

APPENDIX A

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. A.1) .

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{p dv} \right)$$

Figure A.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / p$$

Where :

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
- p = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

Note: The primary factors that control rate or energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

APPENDIX B

Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure described in **K. Pokovic, T.Schmid, N. Kuster, *Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies*, ICECOM97, Oct. 1997, pp. 120-124** with an accuracy better than +/-10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in **K. Pokovic, T.Schmid, N. Kuster, *E-field Probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids*, Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, June 23-25, 1996, pp. 172-175** and found to be better than +/-0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe is tested.

Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz (see Fig. B.1), and in a waveguide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe (see Fig. B.2).

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{p}$$

where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds)

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle).

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. Now it's possible to quantify the electric field in the simulated tissue by equating the thermally derived SAR to the E-field;

where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity

p = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

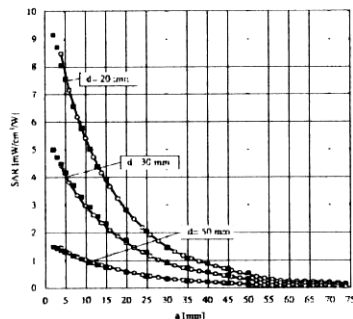


Figure B.1. E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz

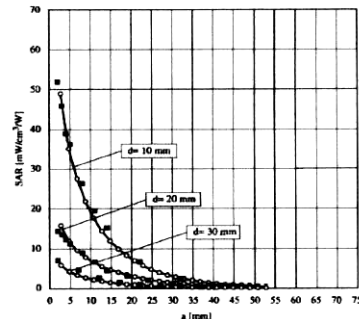


Figure B.2. E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz

APPENDIX C

ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 2005 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table C.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ¹ Brain	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ² Whole Body	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR ³ Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.00	20.00

¹ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

² The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

³ The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

APPENDIX D

The Validation Measurements

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: 4d050

Program Name: 835MHz Dipole Validation 2011.12.14

Procedure Name: 835MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-14/Dec/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

835MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.998 mW/g

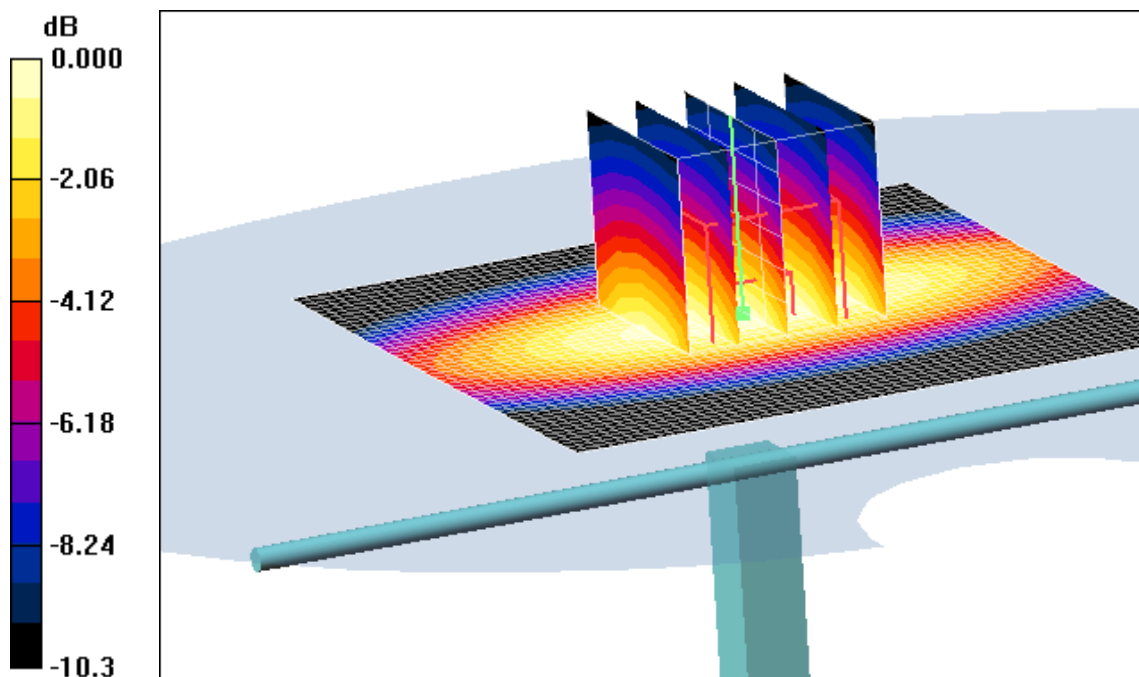
835MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 32.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.934 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.620 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 mW/g



0 dB = 1.00mW/g

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: 4d050

Program Name: 835MHz Dipole Validation 2011.12.16

Procedure Name: 835MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.4;Test Date-16/Dec/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

835MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 mW/g

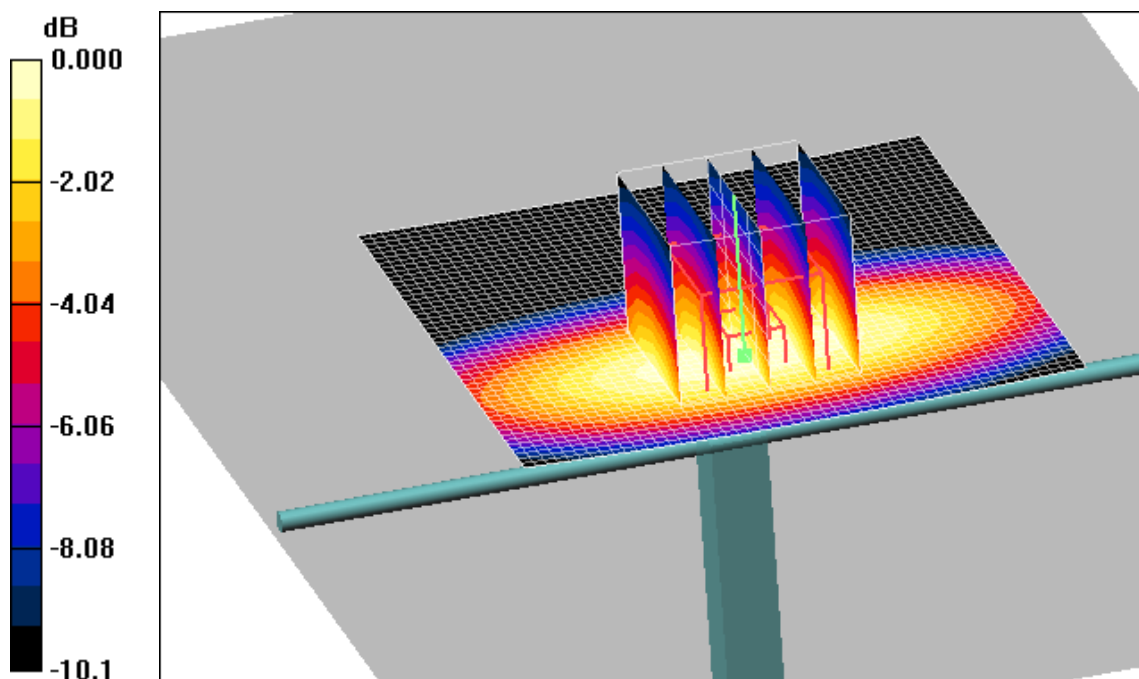
835MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.186 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.966 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.642 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 mW/g



0 dB = 1.04mW/g

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d082

Program Name: 1900MHz Dipole Validation 2011.12.13

Procedure Name: 1900MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Dec/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

1900MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.67 mW/g

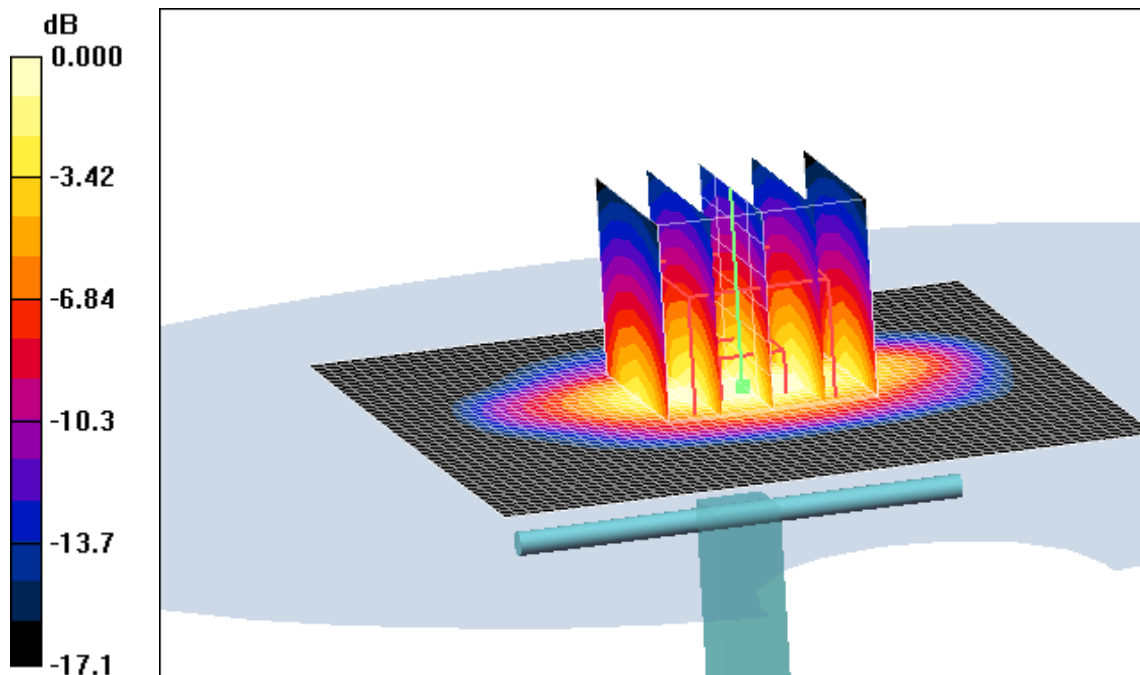
1900MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.176 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.52 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.21 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.64 mW/g



0 dB = 4.64mW/g

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: 5d082

Program Name: 1900MHz Dipole Validation 2011.12.15

Procedure Name: 1900MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

1900MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.14 mW/g

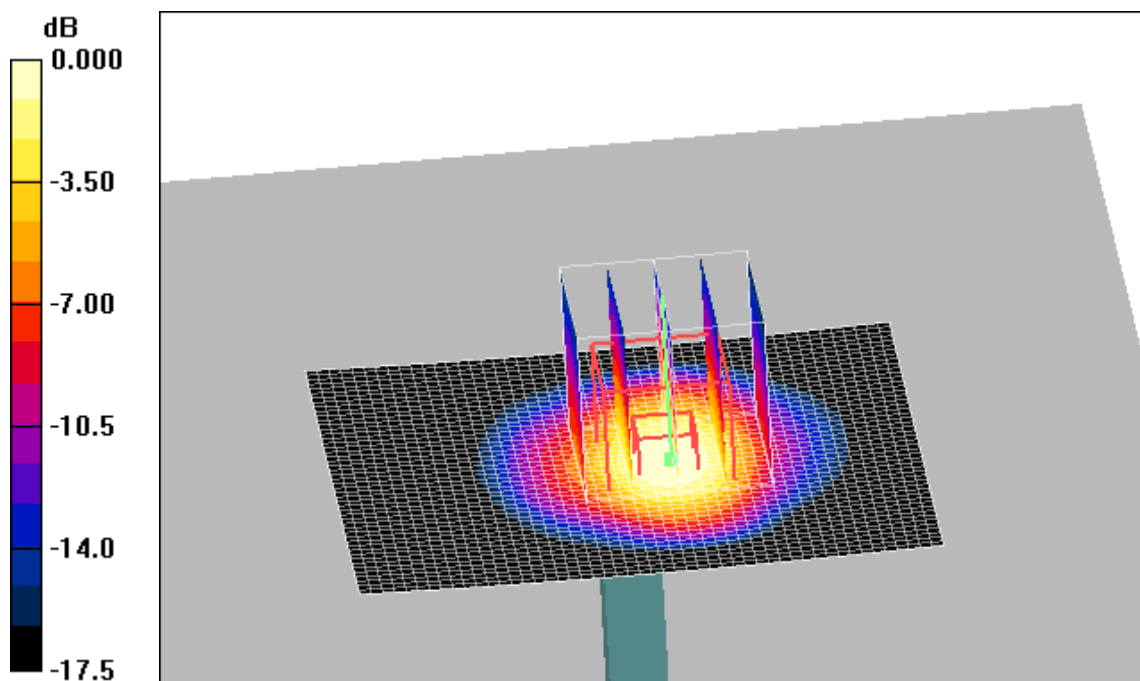
1900MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 47.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.044 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.49 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.11 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.14 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.60 mW/g



0 dB = 4.60mW/g

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:807

Program Name: 2450MHz Dipole Validation 2011.12.15

Procedure Name: 2450MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

2450MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.17 mW/g

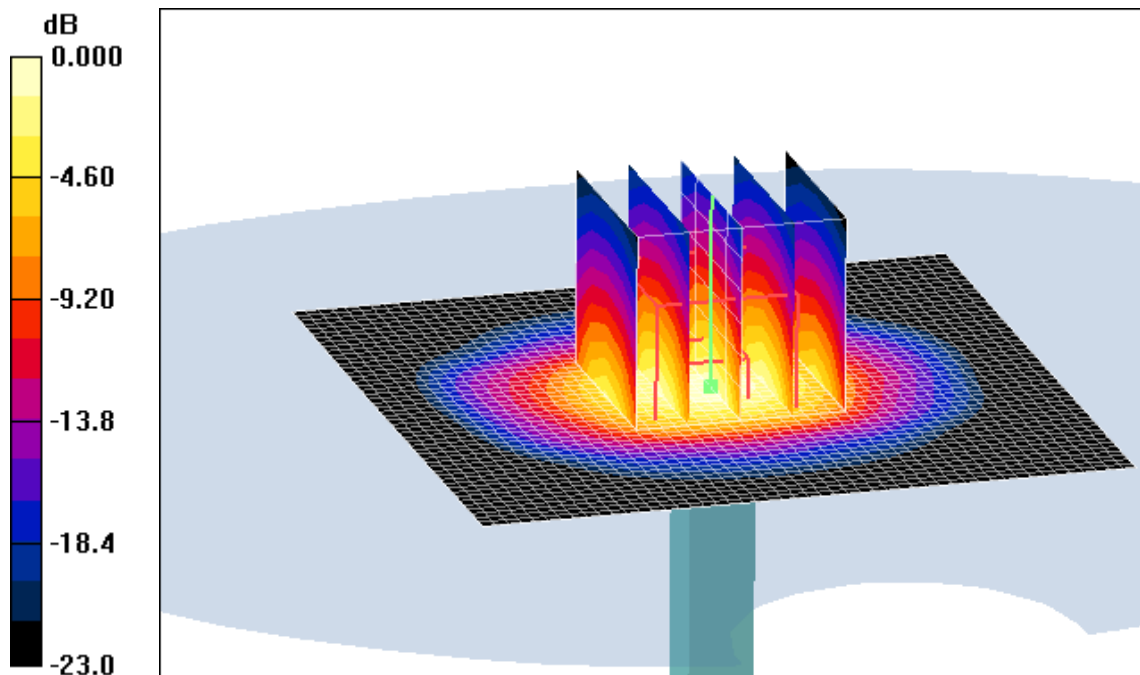
2450MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 59.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.092 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.68 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.62 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.43 mW/g



0 dB = 6.43mW/g

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:807

Program Name: 2450MHz Dipole Validation 2011.12.15

Procedure Name: 2450MHz @ 100mW

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

2450MHz @ 100mW/Area Scan (51x51x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 6.11 mW/g

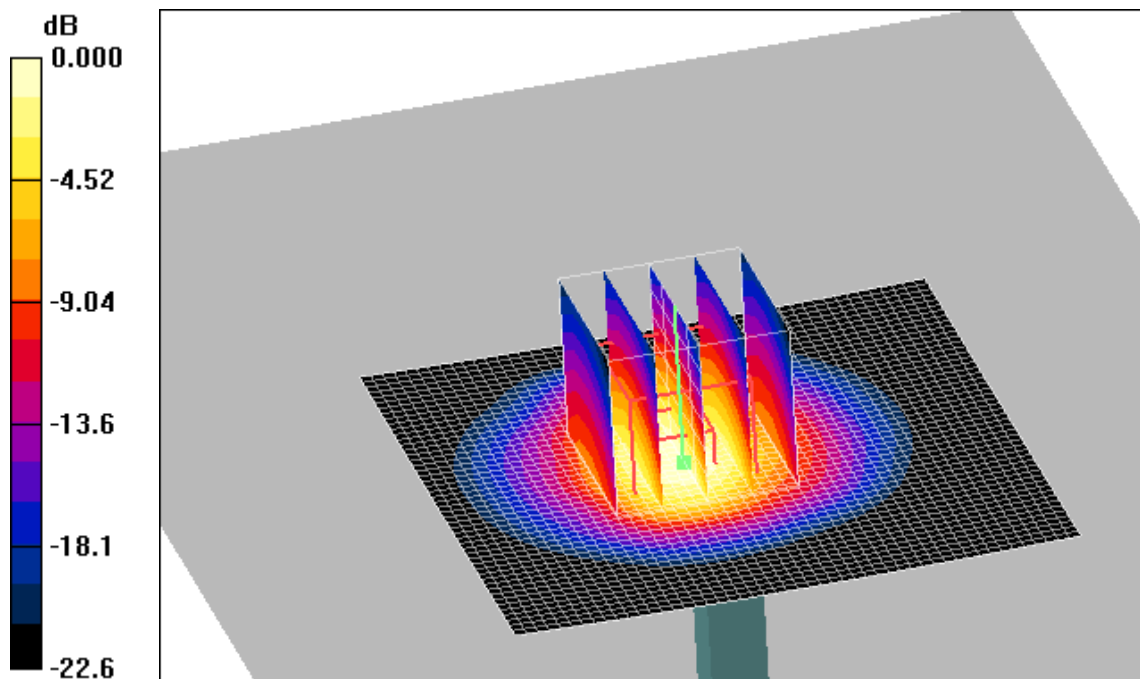
2450MHz @ 100mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.056 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.29 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.95 mW/g



0 dB = 5.95mW/g

APPENDIX E

Plots of The SAR Measurements

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM850 Right (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-14/Dec/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.071 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

