ACCREDITED
CERT# 6677.01

TEST REPORT

Applicant:	Liberty Pumps Inc.
Address:	7000 Apple Tree Avenue Bergen, NY 14416 United States
Equipment Type:	NightEye ALM-Cellular
Model Name:	3750000
Brand Name:	Liberty Pumps
FCC ID:	2BQZ2-CELLNE
ISED Number:	34351-CELLNE
Test Standard:	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C RSS-Gen Issue 5 RSS-247 Issue 3 (refer to section 3.1)
Sample Arrival Date:	Aug. 05, 2025
Test Date:	Aug. 05, 2025 - Aug. 19, 2025
Date of Issue:	Sep. 26, 2025

ISSUED BY:

Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center

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Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions
Rev. 01	Sep. 26, 2025	Initial Issue

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center
Address	1-2/F., Building 1, No.222, Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao, Pudong New District, Shanghai, China

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shanghai Tejet Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Testing Center
Location	1-2/F., Building 1, No.222, Xuanlan Road, Xuanqiao, Pudong New District, Shanghai, China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1352. The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 29671.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	Liberty Pumps Inc.
Address	7000 Apple Tree Avenue Bergen, NY 14416 United States

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	Liberty Pumps Inc.
Address	7000 Apple Tree Avenue Bergen, NY 14416 United States

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	NightEye ALM-Cellular
Model Name Under Test	3750000
Series Model Name	N/A
Description of Model name differentiation	N/A
Sample Number	SC-SH2580005-S04(conducted) SC-SH2580005-S02(radiated)
Hardware Version	v3.1
Software Version	1.0.0
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	LTE CATM 2/4/5/12/13/25/26/66/85 Bluetooth, 2.4G WIFI, GPS

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n(20 MHz): 2.412 GHz - 2.462 GHz f_c = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where - f_c = “Operating Frequency” in MHz, - N = “Channel Number” with the range from 1 to 11. 802.11n(40 MHz): 2.422 GHz - 2.452 GHz f_c = 2412 MHz + (N-1)*5 MHz, where - f_c = “Operating Frequency” in MHz, - N = “Channel Number” with the range from 3 to 9.
Modulation Type	DSSS, OFDM
Antenna System	N/A
Categorization as Correlated or Completely Uncorrelated	N/A
Antenna Type	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain	3.40 dBi
About the Product	Only the WIFI 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (HT20/40) were tested in this report.

Modulation technology	Modulation Type	Transfer Rate (Mbps)(Single RF path)
DSSS (802.11b)	DBPSK	1
	DQPSK	2
	CCK	5.5/11
OFDM (802.11g)	BPSK	6/9
	QPSK	12/18
	16QAM	24/36
	64QAM	48/54
OFDM (802.11n-20 MHz)	BPSK	6.5/7.2
	QPSK	13/19.5/14.4/21.7
	16QAM	26/39/28.9/43.3
	64QAM	52/58.5/65/57.8/65/72.2
OFDM (802.11n-40 MHz)	BPSK	13.5/15
	QPSK	27/40.5/30/45
	16QAM	54/81/60/90
	64QAM	108/121.5/135/120/150

Note: Preliminary tests were performed in different data rate in above table to find the worst radiated emission. The data rate shown in the table below is the worst-case rate with respect to the specific test item. Investigation has been done on all the possible configurations for searching the worst cases. The following table is a list of the test modes shown in this test report.

Test Items	Mode	Data Rate	Channel	
Output Power	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
6dB Bandwidth	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Conducted Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Radiated Spurious Emission	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Band Edge	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9
Power spectral density (PSD)	11b/11g/11n20/11n40	1/6/6.5/13.5 Mbps	1/6/11	3/6/9

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.3 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C	Intentional radiators of radio frequency equipment
2	RSS-Gen Issue 5	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
3	RSS-247 Issue 3	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems(FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
4	ANSI C63.10-2020	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices
5	KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02☆	Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules

3.2 Test Verdict

No.	Description	FCC PART No.	ISED Part No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203	RSS-247, 5.4 (f)	N/A	Pass[Note 1]
2	Output Power	15.247 (b)	RSS-247, 5.4 (d)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
3	Occupied Bandwidth	15.247 (a)	RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)	N/A	N/A
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	N/A	N/A
5	Band Edge(Authorized-band band-edge)	15.247 (d)	RSS-GEN, 8.9; RSS-247, 5.5	N/A	N/A
6	Conducted Emission	15.207	RSS-GEN, 8.8	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209; 15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	Band Edge(Restricted-band band-edge)	15.209; 15.247 (d)	RSS-247, 5.5	ANNEX A.7	Pass
9	Power spectral density (PSD)	15.247 (e)	RSS-247, 5.2 (b)	N/A	N/A
10	Receiver Spurious Emissions	N/A	RSS-Gen, 7.3	N/A	N/A [Note 2]

Note [1]: The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna, which complies with the requirement FCC 15.203.

Note [2]: Only radio communication receivers operating in stand-alone mode within the band 30-960 MHz, as well as scanner receivers, are subject to Industry Canada requirements, so this test is not applicable.

Note 3: Compared with the EUT of test report RSHD200218007-00A the EUT of this report has changed as below：

1. Change the applicant information and the manufacturer information.
2. Change the equipment type from Wi-Fi & Bluetooth Internet of Things Module to NightEye ALM CELL Series.
3. Change the model name from ESP32-WROOM-32E to 3590000.
4. Add hardware version v3.1.
5. Add software version 1.0.0.

Therefore, Output Power, Conducted Emission, Radiated Spurious Emission and Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge) were tested in this report, other test projects refer to the original report No. RSHD200218007-00A which issued by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) on Apr. 02, 2020.

4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS

4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity	50% to 58%	
Atmospheric Pressure	100 kPa to 102 kPa	
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22.1℃ to +23.9℃
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	120 V

4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Equipment No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	BH-EMC-L066	2025.02.12	2026.02.11
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9010B	BH-EMC-L099	2025.02.12	2026.02.11
Signal Generator	Anritsu	MG3710E	BH-EMC-L131	2025.02.12	2026.02.11
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	BH-EMC-L094	2025.02.11	2026.02.10
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	BH-EMC-L015	2025.07.04	2026.07.03
Test Antenna-Loop(9 kHz-30 MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519 B	BH-EMC-L067	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-Bi-Log(30 MHz-3 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	BH-EMC-L008	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-Horn(1-18 GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	BH-EMC-L044	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Test Antenna-Horn (18-40 GHz)	A-INFO	LB-180400-KF	BH-EMC-L061	2024.03.11	2027.03.10
Anechoic Chamber	YiHeng	9m*6m*6m	BH-EMC-L001	2024.04.18	2027.04.17
EMI Receiver	KEYSIGHT	N9038A	BH-EMC-L127	2025.02.12	2026.02.11
LISN	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK 8127	BH-EMC-L011	2025.02.11	2026.02.10
10dB Limiter	SCHWARZBECK	VTSD 9561-F	BH-EMC-L014	2025.02.11	2026.02.10
Shielded Room	YiHeng	5m*4m*3.2m	BH-EMC-L006	2024.02.22	2027.02.21

4.3 Test Software List

Description	Manufacturer	Software Version	Serial No.	Applicable Test Setup
BL410R	BALUN	V2.1.1.496	N/A	The section 4.6.1
BL410E	BALUN	V21.919	N/A	The section 4.6.2&4.6.3&4.6.4&4.6.5

4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in CISPR 16-4-2.
This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Parameters	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	2.4 %
RF output power, conducted	0.41 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	1.73 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	1.73 dB
All emissions, radiated	3.70 dB
Temperature	0.82 °C
Humidity	4.1 %

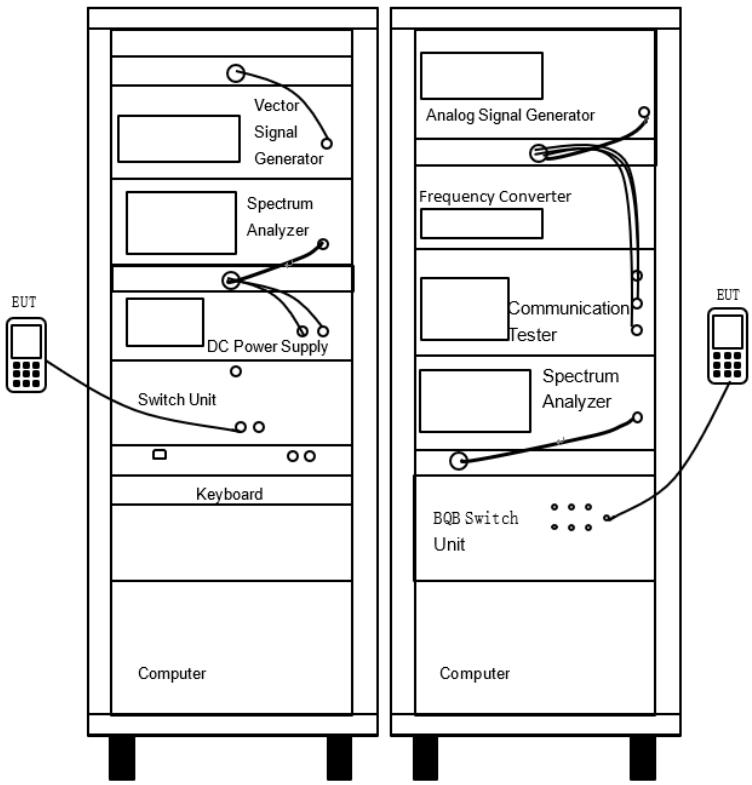
4.5 Decision Rule

☐ No Need
☒ Use General conformity decision rule (Consider uncertainty or not ☒No ☐Yes)
☐ Use Special Conformity Decision Rule (Consider uncertainty or not ☐No ☐Yes)

4.6 Description of Test Setup

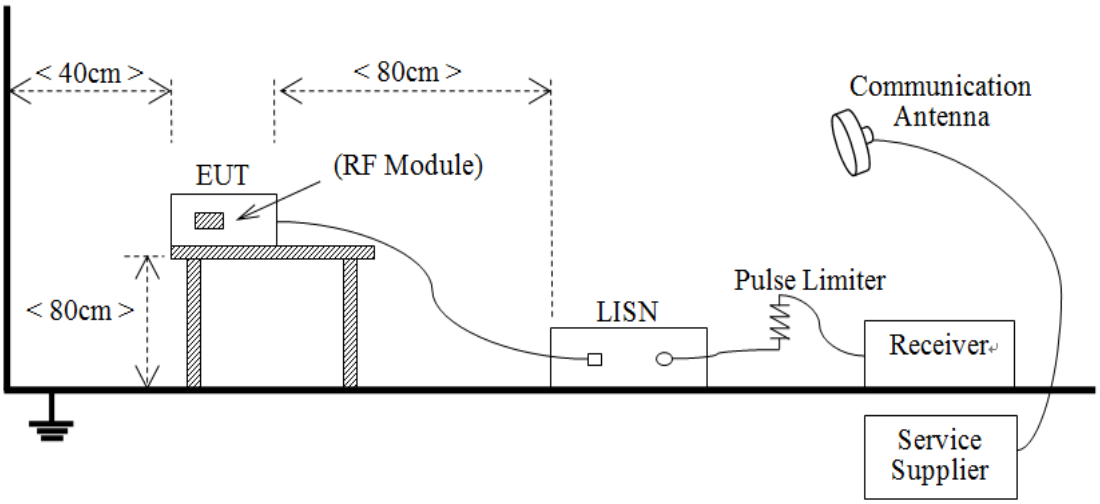
4.6.1 For Antenna Port Test

Conducted value (dBm) = Measurement value (dBm) + cable loss (dB)
For example: the measurement value is 10 dBm and the cable 0.5 dB used, then the final result of EUT:
Conducted value (dBm) = 10 dBm + 0.5 dB = 10.5 dBm



