

FCC

SAR

TEST REPORT

ISSUED BY
Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR
Tablet

ISSUED TO
ALCO Electronics Limited.

11/F Zung Fu Industrial Buiding 1067 King's Road, Quarry Bay Hong kong



Tested by: Zong Liyao
Zong Liyao
(Engineer)
Date Nov. 24, 2017

Approved by: Wei Yanquan
Wei Yanquan
(Chief Engineer)
Date Nov. 24, 2017

Report No.: BL-HK17B0161-701

EUT Name: Tablet

Model Name: WT19613W87DK / W1166

Brand Name: Venturer / RCA

FCC ID: A2HW1166

Test Standard: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

ANSI C95.1: 1999

IEEE 1528: 2013

Maximum SAR: Body (1 g): 0.599 W/kg

Test Conclusion: Pass

Test Date: Nov. 17, 2017

Date of Issue: Nov. 24, 2017

NOTE: This test report of test results only related to testing samples, which can be duplicated completely for the legal use with the approval of the applicant; it shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. BALUN Laboratory. Any objections should be raised within thirty days from the date of issue. To validate the report, please contact us.

Revision History

<u>Version</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Revisions Content</u>
<u>Rev. 01</u>	<u>Nov. 24, 2017</u>	<u>Initial Issue</u>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	GENERAL INFORMATION	4
1.1	Identification of the Testing Laboratory.....	4
1.2	Identification of the Responsible Testing Location.....	4
1.3	Test Environment Condition	4
1.4	Announce.....	4
2	PRODUCT INFORMATION.....	5
2.1	Applicant Information	5
2.2	Manufacturer Information.....	5
2.3	Factory Information	5
2.4	General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT).....	5
2.5	Ancillary Equipment	6
2.6	Technical Information	7
3	SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS.....	8
3.1	Test Standards	8
3.2	Device Category and SAR Limit	8
3.3	Test Result Summary	10
3.4	Test Uncertainty.....	11
4	SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM.....	12
4.1	Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR).....	12
4.2	SATIMO SAR System.....	12
5	SYSTEM VERIFICATION.....	21
5.1	Antenna Port Test Requirement	21
5.2	Purpose of System Check	21
5.3	System Check Setup	21
6	EUT TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS	22
6.1	Body Supported Exposure Condition.....	22

6.2	Tablet Exposure Condition	22
7	SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	23
7.1	SAR Measurement Process Diagram	23
7.2	SAR Scan General Requirements	24
7.3	SAR Measurement Procedure	25
7.4	Area & Zoom Scan Procedures	25
8	CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER.....	26
8.1	WIFI	26
8.2	Bluetooth.....	26
9	EUT ANTENNA LOCATION SKETCH	27
9.1	SAR Test Exclusion Consider Table.....	29
10	TEST RESULTS	31
10.1	WIFI 2.4GHz	31
11	SAR Measurement Variability	32
12	SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION	33
13	TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST	34
ANNEX A	SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT	35
ANNEX B	SYSTEM CHECK RESULT	36
ANNEX C	TEST DATA.....	39
ANNEX D	EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS	41
ANNEX E	SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS.....	41
ANNEX F	CALIBRATION REPORT	41

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6685 0100

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1. The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by FCC as a accredited testing laboratory. The designation number is CN1196. The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate is 4344.01. The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.
Description	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China 518055

1.3 Test Environment Condition

Ambient Temperature	21 to 23°C
Ambient Relative Humidity	36 to 49%
Ambient Pressure	100 to 102KPa

1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v2.3.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (5) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (6) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.

2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant Information

Applicant	ALCO Electronics Limited.
Address	11/F Zung Fu Industrial Buiding 1067 King's Road, Quarry Bay Hong kong

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Manufacturer	N/A
Address	N/A

2.3 Factory Information

Factory	Alco Electronics (Dongguan) Limited.
Address	Gong Ye Xi Road, Houjie Technology Industrial Park, Houjie, Dongguan, Guangdong, P.R.C. Postal Code: 523960

2.4 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	Tablet
Model Name Under Test	WT19613W87DK
Series Model Name	WT19613W87DK, W1166
Description of Model Name Differentiation	All models are same with electrical parameters and internal circuit structure, but only different on model number and trade mark.
Hardware Version	EM_H8216_216B
Software Version	V05
Dimensions (Approx.)	N/A
Weight (Approx.)	N/A
Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth 4.0 (BR + EDR + BLE) 802.11b, 802.11g and 802.11n (HT20/40)

2.5 Ancillary Equipment

Ancillary Equipment 1	Battery	
	Brand Name	POWTECH
	Model No.	PT2870121-2P
	Serial No.	N/A
	Capacity	5000 mAh
	Rated Voltage	3.7 V
	Limit Charge Voltage	4.2 V
Ancillary Equipment 2	Adapter	
	Brand Name	Dokocom
	Model No.	STC-C0502500-Z
	Serial No.	N/A
	Rated Input	100-240 V~, 0.4 A, 50/60 Hz
	Rated Output	5 V= 2.5 A

2.6 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	2.4G WLAN, Bluetooth	
Frequency Range	802.11b/g /n(HT20/HT40)	2400~2483.5 MHz
	Bluetooth	2400~2483.5 MHz
Antenna Type	WLAN: PIFA Antenna Bluetooth: PIFA Antenna	
Hotspot Function	Not Support	
Power Reduction	Not Support	
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure	
EUT Stage	Portable Device	
Product	Type	
	☒ Production unit	☐ Identical prototype

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 2	Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations
2	ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1999	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
3	IEEE Std. 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
4	FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies
5	FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
6	FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02	RF Exposure Reporting
7	KDB 248227 D01 v02r02	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) Transmitters
8	KDB 616217 D04v01r02	SAR for laptop and tablets

3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table of Exposure Limits:

Body Position	SAR Value (W/Kg)	
	General Population/ Uncontrolled Exposure	Occupational/ Controlled Exposure
Whole-Body SAR (averaged over the entire body)	0.08	0.4
Partial-Body SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.60	8.0
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0	20.0

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

3.3 Test Result Summary

3.3.1 Highest SAR (1 g Value)

Band	Maximum Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Maximum Report SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
	Body (0mm)	Body (0mm)	
2.4G WLAN (Tablet)	0.595	0.599	1.6
2.4G WLAN (Laptop)	0.599		
Verdict	Pass		

3.3.2 Highest Simultaneous SAR

The EUT has only one antenna for 2.4G WLAN and Bluetooth, and can't transmit simultaneously, so the transmission simultaneous evaluation is not required in this report.

