

TEST REPORT

Applicant: GripID SAS
Address: 267 Bd Pereire 75017 Paris, France
Equipment Type: Handheld Biometric Terminal
Model Name: GripID-FAP30
Brand Name: N/A
FCC ID: 2BXPL-FAP30
Test Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093
(refer to section 3.1)
Maximum SAR: Body 2.4GHz(1 g): 0.88 W/kg
Body 5GHz(1 g): 0.97 W/kg
Sample Arrival Date: Jun. 03, 2026
Test Date: Jul. 17, 2026 - Jul. 18, 2026
Date of Issue: Sep. 14, 2026

ISSUED BY:

Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.

**Tested by:** Xiong Lining**Checked by:** Xu Rui**Approved by:** Liao Jianming
(Technical Director)

Revision History

Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Sep. 14, 2026</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Test Laboratory

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	601, Building 2, Intelligent Connected Vehicle Industrial Park, No.55, Xiangshan Road, Luotian Community, Yanluo Sub-district, Bao'an District, Shenzhen
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Test Location

Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Location	☐ Building 2, Intelligent Connected Vehicle Industrial Park, No.55, Xiangshan Road, Luotian Community, Yanluo Sub-district, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong
	☒ 1/F., Building B, Ganghongji High-Tech Intelligent Industrial Park, No.1008, Songbai Road, Yangguang Community, Xili Subdistrict, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196.

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	18℃ to 25℃
Ambient Relative Humidity	30% to 70%

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	GripID SAS
Address	267 Bd Pereire 75017 Paris, France

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	GripID SAS
Address	267 Bd Pereire 75017 Paris, France

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Handheld Biometric Terminal
Model Name Under Test	GripID-FAP30
Series Model Name	BC4s
Description of Model Name Differentiation	GripID-FAP30 and BC4s are different model names
Hardware Version	N/A
Software Version	N/A
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A

2.4 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth (BR+EDR+BLE) WIFI 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/40), 802.11ac(VHT20/40/80), 5.8G SRD GNSS, NFC
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The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	WLAN; Bluetooth	
Frequency Range	802.11b/g/n(HT20/HT40)	2412 ~ 2462 MHz
	802.11a	5150 ~ 5350 MHz
		5470 ~ 5725 MHz
		5725 ~ 5850 MHz
	802.11n(HT20/HT40)	5150 ~ 5350 MHz
		5470 ~ 5725 MHz
		5725 ~ 5850 MHz
	802.11ac (VHT20/VHT40/VHT80)	5150 ~ 5350 MHz
		5470 ~ 5725 MHz
		5725 ~ 5850 MHz
	Bluetooth	2402 ~ 2480 MHz
Antenna Type	WLAN	monopole
	Bluetooth	monopole
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure	
EUT Type	Portable Device	

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2.1093	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	KDB 447498 D04 v01	RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies for Mobile and Portable Devices
4	KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
5	KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
6	KDB 248227 D01 v02r02	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters

3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table of Exposure Limits:

Body Position	SAR Value (W/Kg)	
	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure
Whole-Body SAR (averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4
Partial-Body SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.60	8.0
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled Exposure: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR (1 g Value)

Equipment Class	Band	Maximum Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)
		Body	Body
		(0mm)	(0mm)
		1g SAR	1g SAR
DTS	2.4G WIFI	0.88	0.97
NII	5.3G WIFI	0.88	
	5.6G WIFI	0.92	
	5.8G WIFI	0.97	
DSS	Bluetooth	0.21	
Limit (W/kg)		1.60	1.60
Verdict		PASS	

3.3.2 Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR Values (1 g Value)

Equipment Class	Maximum Simultaneous Transmission SAR
	(W/kg)
	Body 1g (0mm)
NII	1.18
DSS	1.18
Limit (W/Kg)	1.60
Verdict	Pass

Note: The simultaneous transmission SAR detail please refer to section 11.

3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, when the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 0.97 W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.

