

**Shenzhen Global Test Service Co.,Ltd.**

Room No. 101, Building 1, and Room No. 101, Building 3, No. 88 Jinkang Road, Jinsha Community,
Kengzi Sub-district, Pingshan District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong, China

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C TEST REPORT**FCC PART 15.407****Report Reference No..... : GTS20260616002-1-03****FCC ID..... : 2BMOF-CP25**

Compiled by

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Date of issue : Jul.08, 2026

Representative Laboratory Name.: Shenzhen Global Test Service Co.,Ltd.

Address : Room No. 101, Building 1, and Room No. 101, Building 3, No. 88
Jinkang Road, Jinsha Community, Kengzi Sub-district, Pingshan
District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong, China

Applicant's name..... : Shenzhen JuXingGongChuang Technology Co.,LTD.

Address : 801, Block A, Gang Zhi Long Business Center, Longhua District,
Shenzhen, China

Test specificationStandard : **FCC Part 15.407: General technical requirements**

TRF Originator..... : Shenzhen Global Test Service Co.,Ltd.

Master TRF : Dated 2014-12

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Test item description

Trade Mark : N/A

Manufacturer : Tianjian Group Co.,Ltd.

Model/Type reference : CP25

Listed Models : KL30, KL31, KL32, KL33, KL34, KL35, KL36, KL37, KL38, KL39,
KL40, KL41, KL42, KL43, KL44, KL45, KL46, KL47, KL48, KL49,
KS30, KS31, KS32, KS33, KS34, KS35, KS36, KS37, KS38, KS39,
KS40, KS41, KS42, KS43, KS44, KS45, KS46, KS47, KS48, KS49,
DS30, DS31, DS32, DS33, DS34, DS35, DS36, DS37, DS38, DS39

Operation Frequency..... : From 5180MHz to 5240MHz/ 5745MHz to 5825MHz

Hardware Version : N/A

Software Version : N/A

Rating : DC 3.7V by battery
Recharged by DC 5.0V

Result : PASS

TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :	GTS20260616002-1-03	Jul.08, 2026
		Date of issue

Equipment under Test : Security camera

Model /Type : CP25

Listed model : KL30, KL31, KL32, KL33, KL34, KL35, KL36, KL37, KL38, KL39, KL40, KL41, KL42, KL43, KL44, KL45, KL46, KL47, KL48, KL49, KS30, KS31, KS32, KS33, KS34, KS35, KS36, KS37, KS38, KS39, KS40, KS41, KS42, KS43, KS44, KS45, KS46, KS47, KS48, KS49, DS30, DS31, DS32, DS33, DS34, DS35, DS36, DS37, DS38, DS39

Applicant : Shenzhen JuXingGongChuang Technology Co.,LTD.

Address : 801, Block A, Gang Zhi Long Business Center, Longhua District, Shenzhen, China

Manufacturer : Tianjian Group Co.,Ltd.

Address : 501, No.9, Nuclear Power Industrial Park, Fumin Community,Fucheng Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Test Result:	PASS
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.

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1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Rules Part 15.407](#): General technical requirements.

[ANSI C63.10-2020+Cor. 1-2023+C63.10a-2024 + Errata to C63.10a-2024](#): American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices

[KDB 789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01](#): UNII, U-NII, U-NII Test Procedures

2. SUMMARY

2.1. General Remarks

Date of receipt of test sample	:	Jun.29, 2026
Testing commenced on	:	Jun.29, 2026
Testing concluded on	:	Jul.07, 2026

2.2. Product Description

Product Name:	Security camera
Trade Mark:	N/A
Model/Type reference:	CP25
List Model:	KL30, KL31, KL32, KL33, KL34, KL35, KL36, KL37, KL38, KL39, KL40, KL41, KL42, KL43, KL44, KL45, KL46, KL47, KL48, KL49, KS30, KS31, KS32, KS33, KS34, KS35, KS36, KS37, KS38, KS39, KS40, KS41, KS42, KS43, KS44, KS45, KS46, KS47, KS48, KS49. DS30, DS31, DS32, DS33, DS34, DS35, DS36, DS37, DS38, DS39
Model Declaration	PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, Only the model name and color different , So no additional models were tested.
Power supply:	DC 3.7V by battery Recharged by DC 5.0V
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Sample ID	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1# & GTS20260616002-1-S001-2#
Bluetooth	
Frequency Range	2402MHz ~ 2480MHz
Channel Number	40 channels for Bluetooth (DTS)
Channel Spacing	2MHz for Bluetooth (DTS)
Modulation Type	GFSK for Bluetooth (DTS)
2.4GWLAN	
WLAN Operation frequency	IEEE 802.11b:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11g:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11n HT20:2412-2462MHz IEEE 802.11n HT40:2422-2452MHz
WLAN Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT20: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT40: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Channel number:	11 Channel for IEEE 802.11b/g/n (HT20) 7 Channel for IEEE 802.11n (HT40)
Channel separation:	5MHz
WIFI(5.2G/5.8G Band)	
WLAN Operation frequency	5180MHz to 5240MHz/ 5745MHz to 5825MHz
WLAN Modulation Type	IEEE 802.11a: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT20: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK) IEEE 802.11n HT40: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK,BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac VHT20: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac VHT40: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)

Channel number:	4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180-5240MHz) 5 channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5745-5825MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190~5230MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5755~5795MHz)
Antenna Description	FPC Antenna, 2.95 dBi(Max.) for 2.4G Band and 4.16 dBi(Max.) for 5G Band.

2.3. Equipment Under Test

Power supply system utilised

Power supply voltage	:	☐ 230V / 50 Hz	☐ 120V / 60Hz
		☐ 12 V DC	☐ 24 V DC
		☒ Other (specified in blank below)	

DC 5.0V

2.4. Short description of the Equipment under Test (EUT)

This is an Security camera.

For more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

2.5. EUT operation mode

The application provider specific test software to control sample in continuous TX and RX.

Antenna	Chain0 (ANT 1)			Chain1 (ANT 2)			Simultaneously
Bandwidth Mode	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz	20MHz	40MHz	80MHz	/
IEEE 802.11a	☒	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
IEEE 802.11n	☒	☒	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
IEEE 802.11ac	☒	☒	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

IEEE 802.11a/ac20/ac40/n20/n40:

UNII-1		UNII-1		UNII-1	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
36	5180	38	5190	42	5210
40	5200	46	5230		
44	5220				
48	5240				

U-NI-3		U-NI-3		U-NI-3	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
149	5745	151	5755	155	5775
153	5765	159	5795		
157	5785				
161	5805				
165	5825				

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in X position.

AC main conducted emission pre-test voltage at both AC 120V/60Hz and AC 240V/50Hz, recorded worst case(AC 120V/60Hz);

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9 KHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 mode (HCH).

2.6. Block Diagram of Test Setup



2.7. Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2BMOF-CP25** filing to comply with Section 15.407 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart E Rules.

2.8. EUT Exercise Software

The system was configured for testing in a continuous transmits condition and change test channels by software (adb model) provided by application.