3.4 Test Uncertainty

According to KDB 865664 D01, when the highest measured 1 g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.

The maximum 1 g SAR for the EUT in this report is 0.599 W/kg, which is lower than 1.5 W/kg, so the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis is not required in this report.

4 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational / controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population /uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

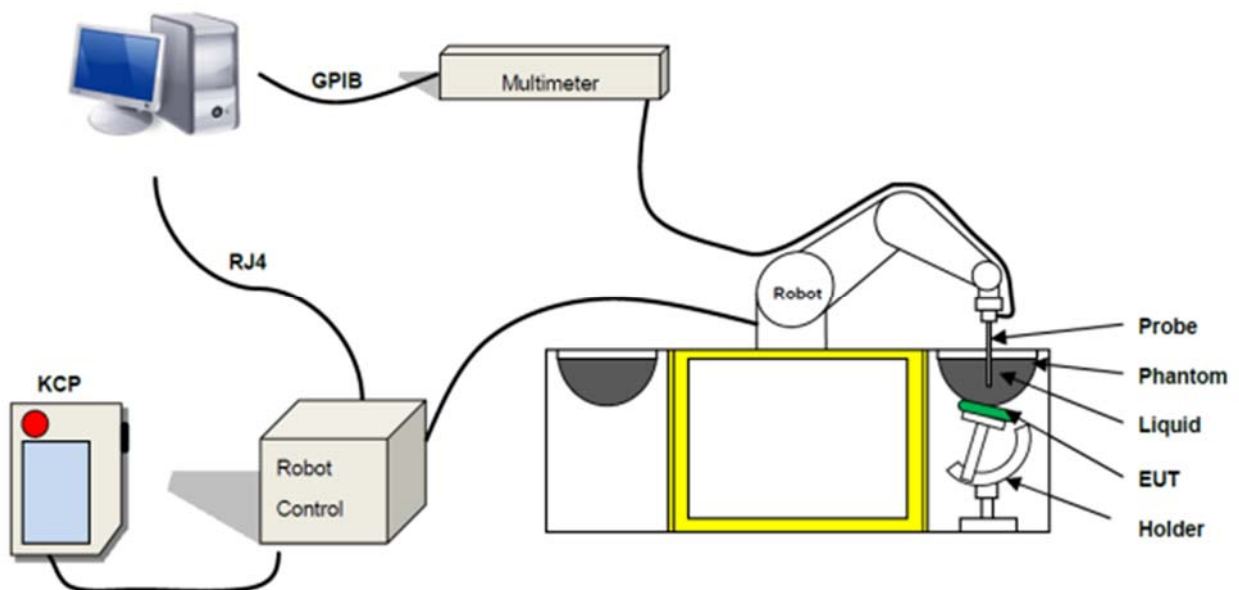
$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

4.2 SATIMO SAR System

4.2.1 SATIMO SAR System Diagram



These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO.

The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than ± 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR standard and found to be better than ± 0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528.

4.2.2 Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

4.2.3 E-Field Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 08 /16 EPGO 295 with following specifications is used

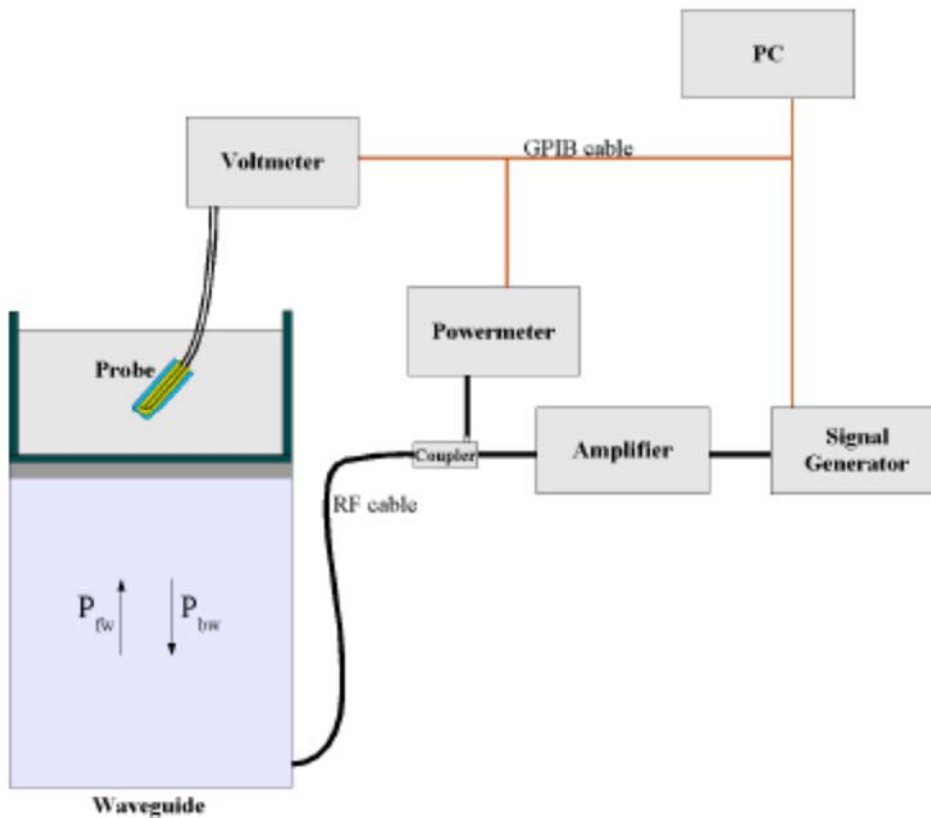
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 2.5 mm
- Lower detection limit : 10 mW/kg
(repeatability better than ± 1 mm)
- Probe linearity: ± 0.07 dB
- Calibration range: 300 MHz to 6000 MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°



E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the IEC62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\sigma} \cos^2 \left(\pi \frac{y}{a} \right) c^{(2\pi/\sigma)}$$

Where :

- P_{fw} = Forward Power
- P_{bw} = Backward Power
- a and b = Waveguide Dimensions
- l = Skin Depth

Keithley configuration

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage $V_{lin}(N)$ is obtained from the displayed output voltage $V(N)$ using

$$V_{lin}(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

Where the DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.2.4 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

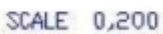
Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM103



Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM104



Serial Number	Positionner Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 30/13 SAM103	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02
SN 30/13 SAM104	Gelcoat with fiberglass	3.4	0.02



SN 30/13 SAM103

SN 30/13 SAM104

4.2.5 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

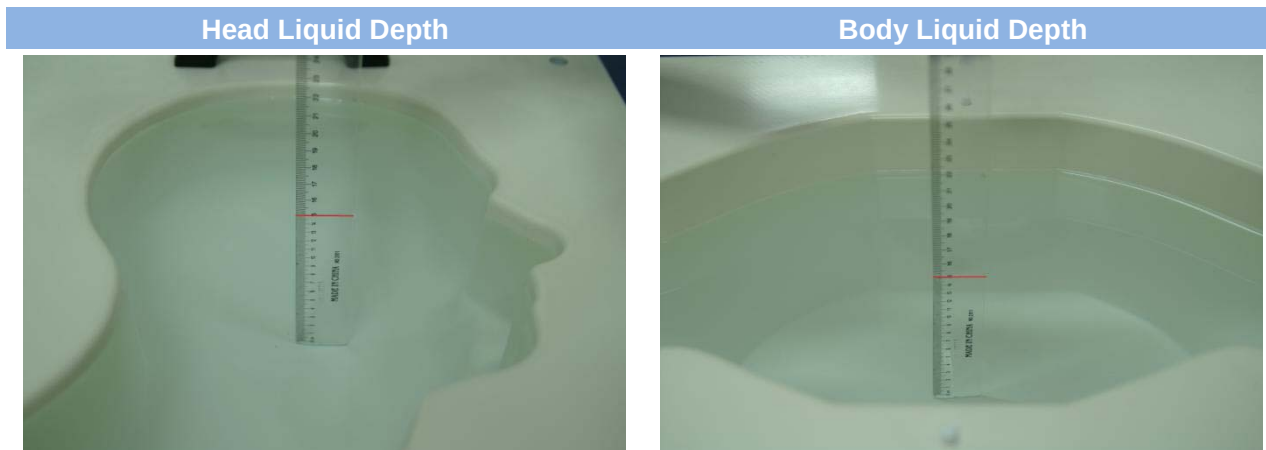


Serial Number	Holder Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
SN 25/13 MSH87	Deirin	3.7	0.005
SN 25/13 MSH88	Deirin	3.7	0.005

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1° .

4.2.6 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



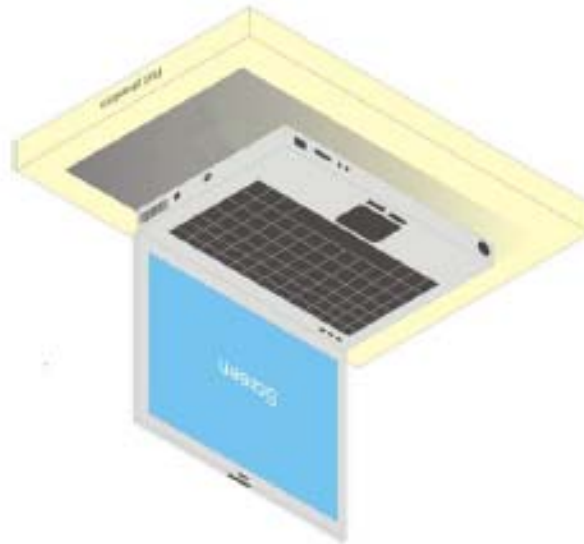
The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid and the theoretical Conductivity/Permittivity.

Head (Reference IEEE1528)								
Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Permittivity ϵ
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0.1	0	44.9	1.80	39.2
2600	54.9	0	0	0.1	0	45.0	1.96	39.0
Frequency(MHz)	Water (%)	Hexyl Carbitol (%)			Triton X-100 (%)		Conductivity σ (S/m)	Permittivity ϵ
5200	62.52	17.24			17.24		4.66	36.0
5800	62.52	17.24			17.24		5.27	35.3
Body (From instrument manufacturer)								
Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Permittivity ϵ
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0.1	0	31.3	1.95	52.7
2600	68.2	0	0	0.1	0	31.7	2.16	52.5

Frequency(MHz)	Water	DGBE (%)	Salt (%)	Conductivity σ (S/m)	Permittivity ϵ
5200	78.60	21.40	/	5.54	47.86
5800	78.50	21.40	0.1	6.0	48.20

