

8# SAR Measurement at Band 5 (850) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 31/8/2026

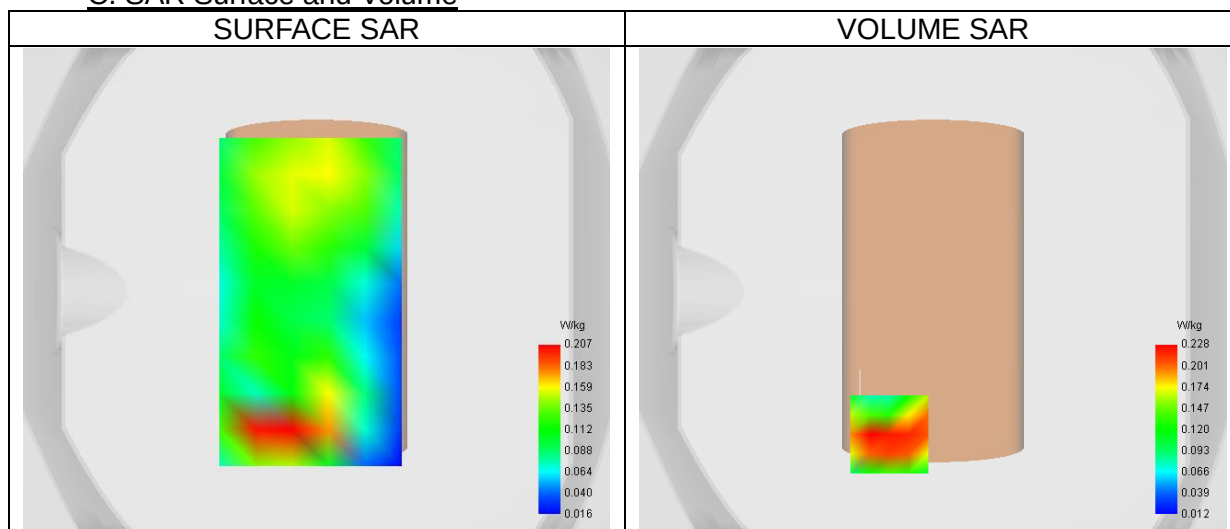
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	3423-EPGO-426
ConvF	2.32
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band 5 (850)
Signal	WCDMA
Channels/Frequency	Middle (4182)/ frequency 836.40 Mhz
Mode	Release 99
Connection Type	RMC, 12.2 kbps

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	836.40
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.62
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.54
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91

C. SAR Surface and Volume



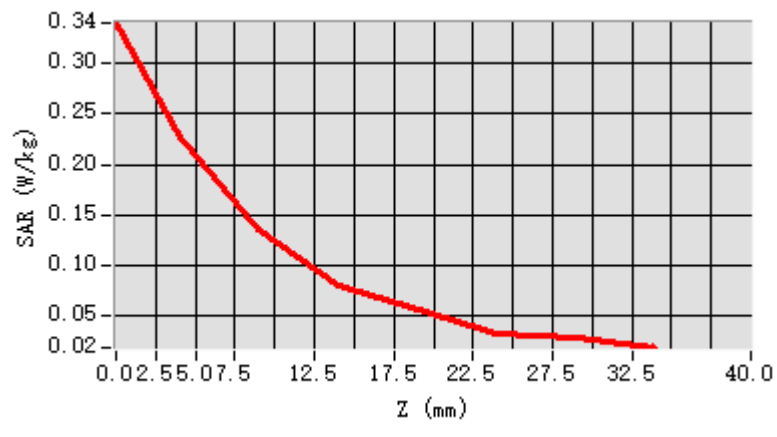
Maximum location: X=-18.00, Y=-59.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.35 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

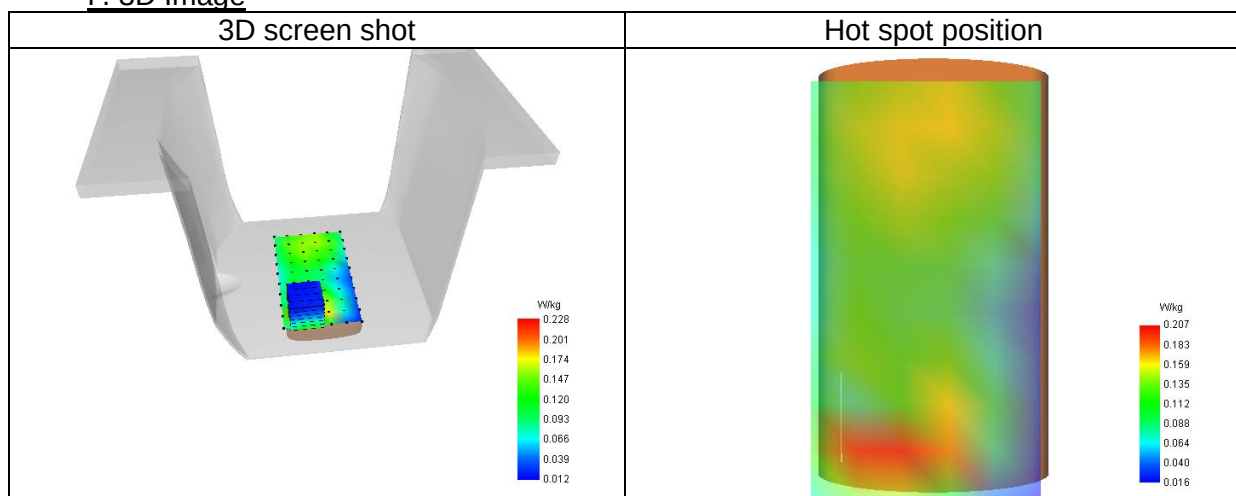
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.125
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.221
Variation (%)	-0.03
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	16.00
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	60.39

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.340	0.228	0.136	0.079	0.056	0.033	0.029



F. 3D Image



9# SAR Measurement at LTE band 2 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 30/8/2026

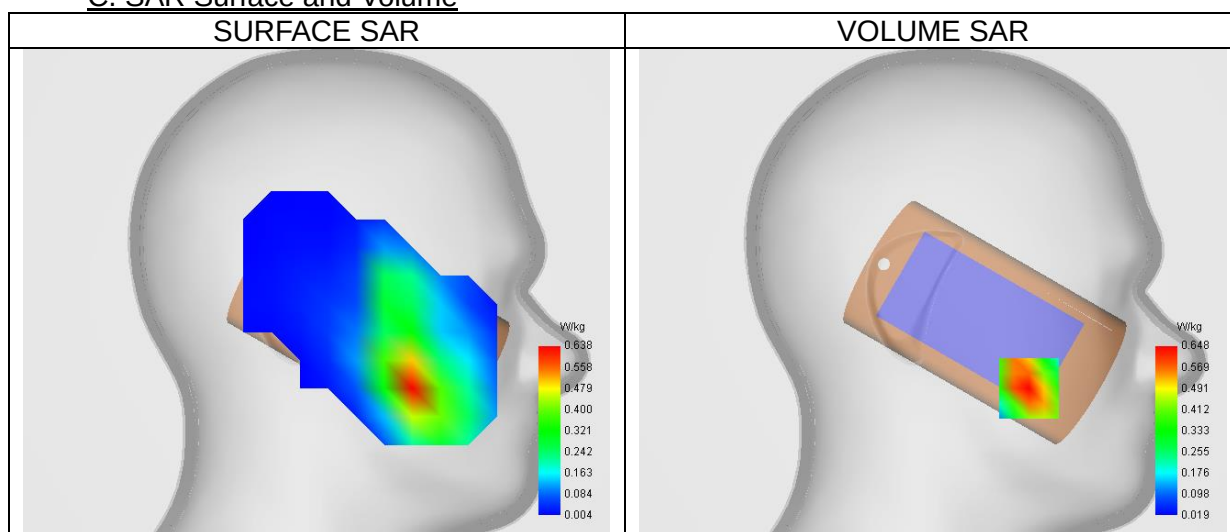
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	3423-EPGO-426
ConvF	2.63
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm, Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 2
Signal	LTE FDD
Channel Center [EARFCN] / Channel Center [MHz]	Middle (18900)/ frequency 1880.00 Mhz
Cell Bandwidth	20 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM - QPSK
Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1880.00

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1880.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.17
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.89
Conductivity (S/m)	1.45

C. SAR Surface and Volume



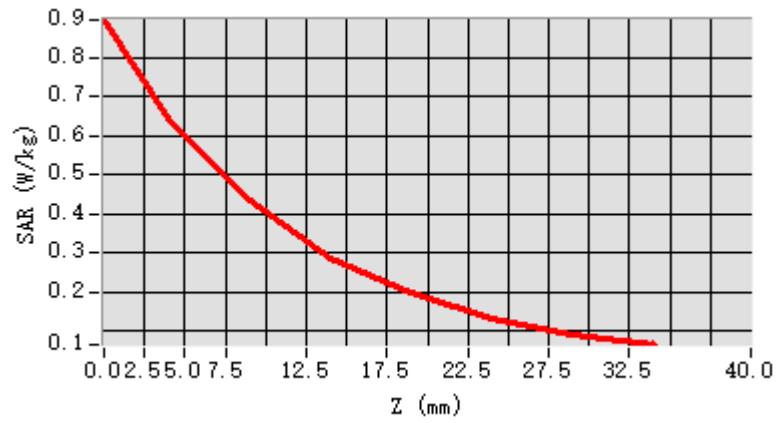
Maximum location: X=-51.00, Y=-51.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.94 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.376
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.626
Variation (%)	4.24
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	17.89
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	66.90

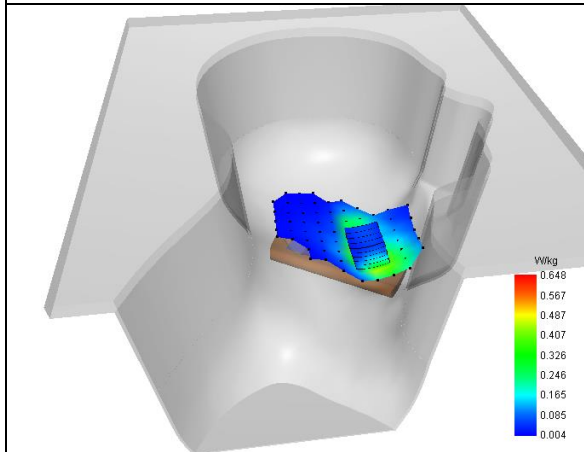
E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.897	0.648	0.433	0.287	0.197	0.135	0.091