2.9. Special Accessories

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
Zhuzhou Dachuan ElectronicTechnology Co.,Ltd.	Adapter	DCT06WO50100EU-C1	/	SDOC

Note: The Adapter is only used for auxiliary testing.

2.10. External I/O Cable

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
DC IN Port	1	Non-Shielded, 1.2m

2.11. Modifications

No modifications were implemented to meet testing criteria.

3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen Global Test Service Co.,Ltd.

Room No. 101, Building 1, and Room No. 101, Building 3, No. 88 Jinkang Road, Jinsha Community, Kengzi Sub-district, Pingshan District, Shenzhen City, Guangdong, China.

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS (No. CNAS L8169)

Shenzhen Global Test Service Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC 17025: 2019 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories.

A2LA (Certificate No. 4758.01)

Shenzhen Global Test Service Co., Ltd. has been assessed by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA). Certificate No. 4758.01.

Industry Canada Registration Number. is 24189.

FCC Designation Number is CN1401.

FCC Registered Test Site Number is 684561.

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	15-35 ° C
Humidity:	30-60 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

3.4. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. to CISPR 16 - 4 „Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements“ and is documented in the Shenzhen Global Test Service Co.,Ltd quality system acc. to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for Shenzhen GTS laboratory is reported:

Test	Range	Measurement Uncertainty	Notes
Radiated Emission	30~1000MHz	4.10 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission	1~18GHz	4.32 dB	(1)
Radiated Emission	18-40GHz	5.54 dB	(1)
Conducted Disturbance	0.15~30MHz	3.12 dB	(1)

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

3.5. Test Description

Applied Standard: FCC Part 15 Subpart E				
FCC Rules	Description of Test	Test Sample	Result	Remark
/	On Time and Duty Cycle	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1#	Compliant	Appendix C Appendix D
§15.407(a)	Maximum Conducted Output Power	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1#	Compliant	Appendix C Appendix D
§15.407(a)	Power Spectral Density	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1#	Compliant	Appendix C Appendix D
§15.407(a)	26dB&6dB Bandwidth and 99% Bandwidth	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1#	Compliant	Appendix C Appendix D
§15.209, §15.407(b)	Radiated Emissions	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1#	Compliant	Note 1
§15.209, §15.407(b)	Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edges Test	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1#	Compliant	Appendix C Appendix D
§15.209, §15.407(b)	Emissions at Restricted Band	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1# GTS20260616002-1-S001-2#	Compliant	Appendix C Appendix D
§15.407(g)	Frequency Stability	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1#	Compliant	Note 1
§15.207(a)	AC Mians Line Conducted Emissions	GTS20260616002-1-S001-2#	Compliant	Note 1
§15.203 §15.407(h)	Antenna Requirements	GTS20260616002-1-S001-1#	Compliant	Note 1
§15.407 §2.1091	RF Exposure	/	Compliant	Note 2

Remark:

1. The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.
2. NA = Not Applicable; NP = Not Performed
3. Note 1 – Test results inside test report;
4. Note 2 – Test results in other test report (MPE Report).
5. We tested all test mode and recorded worst case in report

Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate
Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	802.11a	6 Mbps
Power Spectral Density	802.11ac20/ac40 802.11n HT20/40	MCS0
6dB Bandwidth		
26dB Bandwidth	802.11ac20/ac40 802.11n HT20/40	MCS0
Radiated Emission30M~1GHz&		
Radiated Emission 1GHz~10 th Harmonic	802.11ac20/ac40 802.11n HT20/40	MCS0
Band Edge		

3.6. Equipments Used during the Test

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Artificial Mains	CYBERTEK	EM5040A	E1850400205	2026/06/11	2027/06/10
LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	893606/008	2026/06/11	2027/06/10
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI 3	/	2025/08/09	2026/08/08
Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	101102	2025/08/09	2026/08/08
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY48010425	2026/06/12	2027/06/11
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40-N	101800	2026/06/12	2027/06/11
Vector Signal generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY49060502	2026/06/11	2027/06/10
Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50141550	2026/06/11	2027/06/10
Climate Chamber	ESPEC	EL-10KA	A20120523	2025/07/15	2026/07/14
Controller	EM Electronics	Controller EM 1000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	01622	2025/12/01	2026/11/30
Active Loop Antenna	Beijing Da Ze Technology Co.,Ltd.	ZN30900C	/	2026/06/13	2027/06/12
By-log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	00976	2025/07/15	2026/07/14
Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	791	2025/07/15	2026/07/14
Amplifier	SKET	LAPA_30M01G-32	SK20240104001	2025/12/23	2026/12/22
Amplifier	EMCI	EMC012645SE	980340	2025/12/23	2026/12/22
Amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV9179	9719-025	2025/12/01	2026/11/30
Temperature/Humidity Meter	HUATU	HTC-1	/	2025/07/16	2026/07/15
High-Pass Filter	Stest	1	/	2026/07/04	2027/07/03
High-Pass Filter	Stest	2	/	2026/07/04	2027/07/03
RF Cable(below 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	RE01	2026/06/12	2027/06/11
RF Cable(above 1GHz)	HUBER+SUHNER	RG214	RE02	2026/06/12	2027/06/11
Data acquisition card	Agilent	U2531A	TW53323507	2025/07/15	2026/07/14
Power Sensor	Keysight	E9301A	MY41495308	2026/06/11	2027/06/10
Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	/	2026/07/07	2027/07/06
Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	/	2026/07/07	2027/07/06
integrated measuring instrument	R&S	CMW500	107519	2026/06/12	2027/06/11
EMI Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-1	Ver 2.6.8.0518	/	/
EMI Test Software	Tonscend	JS1120-3	Ver 2.5.77.0418	/	/
EMI Test Software	Tonscend	JS32-CE	Ver 2.5	/	/
EMI Test Software	Tonscend	JS32-RE	Ver 2.5.1.8	/	/

Note: 1. The Cal.Interval was one year.

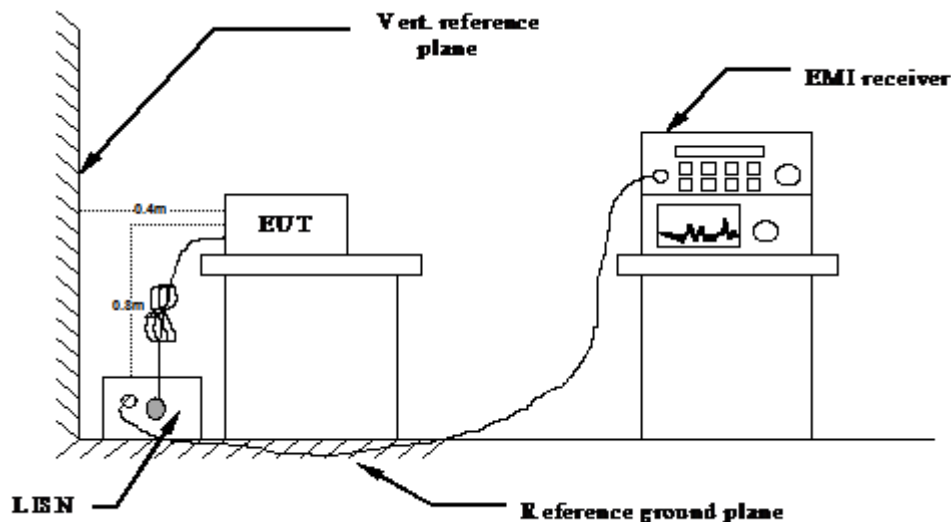
2. All devices whose calibration expired on July 04, 2026 were calibrated from July 03, 2025 to July 04, 2026.

