



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:

Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.
416 Maetan 3-Dong, Yeongtong-gu
Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do
443-742, Republic of Korea

Date of Testing:

05/30/12 - 06/13/12

Test Site/Location:

PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA

Document Serial No.:

0Y1205300755.A3L

FCC ID:

A3LSCHR820

APPLICANT:

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

DUT Type:

Portable Handset

Application Type:

Class II Permissive Change

FCC Rule Part(s):

CFR §2.1093

Model(s):

SCH-R820

Permissive Change(s):

See FCC Change Document

Date of Original Certification:

04/03/2012

Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	Conducted Power [dBm]	SAR		
			1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)
Cell. CDMA/EVDO	824.70 - 848.31 MHz	24.64	0.25	0.56	0.56
AWS CDMA/EVDO	1711.25 - 1753.75 MHz	24.86	0.31	0.42	0.44
PCS CDMA/EVDO	1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz	24.80	0.41	0.50	0.50
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1710.70 - 1754.30 MHz	23.39	0.67	0.57	0.57
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1850.7 - 1909.3 MHz	23.09	0.63	0.47	0.47
2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	17.74	0.17	0.17	0.17
Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	12.18	N/A		
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01:			1.04	1.31	1.31

Note: Powers in the above table represent output powers for the SAR test configurations and may not represent the highest output powers for all configurations for each mode.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001), IEEE 1528-2003 and in applicable Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications (RSS); for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.


Randy Ortanez
President



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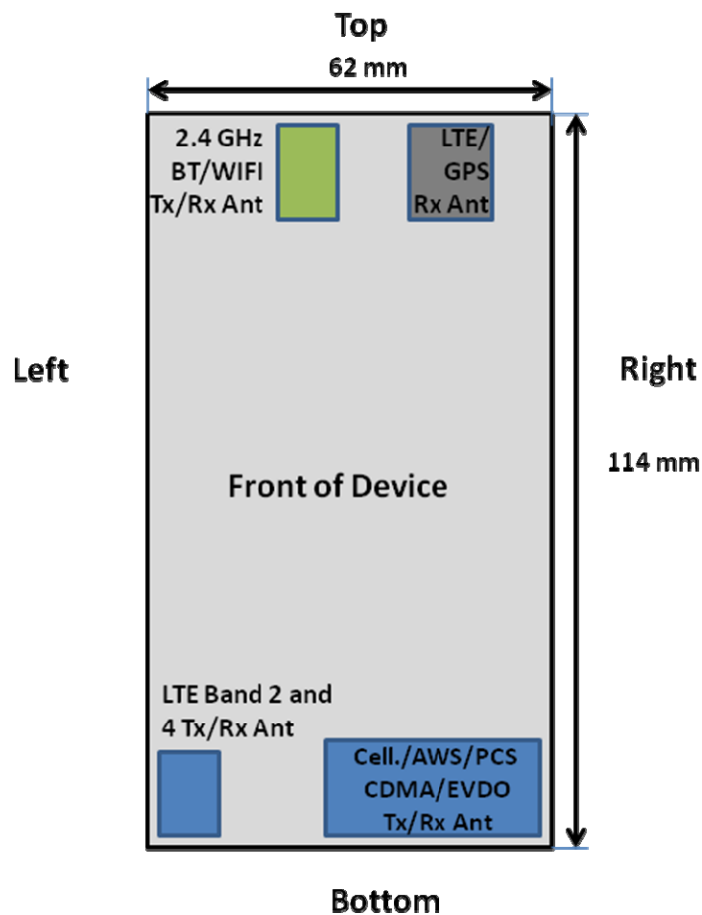
1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

1.1 Device Overview

Band & Mode	Tx Frequency
Cell. CDMA/EVDO	824.70 - 848.31 MHz
AWS CDMA/EVDO	1711.25 - 1753.75 MHz
PCS CDMA/EVDO	1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	1710.07 - 1754.3 MHz
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	1850.7 - 1909.3 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz
Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz

1.2 DUT Antenna Locations

Figure 1-1
DUT Antenna Locations



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Table 1-1
Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing

Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
Cell. CDMA	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
AWS CDMA	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
PCS CDMA	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 4 (AWS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
LTE Band 2 (PCS)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 guidance, page 2. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.

1.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to KDB 648474, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the DUT are shown in Figure 1-2 and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another, for example Bluetooth and WIFI cannot transmit simultaneously.



Figure 1-2
Simultaneous Transmission Paths

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to KDB 447498 3) procedures.

Table 1-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

No.	Capable Tx Configurations	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Hot Spot	Note
		IEEE 1528, Supp C	Supp C	FCC KDB 941225 D06	
1	850/1700/1900MHz CDMA Voice + Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	Yes	10mm	N/A	
2	850/1700/1900MHz CDMA Voice + LTE Data	Yes	10mm	N/A	
3	LTE Voice/Data + Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	Yes	10mm	Yes	VoLTE and LTE Data over a single physical channel with shared via RB allocation
4	850/1700/1900MHz CDMA Voice + Wi-Fi 2.4GHz + LTE Data	Yes	10mm	Yes	1X Voice + LTE Hotspot
5	850/1700/1900MHz CDMA Voice + EVDO Data	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not Supported by H/W
6	850/1700/1900MHz 1X RTT + Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not Supported by S/W (2G Hotspot)
7	850/1700/1900MHz EVDO + Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not Supported by S/W (3G Hotspot)

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1.4 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

1. WIFI/BT

The separation between the CDMA antenna and the Bluetooth and WLAN antenna is 90 mm.
The separation between the LTE antenna and the Bluetooth and WLAN antenna is 91 mm.
The maximum peak RF Conducted Power of Bluetooth Tx is 16.52 mW.

2.4 GHz WIFI and Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.

Per KDB Publication 648474, **Bluetooth SAR was not required** based on the maximum conducted power, the Bluetooth/WLAN to main antenna separation distance and Body-SAR of the main antenna.

2. Licensed Transmitter(s)

LTE SAR for the lower BWs was not tested since the maximum average output power of all channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and LTE SAR for the highest BW was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05.

2G/3G (1xRTT/EVDO) Hotspot is not supported but hotspot configurations were tested for 1xRTT to address the CDMA Voice + LTE WIFI Hotspot simultaneous transmission scenario.

1.5 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.6 FCC Guidance Applied

- FCC OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [June 2001]
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 941225 (2G/3G/4G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB 248227 (802.11)
- FCC KDB 648474 (Simultaneous)

1.7 Samples Used for SAR Testing

Several samples with identical hardware were used to facilitate SAR testing only.

Table 1-3
SAR Test Sample Serial Numbers

Band	LTE Band 2	LTE Band 4	CMDA/EVDO	2.4 GHz WIFI
Serial Number	31	18	30	30

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LTE CHECKLIST PER KDB 941225 D05

KDB 941225 Pub LTE Information			
KDB 941225 Section	FCC ID	A3LSCHR820	
	Form Factor	Handset	
1)	Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	Band 2: 1850.7 - 1909.3 MHz Band 4: 1710.7 - 1754.3 MHz	
2)	Channel Bandwidths	Band 2: 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5MHz Band 4: 1.4 MHz, 3MHz, 5 MHz	
3)	Channel Numbers and Frequencies (MHz)	Low	Mid High
	Band 2, 1.4 MHz BW	1850.7 MHz (18607)	1880 MHz (18900) 1909.3 MHz (19193)
	Band 2, 3 MHz BW	1851.5 MHz (18615)	1880 MHz (18900) 1908.5 MHz (19185)
	Band 2, 5 MHz BW	1852.5 MHz (18625)	1880 MHz (18900) 1907.5 MHz (19175)
	Band 4, 1.4 MHz BW	1710.7 MHz (19957)	1732.5 MHz (20175) 1754.3 MHz (20393)
	Band 4, 3 MHz BW	1711.5 MHz (19965)	1732.5 MHz (20175) 1753.5 MHz (20385)
	Band 4, 5 MHz BW	1712.5 MHz (19975)	1732.5 MHz (20175) 1752.5 MHz (20375)
4)(a)	UE Category	UE category 3	
(b)	Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM	
	LTE Transmitter and Antenna Implementation	CDMA and LTE have separate transmission paths	
5)	Description of LTE Tx and Ant. Implementation	1 TX/RX Ant, 1 RX Ant	
6)	LTE Voice available?	Yes	
	Hotspot with LTE+WIFI	Yes	
	Hotspot with LTE+WIFI active with 1XVoice sessions?	Yes	
7)	LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3~6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	Yes	
	A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes	
8)	Conducted power Table provided for 1RB (low and high offset), 50% RB (centered), 100% RB	Yes	
9-10)	Non-LTE US Wireless Operating Modes/Band	RF Output Power	RF Exposure Configurations
	Cell CDMA	See page 1	
	AWS CDMA		
	PCS CDMA		
	Bluetooth		
	2.4 GHz WLAN		
11)	Simultaneous Tx Conditions (Voice and Data Configurations)	See section 1.3	
12)	Power Reduction used for SAR Compliance?	No	
13)	Describe Power Reduction (LTE Modes)	N/A	
14)	SAR Test Plan	N/A	
15)	SAR test data, preliminary	N/A	

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3 INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [24]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

3.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 3-1).

Equation 3-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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4 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

4.1 Automated SAR Measurement System

Measurements are performed using the DASY automated dosimetric SAR assessment system. The DASY is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of a high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM phantom containing the head or body equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot, performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF). See www.speag.com for more information about the specification of the SAR assessment system.



Figure 4-1
SAR Measurement System



Figure 4-2
Near-Field Probe

Table 4-1
Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Frequency (MHz)	835	835	1750	1750	1900	1900	2450	2450
Tissue	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by weight)								
Bactericide	0.1	0.1						
DGBE			47	31	44.92	29.44	7.99	26.7
HEC	1	1						
NaCl	1.45	0.94	0.4	0.2	0.18	0.39	0.16	0.1
Sucrose	57	44.9						
Triton X-100							19.97	
Water	40.45	53.06	52.6	68.8	54.9	70.17	71.88	73.2

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5 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

5.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head interface and the horizontal grid resolution was 15mm and 15mm for frequencies < 3 GHz in the x and y directions respectively. When applicable, for frequencies above 3 GHz, a 10 mm by 10 mm resolution was used.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1 gram cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring at least 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. The data was extrapolated to the surface of the outer-shell of the phantom. The combined distance extrapolated was the combined distance from the center of the dipoles 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe housing plus the 1.2 mm distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

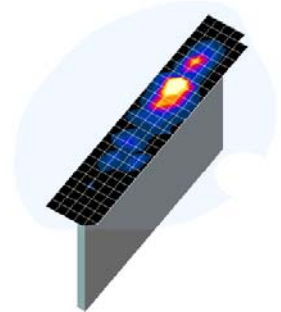


Figure 5-1
Sample SAR Area Scan

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DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

6.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 6-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 6-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 6-2). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

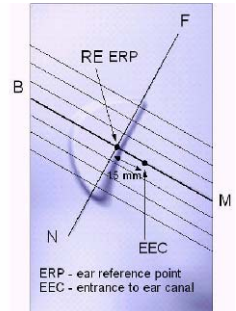


Figure 6-1
Close-Up Side view
of ERP

6.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Figure 6-3). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it’s top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 6-2
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

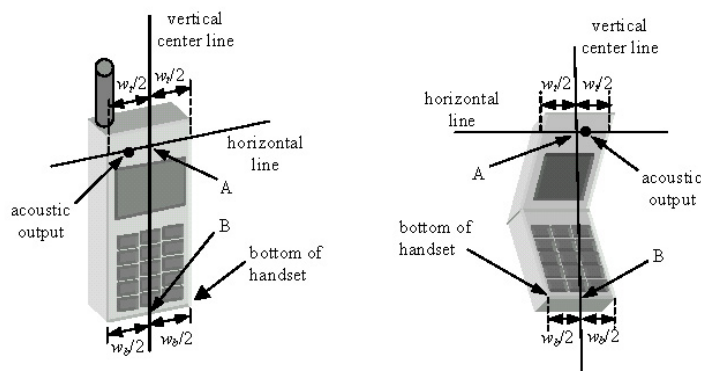


Figure 6-3
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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7 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

7.1 Device Holder

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

7.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 7-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

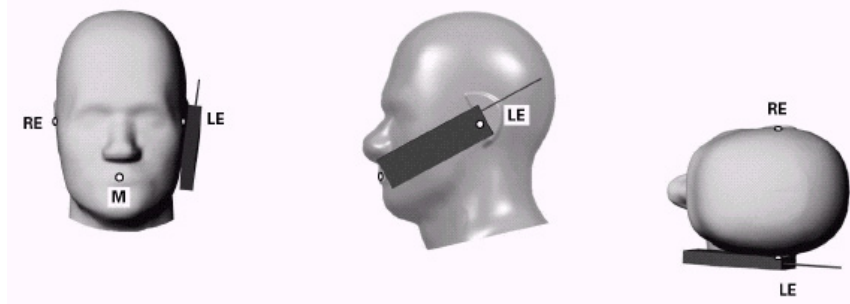


Figure 7-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 7-2).

7.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 7-2).

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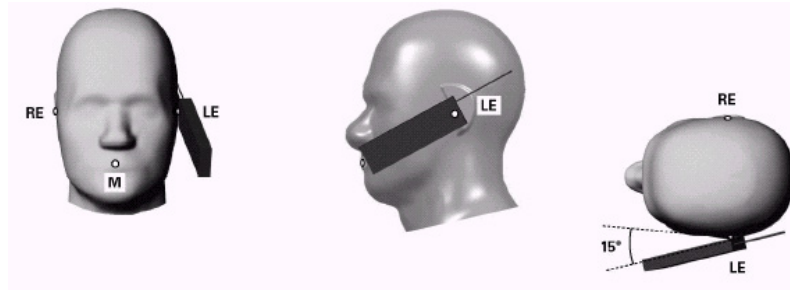


Figure 7-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

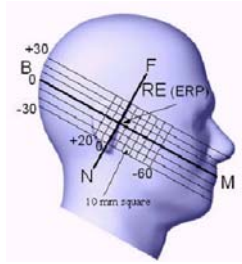


Figure 7-3
Side view w/ relevant markings



Figure 7-4 Body SAR Sample Photo
(Not Actual EUT)

7.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document publication 648474. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. **Rectangular shaped phones** should be positioned with its bottom edge positioned from the flat phantom with the same distance provided by the cheek touching position using SAM. The ear reference point (ERP, as defined for SAM) of the phone should be positioned ½ cm from the flat phantom shell. **Clam-shell phones** should be positioned with the hinge against a smooth edge of the flat phantom where the upper half of the phone is unfolded and extended beyond the phantom side wall. The lower half of the phone is secured in the test device holder at a fixed distance below the flat phantom determined by the minimum separation along the lower edge of the phone in the cheek touching position using SAM. Any case with substantial variation in separation distance along the lower edge of a clam shell is discussed with the FCC for best-to-use methodology.

The latest IEEE 1528 committee developments propose the usage of a tilted phantom when the antenna of the phone is mounted at the bottom or in all cases the peak absorption is in the chin region. Both SAM heads of the TwinSAM-Chin20 are rotated 20 degrees around the NF line. Each head can be removed individually from the table for emptying and cleaning.

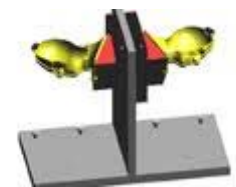


Figure 7-5 Twin SAM
Chin20

7.5 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 7-4). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device.

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Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

7.6 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

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8 FCC RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

8.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

8.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

9.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

9.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000

The following procedures were performed according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

9.2.1 Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007. Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. SO55 tests were measured with power control bits in the "All Up" condition.

1. If the mobile station (MS) supports Reverse TCH RC 1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC=1/1) with 9600 bps data rate only.
2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-1, Table 9-1 parameters were applied.
3. If the MS supports the RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH₀ and demodulation of RC 3,4, or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
4. Under RC3, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-2, Table 9-2 was applied.
5. FCHs were configured at full rate for maximum SAR with "All Up" power control bits.

Table 9-1
Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-104
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

Table 9-2
Parameters for Max. Power for RC3

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-86
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

9.2.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

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9.2.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled using TDSO / SO32. SAR for multiple code channels (FCH + SCH_n) is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured with FCH only. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel (FCH + SCH_n) with FCH at full rate and SCH₀ enabled at 9600 bps using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel with FCH only. When multiple code channels are enabled, the DUT output may shift by more than 0.5 dB and lead to higher SAR drifts and SCH dropouts. Body SAR was measured using TDSO / SO32 with power control bits in the “All Up”

Body SAR in RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate, using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

9.2.4 Handsets with EVDO

For handsets with Ev-Do capabilities, when the maximum average output of each channel in Rev. 0 is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3 (1x RTT), body SAR for EV-DO is not required. Otherwise, SAR for Rev. 0 is measured on the maximum output channel at 153.6 kbps using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3. A Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots would be configured in the downlink for Rev. 0.

9.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes following SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing.

9.3.1 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1. The differences noted are not cases of implemented MPR but rather associated with measurement uncertainty and allowable tolerances per 3GPP standard and the manufacturer. See Section 10.2 for MPR targets.

9.3.2 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

9.3.3 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05:

- Per Page 4, 3) A), QPSK with 50% RB is required for the highest bandwidth.
- Per Page 4, footnote 2, when the maximum output power across high, mid., and low channels is < 0.5 dB, mid channel is tested. Low and high channel SAR tests are not required for QPSK, 50% RB allocation when the SAR is < 0.8 W/kg.
- Per Page 4, 3) B), QPSK with 1 RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth.

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- d. Per Page 4, footnote 6, QPSK 1 RB allocation SAR tests were performed on the highest output power channel for the RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation was > 0.5 dB higher than the 50% RB allocation for QPSK. Otherwise, SAR tests are performed on the channel that produced the highest SAR for QPSK with 50% RB. 1 RB low and high offset configurations are considered together for a single channel selection.
- e. Per Page 4, 3) B), I), when the SAR for QPSK 1 RB allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- f. Per Page 4, 4) A), 16QAM with 50% RB is required for the highest bandwidth on the channel with the highest measured SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- g. Per Page 4, 4) A), I), when the SAR for 16 QAM, 50 % allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- h. Per Page 4, 4) B) and Page 5 footnote 9, 16QAM with 1RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth on the highest output power channel for the 1 RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation is >0.5 dB higher than the 50% allocation for 16 QAM. Otherwise, SAR tests are performed on the channel that produced the highest SAR for 16 QAM with 50% RB. 1 RB low and high offset configurations are considered together for a single channel selection.
- i. Per Page 5, 4) B), I), when the SAR for 16 QAM 1 RB allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- j. Per Page 4, 4), A) I) and Page 5, 4), A)I, 100% RB Allocation is not required to be tested when the SAR is not > 1.45 W/kg for the highest bandwidth.
- k. Per Page 5, 5) B) I), smaller bandwidths are not required to be tested when SAR is not > 1.45 W/kg for the highest bandwidth and the maximum average output power of the smaller bandwidths across all channels and configurations is not more than 0.5 dB higher than the higher bandwidths.

9.4 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 for more details.

9.4.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

9.4.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [27]

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg or if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.

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10 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

10.1 CDMA Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	Frequency	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. 0 [dBm]
	F-RC	MHz	RC1	RC3	FCH+SCH	FCH	(RTAP)
Cellular	1013	824.7	24.60	24.62	24.56	24.58	24.58
	384	836.52	24.60	24.64	24.60	24.60	24.74
	777	848.31	24.17	24.37	24.26	24.20	24.30
AWS	25	1711.25	24.67	24.59	24.61	24.68	24.75
	450	1732.5	24.84	24.86	24.80	24.79	24.91
	875	1753.75	24.56	24.71	24.79	24.62	24.84
PCS	25	1851.25	24.56	24.60	24.53	24.53	24.57
	600	1880	24.80	24.70	24.82	24.80	24.80
	1175	1908.75	24.87	24.93	24.86	24.83	24.91

Note: RC1 is only applicable for IS-95 compatibility.

Per KDB Publication 941225 D01:

1. Head SAR was tested with SO55 RC3. SO55 RC1 was not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB than the SO55 RC3 powers.
2. Body-Worn SAR was tested with 1x RTT with TDSO / SO32 FCH Only. Ev-Do and TDSO / SO32 FCH+SCH SAR tests were not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the TDSO / SO32 FCH only powers.
3. 2G/3G (1xRTT/EVDO) Hotspot is not supported with this device but Hotspot SAR configurations were tested for 1xRTT to address the CDMA Voice + LTE WIFI Hotspot simultaneous transmission scenario.



Figure 10-1
Power Measurement Setup

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10.2 LTE Conducted Powers

10.2.1 LTE Band 4 (AWS)

Table 10-1

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	1	0	23.17	0	0
1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	1	24	23.05	0	0
1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	12	6	22.08	1	0-1
1712.5	19975	5	QPSK	25	0	21.92	1	0-1
1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.74	1	0-1
1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.73	1	0-1
1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.96	2	0-2
1712.5	19975	5	16-QAM	25	0	21.02	2	0-2
1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	1	0	22.81	0	0
1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	1	24	22.99	0	0
1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	12	6	22.33	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	5	QPSK	25	0	21.93	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.03	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.98	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.24	2	0-2
1732.5	20175	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.90	2	0-2
1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	1	0	23.39	0	0
1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	1	24	23.26	0	0
1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	12	6	22.27	1	0-1
1752.5	20375	5	QPSK	25	0	22.24	1	0-1
1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.16	1	0-1
1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.11	1	0-1
1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.19	2	0-2
1752.5	20375	5	16-QAM	25	0	21.12	2	0-2

Table 10-2

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
1711.5	19965	3	QPSK	1	0	23.27	0	0
1711.5	19965	3	QPSK	1	14	23.31	0	0
1711.5	19965	3	QPSK	8	4	21.81	1	0-1
1711.5	19965	3	QPSK	15	0	22.00	1	0-1
1711.5	19965	3	16-QAM	1	0	22.23	1	0-1
1711.5	19965	3	16-QAM	1	14	22.06	1	0-1
1711.5	19965	3	16-QAM	8	4	21.23	2	0-2
1711.5	19965	3	16-QAM	15	0	21.07	2	0-2
1732.5	20175	3	QPSK	1	0	23.28	0	0
1732.5	20175	3	QPSK	1	14	23.23	0	0
1732.5	20175	3	QPSK	8	4	22.38	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	3	QPSK	15	0	22.33	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	3	16-QAM	1	0	22.17	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	3	16-QAM	1	14	22.12	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	3	16-QAM	8	4	21.41	2	0-2
1732.5	20175	3	16-QAM	15	0	21.30	2	0-2
1753.5	20385	3	QPSK	1	0	23.18	0	0
1753.5	20385	3	QPSK	1	14	23.26	0	0
1753.5	20385	3	QPSK	8	4	22.50	1	0-1
1753.5	20385	3	QPSK	15	0	22.30	1	0-1
1753.5	20385	3	16-QAM	1	0	22.25	1	0-1
1753.5	20385	3	16-QAM	1	14	22.06	1	0-1
1753.5	20385	3	16-QAM	8	4	21.45	2	0-2
1753.5	20385	3	16-QAM	15	0	21.19	2	0-2

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Table 10-3
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Powers - 1.4 MHz Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
1710.7	19957	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.95	0	0
1710.7	19957	1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.03	0	0
1710.7	19957	1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.14	0	0
1710.7	19957	1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.29	1	0-1
1710.7	19957	1.4	16-QAM	1	0	22.28	1	0-1
1710.7	19957	1.4	16-QAM	1	5	22.20	1	0-1
1710.7	19957	1.4	16-QAM	3	2	22.15	1	0-1
1710.7	19957	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	20.90	2	0-2
1732.5	20175	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.06	0	0
1732.5	20175	1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.96	0	0
1732.5	20175	1.4	QPSK	3	2	22.99	0	0
1732.5	20175	1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.49	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	1.4	16-QAM	1	0	22.13	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	1.4	16-QAM	1	5	21.99	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	1.4	16-QAM	3	2	22.25	1	0-1
1732.5	20175	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	21.37	2	0-2
1754.3	20393	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.03	0	0
1754.3	20393	1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.01	0	0
1754.3	20393	1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.05	0	0
1754.3	20393	1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.28	1	0-1
1754.3	20393	1.4	16-QAM	1	0	22.30	1	0-1
1754.3	20393	1.4	16-QAM	1	5	22.22	1	0-1
1754.3	20393	1.4	16-QAM	3	2	22.40	1	0-1
1754.3	20393	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	21.50	2	0-2

10.2.2 LTE Band 2 (PCS)

Table 10-4
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 5 MHz Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	1	0	23.09	0	0
1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	1	24	23.07	0	0
1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	12	6	22.24	1	0-1
1852.5	18625	5	QPSK	25	0	22.16	1	0-1
1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	1	0	22.05	1	0-1
1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.20	1	0-1
1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.10	2	0-2
1852.5	18625	5	16-QAM	25	0	21.05	2	0-2
1880.0	18900	5	QPSK	1	0	22.87	0	0
1880.0	18900	5	QPSK	1	24	22.76	0	0
1880.0	18900	5	QPSK	12	6	21.97	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	5	QPSK	25	0	21.94	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.86	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	5	16-QAM	1	24	22.00	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	5	16-QAM	12	6	20.85	2	0-2
1880.0	18900	5	16-QAM	25	0	21.00	2	0-2
1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	1	0	22.73	0	0
1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	1	24	22.87	0	0
1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	12	6	22.17	1	0-1
1907.5	19175	5	QPSK	25	0	21.80	1	0-1
1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	1	0	21.63	1	0-1
1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	1	24	21.80	1	0-1
1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	12	6	21.30	2	0-2
1907.5	19175	5	16-QAM	25	0	20.90	2	0-2

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Table 10-5
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 3 MHz Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
1851.5	18615	3	QPSK	1	0	23.06	0	0
1851.5	18615	3	QPSK	1	14	23.08	0	0
1851.5	18615	3	QPSK	8	4	22.12	1	0-1
1851.5	18615	3	QPSK	15	0	22.05	1	0-1
1851.5	18615	3	16-QAM	1	0	22.12	1	0-1
1851.5	18615	3	16-QAM	1	14	22.15	1	0-1
1851.5	18615	3	16-QAM	8	4	21.30	2	0-2
1851.5	18615	3	16-QAM	15	0	21.17	2	0-2
1880.0	18900	3	QPSK	1	0	23.00	0	0
1880.0	18900	3	QPSK	1	14	22.91	0	0
1880.0	18900	3	QPSK	8	4	21.97	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	3	QPSK	15	0	22.17	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	3	16-QAM	1	0	21.90	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	3	16-QAM	1	14	22.04	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	3	16-QAM	8	4	21.20	2	0-2
1880.0	18900	3	16-QAM	15	0	20.95	2	0-2
1908.5	19185	3	QPSK	1	0	22.55	0	0
1908.5	19185	3	QPSK	1	14	22.72	0	0
1908.5	19185	3	QPSK	8	4	22.35	1	0-1
1908.5	19185	3	QPSK	15	0	22.10	1	0-1
1908.5	19185	3	16-QAM	1	0	21.83	1	0-1
1908.5	19185	3	16-QAM	1	14	21.85	1	0-1
1908.5	19185	3	16-QAM	8	4	21.11	2	0-2
1908.5	19185	3	16-QAM	15	0	21.09	2	0-2

Table 10-6
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Powers - 1.4 MHz Bandwidth

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	Bandwidth [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Conducted Power [dBm]	Target MPR [dB]	MPR Allowed per 3GPP [dB]
1850.7	18607	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.25	0	0
1850.7	18607	1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.12	0	0
1850.7	18607	1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.29	0	0
1850.7	18607	1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.17	1	0-1
1850.7	18607	1.4	16-QAM	1	0	22.15	1	0-1
1850.7	18607	1.4	16-QAM	1	5	22.20	1	0-1
1850.7	18607	1.4	16-QAM	3	2	22.31	1	0-1
1850.7	18607	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	21.22	2	0-2
1880.0	18900	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.88	0	0
1880.0	18900	1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.97	0	0
1880.0	18900	1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.19	0	0
1880.0	18900	1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.18	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	1.4	16-QAM	1	0	22.00	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	1.4	16-QAM	1	5	22.01	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	1.4	16-QAM	3	2	22.10	1	0-1
1880.0	18900	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	20.94	2	0-2
1909.3	19193	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.20	0	0
1909.3	19193	1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.08	0	0
1909.3	19193	1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.07	0	0
1909.3	19193	1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.20	1	0-1
1909.3	19193	1.4	16-QAM	1	0	22.10	1	0-1
1909.3	19193	1.4	16-QAM	1	5	22.08	1	0-1
1909.3	19193	1.4	16-QAM	3	2	22.20	1	0-1
1909.3	19193	1.4	16-QAM	6	0	21.04	2	0-2

10.2.3 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

Bolded configurations were tested for SAR.
According to FCC KDB 941225 D05:

- 1) Per Page 4, 3) A), QPSK with 50% RB is required for the highest bandwidth.
- 2) Per Page 4, footnote 2, when the maximum output power across high, mid., and low channels is < 0.5 dB, mid channel is tested. Low and high channel SAR tests are not required for QPSK, 50% RB allocation when the SAR is < 0.8 W/kg.
- 3) Per Page 4, 3) B), QPSK with 1 RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth.
- 4) Per Page 4, footnote 6, QPSK 1 RB allocation SAR tests were performed on the highest output power channel for the RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation was > 0.5 dB higher than the 50% RB allocation for QPSK. Otherwise, SAR tests are performed on the channel that produced the highest SAR for QPSK with 50% RB. 1 RB low and high offset configurations are considered together for a single channel selection.
- 5) Per Page 4, 3) B), I), when the SAR for QPSK 1 RB allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- 6) Per Page 4, 4) A), 16QAM with 50% RB is required for the highest bandwidth on the channel with the highest measured SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.
- 7) Per Page 4, 4) A), I), when the SAR for 16 QAM, 50 % allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- 8) Per Page 4, 4) B) and Page 5 footnote 9, 16QAM with 1RB for both channel edges are required for the highest bandwidth on the highest output power channel for the 1 RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation is >0.5 dB higher than the 50% allocation for 16 QAM. Otherwise, SAR tests are performed on the channel that produced the highest SAR for 16 QAM with 50% RB. 1 RB low and high offset configurations are considered together for a single channel selection.
- 9) Per Page 5, 4) B), I), when the SAR for 16 QAM 1 RB allocation tests is <1.45 W/kg, testing on the other channels is not required.
- 10) Per Page 4, 4), A) I) and Page 5, 4), A),I), 100% RB Allocation is not required to be tested when the SAR is not > 1.45 W/kg for the highest bandwidth.
- 11) Per Page 5, 5) B) I), smaller bandwidths are not required to be tested when SAR is not > 1.45 W/kg for the highest bandwidth and the maximum average output power of the smaller bandwidths across all channels and configurations is not more than 0.5 dB higher than the higher bandwidths.

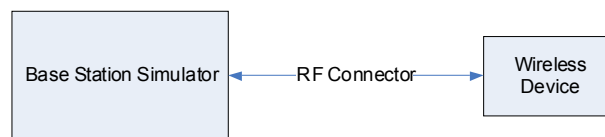


Figure 10-2
Power Measurement Setup

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10.3 WLAN Conducted Powers

Table 10-7
IEEE 802.11b Average RF
Power

Freq [MHz]	Channel	Data Rate [Mbps]	Average Power (dBm)
2412	1	1	16.75
		2	16.78
		5.5	16.99
		11	16.92
2437	6	1	17.41
		2	17.43
		5.5	17.70
		11	17.60
2462	11	1	17.74
		2	17.70
		5.5	17.92
		11	17.81

Table 10-8
IEEE 802.11g Average RF
Power

Freq [MHz]	Channel	Data Rate [Mbps]	Average Power (dBm)
2412	1	6	13.52
		9	13.54
		12	13.55
		18	13.61
		24	13.58
		36	13.55
		48	13.58
		54	13.51
2437	6	6	14.21
		9	14.16
		12	14.20
		18	14.13
		24	14.13
		36	14.11
		48	14.10
		54	14.14
2462	11	6	14.38
		9	14.34
		12	14.38
		18	14.43
		24	14.41
		36	14.33
		48	14.43
		54	14.36

Table 10-9
IEEE 802.11n Average RF
Power

Freq [MHz]	Channel	Data Rate [Mbps]	Average Power (dBm)
2412	1	6.5/7.2	11.56
		13/ 14.40	11.50
		19.5/ 21.70	11.54
		26/ 28.90	11.57
		29/ 43.3	11.45
		52/ 57.80	11.36
		58.50/ 65	11.52
		65/ 72.2	11.48
2437	6	6.5/ 7.2	12.04
		13/ 14.40	12.10
		19.5/ 21.70	12.08
		26/ 28.90	12.05
		29/ 43.3	12.02
		52/ 57.80	12.06
		58.50/ 65	12.10
		65/ 72.2	12.13
2462	11	6.5/ 7.2	12.37
		13/ 14.40	12.38
		19.5/ 21.70	12.28
		26/ 28.90	12.31
		29/ 43.3	12.33
		52/ 57.80	12.31
		58.50/ 65	12.36
		65/ 72.2	12.40

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.



