



TEST REPORT

Report Number : TZ0113250702FRF19
Product Name : Digital Two-Way Radio, with PMR
Model/Type reference : SPH6800 V, SPH6015, SPH6015SK, SPH6015S
FCC ID : 2BSQC-SPH6800V
Prepared for : Shenzhen Samhoo Sci&Tech Co., Ltd.
A617, 6th Floor, Building A, Oshida Building, No. 4, Meizhi Road, Meiting Community, Meilin Street, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Prepared By : Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd.
1st Floor, Building 1, Haomai High-tech Park, Huating Road 387, Dalang Street, Longhua, Shenzhen, China
Standards : FCC CFR Title 47 Part 90, ANSI/TIA-603-E: 2016
Date of Test : July 17, 2025 ~ July 23, 2025
Date of Issue : July 23, 2025

Prepared by : Nancy Li
Reviewed by : Allen Lai
Approved by : Max Zhang
(Authorized Officer)



This publication may be reproduced in whole or in part for non-commercial purposes as long as the Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd. is acknowledged as copyright owner and source of the material. Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd. takes no responsibility for and will not assume liability for damages resulting from the reader's interpretation of the reproduced material due to its placement and context. The test report apply only to the specific sample(s) tested under stated test conditions. It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.





**** Report Revise Record ****

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	July 23, 2025	Valid	Initial release





TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	TEST STANDARDS	4
2.	GENERAL INFORMATION	5
2.1.	Client Information	5
2.2.	Description of Device (EUT).....	5
2.3.	Wireless Function Tested in this Report	5
2.4.	EUT operation mode	6
2.5.	Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)	6
3.	TEST ENVIRONMENT	7
3.1.	Address of the test laboratory	7
3.2.	Test Facility	7
3.3.	Environmental conditions	7
3.4.	Test Description	8
3.5.	Statement of the measurement uncertainty	8
3.6.	Equipments Used during the Test.....	9
4.	TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS	10
4.1.	RF Power Output(Conducted Method).....	10
4.2.	Modulation Characteristics	11
4.3.	Occupied Bandwidth and Emission Mask.....	16
4.4.	Field Strength Spurious Emissions	32
4.5.	Conducted spurious emission result(at antenna terminal):	35
4.6.	Frequency Stability	48
4.7.	Transient Frequency Behavior	50
5.	TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT	53
6.	EXTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT	53
7.	INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT	53





1. TEST STANDARDS

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC Part 2](#): FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY MATTERS; GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

[FCC Part 90](#): PRIVATE LAND MOBILE RADIO SERVICES.

[ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016](#): Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards.

[ANSI C63.26-2015](#): IEEE/ANSI Standard for Compliance Testing of Transmitters Used in Licensed Radio Services





2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. Client Information

Applicant	: Shenzhen Samhoo Sci&Tech Co., Ltd.
Address	: A617, 6th Floor, Building A, Oshida Building, No. 4, Meizhi Road, Meiting Community, Meilin Street, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Manufacturer	: Shenzhen Samhoo Sci&Tech Co., Ltd.
Address	: A617, 6th Floor, Building A, Oshida Building, No. 4, Meizhi Road, Meiting Community, Meilin Street, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

2.2. Description of Device (EUT)

Product Name	: Digital Two-Way Radio, with PMR
Trade Mark	: N/A
Model Number	: SPH6800 V, SPH6015, SPH6015SK, SPH6015S
Test Model	: SPH6800 V
Model Declaration	: All are the same except the model name and appearance colour.
Power Supply	: DC 7.4V by battery
Hardware version	: V1.0
Software version	: V1.0

2.3. Wireless Function Tested in this Report

Two Way Radio	
Operation Frequency	: 136 MHz – 174 MHz
Modulation Type	: FM, 4FSK
Channel Separation	: 12.5kHz
Emission Designator	4FSK: 7K74F1D FM: 9K96F3E
Maximum Output Power	: 5W/1W
Antenna Type	: Detachable Antenna

Note 1: Antenna position refer to EUT Photos.

Note 2: the above information was supplied by the applicant.





2.4. EUT operation mode

Modulation	Channel separation	Frequency (MHz)	Operation Description
FM	12.5 KHz	136.025	Op1
	12.5 KHz	155.000	Op2
	12.5 KHz	173.975	Op3
4FSK	12.5 KHz	136.025	Op4
	12.5 KHz	155.000	Op5
	12.5 KHz	173.975	Op6

2.5. Related Submittal(s) / Grant (s)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2BSQC-SPH6800V** filing to comply with FCC Part 2, FCC Part 90 of the FCC CFR 47 Rules.





3. TEST ENVIRONMENT

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd
1st Floor, Building 1, Haomai High-tech Park, Huating Road 387, Dalang Street, Longhua, Shenzhen, China

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 (2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

3.2. Test Facility

FCC

Designation Number: CN1275

Test Firm Registration Number: 167722

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

A2LA

Certificate Number: 5463.01

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

IC

ISED#: 22033

CAB identifier: CN0099

Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd has been listed by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

The 3m-Semi anechoic test site fulfils CISPR 16-1-4 according to ANSI C63.10 and CISPR 16-1-4:2010

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	15-35 ° C
Humidity:	30-60 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar





3.4. Test Description

Test Specification clause	Test case	Pass	Fail	NA	NP	Remark
§90.205 §2.1046(a)	RF Power Output	☒	☐	☐	☐	Pass
§90.242(b)(8) §90.210 §2.1047	Modulation Characteristic	☒	☐	☐	☐	Pass
§90.209 §2.1049	99% Occupied Bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	Pass
§90.210 §2.1049	Emission Mask	☒	☐	☐	☐	Pass
§90.213 §2.1055	Frequency Stability	☒	☐	☐	☐	Pass
§2.1051 §2.1053 §90.210	TX spurious emissions	☒	☐	☐	☐	Pass
§90.214	Transient frequency behavior	☒	☐	☐	☐	Pass
NA = Not Applicable; NP = Not Performed;						

3.5. Statement of the measurement uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 „Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements“ and is documented in the Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

Hereafter the best measurement capability for Shenzhen Tongzhou Testing Co.,Ltd laboratory is reported:

Test Item	Uncertainty	Note
Radiation Uncertainty(9KHz~30MHz)	±3.26dB	(1)
Radiation Uncertainty(30MHz~1000MHz)	±3.92dB	(1)
Radiation Uncertainty(1GHz~40GHz)	±5.62dB	(1)
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±3.0%	(1)
Audio Level	±0.4%	(1)
FM deviation	±1.2%	(1)
Frequency stability	±0.12ppm	(1)

This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.





3.6. Equipments Used during the Test

Item	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
1	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI-7	100849/003	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
2	Signal Generator (SG B)	Keysight	N5182A	MY4620709	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
3	Signal Generator(SG C)	R&S	SML03	102924/0013	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
4	Climate Chamber	KRUOMR	KRM-1000	KRM16072901	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
5	RF COMMUNICATION TEST SET(SG A)	HP	8921A	3430A01131	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
6	Wideband Antenna	schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	958	2022-11-13	2025-11-12
7	Wideband Antenna	Sunol	JB3	A020115	2022-11-13	2025-11-12
8	Amplifier	schwarzbeck	BBV 9743	209	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
9	Amplifier	Tonscend	TSAMP-0518SE	--	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
10	Horn Antenna	schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	01989	2022-11-13	2025-11-12
11	Horn Antenna	schwarzbeck	9120D-1141	1574	2022-11-13	2025-11-12
12	50Ω RF Load	MKRF	RFA001	RFA001	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
13	Attenuator	JS	RFA004	RFA004	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
14	Controller	MF	MF7802	N/A	N/A	N/A
15	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101321	2024-12-31	2025-12-30
16	Test Software	Tonscend	JS36-RSE	V5.0.0.0	N/A	N/A

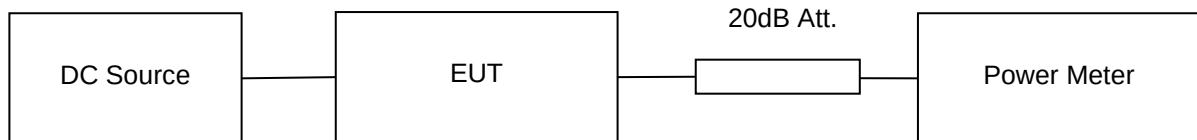




4. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

4.1. RF Power Output(Conducted Method)

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) The EUT transmitter connected to Power Meter using the 40 dB attenuator and power sensor with above setup.
- 2) Path loss for the measurement included.
- 3) All the measurement was done at low, mid, high frequency for each band.
- 4) Record the power into the test report.

TEST RESULTS

Test data of RF Power Output						
Test Mode	Power Level	Channel Separation [Hz]	Test Frequency [MHz]	RF Power Output [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
FM	5W	12.5k	136.025	37.017	/	Pass
FM	5W	12.5k	155	36.806	/	Pass
FM	5W	12.5k	173.975	36.967	/	Pass
4FSK	5W	12.5k	136.025	37.065	/	Pass
4FSK	5W	12.5k	155	36.856	/	Pass
4FSK	5W	12.5k	173.975	37.078	/	Pass
FM	1W	12.5k	136.025	31.082	/	Pass
FM	1W	12.5k	155	31.424	/	Pass
FM	1W	12.5k	173.975	31.029	/	Pass
4FSK	1W	12.5k	136.025	31.237	/	Pass
4FSK	1W	12.5k	155	31.673	/	Pass
4FSK	1W	12.5k	173.975	31.534	/	Pass

The rated 5W for High Power and 1W for Low power.





4.2. Modulation Characteristics

TEST CONFIGURATION

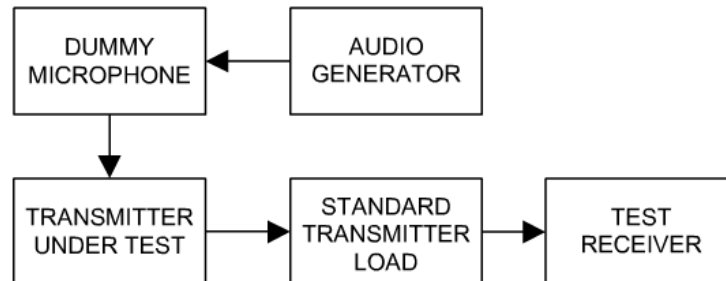


Figure 1: Modulation Limit & Audio Frequency Response

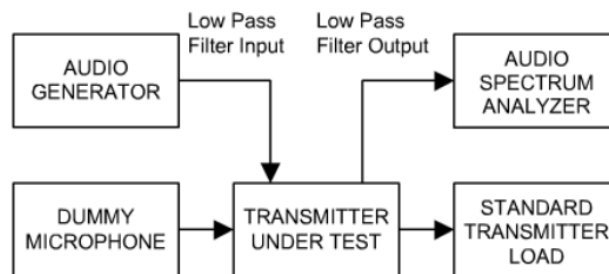


Figure 2: Audio Low Pass Filter Response

TEST PROCEDURE

Modulation limitations

- 1 Connect the equipment as illustrated.
- 2 Adjust the transmitter per the manufacturer's procedure for full rated system deviation.
- 3 Set the test receiver to measure peak positive deviation. Set the audio bandwidth for ≤ 0.25 Hz to $\geq 15,000$ Hz. Turn the de-emphasis function off.
- 4 Apply a 1000 Hz modulating signal to the transmitter from the audio frequency generator, and adjust the level to obtain 60% of full rated system deviation, this level is as a reference (0dB) and vary the input level from -20 to +20dB.
- 5 Measure both the instantaneous and steady-state deviation at and after the time of increasing the audio input level
- 6 Repeat step 4-5 with input frequency changing to 300Hz, 2500Hz and 3000Hz in sequence.

Audio Frequency Response

- 1 Configure the EUT as shown in figure 1.
- 2 Adjust the audio input for 20% of rated system deviation at 1kHz using this level as a reference.
- 3 Vary the Audio frequency from 300Hz to 3 KHz. and record the frequency deviation.
- 4 Audio Frequency Response = $20 \log_{10} (\text{Deviation of test frequency} / \text{Deviation of 1 KHz reference})$.

Audio Low Pass Filter Frequency Response





- 1 Configure the EUT as shown in figure 2.
- 2 Connect the audio frequency generator as close as possible the input of the post limiter low pass filter within the transmitter under test.
- 3 Connect the audio spectrum analyzer to the output of the post limiter low pass filter within the transmitter under test.
- 4 Apply a 1000 Hz tone from the audio frequency generator and adjust the level per manufacturer's specifications.
- 5 Record the dB level of the 1000 Hz spectral line on the audio spectrum analyzer as LEV_{REF} .
- 6 Set the audio frequency generator to the desired test frequency between 3000 Hz and the upper low pass filter limit.
- 7 Record audio spectrum analyzer levels, at the test frequency in step 6).
- 8 Record the dB level on the audio spectrum analyzer as LEV_{REQ} .
- 9 Calculate the audio frequency response at the test frequency as:
low pass filter response = $LEV_{REQ} - LEV_{REF}$
- 10 Repeat steps 6) through 10) for all the desired test frequencies.

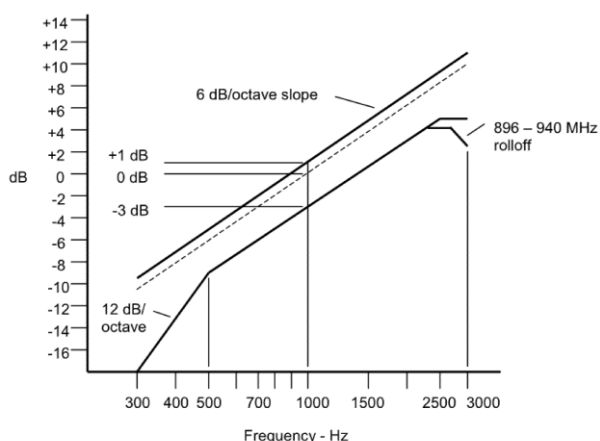
LIMIT

Modulation limitations

According to TIA/EIA 603 E, For FM transmitters, the sum of the highest modulating frequency in Hertz and the amount of the frequency deviation or swing in Hertz may not exceed 2800 Hz and the maximum deviation may not exceed 2.5 kHz.

Audio Frequency Response

According to TIA/EIA 603 E,



The audio frequency response from 300 Hz to 3000 Hz shall not vary more than +1 dB or -3 dB from a true 6 dB per octave pre-emphasis characteristic as referenced to the 1000 Hz level. The exception is from 500 Hz to 3000 Hz, where an additional 6 dB per octave rolloff is allowed.

The following exceptions are also permissible:

- a) An additional 6 dB per octave attenuation is allowed from 2500 Hz to 3000 Hz in equipment operating in the 25 MHz to 869 MHz range.
- b) An additional 6 dB per octave rolloff is allowed from 2300 Hz to 2700 Hz, and an additional 12 dB per octave is allowed from 2700 Hz to 3000 Hz, in equipment operating in the 896 MHz to 940 MHz range, and all narrowband (12.5 kHz and 15 kHz channelization) equipment.





Audio Low Pass Filter Frequency Response

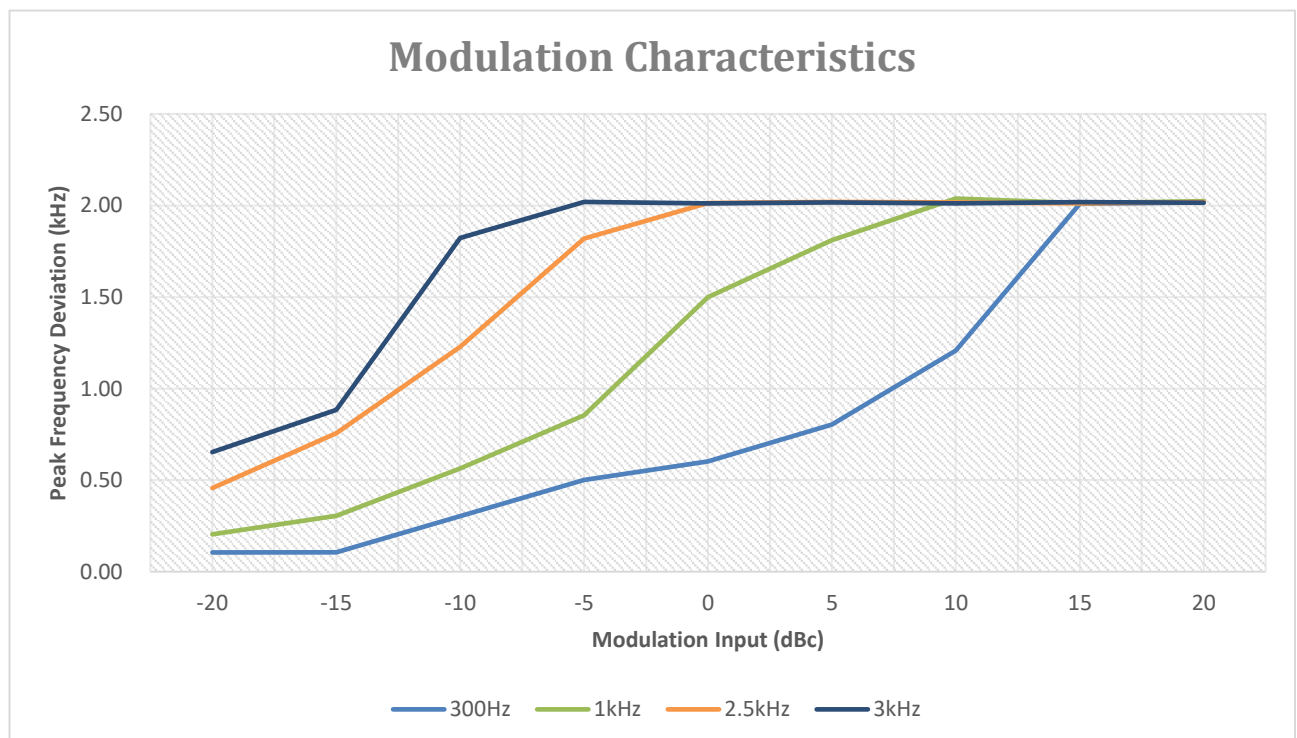
According to TIA/EIA 603 E,

Audio band	Minimum Attenuation Rel. to 1KHz Attenuation
3-20KHz	100* log10 (f/3) decibels
20-30KHz	82.5dB

TEST RESULTS

Modulation Characteristics

155.000MHz @ 12.5 KHz Channel Separation-5W						
Modulation Input(dBc)	Peak Frequency Deviation (KHz)				Limit(KHz)	Result
	300Hz	1KHz	2.5KHz	3KHz		
-20	-20	0.10	0.21	0.45	2.5	Pass
-15	-15	0.10	0.31	0.75	2.5	Pass
-10	-10	0.30	0.57	1.23	2.5	Pass
-5	-5	0.51	0.85	1.82	2.5	Pass
0	0	0.61	1.50	2.01	2.5	Pass
5	5	0.81	1.80	2.02	2.5	Pass
10	10	1.21	2.03	2.01	2.5	Pass
15	15	2.02	2.02	2.02	2.5	Pass
20	20	2.02	2.02	2.02	2.5	Pass

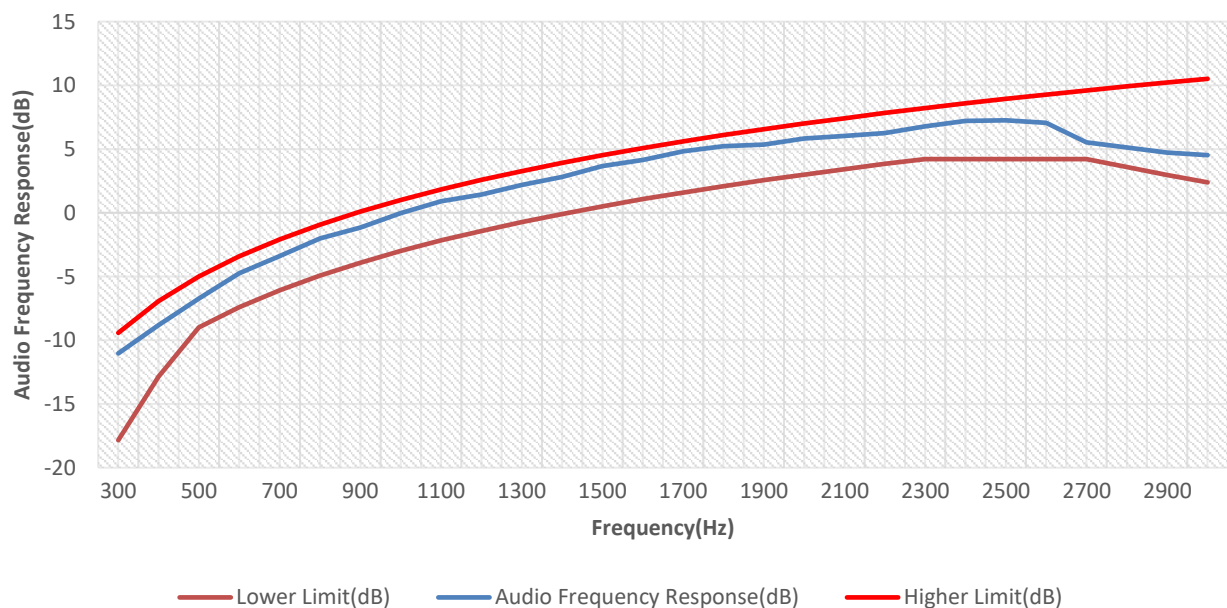


Note: All the test frequencies was tested, but only the worst data be recorded in this part.



