



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:

Samsung Electronics, Co. Ltd.
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Gyeonggi-do 443-742, Korea

Date of Testing:

12/16/13 - 01/09/14

Test Site/Location:

PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA

Document Serial No.:

OY1312312539.A3L

FCC ID:

A3LGTI9507V

APPLICANT:

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS, CO. LTD.

DUT Type:

Portable Handset

Application Type:

Certification

FCC Rule Part(s):

CFR §2.1093

Model(s):

GT-I9507V

Equipment Class	Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	Measured Conducted Power [dBm]	SAR		
				1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	824.20 - 848.80 MHz	33.37	0.18	0.32	0.45
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz	30.02	0.27	0.21	0.33
PCE	UMTS 850	826.40 - 846.60 MHz	22.55	0.16	0.32	0.32
PCE	UMTS 1900	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz	22.48	0.50	0.31	0.37
PCE	LTE Band 41	2501 - 2685 MHz	23.50	0.12	0.14	0.14
DTS	2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	16.67	0.27	0.31	0.31
DTS	5.8 GHz WLAN	5745 - 5825 MHz	13.14	0.20	0.14	
NII	5.2 GHz WLAN	5180 - 5240 MHz	13.41	0.16	0.53	
NII	5.3 GHz WLAN	5260 - 5320 MHz	12.54	0.21	0.73	
NII	5.5 GHz WLAN	5500 - 5700 MHz	13.39	0.19	0.33	
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	10.44	N/A		
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r02:				0.77	1.05	0.76

Note: Powers in the above table represent output powers for the SAR test configurations and may not represent the highest output powers for all configurations for each mode.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in Section 1.7 of this report; for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.


Randy Ortanez
President



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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

1.1 Device Overview

Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Voice/Data	824.20 - 848.80 MHz
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Voice/Data	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz
UMTS 850	Voice/Data	826.40 - 846.60 MHz
UMTS 1900	Voice/Data	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz
LTE Band 41	Data	2501 - 2685 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Data	2412 - 2462 MHz
5.8 GHz WLAN	Data	5745 - 5825 MHz
5.2 GHz WLAN	Data	5180 - 5240 MHz
5.3 GHz WLAN	Data	5260 - 5320 MHz
5.5 GHz WLAN	Data	5500 - 5700 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz
NFC	Data	13.56 MHz

1.2 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.

Mode / Band		Voice (dBm)	Burst Average GMSK (dBm)				Burst Average 8-PSK (dBm)			
		1 TX Slot	1 TX Slots	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots	1 TX Slots	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Maximum	33.5	33.5	32.5	28.5	27.5	27.0	26.0	23.5	23.0
	Nominal	33.0	33.0	32.0	28.0	27.0	26.5	25.5	23.0	22.5
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Maximum	30.5	30.5	30.0	25.5	24.5	27.0	26.0	22.5	22.0
	Nominal	30.0	30.0	29.5	25.0	24.0	26.5	25.5	22.0	21.5

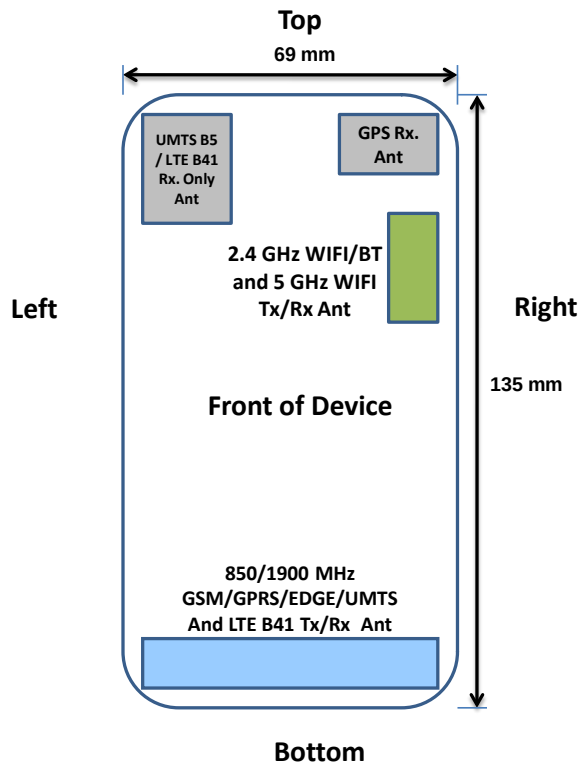
Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)			
		3GPP WCDMA Rel 99	3GPP HSDPA Rel 5	3GPP HSUPA Rel 6	3GPP DC-HSDPA Rel 8
UMTS Band 5 (850 MHz)	Maximum	23.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
	Nominal	22.5	21.5	21.5	21.5
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz)	Maximum	23.0	22.0	22.0	22.0
	Nominal	22.5	21.5	21.5	21.5

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
LTE Band 41	Maximum	23.5
	Nominal	23.0

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Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	17.0
	Nominal	16.5
IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	16.5
	Nominal	16.0
IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	13.5
	Nominal	13.0
IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz)	Maximum	13.5
	Nominal	13.0
IEEE 802.11n (5 GHz - 20MHz BW)	Maximum	13.0
	Nominal	12.5
IEEE 802.11n (5 GHz - 40MHz BW)	Maximum	12.5
	Nominal	12.0
IEEE 802.11ac (5 GHz)	Maximum	11.5
	Nominal	11.0
Bluetooth	Maximum	10.5
	Nominal	10.0
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	5.0
	Nominal	4.5

1.3 DUT Antenna Locations



Note: Exact antenna dimensions and separation distances are shown in the Technical Descriptions in the FCC Filing.

Figure 1-1
DUT Antenna Locations

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Table 1-1
Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing

Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
GPRS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
GPRS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS 850	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS 1900	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE Band 41	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01 guidance, page 2. When the wireless router mode is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled. Therefore, 5 GHz WIFI is not considered in this section.

1.4 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

This DUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the specialized battery. The SAR tests were performed with the specialized battery (model: B600BC).

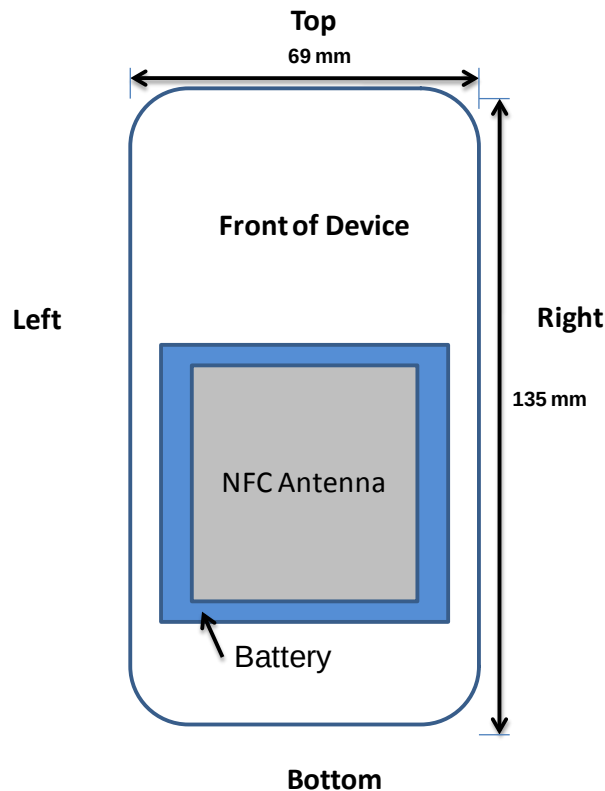


Figure 1-2
NFC Antenna Locations

FCC ID: A3LGTI9507V	 PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.	SAR EVALUATION REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D05v01, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 1-2 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.

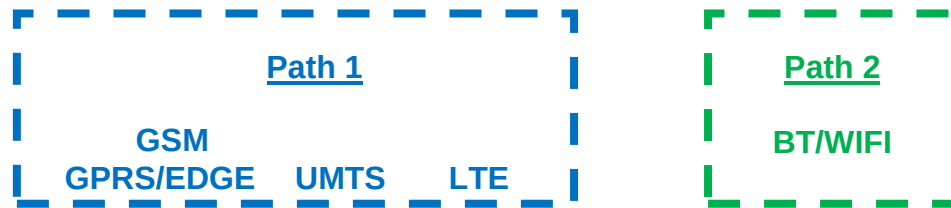


Figure 1-3
Simultaneous Transmission Paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 3) procedures.

Table 1-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Wireless Router	Notes
1	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
2	GSM voice + 5 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
3	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
4	UMTS + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	Yes	
5	UMTS + 5 GHz WI-FI	Yes	Yes	N/A	
6	UMTS + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	
7	LTE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	*-Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
8	LTE + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes*	N/A	*-Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
9	GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz WI-FI	N/A	N/A	Yes	
10	GPRS/EDGE + 5 GHz WI-FI	N/A	N/A	N/A	
11	LTE + 5 GHz WI-FI	N/A	N/A	N/A	

(*) = for VOIP 3rd party applications possibly installed and used by the end-user

When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.

Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is not expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Therefore, there are no simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct beyond that listed in the above table.

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1.6 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI/BT

Since Wireless Router operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using 5 GHz WIFI, only 2.4 GHz WIFI Hotspot SAR tests and combinations are considered for SAR with respect to Wireless Router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v01.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth SAR was not required; $[(11/10) * \sqrt{2.441}] = 1.7 < 3.0$. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, Bluetooth LE SAR was not required; $[(3/10) * \sqrt{2.440}] = 0.5 < 3.0$. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

This device supports 20 MHz and 40 MHz Bandwidths for IEEE 802.11n for 5 GHz WIFI only. IEEE 802.11n was not evaluated for SAR since the average output power of 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power of IEEE 802.11a.

This device supports IEEE 802.11ac with the following features:

- a) Up to 80 MHz Bandwidth only
- b) No aggregate channel configurations
- c) 1 Tx antenna output
- d) 256 QAM is supported
- e) No new 5 GHz channels

Per April 2013 TCB workshop notes, full SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v02.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02.

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1.7 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.8 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01-D06 (2G/3G/4G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01-D02 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)
- April 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (IEEE 802.11ac)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)

1.9 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples were used with identical hardware to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

	Head Serial Number	Body-Worn Serial Number	Hotspot Serial Number
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	FK-390-A	FK-390-A	FK-390-A
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	FK-390-A	FK-390-A	FK-390-A
UMTS 850	FK-390-B	FK-390-B	FK-390-B
UMTS 1900	FK-390-A	FK-390-B	FK-390-B
LTE Band 41	FK-390-B	FK-390-B	FK-390-B
2.4 GHz WLAN	FK-390-C	FK-390-C	FK-390-C
5 GHz WLAN	FK-390-A	FK-390-A	-

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LTE INFORMATION

LTE Information					
FCC ID	A3LGTI9507V				
Form Factor	Portable Handset				
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 41 (2501 - 2685 MHz)				
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 41: 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz				
Channel Numbers and Frequencies (MHz)	Low	Low - Mid	Mid	Mid - High	High
LTE Band 41: 10 MHz	2501 (39700)	2547 (40160)	2593 (40620)	2639 (41080)	2685 (41540)
LTE Band 41: 15 MHz	2503.5 (39725)	2548.3 (40173)	2593 (40620)	2637.8 (41068)	2682.5 (41515)
LTE Band 41: 20 MHz	2506 (39750)	2549.5 (40185)	2593 (40620)	2636.5 (41055)	2680 (41490)
UE Category	3				
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM				
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3-6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	YES				
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	YES				

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The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [22]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

3.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 3-1).

Equation 3-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m^3)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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4 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 and IEEE 1528-2013:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 4-1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

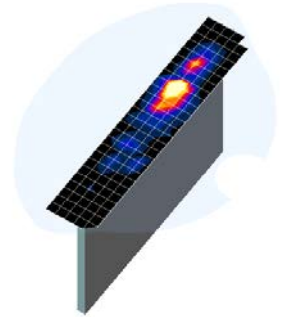


Figure 4-1
Sample SAR Area
Scan

Table 4-1
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01*

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) ($\Delta x_{area}, \Delta y_{area}$)	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) ($\Delta x_{zoom}, \Delta y_{zoom}$)	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm)			Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x,y,z)
			Uniform Grid	Graded Grid		
				$\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)^*$	
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15	≤ 8	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
2-3 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
3-4 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 28
4-5 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 2.5	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 25
5-6 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 22

*Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

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DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

5.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 5-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (see Figure 5-1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

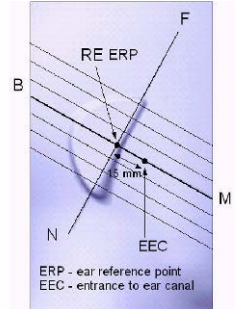


Figure 5-1
Close-Up Side view
of ERP

5.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Figure 5-3). The acoustic output was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 5-2
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

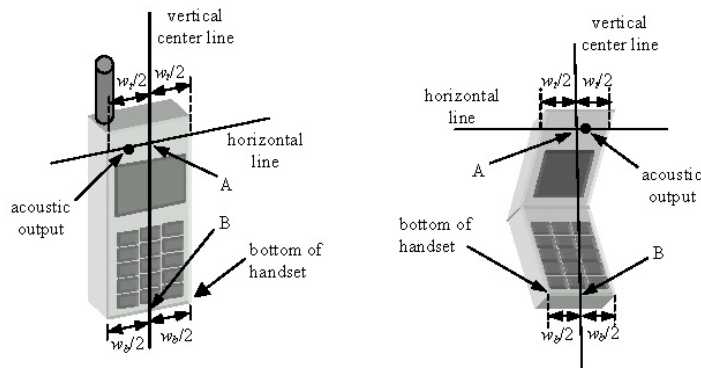


Figure 5-3
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

6.2 Positioning for Cheek

1. The test device was positioned with the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

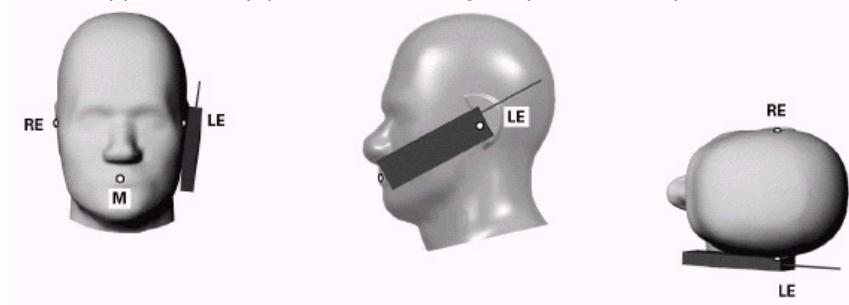


Figure 6-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the pinna.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the reference plane.
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the device contact with the ear, the device was rotated about the NF line until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 6-2).

6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degrees.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the handset touched the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. In this situation, the tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6-2).

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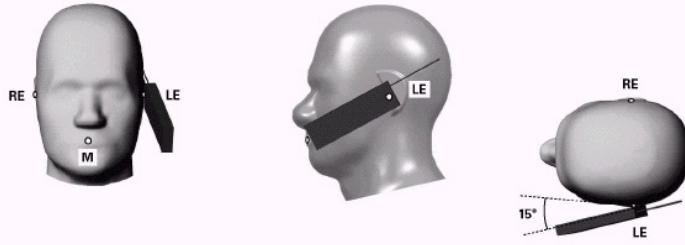


Figure 6-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

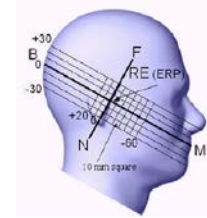


Figure 6-3 Side view w/ relevant markings

6.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones. Per IEEE 1528-2013, a rotated SAM phantom is necessary to allow probe access to such regions. Both SAM heads of the TwinSAM-Chin20 are rotated 20 degrees around the NF line. Each head can be removed from the table for emptying and cleaning.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04_v01. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR location identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

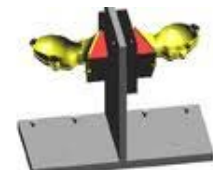


Figure 6-4 Twin SAM Chin20

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6.5 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-5). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

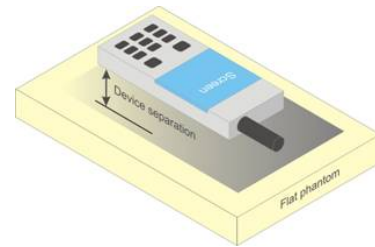


Figure 6-5
Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.6 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 44798 D01v05 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 44798 D01v05, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

6.7 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back

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and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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7 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 7-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
Peak Spatial Average SAR Head	1.6	8.0
Whole Body SAR	0.08	0.4
Peak Spatial Average SAR Hands, Feet, Ankle, Wrists, etc.	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as *reported* SAR. The highest *reported* SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r02.

8.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

8.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

8.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

8.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

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8.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all “1s”.

8.3.4 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel.

The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of $\beta_c=9$ and $\beta_d=15$, and power offset parameters of $\Delta_{ACK} = \Delta_{NACK} = 5$ and $\Delta_{CQI}=2$ is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

Sub-Test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{HS} = \beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 8$ ($A_{HS} = 30/15$) with $\beta_{HS} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 7$ ($A_{HS} = 24/15$) with $\beta_{HS} = 24/15 * \beta_c$. Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{HS}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.							

Figure 8-1
Table C.10.1.4 of TS 234.121-1

8.3.5 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA

Body SAR for HSUPA is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for the body exposure configuration produced highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel, using the additional procedures under “Release 6 HSPA data devices”

Head SAR for VOIP operations under HSPA is not required when maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured using 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured using same HSPA configuration as used for body SAR.

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Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{15} = \beta_{15}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{15} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{15}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

8.3.6 SAR Measurement Conditions for DC-HSDPA

SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA devices is determined by power measurements according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to qualify for SAR test exclusion. DC-HSDPA uplink maximum output power measurements using the four Rel. 5 HSDPA subtests in Table C.10.1.4 of TS 234.121-1 is required.

When the maximum average output power of each RF channel with DC-HSDPA active is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than that measured using 12.2 kbps RMC, or the maximum reported SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit, SAR evaluation for DC-HSDPA is not required.

8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.4.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.4.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

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8.4.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r01:

- a. Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
- c. Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
- d. Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/kg.

8.4.5 TDD

LTE TDD is tested at the highest duty factor using UL-DL configuration 0 with special subframe configuration 6 and applying the FDD LTE procedures in KDB 941225. SAR testing was performed using the extended cyclic prefix listed in 3GPP TS 36.211 Section 4.

8.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g/n /ac transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 for more details.

8.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

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8.5.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [24]

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

For 5 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel across the default test channels at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these "required channels" were considered instead of the default channels for SAR testing. 802.11n modes and higher data rates for 802.11a/n were evaluated only if the respective mode was higher than 0.25 dB or more than the 802.11a mode. 802.11ac SAR was evaluated for highest 802.11a configuration in each 5 GHz band and each exposure condition. 802.11ac modes were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power for the respective mode was more than 0.25 dB higher than powers of 802.11a modes.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg and if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.

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9 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

9.1 GSM Conducted Powers

		Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	33.42	33.45	32.50	28.35	27.01	26.42	25.62	22.94	22.60
	190	33.37	33.39	32.46	28.22	26.96	26.30	25.59	22.89	22.86
	251	33.33	33.35	32.41	28.50	27.27	26.71	25.92	23.15	23.00
GSM 1900	512	30.49	30.50	29.67	25.37	24.28	26.81	25.98	22.50	21.82
	661	30.02	30.05	29.08	24.86	23.75	26.25	25.42	22.07	21.36
	810	30.18	30.23	29.25	25.11	23.98	26.29	25.50	22.08	21.63
		Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	24.39	24.42	26.48	24.09	24.00	17.39	19.60	18.68	19.59
	190	24.34	24.36	26.44	23.96	23.95	17.27	19.57	18.63	19.85
	251	24.30	24.32	26.39	24.24	24.26	17.68	19.90	18.89	19.99
GSM 1900	512	21.46	21.47	23.65	21.11	21.27	17.78	19.96	18.24	18.81
	661	20.99	21.02	23.06	20.60	20.74	17.22	19.40	17.81	18.35
	810	21.15	21.20	23.23	20.85	20.97	17.26	19.48	17.82	18.62
GSM 850	Frame	23.97	23.97	25.98	23.74	23.99	17.47	19.48	18.74	19.49
GSM 1900	Avg.Targets:	20.97	20.97	23.48	20.74	20.99	17.47	19.48	17.74	18.49

Notes:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03v01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
- GPRS/EDGE (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
- EDGE (8-PSK) output powers were measured with MCS7 on the base station simulator. MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since investigation has shown that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation. It has been shown that MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.

