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Regulatory Compliance Group
IT R&D Center

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TEST REPORT ON SAR

Model Tested: GT-S5380B
FCC ID (Requested): A3LGTS5380B
Job No: FI-266
Report No: FI-266-S1

- Abstract -

This document reports on SAR Tests carried out in accordance with FCC/OET
Bulletin 65, Supplement C(June 2001).

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Test Dates : Oct.17, 2011 ~ Oct.20, 2011
Manufacturer : SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS Co., Ltd.
Address : 416 Maetan3-Dong, Suwon City, Korea
Test Standard : §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C(June 2001)
FCC Classification : Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
Digital Transmitter System (DTS)
Tested for : FCC/TCB Certification

2. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

Test Sample : Dual-Band GSM850/1900 and Single-Band WCDMA850
Phone with Bluetooth and WLAN
Model Number : GT-S5380B
Serial Number : Identical prototype (S/N : # FI-266-B)
Tx Freq. Range : 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz (GSM850)
1850.20 ~ 1909.80 MHz (GSM1900)
826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz (WCDMA850)
2412 ~ 2462 MHz (WLAN)
Rx Freq. Range : 869.2 ~ 893.8 MHz (GSM850)
1930.20 ~ 1989.80 MHz (GSM1900)
871.4 ~ 891.6 MHz (WCDMA850)
2412 ~ 2462 MHz (WLAN)
Antenna Manufacturer : Galtronics
Model No.: 02036160-05102
Antenna Dimensions : 53.3*16.4*7.0(mm)
Separation distance between
Main and Bluetooth antenna : 81mm

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3. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

3.1 SAR Measurement Setup

Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 (or DASY5) automated dosimetric assessment system. Which is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, measurement server, Samsung computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Fig. 3.1).

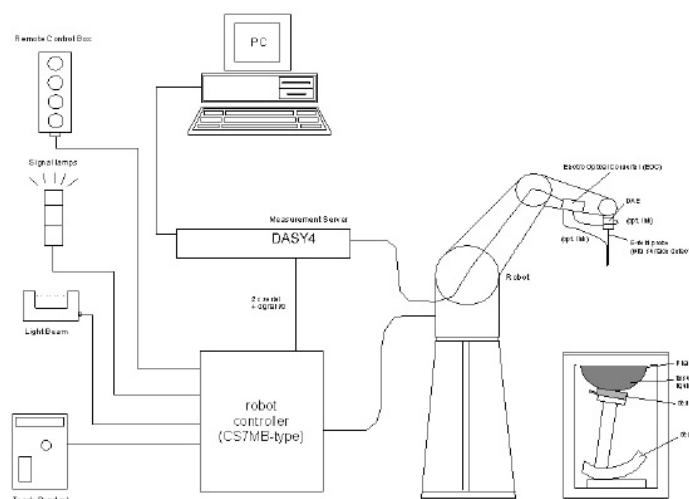


Figure 3.1 SAR Measurement System Setup

System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the Samsung computer with Windows XP system and SAR Measurement Software DASY4 (or DASY5), LCD monitor, mouse and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the measurement server.

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System Electronics

The DAE4(or DAE3) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

3.2 E-field Probe



The SAR measurement were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV2, ES3DV3, EX3DV4 and ET3DV6, designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Fig.3.3) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the maximum using a 2nd order fitting (see Fig.3.2). The approach is

Figure stopped at reaching the maximum.

Probe Specifications

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core
	Interleaved sensors
	Built-in shielding against static charges
	PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	Basic Broad Band Calibration in air: 10-3000 MHz
	Conversion Factors (CF) for HSL 900 and HSL 1800

Additional CF for other liquids and frequencies upon request

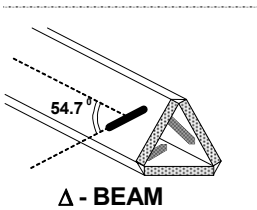


Figure 3.3 Triangular Probe Configuration

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Frequency 10 MHz to > 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)

Directivity **[ES3DV3], [ET3DV6]**
 ± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)
 ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
[EX3DV4]
 ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis)
 ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)

Dynamic Range **[ES3DV3], [ET3DV6]**
 $5\mu\text{W/g}$ to $> 100\text{mW/g}$; Linearity: $\pm 0.2\text{dB}$
[EX3DV4]
 $10\mu\text{W/g}$ to $> 100\text{ mW/g}$; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB

Dimensions **[ES3DV3], [ES3DV2]**
Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm)
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.1 mm
[EX3DV4]
Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm)
Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)
Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
[ET3DV6]
Overall length: 330mm
Tip length: 16mm
Body diameter: 12mm
Tip diameter: 6.8mm
Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7mm



[ES3DV3] ,[ES3DV2]



[EX3DV4]

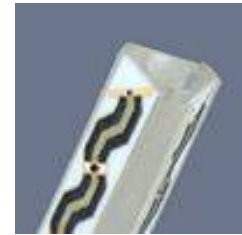
Application **[ES3DV3], [ES3DV2]**

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General dosimetry up to 5 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of mobile phones

[EX3DV4]

High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30 %.



[ET3DV6]

[ET3DV6]

General dosimetry up to 3 GHz
Compliance tests of mobile phones
Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

Optical
Surface
Detection

[ET3DV6]

± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces

3.3 Phantom

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to determine the maximum exposure in at least 90% of all users. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (See Figure 3.5)



Figure3.5 SAM Twin Phantom

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SAM Twin Phantom Specification

Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528-2003, EN 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid.
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Height: 810 mm; Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm

Modular Flat Phantom

The Modular Flat Phantom V5.1 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a wooden table. Also It consists of three identical flat phantoms (modules) which can be installed and removed separately without emptying the liquid, as well as a wooden support.. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. (See Figure 3.6)



Figure 3.6 Modular Flat Phantom

Modular Flat Phantom Specification

Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of IEEE 1528-2003. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of body mounted usage above 800 MHz at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm		
Filling Volume	Approx. 10 liters		
Dimension	Wooden support - Height: 810 mm; Length: 830 mm; Width: 500 mm Each Module - Height:190 mm; Length: 200 mm; width: 300 mm		

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3.4 Brain Simulating Mixture Characterization

The brain mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydroxethylcellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue.

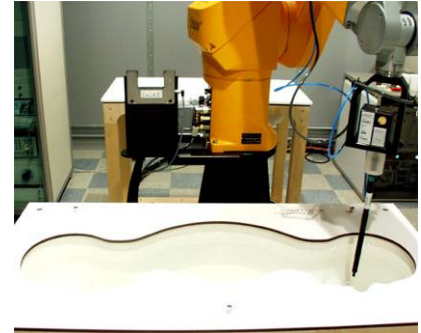


Figure 3.7 Simulated Tissue

Table 3.1 Composition of the Brain Tissue Equivalent Matter

INGREDIENTS	835MHz Brain	835MHz Muscle	1900MHz Brain	1900MHz Muscle	2450MHz Brain	2450MHz Muscle
WATER	40.19%	50.75%	55.24%	70.23%	71.88%	73.4%
SUGAR	57.90%	48.21%	-	-	-	-
SALT	1.48%	0.94%	0.31%	0.29%	0.16%	0.06%
DGBE	-	-	44.45%	29.48%	7.99%	26.54%
Triton X-100	-	-	-	-	19.97%	-
BACTERIACIDE	0.18%	0.10%	-	-	-	-
HEC	0.25%	-	-	-	-	-
Dielectric Constant Target	41.5	55.2	40	53.3	39.2	52.7
Conductivity Target (S/m)	0.9	0.97	1.4	1.52	1.8	1.95

3.5 Device Holder for Transmitters

In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom V4.0, the Mounting Device (see Fig. 3.7) enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter in spherical coordinates whereby the rotation points is

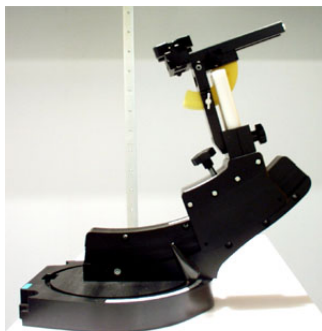


Figure 3.8 Device Holder

the ear opening. The devices can be easily, accurately and repeatedly be positioned according to the EN 50360:2001 and FCC specifications. The device holder can be locked at different phantom locations (left head, right head, flat phantom).

*Note: A simulating human hand is not used due to the complex anatomical and geometrical structure of the hand that may produced infinite number of configuration. To produce worst-case condition (the hand absorbs antenna output power), the hand is omitted during the tests.

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3.6 Validation Dipole

The reference dipole should have a return loss better than -20 dB (measured in the setup) at the resonant frequency to reduce the uncertainty in the power measurement.

Frequency	835, 1900, 2450 MHz
Return Loss	< -20 dB at specified validation position
Dimensions	D835V2: dipole length: 161 mm; overall height: 330 mm D1900V2: dipole length: 68 mm; overall height: 300 mm D2450V2: dipole length: 51.8 mm; overall height: 300 mm

Note:

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 2 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< -20dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibration in KDB 450824

D2450V2 S/N:807	Parameters			
Date of Cal	Return loss (dB)	Deviation (%)	Impedance (Ω)	Deviation (Ω)
2010.02.04	-26.8	0	54.4	0
2011.03.31	-26.6	0.75	50.1	-4.3

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3.7 Equipment Calibration

Table 3.2 Test Equipment Calibration

Type	Calibration Due Date	Serial No.
SPEAG E-Field Probe EX3DV4	May.24, 2012	3537
SPEAG DAE4	Feb.22, 2012	486
SPEAG Validation Dipole D835V2	Feb.23, 2013	4d050
SPEAG Validation Dipole D1900V2	Feb.23, 2013	5d082
SPEAG Validation Dipole D2450V2	Apr.19, 2013	708
Stäubli Robot TX90XL	Not Required	F06/546ZA1/A/01
SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom	Not Required	TP-1425
SPEAG SAM Twin Phantom	Not Required	TP-1457
Modular Phantom	Not Required	MP-1007
E4438C Signal Generator	Jan.26, 2012	MY45094010
NRVD Dual Channel Power Meter	Feb.07, 2012	836416/028
NRV-Z53 Thermal Power Sensor	Feb.07, 2012	835324/001
NRV-Z53 Thermal Power Sensor	Feb.07, 2012	835324/006
E4419B Power Meter	Nov.30, 2011	GB43312299
E9300B Power Sensor	Jan.28, 2012	MY41495557
BBS3Q7ECK Power Amp	Jan.20, 2012	1052
HP-8753ES Network Analyzer	Apr.27, 2012	US39173712
HP85070C Dielectric Probe Kit	Not Required	US99360087
DASY5 S/W (ver 5.0)	Not Required	-
E4440A Spectrum Analyzer	Feb.24, 2012	MY45304704
778D Dual Directional Coupler	May.20, 2012	18862
777D Dual Directional Coupler	Mar.24, 2012	07526
Base Station Simulator	Jan.26, 2012	GB45360270

NOTE:

The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Validation measurement is performed by Samsung Lab. before each test. (see § 7.2) The brain simulating material is calibrated by Samsung using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain-equivalent material. (see § 7.1)

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4. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure.

STEP 1

The SAR measurement was taken at a selected spatial reference point to monitor power variations during testing. This fixed location point was measured and used as a reference value.

STEP 2

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 3.9mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 20mm x 20mm. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

STEP 3

Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

STEP 4

The SAR value at the same location as in step 1 was again measured.

(If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation is repeated.)

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5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

5.1 SAM Phantom Shape

Figure 5.1 shows the front, back and side views of SAM. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5.2.



Figure 5.1 Front, back and side view of SAM

The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 5.3). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line, the thickness of the phantom shell with the shape of an ear is a flat surface 6 mm thick at the ERPs.

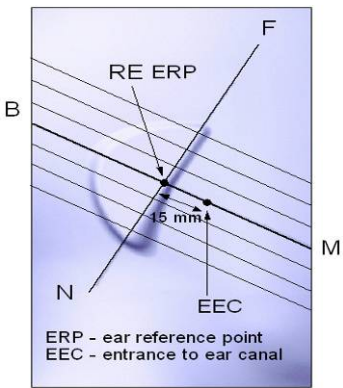


Figure 5.2 Close up side view

5.2 “cheek” Position

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (see Fig. 5.4). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it’s tip and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point

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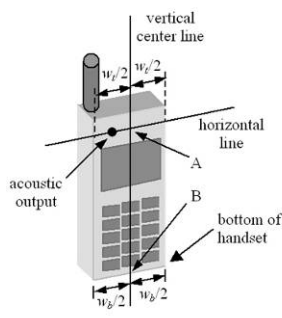


Figure 5.4 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

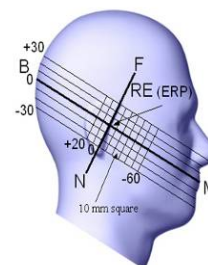
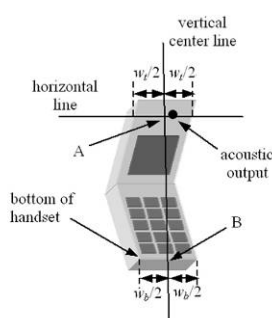


Figure 5.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings

Step 1

The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 5.5), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom

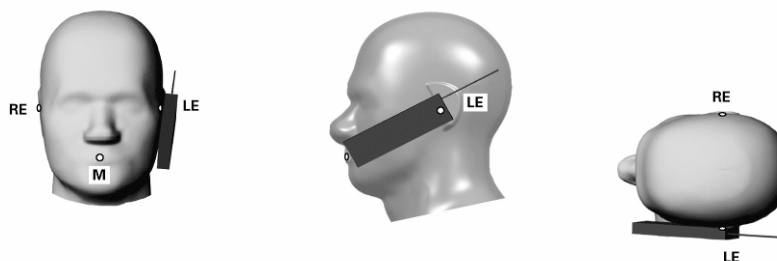


Figure 5.5 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

Step 2

The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.

Step 3

While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).

Step 4

Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.

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Step 5

While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). See Figure 5.2.

5.3 “tilted” Position

With the test device aligned in the “cheek” position :

Step 1

Repeat steps 1 to 5 of 5.2 to place the device in the “Cheek/Touch Position”

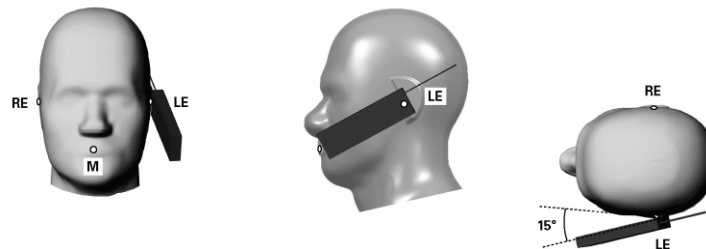


Figure 5.6 Front, side and Top View of Ear/Tilt 15° Position

Step 2

While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.

Step 3

The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.

Step 4

While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head.

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5.4 Body Configurations for Single TX SAR considerations

5.4.1 SAR Test Configurations

Mode	Back	Front	Side A	Side B	Side C	Side D
GPRS850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
GPRS1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
WIFI	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

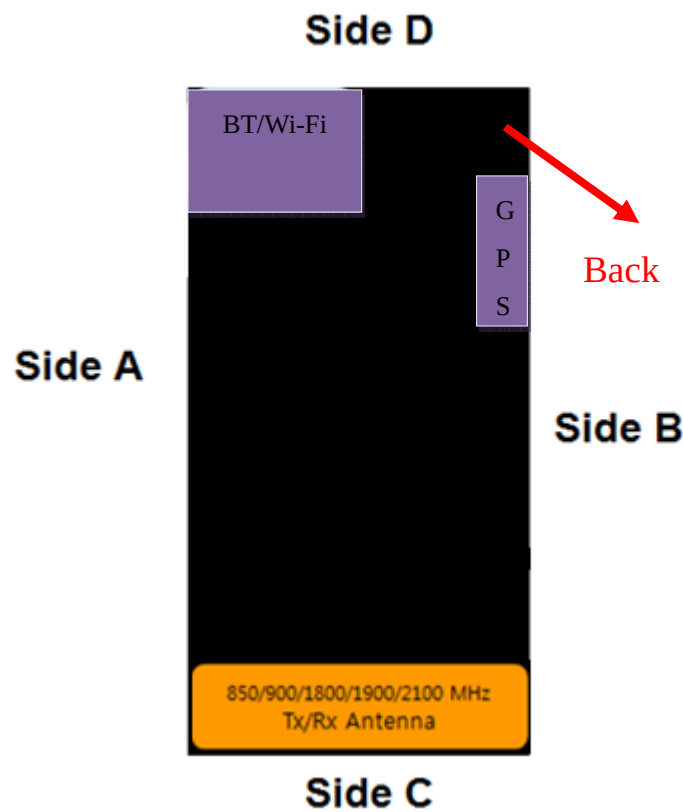


Figure 5.7 Identification of Sides for SAR Testing

Note : Per Oct 2010 TCB FCC Workshop, the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR. See Figure 5.8 distances of the actual device.

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5.4.2 Transmit Antenna Separation Distances

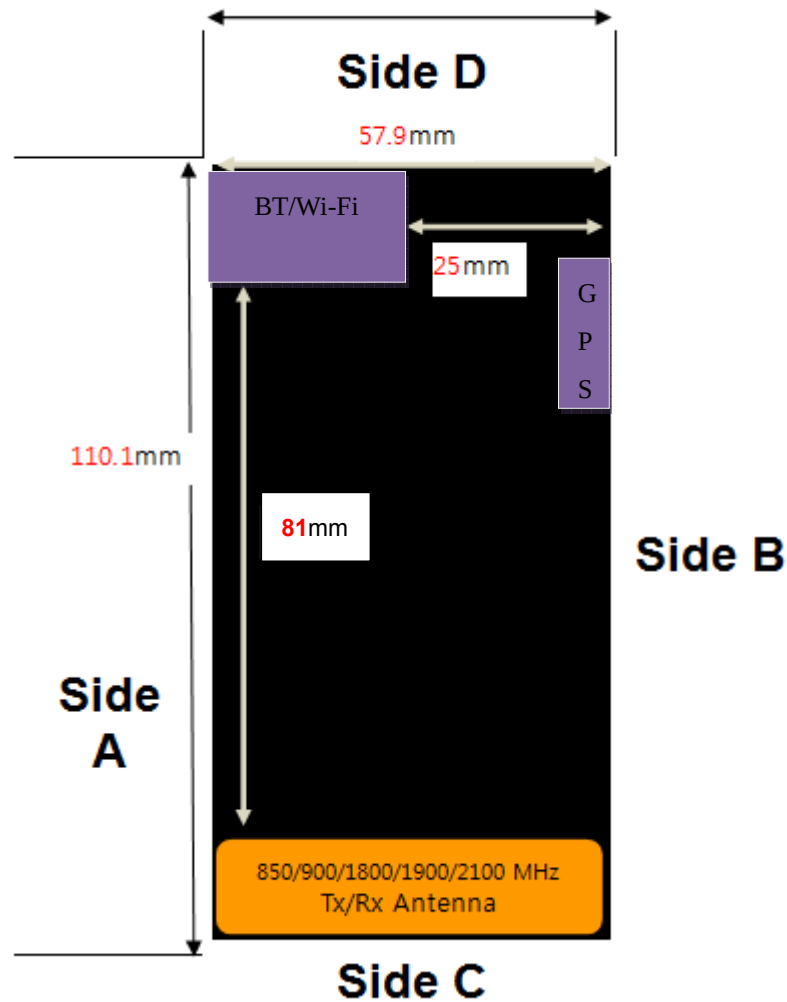


Figure 5.8 Antenna Locations, as viewed from back of device

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6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 Uncertainty Budget at 835MHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i	Standard uncertainty (±%)	v _i ² or v _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	11.00	normal	2.000	1	5.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	rectangular	1.732	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	rectangular	1.732	0.7	3.88	∞
Linearity	4.70	rectangular	1.732	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	rectangular	1.732	1	0.14	∞
Boundary effects	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	0.30	normal	1.000	1	0.30	∞
Response time	0.80	rectangular	1.732	1	0.46	∞
RF ambient conditions	3.00	rectangular	1.732	1	1.73	∞
Integration time	1.73	rectangular	1.732	1	1.00	∞
Mechanical constrains of robot	1.50	rectangular	1.732	1	0.87	∞
Probe positioning	2.90	rectangular	1.732	1	1.67	∞
Extrapolation and integration	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample positioning	1.12	normal	1.000	1	1.12	14
Device holded uncertainty	3.44	normal	1.000	1	3.44	∞
Power Drift	5.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Modular Phantom uncertainty	5.62	normal	1.000	1	5.62	2
Phantom uncertainty	4.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid conductivity (measurement error)	0.38	normal	1.000	0.64	0.24	∞
Liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid permittivity (measurement error)	5.44	normal	1.000	0.6	3.26	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Normal	-	-	11.84	172776
Extended Standard Uncertainty(K=2.00)					23.69	172776

Table 6.2 Uncertainty Budget at 1900MHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i	Standard uncertainty (±%)	v _i ² or v _{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	11.00	normal	2.000	1	5.50	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	rectangular	1.732	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	rectangular	1.732	0.7	3.88	∞
Linearity	4.70	rectangular	1.732	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	rectangular	1.732	1	0.14	∞
Boundary effects	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	0.30	normal	1.000	1	0.30	∞
Response time	0.80	rectangular	1.732	1	0.46	∞
RF ambient conditions	3.00	rectangular	1.732	1	1.73	∞
Integration time	0.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.00	∞
Mechanical constrains of robot	1.50	rectangular	1.732	1	0.87	∞
Probe positioning	2.90	rectangular	1.732	1	1.67	∞
Extrapolation and integration	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample positioning	1.50	normal	1.000	1	1.50	14
Device holded uncertainty	3.44	normal	1.000	1	3.44	∞
Power Drift	5.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Modular Phantom uncertainty	6.02	normal	1.000	1	6.02	2
Phantom uncertainty	4.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid conductivity (measurement error)	1.84	normal	1.000	0.64	1.18	∞
Liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid permittivity (measurement error)	4.54	normal	1.000	0.6	2.73	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Normal	-	-	12.00	60176
Extended Standard Uncertainty(K=2.00)					24.00	60176

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Table 6.3 Uncertainty Budget at 2450MHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i	Standard uncertainty (±%)	v_i^2 or v_{eff}
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	11.00	normal	2.000	1	5.00	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	rectangular	1.732	0.7	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	rectangular	1.732	0.7	3.88	∞
Linearity	4.70	rectangular	1.732	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	rectangular	1.732	1	0.14	∞
Boundary effects	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Readout electronics	0.30	normal	1.000	1	0.30	∞
Response time	0.80	rectangular	1.732	1	0.46	∞
RF ambient conditions	3.00	rectangular	1.732	1	1.73	∞
Integration time	0.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.00	∞
Mechanical constrains of robot	1.50	rectangular	1.732	1	0.87	∞
Probe positioning	2.90	rectangular	1.732	1	1.67	∞
Extrapolation and integration	1.00	rectangular	1.732	1	0.58	∞
Test Sample Related						
Test Sample positioning	4.22	normal	1.000	1	4.22	14
Device holded uncertainty	3.44	normal	1.000	1	3.44	∞
Power Drift	5.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.89	∞
Phantom and Setup						
Modular Phantom uncertainty	2.32	Normal	1.0001	1	2.32	2
Phantom uncertainty	4.00	rectangular	1.732	1	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid conductivity (measurement error)	2.04	normal	1.000	0.64	1.30	∞
Liquid permittivity (deviation from target)	5.00	rectangular	1.732	0.6	1.73	∞
Liquid permittivity (measurement error)	4.27	normal	1.000	0.6	2.56	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Normal	-	-	11.32	728
Extended Standard Uncertainty(K=2.00)					22.64	728

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7. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

7.1 Tissue Verification

Table 7.1 MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS

	835MHz Head		835MHz Body		1900MHz Head		1900MHz Body		2450MHz Head		2450MHz Body	
	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	Target	Measured
Date	Oct.17,2011		Oct.17,2011		Oct.20,2011		Oct.20,2011		Oct.17,2011		Oct.17,2011	
Liquid Temperature(°C)	225		222		220		223		225		223	
Dielectric Constant: ϵ'	415	422	552	542	40	41	53.3	54.4	39.2	38.1	52.7	54.1
Conductivity:	0.9	0.9	0.97	0.99	1.4	1.37	1.52	1.5	1.8	1.82	1.95	2.01
Tissue Batch Number	835DF4001D		835B1001R		1900F4001P		1900B2002I		2450MF4002B		2450B1001U	

The measured value must be within $\pm 5\%$ of the target value.