6 EUT TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

6.1 Body Supported Exposure Condition



6.2 Tablet Exposure Condition

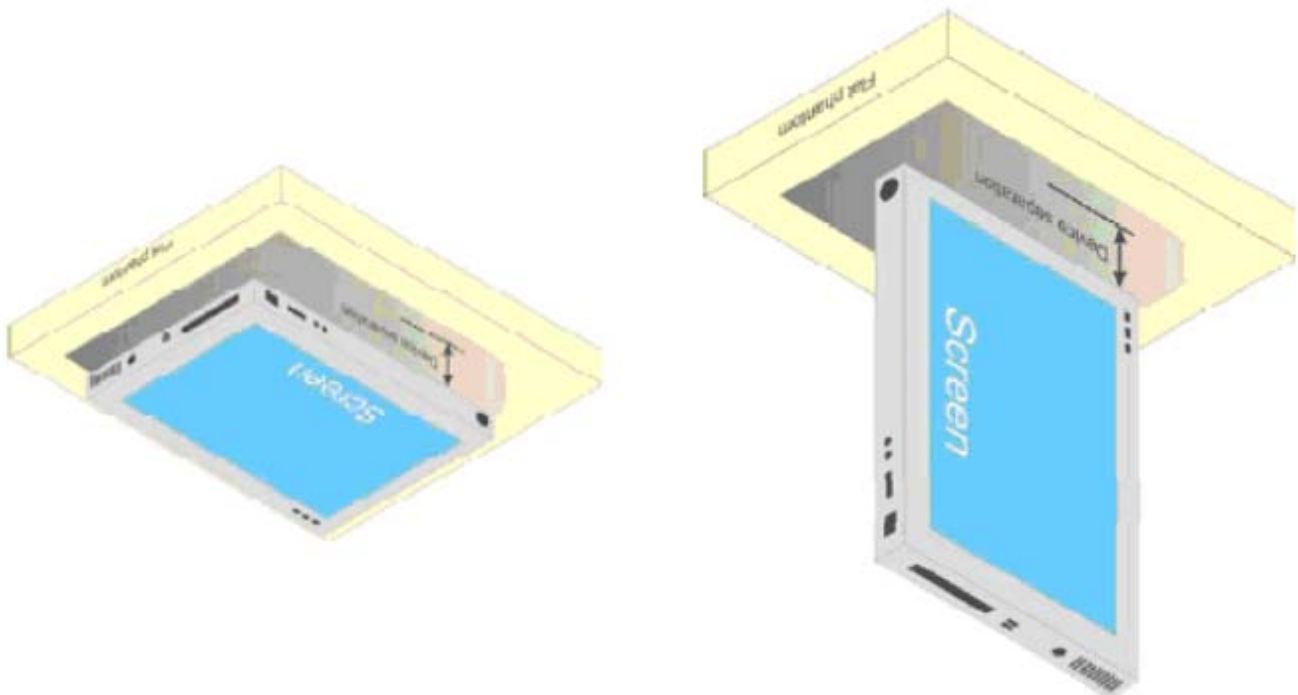
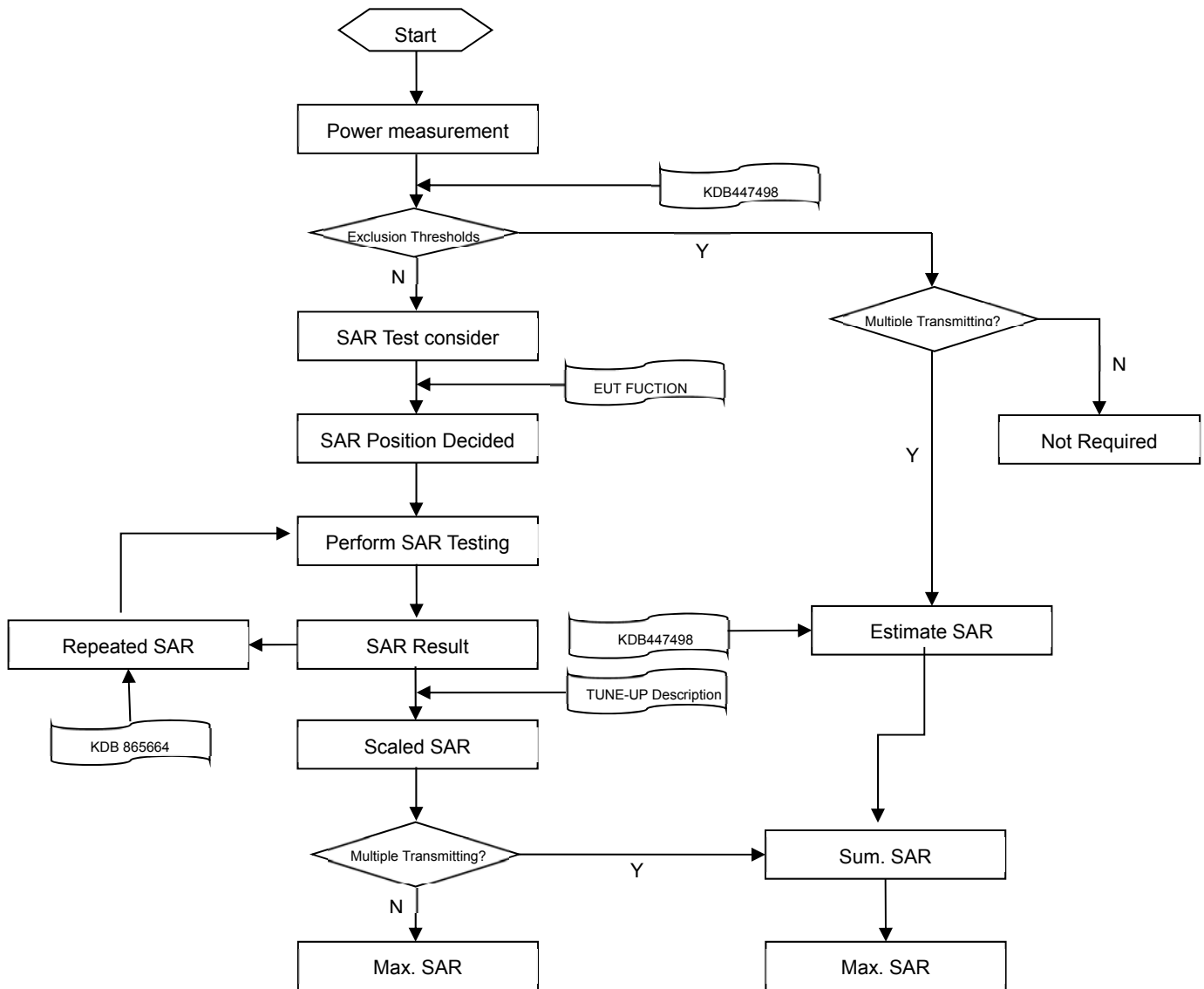


Fig Illustration for Lap-touching Position

7 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

7.1 SAR Measurement Process Diagram



7.2 SAR Scan General Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5±1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30°±1°	20°±1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx Area , Δy Area			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)		≤ 5 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	Δ z Zoom (1): between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
			Δ z Zoom (n>1): between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·Δz Zoom (n-1)
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥30 mm	3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm
				4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm
				5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note:

- δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
- * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