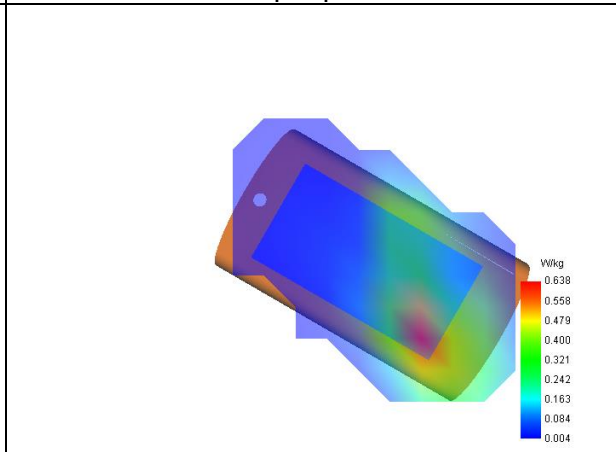


F. 3D Image

3D screen shot



Hot spot position



10# SAR Measurement at LTE band 2 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 30/8/2026

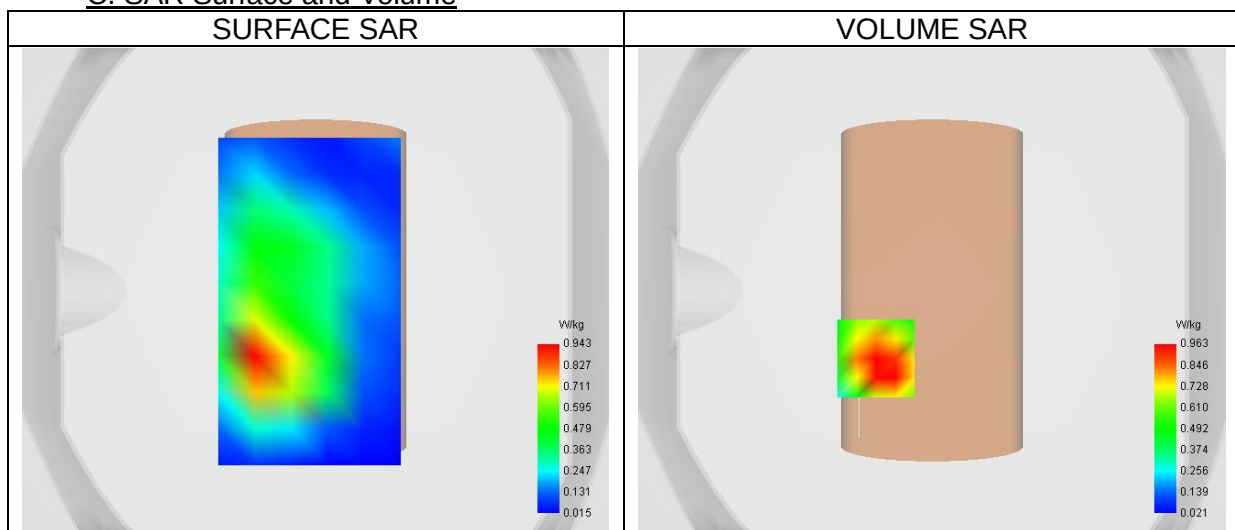
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	3423-EPGO-426
ConvF	2.63
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 2
Signal	LTE FDD
Channel Center [EARFCN] / Channel Center [MHz]	Middle (18900)/ frequency 1880.00 Mhz
Cell Bandwidth	20 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM - QPSK
Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1880.00

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1880.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.17
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.89
Conductivity (S/m)	1.45

C. SAR Surface and Volume



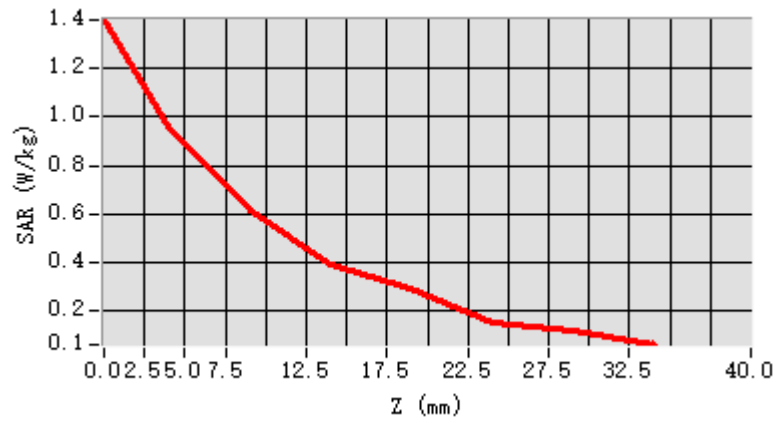
Maximum location: X=-23.00, Y=-28.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.60 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

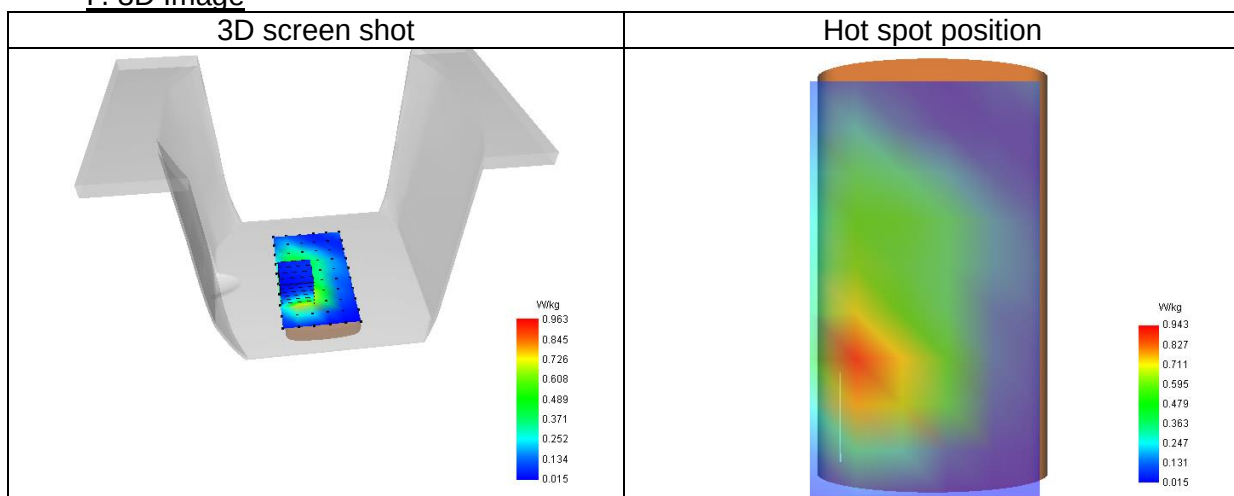
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.567
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.896
Variation (%)	-1.29
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	17.89
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	71.12

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.396	0.963	0.618	0.392	0.293	0.157	0.117



F. 3D Image



11# SAR Measurement at LTE band 4 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 19/8/2026

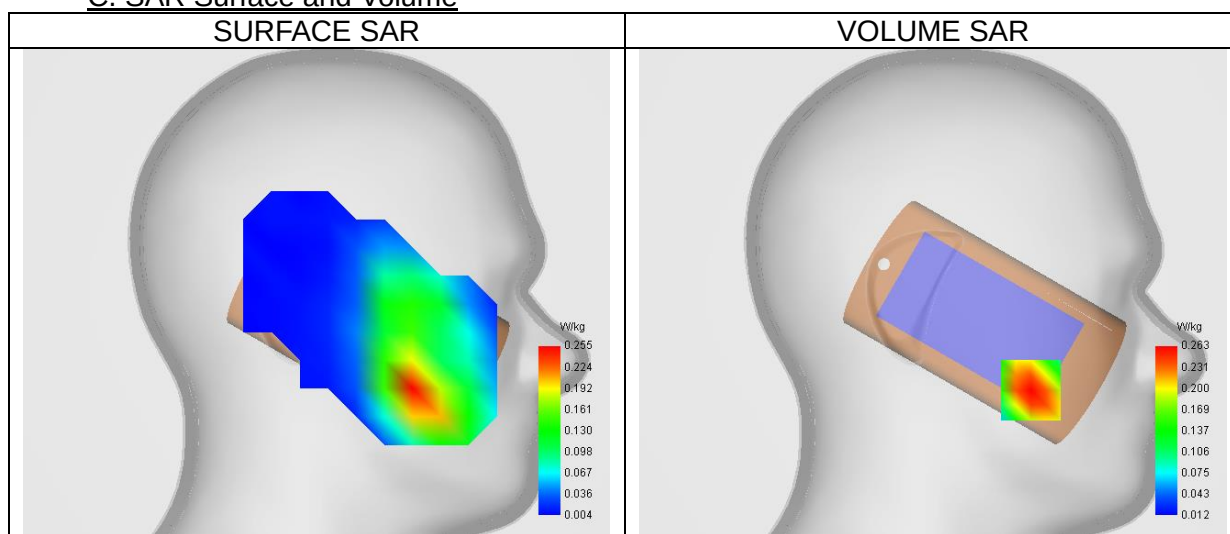
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	3423-EPGO-426
ConvF	2.45
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm, Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	LTE band 4
Signal	LTE FDD
Channel Center [EARFCN] / Channel Center [MHz]	Middle (20175)/ frequency 1732.50 Mhz
Cell Bandwidth	20 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM - QPSK
Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1732.50

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1732.50
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.83
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.49
Conductivity (S/m)	1.30

C. SAR Surface and Volume



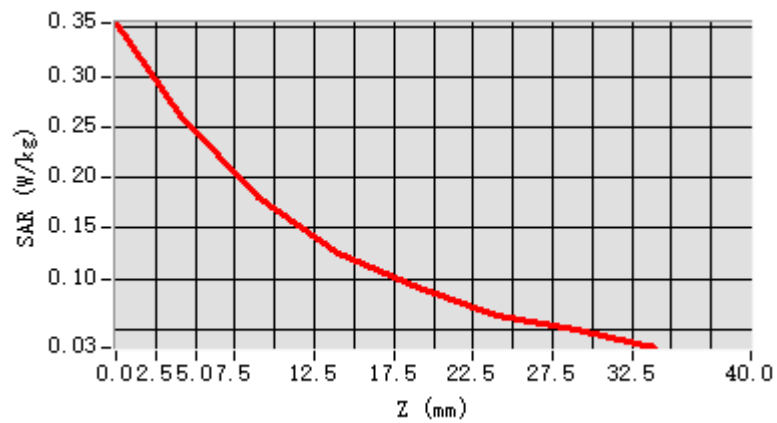
Maximum location: X=-52.00, Y=-52.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.36 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