Figure 10-3
Power Measurement Setup

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10.4 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Frequency [MHz]	Data Rate [Mbps]	Channel No.	Peak Conducted Power		Avg Conducted Power	
			[dBm]	[mW]	[dBm]	[mW]
2402	1.0	0	10.91	12.331	10.52	11.272
2441	1.0	39	11.79	15.101	11.48	14.060
2480	1.0	78	11.80	15.136	11.50	14.125
2402	2.0	0	10.81	12.050	8.31	6.776
2441	2.0	39	11.73	14.894	9.33	8.570
2480	2.0	78	11.80	15.136	9.31	8.531
2402	3.0	0	11.21	13.213	8.31	6.776
2441	3.0	39	12.12	16.293	9.36	8.630
2480	3.0	78	12.18	16.520	9.33	8.570

Per KDB Publication 648474, **Bluetooth SAR was not required** based on the maximum conducted power, the Bluetooth/WLAN to main antenna separation distance and Body-SAR of the main antenna.



Figure 10-4
Power Measurement Setup

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11 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

11.1 Tissue Verification

Table 11-1
Measured Tissue Properties

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (C°)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
05/31/2012	835H	24.7	820	0.886	42.28	0.90	41.57	-1.34%	1.71%
			835	0.897	42.00	0.90	41.50	-0.33%	1.20%
			850	0.909	41.99	0.92	41.50	-0.76%	1.18%
05/30/2012	1750H	23.8	1710	1.342	39.78	1.35	40.14	-0.45%	-0.89%
			1750	1.390	39.61	1.37	40.10	1.46%	-1.22%
			1790	1.430	39.45	1.39	40.02	2.58%	-1.42%
06/13/2012	1750H	24.4	1710	1.353	39.87	1.348	40.136	0.37%	-0.66%
			1750	1.390	39.69	1.370	40.100	1.46%	-1.02%
			1790	1.428	39.54	1.394	40.020	2.44%	-1.20%
06/04/2012	1900H	22.6	1850	1.337	38.51	1.40	40.00	-4.50%	-3.73%
			1880	1.370	38.36	1.40	40.00	-2.14%	-4.10%
			1910	1.399	38.27	1.40	40.00	-0.07%	-4.32%
06/11/2012	1900H	23.2	1850	1.392	39.59	1.400	40.000	-0.57%	-1.02%
			1880	1.423	39.40	1.400	40.000	1.64%	-1.50%
			1910	1.452	39.26	1.400	40.000	3.71%	-1.85%
06/04/2012	2450H	24.3	2401	1.825	40.53	1.76	39.30	3.81%	3.14%
			2450	1.885	40.36	1.80	39.20	4.72%	2.96%
			2499	1.942	40.13	1.85	39.14	4.86%	2.54%
05/31/2012	835B	22.9	820	0.984	53.70	0.97	55.28	1.55%	-2.87%
			835	0.997	53.66	0.97	55.20	2.78%	-2.79%
			850	1.013	53.50	0.99	55.15	2.53%	-3.00%
05/30/2012	1750B	23.0	1710	1.451	51.64	1.46	53.54	-0.62%	-3.55%
			1750	1.523	51.51	1.49	53.43	2.21%	-3.59%
			1790	1.563	51.31	1.51	53.33	3.51%	-3.79%
06/13/2012	1750B	22.4	1710	1.484	53.11	1.46	53.54	1.64%	-0.80%
			1750	1.528	52.96	1.49	53.43	2.55%	-0.88%
			1790	1.565	52.79	1.51	53.33	3.64%	-1.01%
05/30/2012	1900B	23.1	1850	1.446	52.52	1.52	53.30	-4.87%	-1.46%
			1880	1.479	52.48	1.52	53.30	-2.70%	-1.54%
			1910	1.511	52.42	1.52	53.30	-0.59%	-1.65%
06/12/2012	1900B	22.6	1850	1.503	51.75	1.52	53.30	-1.12%	-2.91%
			1880	1.538	51.60	1.52	53.30	1.18%	-3.19%
			1910	1.572	51.42	1.52	53.30	3.42%	-3.53%
06/04/2012	2450B	24.3	2401	1.932	55.04	1.90	52.77	1.52%	4.31%
			2450	1.997	54.92	1.95	52.70	2.41%	4.21%
			2499	2.062	54.72	2.02	52.64	2.13%	3.96%

Note: KDB Publication 450824 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50 MHz of the DUT frequencies.

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies (per IEEE 1528 6.6.1.2). The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY software rounds to three significant digits.

11.2 Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity ϵ can be calculated from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

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$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2} \int_a^b \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \frac{\exp[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r'\epsilon_0)^{1/2}]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

11.3 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to $\pm 10\%$ of the manufacturer SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration.

Table 11-2
System Verification Results

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED											
Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
835	Head	05/31/2012	22.8	23.1	0.100	4d119	3258	0.939	9.420	9.390	-0.32%
1750	Head	05/30/2012	24.8	23.2	0.100	1051	3209	3.550	36.600	35.500	-3.01%
1750	Head	06/13/2012	24.3	23.5	0.100	1008	3209	3.520	36.400	35.200	-3.30%
1900	Head	06/04/2012	23.9	22.1	0.100	5d149	3288	4.000	39.300	40.000	1.78%
1900	Head	06/11/2012	22.9	21.6	0.100	5d080	3022	3.910	39.900	39.100	-2.01%
2450	Head	06/04/2012	22.3	22.9	0.100	719	3209	5.530	53.800	55.300	2.79%
835	Body	05/31/2012	22.7	22.0	0.100	4d119	3258	1.020	9.560	10.200	6.69%
1750	Body	05/30/2012	24.6	24.5	0.100	1051	3209	3.660	37.600	36.600	-2.66%
1750	Body	06/13/2012	24.6	24.1	0.100	1008	3209	3.950	37.400	39.500	5.61%
1900	Body	05/30/2012	24.1	22.9	0.100	5d149	3288	3.930	39.300	39.300	0.00%
1900	Body	06/12/2012	23.7	23.7	0.100	5d080	3209	4.100	40.900	41.000	0.24%
2450	Body	06/04/2012	23.8	23.2	0.100	719	3209	4.810	51.300	48.100	-6.24%

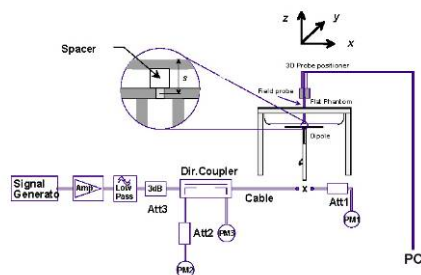


Figure 11-1
System Verification Setup Diagram



Figure 11-2
System Verification Setup Photo

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12 SAR DATA SUMMARY

12.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Table 12-1
Cell. CDMA Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.							(W/kg)
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	24.64	0.02	Right	Touch	30	0.248
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	24.64	-0.02	Right	Tilt	30	0.188
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	24.64	-0.03	Left	Touch	30	0.189
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	24.64	-0.03	Left	Tilt	30	0.148
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 12-2
AWS CDMA Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.							(W/kg)
1732.50	450	AWS CDMA	24.86	-0.10	Right	Touch	30	0.313
1732.50	450	AWS CDMA	24.86	-0.07	Right	Tilt	30	0.164
1732.50	450	AWS CDMA	24.86	-0.02	Left	Touch	30	0.167
1732.50	450	AWS CDMA	24.86	-0.07	Left	Tilt	30	0.147
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Table 12-3
PCS CDMA Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS								
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.							(W/kg)
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	24.70	0.20	Right	Touch	30	0.409
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	24.70	0.06	Right	Tilt	30	0.160
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	24.70	-0.19	Left	Touch	30	0.241
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	24.70	0.14	Left	Tilt	30	0.153
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

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Table 12-4
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.													(W/kg)
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.33	-0.06	1	Right	Touch	QPSK	12	6	18	0.224
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.39	0.07	0	Right	Touch	QPSK	1	0	18	0.327
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.26	-0.01	0	Right	Touch	QPSK	1	24	18	0.329
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	21.24	0.12	2	Right	Touch	16 QAM	12	6	18	0.179
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.16	0.14	1	Right	Touch	16 QAM	1	0	18	0.254
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.11	0.05	1	Right	Touch	16 QAM	1	24	18	0.263
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.33	0.12	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	12	6	18	0.186
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.39	0.01	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	18	0.243
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.26	0.03	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	24	18	0.233
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	21.24	0.05	2	Right	Tilt	16 QAM	12	6	18	0.148
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.16	0.01	1	Right	Tilt	16 QAM	1	0	18	0.191
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.11	0.04	1	Right	Tilt	16 QAM	1	24	18	0.191
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.33	-0.19	1	Left	Touch	QPSK	12	6	18	0.439
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.39	0.16	0	Left	Touch	QPSK	1	0	18	0.667
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.26	-0.20	0	Left	Touch	QPSK	1	24	18	0.660
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	21.24	0.05	2	Left	Touch	16 QAM	12	6	18	0.335
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.16	-0.05	1	Left	Touch	16 QAM	1	0	18	0.492
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.11	-0.05	1	Left	Touch	16 QAM	1	24	18	0.526
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.33	-0.05	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	12	6	18	0.194
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.39	-0.08	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	18	0.281
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.26	-0.05	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	24	18	0.278
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	21.24	0.07	2	Left	Tilt	16 QAM	12	6	18	0.149
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.16	-0.10	1	Left	Tilt	16 QAM	1	0	18	0.220
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.11	-0.07	1	Left	Tilt	16 QAM	1	24	18	0.230
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Note: QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB allocation SAR tests were performed on the highest output power channel for the RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation was > 0.5 dB higher than the 50% RB allocation for QPSK and 16 QAM, respectively. Therefore, high channel was tested for LTE Band 4 (AWS) for QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB cases.

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Table 12-5
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Side	Test Position	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.	(W/kg)												
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	21.97	0.00	1	Right	Touch	QPSK	12	6	31	0.191
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.09	0.15	0	Right	Touch	QPSK	1	0	31	0.246
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.07	-0.10	0	Right	Touch	QPSK	1	24	31	0.324
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	20.85	-0.10	2	Right	Touch	16 QAM	12	6	31	0.142
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.05	-0.06	1	Right	Touch	16 QAM	1	0	31	0.180
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.20	0.03	1	Right	Touch	16 QAM	1	24	31	0.266
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	21.97	-0.10	1	Right	Tilt	QPSK	12	6	31	0.115
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.09	0.07	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	31	0.149
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.07	0.10	0	Right	Tilt	QPSK	1	24	31	0.197
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	20.85	-0.03	2	Right	Tilt	16 QAM	12	6	31	0.084
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.05	0.01	1	Right	Tilt	16 QAM	1	0	31	0.123
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.20	0.04	1	Right	Tilt	16 QAM	1	24	31	0.157
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	21.97	-0.03	1	Left	Touch	QPSK	12	6	31	0.391
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.09	-0.11	0	Left	Touch	QPSK	1	0	31	0.559
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.07	-0.14	0	Left	Touch	QPSK	1	24	31	0.625
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	20.85	-0.08	2	Left	Touch	16 QAM	12	6	31	0.298
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.05	-0.12	1	Left	Touch	16 QAM	1	0	31	0.350
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.20	-0.13	1	Left	Touch	16 QAM	1	24	31	0.418
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	21.97	0.16	1	Left	Tilt	QPSK	12	6	31	0.127
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.09	-0.11	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	0	31	0.177
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.07	-0.11	0	Left	Tilt	QPSK	1	24	31	0.212
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	20.85	-0.09	2	Left	Tilt	16 QAM	12	6	31	0.100
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.05	0.18	1	Left	Tilt	16 QAM	1	0	31	0.117
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.20	-0.06	1	Left	Tilt	16 QAM	1	24	31	0.145
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT								Head						
Spatial Peak								1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								averaged over 1 gram						

Note: QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB allocation SAR tests were performed on the highest output power channel for the RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation was > 0.5 dB higher than the 50% RB allocation for QPSK and 16 QAM, respectively. Therefore, low channel was tested for LTE Band 2 (PCS) for QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB cases.

Table 12-6
2.4 GHz WLAN Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.								(W/kg)
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.74	-0.01	Right	Touch	30	0.122
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.74	-0.04	Right	Tilt	30	0.158
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.74	0.02	Left	Touch	30	0.127
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.74	0.03	Left	Tilt	30	0.174
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Head			
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram			

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12.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data

Table 12-7
CDMA Body-Worn SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.								(W/kg)
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.60	-0.09	1.0 cm	30	back	0.560
1732.50	450	AWS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.79	-0.05	1.0 cm	30	back	0.421
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.80	0.08	1.0 cm	30	back	0.499
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Note: For CDMA Mode, Hotspot back side SAR data was also used for supporting body-worn-accessory compliance per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06.

Table 12-8
LTE Body-Worn SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	SAR (1g)	
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)	
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.33	0.13	1	18	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	back	0.408
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.39	0.04	0	18	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.573
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.26	-0.11	0	18	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	back	0.551
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	21.24	-0.03	2	18	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	back	0.326
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.16	0.04	1	18	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.442
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.11	0.05	1	18	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	back	0.448
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	21.97	-0.07	1	31	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	back	0.279
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.09	0.07	0	31	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.395
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.07	0.05	0	31	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	back	0.469
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	20.85	-0.11	2	31	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	back	0.205
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.05	-0.01	1	31	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.307
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.20	-0.18	1	31	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	back	0.356
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note:

1. For LTE Mode, Hotspot back side SAR data was also used for supporting body-worn-accessory compliance per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06.
2. QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB allocation SAR tests were performed on the highest output power channel for the RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation was > 0.5 dB higher than the 50% RB allocation for QPSK and 16 QAM, respectively. Therefore, high channel was tested for LTE Band 4 (AWS) for QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB cases, and low channel was tested for LTE band 2 (PCS) for QPSK and 16QAM 1 RB cases.

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Table 12-9
WLAN Body-Worn SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.74	-0.15	1.0 cm	30	1	back	0.174
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Note: For IEEE 802.11b Mode, Hotspot back side SAR data was also used for supporting body-worn-accessory compliance per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06.

12.3 Standalone Wireless Router SAR Data

Table 12-10
CDMA Hotspot SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.								(W/kg)
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.60	-0.09	1.0 cm	30	back	0.560
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.60	0.19	1.0 cm	30	front	0.292
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.60	-0.01	1.0 cm	30	bottom	0.127
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.60	-0.05	1.0 cm	30	right	0.392
1732.50	450	AWS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.79	-0.05	1.0 cm	30	back	0.421
1732.50	450	AWS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.79	0.08	1.0 cm	30	front	0.217
1732.50	450	AWS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.79	0.04	1.0 cm	30	bottom	0.441
1732.50	450	AWS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.79	0.14	1.0 cm	30	right	0.120
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.80	0.08	1.0 cm	30	back	0.499
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.80	0.05	1.0 cm	30	front	0.235
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.80	0.13	1.0 cm	30	bottom	0.431
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO / SO32	24.80	0.05	1.0 cm	30	right	0.117
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

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Table 12-11
LTE Band 4 (AWS) Hotspot SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.	(W/kg)												
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.33	0.13	1	18	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	back	0.408
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.39	0.04	0	18	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.573
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.26	-0.11	0	18	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	back	0.551
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	21.24	-0.03	2	18	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	back	0.326
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.16	0.04	1	18	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.442
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.11	0.05	1	18	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	back	0.448
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.33	-0.16	1	18	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	front	0.337
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.39	0.13	0	18	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	front	0.476
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.26	0.01	0	18	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	front	0.451
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	21.24	0.09	2	18	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	front	0.258
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.16	0.09	1	18	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	front	0.371
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.11	0.05	1	18	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	front	0.366
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.33	-0.19	1	18	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	bottom	0.196
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.39	0.01	0	18	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	bottom	0.199
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.26	-0.11	0	18	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	bottom	0.203
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	21.24	0.00	2	18	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	bottom	0.153
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.16	0.04	1	18	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	bottom	0.165
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.11	-0.04	1	18	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	bottom	0.163
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.33	-0.01	1	18	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	left	0.173
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.39	-0.01	0	18	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	left	0.256
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	23.26	-0.12	0	18	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	left	0.249
1732.50	20175	Mid	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	21.24	-0.08	2	18	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	left	0.136
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.16	-0.10	1	18	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	left	0.190
1752.50	20375	High	LTE Band 4 (AWS)	5	22.11	-0.08	1	18	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	left	0.194
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT								Body						
Spatial Peak								1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								averaged over 1 gram						

Note: QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB allocation SAR tests were performed on the highest output power channel for the RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation was > 0.5 dB higher than the 50% RB allocation for QPSK and 16 QAM, respectively. Therefore, high channel was tested for LTE Band 4 (AWS) for QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB cases.

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Table 12-12
LTE Band 2 (PCS) Hotspot SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY			Mode	Bandwidth [MHz]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	MPR [dB]	Device Serial Number	Modulation	# of RB	RB Offset	Spacing	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.	High												(W/kg)
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	21.97	-0.07	1	31	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	back	0.279
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.09	0.07	0	31	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.395
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.07	0.05	0	31	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	back	0.469
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	20.85	-0.11	2	31	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	back	0.205
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.05	-0.01	1	31	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	back	0.307
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.20	-0.18	1	31	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	back	0.356
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	21.97	-0.07	1	31	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	front	0.247
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.09	0.17	0	31	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	front	0.337
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.07	0.00	0	31	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	front	0.394
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	20.85	0.11	2	31	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	front	0.181
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.05	0.05	1	31	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	front	0.265
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.20	0.06	1	31	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	front	0.328
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	21.97	-0.01	1	31	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	bottom	0.072
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.09	0.12	0	31	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	bottom	0.071
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.07	0.07	0	31	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	bottom	0.122
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	20.85	-0.11	2	31	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	bottom	0.050
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.05	-0.17	1	31	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	bottom	0.070
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.20	0.19	1	31	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	bottom	0.096
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	21.97	-0.08	1	31	QPSK	12	6	1.0 cm	left	0.176
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.09	0.15	0	31	QPSK	1	0	1.0 cm	left	0.262
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	23.07	0.11	0	31	QPSK	1	24	1.0 cm	left	0.321
1880.00	18900	Mid	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	20.85	0.15	2	31	16 QAM	12	6	1.0 cm	left	0.130
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.05	0.06	1	31	16 QAM	1	0	1.0 cm	left	0.200
1852.50	18625	Low	LTE Band 2 (PCS)	5	22.20	-0.10	1	31	16 QAM	1	24	1.0 cm	left	0.256
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT								Body						
Spatial Peak								1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								averaged over 1 gram						

Note: QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB allocation SAR tests were performed on the highest output power channel for the RB allocation when the average output power of the 1 RB allocation was > 0.5 dB higher than the 50% RB allocation for QPSK and 16 QAM, respectively. Therefore, Low channel was tested for LTE Band 2 (PCS) for QPSK and 16 QAM 1 RB cases.

Table 12-13
WLAN Hotspot SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.74	-0.15	1.0 cm	30	1	back	0.174
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.74	-0.04	1.0 cm	30	1	front	0.035
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.74	-0.10	1.0 cm	30	1	top	0.138
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.74	0.08	1.0 cm	30	1	left	0.023
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body				
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram				

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12.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. The standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid, probe and DAE as the SAR tests in the same time period.
5. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units..
6. Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to additionally test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation. Therefore, the hotspot data for the back side configuration additionally shows body-worn compliance at the same distance.

CDMA Notes:

1. Head SAR for CDMA2000 mode was tested under RC3/SO55 per KDB Publication 941225 D01.
2. Body-Worn SAR was tested with 1x RTT with TDSO / SO32 FCH Only. Ev-Do and TDSO / SO32 FCH+SCH SAR tests were not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the TDSO / SO32 FCH only powers.
3. AWS CDMA SAR was measured with a probe calibrated at 1750 MHz and is valid for measuring SAR from ± 50 MHz. The 1750MHz specific liquid was verified with specific probe calibration factors as required per FCC KDB Publication 450824 D01.
4. SAR was additionally tested for hotspot configurations using TDSO / FCH to address the CDMA Voice + LTE WIFI Hotspot simultaneous transmission scenario.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Test Considerations for LTE handsets and Data Modems KDB 941225 D05 Publication and were evaluated independently of test position. General test procedures can be found in Section 9.3.3.
2. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1. The differences noted are not cases of implemented MPR but rather associated with measurement uncertainty and allowable tolerances per 3GPP standard and the manufacturer.
3. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.
4. LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR was measured with a probe calibrated at 1750 MHz and is valid for measuring SAR from ± 50 MHz. The 1750MHz specific liquid was verified with specific probe calibration factors as required per FCC KDB Publication 450824 D01.

WLAN Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels

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and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.

2. WLAN transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.
3. Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required.

Hotspot Notes:

1. Top and left edges for the CDMA transmitter were not tested since the antenna distance from the edge was greater than 2.5 cm per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 guidance (see Section 1.2).
2. Top and right edges for the LTE transmitter were not tested since the antenna distance from the edge was greater than 2.5 cm per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 guidance (see Section 1.2).
3. Bottom and right edges for the WLAN transmitter were not tested since the antenna distance from the edge was greater than 2.5 cm per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 guidance (see Section 1.2).
4. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 7.6.)

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13 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” FCC KDB Publication 648474 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

13.2 FCC Power Tables & Conditions

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW

Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.

Figure 13-1
Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	<u>Routine evaluation required</u>	<u>SAR not required:</u> <u>Unlicensed only</u> - when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is ≥ 5 cm from other antennas <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> - when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas - when SAR to peak location separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3 <u>SAR required:</u> <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> antenna pairs with SAR to peak location separation ratio ≥ 0.3; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in stand-alone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply
Unlicensed Transmitters	<u>When there is no simultaneous transmission –</u> - output ≤ 60/f: SAR not required - output > 60/f: stand-alone SAR required <u>When there is simultaneous transmission –</u> <u>Stand-alone SAR not required when</u> - output $\leq 2 \cdot P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 5.0 cm from other antennas - output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from other antennas - output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power $\leq P_{Ref}$ or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg <u>Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required</u> <u>When stand-alone SAR is required</u> - test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition - if SAR for highest output channel is $> 50\%$ of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures	

Figure 13-2
SAR Evaluation Requirements for Multiple Transmitter Handsets

According to Figure 13-1 and Figure 13-2, simultaneous transmission analysis of SAR may be required for this device for the licensed and unlicensed transmitters. Possible simultaneous transmissions for this device were numerically summed using stand-alone SAR data and are shown in the following tables.

Per KDB Publication 648474, standalone Bluetooth SAR tests were not required. Standalone SAR tests for WLAN were required. See Section 1.4 for more information.

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13.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 13-1
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	Cell. CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.248	0.329	0.122	0.577	0.370	0.451	0.699
	Right Tilt	0.188	0.243	0.158	0.431	0.346	0.401	0.589
	Left Cheek	0.189	0.667	0.127	0.856	0.316	0.794	0.983
	Left Tilt	0.148	0.281	0.174	0.429	0.322	0.455	0.603
Simult Tx	Configuration	AWS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.313	0.329	0.122	0.642	0.435	0.451	0.764
	Right Tilt	0.164	0.243	0.158	0.407	0.322	0.401	0.565
	Left Cheek	0.167	0.667	0.127	0.834	0.294	0.794	0.961
	Left Tilt	0.147	0.281	0.174	0.428	0.321	0.455	0.602
Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.409	0.329	0.122	0.738	0.531	0.451	0.860
	Right Tilt	0.160	0.243	0.158	0.403	0.318	0.401	0.561
	Left Cheek	0.241	0.667	0.127	0.908	0.368	0.794	1.035
	Left Tilt	0.153	0.281	0.174	0.434	0.327	0.455	0.608
Simult Tx	Configuration	Cell. CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.248	0.324	0.122	0.572	0.370	0.446	0.694
	Right Tilt	0.188	0.197	0.158	0.385	0.346	0.355	0.543
	Left Cheek	0.189	0.625	0.127	0.814	0.316	0.752	0.941
	Left Tilt	0.148	0.212	0.174	0.360	0.322	0.386	0.534
Simult Tx	Configuration	AWS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.313	0.324	0.122	0.637	0.435	0.446	0.759
	Right Tilt	0.164	0.197	0.158	0.361	0.322	0.355	0.519
	Left Cheek	0.167	0.625	0.127	0.792	0.294	0.752	0.919
	Left Tilt	0.147	0.212	0.174	0.359	0.321	0.386	0.533
Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.409	0.324	0.122	0.733	0.531	0.446	0.855
	Right Tilt	0.160	0.197	0.158	0.357	0.318	0.355	0.515
	Left Cheek	0.241	0.625	0.127	0.866	0.368	0.752	0.993
	Left Tilt	0.153	0.212	0.174	0.365	0.327	0.386	0.539

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13.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 13-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Band & Mode	CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Back Side	Cell. CDMA	0.560	0.573	0.174	1.133	0.734	0.747	1.307
Back Side	AWS CDMA	0.421	0.573	0.174	0.994	0.595	0.747	1.168
Back Side	PCS CDMA	0.499	0.573	0.174	1.072	0.673	0.747	1.246
Configuration	Band & Mode	CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Back Side	Cell. CDMA	0.560	0.469	0.174	1.029	0.734	0.643	1.203
Back Side	AWS CDMA	0.421	0.469	0.174	0.890	0.595	0.643	1.064
Back Side	PCS CDMA	0.499	0.469	0.174	0.968	0.673	0.643	1.142

13.5 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 13-3
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	Cell. CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Body SAR	Back	0.560	0.573	0.174	N/A	N/S	0.747	1.307
	Front	0.292	0.476	0.035	N/A	N/S	0.511	0.803
	Top	-	-	0.138	N/A	N/S	0.138	0.138
	Bottom	0.127	0.203	-	N/A	N/S	0.203	0.330
	Right	0.392	-	-	N/A	N/S	0.000	0.392
	Left	-	0.256	0.023	N/A	N/S	0.279	0.279
Simult Tx	Configuration	AWS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Body SAR	Back	0.421	0.573	0.174	N/A	N/S	0.747	1.168
	Front	0.217	0.476	0.035	N/A	N/S	0.511	0.728
	Top	-	-	0.138	N/A	N/S	0.138	0.138
	Bottom	0.441	0.203	-	N/A	N/S	0.203	0.644
	Right	0.120	-	-	N/A	N/S	0.000	0.120
	Left	-	0.256	0.023	N/A	N/S	0.279	0.279

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Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 4 (AWS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Body SAR	Back	0.499	0.573	0.174	N/A	N/S	0.747	1.246
	Front	0.235	0.476	0.035	N/A	N/S	0.511	0.746
	Top	-	-	0.138	N/A	N/S	0.138	0.138
	Bottom	0.431	0.203	-	N/A	N/S	0.203	0.634
	Right	0.117	-	-	N/A	N/S	0.000	0.117
	Left	-	0.256	0.023	N/A	N/S	0.279	0.279
Simult Tx	Configuration	Cell. CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Body SAR	Back	0.560	0.469	0.174	N/A	N/S	0.643	1.203
	Front	0.292	0.394	0.035	N/A	N/S	0.429	0.721
	Top	-	-	0.138	N/A	N/S	0.138	0.138
	Bottom	0.127	0.122	-	N/A	N/S	0.122	0.249
	Right	0.392	-	-	N/A	N/S	0.000	0.392
	Left	-	0.321	0.023	N/A	N/S	0.344	0.344
Simult Tx	Configuration	AWS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Body SAR	Back	0.421	0.469	0.174	N/A	N/S	0.643	1.064
	Front	0.217	0.394	0.035	N/A	N/S	0.429	0.646
	Top	-	-	0.138	N/A	N/S	0.138	0.138
	Bottom	0.441	0.122	-	N/A	N/S	0.122	0.563
	Right	0.120	-	-	N/A	N/S	0.000	0.120
	Left	-	0.321	0.023	N/A	N/S	0.344	0.344
Simult Tx	Configuration	PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	LTE Band 2 (PCS) SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)			
		1	2	3	1+2	1+3	2+3	1+2+3
Body SAR	Back	0.499	0.469	0.174	N/A	N/S	0.643	1.142
	Front	0.235	0.394	0.035	N/A	N/S	0.429	0.664
	Top	-	-	0.138	N/A	N/S	0.138	0.138
	Bottom	0.431	0.122	-	N/A	N/S	0.122	0.553
	Right	0.117	-	-	N/A	N/S	0.000	0.117
	Left	-	0.321	0.023	N/A	N/S	0.344	0.344

Note: Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, the edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("-"). The above tables represent a portable hotspot condition.

13.6 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR was below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. No volumetric SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 648474.

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EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	85047A	S-Parameter Test Set	N/A	N/A	N/A	2904A00579
Agilent	85070E	Dielectric Probe Kit	3/8/2012	Annual	3/8/2013	MY44300633
Agilent	8594A	(9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	N/A	N/A	N/A	3051A00187
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	10/10/2011	Annual	10/10/2012	3613A00315
Agilent	8648D	Signal Generator	4/3/2012	Annual	4/3/2013	3629U00687
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	4/4/2012	Annual	4/4/2013	JP38020182
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	4/3/2012	Annual	4/3/2013	US37390350
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	10/10/2011	Annual	10/10/2012	GB46110872
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	10/20/2011	Annual	10/20/2012	GB46310798
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	10/14/2011	Annual	10/14/2012	GB41450275
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	MY45470194
Amplifier Research	5S1G4	5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	21910
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Sensor	10/13/2011	Annual	10/13/2012	1027293
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/14/2012	Annual	2/14/2013	5821
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/14/2012	Annual	2/14/2013	8013
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	5605
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/14/2012	Annual	2/14/2013	2400
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	2/14/2012	Annual	2/14/2013	1190013
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	2/14/2012	Annual	2/14/2013	98150041
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/13/2011	Annual	10/13/2012	1039008
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Tester	11/11/2011	Annual	11/11/2012	6200901190
COMTECH	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M155A00-009
COMTECH	AR85729-5/5759B	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M3W1A00-1002
Control Company	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/4/2012	Biennial	1/4/2014	122014497
Control Company	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/4/2012	Biennial	1/4/2014	122014488
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	2/15/2011	Biennial	2/15/2013	111331322
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	2/15/2011	Biennial	2/15/2013	111331323
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	2/15/2011	Biennial	2/15/2013	111331332
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	10/12/2011	Annual	10/12/2012	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	10/12/2011	Annual	10/12/2012	8650319
Intelligent Weigh	PD-3000	Electronic Balance	3/27/2012	Annual	3/27/2013	11081534
MCL	BW-N6W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R8979500903
MiniCircuits	VLF-6000+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
MiniCircuits	VLF-6000+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	4014C-6	4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	4772-3	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	9406
Narda	BW-S3W2	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	120
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	8/25/2011	Annual	8/25/2012	100976
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	10/7/2011	Annual	10/7/2012	103962
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	8/5/2011	Annual	8/5/2012	112347
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	11/30/2011	Annual	11/30/2012	101699
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	3/5/2012	Annual	3/5/2013	102060
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	4/8/2011	Biennial	4/8/2013	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	SMI003B	Signal Generator	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	DE27259
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	11/29/2011	Triennial	11/29/2014	21053
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	3/5/2012	Triennial	3/5/2015	N/A
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench (8" lb)	3/5/2012	Triennial	3/5/2015	N/A
SPEAG	D1750V2	1750 MHz SAR Dipole	4/24/2012	Annual	4/24/2013	1051
SPEAG	D1765V2	1765 MHz SAR Dipole	5/18/2012	Annual	5/18/2013	1008
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	7/22/2011	Annual	7/22/2012	5d080
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	2/22/2012	Annual	2/22/2013	5d149
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	8/19/2011	Annual	8/19/2012	719
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	4/20/2012	Annual	4/20/2013	4d119
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/19/2012	Annual	4/19/2013	665
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	1/18/2012	Annual	1/18/2013	1272
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/15/2012	Annual	2/15/2013	1323
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/12/2012	Annual	4/12/2013	1333
Speag	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	12/1/2011	Annual	12/1/2012	1031
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	8/25/2011	Annual	8/25/2012	3022
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/16/2012	Annual	3/16/2013	3209
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	2/21/2012	Annual	2/21/2013	3258
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	2/7/2012	Annual	2/7/2013	3288
Tektronix	RSA-6114A	Real Time Spectrum Analyzer	4/5/2012	Annual	4/5/2013	8010177
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/21/2011	Biennial	1/21/2013	111286445
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/21/2011	Biennial	1/21/2013	111286460

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, attenuator, coupler, amplifier, or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

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15 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for frequencies less than 3000 MHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.1	11.7
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.2	23.5

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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16 CONCLUSION

16.1 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.898 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.999$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: Cellular CDMA, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