**Audio Frequency Response**

155.000MHz @ 12.5 KHz Channel Separation-5W			
Frequency(Hz)	Lower Limit(dB)	Audio Frequency Response(dB)	Higher Limit(dB)
300	-17.84	-11.04	-9.42
400	-12.86	-8.84	-6.93
500	-9.00	-6.74	-5.00
600	-7.42	-4.72	-3.42
700	-6.09	-3.38	-2.09
800	-4.93	-2.03	-0.93
900	-3.91	-1.15	0.09
1000	-3	0.02	1.00
1100	-2.17	0.92	1.83
1200	-1.42	1.44	2.58
1300	-0.73	2.18	3.27
1400	-0.09	2.83	3.91
1500	0.51	3.65	4.51
1600	1.07	4.18	5.07
1700	1.59	4.81	5.59
1800	2.09	5.26	6.09
1900	2.56	5.34	6.56
2000	3.00	5.87	7.00
2100	3.42	6.06	7.42
2200	3.83	6.27	7.83
2300	4.21	6.76	8.21
2400	4.21	7.20	8.58
2500	4.21	7.30	8.93
2600	4.21	7.07	9.27
2700	4.21	5.50	9.60
2800	3.58	5.12	9.91
2900	2.97	4.72	10.22
3000	2.39	4.51	10.51

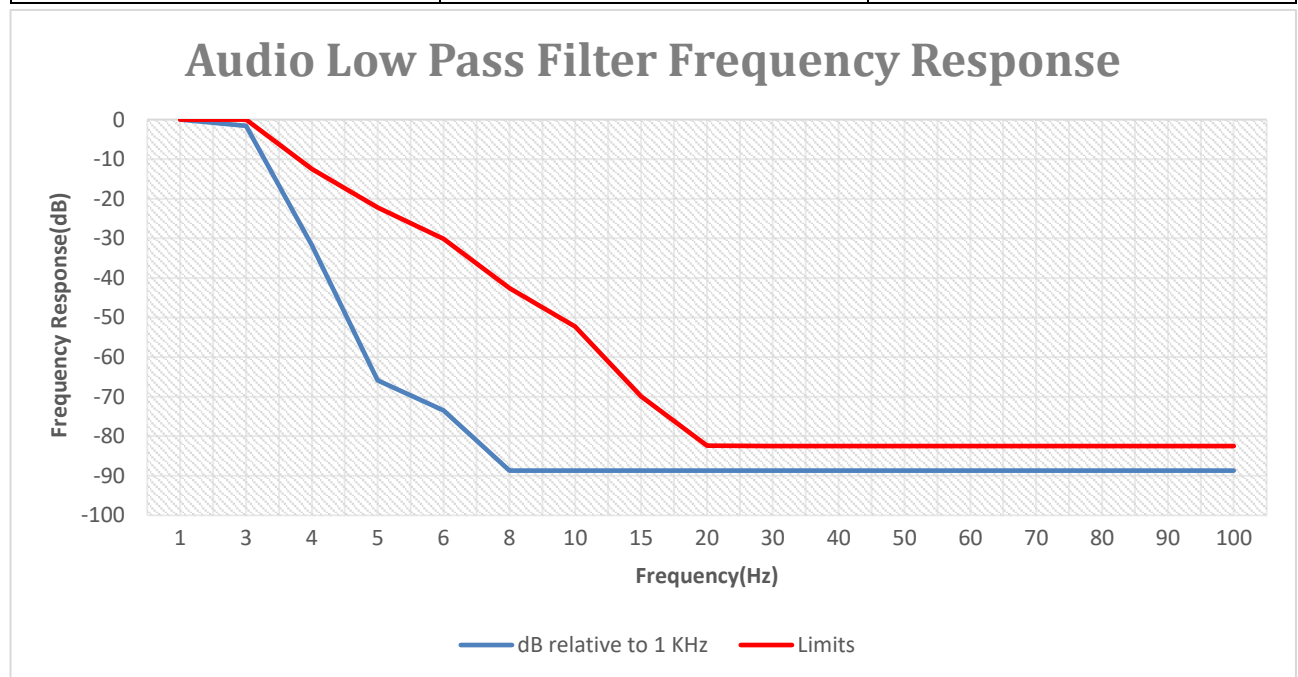
Audio Frequency Response

Note: All the test frequencies was tested, but only the worst data be recorded in this part.



**Audio Low Pass Filter Frequency Response**

155.000MHz @ 12.5 KHz Channel Separation-5W		
Audio Frequency (KHz)	dB relative to 1 KHz	Limits
1	0	0
3	-1.6	0
4	-31.8	-12.5
5	-65.9	-22.2
6	-73.5	-30.1
8	-88.7	-42.6
10	-88.7	-52.3
15	-88.7	-69.9
20	-88.7	-82.4
30	-88.7	-82.5
40	-88.7	-82.5
50	-88.7	-82.5
60	-88.7	-82.5
70	-88.7	-82.5
80	-88.7	-82.5
90	-88.7	-82.5
100	-88.7	-82.5



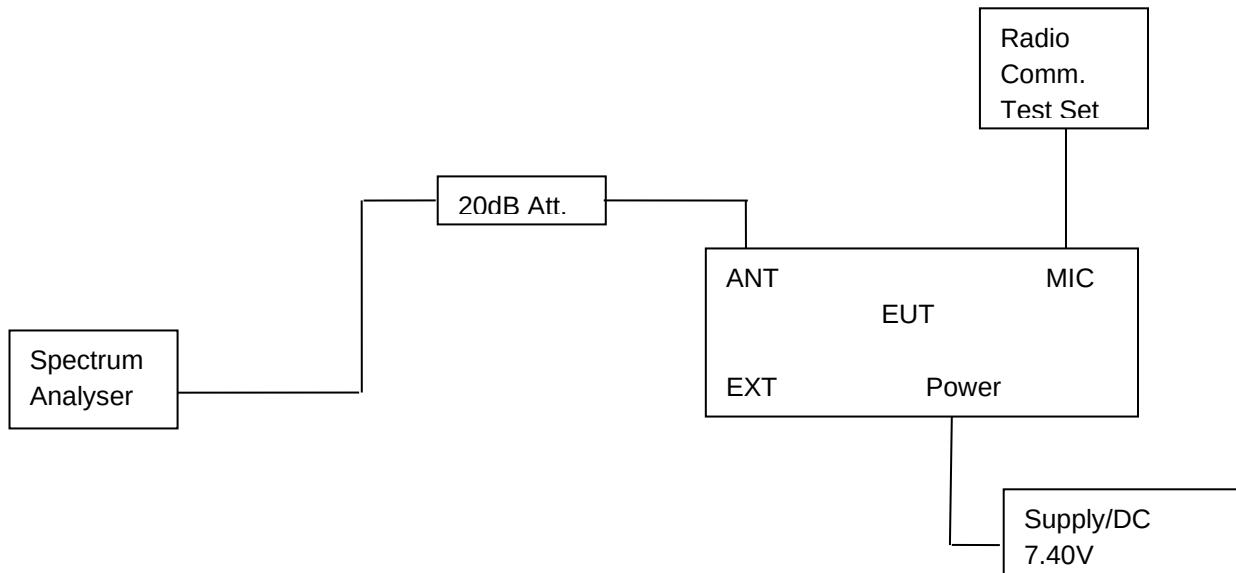
Note: All the test frequencies was tested, but only the worst data be recorded in this part.





4.3. Occupied Bandwidth and Emission Mask

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1 The EUT was modulated by 2.5 KHz Sine wave audio signal;the level of the audio signal employed is 16 dB greater than that necessary to produce 50% of rated system deviation.
- 2 Set EUT work at continuous transmitting.
- 3 Set SPA Centre Frequency = fundamental frequency, RBW=300Hz, VBW= 1 KHz, span =100 KHz.
- 4 Set SPA Max hold. Mark peak, Set 99% Occupied Bandwidth and 26dB Occupied Bandwidth.

LIMIT

Standard Channel Spacing/Bandwidth

Frequency band (MHz)	Channel spacing (kHz)	Authorized bandwidth (kHz)
Below 25 ²		
25-50	20	20
72-76	20	20
150-174	¹ 7.5	^{1 3} 20/11.25/6
216-220 ⁵	6.25	20/11.25/6
220-222	5	4
406-512 ²	¹ 6.25	¹³⁶ 20/11.25/6
806-809/851-854	12.5	20
809-824/854-869	25	⁶ 20
896-901/935-940	12.5	13.6
902-928 ⁴		
929-930	25	20
1427-1432 ⁵	12.5	12.5
³ 2450-2483.5 ²		
Above 2500 ²		

¹For stations authorized on or after August 18, 1995.





²Bandwidths for radiolocation stations in the 420-450 MHz band and for stations operating in bands subject to this footnote will be reviewed and authorized on a case-by-case basis.

³Operations using equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth will be authorized a 20 kHz bandwidth. Operations using equipment designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth will be authorized a 11.25 kHz bandwidth. Operations using equipment designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth will be authorized a 6 kHz bandwidth. All stations must operate on channels with a bandwidth of 12.5 kHz or less beginning January 1, 2013, unless the operations meet the efficiency standard of §90.203(j)(3).

⁴The maximum authorized bandwidth shall be 12 MHz for non-multilateration LMS operations in the band 909.75-921.75 MHz and 2 MHz in the band 902.00-904.00 MHz. The maximum authorized bandwidth for multilateration LMS operations shall be 5.75 MHz in the 904.00-909.75 MHz band; 2 MHz in the 919.75-921.75 MHz band; 5.75 MHz in the 921.75-927.25 MHz band and its associated 927.25-927.50 MHz narrowband forward link; and 8.00 MHz if the 919.75-921.75 MHz and 921.75-927.25 MHz bands and their associated 927.25-927.50 MHz and 927.50-927.75 MHz narrowband forward links are aggregated.

⁵See §90.259.

⁶Operations using equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth may be authorized up to a 22 kHz bandwidth if the equipment meets the Adjacent Channel Power limits of §90.221.

(6)(i) Beginning January 1, 2011, no new applications for the 150-174 MHz and/or 421-512 MHz bands will be acceptable for filing if the applicant utilizes channels with an authorized bandwidth exceeding 11.25 kHz, unless specified elsewhere or the operations meet the efficiency standards of §90.203(j)(3).

(ii) Beginning January 1, 2011, no modification applications for stations in the 150-174 MHz and/or 421-512 MHz bands that increase the station's authorized interference contour, will be acceptable for filing if the applicant utilizes channels with an authorized bandwidth exceeding 11.25 kHz, unless specified elsewhere or the operations meet the efficiency standards of §90.203(j)(3). See §90.187(b)(2)(iii) and (iv) for interference contour designations and calculations. Applications submitted pursuant to this paragraph must comply with frequency coordination requirements of §90.175.

(7) Economic Area (EA)-based licensees in frequencies 817-824/862-869 MHz (813.5-824/858.5-869 MHz in the counties listed in §90.614(c)) may exceed the standard channel spacing and authorized bandwidth listed in paragraph (b)(5) of this section in any National Public Safety Planning Advisory Committee Region when all 800 MHz public safety licensees in the Region have completed band reconfiguration consistent with this part. In any National Public Safety Planning Advisory Committee Region where the 800 MHz band reconfiguration is incomplete, EA-based licensees in frequencies 817-821/862-866 MHz (813.5-821/858.5-866 MHz in the counties listed in §90.614(c)) may exceed the standard channel spacing and authorized bandwidth listed in paragraph (b)(5) of this section. Upon all 800 MHz public safety licensees in a National Public Safety Planning Advisory Committee Region completing band reconfiguration, EA-based 800 MHz SMR licensees in the 821-824/866-869 MHz band may exceed the channel spacing and authorized bandwidth in paragraph (b)(5) of this section. Licensees authorized to exceed the standard channel spacing and authorized bandwidth under this paragraph must provide at least 30 days written notice prior to initiating such service in the bands listed herein to every 800 MHz public safety licensee with a base station in an affected National Public Safety Planning Advisory Committee Region, and every 800 MHz public safety licensee with a base station within 113 kilometers (70 miles) of an affected National Public Safety Planning Advisory Committee Region. Such notice shall include the estimated date upon which the EA-based 800 MHz SMR licensee intends to begin operations that exceed the channel spacing and authorized bandwidth in paragraph (b)(5) of this section.





Applicable Emission Masks

Frequency band (MHz)	Mask for equipment with audio low pass filter	Mask for equipment without audio low pass filter
Below 25 ¹	A or B	A or C
25-50	B	C
72-76	B	C
150-174 ²	B, D, or E	C, D or E
150 paging only	B	C
220-222	F	F
421-512 ^{2 5}	B, D, or E	C, D, or E
450 paging only	B	G
806-809/851-854 ⁶	B	H
809-824/854-869 ^{3 5}	B	G
896-901/935-940	I	J
902-928	K	K
929-930	B	G
4940-4990 MHz	L or M	L or M
5850-5925 ⁴		
All other bands	B	C

¹Equipment using single sideband J3E emission must meet the requirements of Emission Mask A. Equipment using other emissions must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable.

²Equipment designed to operate with a 25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask B or C, as applicable. Equipment designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask D, and equipment designed to operate with a 6.25 kHz channel bandwidth must meet the requirements of Emission Mask E.

³Equipment used in this licensed to EA or non-EA systems shall comply with the emission mask provisions of §90.691 of this chapter.

⁴DSRCS Roadside Units equipment in the 5850-5925 MHz band is governed under subpart M of this part.

⁵Equipment may alternatively meet the Adjacent Channel Power limits of §90.221



**TEST RESULTS**

Test data of Occupied Bandwidth							
Test Mode	Power Level	Channel Separation [Hz]	Test Frequency [MHz]	99% OBW [kHz]	-26dB Bandwidth [kHz]	Limit [kHz]	Verdict
FM	5W	12.5k	136.025	9.93	10.11	11.25	Pass
FM	5W	12.5k	155	9.93	10.11	11.25	Pass
FM	5W	12.5k	173.975	9.96	10.14	11.25	Pass
4FSK	5W	12.5k	136.025	7.47	9.39	11.25	Pass
4FSK	5W	12.5k	155	7.56	9.33	11.25	Pass
4FSK	5W	12.5k	173.975	7.59	9.18	11.25	Pass
FM	1W	12.5k	136.025	9.87	10.11	11.25	Pass
FM	1W	12.5k	155	9.93	10.14	11.25	Pass
FM	1W	12.5k	173.975	9.96	10.14	11.25	Pass
4FSK	1W	12.5k	136.025	7.5	9.21	11.25	Pass
4FSK	1W	12.5k	155	7.53	9.21	11.25	Pass
4FSK	1W	12.5k	173.975	7.74	9.42	11.25	Pass

Test data of Emission Mask					
Test Mode	Power Level	Channel Separation [Hz]	Test Frequency [MHz]	Mask Type	Verdict
FM	5W	12.5k	136.025	D	Pass
FM	5W	12.5k	155	D	Pass
FM	5W	12.5k	173.975	D	Pass
4FSK	5W	12.5k	136.025	D	Pass
4FSK	5W	12.5k	155	D	Pass
4FSK	5W	12.5k	173.975	D	Pass
FM	1W	12.5k	136.025	D	Pass
FM	1W	12.5k	155	D	Pass
FM	1W	12.5k	173.975	D	Pass
4FSK	1W	12.5k	136.025	D	Pass
4FSK	1W	12.5k	155	D	Pass
4FSK	1W	12.5k	173.975	D	Pass

Note:

1. All measured including cable loss and attenuator factor.
2. Please refer to following test plots;





Test Graphs of Occupied Bandwidth



Test Graph 4FSK 1W 136.025 12.5k OBW



Test_Graph_4FSK_1W_155_12.5k_OBW





Test Graph 4FSK 1W 173.975 12.5k OBW



Test_Graph_4FSK_5W_136.025_12.5k_OBW



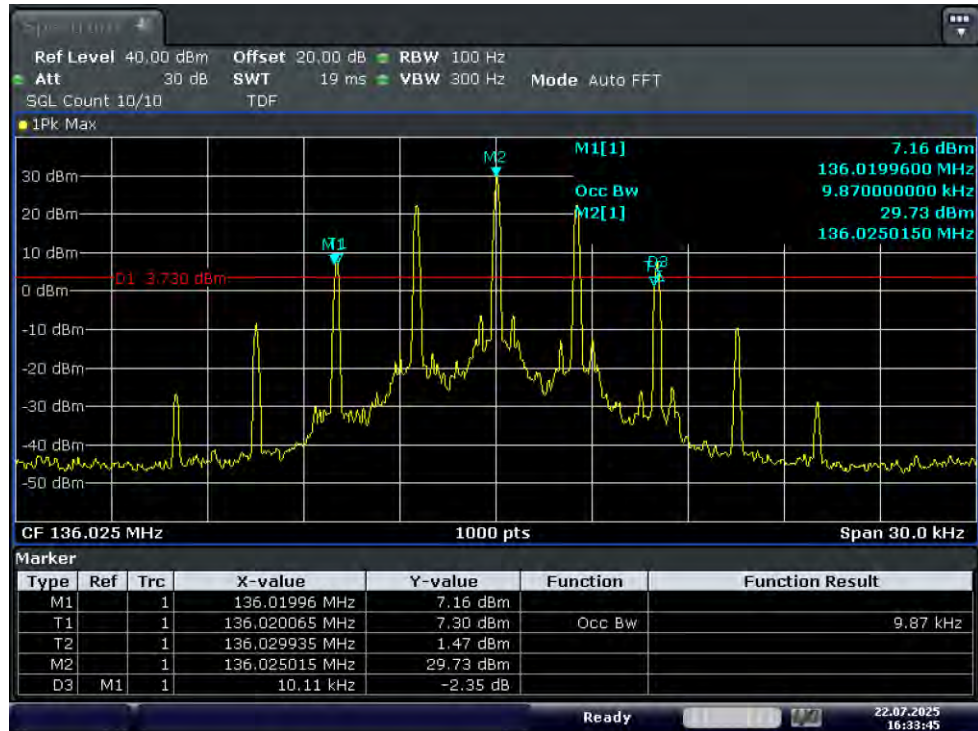


Test Graph 4FSK 5W 155 12.5k OBW



Test_Graph_4FSK_5W_173.975_12.5k_OBW



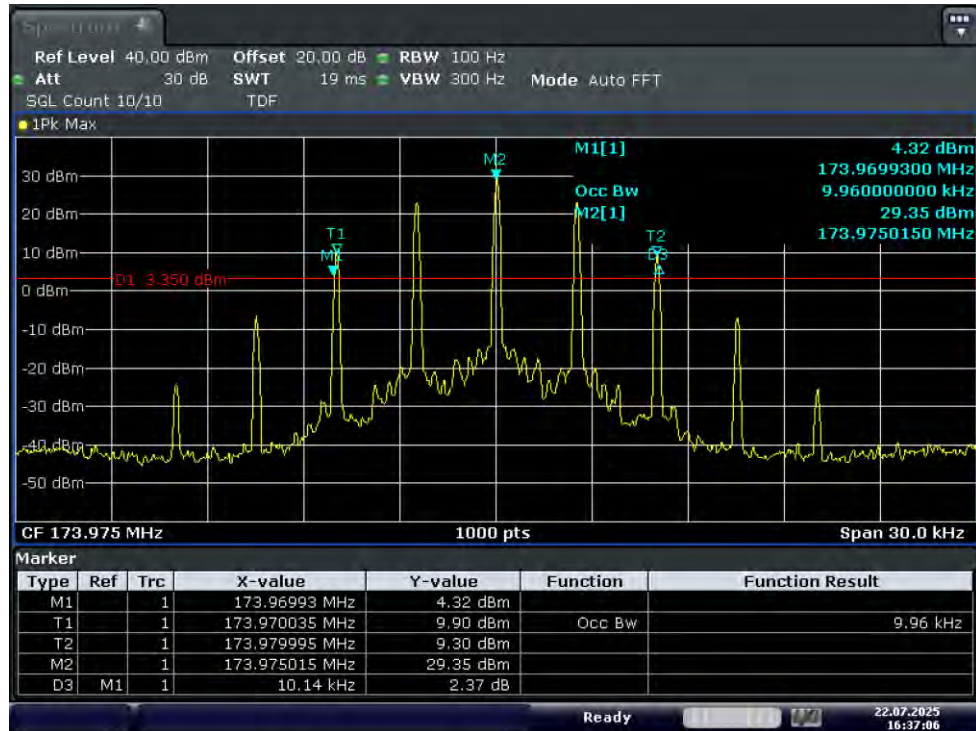


Test Graph FM 1W 136.025 12.5k OBW

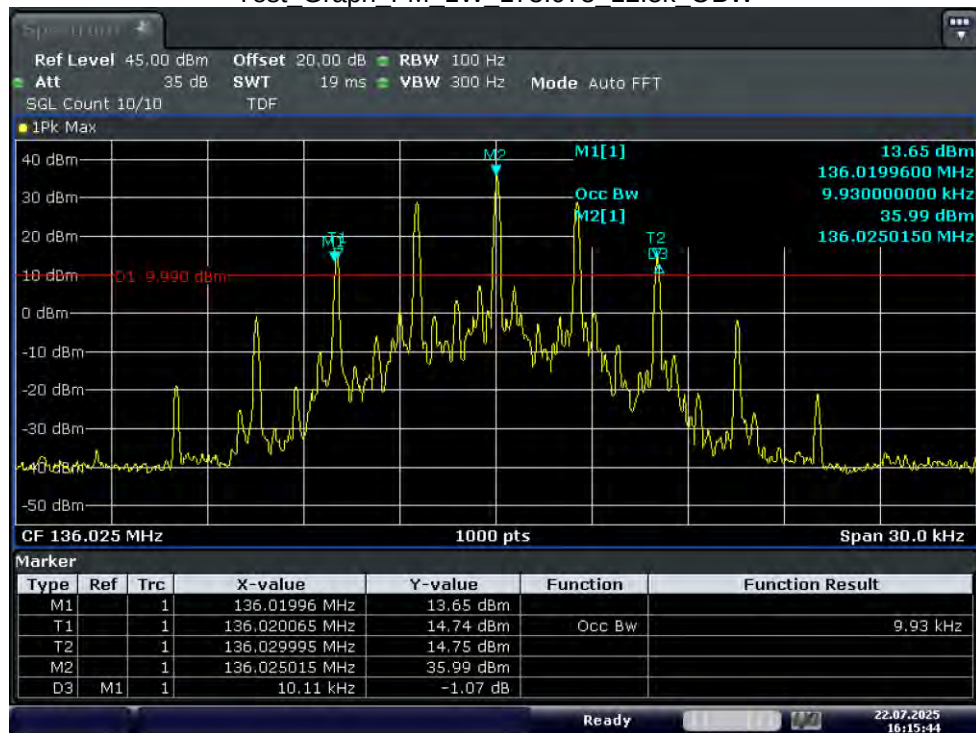


Test_Graph_FM_1W_155_12.5k_OBW





Test Graph FM 1W 173.975 12.5k OBW

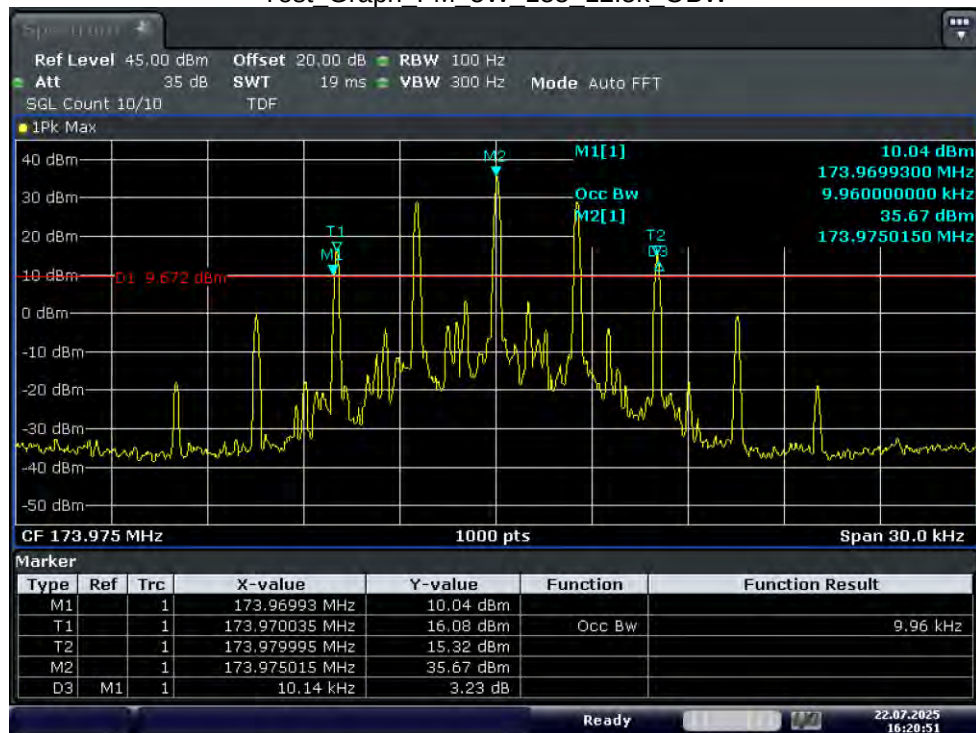


Test_Graph_FM_5W_136.025_12.5k_OBW





Test Graph FM 5W 155 12.5k OBW

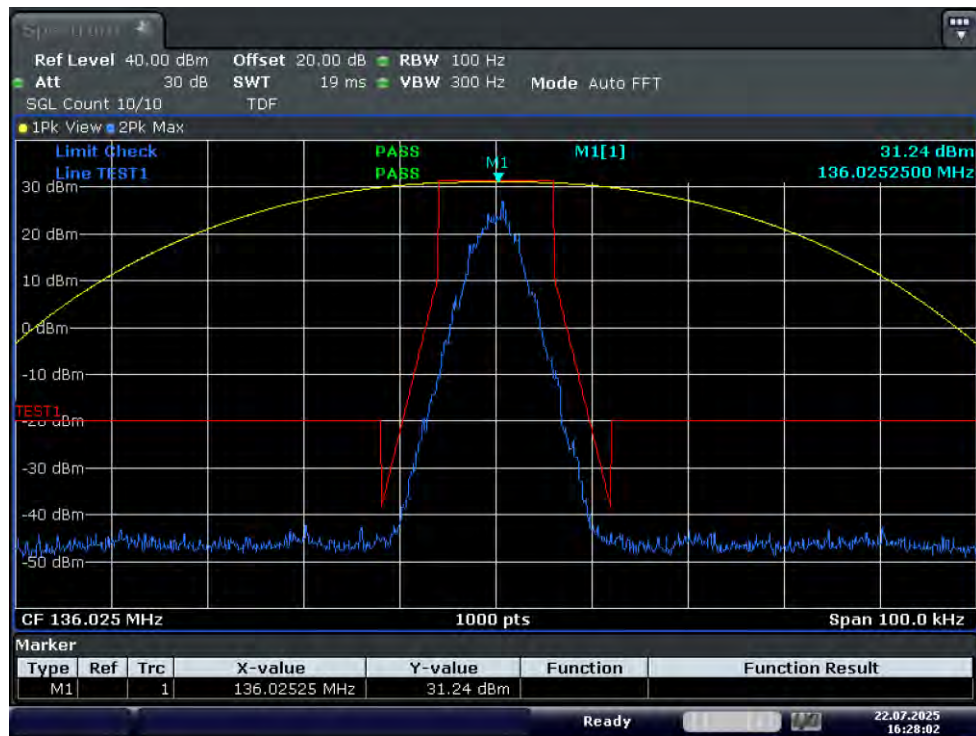


Test_Graph_FM_5W_173.975_12.5k_OBW

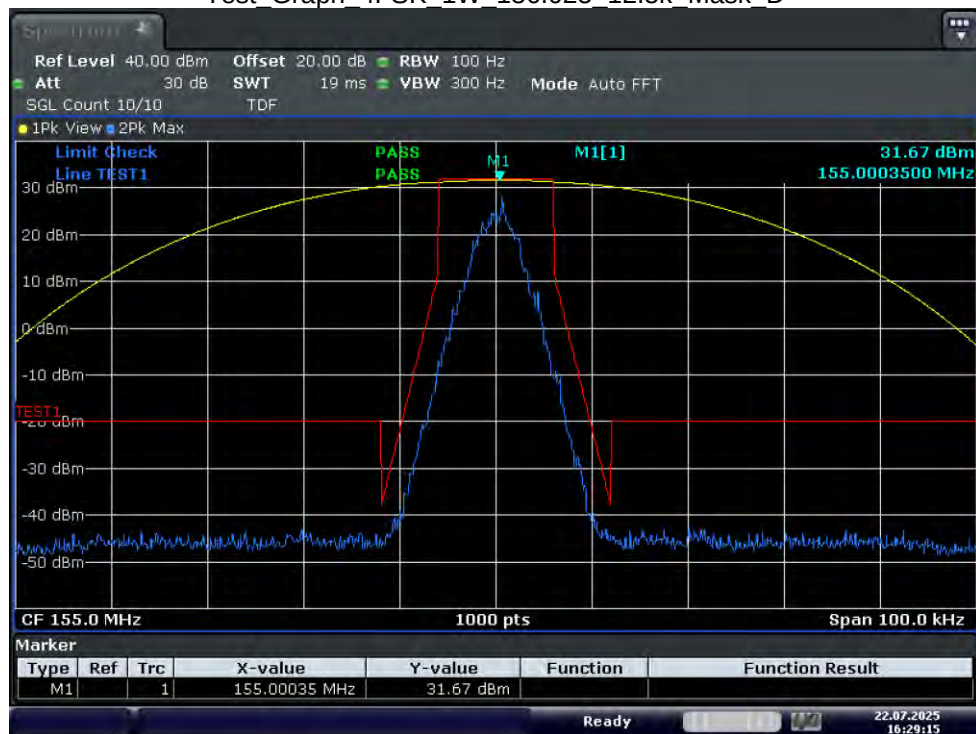




Test Graphs of Mask

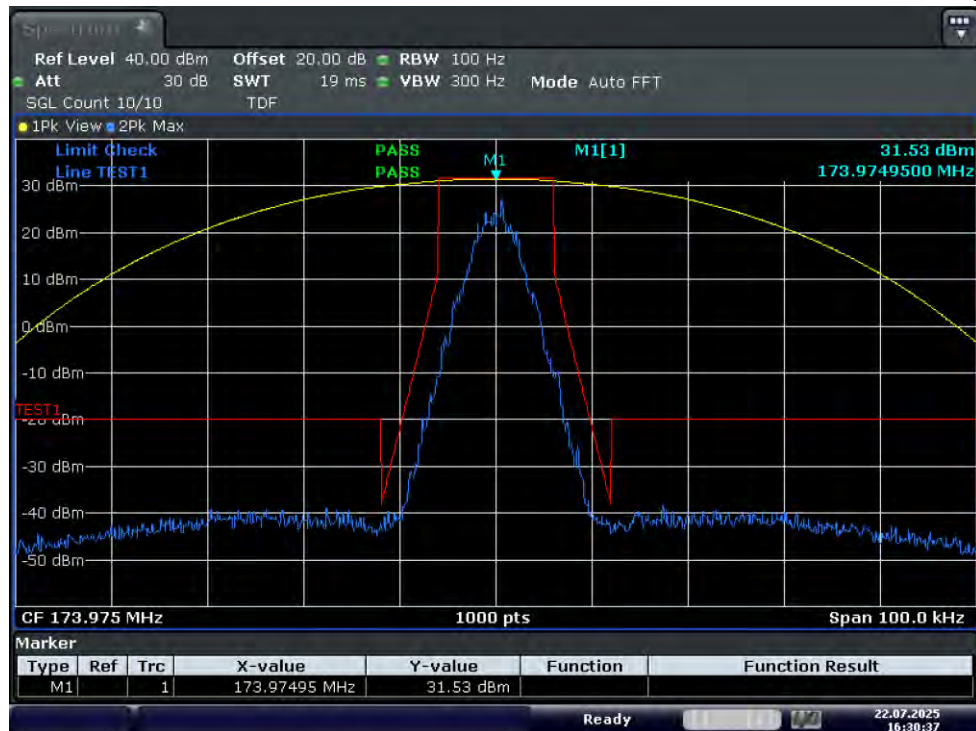


Test Graph 4FSK 1W 136.025 12.5k Mask D

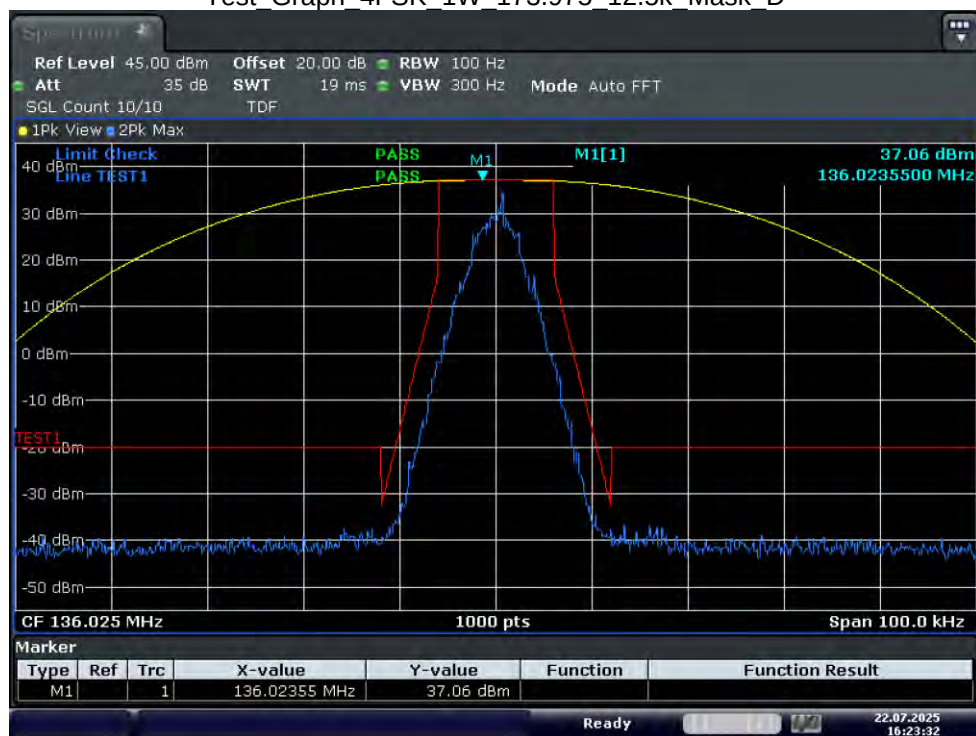


Test_Graph_4FSK_1W_155_12.5k_Mask_D



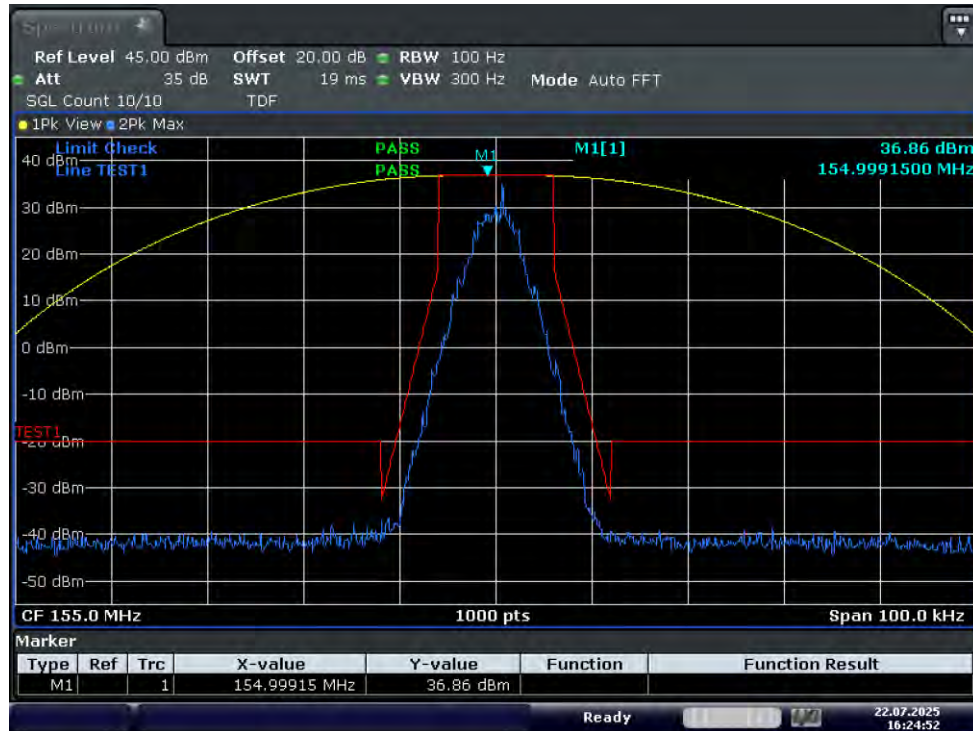


Test Graph 4FSK 1W 173.975 12.5k Mask D

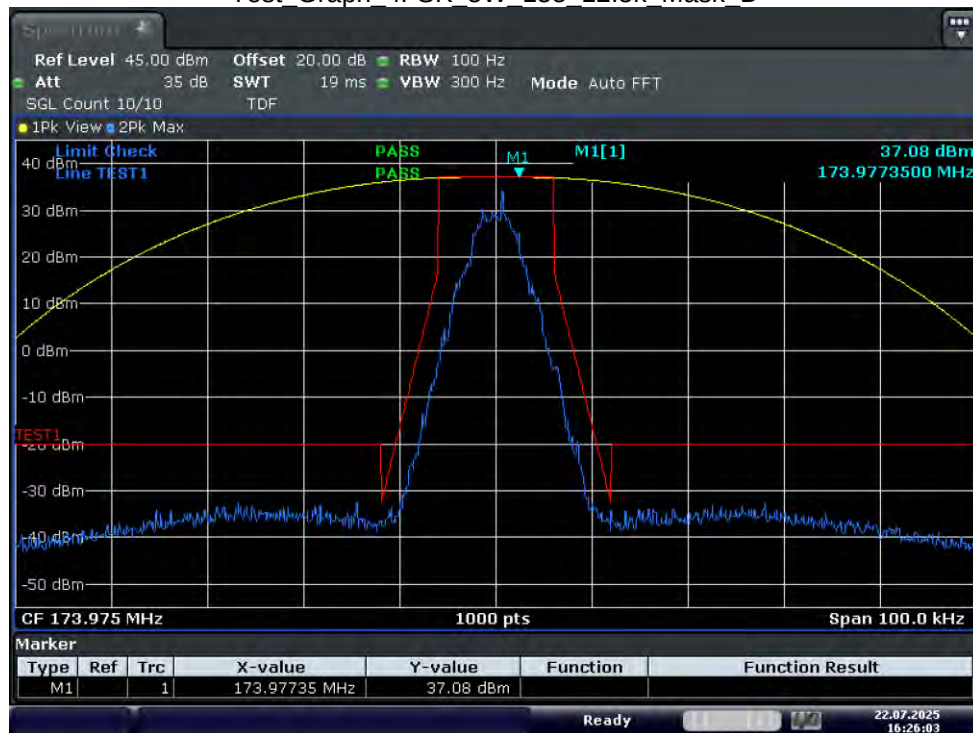


Test_Graph_4FSK_5W_136.025_12.5k_Mask_D



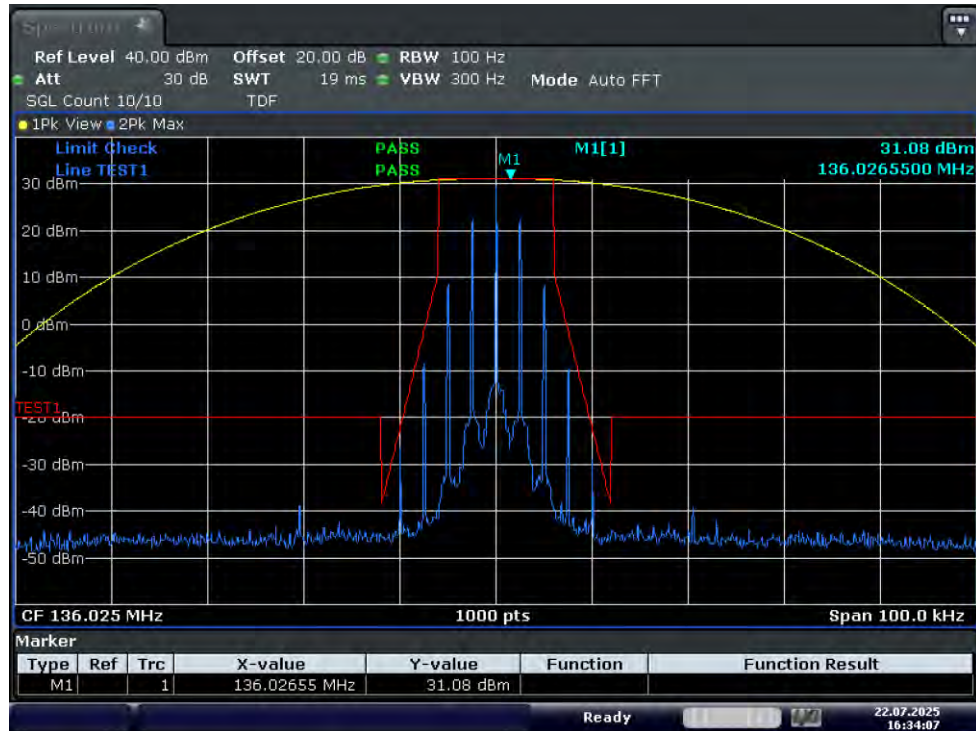


Test Graph 4FSK 5W 155 12.5k Mask D

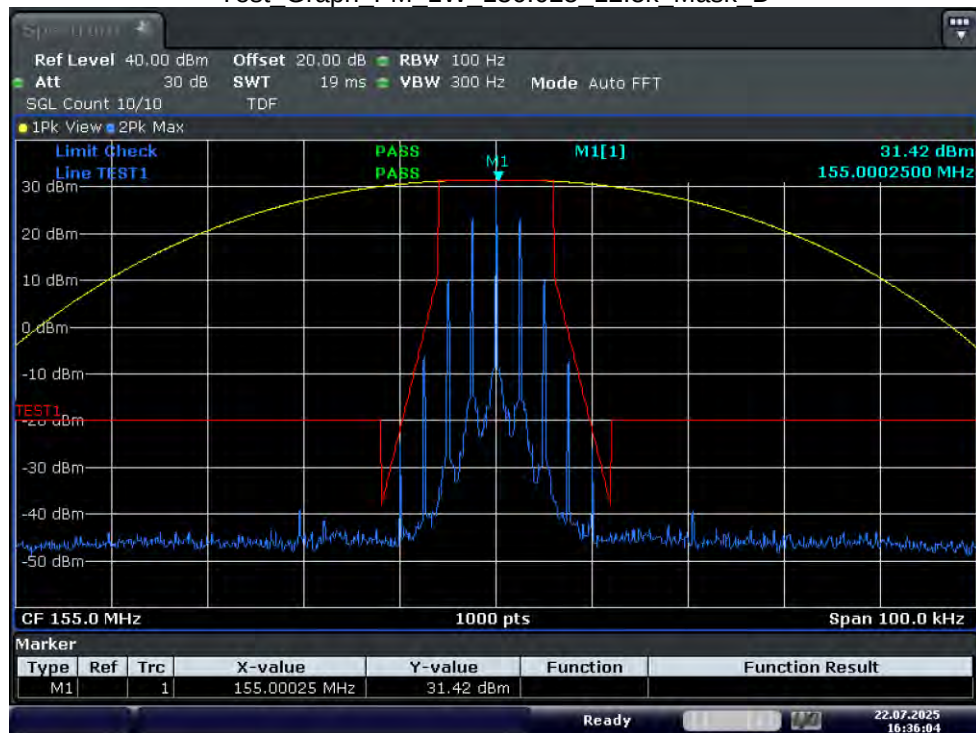


Test_Graph_4FSK_5W_173.975_12.5k_Mask_D



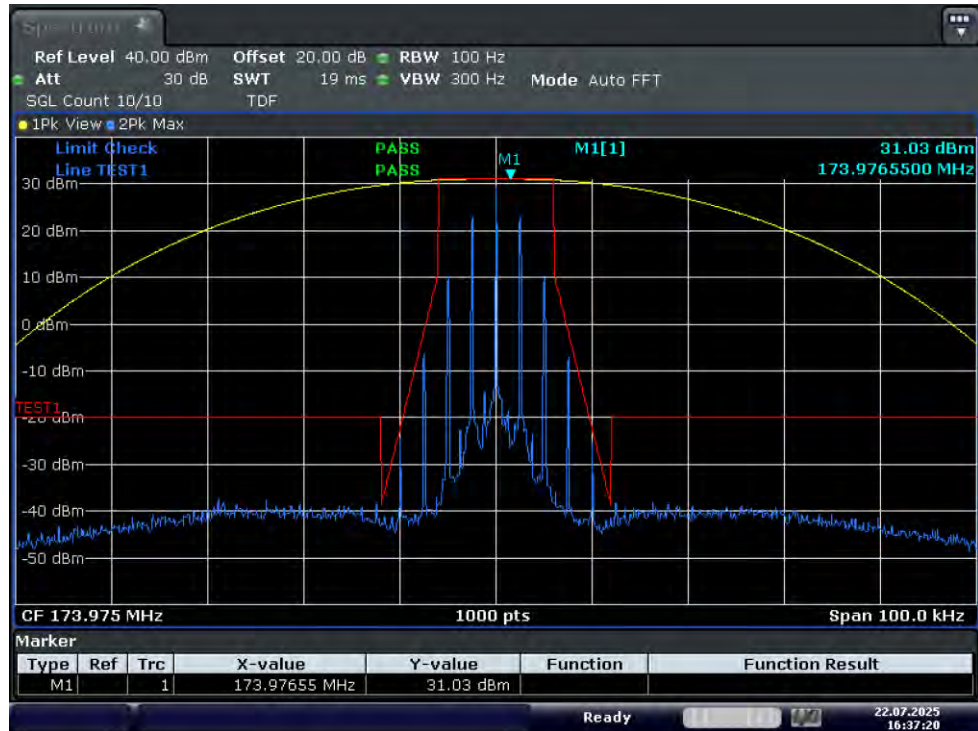


Test Graph FM 1W 136.025 12.5k Mask D

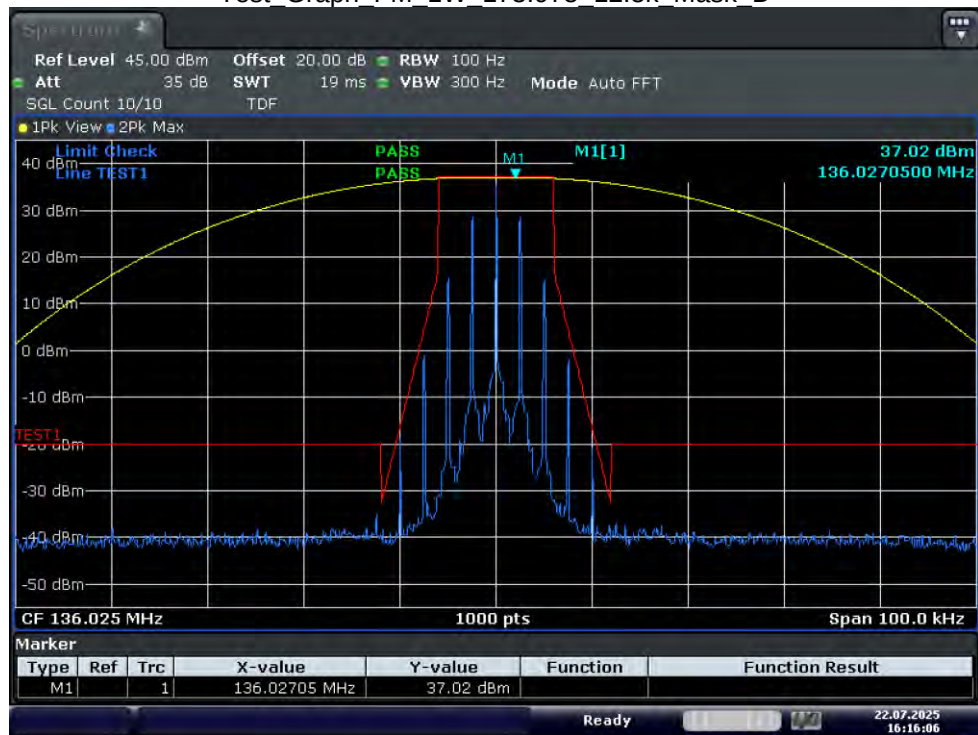


Test_Graph_FM_1W_155_12.5k_Mask_D



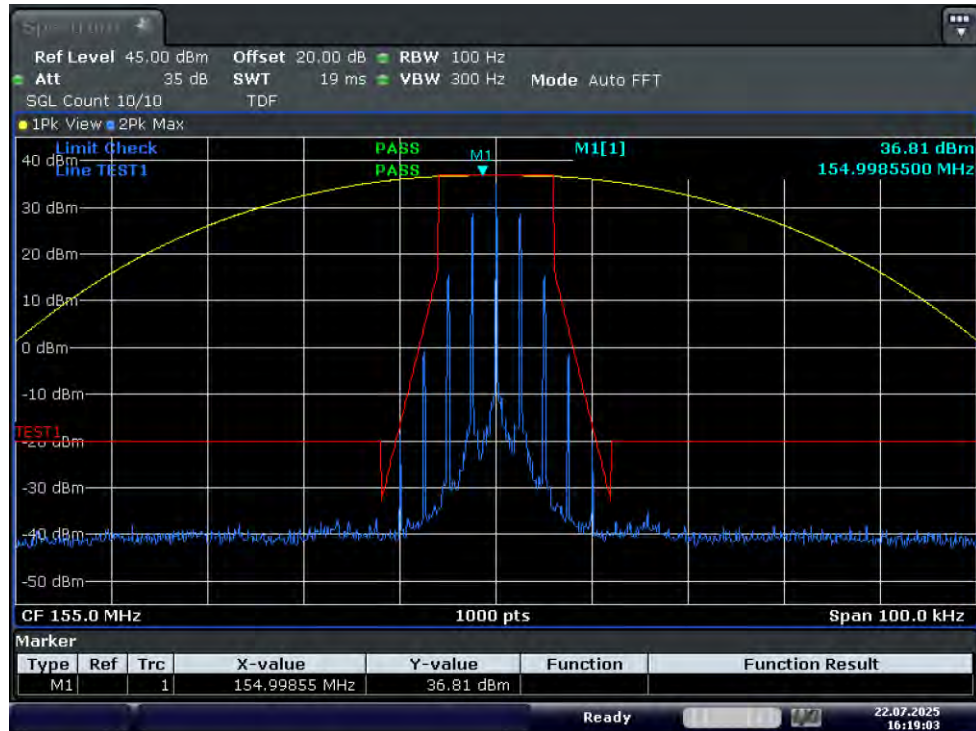


Test Graph FM 1W 173.975 12.5k Mask D

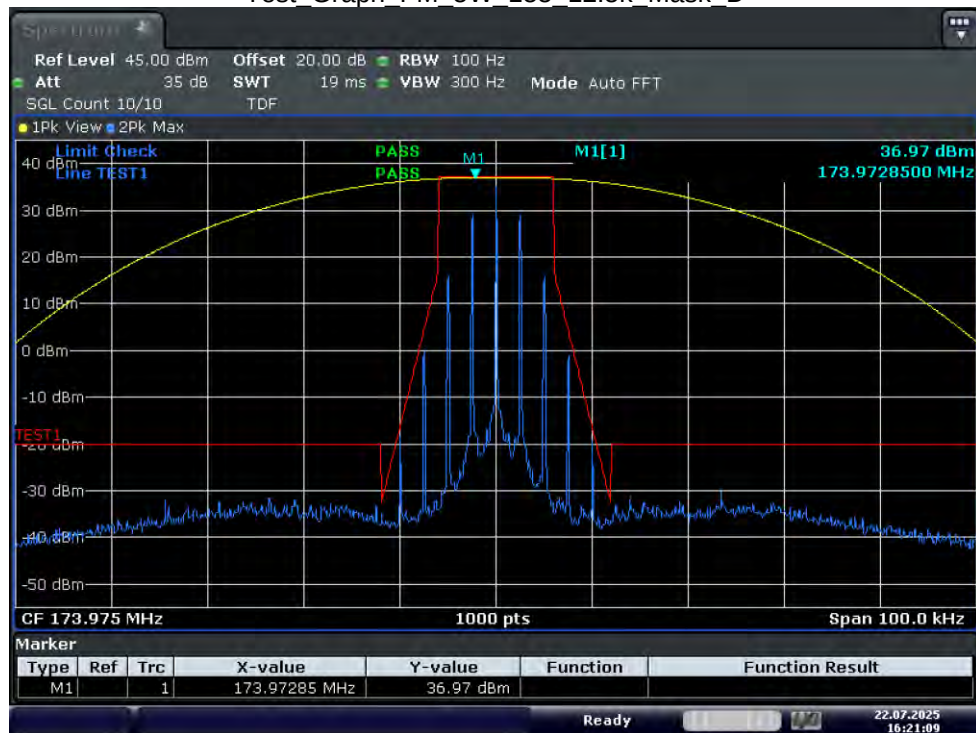


Test_Graph_FM_5W_136.025_12.5k_Mask_D





Test Graph FM 5W 155 12.5k Mask D



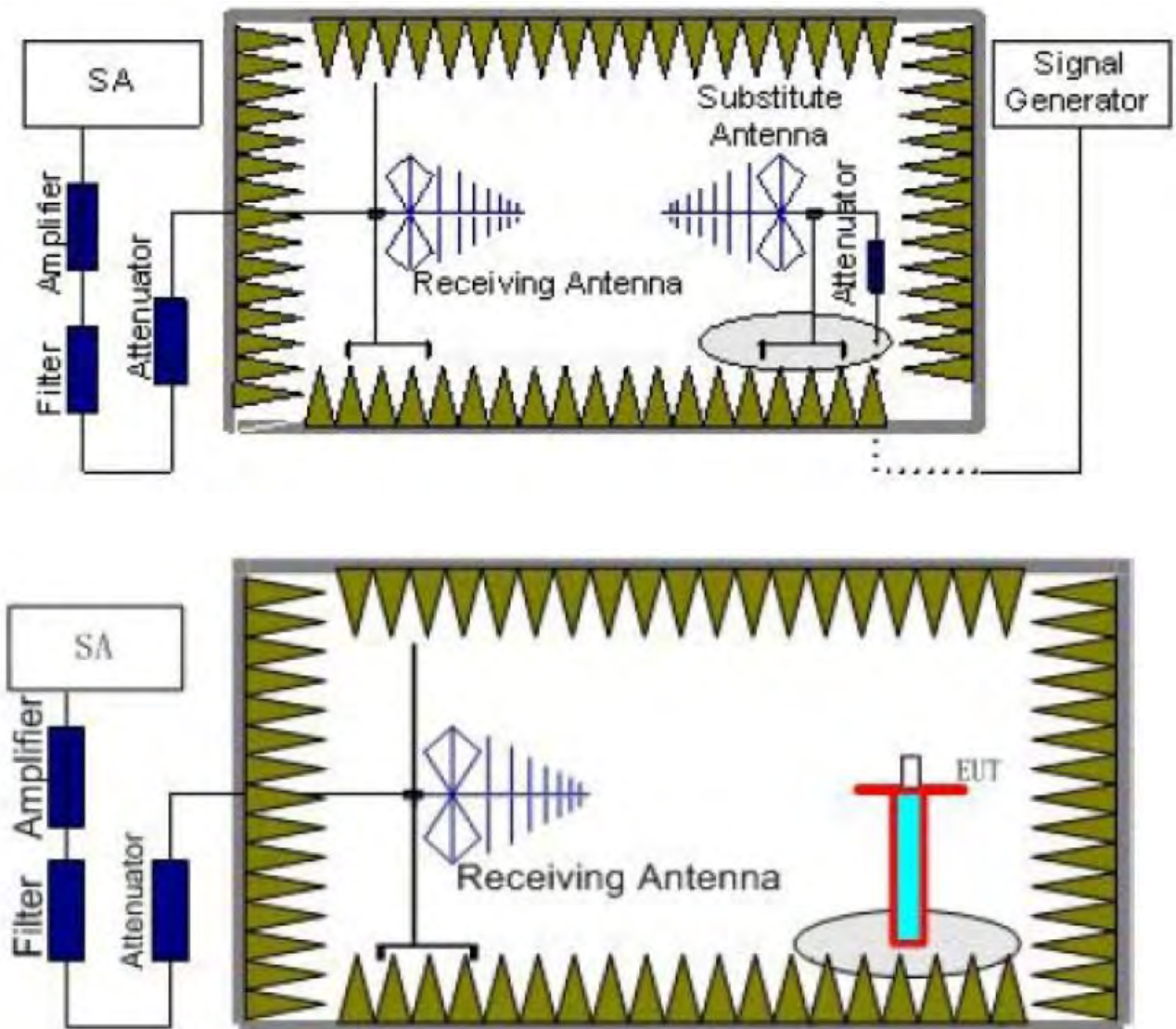
Test_Graph_FM_5W_173.975_12.5k_Mask_D





4.4. Field Strength Spurious Emissions

TEST CONFIGURATION





TEST PROCEDURE

1. EUT was placed on a 1.50 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the EUT for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 1.50 m. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT through 360° and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all transmit frequencies in six channels were measured with peak detector.
