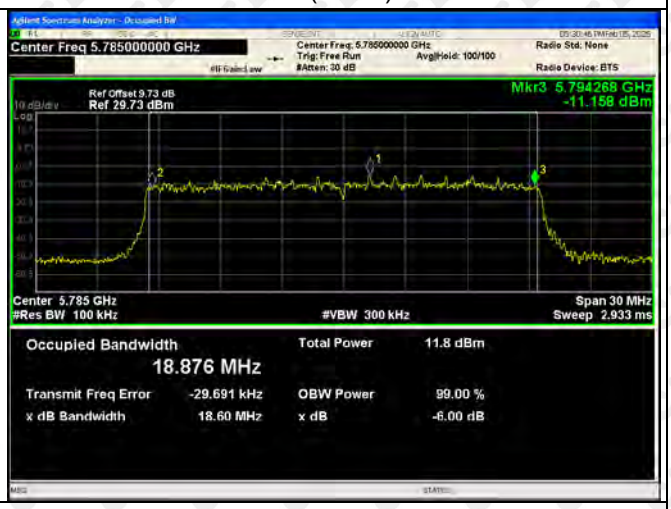

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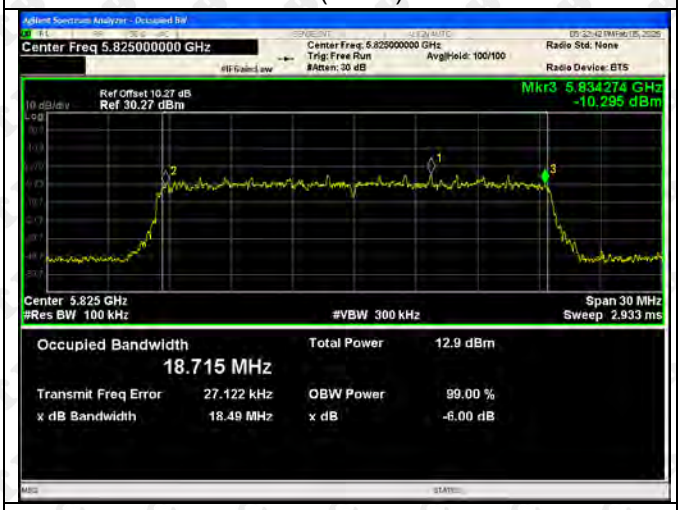

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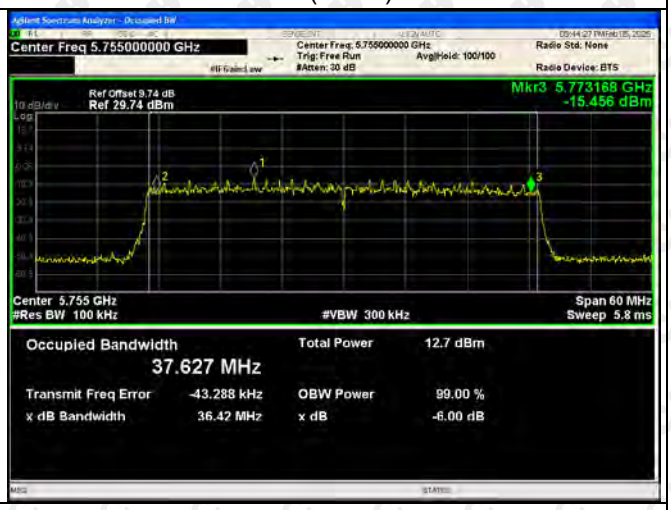
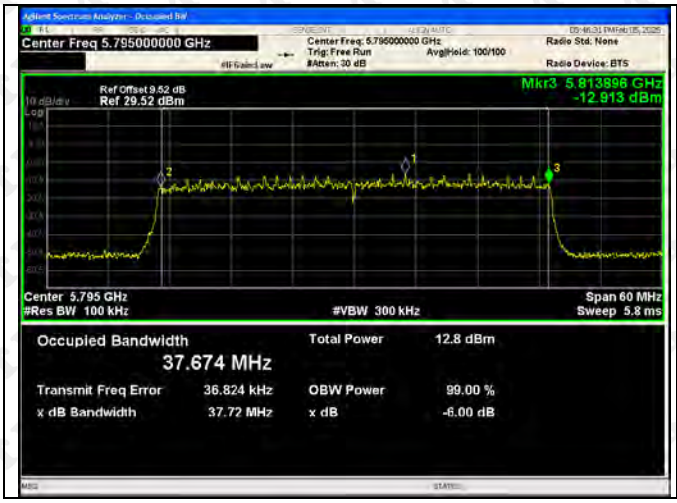
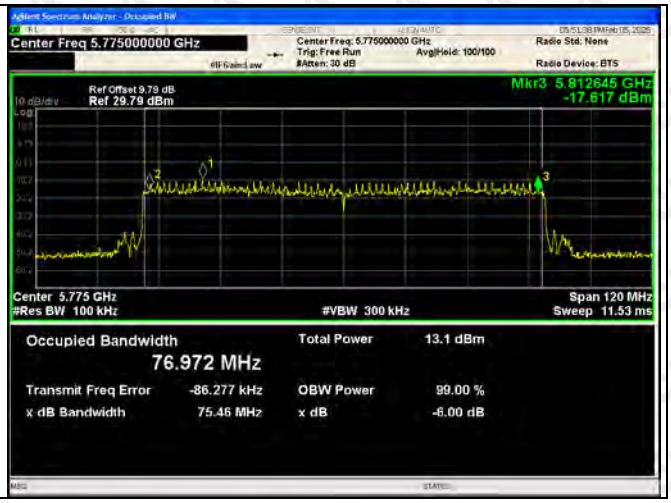


802.11ax(VH80)-5775

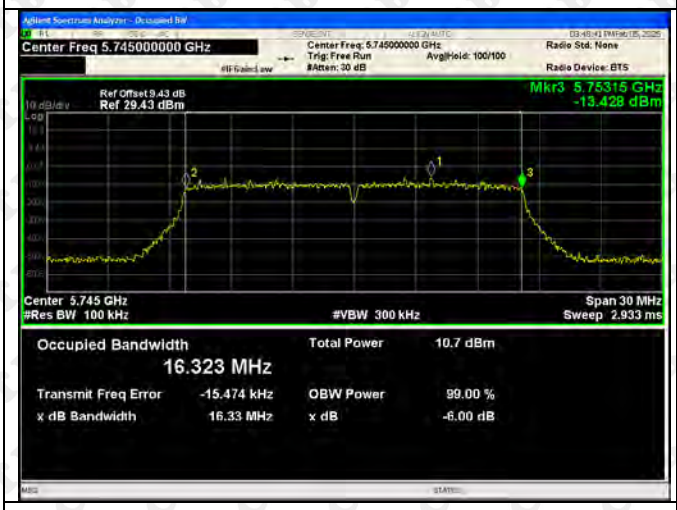

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW
Center Freq 5.795000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.795000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.52 dB
Ref 29.52 dBm
Mkr3 5.813896 GHz
-12.913 dBm
Center 5.795 GHz
#Res BW 100 kHz
#VBW 300 kHz
Span 60 MHz
Sweep 5.8 ms
Occupied Bandwidth
37.674 MHz
Total Power 12.8 dBm
Transmit Freq Error 36.824 kHz
OBW Power 99.00 %
x dB Bandwidth 37.72 MHz
x dB -6.00 dB