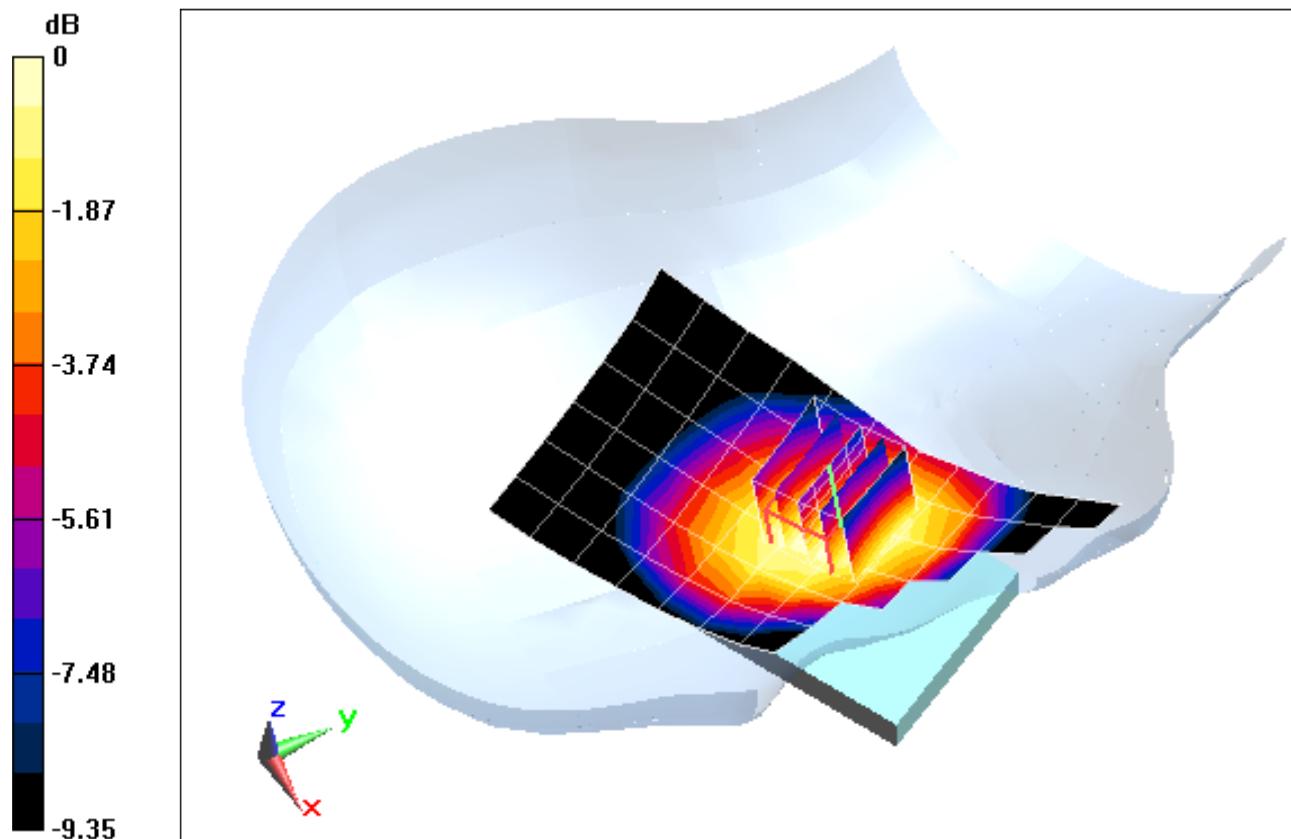
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.966 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.320 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.248 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.189 mW/g



0 dB = 0.261 mW/g = -11.67 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.898 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.999$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: Cellular CDMA, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

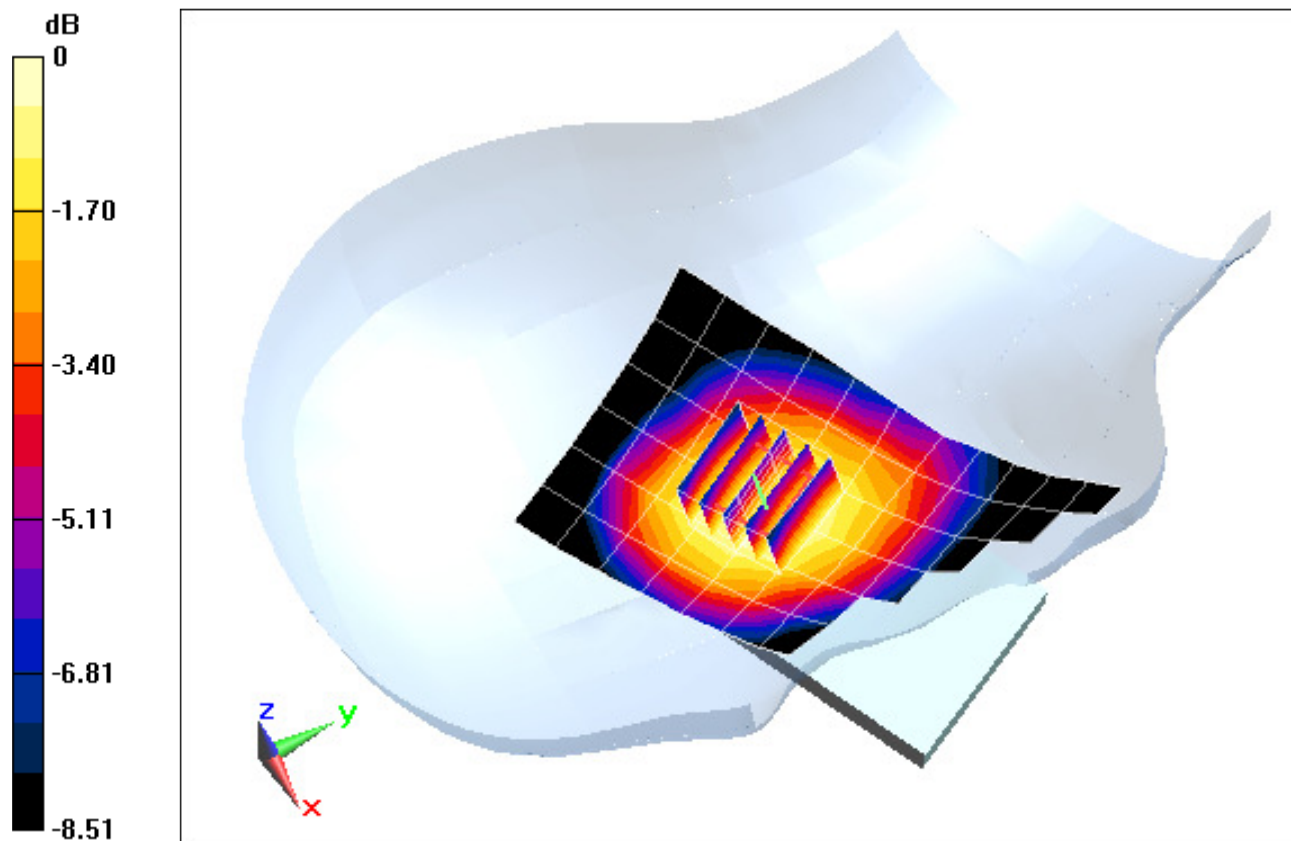
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.585 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.230 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.144 mW/g



0 dB = 0.197 mW/g = -14.11 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.898 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.999$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: Cellular CDMA, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

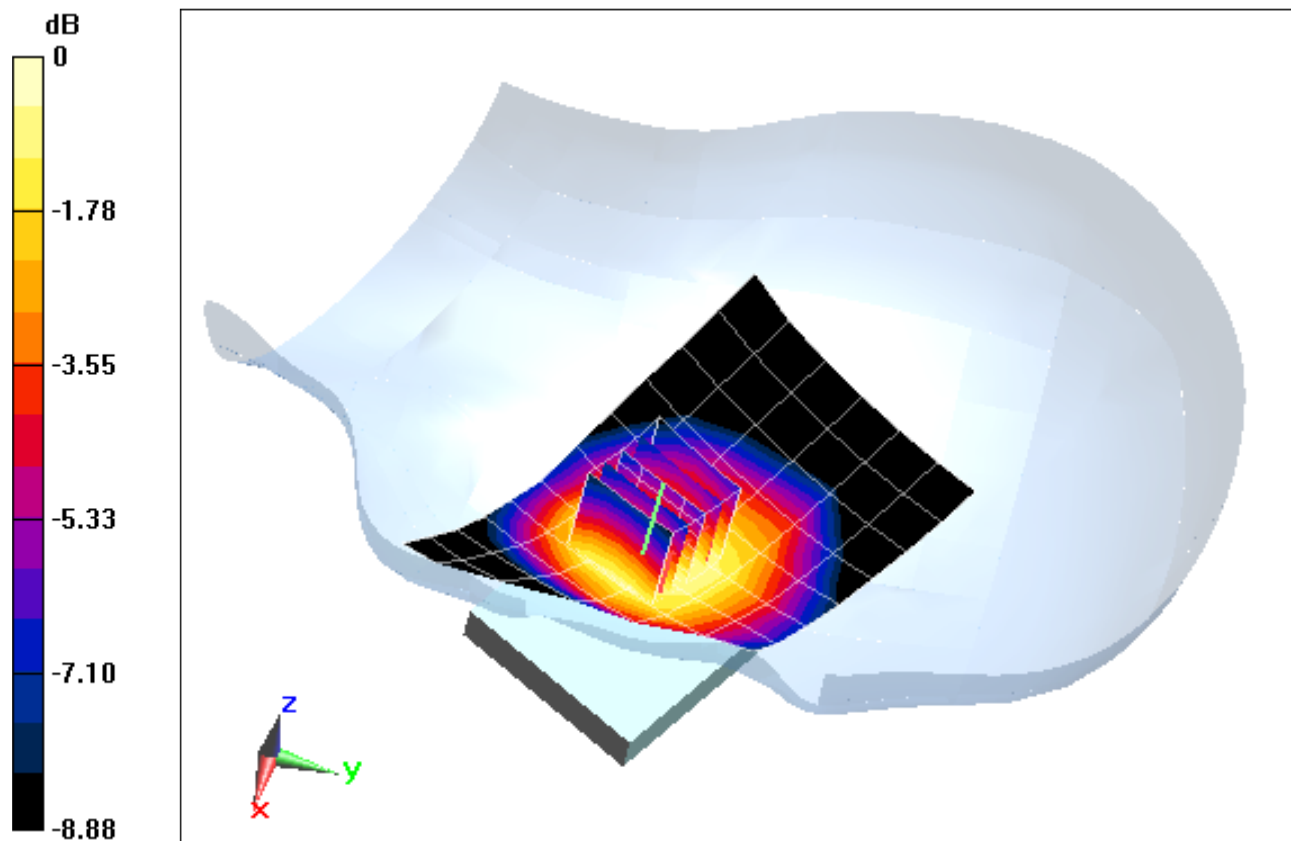
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.582 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.229 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.189 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g



0 dB = 0.197 mW/g = -14.11 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.898 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.999$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: Cellular CDMA, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

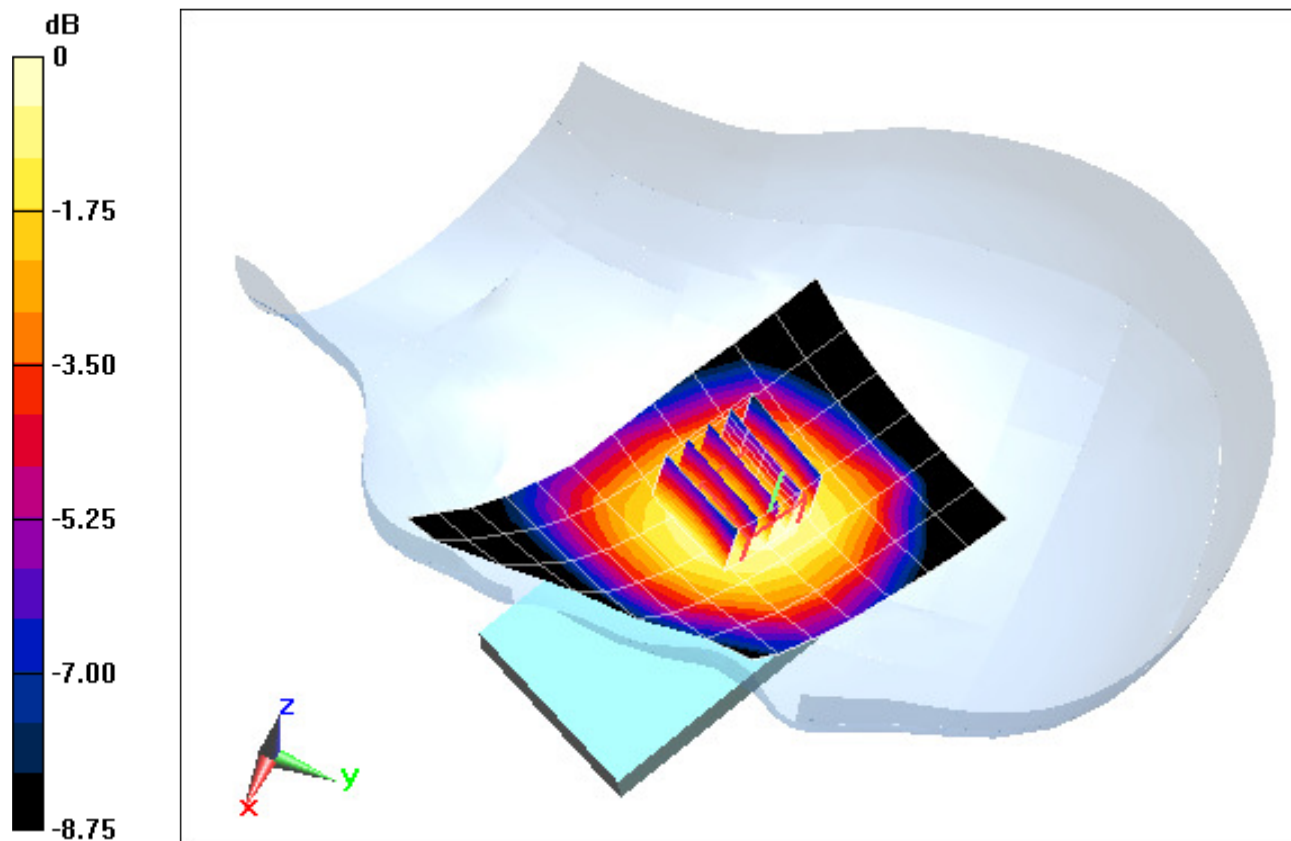
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.797 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.184 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.148 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 mW/g



0 dB = 0.154 mW/g = -16.25 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: AWS CDMA; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.369 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.684$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS CDMA, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

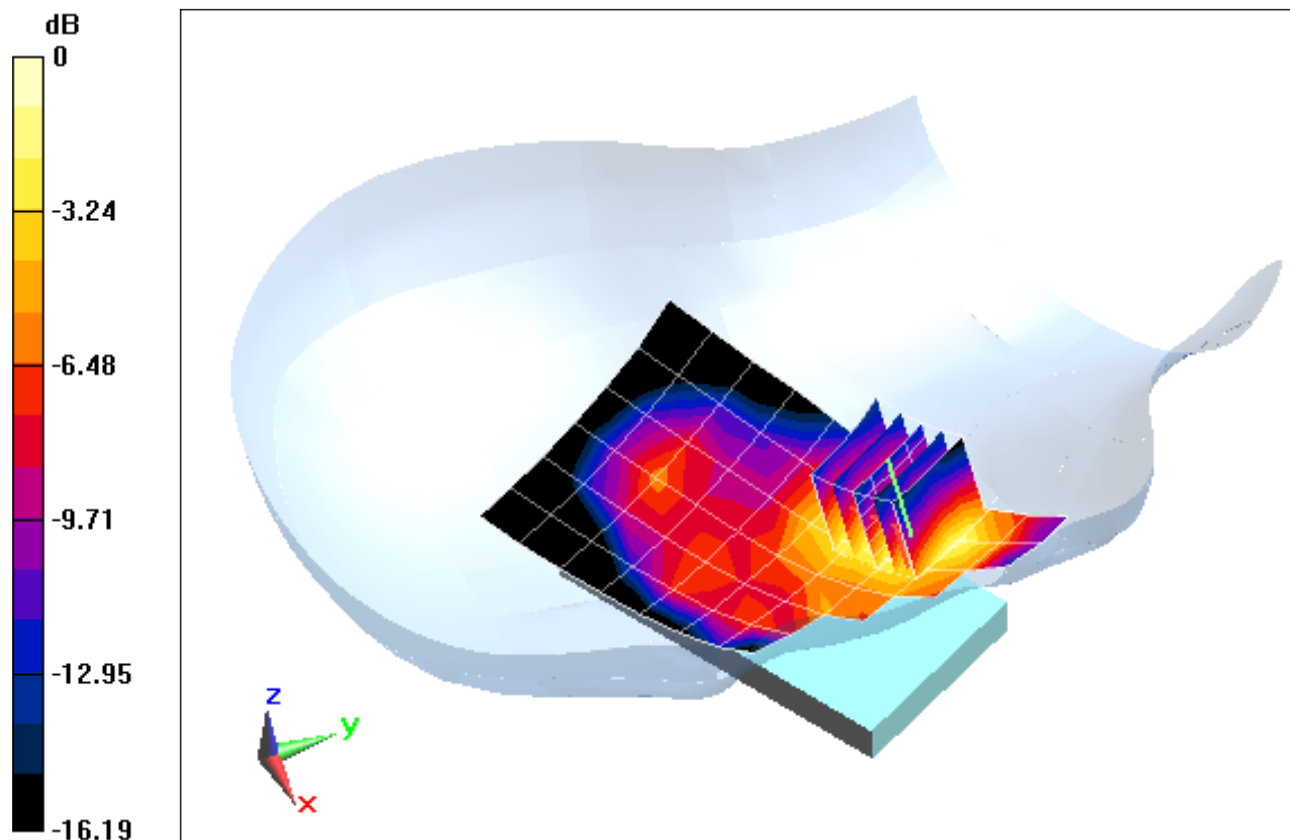
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Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.214 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.477 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.313 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 mW/g



0 dB = 0.346 mW/g = -9.22 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: AWS CDMA; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.369 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.684$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS CDMA, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

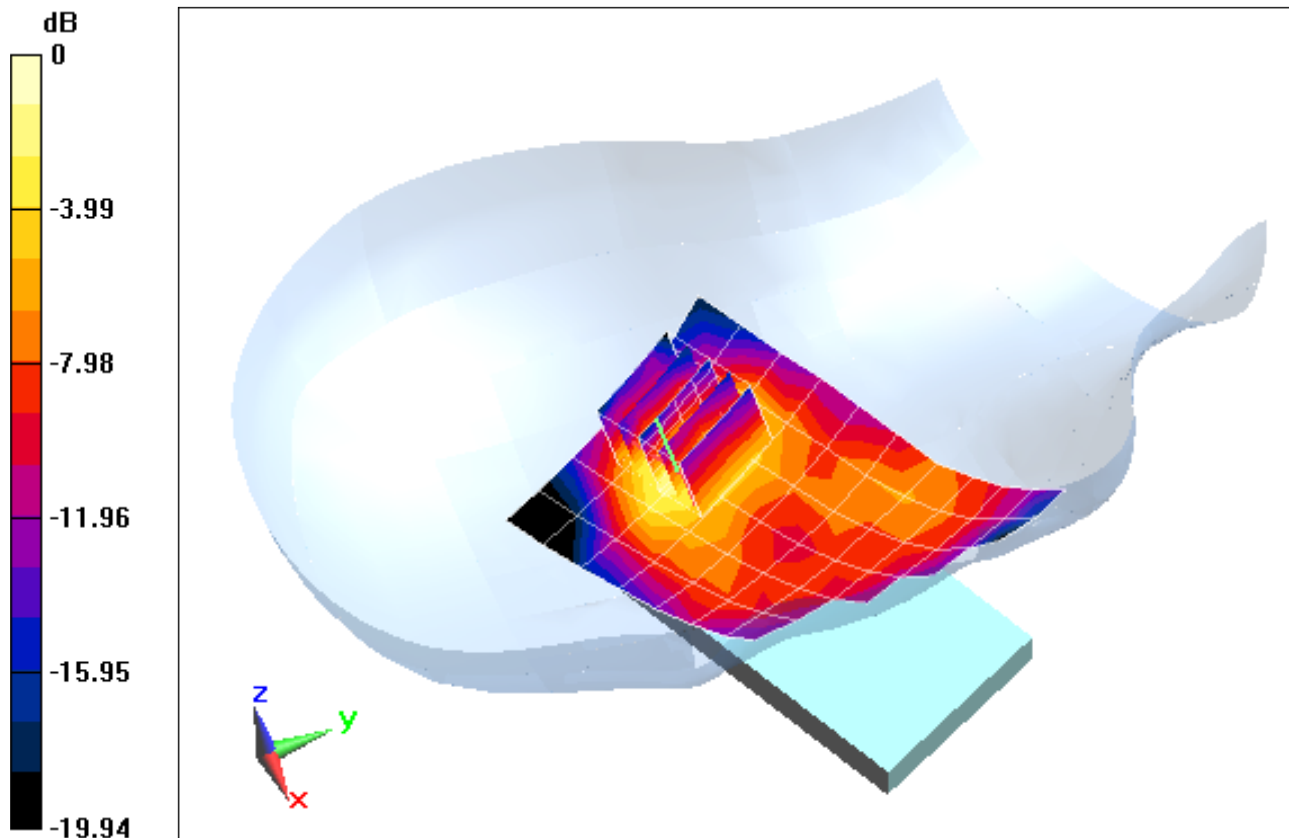
Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.231 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.278 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.164 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: AWS CDMA; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.369 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.684$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS CDMA, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

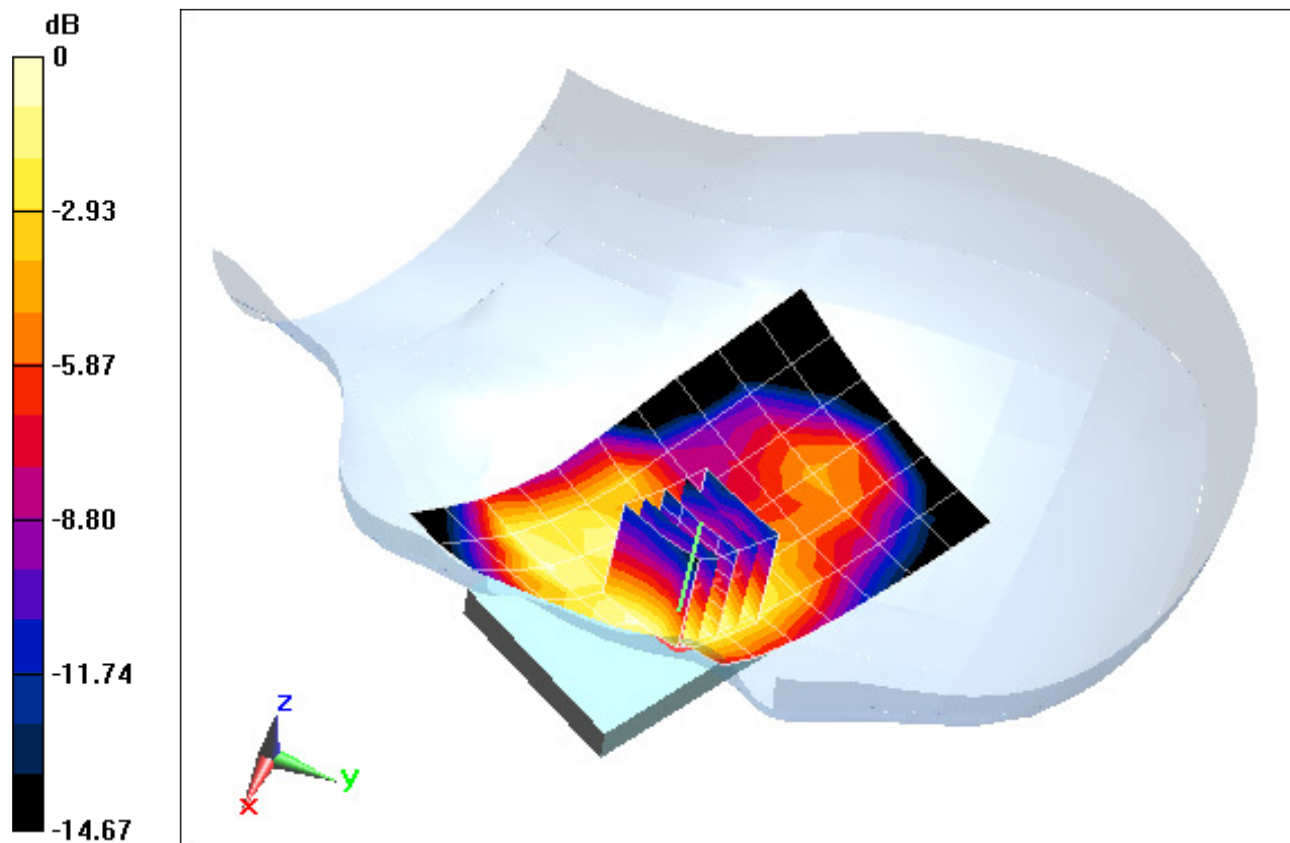
Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.987 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.252 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.107 mW/g



0 dB = 0.182 mW/g = -14.80 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: AWS CDMA; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.369 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.684$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS CDMA, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

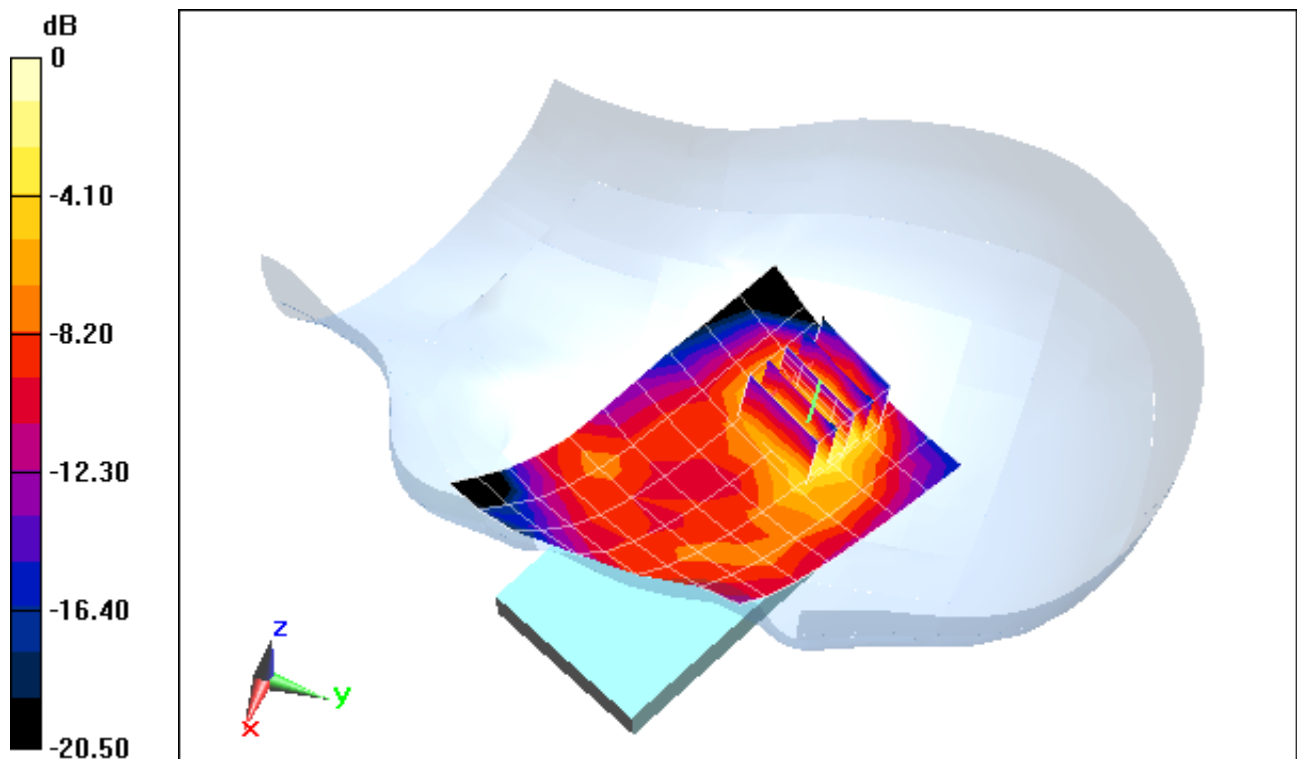
Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.422 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.229 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.147 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 mW/g



0 dB = 0.172 mW/g = -15.29 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 18

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHz BW; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.392 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.681$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Right Head, Touch, High.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset

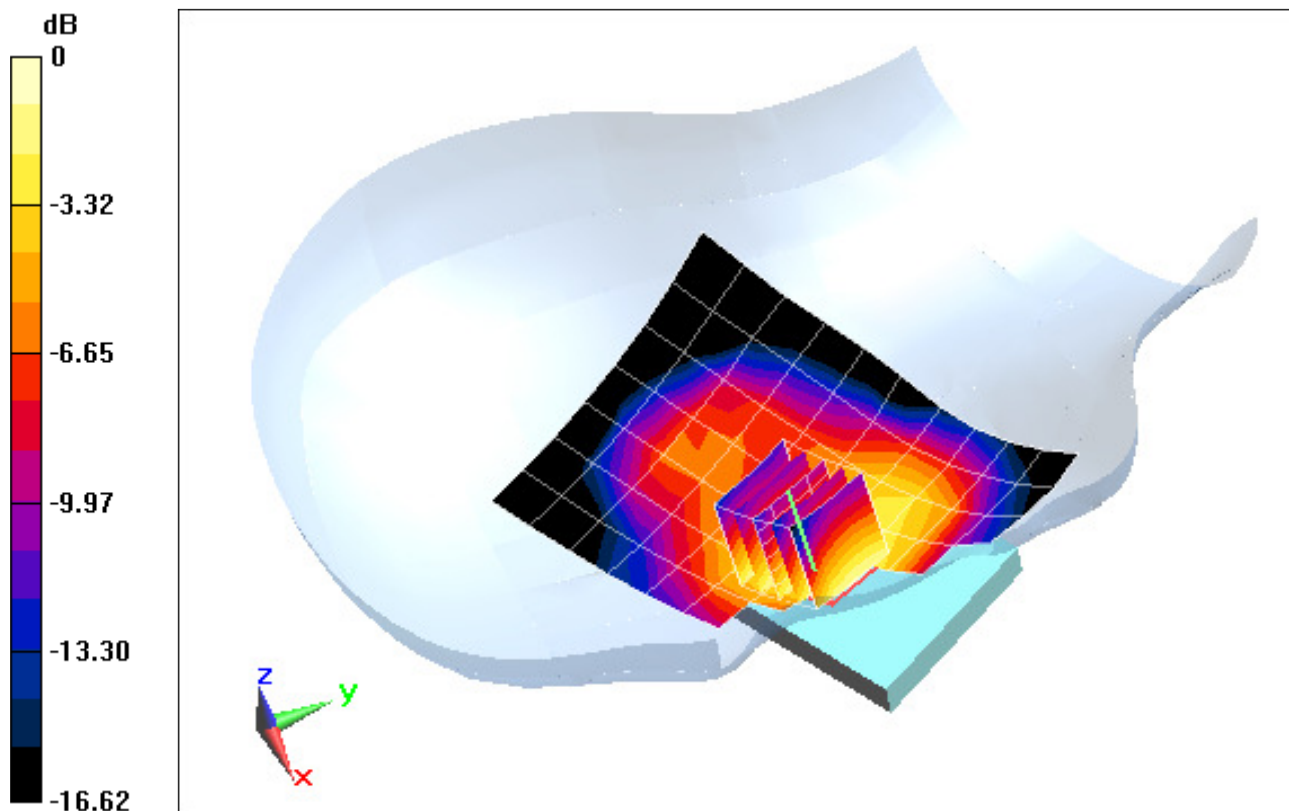
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.019 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.467 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.329 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.223 mW/g



0 dB = 0.353 mW/g = -9.04 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 18

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHz BW; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.392 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.681$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Right Head, Tilt, High.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

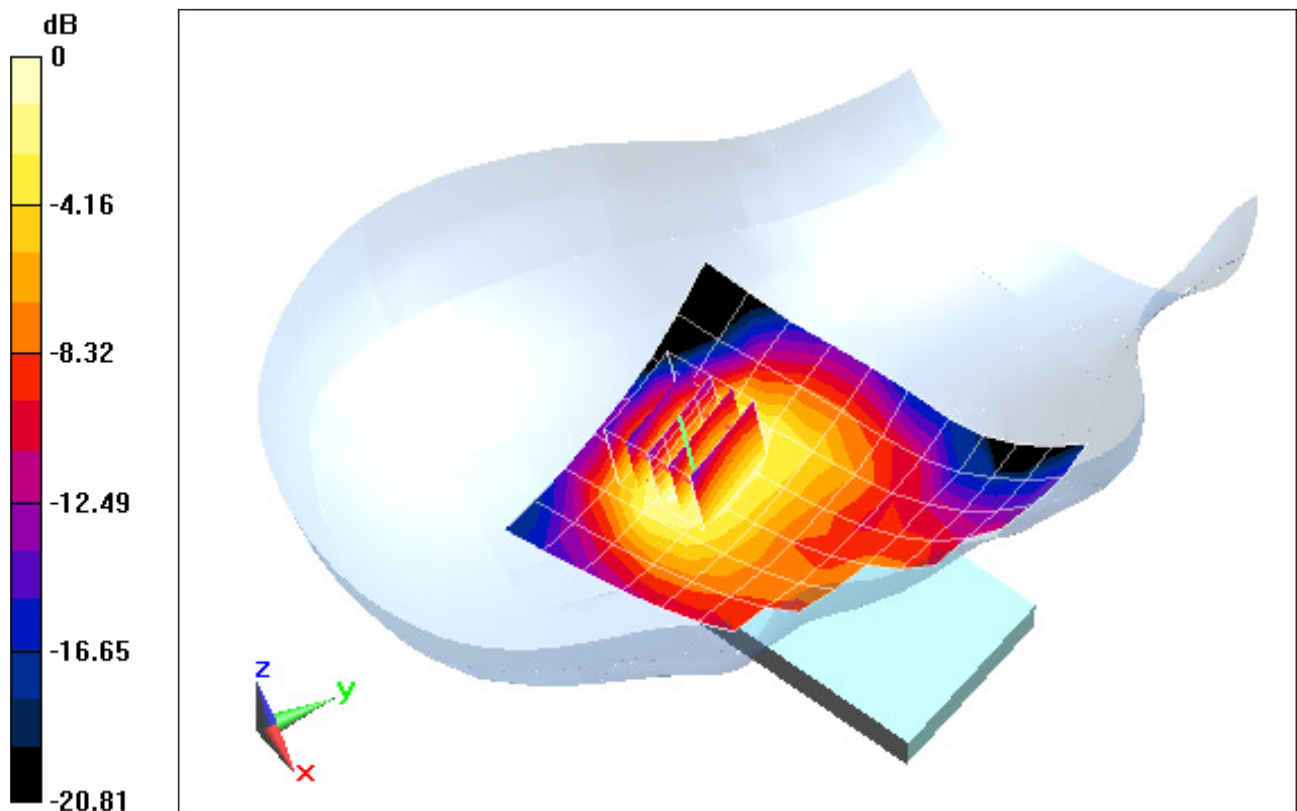
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.696 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.372 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.243 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 mW/g