3. All devices whose calibration expired on July 07, 2026 were calibrated from July 08, 2025 to July 07, 2026.

4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1. AC Power Conducted Emission

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1 The equipment was set up as per the test configuration to simulate typical actual usage per the user's manual. The EUT is a tabletop system, a wooden table with a height of 0.8 meters is used and is placed on the ground plane as per ANSI C63.10-2020+Cor. 1-2023+C63.10a-2024 + Errata to C63.10a-2024.
- 2 Support equipment, if needed, was placed as per ANSI C63.10-2020+Cor. 1-2023+C63.10a-2024 + Errata to C63.10a-2024
- 3 All I/O cables were positioned to simulate typical actual usage as per ANSI C63.10-2020+Cor. 1-2023+C63.10a-2024 + Errata to C63.10a-2024
- 4 The EUT received AC 120.0V power, the received AC120V/60Hz or AC 240V/50Hz power through a Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN) which supplied power source and was grounded to the ground plane.
- 5 All support equipments received AC power from a second LISN, if any.
- 6 The EUT test program was started. Emissions were measured on each current carrying line of the EUT using a spectrum Analyzer / Receiver connected to the LISN powering the EUT. The LISN has two monitoring points: Line 1 (Hot Side) and Line 2 (Neutral Side). Two scans were taken: one with Line 1 connected to Analyzer / Receiver and Line 2 connected to a 50 ohm load; the second scan had Line 1 connected to a 50 ohm load and Line 2 connected to the Analyzer / Receiver.
- 7 Analyzer / Receiver scanned from 150 KHz to 30MHz for emissions in each of the test modes.
- 8 During the above scans, the emissions were maximized by cable manipulation.
- 9 The LISN is more than 40cm away from the vertical reference plane.

AC Power Conducted Emission Limit

For intentional device, according to § 15.207(a) AC Power Conducted Emission Limits is as following :

Frequency range (MHz)	Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

DISTURBANCE Calculation

The AC mains conducted disturbance is calculated by adding the 10dB Pulse Limiter and Cable Factor and Duty Cycle Correction Factor (if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$CD \text{ (dBuV)} = RA \text{ (dBuV)} + PL \text{ (dB)} + CL \text{ (dB)}$$

Where CD = Conducted Disturbance	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	PL = 10 dB Pulse Limiter Factor

TEST RESULTS

Remark: We measured Conducted Emission at all mode in AC 120V/60Hz, the worst case was recorded .

Temperature	24.7℃	Humidity	51%
Test Engineer	Evan Ouyang	Configurations	IEEE 802.11ac20 HCH(5240MHz)

Power supply:	AC 120V/60Hz	Polarization	L
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Test Graph

— PK Limit — QP Limit — AV Limit — PK — QP Detector — AV Detector

Final Data List												
NO.	Frequency	QP	AVG.	Factor	QP	AVG.	QP	AVG.	QP	AVG.	Line	Remark
	[MHz]	Reading	Reading	[dB]	Result	Result	Limit	Limit	Margin	Margin		
		[dBμV]	[dBμV]		[dBμV]	[dBμV]	[dBμV]	[dBμV]	[dB]	[dB]		
1	0.168	36.85	25.42	10.27	47.12	35.69	65.06	55.06	17.94	19.37	L1	PASS
2	0.2625	34.38	21.17	10.12	44.50	31.29	61.35	51.35	16.85	20.06	L1	PASS
3	0.3435	32.07	19.68	10.13	42.20	29.81	59.12	49.12	16.92	19.31	L1	PASS
4	0.438	30.06	18.70	10.20	40.26	28.90	57.10	47.10	16.84	18.20	L1	PASS
5	0.7755	31.34	15.92	10.25	41.59	26.17	56.00	46.00	14.41	19.83	L1	PASS
6	0.9105	31.69	10.64	10.22	41.91	20.86	56.00	46.00	14.09	25.14	L1	PASS

Note:1. Result (dBμV) = Reading (dBμV) + Factor (dB).
2. Factor (dB) = Cable loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB).

Power supply:	AC 120V/60Hz	Polarization	N
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Test Graph

— PK Limit — QP Limit — AV Limit — PK — QP Detector — AV Detector

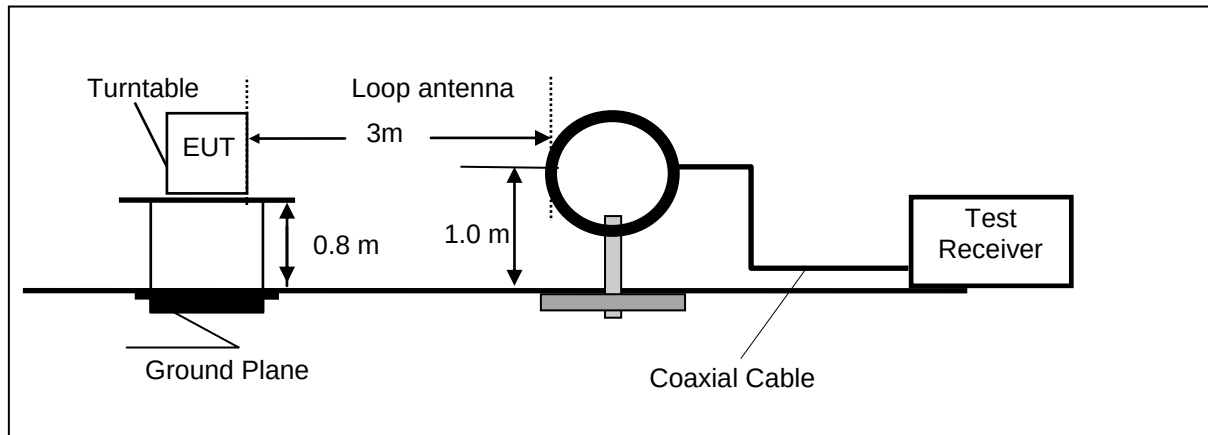
Final Data List												
NO.	Frequency	QP	AVG.	Factor	QP	AVG.	QP	AVG.	QP	AVG.	Line	Remark
	[MHz]	Reading	Reading	[dB]	Result	Result	Limit	Limit	Margin	Margin		
		[dBμV]	[dBμV]		[dBμV]	[dBμV]	[dBμV]	[dBμV]	[dB]	[dB]		
1	0.1725	36.99	24.35	10.24	47.23	34.59	64.84	54.84	17.61	20.25	N	PASS
2	0.2625	34.62	22.77	10.12	44.74	32.89	61.35	51.35	16.61	18.46	N	PASS
3	0.3435	30.39	17.48	10.13	40.52	27.61	59.12	49.12	18.60	21.51	N	PASS
4	0.789	32.09	15.47	10.25	42.34	25.72	56.00	46.00	13.66	20.28	N	PASS
5	0.87	32.46	17.56	10.23	42.69	27.79	56.00	46.00	13.31	18.21	N	PASS
6	1.23	36.87	20.10	10.22	47.09	30.32	56.00	46.00	8.91	15.68	N	PASS

Note:1. Result (dBμV) = Reading (dBμV) + Factor (dB).
2. Factor (dB) = Cable loss (dB) + LISN Factor (dB).