GSM Class: B

GPRS Multislot class: 33 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots)

EDGE Multislot class: 33 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots)

DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 9-1
Power Measurement Setup

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9.2 UMTS Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band [dBm]			PCS Band [dBm]			3GPP MPR [dB]
			4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	22.29	22.55	22.79	22.96	22.48	22.59	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	22.24	22.57	22.73	22.98	22.47	22.53	-
6	HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.58	21.85	22.00	21.97	21.46	21.34	0
6		Subtest 2	21.66	21.86	21.91	21.99	21.49	21.41	0
6		Subtest 3	21.07	21.17	21.38	21.63	21.23	20.96	0.5
6		Subtest 4	21.14	21.10	21.41	21.63	21.07	21.02	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.36	21.12	21.79	21.31	21.11	21.05	0
6		Subtest 2	20.60	20.71	20.99	20.97	20.55	20.37	2
6		Subtest 3	20.54	20.62	20.80	21.00	20.13	20.52	1
6		Subtest 4	21.08	21.11	21.36	21.68	21.22	21.11	2
6		Subtest 5	20.83	21.45	21.12	21.86	21.30	21.21	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.44	21.62	21.80	22.00	21.57	21.40	0
8		Subtest 2	21.15	21.66	21.78	22.00	21.50	21.35	0
8		Subtest 3	20.97	21.02	21.23	21.38	20.89	20.91	0.5
8		Subtest 4	20.92	21.13	21.22	21.46	20.84	20.95	0.5

UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

DC-HSDPA considerations

- 3GPP Specification 34.121-1 Release 8 Ver 8.10.0 was used for DC-HSDPA guidance
- H-Set 12 (QPSK) was confirmed to be used during DC-HSDPA measurements
- Measured maximum output powers for DC-HSDPA were not greater than 1/4 dB higher than the WCDMA 12.2 kbps RMC maximum output, as a result, SAR is not required for DC-HSDPA
- The DUT supports UE category 24 for HSDPA

It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSUPA subtests may be up to 1 dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0 dB according to the chipset implementation in this model.

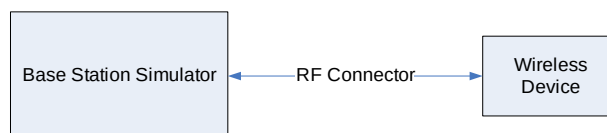


Figure 9-2
Power Measurement Setup

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9.3 LTE Conducted Powers

9.3.1 LTE Band 41

Table 9-1
LTE Band 41 Conducted Powers - 20 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
Low	2506	39750	20	QPSK	1	0	23.50	0	0
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	1	59	23.47	0	0
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	1	99	23.42	0	0
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	50	0	22.42	1	0-1
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	50	25	22.39	1	0-1
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	50	50	22.30	1	0-1
	2506	39750	20	QPSK	100	0	22.37	1	0-1
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	1	0	22.39	1	0-1
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	1	59	22.41	1	0-1
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	1	99	22.27	1	0-1
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	50	0	21.47	2	0-2
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	50	25	21.44	2	0-2
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	50	50	21.37	2	0-2
	2506	39750	20	16QAM	100	0	21.38	2	0-2
Low Mid	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	1	0	23.04	0	0
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	1	59	22.95	0	0
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	1	99	23.00	0	0
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	50	0	21.71	1	0-1
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	50	25	21.62	1	0-1
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	50	50	21.75	1	0-1
	2549.5	40185	20	QPSK	100	0	21.78	1	0-1
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	1	0	21.83	1	0-1
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	1	59	21.72	1	0-1
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	1	99	21.81	1	0-1
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	50	0	20.78	2	0-2
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	50	25	20.69	2	0-2
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	50	50	20.82	2	0-2
	2549.5	40185	20	16-QAM	100	0	20.81	2	0-2
Mid	2593	40620	20	QPSK	1	0	22.66	0	0
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	1	59	22.52	0	0
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	1	99	22.58	0	0
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	50	0	21.50	1	0-1
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	50	25	21.53	1	0-1
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	50	50	21.51	1	0-1
	2593	40620	20	QPSK	100	0	21.52	1	0-1
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	1	0	21.68	1	0-1
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	1	59	21.59	1	0-1
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	1	99	21.59	1	0-1
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	50	0	20.52	2	0-2
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	50	25	20.51	2	0-2
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	50	50	20.53	2	0-2
	2593	40620	20	16-QAM	100	0	20.51	2	0-2
Mid High	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	1	0	22.69	0	0
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	1	59	22.67	0	0
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	1	99	22.63	0	0
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	50	0	21.56	1	0-1
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	50	25	21.52	1	0-1
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	50	50	21.50	1	0-1
	2636.5	41055	20	QPSK	100	0	21.55	1	0-1
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	1	0	22.09	1	0-1
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	1	59	22.03	1	0-1
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	1	99	22.00	1	0-1
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	50	0	20.59	2	0-2
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	50	25	20.56	2	0-2
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	50	50	20.51	2	0-2
	2636.5	41055	20	16-QAM	100	0	20.51	2	0-2
High	2680	41490	20	QPSK	1	0	22.58	0	0
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	1	59	22.54	0	0
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	1	99	22.53	0	0
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	50	0	21.20	1	0-1
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	50	25	21.15	1	0-1
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	50	50	21.17	1	0-1
	2680	41490	20	QPSK	100	0	21.15	1	0-1
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	1	0	21.51	1	0-1
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	1	59	21.50	1	0-1
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	1	99	21.50	1	0-1
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	50	0	20.22	2	0-2
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	50	25	20.23	2	0-2
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	50	50	20.13	2	0-2
	2680	41490	20	16-QAM	100	0	20.28	2	0-2

Note: LTE B41 has 5 required test channels per FCC KDB 447498 D01.

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Table 9-2
LTE Band 41 Conducted Powers - 15 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
Low	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	1	0	23.47	0	0
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	1	36	23.45	0	0
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	1	74	23.39	0	0
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	36	0	22.22	1	0-1
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	36	18	22.17	1	0-1
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	36	37	22.22	1	0-1
	2503.5	39725	15	QPSK	75	0	22.16	1	0-1
	2503.5	39725	15	16QAM	1	0	22.48	1	0-1
	2503.5	39725	15	16QAM	1	36	22.47	1	0-1
	2503.5	39725	15	16QAM	1	74	22.43	1	0-1
	2503.5	39725	15	16QAM	36	0	21.20	2	0-2
	2503.5	39725	15	16QAM	36	18	21.19	2	0-2
	2503.5	39725	15	16QAM	36	37	21.23	2	0-2
	2503.5	39725	15	16QAM	75	0	21.14	2	0-2
	2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	1	0	22.86	0	0
Low Mid	2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	1	36	22.78	0	0
	2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	1	74	22.91	0	0
	2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	36	0	21.51	1	0-1
	2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	36	18	21.50	1	0-1
	2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	36	37	21.56	1	0-1
	2548.25	40173	15	QPSK	75	0	21.50	1	0-1
	2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	1	0	22.25	1	0-1
	2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	1	36	22.19	1	0-1
	2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	1	74	22.20	1	0-1
	2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	36	0	20.55	2	0-2
	2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	36	18	20.52	2	0-2
	2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	36	37	20.57	2	0-2
	2548.25	40173	15	16-QAM	75	0	20.52	2	0-2
Mid	2593	40620	15	QPSK	1	0	22.69	0	0
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	1	36	22.59	0	0
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	1	74	22.52	0	0
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	36	0	21.50	1	0-1
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	36	18	21.50	1	0-1
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	36	37	21.51	1	0-1
	2593	40620	15	QPSK	75	0	21.50	1	0-1
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	1	0	22.13	1	0-1
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	1	36	22.10	1	0-1
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	1	74	22.05	1	0-1
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	36	0	20.52	2	0-2
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	36	18	20.51	2	0-2
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	36	37	20.50	2	0-2
	2593	40620	15	16-QAM	75	0	20.51	2	0-2
Mid High	2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	1	0	22.66	0	0
	2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	1	36	22.59	0	0
	2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	1	74	22.52	0	0
	2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	36	0	21.24	1	0-1
	2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	36	18	21.18	1	0-1
	2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	36	37	21.14	1	0-1
	2637.75	41068	15	QPSK	75	0	21.10	1	0-1
	2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	1	0	22.06	1	0-1
	2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	1	36	21.93	1	0-1
	2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	1	74	21.95	1	0-1
	2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	36	0	20.29	2	0-2
	2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	36	18	20.29	2	0-2
	2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	36	37	20.28	2	0-2
	2637.75	41068	15	16-QAM	75	0	20.17	2	0-2
High	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	1	0	22.18	0	0
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	1	36	22.09	0	0
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	1	74	22.14	0	0
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	36	0	21.09	1	0-1
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	36	18	20.98	1	0-1
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	36	37	20.92	1	0-1
	2682.5	41515	15	QPSK	75	0	20.88	1	0-1
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	1	0	21.42	1	0-1
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	1	36	21.45	1	0-1
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	1	74	21.39	1	0-1
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	36	0	19.97	2	0-2
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	36	18	19.91	2	0-2
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	36	37	19.94	2	0-2
	2682.5	41515	15	16-QAM	75	0	19.96	2	0-2

Note: LTE B41 has 5 required test channels per FCC KDB 447498 D01.

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Table 9-3
LTE Band 41 Conducted Powers - 10 MHz Bandwidth

	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
Low	2501	39700	10	QPSK	1	0	23.33	0	0
	2501	39700	10	QPSK	1	25	23.41	0	0
	2501	39700	10	QPSK	1	49	23.29	0	0
	2501	39700	10	QPSK	25	0	22.33	1	0-1
	2501	39700	10	QPSK	25	12	22.29	1	0-1
	2501	39700	10	QPSK	25	25	22.28	1	0-1
	2501	39700	10	QPSK	50	0	22.22	1	0-1
	2501	39700	10	16QAM	1	0	22.40	1	0-1
	2501	39700	10	16QAM	1	25	22.50	1	0-1
	2501	39700	10	16QAM	1	49	22.50	1	0-1
	2501	39700	10	16QAM	25	0	21.23	2	0-2
	2501	39700	10	16QAM	25	12	21.19	2	0-2
	2501	39700	10	16QAM	25	25	21.19	2	0-2
	2501	39700	10	16QAM	50	0	21.18	2	0-2
	2547	40160	10	QPSK	1	0	22.99	0	0
Low Mid	2547	40160	10	QPSK	1	25	22.90	0	0
	2547	40160	10	QPSK	1	49	22.89	0	0
	2547	40160	10	QPSK	25	0	21.55	1	0-1
	2547	40160	10	QPSK	25	12	21.56	1	0-1
	2547	40160	10	QPSK	25	25	21.60	1	0-1
	2547	40160	10	QPSK	50	0	21.50	1	0-1
	2547	40160	10	16-QAM	1	0	21.89	1	0-1
	2547	40160	10	16-QAM	1	25	21.79	1	0-1
	2547	40160	10	16-QAM	1	49	21.77	1	0-1
	2547	40160	10	16-QAM	25	0	20.58	2	0-2
	2547	40160	10	16-QAM	25	12	20.60	2	0-2
	2547	40160	10	16-QAM	25	25	20.52	2	0-2
	2547	40160	10	16-QAM	50	0	20.65	2	0-2
	2593	40620	10	QPSK	1	0	22.50	0	0
	2593	40620	10	QPSK	1	25	22.52	0	0
Mid	2593	40620	10	QPSK	1	49	22.50	0	0
	2593	40620	10	QPSK	25	0	21.37	1	0-1
	2593	40620	10	QPSK	25	12	21.43	1	0-1
	2593	40620	10	QPSK	25	25	21.48	1	0-1
	2593	40620	10	QPSK	50	0	21.29	1	0-1
	2593	40620	10	16-QAM	1	0	21.08	1	0-1
	2593	40620	10	16-QAM	1	25	21.12	1	0-1
	2593	40620	10	16-QAM	1	49	21.11	1	0-1
	2593	40620	10	16-QAM	25	0	20.53	2	0-2
	2593	40620	10	16-QAM	25	12	20.50	2	0-2
	2593	40620	10	16-QAM	25	25	20.51	2	0-2
	2593	40620	10	16-QAM	50	0	20.50	2	0-2
	2639	41080	10	QPSK	1	0	22.39	0	0
	2639	41080	10	QPSK	1	25	22.39	0	0
	2639	41080	10	QPSK	1	49	22.37	0	0
Mid High	2639	41080	10	QPSK	25	0	21.36	1	0-1
	2639	41080	10	QPSK	25	12	21.26	1	0-1
	2639	41080	10	QPSK	25	25	21.25	1	0-1
	2639	41080	10	QPSK	50	0	21.23	1	0-1
	2639	41080	10	16-QAM	1	0	21.53	1	0-1
	2639	41080	10	16-QAM	1	25	21.59	1	0-1
	2639	41080	10	16-QAM	1	49	21.51	1	0-1
	2639	41080	10	16-QAM	25	0	20.23	2	0-2
	2639	41080	10	16-QAM	25	12	20.25	2	0-2
	2639	41080	10	16-QAM	25	25	20.27	2	0-2
	2639	41080	10	16-QAM	50	0	20.28	2	0-2
	2685	41540	10	QPSK	1	0	22.30	0	0
	2685	41540	10	QPSK	1	25	22.31	0	0
	2685	41540	10	QPSK	1	49	22.27	0	0
	2685	41540	10	QPSK	25	0	21.04	1	0-1
High	2685	41540	10	QPSK	25	12	20.92	1	0-1
	2685	41540	10	QPSK	25	25	20.98	1	0-1
	2685	41540	10	QPSK	50	0	20.80	1	0-1
	2685	41540	10	16-QAM	1	0	21.24	1	0-1
	2685	41540	10	16-QAM	1	25	21.14	1	0-1
	2685	41540	10	16-QAM	1	49	21.17	1	0-1
	2685	41540	10	16-QAM	25	0	19.92	2	0-2
	2685	41540	10	16-QAM	25	12	19.93	2	0-2
	2685	41540	10	16-QAM	25	25	20.00	2	0-2
	2685	41540	10	16-QAM	50	0	20.01	2	0-2

Note: LTE B41 has 5 required test channels per FCC KDB 447498 D01.

9.4 WLAN Conducted Powers

Table 9-4
IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11b (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]			
			Data Rate [Mbps]			
			1	2	5.5	11
802.11b	2412	1*	16.59	16.64	16.63	16.65
802.11b	2437	6*	16.67	16.78	16.83	16.89
802.11b	2462	11*	16.28	16.29	16.31	16.28

Table 9-5
IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11g (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]						
			Data Rate [Mbps]						
			6	9	12	18	24	36	54
802.11g	2412	1	15.69	15.56	15.57	15.71	15.74	15.61	13.61
802.11g	2437	6	15.77	15.89	15.91	15.62	15.68	15.82	13.69
802.11g	2462	11	15.33	15.42	15.41	15.36	15.20	15.22	13.41

Table 9-6
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11n (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]						
			Data Rate [Mbps]						
			6.5	13	20	26	39	52	65
802.11n	2412	1	12.99	12.69	12.74	12.88	12.76	12.83	12.76
802.11n	2437	6	13.01	12.96	13.06	12.96	13.02	13.14	13.22
802.11n	2462	11	12.46	12.44	12.39	12.47	12.51	12.56	12.48

Table 9-7
IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11a (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]						
			Data Rate [Mbps]						
			6	9	12	18	24	36	54
802.11a	5180	36*	13.32	13.40	13.31	13.30	13.29	13.09	13.04
802.11a	5200	40	13.28	13.17	13.43	13.47	13.36	13.37	13.21
802.11a	5220	44	13.41	13.46	13.50	13.41	13.33	13.35	13.16
802.11a	5240	48*	13.34	13.37	13.47	13.36	13.31	13.28	13.13
802.11a	5260	52*	12.45	12.47	12.43	12.37	12.43	12.48	12.35
802.11a	5280	56	12.54	12.49	12.35	12.39	12.26	12.21	12.21
802.11a	5300	60	12.34	12.39	12.44	12.34	12.27	12.23	12.13
802.11a	5320	64*	12.26	12.32	12.26	12.24	12.21	12.14	12.08
802.11a	5500	100	13.39	13.21	13.27	13.34	13.14	13.08	13.12
802.11a	5520	104*	13.12	13.17	13.16	13.19	13.04	13.02	13.06
802.11a	5540	108	13.10	13.17	13.15	13.14	13.08	13.03	12.83
802.11a	5560	112	13.14	13.20	13.19	13.05	13.06	12.95	12.85
802.11a	5580	116*	13.11	13.02	13.04	13.13	12.97	12.94	12.86
802.11a	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5660	132	12.85	12.93	12.97	12.95	12.94	12.81	12.77
802.11a	5680	136*	12.91	12.88	13.08	12.89	12.84	12.82	12.66
802.11a	5700	140	12.88	12.85	12.93	12.90	12.91	12.72	12.59
802.11a	5745	149*	12.68	12.72	12.72	12.66	12.63	12.59	12.53
802.11a	5765	153	13.14	13.15	13.17	13.20	13.11	13.07	12.85
802.11a	5785	157*	13.04	13.06	13.09	13.07	13.06	13.05	12.89
802.11a	5805	161*	12.98	13.10	13.16	13.07	13.03	12.93	12.89
802.11a	5825	165	13.03	12.96	13.02	13.03	13.00	13.02	13.08

Per FCC KDB Publication 443999 and RSS-210 A9.2(3), transmission on channels which overlap the 5600-5650 MHz is prohibited as a client. This device does not transmit any beacons or initiate any transmissions in 5.3 and 5.5 GHz Band.

(*) – indicates default channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these “required channels” are considered for SAR testing instead of the default channels.

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Table 9-8
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 20 MHz Bandwidth

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65
802.11n	5180	36	12.58	12.44	12.37	12.48	12.46	12.41	12.52	12.55
802.11n	5200	40	12.39	12.25	12.34	12.45	12.28	12.23	12.48	12.51
802.11n	5220	44	12.41	12.46	12.39	12.53	12.41	12.54	12.27	12.34
802.11n	5240	48	12.38	12.41	12.35	12.44	12.26	12.26	12.31	12.59
802.11n	5260	52	12.73	12.69	12.71	12.74	12.69	12.75	12.71	12.77
802.11n	5280	56	12.59	12.30	12.54	12.31	12.55	12.27	12.66	12.50
802.11n	5300	60	12.54	12.39	12.48	12.42	12.52	12.38	12.69	12.58
802.11n	5320	64	12.44	12.34	12.54	12.53	12.49	12.38	12.45	12.31
802.11n	5500	100	12.39	12.38	12.42	12.36	12.38	12.30	12.46	12.56
802.11n	5520	104	12.34	12.39	12.38	12.44	12.39	12.42	12.28	12.37
802.11n	5540	108	12.41	12.51	12.39	12.49	12.41	12.43	12.44	12.71
802.11n	5560	112	12.29	12.32	12.22	12.31	12.34	12.34	12.31	12.42
802.11n	5580	116	12.19	12.34	12.17	12.43	12.38	12.45	12.35	12.59
802.11n	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5660	132	12.14	12.39	12.18	12.49	12.37	12.40	12.26	12.46
802.11n	5680	136	12.33	12.33	12.22	12.52	12.11	12.15	12.22	12.51
802.11n	5700	140	12.18	12.29	12.09	12.35	12.18	12.48	12.24	12.57
802.11n	5745	149	12.77	12.68	12.73	12.74	12.79	12.62	12.69	12.62
802.11n	5765	153	12.61	12.59	12.77	12.70	12.71	12.61	12.71	12.63
802.11n	5785	157	12.59	12.55	12.61	12.65	12.72	12.68	12.62	12.56
802.11n	5805	161	12.67	12.59	12.67	12.69	12.68	12.66	12.43	12.49
802.11n	5825	165	12.71	12.68	12.77	12.72	12.71	12.69	12.71	12.72

Table 9-9
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 40 MHz Bandwidth

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			13.5	27	40.5	54	81	108	121.5	135
802.11n	5190	38	11.64	11.61	11.54	11.49	11.46	11.42	11.54	11.48
802.11n	5230	46	11.34	11.29	11.48	11.21	11.63	11.41	11.49	11.39
802.11n	5270	54	11.66	11.69	11.53	11.64	11.84	11.82	11.84	11.54
802.11n	5310	62	11.43	11.36	11.51	11.46	11.55	11.56	11.64	11.48
802.11n	5510	102	11.59	11.64	11.37	11.47	11.41	11.69	11.43	11.64
802.11n	5550	110	11.61	11.62	11.46	11.49	11.65	11.57	11.71	11.67
802.11n	5590	118	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5630	126	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5670	134	11.74	11.71	11.52	11.63	11.66	11.59	11.57	11.62
802.11n	5755	151	11.97	11.98	11.93	11.84	11.67	11.65	11.64	11.69
802.11n	5795	159	11.92	12.05	12.02	12.18	11.72	11.52	11.49	11.52

Table 9-10
IEEE 802.11ac Average RF Power – 80 MHz Bandwidth

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	80MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]									
			Data Rate [Mbps]									
			29.3	58.5	87.8	117	175.5	234	263.3	292.5	351	390
802.11ac	5210	42	10.53	10.37	10.49	10.41	10.40	10.34	10.37	10.31	10.34	10.35
802.11ac	5290	58	10.55	10.42	10.49	10.32	10.33	10.41	10.36	10.48	10.37	10.38
802.11ac	5530	106	10.90	10.81	10.76	10.74	10.91	10.93	10.83	10.87	10.73	10.72
802.11ac	5775	155	11.11	11.07	11.21	11.10	11.08	11.01	11.15	11.04	11.08	11.09

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Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012/April 2013 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- For 5 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11a were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- Full SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