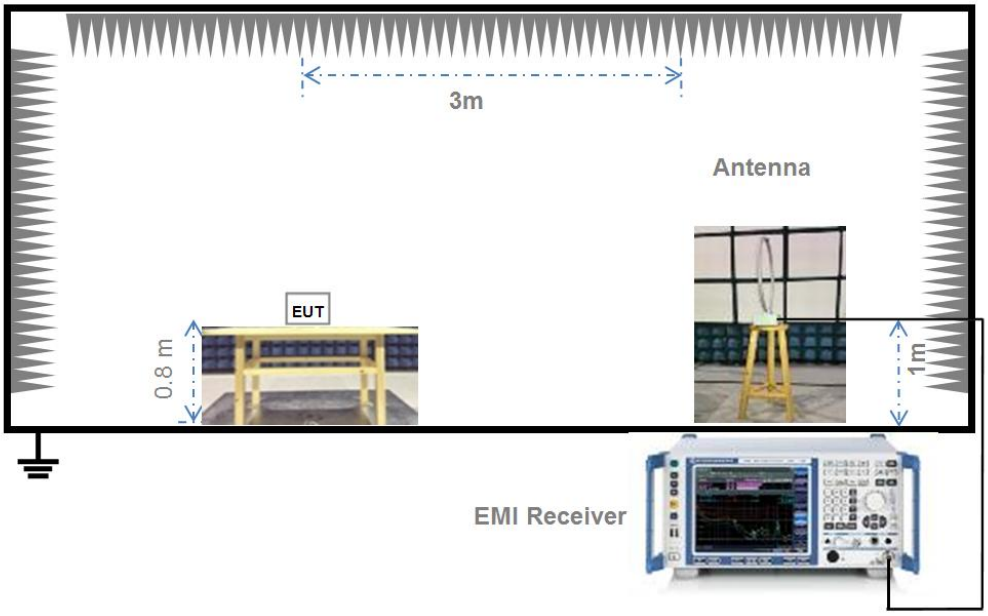
(Diagram 1)

4.6.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



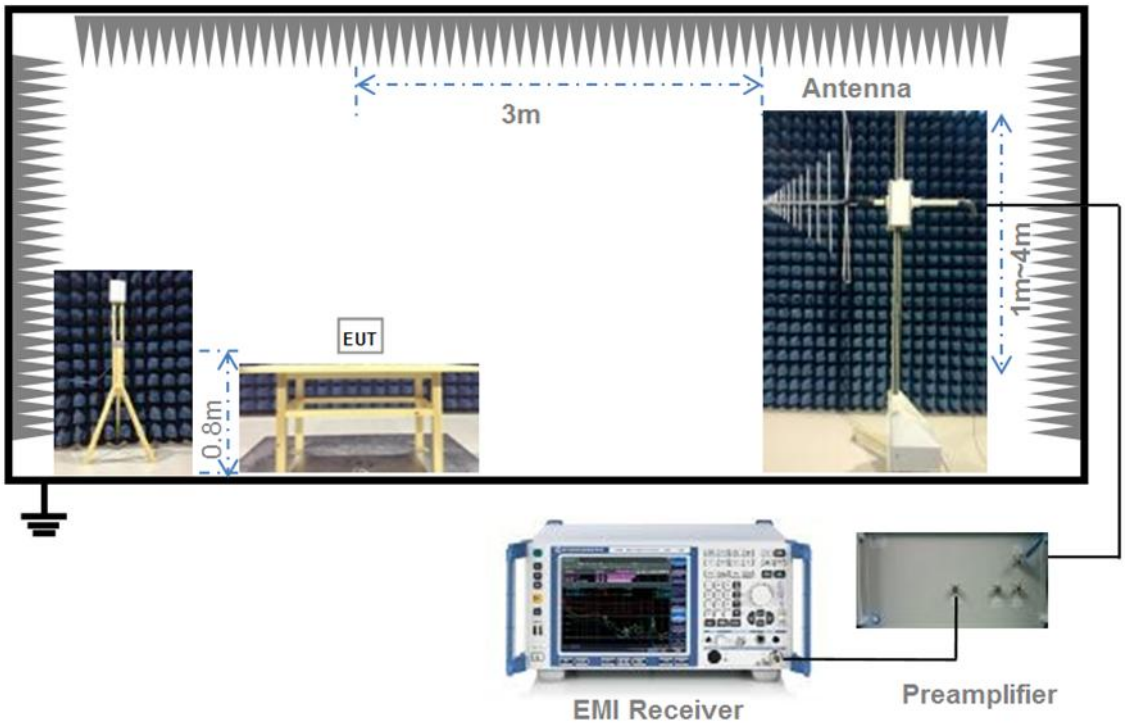
(Diagram 2)

4.6.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30 MHz)



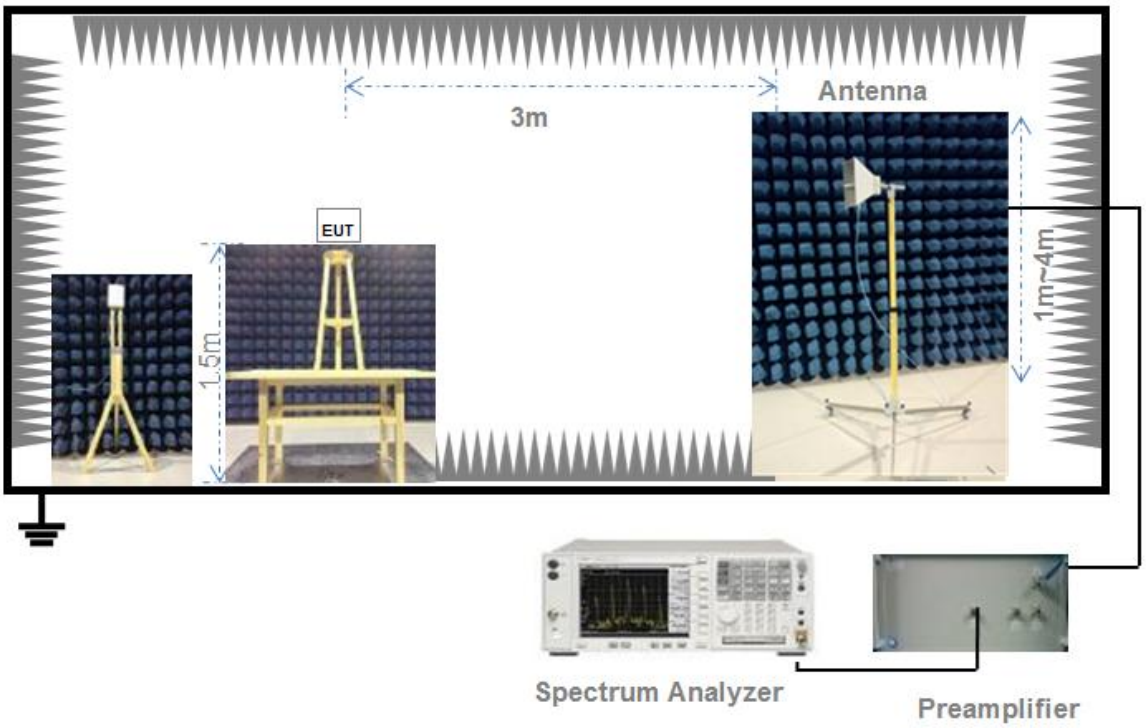
(Diagram 3)

4.6.4 For Radiated Test (30 MHz-1 GHz)



(Diagram 4)

4.6.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1 GHz)



(Diagram 5)

4.7 Measurement Results Explanation Example

4.7.1 For conducted test items:

The offset level is set in the spectrum analyzer to compensate the RF cable loss and attenuator between EUT conducted output port and spectrum analyzer. With the offset compensation, the spectrum analyzer reading level is exactly the EUT RF output level.
The spectrum analyzer offset is derived from RF cable loss and attenuator factor.
Offset = RF cable loss + attenuator factor.

4.7.2 For radiated band edges and spurious emission test:

$$E = EIRP - 20\log D + 104.8$$

where:

E = electric field strength in dBμV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

EIRP= Measure Conducted output power Value (dBm) + Maximum transmit antenna gain (dBi) + the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor (dB)

5 TEST ITEMS

5.1 Antenna Requirements

5.1.1 Relevant Standards

FCC §15.203; RSS-247, 5.4 (f)

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6 dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6 dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is embedded in the product.	An embedded-in antenna design is used.

Reference Documents	Item
Photo	Please refer to the EUT Photo documents.

5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.

5.2 Output Power

5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b); RSS-247, 5.4 (d)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

5.2.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.2.3 Test Procedure

Maximum peak conducted output power

The maximum peak conducted output power may be measured using a broadband peak RF power meter. The power meter shall have a video bandwidth that is greater than or equal to the DTS bandwidth and shall utilize a fast-responding diode detector.
The EUT shall be transmitted at its maximum power control level.
EIRP= Maximum peak conducted output power +Antenna Gain.

Maximum conducted (average) output power (Reporting Only)

a) As an alternative to spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver measurements, measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

1) The EUT is configured to transmit continuously, or to transmit with a constant duty factor.

2) At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it shall be transmitting at its maximum power control level.

3) The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.

b) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle (x) of the transmitter output signal.

c) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.

d) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding 10log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle.

Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T ≤ 16.7 microseconds.)

5.2.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.1.

5.3 Occupied Bandwidth

5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a); RSS-GEN, 6.7; RSS-247, 5.2 (a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

5.3.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.3.3 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

5.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.2.

5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.4.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.4.3 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).

b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).

c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

<u>Reference level measurement</u>

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to ≥ 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Emission level measurement

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

5.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.3.

5.5 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d); RSS-GEN, 8.9, RSS-247, 5.5

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

5.5.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.5.3 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW ≥ 3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission) ± 0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission ± 0.5 MHz.

Standard method (The 99% OBW of the fundamental emission is without 2 MHz of the authorized band):

Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.

Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.

Attenuation: Auto (at least 10 dB preferred).

Sweep time: Coupled.

Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz.

Video bandwidth: 300 kHz.

Detector: Peak.

Trace: Max hold.

5.5.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.4.

5.6 Conducted Emission

5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.207; RSS-GEN, 8.8

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μH/50Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

5.6.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.2 for test setup description for the AC power supply port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.6.3 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.
Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 50/60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. A device rated for 50/60 Hz operation need not be tested at both frequencies provided the radiated and line conducted emissions are the same at both frequencies.

5.6.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.5.

5.7 Radiated Spurious Emission

5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

1. For Above 1000 MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2. For above 1000 MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

5.7.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.3 to 4.6.5 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.7.3 Test Procedure

Since the emission limits are specified in terms of radiated field strength levels, measurements performed to demonstrate compliance have traditionally relied on a radiated test configuration. Radiated measurements remain the principal method for demonstrating compliance to the specified limits; however antenna-port conducted measurements are also now acceptable to demonstrate compliance (see below for details). When radiated measurements are utilized, test site requirements and procedures for maximizing and measuring radiated emissions that are described in ANSI C63.10 shall be followed.

Antenna-port conducted measurements may also be used as an alternative to radiated measurements for demonstrating compliance in the restricted frequency bands. If conducted measurements are performed, then proper impedance matching must be ensured and an additional radiated test for cabinet/case spurious emissions is required.

General Procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands

a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).

b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)

c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).

d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).

e) Convert the resultant EIRP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$E = EIRP – 20\log D + 104.8$

where:

E = electric field strength in dBμV/m,

EIRP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level to the applicable limit.

g) Perform radiated spurious emission test.

Quasi-Peak measurement procedure

The specifications for measurements using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in Publication 16 of the International Special Committee on Radio Frequency Interference (CISPR) of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurement, compliance can be demonstrated to the applicable emission limits using a peak detector.

Peak power measurement procedure

Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

a) RBW = as specified in Table 1.
b) VBW ≥ 3 x RBW.
c) Detector = Peak.
d) Sweep time = auto.
e) Trace mode = max hold.
f) Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes. (Note that the required measurement time may be longer for low duty cycle applications).

Table 1—RBW as a function of frequency

Frequency	RBW
9-150 kHz	200-300 Hz
0.15-30 MHz	9-10 kHz
30-1000 MHz	100-120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

If the peak-detected amplitude can be shown to comply with the average limit, then it is not necessary to perform a separate average measurement.

Trace averaging across on and off times of the EUT transmissions followed by duty cycle correction

If continuous transmission of the EUT (i.e., duty cycle ≥ 98 percent) cannot be achieved and the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than ± 2 percent), then the following procedure shall be used:

a) The EUT shall be configured to operate at the maximum achievable duty cycle.
b) Measure the duty cycle, x, of the transmitter output signal as described in section 6.0.
c) RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
d) VBW ≥ 3 RBW.
e) Detector = RMS, if span/(# of points in sweep) ≤ (RBW/2). Satisfying this condition may require increasing the number of points in the sweep or reducing the span. If this condition cannot be satisfied, then the detector mode shall be set to peak.
f) Averaging type = power (i.e., RMS).
1) As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging.
2) Some instruments require linear display mode in order to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.
g) Sweep time = auto.
h) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
i) A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is 10 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle.
2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step f), then the applicable correction factor is 20 log(1/x), where x is the duty cycle.
3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (≥ 98 percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.
NOTE: Reduction of the measured emission amplitude levels to account for operational duty factor is not permitted. Compliance is based on emission levels occurring during transmission - not on an average across on and off times of the transmitter.

Determining the applicable transmit antenna gain

A conducted power measurement will determine the maximum output power associated with a restricted band emission; however, in order to determine the associated EIRP level, the gain of the transmitting antenna (in dBi) must be added to the measured output power (in dBm).