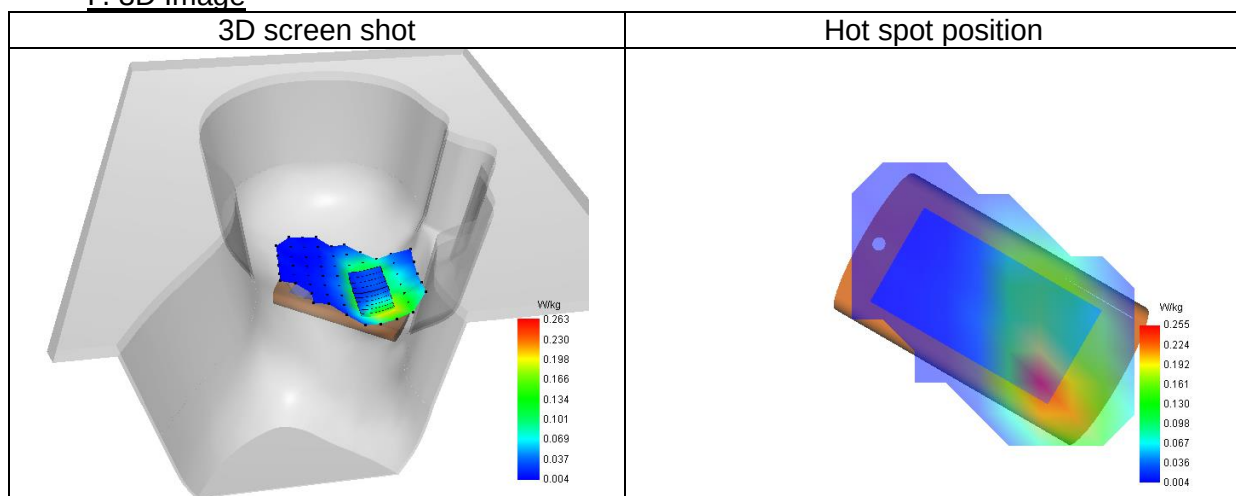
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.159
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.249
Variation (%)	-4.84
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	17.89
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	68.50

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.353	0.263	0.180	0.126	0.091	0.063	0.049



F. 3D Image



12# SAR Measurement at LTE band 4 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 19/8/2026

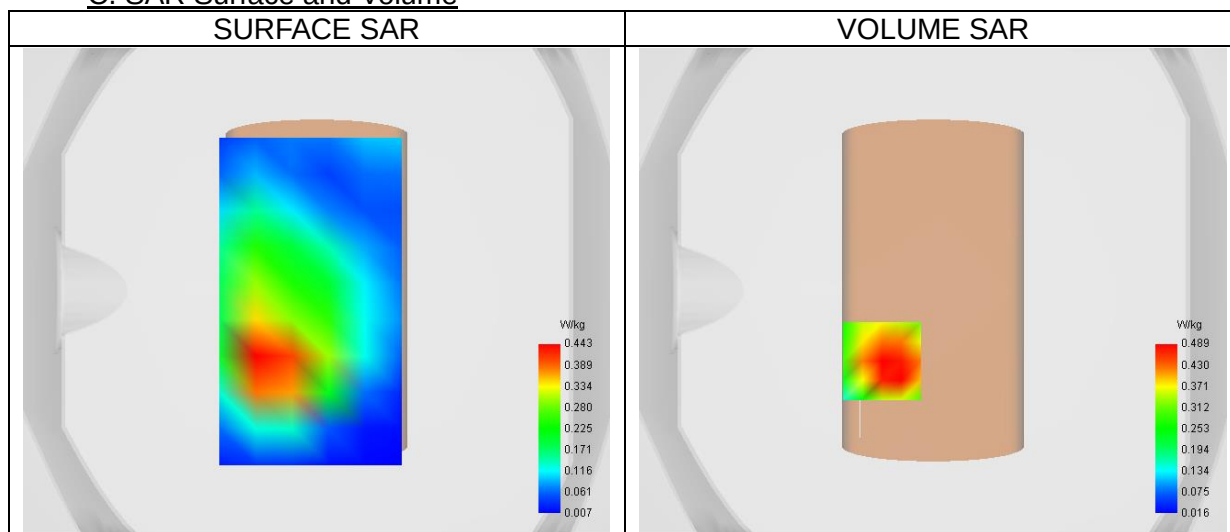
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	3423-EPGO-426
ConvF	2.45
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	5x5x7, dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm, Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 4
Signal	LTE FDD
Channel Center [EARFCN] / Channel Center [MHz]	Middle (20175)/ frequency 1732.50 Mhz
Cell Bandwidth	20 Mhz
Modulation	SC-OFDM - QPSK
Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1732.50

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1732.50
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.83
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.49
Conductivity (S/m)	1.30

C. SAR Surface and Volume



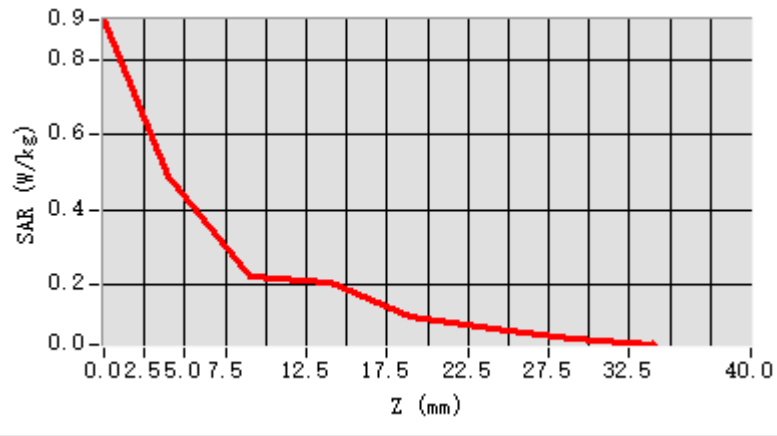
Maximum location: X=-21.00, Y=-29.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.72 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

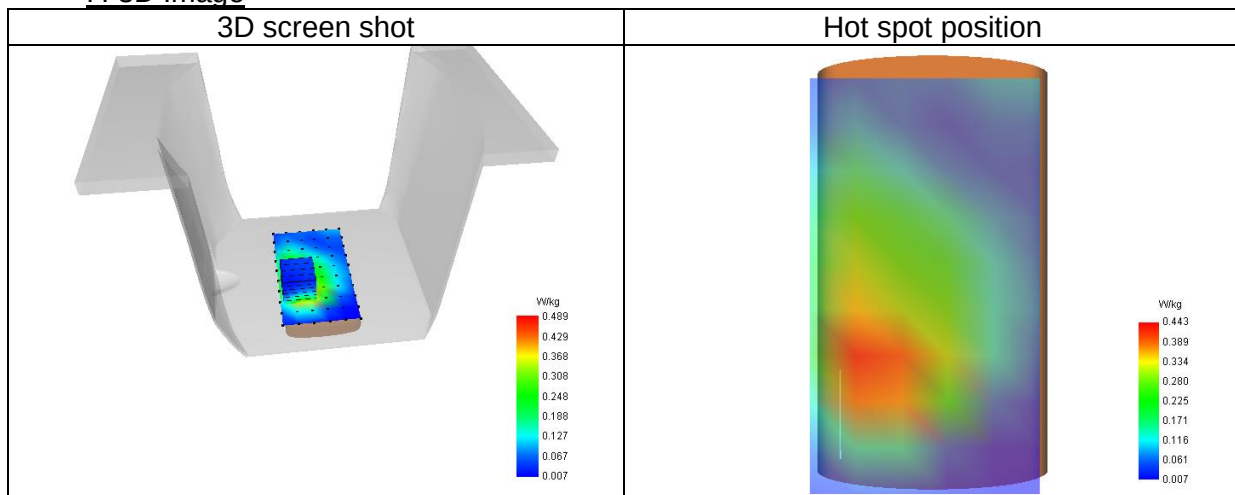
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.292
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.474
Variation (%)	-2.25
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	24.00
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	77.17

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.904	0.489	0.222	0.208	0.119	0.086	0.057



F. 3D Image



13# SAR Measurement at U-NII-1 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 25/8/2026

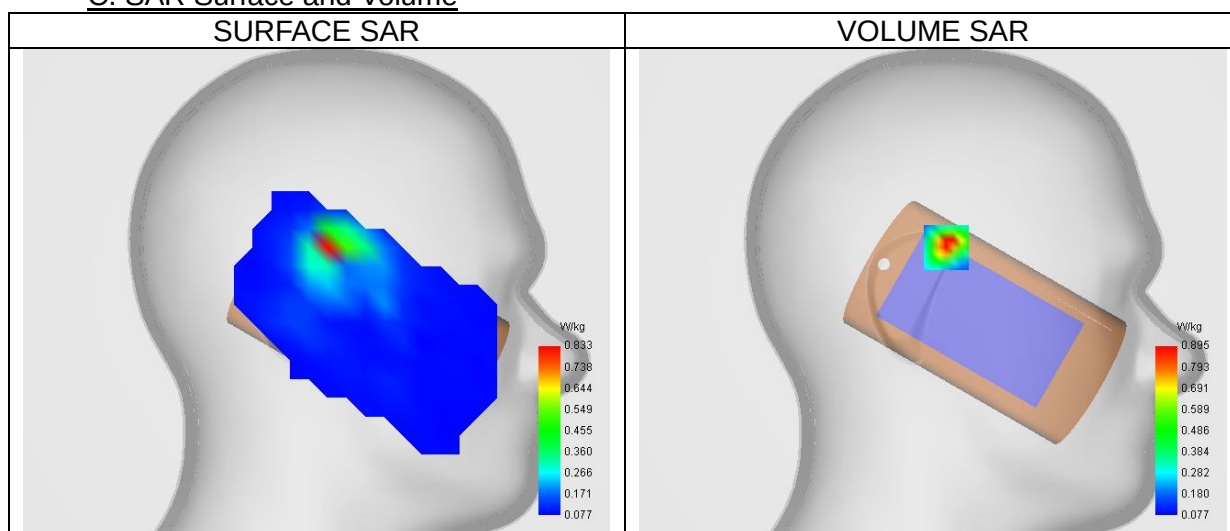
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	3423-EPGO-426
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	U-NII-1
Signal	IEEE 802.11 a
Channels/Frequency	Middle (40)/ frequency 5200.00 Mhz

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	5200.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.10
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.58
Conductivity (S/m)	4.50

C. SAR Surface and Volume



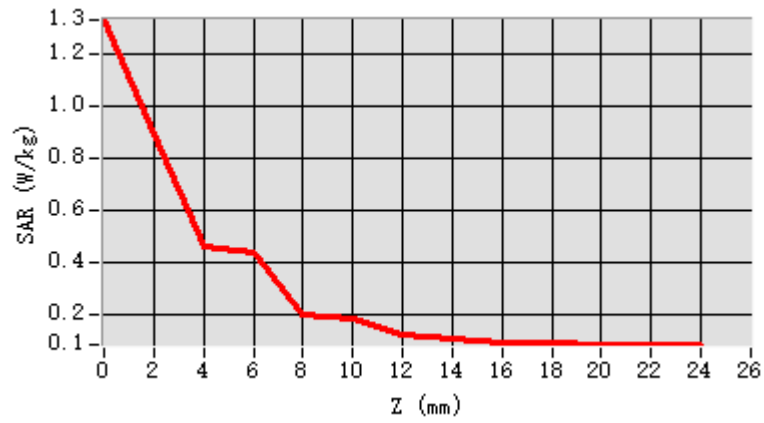
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=24.00 ; SAR Peak: 2.18 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.265
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.701
Variation (%)	2.60
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	8.00
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	74.24