4 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

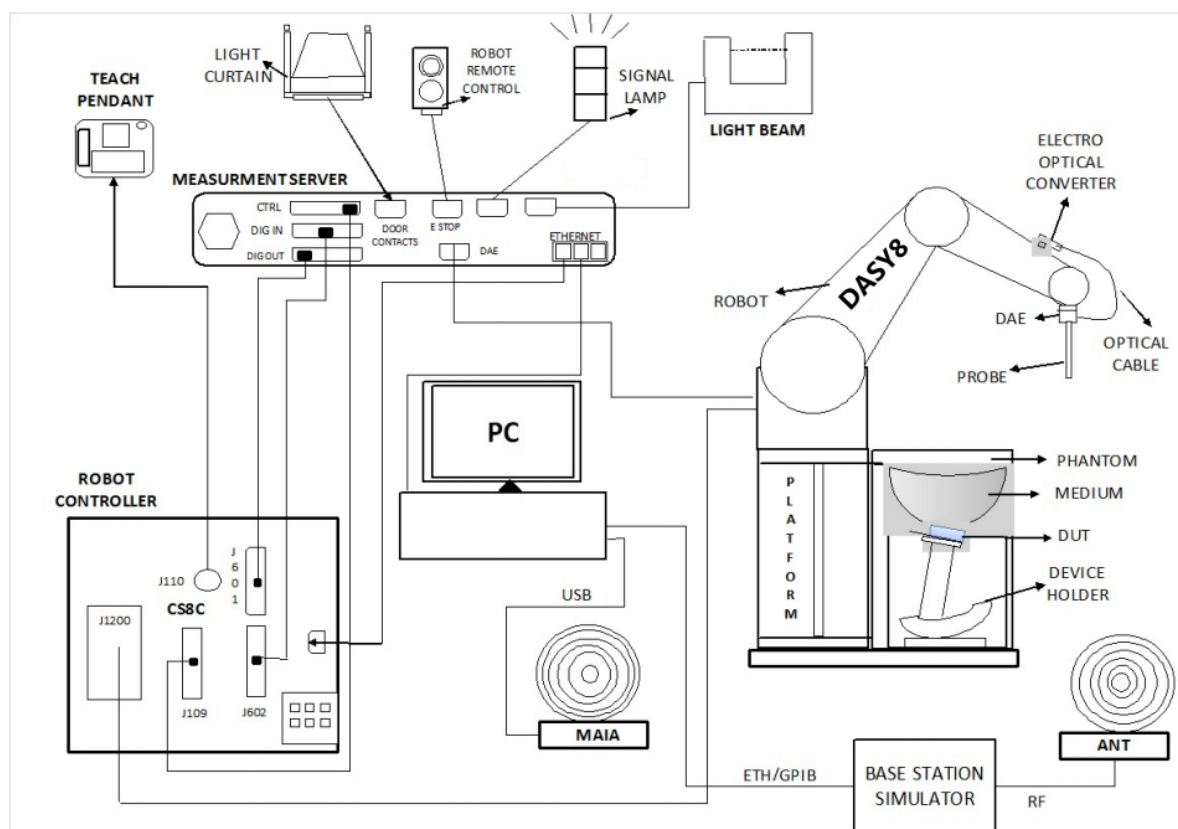
$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

4.2 DASY SAR System

4.2.1 DASY SAR System Diagram



The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

1. A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
2. A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.
3. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
4. A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.
5. The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY measurement server.
6. The DASY measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation.
7. DASY software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.
8. Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
9. The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.
10. The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
11. Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
12. System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.

4.2.2 Robot

The Dasy SAR system uses the high precision robots. Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system For the 6-axis controller system, Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents). The robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision
(repeatability ± 0.02 mm)
- High reliability
(industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs
(virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
(brush less synchron motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference
(motor control _elds shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

4.2.3 E-Field Probe

The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquids with high permittivities for the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe EX3DV4 with following specifications is used.

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., glycolether)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	4 MHz to 10 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ; ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 9 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 10 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms (EX3DV4)



E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.

4.2.4 Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converte and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.