Since the out-of-band characteristics of the EUT transmit antenna will often be unknown, the use of a conservative antenna gain value is necessary. Thus, when determining the EIRP based on the measured conducted power, the upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands, or 2 dBi, whichever is greater. However, for devices that operate in multiple frequency bands while using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest in frequency to the restricted band emission being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when the emission is at a frequency that is within 20 percent of the nearest band edge frequency, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be used.

See KDB 662911 for guidance on calculating the additional array gain term when determining the effective antenna gain for a EUT with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band.

Radiated spurious emission test

An additional consideration when performing conducted measurements of restricted band emissions is that unwanted emissions radiating from the EUT cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements will likely go undetected in a conducted measurement configuration. To address this concern, a radiated test shall be performed to ensure that emissions emanating from the EUT cabinet (rather than the antenna port) also comply with the applicable limits.

For these cabinet radiated spurious emission measurements the EUT transmit antenna may be replaced with a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna. Procedures for performing radiated measurements are specified in ANSI C63.10. All detected emissions shall comply with the applicable limits.

The measurement frequency range is from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

5.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.6.

5.8 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d); RSS-247, 5.5

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

5.8.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.8.3 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

For measurement below 1GHz, If the emission level of the EUT measured by the peak detector is 3 dB lower than the applicable limit, the peak emission level will be reported, Otherwise, the emission measurement will be repeated using the quasi-peak detector and reported.

For transmitters operating above 1 GHz repeat the measurement with an average detector.

5.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.7.

5.9 Power Spectral density (PSD)

5.9.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(e); RSS-247, 5.2 (b)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

5.9.2 Test Setup

See section 4.6.1 for test setup description for the antenna port. The photo of test setup please refer to ANNEX B.

5.9.3 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.
Set the RBW to: 3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz.
Set the VBW ≥ 3 RBW.
Detector = peak.
Sweep time = auto couple.
Trace mode = max hold.
Allow trace to fully stabilize.
Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

5.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to ANNEX A.8.

ANNEX A TEST RESULT

A.1 Output Power

Note: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report.

Duty Cycle

Test Mode	On Time (ms)	On+Off time (ms)	Duty Cycle
802.11b	1.00	1.00	100.00%
802.11g	1.00	1.00	100.00%
802.11n-20 MHz	1.00	1.00	100.00%
802.11n-40 MHz	1.00	1.00	100.00%

Peak Power Test Data

802.11b Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	16.51	44.77	30	1000	Pass
Middle	16.60	45.71			Pass
High	16.50	44.67			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	24.30	269.15	30	1000	Pass
Middle	24.04	253.51			Pass
High	23.74	236.59			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	24.39	274.79	30	1000	Pass
Middle	24.10	257.04			Pass
High	23.61	229.61			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	mW	
Low	23.88	244.34	30	1000	Pass
Middle	23.63	230.67			Pass
High	22.69	185.78			Pass

E.I.R.P Test Data (For ISED)

802.11b Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	19.91	97.95	36	4	Pass
Middle	20.00	100.00			Pass
High	19.90	97.72			Pass

802.11g Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	27.70	588.84	36	4	Pass
Middle	27.44	554.63			Pass
High	27.14	517.61			Pass

802.11n-20 MHz Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	27.79	601.17	36	4	Pass
Middle	27.50	562.34			Pass
High	27.01	502.34			Pass

802.11n-40 MHz Mode:

Channel	E.I.R.P		Limit		Verdict
	dBm	mW	dBm	W	
Low	27.28	534.56	36	4	Pass
Middle	27.03	504.66			Pass
High	26.09	406.44			Pass

A.2 Occupied Bandwidth

Note: The Occupied Bandwidth, please refer to the Report No. RSHD200218007-00A which issued by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) on Apr. 02, 2020. Section FCC §15.247(a) (2) - 6 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH.

A.3 Conducted Spurious Emission

Note: The Conducted Spurious Emission, please refer to the Report No. RSHD200218007-00A which issued by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) on Apr. 02, 2020. Section FCC §15.247(d) – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE.

A.4 Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge)

Note: The Band Edge (Authorized-band band-edge), please refer to the Report No. RSHD200218007-00A which issued by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) on Apr. 02, 2020. Section FCC §15.247(d) – 100 kHz BANDWIDTH OF FREQUENCY BAND EDGE.

A.5 Conducted Emission

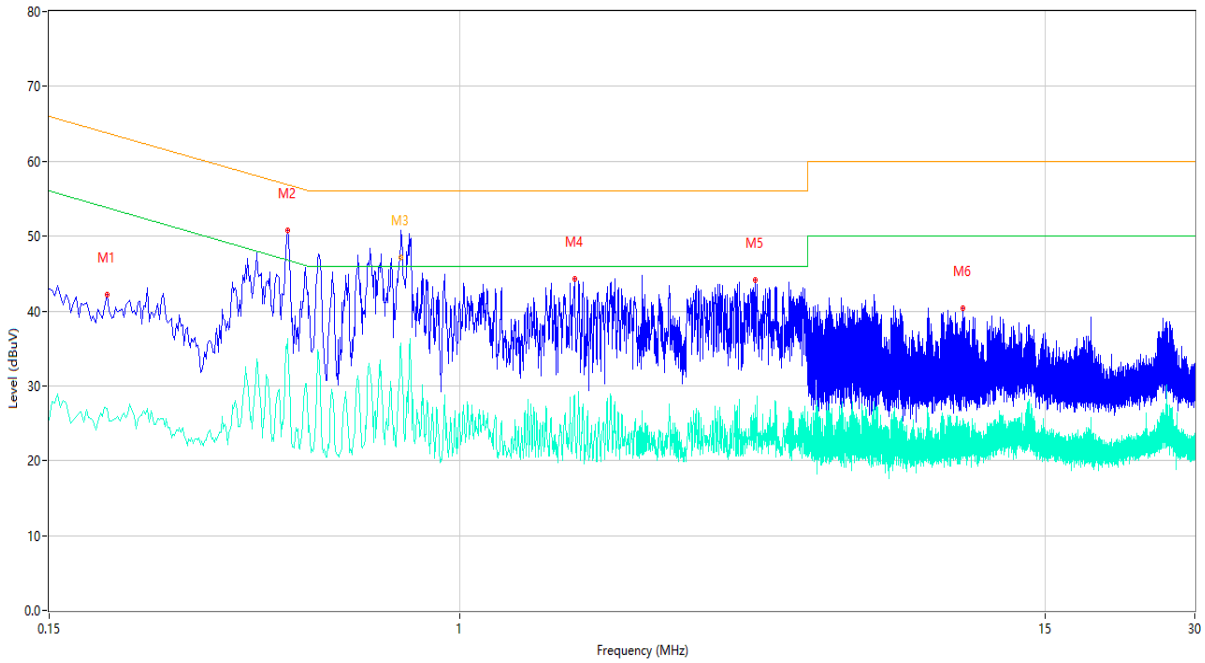
Note 1: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

Note 2: Devices subject to Part 15 must be tested for all available U.S. voltages and frequencies (such as a nominal 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz) for which the device is capable of operation. So, The configuration 120 VAC, 60 Hz and 240 VAC, 50 Hz were tested respectively, but only the worst configuration (120 VAC, 60 Hz) shown here.

Note 3: Results (dBuV) = Original reading level of Spectrum Analyzer (dBuV) + Factor (dB)

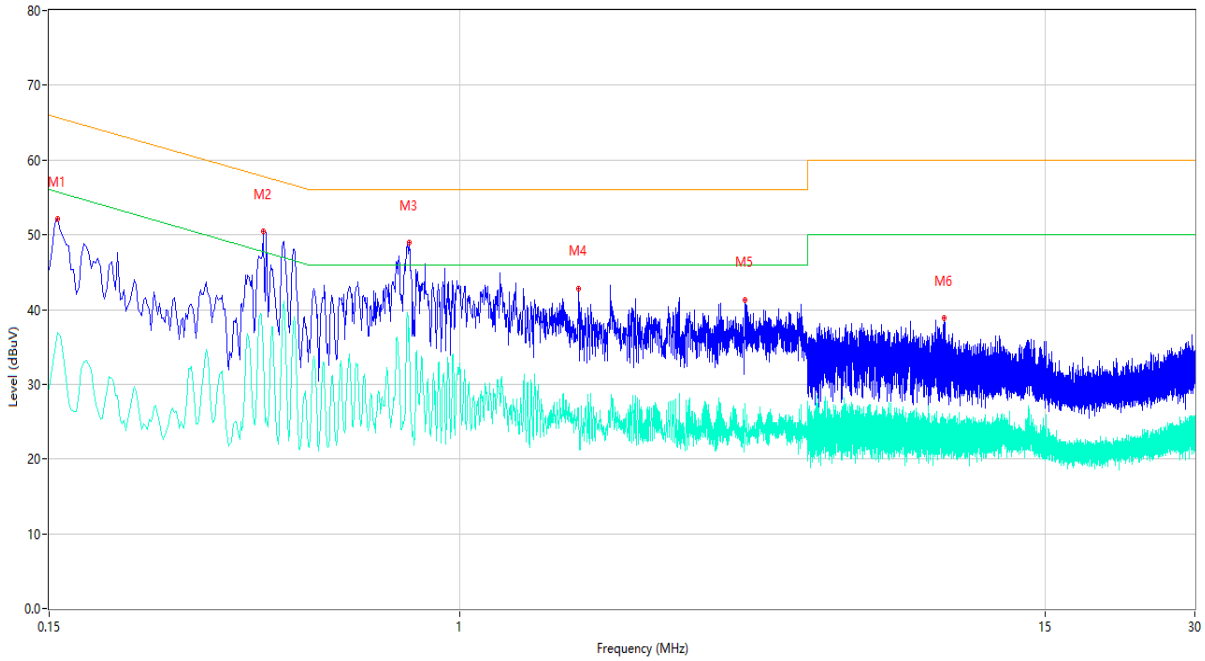
Test Data and Plots

PHASE L



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.196	42.13	10.11	63.78	21.65	Peak	L	Pass
1**	0.196	26.97	10.11	53.78	26.81	AV	L	Pass
2	0.452	50.81	10.14	56.84	6.03	Peak	L	Pass
2**	0.452	36.30	10.14	46.84	10.54	AV	L	Pass
3	0.764	51.19	10.22	56.00	4.81	Peak	L	N/A
3*	0.764	47.12	10.22	56.00	8.88	QP	L	Pass
3**	0.764	35.28	10.22	46.00	10.72	AV	L	Pass
4	1.706	44.28	10.30	56.00	11.72	Peak	L	Pass
4**	1.706	26.06	10.30	46.00	19.94	AV	L	Pass
5	3.928	44.14	10.42	56.00	11.86	Peak	L	Pass
5**	3.928	26.76	10.42	46.00	19.24	AV	L	Pass
6	10.256	40.35	10.95	60.00	19.65	Peak	L	Pass
6**	10.256	25.63	10.95	50.00	24.37	AV	L	Pass

PHASE N



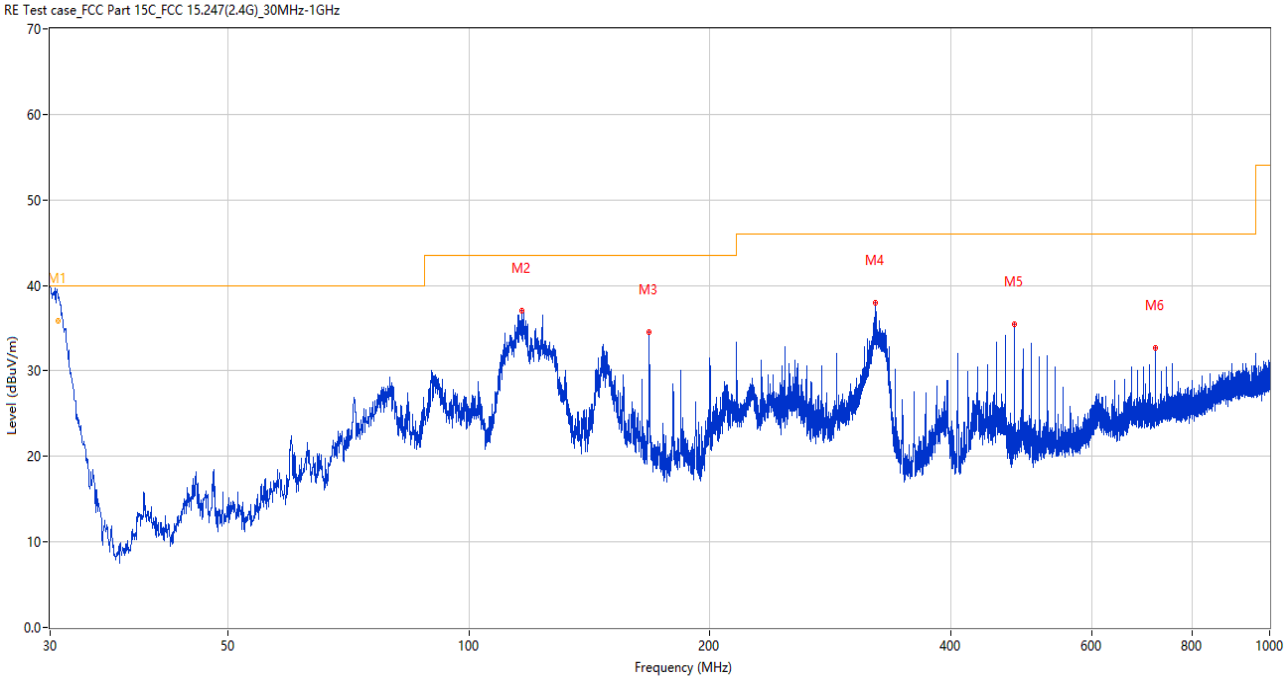
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Line	Verdict
1	0.156	52.09	10.15	65.67	13.58	Peak	N	Pass
1**	0.156	36.87	10.15	55.67	18.80	AV	N	Pass
2	0.404	50.46	10.16	57.77	7.31	Peak	N	Pass
2**	0.404	34.76	10.16	47.77	13.01	AV	N	Pass
3	0.794	49.00	10.23	56.00	7.00	Peak	N	Pass
3**	0.794	34.94	10.23	46.00	11.06	AV	N	Pass
4	1.738	42.85	10.24	56.00	13.15	Peak	N	Pass
4**	1.738	24.67	10.24	46.00	21.33	AV	N	Pass
5	3.746	41.33	10.36	56.00	14.67	Peak	N	Pass
5**	3.746	27.48	10.36	46.00	18.52	AV	N	Pass
6	9.408	38.83	10.88	60.00	21.17	Peak	N	Pass
6**	9.408	23.34	10.88	50.00	26.66	AV	N	Pass