7.2 Test System Validation

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specification at 835MHz, 1900MHz and 2450MHz by using the system validation kit(s). (see Appendix D, Graphic Plot Attached)

Table 7.2 System Validation Results

System Validation Kit	Tissue	Targeted SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Measured SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Normalized SAR _{1g} (mW/g)	Deviation (%)	Date	Liquid Temperature(°C)	Ambient Temperature(°C)	Input Power (mW)
4d050	835MHz Brain	9.61	0.922	9.22	-4.06	Oct.17, 2011	22.5	22.9	100
4d050	835MHz Body	10.0	0.984	9.84	-1.60	Oct.17, 2011	22.2	22.7	100
5d082	1900MHz Brain	41.4	3.97	39.7	-4.11	Oct.20, 2011	22.0	22.5	100
5d082	1900MHz Body	40.7	4.12	41.2	1.23	Oct.20, 2011	22.3	22.6	100
807	2450MHz Brain	54.4	5.72	57.2	5.15	Oct.17, 2011	22.5	22.7	100
807	2450MHz Body	51.1	5.31	53.1	3.91	Oct.17, 2011	22.3	22.7	100

*Validation was measured with input power 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

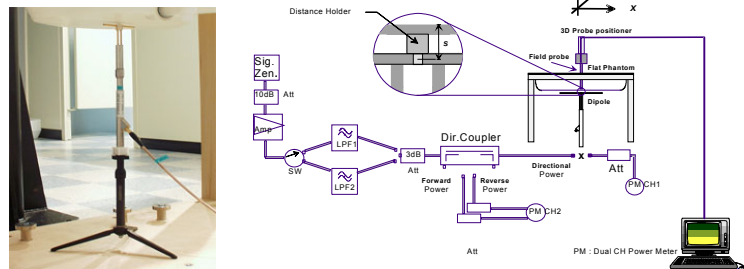


Figure 7.1 Dipole Validation Test Setup

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8. SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Procedures Used To Establish Test Signal

The handset was placed into simulated call mode using base station simulator. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. When test modes are not available or inappropriate for testing a handset, the actual transmission is activated through a base station simulator or similar equipment. See data pages for actual procedure used in measurement.

SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s". Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes) should be tabulated in the test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations should be clearly identified.

Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in 12.2kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that RF channel in 12.2 RMC.

Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR for other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn, when supported by the DUT, are not required when the maximum average outputs of each RF channel, for each spreading code and DPDCHn configuration, are less than ¼ dB higher than those measured in

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12.2 RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel with an applicable RMC configuration for the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR with 12.2 RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the DUT, it may be necessary to configure the additional DPDCHn for the DUT using FTM(Factory Test Mode) with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC.

Handsets with HSDPA

Body SAR is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is 75% of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel.

Table 8.1 Max. Power Output Table for GT-S5380B

Operation Band Channel	Channel	12.2 Kbps RMC		12.2 Kbps AMR
		HSDPA Inactive	HSDPA Active	
WCDMA850 [dBm]	4132	22.18	22.42	22.25
	4183	21.99	22.12	22.02
	4233	21.93	21.97	21.95

	HSDPA	4132	4183	4233	MPR
WCDMA 850 (dBm)	Subtest1	22.25	22.02	21.95	0.0
	Subtest2	22.23	22.04	22	0.0
	Subtest3	21.59	21.47	21.52	0.5
	Subtest4	21.34	21.27	21.3	0.5

Device Test Conditions

The handset is battery operated. Each SAR measurement was taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested at full power, conducted output power measurements were performed before and after each SAR measurement to confirm the output power. If a conducted power deviation of more than 5% occurred, the test was repeated. And all Tx(1~4Tx) conducted power were also investigated for Body-Worn SAR Measurement

Table 8.2 GPRS Power Table for GT-S5380B

Band	Channel	Voice	1Tx	2Tx	3Tx	4Tx
850 [dBm]	128	32.33	32.31	30.76	28.73	26.81
	190	32.45	32.41	30.87	28.91	26.99
	251	32.17	32.12	30.66	28.67	26.71
1900 [dBm]	512	29.24	29.3	27.64	25.78	23.68
	661	29.51	29.5	27.93	26.03	24.01
	810	29.51	29.5	27.91	26.04	24.03

Table 8.3 Calculated Frame-Averaged Output Power Table for GT-S5380B

Band	Channel	Voice	1Tx	2Tx	3Tx	4Tx
850 [dBm]	128	23.30	23.28	24.74	24.47	23.80
	190	23.42	23.38	24.85	24.65	23.98
	251	23.14	23.09	24.64	24.41	23.70
1900 [dBm]	512	20.21	20.27	21.62	21.52	20.67
	661	20.48	20.47	21.91	21.77	21.00
	810	20.48	20.47	21.89	21.78	21.02

Note:

Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. The bolded GPRS modes were selected according to the highest frame-averaged output power table per KDB Publication 941225 D03.

The conducted Power of GPRS (GMSK) were measured with CS1

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GSM Class : B

GPRS Multislot Class : 12 (max 4 Tx Uplink slots)

DTM Multislot Class : N/A

EDGE Multislot Class : RX only

*The calculated frame averaged output powers are derived from GPRS power table with time averaging. To average output power, subtract 10*log(Num of Tx slot) from GPRS power.

Table 8.4 802.11n Conducted Output Power

Mode	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Data rate (Mbps)	Attenuator + Cable offset (dB)	Average power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Result (dB m)
OFDM (802.11n)	2 412	Low	MCS0	20.65	11.05	<u>21.89</u>
			MCS1		10.48	21.83
			MCS2		10.08	21.74
			MCS3		9.78	21.61
			MCS4		9.09	21.58
			MCS5		8.57	21.46
			MCS6		8.39	21.74
			MCS7		8.16	21.63
	2 437	Middle	MCS0		11.23	<u>21.85</u>
			MCS1		10.76	21.79
			MCS2		10.33	21.51
			MCS3		9.94	21.53
			MCS4		9.39	21.49
			MCS5		8.82	21.38
			MCS6		8.54	21.72
			MCS7		8.36	21.60
	2 462	High	MCS0		11.54	<u>21.69</u>
			MCS1		11.03	21.65
			MCS2		10.62	21.47
			MCS3		10.24	21.53
			MCS4		9.58	21.42
			MCS5		9.06	21.26
			MCS6		8.85	21.52
			MCS7		8.63	21.44

Table 8.4 802.11b and 802.11g Conducted Output Power

Mode	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Data rate (Mbps)	Attenuator + Cable offset (dB)	Average power Result (dB m)	Peak Power Result (dB m)
DSSS (802.11b)	2 412	Low	1	20.65	13.99	<u>16.66</u>
			2		13.86	16.63
			5.5		13.76	16.64
			11		13.31	16.58
	2 437	Middle	1		14.22	<u>16.56</u>
			2		14.14	16.53
			5.5		13.97	16.46
			11		13.58	16.51
	2 462	High	1		14.38	<u>16.47</u>
			2		14.28	16.46
			5.5		14.15	16.45
			11		13.71	16.46
OFDM (802.11g)	2 412	Low	6	20.65	12.19	<u>22.75</u>
			9		11.89	22.53
			12		11.68	22.20
			18		11.16	22.18
			24		10.88	22.15
			36		10.23	22.37
			48		9.58	22.20
			54		9.41	22.15
	2 437	Middle	6		12.42	<u>22.73</u>
			9		12.13	22.56
			12		11.88	22.21
			18		11.47	22.32
			24		11.08	22.25
			36		10.36	22.41
			48		9.88	22.18
			54		9.68	22.07
	2 462	High	6		12.42	<u>22.47</u>
			9		12.18	22.26
			12		11.91	21.96
			18		11.53	22.05
			24		11.10	21.99
			36		10.45	22.18
			48		9.92	22.03
			54		9.67	21.83

Simultaneous Transmission

Refer to the FCC OET document, 'SAR Evaluation Considerations for Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas' (Feb 2008)

Table 8.5 Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P Ref	12	6	5	mW
Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table				

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Table 8.8 Summary of SAR Evaluation Requirements for Cell phones with Multiple Transmitters

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	<u>Routine evaluation required</u>	SAR not required: <u>Unlicensed only</u> - o when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is > 5 cm from other antennas <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> - o when the sum of the 1-g SAR is <1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas - o when SAR to antenna separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3 SAR required: <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> antenna pairs with SAR to antenna separation ratio ≥ 0.3; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in standalone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply
Unlicensed Transmitters	When there is no simultaneous transmission – - o output < 60/f: SAR not required - o output $\geq 60/f$: stand-alone SAR required When there is simultaneous transmission – <u>Stand-alone SAR not required when</u> - o output $\leq 2.P_{Ref}$ and antenna is > 5.0 cm from other antennas - o output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from other antennas - o output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power $\leq P_{Ref}$ or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg <u>Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required</u> When stand-alone SAR is required - o test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition - o if SAR for highest output channel is > 50% of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures	

Table 8.9 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Held to Ear Voice Call

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM850 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM1900 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.361	0.107	0.468	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.637	0.107	0.744
	Right Tilt	0.239	0.089	0.328		Right Tilt	0.288	0.089	0.377
	Left Cheek	0.485	0.268	0.753		Left Cheek	0.719	0.268	0.987
	Left Tilt	0.253	0.143	0.396		Left Tilt	0.230	0.143	0.373
Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA850 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)					
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.197	0.107	0.304					
	Right Tilt	0.117	0.089	0.206					
	Left Cheek	0.245	0.268	0.513					
	Left Tilt	0.124	0.143	0.267					

Table 8.10 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for 2G/3G Data and WIFI(Body-Worn)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)
Back	GPRS850 SAR(W/Kg)	1.07	0.219	1.289
	GPRS1900 SAR(W/Kg)	0.579	0.219	0.798
	WCDMA850 SAR(W/Kg)	0.312	0.219	0.531

Table 8.11 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for 2G/3G Data and WIFI(Hotspot)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS850 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS1900 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)
Body SAR	Back	1.07	0.219	1.289	Body SAR	Back	0.579	0.219	0.798
	Front	0.569	0.025	0.594		Front	0.738	0.025	0.763
	SideA	0.335	0.029	0.364		SideA	0.134	0.029	0.163
	SideB	0.524	0.0057	0.5297		SideB	0.247	0.0057	0.2527
	SideC	0.025	-	0.025		SideC	0.593	-	0.593
	SideD	-	0.110	0.110		SideD	-	0.110	0.110
Simult Tx	Configuration	WCDMA850 SAR(W/Kg)	WIFI SAR (W/Kg)	Σ SAR (W/Kg)					
Body SAR	Back	0.312	0.219	0.531					
	Front	0.190	0.025	0.215					
	SideA	0.089	0.029	0.118					
	SideB	0.213	0.0057	0.2187					
	SideC	0.089	-	0.089					
	SideD	-	0.110	0.110					

Multiple Antenna/Transmission Information for GT-S5380B

The separation between the main antenna and the Bluetooth and WLAN antennas is 81mm.

RF Conducted Power of Bluetooth Tx is 4.22 dBm.

RF Conducted Power of WLAN is 14.38 dBm.

Conclusion

The above tables represent the worst-case simultaneous transmission scenarios possible with this device. The above numerical summed SAR was below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. Therefore, no volumetric SAR summation is required since the numerical sums are below the limit

Based on the output power, antenna separation distance, and Body SAR, a stand-alone BT SAR test is not required. The summation of BT SAR and Licensed Transmitter SAR is $1.07 + 0 = 1.07$, which is less than 1.6 W/Kg, therefore, a simultaneous SAR evaluation is not required.

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8.1 GSM850 Head SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Side	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End						
836.6	190	GSM850	32431	32.45	Right	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.025	0.361
836.6	190	GSM850	32.49	32.41	Right	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.069	0.239
836.6	190	GSM850	32.41	32.47	Left	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.149	0.485
836.6	190	GSM850	32.48	32.45	Left	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.024	0.253
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
2. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
3. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2cm
4. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
5. Test Configuration ☐ Manu. Test Codes ☒ Base Station Simulator
6. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

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8.2 GPRS850 Body SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Separation Distance	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Tx GPRS Slots	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End							
824.2	128	GPRS850	30.77	30.71	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	2	0.108	0.892
836.6	190	GPRS850	30.85	30.80	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	2	0.104	1.07
848.8	251	GPRS850	30.61	30.58	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	2	0.121	0.956
836.6	190	GPRS850	28.95	28.94	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	3	0.171	1.01
836.6	190	GPRS850	26.81	26.81	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	4	-0.093	0.814
836.6	190	GPRS850	30.81	30.83	1.0 cm	Front	Intenna	Standard	2	-0.130	0.569
836.6	190	GPRS850	30.86	30.84	1.0 cm	SideA	Intenna	Standard	2	0.032	0.335
836.6	190	GPRS850	30.87	30.84	1.0 cm	SideB	Intenna	Standard	2	-0.067	0.524
836.6	190	GPRS850	30.82	30.83	1.0 cm	SideC	Intenna	Standard	2	0.047	0.025
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is $15.2 \pm 0.2\text{cm}$
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration ☐ Manu. Test Codes ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: This model supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) So the burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM850 mode. Hence, the GSM850 mode was not measured.
- Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- Body SAR was tested at 1cm distance because battery operated personal wireless routers(hotspots) enable multiple Wi-Fi connections, per KDB 941225 D06. But position 'SideD' was not tested because antenna distance was $>2.5\text{cm}$.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to additionally test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation. Therefore, the hotspot data for the back side configuration additionally shows body-worn compliance.
- During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission with WIFI) was not activated.

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8.3 GSM1900 Head SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Side	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End						
1880	661	GSM1900	29.49	29.47	Right	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	-0.014	0.637
1880	661	GSM1900	29.45	29.43	Right	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	-0.094	0.288
1880	661	GSM1900	29.51	29.53	Left	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.164	0.719
1880	661	GSM1900	29.46	29.51	Left	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.045	0.230
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
2. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
3. Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2cm
4. Battery is fully charged for all readings.
5. Test Configuration ☐ Manu. Test Codes ☒ Base Station Simulator
6. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).

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8.4 GPRS1900 Body SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Separation Distance	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Tx GPRS Slots	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End							
1880	661	GPRS1900	27.94	27.91	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	2	-0.035	0.579
1880	661	GPRS1900	25.93	26.02	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	3	-0.115	0.537
1880	661	GPRS1900	24.03	24.00	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	4	-0.095	0.429
1880	661	GPRS1900	27.86	27.88	1.0 cm	Front	Intenna	Standard	2	0.167	0.738
1880	661	GPRS1900	27.92	27.91	1.0 cm	SideA	Intenna	Standard	2	0.079	0.134
1880	661	GPRS1900	27.99	27.94	1.0 cm	SideB	Intenna	Standard	2	0.047	0.247
1880	661	GPRS1900	27.90	27.99	1.0 cm	SideC	Intenna	Standard	2	-0.108	0.593
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is $15.2 \pm 0.2\text{cm}$
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration ☐ Manu. Test Codes ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: This model supports GPRS CLASS "12" (4Tx) So the burst power and timing period is more than 2dB higher in GPRS mode than in GSM1900 mode. Hence, the GSM1900 mode was not measured.
- Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- Body SAR was tested at 1cm distance because battery operated personal wireless routers(hotspots) enable multiple Wi-Fi connections, per KDB 941225 D06. But position 'SideD' was not tested because antenna distance was $>2.5\text{cm}$.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to additionally test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation. Therefore, the hotspot data for the back side configuration additionally shows body-worn compliance.
- During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission with WIFI) was not activated.

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8.5 WCDMA850 Head SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted Power		Side	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End						
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.05	22.01	Right	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.067	0.197
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.01	22.08	Right	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.097	0.117
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.03	22.05	Left	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	0.108	0.245
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.01	22.04	Left	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	0.158	0.124
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration ☐ Manu. Test Codes ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01.

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8.6 WCDMA850 Body SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted Power		Separation Distance	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End						
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.07	21.95	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	0.122	0.312
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	21.91	21.92	1.0 cm	Front	Intenna	Standard	0.100	0.190
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.09	22.08	1.0 cm	SideA	Intenna	Standard	0.036	0.089
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	22.02	22.01	1.0 cm	SideB	Intenna	Standard	-0.00336	0.213
836.6	4183	WCDMA850	21.90	22.00	1.0 cm	SideC	Intenna	Standard	-0.017	0.089
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration ☐ Manu. Test Codes ☒ Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June, 2001), if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- Body SAR was tested at 1cm distance because battery operated personal wireless routers(hotspots) enable multiple Wi-Fi connections, per KDB 941225 D06. But position 'SideD' was not tested because antenna distance was >2.5cm.
- WCDMA mode was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSDPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01. HSDPA SAR was not required since the average output of the HSDPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/Kg.
- During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission with WIFI) was not activated.

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8.7 WLAN Head SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Side	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Data Rate (Mbps)	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End							
2462	11	WLAN	14.29	14.24	Right	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	1	0.142	0.107
2462	11	WLAN	14.21	14.26	Right	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	1	0.176	0.089
2462	11	WLAN	14.28	14.21	Left	Cheek/Touch	Intenna	Standard	1	-0.021	0.268
2462	11	WLAN	14.24	14.25	Left	Ear/Tilt 15°	Intenna	Standard	1	-0.015	0.143
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is 15.2 ± 0.2 cm
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration ☒ Manu. Test Codes ☐ Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11b mode.
- WLAN Transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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8.8 WLAN Body SAR Results

Frequency		Mode	Conducted		Separation Distance	Test Position	Antenna Type	Battery	Data Rate (Mbps)	Drift (dB)	SAR Level (W/kg)
MHz	Ch		Start	End							
2462	11	WLAN	14.28	14.21	1.0 cm	Back	Intenna	Standard	1	-0.114	0.219
2462	11	WLAN	14.21	14.25	1.0 cm	Front	Intenna	Standard	1	-0.150	0.025
2462	11	WLAN	14.24	14.25	1.0 cm	SideA	Intenna	Standard	1	0.039	0.029
2462	11	WLAN	14.22	14.28	1.0 cm	SideB	Intenna	Standard	1	0.093	0.0057
2462	11	WLAN	14.20	14.24	1.0 cm	SideD	Intenna	Standard	1	0.044	0.110
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure / General Population						1.6W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

NOTES:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used are according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supp.C [June 2001].
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plot.
- Liquid tissue depth is $15.2 \pm 0.2\text{cm}$
- Battery is fully charged for all readings.
- Test Configuration ☒ Manu. Test Codes ☐ Base Station Simulator
- Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11b mode.
- Body SAR was tested at 1cm distance because battery operated personal wireless routers(hotspots) enable multiple Wi-Fi connections, per KDB 941225 D06. But position 'SideC' was not tested because antenna distance was $>2.5\text{cm}$.
- Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to additionally test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation. Therefore, the hotspot data for the back side configuration additionally shows body-worn compliance.
- During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission with WIFI) was not activated.
- WLAN Transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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9. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

The highest reported SAR values are as follows:

GSM850: Head: 0.485W/Kg : Body-worn: 1.07W/Kg : Hotspot: 1.07W/Kg

GSM1900: Head: 0.719W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.579W/Kg : Hotspot: 0.738W/Kg

WCDMA850: Head: 0.245W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.312W/Kg : Hotspot: 0.312W/Kg

WLAN: Head: 0.268W/Kg : Body-worn: 0.219W/Kg : Hotspot: 0.219W/Kg

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- [35] FCC SAR Test Considerations for LTE Handsets and Data Modems, KDB Publication 941225
- [36] IEC 62209-2, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz), Mar. 2010.
- [37] FCC Hot Spot SAR v01, KDB Publication 941225 D06.