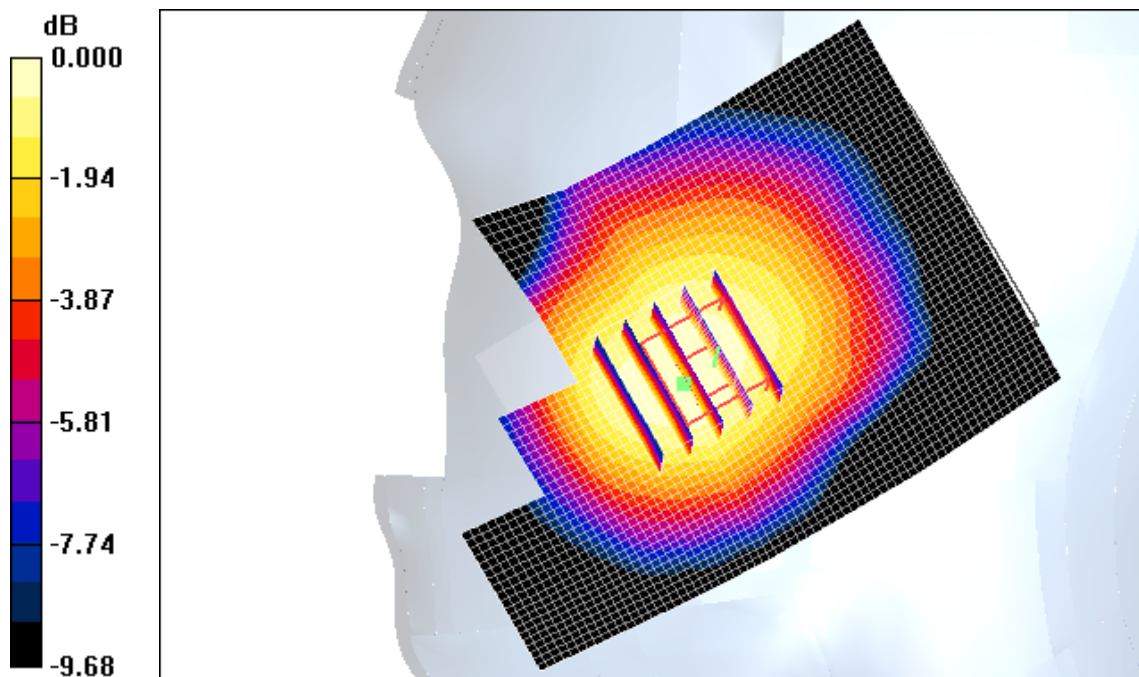
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.137 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.086 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.067 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.071 mW/g



0 dB = 0.071mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM850 Right (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-14/Dec/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid:

dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.056 mW/g

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

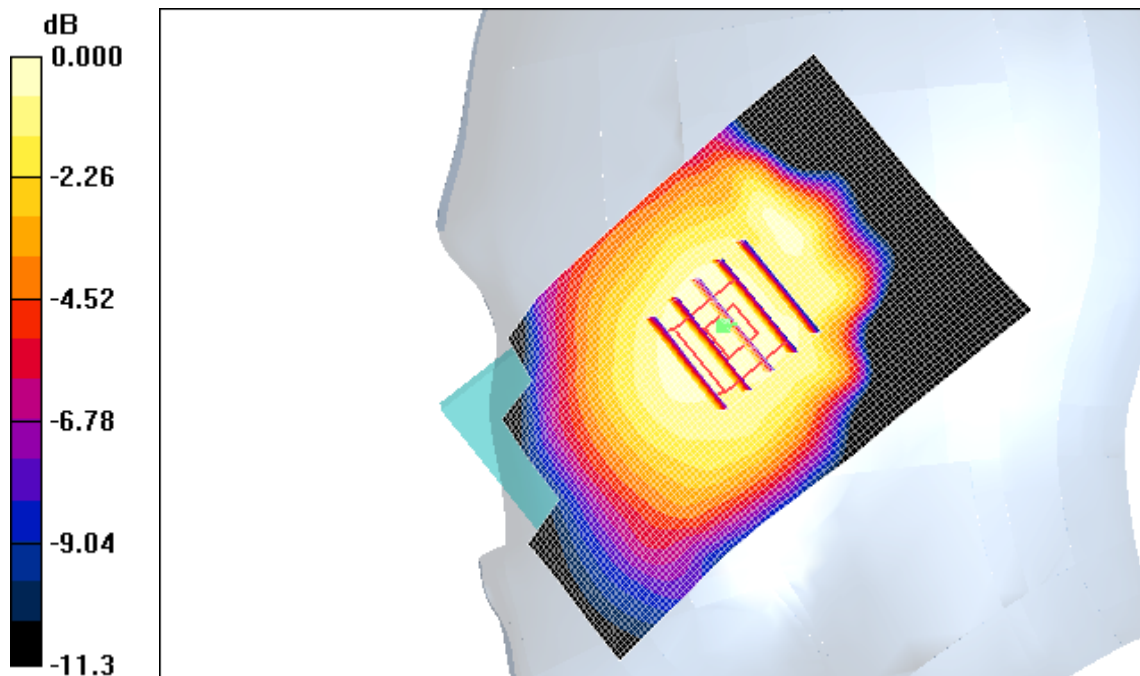
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.066 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.051 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.054 mW/g



0 dB = 0.054mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM850 Left (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-14/Dec/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.095 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

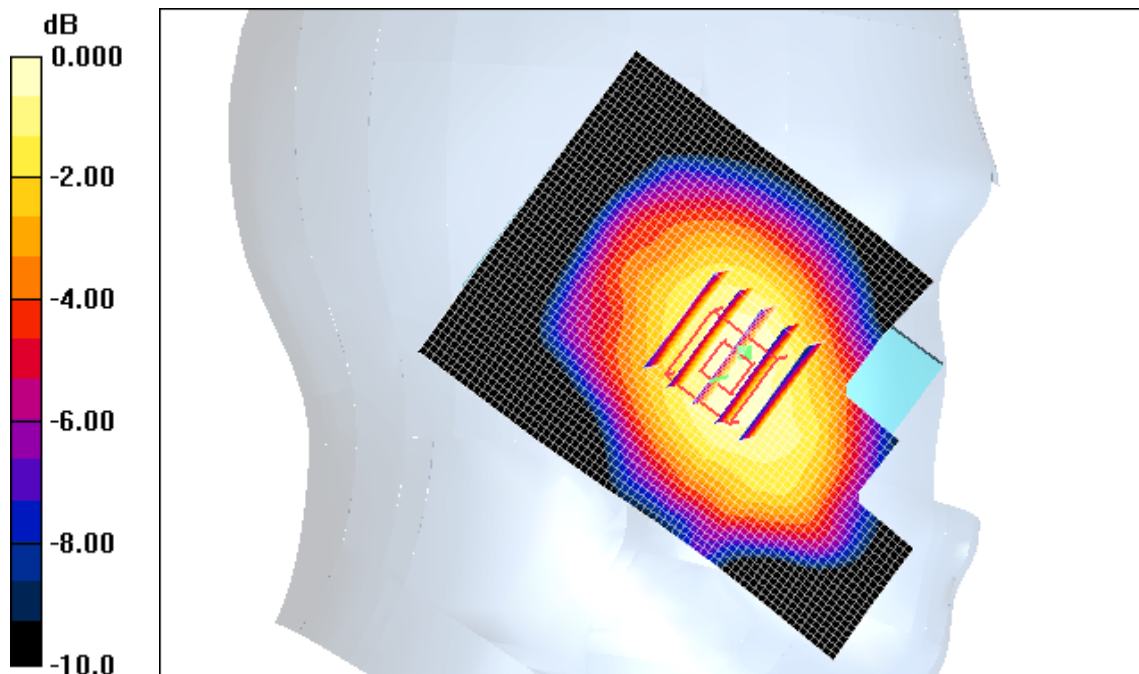
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.096 mW/g



0 dB = 0.096mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM850 Left (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-14/Dec/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.058 mW/g

Ear/Tilt, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

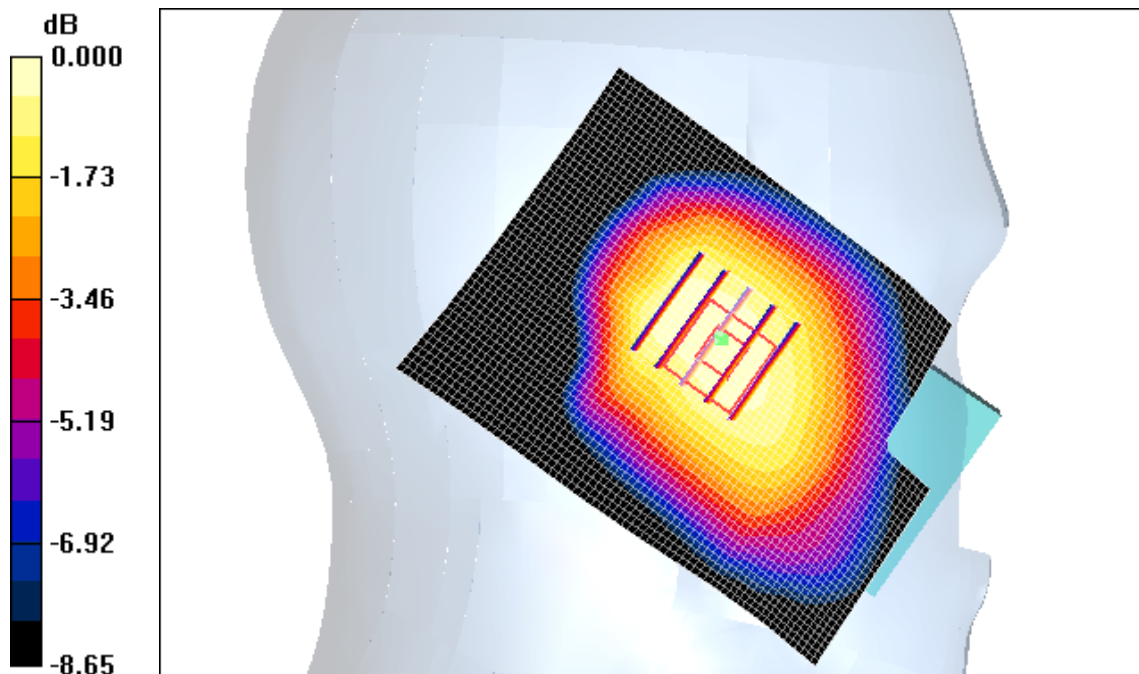
grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.106 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.072 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.043 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.059 mW/g



0 dB = 0.059mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM850 Left (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.4,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.2;Test Date-14/Dec/2011

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.61, 8.61, 8.61); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.095 mW/g

Cheek/Touch, Ch.190, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

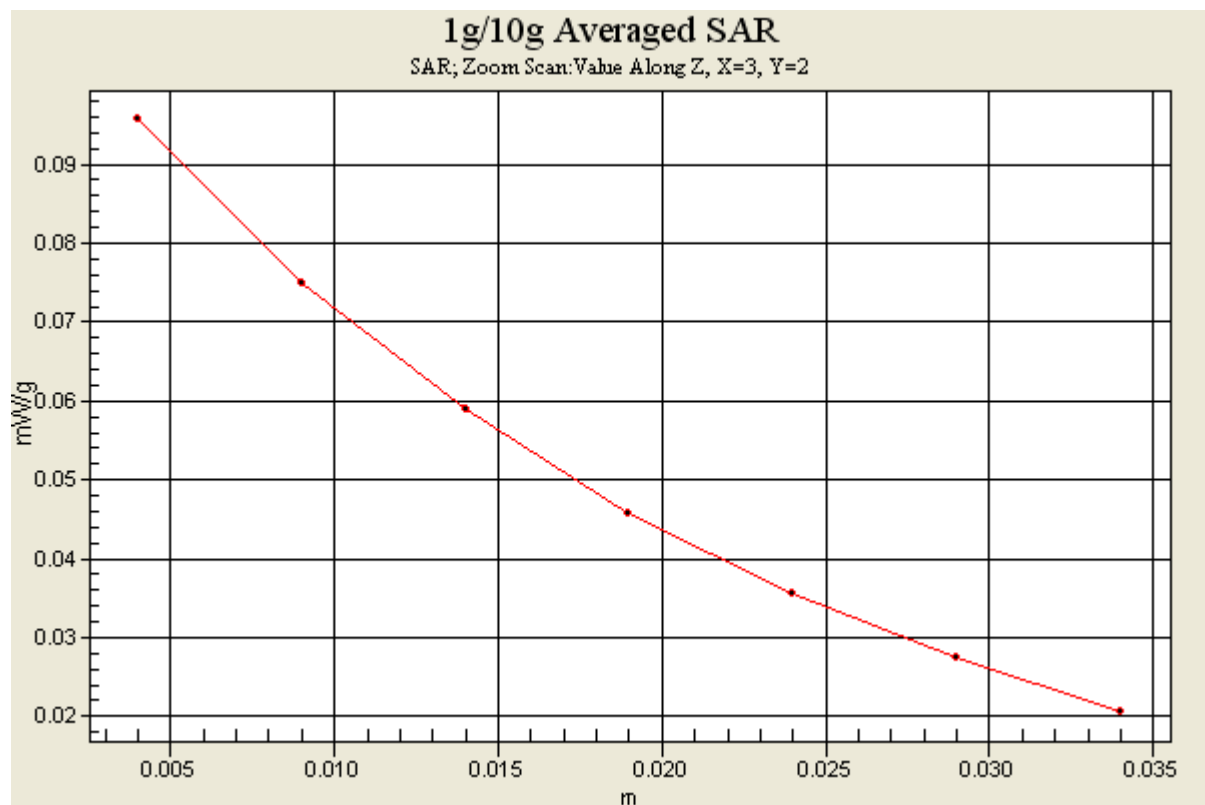
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.116 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.096 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.4;Test Date-16/Dec/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.419 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

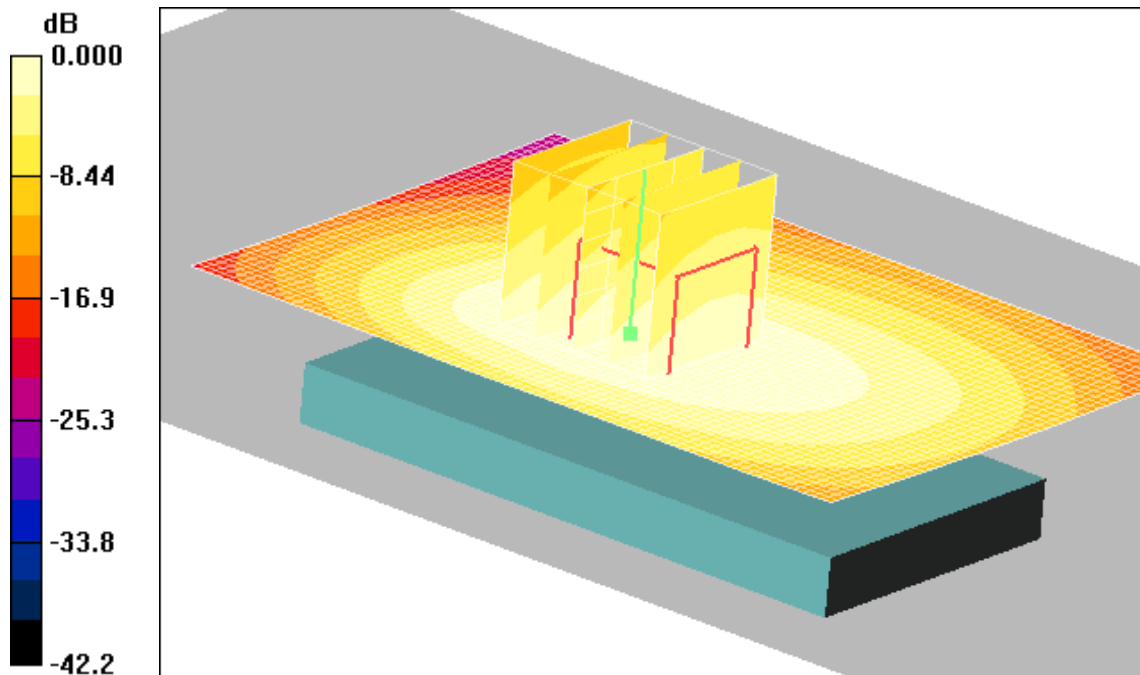
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.512 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.378 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.403 mW/g



0 dB = 0.403mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 3Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.4;Test Date-16/Dec/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz:Duty Cycle: 1:2.77

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 3Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.318 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 3Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

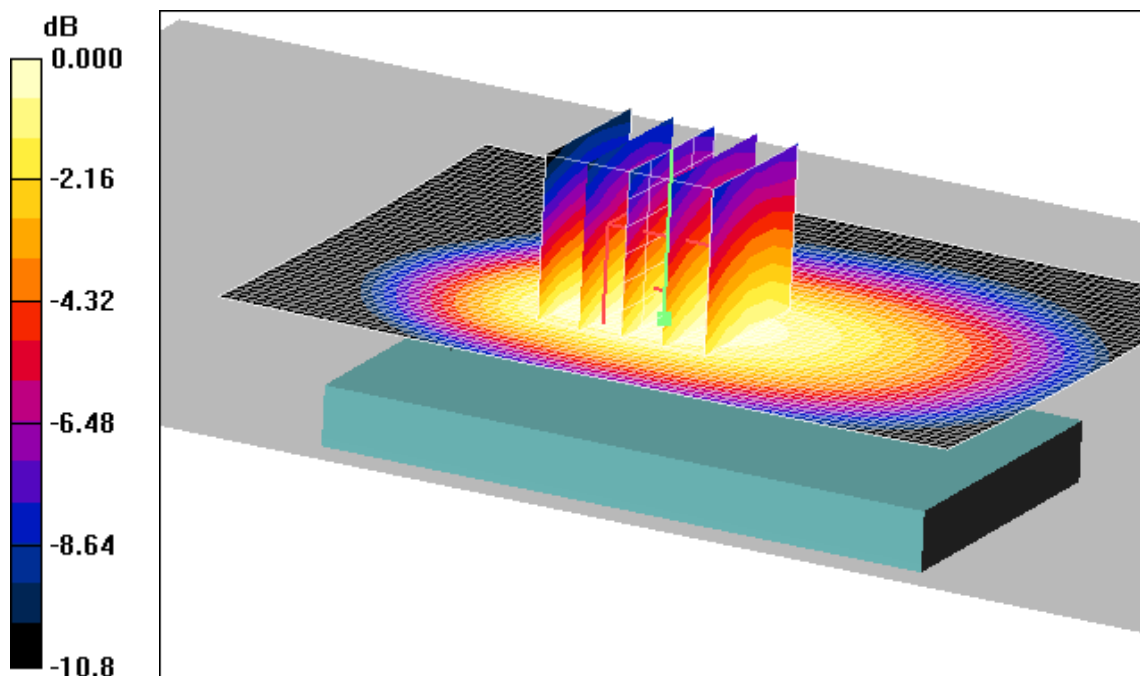
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.398 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.310 mW/g



0 dB = 0.310mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 4Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.4;Test Date-16/Dec/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 4Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.289 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 4Tx/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