A.6 Radiated Emission

Note 1: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.
Note 2: For the test data above 1 GHz，According the ANSI C63.10-2020, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.
Note 3: The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30 MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20 dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.
Note 4: The EUT is working in the Normal link mode below 1 GHz. All modes have been tested and normal link mode is worst.

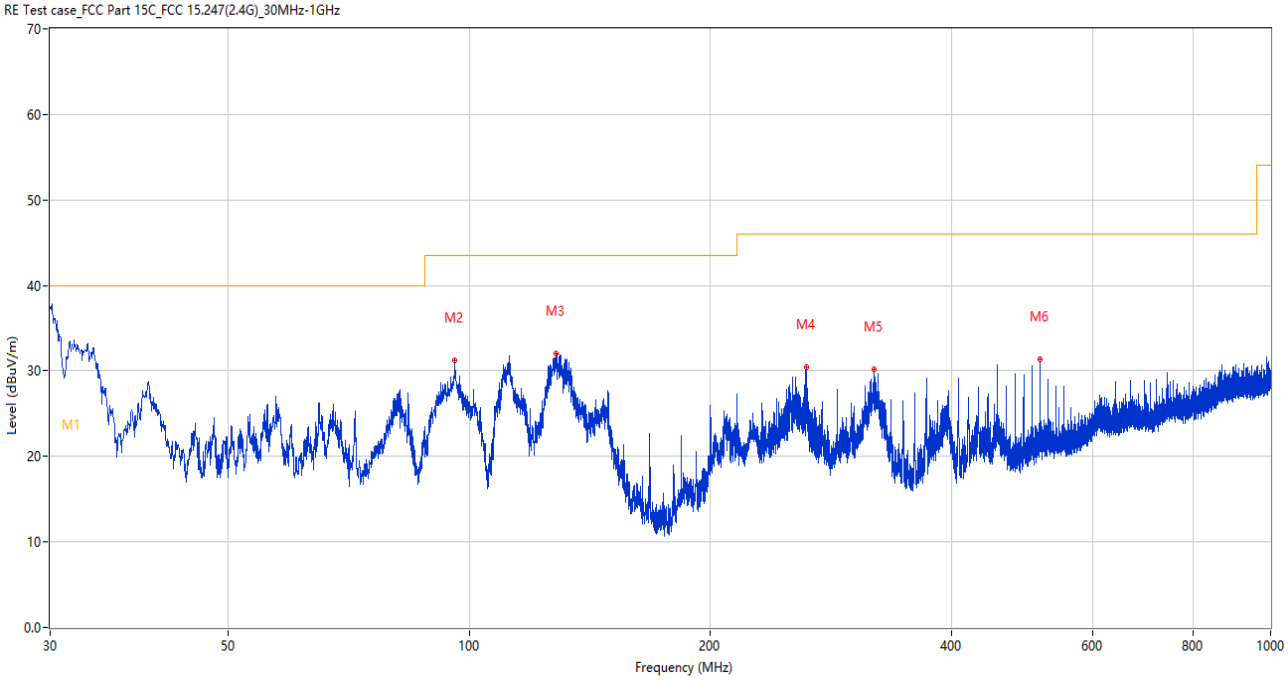
Test Data and Plots

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT H



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	30.733	40.63	-28.96	40.0	-0.63	Peak	1.00	184	Horizontal	N/A
1*	30.733	35.87	-28.96	40.0	4.13	QP	1.00	184	Horizontal	Pass
2	116.330	37.04	-27.58	43.5	6.46	Peak	360.00	200	Horizontal	Pass
3	168.031	34.51	-28.44	43.5	8.99	Peak	157.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4	321.679	37.93	-22.63	46.0	8.07	Peak	0.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5	479.983	35.45	-18.70	46.0	10.55	Peak	96.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
6	719.961	32.69	-13.24	46.0	13.31	Peak	54.00	100	Horizontal	Pass

30 MHz to 1 GHz, ANT V



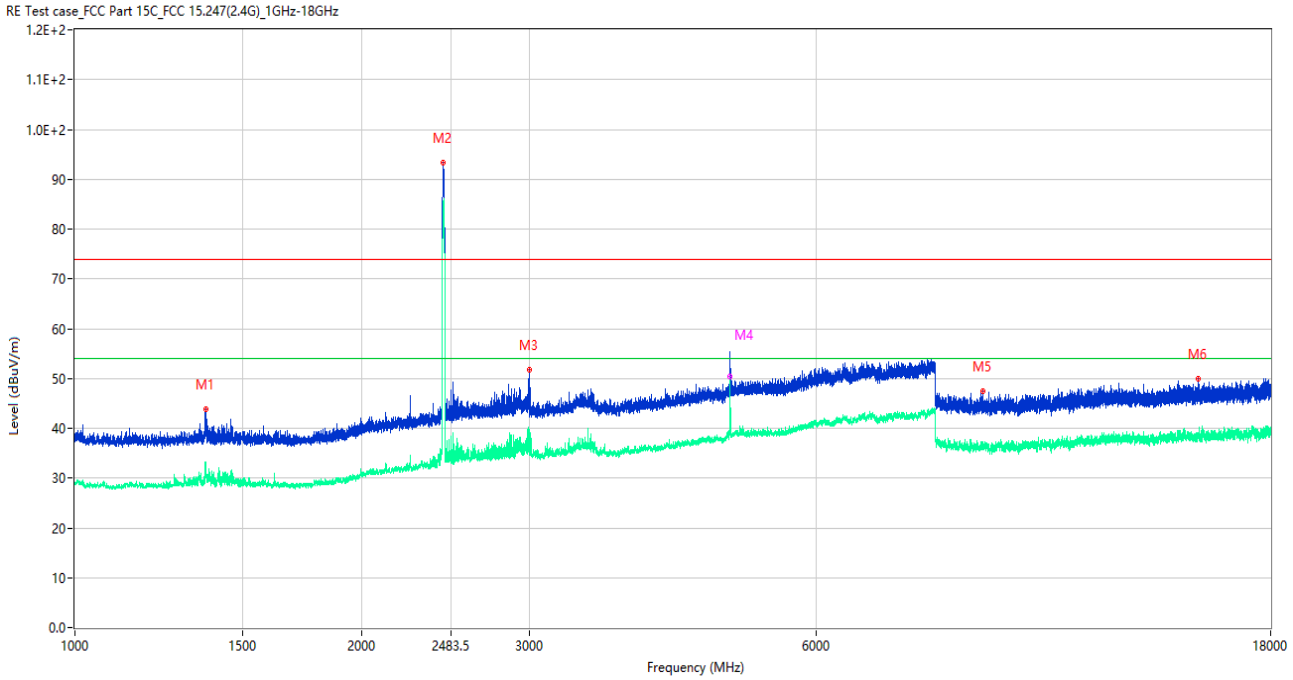
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	29.647	27.84	-28.91	40.0	12.16	Peak	133.00	194	Vertical	N/A
1*	29.647	22.98	-28.91	40.0	17.02	QP	133.00	194	Vertical	Pass
2	96.008	31.27	-26.52	43.5	12.23	Peak	359.00	100	Vertical	Pass
3	128.309	31.99	-28.94	43.5	11.51	Peak	155.00	200	Vertical	Pass
4	263.819	30.51	-24.15	46.0	15.49	Peak	265.00	100	Vertical	Pass
5	319.982	30.16	-22.69	46.0	15.84	Peak	343.00	100	Vertical	Pass
6	515.970	31.36	-17.65	46.0	14.64	Peak	131.00	200	Vertical	Pass

Note 1: The marked spikes near 2400 MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal.

Note 2: The spurious above 18G is noise only, do not show on the report.

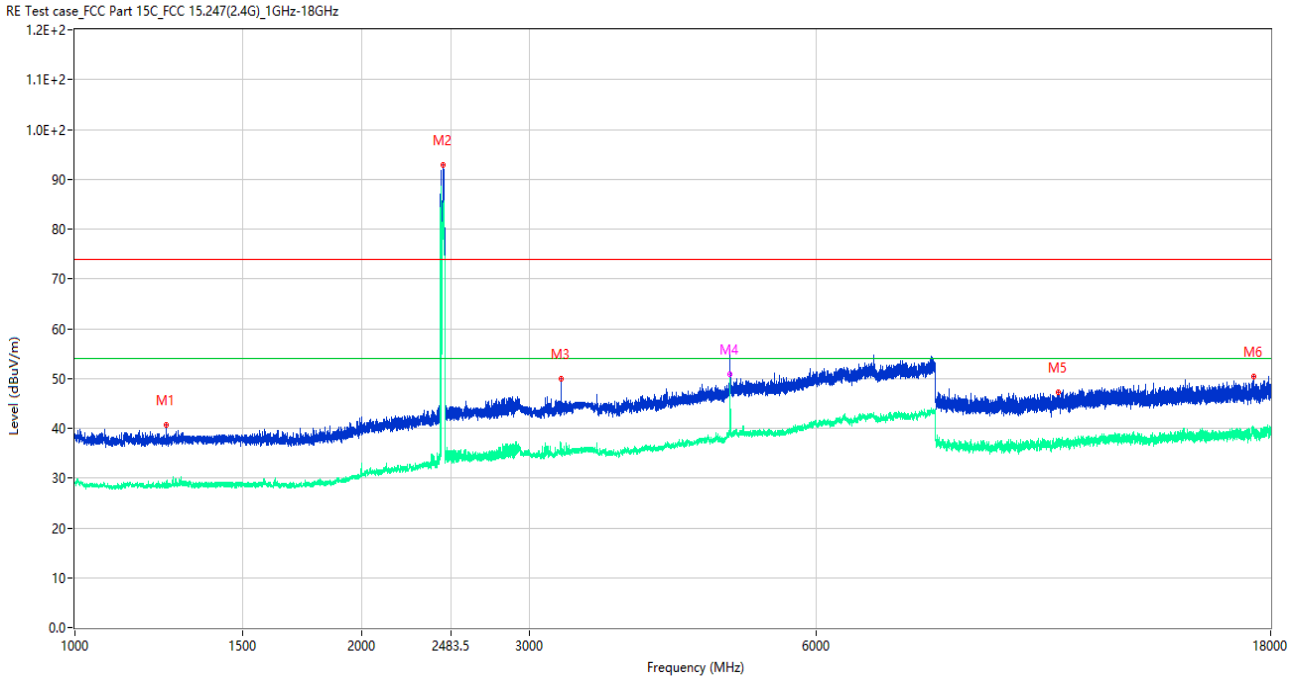
Note 3: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report.