0 dB = 0.265 mW/g = -11.54 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 18

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHz BW; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.392 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.681$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Left Head, Touch, High. Ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

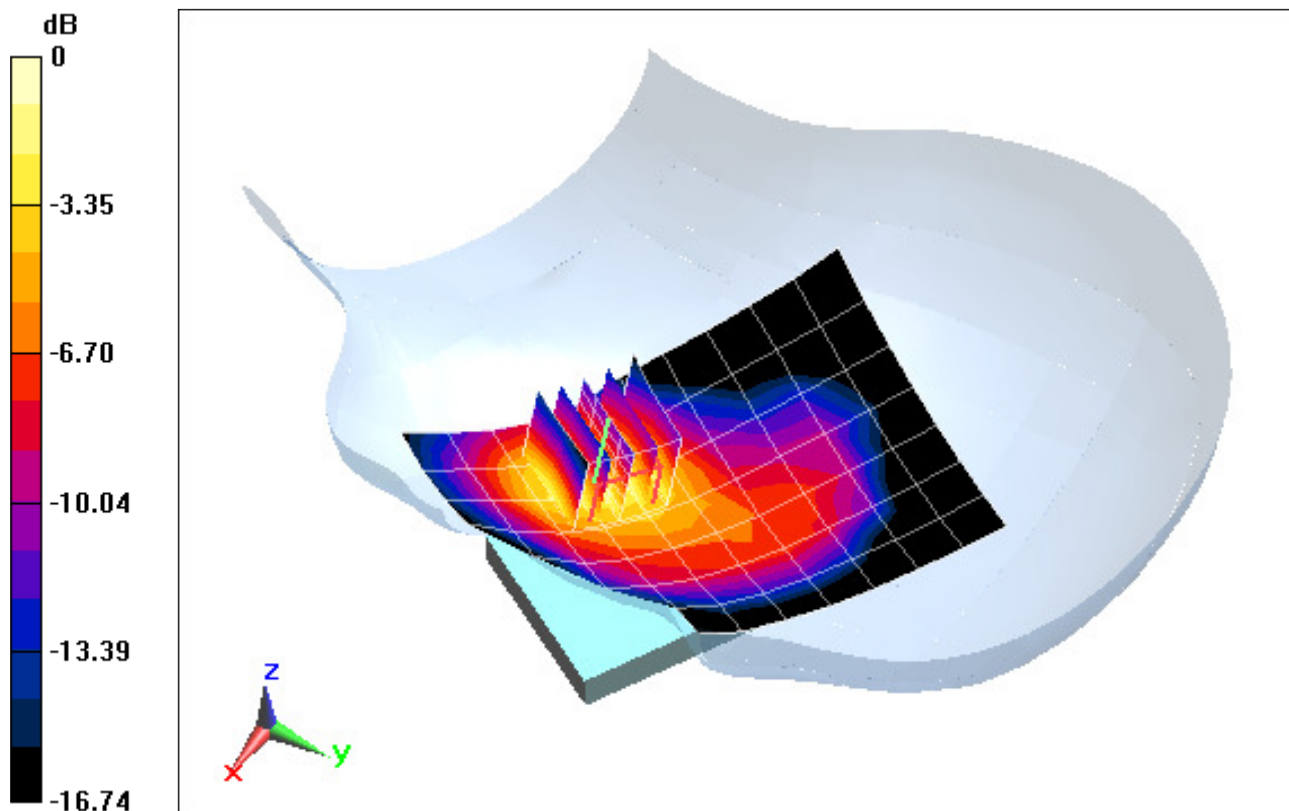
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.898 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.006 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.667 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.414 mW/g



0 dB = 0.734 mW/g = -2.69 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 18

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHz BW; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.392 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.681$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Left Head, Tilt, High.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

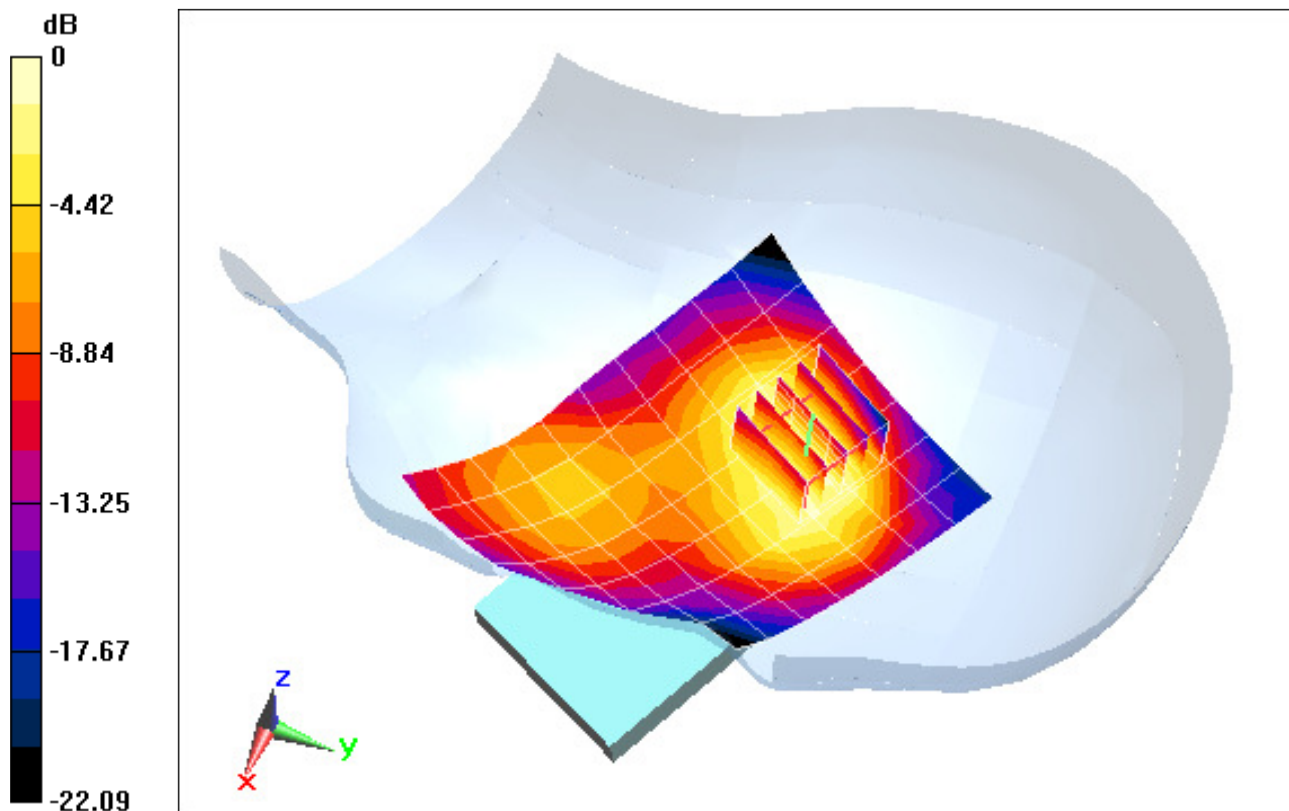
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.688 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.433 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.281 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.176 mW/g



0 dB = 0.293 mW/g = -10.66 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

PCS CDMA, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

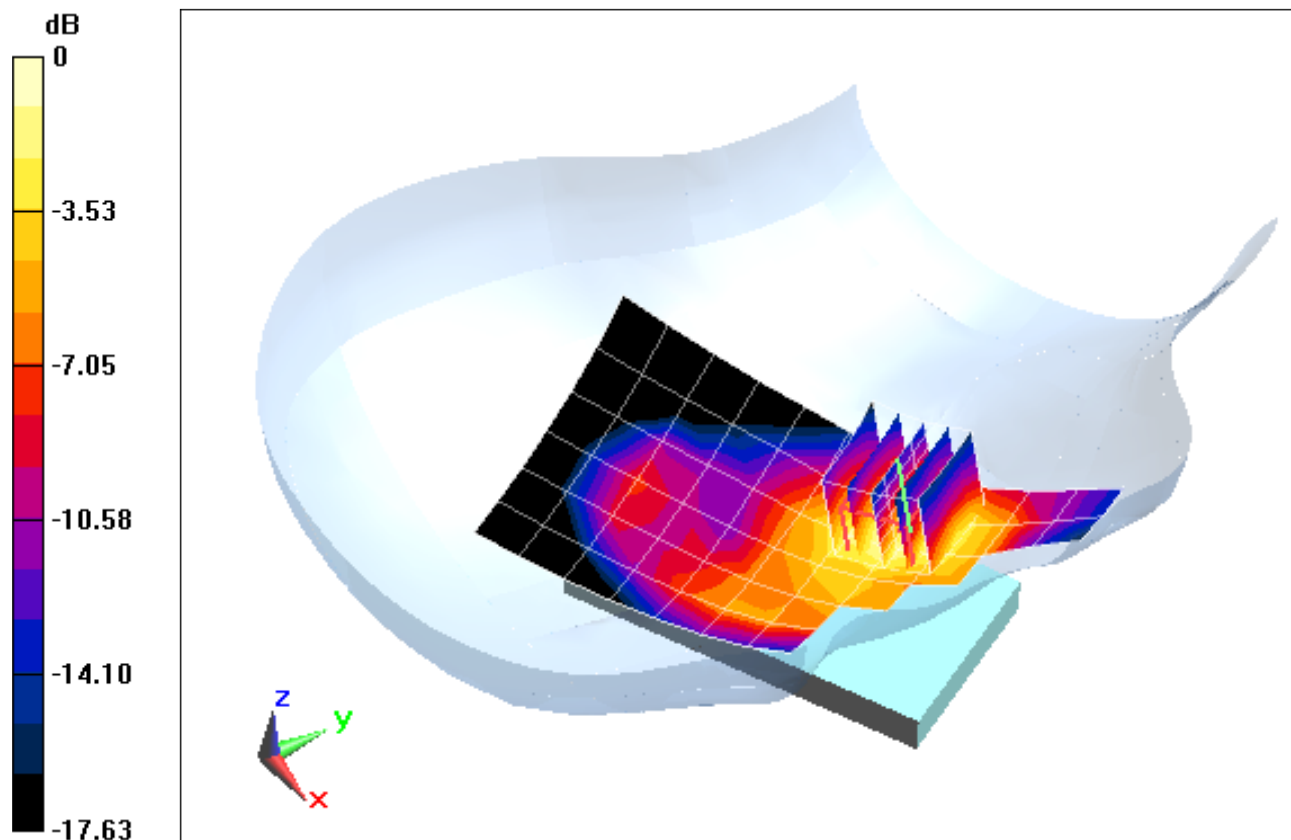
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.403 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.751 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.409 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.223 mW/g



0 dB = 0.460 mW/g = -6.74 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

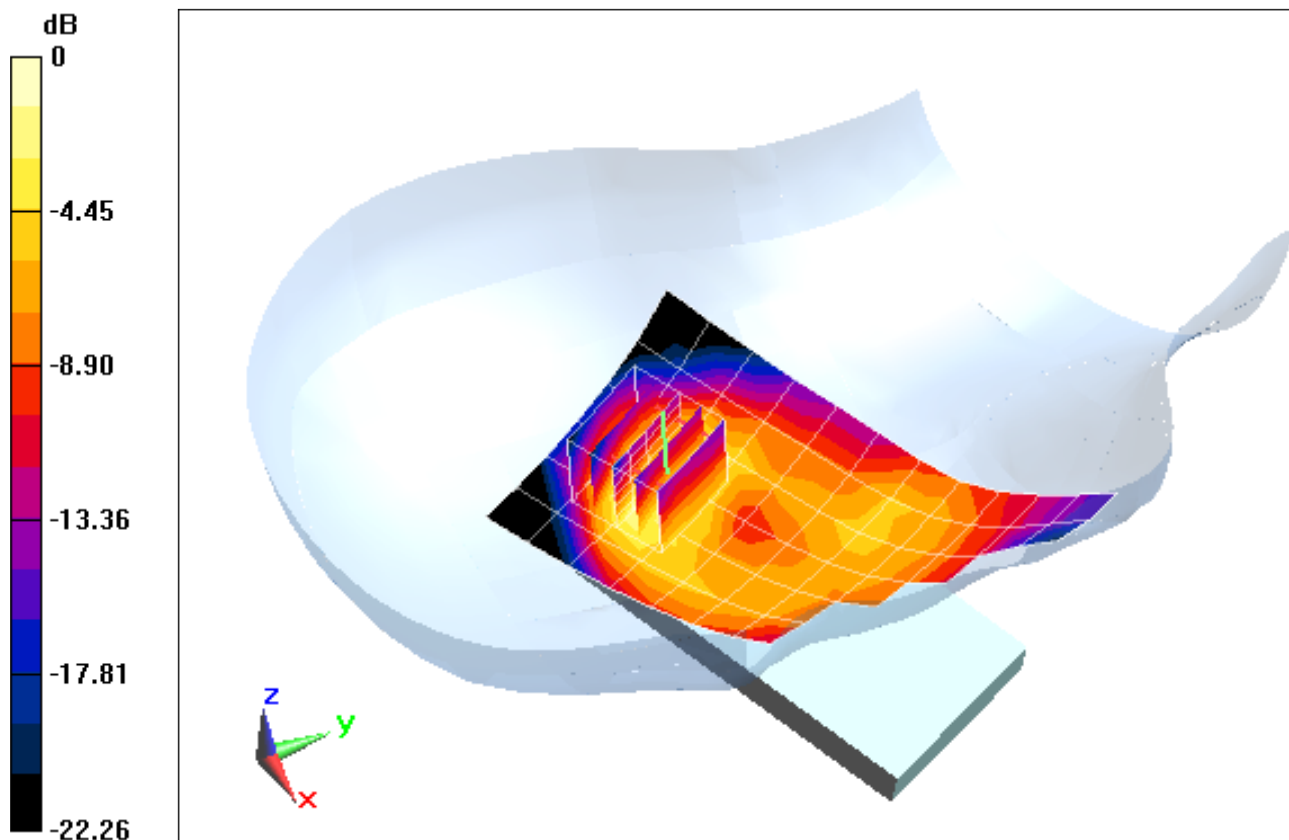
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.734 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.284 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 mW/g



0 dB = 0.176 mW/g = -15.09 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

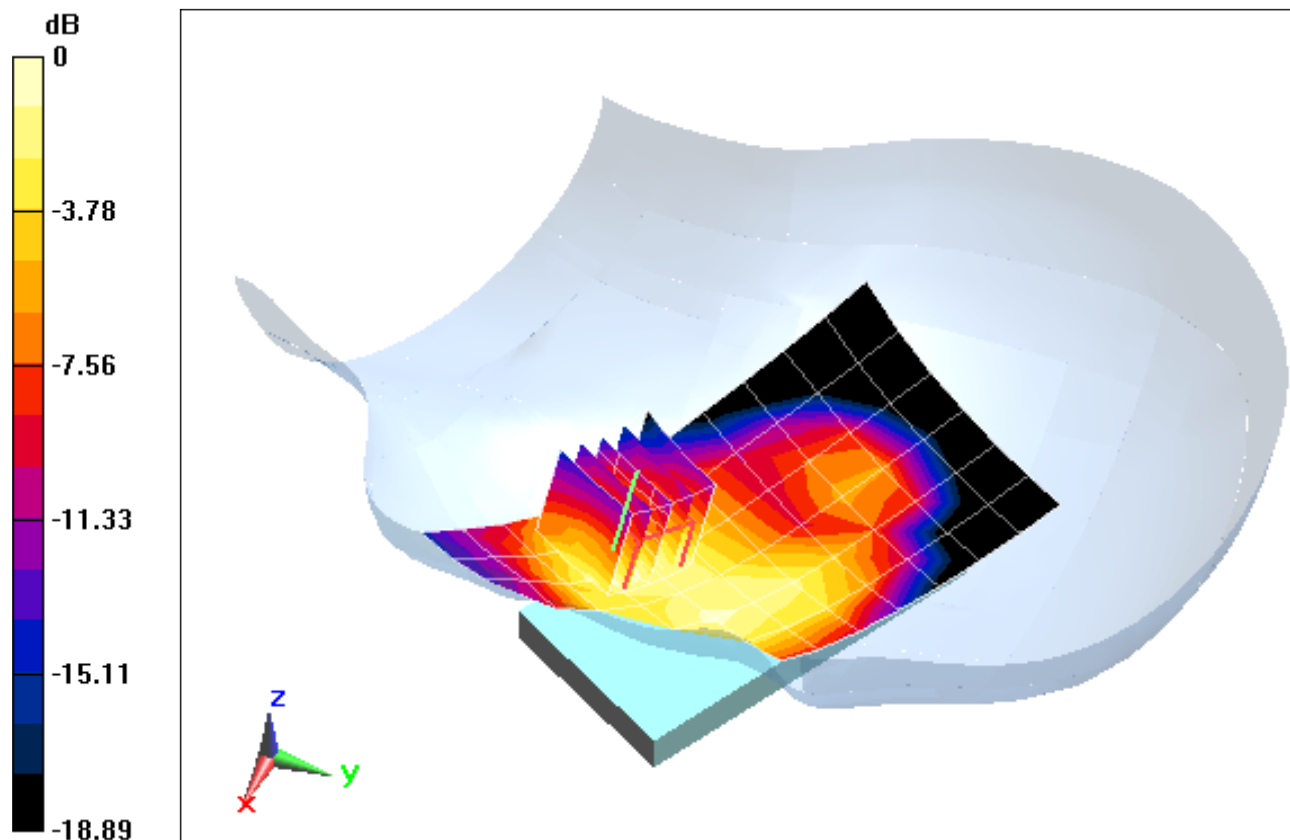
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.384 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.387 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.241 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 mW/g



0 dB = 0.258 mW/g = -11.77 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.37 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

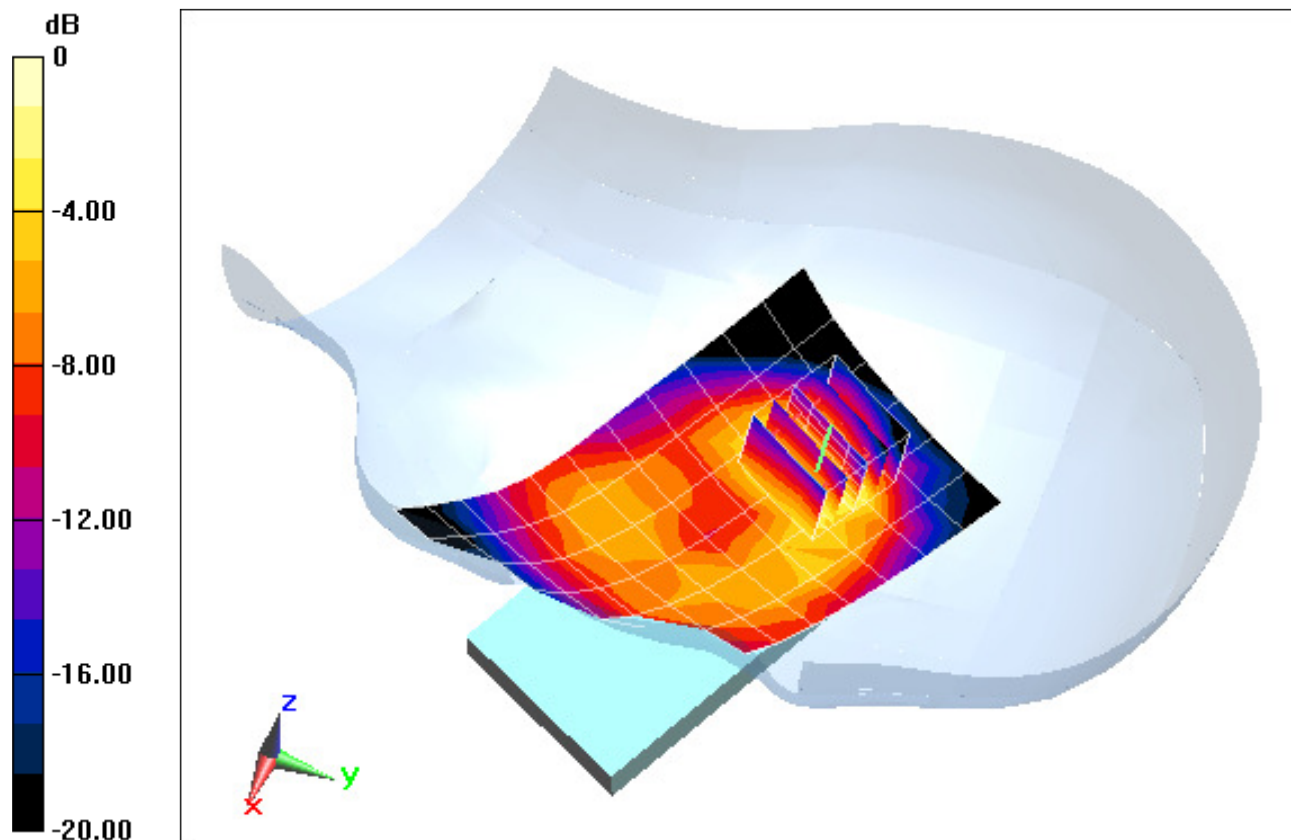
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.562 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.260 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.153 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 mW/g



0 dB = 0.172 mW/g = -15.29 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 31

Communication System: LTE PCS 5 MHz; Frequency: 1852.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.395 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.574$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 06-11-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.6°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Right Head, Touch, Low.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset

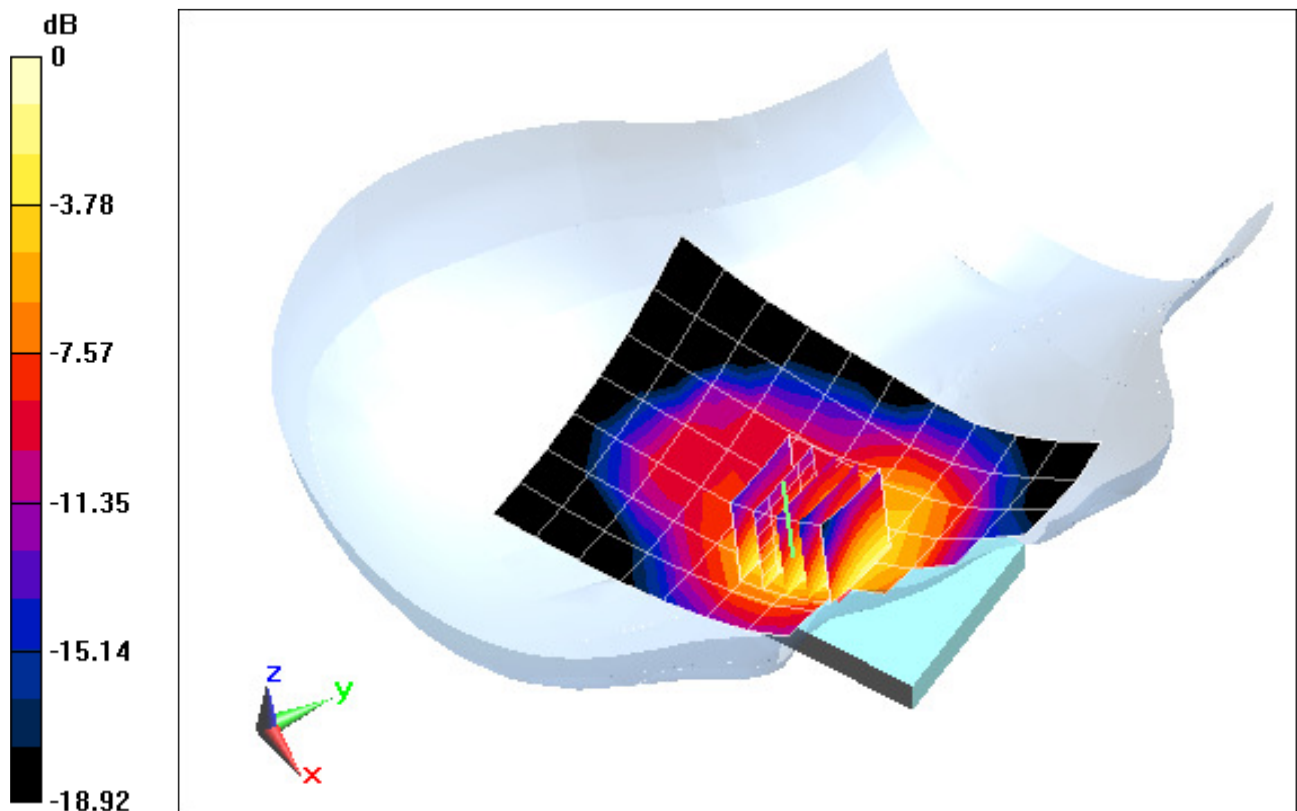
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.298 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.476 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.324 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 mW/g



0 dB = 0.380 mW/g = -8.40 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 31

Communication System: LTE PCS 5 MHz; Frequency: 1852.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.395$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 06-11-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.6°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Right Head, Tilt, Low.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset

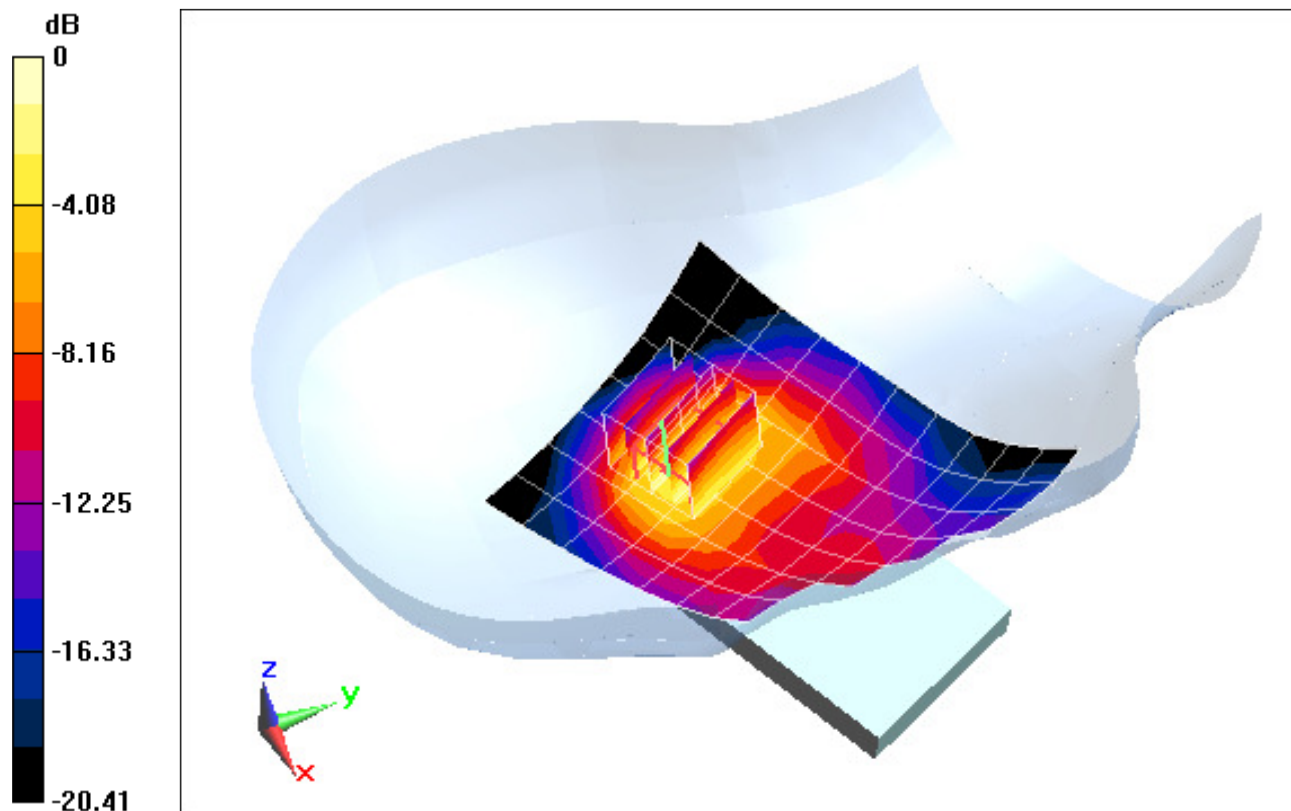
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.200 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.309 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.197 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 mW/g



0 dB = 0.216 mW/g = -13.31 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 31

Communication System: LTE PCS 5 MHz; Frequency: 1852.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.395 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.574$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 06-11-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.6°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Left Head, Touch, Low.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset

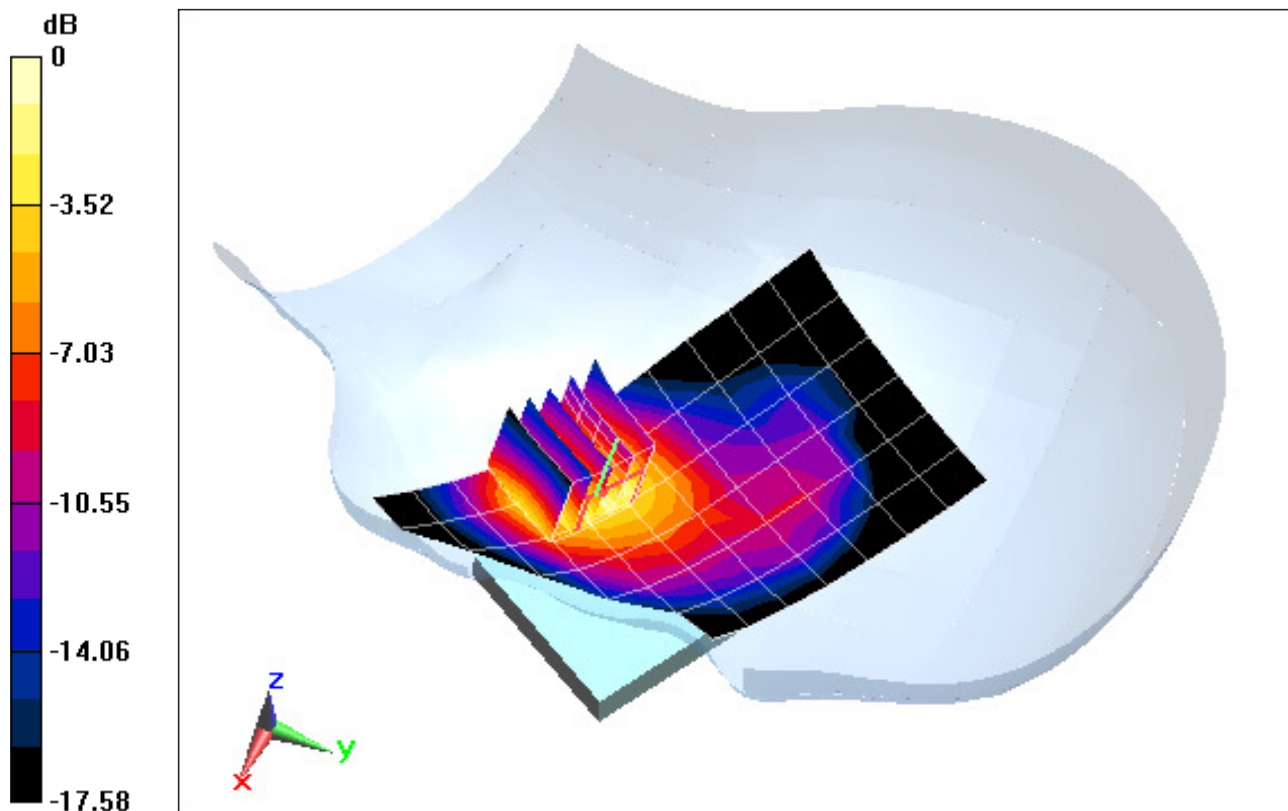
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.155 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.963 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.625 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.375 mW/g



0 dB = 0.672 mW/g = -3.45 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 31

Communication System: LTE PCS 5 MHz; Frequency: 1852.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.395 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.574$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 06-11-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.6°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Left Head, Tilt, Low.ch
5 MHz BW QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset

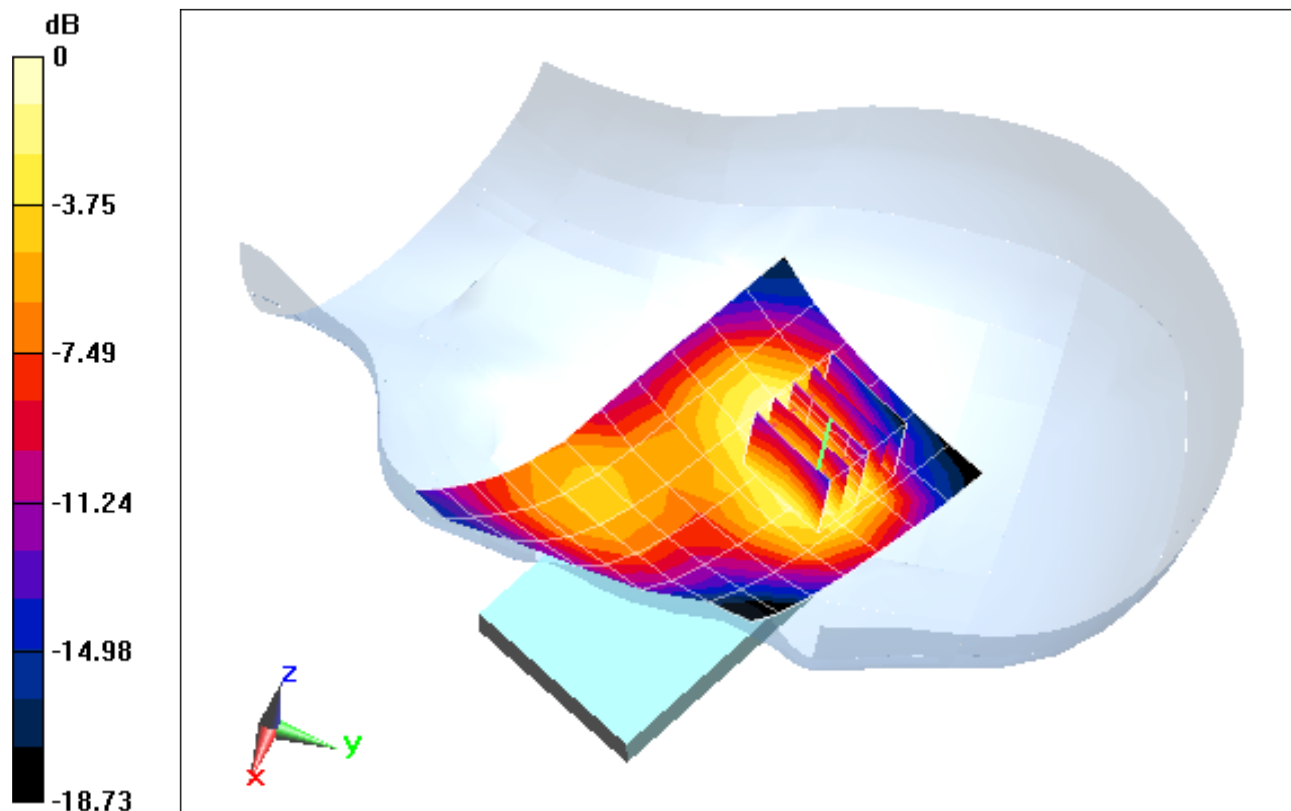
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.449 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.317 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.212 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 mW/g



0 dB = 0.226 mW/g = -12.92 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.899 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.304$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Touch, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

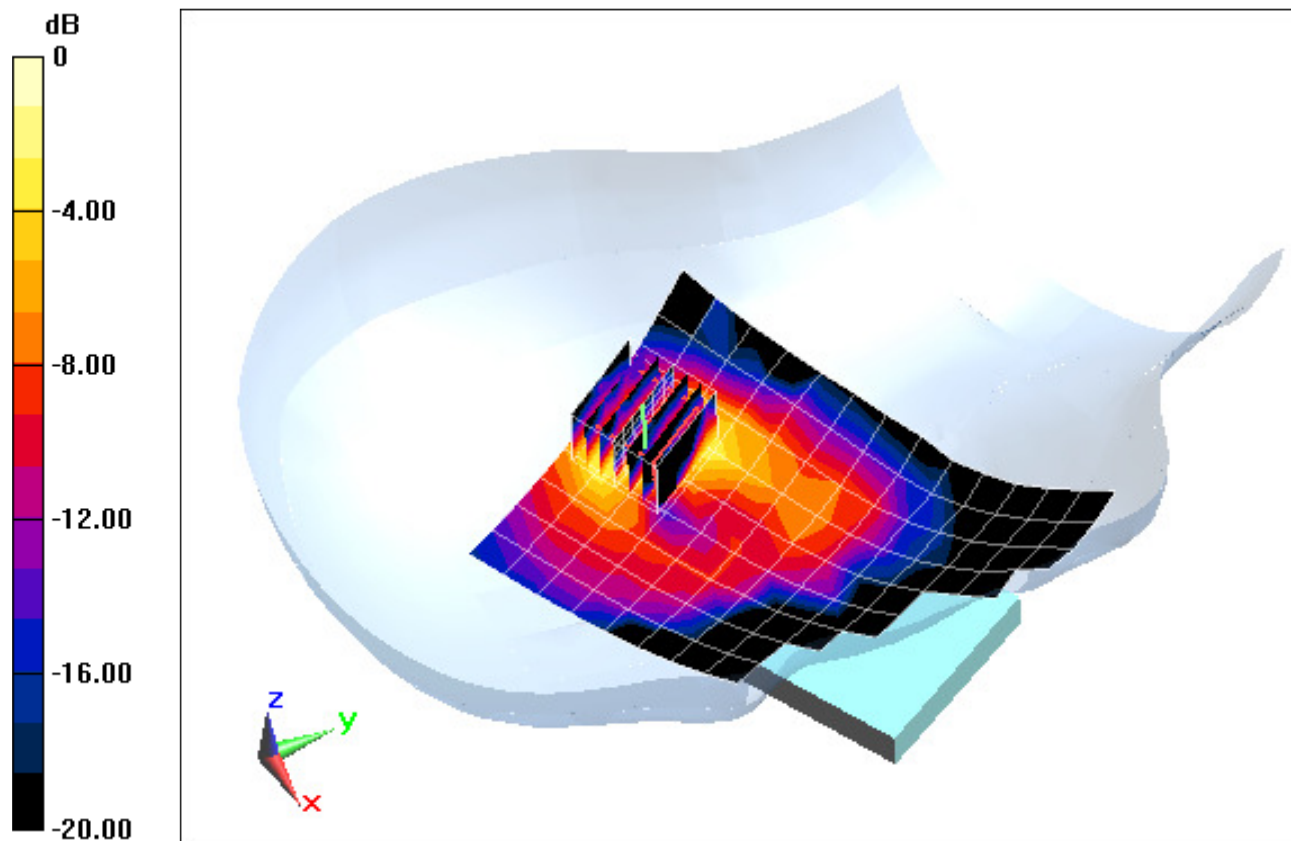
Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.114 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.261 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g



0 dB = 0.163 mW/g = -15.76 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.899 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.304$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

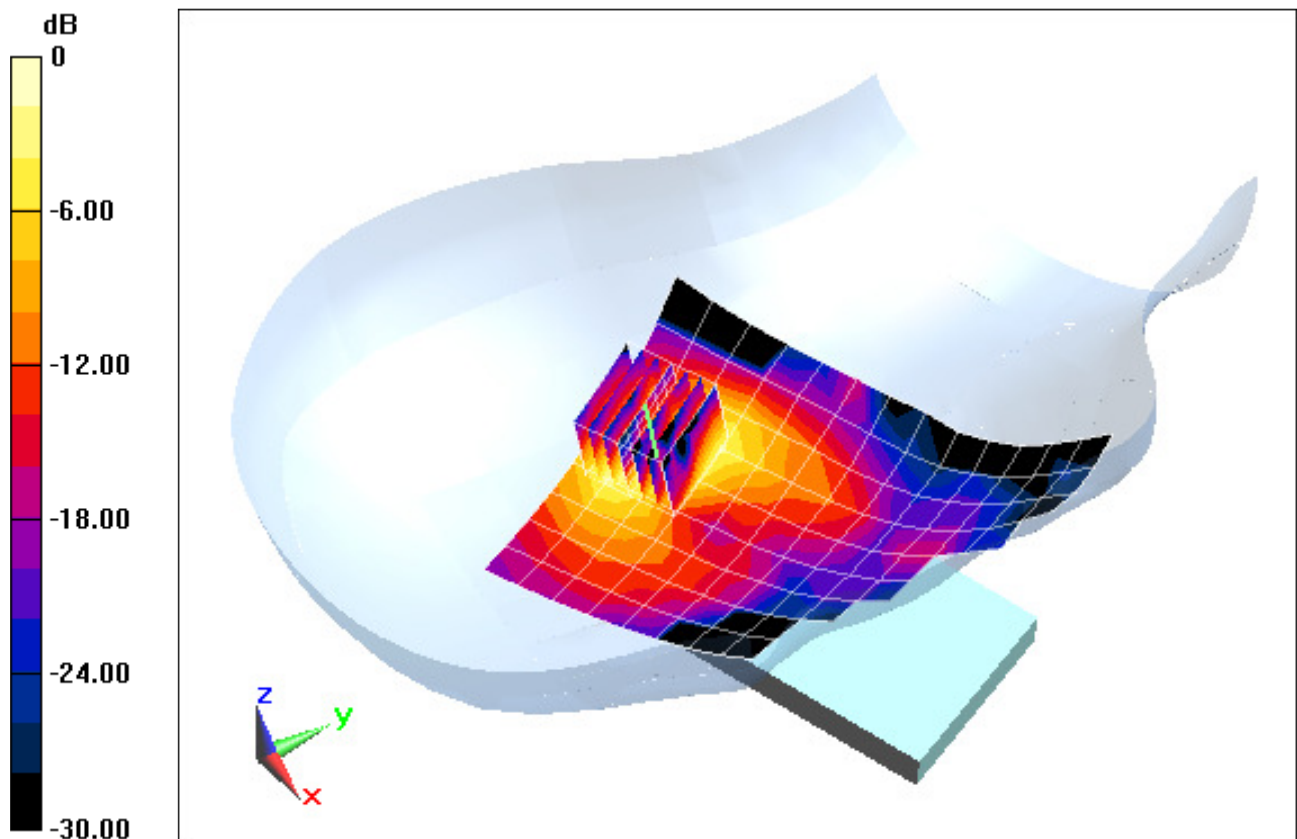
Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.537 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.348 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g



0 dB = 0.210 mW/g = -13.56 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.899 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.304$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Touch, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

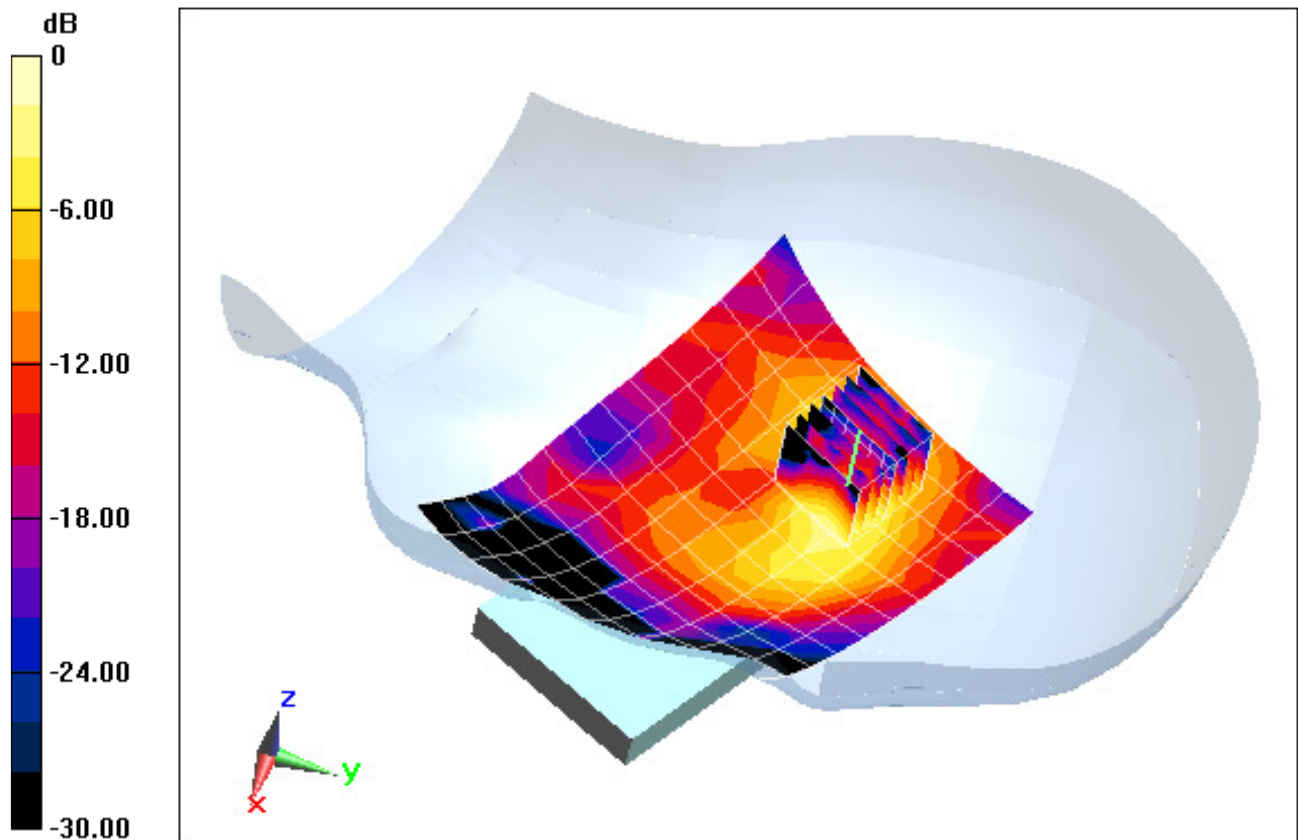
Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.149 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.451 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.127 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 mW/g



0 dB = 0.168 mW/g = -15.49 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.899 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.304$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

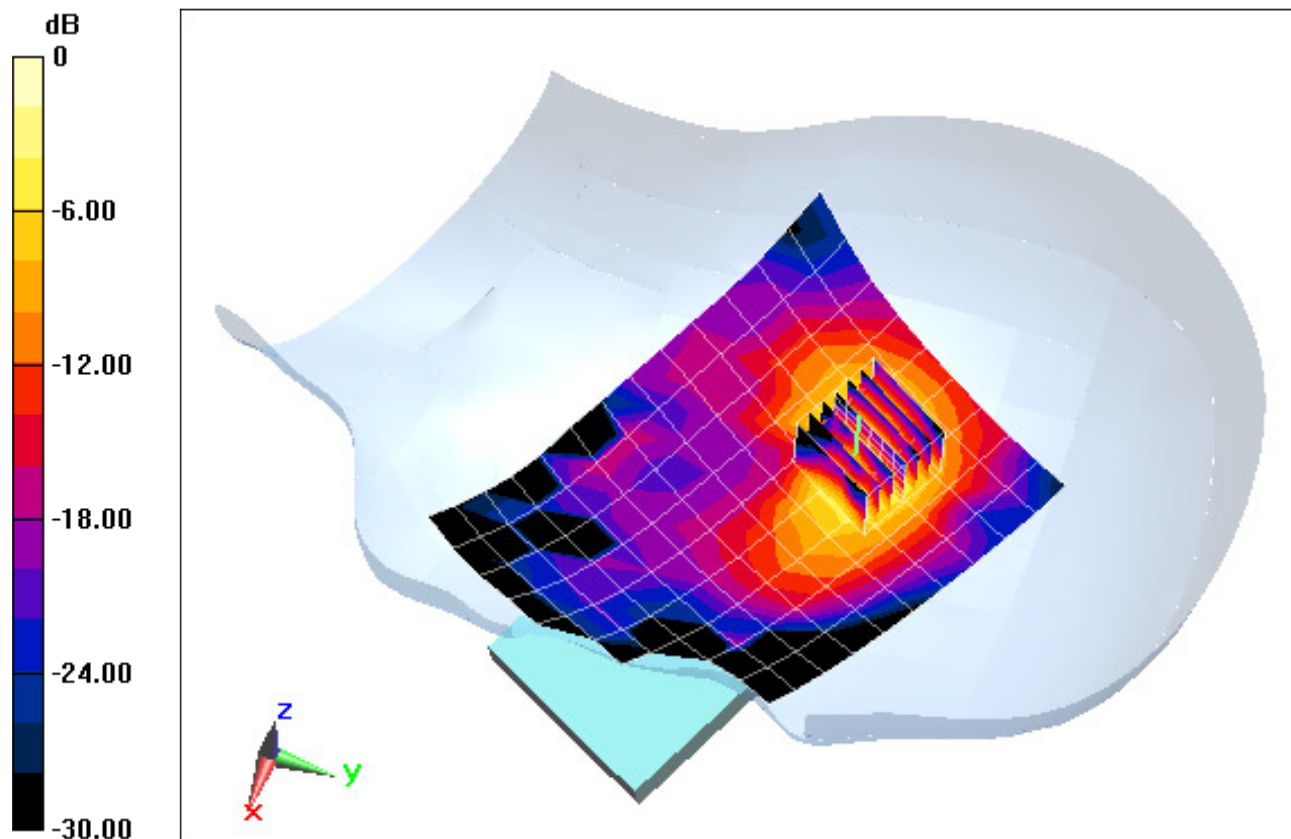
Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.531 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.377 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.174 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 mW/g



0 dB = 0.232 mW/g = -12.69 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.999 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.644$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: Cellular TDSO, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

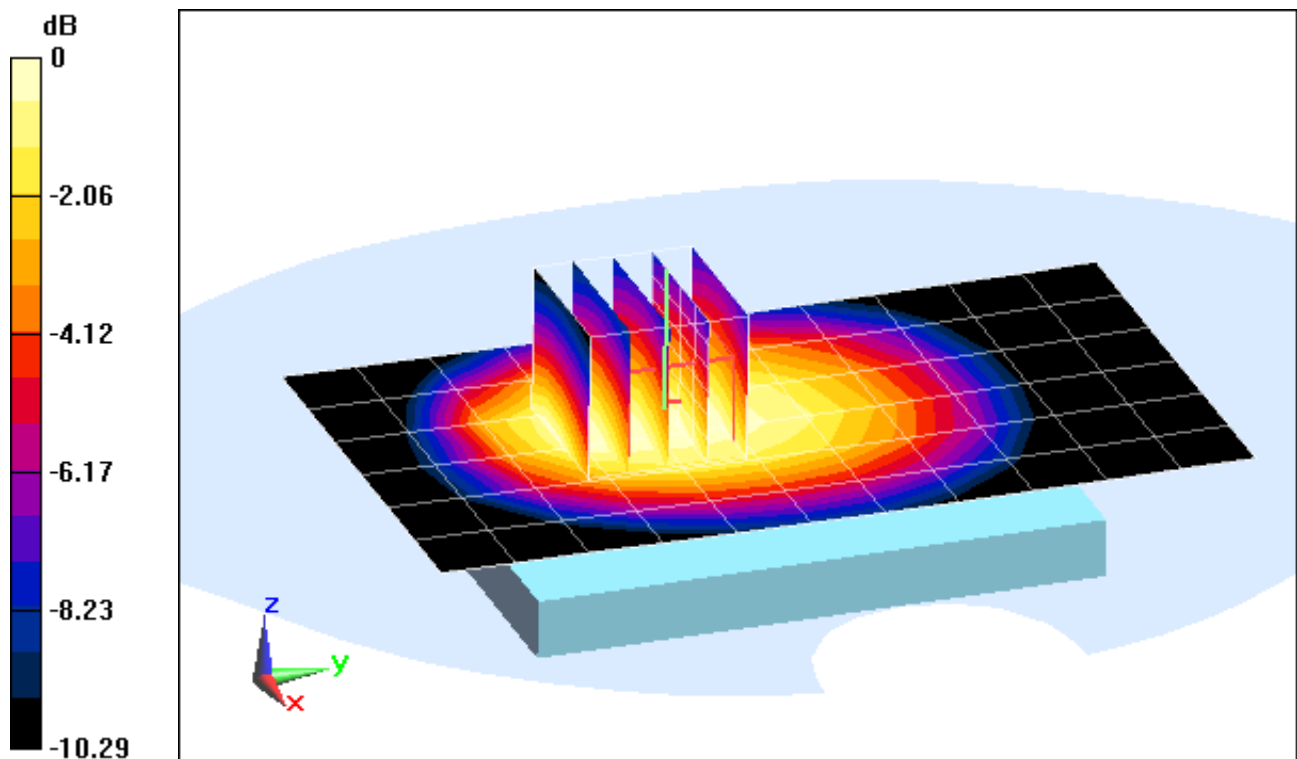
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 25.966 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.786 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.560 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.413 mW/g



0 dB = 0.586 mW/g = -4.64 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.999 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.644$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: Cellular TDSO, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

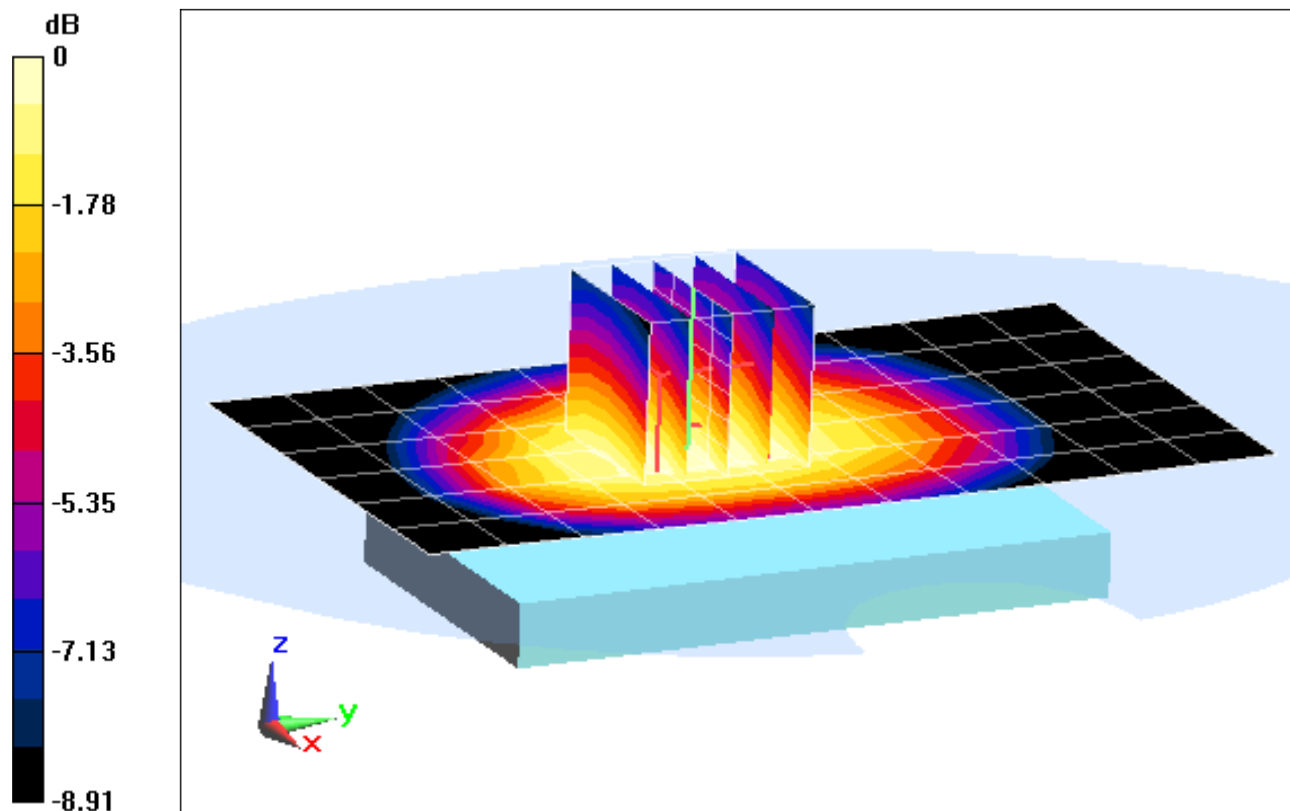
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.436 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.367 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 mW/g



0 dB = 0.307 mW/g = -10.26 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.999 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.644$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: Cellular TDSO, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

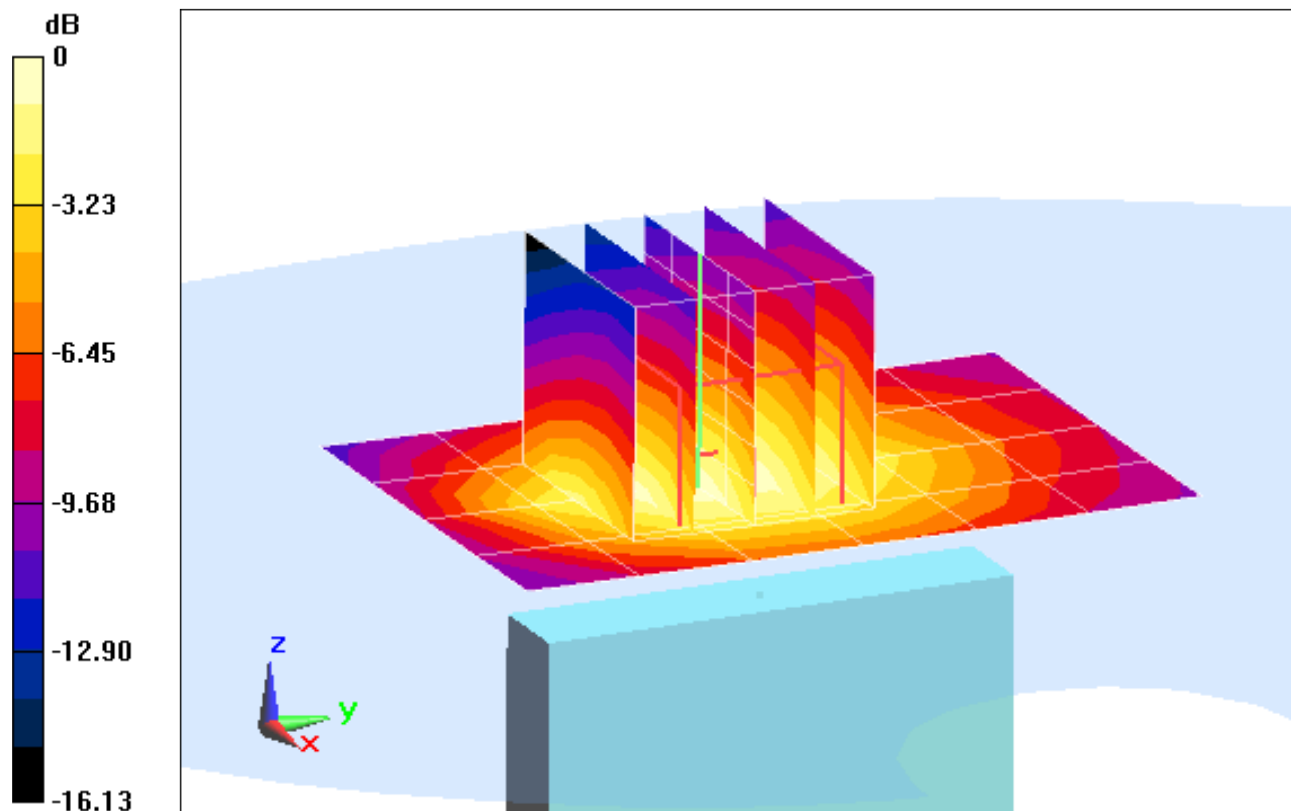
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.931 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.215 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.127 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 mW/g



0 dB = 0.139 mW/g = -17.14 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.999 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.644$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: Cellular TDSO, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch

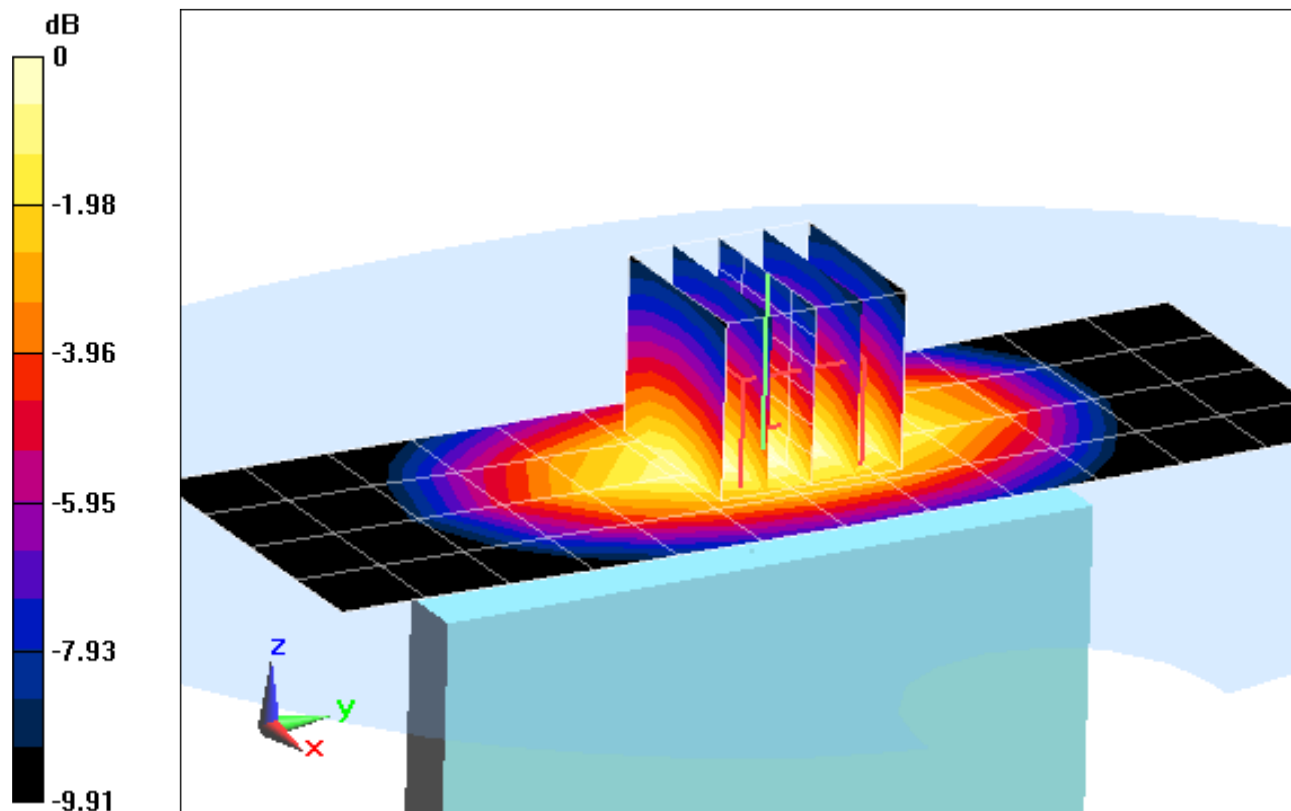
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.942 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.552 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.392 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: AWS CDMA; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.491 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.567$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS CDMA, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

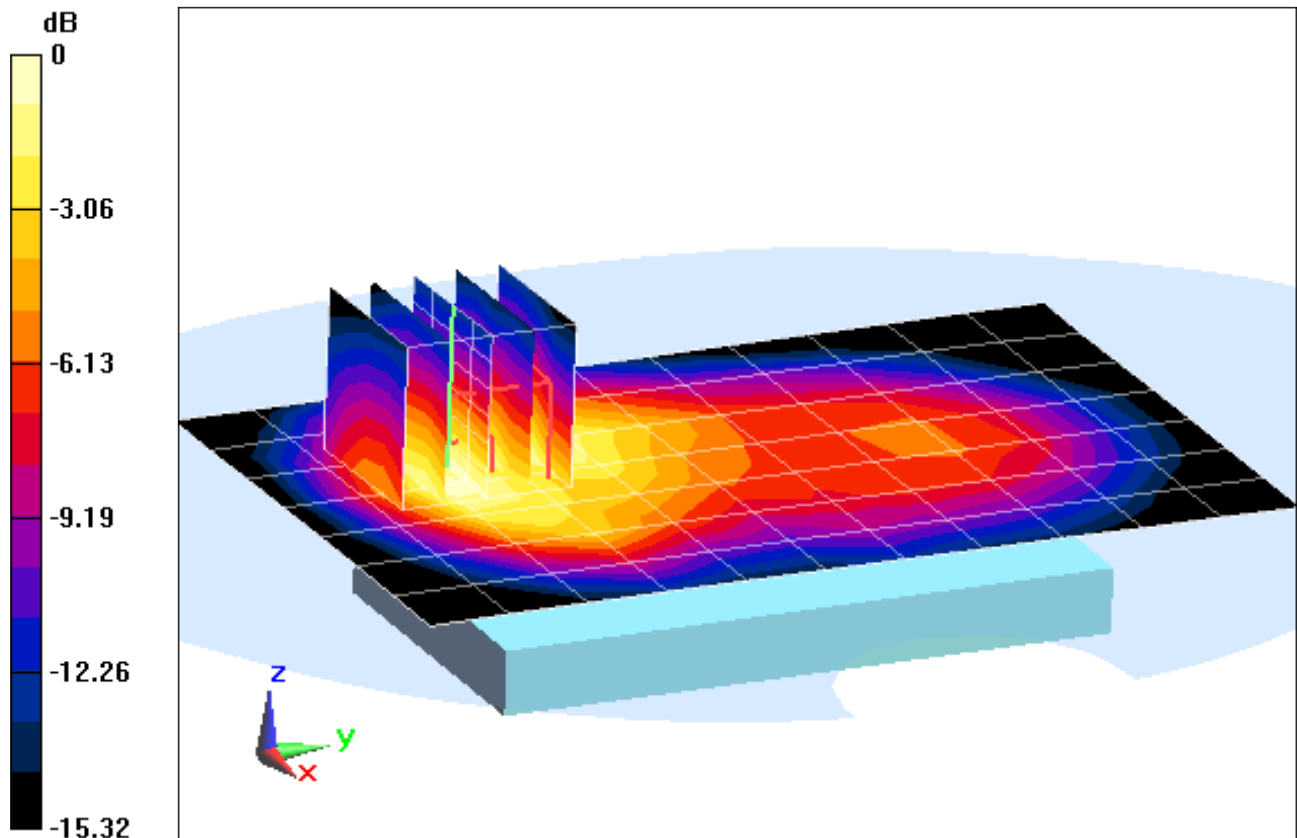
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.737 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.732 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.421 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 mW/g