7.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

8.1 WIFI

8.1.1 2.4GWIFI

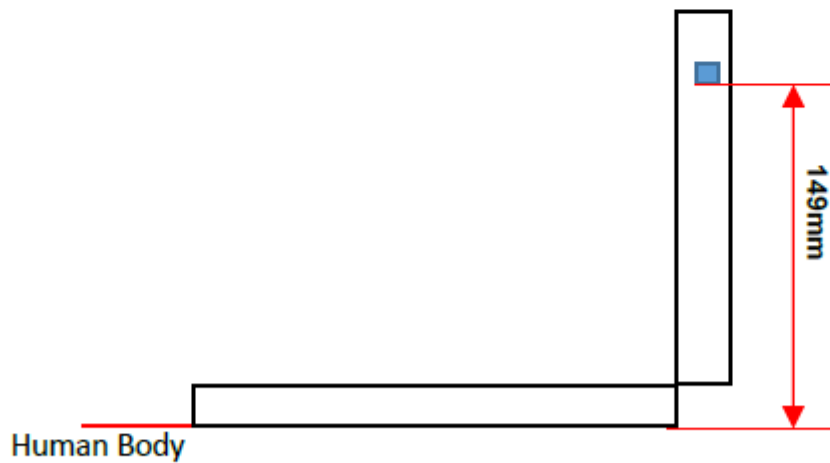
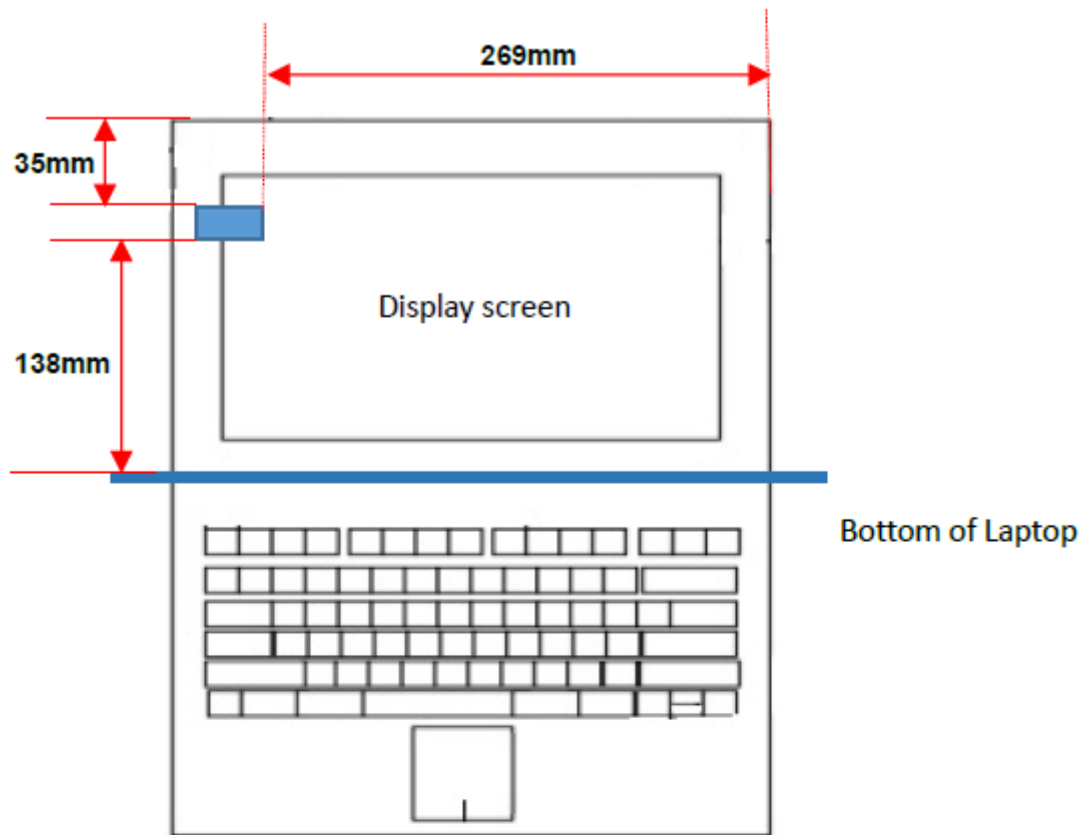
Band (GHz)	Mode	Channel	Freq. (MHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	SAR Test Require.
2.4 (2.4~2.4835)	802.11b	1	2412	16.38	16.50	No
		6	2437	16.26		No
		11	2462	16.39		Yes
	802.11g	1	2412	15.56	16.00	No
		6	2437	15.24		No
		11	2462	15.60		No
	802.11n(HT20)	1	2412	15.49	16.00	No
		6	2437	15.18		No
		11	2462	15.57		No
	802.11n(HT40)	3	2422	15.58	16.00	No
		6	2437	15.46		No
		9	2452	15.60		No

8.2 Bluetooth

Mode	GFSK			$\pi/4$ -DQPSK		
Channel	0	39	78	0	39	78
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2441	2480
Peak Power (dBm)	2.08	1.89	3.17	3.91	3.66	5.08
Tune-up Limit (dBm)	3.20			5.50		
Mode	8-DPSK			BLE		
Channel	0	39	78	0	19	39
Frequency (MHz)	2402	2441	2480	2402	2440	2480
Peak Power (dBm)	3.87	3.69	5.08	7.82	8.06	9.36
Tune-up Limit (dBm)	5.50			9.50		

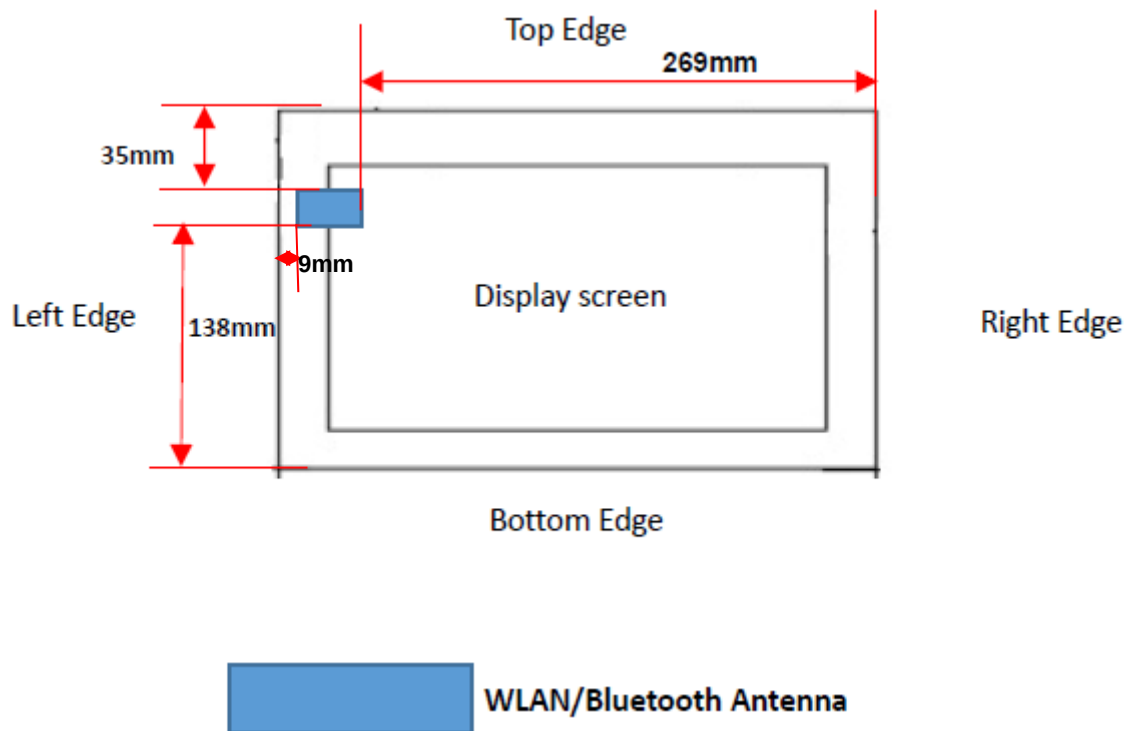
9 EUT ANTENNA LOCATION SKETCH

9.1 NB Mode antenna location sketch:



WLAN/Bluetooth Antenna

9.2 Tablet Mode antenna location sketch:



9.3 SAR Test Exclusion Consider Table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01, Appendix A, <SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and ≤ 50 mm> Table, this Device SAR test configurations consider as following :