2. A log-periodic antenna or double-ridged waveguide horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyser or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyser or receiver.
3. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=1MHz,VBW=3MHz for above 1GHz and RBW=100KHz,VBW=300KHz for 30MHz to 1GHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (P_r).
4. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (P_{Mea}) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (P_r). The power of signal source (P_{Mea}) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.
5. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (P_{cl}), the Substitution Antenna Gain (G_a) and the Amplifier Gain (P_{Ag}) should be recorded after test.
The measurement results are obtained as described below:

$$\text{Power(EIRP)} = P_{Mea} - P_{Ag} - P_{cl} + G_a$$

It can omit power amplifier if signal generator level meets requirement;

This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power.

6. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, $ERP = EIRP - 2.15\text{dBi}$.

Subrange (GHz)	RBW	VBW	Sweep time (s)
0.00009~0.15	1KHz	3KHz	30
0.00015~0.03	10KHz	30KHz	10
0.03~1	100KHz	300KHz	10
1~5	1 MHz	3 MHz	5

TEST LIMIT

According to §90.210 d) (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least $50 + 10 \log(P)$ dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

According to §90.210 b) (3) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

TEST RESULTS

1. In general, the worst case attenuation requirement shown above was applied.
2. The measurement frequency range from 9KHz to 5 GHz.





3. EIRP for measure frequency above 1 GHz and ERP for below 1 GHz.
4. *** means that the emission level is too low to be measured or at least 20 dB down than the limit.

Test Frequency: 136.025MHz				Channel Separation:12.5KHz			
Frequency (MHz)	P _{Mea} (dBm)	Path Loss	Antenna Gain	Correction (dB)	Values (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
272.05	-38.33	0.33	3.16	2.15	-37.65	-20	H
408.08	-39.64	0.42	3.42	2.15	-38.79	-20	H
544.10	-51.33	0.46	4.15	2.15	-49.79	-20	H