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW
Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.775000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.79 dB
Ref 29.79 dBm
Mkr3 5.812645 GHz
-17.617 dBm
Center 5.775 GHz
#Res BW 100 kHz
#VBW 300 kHz
Span 120 MHz
Sweep 11.53 ms
Occupied Bandwidth
76.972 MHz
Total Power 13.1 dBm
Transmit Freq Error -86.277 kHz
OBW Power 99.00 %
x dB Bandwidth 75.46 MHz
x dB -6.00 dB

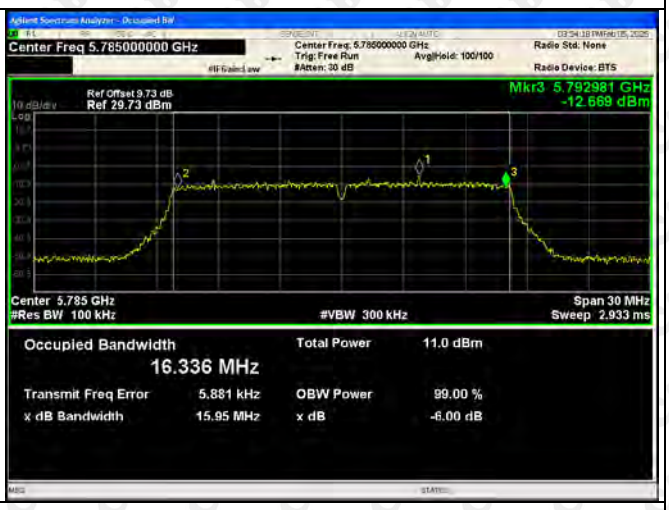
Test Graph

ANT2:
5725-5850MHz

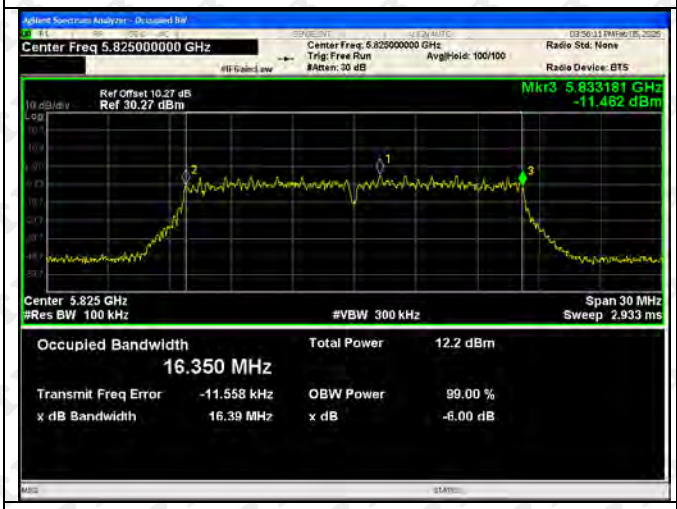
802.11a-5745



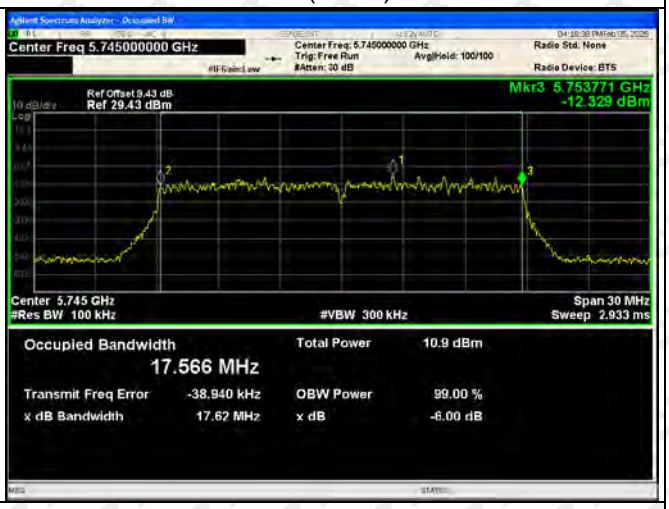
802.11a-5785



802.11a-5825



802.11ac(VH20)-5745



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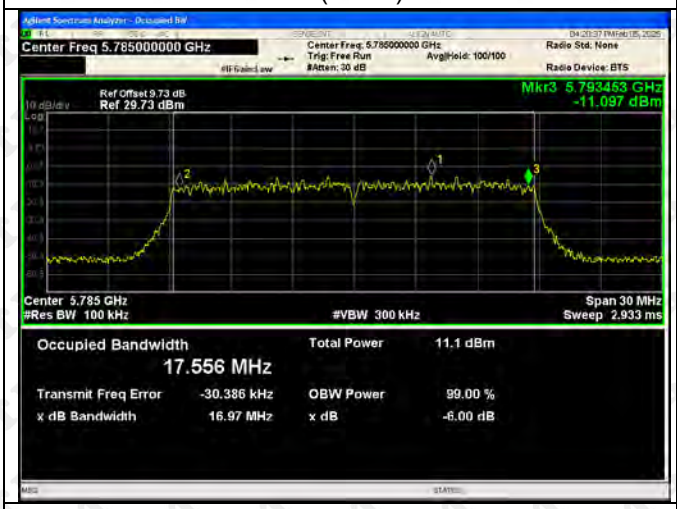