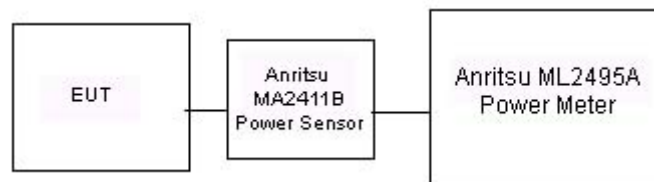


Figure 9-3
Power Measurement Setup for Bandwidths < 50 MHz

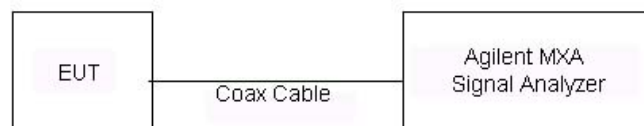


Figure 9-4
Power Measurement Setup for Bandwidths > 50 MHz

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10 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

Table 10-1
Measured Tissue Properties

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (C°)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
12/18/2013	835H	22.5	820	0.901	41.018	0.899	41.578	0.22%	-1.35%
			835	0.915	40.788	0.900	41.500	1.67%	-1.72%
			850	0.929	40.593	0.916	41.500	1.42%	-2.19%
12/16/2013	1900H	22.7	1850	1.385	38.983	1.400	40.000	-1.07%	-2.54%
			1880	1.415	38.832	1.400	40.000	1.07%	-2.92%
			1910	1.448	38.709	1.400	40.000	3.43%	-3.23%
12/17/2013	2450H	22.8	2401	1.686	38.890	1.756	39.287	-3.99%	-1.01%
			2450	1.741	38.738	1.800	39.200	-3.28%	-1.18%
			2499	1.791	38.573	1.853	39.138	-3.35%	-1.44%
01/09/2014	2450H	23.2	2450	1.884	38.277	1.800	39.200	4.67%	-2.35%
			2500	1.942	38.095	1.855	39.136	4.69%	-2.66%
			2550	1.998	37.877	1.909	39.073	4.66%	-3.06%
12/20/2013	5200H - 5800H	21.9	5200	4.518	36.533	4.655	35.986	-2.94%	1.52%
			5220	4.534	36.486	4.676	35.963	-3.04%	1.45%
			5280	4.594	36.370	4.737	35.894	-3.02%	1.33%
			5300	4.618	36.387	4.758	35.871	-2.94%	1.44%
			5500	4.799	36.053	4.963	35.643	-3.30%	1.15%
			5520	4.833	36.029	4.983	35.620	-3.01%	1.15%
			5540	4.861	36.051	5.004	35.597	-2.86%	1.28%
			5765	5.098	35.705	5.234	35.340	-2.60%	1.03%
			5785	5.112	35.728	5.255	35.317	-2.72%	1.16%
12/17/2013	835B	21.3	820	0.949	54.277	0.969	55.258	-2.06%	-1.78%
			835	0.957	54.102	0.970	55.200	-1.34%	-1.99%
			850	0.974	54.048	0.988	55.154	-1.42%	-2.01%
12/16/2013	1900B	23.1	1850	1.480	51.489	1.520	53.300	-2.63%	-3.40%
			1880	1.511	51.397	1.520	53.300	-0.59%	-3.57%
			1910	1.545	51.317	1.520	53.300	1.64%	-3.72%
12/17/2013	2450B	23.1	2401	1.960	52.200	1.903	52.765	3.00%	-1.07%
			2450	2.028	52.035	1.950	52.700	4.00%	-1.26%
			2499	2.094	51.875	2.019	52.638	3.71%	-1.45%
01/06/2014	2450B	21.7	2450	2.021	51.017	1.950	52.700	3.64%	-3.19%
			2500	2.089	50.851	2.021	52.636	3.36%	-3.39%
			2550	2.161	50.626	2.092	52.573	3.30%	-3.70%
12/16/2013	5200B - 5800B	21.5	5180	5.461	47.026	5.276	49.041	3.51%	-4.11%
			5200	5.479	47.016	5.299	49.014	3.40%	-4.08%
			5220	5.507	47.018	5.323	48.987	3.46%	-4.02%
			5260	5.571	46.935	5.369	48.933	3.76%	-4.08%
			5280	5.585	46.874	5.393	48.906	3.56%	-4.15%
			5300	5.615	46.838	5.416	48.879	3.67%	-4.18%
			5500	5.853	46.511	5.650	48.607	3.59%	-4.31%
			5520	5.876	46.475	5.673	48.580	3.58%	-4.33%
			5540	5.906	46.422	5.696	48.553	3.69%	-4.39%
			5765	6.209	46.026	5.959	48.248	4.20%	-4.61%
			5785	6.245	45.968	5.982	48.220	4.40%	-4.67%
			5800	6.255	45.935	6.000	48.200	4.25%	-4.70%

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

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10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to $\pm 10\%$ of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in Appendix E.

Table 10-2
System Verification Results

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation _{1g} (%)
D	835	HEAD	12/18/2013	23.2	22.7	0.100	4d119	3022	0.932	9.680	9.320	-3.72%
G	1900	HEAD	12/16/2013	24.5	23.1	0.100	5d148	3209	4.220	39.700	42.200	6.30%
H	2450	HEAD	12/18/2013	22.8	21.9	0.100	797	3318	4.890	52.500	48.900	-6.86%
C	2450	HEAD	01/09/2014	24.2	21.5	0.100	882	3263	4.940	51.700	49.400	-4.45%
E	5200	HEAD	12/20/2013	22.1	22.0	0.040	1120	3914	3.020	76.000	75.500	-0.66%
E	5300	HEAD	12/20/2013	21.8	21.9	0.040	1120	3914	3.050	78.700	76.250	-3.11%
E	5500	HEAD	12/20/2013	22.0	21.8	0.040	1120	3914	3.040	80.100	76.000	-5.12%
E	5800	HEAD	12/20/2013	22.3	22.2	0.040	1120	3914	2.840	74.900	71.000	-5.21%
C	835	BODY	12/17/2013	21.9	20.8	0.100	4d133	3263	0.940	9.610	9.400	-2.19%
I	1900	BODY	12/16/2013	21.9	22.7	0.100	5d148	3319	4.070	40.800	40.700	-0.25%
B	2450	BODY	12/17/2013	24.0	23.0	0.100	882	3288	4.730	49.900	47.300	-5.21%
E	2450	BODY	01/06/2014	24.2	23.1	0.100	797	3914	5.020	49.600	50.200	1.21%
A	5200	BODY	12/16/2013	22.5	21.9	0.100	1057	3589	7.590	75.500	75.900	0.53%
A	5300	BODY	12/16/2013	22.7	21.4	0.100	1057	3589	7.910	75.300	79.100	5.05%
A	5500	BODY	12/16/2013	22.7	21.4	0.100	1057	3589	8.150	80.800	81.500	0.87%
A	5800	BODY	12/16/2013	22.7	21.4	0.100	1057	3589	7.390	75.100	73.900	-1.60%

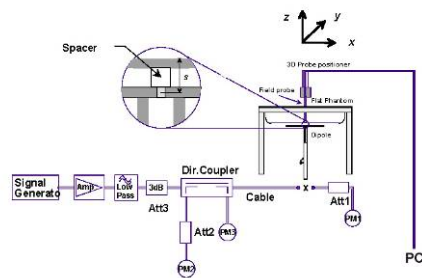


Figure 10-1
System Verification Setup Diagram



Figure 10-2
System Verification Setup Photo

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11 SAR DATA SUMMARY

11.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Table 11-1
GSM 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.5	33.37	-0.01	Right	Cheek	FK-390-A	1:8.3	0.137	1.030	0.141	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.5	33.37	0.01	Right	Tilt	FK-390-A	1:8.3	0.130	1.030	0.134	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.5	33.37	0.12	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	1:8.3	0.179	1.030	0.184	A1
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.5	33.37	-0.05	Left	Tilt	FK-390-A	1:8.3	0.096	1.030	0.099	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11-2
GSM 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.5	30.02	0.07	Right	Cheek	FK-390-A	1:8.3	0.142	1.117	0.159	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.5	30.02	0.12	Right	Tilt	FK-390-A	1:8.3	0.117	1.117	0.131	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.5	30.02	0.02	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	1:8.3	0.240	1.117	0.268	A2
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.5	30.02	0.12	Left	Tilt	FK-390-A	1:8.3	0.079	1.117	0.088	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11-3
UMTS 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	0.07	Right	Cheek	FK-390-B	1:1	0.122	1.109	0.135	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	0.12	Right	Tilt	FK-390-B	1:1	0.078	1.109	0.087	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	-0.01	Left	Cheek	FK-390-B	1:1	0.143	1.109	0.159	A3
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	0.06	Left	Tilt	FK-390-B	1:1	0.086	1.109	0.095	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11-4
UMTS 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	0.01	Right	Cheek	FK-390-A	1:1	0.249	1.127	0.281	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	0.01	Right	Tilt	FK-390-A	1:1	0.206	1.127	0.232	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	0.02	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	1:1	0.439	1.127	0.495	A4
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	-0.05	Left	Tilt	FK-390-A	1:1	0.160	1.127	0.180	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

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Table 11-5
LTE Band 41 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	0.00	0	Right	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	FK-390-B	1:1.58	0.064	1.000	0.064	
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	-0.01	1	Right	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	FK-390-B	1:1.58	0.049	1.019	0.050	
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	0.10	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	FK-390-B	1:1.58	0.059	1.000	0.059	
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	0.12	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	50	0	FK-390-B	1:1.58	0.047	1.019	0.048	
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	0.15	0	Left	Cheek	QPSK	1	0	FK-390-B	1:1.58	0.123	1.000	0.123	A5
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	-0.02	1	Left	Cheek	QPSK	50	0	FK-390-B	1:1.58	0.097	1.019	0.099	
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	0.07	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	FK-390-B	1:1.58	0.042	1.000	0.042	
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	-0.12	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	50	0	FK-390-B	1:1.58	0.031	1.019	0.032	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

Table 11-6
DTS Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.67	0.12	Right	Cheek	FK-390-C	1	1:1	0.095	1.079	0.103	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.67	0.15	Right	Tilt	FK-390-C	1	1:1	0.079	1.079	0.085	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.67	-0.11	Left	Cheek	FK-390-C	1	1:1	0.250	1.079	0.270	A6
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.67	0.03	Left	Tilt	FK-390-C	1	1:1	0.092	1.079	0.099	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.14	-0.17	Right	Cheek	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.010	1.086	0.011	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.14	-0.13	Right	Tilt	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.017	1.086	0.018	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.14	-0.12	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.183	1.086	0.199	A7
5775	155	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.11	-0.12	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	29.3	1:1	0.065	1.094	0.071	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.14	0.16	Left	Tilt	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.062	1.086	0.067	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11-7
NII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
5220	44	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.41	0.02	Right	Cheek	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.025	1.021	0.026	
5220	44	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.41	-0.13	Right	Tilt	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.028	1.021	0.029	
5220	44	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.41	-0.06	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.159	1.021	0.162	
5210	42	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.53	0.12	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	29.3	1:1	0.052	1.250	0.065	
5220	44	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.41	0.17	Left	Tilt	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.048	1.021	0.049	
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	12.54	-0.12	Right	Cheek	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.029	1.247	0.036	
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	12.54	-0.17	Right	Tilt	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.032	1.247	0.040	
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	12.54	0.03	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.165	1.247	0.206	
5290	58	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.55	-0.05	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	29.3	1:1	0.055	1.245	0.068	
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	12.54	0.11	Left	Tilt	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.053	1.247	0.066	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.39	0.09	Right	Cheek	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.027	1.026	0.028	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.39	-0.13	Right	Tilt	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.020	1.026	0.021	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.39	0.12	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.188	1.026	0.193	A8
5530	106	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.90	0.13	Left	Cheek	FK-390-A	29.3	1:1	0.062	1.148	0.071	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.39	0.15	Left	Tilt	FK-390-A	6	1:1	0.059	1.026	0.061	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

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11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data

Table 11-8
GSM/UMTS Body-Worn SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.5	33.37	0.00	10 mm	FK-390-A	1	1:8.3	back	0.315	1.030	0.324	A9
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.5	30.02	-0.04	10 mm	FK-390-A	1	1:8.3	back	0.191	1.117	0.213	A11
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	-0.08	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	back	0.290	1.109	0.322	A13
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	0.00	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	back	0.271	1.127	0.305	A14
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 11-9
LTE Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																			
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #	
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	-0.01	0	FK-390-B	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1.58	0.135	1.000	0.135	A16
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	-0.10	1	FK-390-B	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1.58	0.109	1.019	0.111	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram										

Table 11-10
DTS Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.														
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.67	0.07	10 mm	FK-390-C	1	back	1:1	0.289	1.079	0.312	A18
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.14	0.17	10 mm	FK-390-A	6	back	1:1	0.126	1.086	0.137	A19
5775	155	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.11	0.15	10 mm	FK-390-A	29.3	back	1:1	0.058	1.094	0.063	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 11-11
NII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g) (W/kg)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.														
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.32	-0.04	10 mm	FK-390-A	6	back	1:1	0.479	1.042	0.499	
5220	44	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.41	-0.01	10 mm	FK-390-A	6	back	1:1	0.522	1.021	0.533	
5210	42	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.53	-0.21	10 mm	FK-390-A	29.3	back	1:1	0.263	1.250	0.329	
5280	56	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	12.54	-0.01	10 mm	FK-390-A	6	back	1:1	0.531	1.247	0.662	
5300	60	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	12.34	-0.11	10 mm	FK-390-A	6	back	1:1	0.559	1.306	0.730	A20
5290	58	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.55	0.12	10 mm	FK-390-A	29.3	back	1:1	0.297	1.245	0.370	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	13.5	13.39	0.12	10 mm	FK-390-A	6	back	1:1	0.321	1.026	0.329	
5530	106	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.90	-0.09	10 mm	FK-390-A	29.3	back	1:1	0.158	1.148	0.181	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

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11.3 Standalone Wireless Router SAR Data

Table 11-12
GPRS/UMTS Hotspot SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of GPRS Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	32.5	32.46	-0.05	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	back	0.443	1.009	0.447	A10
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	32.5	32.46	-0.04	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	front	0.374	1.009	0.377	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	32.5	32.46	-0.06	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	bottom	0.054	1.009	0.054	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	32.5	32.46	0.10	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	right	0.267	1.009	0.269	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	32.5	32.46	0.01	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	left	0.346	1.009	0.349	
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	GPRS	30.0	29.67	0.05	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	back	0.258	1.079	0.278	
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	GPRS	30.0	29.67	0.04	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	front	0.273	1.079	0.295	
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	GPRS	30.0	29.67	0.03	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	bottom	0.301	1.079	0.325	A12
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	GPRS	30.0	29.67	0.07	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	right	0.045	1.079	0.049	
1850.20	512	GSM 1900	GPRS	30.0	29.67	0.15	10 mm	FK-390-A	2	1:4.15	left	0.174	1.079	0.188	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	-0.08	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	back	0.290	1.109	0.322	A13
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	0.08	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	front	0.250	1.109	0.277	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	0.03	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.036	1.109	0.040	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	0.00	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	right	0.187	1.109	0.207	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	23.0	22.55	0.00	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	left	0.218	1.109	0.242	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	0.00	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	back	0.271	1.127	0.305	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	-0.02	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	front	0.276	1.127	0.311	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	0.01	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.324	1.127	0.365	A15
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	-0.02	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	right	0.050	1.127	0.056	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.0	22.48	-0.01	10 mm	FK-390-B	N/A	1:1	left	0.163	1.127	0.184	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 11-13
LTE Band 41 Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																				
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #		
MHz	Ch.														(W/kg)		(W/kg)			
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	-0.01	0	FK-390-B	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	back	1:1.58	0.135	1.000	0.135		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	-0.10	1	FK-390-B	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	back	1:1.58	0.109	1.019	0.111		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	-0.08	0	FK-390-B	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	front	1:1.58	0.141	1.000	0.141		A17
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	-0.02	1	FK-390-B	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	front	1:1.58	0.112	1.019	0.114		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	0.08	0	FK-390-B	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1.58	0.080	1.000	0.080		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	-0.05	1	FK-390-B	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	bottom	1:1.58	0.062	1.019	0.063		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	-0.12	0	FK-390-B	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	right	1:1.58	0.022	1.000	0.022		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	-0.13	1	FK-390-B	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	right	1:1.58	0.019	1.019	0.019		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	23.5	23.50	-0.02	0	FK-390-B	QPSK	1	0	10 mm	left	1:1.58	0.074	1.000	0.074		
2506.00	39750	Low	LTE Band 41	20	22.5	22.42	0.02	1	FK-390-B	QPSK	50	0	10 mm	left	1:1.58	0.058	1.019	0.059		
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram													

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Table 11-14
WLAN Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.67	0.07	10 mm	FK-390-C	1	back	1:1	0.289	1.079	0.312	A18
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.67	-0.10	10 mm	FK-390-C	1	front	1:1	0.088	1.079	0.095	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.67	0.07	10 mm	FK-390-C	1	top	1:1	0.057	1.079	0.062	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.0	16.67	-0.03	10 mm	FK-390-C	1	right	1:1	0.196	1.079	0.211	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

11.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A specialized battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
8. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01, variability SAR test was not performed since the measured SAR results for all frequency bands were not greater than 0.8 W/kg. Please see Section 13 for variability analysis.
9. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 6.7 for more details).

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GSM Test Notes:

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03v01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

UMTS Notes:

1. UMTS mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, since the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r01. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.4.4.
2. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
3. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).
4. TDD LTE was tested using UL-DL configuration 0 with 6 UL subframes and 2 S subframes using extended cyclic prefix only and special subframe configuration 6. SAR tests were performed at maximum output power and worst-case transmission duty factor in extended cyclic prefix. Per 3GPP 36.211 Section 4, the duty factor for special subframe configuration 6 using extended cyclic prefix is 0.633.
5. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) LTE Band 41 SAR measured at the highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.6 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).

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WLAN Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 5 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
3. Per April 2013 TCB Workshop notes, full SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.
4. When Hotspot is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled. Therefore, 5 GHz WIFI Wireless Router SAR Data was not required.
5. WIFI transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.
6. Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels was not required.

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12 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11a/b/g/n/ac and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 IV.C.1.iii and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 4.3.2 2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Table 12-1
Estimated SAR

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2441	10.50	10	0.229

Note: Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

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12.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.141	0.103	0.244	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.159	0.103	0.262
	Right Tilt	0.134	0.085	0.219		Right Tilt	0.131	0.085	0.216
	Left Cheek	0.184	0.270	0.454		Left Cheek	0.268	0.270	0.538
	Left Tilt	0.099	0.099	0.198		Left Tilt	0.088	0.099	0.187
Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.135	0.103	0.238	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.281	0.103	0.384
	Right Tilt	0.087	0.085	0.172		Right Tilt	0.232	0.085	0.317
	Left Cheek	0.159	0.270	0.429		Left Cheek	0.495	0.270	0.765
	Left Tilt	0.095	0.099	0.194		Left Tilt	0.180	0.099	0.279
Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 41 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)					
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.064	0.103	0.167					
	Right Tilt	0.059	0.085	0.144					
	Left Cheek	0.123	0.270	0.393					
	Left Tilt	0.042	0.099	0.141					

Table 12-3
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.141	0.036	0.177	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.159	0.036	0.195
	Right Tilt	0.134	0.040	0.174		Right Tilt	0.131	0.040	0.171
	Left Cheek	0.184	0.206	0.390		Left Cheek	0.268	0.206	0.474
	Left Tilt	0.099	0.067	0.166		Left Tilt	0.088	0.067	0.155
Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.135	0.036	0.171	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.281	0.036	0.317
	Right Tilt	0.087	0.040	0.127		Right Tilt	0.232	0.040	0.272
	Left Cheek	0.159	0.206	0.365		Left Cheek	0.495	0.206	0.701
	Left Tilt	0.095	0.067	0.162		Left Tilt	0.180	0.067	0.247

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12.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12-4
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.324	0.312	0.636
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.213	0.312	0.525
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.322	0.312	0.634
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.305	0.312	0.617
Back Side	LTE Band 41	0.135	0.312	0.447

Table 12-5
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.324	0.730	1.054
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.213	0.730	0.943
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.322	0.730	1.052
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.305	0.730	1.035

Table 12-6
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.324	0.229	0.553
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.213	0.229	0.442
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.322	0.229	0.551
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.305	0.229	0.534
Back Side	LTE Band 41	0.135	0.229	0.364

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

12.5 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the devices edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR (“-”).

Table 12-7
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (2.4 GHz Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.447	0.312	0.759	Body SAR	Back	0.278	0.312	0.590
	Front	0.377	0.095	0.472		Front	0.295	0.095	0.390
	Top	-	0.062	0.062		Top	-	0.062	0.062
	Bottom	0.054	-	0.054		Bottom	0.325	-	0.325
	Right	0.269	0.211	0.480		Right	0.049	0.211	0.260
	Left	0.349	-	0.349		Left	0.188	-	0.188
Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.322	0.312	0.634	Body SAR	Back	0.305	0.312	0.617
	Front	0.277	0.095	0.372		Front	0.311	0.095	0.406
	Top	-	0.062	0.062		Top	-	0.062	0.062
	Bottom	0.040	-	0.040		Bottom	0.365	-	0.365
	Right	0.207	0.211	0.418		Right	0.056	0.211	0.267
	Left	0.242	-	0.242		Left	0.184	-	0.184

Simult Tx	Configuration	LTE Band 41 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.135	0.312	0.447
	Front	0.141	0.095	0.236
	Top	-	0.062	0.062
	Bottom	0.080	-	0.080
	Right	0.022	0.211	0.233
	Left	0.074	-	0.074

12.6 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

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13 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, all measured SAR values were < 0.8 W/kg. Therefore no SAR measurement variability analysis was required.