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	H
272.05	-39.84	0.33	3.16	2.15	-39.16	-20	V
408.08	-45.16	0.42	3.42	2.15	-44.31	-20	V
544.10	-50.28	0.46	4.15	2.15	-48.74	-20	V
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	V

Test Frequency: 155.000MHz				Channel Separation:12.5KHz			
Frequency (MHz)	P _{Mea} (dBm)	Path Loss	Antenna Gain	Correction (dB)	Values (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
310	-40.21	0.33	3.16	2.15	-39.53	-20	H
465.00	-43.11	0.47	3.77	2.15	-41.96	-20	H
620.00	-52.42	0.53	4.89	2.15	-50.21	-20	H
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	H
310	-39.96	0.33	3.16	2.15	-39.28	-20	V
465.00	-43.09	0.47	3.77	2.15	-41.94	-20	V
620.00	-51.11	0.53	4.89	2.15	-48.9	-20	V
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	V

Test Frequency: 173.975MHz				Channel Separation:12.5KHz			
Frequency (MHz)	P _{Mea} (dBm)	Path Loss	Antenna Gain	Correction (dB)	Values (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Polarization
347.95	-41.24	0.33	3.16	2.15	-40.56	-20	H
521.93	-43.09	0.47	3.77	2.15	-41.94	-20	H
695.90	-47.57	0.53	4.89	2.15	-45.36	-20	H
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	H
347.95	-42.21	0.33	3.16	2.15	-41.53	-20	V
521.93	-44.09	0.47	3.77	2.15	-42.94	-20	V
695.90	-49.21	0.53	4.89	2.15	-47	-20	V
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	V

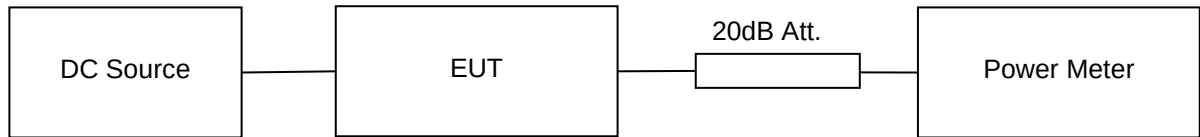
Note: All the test modes was tested, but only the worst mode(FM in 5W with 12.5k channel separation) be recorded in this part.





4.5. Conducted spurious emission result(at antenna terminal):

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

- 1) Connect the equipmet as illuastrated.
- 2) Set EUT working in continuous mode in low,middle,high frequency,read and record the peak power value.

TEST LIMIT

According to §90.210 d) (3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least $50 + 10 \log (P)$ dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

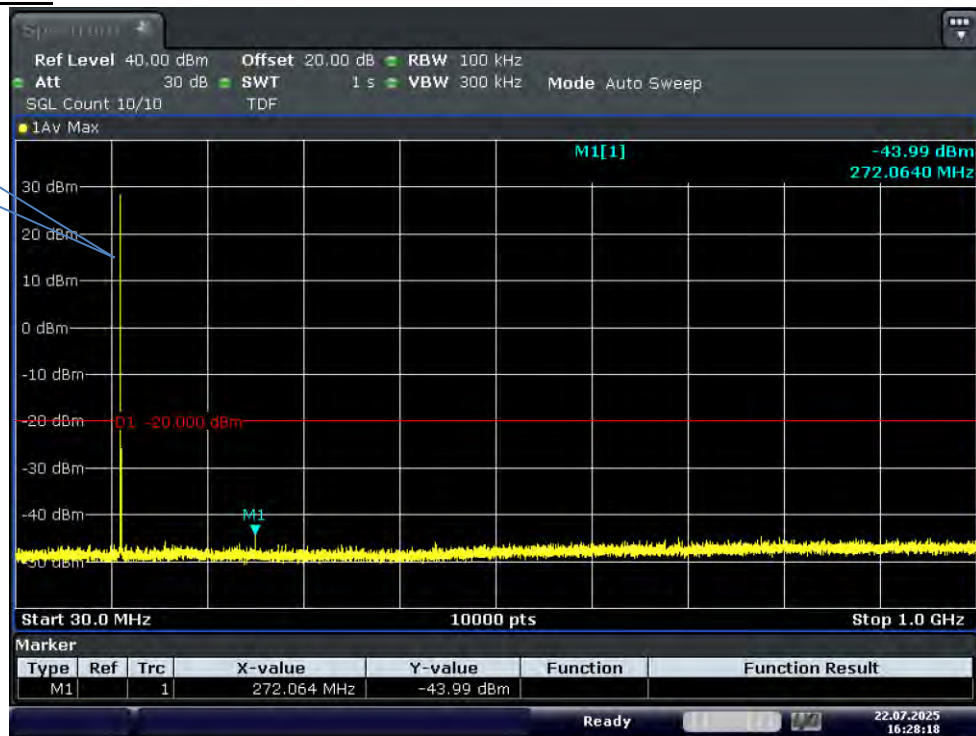
According to §90.210 b) (3) On any frequency removed from the assigned frequency by more than 250 percent of the authorized bandwidth: At least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.