- Input Impedance: 200M Ω m
- The Inputs: Symmetrical and Floating
- Commom Mode Rejection: Above 80dB

4.2.5 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.



- Left head
- Right head
- Flat phantom



4.2.6 Device Holder

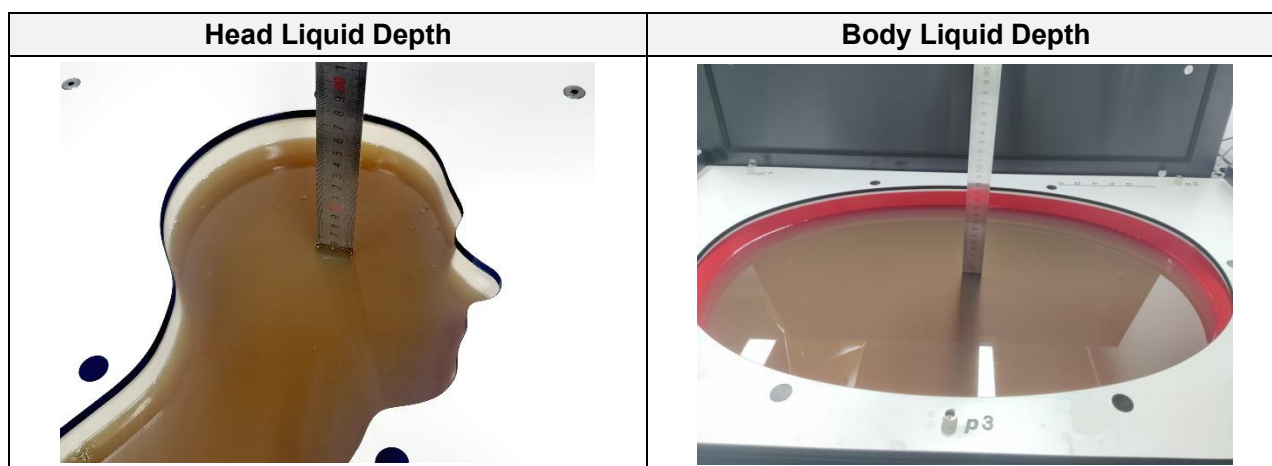
The DASY device holder has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear openings). The plane between the ear openings and the mouth tip has a rotation angle of 65° . The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. This device holder is used for standard mobile phones or PDA's only. If necessary an additional support of polystyrene material is used. Larger DUT's (e.g. notebooks) cannot be tested using this device holder. Instead a support of bigger polystyrene cubes and thin polystyrene plates is used to position the DUT in all relevant positions to find and measure spots with maximum SAR values. Therefore those devices are normally only tested at the flat part of the SAM.



The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. Incompliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1° .

4.2.7 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid and the theoretical Conductivity/Permittivity.

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

TSL	Manufacturer / Model	Freq Range (MHz)	Main Ingredients
Head WideBand	SPEAG HBBL600-10000V6	600-10000	Ethanediol, Sodium petroleum sulfonate, Hexylene Glycol / 2-Methyl-pentane-2.4-diol, Alkoxylated alcohol