0 dB = 0.464 mW/g = -6.67 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: AWS CDMA; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.491 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.567$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS CDMA, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

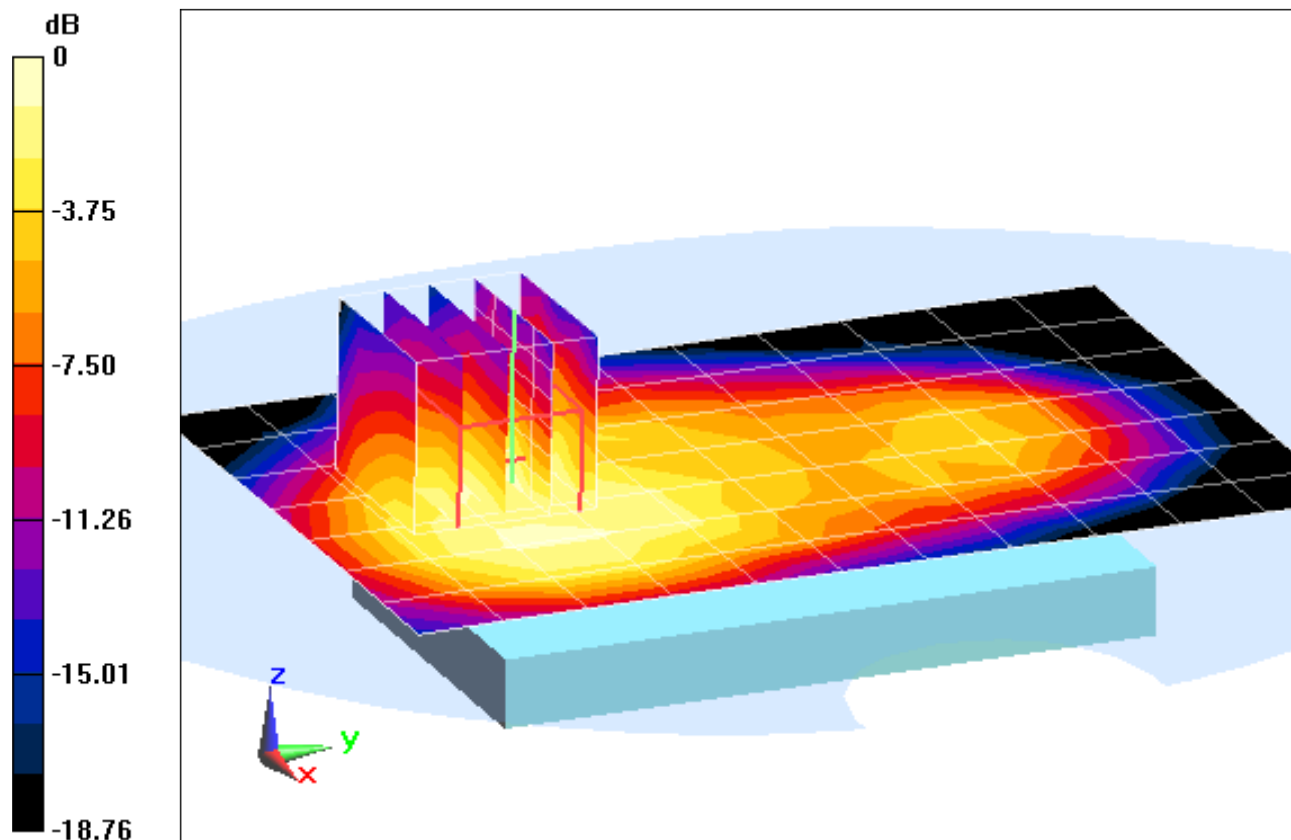
Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.955 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.127 mW/g



0 dB = 0.264 mW/g = -11.57 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: AWS CDMA; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.491 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.567$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS CDMA, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

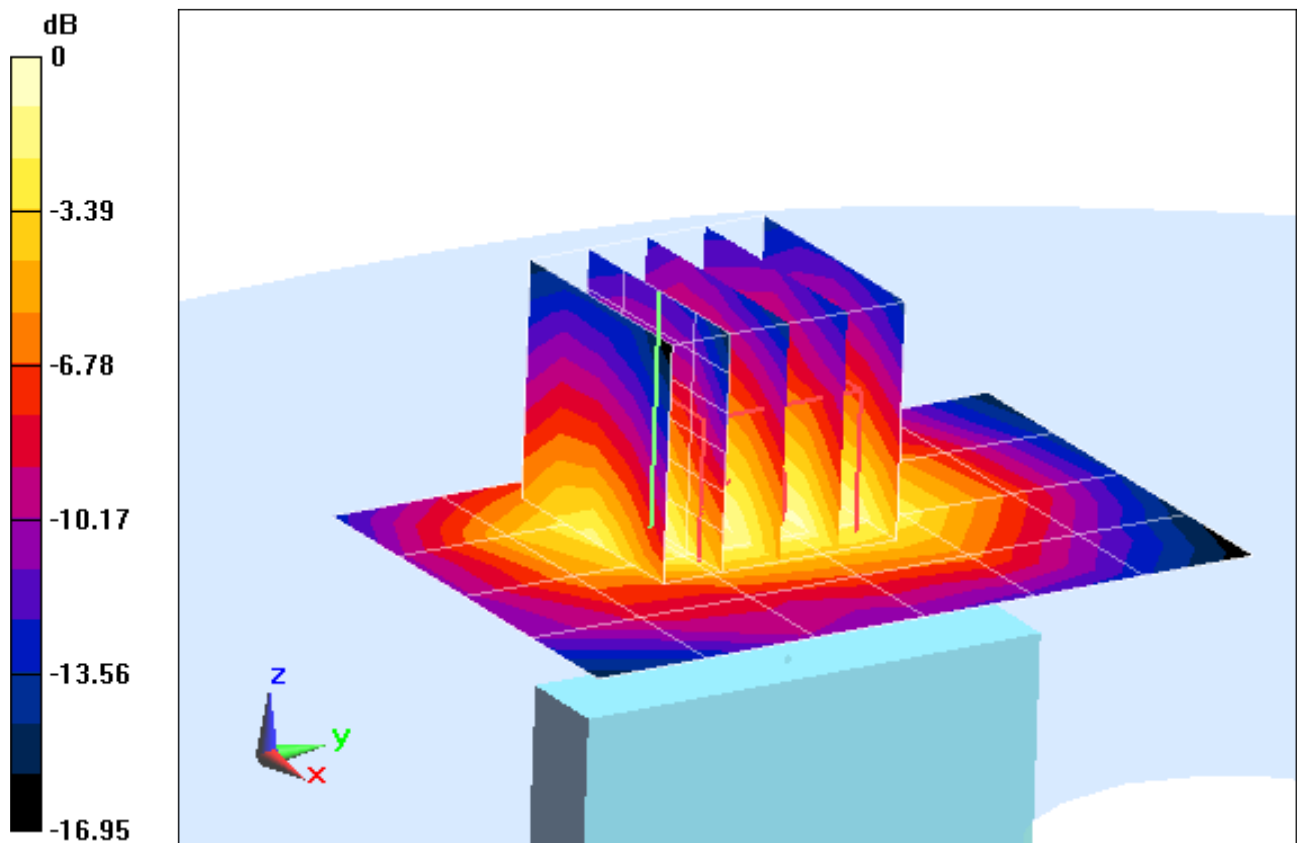
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.720 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.699 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.441 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.264 mW/g



0 dB = 0.484 mW/g = -6.30 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: AWS CDMA; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.491 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.567$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: AWS CDMA, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch

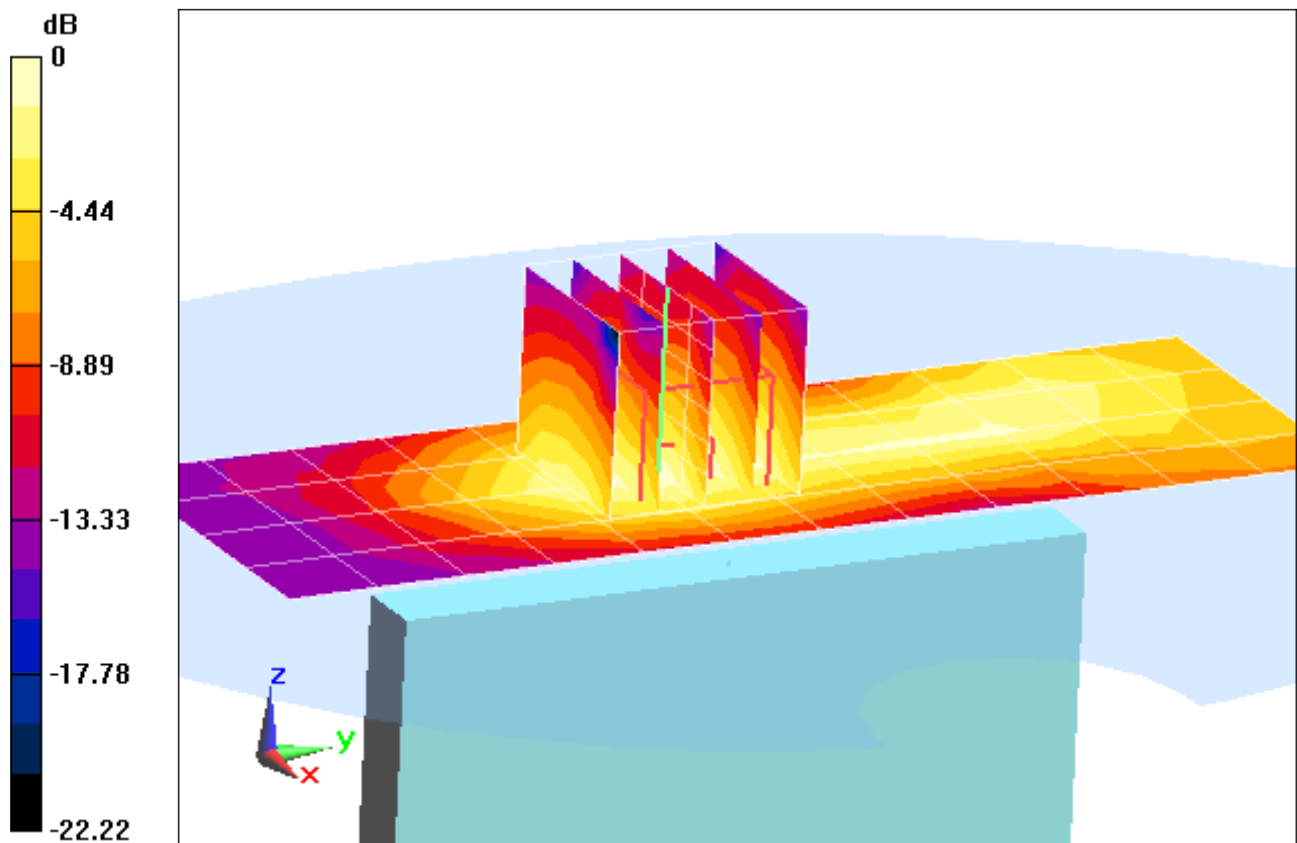
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.037 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.211 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.120 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 mW/g



0 dB = 0.133 mW/g = -17.52 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 18

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHz BW; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.949$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Back side, High.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

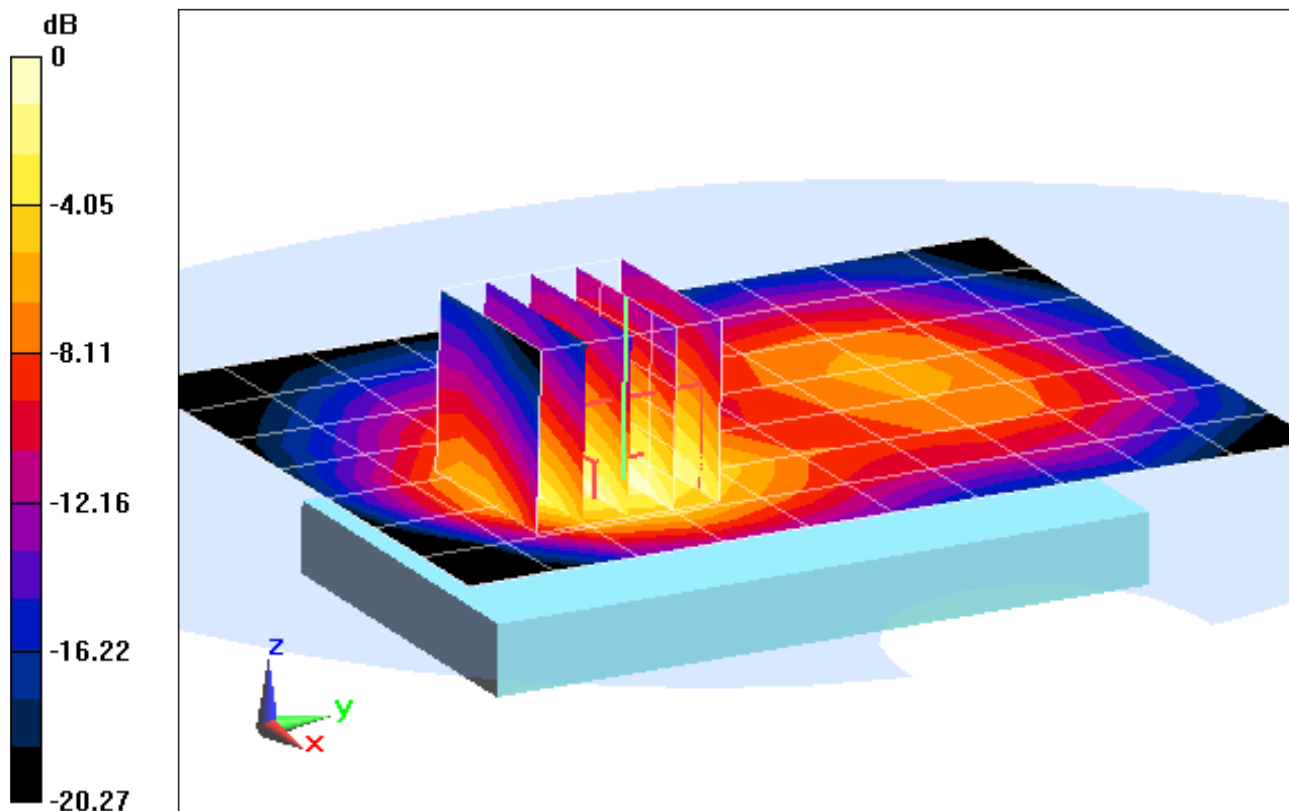
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.127 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.954 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.573 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g



0 dB = 0.610 mW/g = -4.29 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 18

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHz BW; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.949$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Front side, High.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

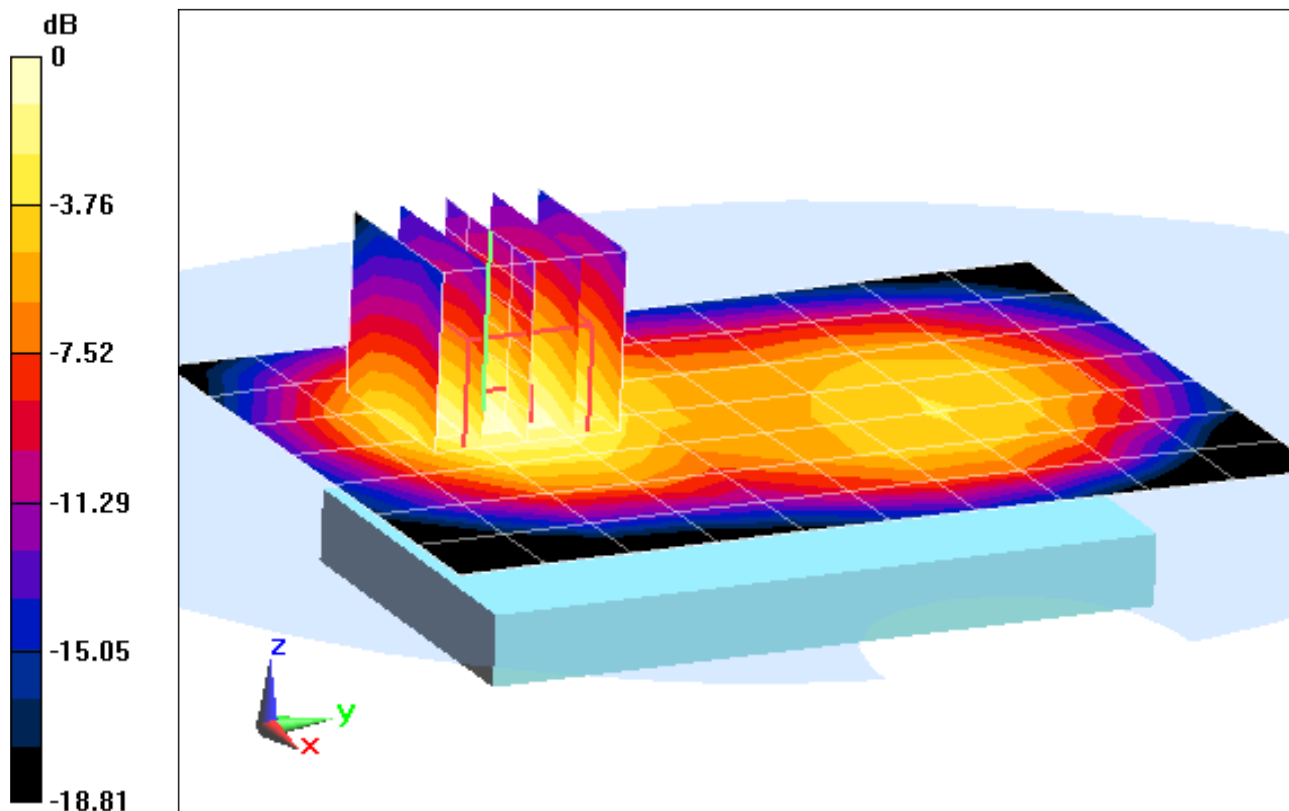
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.536 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.765 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.476 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 mW/g



0 dB = 0.520 mW/g = -5.68 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 18

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHz BW; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.949$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Bottom Edge, High.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset

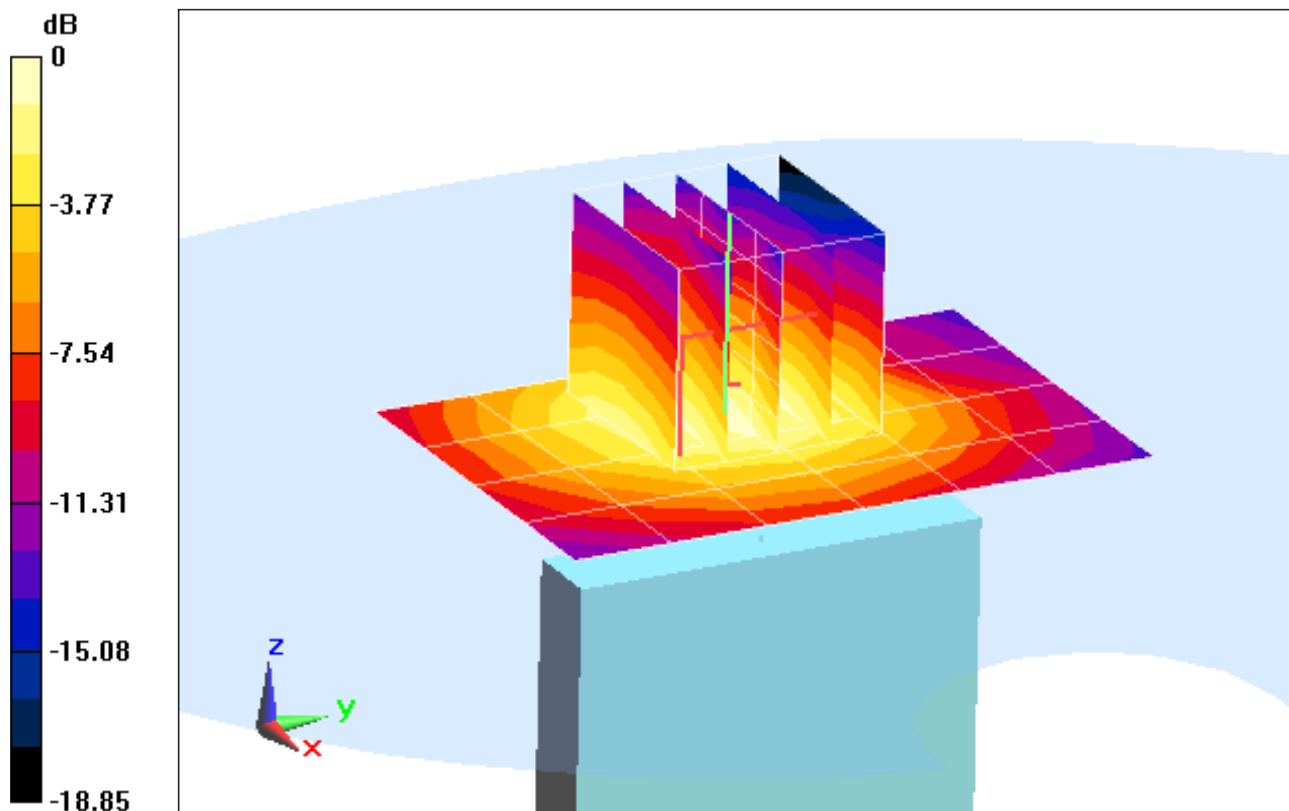
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.206 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.328 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.203 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.123 mW/g



0 dB = 0.221 mW/g = -13.11 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 18

Communication System: LTE Band 4 (AWS) 5 MHz BW; Frequency: 1752.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1752.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.53 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.949$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 4 (AWS), Body SAR, Left Edge, High.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 0 RB Offset

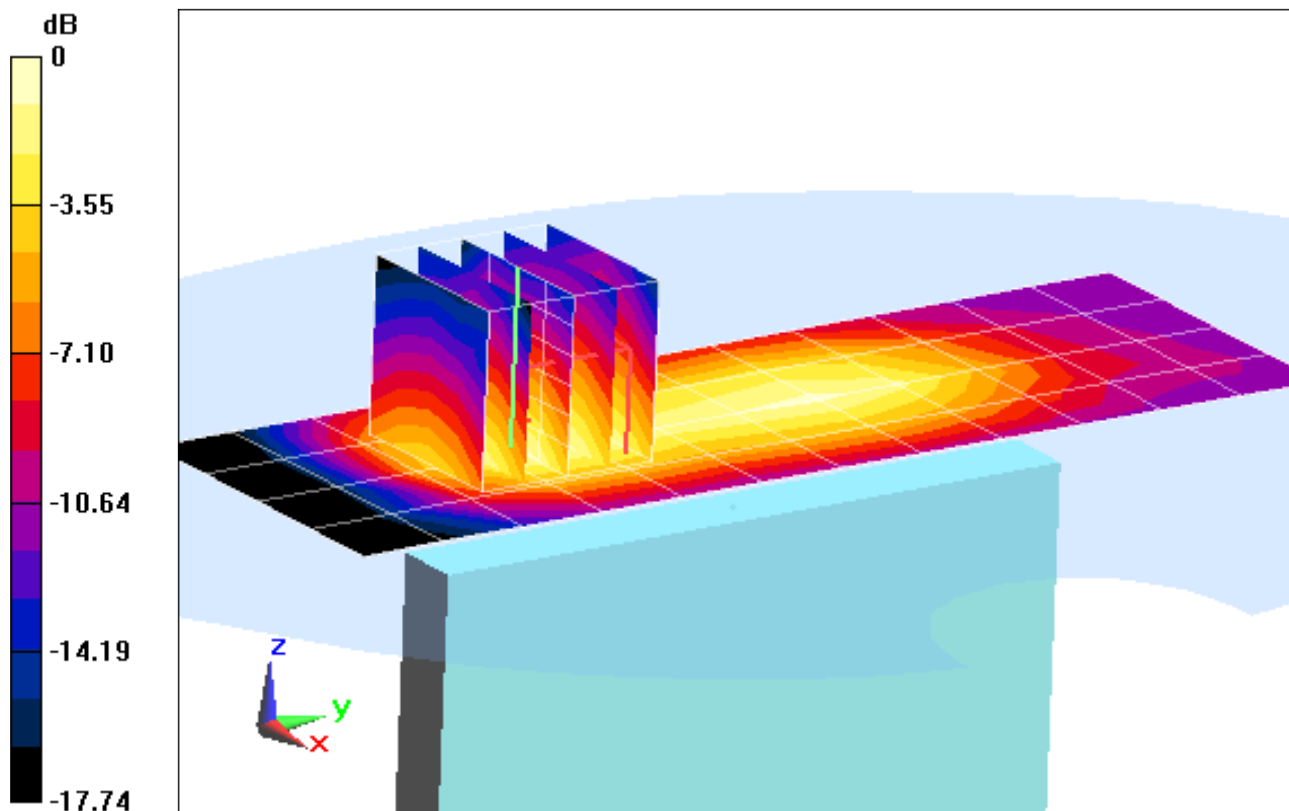
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.966 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.420 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.256 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 mW/g



0 dB = 0.285 mW/g = -10.90 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.479 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.48$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

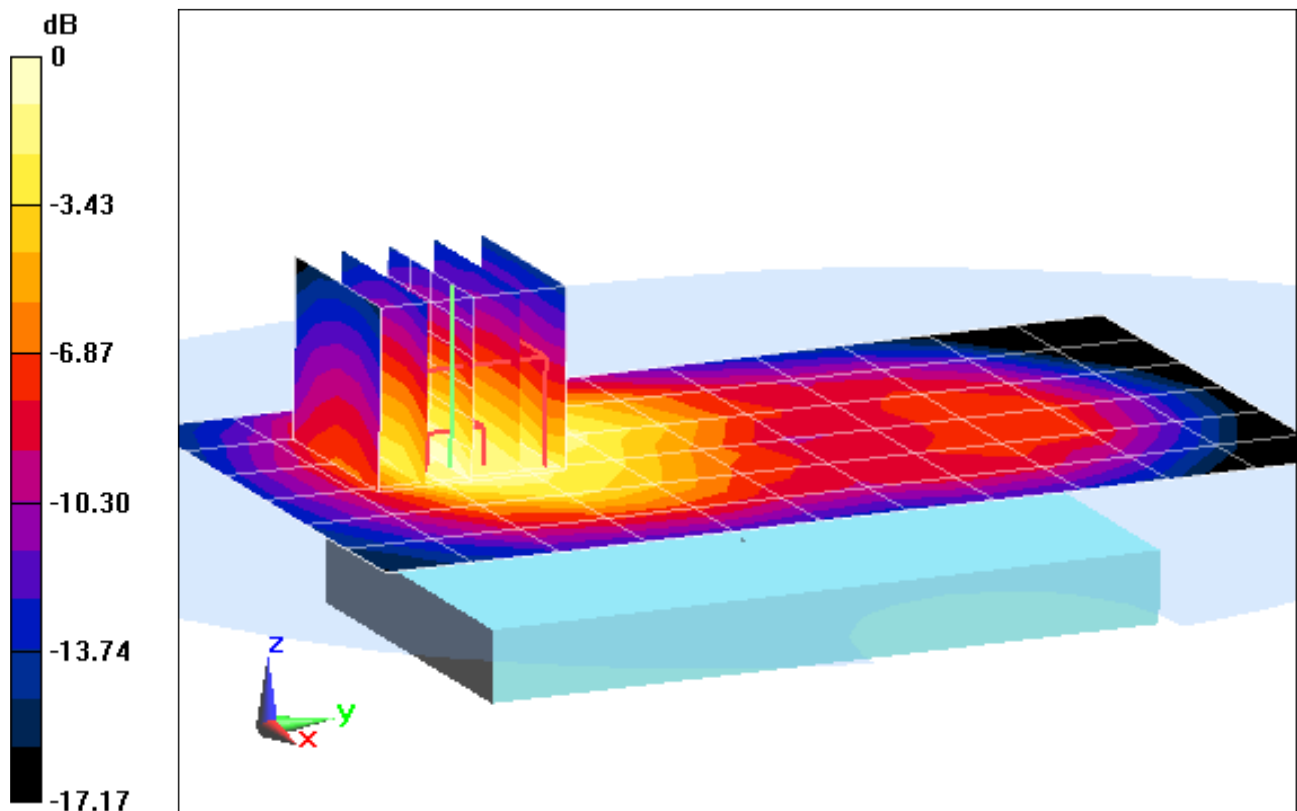
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.044 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.802 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.499 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 mW/g



0 dB = 0.559 mW/g = -5.05 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.479 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.48$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

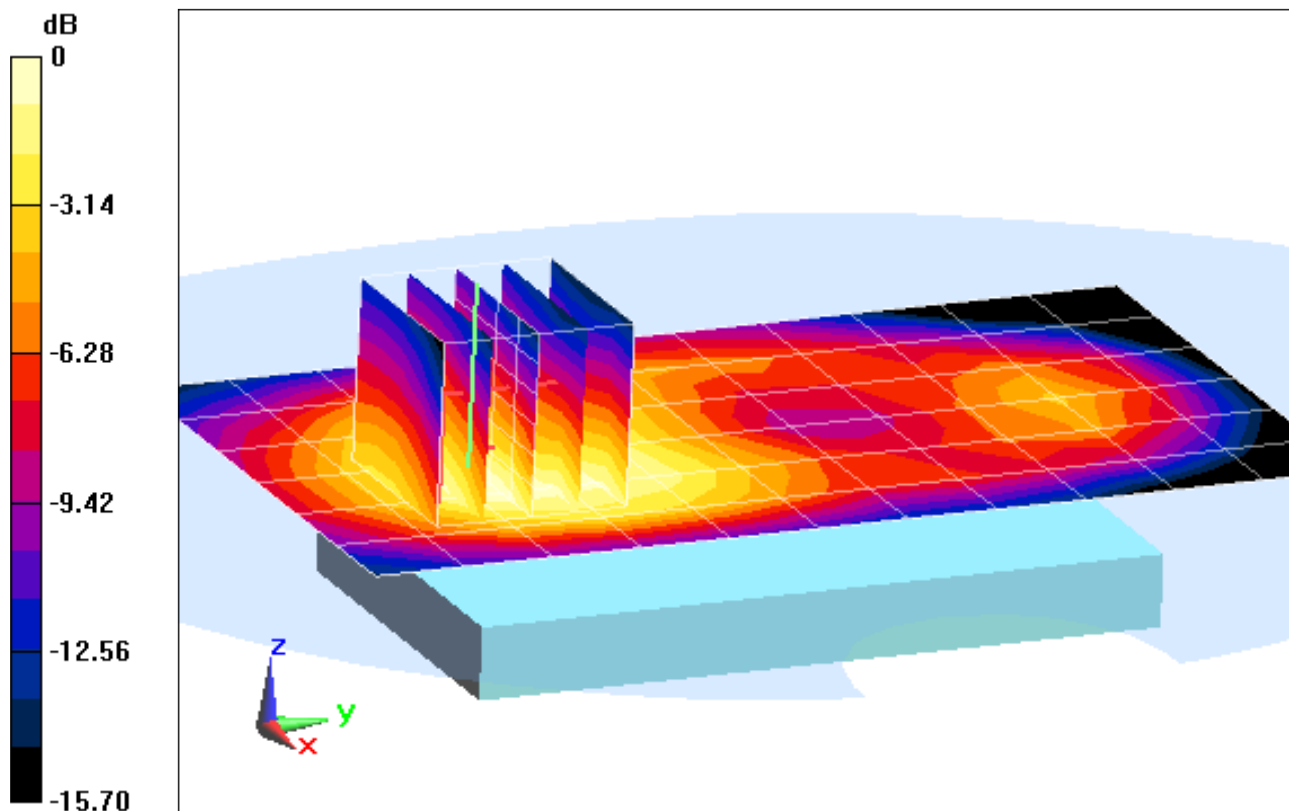
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.558 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.388 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.235 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 mW/g



0 dB = 0.255 mW/g = -11.87 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.479 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.48$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