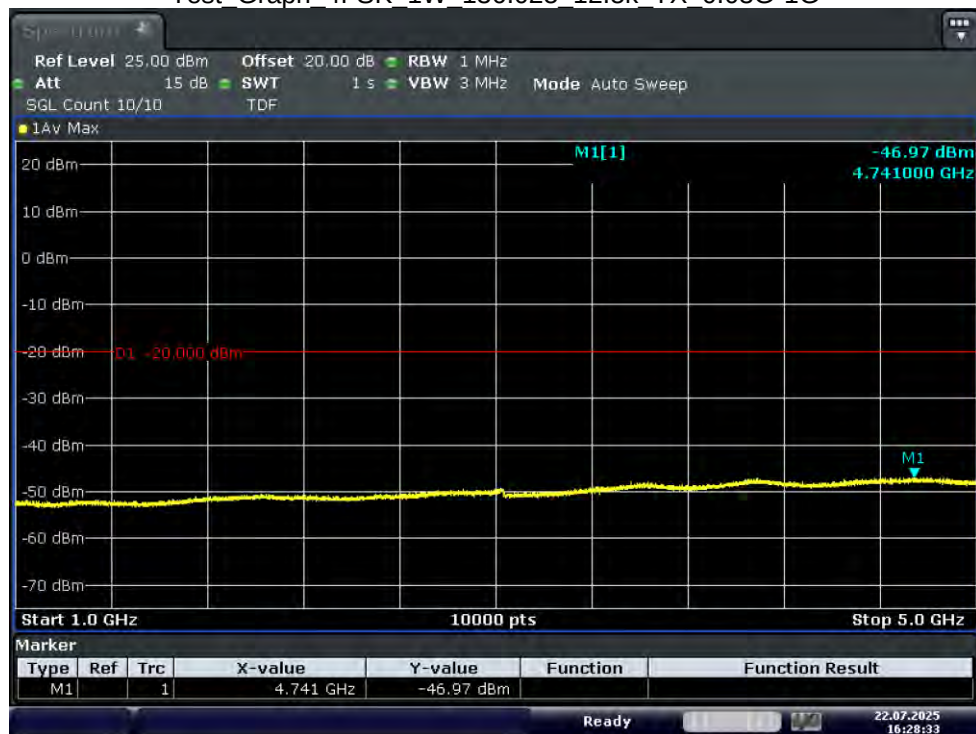


TEST RESULTS

Fundamental



Test Graph 4FSK 1W 136.025 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

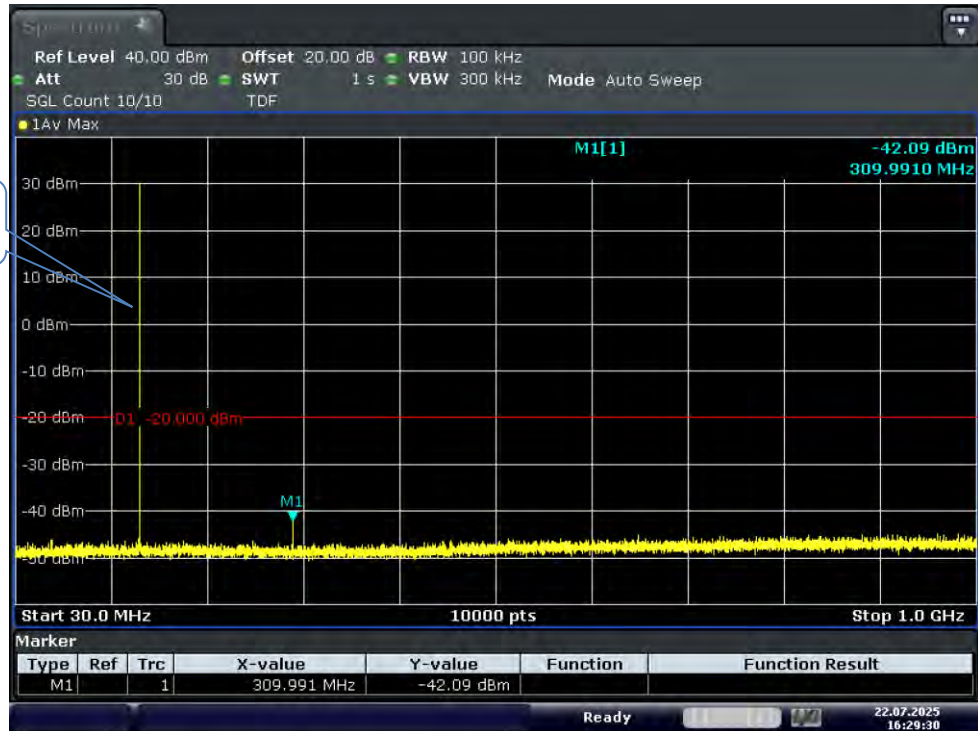


Test_Graph_4FSK_1W_136.025_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

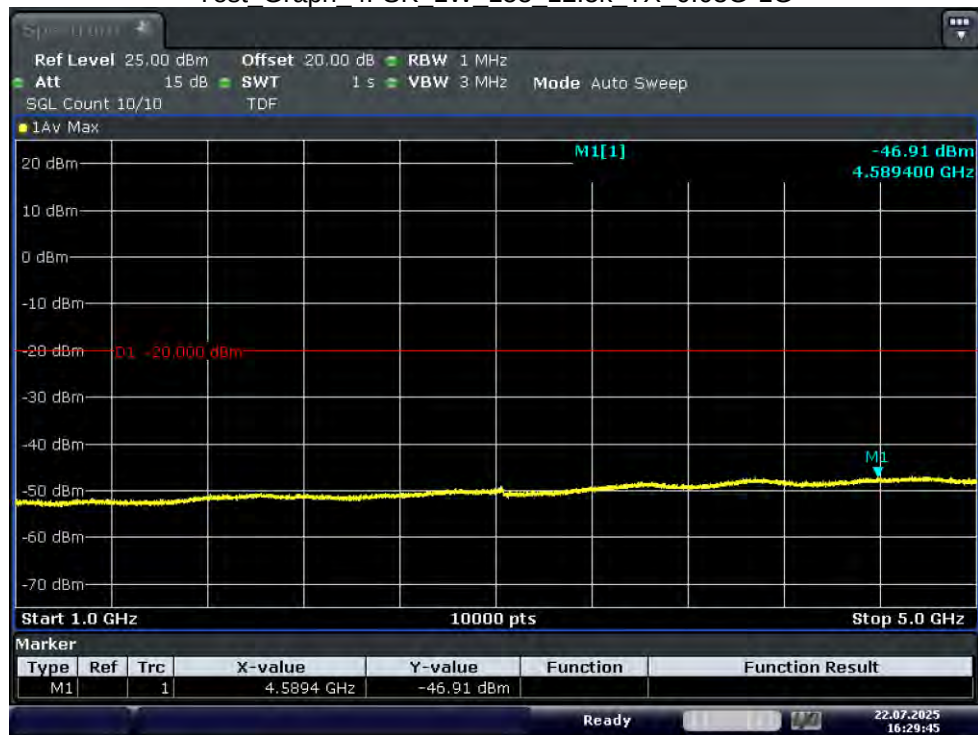




Fundamental



Test Graph 4FSK 1W 155 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

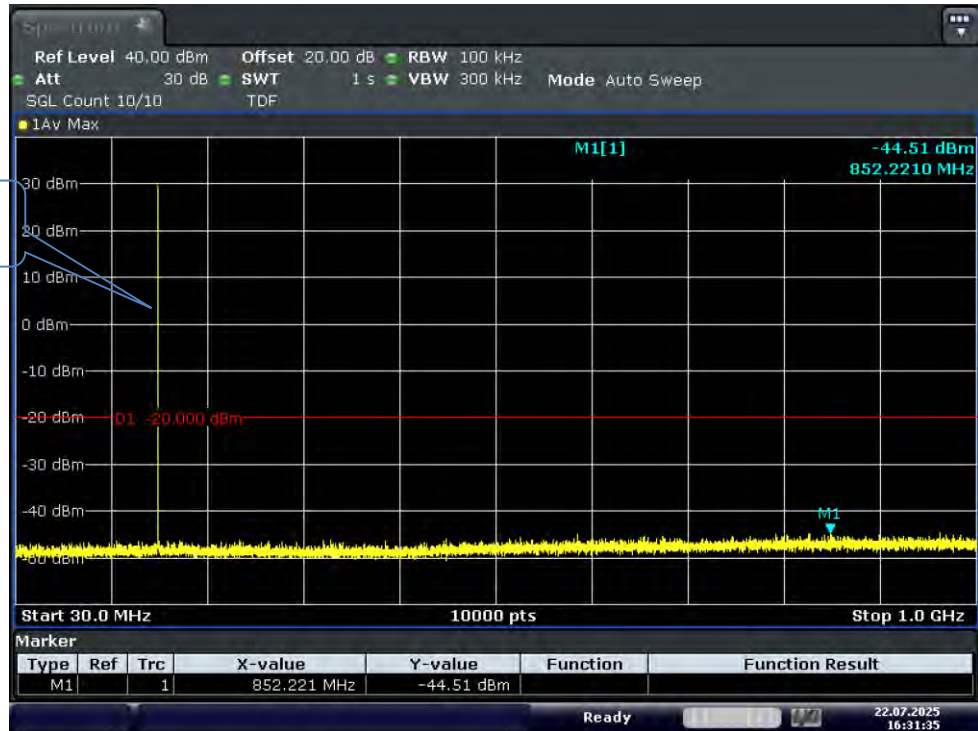


Test_Graph_4FSK_1W_155_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

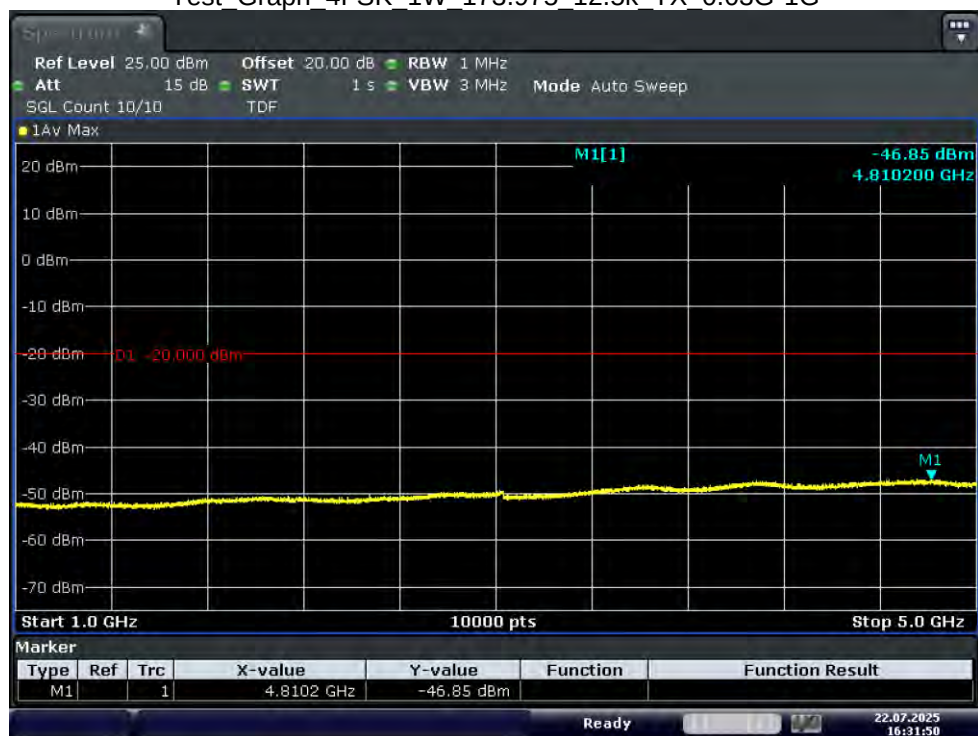




Fundamental



Test Graph 4FSK 1W 173.975 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

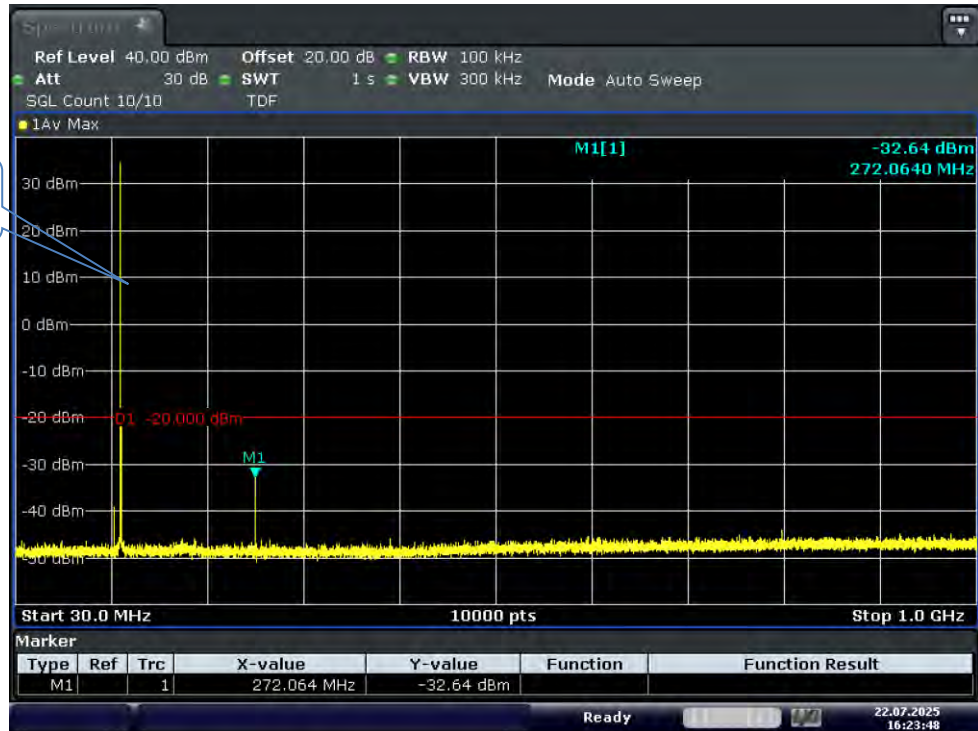


Test_Graph_4FSK_1W_173.975_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

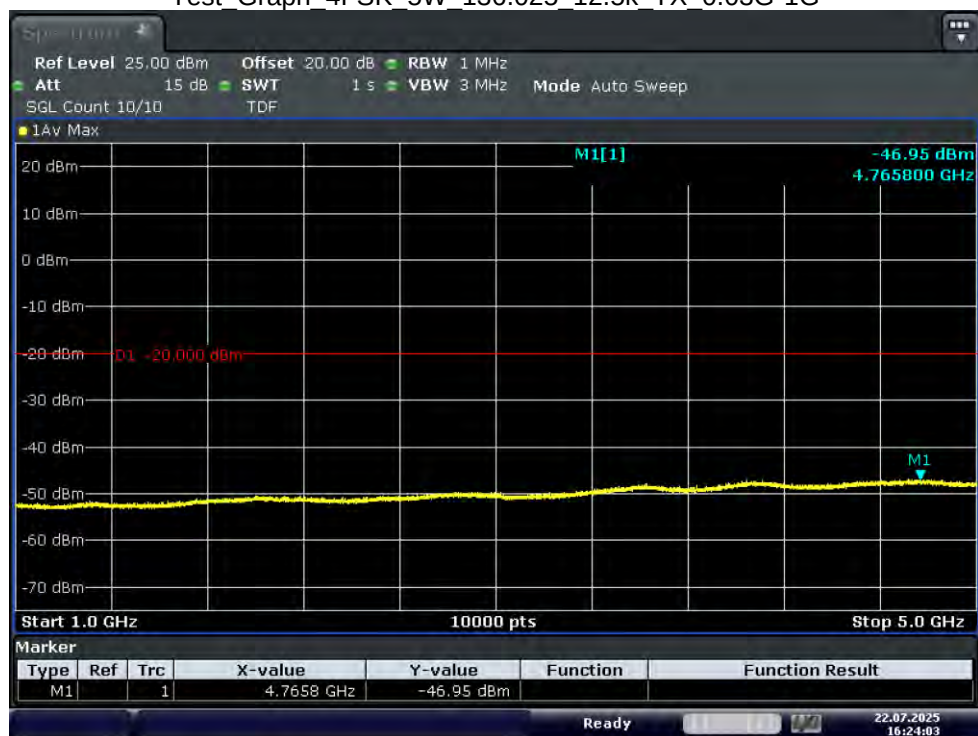




Fundamental



Test Graph 4FSK 5W 136.025 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

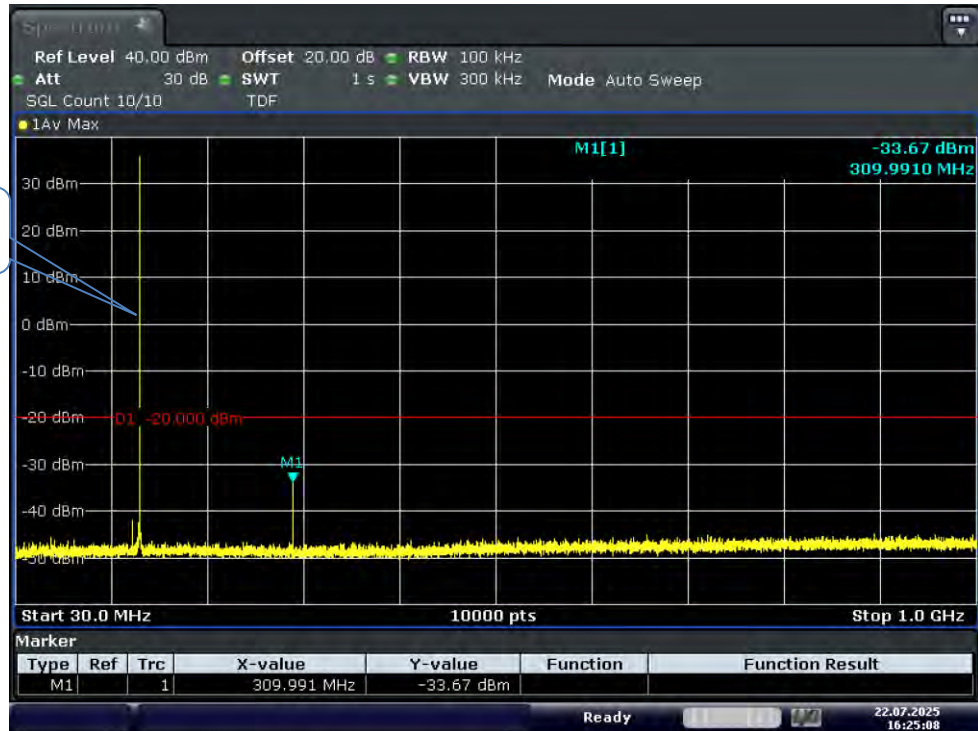


Test_Graph_4FSK_5W_136.025_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

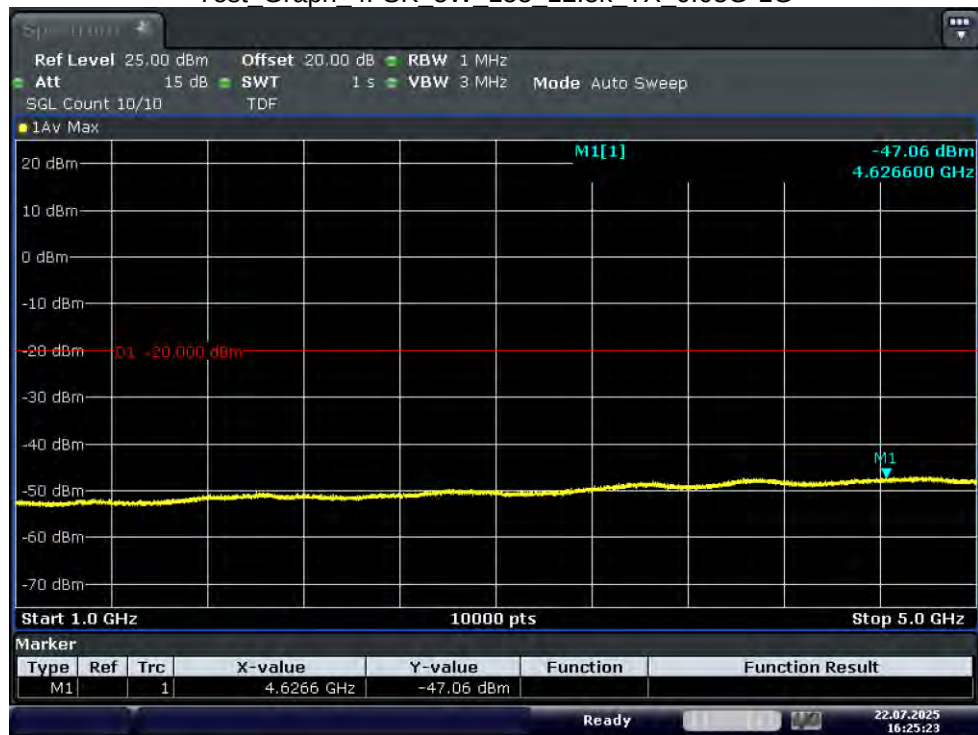




Fundamental



Test Graph 4FSK 5W 155 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

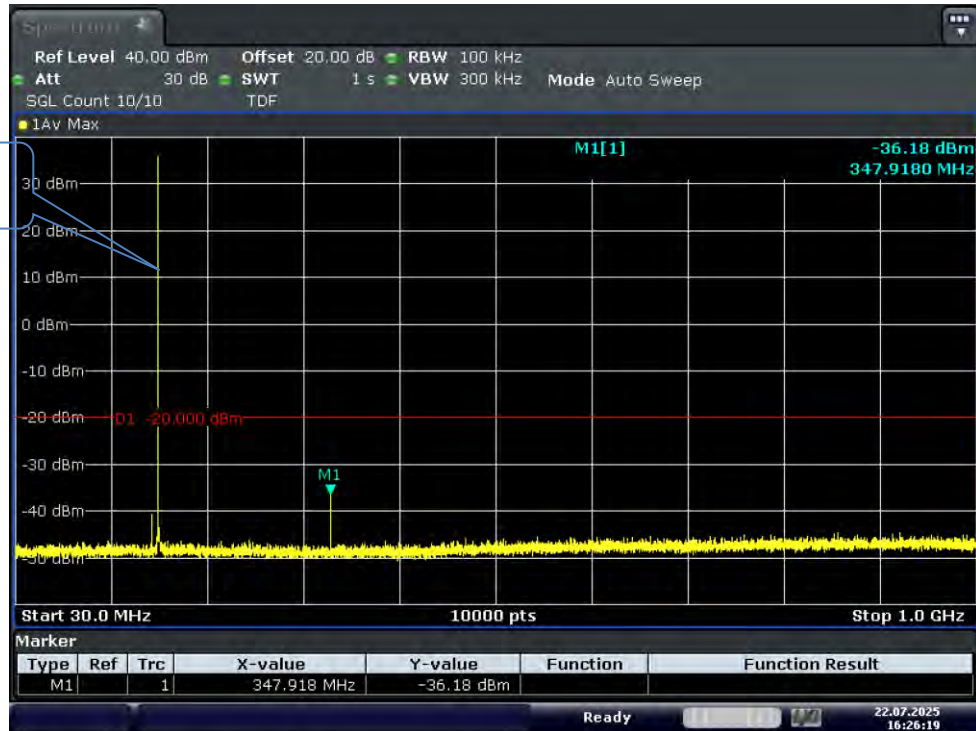


Test_Graph_4FSK_5W_155_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

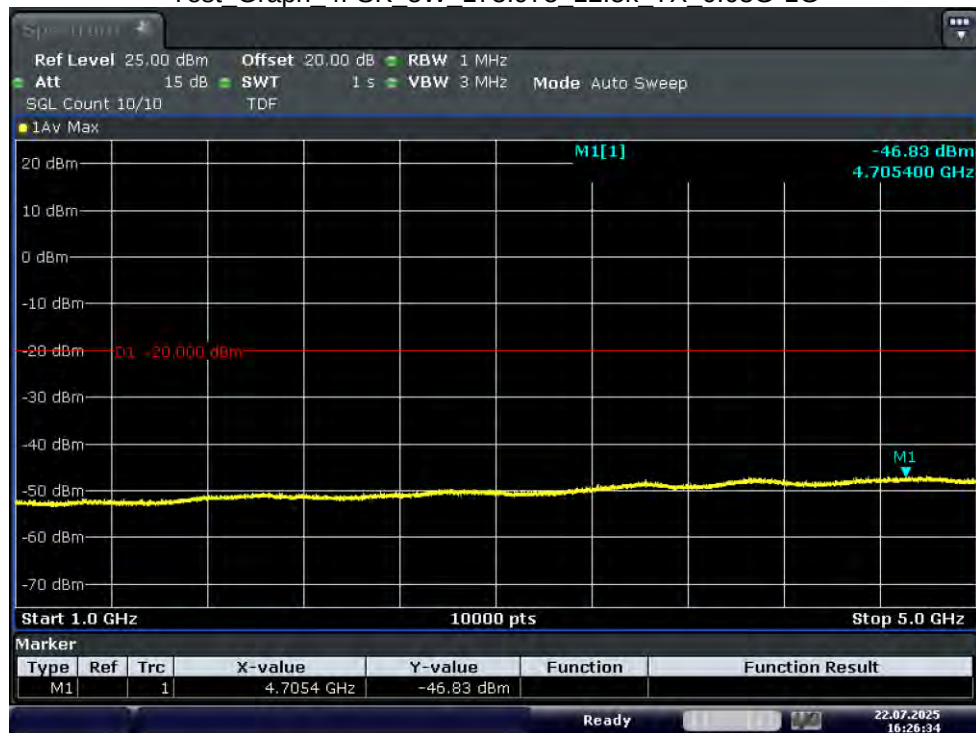




Fundamental



Test Graph 4FSK 5W 173.975 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

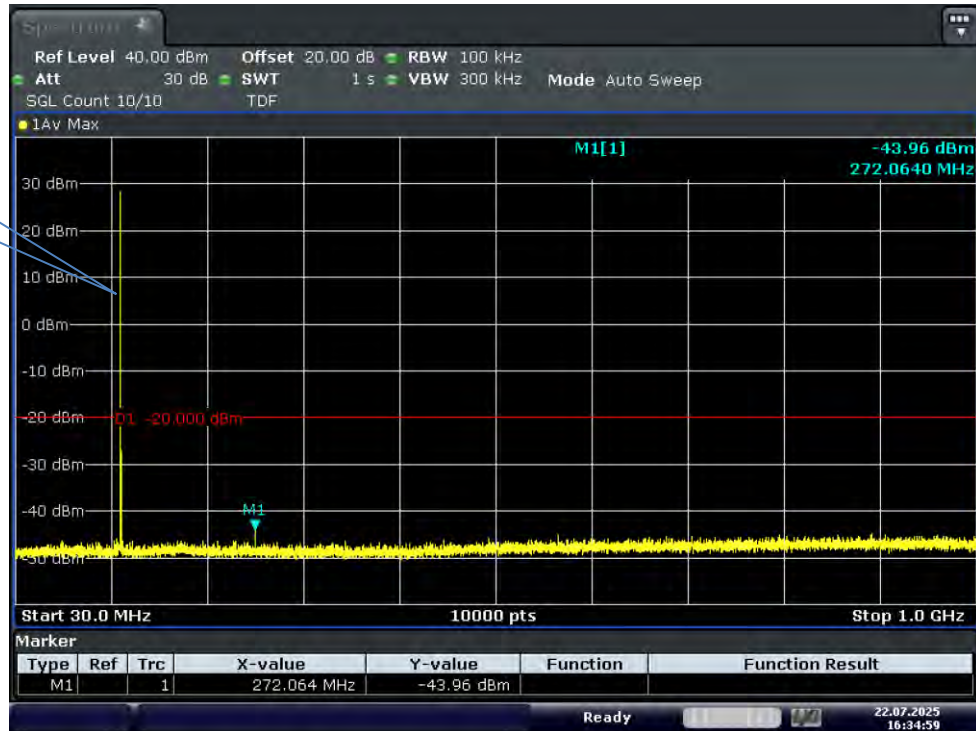


Test_Graph_4FSK_5W_173.975_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

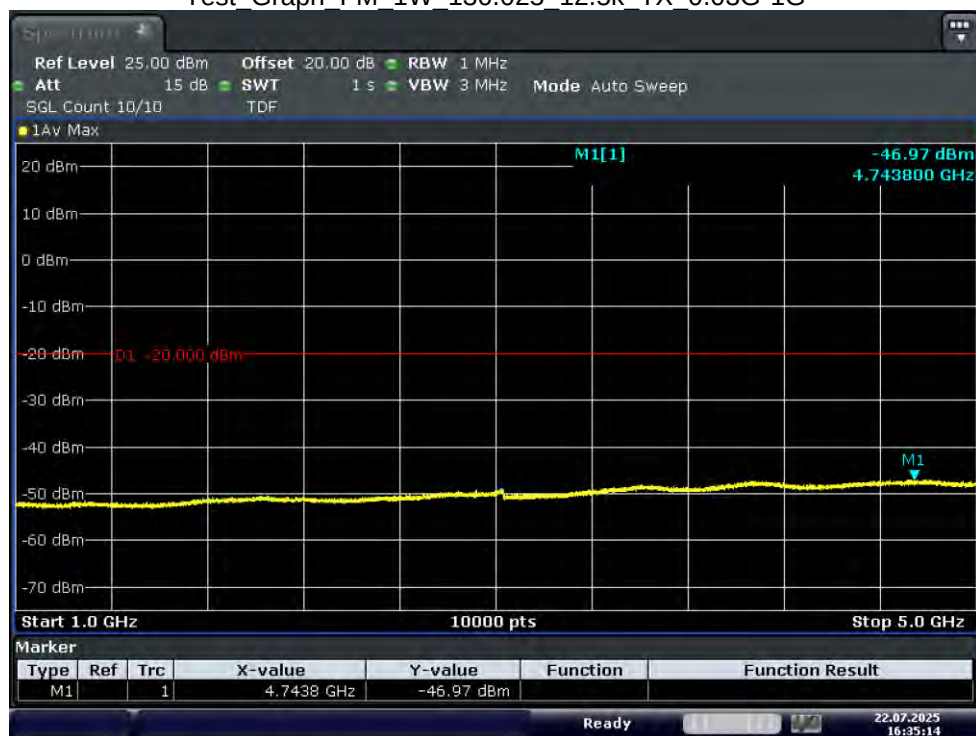




Fundamental

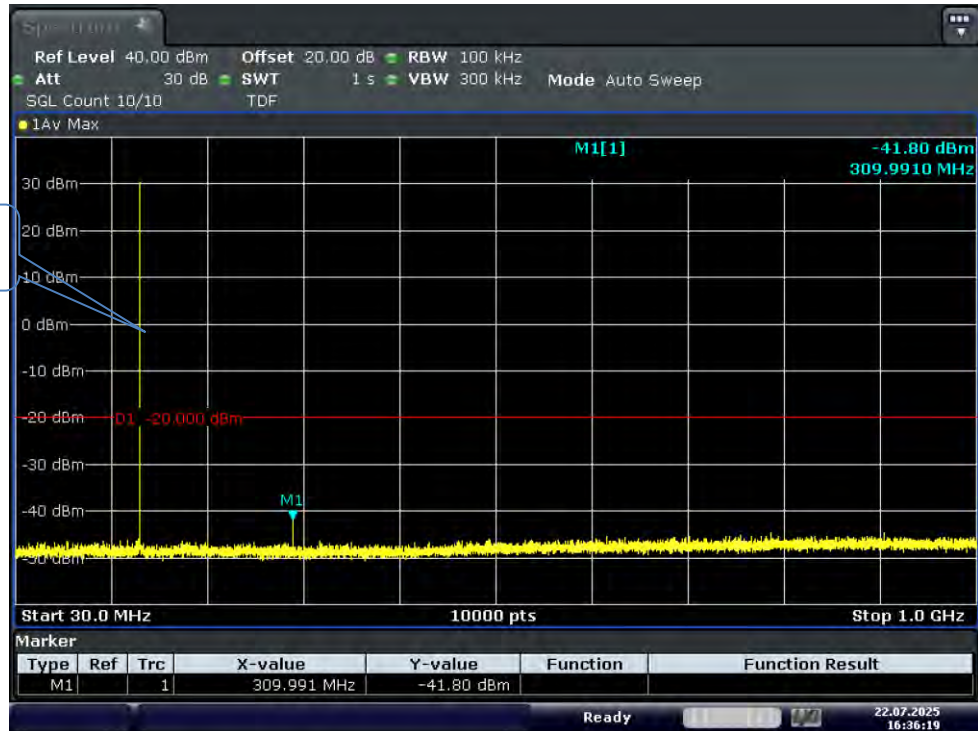


Test Graph FM 1W 136.025 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

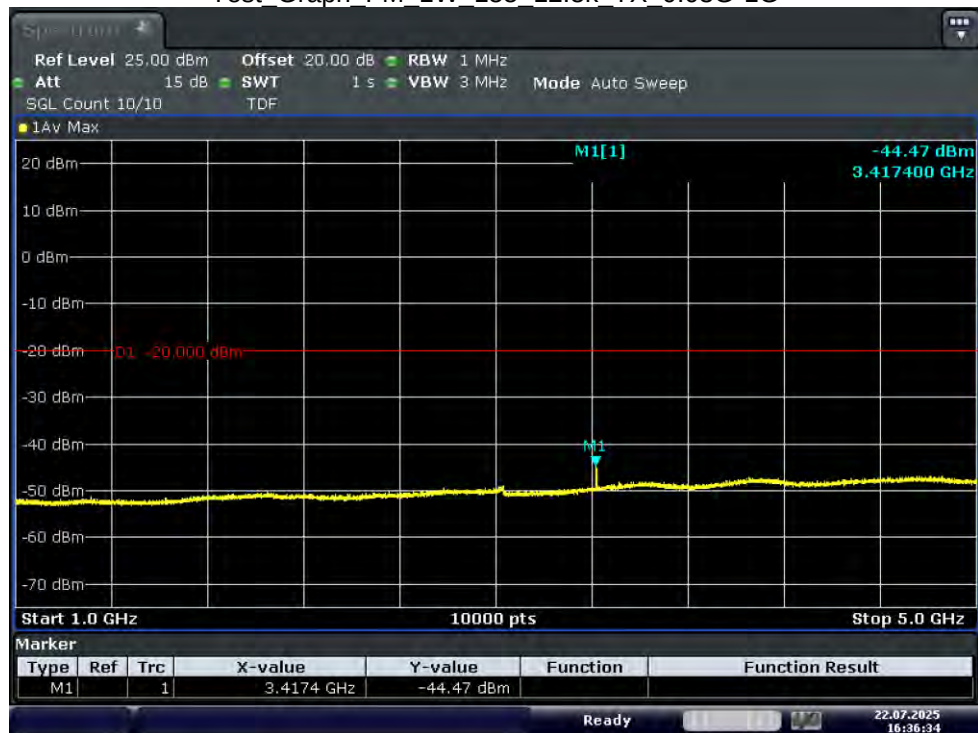


Test_Graph_FM_1W_136.025_12.5k_TX_1G-5G





Test Graph FM 1W 155 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G



Test_Graph_FM_1W_155_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

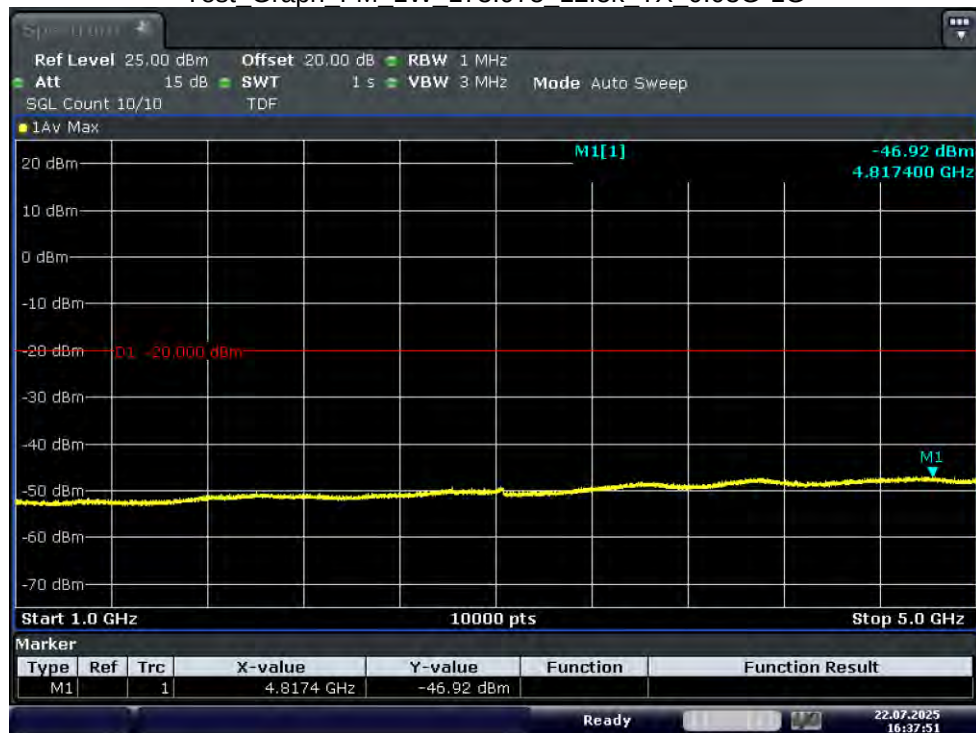




Fundamental



Test Graph FM 1W 173.975 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

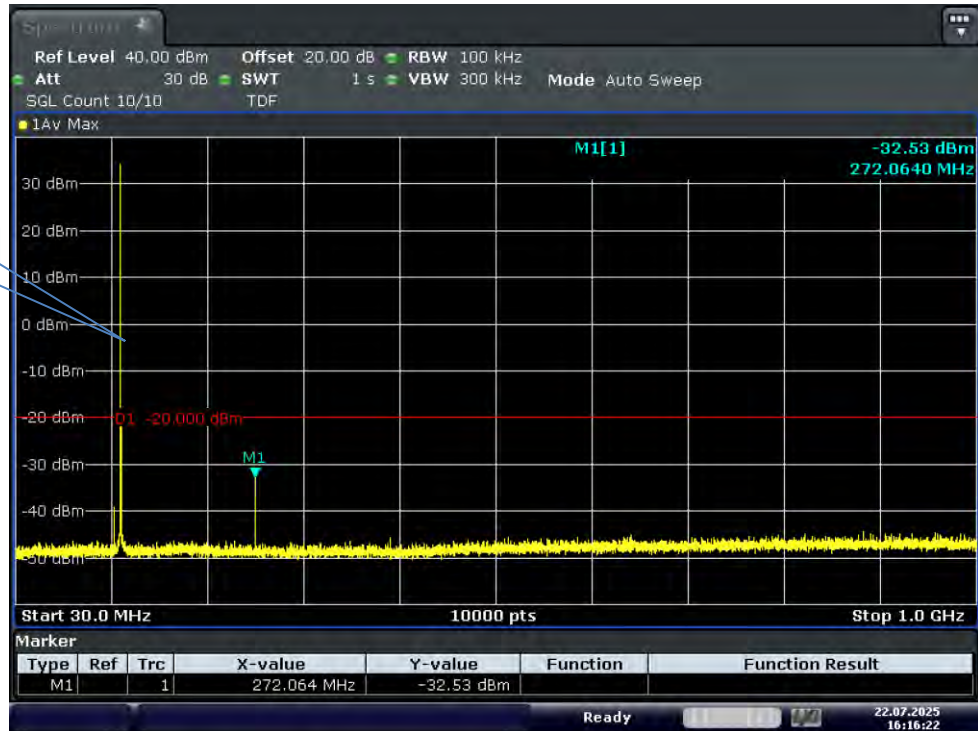


Test_Graph_FM_1W_173.975_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

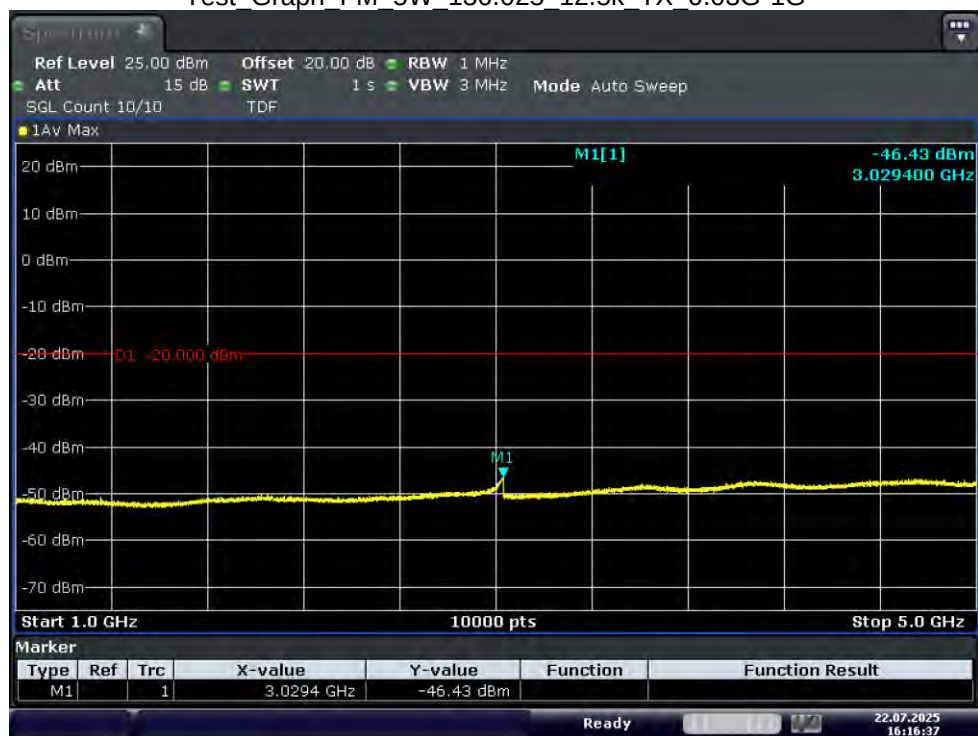




Fundamental



Test Graph FM 5W 136.025 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

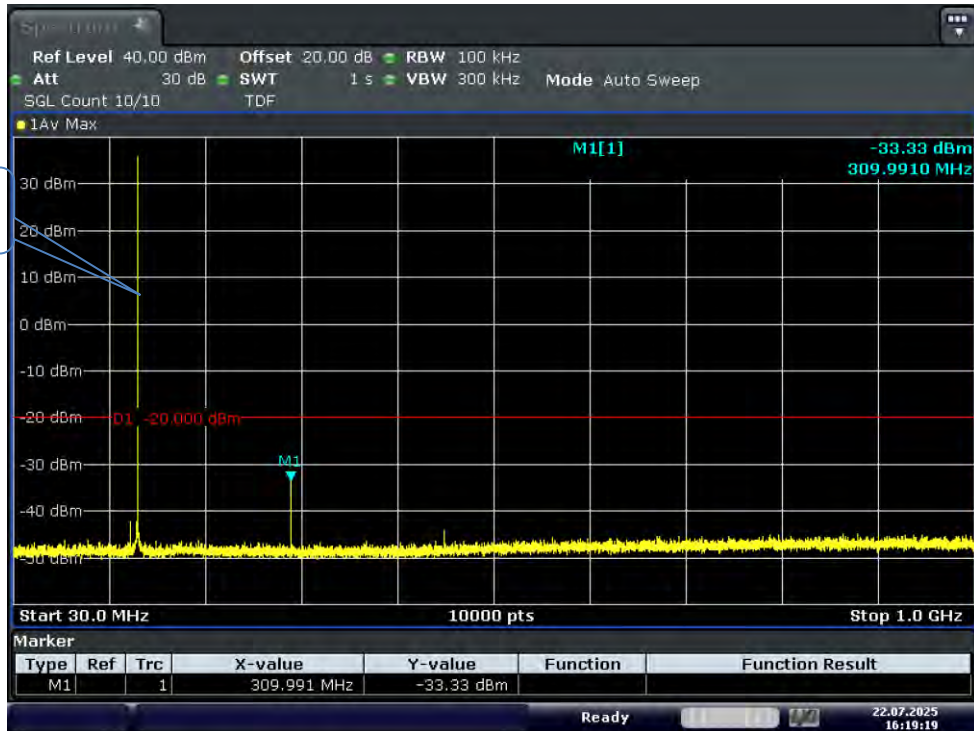


Test_Graph_FM_5W_136.025_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

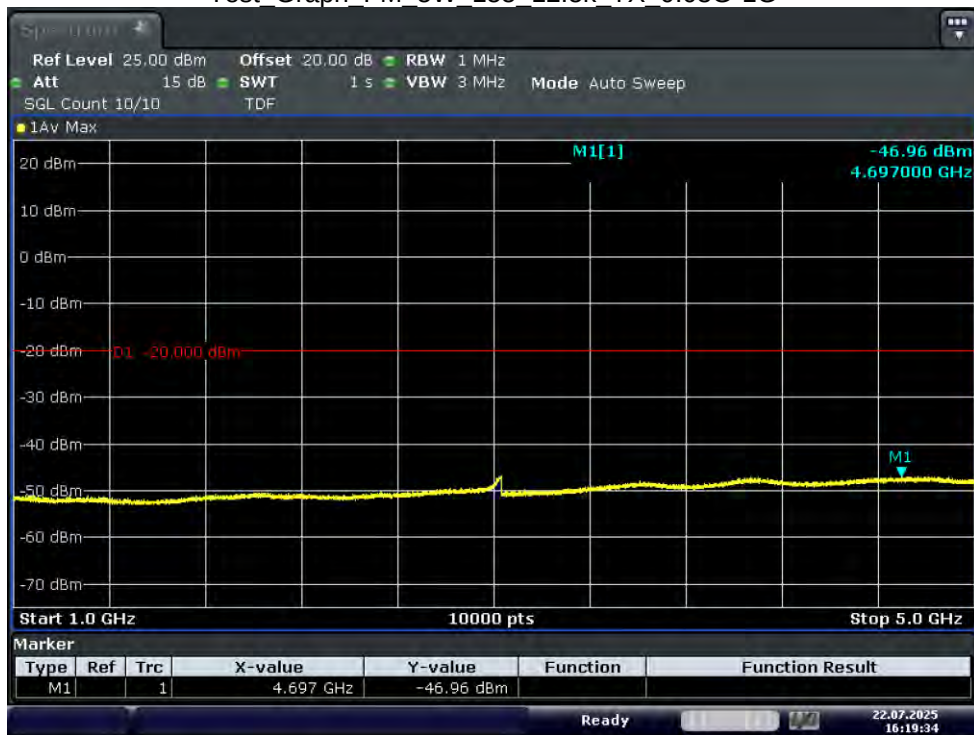




Fundamental



Test Graph FM 5W 155 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G

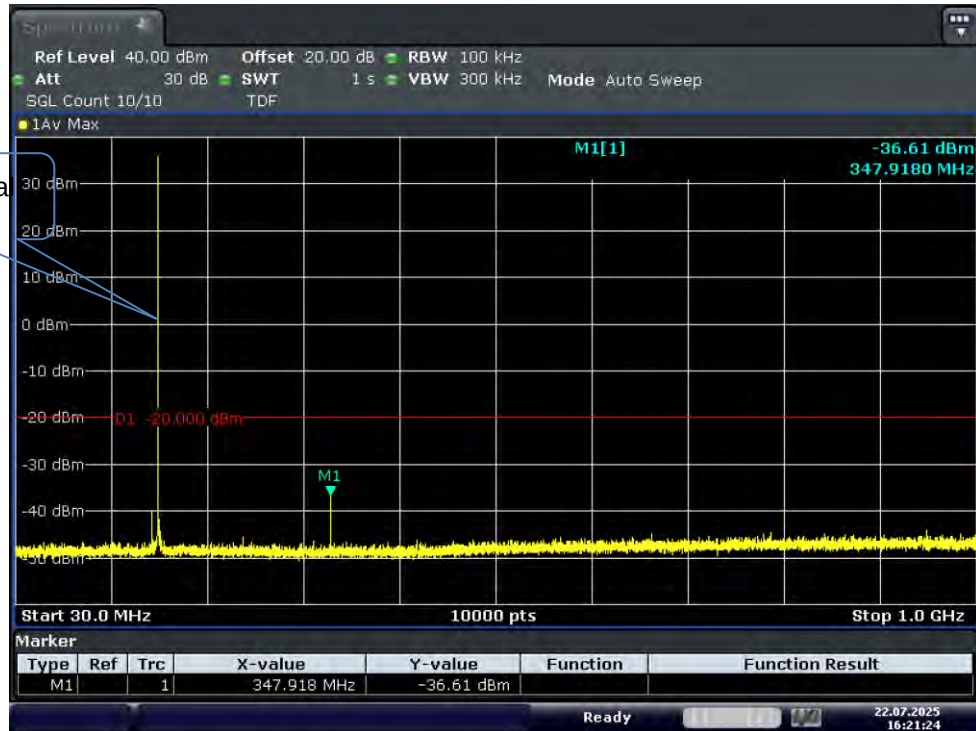


Test_Graph_FM_5W_155_12.5k_TX_1G-5G

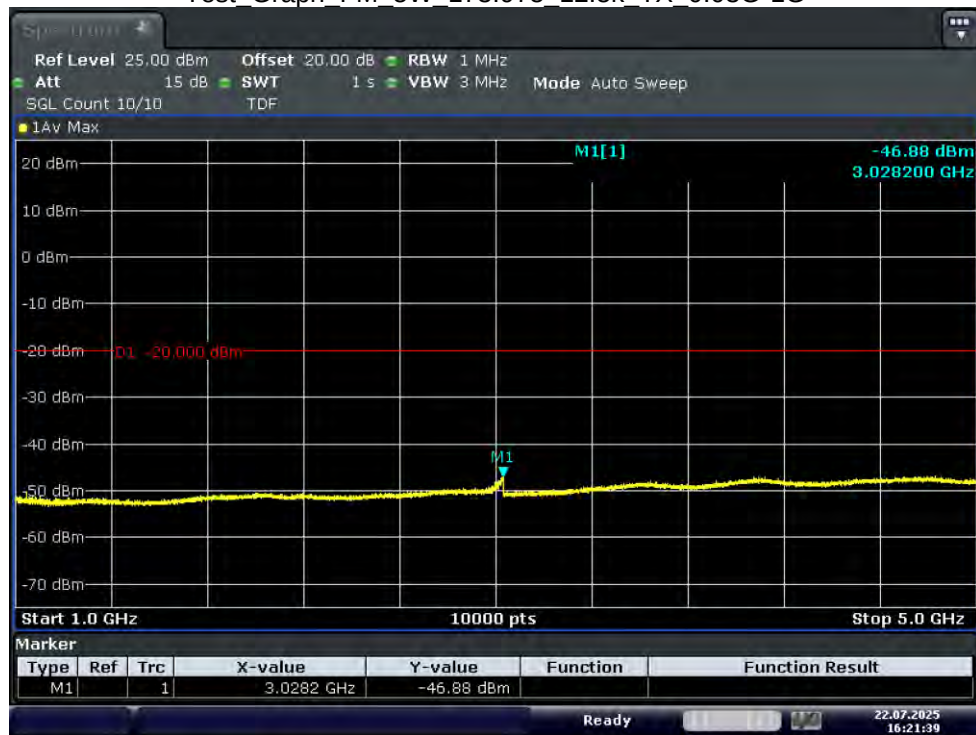




Fundamenta



Test Graph FM 5W 173.975 12.5k TX 0.03G-1G



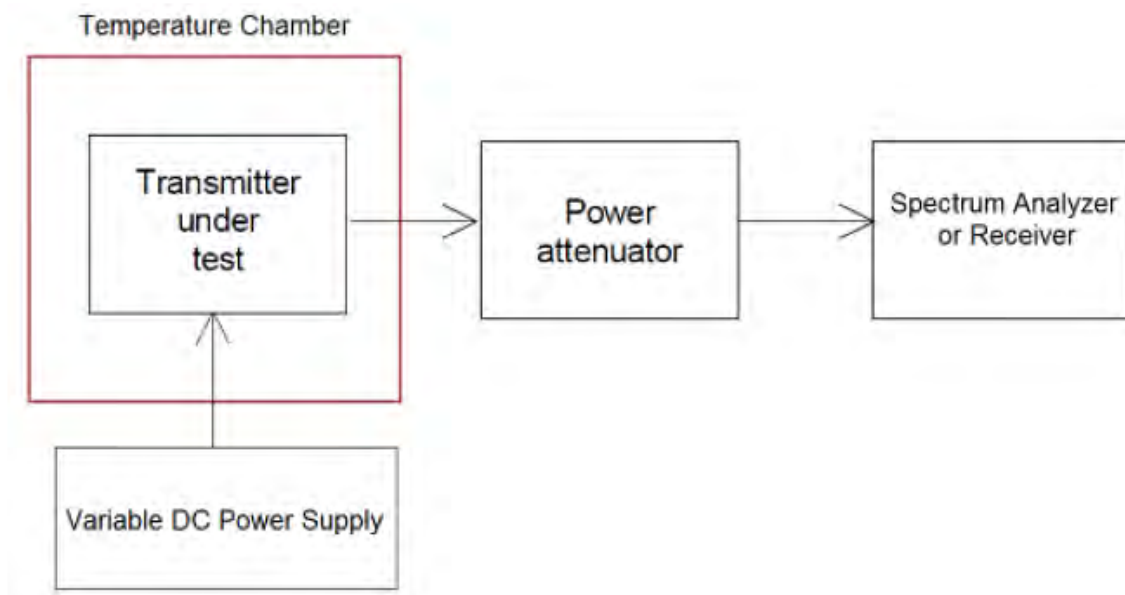