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11b Middle Channel



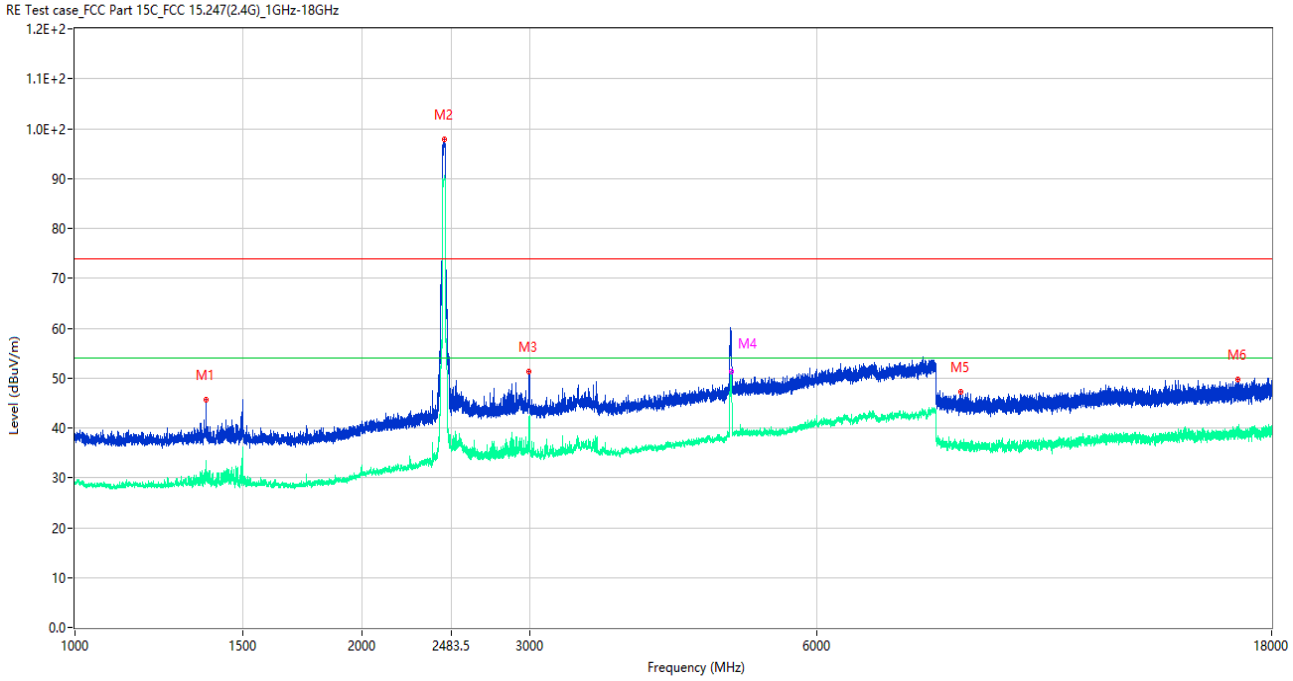
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1371.000	43.74	-15.94	74.0	30.26	Peak	112.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1371.000	33.22	-15.94	54.0	20.78	AV	112.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2437.000	93.31	-12.37	74.0	-19.31	Peak	268.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2437.000	84.43	-12.37	54.0	-30.43	AV	268.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	2997.750	51.74	-8.80	74.0	22.26	Peak	156.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	2997.750	36.73	-8.80	54.0	17.27	AV	156.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4874.500	53.89	-2.25	74.0	20.11	Peak	81.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4874.500	50.42	-2.25	54.0	3.58	AV	81.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	8988.000	47.38	-4.59	74.0	26.62	Peak	178.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	8988.000	36.13	-4.59	54.0	17.87	AV	178.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	15110.500	49.97	-2.14	74.0	24.03	Peak	94.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	15110.500	38.23	-2.14	54.0	15.77	AV	94.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11b Middle Channel



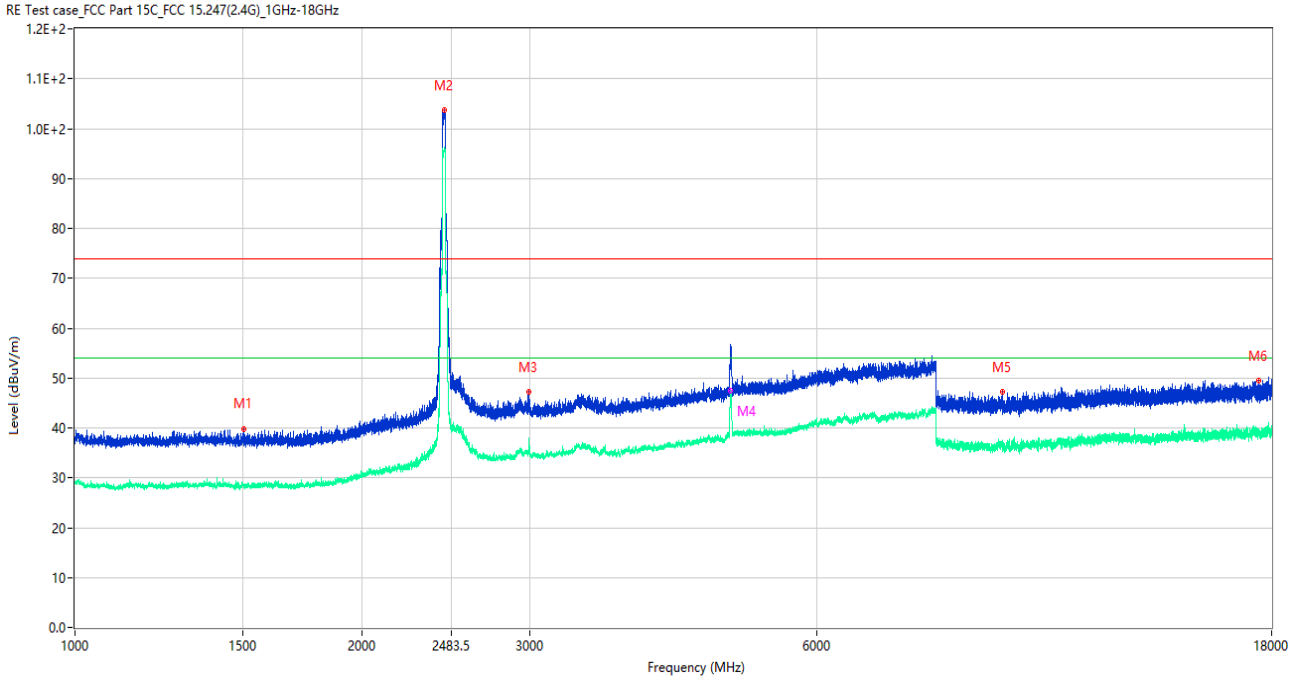
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1246.500	40.76	-16.14	74.0	33.24	Peak	111.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1246.500	28.30	-16.14	54.0	25.70	AV	111.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2437.250	92.88	-12.37	74.0	-18.88	Peak	262.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2437.250	84.06	-12.37	54.0	-30.06	AV	262.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	3241.500	50.01	-7.20	74.0	23.99	Peak	139.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	3241.500	34.59	-7.20	54.0	19.41	AV	139.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	4874.500	54.84	-2.25	74.0	19.16	Peak	72.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4874.500	50.84	-2.25	54.0	3.16	AV	72.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	10778.500	47.21	-3.00	74.0	26.79	Peak	278.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	10778.500	37.15	-3.00	54.0	16.85	AV	278.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17269.000	50.29	-1.24	74.0	23.71	Peak	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17269.000	39.48	-1.24	54.0	14.52	AV	0.00	150	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11g Middle Channel



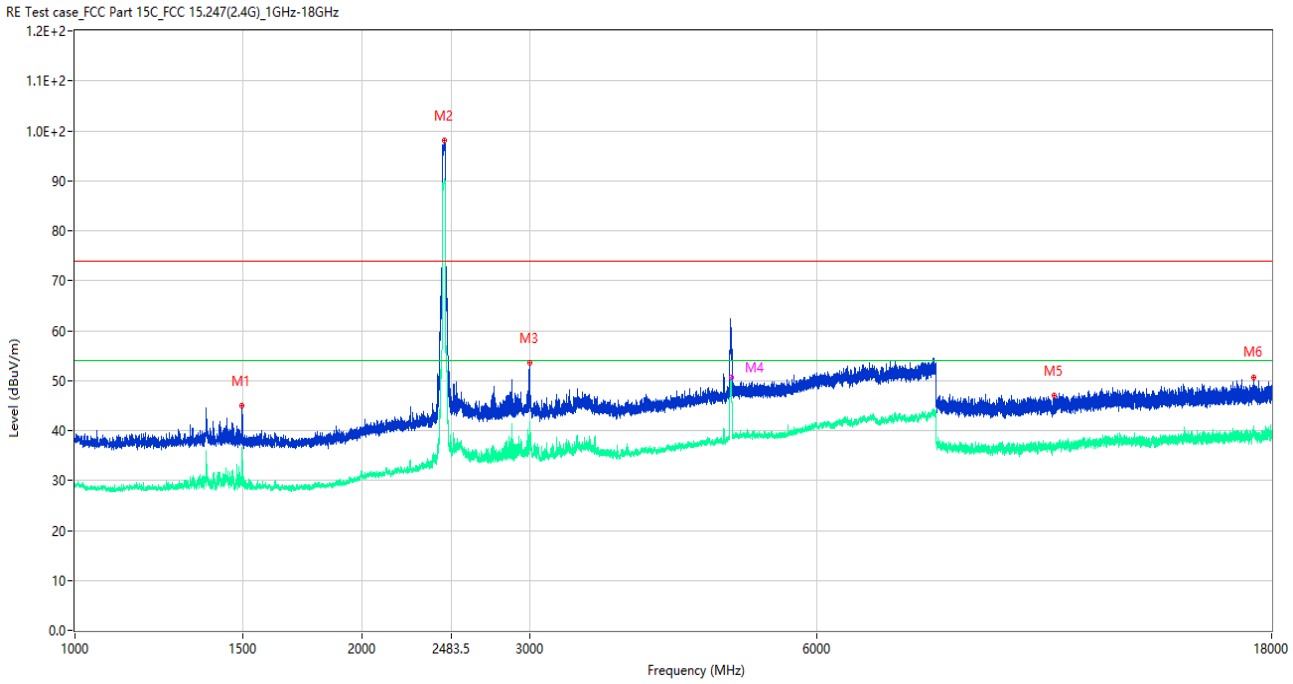
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1371.500	45.70	-15.95	74.0	28.30	Peak	131.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1371.500	30.66	-15.95	54.0	23.34	AV	131.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2441.500	97.87	-12.41	74.0	-23.87	Peak	271.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2441.500	90.39	-12.41	54.0	-36.39	AV	271.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	2990.750	51.29	-9.14	74.0	22.71	Peak	137.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	2990.750	39.98	-9.14	54.0	14.02	AV	137.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4877.500	57.57	-2.25	74.0	16.43	Peak	88.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4877.500	51.27	-2.25	54.0	2.73	AV	88.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	8496.500	47.28	-4.57	74.0	26.72	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	8496.500	36.56	-4.57	54.0	17.44	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	16575.500	49.76	-0.71	74.0	24.24	Peak	65.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	16575.500	39.47	-0.71	54.0	14.53	AV	65.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11g Middle Channel



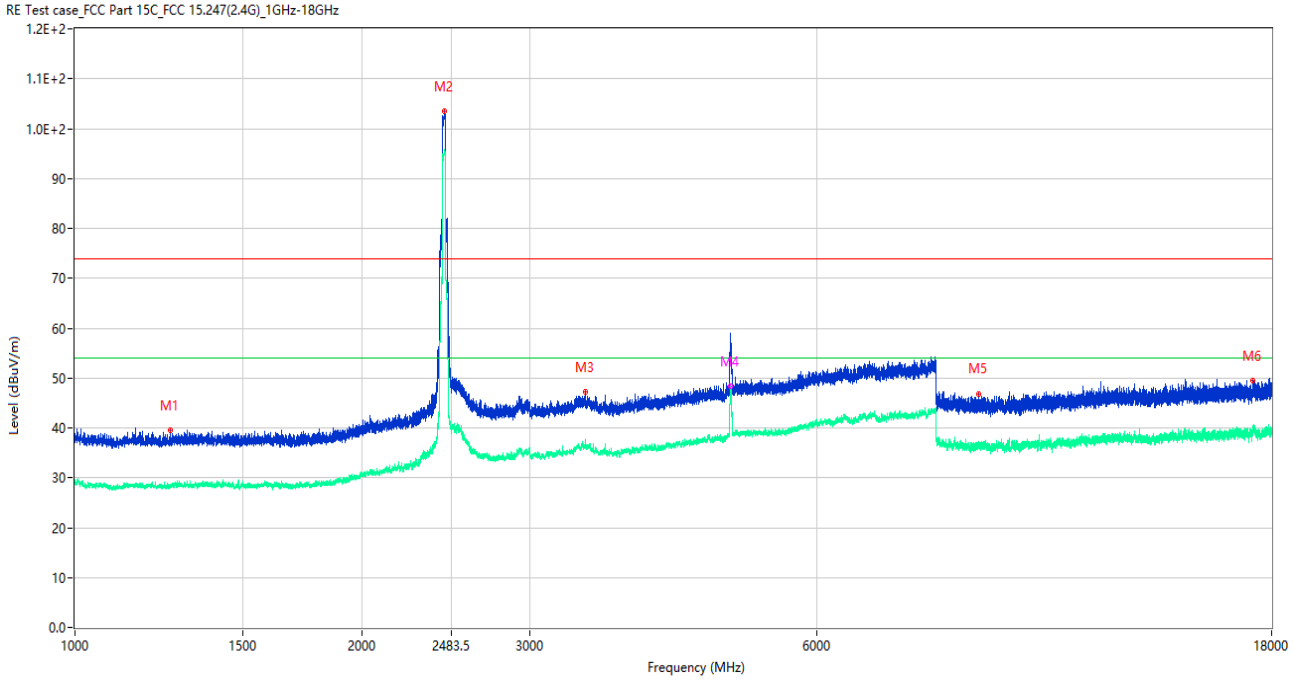
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1502.750	39.87	-16.09	74.0	34.13	Peak	277.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1502.750	28.39	-16.09	54.0	25.61	AV	277.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2442.500	103.68	-12.44	74.0	-29.68	Peak	248.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2442.500	95.94	-12.44	54.0	-41.94	AV	248.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	2994.500	47.28	-8.92	74.0	26.72	Peak	62.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	2994.500	36.50	-8.92	54.0	17.50	AV	62.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	4874.500	54.92	-2.25	74.0	19.08	Peak	51.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4874.500	47.52	-2.25	54.0	6.48	AV	51.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9386.500	47.26	-4.55	74.0	26.74	Peak	66.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	9386.500	36.94	-4.55	54.0	17.06	AV	66.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17452.501	49.47	0.19	74.0	24.53	Peak	240.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17452.501	39.17	0.19	54.0	14.83	AV	240.00	150	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n20 Middle Channel