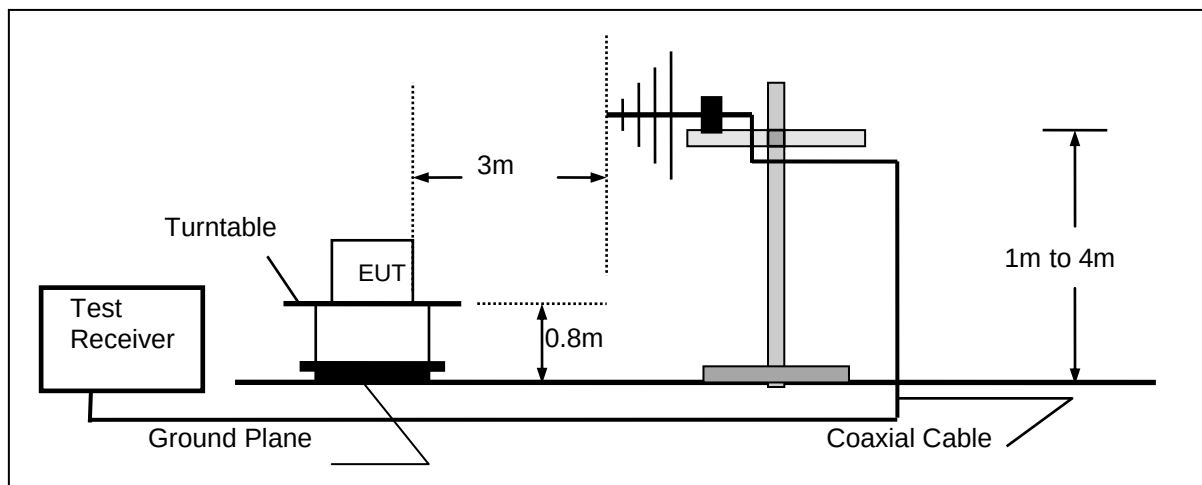
4.2. Radiated Emission

TEST CONFIGURATION

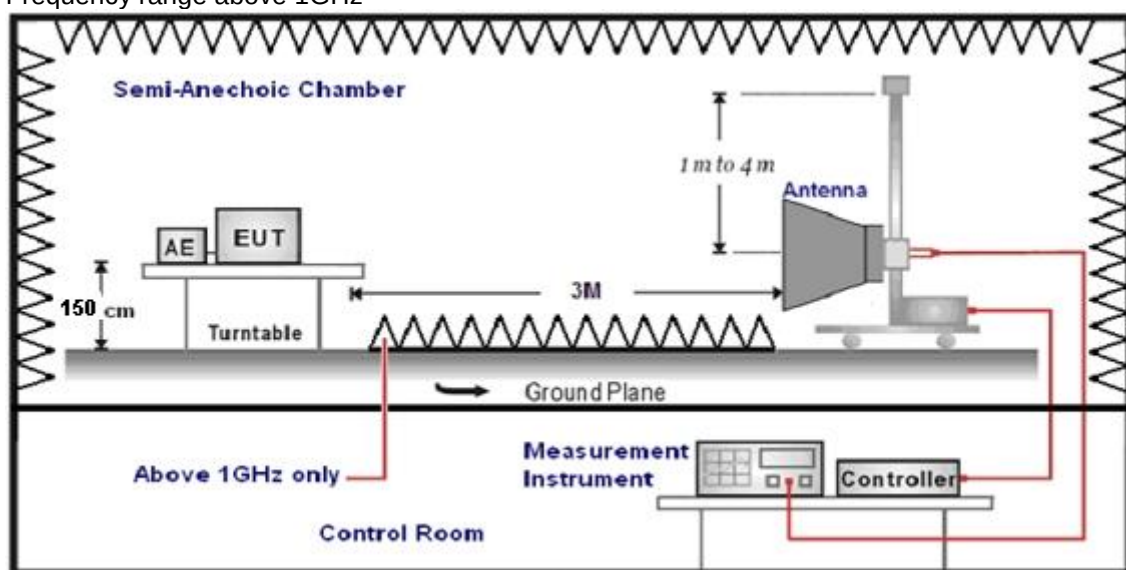
Frequency range 9 KHz – 30MHz



Frequency range 30MHz – 1000MHz



Frequency range above 1GHz



TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane when testing frequency range 9 KHz –1GHz;the EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above ground plane when testing above 1GHz.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed.
5. The EUT minimum operation frequency was 24MHz and maximum operation frequency was 5825MHz.so radiated emission test frequency band from 9KHz to 40GHz.
6. The distance between test antenna and EUT as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Antenna Type	Test Distance
9KHz-30MHz	Active Loop Antenna	3
30MHz-1GHz	Ultra-Broadband Antenna	3
1GHz-18GHz	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	3
18GHz-25GHz	Horn Antenna	1

7. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
9KHz-150KHz	RBW=200Hz/VBW=3KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
150KHz-30MHz	RBW=9KHz/VBW=100KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
30MHz-1GHz	RBW=120KHz/VBW=1000KHz, Sweep time=Auto	QP
1GHz-40GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CL - AG$$

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
AF = Antenna Factor	

$$Transd=AF +CL-AG$$

RADIATION LIMIT

According to §15.407 (b): Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits

Frequency (MHz)	EIRP Limit (dBm)	Equivalent Field Strength at 3m (dBμV/m)
5150-5250	-27	68.2
5250-5350	-27	68.2
5470-5725	-27	68.2
5725-5850	-27 (beyond 10MHz of the bandedge)	68.2
	-17 (within 10 MHz of band edge)	78.2

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dBμV/m)	Radiated (μV/m)
0.009-0.49	3	$20\log(2400/F(KHz))+40\log(300/3)$	$2400/F(KHz)$
0.49-1.705	3	$20\log(24000/F(KHz))+40\log(30/3)$	$24000/F(KHz)$
1.705-30	3	$20\log(30)+40\log(30/3)$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

TEST RESULTS

Remark: We measured Radiated Emission at all mode from 9KHz to 25GHz in AC 120V/60Hz and the worst case was recorded.