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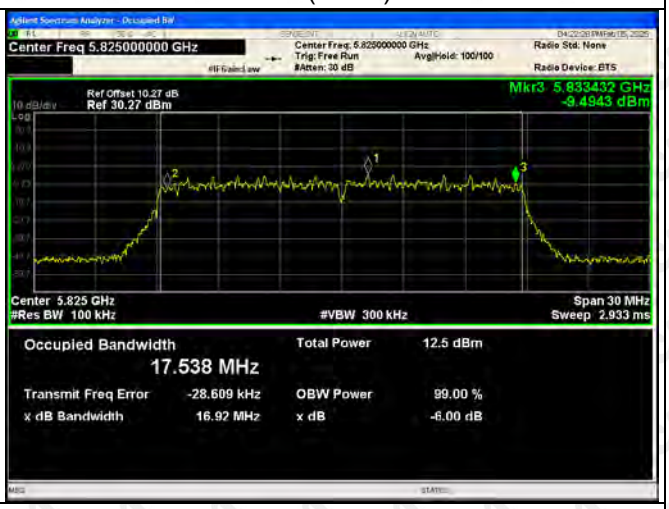
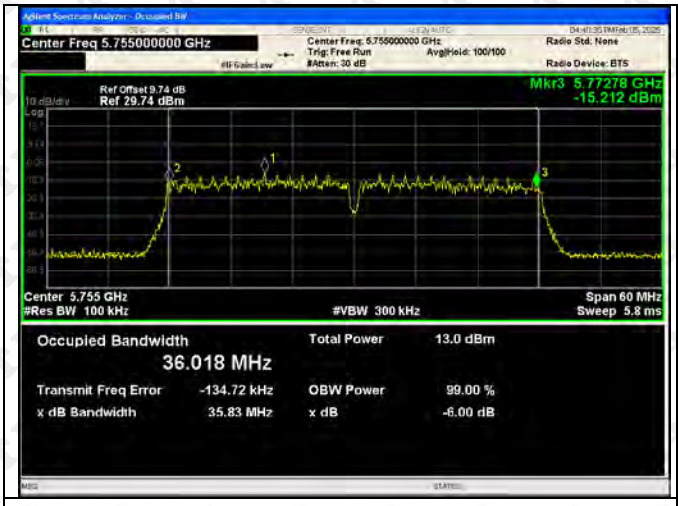
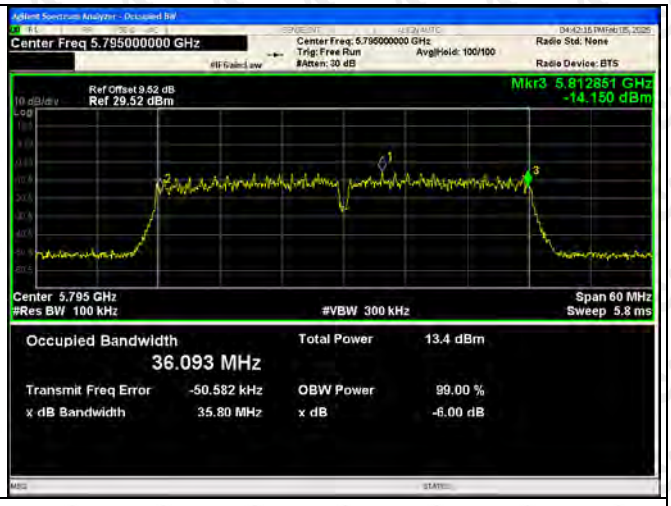


802.11ac(VH40)-5755

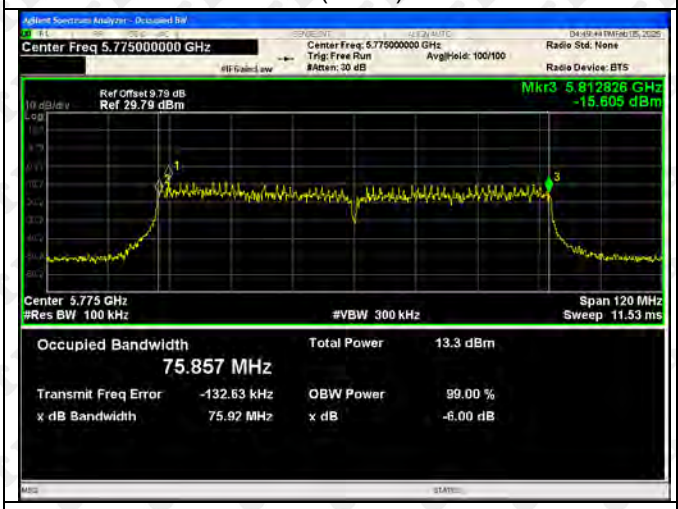
802.11ac(VH40)-5795



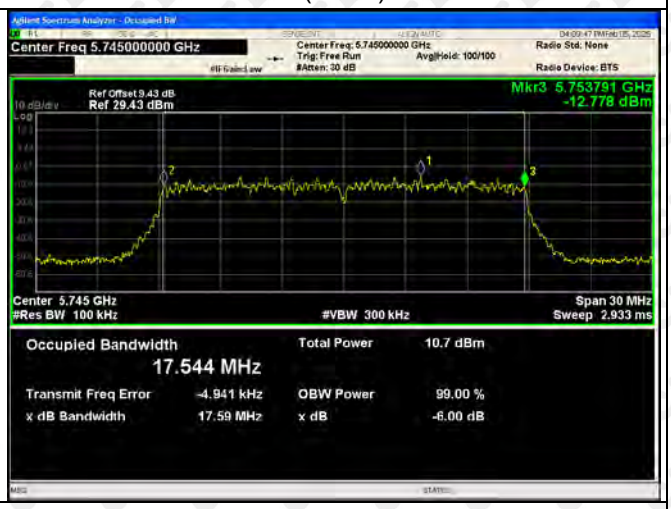
802.11ac(VH80)-5775



802.11n(HT20)-5745



802.11n(HT20)-5785



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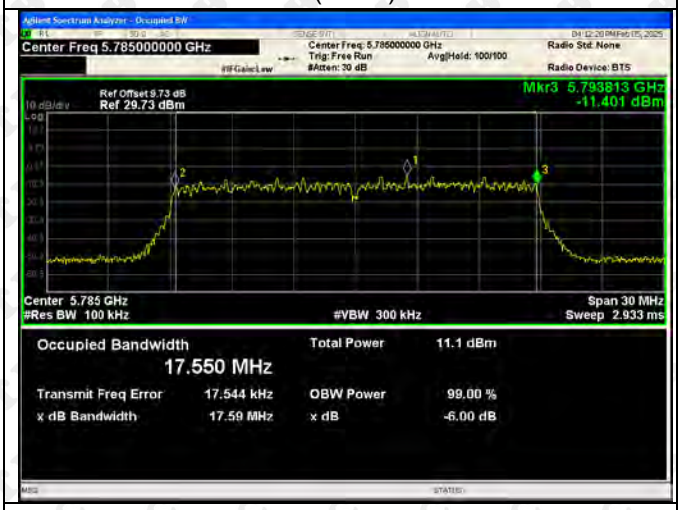

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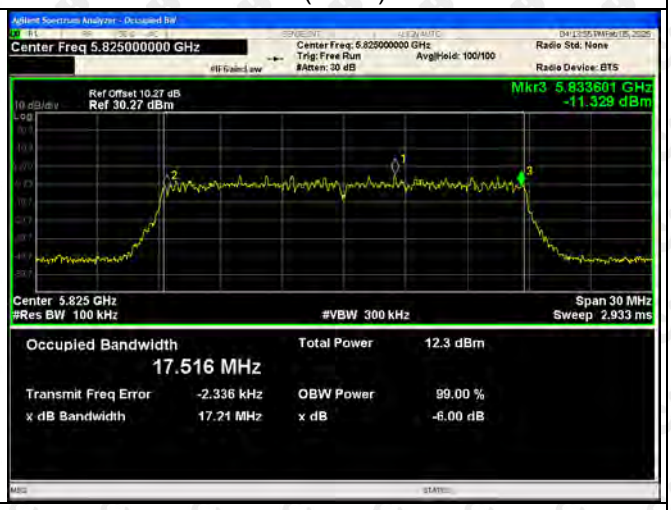