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APPENDIX A

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. A.1).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{p dv} \right)$$

Figure A.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / p$$

Where :

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
- p = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

Note: The primary factors that control rate or energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

APPENDIX B

Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in **K. Pokovic, T.Schmid, N. Kuster, *Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies*, ICECOM97, Oct. 1997, pp. 120-124** with an accuracy better than +/-10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in **K. Pokovic, T.Schmid, N. Kuster, *E-field Probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids*, Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, June 23-25, 1996, pp. 172-175** and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz (see Fig. B.1), and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe (see Fig. B.2).

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{p}$$

where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds)

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle).

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E-field;

where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity

p = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

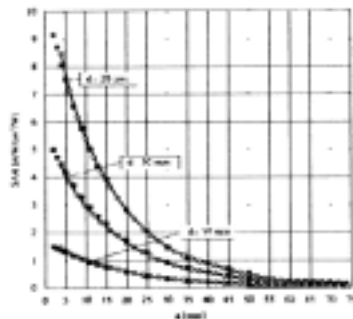


Figure B.1. E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz

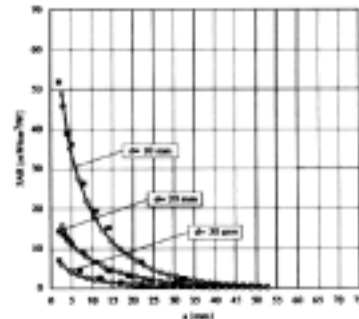


Figure B.2. E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz

APPENDIX C

ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table C.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

APPENDIX D

The Validation Measurements

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: 4d050

Program Name: 835MHz Dipole Validation 2011.10.17

Procedure Name: 835MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.9 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

835MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.983 mW/g

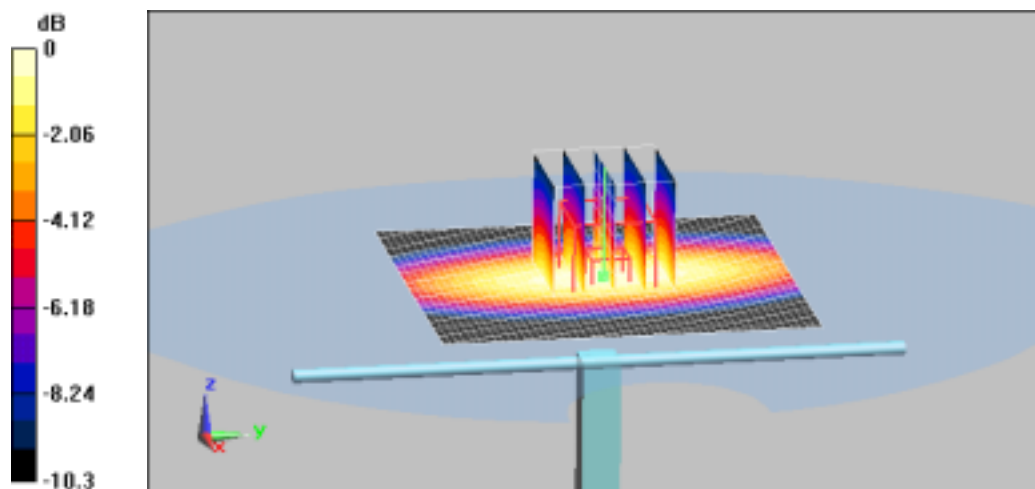
835MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$,
 $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 32.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.922 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.611 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.992 mW/g



0 dB = 0.992mW/g

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: 4d050

Program Name: 835MHz Dipole Validation 2011.10.17

Procedure Name: 835MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

835MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 mW/g

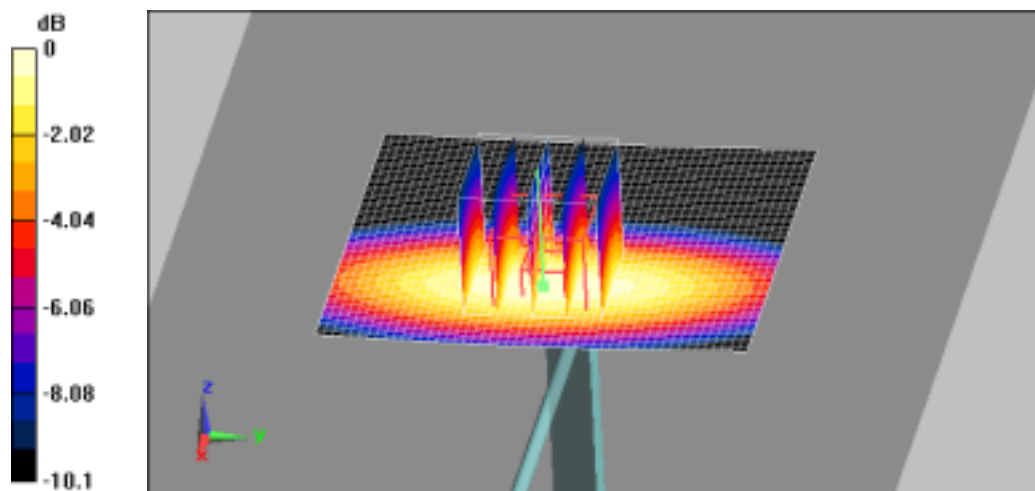
835MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.186 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.984 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.653 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 mW/g



0 dB = 1.06mW/g

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d082

Program Name: 1900MHz Dipole Validation 2011.10.20

Procedure Name: 1900MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

1900MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.44 mW/g

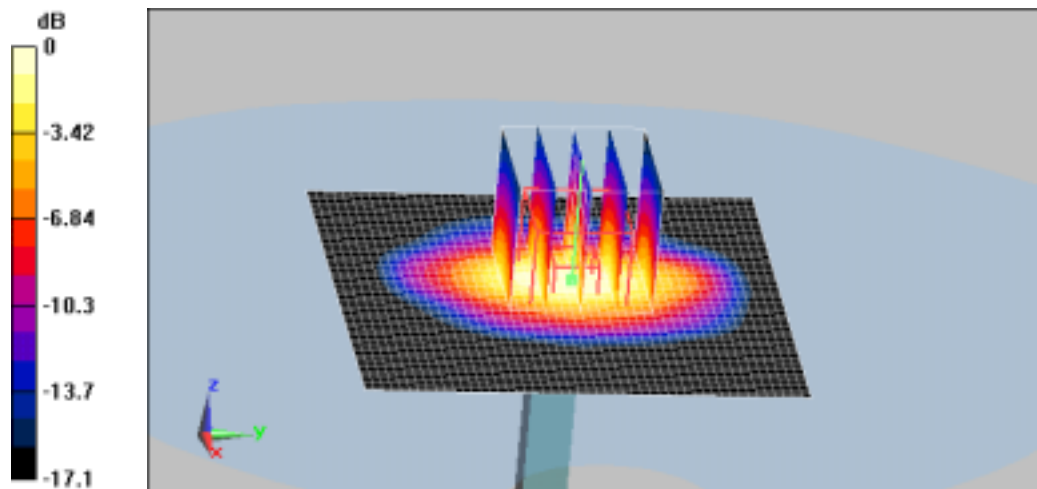
1900MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.97 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.1 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.41 mW/g



0 dB = 4.41mW/g

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d023

Program Name: 1900MHz Dipole Validation 2011.10.20

Procedure Name: 1900MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

1900MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.15 mW/g

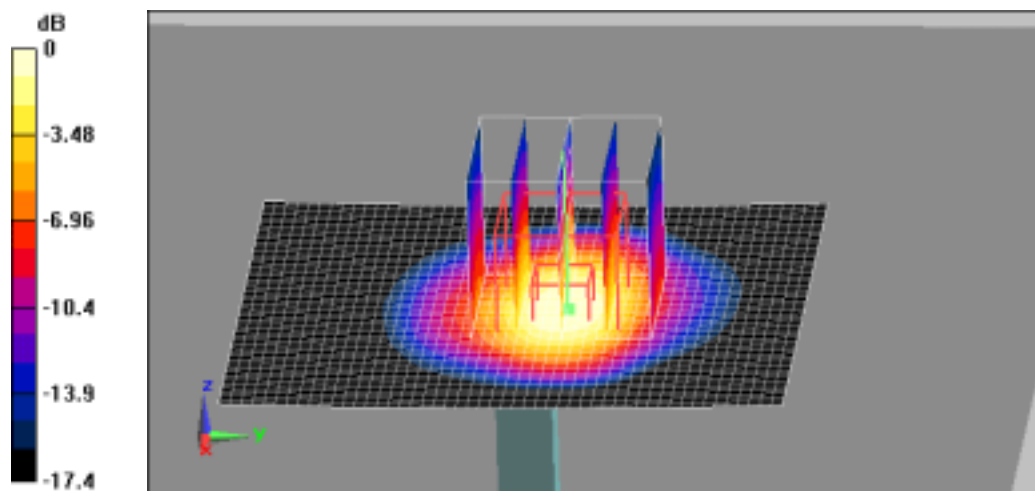
1900MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.61 mW/g



0 dB = 4.61mW/g

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:807

Program Name: 2450MHz Dipole Validation 2011.10.17

Procedure Name: 2450MHz @ 100mW 3 2 2

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

2450MHz @ 100mW /Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.19 mW/g

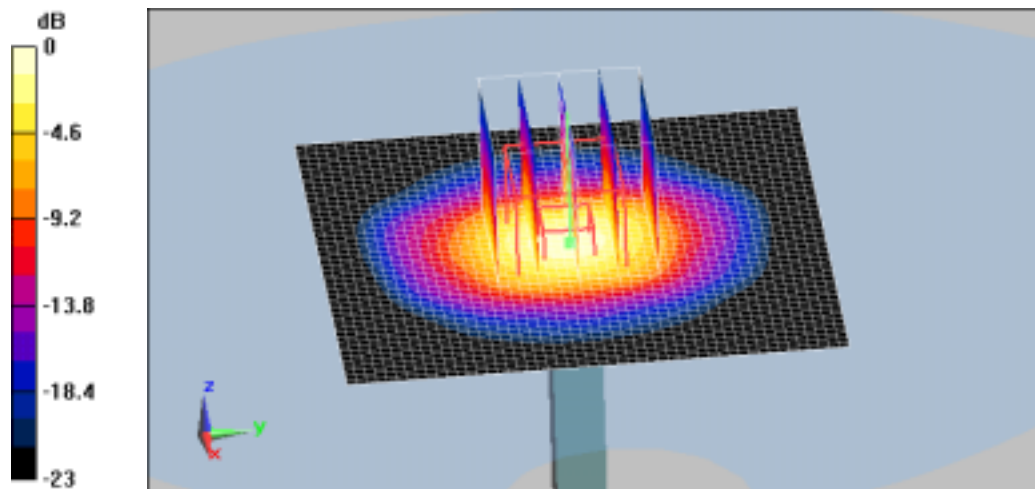
2450MHz @ 100mW /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.092 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.46 mW/g



0 dB = 6.46mW/g

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:807

Program Name: 2450MHz Dipole Validation 2011.10.17

Procedure Name: 2450MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

2450MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.15 mW/g

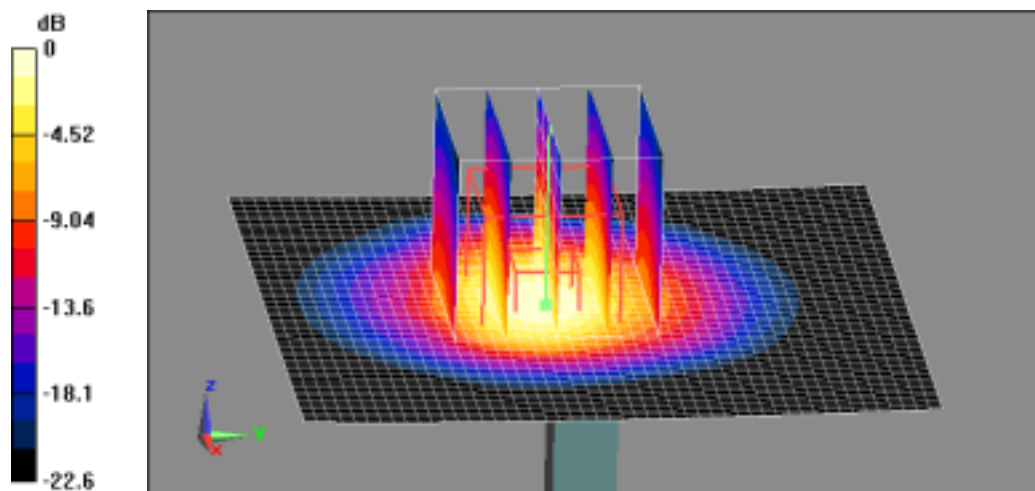
2450MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.31 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.46 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.98 mW/g



0 dB = 5.98mW/g

APPENDIX E

Plots of The SAR Measurements

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM850 Right (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.398 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

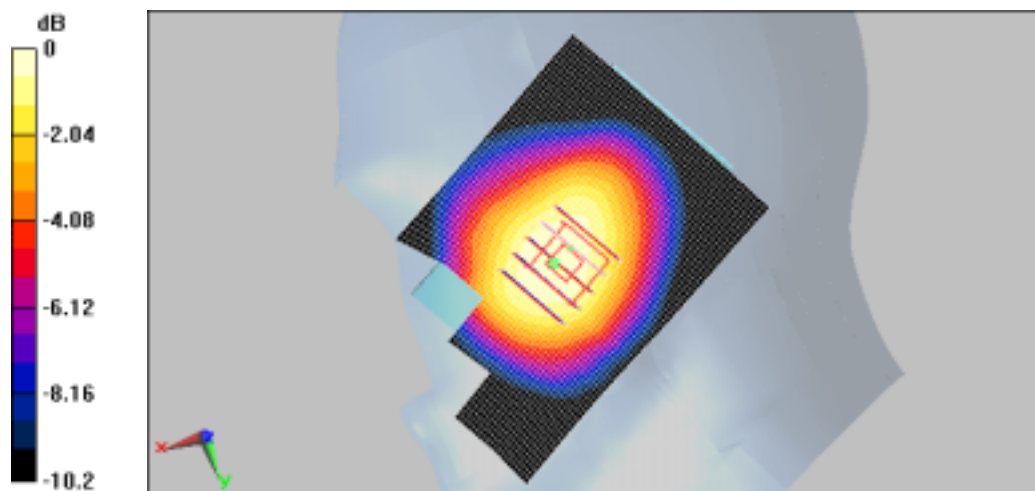
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.025 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.456 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.361 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.267 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.376 mW/g



0 dB = 0.376mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM850 Right (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 2 2

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 2 2/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement

grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.257 mW/g

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 2 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

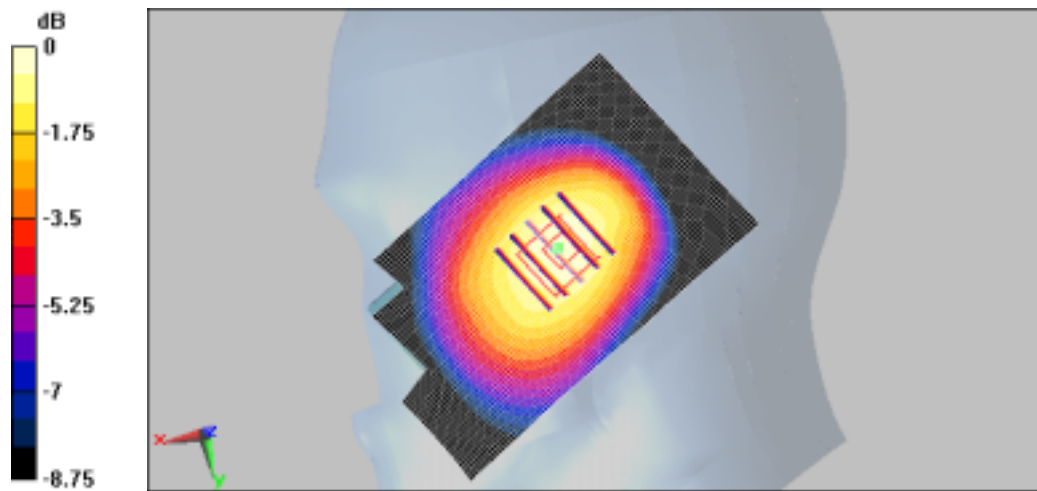
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.304 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.239 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 mW/g



0 dB = 0.252mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM850 Left (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement

grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.533 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

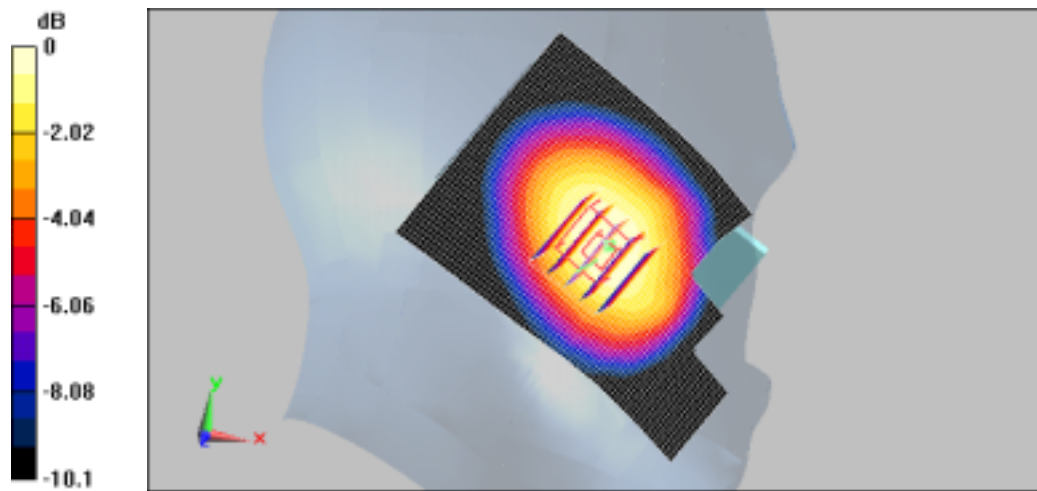
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.149 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.674 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.504 mW/g



0 dB = 0.504mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM850 Left (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.266 mW/g

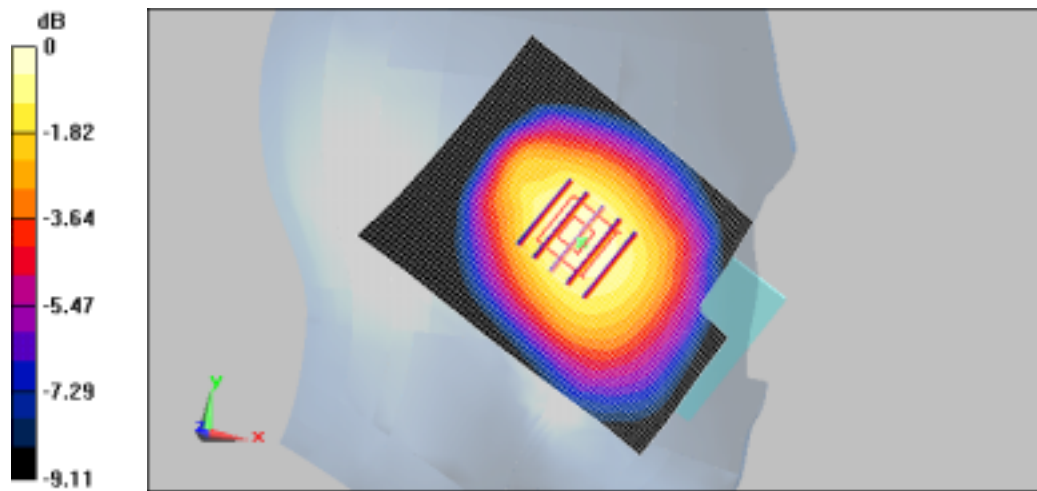
Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.024 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.326 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.253 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.188 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.266 mW/g



0 dB = 0.266mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM850 Left (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement
grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.533 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 22.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.149 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.674 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.485 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.351 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.504 mW/g



DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 128, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 128, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 mW/g