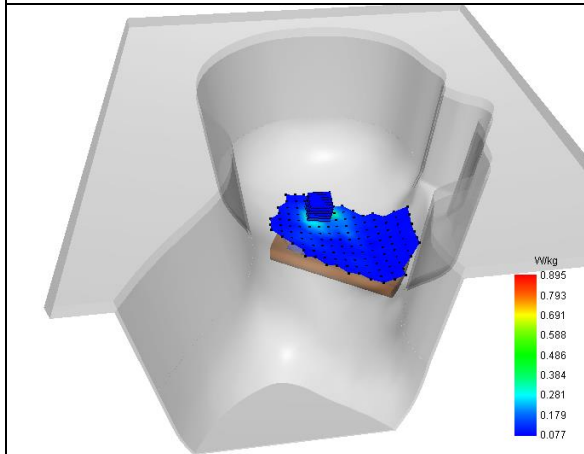
E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	20.0	22.0
SAR (W/Kg)	1.33 4	0.89 5	0.46 5	0.43 6	0.20 3	0.18 6	0.12 0	0.11 0	0.09 0	0.09 0	0.08 3	0.08 5

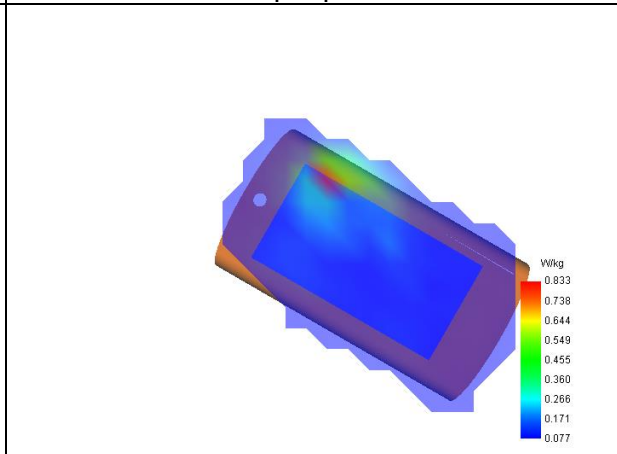


F. 3D Image

3D screen shot



Hot spot position



14# SAR Measurement at U-NII-1 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 25/8/2026

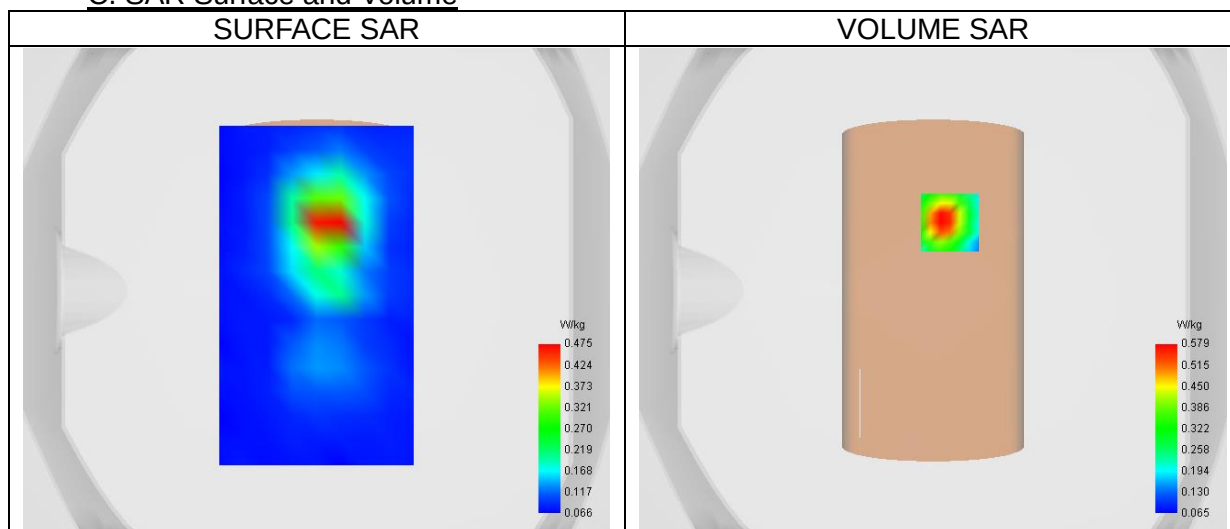
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	3423-EPGO-426
ConvF	2.07
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	U-NII-1
Signal	IEEE 802.11 a
Channels/Frequency	Middle (40)/ frequency 5200.00 Mhz

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	5200.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.10
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.58
Conductivity (S/m)	4.50

C. SAR Surface and Volume



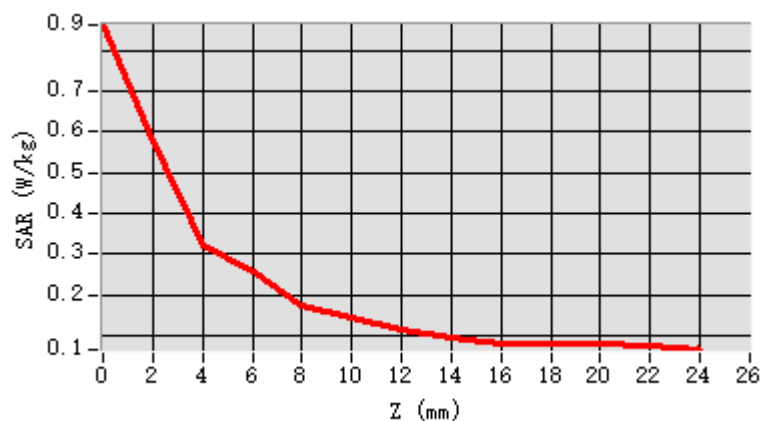
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=28.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.84 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

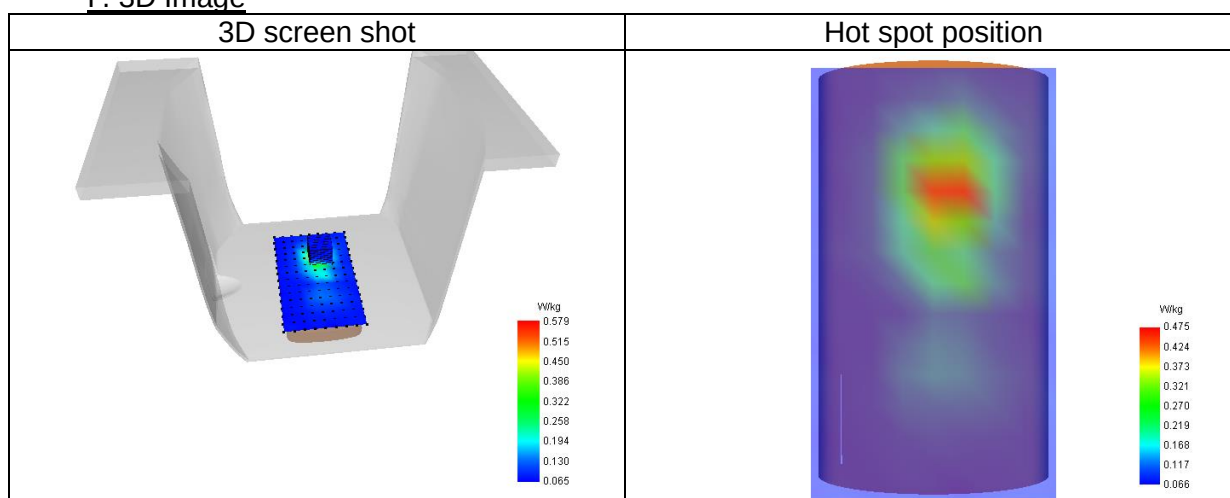
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.161
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.374
Variation (%)	-3.86
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	12.00
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	69.71

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	20.0	22.0
SAR (W/Kg)	0.86 3	0.57 9	0.31 9	0.25 8	0.17 5	0.14 3	0.11 2	0.09 6	0.08 0	0.07 9	0.07 9	0.07 7



F. 3D Image



15# SAR Measurement at U-NII-2a (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 5/9/2026

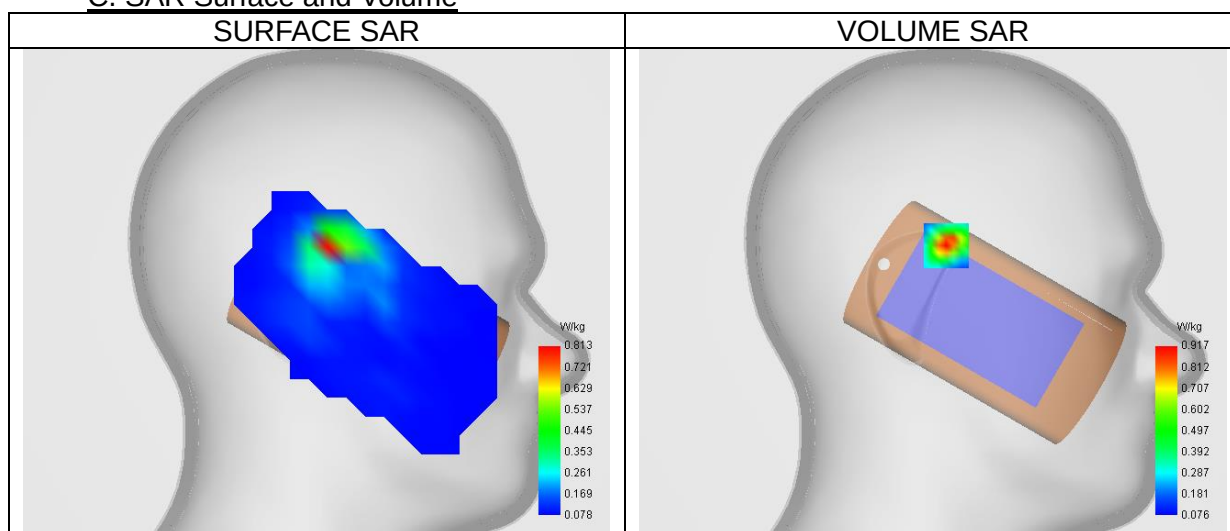
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 07/25 EPGO448
ConvF	1.45
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	U-NII-2a
Signal	IEEE 802.11 n
Channels/Frequency	Middle (56)/ frequency 5280.00 Mhz

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	5280.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.55
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.77
Conductivity (S/m)	4.63

C. SAR Surface and Volume



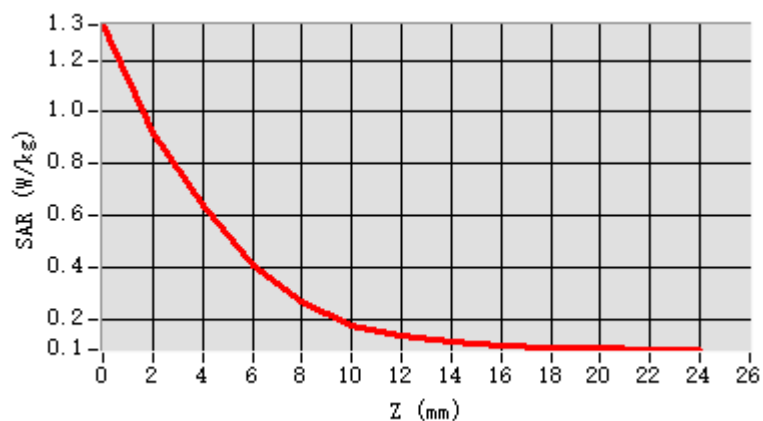
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=25.00 ; SAR Peak: 2.18 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.278
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.712
Variation (%)	3.89
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	8.00
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	69.55