13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was <1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2003 was not required.

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14 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	85047A	S-Parameter Test Set	N/A	N/A	N/A	2904A00579
Agilent	85070C	Dielectric Probe Kit	2/14/2013	Annual	2/14/2014	MY44300633
Agilent	8594A	(9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	N/A	N/A	N/A	3051A00187
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	4/17/2013	Annual	4/17/2014	3629U00687
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	4/16/2013	Annual	4/16/2014	JP38020182
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	10/29/2013	Annual	10/29/2014	US39170122
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	5/9/2013	Biennial	5/9/2015	GB43304447
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	4/16/2013	Annual	4/16/2014	MY45470194
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	10/28/2013	Annual	10/28/2014	US46240505
Agilent	N9020A	MXA Signal Analyzer	10/29/2013	Annual	10/29/2014	US46470561
Amplifier Research	551G4	SW, 800MHz-4.2GHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	21910
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	11/14/2013	Annual	11/14/2014	1126066
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	5605
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	2/14/2013	Annual	2/14/2014	98150041
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/31/2013	Annual	10/31/2014	1039008
Anritsu	ML2496A	Power Meter	11/14/2013	Annual	11/14/2014	1138001
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Analyzer	6/28/2013	Annual	6/28/2014	6201240328
COMTECH	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M155A00-009
COMTECH	AR85729-5/5759B	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M3W1A00-1002
Control Company	4353	Long Stem Thermometer	9/25/2012	Biennial	9/25/2014	122539615
Fisher Scientific	15-077-960	Thermometer	11/6/2012	Biennial	11/6/2014	122640025
Fisher Scientific	15-07BJ	Long Stem Thermometer	1/7/2013	Biennial	1/7/2015	130018243
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	8650319
L-Com	HG824-11LP	Log Periodic Antenna	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
MCL	BW-NGW5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R8979500903
MiniCircuits	VLF-6000+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1226
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	4014C-6	4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	4772-3	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	9406
Narda	BW-S3W2	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	120
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	5/3/2013	Annual	5/3/2014	836371/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	9/23/2013	Annual	9/23/2014	109892
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	10/16/2013	Annual	10/16/2014	100976
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	10/4/2013	Biennial	10/4/2015	103962
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVS	Single Channel Power Meter	10/31/2013	Annual	10/31/2014	835360/0079
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-Z32	Peak Power Sensor	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	836019/013
Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	Signal Generator	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	832026
Rohde & Schwarz	SMI0Q3B	Signal Generator	4/17/2013	Annual	4/17/2014	DE27259
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	3/5/2012	Triennial	3/5/2015	N/A
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	2/6/2013	Annual	2/6/2014	5d148
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	1/8/2013	Annual	1/8/2014	797
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	2/11/2013	Annual	2/11/2014	882
SPEAG	D5GHZV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	1/11/2013	Annual	1/11/2014	1057
SPEAG	D5GHZV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	2/14/2013	Annual	2/14/2014	1120
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	4/25/2013	Annual	4/25/2014	4d119
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	7/17/2013	Annual	7/17/2014	4d133
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/13/2013	Annual	5/13/2014	859
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/17/2013	Annual	1/17/2014	1272
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/17/2013	Annual	9/17/2014	1323
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/19/2013	Annual	11/19/2014	1333
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	8/21/2013	Annual	8/21/2014	1322
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	3/8/2013	Annual	3/8/2014	1334
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/22/2013	Annual	4/22/2014	1364
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/22/2013	Annual	4/22/2014	1368
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	5/14/2013	Annual	5/14/2014	1070
SPEAG	DAKS-3.5	Portable Dielectric Assessment Kit	8/18/2013	Annual	8/18/2014	1009
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	8/22/2013	Annual	8/22/2014	3022
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/15/2013	Annual	3/15/2014	3209
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	5/16/2013	Annual	5/16/2014	3263
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	9/23/2013	Annual	9/23/2014	3288
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/29/2013	Annual	4/29/2014	3318
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/29/2013	Annual	4/29/2014	3319
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	1/17/2013	Annual	1/17/2014	3589
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	10/23/2013	Annual	10/23/2014	3914
Tektronix	RS6114A	Real Time Spectrum Analyzer	4/17/2013	Annual	4/17/2014	8010177
VWR	23226-658	Long Stem Thermometer	5/16/2012	Biennial	5/16/2014	122295544
VWR	36934-158	Digital Thermometer	8/8/2013	Annual	8/8/2014	130258636

Notes:

1. CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.
2. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.

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15 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for frequencies less than 3000 MHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.1	11.7
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.2	23.5

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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Applicable for frequencies up to 6 GHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.4	12.0
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.7	24.0

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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16 CONCLUSION

16.1 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, GSM; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.916 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.767$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 12-18-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.2°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: GSM 850, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

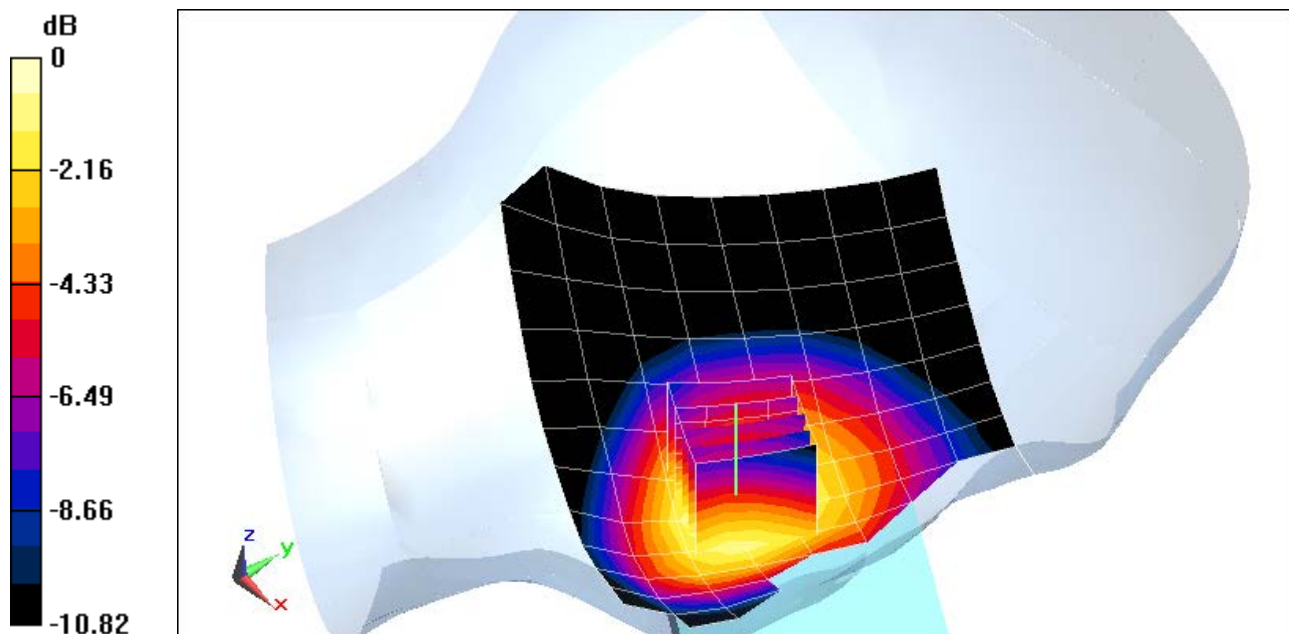
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.351 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.234 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.179 W/kg



0 dB = 0.185 W/kg = -7.33 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.415 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.832$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 3/15/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/8/2013

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: GSM 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

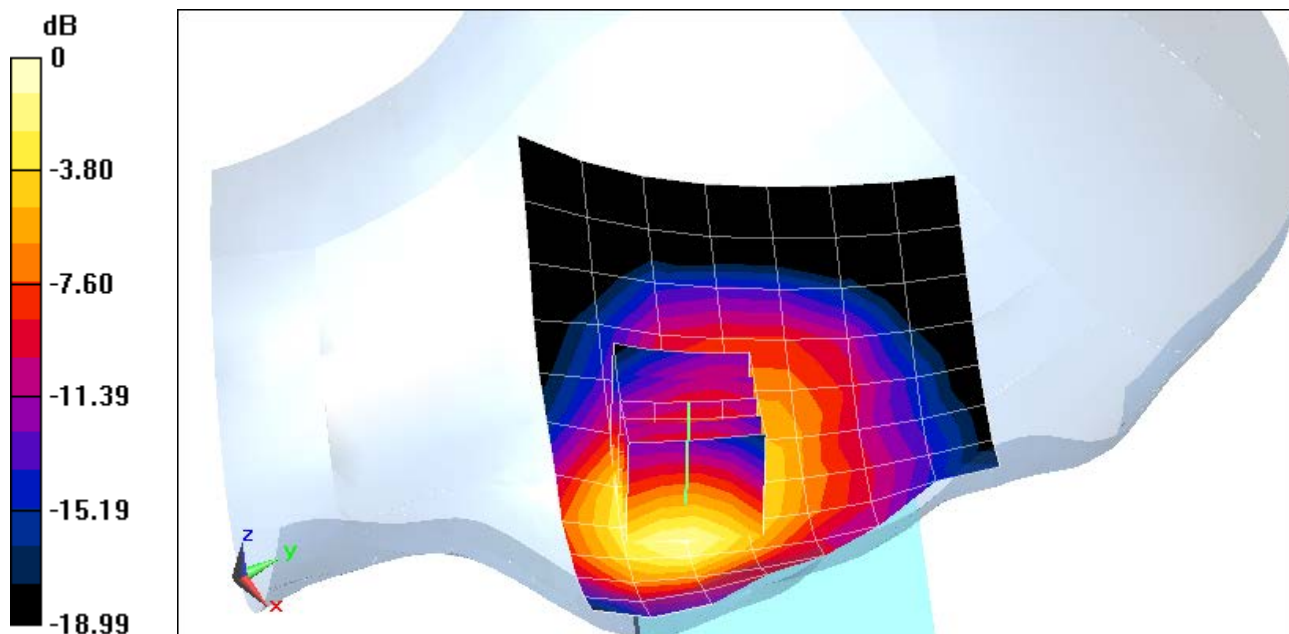
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.170 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.374 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.240 W/kg



0 dB = 0.255 W/kg = -5.93 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-B

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.916 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.767$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 12-18-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.2°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: UMTS 850, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

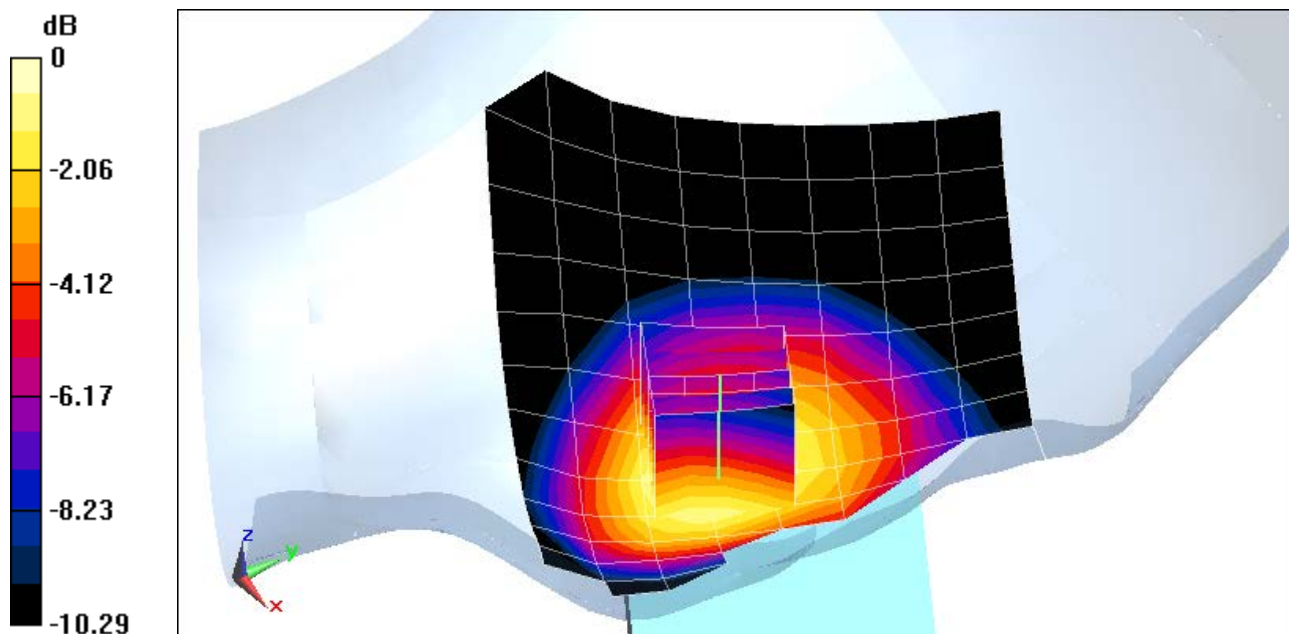
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.054 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.182 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.143 W/kg



0 dB = 0.149 W/kg = -8.27 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.415 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.832$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 3/15/2013;
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/8/2013

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

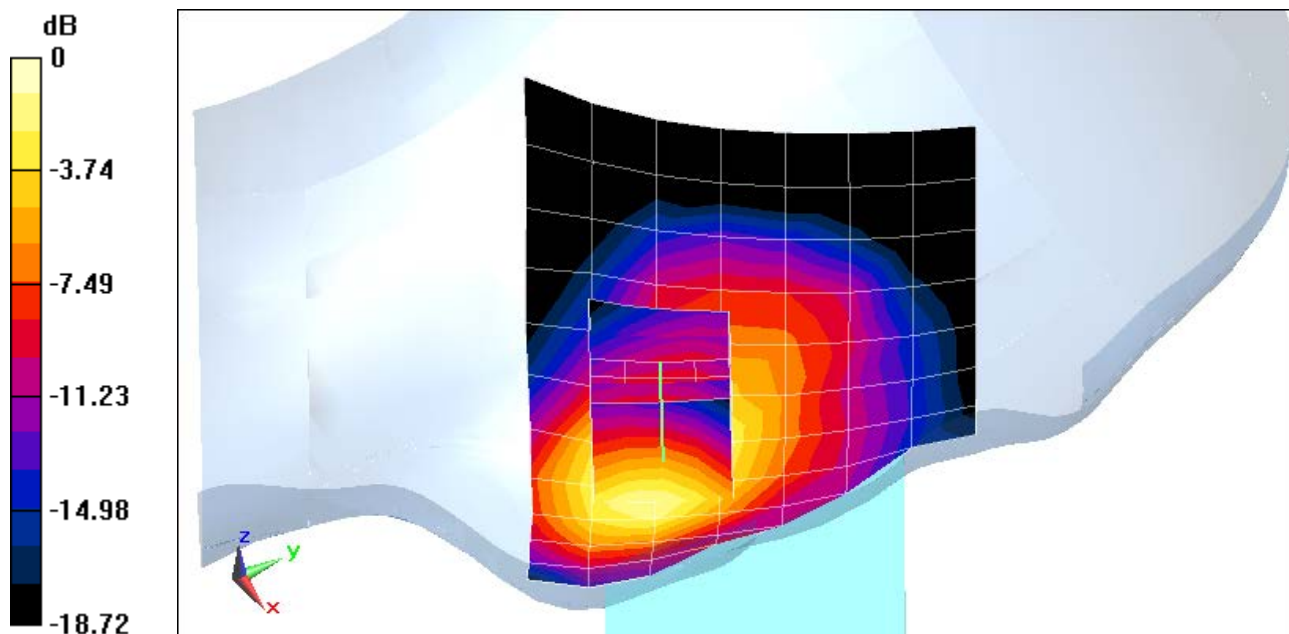
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.534 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.693 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.439 W/kg



0 dB = 0.469 W/kg = -3.29 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-B

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 41; Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Medium: 2500 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2506 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.949 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.069$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 01-09-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 5/16/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/13/2013

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 41, Left Head, Cheek, Low. ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset**

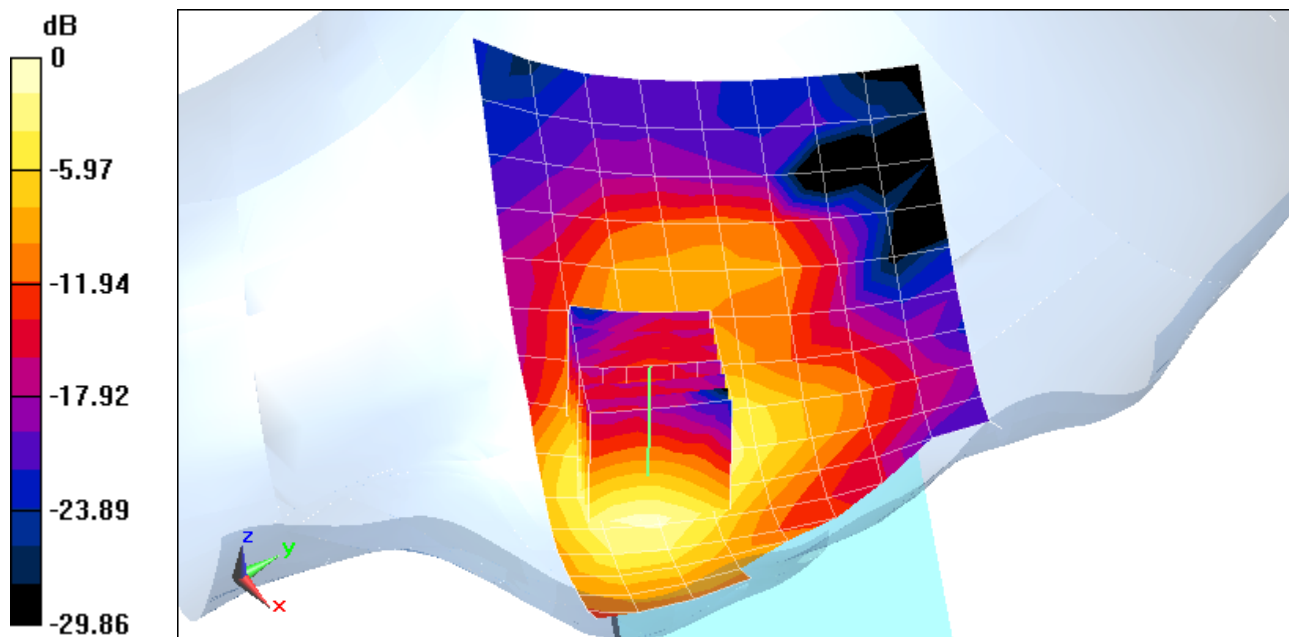
Area Scan (9x19x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.475 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.229 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 W/kg



0 dB = 0.150 W/kg = -8.24 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-C

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.726 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.778$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 12-18-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 21.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3318; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 4/29/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 4/22/2013

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Cheek, Ch 06, 1 Mbps

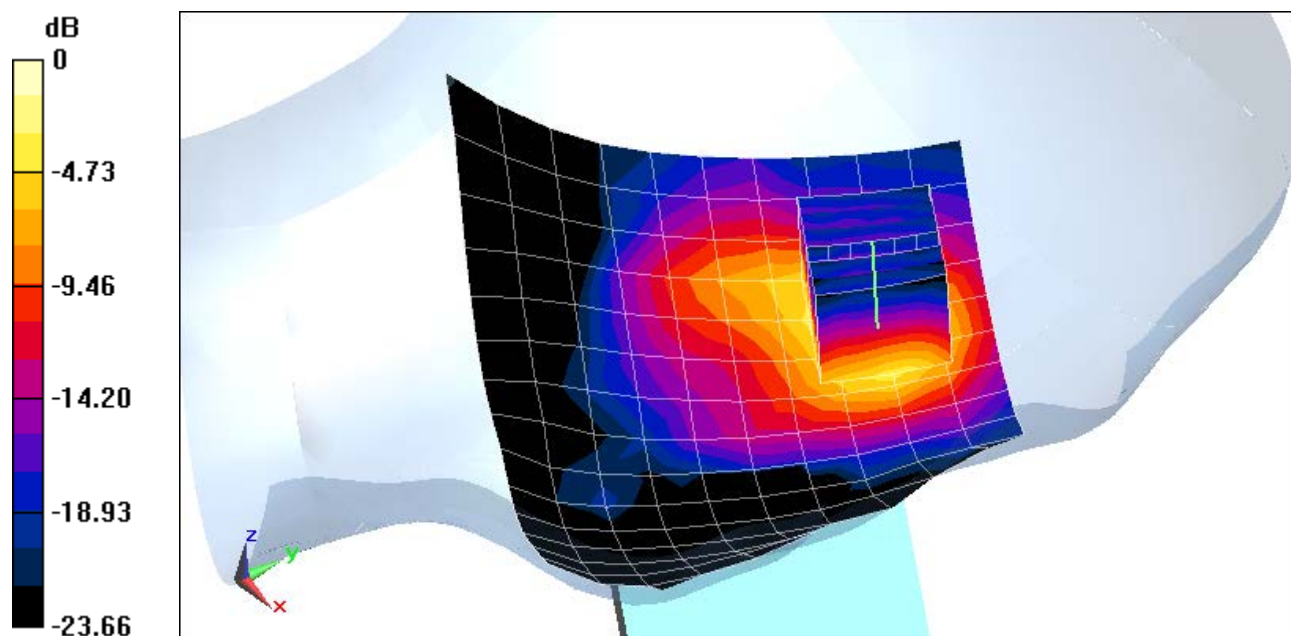
Area Scan (11x18x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.445 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.591 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.250 W/kg