Body, Ch. 128, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

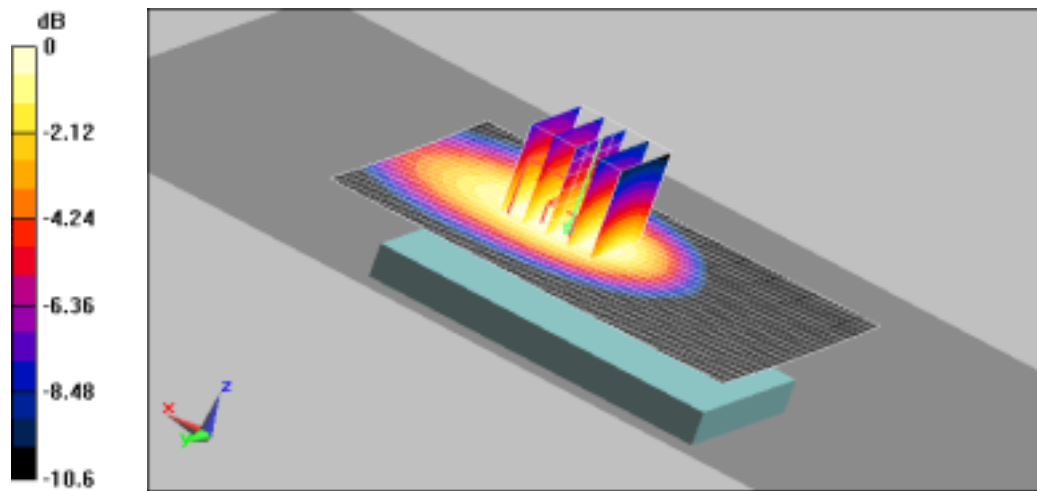
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 26.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.108 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.892 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.642 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.944 mW/g



0 dB = 0.944mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

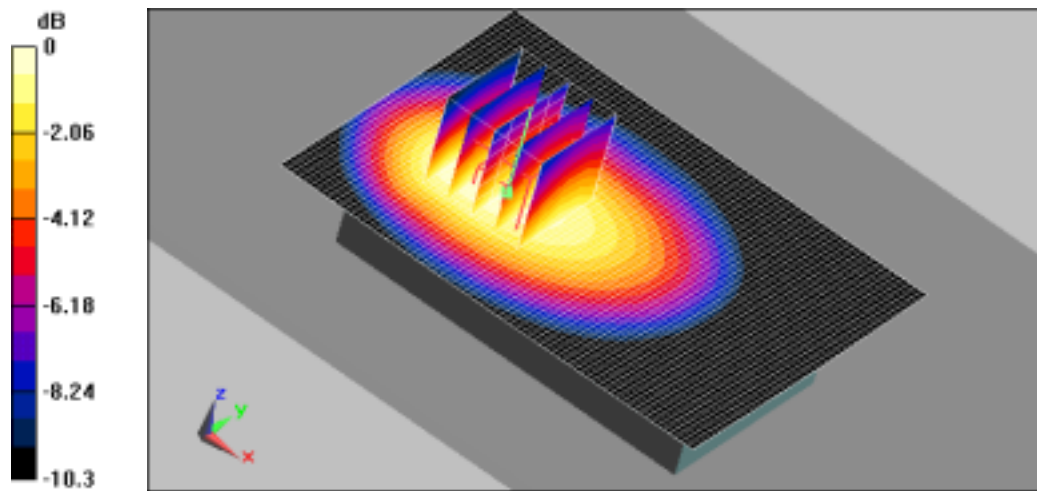
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.104 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.766 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 mW/g



0 dB = 1.13mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 251, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 251, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.07 mW/g

Body, Ch. 251, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

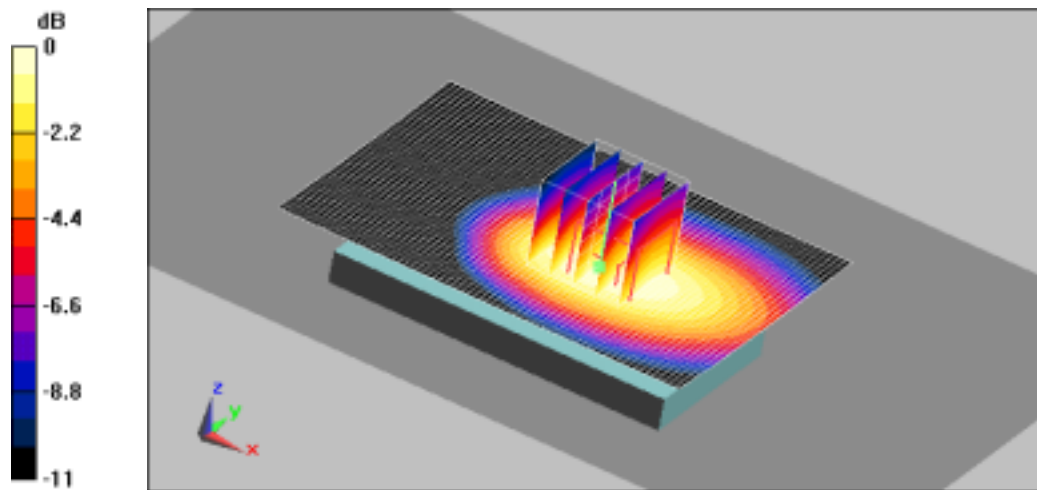
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.956 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.688 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 mW/g



0 dB = 1.01mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Front

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

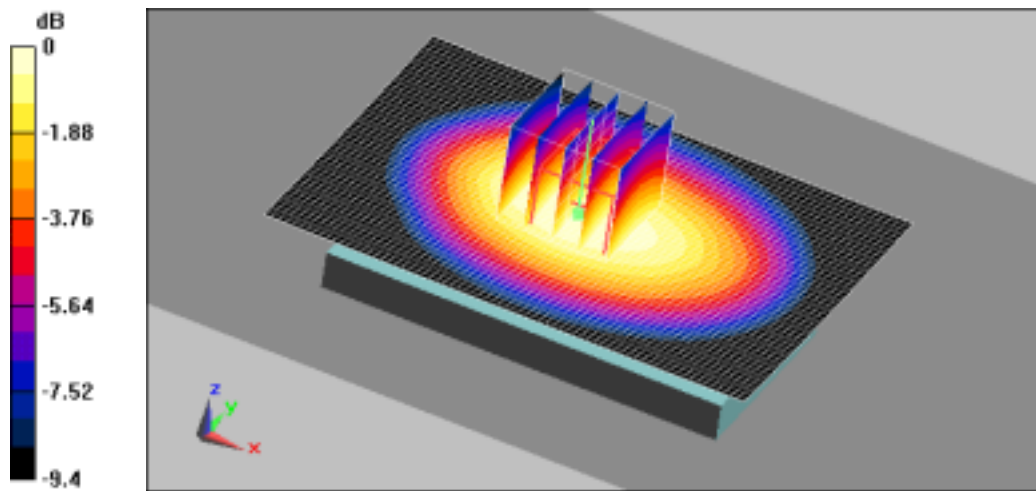
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Front/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement
grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.618 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.130 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.734 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.569 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.421 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.599 mW/g



0 dB = 0.599mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Sida A

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

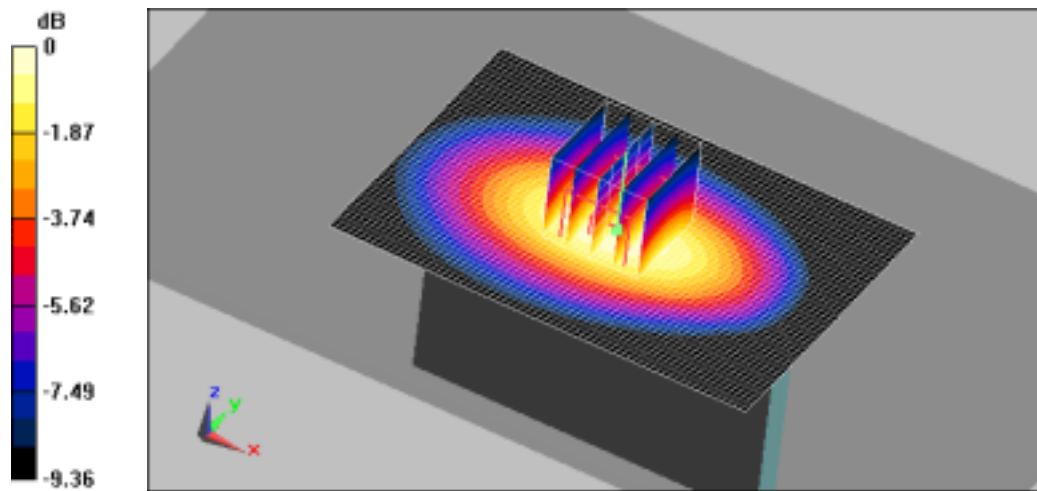
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Sida A/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.360 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Sida A/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.032 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.335 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.358 mW/g



0 dB = 0.358mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side B

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

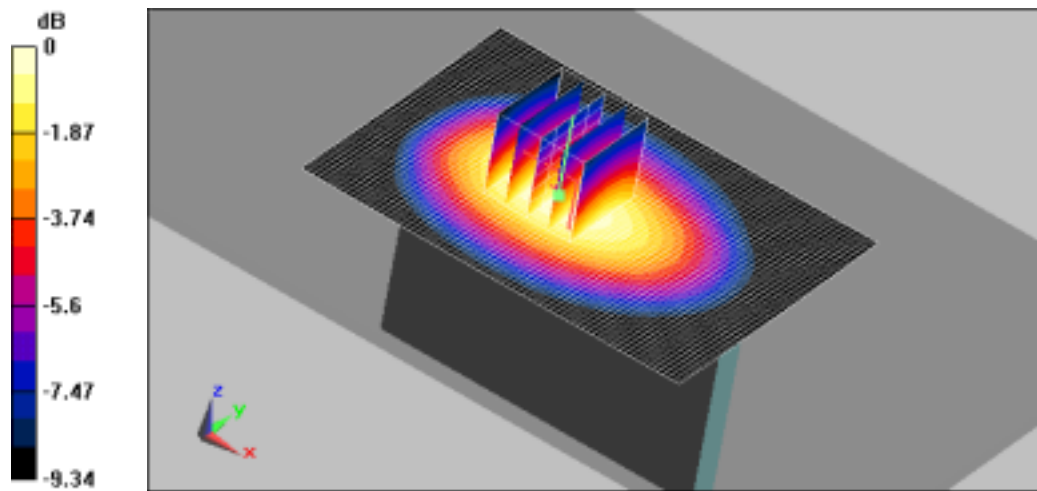
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side B/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.566 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side B/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.067 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.715 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.524 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.370 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.557 mW/g



0 dB = 0.557mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side C

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side C/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side C/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

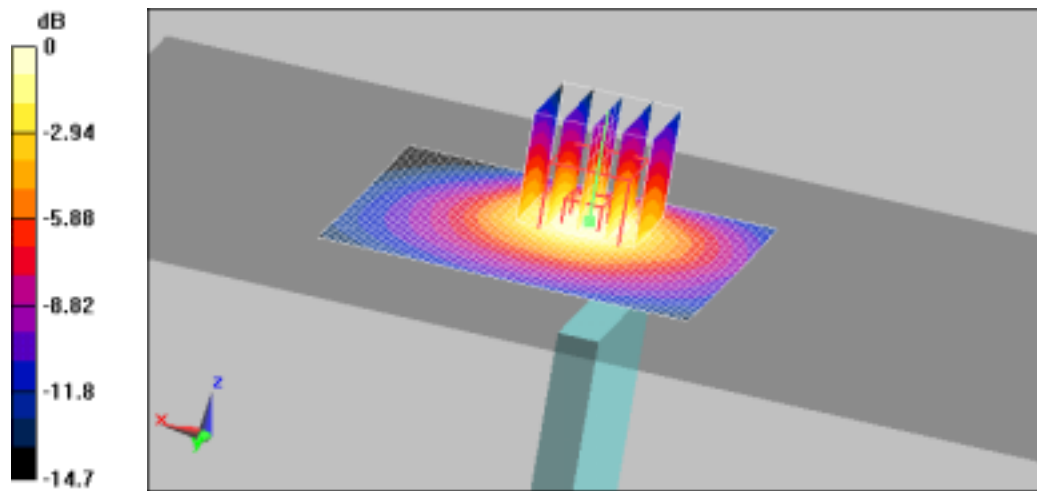
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.275 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.299 mW/g



0 dB = 0.299mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.14 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

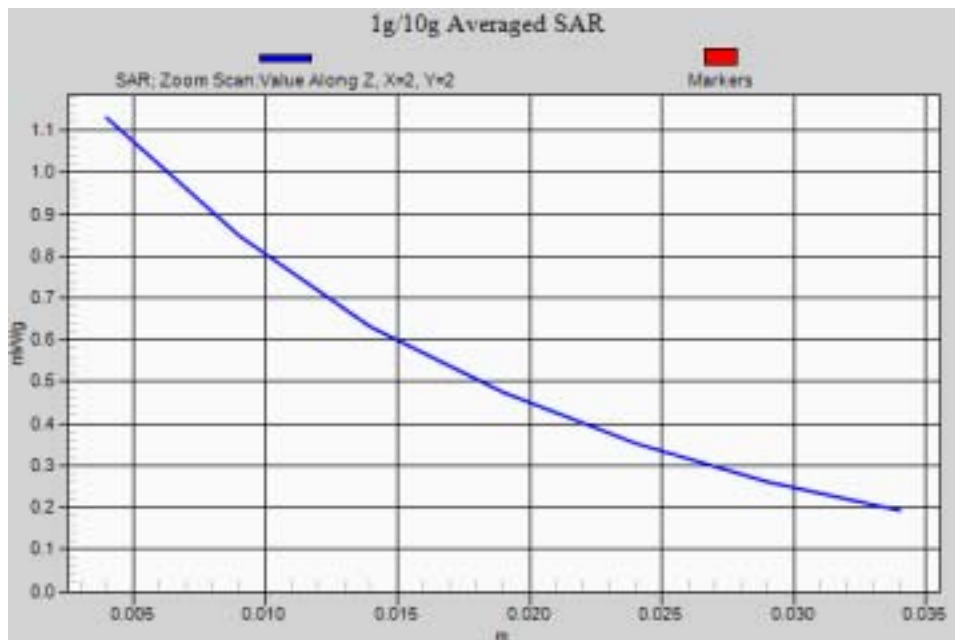
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 27.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.104 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.766 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 mW/g



DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM1900 Right (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.676 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

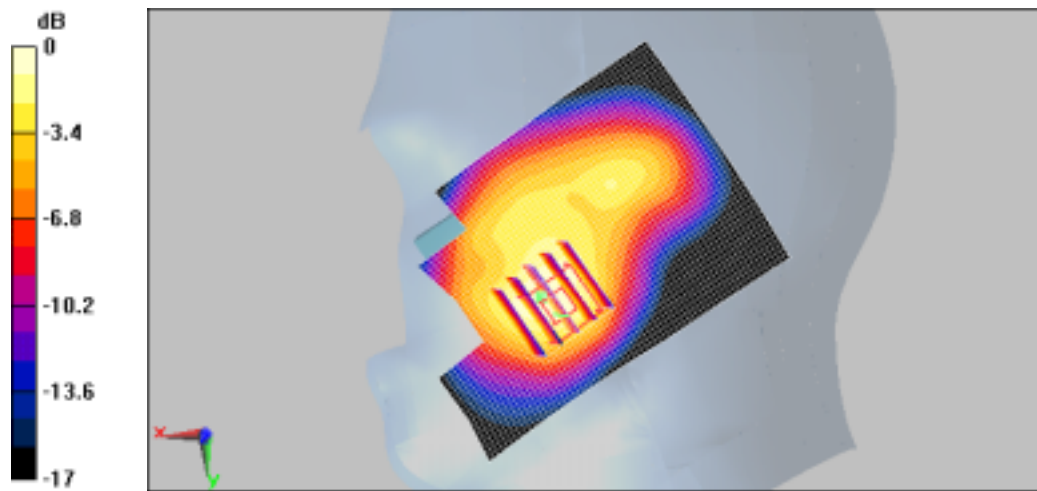
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.014 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.997 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.637 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.371 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.674 mW/g



0 dB = 0.674mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM1900 Right (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.300 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

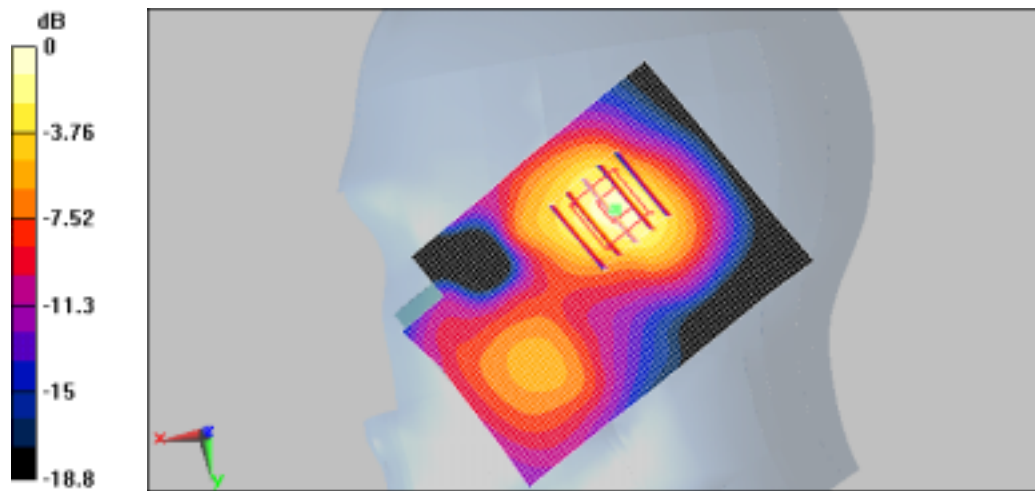
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.094 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.464 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.288 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.323 mW/g



0 dB = 0.323mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.805 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

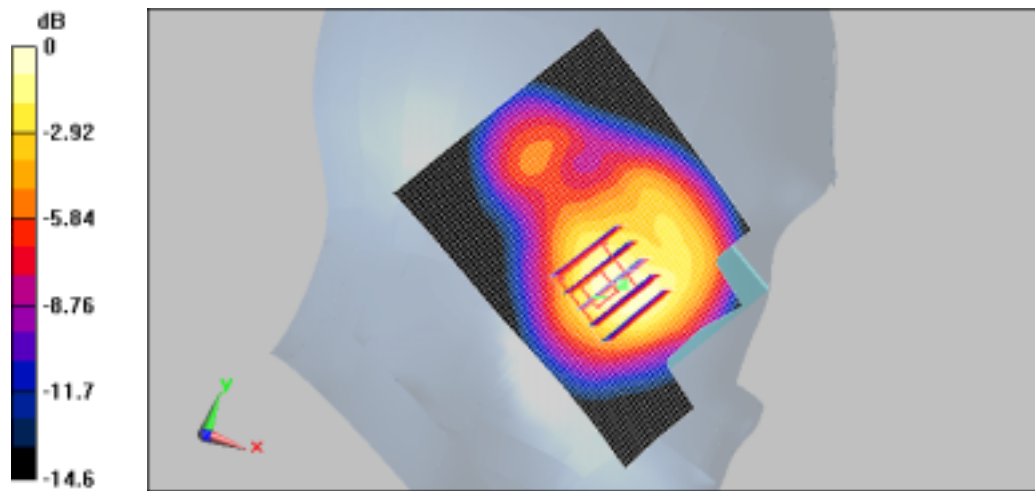
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.164 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.719 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.421 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.779 mW/g



0 dB = 0.779mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.280 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

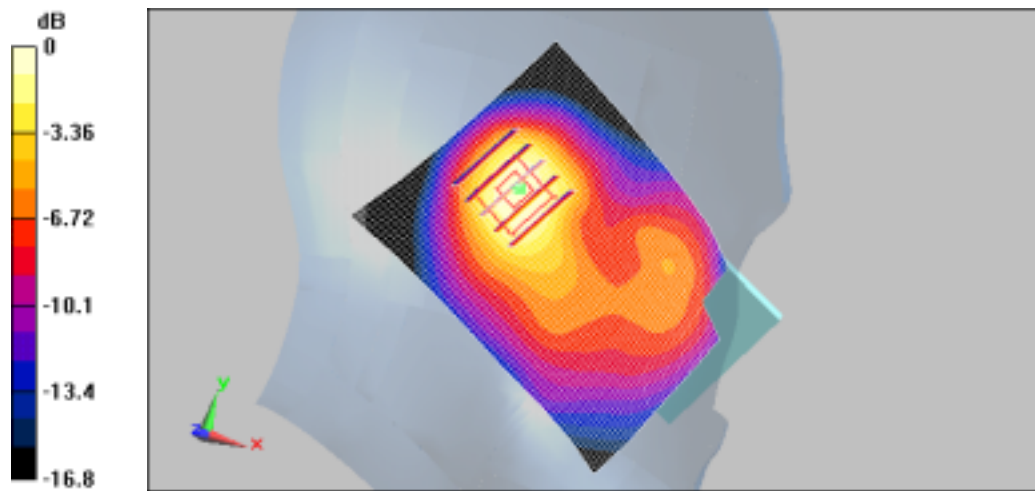
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.045 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.352 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.230 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.142 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.251 mW/g



0 dB = 0.251mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.0;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.805 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