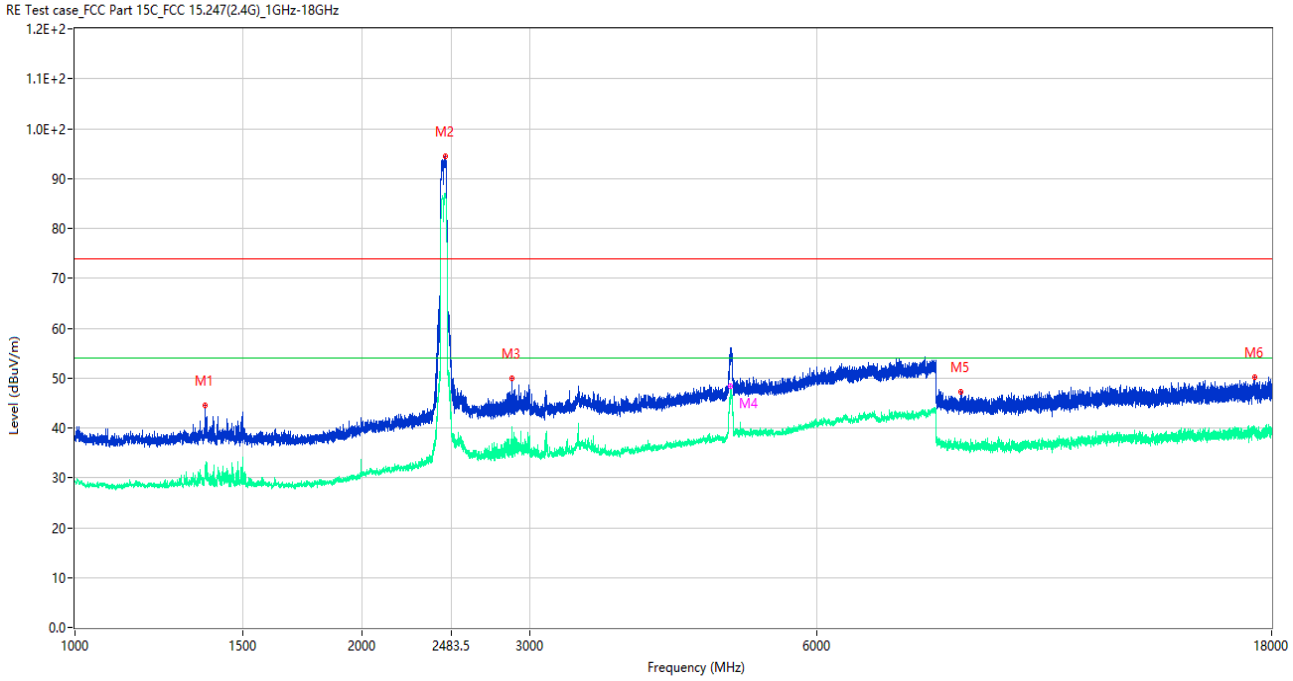
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1496.000	44.87	-16.17	74.0	29.13	Peak	149.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1496.000	32.02	-16.17	54.0	21.98	AV	149.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2440.500	98.01	-12.38	74.0	-24.01	Peak	264.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2440.500	90.03	-12.38	54.0	-36.03	AV	264.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	2999.750	53.47	-8.74	74.0	20.53	Peak	140.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	2999.750	37.95	-8.74	54.0	16.05	AV	140.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4878.000	59.14	-2.25	74.0	14.86	Peak	60.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4878.000	50.62	-2.25	54.0	3.38	AV	60.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	10646.500	47.02	-4.02	74.0	26.98	Peak	94.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	10646.500	36.55	-4.02	54.0	17.45	AV	94.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17252.999	50.51	-0.79	74.0	23.49	Peak	38.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17252.999	40.29	-0.79	54.0	13.71	AV	38.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n20 Middle Channel



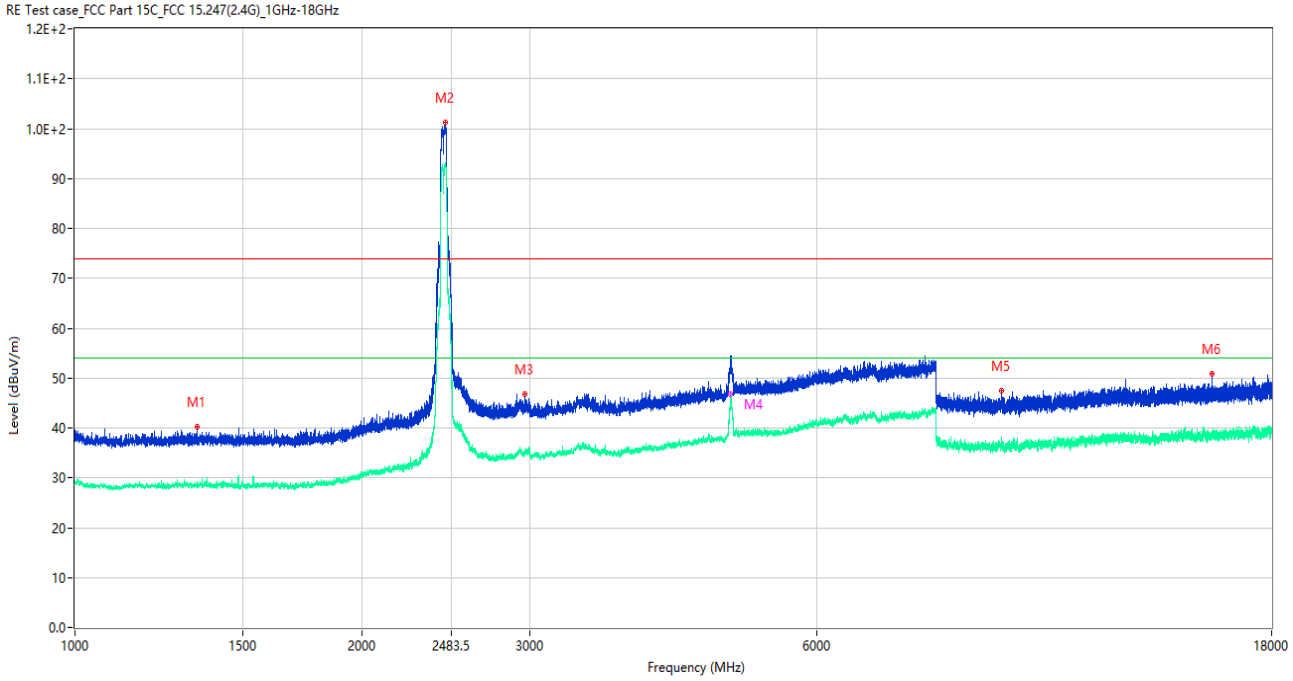
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1259.500	39.45	-16.04	74.0	34.55	Peak	184.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1259.500	28.04	-16.04	54.0	25.96	AV	184.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2442.000	103.39	-12.43	74.0	-29.39	Peak	247.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2442.000	95.81	-12.43	54.0	-41.81	AV	247.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	3429.000	47.16	-5.01	74.0	26.84	Peak	280.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	3429.000	36.36	-5.01	54.0	17.64	AV	280.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	4871.000	57.00	-2.19	74.0	17.00	Peak	59.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4871.000	48.38	-2.19	54.0	5.62	AV	59.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	8879.500	46.87	-4.61	74.0	27.13	Peak	204.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	8879.500	35.92	-4.61	54.0	18.08	AV	204.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	17184.999	49.56	0.16	74.0	24.44	Peak	261.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	17184.999	39.35	0.16	54.0	14.65	AV	261.00	150	Vertical	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT H 802.11n40 Middle Channel



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1370.500	44.53	-15.93	74.0	29.47	Peak	146.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	1370.500	31.86	-15.93	54.0	22.14	AV	146.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2444.500	94.46	-12.47	74.0	-20.46	Peak	268.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
2**	2444.500	86.75	-12.47	54.0	-32.75	AV	268.00	150	Horizontal	N/A
3	2870.000	49.88	-9.70	74.0	24.12	Peak	132.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
3**	2870.000	40.16	-9.70	54.0	13.84	AV	132.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4	4873.500	55.34	-2.23	74.0	18.66	Peak	87.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
4**	4873.500	48.40	-2.23	54.0	5.60	AV	87.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5	8489.000	47.29	-4.76	74.0	26.71	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
5**	8489.000	36.63	-4.76	54.0	17.37	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6	17273.999	50.10	-1.03	74.0	23.90	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
6**	17273.999	39.50	-1.03	54.0	14.50	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

1 GHz to 18 GHz, ANT V 802.11n40 Middle Channel



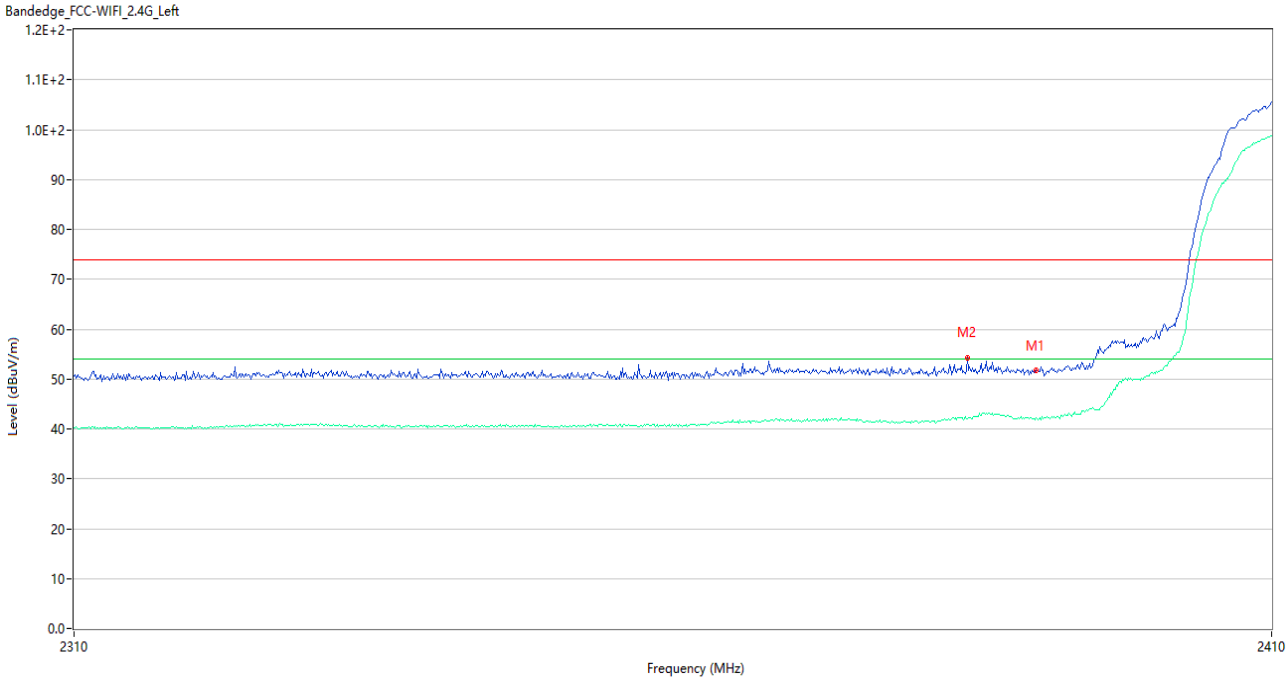
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	1343.250	40.22	-16.08	74.0	33.78	Peak	20.00	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	1343.250	28.22	-16.08	54.0	25.78	AV	20.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2445.500	101.21	-12.52	74.0	-27.21	Peak	249.00	150	Vertical	N/A
2**	2445.500	92.80	-12.52	54.0	-38.80	AV	249.00	150	Vertical	N/A
3	2961.500	46.83	-8.85	74.0	27.17	Peak	192.00	150	Vertical	Pass
3**	2961.500	34.49	-8.85	54.0	19.51	AV	192.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4	4874.500	52.57	-2.25	74.0	21.43	Peak	262.00	150	Vertical	Pass
4**	4874.500	46.88	-2.25	54.0	7.12	AV	262.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5	9383.999	47.52	-4.53	74.0	26.48	Peak	38.00	150	Vertical	Pass
5**	9383.999	36.98	-4.53	54.0	17.02	AV	38.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6	15594.500	50.78	-2.58	74.0	23.22	Peak	38.00	150	Vertical	Pass
6**	15594.500	38.27	-2.58	54.0	15.73	AV	38.00	150	Vertical	Pass

A.7 Band Edge (Restricted-band band-edge)

Note 1: The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.
Note 2: The test data all are tested in the vertical and horizontal antenna which the trace is max hold. So these plots have shown the worst case.
Note 3: According the ANSI C63.10-2020, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.
Note 4: All the configurations were pre tested, only the worst configuration has been reported in this report.