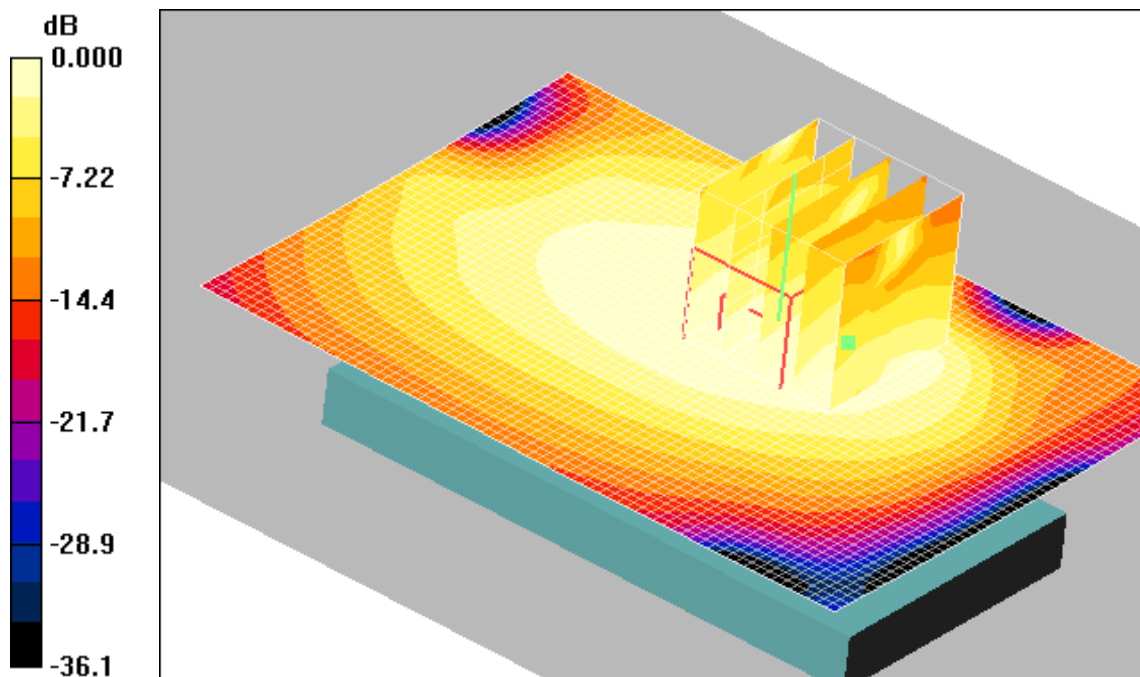
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.110 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.484 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.241 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.170 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.253 mW/g



0 dB = 0.253mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Front

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.4;Test Date-16/Dec/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Front 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.226 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Front 2Tx /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

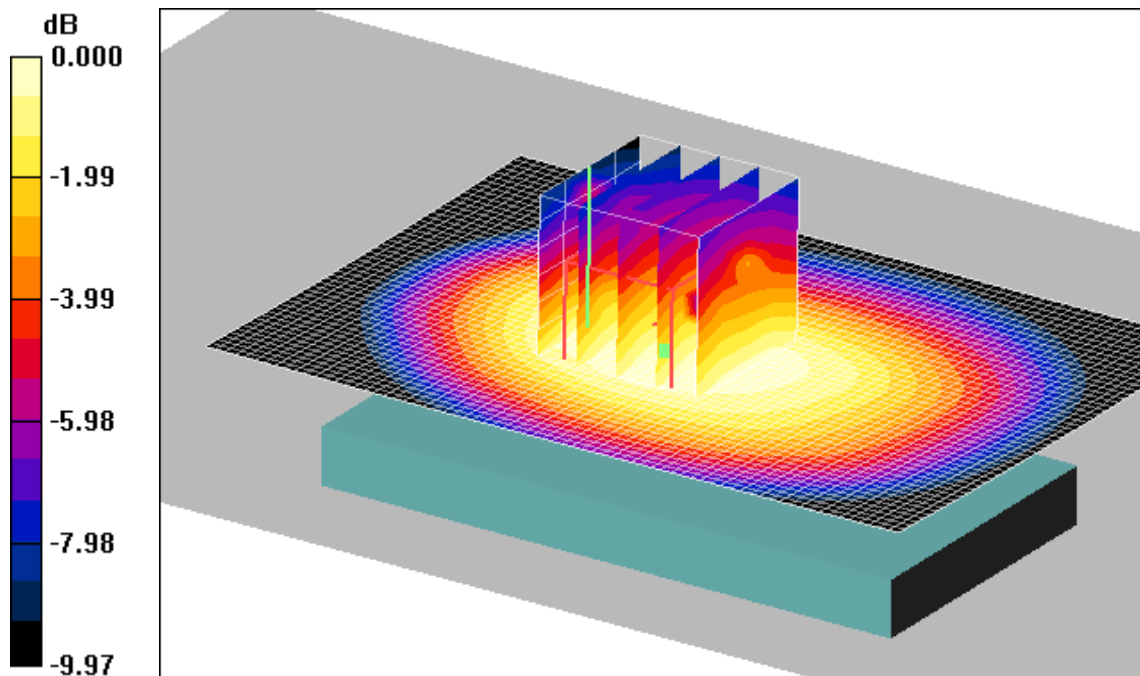
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.199 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.203 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 mW/g



0 dB = 0.221mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Left

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.4;Test Date-16/Dec/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Left 2Tx /Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.301 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Left 2Tx /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

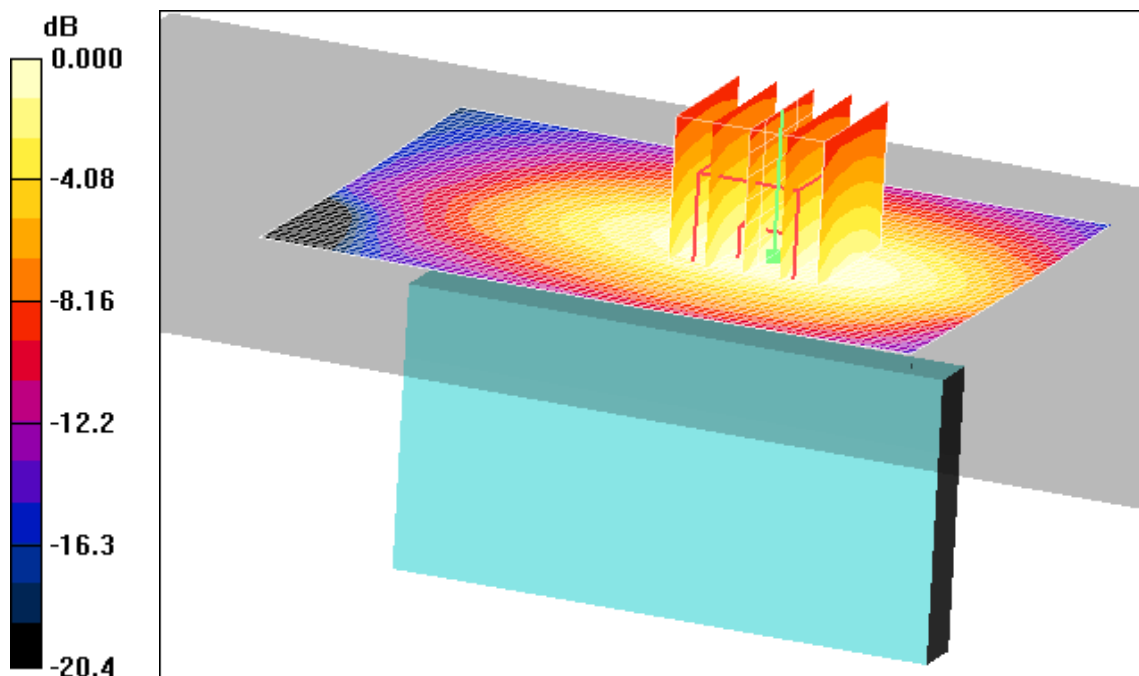
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.168 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.400 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.297 mW/g



0 dB = 0.297mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Bottom

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.4;Test Date-16/Dec/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Bottom 2Tx /Area Scan (51x51x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.131 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Bottom 2Tx /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

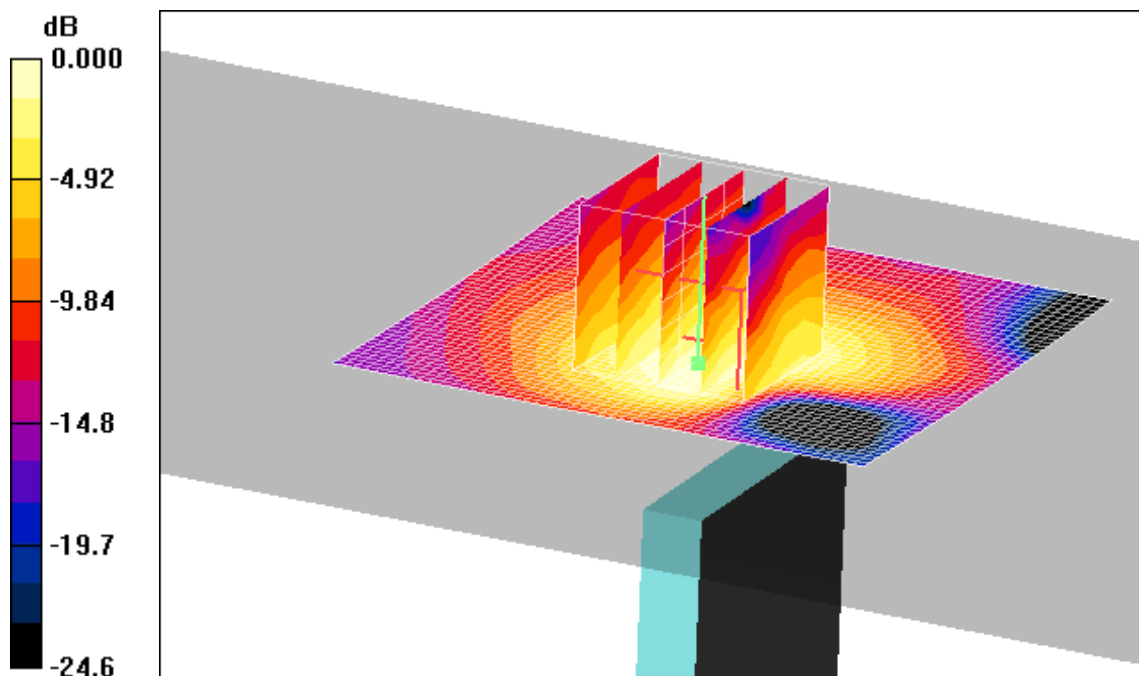
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.077 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.101 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.058 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.111 mW/g



0 dB = 0.111mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS850 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6;Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.4;Test Date-16/Nov/2011

Communication System: GPRS 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium parameters used: $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(8.45, 8.45, 8.45); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.419 mW/g

Body, Ch. 190, Ant. Intenna, Bat. Standard Back 2Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

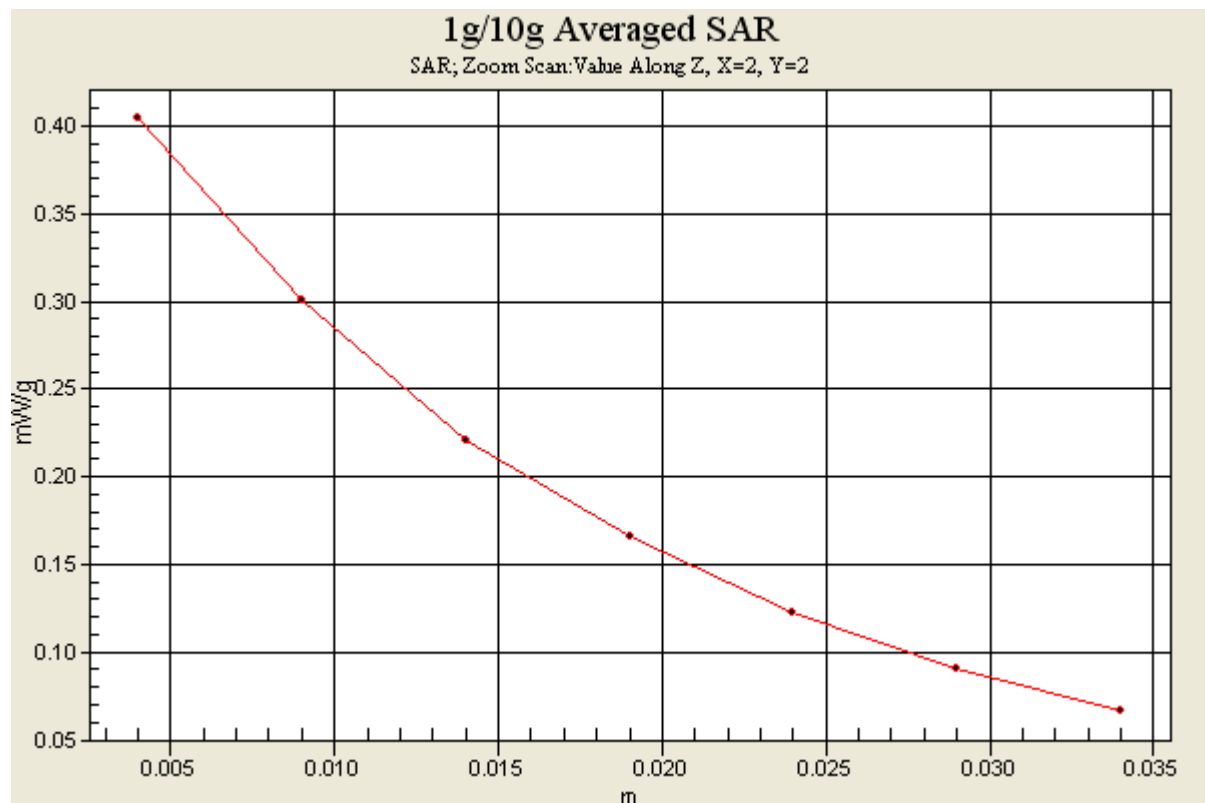
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.512 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.378 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.274 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.403 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM1900 Right (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Dec/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24

- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18

- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247

- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.393 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

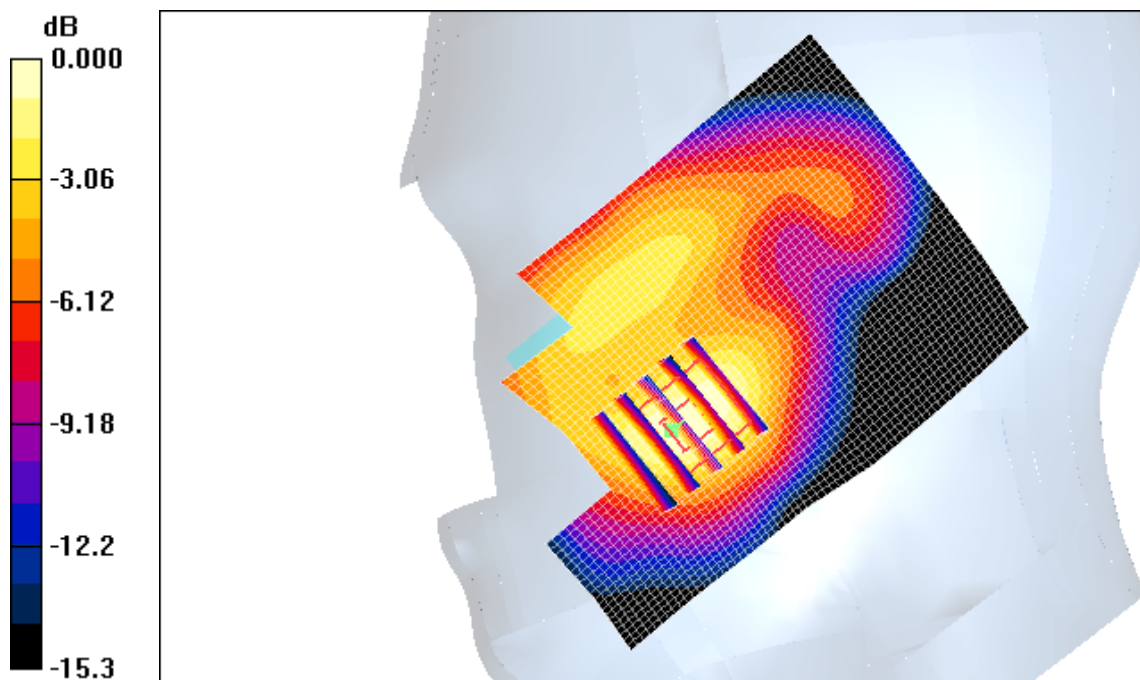
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.175 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.538 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.359 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 mW/g



0 dB = 0.382mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM1900 Right (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Dec/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.212 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

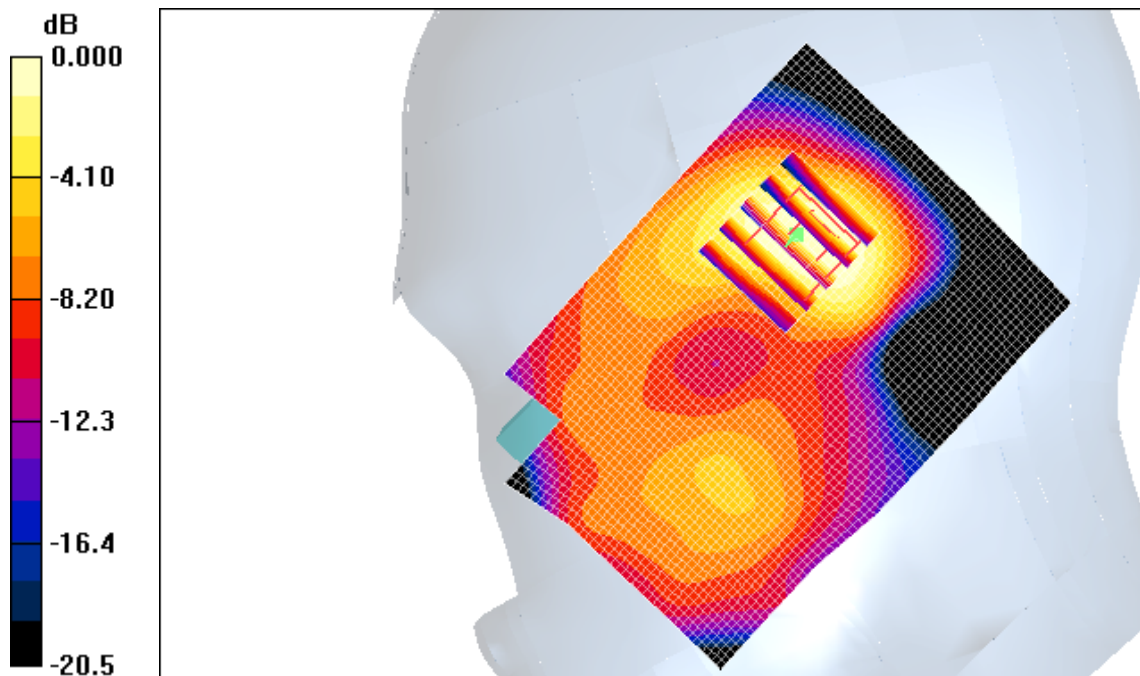
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.186 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 mW/g



0 dB = 0.197mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Dec/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.470 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