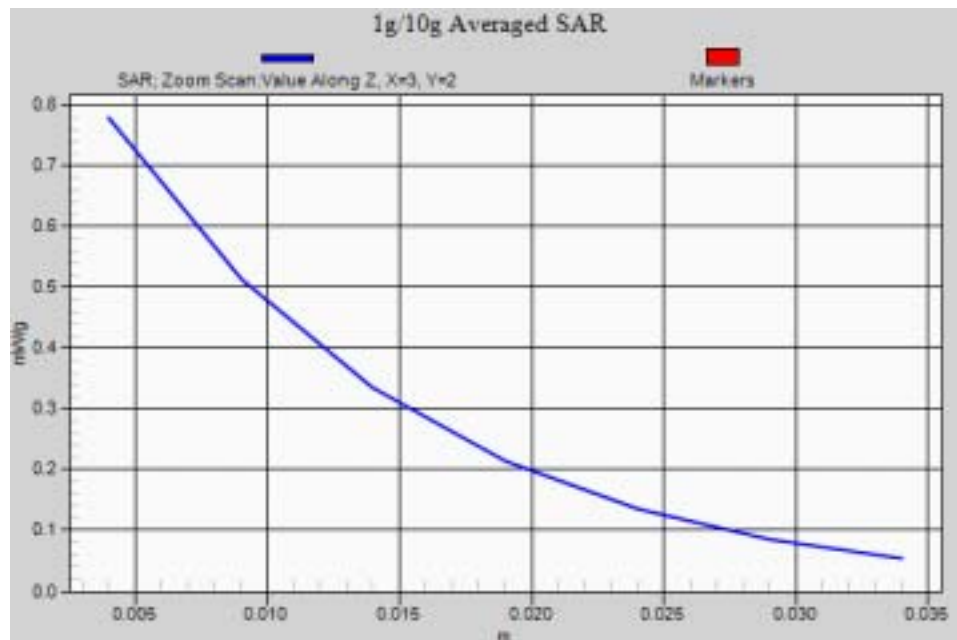
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.164 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.719 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.421 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.779 mW/g



DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 2Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.684 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 2Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

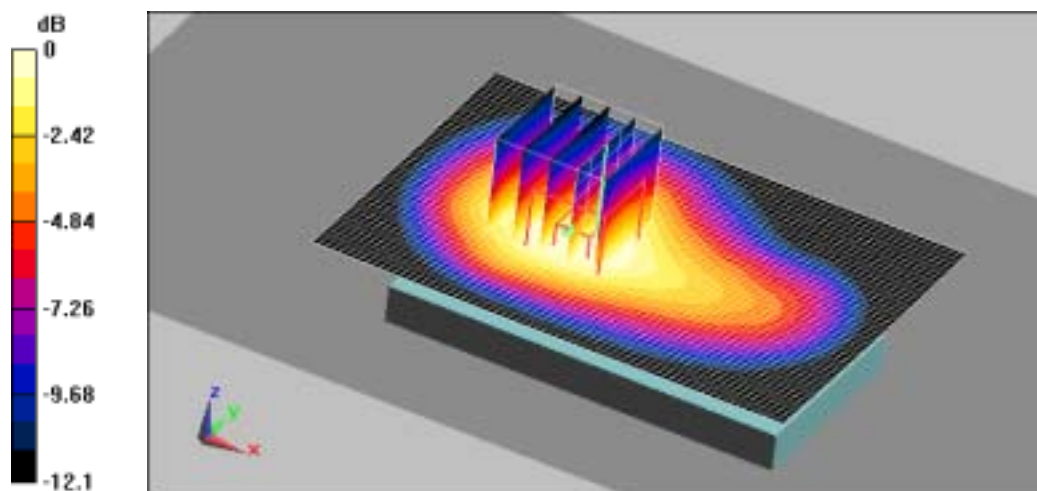
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.889 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.579 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.370 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.609 mW/g



0 dB = 0.609mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.861 mW/g

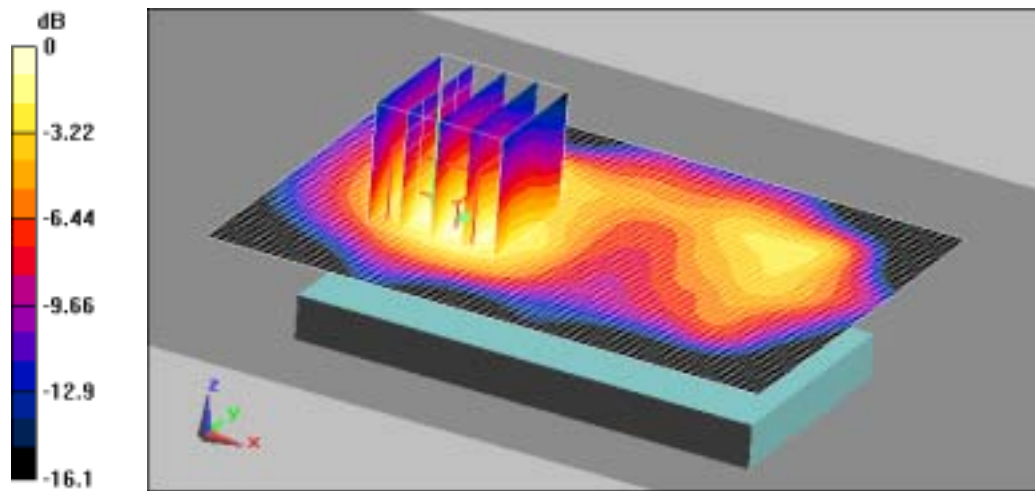
Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.167 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.738 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.438 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.793 mW/g



0 dB = 0.793mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Sida A

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Sida A/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.140 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Sida A/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

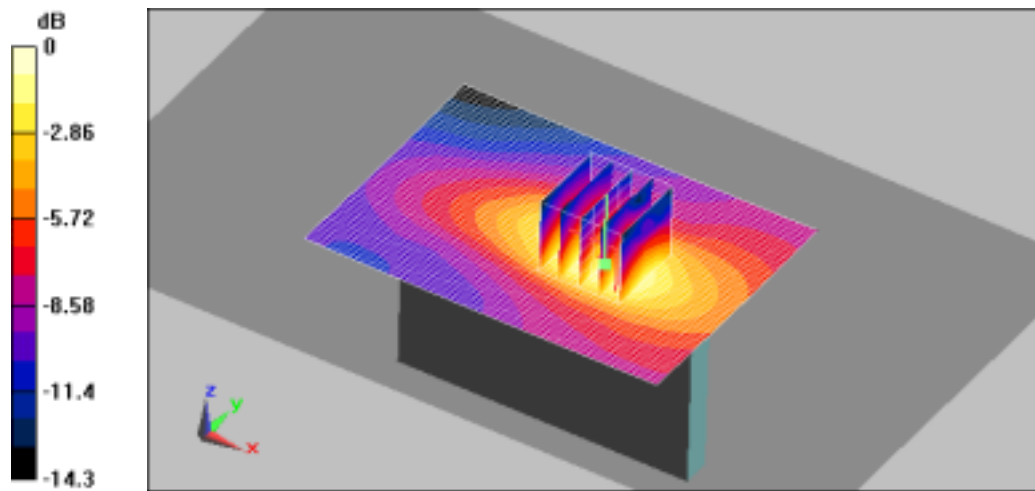
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.079 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.201 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.134 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.146 mW/g



0 dB = 0.146mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side B

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side B/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.279 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side B/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

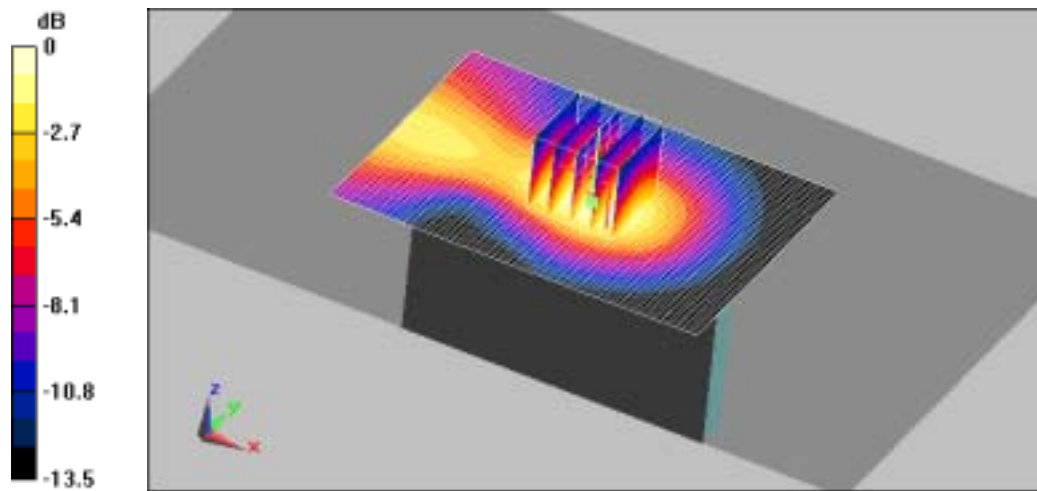
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.047 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.372 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.247 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.155 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.268 mW/g



0 dB = 0.268mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side C

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side C/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid:
 $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.657 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side C/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

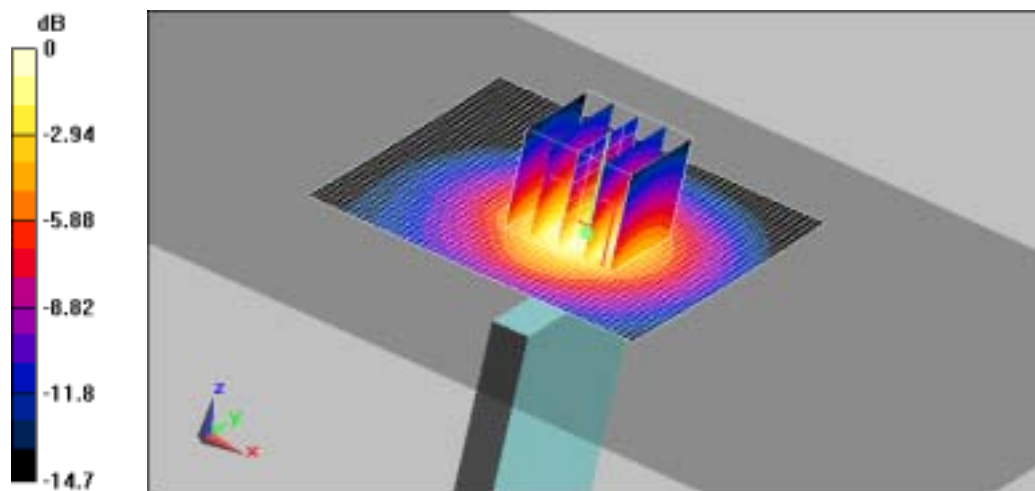
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.108 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.949 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.593 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.345 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.655 mW/g



0 dB = 0.655mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-20/Oct/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.5$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.861 mW/g

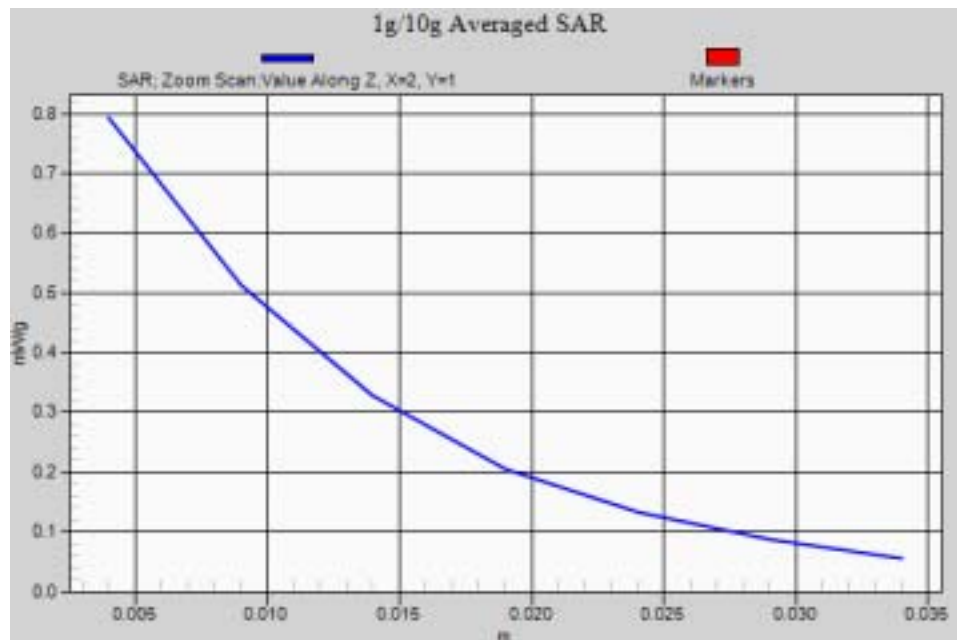
Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.167 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.738 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.438 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.793 mW/g



DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Right (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

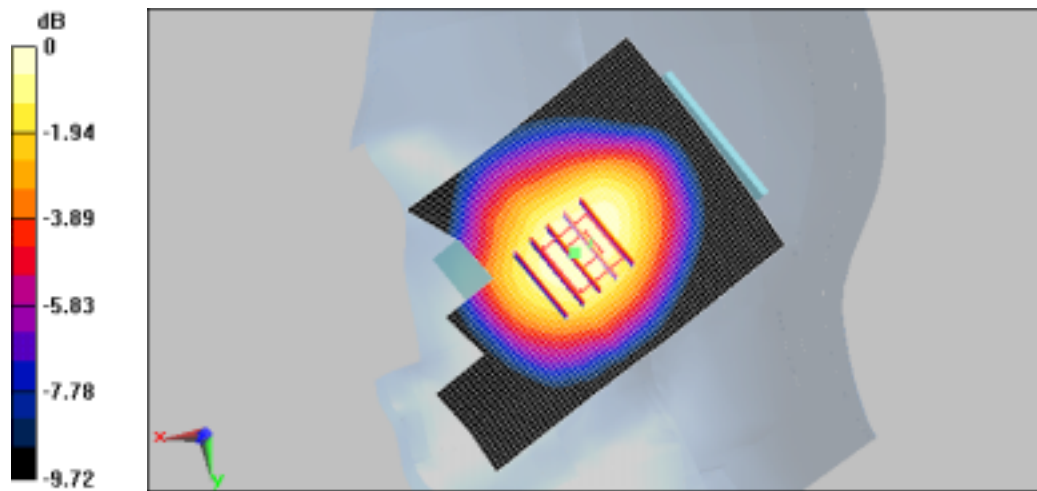
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.219 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.067 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.247 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.197 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.207 mW/g



0 dB = 0.207mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Right (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ear/Tilt, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (41x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.126 mW/g

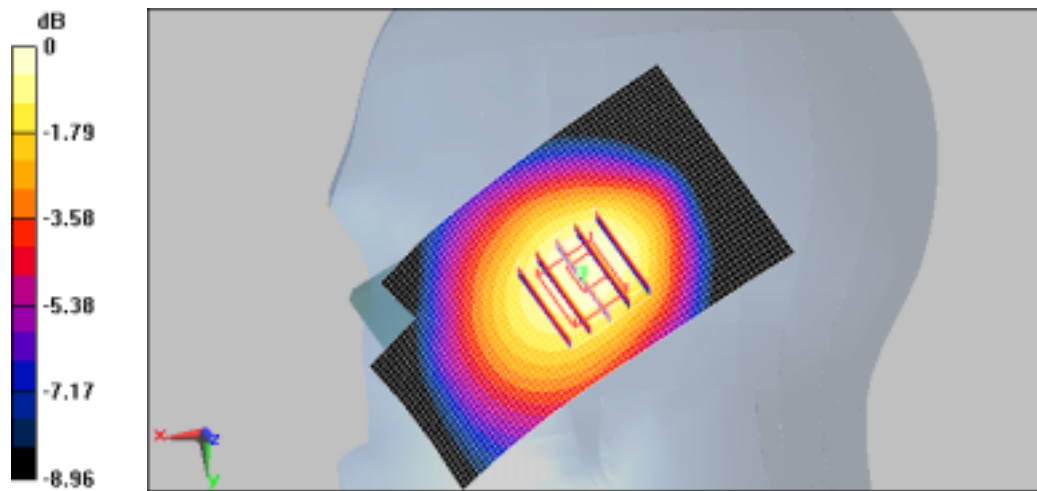
Ear/Tilt, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.097 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.151 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.087 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 mW/g



0 dB = 0.123mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Left (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

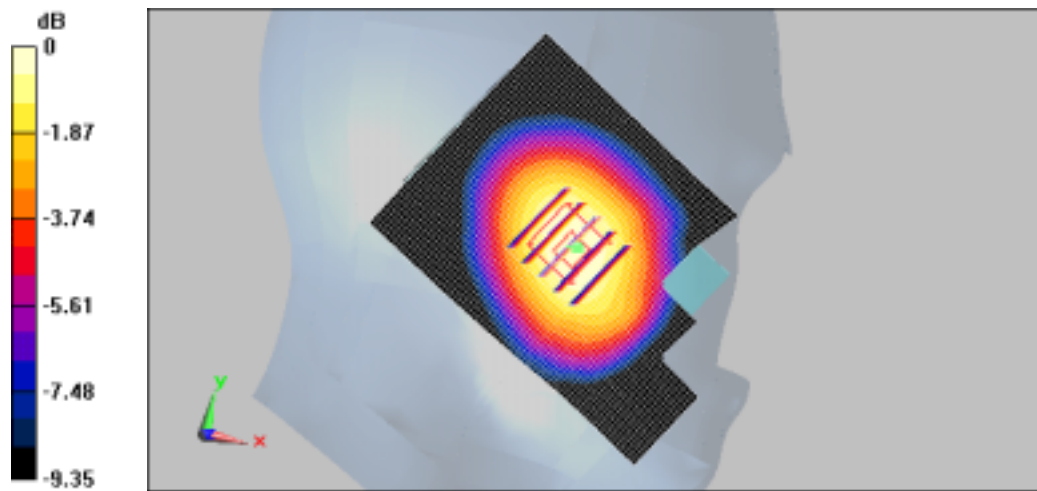
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.108 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.245 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 mW/g



0 dB = 0.258mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Left (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Ear/Tilt, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.129 mW/g

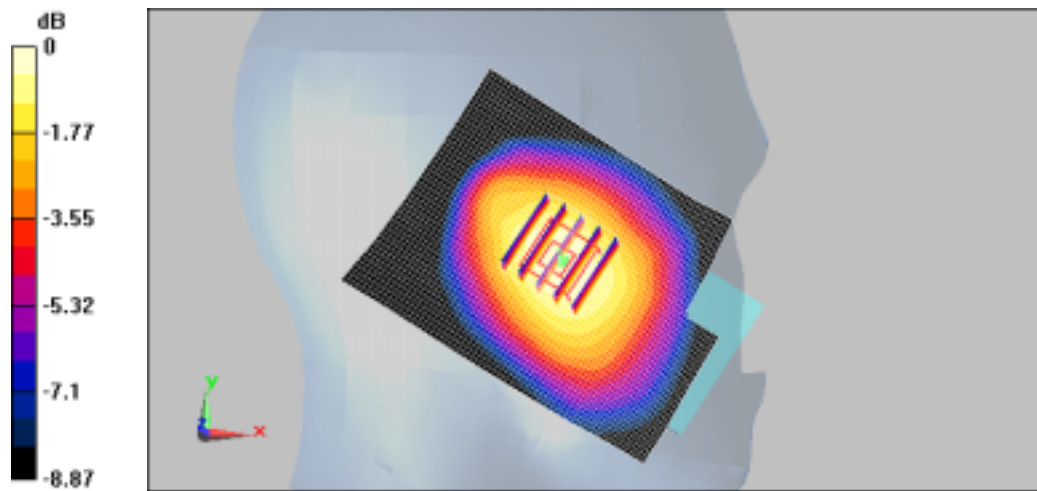
Ear/Tilt, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.158 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.157 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.124 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.093 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.130 mW/g



0 dB = 0.130mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Left (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.9,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

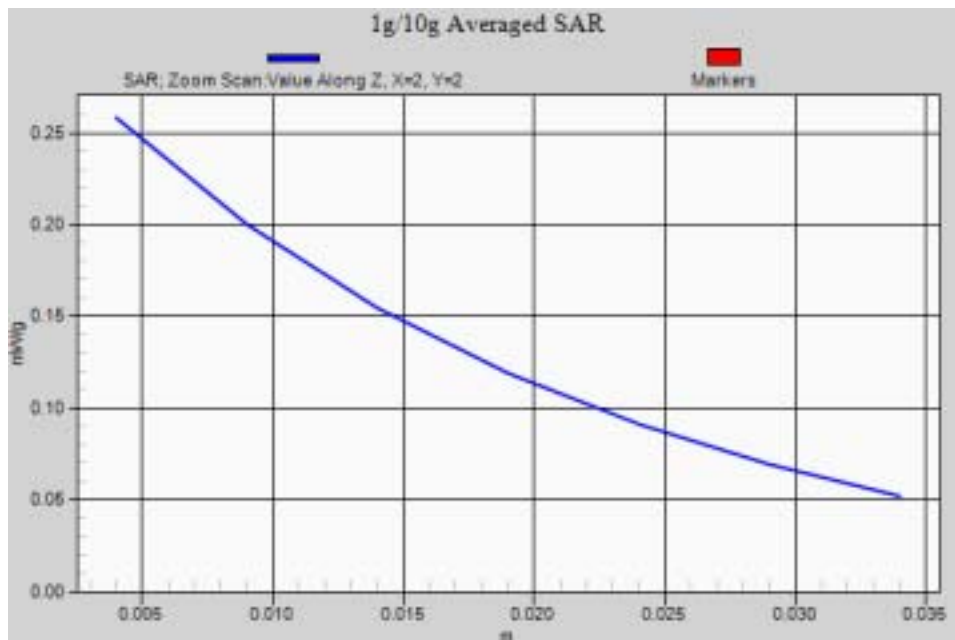
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1457
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.264 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.4408, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.108 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.245 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.258 mW/g



DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 mW/g

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

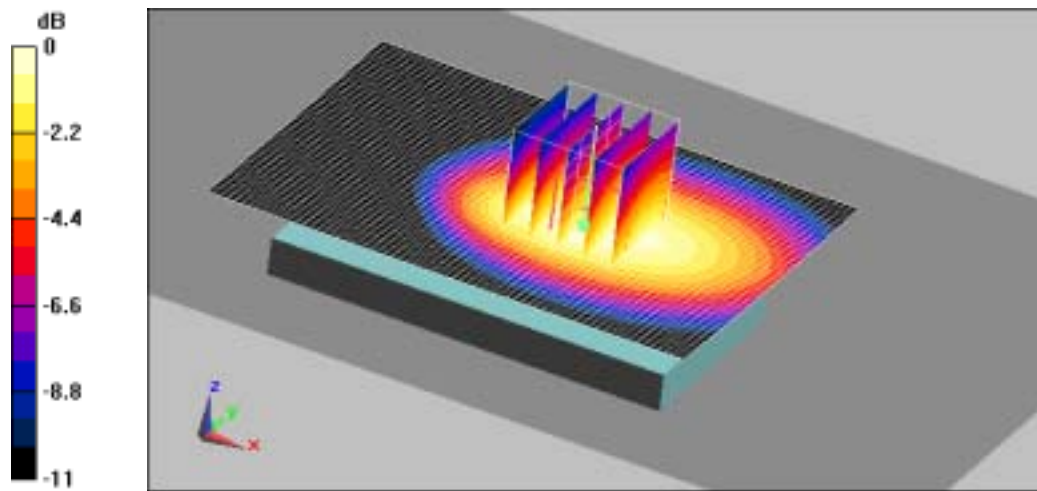
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.122 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.418 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.312 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.329 mW/g



0 dB = 0.329mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Front

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

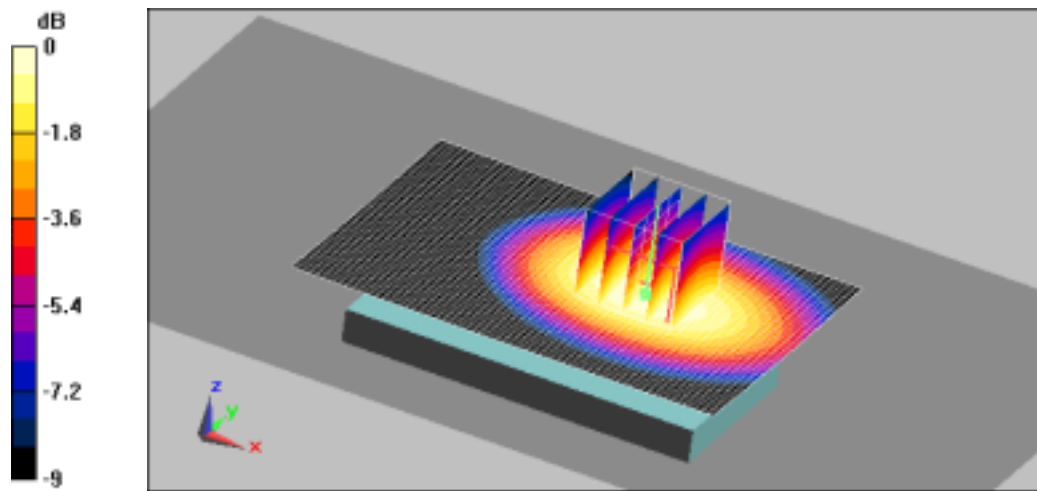
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Front/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.200 mW/g

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Front/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.243 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.190 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.142 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 mW/g



0 dB = 0.200mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Sida A

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

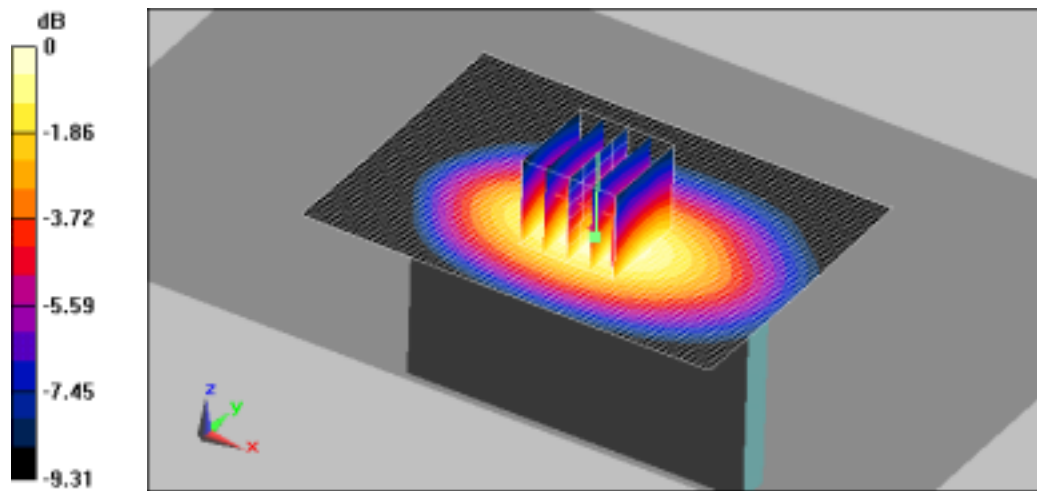
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Sida A/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement
grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.094 mW/g

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Sida A/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.036 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.124 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.089 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.095 mW/g



0 dB = 0.095mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side B

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side B/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.223 mW/g

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side B/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

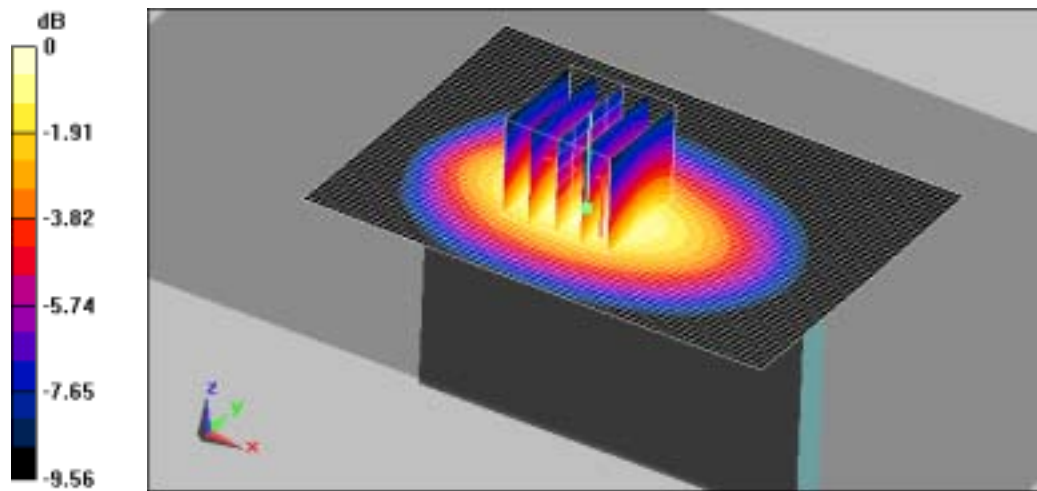
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00336 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.299 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.213 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227 mW/g



0 dB = 0.227mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side C

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

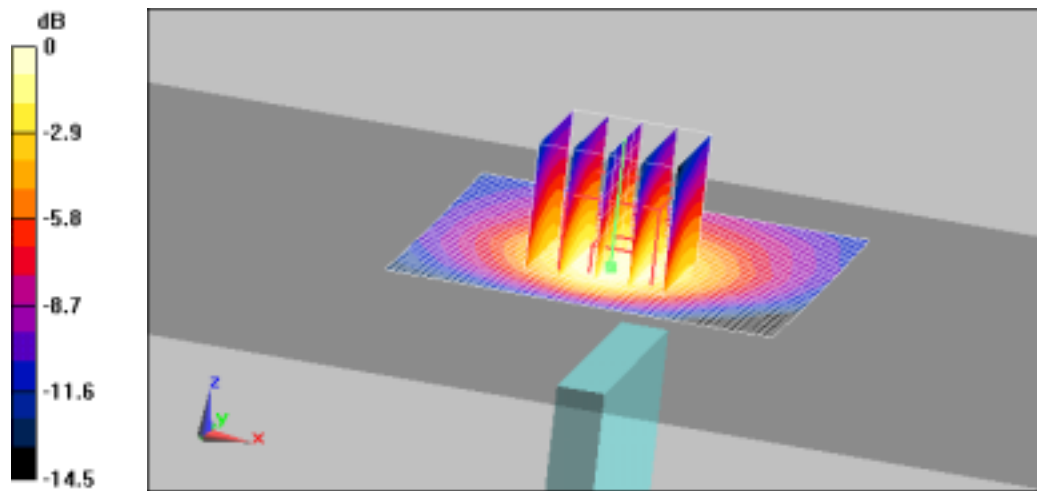
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side C/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.109 mW/g

Body, Ch.4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Side C/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.54 V/m; Power Drift = -0.017 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.153 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.089 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.096 mW/g



0 dB = 0.096mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WCDMA850 Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 mW/g

Body, Ch. 4408, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

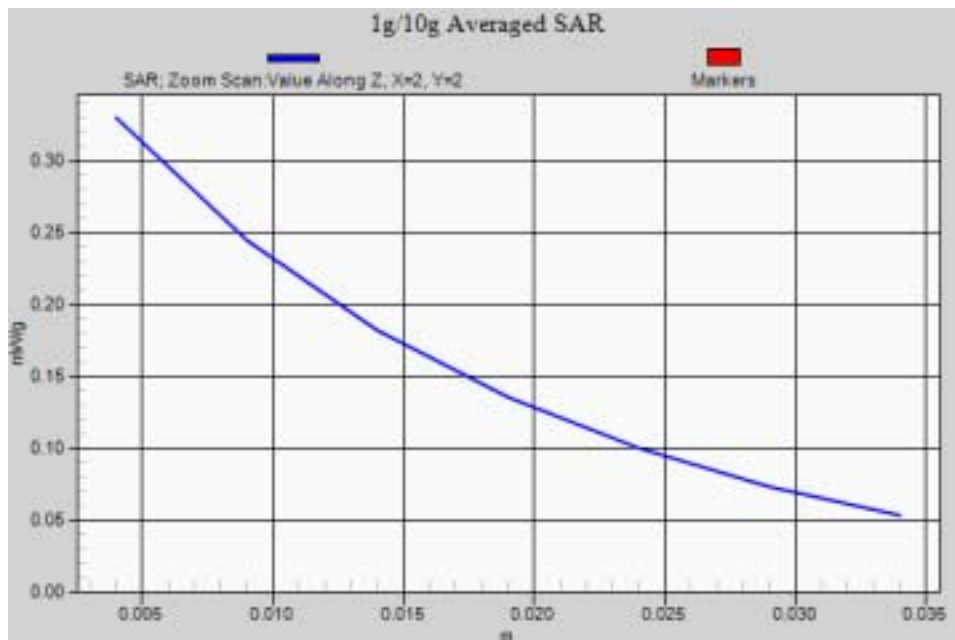
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.122 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.418 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.312 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.329 mW/g



DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Right(Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.179 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

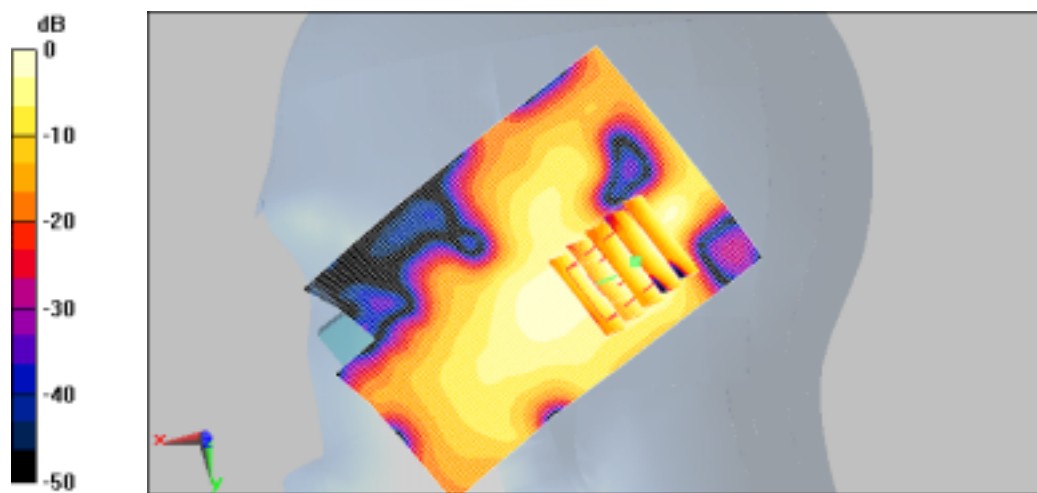
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.142 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.210 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.052 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.119 mW/g



0 dB = 0.119mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Right(Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Tilted, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilted, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.101 mW/g

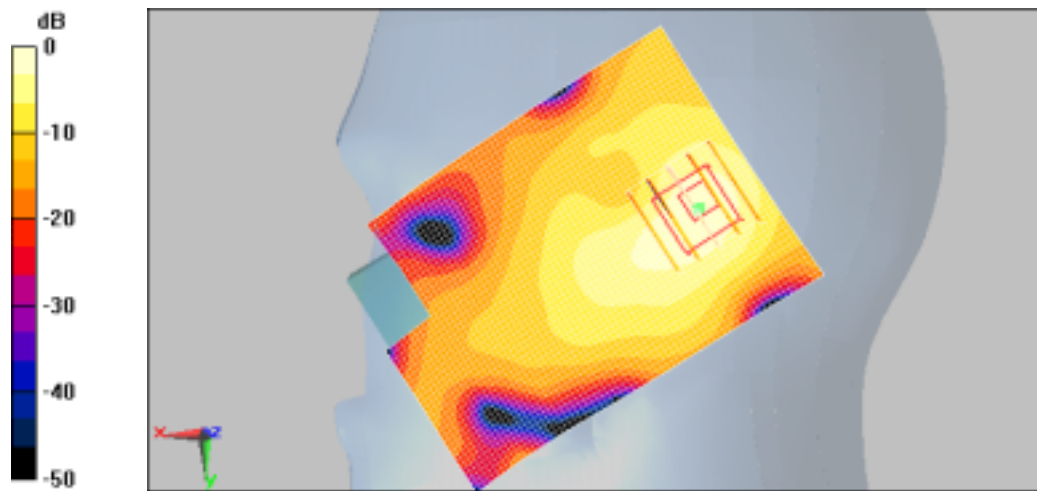
Tilted, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.254 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.089 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.095 mW/g



0 dB = 0.095mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Left(Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Cheek, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.279 mW/g

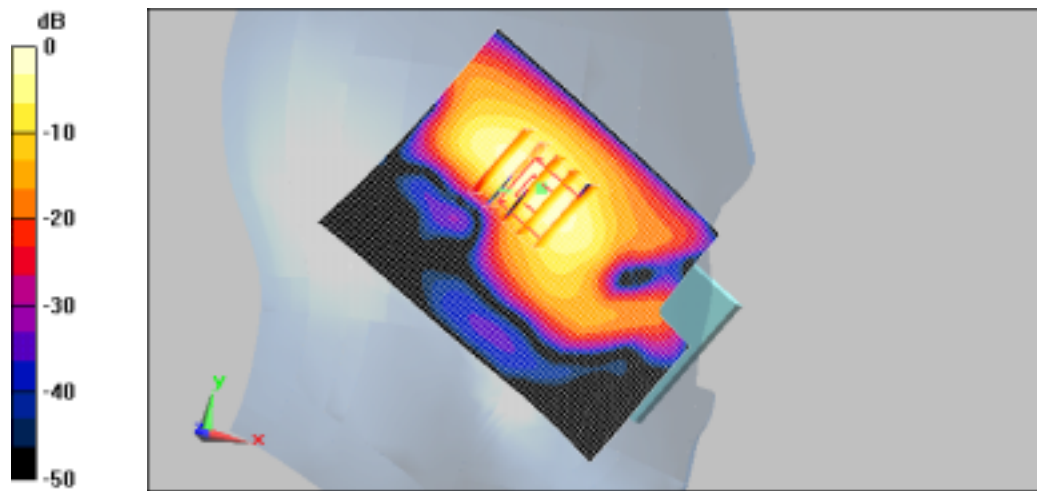
Cheek, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.44 V/m; Power Drift = -0.021 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.852 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.268 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.319 mW/g



0 dB = 0.319mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Left(Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Tilted, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Tilted, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=20$ mm, $dy=20$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.153 mW/g

Tilted, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

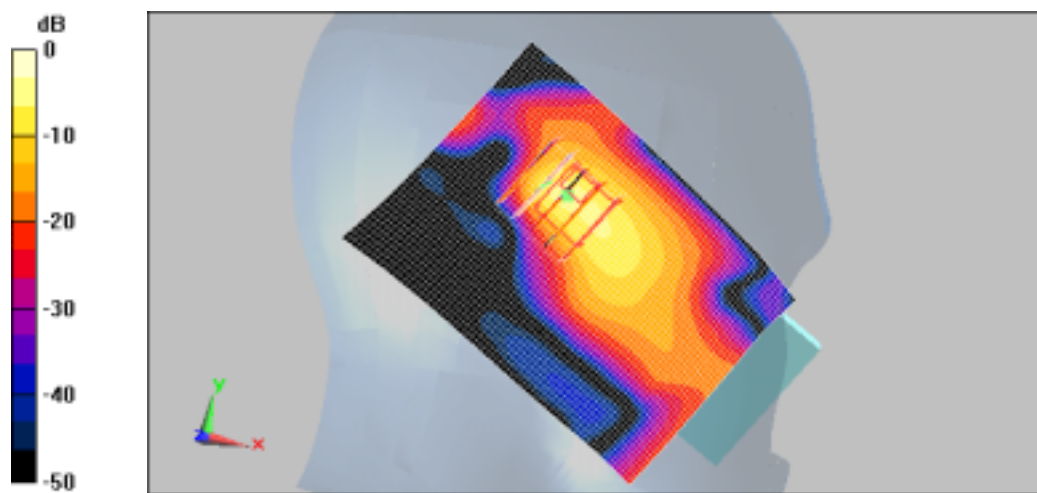
grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.510 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.143 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.452 mW/g



0 dB = 0.452mW/g

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:708

Program Name: 2450MHz Dipole Validation 2011.10.17

Procedure Name: 2450MHz @ 100mW 3 2 2

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.5;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1425
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

2450MHz @ 100mW 3 2 2/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.19 mW/g

2450MHz @ 100mW 3 2 2/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.092 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.46 mW/g



DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.261 mW/g

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

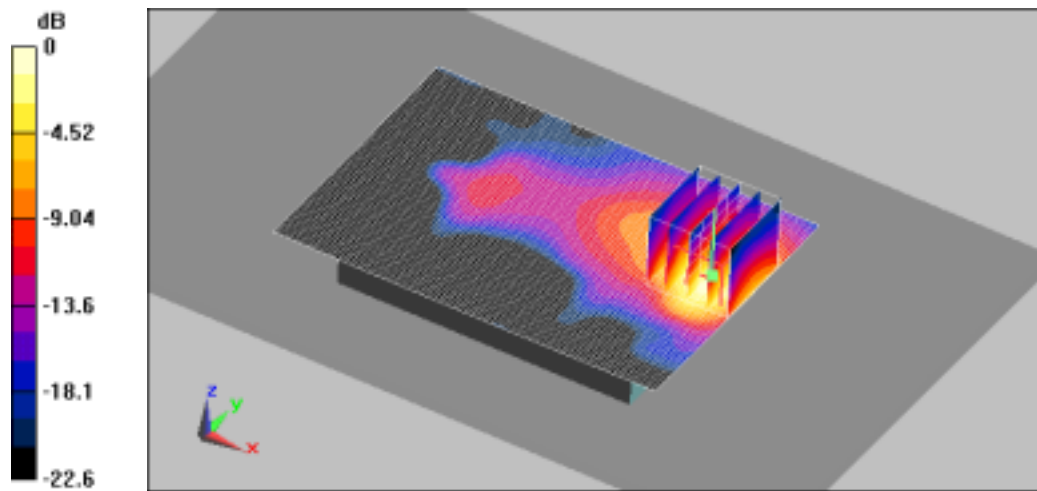
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.436 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.219 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.244 mW/g



0 dB = 0.244mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.026 mW/g

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

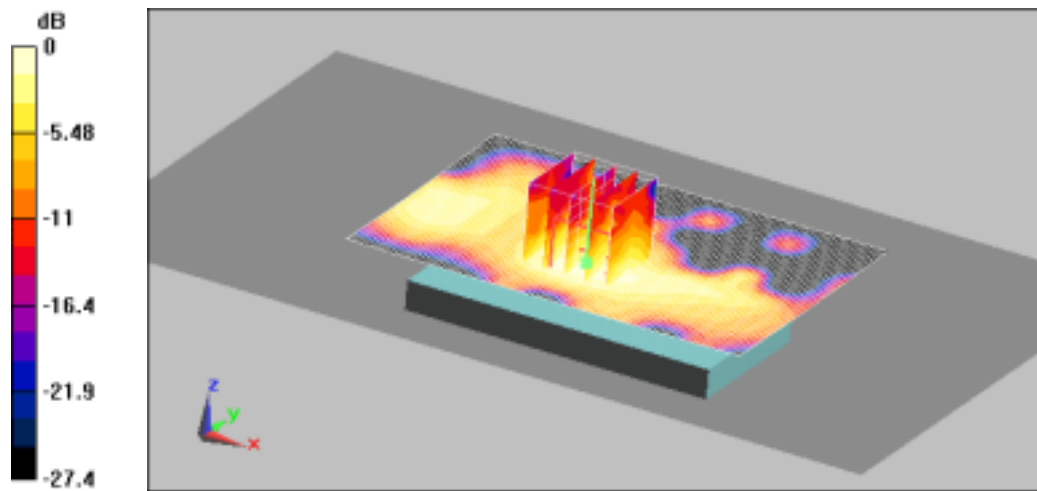
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.044 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.025 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.029 mW/g