0 dB = 0.342 W/kg = -4.66 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5765 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5765 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.098 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.705$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 12-20-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.2°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz, Left Head, Cheek, Ch 153, 6 Mbps

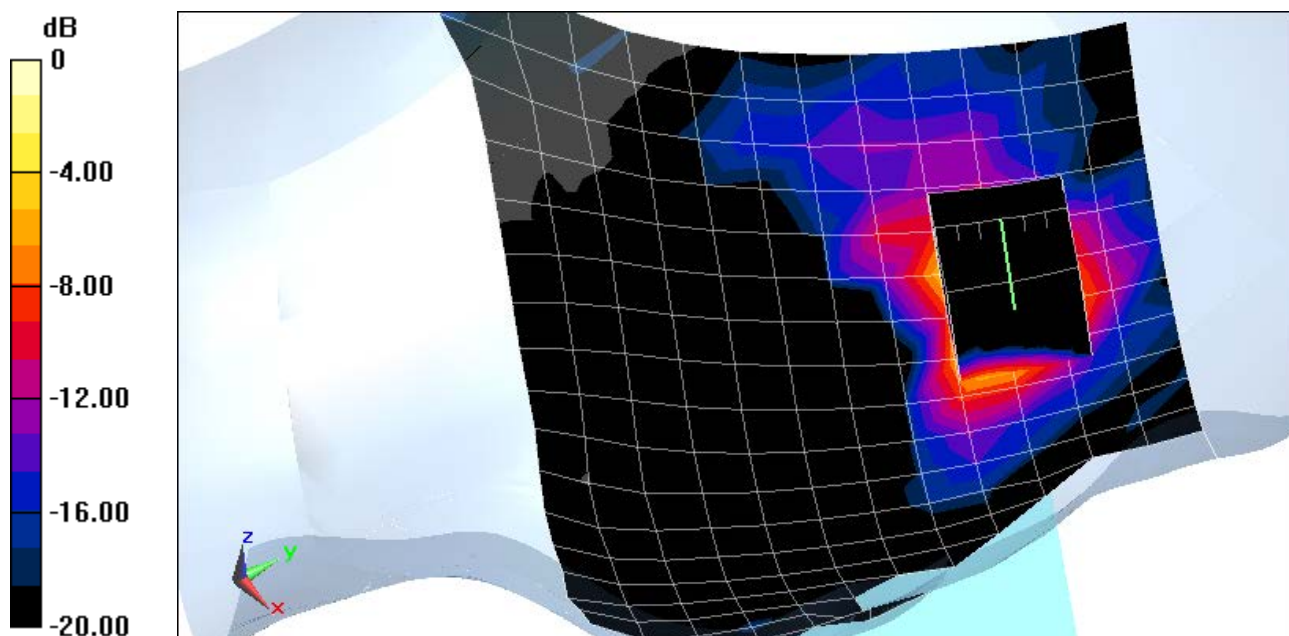
Area Scan (13x22x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 6.420 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.853 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.183 W/kg



0 dB = 0.496 W/kg = -3.05 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.799 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.053$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 12-20-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.0°C; Tissue Temp: 21.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.5 GHz, Left Head, Cheek, Ch 100, 6 Mbps

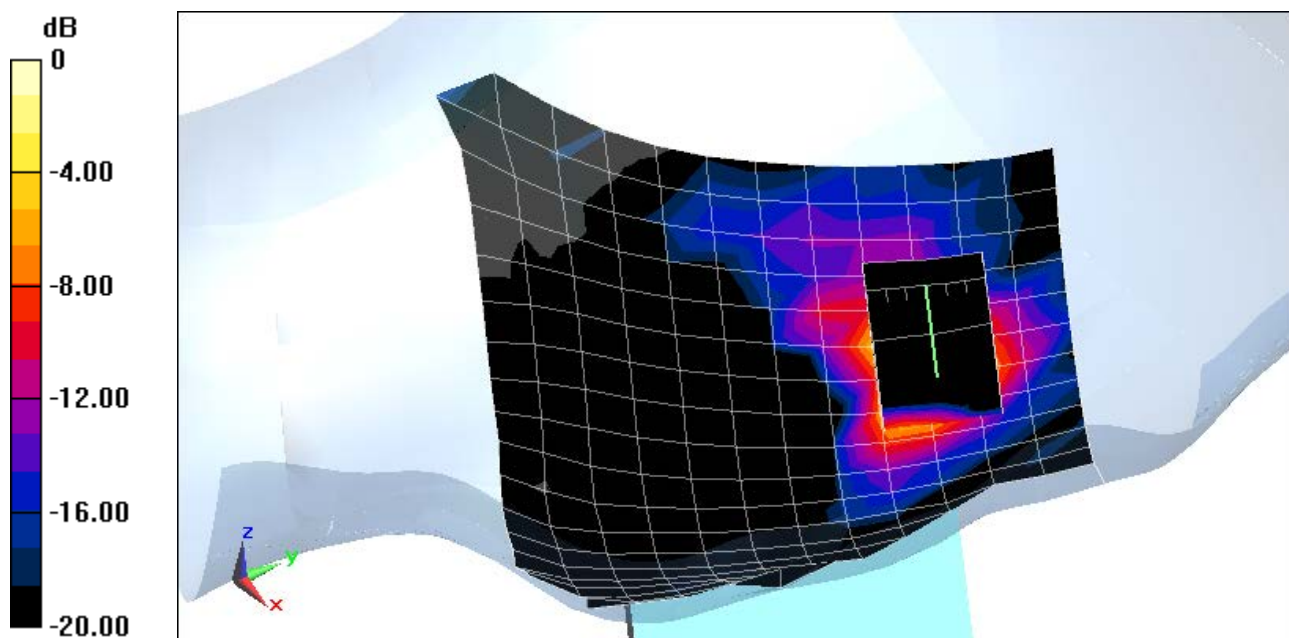
Area Scan (13x22x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 6.667 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.871 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg



0 dB = 0.492 W/kg = -3.08 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.959 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.096$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-17-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 5/16/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/13/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: GSM 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

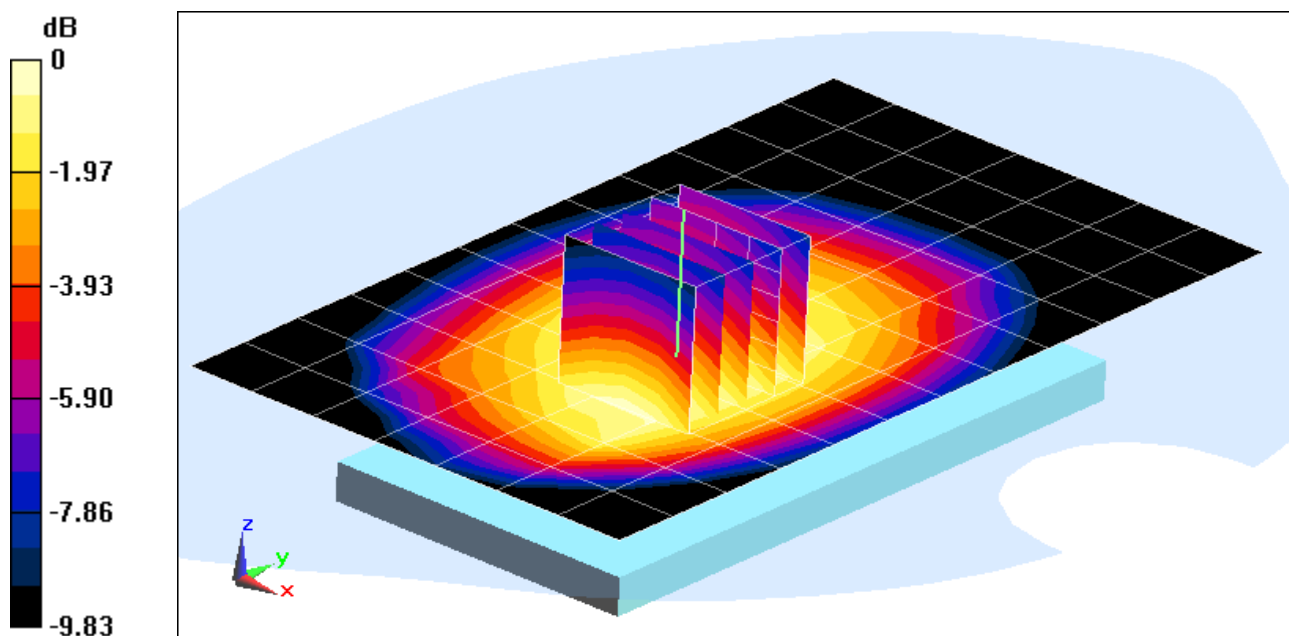
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.671 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.397 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.315 W/kg



0 dB = 0.328 W/kg = -4.84 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, GSM850 GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:4.15

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.959 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.096$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-17-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 5/16/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/13/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots

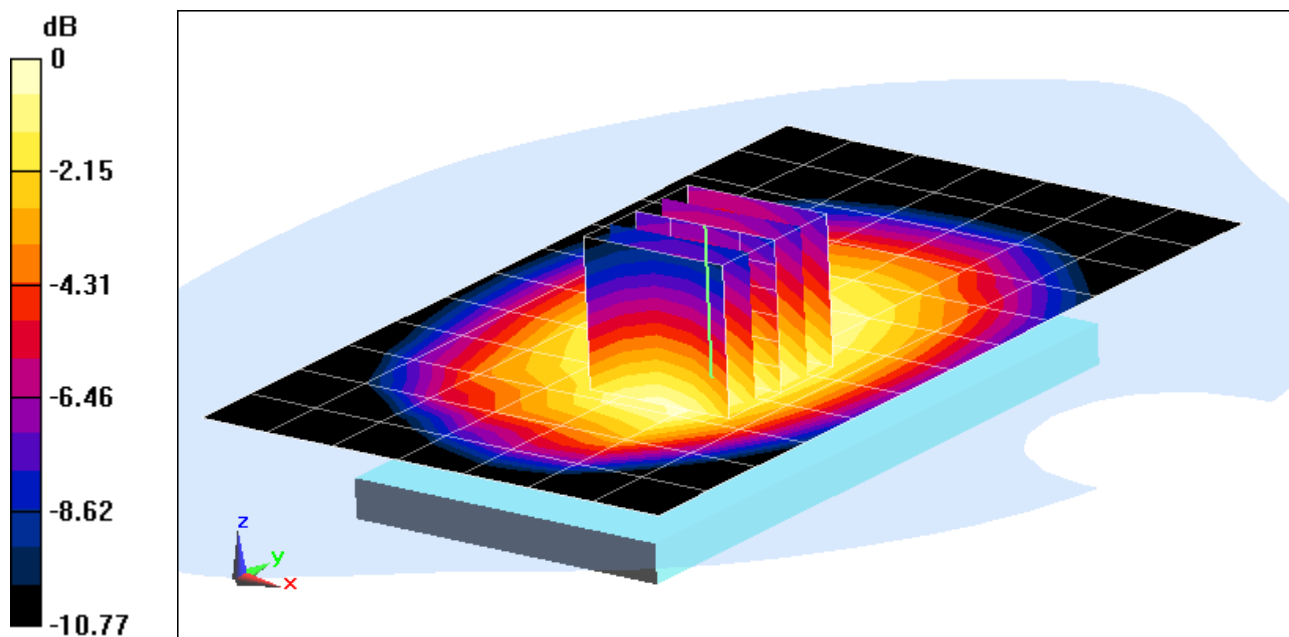
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.295 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.565 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.443 W/kg



0 dB = 0.463 W/kg = -3.34 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, GSM; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.511 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.397$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 4/29/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/22/2013

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: GSM 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

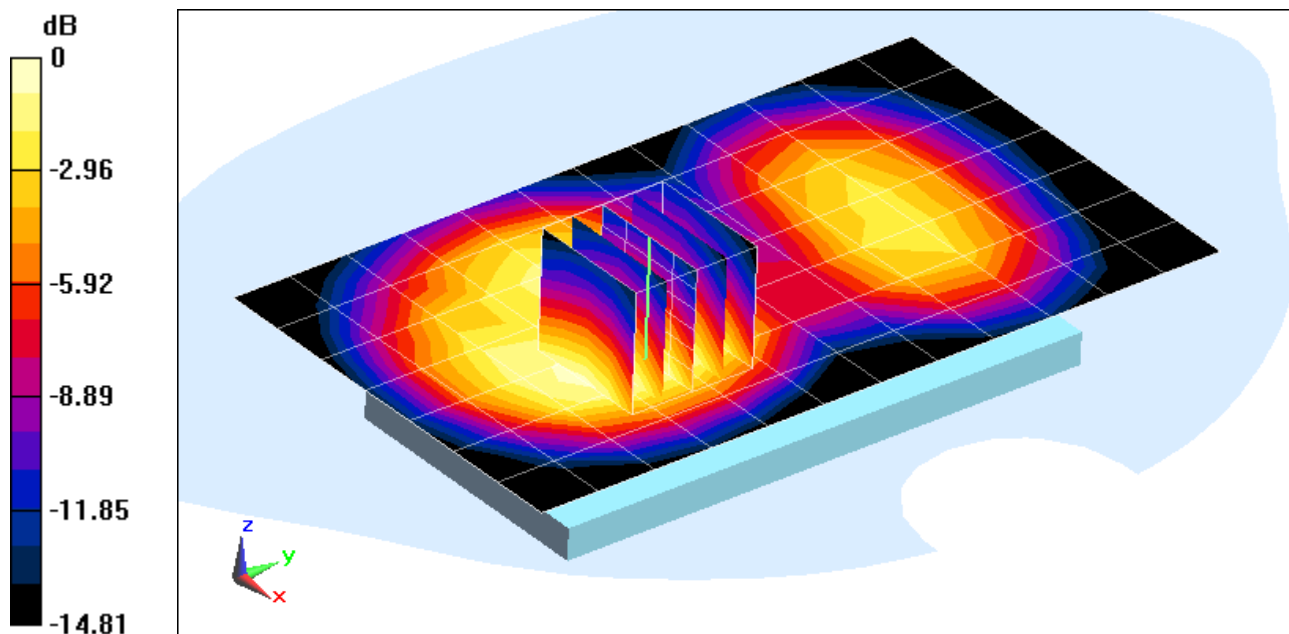
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.397 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.191 W/kg



0 dB = 0.204 W/kg = -6.90 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.48 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.488$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 4/29/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/22/2013

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Low.ch, 2 Tx Slots

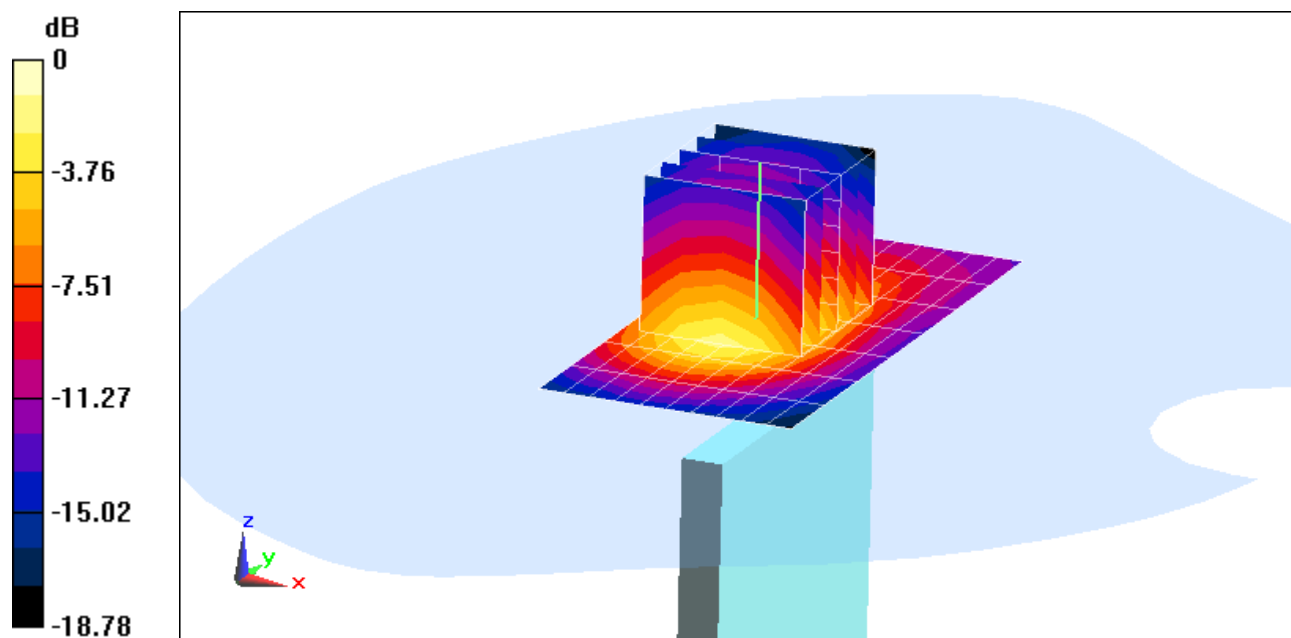
Area Scan (11x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.853 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.513 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.301 W/kg



0 dB = 0.335 W/kg = -4.75 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-B

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.959 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.096$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-17-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 5/16/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/13/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: UMTS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

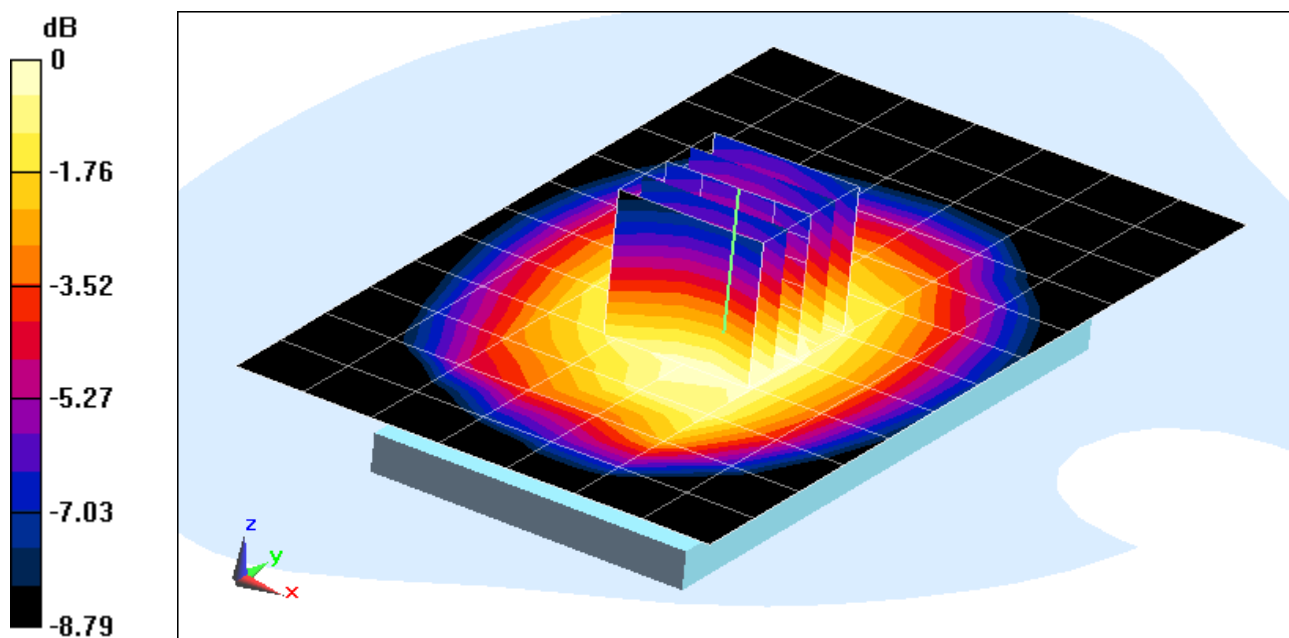
Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.163 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.361 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.290 W/kg



0 dB = 0.302 W/kg = -5.20 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-B

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.511 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.397$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 4/29/2013;
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/22/2013