Temperature	24.4°C	Humidity	48%
Test Engineer	Evan Ouyang	Configurations	IEEE 802.11ac20 HCH(5240MHz)

For 9 KHz~30MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBuV)	Over Limit (dB)	Over Limit (dBuV)	Remark
-	-	-	-	See Note

Note:

The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20 dB below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

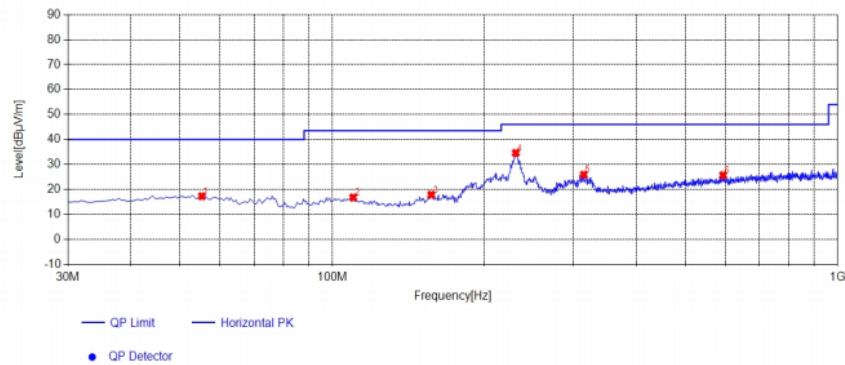
Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log (\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$ (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

For 30MHz-1GHz

Horizontal

Test Graph



Suspected List

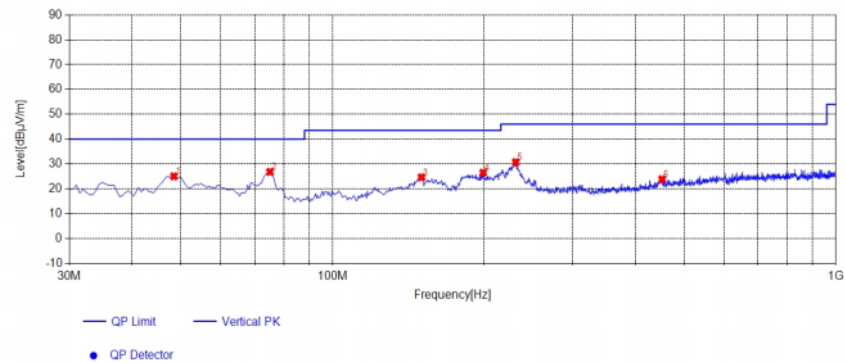
NO.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Result [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Detector	Polarity	Remark
1	55.22	28.44	-11.22	17.22	40.00	22.78	100	330	PK	Horizontal	PASS
2	110.025	28.21	-11.47	16.74	43.50	26.76	100	18	PK	Horizontal	PASS
3	157.07	31.27	-13.45	17.82	43.50	25.68	100	334	PK	Horizontal	PASS
4	230.79	43.86	-9.30	34.56	46.00	11.44	100	308	PK	Horizontal	PASS
5	314.695	32.93	-7.06	25.87	46.00	20.13	100	293	PK	Horizontal	PASS
6	593.57	26.26	-0.61	25.65	46.00	20.35	100	353	PK	Horizontal	PASS

Note:1. Result (dBμV/m) = Reading(dBμV/m) + Factor (dB) .

2. Factor (dB) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) - Pre Amplifier gain (dB).

Vertical

Test Graph



Suspected List

NO.	Frequency [MHz]	Reading [dBμV/m]	Factor [dB]	Result [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]	Height [cm]	Angle [°]	Detector	Polarity	Remark
1	48.43	36.04	-11.03	25.01	40.00	14.99	100	41	PK	Vertical	PASS
2	75.105	40.97	-14.18	26.79	40.00	13.21	100	203	PK	Vertical	PASS
3	150.28	38.78	-14.17	24.61	43.50	18.89	100	132	PK	Vertical	PASS
4	199.265	36.71	-10.25	26.46	43.50	17.04	100	135	PK	Vertical	PASS
5	231.275	40.00	-9.29	30.71	46.00	15.29	100	177	PK	Vertical	PASS
6	451.95	27.59	-3.78	23.81	46.00	22.19	100	139	PK	Vertical	PASS

Note:1. Result (dBμV/m) = Reading(dBμV/m) + Factor (dB) .

2. Factor (dB) = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable loss (dB) - Pre Amplifier gain (dB).

For 1GHz to 40GHz
5150-5250MHz:

IEEE 802.11ac HT20(Worst Case)
802.11ac20 Mode Channel 36 5180 MHz

Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor dB	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	10360	39.89	38.55	33.13	11.26	56.57	68.20	-11.63	Peak	Horizontal
1	10360	31.66	38.55	33.13	11.26	48.34	54.00	-5.66	AV	Horizontal
1	10360	40.48	38.55	33.13	11.26	57.16	68.20	-11.04	Peak	Vertical
1	10360	28.13	38.55	33.13	11.26	44.81	54.00	-9.19	AV	Vertical

802.11ac20 Mode Channel 40 5200 MHz

Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor dB	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	10400	40.05	38.55	33.13	11.26	56.73	68.20	-11.47	Peak	Horizontal
1	10400	31.35	38.55	33.13	11.26	48.03	54.00	-5.97	AV	Horizontal
1	10400	40.60	38.55	33.13	11.26	57.28	68.20	-10.92	Peak	Vertical
1	10400	28.54	38.55	33.13	11.26	45.22	54.00	-8.78	AV	Vertical

802.11ac20 Mode Channel 48 5240 MHz

Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor dB	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	10480	40.69	38.55	33.13	11.26	57.37	68.20	-10.83	Peak	Horizontal
1	10480	31.44	38.55	33.13	11.26	48.12	54.00	-5.88	AV	Horizontal
1	10480	41.43	38.55	33.13	11.26	58.11	68.20	-10.09	Peak	Vertical
1	10480	28.28	38.55	33.13	11.26	44.96	54.00	-9.04	AV	Vertical

5725-5850MHz:

IEEE 802.11ac HT20(Worst Case)
802.11ac20 Mode Channel 149 5745 MHz

Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor dB	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	11490	40.53	38.55	33.13	11.26	57.21	68.20	-10.99	Peak	Horizontal
1	11490	30.15	38.55	33.13	11.26	46.83	54.00	-7.17	AV	Horizontal
1	11490	40.38	38.55	33.13	11.26	57.06	68.20	-11.14	Peak	Vertical
1	11490	28.35	38.55	33.13	11.26	45.03	54.00	-8.97	AV	Vertical

802.11ac20 Mode Channel 157 5785 MHz

Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor dB	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	11570	39.69	38.55	33.13	11.26	56.37	68.20	-11.83	Peak	Horizontal
1	11570	30.68	38.55	33.13	11.26	47.36	54.00	-6.64	AV	Horizontal
1	11570	41.30	38.55	33.13	11.26	57.98	68.20	-10.22	Peak	Vertical
1	11570	28.77	38.55	33.13	11.26	45.45	54.00	-8.55	AV	Vertical