Test_Graph_FM_5W_173.975_12.5k_TX_1G-5G





4.6. Frequency Stability

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT was set in the climate chamber and connected to an external DC power supply. The RF output was directly connected to frequency meter. The coupling loss of the additional cables was recorded and taken in account for all the measurements. After temperature stabilization (approx. 20 min for each stage), the frequency for the lower, the middle and the highest frequency range was recorded. For Frequency stability Vs. Voltage the EUT was connected to a DC power supply and the voltage was adjusted in the required ranges. The result was recorded.

TEST APPLICABLE

- 1 According to FCC Part 2 Section 2.1055 (a)(1), the frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature from -30°C to +60°C centigrade.
- 2 According to FCC Part 2 Section 2.1055 (a) (2), for battery powered equipment, the frequency stability shall be measured with reducing primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which is specified by the manufacture.
- 3 Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value; if manufacturer declares extreme voltage within 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value, measured at extreme voltage declared by manufacturer.

LIMIT

2.5 ppm.



**TEST RESULTS**

Test conditions		Frequency error (ppm)		
Voltage Condition	Temp(°C)	136.025 MHz	155.000MHz	173.975MHz
NV	-30	0.28	0.28	0.28
	-20	0.28	0.28	0.28
	-10	0.28	0.28	0.28
	0	0.28	0.28	0.28
	10	0.28	0.28	0.28
	20	0.28	0.28	0.28
	30	0.31	0.32	0.32
	40	0.36	0.36	0.36
	50	0.39	0.39	0.39
LV	20	0.28	0.28	0.28
HV	20	0.28	0.28	0.28
Limit(ppm)		2.50	2.50	2.50
Result		PASS	PASS	PASS

NV: Normal Voltage 7.40V

LV: Low Voltage 6.29V

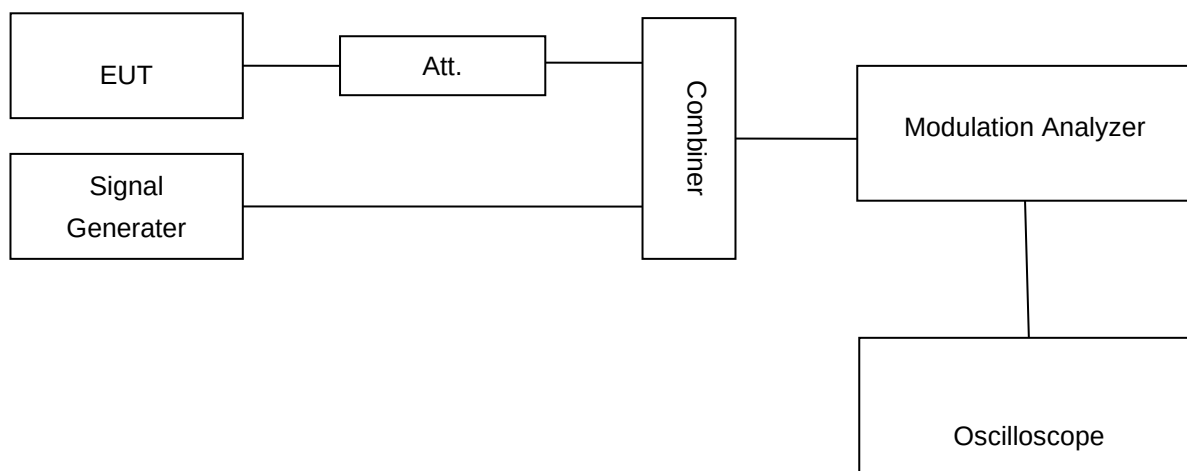
HV: High Voltage 8.51V





4.7. Transient Frequency Behavior

TEST CONFIGURATION



TEST PROCEDURE

1. Connect the EUT and test equipment as shown on the following block diagram.
2. Set the Spectrum Analyzer to measure FM deviation, and tune the RF frequency to the transmitter assigned frequency.
3. Set the signal generator to the assigned transmitter frequency and modulate it with a 1 kHz tone at ± 12.5 kHz deviation and set its output level to -100dBm.
4. Turn on the transmitter.
5. Supply sufficient attenuation via the RF attenuator to provide an input level to the Spectrum Analyzer that is 40 dB below the maximum allowed input power when the transmitter is operating at its rated power level. Note this power level on the Spectrum Analyzer as P0.
6. Turn off the transmitter.
7. Adjust the RF level of the signal generator to provide RF power equal to P0. This signal generator RF level shall be maintained throughout the rest of the measurement.
8. Remove the attenuation 1, so the input power to the Spectrum Analyzer is increased by 30 dB when the transmitter is turned on.