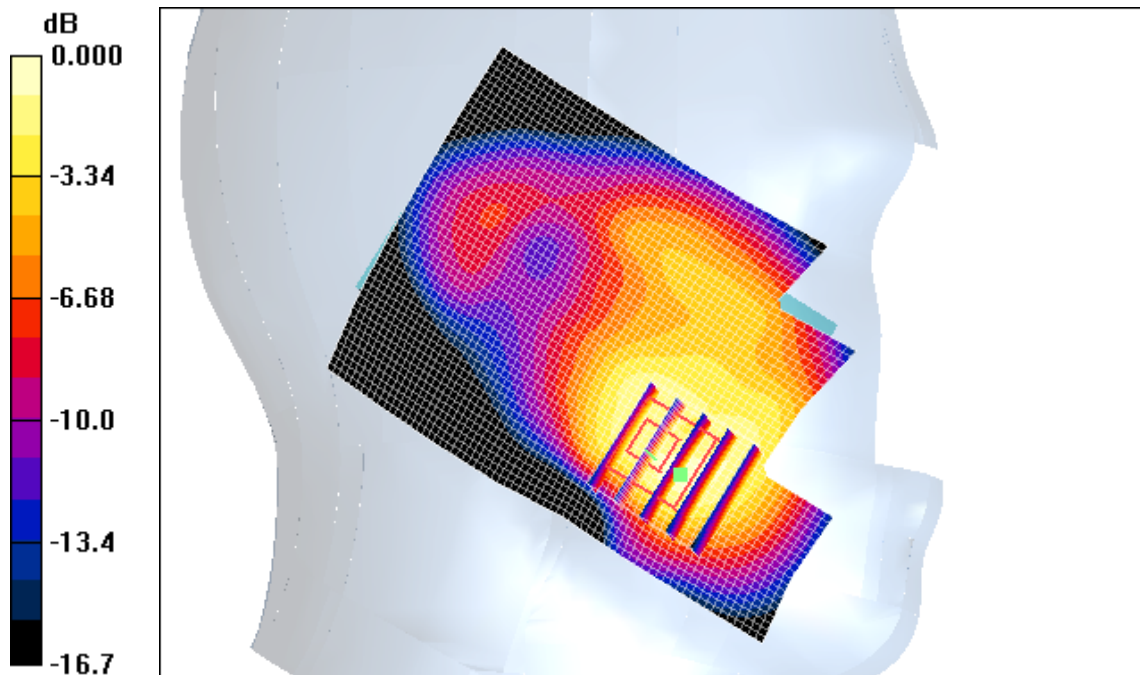
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.098 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.854 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.494 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.526 mW/g



0 dB = 0.526mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Dec/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.275 mW/g

Tilt, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

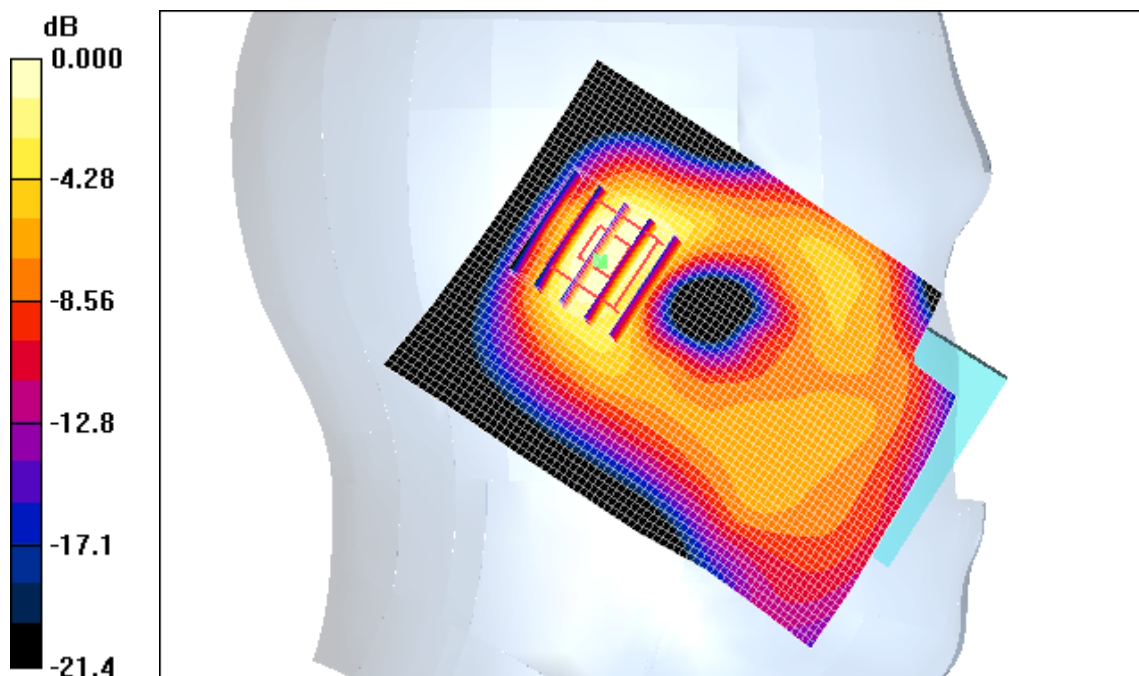
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.314 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.185 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.204 mW/g



0 dB = 0.204mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GSM1900 Left (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.3,Tissue Temp(celsius)-21.9;Test Date-13/Nov/2011

Communication System: GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7, 7, 7); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1247
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid:

dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.470 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

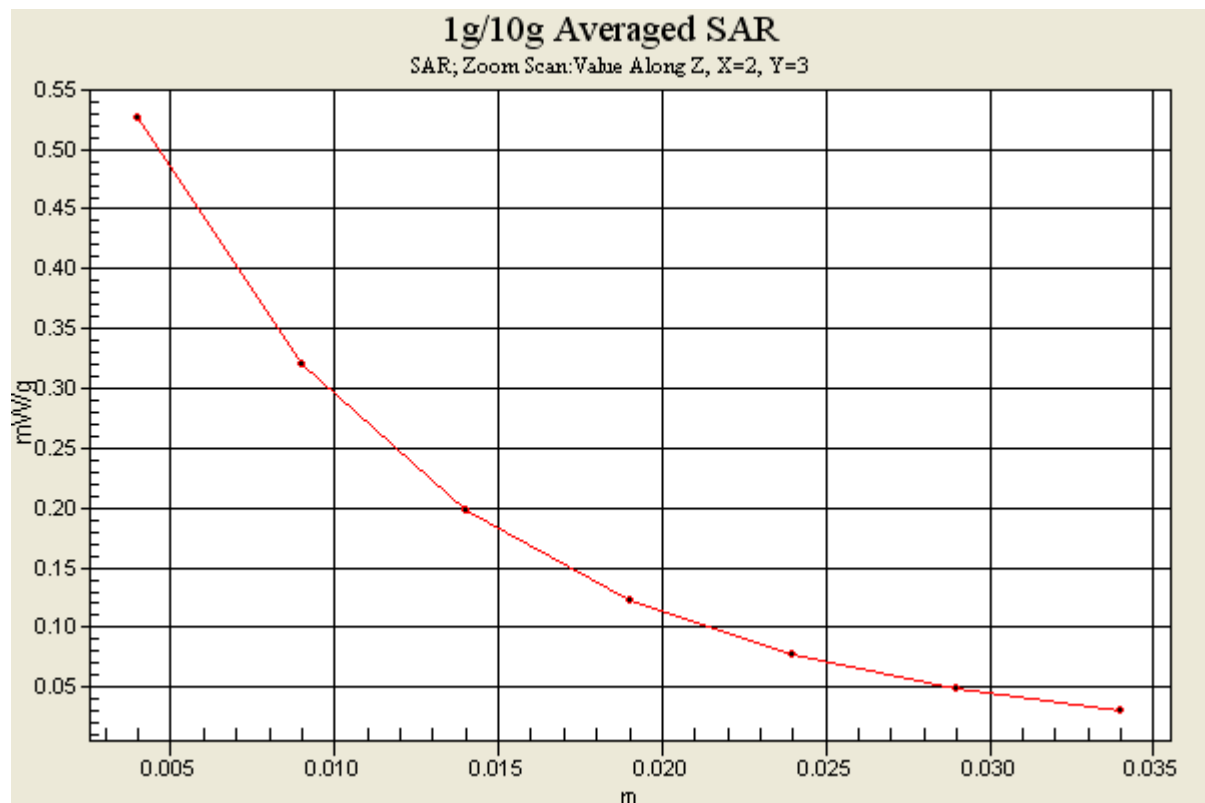
dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.098 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.854 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.494 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.266 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.526 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 2Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

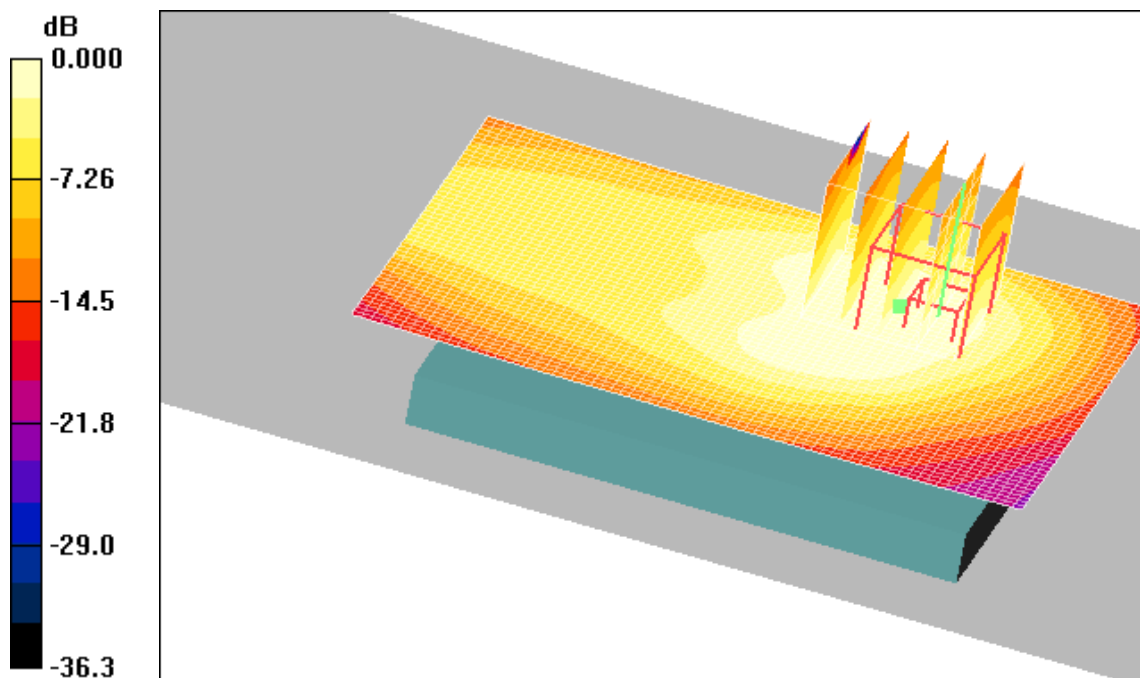
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.787 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 2Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.106 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.964 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.600 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.652 mW/g



0 dB = 0.652mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 3Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 3Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.650 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 3Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

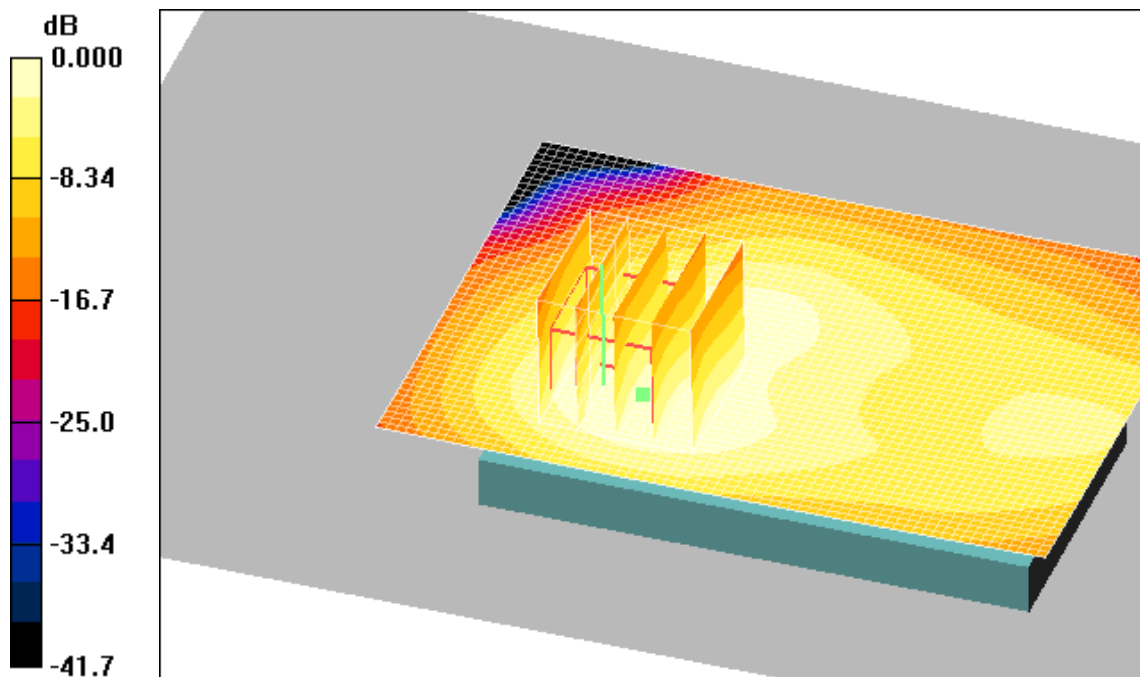
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.066 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.531 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.315 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.571 mW/g



0 dB = 0.571 mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 4Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.075
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 4Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.566 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 4Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

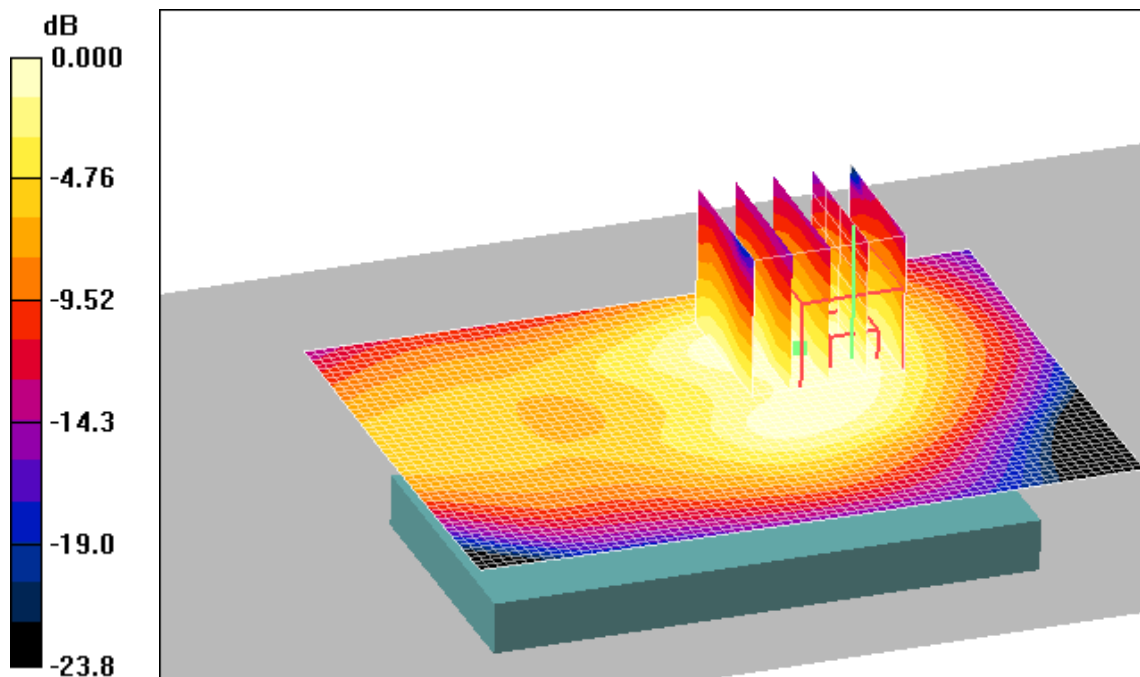
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.724 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.455 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.504 mW/g



0 dB = 0.504mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.49 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front 2Tx /Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=20\text{mm}$, $dy=20\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.644 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front 2Tx /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

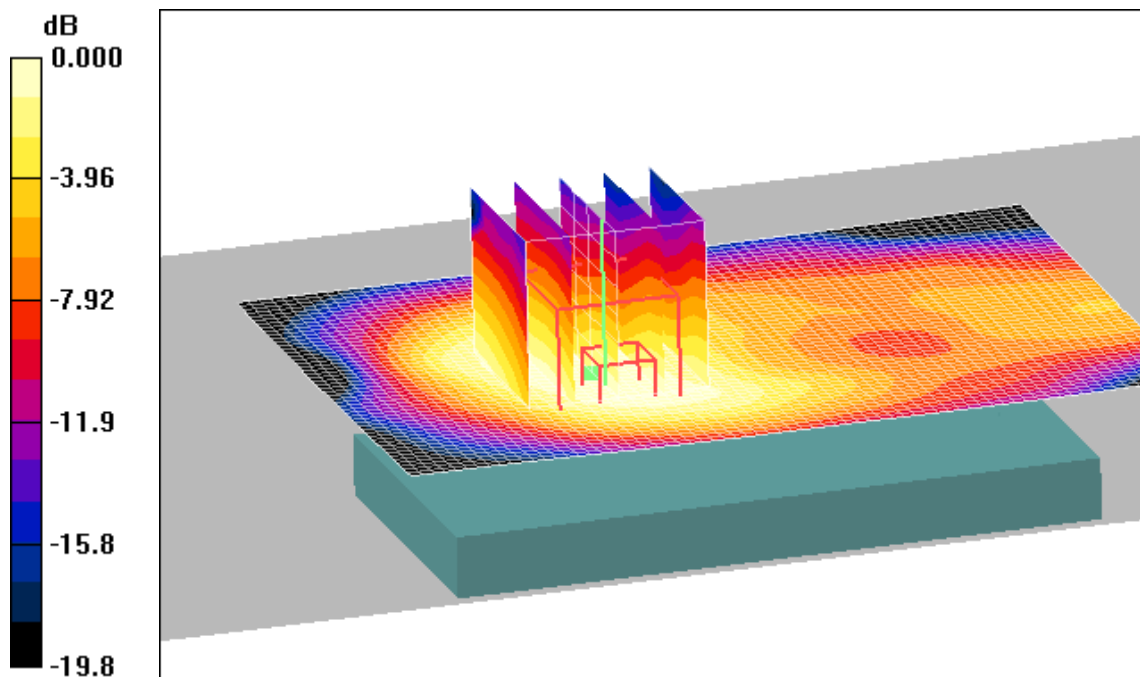
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.4 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.901 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.560 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.608 mW/g



0 dB = 0.608mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Left

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Left 2Tx /Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.235 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Left 2Tx /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