Band	Mode	Max. Peak Power		Test Position Configurations				
		dBm	mW	Back	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
WLAN 2.4 G	Distance to User			<5mm	9mm	269mm	35mm	138mm
	Exclusion Threshold			14.1	7.9	2286	2.0	976
	802.11b	16.50	44.67	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
	802.11g	16.00	39.81	No	No	No	No	No
	802.11n(HT20)	16.00	39.81	No	No	No	No	No
	802.11n(HT40)	16.00	39.81	No	No	No	No	No
Bluetooth	Distance to User			<5mm	9mm	269mm	35mm	138mm
	Exclusion Threshold			2.8	1.6	2286	0.4	976
	Bluetooth BR/EDR	5.50	3.55	No	No	No	No	No
	Bluetooth BLE	9.50	8.91	No	No	No	No	No

Note:

- Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units.
- Per KDB 447498 D01, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- Per KDB 447498 D01, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR}$$
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
 - For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare.
This formula is $[3.0] / [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \cdot [(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] = \text{exclusion threshold of mW}$.
- Per KDB 447498 D01, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following:
 - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · (f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance - 50 mm) · 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz
- Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
 - When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
 - When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel.

7. Per KDB 248227 D01 SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions.
 - a. When KDB Publication 447498 D01 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - b. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

10 TEST RESULTS

10.1WIFI 2.4GHz

Mode	Position	Dist. (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1 g Meas. SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up Power(dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Factor	1 g Scaled SAR (W/Kg)	Meas. No.
Body													
802.11 b (Tablet)	Back Side	0	11	2462	-0.26	0.567	16.39	16.50	1.03	97.66	1.024	0.595	1#
	Left Edge	0	11	2462	1.42	0.111	16.39	16.50	1.03	97.66	1.024	0.117	/
802.11.b (Laptop)	Back Side	0	11	2462	-2.39	0.570	16.39	16.50	1.03	97.66	1.024	0.599	2#
	Left Edge	0	11	2462	-1.45	0.115	16.39	16.50	1.03	97.66	1.024	0.121	/

11 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 , or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 , and the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

The highest measured SAR is 0.570 W/kg less than 0.80 W/kg, so the repeated measurement is not required.

12 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

The EUT has only one antenna for 2.4G WLAN and Bluetooth, and can't transmit simultaneously, so the transmission simultaneous evaluation is not required in this report.

13 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
PC	Dell	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2450MHz Dipole	SATIMO	SID 2450	S/N 25/13 DIP 2G450-251	2015/03/16	2018/03/15
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	S/N 08/16 EPGO 295	2017/03/22	2018/03/21
MultiMeter	Keithley	MultiMeter 2000	4024022	2017/06/12	2018/06/11
Signal Generator	R&S	SMBV100A	260592	2017/06/12	2018/06/11
Power Meter	Agilent	E4419B	GB40201833	2017/11/02	2018/11/01
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	MY41498012	2017/11/02	2018/11/01
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9300A	MY41499891	2017/11/02	2018/11/01
Power Amplifier	SATIMO	6552B	22374	2017/06/12	2018/06/11
Network Analyzer	Agilent	5071B	MY42404001	2017/06/12	2018/06/11
Thermometer	Elitech	RC-4HC	N/A	2017/02/18	2018/02/17
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 25/13 OCPG56	N/A	N/A
Phantom1	SATIMO	SAM	SN 30/13 SAM103	N/A	N/A
Phantom2	SATIMO	SAM	SN 30/13 SAM104	N/A	N/A
Attenuator	COM-MW	ZA-S1-31	1305003187	N/A	N/A
Directional coupler	AA-MCS	AAMCS-UDC	000272	N/A	N/A

Note: Per KDB 865664 Dipole SAR Validation Verification, BALUN LAB has adopted 3 years calibration intervals. On annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
2. System validation with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.

ANNEX A SIMULATING LIQUID VERIFICATION RESULT

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit.

Date	Liquid Type	Fre. (MHz)	Temp. (°C)	Meas. Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Meas. Permittivity (ϵ)	Target Conductivity (σ) (S/m)	Target Permittivity (ϵ)	Conductivity Tolerance (%)	Permittivity Tolerance (%)
2017.11.17	Body	2450	21.3	1.97	52.14	1.95	52.70	1.03	-1.06
Note: The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is $\pm 5\%$.									

ANNEX B SYSTEM CHECK RESULT

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10%(for 1 g).

Date	Liquid Type	Freq. (MHz)	Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Dipole SAR (W/kg)	Tolerance (%)	Targeted SAR(W/kg)	Tolerance (%)
2017.11.17	Body	2450	100	5.558	55.58	54.70	1.61	52.40	6.07
Note: The tolerance limit of System validation $\pm 10\%$.									