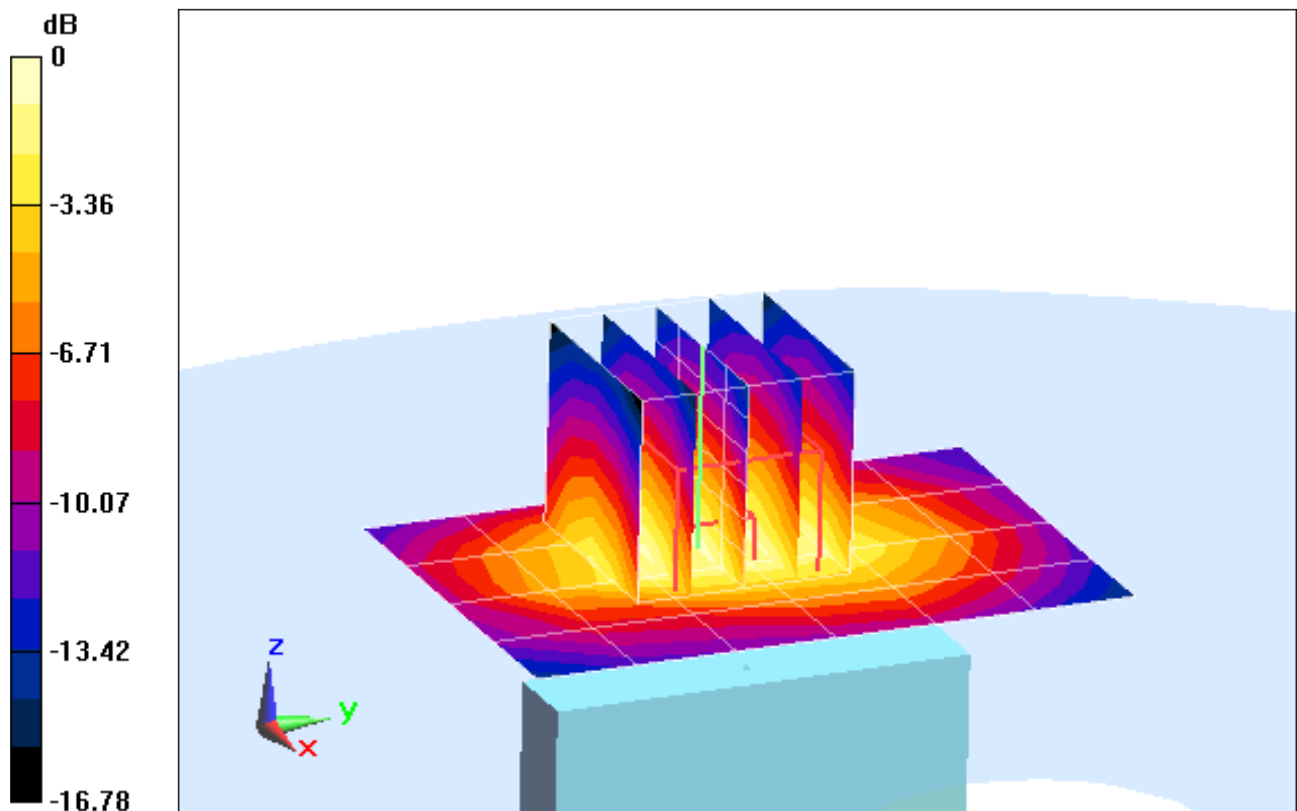
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.672 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.735 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.431 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 mW/g



0 dB = 0.492 mW/g = -6.16 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.479 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.48$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: PCS CDMA, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch

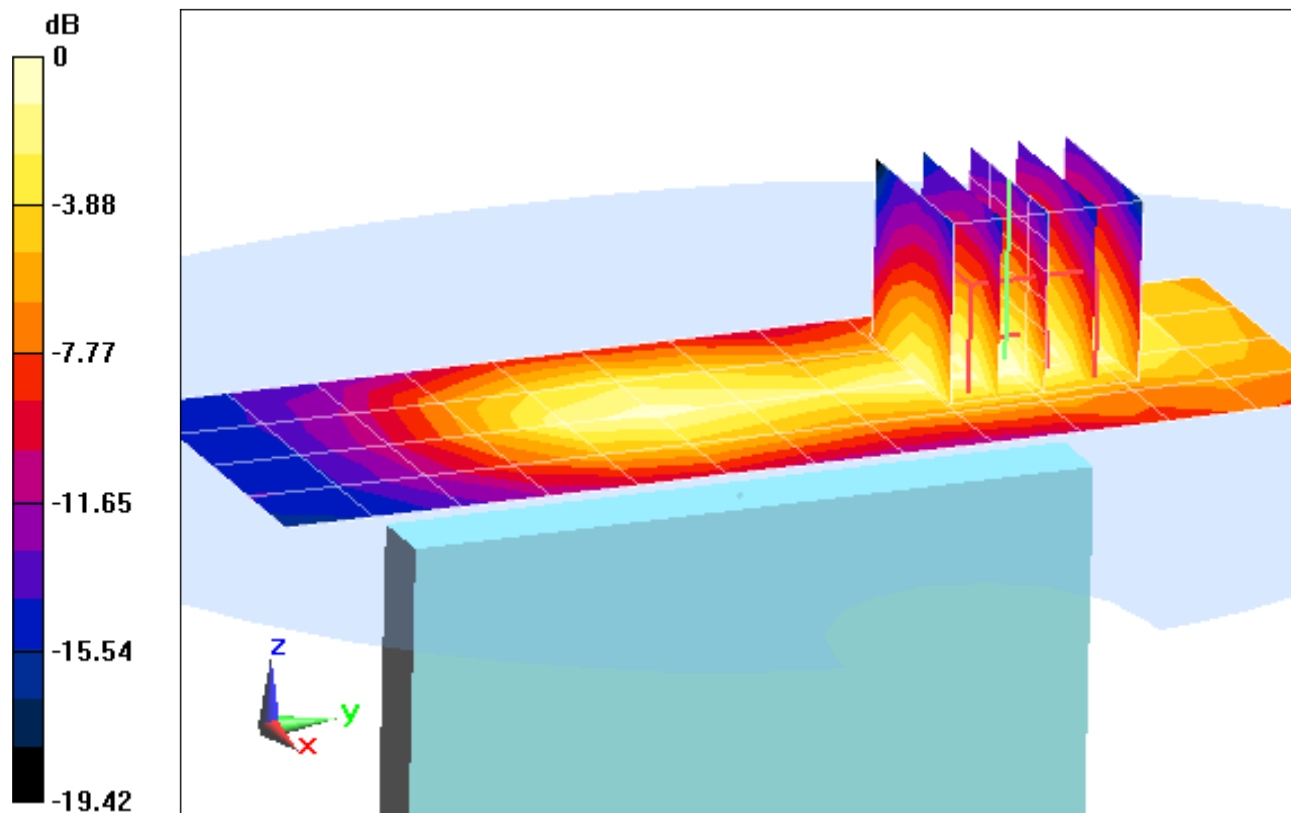
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.176 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.198 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g



0 dB = 0.131 mW/g = -17.65 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 31

Communication System: LTE PCS 5 Mhz; Frequency: 1852.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.506 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.737$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-12-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Body SAR, Back side, Low.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset

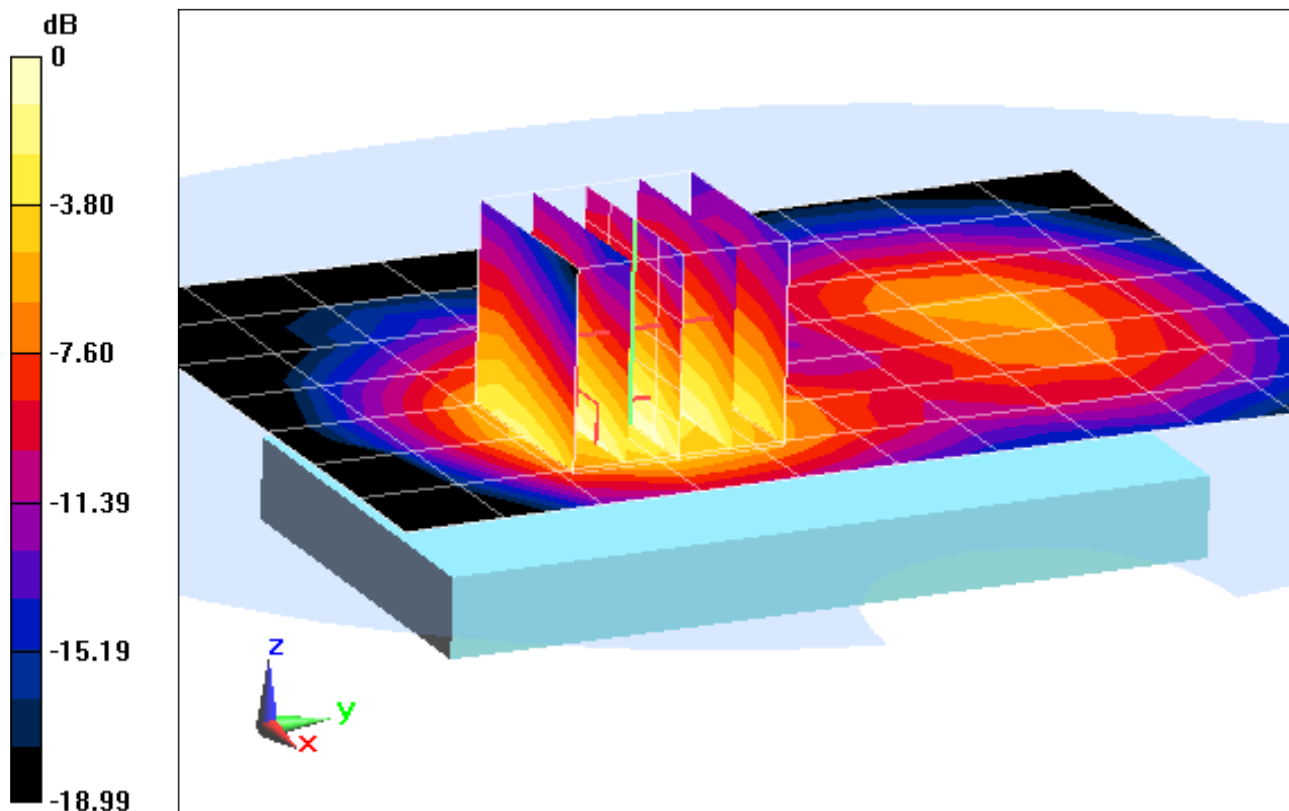
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.525 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.761 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.469 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 mW/g



0 dB = 0.500 mW/g = -6.02 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 31

Communication System: LTE PCS 5 Mhz; Frequency: 1852.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.506 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.737$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-12-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Body SAR, Front side, Low.ch
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset

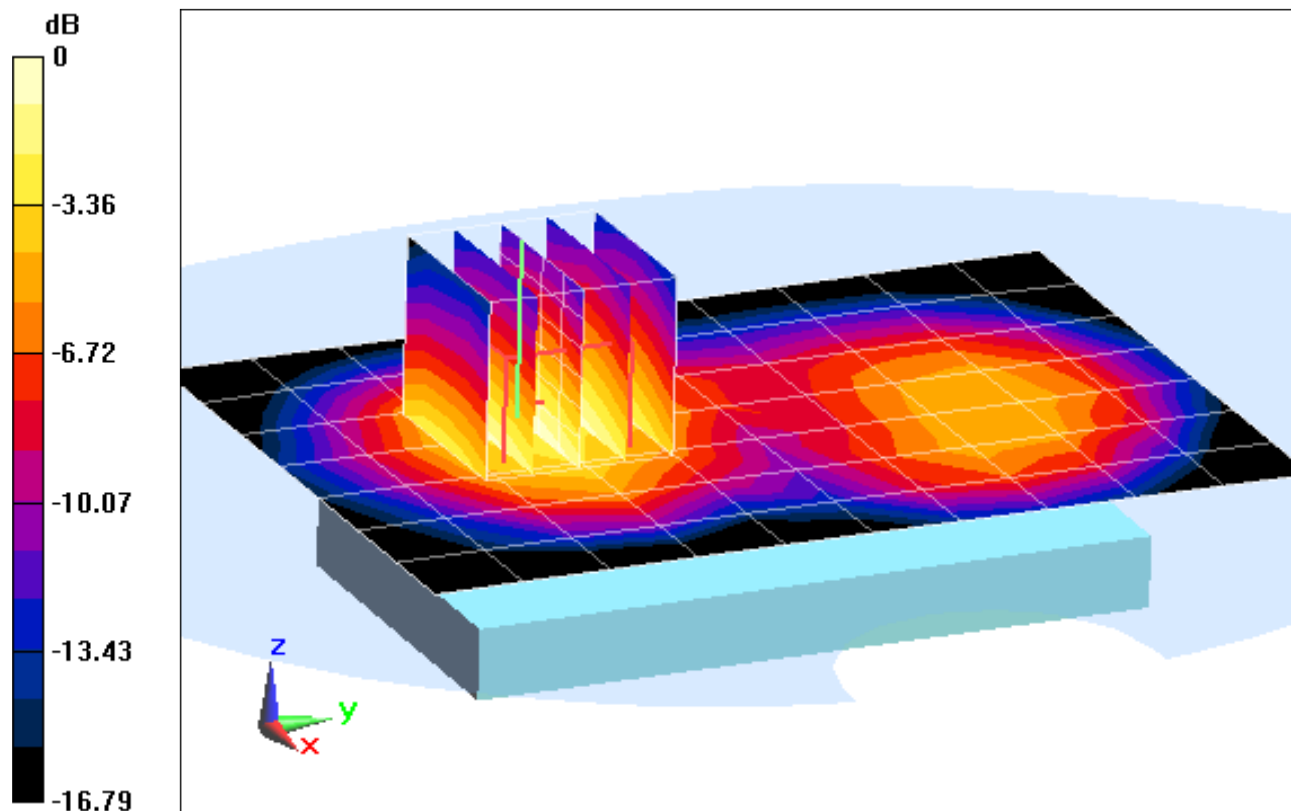
Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.886 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.611 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.394 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 mW/g



0 dB = 0.416 mW/g = -7.62 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 31

Communication System: LTE PCS 5 Mhz; Frequency: 1852.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.506 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.737$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-12-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

**Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Low ch.
5 MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset**

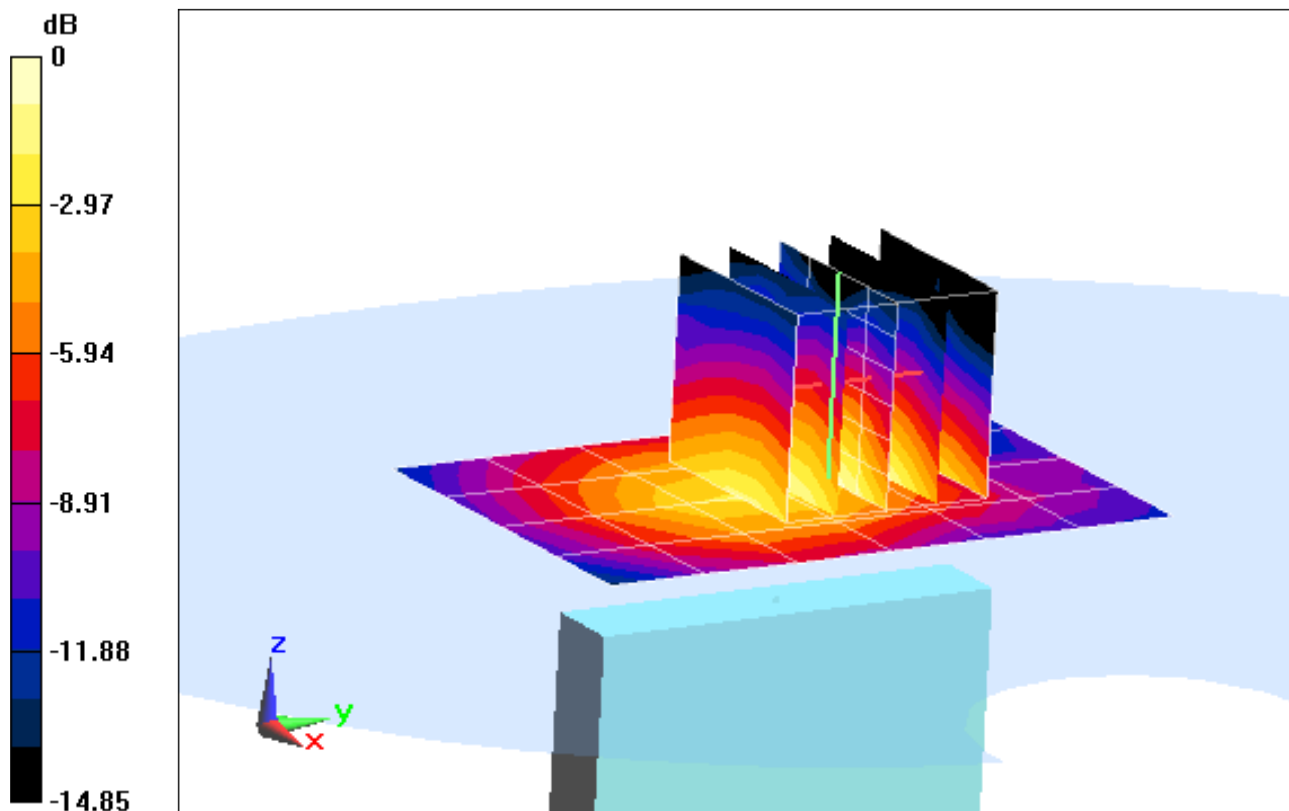
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.672 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.212 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.122 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 mW/g



0 dB = 0.132 mW/g = -17.59 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 31

Communication System: LTE PCS 5 Mhz; Frequency: 1852.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1852.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.506 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.737$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-12-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: LTE Band 2 (PCS), Body SAR, Left Edge, Low.ch
5MHz BW, QPSK, 1 RB, 24 RB Offset

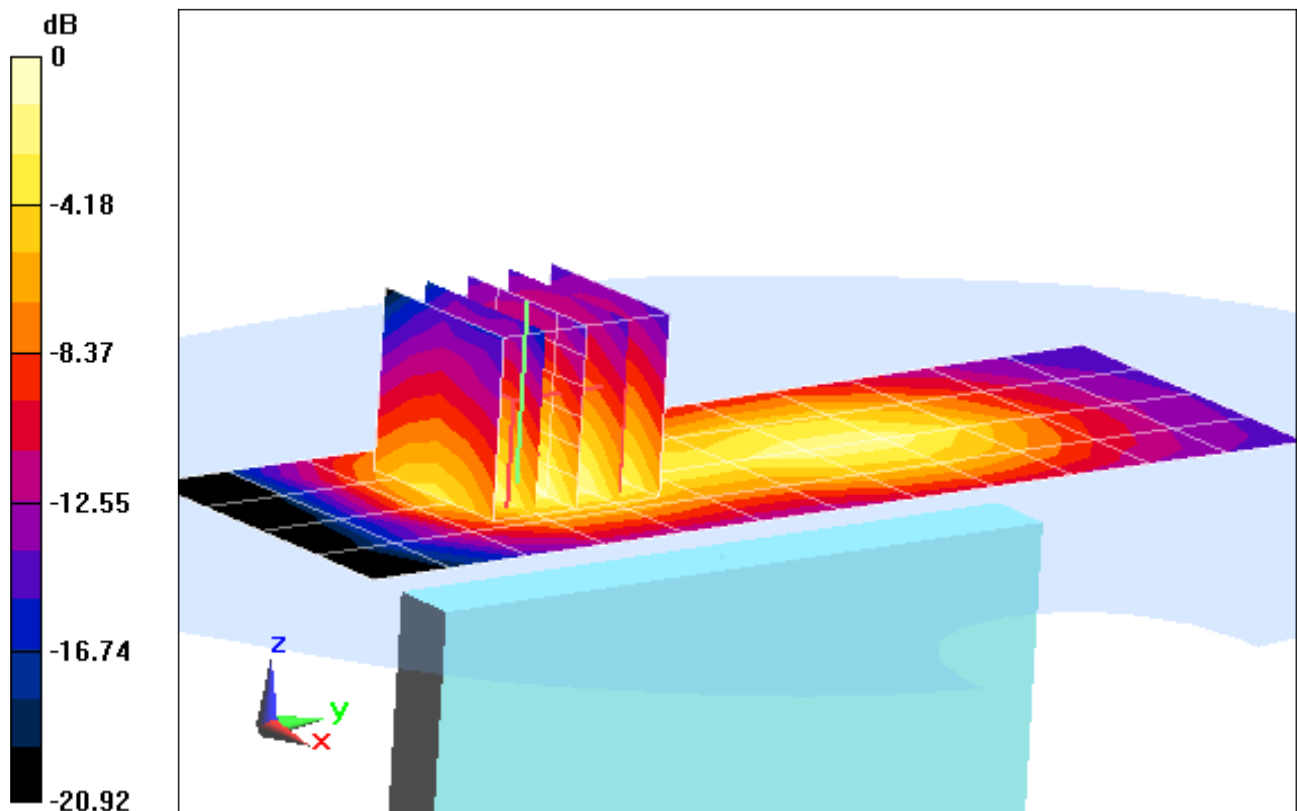
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.481 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.529 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.321 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.181 mW/g



0 dB = 0.357 mW/g = -8.95 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.013 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.871$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Back Side

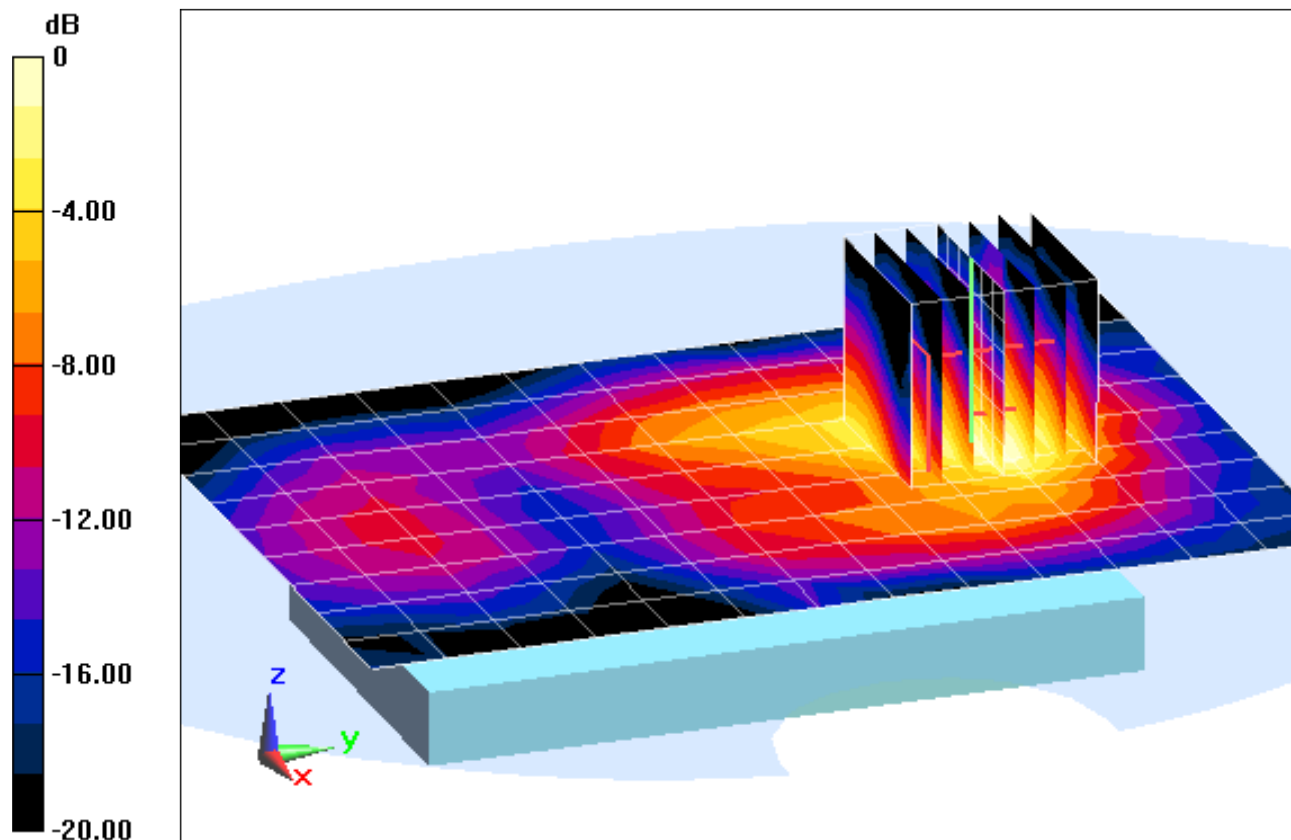
Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.569 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.359 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.174 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.085 mW/g



0 dB = 0.221 mW/g = -13.11 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.013 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.871$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Front Side

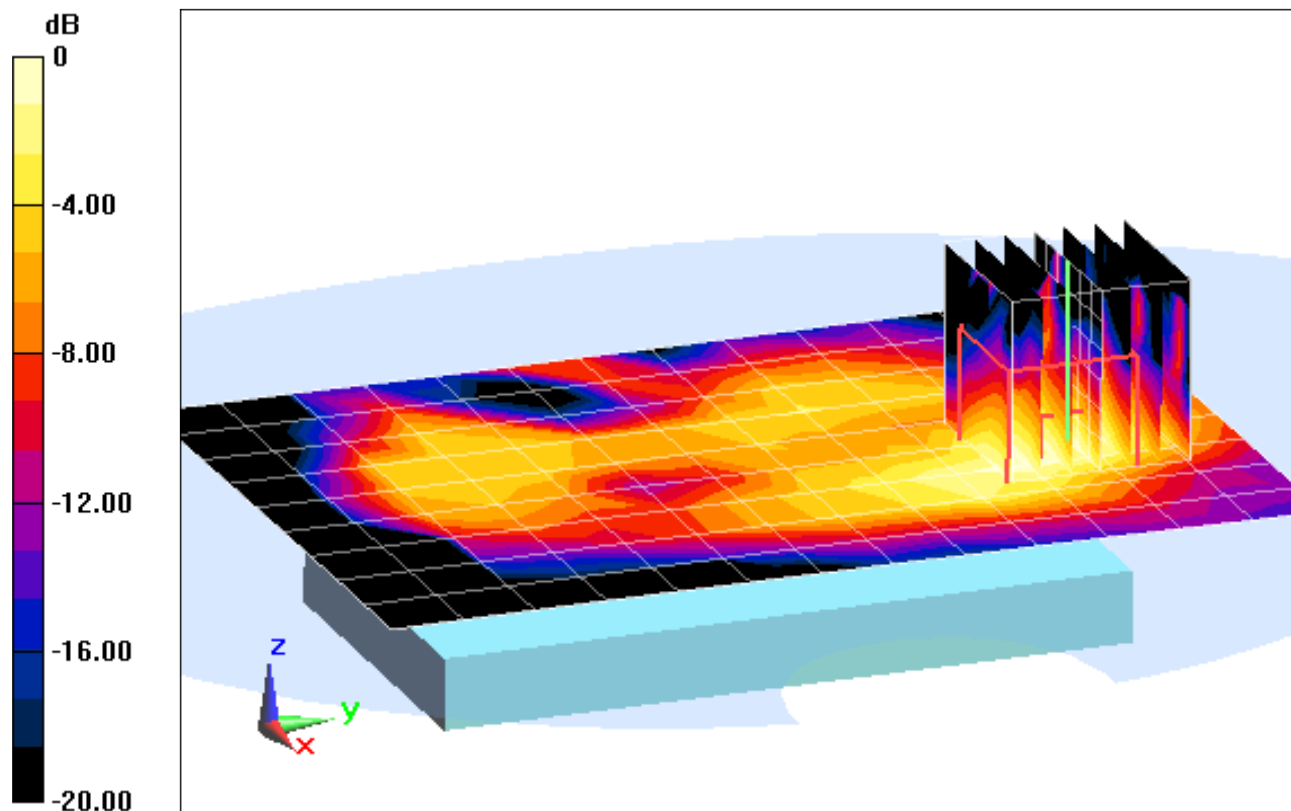
Area Scan (10x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.331 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.061 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.015 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0442 mW/g = -27.09 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.013 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.871$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Top Edge

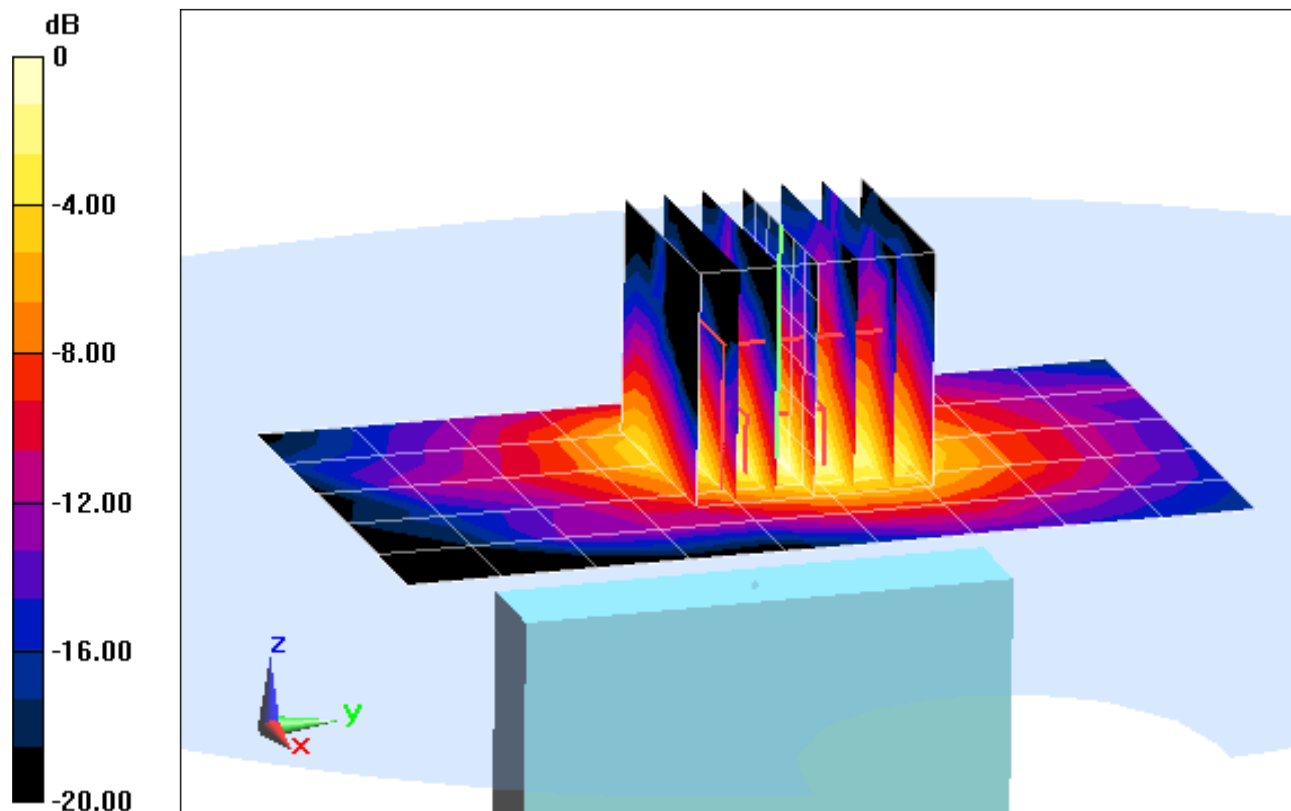
Area Scan (6x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.809 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.292 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.138 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g



0 dB = 0.178 mW/g = -14.99 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHR820; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: 30

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.013 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.871$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Left Edge

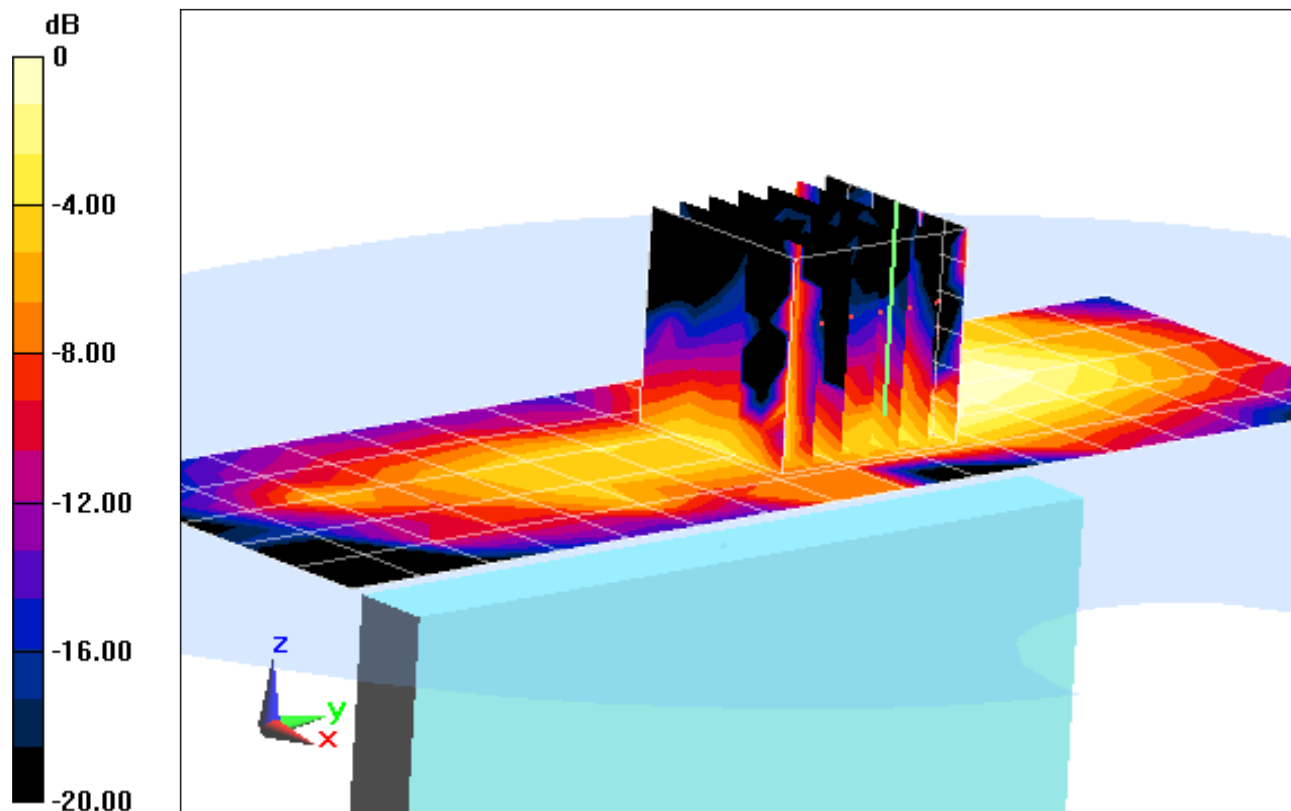
Area Scan (6x16x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.624 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.054 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.023 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.0104 mW/g