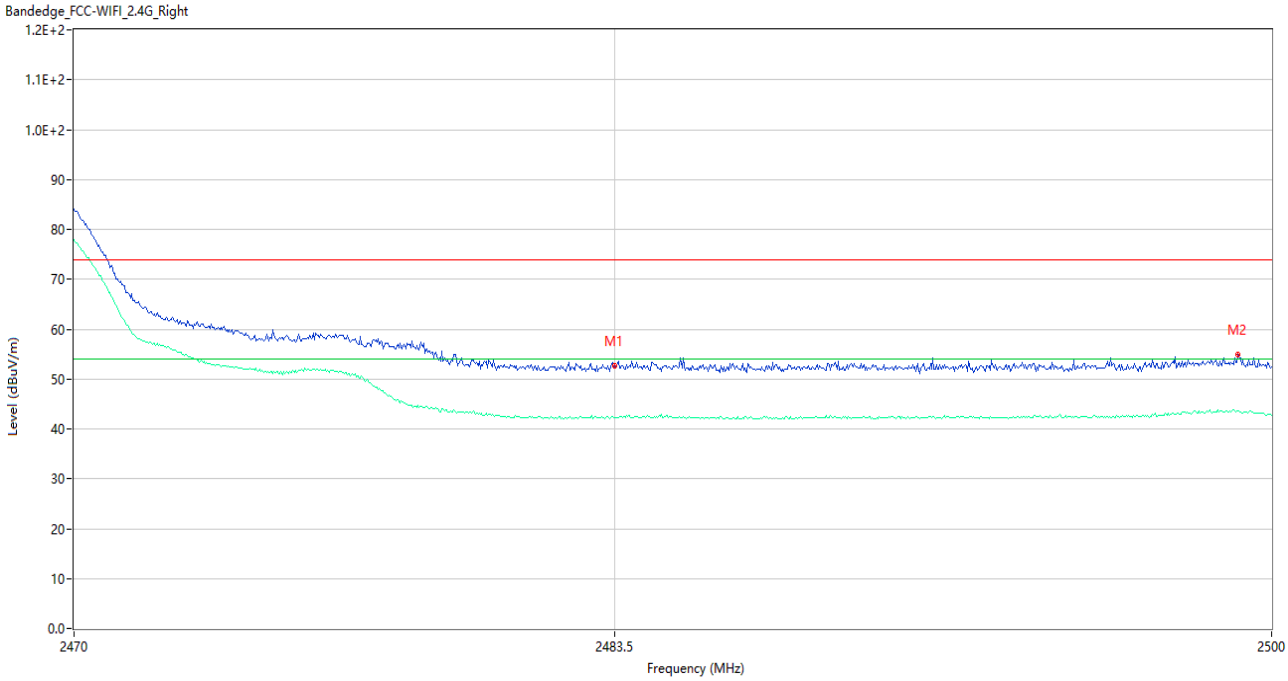
Test Data and Plots

802.11b LOW CHANNEL



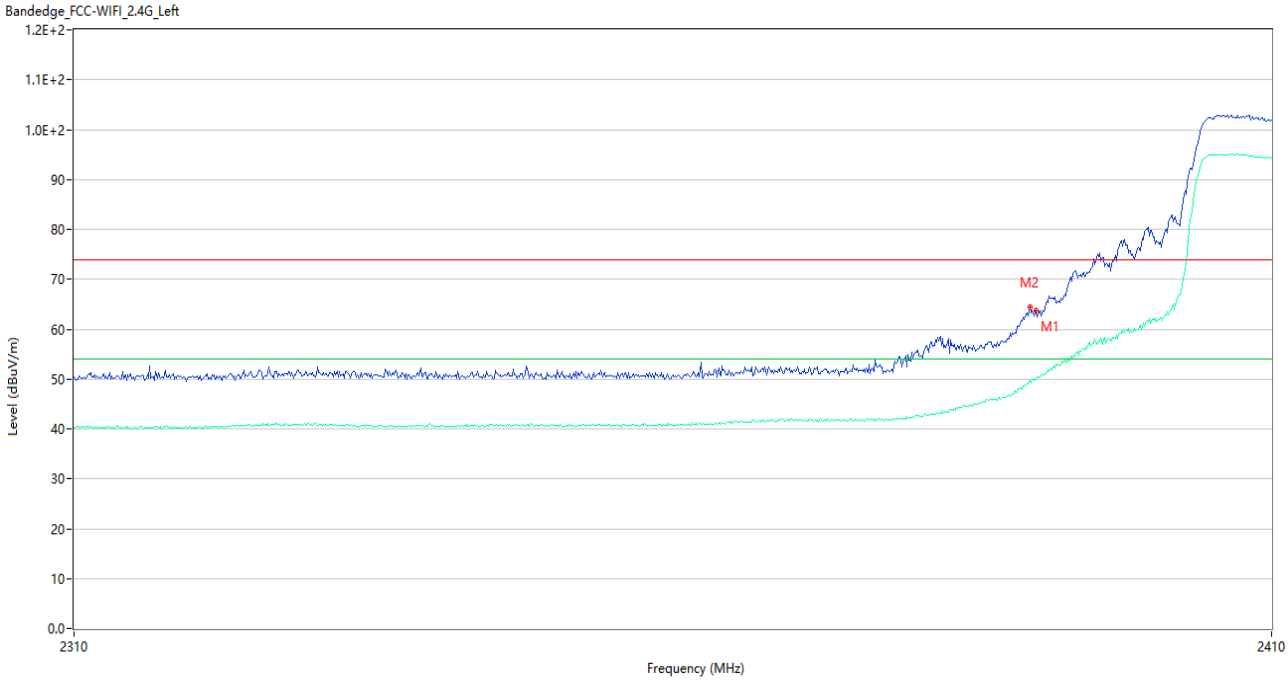
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2390.000	51.65	-4.87	74.0	22.35	Peak	304.01	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2390.000	42.17	-4.87	54.0	11.83	AV	304.01	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2384.200	54.14	-4.55	74.0	19.86	Peak	304.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2384.200	42.09	-4.55	54.0	11.91	AV	304.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

802.11b HIGH CHANNEL



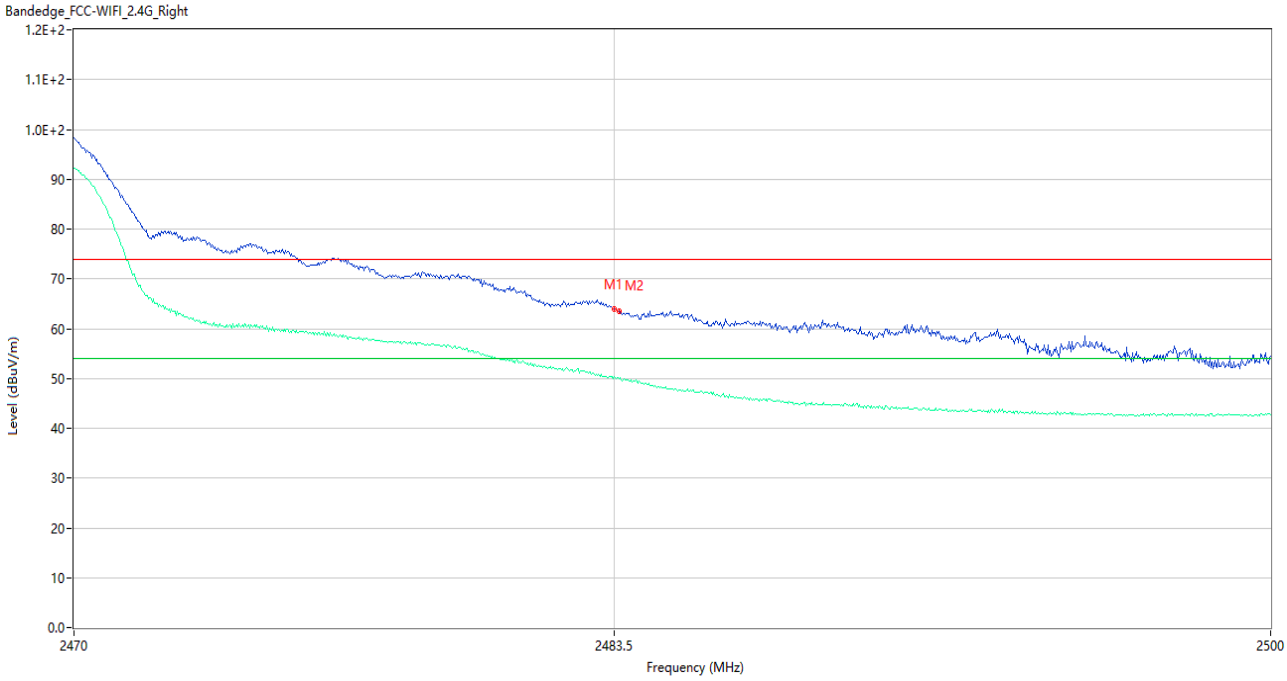
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.500	52.65	-3.78	74.0	21.35	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	42.34	-3.78	54.0	11.66	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2499.160	54.93	-3.98	74.0	19.07	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2499.160	43.51	-3.98	54.0	10.49	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

802.11g LOW CHANNEL



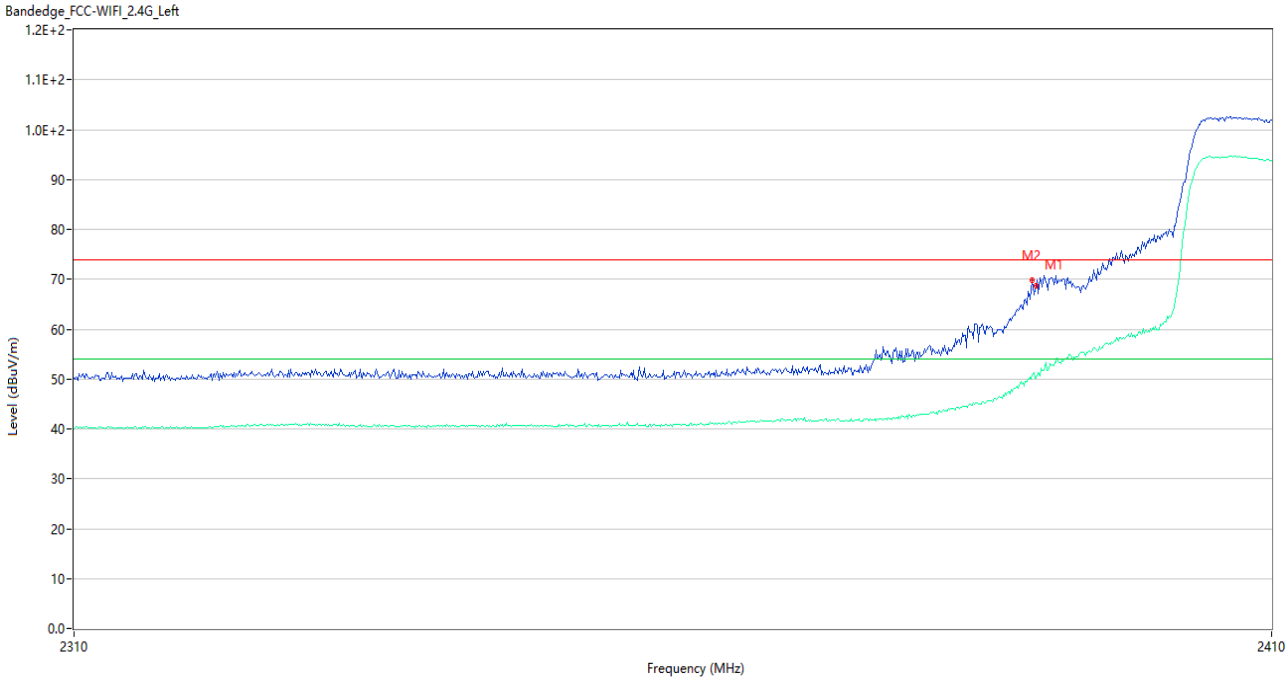
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2390.000	63.65	-4.87	74.0	10.35	Peak	252.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2390.000	50.22	-4.87	54.0	3.78	AV	252.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2389.500	64.30	-4.85	74.0	9.70	Peak	252.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2389.500	49.78	-4.85	54.0	4.22	AV	252.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