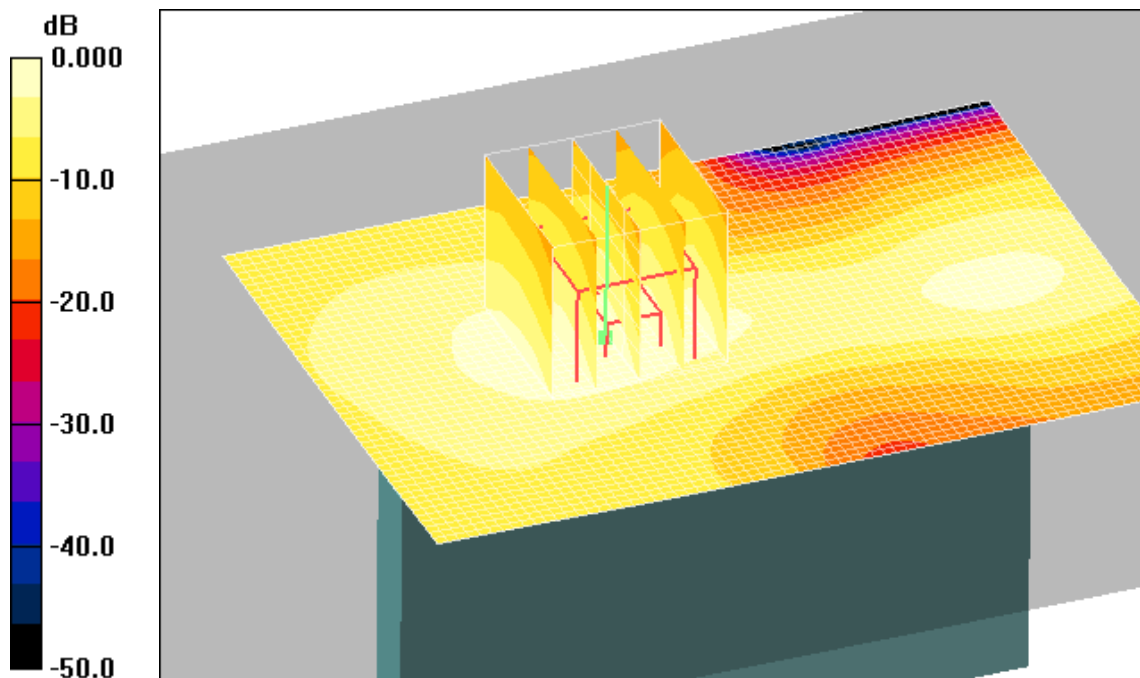
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.069 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.415 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.240 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 mW/g



0 dB = 0.263mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Bottom

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Bottom 2Tx /Area Scan (51x51x1):

Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.534 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Bottom 2Tx /Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

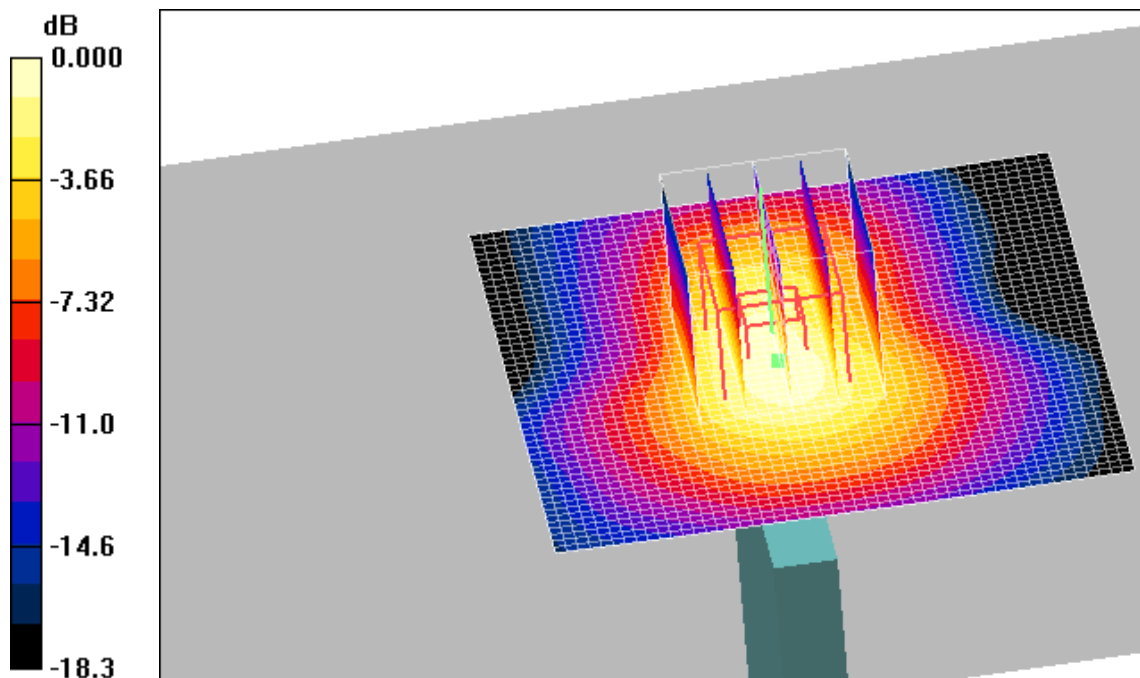
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.088 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.828 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.493 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.556 mW/g



0 dB = 0.556mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 GPRS1900 Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 2Tx

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.3;Test Date-15/Nov/2011

Communication System: Body GPRS ; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(7.04, 7.04, 7.04); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 2Tx/Area Scan (51x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=20mm, dy=20mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.787 mW/g

Body, Ch.661, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 2Tx/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

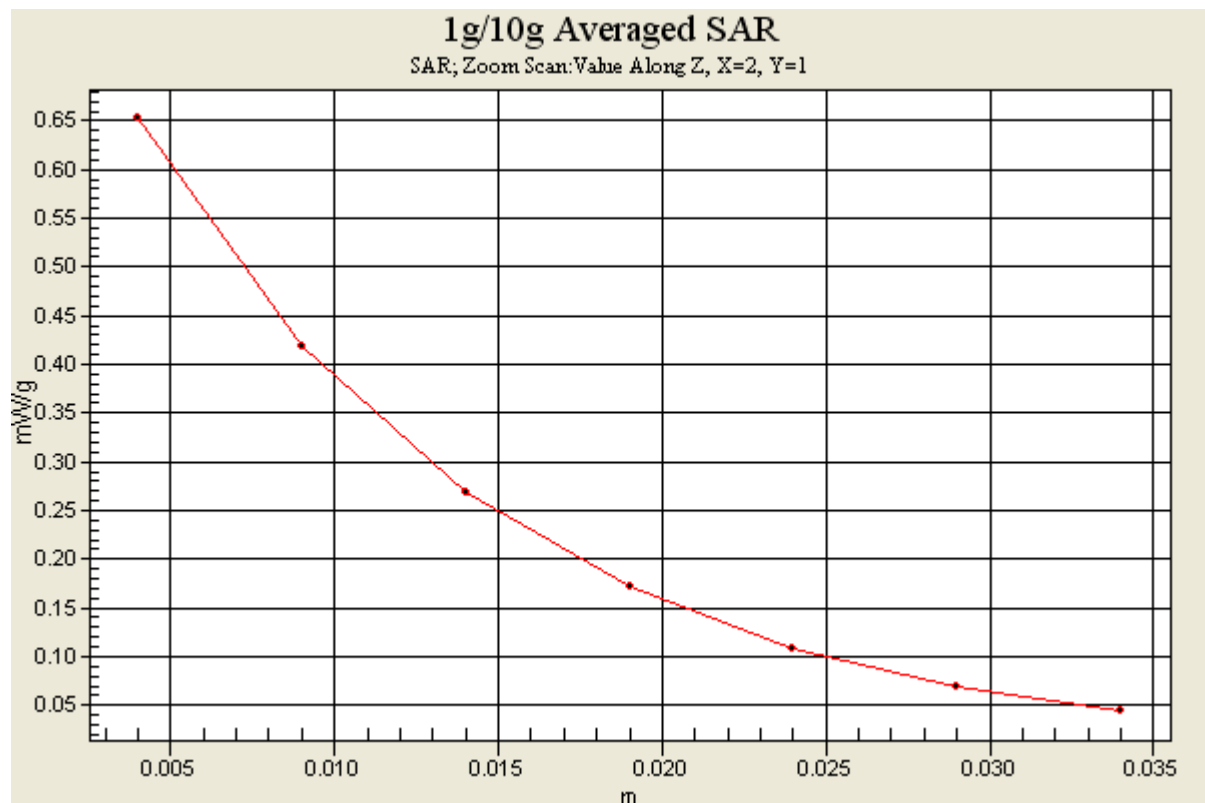
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.106 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.964 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.600 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.652 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Right(Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.205 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

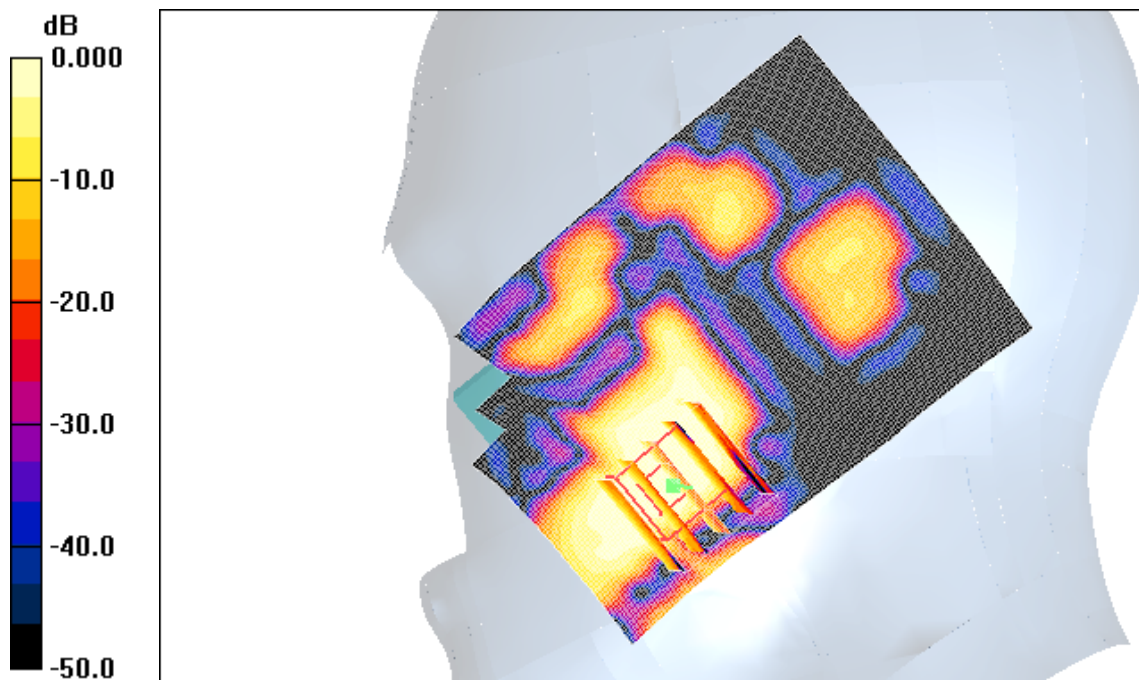
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.97 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.137 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.165 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 mW/g



0 dB = 0.123mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Right(Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Tilted, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Tilted, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.033 mW/g

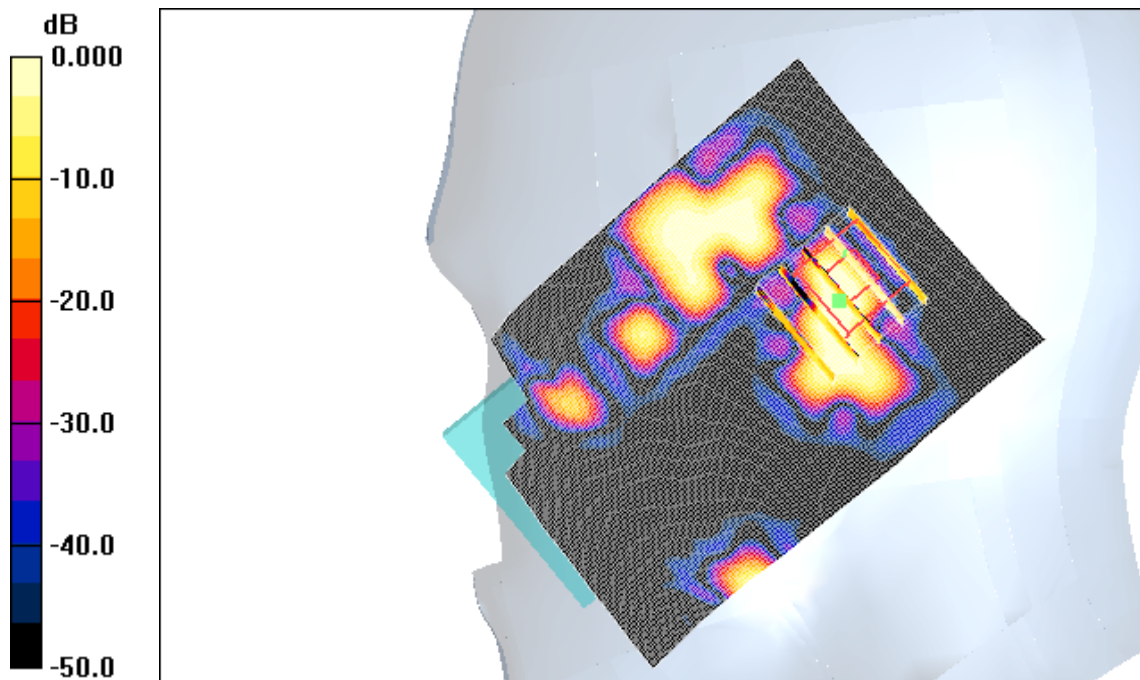
Tilted, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.06 V/m; Power Drift = -0.120 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.077 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.016 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00429 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.013 mW/g



0 dB = 0.013mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Left(Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.073 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

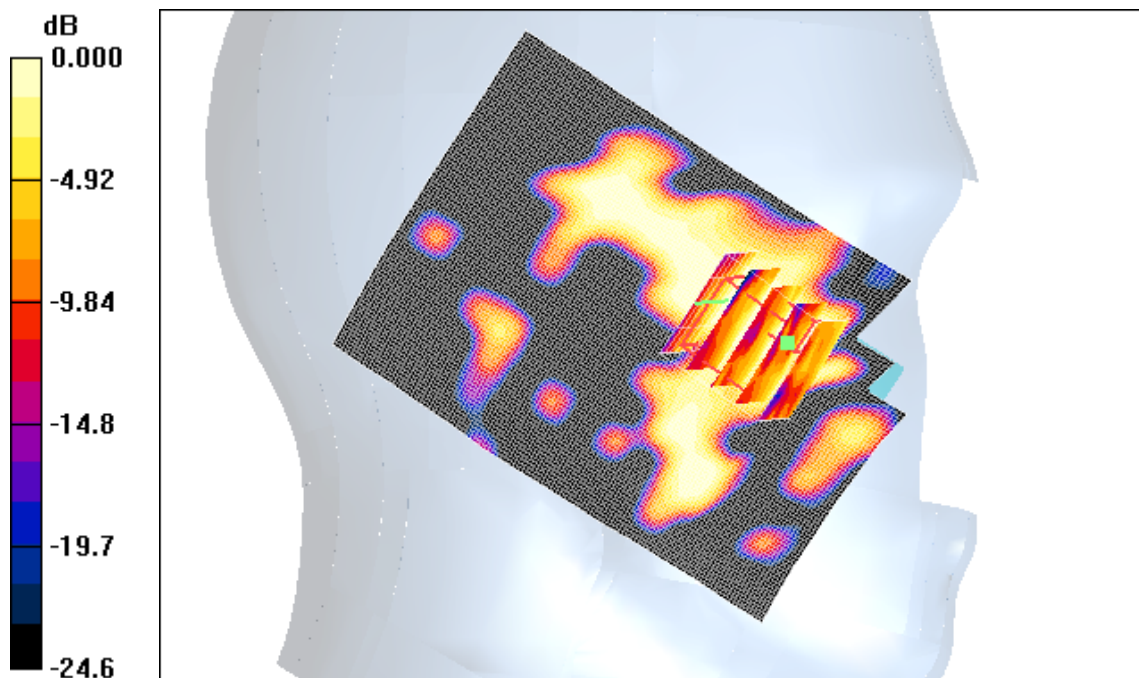
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.73 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.022 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.027 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.033 mW/g



0 dB = 0.033mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Left(Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Tilted, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.81 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Tilted, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.020 mW/g

Tilted, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Zoom Scan 2 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

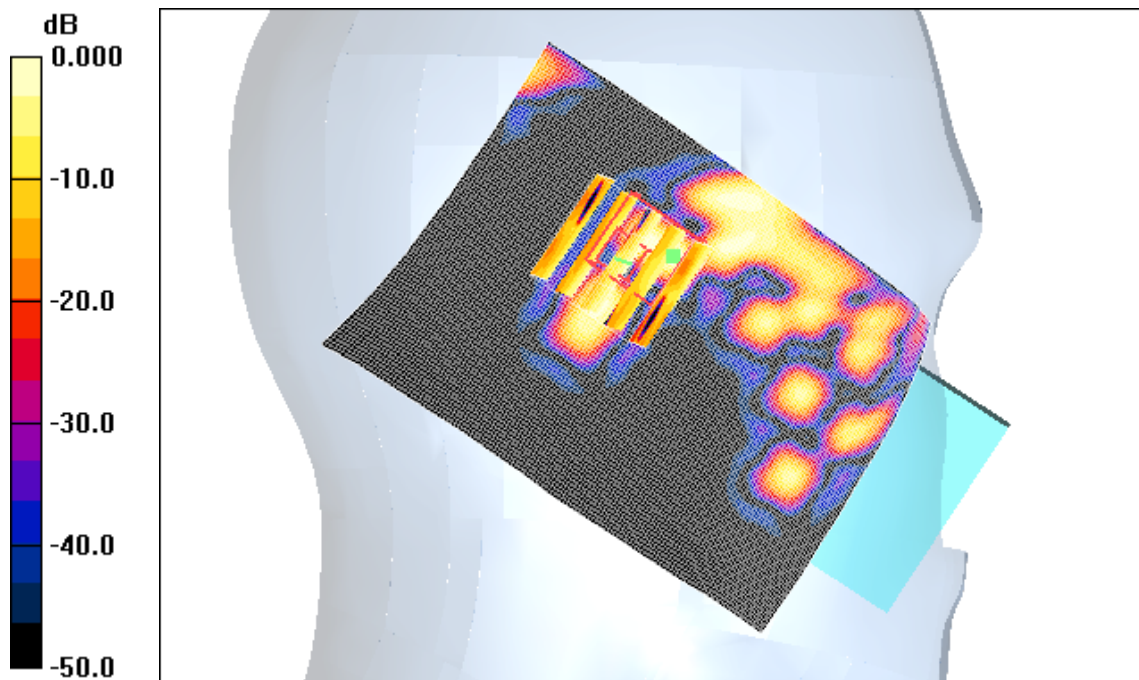
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0147 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.038 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.019 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0095 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.021 mW/g



0 dB = 0.021mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Right(Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Cheek, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.5,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Nov/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.81$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.36, 6.36, 6.36); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: SAM PHANTOM #1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1248
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Cheek, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Area Scan (101x141x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.205 mW/g