802.11ac20 Mode Channel 165 5825 MHz

Item (Mark)	Freq (MHz)	Read Level (dBμV)	Antenna Factor (dB/m)	PRM Factor dB	Cable Loss (dB)	Result Level (dBμV/m)	Limit Line (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	Polarization
1	11650	39.57	38.55	33.13	11.26	56.25	68.20	-11.95	Peak	Horizontal
1	11650	31.16	38.55	33.13	11.26	47.84	54.00	-6.16	AV	Horizontal
1	11650	41.45	38.55	33.13	11.26	58.13	68.20	-10.07	Peak	Vertical
1	11650	29.04	38.55	33.13	11.26	45.72	54.00	-8.28	AV	Vertical

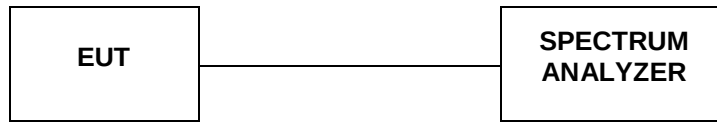
REMARKS:

1. Result Level = Read Level + Antenna Factor + Cable loss - PRM Factor.
2. Margin = Result Level - Limit
3. The other emission levels were very low against the limit.
4. Detector AV is setting spectrum/receiver. RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz/Sweep time=Auto/Detector=Peak;

NOTE: All the modes have been tested and recorded worst mode in the report.

4.3. Duty Cycle

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Duty Cycle (x),
Transmission Duration (T):

- a. A diode detector and an oscilloscope that together have sufficiently short response time to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal
- b. The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver, if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal. Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set $RBW \geq EBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average. The zerospan measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are $> 50/T$, where T is defined in section II.B.1.a), and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if $T \leq 16.7$ microseconds.)

TEST RESULTS

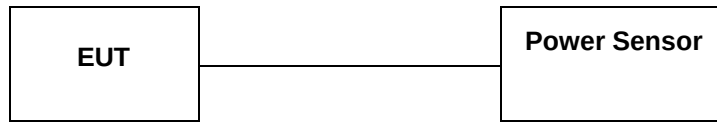
For reporting purpose only.

Please refer to Appendix C.3.

Please refer to Appendix D.3.

4.4. Maximum Average Output Power

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 Measurement using a Power Meter (PM):

- a. Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied
 1. The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle
 2. At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
 3. The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- b. If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B
- c. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10 \log(1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle (e.g., $10 \log(1/0.25)$ if the duty cycle is 25 percent).

LIMIT

According to §15.407(a): The maximum output power should be not exceed follow:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit
5150-5250	Fixed: 1 Watt (30dBm) Mobile and portable: 250mW (24dBm)
5250-5350	250mW (24dBm)
5470-5725	250mW (24dBm)
5725-5850	1 Watt (30dBm)
Note: The maximum e.i.r.p at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125mW(21dBm)	

TEST RESULTS

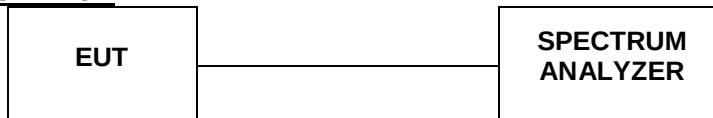
For reporting purpose only.

Please refer to Appendix C.4.

Please refer to Appendix D.4.

4.5. Power Spectral Density

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

According to KDB789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01: The rules requires “maximum power spectral density” measurements where the intent is to measure the maximum value of the time average of the power spectral density measured during a period of continuous transmission

- a. Create an average power spectrum for the EUT operating mode being tested by following the instructions in section II.E.2. for measuring maximum conducted output power using a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver: select the appropriate test method (SA-1, SA-2, SA-3, or alternatives to each) and apply it up to, but not including, the step labeled, “Compute power...”. (This procedure is required even if the maximum conducted output power measurement was performed using a power meter, method PM.)
- b. Use the peak search function on the instrument to find the peak of the spectrum and record its value.
- c. Make the following adjustments to the peak value of the spectrum, if applicable:
 1. If Method SA-2 or SA-2 Alternative was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.
 2.) If Method SA-3 Alternative was used and the linear mode was used in step II.E.2.g)(viii), add 1 dB to the final result to compensate for the difference between linear averaging and power averaging.
- d. The result is the Maximum PSD over 1 MHz reference bandwidth.
- e. For devices operating in the bands 5.15-5.25 GHz, 5.25-5.35 GHz, and 5.47-5.725 GHz, the above procedures make use of 1 MHz RBW to satisfy directly the 1 MHz reference bandwidth specified in § 15.407(a)(5). For devices operating in the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the rules specify a measurement bandwidth of 500 kHz. Many spectrum analyzers do not have 500 kHz RBW, thus a narrower RBW may need to be used. The rules permit the use of a RBWs less than 1 MHz, or 500 kHz, “provided that the measured power is integrated over the full reference bandwidth” to show the total power over the specified measurement bandwidth (i.e., 1 MHz, or 500 kHz). If measurements are performed using a reduced resolution bandwidth (< 1 MHz, or < 500 kHz) and integrated over 1 MHz, or 500 KHz bandwidth, the following adjustments to the procedures apply:
 1. Set $RBW \geq 1/T$, where T is defined in section II.B.I.a).
 2. Set $VBW \geq 3$ RBW.
 3. If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 500 kHz, add $10\log(500\text{kHz}/RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas $RBW (< 500 \text{ KHz})$ is the reduced resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
 4. If measurement bandwidth of Maximum PSD is specified in 1 MHz, add $10\log(1\text{MHz}/RBW)$ to the measured result, whereas $RBW (< 1 \text{ MHz})$ is the reduced resolution bandwidth of spectrum analyzer set during measurement.
 5. Care must be taken to ensure that the measurements are performed during a period of continuous transmission or are corrected upward for duty cycle.

Note: As a practical matter, it is recommended to use reduced RBW of 100 KHz for the sections 5.c) and 5.d) above, since $RBW=100 \text{ KHz}$ is available on nearly all spectrum analyzers.
- f. Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10 \log(1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle (e.g., $10 \log(1/0.25)$ if the duty cycle is 25 percent).

LIMIT

According to §15.407(a): The maximum output power should be not exceed follow:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit
5150-5250	Other then Mobile and portable:17dBm/MHz Mobile and portable:11dBm/MHz
5250-5350	11dBm/MHz
5470-5725	11dBm/MHz
5725-5850	30dBm/500kHz

TEST RESULTS

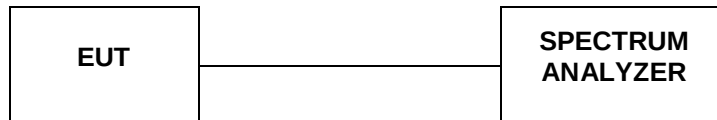
For reporting purpose only.

Please refer to Appendix C.5.

Please refer to Appendix D.5.

4.6. 99% and 6dB Bandwidth

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

6dB Bandwidth:

According to KDB789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 for one of the following procedures may be used for section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 KHz for the band 5.715-5.85 GHz. The following procedure shall be used for measuring this bandwidth:

- Set RBW = 100 kHz.
- Set the video bandwidth (VBW) $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
- Detector = Peak.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Sweep = auto couple.
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

99% Bandwidth:

According to section 6.9.3 of ANSI C63.10-2020+Cor. 1-2023+C63.10a-2024 + Errata to C63.10a-2024, for the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

- The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
- Set RBW = 1%~5% OBW; $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$ (for occupied bandwidth measurement).
- Measured the 6dB bandwidth and 99% occupied bandwidth by related function of the spectrum analyzer.