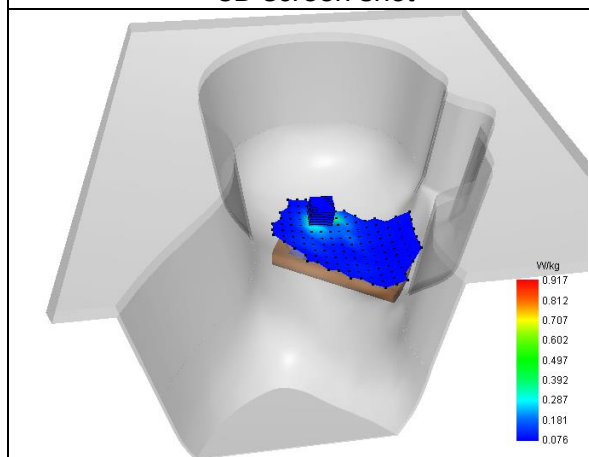
E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	20.0	22.0
						0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SAR (W/Kg)	1.33	0.91	0.63	0.40	0.26	0.17	0.13	0.11	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.08
	6	7	8	4	8	3	3	3	4	9	9	4

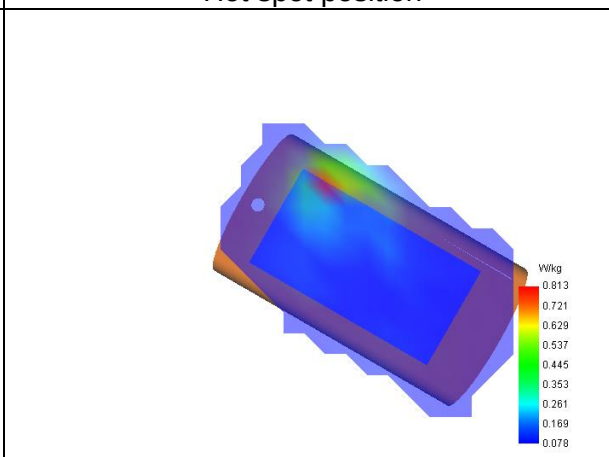


F. 3D Image

3D screen shot



Hot spot position



16# SAR Measurement at U-NII-2a (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 5/9/2026

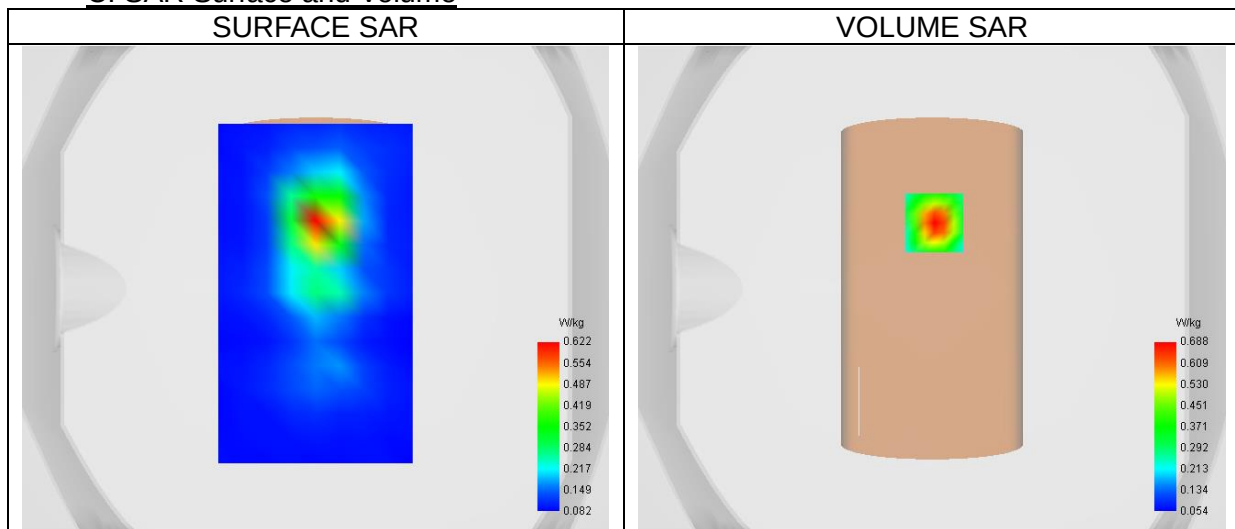
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 07/25 EPGO448
ConvF	1.45
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	U-NII-2a
Signal	IEEE 802.11 a
Channels/Frequency	Middle (56)/ frequency 5280.00 Mhz

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	5280.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	34.55
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	15.77
Conductivity (S/m)	4.63

C. SAR Surface and Volume



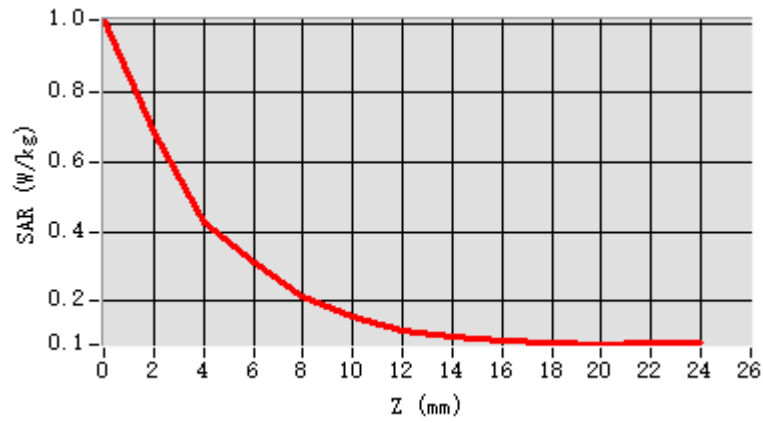
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=27.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.11 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

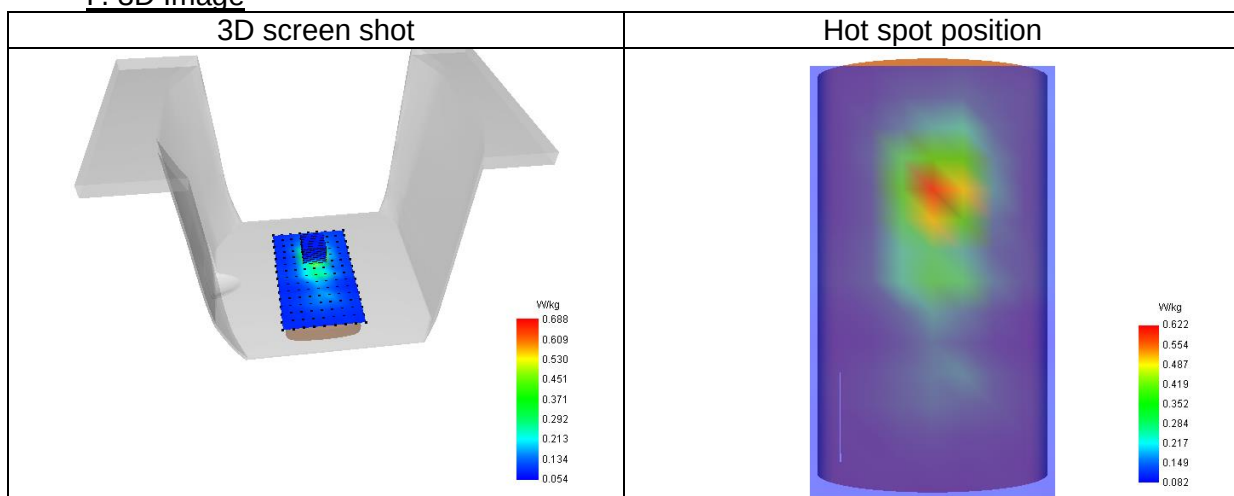
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.202
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.447
Variation (%)	-2.07
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	12.00
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	62.24

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	20.0	22.0
SAR (W/Kg)	1.00 9	0.68 8	0.42 8	0.31 1	0.21 3	0.15 7	0.11 7	0.09 9	0.08 4	0.08 1	0.07 5	0.07 8



F. 3D Image



17# SAR Measurement at U-NII-3 (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 26/8/2026

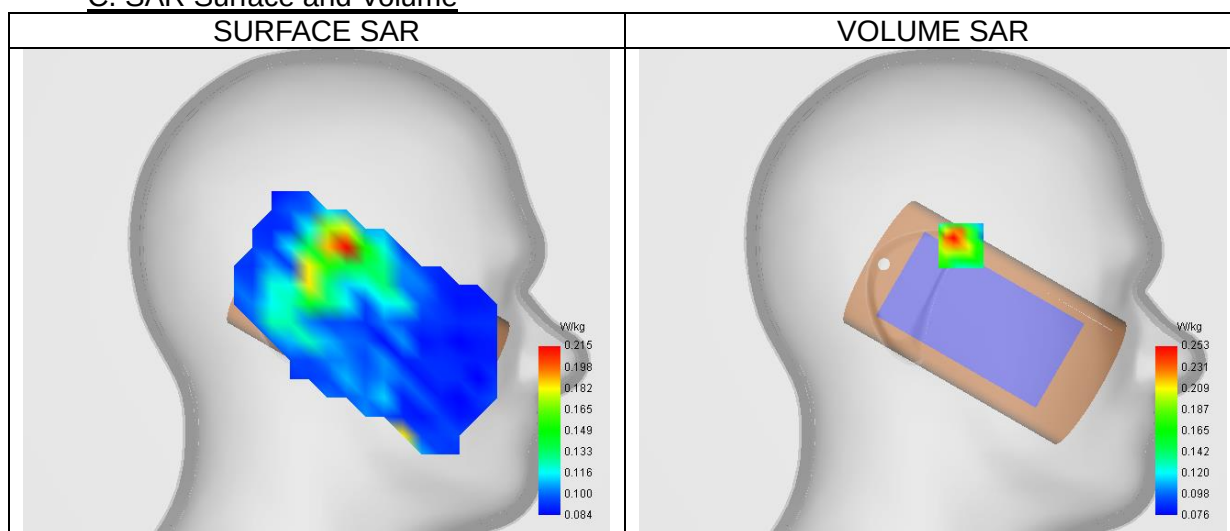
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	3423-EPGO-426
ConvF	2.04
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	U-NII-3
Signal	IEEE 802.11 a
Channels/Frequency	Middle (159)/ frequency 5795.00 Mhz