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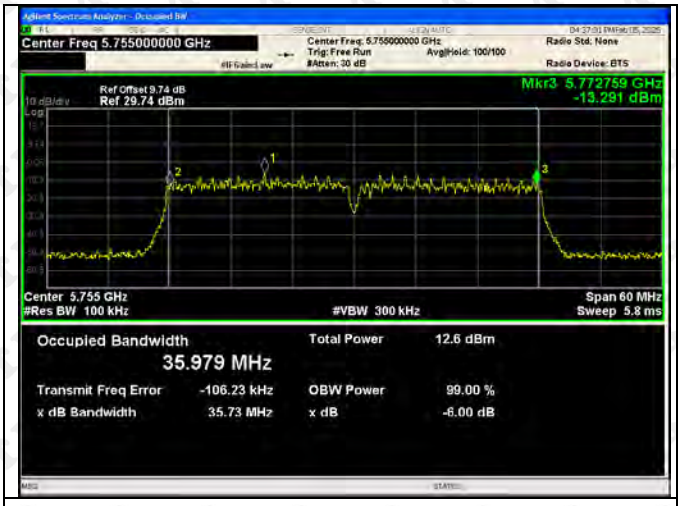
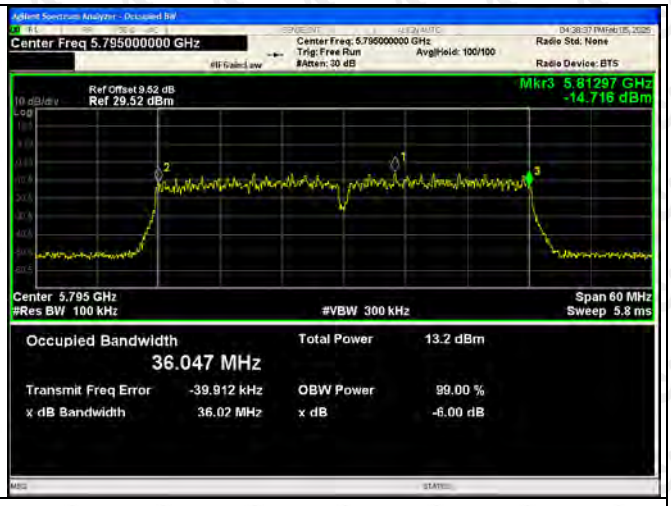
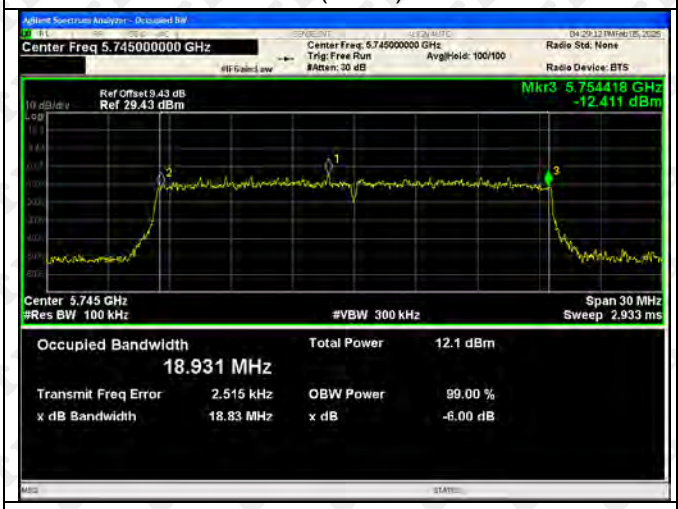


802.11ax(VH20)-5745



802.11ax(VH20)-5785



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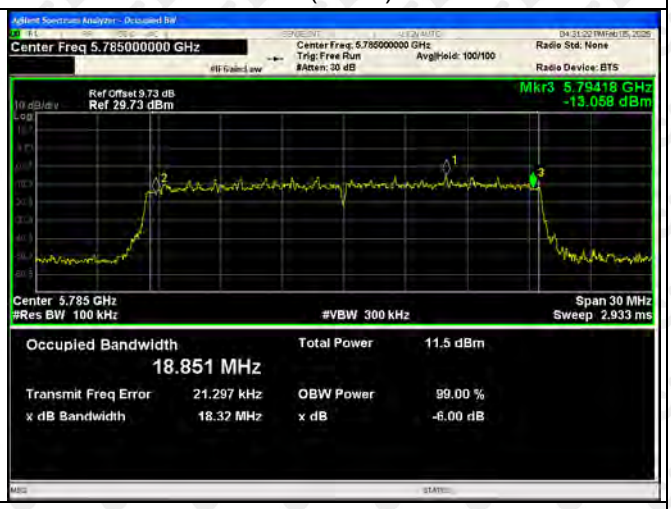
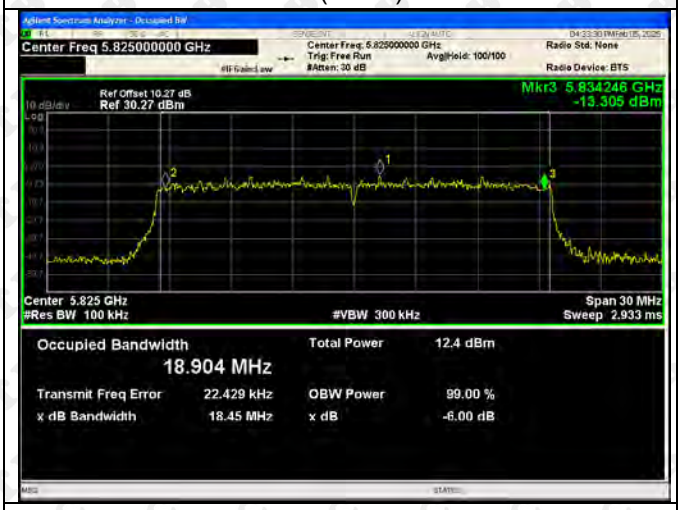
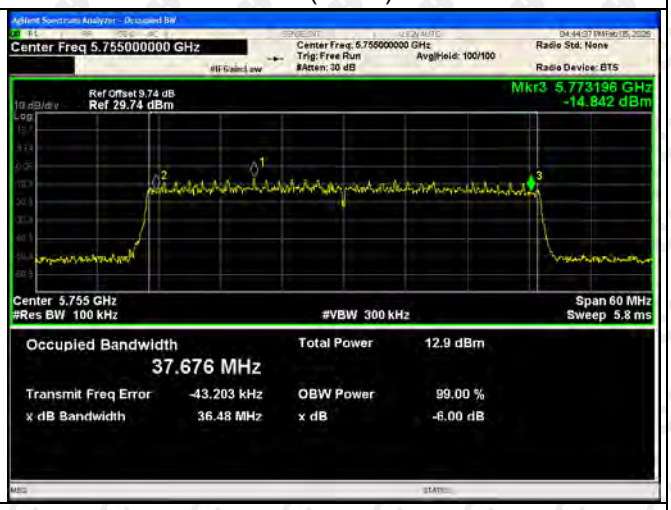