LIMIT

For Section 15.407(e) specifies the minimum 6 dB emission bandwidth of at least 500 KHz for the band 5.715-5.85 GHz

TEST RESULTS

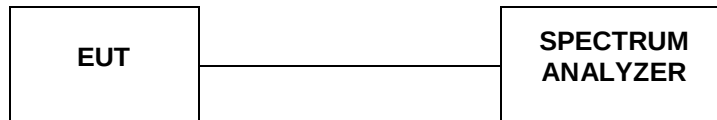
For reporting purpose only.

Please refer to Appendix D.1.

Please refer to Appendix D.2.

4.7. 99% and 26dBc Bandwidth

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

26dBc Bandwidth:

According to KDB789033 D02 General U-NII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 for one of the following procedures may be used for Emission Bandwidth (EBW) measurement:

- Set RBW = 220 kHz/430 kHz /820 kHz (approximately 1% of the emission bandwidth).
- Set the video bandwidth (VBW) = 3* RBW
- Detector = Peak.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Sweep = auto couple.
- Allow the trace to stabilize
- Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1%.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

99% Bandwidth:

According to section 6.9.3 of ANSI C63.10-2020+Cor. 1-2023+C63.10a-2024 + Errata to C63.10a-2024, for the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

- The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
- Set RBW = 1%~5% OBW; VBW $\geq$ 3*RBW (for occupied bandwidth measurement).
- Measured the 6dB bandwidth and 99% occupied bandwidth by related function of the spectrum analyzer.

LIMIT

No Limits for 26dBc Bandwidth

TEST RESULTS

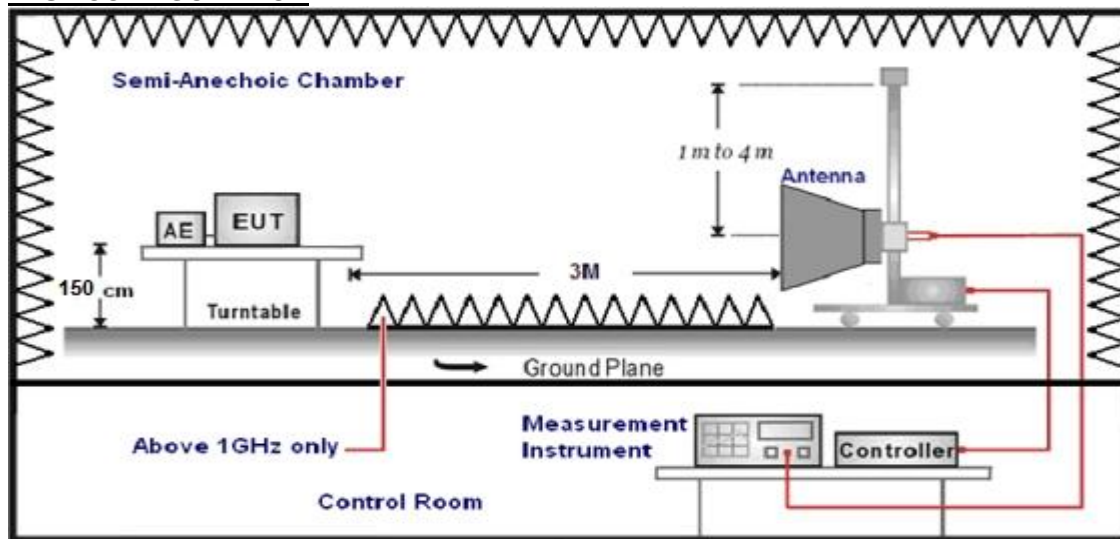
For reporting purpose only.

Please refer to Appendix C.1.

Please refer to Appendix C.2.

4.8. Conducted Spurious Emissions and Band Edge Compliance

TEST CONFIGURATION



LIMIT

20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

Frequency (MHz)	Distance (Meters)	Radiated (dB μ V/m)	Radiated (μ V/m)
0.009-0.49	3	$20\log(2400/F(\text{KHz})) + 40\log(300/3)$	$2400/F(\text{KHz})$
0.49-1.705	3	$20\log(24000/F(\text{KHz})) + 40\log(30/3)$	$24000/F(\text{KHz})$
1.705-30	3	$20\log(30) + 40\log(30/3)$	30
30-88	3	40.0	100
88-216	3	43.5	150
216-960	3	46.0	200
Above 960	3	54.0	500

According to §15.407 (b): Except as shown in paragraph (b)(7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits

Frequency (MHz)	EIRP Limit (dBm)	Equivalent Field Strength at 3m (dB μ V/m)
5150-5250	-27	68.2
5250-5350	-27	68.2
5470-5725	-27	68.2
5725-5850	-27 (beyond 10MHz of the band edge)	68.2
	-17 (within 10 MHz of band edge)	78.2

TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 1.5m above 1GHz.
2. Maximum procedure was performed by raising the receiving antenna from 1m to 4m and rotating the turn table from 0° to 360° to acquire the highest emissions from EUT.
3. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequency measurements have been completed..
5. The distance between test antenna and EUT as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Antenna Type	Test Distance
1GHz-18GHz	Double Ridged Horn Antenna	3

6. Setting test receiver/spectrum as following table states:

Test Frequency range	Test Receiver/Spectrum Setting	Detector
1GHz-18GHz	Peak Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=Auto Average Value: RBW=1MHz/VBW=10Hz, Sweep time=Auto	Peak

Field Strength Calculation

The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor and subtracting the Amplifier Gain and Duty Cycle Correction Factor(if any) from the measured reading. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:

$$FS = RA + AF + CL - AG$$

Where FS = Field Strength	CL = Cable Attenuation Factor (Cable Loss)
RA = Reading Amplitude	AG = Amplifier Gain
AF = Antenna Factor	

TEST RESULTS

Remark:For radiated bandedge We measured at both mode, recorded worst case in antenna 0's 802.11 ac20 mode;

For Radiated Bandedge Measurement

For reporting purpose only.

Please refer to Appendix C.8.

Please refer to Appendix D.8.

For Conducted Band edge Measurement

For reporting purpose only.

Please refer to Appendix C.6.

Please refer to Appendix D.6.

For Conducted Spurious Emissions Measurement

For reporting purpose only.

Please refer to Appendix C.7.

Please refer to Appendix D.7.

4.9. Frequency Stability

Standard Applicable

According to FCC §15.407(g) "Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the user manual."