0 dB = 0.029mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side A 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side A 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x111x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.033 mW/g

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side A 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

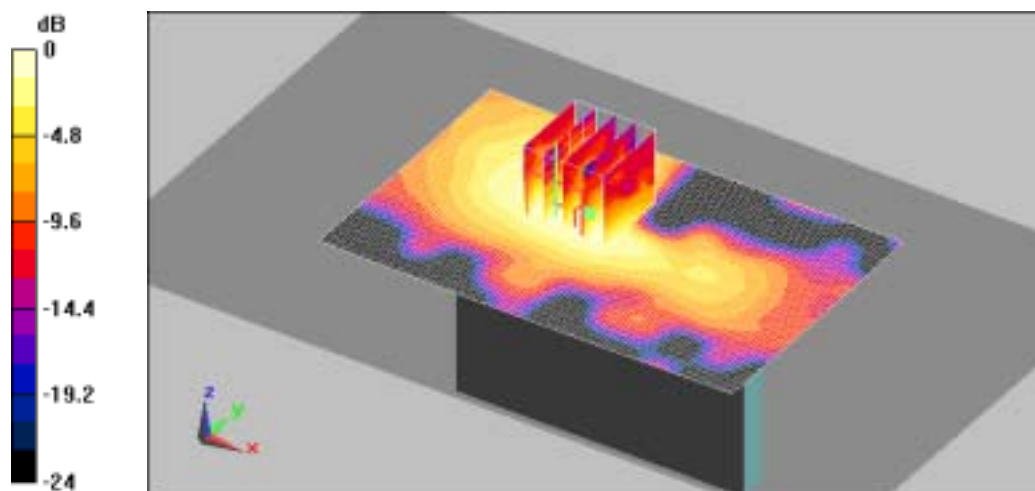
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.049 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.031 mW/g



0 dB = 0.031mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side B 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side B 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x111x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00976 mW/g

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side B 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

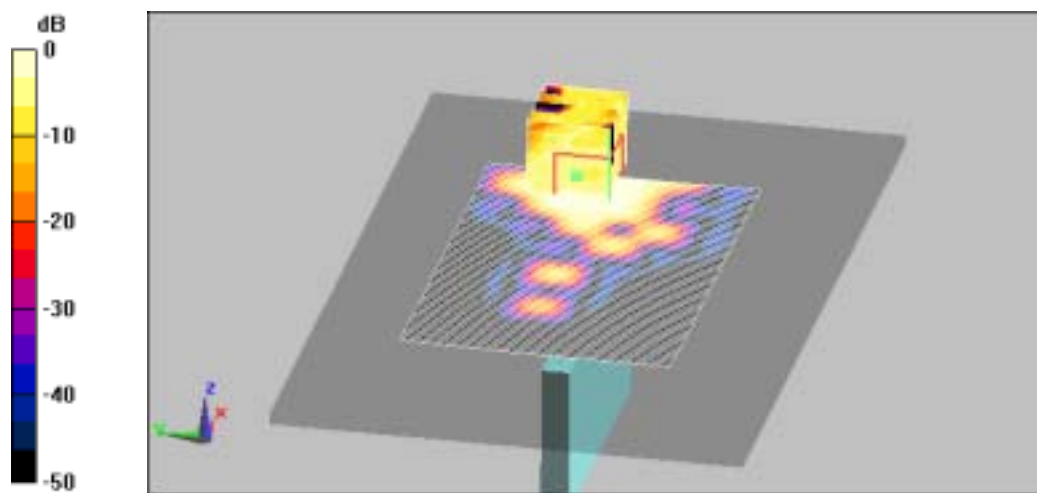
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.960 V/m; Power Drift = 0.093 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.015 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00299 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00732 mW/g



0 dB = 0.00732mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side D 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side D 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.127 mW/g

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Side D 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

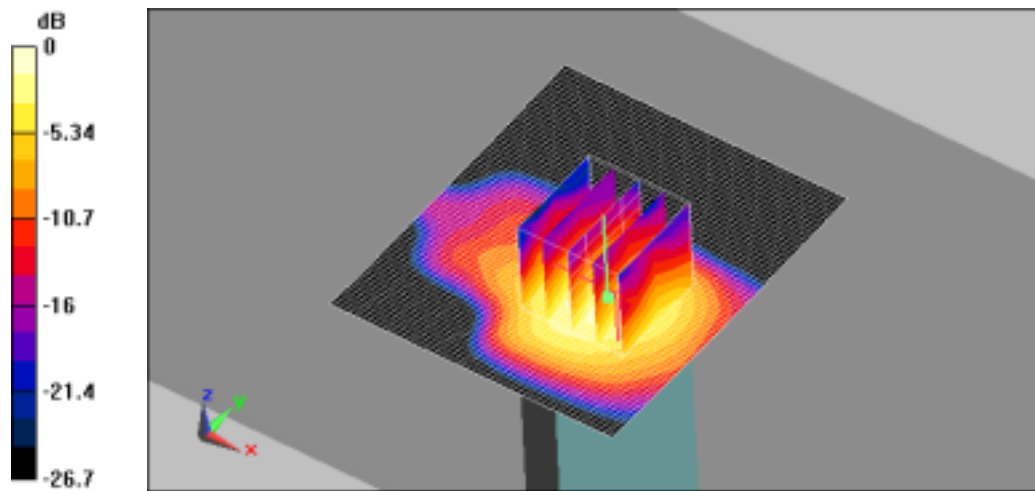
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.214 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.110 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.125 mW/g



0 dB = 0.125mW/g

DUT: GT-S5380B; Serial: FI-266-B

Program Name: GT-S5380B WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-266)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.7;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-17/Oct/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.01$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn486; Calibrated: 2011-02-22
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: MP-1007
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.0 Build 125; SEMCAD X Version 13.4 Build 125

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.261 mW/g

Body, Ch.1, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

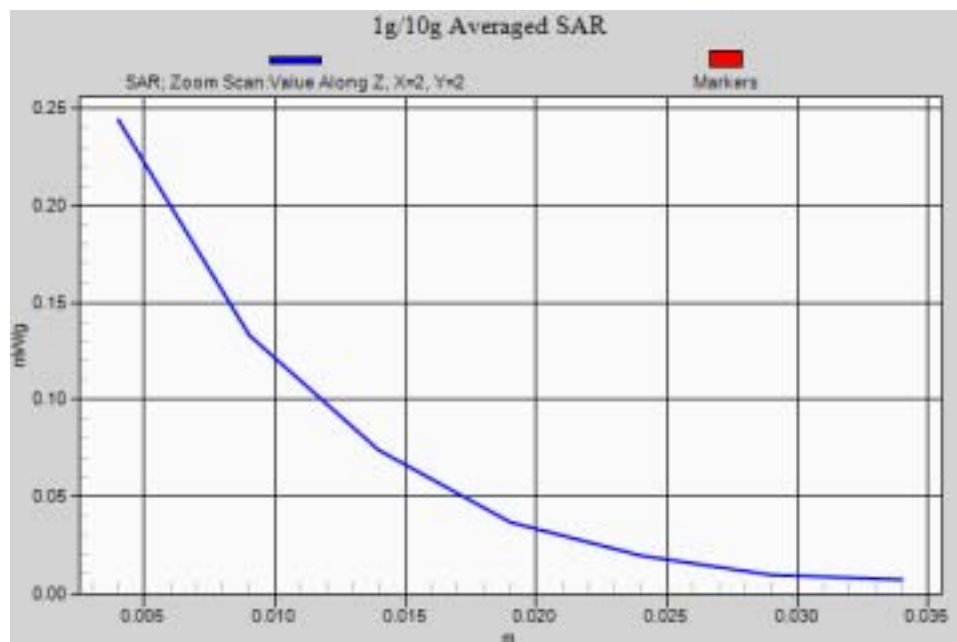
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.436 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.219 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.244 mW/g



APPENDIX F

Probe Calibration



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3537_May11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3537**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v7, QA CAL-23.v4, QA CAL-25.v3
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **May 24, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	31-Mar-11 (No. 217-01372)	Apr-12
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01369)	Apr-12
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01367)	Apr-12
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	29-Mar-11 (No. 217-01370)	Apr-12
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	29-Dec-10 (No. ES3-3013_Dec10)	Dec-11
DAE4	SN: 654	3-May-11 (No. DAE4-654_May11)	May-12
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name Jeton Kastrati	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: May 24, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z}** = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}** are numerical linearization parameters in dB assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media.
- VR**: VR is the validity range of the calibration related to the average diode voltage or DAE voltage in mV.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3537

Manufactured: February 18, 2011
Calibrated: May 24, 2011

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3537

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.55	0.51	0.51	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	100.3	91.3	98.5	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dB	C dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	127.5	±1.9 %
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	110.6	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	117.8	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3537

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	41.5	0.92	8.61	8.61	8.61	0.79	0.61	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	7.18	7.18	7.18	0.79	0.63	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.79	0.61	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	6.96	6.96	6.96	0.79	0.59	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	6.36	6.36	6.36	0.79	0.61	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4- SN:3537

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

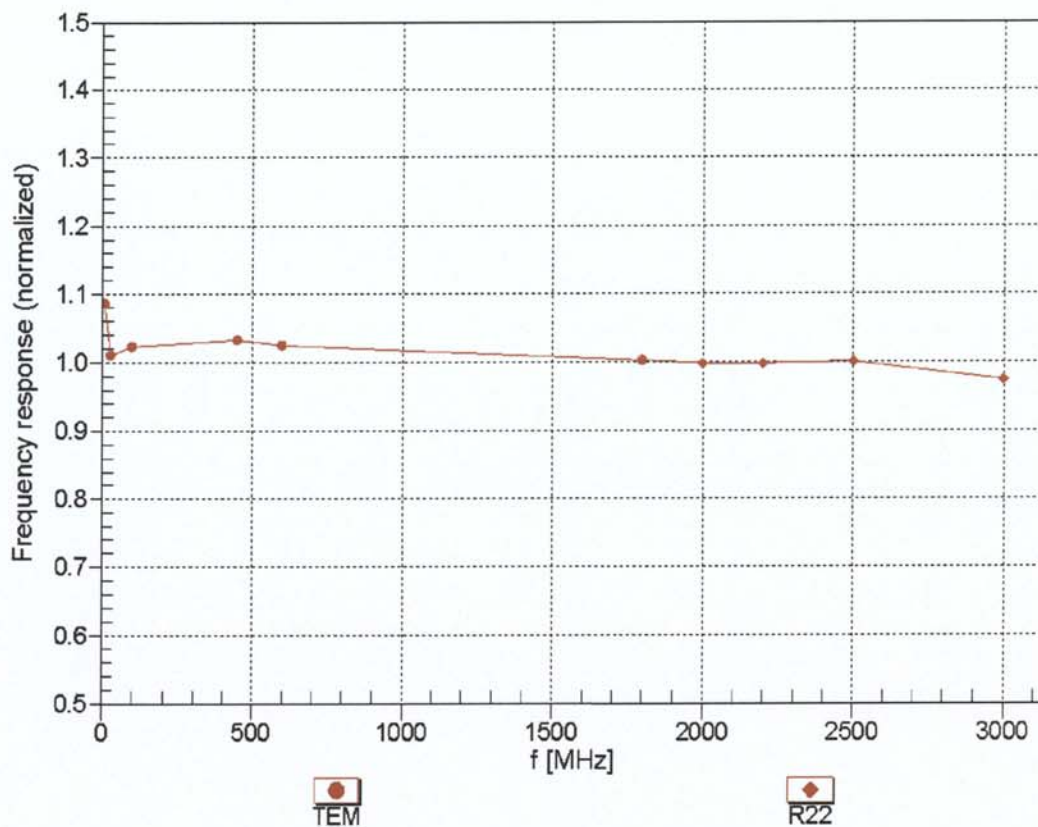
f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
850	55.2	0.99	8.45	8.45	8.45	0.79	0.68	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.79	0.70	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.79	0.67	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	6.58	6.58	6.58	0.79	0.65	± 12.0 %

^C Frequency validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

Frequency Response of E-Field

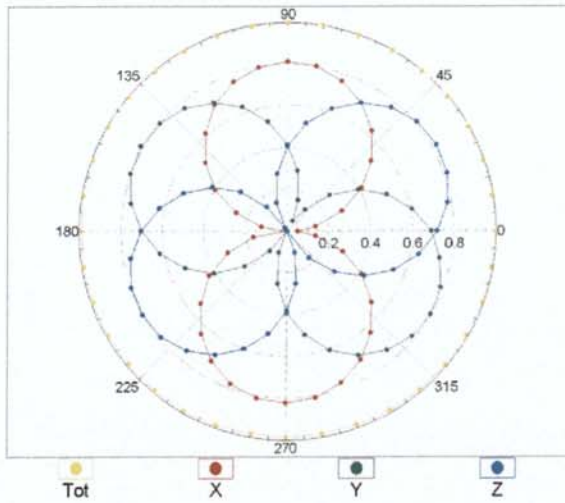
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



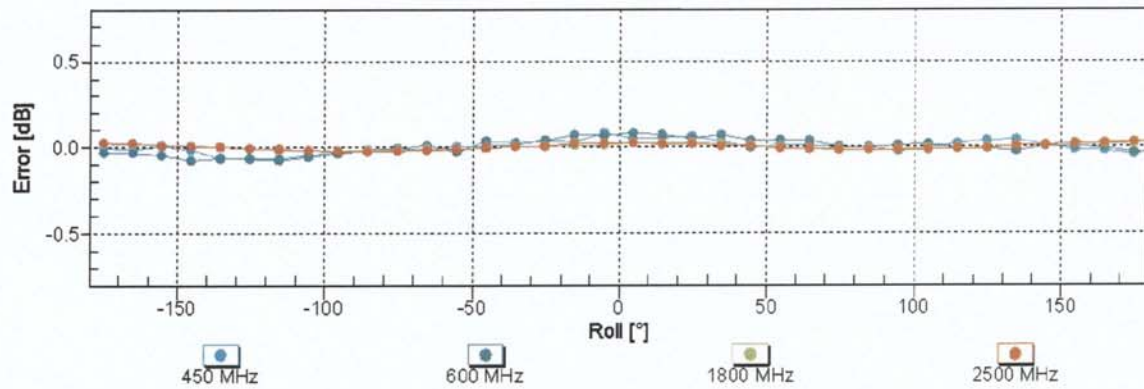
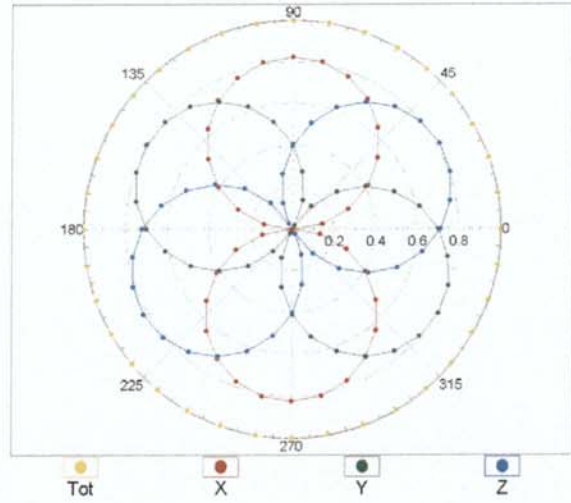
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM

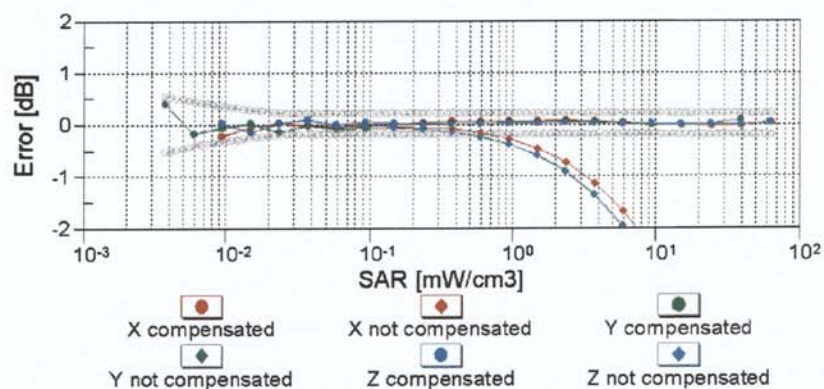
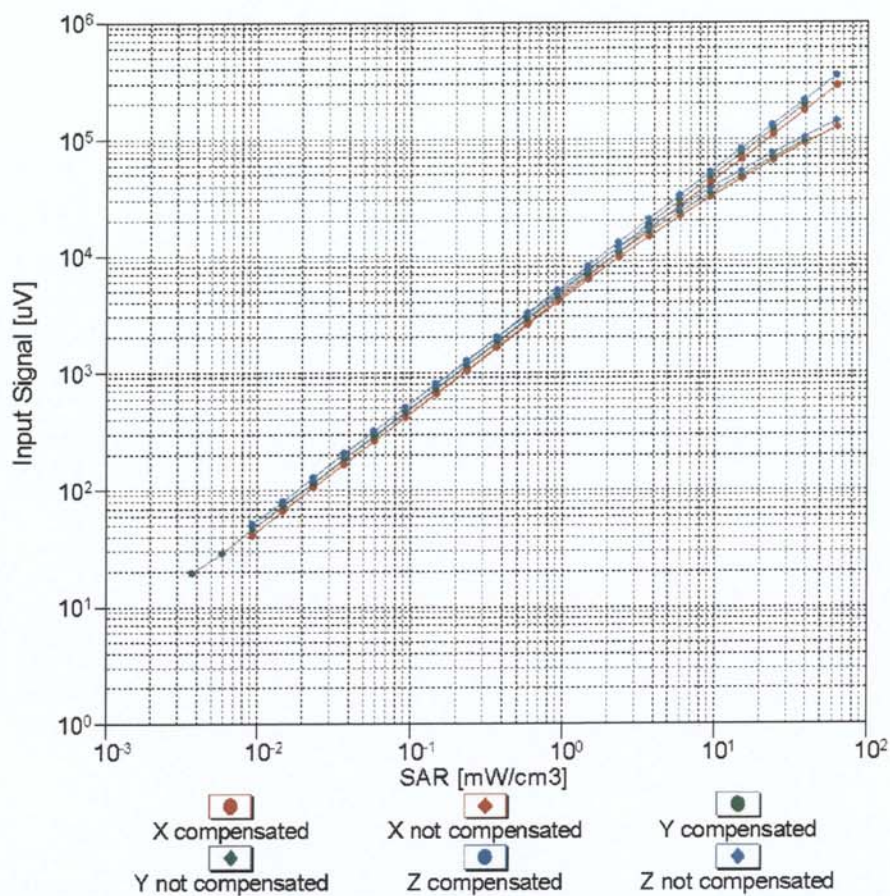


f=1800 MHz,R22



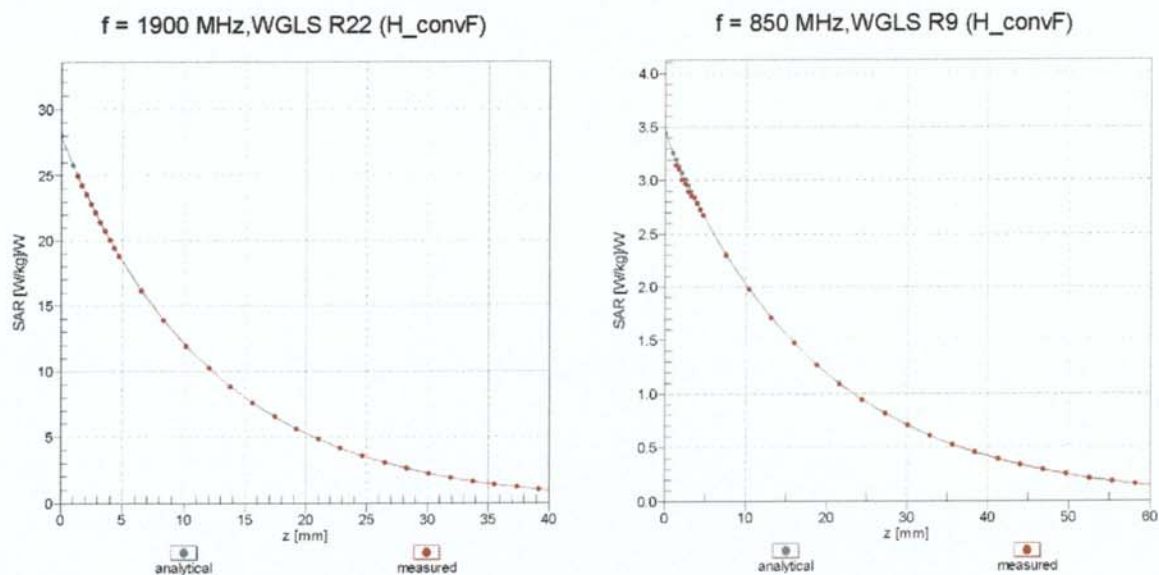
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell , $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)