Cheek, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

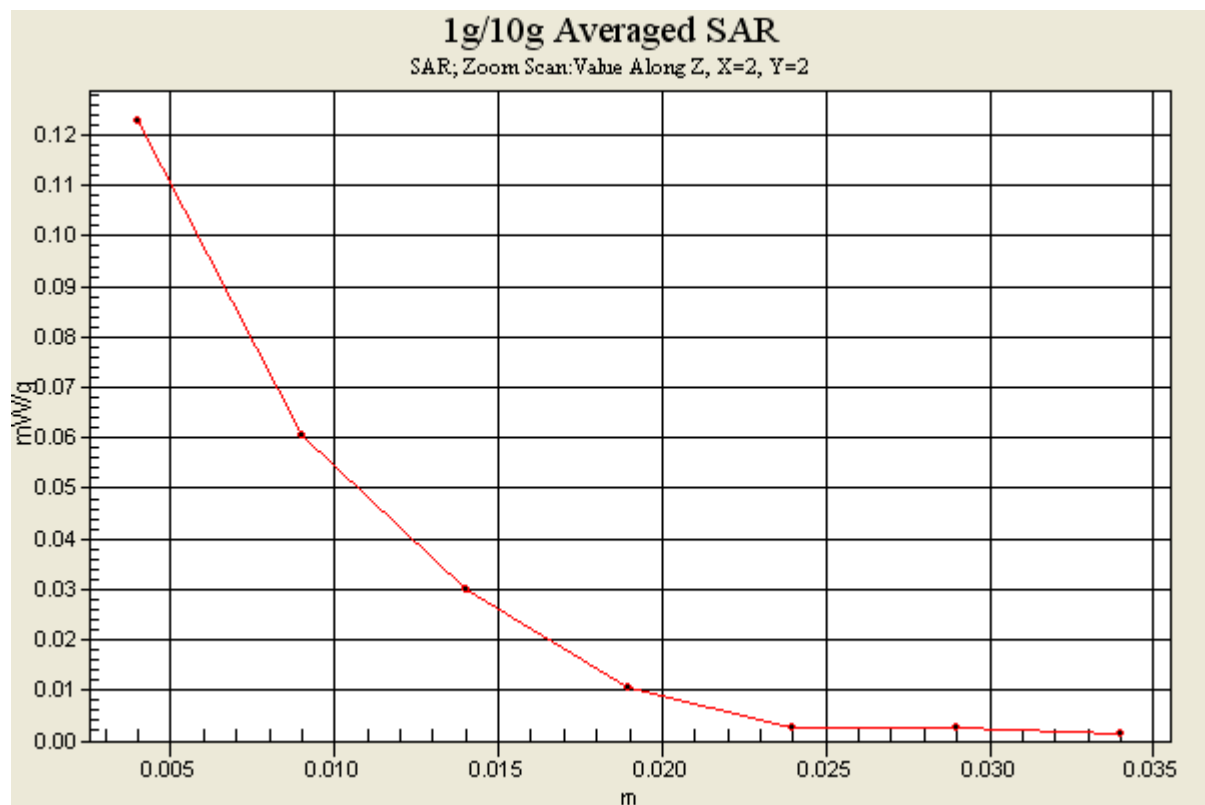
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.97 V/m; Power Drift = 0.137 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.165 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.107 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 mW/g



DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 mW/g

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

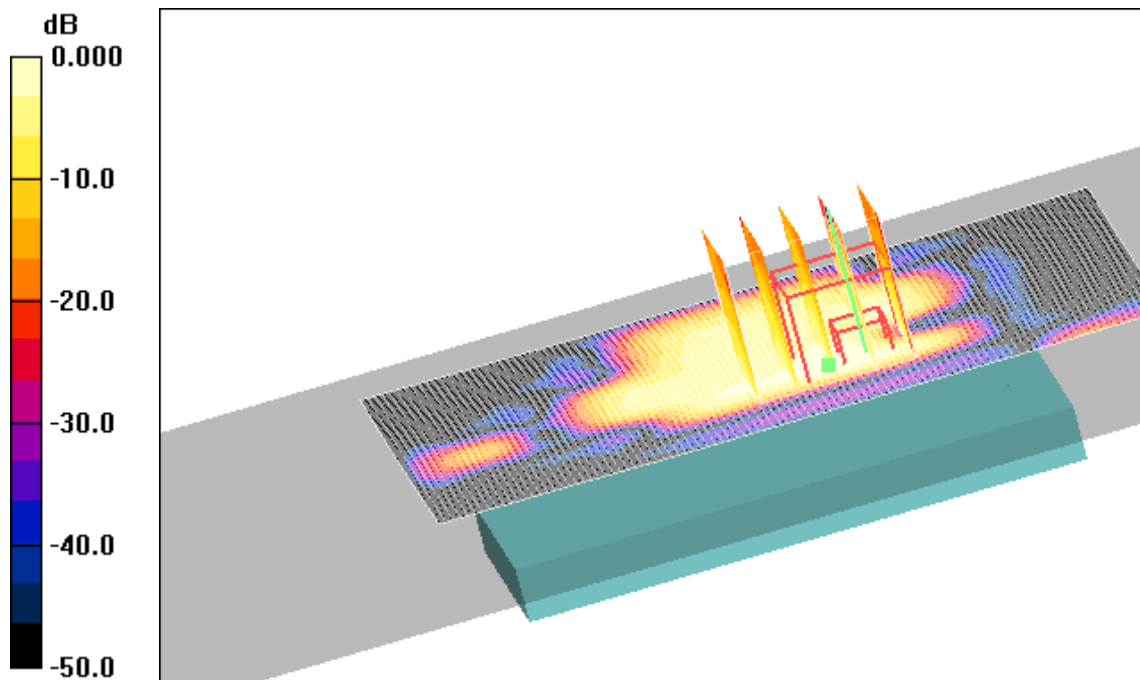
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.139 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.072 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.084 mW/g



0 dB = 0.084mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.99$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.081 mW/g

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Front 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

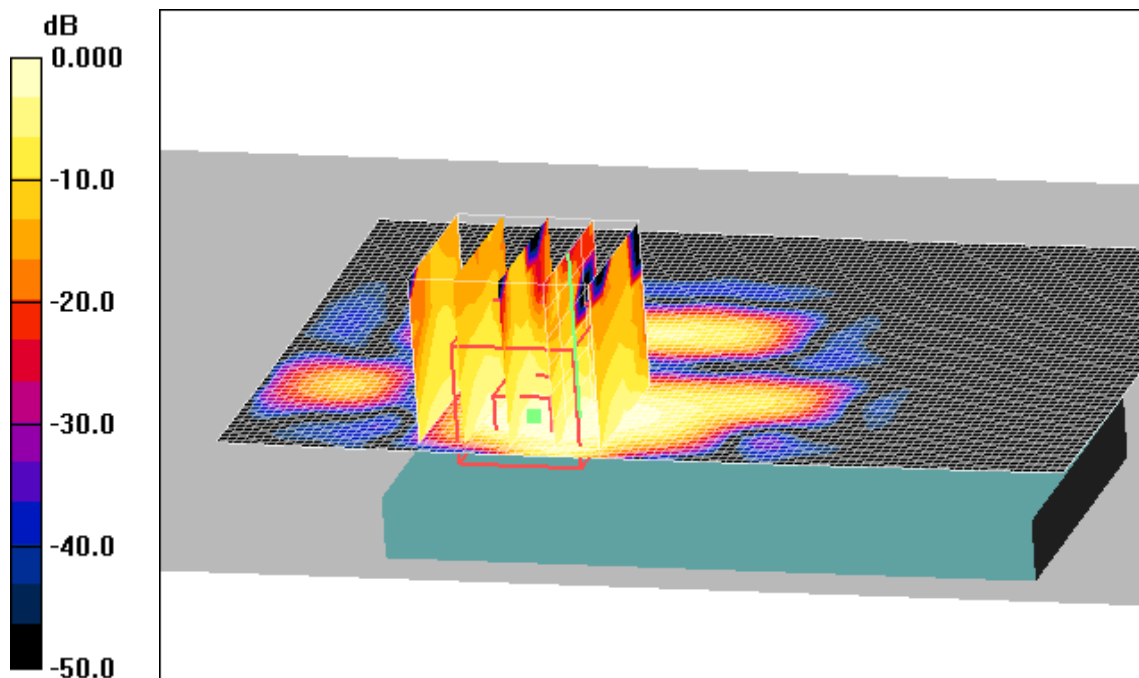
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.188 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.082 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.043 mW/g



0 dB = 0.043mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Right 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Right 1Mbps/Area Scan (41x111x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.131 mW/g

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Right 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

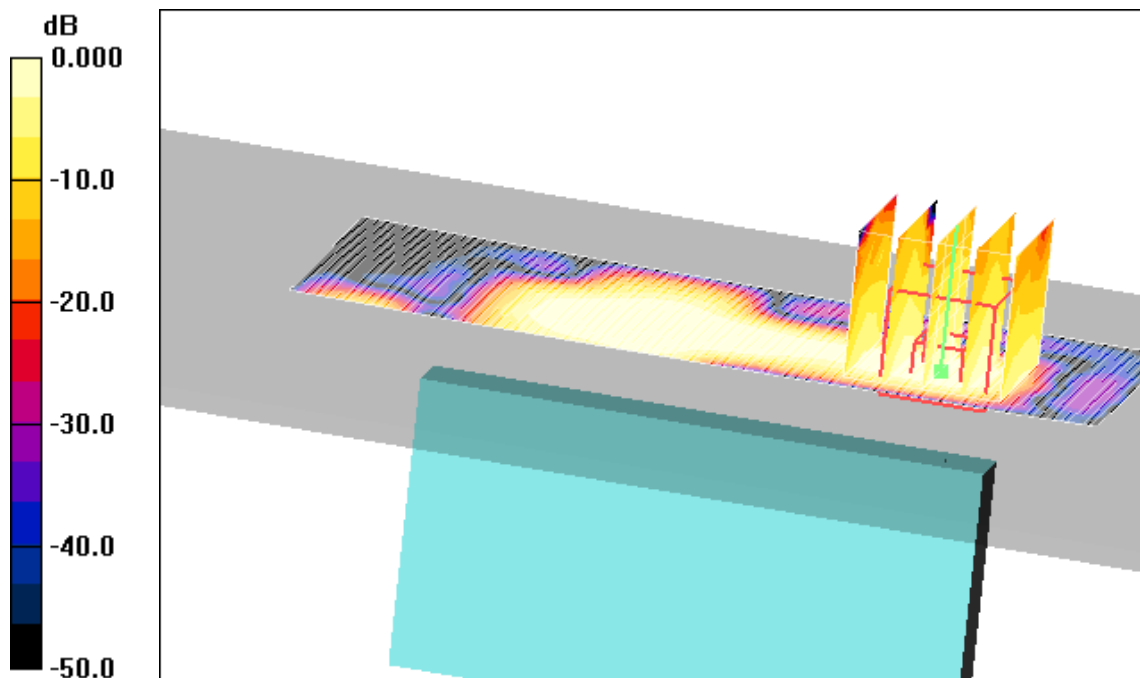
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.77 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.093 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.037 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.042 mW/g



0 dB = 0.042mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Bottom 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Dec/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Bottom 1Mbps/Area Scan (91x71x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.087 mW/g

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Bottom 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

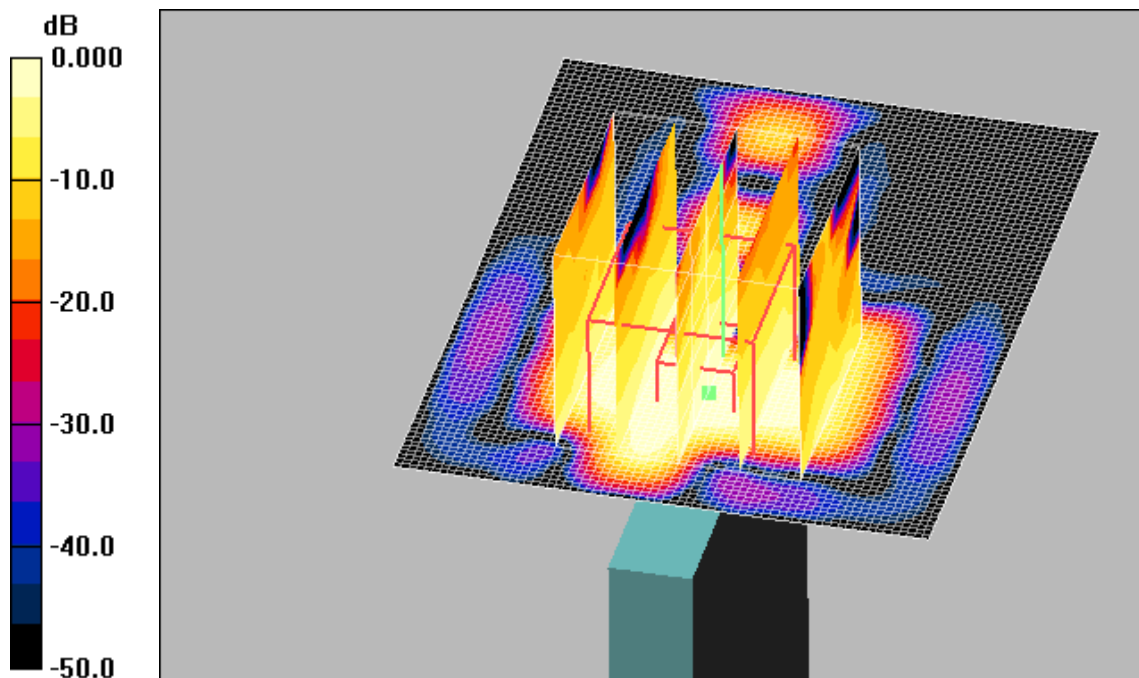
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.073 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.070 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.033 mW/g



0 dB = 0.033mW/g

DUT: GT-S7500; Serial: FI-317-A

Program Name: GT-S7500 WLAN Body (Job No. : FI-317)

Procedure Name: Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps

Meas. Ambient Temp(celsius)-22.6,Tissue Temp(celsius)-22.1;Test Date-15/Nov/2011

Communication System: WLAN; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3537; ConvF(6.58, 6.58, 6.58); Calibrated: 2011-05-24
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn686; Calibrated: 2011-03-18
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Type: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1; Serial: 1003
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 184

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps/Area Scan (71x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 mW/g

Body, Ch.11, Ant.Intenna, Bat.Standard Back 1Mbps/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

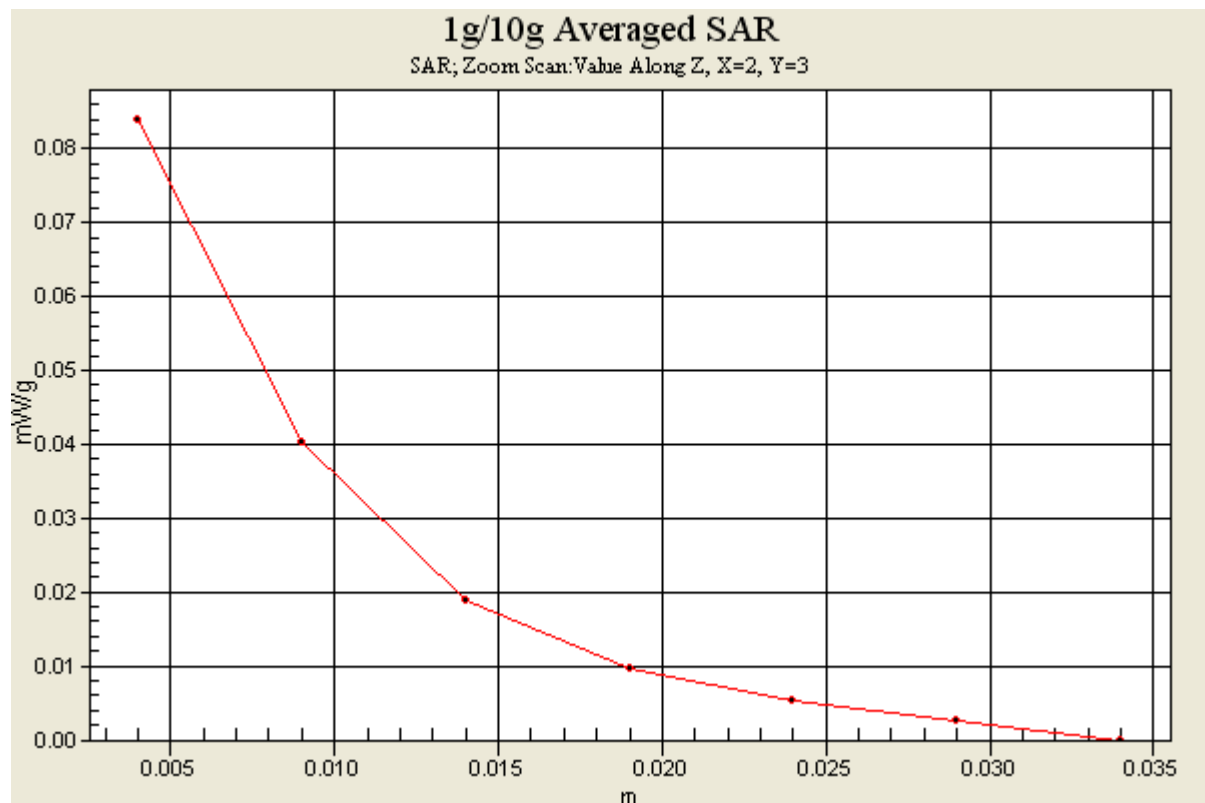
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.139 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.072 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.031 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.084 mW/g



APPENDIX F

Probe Calibration



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3537_Nov10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3537**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v6, QA CAL-14.v3, QA CAL-23.v3 and QA CAL-25.v2**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **November 26, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

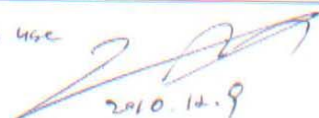
Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	1-Apr-10 (No. 217-01136)	Apr-11
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01159)	Mar-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01161)	Mar-11
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01160)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-09 (No. ES3-3013_Dec09)	Dec-10
DAE4	SN: 660	20-Apr-10 (No. DAE4-660_Apr10)	Apr-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Approved by:	Niels Kuster	Quality Manager	

Issued: November 26, 2010

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.