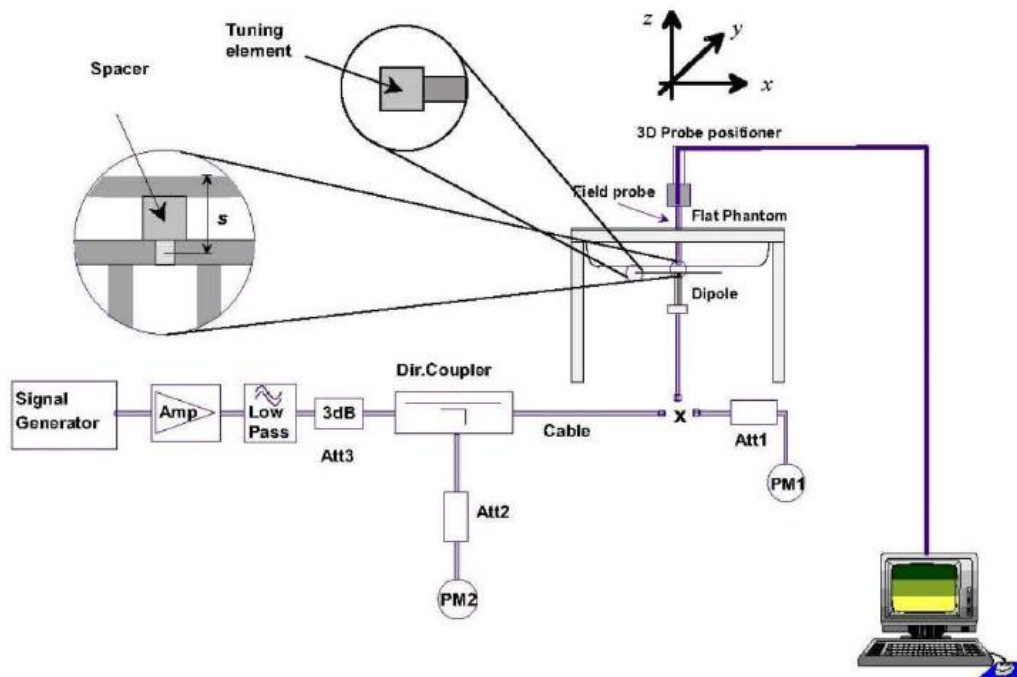
5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.2 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:



6 TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

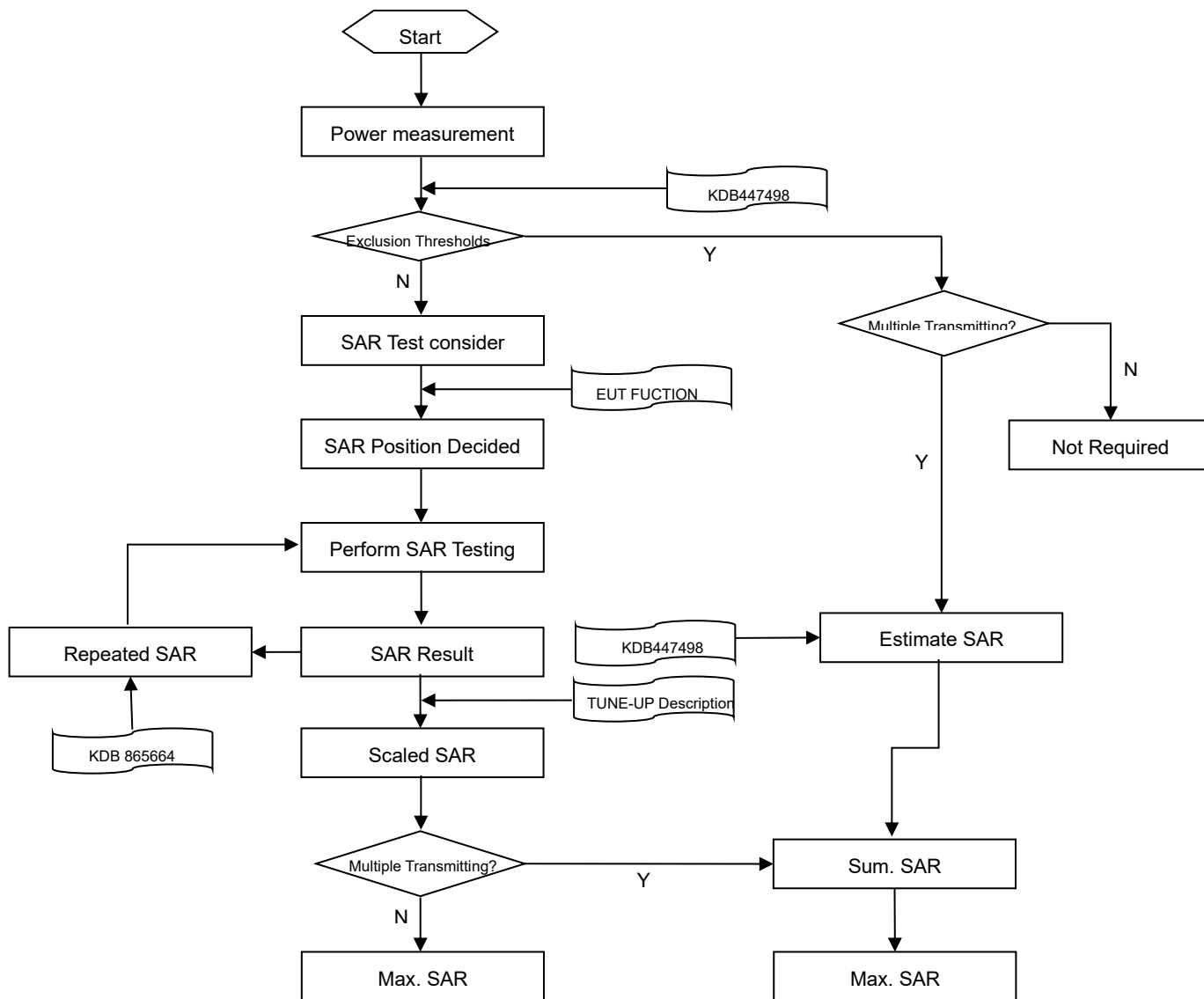
6.1 Body-worn Position Conditions

Devices that support transmission while used with body-worn accessories must be tested for SAR compliance related to each body-worn condition of use. SAR evaluation is required for body-worn accessories supplied with the device they are attached to.

The general informing principle is that the selected test configurations must conservatively capture the various body-worn accessory use conditions expected by users. For instance, devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, must be tested for SAR compliance using a conservative minimum test separation distance not to exceed 5 mm for all use conditions required by the device.

7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

7.1 Measurement Process Diagram



7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1 g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5±1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30°±1°	20°±1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx Area , Δy Area			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)		≤ 5 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	Δz Zoom (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
		Δz Zoom (n>1): between subsequent points		5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:

1. δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
2. * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1 g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

7.3 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- a. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- b. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- c. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- d. Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

When the 1 g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

8 CONDUCTED RF OUTPUT POWER

8.1 WIFI Output Power

Please refer the document "Ti-CC26060115-AP-1.pdf".

8.2 Bluetooth Output Power

Please refer the document "Ti-CC26060115-AP-1.pdf"

8.3 Bluetooth Duty Cycle

Please refer the document "Ti-CC26060115-AP-1.pdf"

9 Antenna location sketch

For antenna location and support bands please refer the document "Ti-CC26060115-AI EUT internal photo.pdf.

10 TEST RESULT

1. The reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WIFI signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)".
 - c. For WIFI/Bluetooth: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Absorbed power density (APD) using a 4cm² averaging area is reported based on SAR measurements.
3. Per KDB 447498 D04, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
4. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg

10.1 Body SAR

Band	DSI State	Antenna	Mode	Position	Dist.(mm)	Ch.	Freq.(MHz)	Power Drift(dB)	1 g Meas SAR(W/kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power(dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty cycle (%)	Duty Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
Body																
Bluetooth	Full Power	ANT0	DH5	Front Side	0	39	2441	-0.09	0.051	11.23	12.00	1.194	76.41	1.309	0.080	/
Bluetooth	Full Power	ANT0	DH5	Back Side	0	39	2441	-0.08	0.136	11.23	12.00	1.194	76.41	1.309	0.213	1#
Bluetooth	Full Power	ANT0	DH5	Left Edge	0	39	2441	0.07	0.018	11.23	12.00	1.194	76.41	1.309	0.028	/
Bluetooth	Full Power	ANT0	DH5	Right Edge	0	39	2441	0.00	0.012	11.23	12.00	1.194	76.41	1.309	0.019	/
Bluetooth	Full Power	ANT0	DH5	Top Edge	0	39	2441	-0.04	0.015	11.23	12.00	1.194	76.41	1.309	0.023	/
Bluetooth	Full Power	ANT0	DH5	Bottom Edge	0	39	2441	-0.04	0.011	11.23	12.00	1.194	76.41	1.309	0.017	/
Bluetooth	Full Power	ANT0	DH5	Back Side	0	0	2402	-0.12	0.115	10.83	12.00	1.309	76.41	1.309	0.197	/
Bluetooth	Full Power	ANT0	DH5	Back Side	0	78	2480	0.19	0.102	10.41	12.00	1.442	76.41	1.309	0.193	/
2.4G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11b	Front Side	0	11	2462	0.18	0.425	18.56	19.00	1.107	98.14	1.019	0.479	/
2.4G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11b	Back Side	0	11	2462	0.01	0.783	18.56	19.00	1.107	98.14	1.019	0.883	2#
2.4G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11b	Left Edge	0	11	2462	0.17	0.101	18.56	19.00	1.107	98.14	1.019	0.114	/
2.4G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11b	Right Edge	0	11	2462	-0.18	0.011	18.56	19.00	1.107	98.14	1.019	0.012	/
2.4G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11b	Top Edge	0	11	2462	-0.11	0.015	18.56	19.00	1.107	98.14	1.019	0.017	/
2.4G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11b	Bottom Edge	0	11	2462	0.19	0.013	18.56	19.00	1.107	98.14	1.019	0.015	/
2.4G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11b	Back Side	0	1	2412	-0.04	0.659	18.45	19.00	1.135	98.14	1.019	0.762	/
2.4G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11b	Back Side	0	6	2437	0.01	0.630	18.30	19.00	1.175	98.14	1.019	0.754	/
5.3G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac40	Front Side	0	54	5270	-0.16	0.016	15.11	15.50	1.094	94.95	1.053	0.018	/
5.3G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac40	Back Side	0	54	5270	0.00	0.764	15.11	15.50	1.094	94.95	1.053	0.880	3#
5.3G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac40	Left Edge	0	54	5270	0.02	0.106	15.11	15.50	1.094	94.95	1.053	0.122	/
5.3G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac40	Right Edge	0	54	5270	0.11	0.011	15.11	15.50	1.094	94.95	1.053	0.013	/
5.3G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac40	Top Edge	0	54	5270	-0.03	0.018	15.11	15.50	1.094	94.95	1.053	0.021	/
5.3G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac40	Bottom Edge	0	54	5270	-0.06	0.015	15.11	15.50	1.094	94.95	1.053	0.017	/
5.3G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac40	Back Side	0	62	5310	-0.13	0.749	14.70	15.00	1.072	94.95	1.053	0.845	/
5.6G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac80	Front Side	0	122	5610	-0.07	0.023	14.37	15.00	1.156	91.58	1.092	0.029	/
5.6G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac80	Back Side	0	122	5610	-0.08	0.730	14.37	15.00	1.156	91.58	1.092	0.922	4#
5.6G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac80	Left Edge	0	122	5610	0.02	0.061	14.37	15.00	1.156	91.58	1.092	0.077	/
5.6G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac80	Right Edge	0	122	5610	-0.17	0.014	14.37	15.00	1.156	91.58	1.092	0.018	/
5.6G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac80	Top Edge	0	122	5610	0.01	0.016	14.37	15.00	1.156	91.58	1.092	0.020	/
5.6G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac80	Bottom Edge	0	122	5610	-0.15	0.012	14.37	15.00	1.156	91.58	1.092	0.015	/
5.6G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac80	Back Side	0	106	5530	-0.19	0.261	10.09	11.00	1.233	91.58	1.092	0.351	/
5.6G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11ac80	Back Side	0	138	5690	0.02	0.692	14.19	15.00	1.205	91.58	1.092	0.911	/
5.8G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11a	Front Side	0	149	5745	0.19	0.019	16.02	16.50	1.117	97.92	1.021	0.022	/
5.8G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11a	Back Side	0	149	5745	-0.16	0.850	16.02	16.50	1.117	97.92	1.021	0.969	5#
5.8G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11a	Left Edge	0	149	5745	-0.17	0.065	16.02	16.50	1.117	97.92	1.021	0.074	/
5.8G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11a	Right Edge	0	149	5745	0.06	0.017	16.02	16.50	1.117	97.92	1.021	0.019	/
5.8G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11a	Top Edge	0	149	5745	0.15	0.016	16.02	16.50	1.117	97.92	1.021	0.018	/