System Performance Check Data(2450 MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

E-Field Probe: SN 08/16 SSE2 EPGO295

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

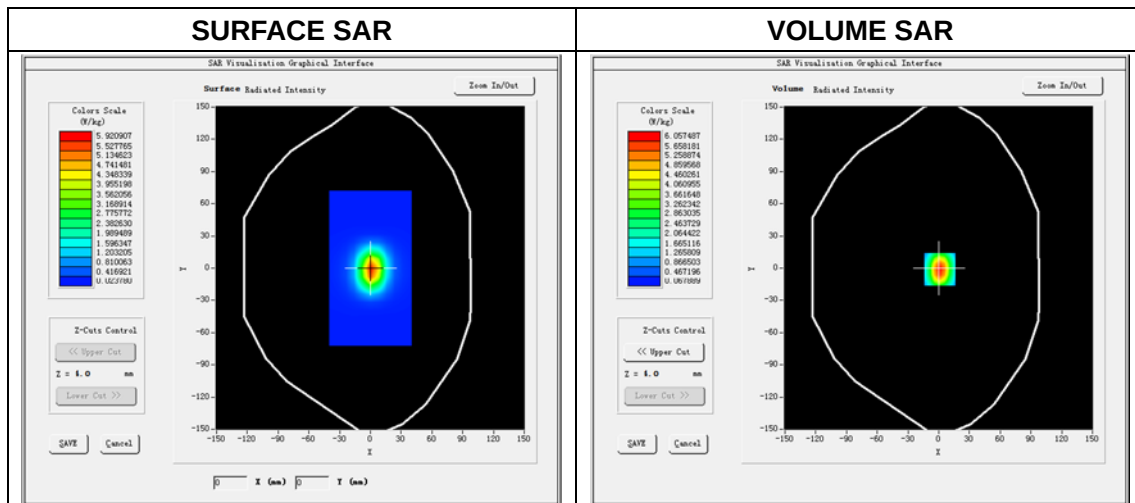
Zoom scan resolution: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2017.11.17

Measurement duration: 18 minutes 49 seconds

Experimental conditions.

Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Band	2450MHz
Signal	CW
Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.138900
Conductivity (S/m)	1.971105
Power drift (%)	-0.110000
Ambient Temperature:	22.7°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.3°C
ConvF:	2.30
Crest factor:	1:1

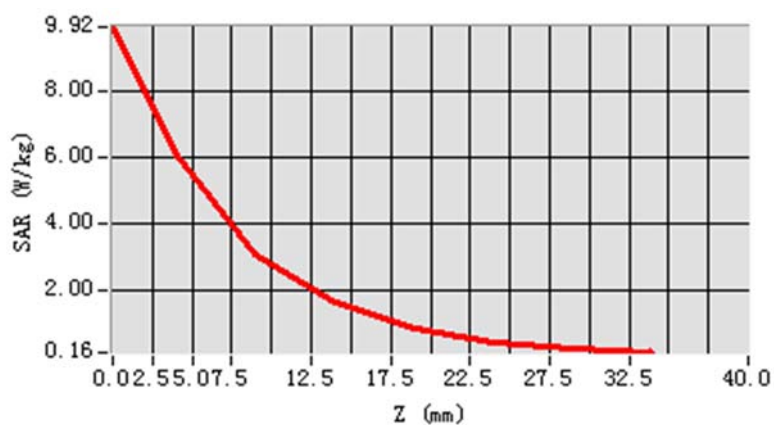


Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00

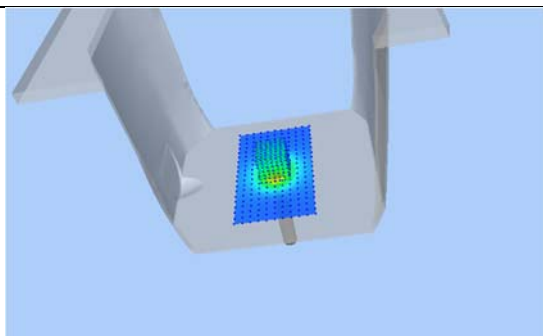
SAR Peak: 9.85W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.519581
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	5.557807