 2010.12.9



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA

Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}:** Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}:** A, B, C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3537

Manufactured:	August 23, 2004
Last calibrated:	November 20, 2009
Recalibrated:	November 26, 2010

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems

(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3537

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.37	0.39	0.46	$\pm 10.1\%$
DCP (mV) ^B	100.1	100.7	100.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name	PAR		A dB	B dBuV	C	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
10000	CW	0.00	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	180.4	$\pm 2.9\%$
			Y	0.00	0.00	1.00	175.1	
			Z	0.00	0.00	1.00	146.7	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the maximum deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3537

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
850	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.92 ± 5%	9.63	9.63	9.63	0.70	0.62 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	9.50	9.50	9.50	0.74	0.62 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	8.66	8.66	8.66	0.60	0.61 ± 11.0%
1810	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	8.43	8.43	8.43	0.81	0.50 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	8.25	8.25	8.25	0.84	0.49 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	7.59	7.59	7.59	0.48	0.75 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	37.9 ± 5%	2.91 ± 5%	6.87	6.87	6.87	0.32	1.30 ± 13.1%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	36.0 ± 5%	4.66 ± 5%	4.94	4.94	4.94	0.45	1.90 ± 13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	35.9 ± 5%	4.76 ± 5%	4.62	4.62	4.62	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	35.6 ± 5%	4.96 ± 5%	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	35.5 ± 5%	5.07 ± 5%	4.37	4.37	4.37	0.52	1.90 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	35.3 ± 5%	5.27 ± 5%	4.51	4.51	4.51	0.50	1.90 ± 13.1%

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 SN:3537

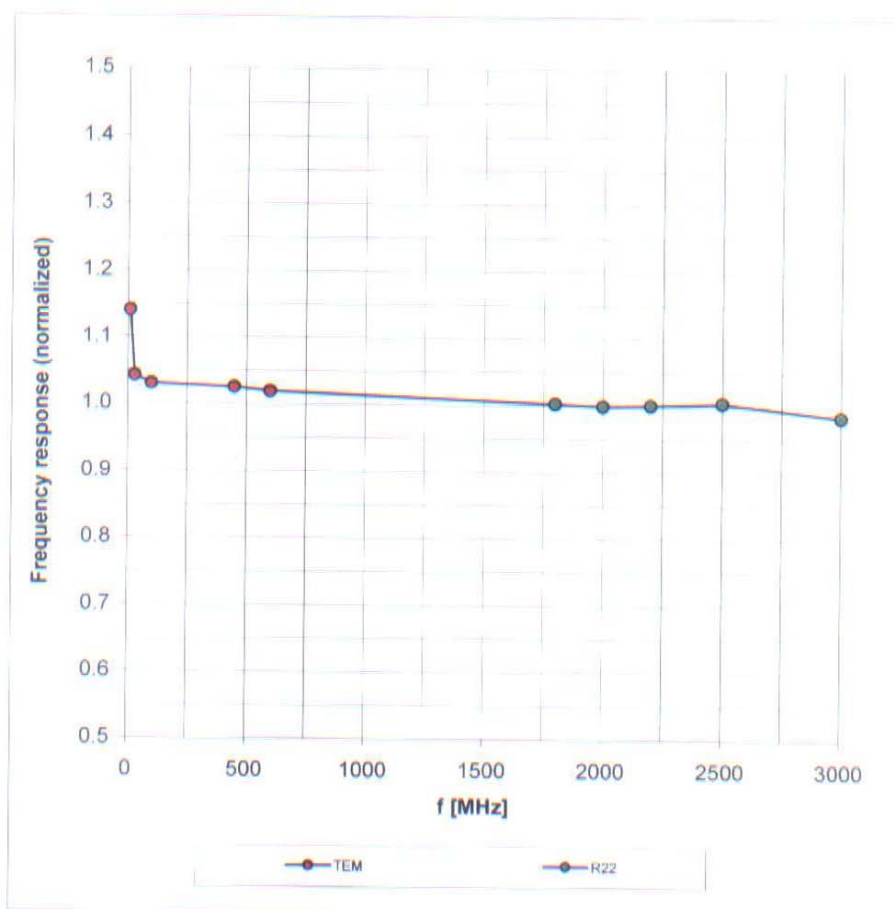
Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^C	Permittivity	Conductivity	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha	Depth Unc (k=2)
850	± 50 / ± 100	55.2 ± 5%	0.99 ± 5%	9.57	9.57	9.57	0.48	0.79 ± 11.0%
900	± 50 / ± 100	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	9.51	9.51	9.51	0.44	0.81 ± 11.0%
1750	± 50 / ± 100	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	8.12	8.12	8.12	0.69	0.60 ± 11.0%
1900	± 50 / ± 100	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	8.00	8.00	8.00	0.64	0.63 ± 11.0%
2450	± 50 / ± 100	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	7.89	7.89	7.89	0.99	0.41 ± 11.0%
3500	± 50 / ± 100	51.3 ± 5%	3.31 ± 5%	6.55	6.55	6.55	0.30	1.60 ± 13.1%
5200	± 50 / ± 100	49.0 ± 5%	5.30 ± 5%	4.45	4.45	4.45	0.57	1.95 ± 13.1%
5300	± 50 / ± 100	48.9 ± 5%	5.42 ± 5%	4.19	4.19	4.19	0.58	1.95 ± 13.1%
5500	± 50 / ± 100	48.6 ± 5%	5.65 ± 5%	3.93	3.93	3.93	0.60	1.95 ± 13.1%
5600	± 50 / ± 100	48.5 ± 5%	5.77 ± 5%	3.69	3.69	3.69	0.63	1.95 ± 13.1%
5800	± 50 / ± 100	48.2 ± 5%	6.00 ± 5%	4.15	4.15	4.15	0.58	1.95 ± 13.1%

^C The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band

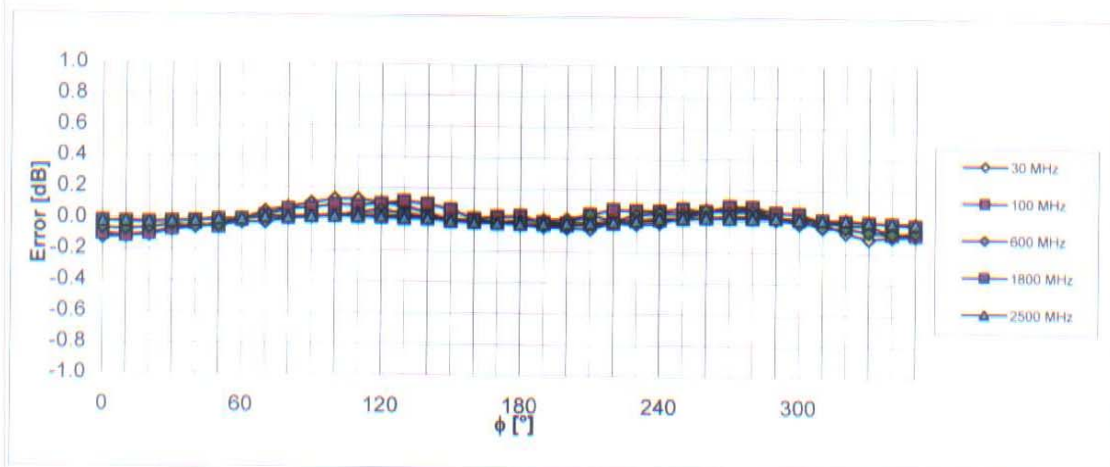
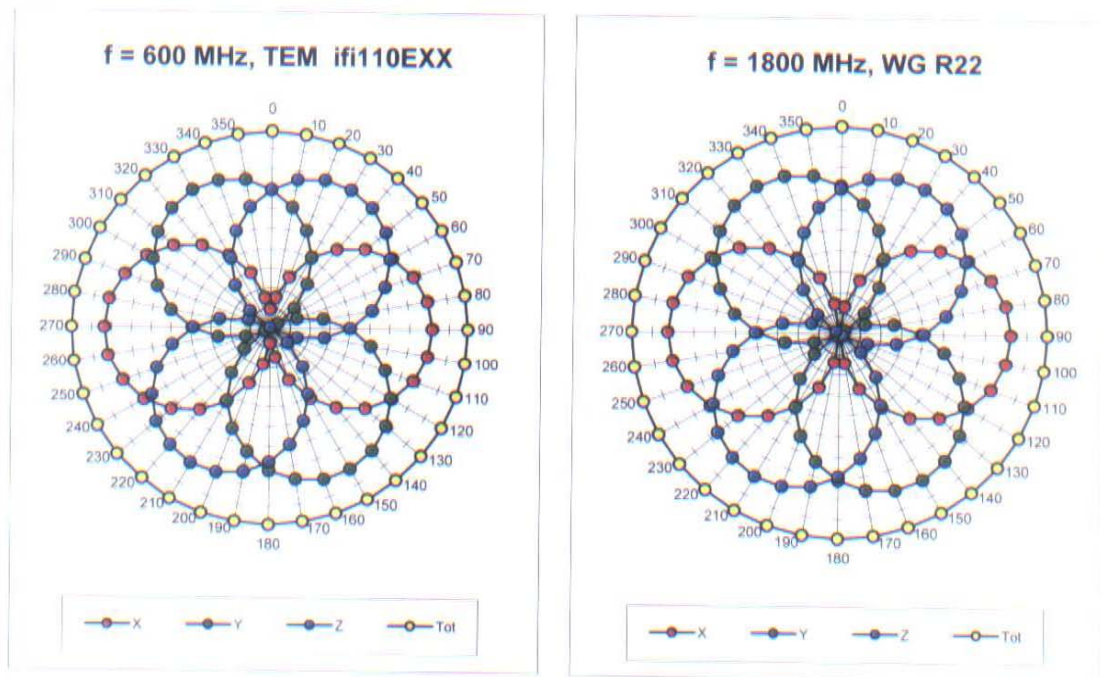
Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



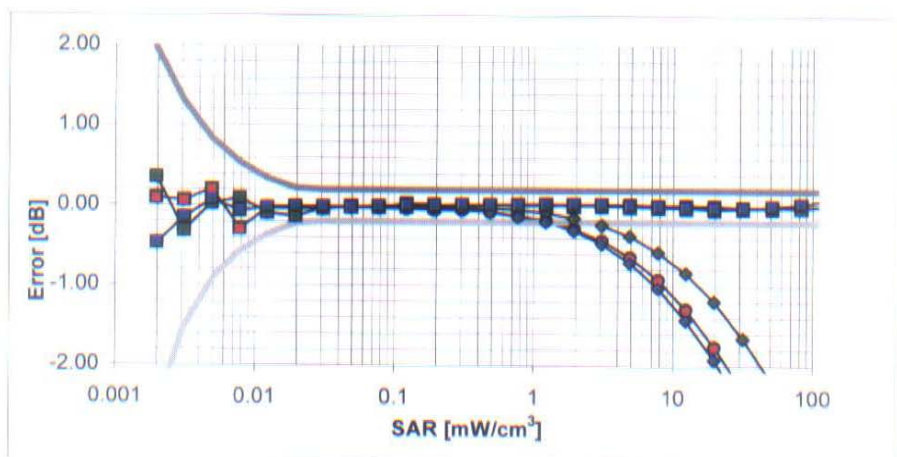
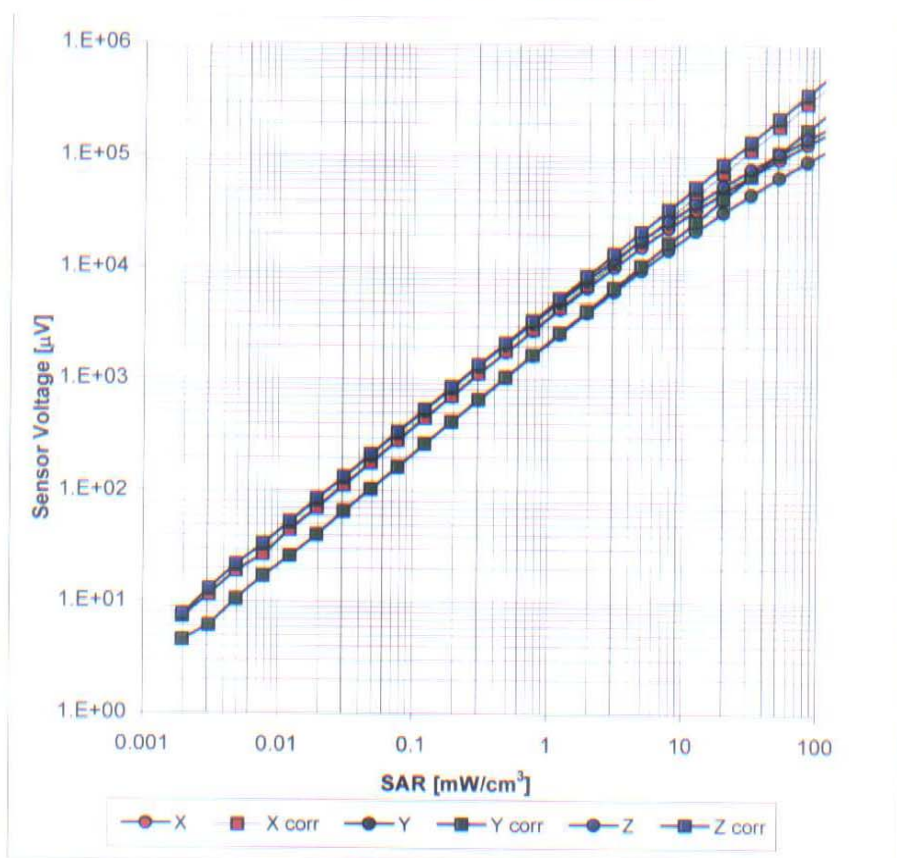
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\vartheta = 0^\circ$



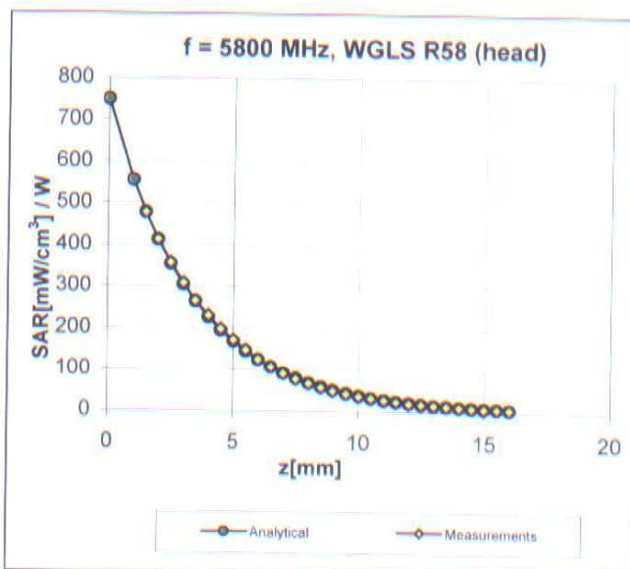
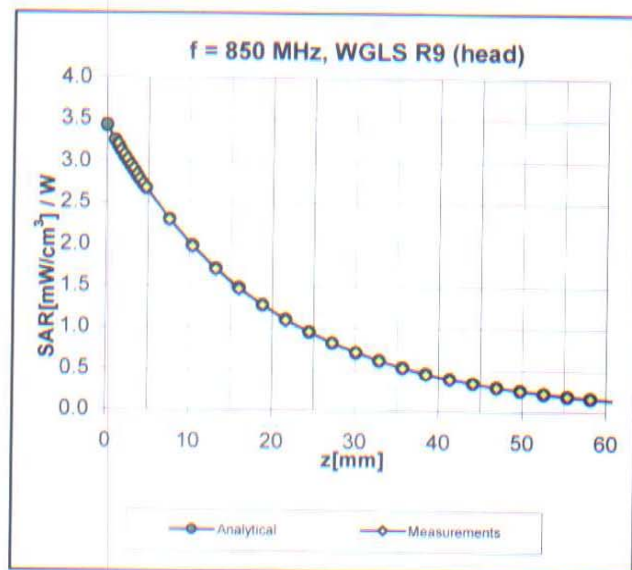
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ ($k=2$)

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$)



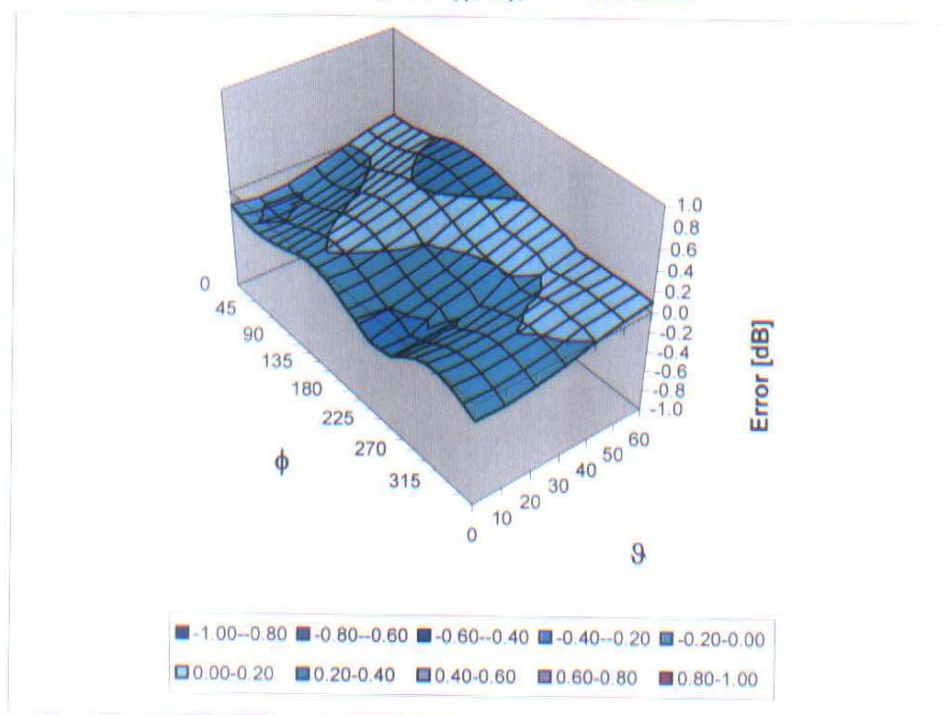
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in HSL

Error (ϕ , θ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 2.6\%$ (k=2)

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	Not applicable
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

APPENDIX G

Calibration of The Validation Dipole



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d050_Feb11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d050**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **February 23, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

Calibrated by:	Name Dimce Iliev	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 23, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields: Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	41.1 $\pm$ 6 %	0.89 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.7 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.39 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	9.56 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.61 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.55 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.20 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.23 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.2 ± 6 %	0.99 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.55 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	10.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	10.0 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.67 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	6.68 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.59 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.9 Ω - 2.1 $\mu\Omega$
Return Loss	- 31.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.6 Ω - 4.4 $\mu\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.388 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 16, 2006

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 22.02.2011 10:08:40

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d050

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.89$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.03, 6.03, 6.03); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

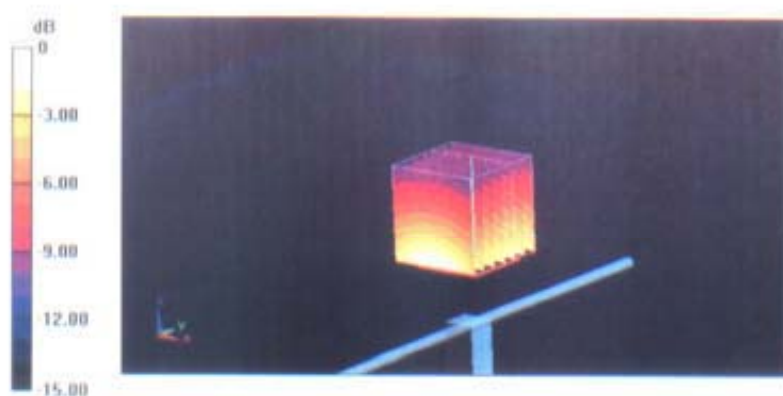
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0; Measurement
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 57.544 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.595 W/kg