802.11g HIGH CHANNEL



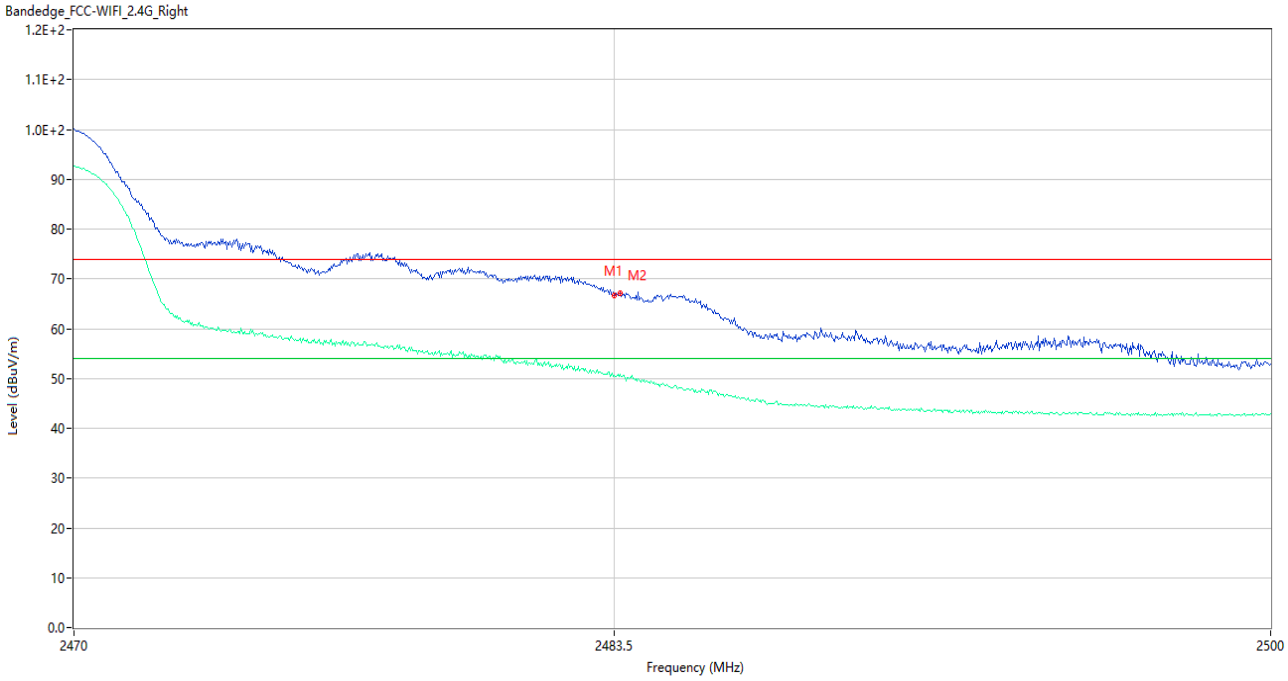
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.500	63.89	-3.78	74.0	10.11	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	50.43	-3.78	54.0	3.57	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2483.620	63.48	-3.78	74.0	10.52	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2483.620	49.87	-3.78	54.0	4.13	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

802.11n20 LOW CHANNEL



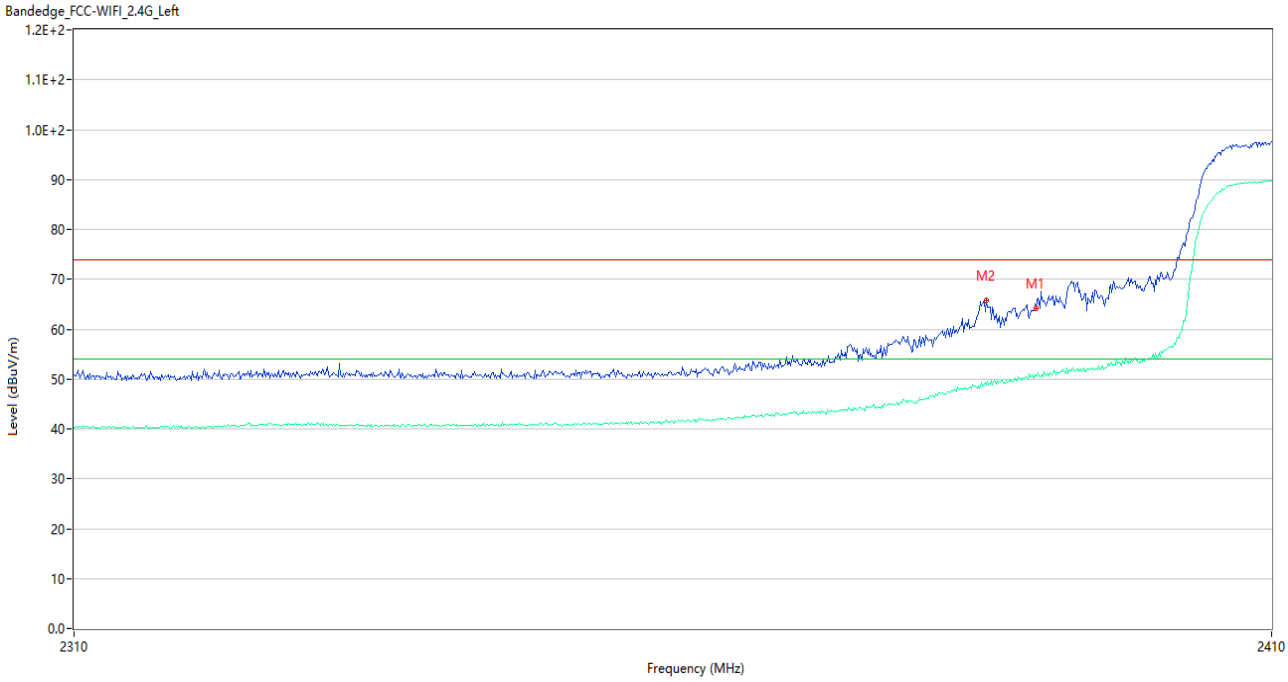
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2390.000	68.65	-4.87	74.0	5.35	Peak	311.99	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2390.000	50.27	-4.87	54.0	3.73	AV	311.99	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2389.700	69.90	-4.86	74.0	4.10	Peak	252.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2389.700	50.75	-4.86	54.0	3.25	AV	252.00	150	Vertical	Pass

802.11n20 HIGH CHANNEL



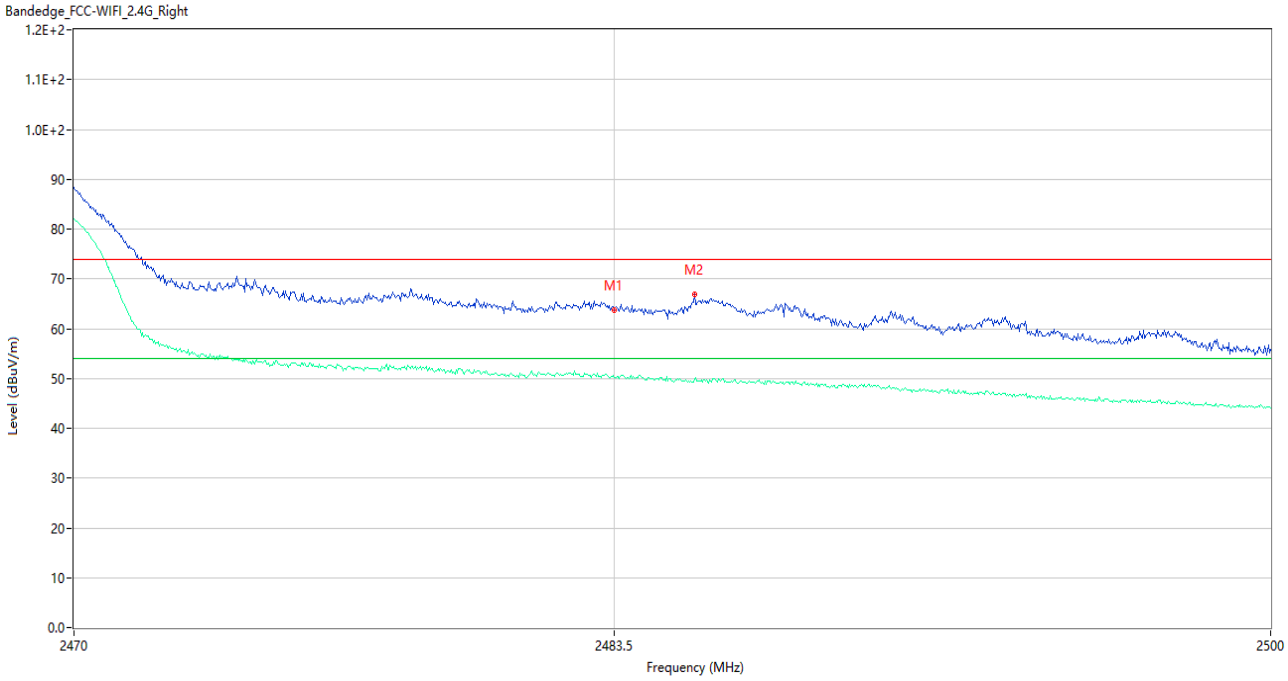
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.500	66.52	-3.78	74.0	7.48	Peak	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	50.52	-3.78	54.0	3.48	AV	360.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2483.650	67.05	-3.78	74.0	6.95	Peak	248.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2483.650	50.82	-3.78	54.0	3.18	AV	248.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

802.11n40 LOW CHANNEL



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2390.000	64.12	-4.87	74.0	9.88	Peak	269.98	150	Vertical	Pass
1**	2390.000	50.63	-4.87	54.0	3.37	AV	269.98	150	Vertical	Pass
2	2385.800	65.65	-4.63	74.0	8.35	Peak	317.00	150	Vertical	Pass
2**	2385.800	48.76	-4.63	54.0	5.24	AV	317.00	150	Vertical	Pass

802.11n40 HIGH CHANNEL



No.	Frequency (MHz)	Results (dBuV/m)	Factor (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin(dB)	Detector	Table (Degree)	Height (cm)	Antenna	Verdict
1	2483.500	63.54	-3.78	74.0	10.46	Peak	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
1**	2483.500	50.24	-3.78	54.0	3.76	AV	0.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2	2485.510	66.88	-3.78	74.0	7.12	Peak	15.00	150	Horizontal	Pass
2**	2485.510	49.92	-3.78	54.0	4.08	AV	15.00	150	Horizontal	Pass

A.8 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

Note: The Power Spectral Density (PSD), please refer to the Report No. RSHD200218007-00A which issued by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) on Apr. 02, 2020. Section FCC §15.247(e) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY.

ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SH2580871-AR-1.PDF”.

ANNEX C EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SH2580871-AW.PDF”.

ANNEX D EUT INTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “BL-SH2580871-AI.PDF”.

Statement

1. The Testing Center guarantees the scientificity, accuracy and impartiality of the test, and is responsible for all the information in the report, except the information provided by the customer. The customer is responsible for the impact of the information provided on the validity of the results.

2. For the report with Accreditation Symbol, the items marked with "☆" are not within the accredited scope.

3. This report is invalid if it is altered, without the signature of the testing and approval personnel, or without the test report stamp.

4. The test data and results are only valid for the tested samples provided by the customer.

5. This report shall not be partially reproduced without the written permission of the Testing Center.

6. Any objection shall be raised to the Testing Center within 30 days after receiving the report.

--END OF REPORT--