5.8G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11a	Bottom Edge	0	149	5745	0.16	0.017	16.02	16.50	1.117	97.92	1.021	0.019	/
5.8G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11a	Back Side	0	157	5785	-0.07	0.493	15.73	16.50	1.194	97.92	1.021	0.601	/
5.8G WIFI	Full Power	ANT0	802.11a	Back Side	0	165	5825	-0.01	0.428	15.64	16.50	1.219	97.92	1.021	0.533	/

Note: Refer to ANNEX C for the detailed test data for each test configuration.

10.2NFC SAR

1. According to the ANSI C63.10 clause 11.12.2.2:

The value of maximum peak output power is according to the method described in ANSI C63.10 clause 11.12.2.2 General procedure for conducted measurements in restricted bands:

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified (see guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the ERP level (see guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain)
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the ERP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz, 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive and 0 dB for frequencies > 1000 MHz).
- d) For devices with multiple antenna-ports, measure the power of each individual chain and sum the ERP of all chains in linear terms (e.g., Watts, mW).
- e) Convert the resultant ERP level to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship: $E = ERP - 20\log D + 104.8$

where:

E = electric field strength in dB μ V/m,

ERP = equivalent isotropic radiated power in dBm

D = specified measurement distance in meters.

Mode	f (MHz)	Max. E-Field strength (dB μ V/m)	D (m)	Ground reflection factor (dB)	ERP (dBm)
NFC (13.56MHz)	13.56	56.46	10	6	-22.34
Note: 1. Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the ERP level (6 dB for frequencies ≤ 30 MHz). 2.ERP= 56.46+20*Log(10) - 104.8 + 6 =-22.34 (dBm)					

According to the FCC KDB 447498 D04

Estimated SAR: SAR test = $1.6 \cdot P_{ant} / P_{th}$ [W/kg]

Estimated SAR	$1.6 \cdot P_{ant} / P_{th}$ [W/kg]		
Pmeas.(dBm)	-22.34	Pmeas.(mW)	0.0058
Pth.(mW)	443.13		
NFC Estimated 1g SAR [W/kg]	<0.001		

11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 , or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Frequency Band (MHz)	Wireless Band	Antenna	RF Exposure Conditions	Test Position	Highest Measured SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (Yes/No)	Highest Repeated SAR (W/kg)	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio
5745	802.11a	Ant0	Body	Back Side	0.850	Yes	0.833	1.02
Note: The ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is < 1.20 , the second repeated measurement is not required.								

12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR). According KDB 447498 D04, simultaneous transmission:

- a) $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / R_i$ (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
SAR1 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the first of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition.
SAR2 is the highest reported or estimated SAR for the second of a pair of simultaneous transmitting antennas, in a specific test operating mode and exposure condition as the first.
- b) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
- c) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Considerations

No.	Simultaneous Tx Combination	Body
1	5G WIFI + Bluetooth	Yes
Note: 1. WiFi 2.4G and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and can't transmit simultaneously. 2. When stand-alone SAR is not required for a side of antenna, its SAR is considered zero in the SAR summing process to assess Multi-band transmission SAR compliance. 3. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.		

12.2 Body Simultaneous Transmission SAR Evaluation

State	Position	Stand alone SAR		SUM SAR
		1	2	
		Bluetooth	MAX. WLAN 5GHz	Sum SAR (1+2)
Body	Front Side 0mm	0.080	0.029	0.109
Body	Back Side 0mm	0.213	0.969	1.182
Body	Left Edge 0mm	0.028	0.122	0.150
Body	Right Edge 0mm	0.019	0.019	0.038
Body	Top Edge 0mm	0.023	0.021	0.044
Body	Bottom Edge 0mm	0.017	0.019	0.036

Note:

1: The highest Summed 1g SAR is 1.182 W/Kg < 1.6 W/kg, so Simultaneous Transmission SAR test is not required.