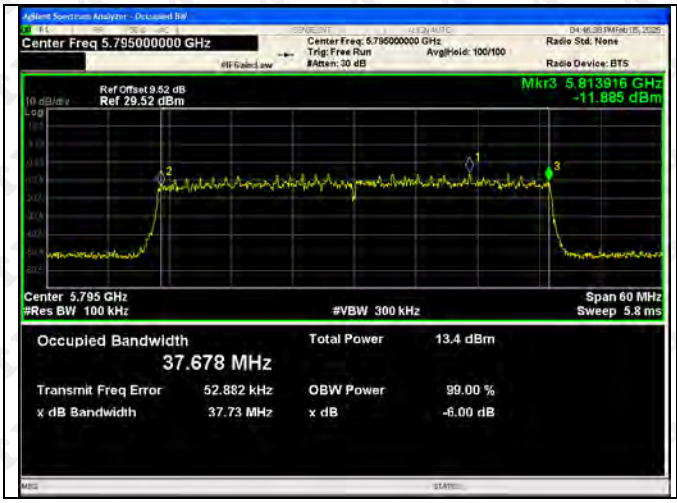
802.11ax(VH40)-5755

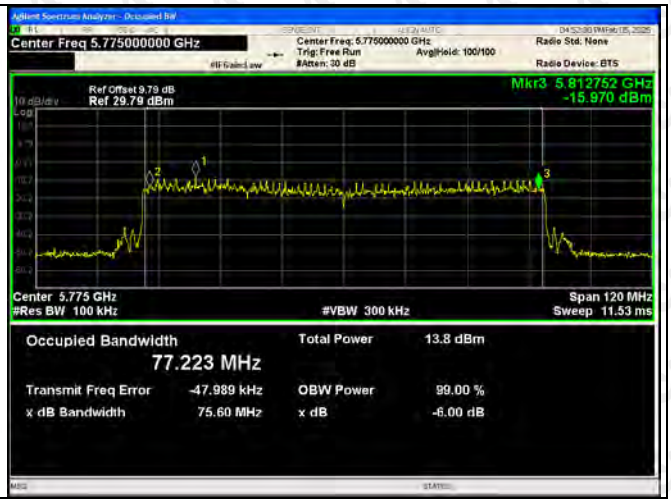


802.11ax(VH40)-5795



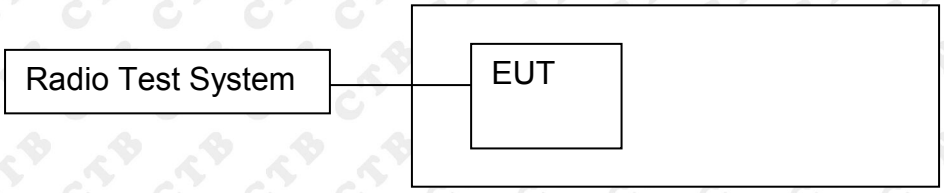
802.11ax(VH80)-5775


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW
Center Freq 5.795000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.795000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.52 dB
Ref 29.52 dBm
Mkr3 5.813916 GHz
-11.885 dBm
Center 5.795 GHz
#Res BW 100 kHz
#VBW 300 kHz
Span 60 MHz
Sweep 5.8 ms
Occupied Bandwidth
37.678 MHz
Total Power 13.4 dBm
Transmit Freq Error 52.882 kHz
OBW Power 99.00 %
x dB Bandwidth 37.73 MHz
x dB -6.00 dB


Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Occupied BW
Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz
Center Freq: 5.775000000 GHz
Trig: Free Run
Avg|Hold: 100/100
#Atten: 30 dB
Radio Std: None
Radio Device: BTS
Ref Offset 9.79 dB
Ref 29.79 dBm
Mkr3 5.812752 GHz
-15.970 dBm
Center 5.775 GHz
#Res BW 100 kHz
#VBW 300 kHz
Span 120 MHz
Sweep 11.53 ms
Occupied Bandwidth
77.223 MHz
Total Power 13.8 dBm
Transmit Freq Error -47.989 kHz
OBW Power 99.00 %
x dB Bandwidth 75.60 MHz
x dB -6.00 dB

11. POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

11.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



11.2 Limit

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. However, fixed point-to-point U-NII devices operating in this band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter conducted power. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

11.3 Test procedure

According to KDB789033 D02v02r01 sectionE, the following is the measurement procedure.

For devices operating in the bands 5.15−5.25 GHz, 5.25−5.35 GHz, and 5.47−5.725 GHz, the preceding procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in Section 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725−5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, “provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth” to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 kHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:
a) Set RBW ≥ 1/*T*, where *T* is defined in II.B.I.a).

b) Set VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

c) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add 10 log (500 kHz/RBW) to the

measured result, whereas RBW (<500 kHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

d) If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add 10 log (1MHz/RBW) to the measured result, whereas RBW (< 1 MHz) is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.

e) Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.
Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 kHz for the II.F.5.c) and II.F.5.d), since RBW=100 kHz is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.

11.4 Test Result

ANT 1+ANT2

Test mode	Test Channel (MHz)	PSD [dBm/MHz] ANT 1	PSD [dBm/MHz] ANT 2	PSD [dBm/MHz] Total	Limit (dBm)	Result
802.11a	5745	-11.768	-10.393	/	30	Pass
	5785	-11.873	-10.418	/	30	Pass
	5825	-11.01	-12.158	/	30	Pass
802.11ac(VH20)	5745	-13.219	-13.174	-10.186	27.43	Pass
	5785	-13.308	-13.575	-10.429	27.43	Pass
	5825	-11.41	-12.597	-8.953	27.43	Pass
802.11ac(VH40)	5755	-16.915	-16.115	-13.486	27.43	Pass
	5795	-16.048	-14.286	-12.068	27.43	Pass
802.11n(VH20)	5775	-13.779	-13.902	-10.830	27.43	Pass
	5745	-13.556	-13.059	-10.290	27.43	Pass
	5785	-11.631	-12.152	-8.873	27.43	Pass
802.11n(VH40)	5825	-16.408	-16.442	-13.415	27.43	Pass
	5755	-16.524	-16.047	-13.269	27.43	Pass
802.11ac(VH80)	5795	-18.922	-19.866	-16.358	27.43	Pass
802.11ax(VH20)	5745	-13.526	-12.816	-10.146	27.43	Pass
	5785	-13.01	-12.881	-9.935	27.43	Pass
	5825	-12.24	-12.527	-9.371	27.43	Pass
802.11ax(VH40)	5755	-15.8	-14.651	-12.177	27.43	Pass
	5795	-15.28	-14.785	-12.015	27.43	Pass
802.11ax(VH80)	5775	-18.691	-18.061	-15.354	27.43	Pass

ANT1:

802.11a-5745

802.11a-5785

802.11a-5825

802.11ac(VH20)-5745

802.11ac(VH20)-5785

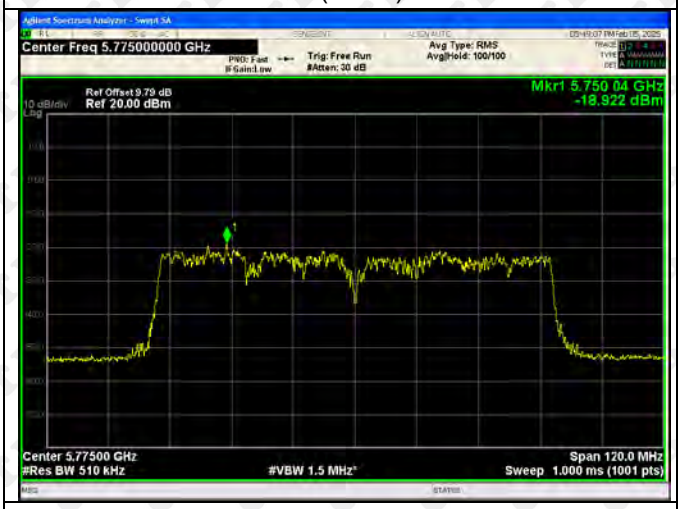
802.11ac(VH20)-5825

802.11ac(VH40)-5755

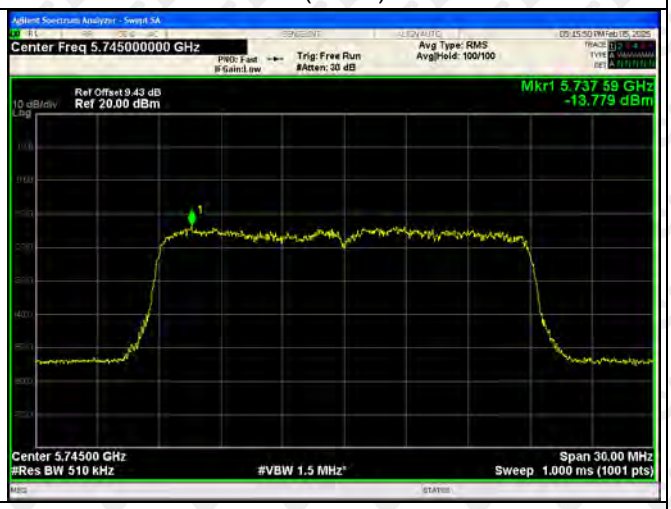
802.11ac(VH40)-5795

802.11ac(VH80)-5775

802.11n(HT20)-5745



802.11n(HT20)-5785



802.11n(HT20)-5825

5802.11n(HT40)-5755

802.11n(HT40)-5795

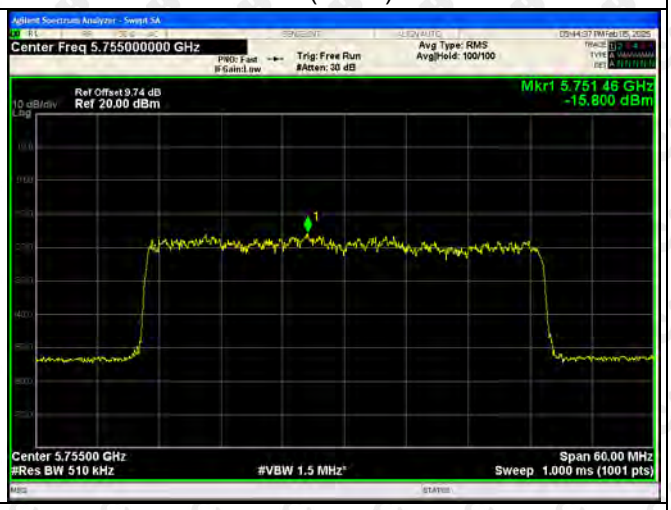
802.11ax(VH20)-5745

802.11ax(VH20)-5785

802.11ax(VH20)-5825

802.11ax(VH40)-5755

802.11ax(VH40)-5795



802.11ax(VH80)-5775

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Center Freq 5.795000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
#Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: RMS
Avg|Hold: 100/100
Ref Offset 9.52 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 20.00 dBm
Mkr1 5.800 04 GHz
-15.280 dBm
Center 5.79500 GHz
#Res BW 510 kHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz*
Span 60.00 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
#Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: RMS
Avg|Hold: 100/100
Ref Offset 9.79 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 20.00 dBm
Mkr1 5.746 56 GHz
-18.691 dBm
Center 5.77500 GHz
#Res BW 510 kHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz*
Span 120.0 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)

ANT2:

802.11a-5745

802.11a-5785

802.11a-5825

802.11ac(VH20)-5745

802.11ac(VH20)-5785

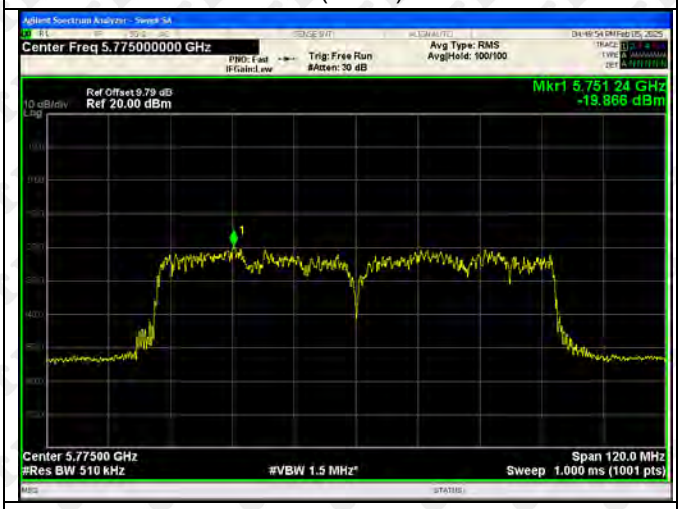
802.11ac(VH20)-5825

802.11ac(VH40)-5755

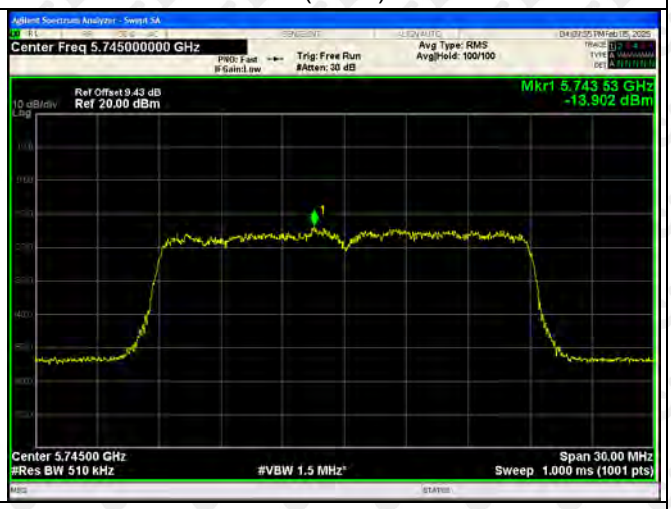
802.11ac(VH40)-5795

802.11ac(VH80)-5775

802.11n(HT20)-5745



802.11n(HT20)-5785



802.11n(HT20)-5825

5802.11n(HT40)-5755

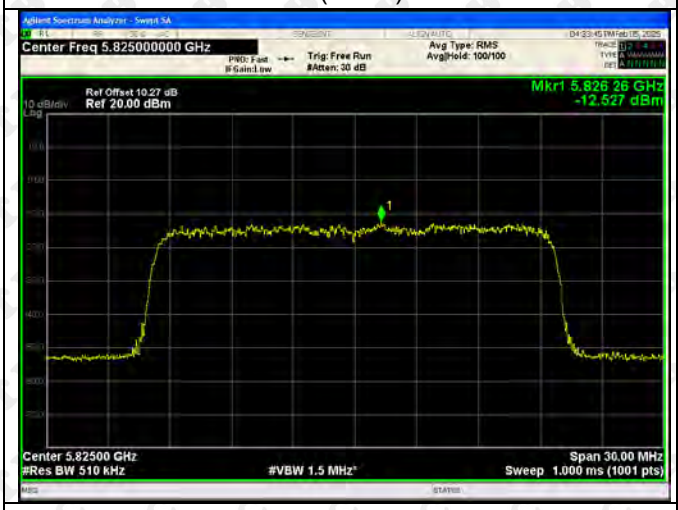
802.11n(HT40)-5795

802.11ax(VH20)-5745

802.11ax(VH20)-5785

802.11ax(VH20)-5825

802.11ax(VH40)-5755



802.11ax(VH40)-5795

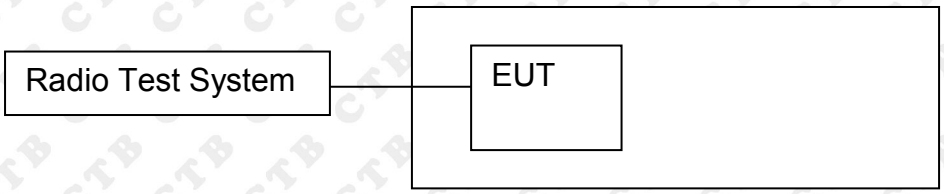
802.11ax(VH80)-5775

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Center Freq 5.795000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
#Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: RMS
Avg|Hold: 100/100
Ref Offset 9.52 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 20.00 dBm
Mkr1 5.807 48 GHz
-14.785 dBm
Center 5.79500 GHz
#Res BW 510 kHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz*
Span 60.00 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)

Agilent Spectrum Analyzer - Swept SA
Center Freq 5.775000000 GHz
PNO: Fast
IFGain:Low
Trig: Free Run
#Atten: 30 dB
Avg Type: RMS
Avg|Hold: 100/100
Ref Offset 9.79 dB
10 dB/div
Ref 20.00 dBm
Mkr1 5.751 24 GHz
-18.061 dBm
Center 5.77500 GHz
#Res BW 510 kHz
#VBW 1.5 MHz*
Span 120.0 MHz
Sweep 1.000 ms (1001 pts)

12. FREQUENCY STABILITY

12.1 Block Diagram Of Test Setup



12.2 Limit

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user's manual.

12.3 Test procedure

1. The EUT was placed inside temperature chamber and powered and powered by nominal DC voltage.

2. Set EUT as normal operation.

3. Turn the EUT on and couple its output to spectrum.

4. Turn the EUT off and set the chamber to the highest temperature specified.

5. Allow sufficient time (approximately 30 min) for the temperature of the chamber to stabilize, turn the EUT and measure the operating frequency.

6. Repeat step with the temperature chamber set to the lowest temperature.

12.4 Test Result

ANT1

TX Frequency (5725-5850MHz)

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5745.0157	5745	0.0157	2.7349
		V max (V)	132	5745.0473	5745	0.0473	8.2311
		V min (V)	108	5745.0157	5745	0.0157	2.7349
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5745.0096	5745	0.0096	1.6670
		T (°C)	10	5745.0481	5745	0.0481	8.3686
		T (°C)	20	5745.0020	5745	0.0020	0.3452
		T (°C)	30	5745.0699	5745	0.0699	12.1630
		T (°C)	40	5745.0101	5745	0.0101	1.7545
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5785.0362	5785	0.0362	6.2646
		V max (V)	132	5785.0487	5785	0.0487	8.4218
		V min (V)	108	5785.0153	5785	0.0153	2.6376
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5785.0728	5785	0.0728	12.5926
		T (°C)	10	5785.0175	5785	0.0175	3.0279
		T (°C)	20	5785.0062	5785	0.0062	1.0637
		T (°C)	30	5785.0176	5785	0.0176	3.0495
		T (°C)	40	5785.0465	5785	0.0465	8.0413
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5825.0753	5825	0.0753	12.9256
		V max (V)	132	5825.0316	5825	0.0316	5.4165
		V min (V)	108	5825.0927	5825	0.0927	15.9169
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5825.0607	5825	0.0607	10.4146
		T (°C)	10	5825.0205	5825	0.0205	3.5147
		T (°C)	20	5825.0782	5825	0.0782	13.4285
		T (°C)	30	5825.0671	5825	0.0671	11.5147
		T (°C)	40	5825.0355	5825	0.0355	6.0882
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

ANT2:

TX Frequency (5725-5850MHz)

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5745.0392	5745	0.0392	6.8262
		V max (V)	132	5745.0624	5745	0.0624	10.8693
		V min (V)	108	5745.0882	5745	0.0882	15.3505
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5745.0866	5745	0.0866	15.0805
		T (°C)	10	5745.0227	5745	0.0227	3.9427
		T (°C)	20	5745.0321	5745	0.0321	5.5811
		T (°C)	30	5745.0262	5745	0.0262	4.5640
		T (°C)	40	5745.0360	5745	0.0360	6.2731
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5785.0005	5785	0.0005	0.0892
		V max (V)	132	5785.0401	5785	0.0401	6.9329
		V min (V)	108	5785.0157	5785	0.0157	2.7064
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5785.0090	5785	0.0090	1.5638
		T (°C)	10	5785.0028	5785	0.0028	0.4850
		T (°C)	20	5785.0813	5785	0.0813	14.0611
		T (°C)	30	5785.0328	5785	0.0328	5.6778
		T (°C)	40	5785.0204	5785	0.0204	3.5191
		T (°C)	50	5785.0465	5785	0.0465	8.0315
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5825.0477	5825	0.0477	8.1828
		V max (V)	132	5825.0904	5825	0.0904	15.5232
		V min (V)	108	5825.0840	5825	0.0840	14.4189
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5825.0682	5825	0.0682	11.7137
		T (°C)	10	5825.0580	5825	0.0580	9.9549
		T (°C)	20	5825.0008	5825	0.0008	0.1352
		T (°C)	30	5825.0176	5825	0.0176	3.0171
		T (°C)	40	5825.0875	5825	0.0875	15.0161
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

MIMO(ANT1+ANT2)

TX Frequency (5725-5850MHz)