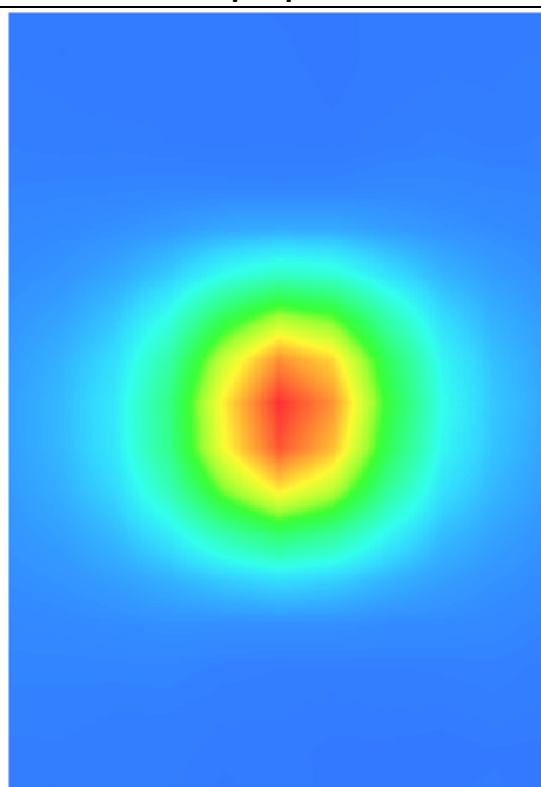
Z Axis Scan



3D screen shot



Hot spot position

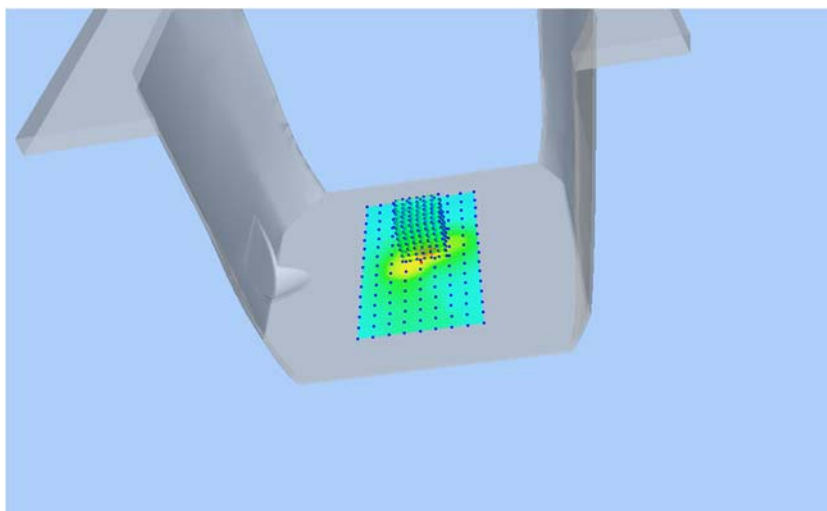


ANNEX C TEST DATA

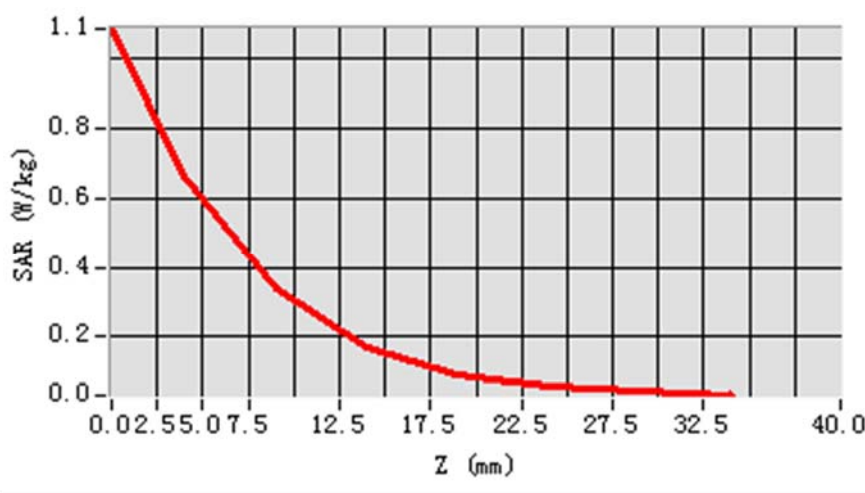
MEAS. 1 Body Plane with Back Side 0mm on High Channel in IEEE 802.b mode

For Tablet

Test Date: 17/11/2017
Measurement duration: 17 minutes 13 seconds
Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 51.88; Conductivity: 1.99 S/m
Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.7°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.3°C
Probe: SN 08/16 SSE2 EPGO295, ConvF: 2.30
Area Scan: sam_direct_droit2_surf10mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan: 7x7x7,dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=18.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.231996
SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.567473
Power drift (%): -0.26
3D screen shot



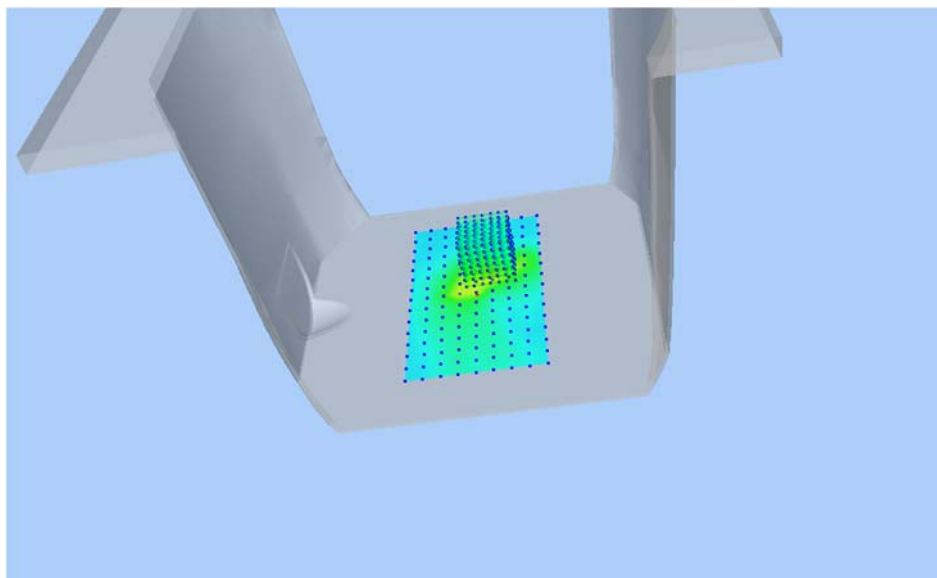
Z Axis Scan



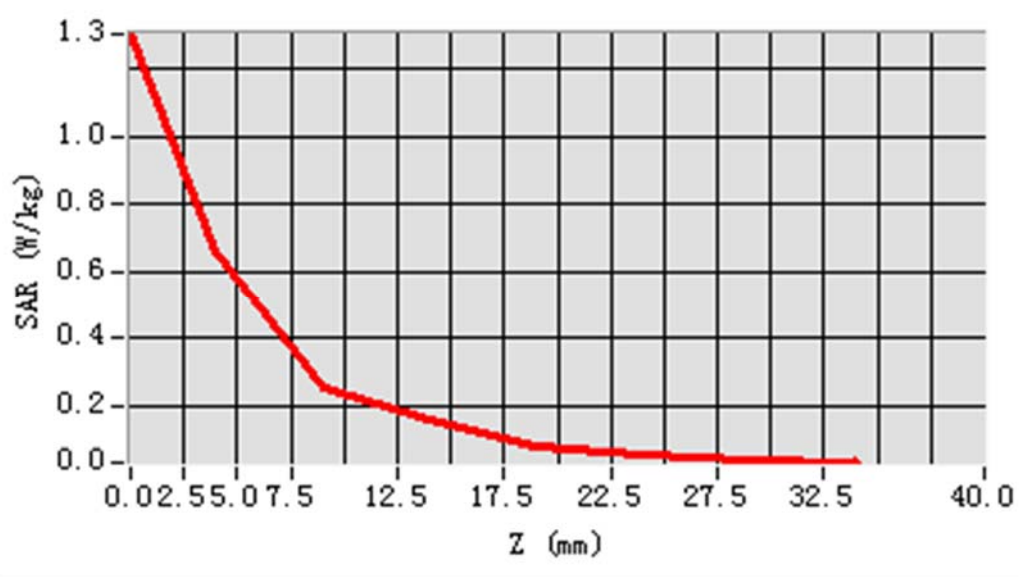
MEAS. 2 Body Plane with Back Side 0mm on High Channel in IEEE 802.b mode

For Laptop

Test Date: 17/11/2017
Measurement duration: 18 minutes 30 seconds
Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 51.88; Conductivity: 1.99 S/m
Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.7°C, Liquid Temperature: 21.3°C
Probe: SN 08/16 SSE2 EPGO295, ConvF: 2.30
Area Scan: sam_direct_droit2_surf10mm.txt, h= 5.00 mm
Zoom Scan: 7x7x7,dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm,Complete
Maximum location: X=10.000000, Y=18.000000
SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.230170
SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.569627
Power drift (%): -2.39
3D screen shot



Z Axis Scan



ANNEX D EUT EXTERNAL PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-HK17B0161-AW.pdf".

ANNEX E SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Please refer the document "BL-HK17B0161-AS.pdf".

ANNEX F CALIBRATION REPORT

Please refer the document "CALIBRATION REPORT.pdf".

--END OF REPORT--