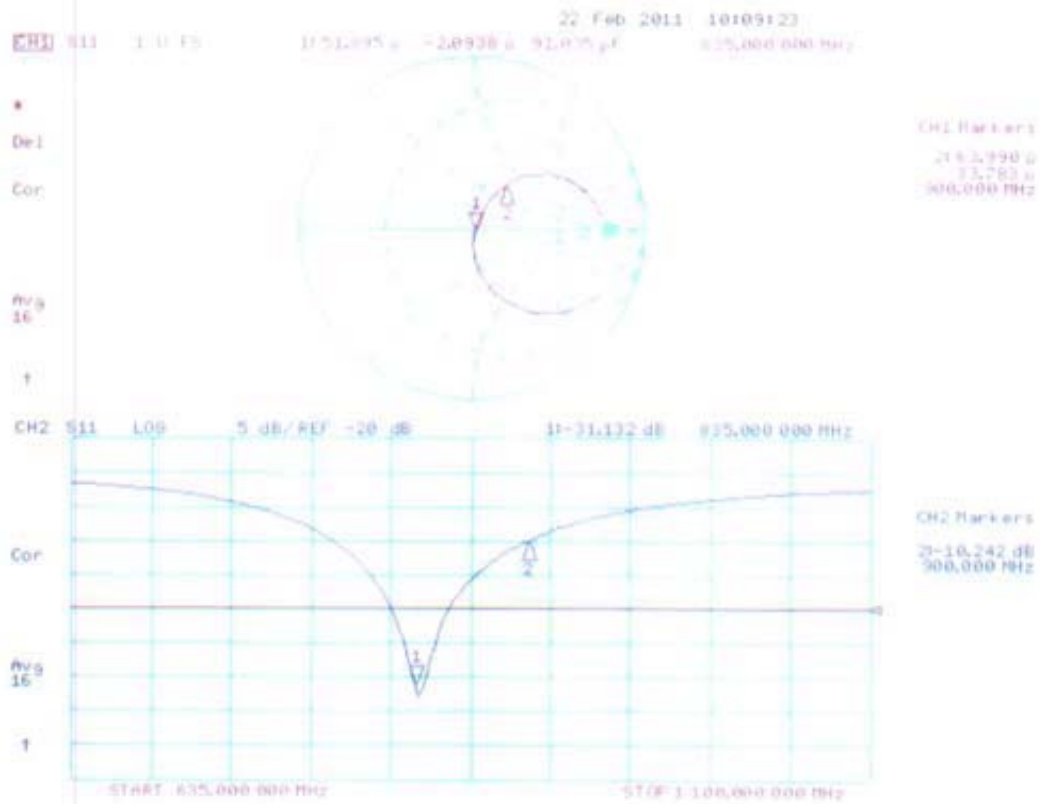
SAR(1 g) = 2.39 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.784 mW/g



0 dB = 2.780mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.02.2011 15:31:07

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d050

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL900

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.99 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.86, 5.86, 5.86); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

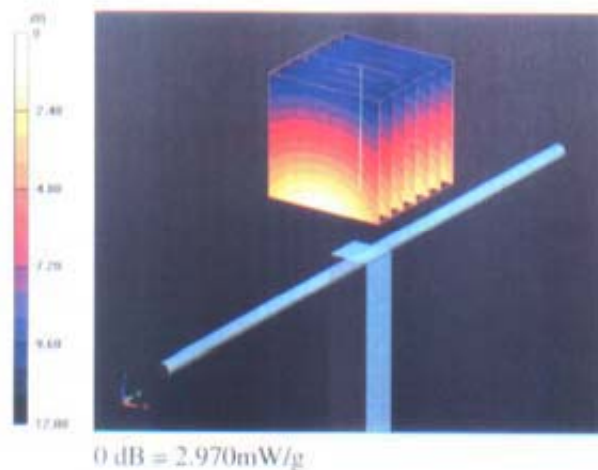
Pin=250 mW /d=15mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.584 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.780 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.971 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d082_Feb11**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d082**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v8
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **February 23, 2011**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-10 (No. 217-01266)	Oct-11
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01158)	Mar-11
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	30-Mar-10 (No. 217-01162)	Mar-11
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Apr-10 (No. ES3-3205_Apr10)	Apr-11
DAE4	SN: 601	10-Jun-10 (No. DAE4-601_Jun10)	Jun-11
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-10)	In house check: Oct-11

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dimce Iliev	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 23, 2011

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.6
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.8 $\pm$ 6 %	1.41 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(21.5 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.4 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.6 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	41.4 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.36 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.4 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.55 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.3 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	41.2 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.7 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.42 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	21.7 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.9\ \Omega + 5.5\ j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$46.3\ \Omega + 6.6\ j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 22.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.197 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 28, 2006

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 17.02.2011 11:20:22

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1;1

Medium: HSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6 Build (401)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

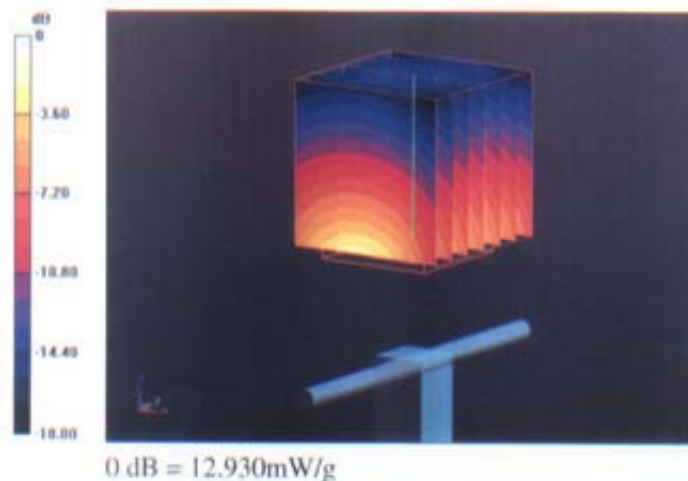
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.802 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

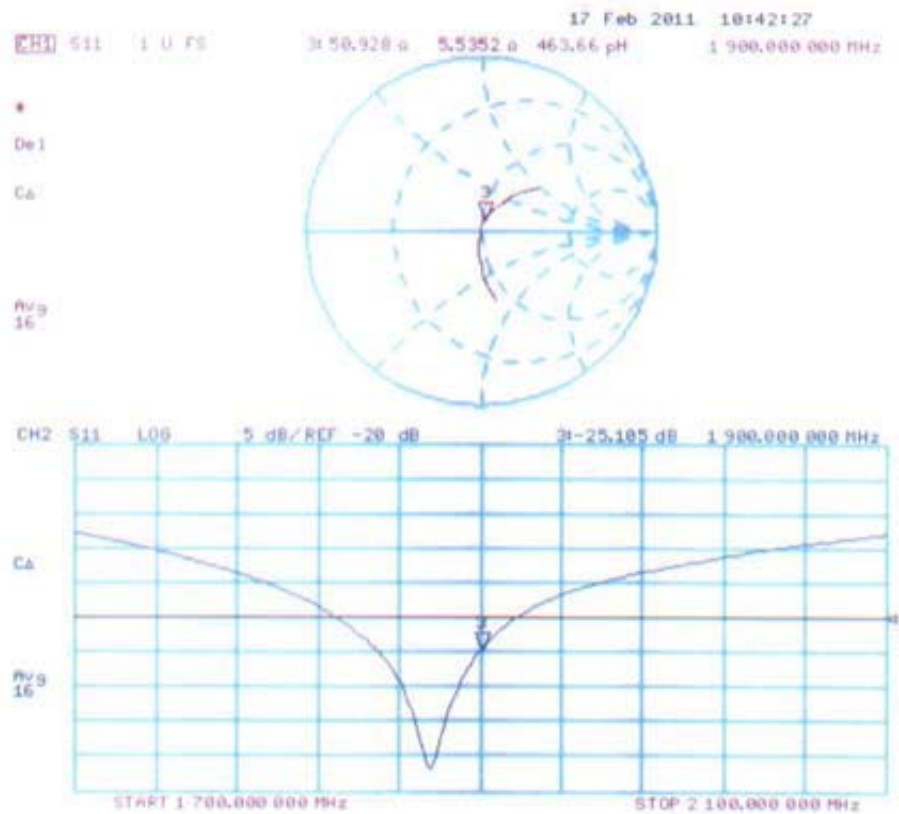
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.113 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.931 mW/g



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 23.02.2011 10:31:34

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d082

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U12 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 30.04.2010
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 10.06.2010
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY52, V52.6.1 Build (408)
- Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD X, V14.4.2 Build (2595)

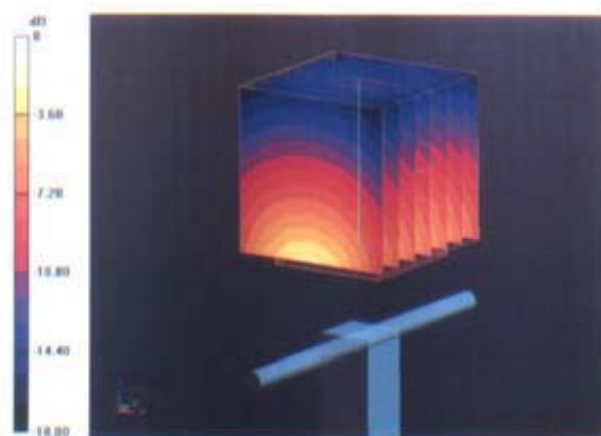
Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.829 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.729 W/kg

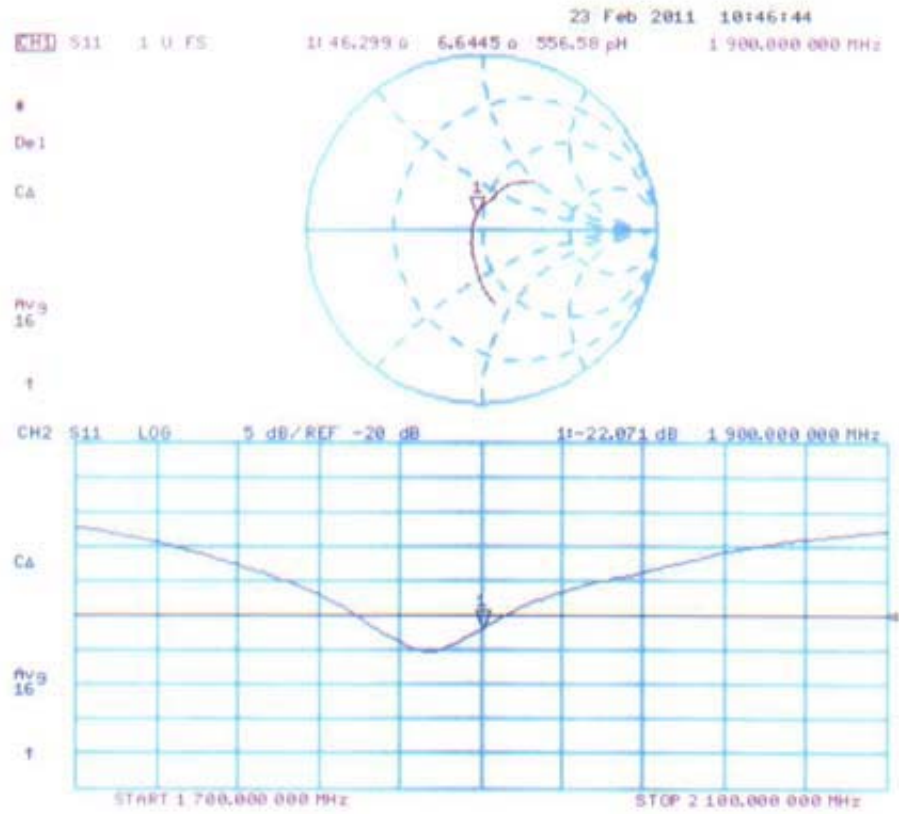
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.004 mW/g



0 dB = 13.000mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Samsung (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-807_Feb10**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 807**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v7**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **February 04, 2010**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	06-Oct-09 (No. 217-01086)	Oct-10
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01025)	Mar-10
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	31-Mar-09 (No. 217-01029)	Mar-10
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	26-Jun-09 (No. ES3-3205_Jun09)	Jun-10
DAE4	SN: 601	07-Mar-09 (No. DAE4-601_Mar09)	Mar-10
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	4-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-11
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-09)	In house check: Oct-10

Calibrated by: **Jeton Kastrati** Name **Laboratory Technician** Function

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Name **Technical Manager** Function

Signature

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Issued: February 5, 2010



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2003, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering & Technology (FCC OET), "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields; Additional Information for Evaluating Compliance of Mobile and Portable Devices with FCC Limits for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Emissions", Supplement C (Edition 01-01) to Bulletin 65

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V5.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V4.9	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.5 $\pm$ 6 %	1.78 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature during test	(20.7 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.6 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	54.4 mW / g $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.37 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	25.5 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.4 mW / g $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	51.7 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature during test	(21.5 ± 0.2) °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.0 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	52.0 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.1 mW / g ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.98 mW / g
SAR normalized	normalized to 1W	23.9 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.7 mW / g ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$54.4\ \Omega + 2.0\ j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$49.5\ \Omega + 3.9\ j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 28.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.159 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 02, 2006

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 04.02.2010 14:31:32

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:807

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL U11 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

Pin=250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement

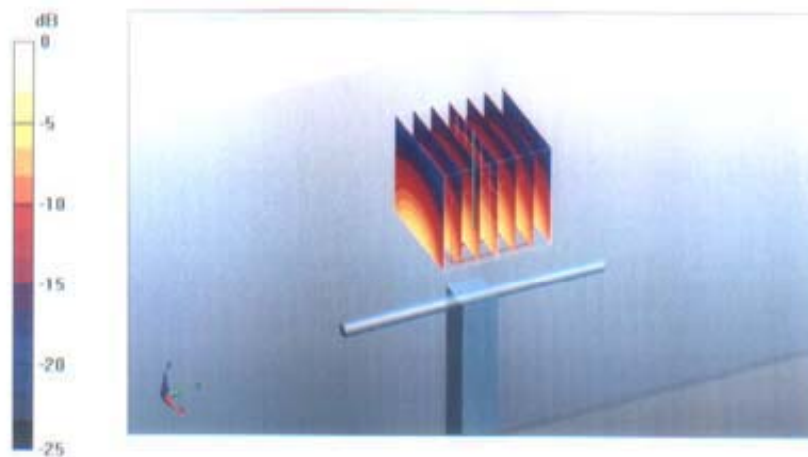
grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 102.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg

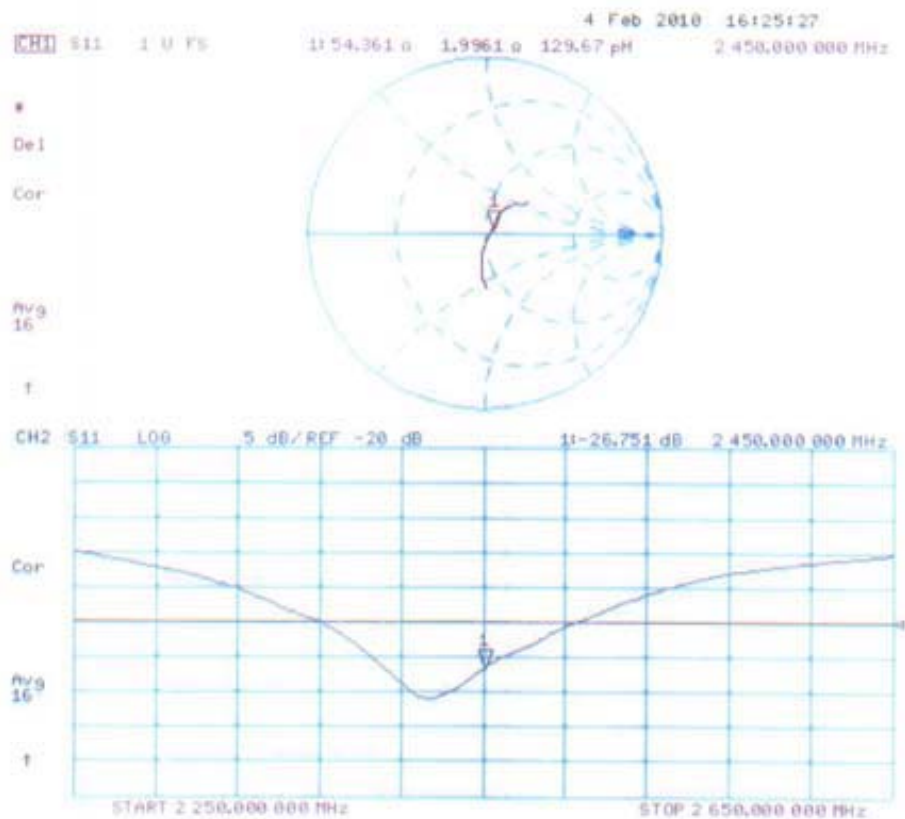
SAR(1 g) = 13.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.37 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.5 mW/g



0 dB = 17.5mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body

Date/Time: 04.02.2010 15:19:05

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:807

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL U10 BB

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.31, 4.31, 4.31); Calibrated: 26.06.2009
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 07.03.2009
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- Measurement SW: DASY5, V5.2 Build 157; SEMCAD X Version 14.0 Build 57

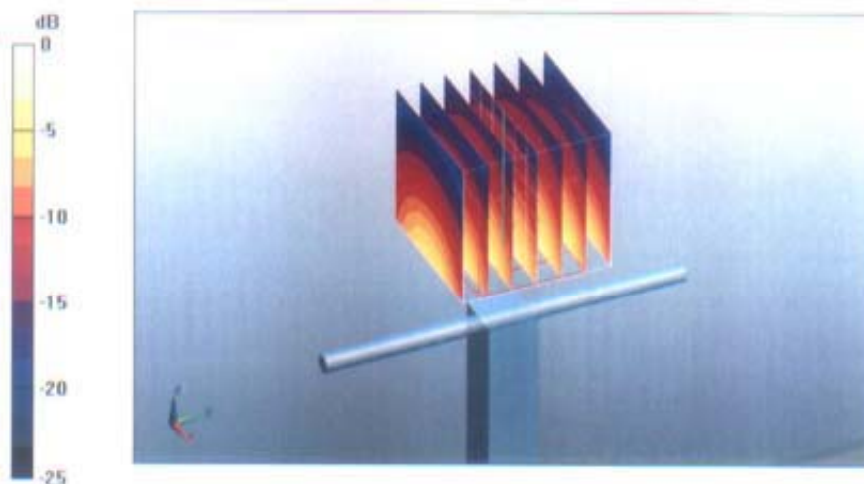
Pin250 mW /d=10mm, dist=3.0mm (ES-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) /Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.4 V/m; Power Drift = -0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.98 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 mW/g



0 dB = 17.1 mW/g

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