12.3 Highest Total Exposure Ratio of Simultaneous Transmission

NFC multi-transmit requires the use of the TER formula:

$$TER = \sum_{k=1}^{N_s} \left(\frac{SAR_k}{SAR_{lim}} \right) + \sum_{k=1}^{N_f} \left(\frac{MPE_{field, k}}{MPE_{field, lim}} \right)^2 + \sum_{k=1}^{N_{PD}} \left(\frac{MPE_{PD, k}}{MPE_{PD, lim}} \right)$$

The maximum SAR value for Simultaneous Transmission is 1.182 [W/kg], SAR test exemption may be considered by applying a factor of 2.5 to the SAR-based exemption thresholds. Therefore, the worst TER $= (1.182 + 0.001) / 1.6 = 0.739 < 1$, the NFC SAR transmit simultaneously Pass.

13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No./Version	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Software	Speag	DASY8	16.2.2.1588	N/A	N/A
2450MHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D2450V2	SN: 952	2024/05/07	2027/05/06
5GHz Validation Dipole	Speag	D5GHzV2	SN: 1200	2024/05/09	2027/05/08
Data Acquisition Electronics	Speag	DAE4	SN: 1711	2025/11/11	2026/11/10
E-Field Probe	Speag	EX3DV4	SN: 7510	2025/11/11	2026/11/10
Signal Generator	Keysight	N5173B	MY62150163	2026/06/22	2027/06/21
Power Meter	R&S	NRVD-B2	835843/014	2026/06/23	2027/06/22
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z4	100381	2026/06/23	2027/06/22
Power Sensor	R&S	NRV-Z2	100211	2026/06/23	2027/06/22
Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46103472	2025/08/13	2026/08/12
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	EF7239002655	2025/10/29	2026/10/28
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	EF7216002974	2025/10/30	2026/10/29
Power Amplifier	Mini-Circuits	ZVA-183W-S+	932502132	N/A	N/A
Dielectric Probe Kit	Speag	DAK3.5	SN: 1312	N/A	N/A
Phantom	Speag	SAM	SN: 1859	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note: For dipole antennas, BALUN has adopted 3 years as calibration intervals, and on annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.
4. Impedance (real or imaginary parts) in within 5 Ohms of calibrated measurement.

ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a DAK3.5 Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ϵ)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ϵ)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2026.07.17	Head	2450	21.4	1.83	38.69	1.80	39.20	1.67	-1.30
2026.07.17	Head	5250	21.4	4.71	36.91	4.71	35.93	0.00	2.73
2026.07.18	Head	5600	21.3	5.00	35.41	5.07	35.53	-1.38	-0.34
2026.07.18	Head	5750	21.3	5.16	34.53	5.22	35.36	-1.15	-2.35
Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is $\pm 5\%$.									

ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Head liquid 1g

Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Dipole SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)
2026.07.17	Head	2450	100	5.650	56.50	52.60	7.41
2026.07.17	Head	5250	100	7.550	75.50	77.70	-2.83
2026.07.18	Head	5600	100	8.690	86.90	81.30	6.89
2026.07.18	Head	5750	100	8.500	85.00	77.60	9.54

Note: The tolerance limit of System validation $\pm 10\%$.

Please refer the document "Ti-CC26060115-ASC-1.pdf".

ANNEX C TEST DATA

Please refer the document “Ti-CC26060115-ATD-1.pdf”.

ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document “Ti-CC26060115-AW.pdf”.

ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document “Ti-CC26060115-AS.pdf”.

ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document “Ti-CC26060115-AC.pdf”.

ANNEX G TUNE-UP PROCEDURE

Please refer the document “Ti-CC26060115-AT.pdf”.

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