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	5795.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.91
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.66
Conductivity (S/m)	5.36

C. SAR Surface and Volume



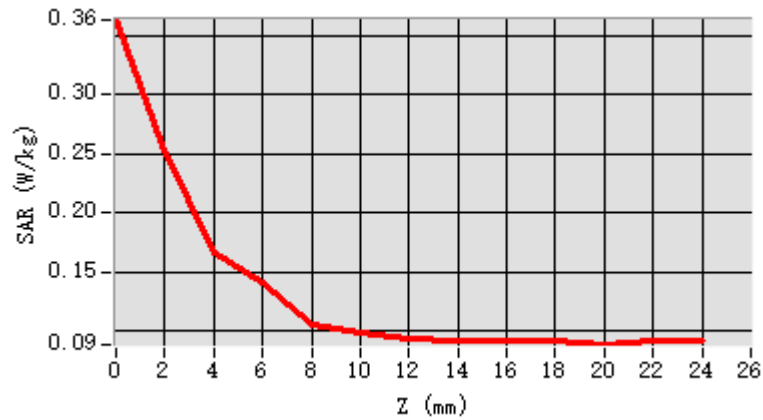
Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=25.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.47 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.122
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.227
Variation (%)	0.94
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	11.31
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	76.13

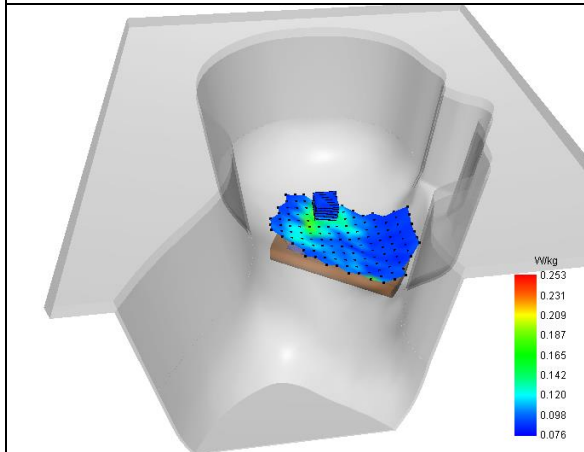
E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	20.0	22.0
SAR (W/Kg)	0.36 3	0.25 3	0.16 6	0.14 1	0.10 6	0.09 8	0.09 4	0.09 1	0.09 1	0.09 1	0.08 9	0.09 2

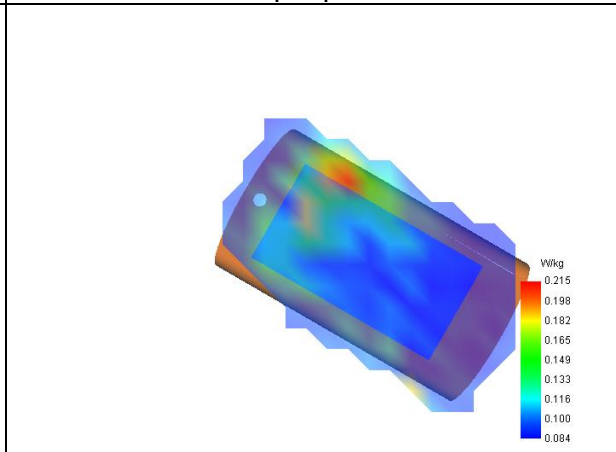


F. 3D Image

3D screen shot



Hot spot position



18# SAR Measurement at U-NII-3 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 26/8/2026

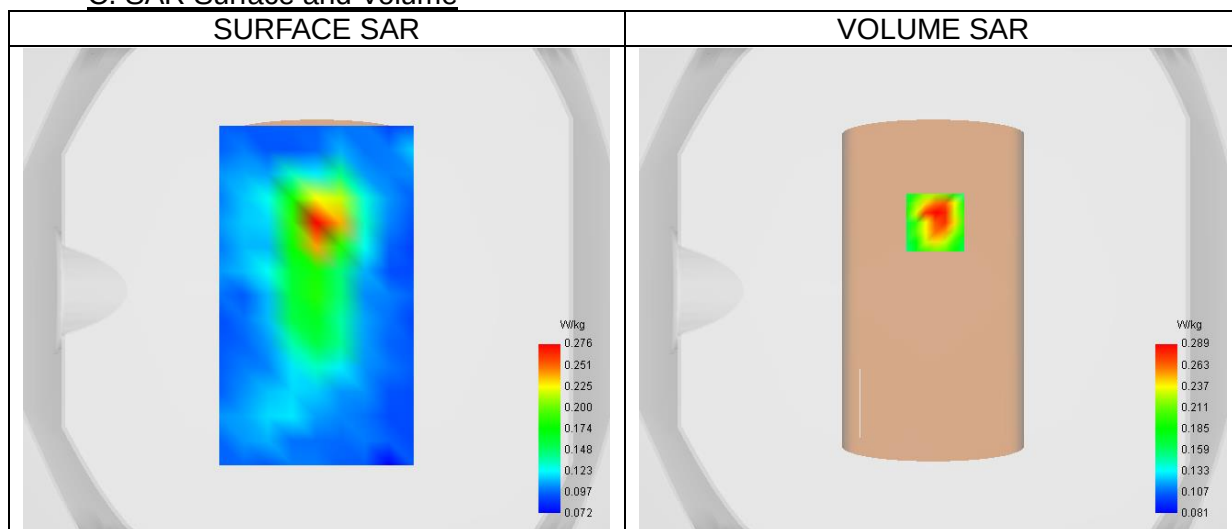
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	3423-EPGO-426
ConvF	2.04
Area Scan	dx=10mm dy=10mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2.0mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	U-NII-3
Signal	IEEE 802.11 n
Channels/Frequency	Middle (159)/ frequency 5795.00 Mhz

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	5795.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.91
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.66
Conductivity (S/m)	5.36

C. SAR Surface and Volume



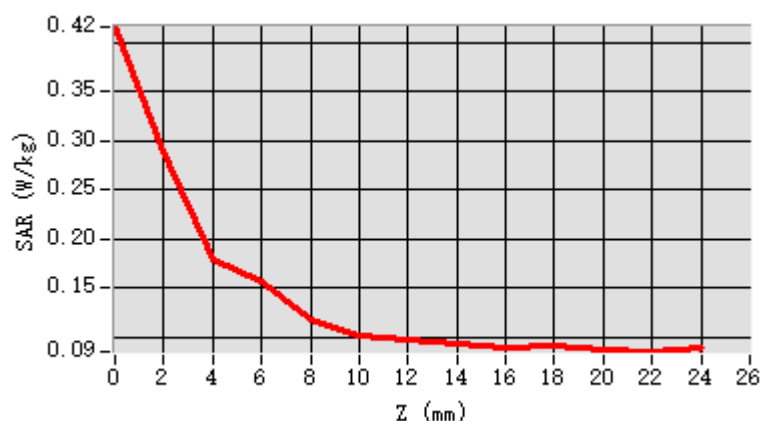
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=28.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.44 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

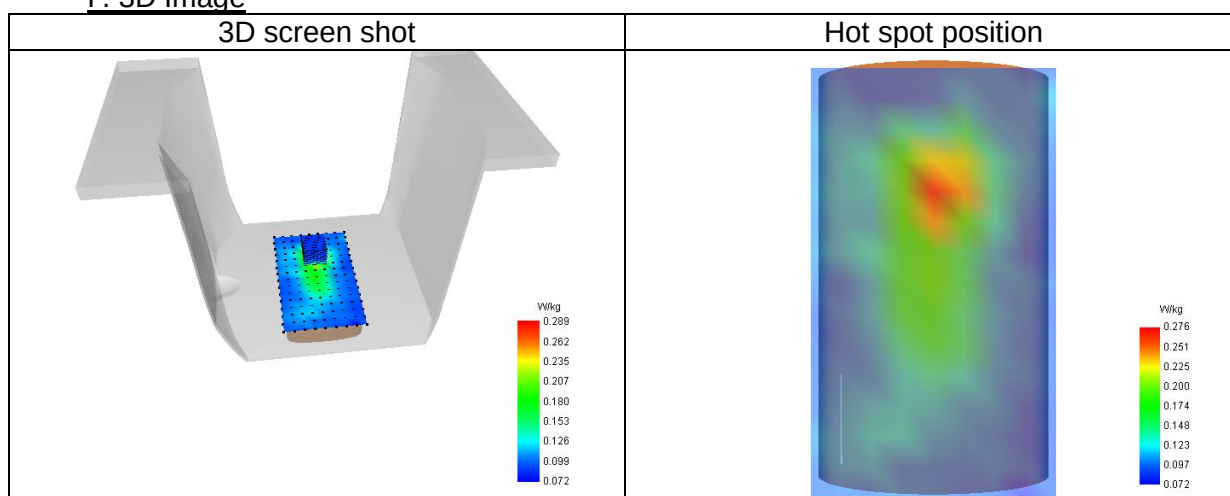
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.112
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.200
Variation (%)	1.52
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	11.31
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	76.13

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.0	12.0	14.0	16.0	18.0	20.0	22.0
SAR (W/Kg)	0.416	0.289	0.179	0.157	0.117	0.102	0.097	0.093	0.088	0.092	0.088	0.085



F. 3D Image



19# SAR Measurement at ISM (Cheek, Left)

Date of measurement: 12/9/2026

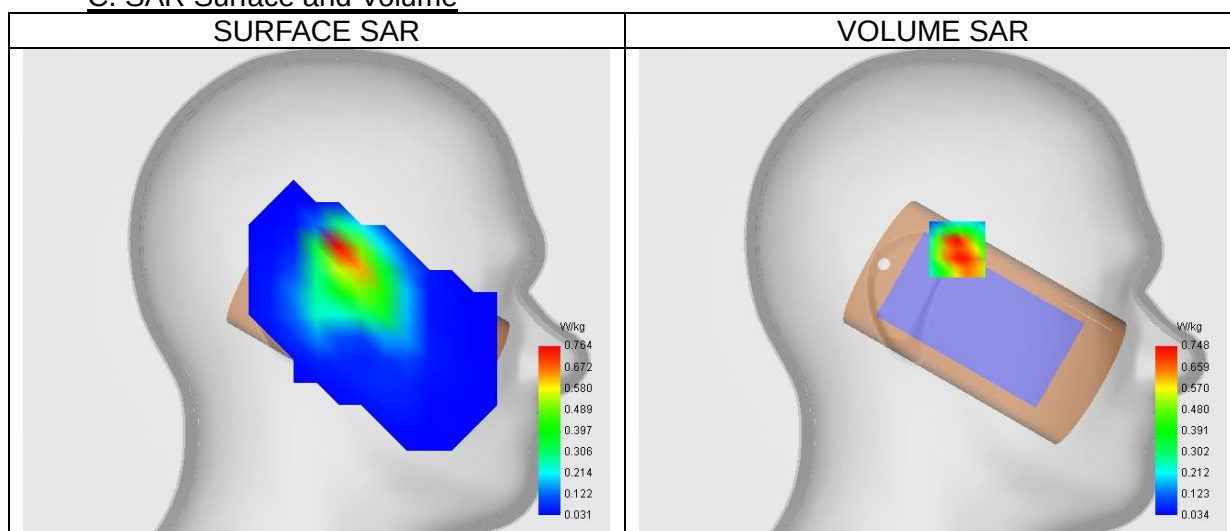
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 07/25 EPGO448
ConvF	1.62
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5.0mm,Complete
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	ISM
Signal	IEEE 802.11 b
Channels/Frequency	Middle (1)/ frequency 2412.00 Mhz