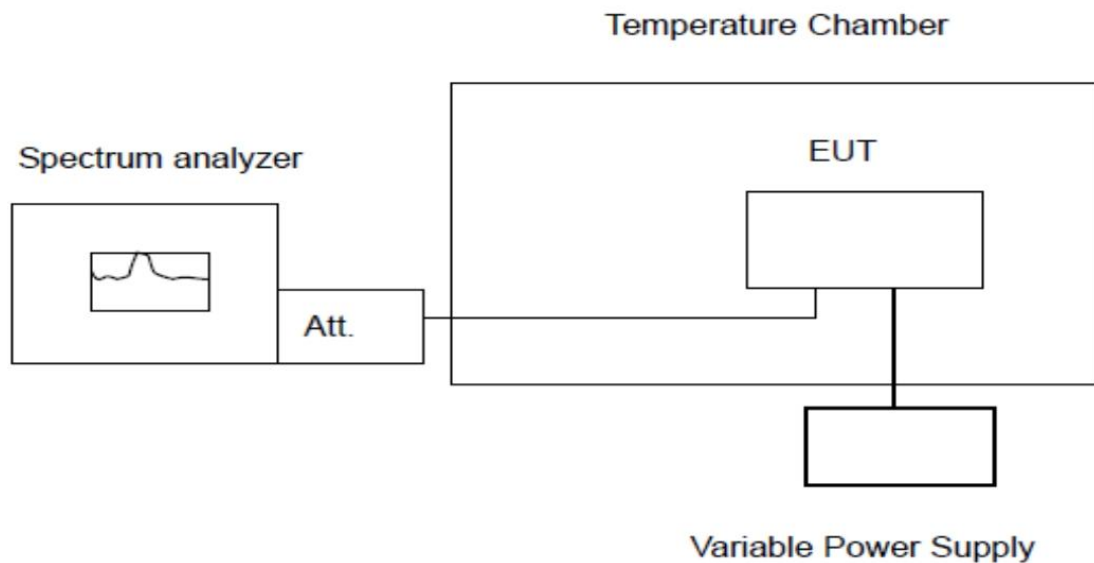
According to FCC §2.1055(a) "The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:"

(1) From -30° to + 50° centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

(2) From -20° to + 50° centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Maritime Services under part 80 of this chapter, except for Class A, B, and S Emergency Position Indicating Radiobeacons (EPIRBS), and equipment to be licensed for use above 952 MHz at operational fixed stations in all services, stations in the Local Television Transmission Service and Point-to-Point Microwave Radio Service under part 21 of this chapter, equipment licensed for use aboard aircraft in the Aviation Services under part 87 of this chapter, and equipment authorized for use in the Family Radio Service under part 95 of this chapter.

(3) From 0° to + 50° centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Radio Broadcast Services under part 73 of this chapter.

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The equipment under test was connected to an external AC or DC power supply and input rated voltage. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum analyzer via feed through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure EUT 20 degree operating frequency as reference frequency. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to -30 degree. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency. Repeat step measure with 10 degree increased per stage until the highest temperature of +50 degree reached.

Test Results

PASS

Remark:

1. Measured all conditions and recorded worst case.

IEEE 802.11a Mode / 5180 – 5240 MHz / 5180 MHz

Environment Temperature (Degree)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit Range (MHz)	Test Results
20	DC 5.5V	5171.611964	5150 – 5250	PASS
20	DC 4.5V	5171.612893	5150 – 5250	PASS
50	DC 5.0V	5171.664551	5150 – 5250	PASS
40	DC 5.0V	5171.570199	5150 – 5250	PASS
30	DC 5.0V	5171.686579	5150 – 5250	PASS
20	DC 5.0V	5171.698657	5150 – 5250	PASS
10	DC 5.0V	5171.670104	5150 – 5250	PASS
0	DC 5.0V	5171.520740	5150 – 5250	PASS
-10	DC 5.0V	5171.680342	5150 – 5250	PASS
-20	DC 5.0V	5171.561089	5150 – 5250	PASS
-30	DC 5.0V	5171.654900	5150 – 5250	PASS

IEEE 802.11a Mode / 5180 – 5240 MHz / 5240 MHz

Environment Temperature (Degree)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit Range (MHz)	Test Results
20	DC 5.5V	5248.655513	5150 – 5250	PASS
20	DC 4.5V	5248.583087	5150 – 5250	PASS
50	DC 5.0V	5248.574639	5150 – 5250	PASS
40	DC 5.0V	5248.617373	5150 – 5250	PASS
30	DC 5.0V	5248.570167	5150 – 5250	PASS
20	DC 5.0V	5248.600785	5150 – 5250	PASS
10	DC 5.0V	5248.641695	5150 – 5250	PASS
0	DC 5.0V	5248.634679	5150 – 5250	PASS
-10	DC 5.0V	5248.630064	5150 – 5250	PASS
-20	DC 5.0V	5248.551114	5150 – 5250	PASS
-30	DC 5.0V	5248.653456	5150 – 5250	PASS

IEEE 802.11a Mode / 5745 – 5825 MHz / 5745 MHz

Enviroment Temperature (Dregree)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit Range (MHz)	Test Results
20	DC 5.5V	5736.620541	5725 – 5850	PASS
20	DC 4.5V	5736.504779	5725 – 5850	PASS
50	DC 5.0V	5736.542956	5725 – 5850	PASS
40	DC 5.0V	5736.627390	5725 – 5850	PASS
30	DC 5.0V	5736.512759	5725 – 5850	PASS
20	DC 5.0V	5736.591738	5725 – 5850	PASS
10	DC 5.0V	5736.536164	5725 – 5850	PASS
0	DC 5.0V	5736.561869	5725 – 5850	PASS
-10	DC 5.0V	5736.539755	5725 – 5850	PASS
-20	DC 5.0V	5736.661410	5725 – 5850	PASS
-30	DC 5.0V	5736.672402	5725 – 5850	PASS

IEEE 802.11a Mode / 5745 – 5825 MHz / 5825 MHz

Enviroment Temperature (Dregree)	Voltage (V)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Limit Range (MHz)	Test Results
20	DC 5.5V	5833.542206	5725 – 5850	PASS
20	DC 4.5V	5833.521016	5725 – 5850	PASS
50	DC 5.0V	5833.653920	5725 – 5850	PASS
40	DC 5.0V	5833.545768	5725 – 5850	PASS
30	DC 5.0V	5833.660525	5725 – 5850	PASS
20	DC 5.0V	5833.564735	5725 – 5850	PASS
10	DC 5.0V	5833.507944	5725 – 5850	PASS
0	DC 5.0V	5833.528749	5725 – 5850	PASS
-10	DC 5.0V	5833.684995	5725 – 5850	PASS
-20	DC 5.0V	5833.560745	5725 – 5850	PASS
-30	DC 5.0V	5833.590059	5725 – 5850	PASS

4.10. Antenna Requirement

Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

Antenna Information

The antenna used for this product is FPC Antenna and that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device, the maximum peak gain of the transmit antenna is only 4.16dBi.

Reference to the Test Report: **GTS20260616002-1-01.**

5. TEST SETUP PHOTOS OF THE EUT

Reference to the test report No. GTS20260616002-1-01.

6. EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL PHOTOS OF THE EUT

Reference to the test report No. GTS20260616002-1-01.

.....End of Report.....