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5745.0063	5745	0.0063	1.0945
		V max (V)	132	5745.0503	5745	0.0503	8.7556
		V min (V)	108	5745.0063	5745	0.0063	1.0945
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5745MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5745.0693	5745	0.0693	12.0695
		T (°C)	10	5745.0593	5745	0.0593	10.3138
		T (°C)	20	5745.0696	5745	0.0696	12.1099
		T (°C)	30	5745.0428	5745	0.0428	7.4485
		T (°C)	40	5745.0039	5745	0.0039	0.6720
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5785.0535	5785	0.0535	9.2534
		V max (V)	132	5785.0513	5785	0.0513	8.8671
		V min (V)	108	5785.0559	5785	0.0559	9.6645
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5785MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5785.0061	5785	0.0061	1.0532
		T (°C)	10	5785.0610	5785	0.0610	10.5406
		T (°C)	20	5785.0835	5785	0.0835	14.4343
		T (°C)	30	5785.0128	5785	0.0128	2.2103
		T (°C)	40	5785.0081	5785	0.0081	1.3950
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Voltage vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
T nom (°C)	20	V nom (V)	120	5825.0012	5825	0.0012	0.2005
		V max (V)	132	5825.0888	5825	0.0888	15.2369
		V min (V)	108	5825.0027	5825	0.0027	0.4614
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

Temperature vs. Frequency Stability

TEST CONDITIONS				Reference Frequency：5825MHz			
				f	fc	Max. Deviation (MHz)	Max. Deviation (ppm)
V nom (V)	120	T (°C)	0	5825.0869	5825	0.0869	14.9248
		T (°C)	10	5825.0843	5825	0.0843	14.4751
		T (°C)	20	5825.0429	5825	0.0429	7.3688
		T (°C)	30	5825.0935	5825	0.0935	16.0533
		T (°C)	40	5825.0071	5825	0.0071	1.2124
Limits				±20ppm			
Result				Complies			

13. OPERATION IN THE ABSENCE OF INFORMATION TO THE TRANSMIT

13.1 Requirement

15.407(c) requirement:
The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. These provisions are not intended to preclude the transmission of control or signal ling information or the use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals. Applicants shall include in their application for equipment authorization a description of how this requirement is met.

13.2 Test Results

Operation in the absence of information to the transmit:

While the EUT is not transmitting any information, the EUT can automatically discontinue transmission and become standby mode for power saving. The EUT can detect the controlling
signal of ASK message transmitting from remote device and verify whether it shall resend or
discontinue transmission. (manufacturer declare)

14. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

15.203 requirement:
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.
15.247(b) (4) requirement:
The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

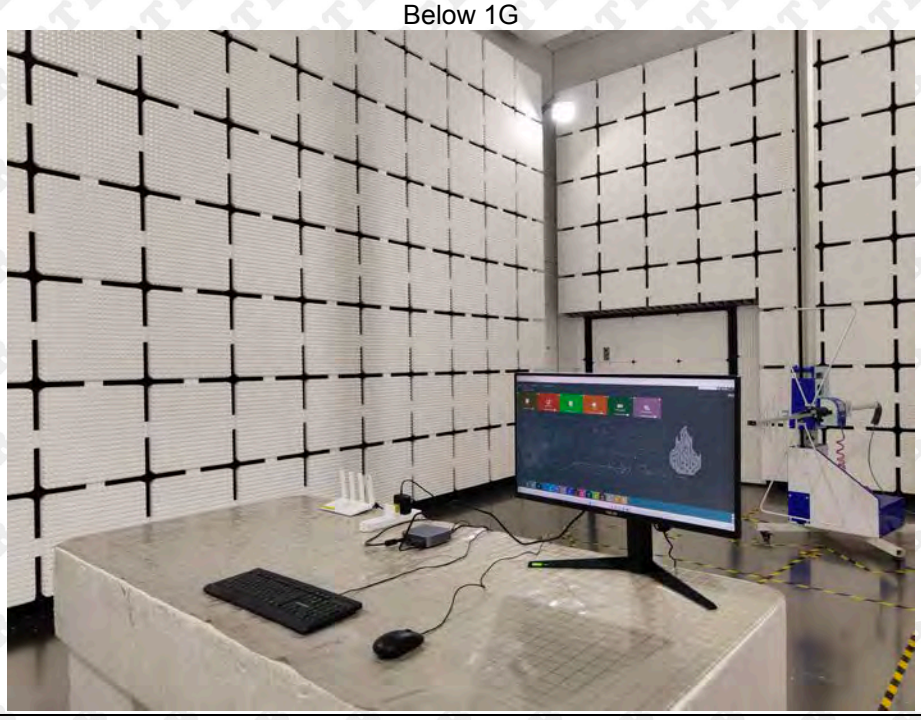
EUT Antenna:

The antenna is FPC antenna and no consideration of replacement. The best case gain of the antenna is Ant1: 5.45dBi; Ant2: 5.67dBi.

15. EUT TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS

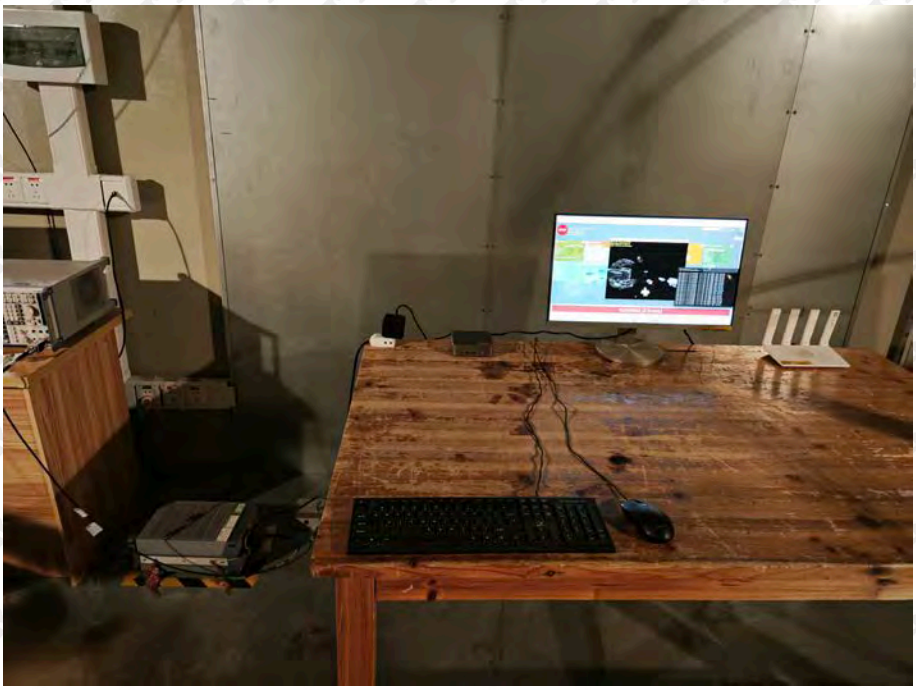
Radiated Emissions

Below 1G



Above 1G

Conducted emission



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