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	2412.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.47
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.88
Conductivity (S/m)	1.73

C. SAR Surface and Volume



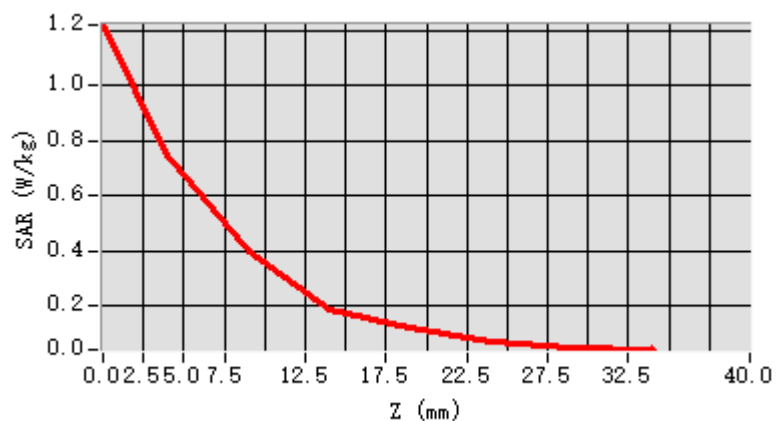
Maximum location: X=-13.00, Y=23.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.33 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.307
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.656
Variation (%)	-0.36
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	7.07
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	54.66

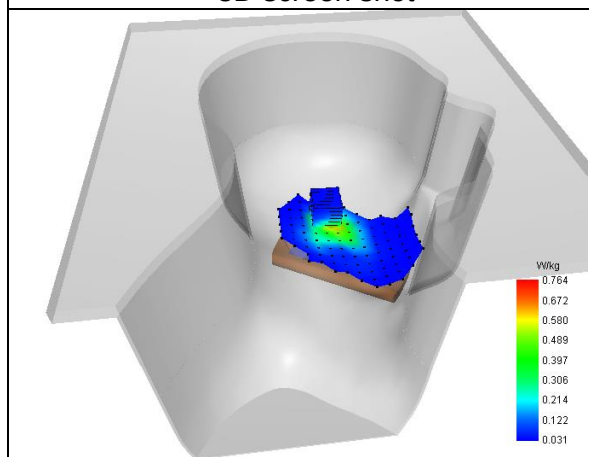
E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.221	0.748	0.396	0.190	0.119	0.072	0.050

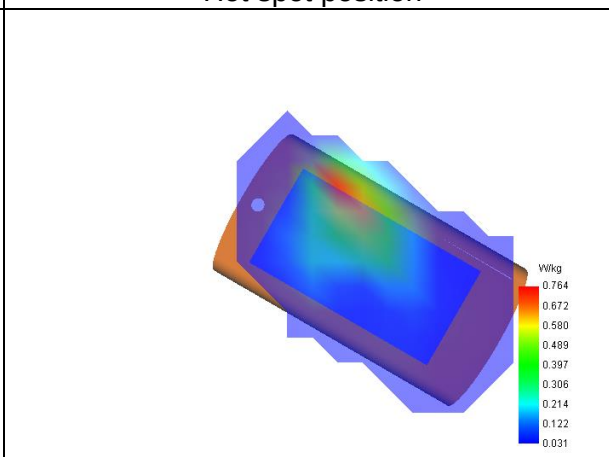


F. 3D Image

3D screen shot



Hot spot position



20# SAR Measurement at ISM (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 12/9/2026

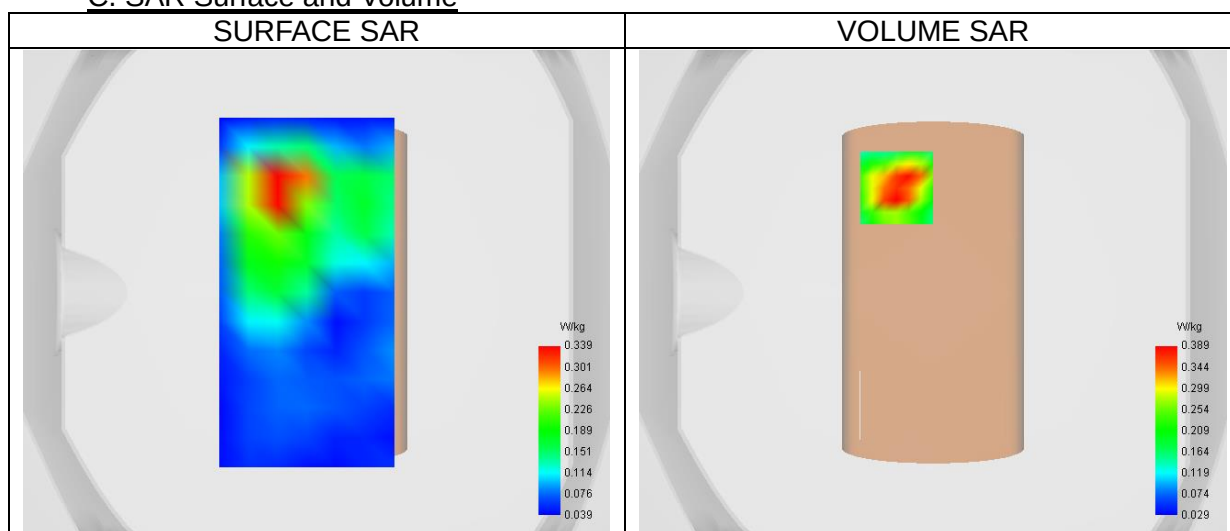
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 07/25 EPGO448
ConvF	1.62
Area Scan	dx=12mm dy=12mm, Complete
Zoom Scan	7x7x7,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=5.0mm,Complete
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	ISM
Signal	IEEE 802.11 b
Channels/Frequency	Middle (1)/ frequency 2412.00 Mhz

B. Permittivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	2412.00
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.47
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	12.88
Conductivity (S/m)	1.73

C. SAR Surface and Volume



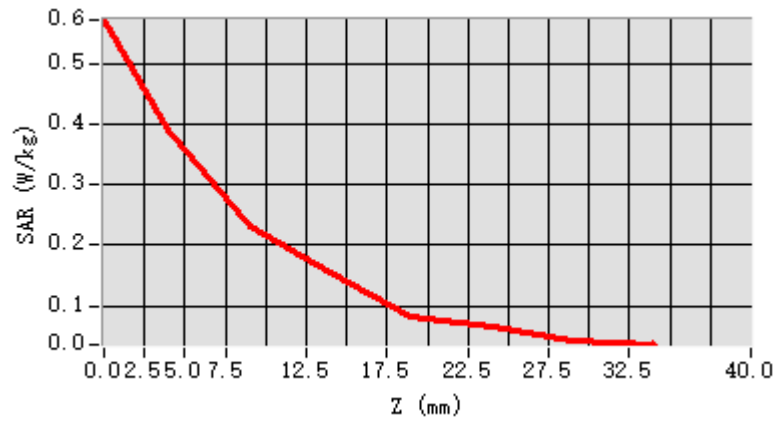
Maximum location: X=-15.00, Y=43.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.60 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

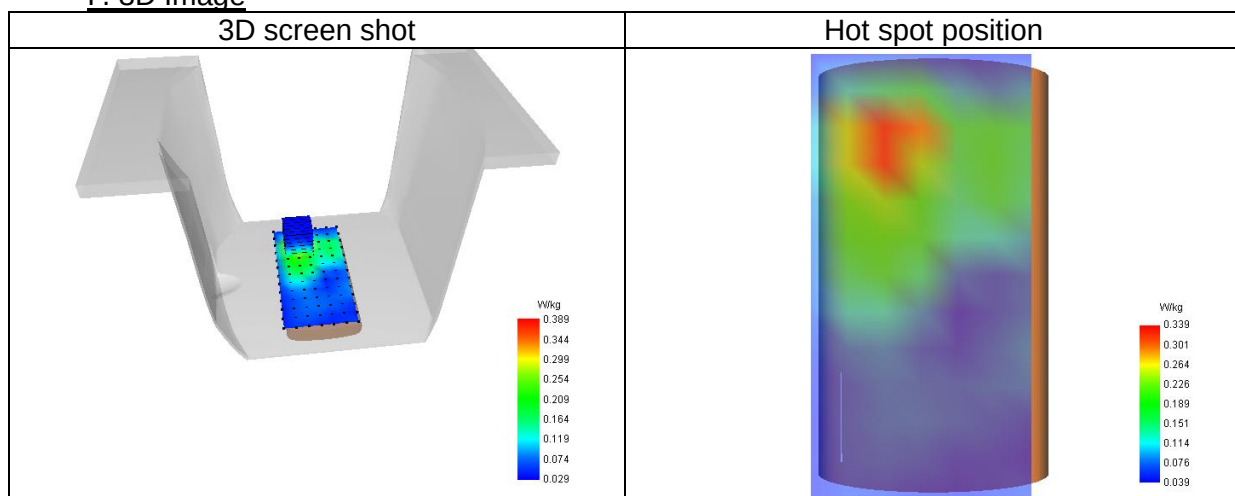
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.198
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.350
Variation (%)	-1.71
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	15.81
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	64.90

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.572	0.389	0.232	0.155	0.081	0.066	0.041



F. 3D Image



6. Appendix D. Calibration Certificate

Table of contents
E Field Probe - 3423-EPGO-426
835 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 0G835-347
1800 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G800-349
1900 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 1G900-350
2450 MHz Dipole - SN 03/15 DIP 2G450-352
5000-6000 MHz Dipole - SN 13/14 WGA 33
Justification of the extended calibration

**COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.BES.A

**SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY
CO., LTD.**
BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: 3423-EPGO-426

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 10/12/2025

Accreditations #02-6789
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Cyrille ONNEE	Measurement Responsible	10/12/205	
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	10/12/205	
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	10/12/205	

Yann

Signature
numérique de
Yann Toutain IDToutain ID Date: 2023.10.11
09:33:27 +02'00'

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Cyrille ONNEE	10/12/205	Initial release



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.BES.A

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.BES.A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	3423-EPGO-426
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-7.5GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.261 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.213 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.233 MΩ

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	2 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	1 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their effect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore-mentioned standards.

3.1 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards for frequency range 600-7500MHz and using the calorimeter cell method (transfer method) as outlined in the standards for frequency 150-450 MHz.