9. Adjust the vertical amplitude control of the spectrum analyzer to display the 1000 Hz at ± 4 divisions vertically centered on the display. Set trigger mode of the Spectrum Analyzer to "Video", and tune the "trigger level" on suitable level. Then set the "trigger offset" to -10ms for turn on and -15ms for turn off.
11. Turn on the transmitter and the transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum Analyzer. Observe the stored display. The instant when the 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed is considered to be t_{on} . The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t_1 and t_2 .
12. Then turn off the transmitter, and another transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum Analyzer. The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t_3 .



**LIMIT**

Time intervals ^{1, 2}	Maximum frequency difference ³	All equipment	
		150 to 174 MHz	421 to 512 MHz
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 25 kHz Channels			
t ₁ ⁴	± 25.0 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms
t ₂	± 12.5 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms
t ₃ ⁴	± 25.0 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 12.5 kHz Channels			
t ₁ ⁴	± 12.5 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms
t ₂	± 6.25 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms
t ₃ ⁴	± 12.5 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 6.25 kHz Channels			
t ₁ ⁴	± 6.25 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms
t ₂	± 3.125 kHz	20.0 ms	25.0 ms
t ₃ ⁴	± 6.25 kHz	5.0 ms	10.0 ms

¹ t_{on} is the instant when a 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed, including any capture time due to phasing.

t_1 is the time period immediately following t_{on} .

t_2 is the time period immediately following t_1 .

t_3 is the time period from the instant when the transmitter is turned off until t_{off} .

t_{off} is the instant when the 1 kHz test signal starts to rise.

² During the time from the end of t_2 to the beginning of t_3 , the frequency difference must not exceed the limits specified in §90.213.

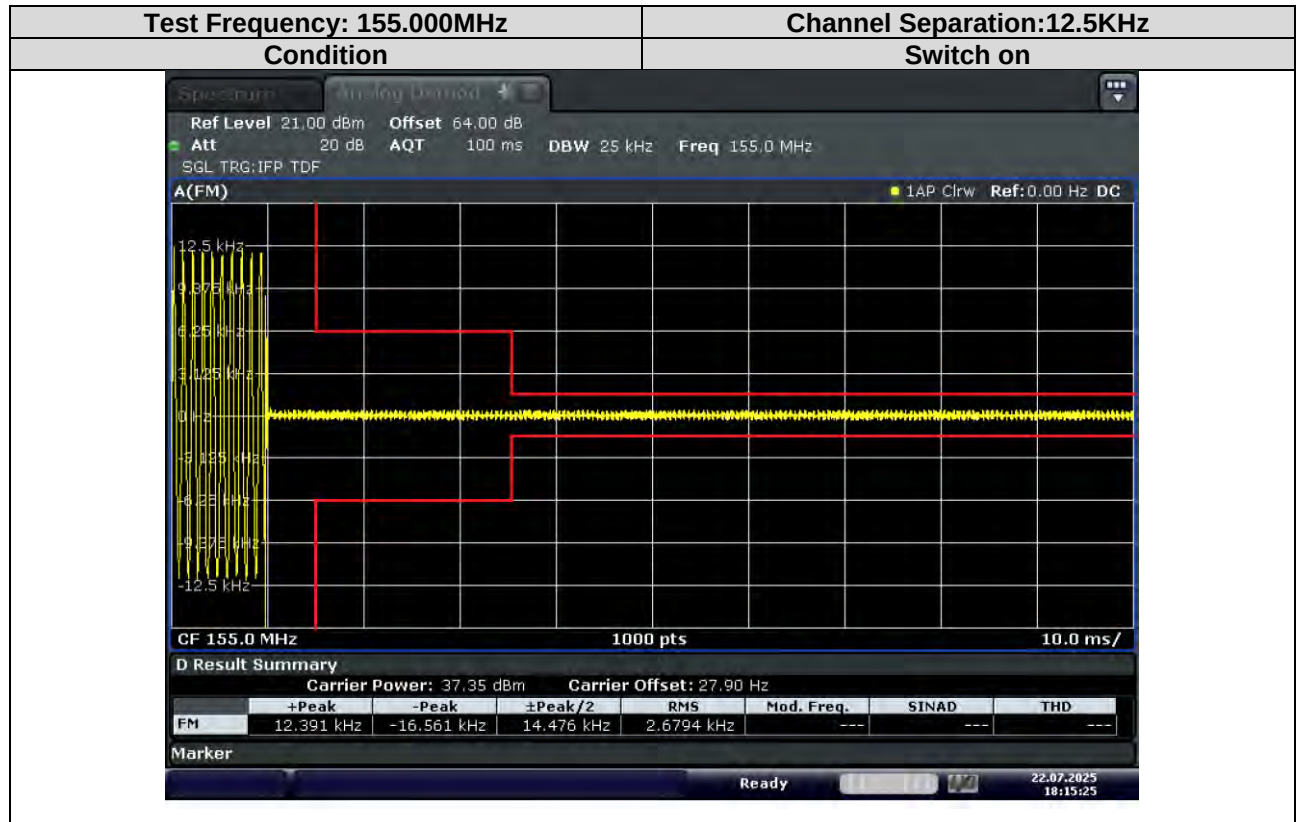
³ Difference between the actual transmitter frequency and the assigned transmitter frequency.

⁴ If the transmitter carrier output power rating is 6 watts or less, the frequency difference during this time period may exceed the maximum frequency difference for this time period.

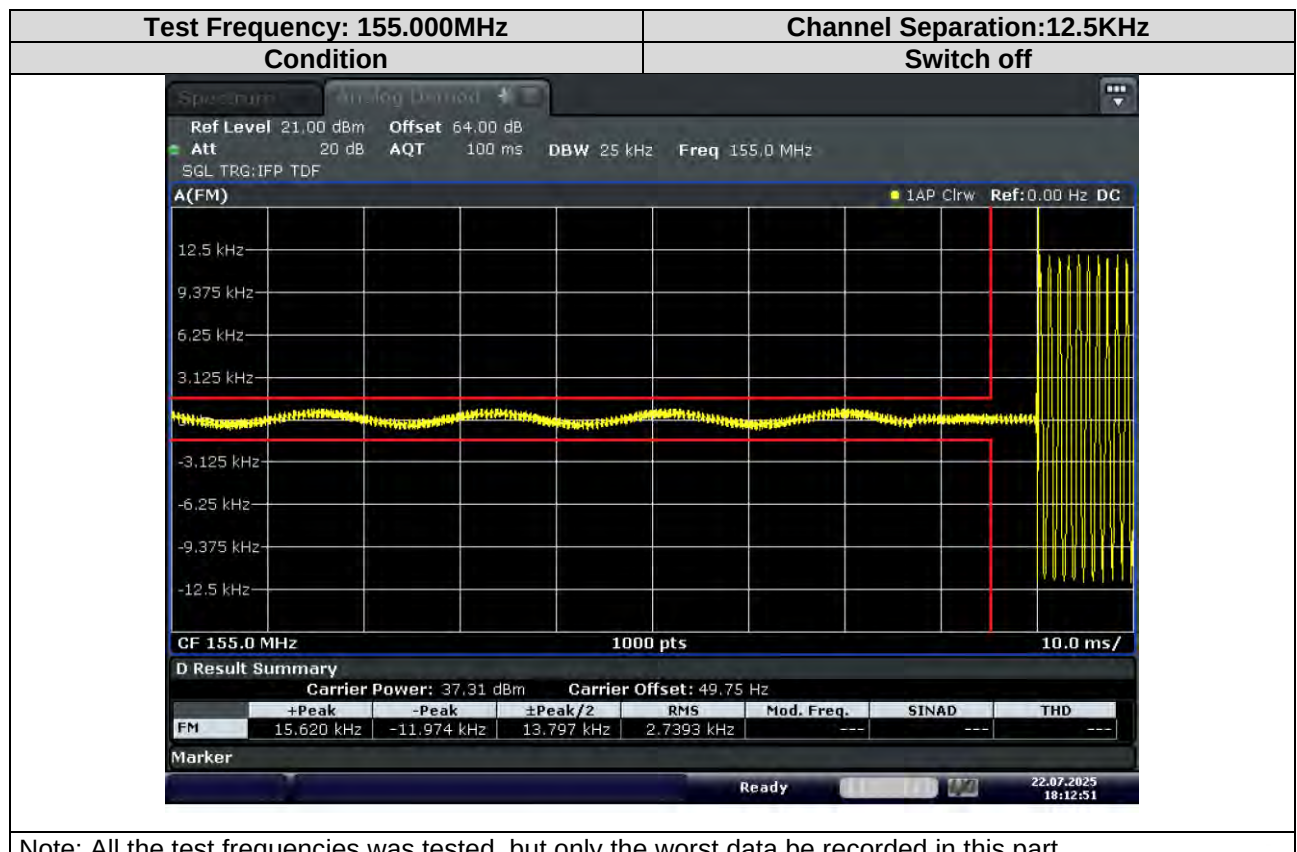




TEST RESULTS



Note: All the test frequencies was tested, but only the worst data be recorded in this part.



Note: All the test frequencies was tested, but only the worst data be recorded in this part.





5. TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

6. EXTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

7. INTERIOR PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.

.....**End of Report**.....