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

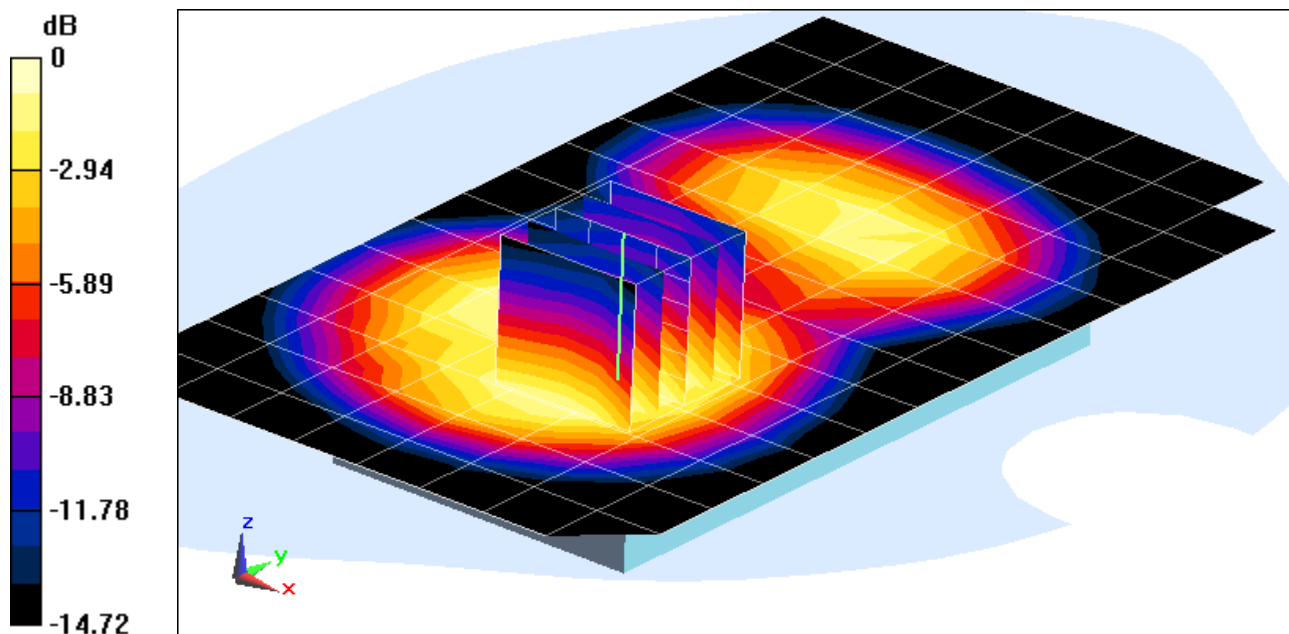
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.110 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.412 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 W/kg



0 dB = 0.287 W/kg = -5.42 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-B

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.511 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.397$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 4/29/2013;
Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/22/2013

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

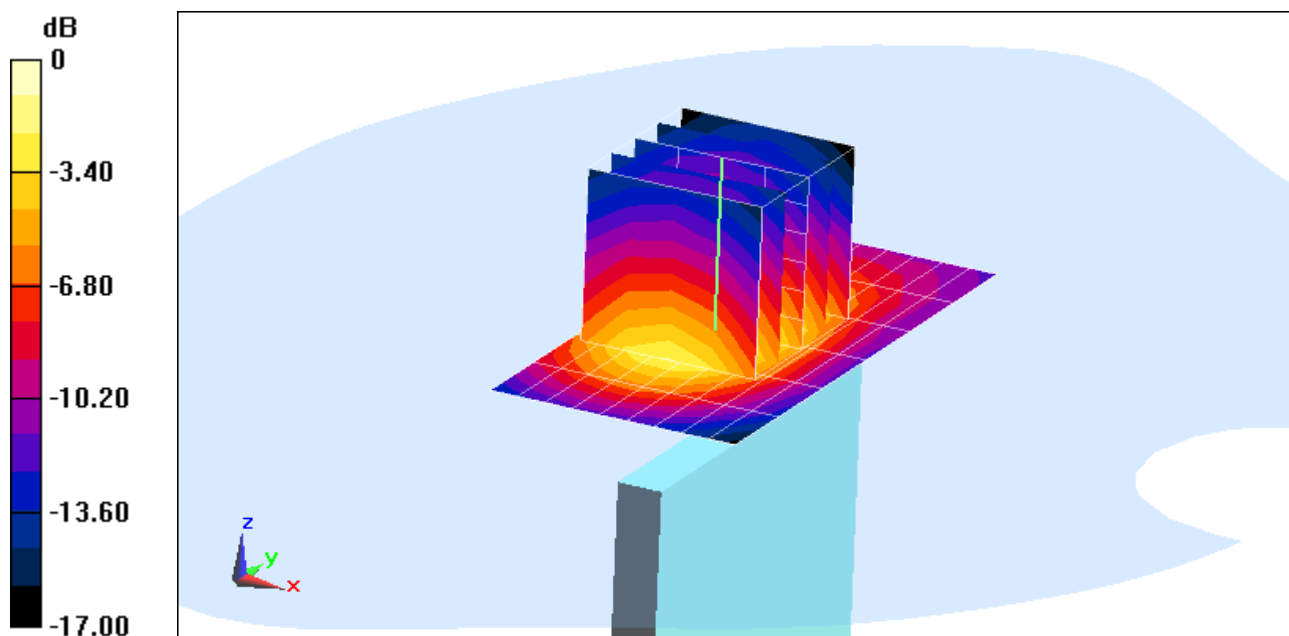
Area Scan (10x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.607 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.546 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.324 W/kg



0 dB = 0.366 W/kg = -4.37 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-B

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 41; Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Medium: 2500 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2506 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.098 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.824$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 01-06-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.2°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(7.02, 7.02, 7.02); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 41, Body SAR, Back side, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB,0 RB Offset**

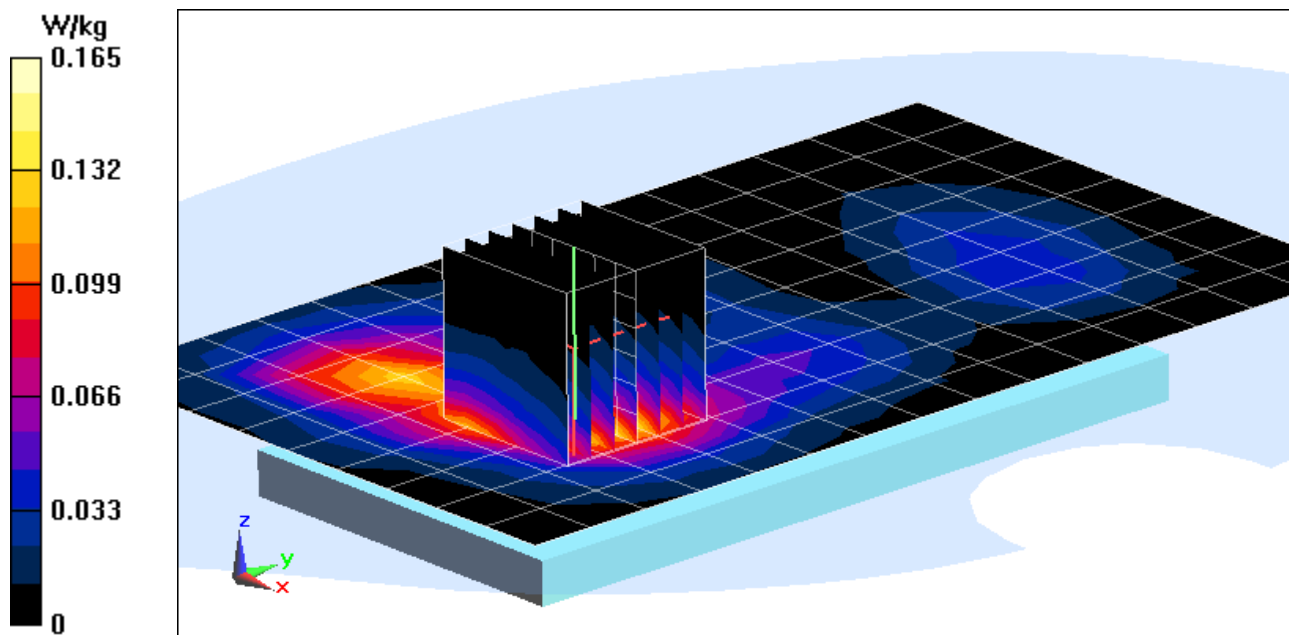
Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.338 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.253 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.135 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-B

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 41; Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58

Medium: 2500 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2506$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.098$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.824$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 01-06-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.2°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(7.02, 7.02, 7.02); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

**Mode: LTE Band 41, Body SAR, Front side, Low.ch,
20 MHz Bandwidth, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset**

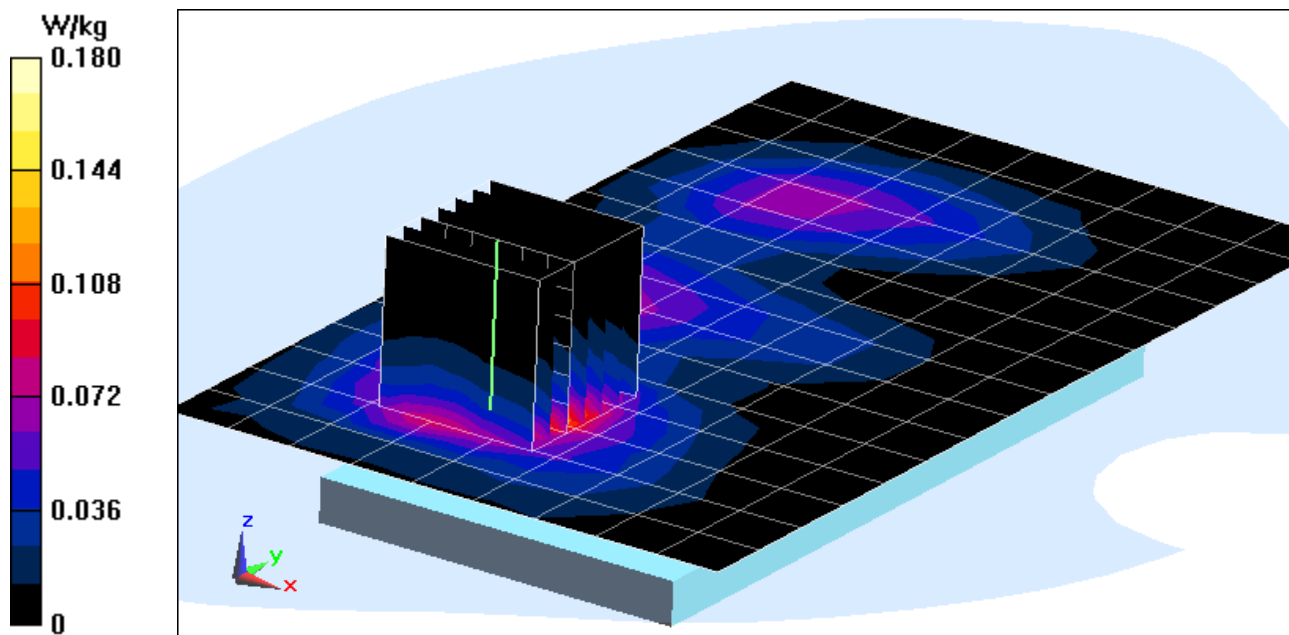
Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.077 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.288 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-C

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.01 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.079$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-17-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(4.37, 4.37, 4.37); Calibrated: 9/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 9/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 06, 1 Mbps, Back Side

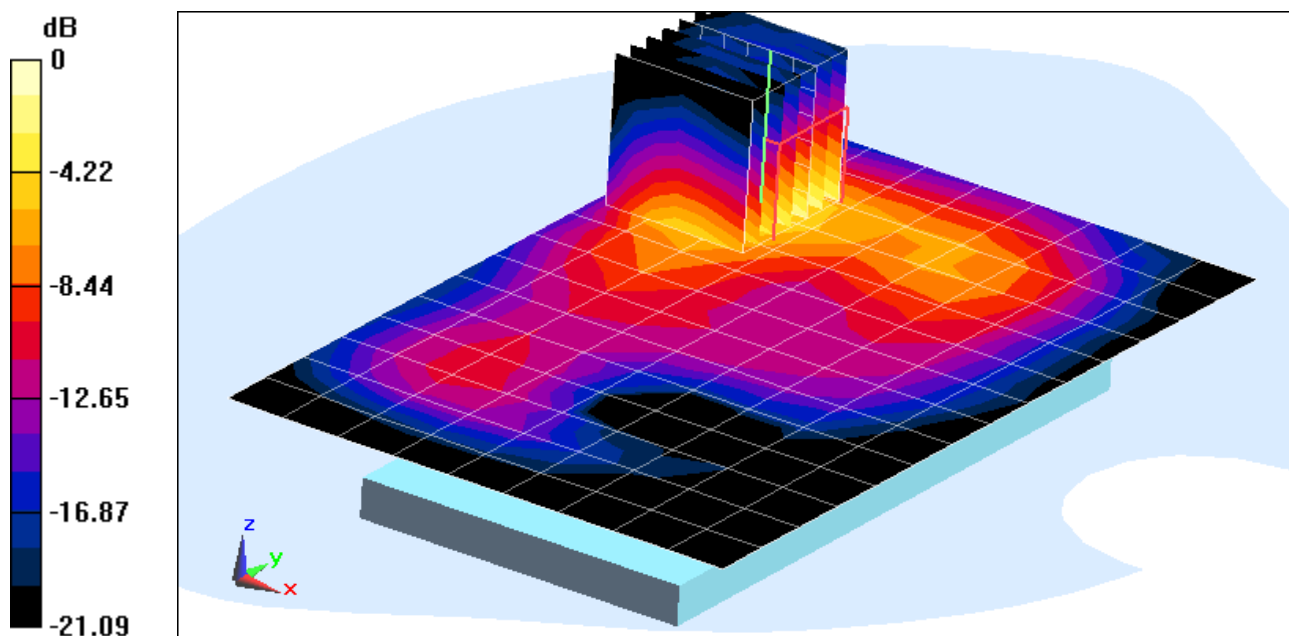
Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.553 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.636 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.289 W/kg



0 dB = 0.373 W/kg = -4.28 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5765 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5765 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.209 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.026$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.66, 3.66, 3.66); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz, Body SAR, Ch 153, 6 Mbps, Back Side

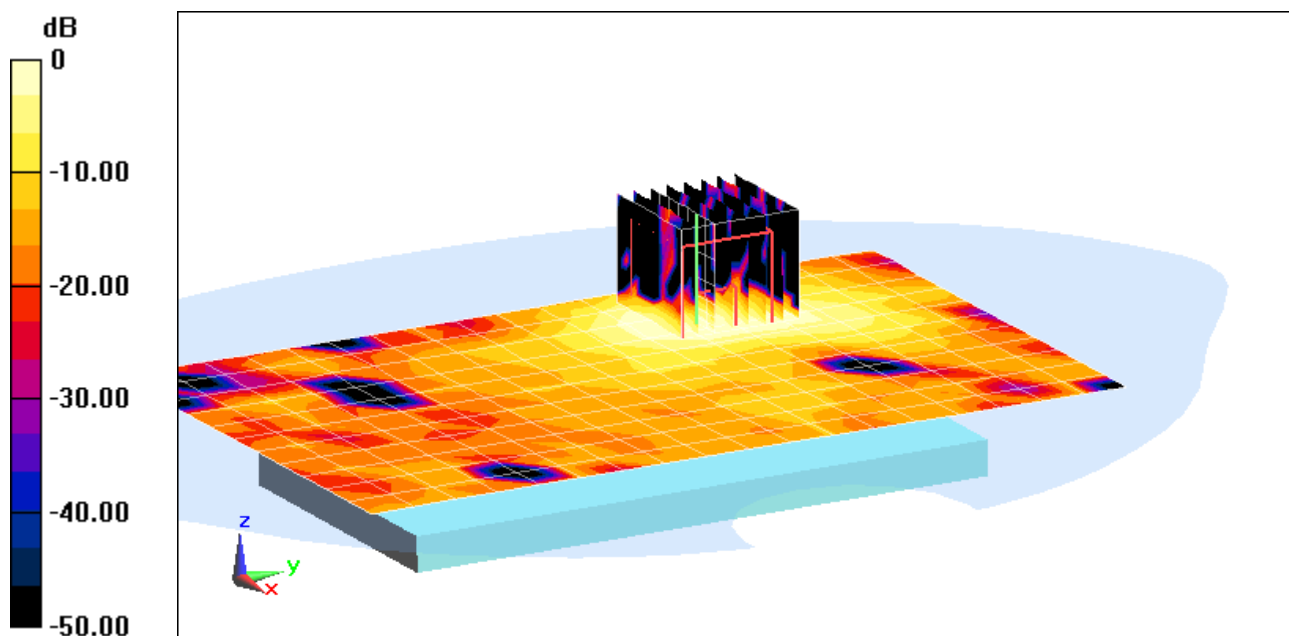
Area Scan (12x19x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 3.793 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.551 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.126 W/kg



0 dB = 0.336 W/kg = -4.74 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LGTI9507V; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FK-390-A

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.615 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.838$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.3 GHz, Body SAR, Ch 60, 6 Mbps, Back Side

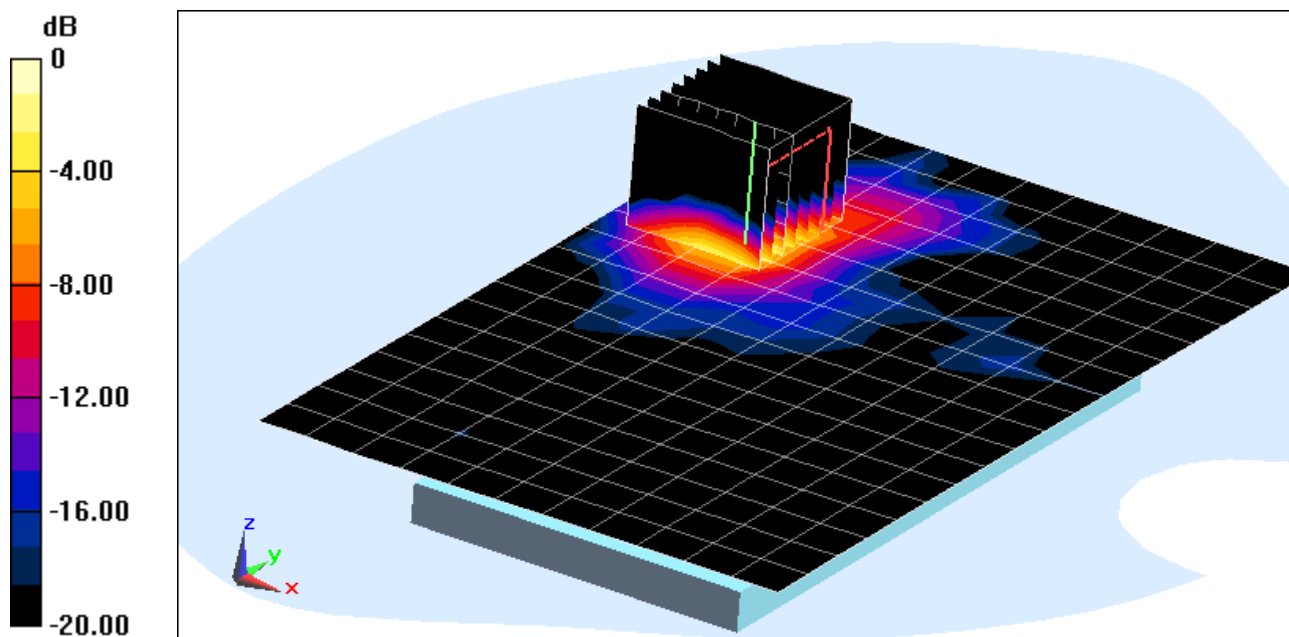
Area Scan (12x19x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 8.478 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.559 W/kg



0 dB = 1.27 W/kg = 1.04 dBW/kg

APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.915 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.788$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 12-18-2013; Ambient Temp: 23.2°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 8/22/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1322; Calibrated: 8/21/2013

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

835 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

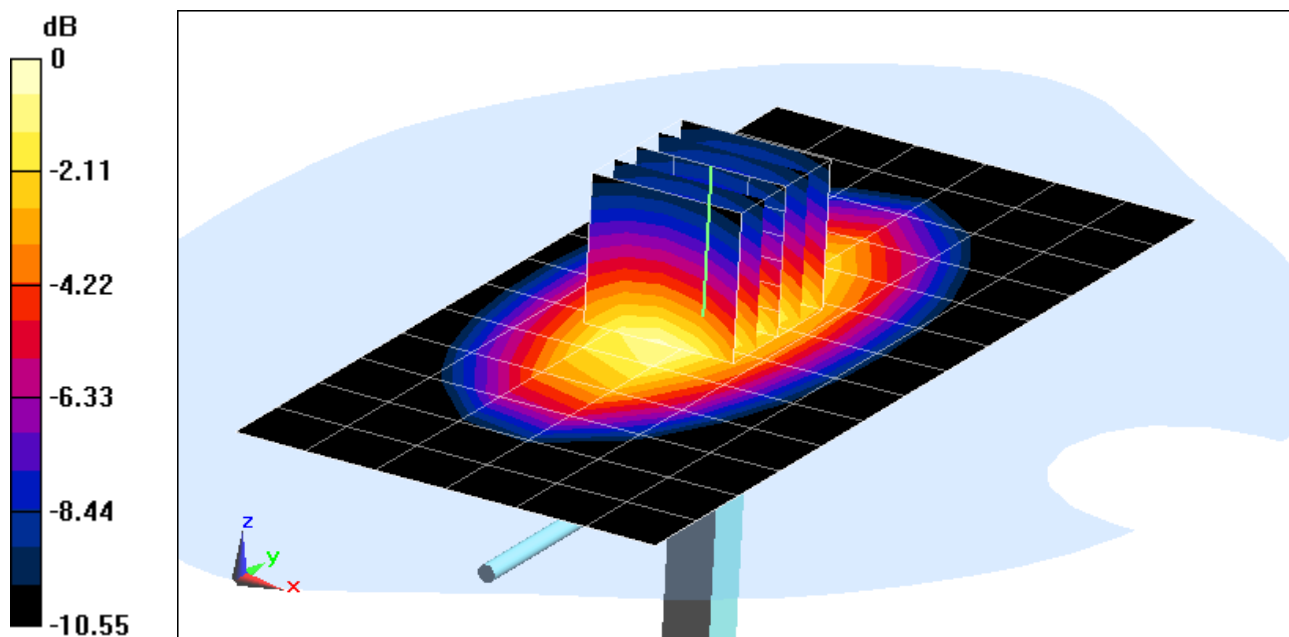
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.932 W/kg