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.BES.A

3.2 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.3 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.4 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and $d_{be} + d_{step}$ along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{unc, boundary} [\%] = \Delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-\delta(d_{be} + d_{step})})}{\delta/2} \text{ for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

SAR _{uncertainty}	is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
d_{be}	is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre
Δ_{step}	is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
δ	is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14 \text{ mm}$ at 3 GHz;
ΔSAR_{be}	in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SAR_{uncertainty}[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit ,2%).



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.BES.A

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with a SAR probe calibration using the waveguide or calorimetric cell technique depending on the frequency.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-11% for the frequency range 150-450MHz.

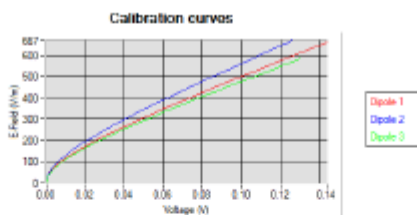
The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-14% for the frequency range 600-7500MHz.

5 CALIBRATION RESULTS

Ambient condition	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 CALIBRATION IN AIR

The following curve represents the measurement in waveguide of the voltage picked up by the probe toward the E-field generated inside the waveguide.



From this curve, the sensitivity in air is calculated using the below formula.

$$E^2 = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{V_i (1 + V_i / DCP_i)}{Norm_i}$$

where

V_i =voltage readings on the 3 channels of the probe

DCP_i =diode compression point given below for the 3 channels of the probe

$Norm_i$ =dipole sensitivity given below for the 3 channels of the probe



COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.BES.A

Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
0.78	0.62	0.85

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
105	108	107

5.2 CALIBRATION IN LIQUID

The calorimeter cell or the waveguide is used to determine the calibration in liquid using the formula below.

$$ConvF = \frac{E_{liquid}^2}{E_{air}^2}$$

The E-field in the liquid is determined from the SAR measurement according to the below formula.

$$E_{liquid}^2 = \frac{\rho SAR}{\sigma}$$

where

σ =the conductivity of the liquid

ρ =the volumetric density of the liquid

SAR=the SAR measured from the formula that depends on the setup used. The SAR formulas are given below

For the calorimeter cell (150-450 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = c \frac{dT}{dt}$$

where

c =the specific heat for the liquid

dT/dt =the temperature rises over the time

For the waveguide setup (600-75000 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = \frac{a P_W}{ab\delta} e^{-\frac{az}{\delta}}$$

where

a =the larger cross-sectional of the waveguide

b =the smaller cross-sectional of the waveguide

δ =the skin depth for the liquid in the waveguide

P_W =the power delivered to the liquid

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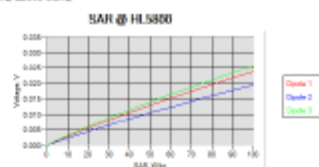
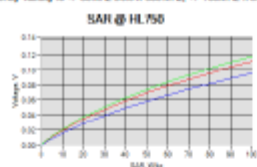
COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.RES.A

The below table summarize the ConvF for the calibrated liquid. The curves give examples for the measured SAR depending on the voltage in some liquid.

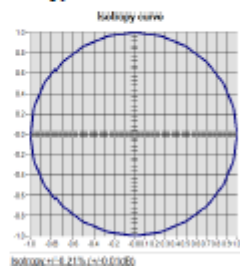
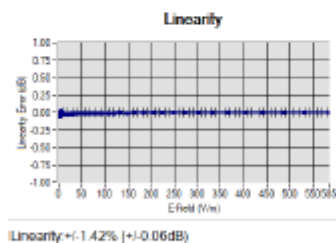
Liquid	Frequency (MHz)	ConvF
HL750	750	2.37
HL850	835	2.32
HL900	900	2.23
HL1800	1800	2.45
HL1900	1900	2.63
HL2000	2000	2.83
HL2300	2300	2.81
HL2450	2450	2.85
HL2600	2600	2.65
HL3300	3300	2.21
HL3500	3500	2.20
HL3700	3700	2.11
HL3900	3900	2.40
HL4200	4200	2.40
HL4800	4800	2.33
HL4900	4900	2.37
HL5200	5200	2.07
HL5400	5400	2.11
HL5600	5600	2.20
HL5800	5800	2.04

(*) Frequency validity is +/-50MHz below 900MHz, +/-100MHz from 900MHz to 6500MHz and +/-100MHz above 6500MHz



6 VERIFICATION RESULTS

The figures below represent the measured linearity and axial isotropy for this probe. The probe specification is +/-0.2 dB for linearity and +/-0.15 dB for axial isotropy.





COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.RES.A

7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2026
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2025	07/2028
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2025	03/2028
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2024	06/2027
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2025	10/2028
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Fluoroptic Thermometer	LumaSense Luxtron 812	94264	09/2025	09/2028
Coaxial cell	MVG	SN 32/16 COAXCELL_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG2_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_06800_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.261.11.25.BES.A

Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG14_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_7G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2024	06/2027



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

**SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY
CO., LTD.**

**BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA**

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15DIP0G835-347

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

Calibration date: 02/21/2024



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref : ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Pedro Ruiz	Measurement Responsible	2/22/2024	
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/22/2024	
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/27/2024	

Yann
Toutain IDSignature numérique
de Yann Toutain ID
Date : 2024.02.27
08:55:11 +01'00'

	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Pedro Ruiz	2/22/2024	Initial release



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID835
Serial Number	SN 03/15DIP0G835-347
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

4.1 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

4.2 S11 PARAMETER REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a S11 of -20 dB or better. The S11 measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.3 SAR REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore-mentioned standards.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

5.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

For the measurement in the range 0-300mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/-0.20 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

For the measurement in the range 300-450mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/-0.44 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

5.2 S11 PARAMETER

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the S11 parameter in linear is +/-0.08 with respect to measurement conditions.

5.3 SAR

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the 1g and 10g SAR measurement in W/kg is +/-19% with respect to measurement conditions.

Page: 5/8

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

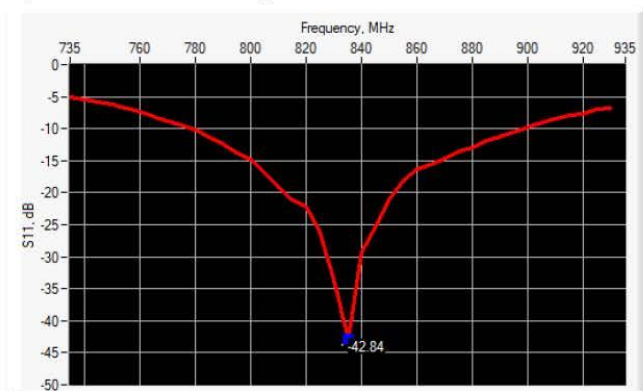
6 CALIBRATION RESULTS

6.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

L mm		h mm		d mm	
Measured	Required	Measured	Required	Measured	Required
-	161.00 +/- 2%	-	89.80 +/- 2%	-	3.60 +/- 2%

6.2 S11 PARAMETER

6.2.1 S11 parameter in Head Liquid



Frequency (MHz)	S11 parameter (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-42.84	-20	50.5Ω + 0.5jΩ

6.3 SAR

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

6.3.1 SAR with Head Liquid

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

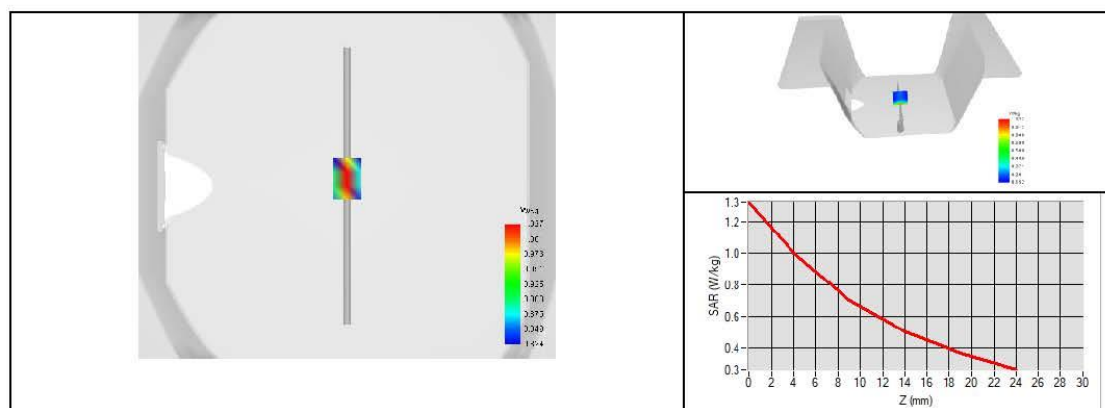


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref : ACR.53.24.24.BES.A

Software	OPENSAR V5
Phantom	SN 13/09 SAM68
Probe	3523-EPGO-429
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: ϵ_p ' : 44.8 σ : 0.90
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm$
Zoon Scan Resolution	$dx=8mm/dy=8mm/dz=5mm$
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

Frequency	1g SAR (W/kg)			10g SAR (W/kg)		
	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W	Measured	Measured normalized to 1W	Target normalized to 1W
835 MHz	0.94	9.40	9.56	0.63	6.28	6.22





SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
SAM Phantom	MVG	SN 13/09 SAM68	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025
Calipers	Mitutoyo	SN 0009732	11/2022	11/2025
Reference Probe	MVG	3523-EPGO-429	11/2023	11/2024
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022	10/2025
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.53.26.24.BES.A

**SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY
CO., LTD.**

**BUILDING E, FENDA SCIENCE PARK, SANWEI
COMMUNITY, XIXIANG STREET,
BAO'AN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN GUANGDONG, CHINA**

MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1800 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 03/15DIP1G800-349

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

Calibration date: 02/21/2024



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref : ACR.53.26.24.BES.A

	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Pedro Ruiz	Measurement Responsible	2/22/2024	
Checked & approved by:	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	2/22/2024	
Authorized by:	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	2/27/2024	

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	Customer Name
Distribution :	SHENZHEN NTEK TESTING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

Issue	Name	Date	Modifications
A	Pedro Ruiz	2/22/2024	Initial release



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SID1800
Serial Number	SN 03/15DIP1G800-349
Product Condition (new / used)	Used

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Validation Dipole



SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

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4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

4.1 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimension's frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness. A direct method is used with a ISO17025 calibrated caliper.

4.2 S11 PARAMETER REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a S11 of -20 dB or better. The S11 measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. A direct method is used with a network analyser and its calibration kit, both with a valid ISO17025 calibration.

4.3 SAR REQUIREMENTS

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore-mentioned standards.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

5.1 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

For the measurement in the range 0-300mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/-0.20 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

For the measurement in the range 300-450mm, the estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the dimension measurement in mm is +/-0.44 mm with respect to measurement conditions.

5.2 S11 PARAMETER

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the S11 parameter in linear is +/-0.08 with respect to measurement conditions.

5.3 SAR

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for the 1g and 10g SAR measurement in W/kg is +/-19% with respect to measurement conditions.

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