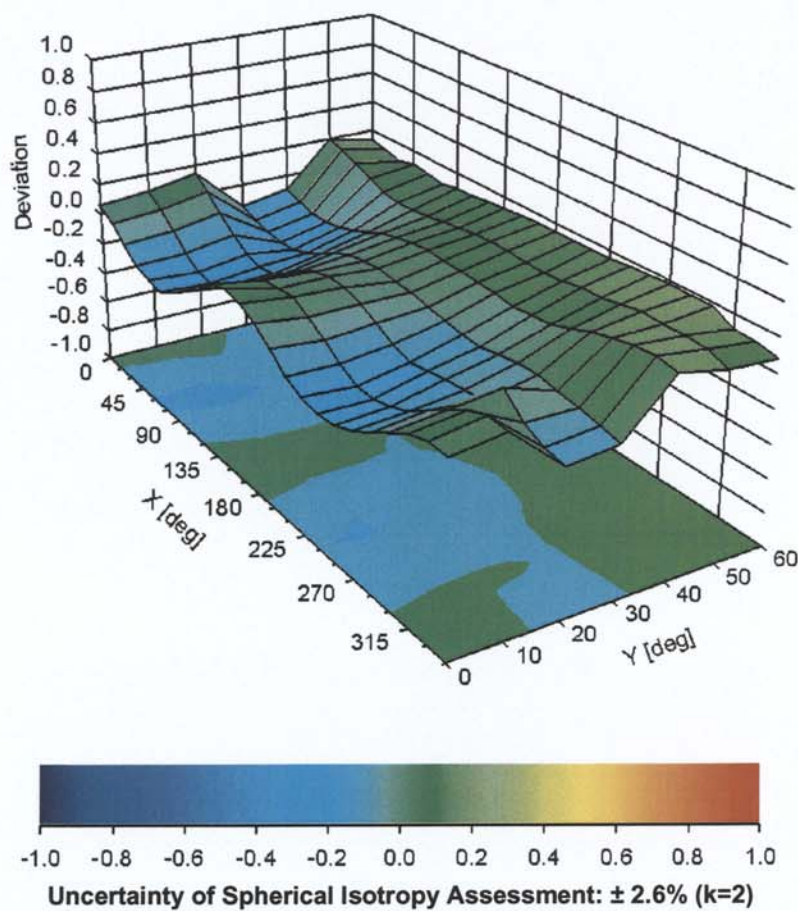
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3537

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

APPENDIX G

Calibration of The Validation Dipole



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d050_Feb11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d050**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **February 23, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name Dimce Iliev	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 23, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	41.1 $\pm$ 6 %	0.89 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.7 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.39 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.61 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.20 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.23 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.2 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.55 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	10.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.67 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.68 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.59 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 Ω - 2.1 $\mu\Omega$
Return Loss	- 31.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.6 Ω - 4.4 $\mu\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.388 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 16, 2006

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 22.02.2011 10:08:40

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d050

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

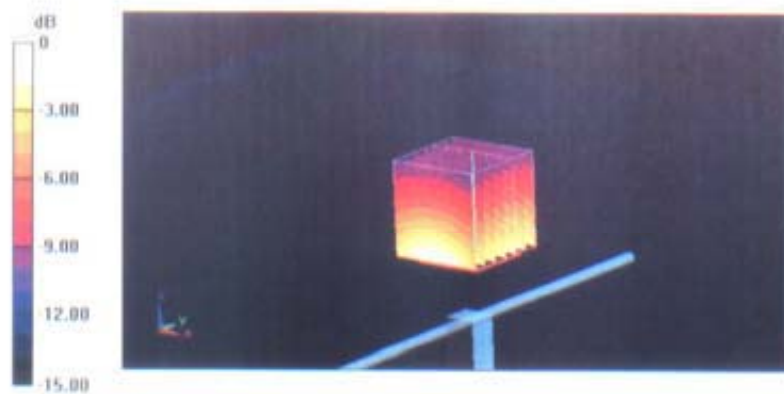
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0; Measurement
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.544 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.595 W/kg

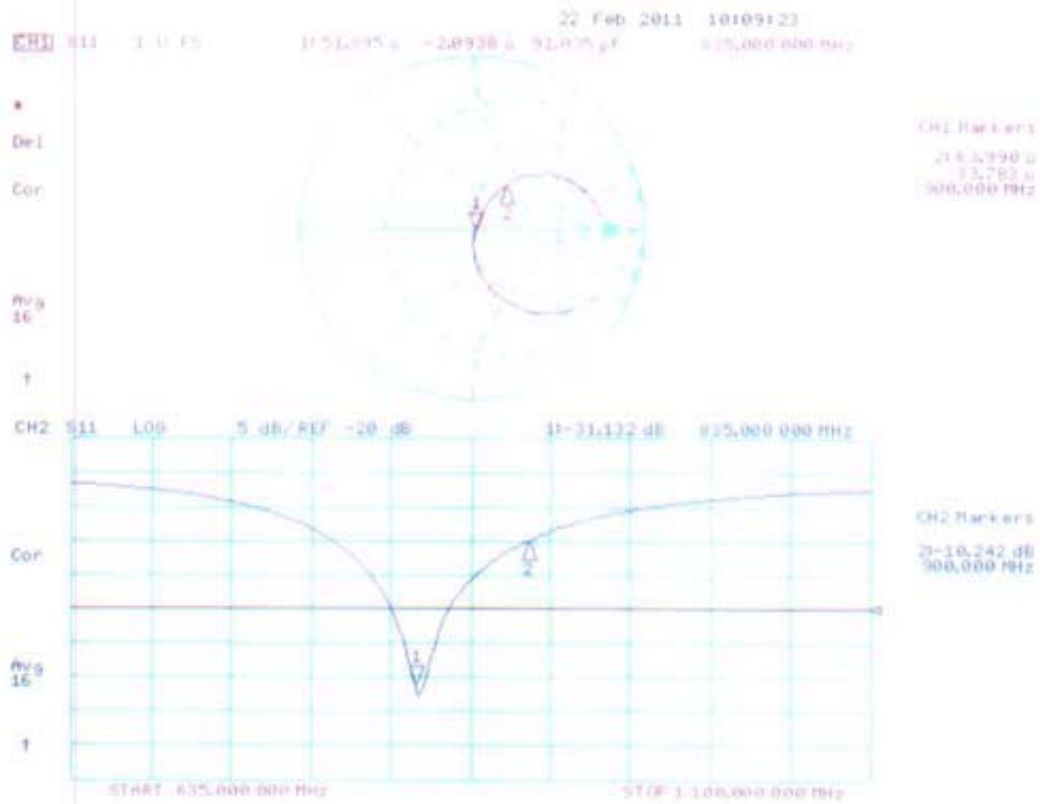
SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.784 mW/g



0 dB = 2.780mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.02.2011 15:31:07

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d050

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

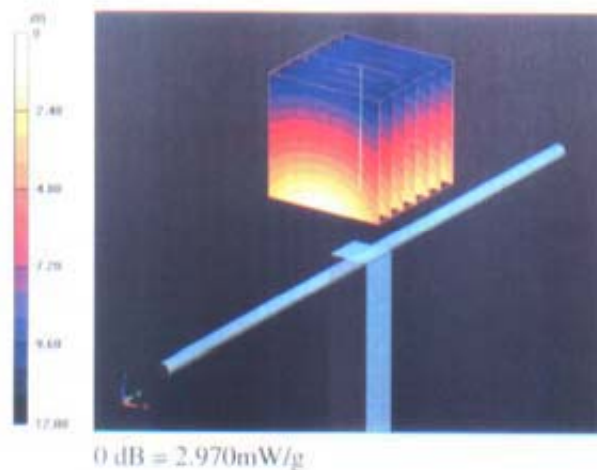
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

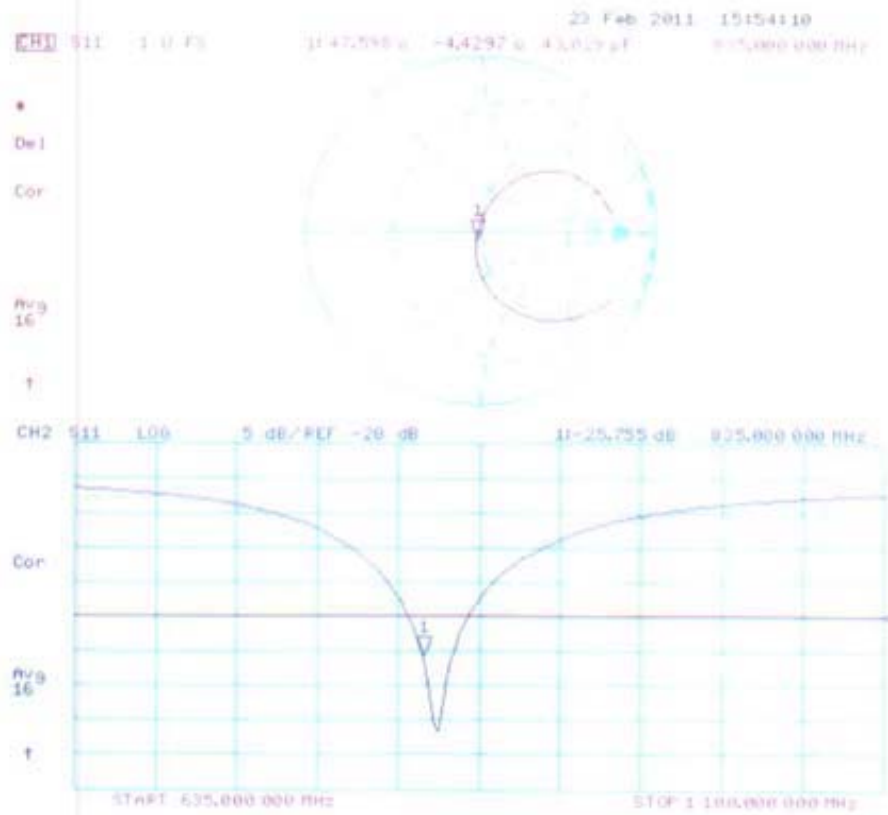
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.971 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
 The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d082_Feb11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d082**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **February 23, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 23, 2011

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.8 $\pm$ 6 %	1.41 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.4 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.36 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.42 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.9\ \Omega + 5.5\ j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$46.3\ \Omega + 6.6\ j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.197 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 28, 2006

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.02.2011 11:20:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1;1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6 Build (401)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

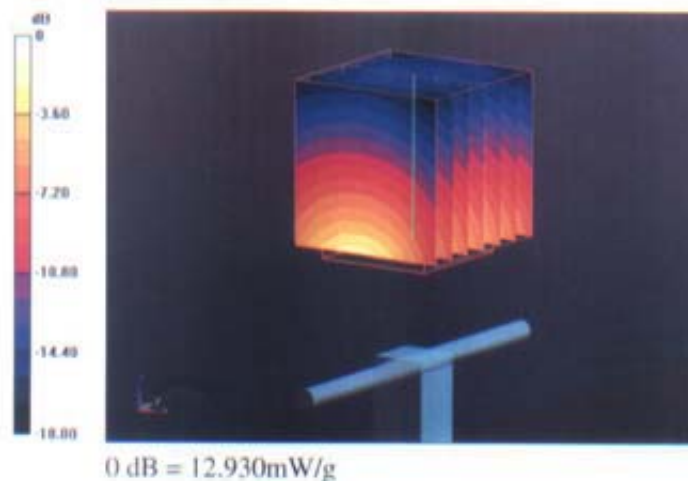
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.802 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

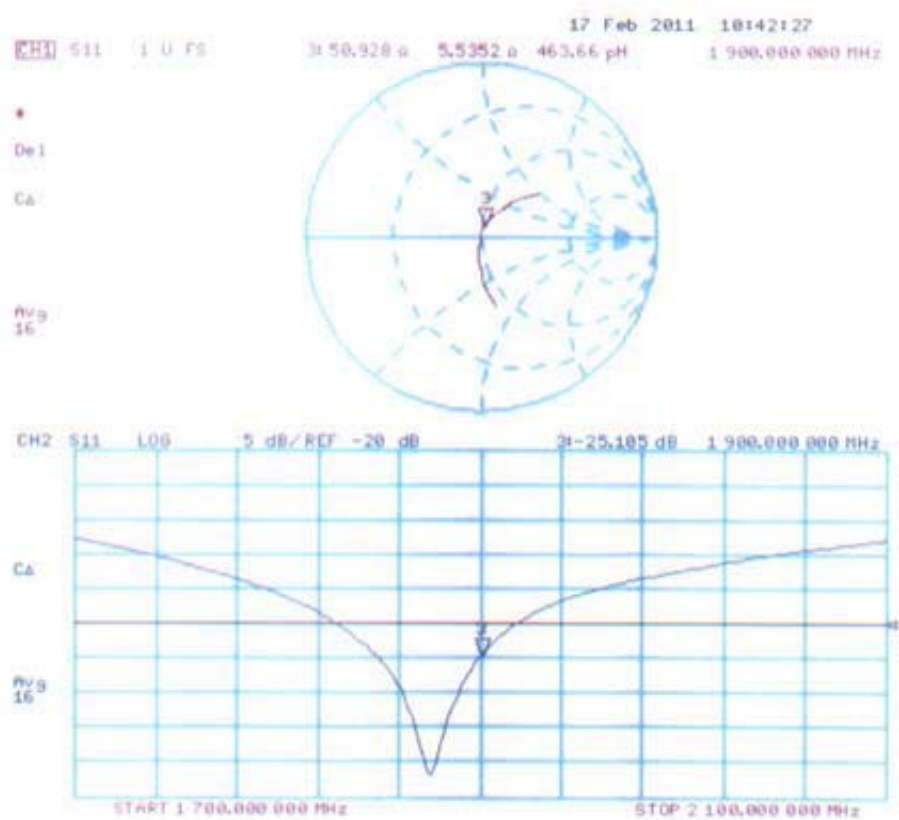
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.113 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.931 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.02.2011 10:31:34

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.829 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.729 W/kg

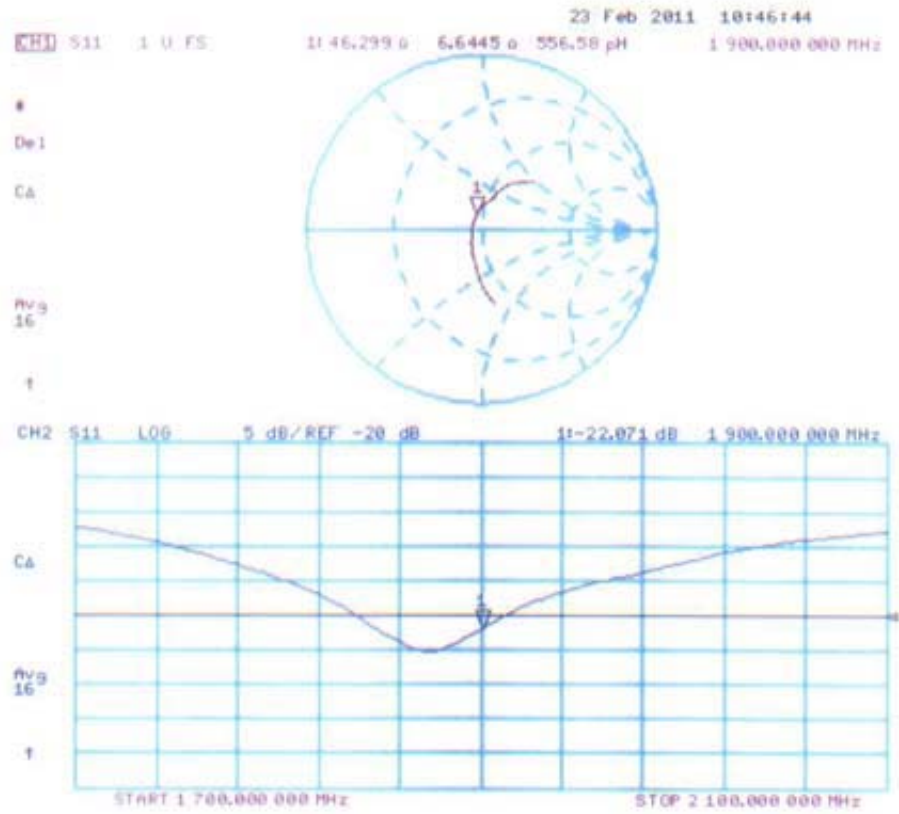
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.004 mW/g



0 dB = 13.000mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-807_Feb10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 807**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **February 04, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

Calibrated by: **Name**
Jeton Kastrati **Function**
Laboratory Technician

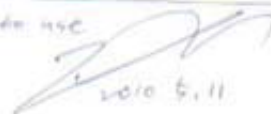
Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature



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Issued: February 5, 2010


2010 5.11



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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.5 $\pm$ 6 %	1.78 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(20.7 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.37 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.4 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.98 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	23.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.4 \Omega + 2.0 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.5 \Omega + 3.9 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.159 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 02, 2006

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 04.02.2010 14:31:32

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:807

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

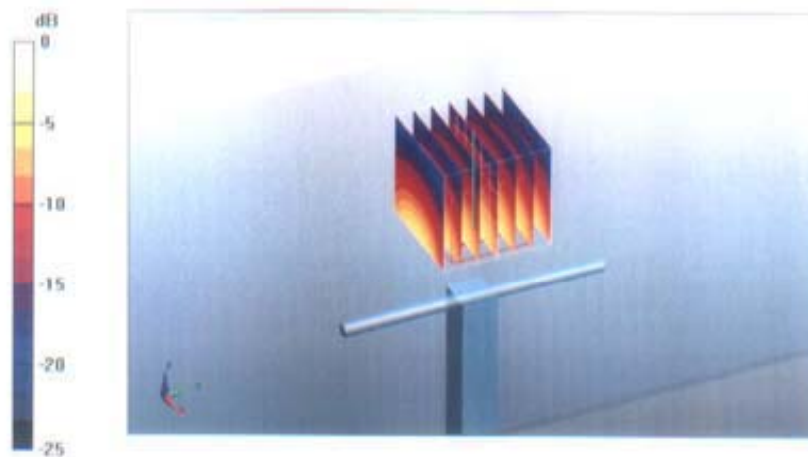
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

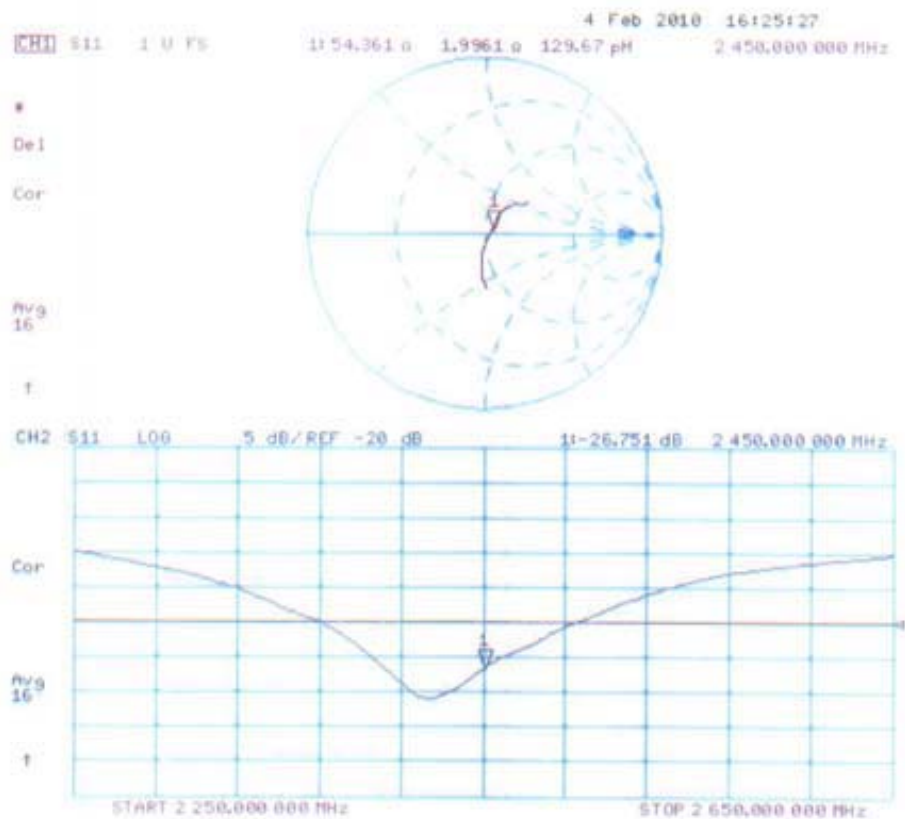
SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.37 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 mW/g



0 dB = 17.5mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 04.02.2010 15:19:05

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:807

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

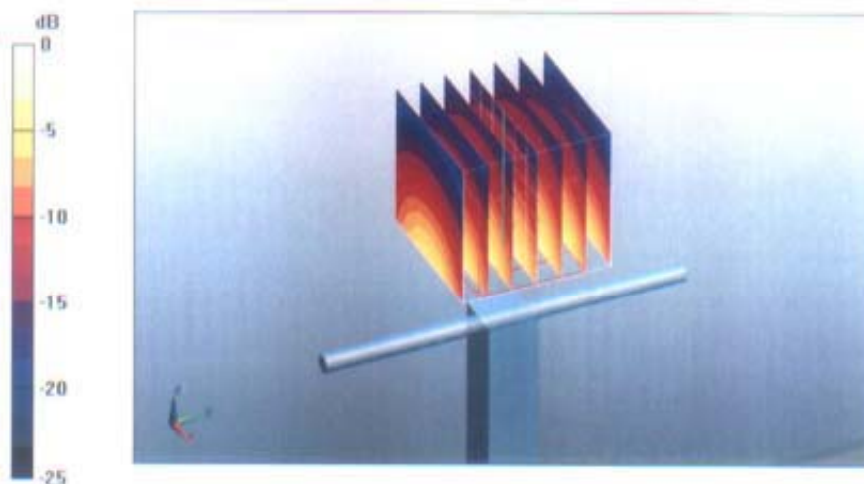
Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.98 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 mW/g



0 dB = 17.1 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