Deviation = -3.72%



0 dB = 1.00 W/kg = 0.00 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d148

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.437 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.75$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.21, 5.21, 5.21); Calibrated: 3/15/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/8/2013

Phantom: SAM Front; Type: SAM; Serial: 1686

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

1900 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

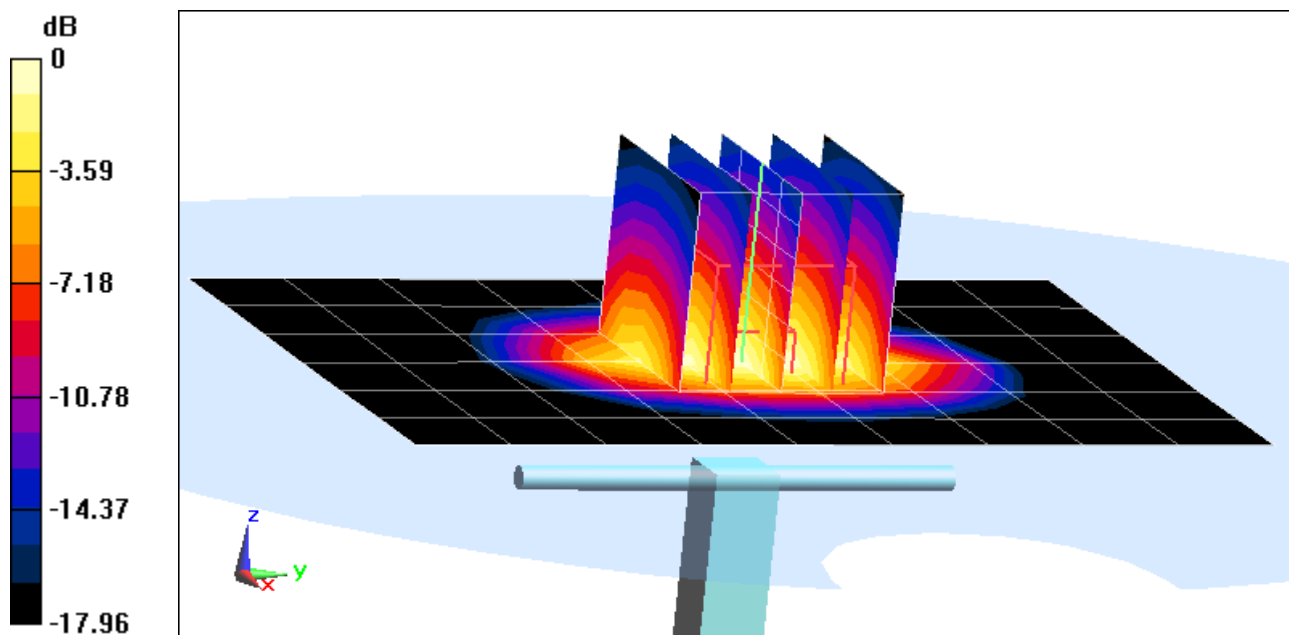
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.22 W/kg

Deviation = 6.30%



0 dB = 4.74 W/kg = 6.76 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.741 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.738$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-18-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 21.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3318; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 4/29/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1364; Calibrated: 4/22/2013

Phantom: SAM; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1758

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

2450 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

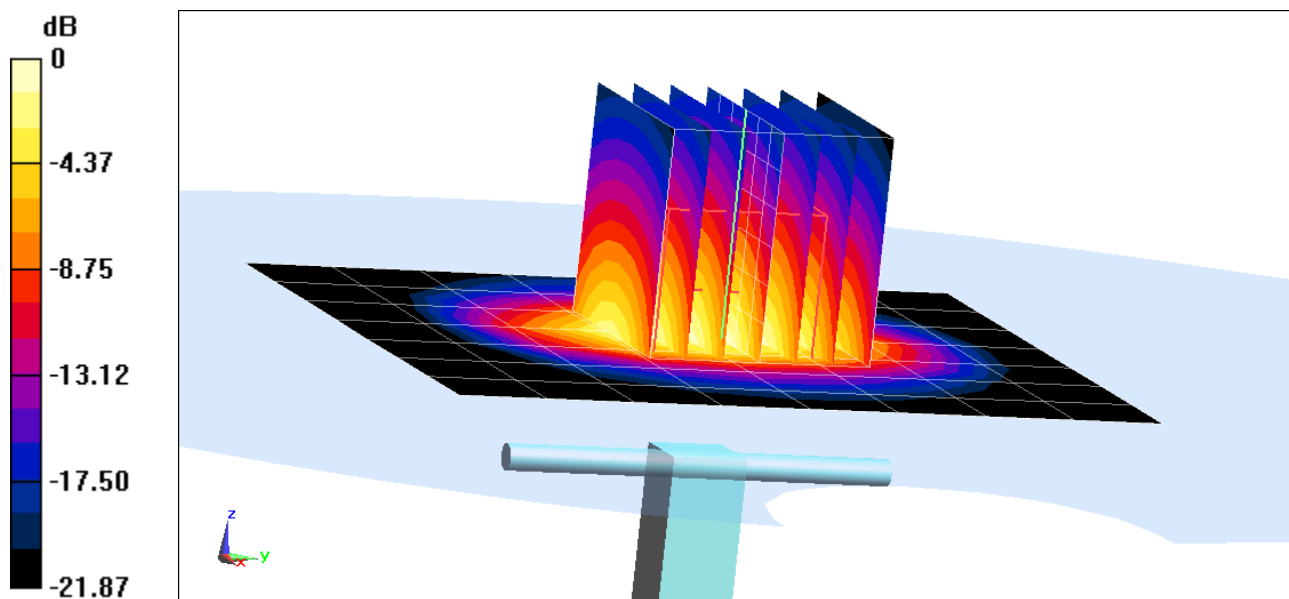
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.89 W/kg

Deviation = -6.86%



0 dB = 6.36 W/kg = 8.03 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 882

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.884 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.277$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 01-09-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.2°C; Tissue Temp: 21.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 5/16/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/13/2013

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

2450MHz System Verification

Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

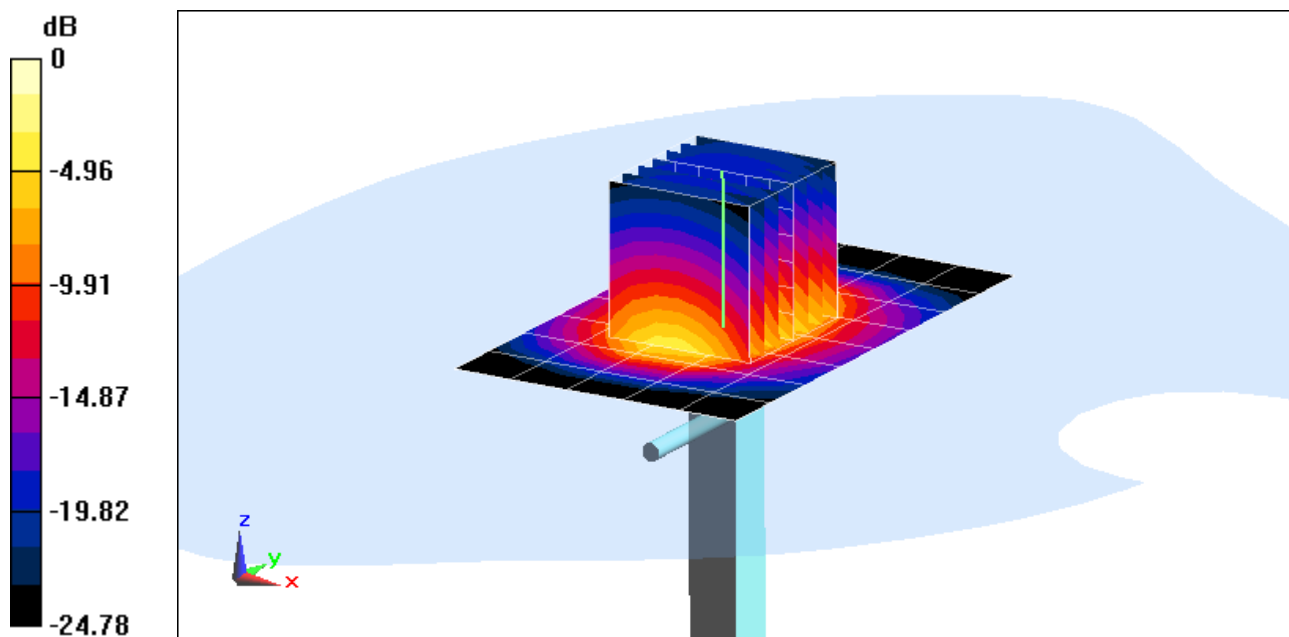
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.94 W/kg

Deviation = -4.45%



0 dB = 6.45 W/kg = 8.10 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1120

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.518 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.533$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section: Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-20-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

5200 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

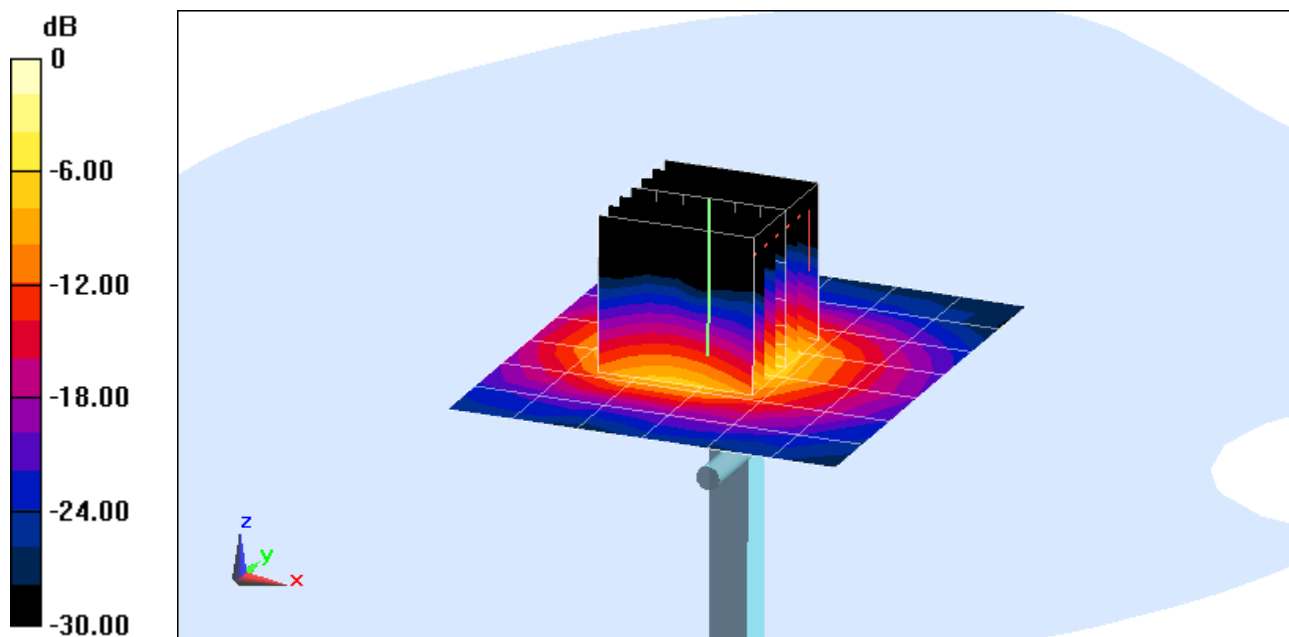
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power: 16 dBm (40 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.02 W/kg

Deviation = -0.66%



0 dB = 7.69 W/kg = 8.86 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5300 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1120

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.618 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.387$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-20-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.8°C; Tissue Temp: 21.9°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

5300 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

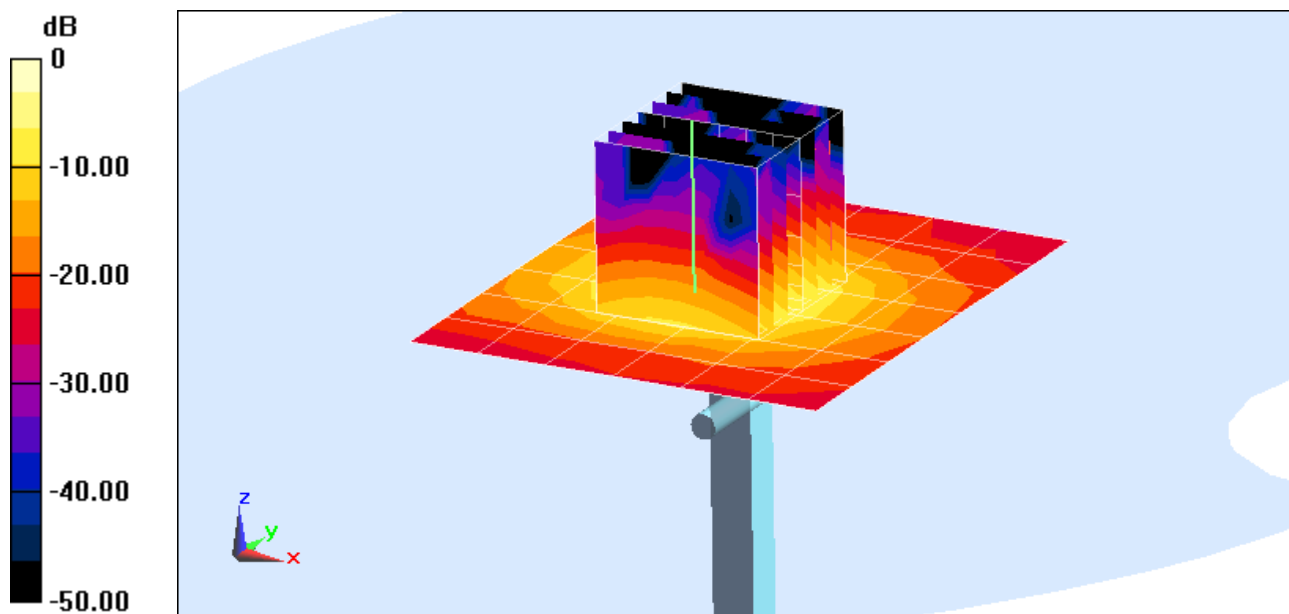
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power: 16 dBm (40 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 13.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.05 W/kg

Deviation = -3.11%



0 dB = 5.91 W/kg = 7.72 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1120

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.799 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.053$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-20-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.0°C; Tissue Temp: 21.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

5500 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

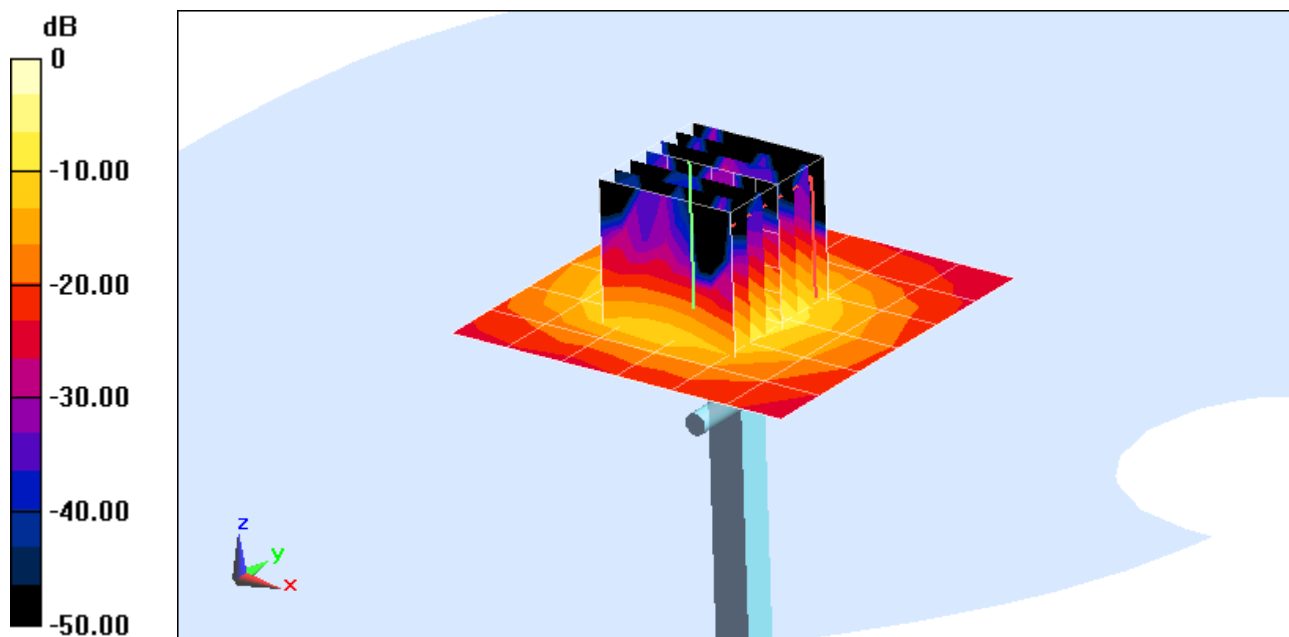
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power: 16 dBm (40 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.04 W/kg

Deviation = -5.12%



0 dB = 7.27 W/kg = 8.62 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1120

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.141 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.72$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-20-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.2°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

5800 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

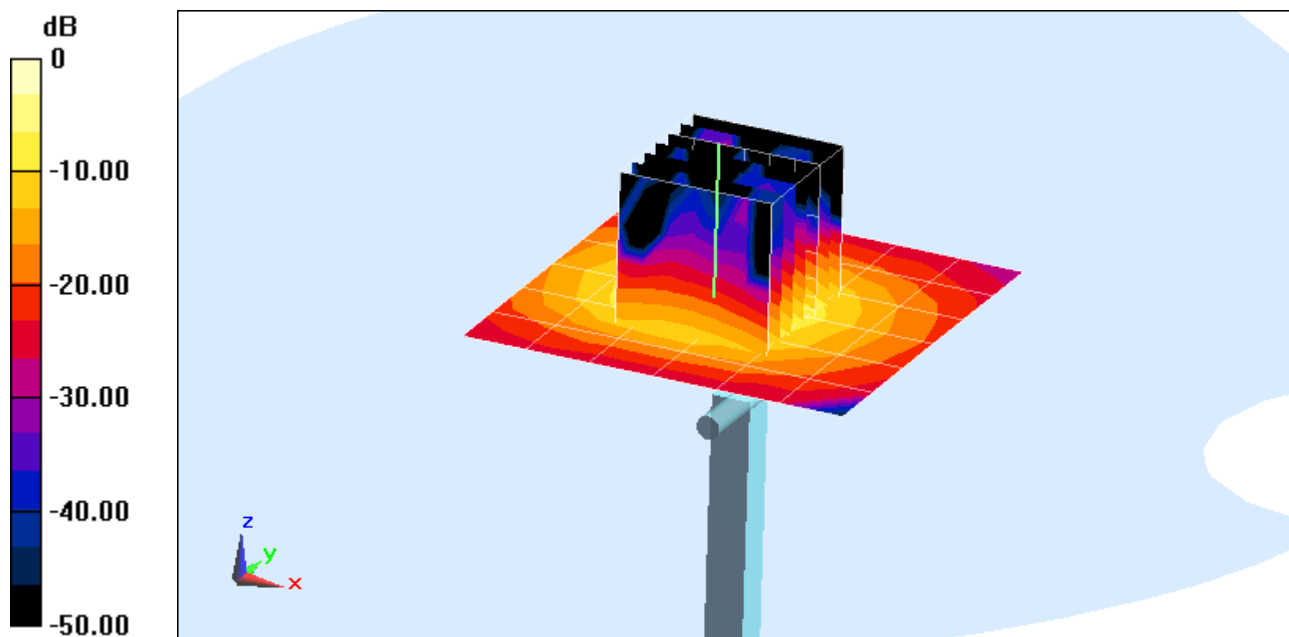
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power: 16 dBm (40 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.84 W/kg

Deviation = -5.21%



0 dB = 7.21 W/kg = 8.58 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d133

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.957 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.102$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 12-17-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 20.8°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.29, 6.29, 6.29); Calibrated: 5/16/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/13/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

835MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

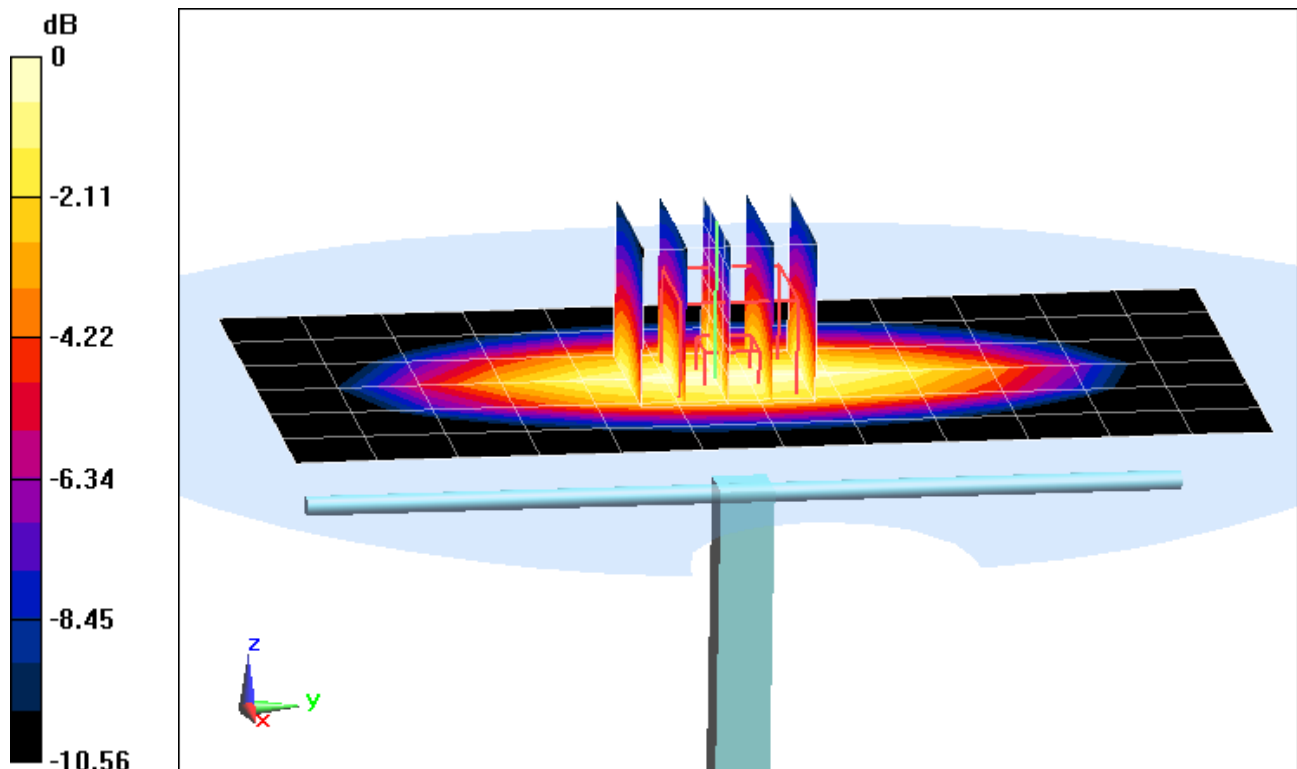
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.940 W/kg

Deviation = -2.19%



0 dB = 1.00 W/kg = 0.00 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d148

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.534 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.344$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 21.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.85, 4.85, 4.85); Calibrated: 4/29/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/22/2013

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

1900 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

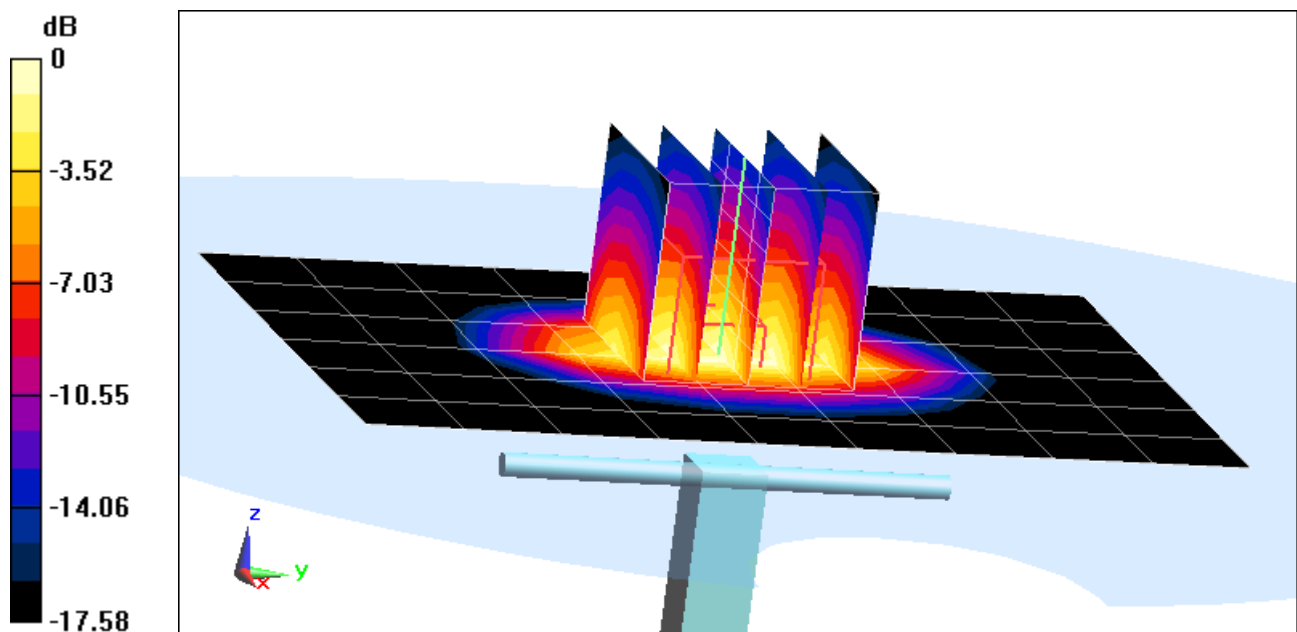
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.07 W/kg

Deviation = -0.25%



0 dB = 4.61 W/kg = 6.64 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 882

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.028 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.035$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-17-2013; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(4.37, 4.37, 4.37); Calibrated: 9/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 9/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 5.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

2450MHz System Verification

Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

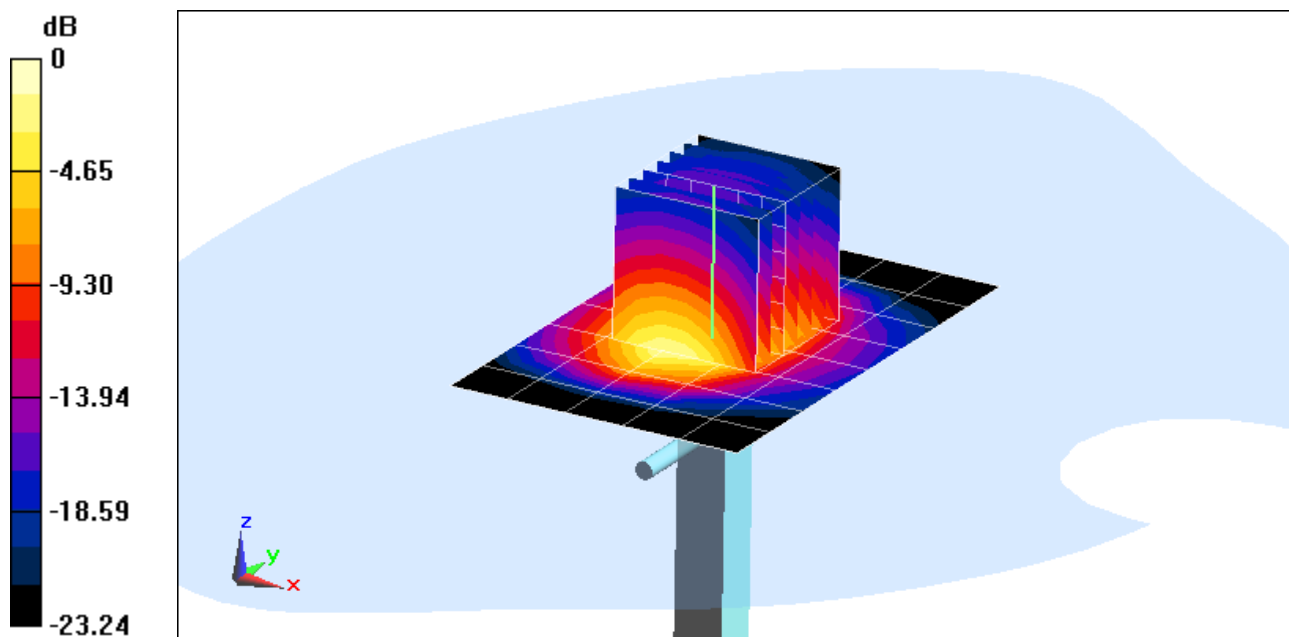
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.90 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.73 W/kg

Deviation = -5.21%



0 dB = 5.84 W/kg = 7.66 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.021 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.017$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 01-06-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.2°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(7.02, 7.02, 7.02); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

2450 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

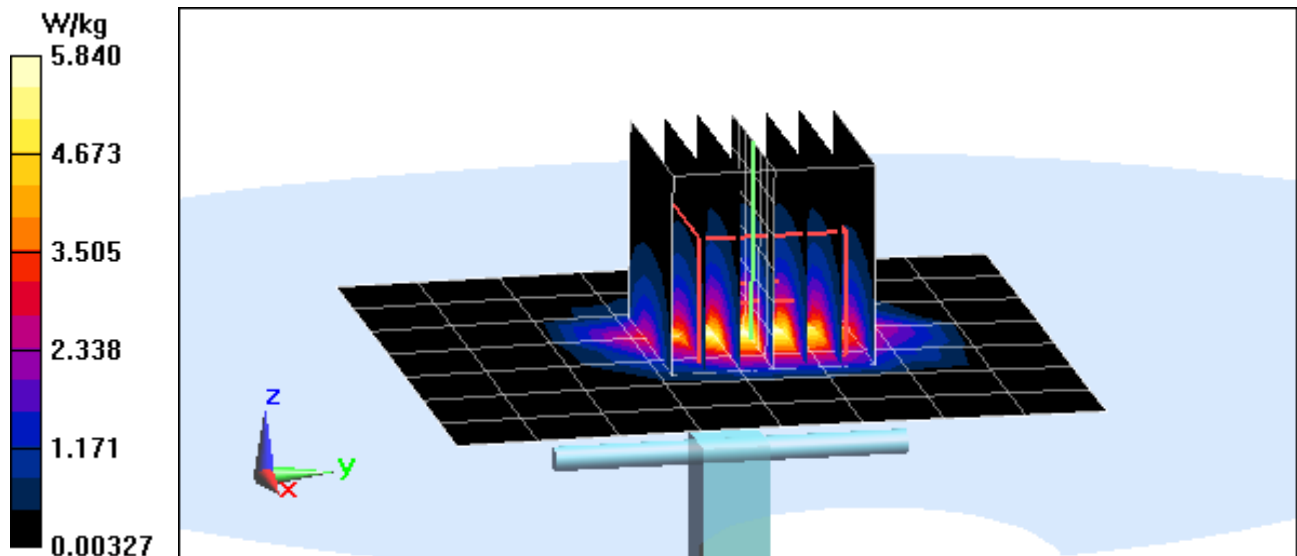
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.02 W/kg

Deviation = 1.21 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.479 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.016$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.5°C; Tissue Temp: 21.9°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.99, 3.99, 3.99); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

5200MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

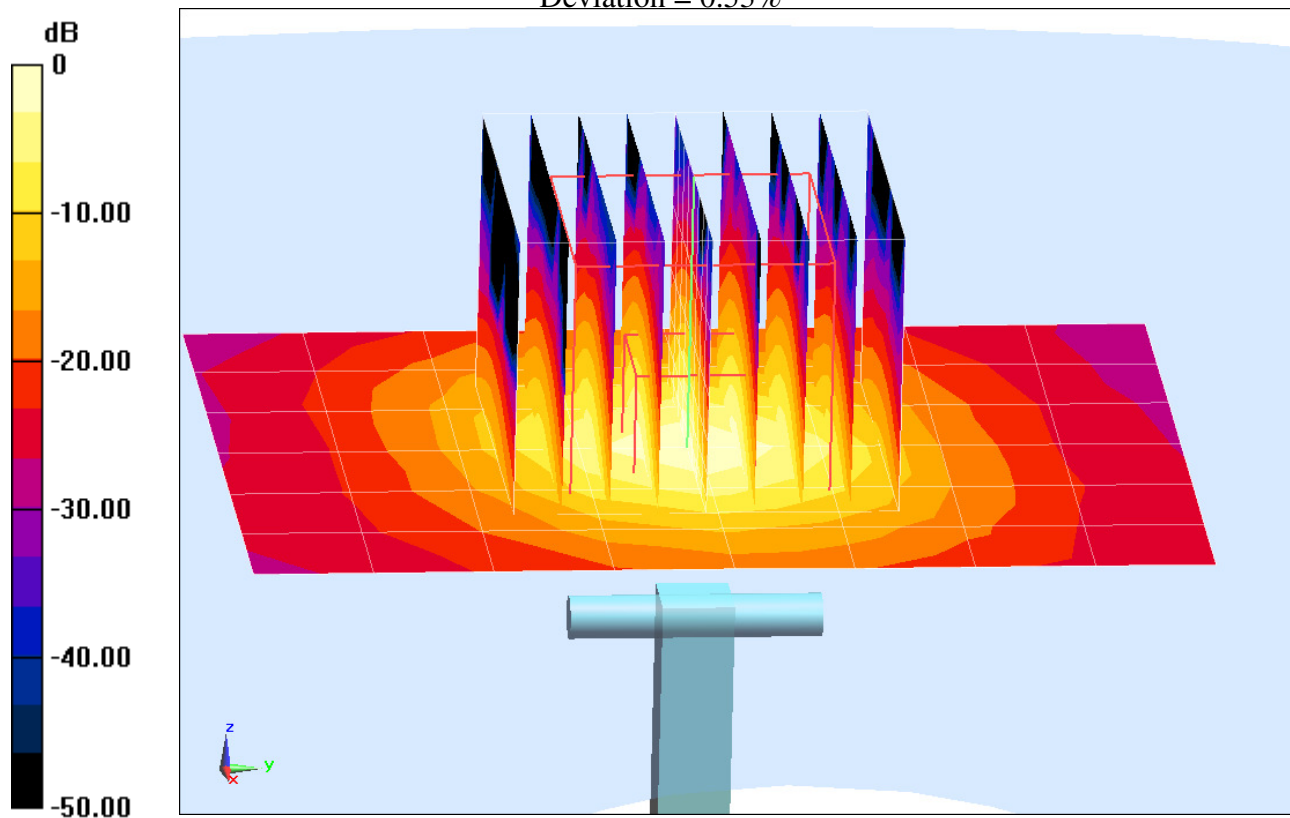
Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.59 W/kg

Deviation = 0.53%



0 dB = 18.5 W/kg = 12.67 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5300 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.615 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.838$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.81, 3.81, 3.81); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

5300MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

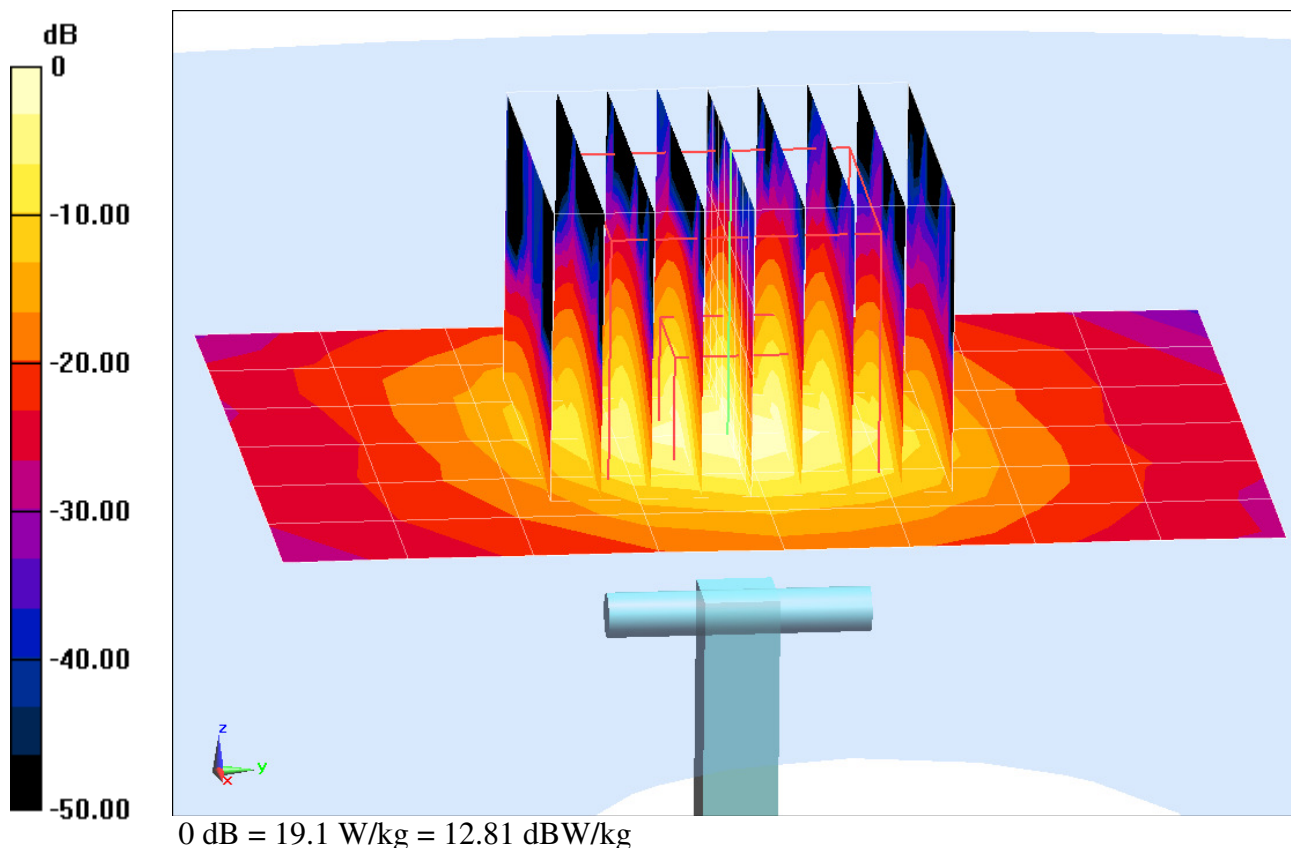
Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.91 W/kg

Deviation = 5.05 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.853 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.511$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.52, 3.52, 3.52); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

5500MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

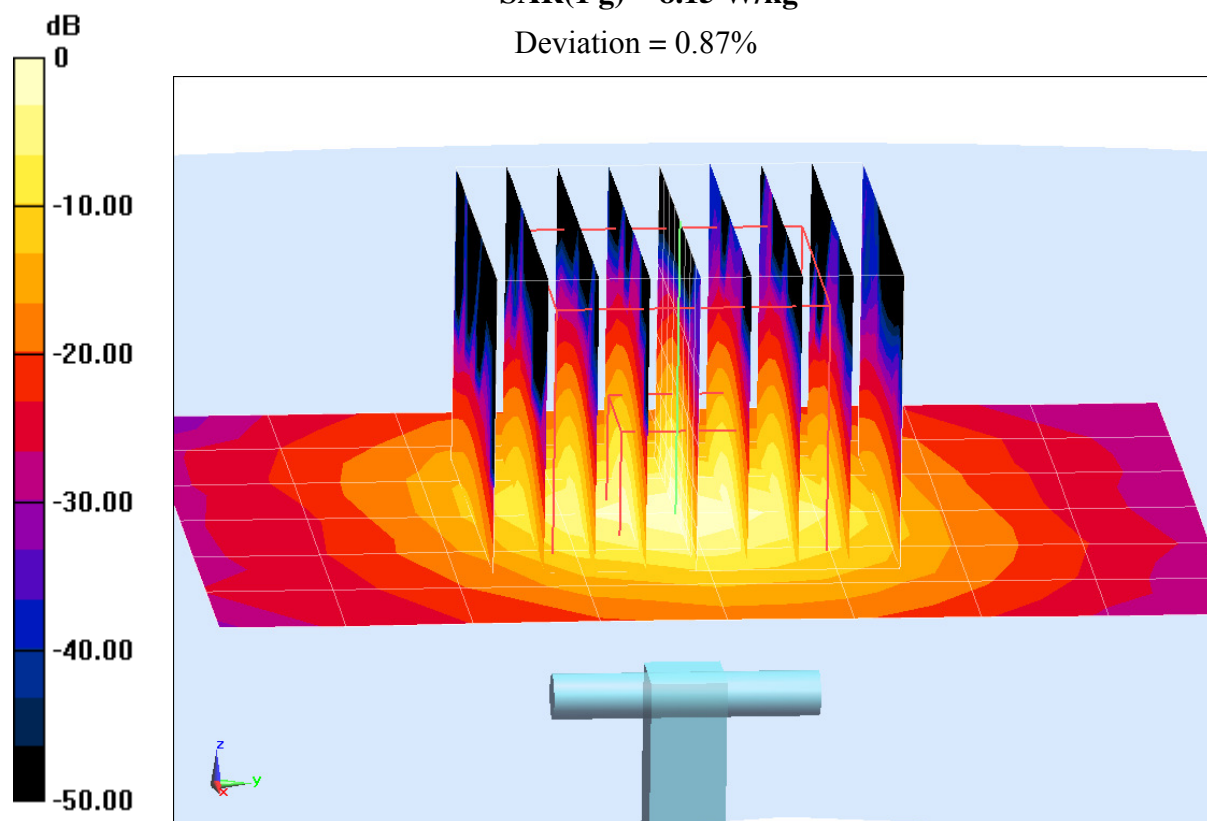
Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.15 W/kg

Deviation = 0.87%



0 dB = 20.2 W/kg = 13.05 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.255 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 45.935$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 12-16-2013; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 21.4°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3589; ConvF(3.66, 3.66, 3.66); Calibrated: 1/17/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/17/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

5800MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio: 1.4

Input Power: 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.39 W/kg

Deviation = -1.60%