0 dB = 0.0276 mW/g = -31.18 dB mW/g

APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.897 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

835MHz System Verification

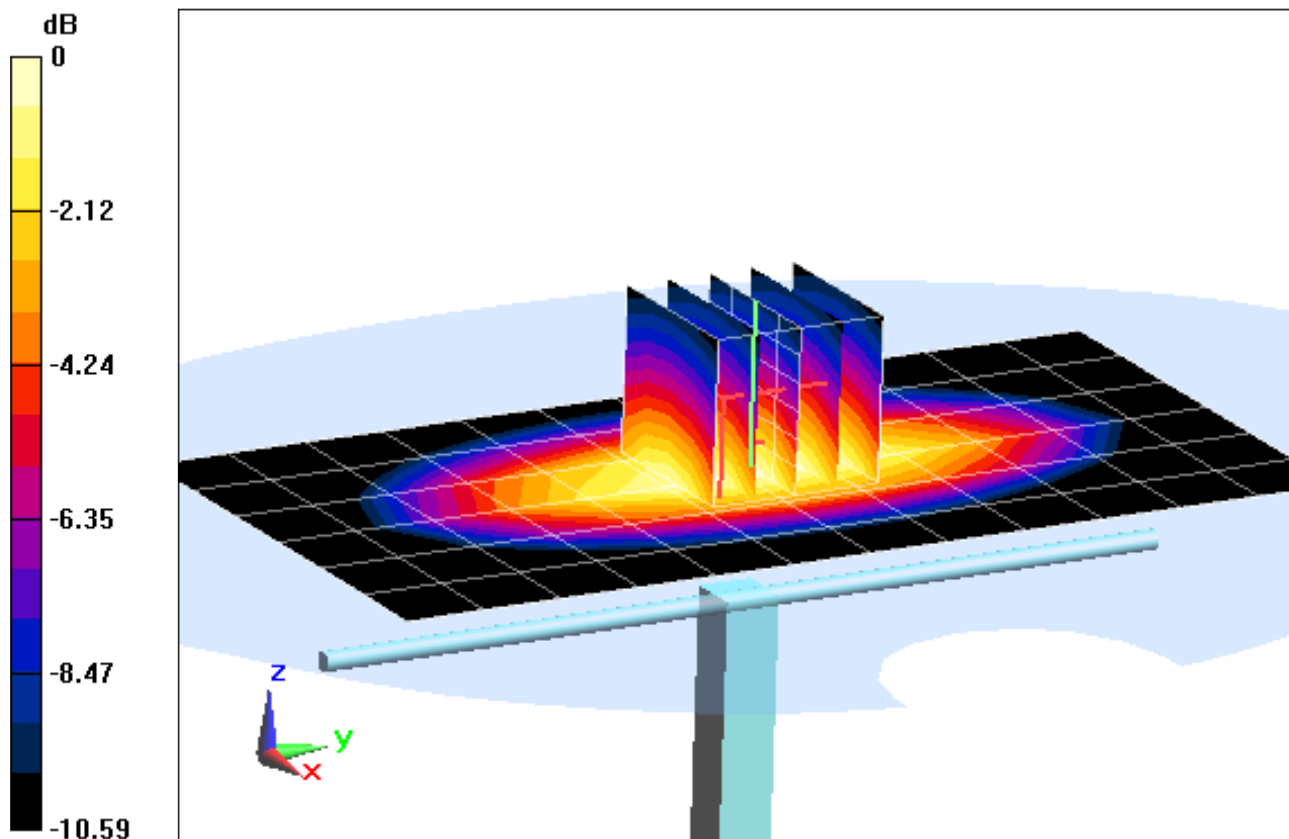
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.939 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.612 mW/g

Deviation = -0.32%



0 dB = 1.02 mW/g = 0.17 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.897 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.01, 6.01, 6.01); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

835MHz System Verification

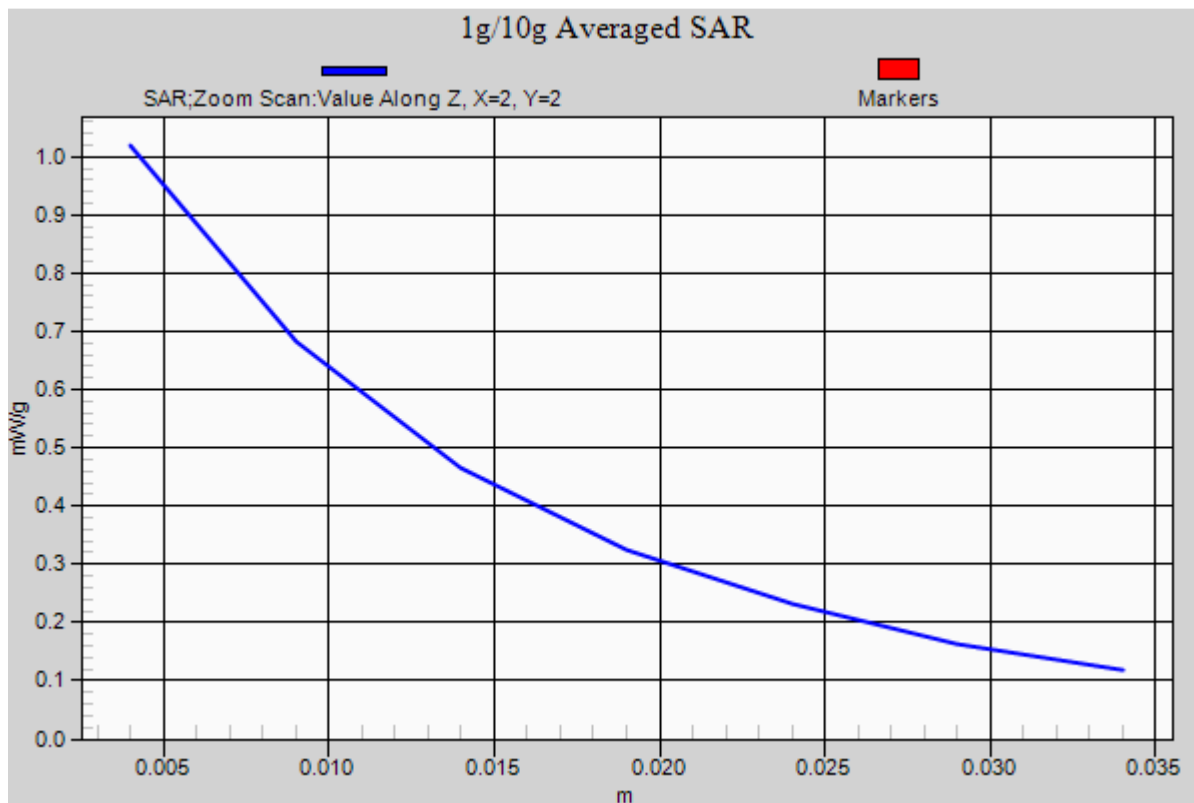
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.939 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.612 mW/g

Deviation = -0.32%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1051

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.61$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1750 MHz System Verification

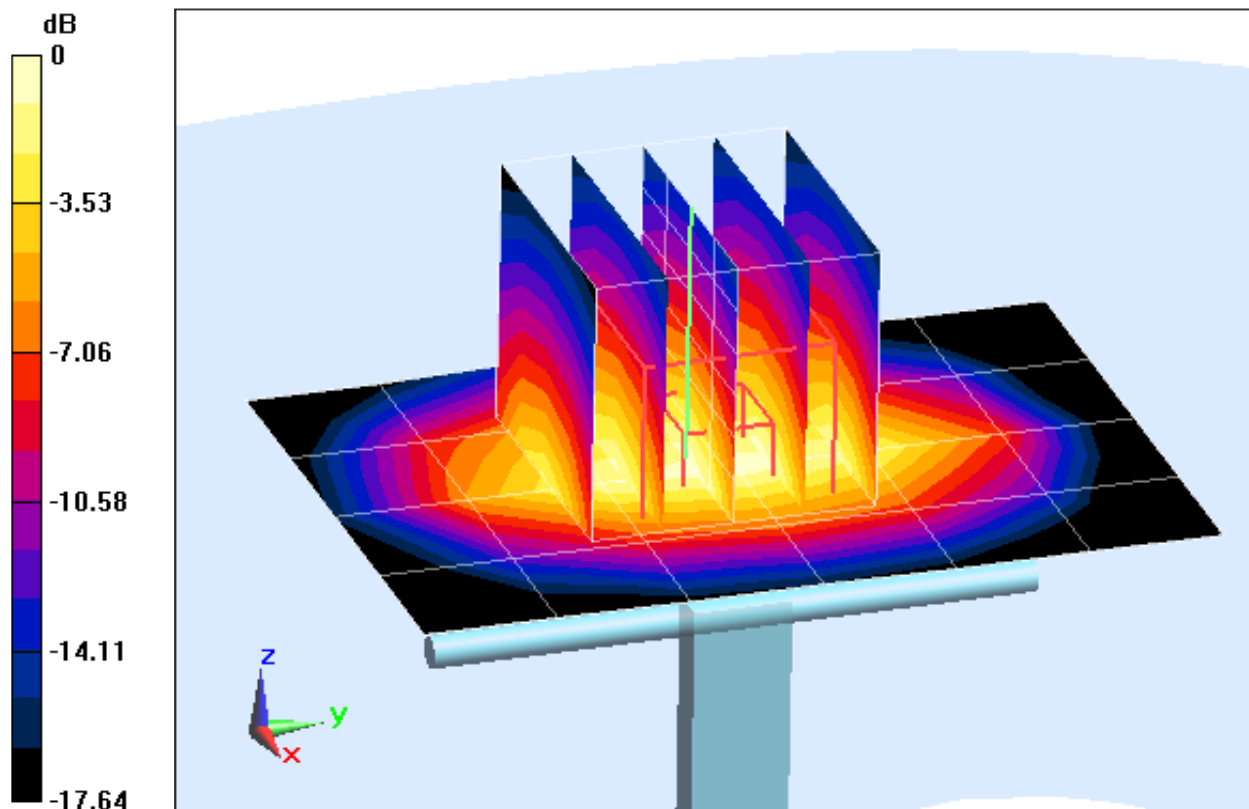
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.86 mW/g

Deviation = -3.01%



0 dB = 3.95 mW/g = 11.93 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1051

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.61$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1750 MHz System Verification

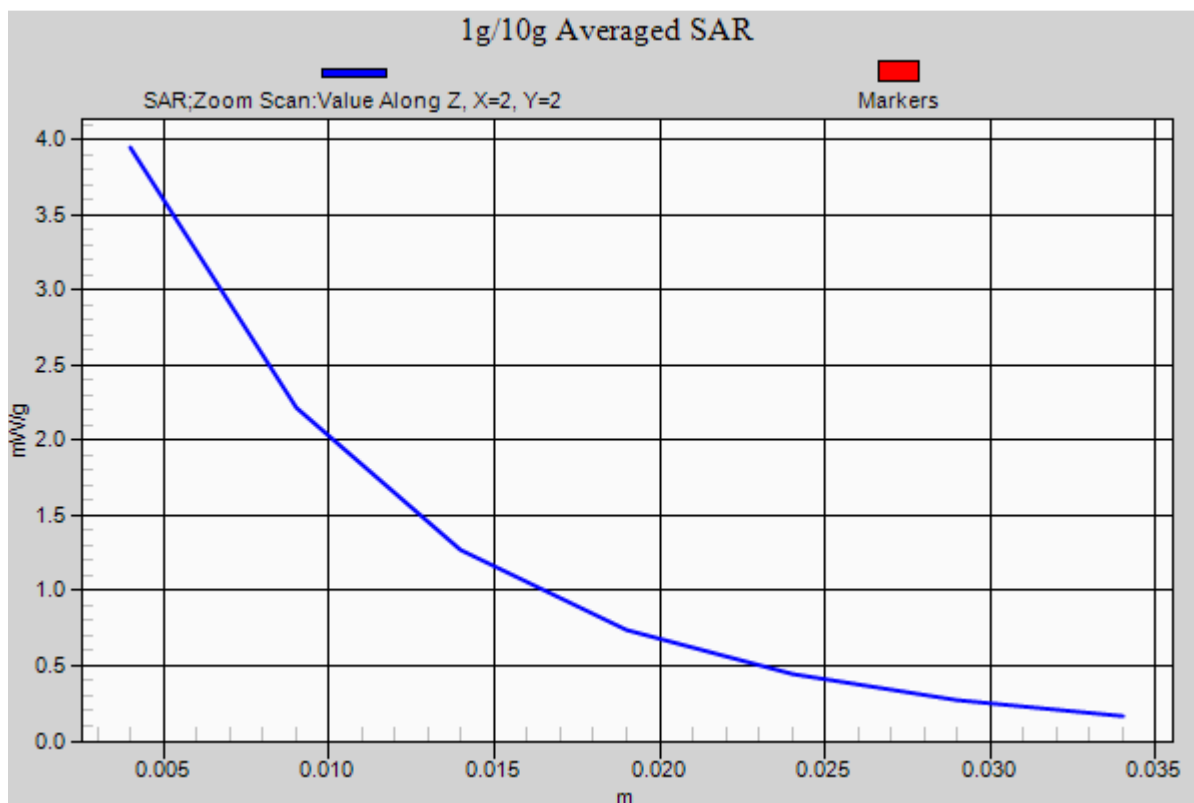
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.55 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.86 mW/g

Deviation = -3.01%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1765V2; Serial: 1008

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.69$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1750 MHz System Verification

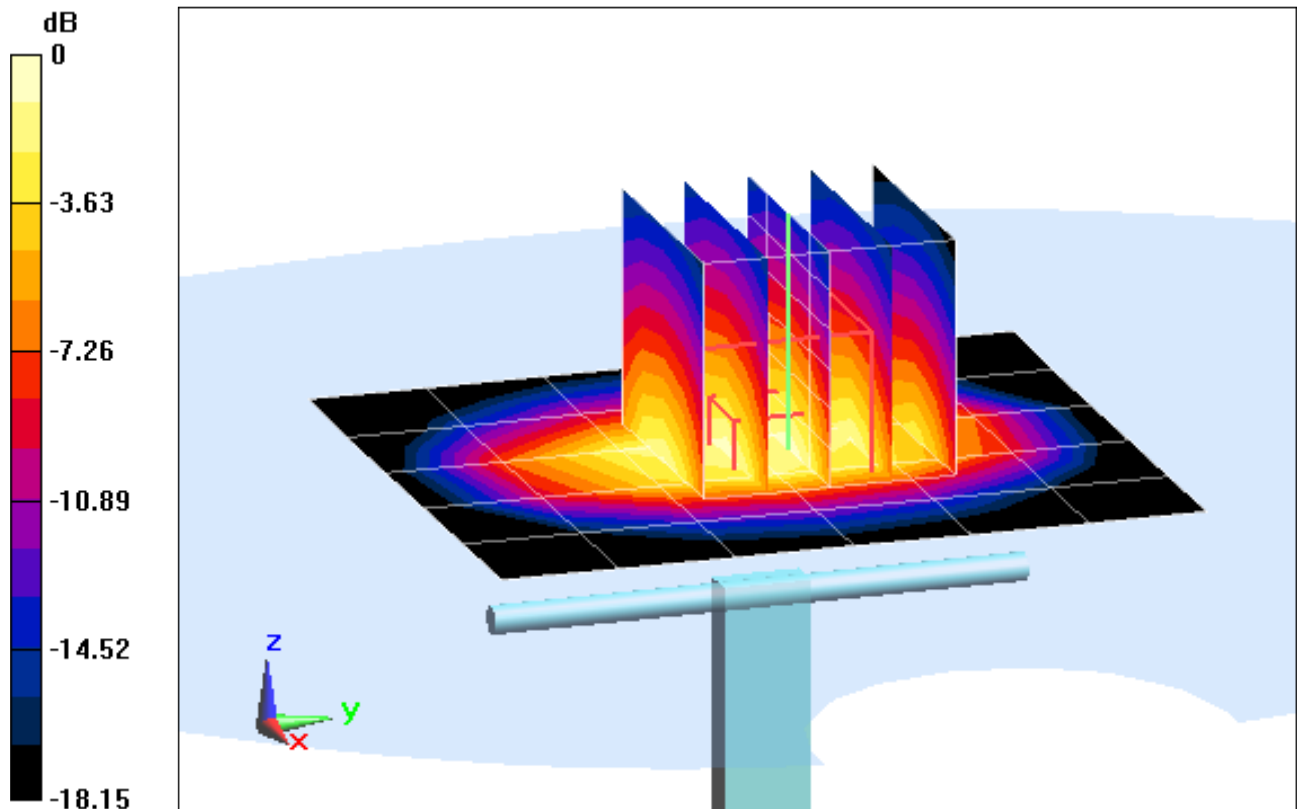
Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.85 mW/g

Deviation = -3.30%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1765V2; Serial: 1008

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.39 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.69$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.26, 5.26, 5.26); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1750 MHz System Verification

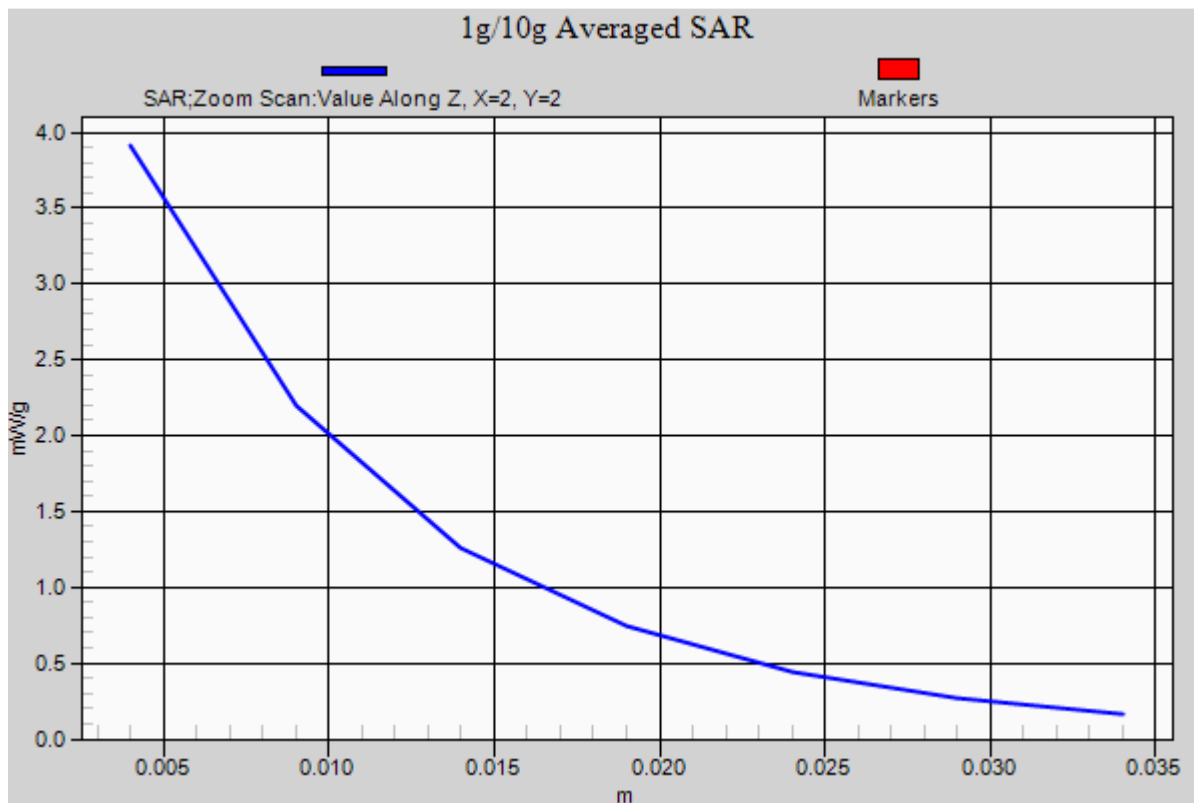
Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.52 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.85 mW/g

Deviation = -3.30%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.389 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 2/7/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1900 MHz System Verification

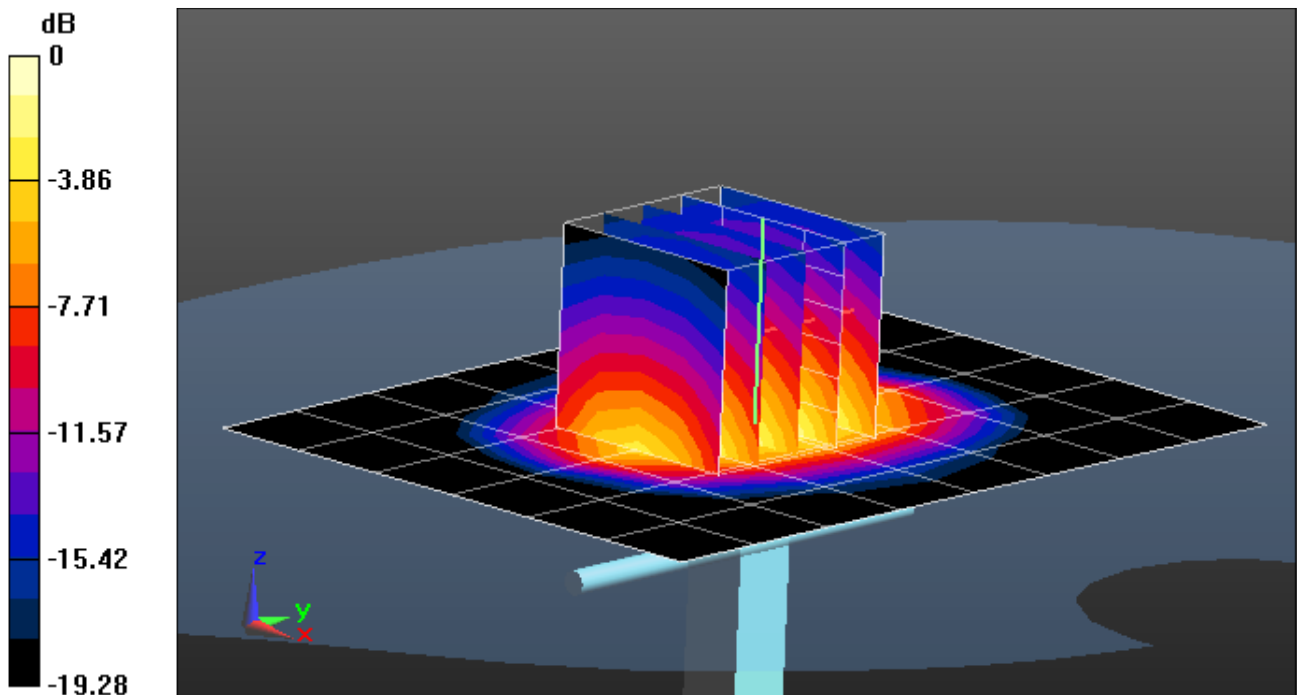
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 mW/g

Deviation = 1.78 %



0 dB = 4.460mW/g = 12.99 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.389 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 22.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.16, 5.16, 5.16); Calibrated: 2/7/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1900 MHz System Verification

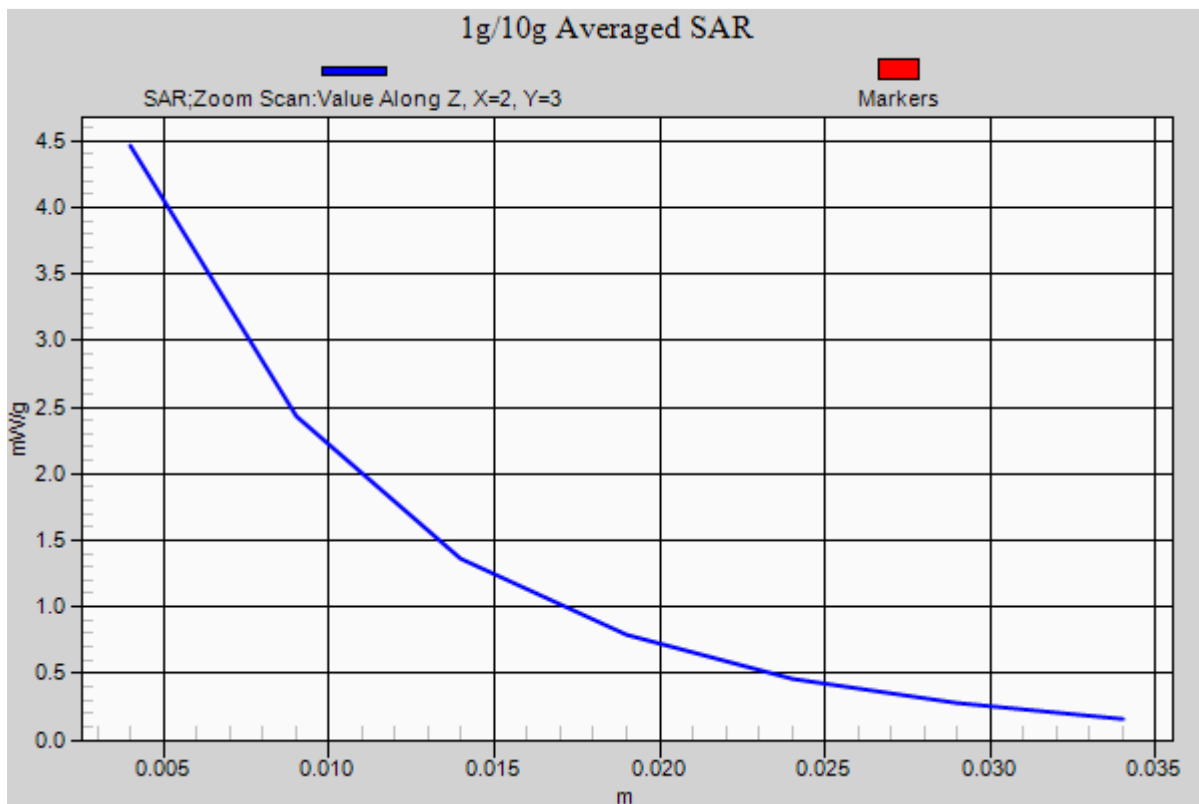
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 mW/g

Deviation = 1.78 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d080

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.442 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.307$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-11-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.6°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1900MHz System Verification

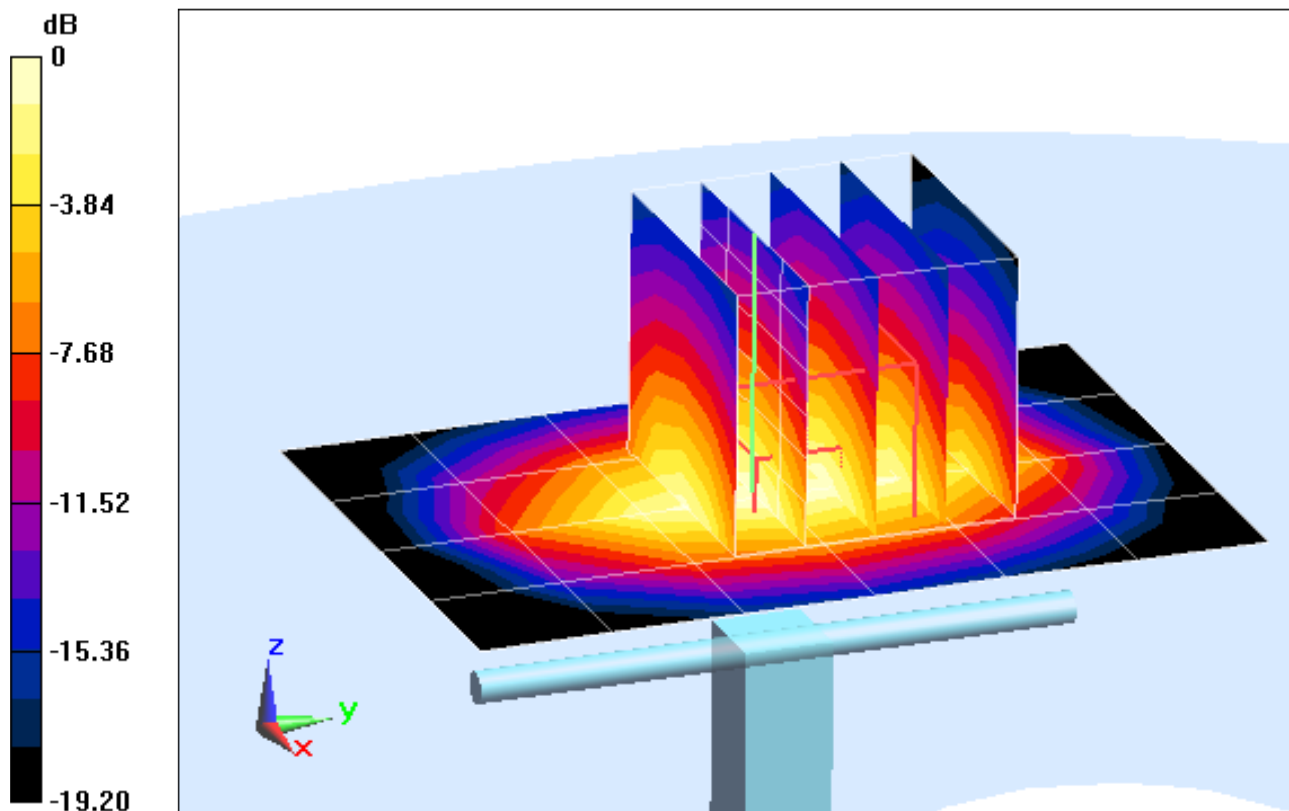
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.91 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 mW/g

Deviation = -2.01%



0 dB = 4.32 mW/g = 12.71 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d080

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.442 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.307$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-11-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.9°C; Tissue Temp: 21.6°C

Probe: ES3DV2 - SN3022; ConvF(4.98, 4.98, 4.98); Calibrated: 8/25/2011;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/19/2012

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1900MHz System Verification

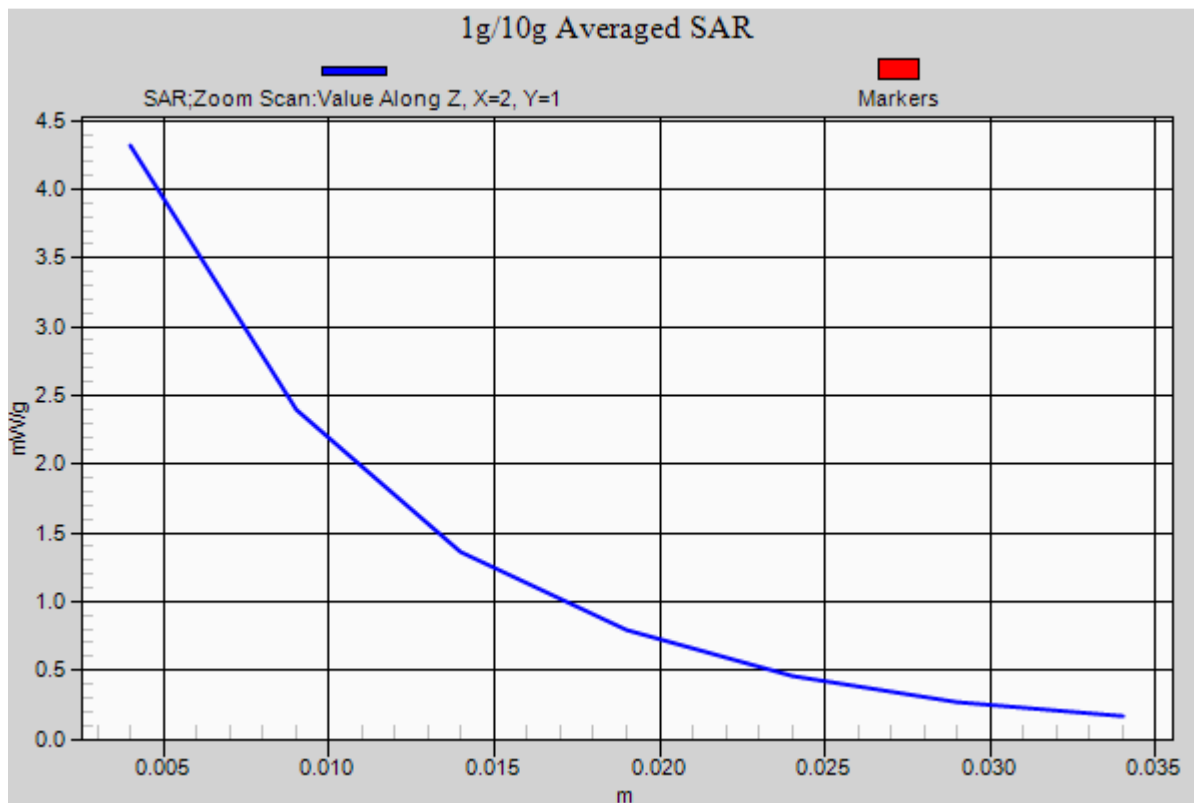
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.91 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.05 mW/g

Deviation = -2.01%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.885 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

2450MHz System Verification

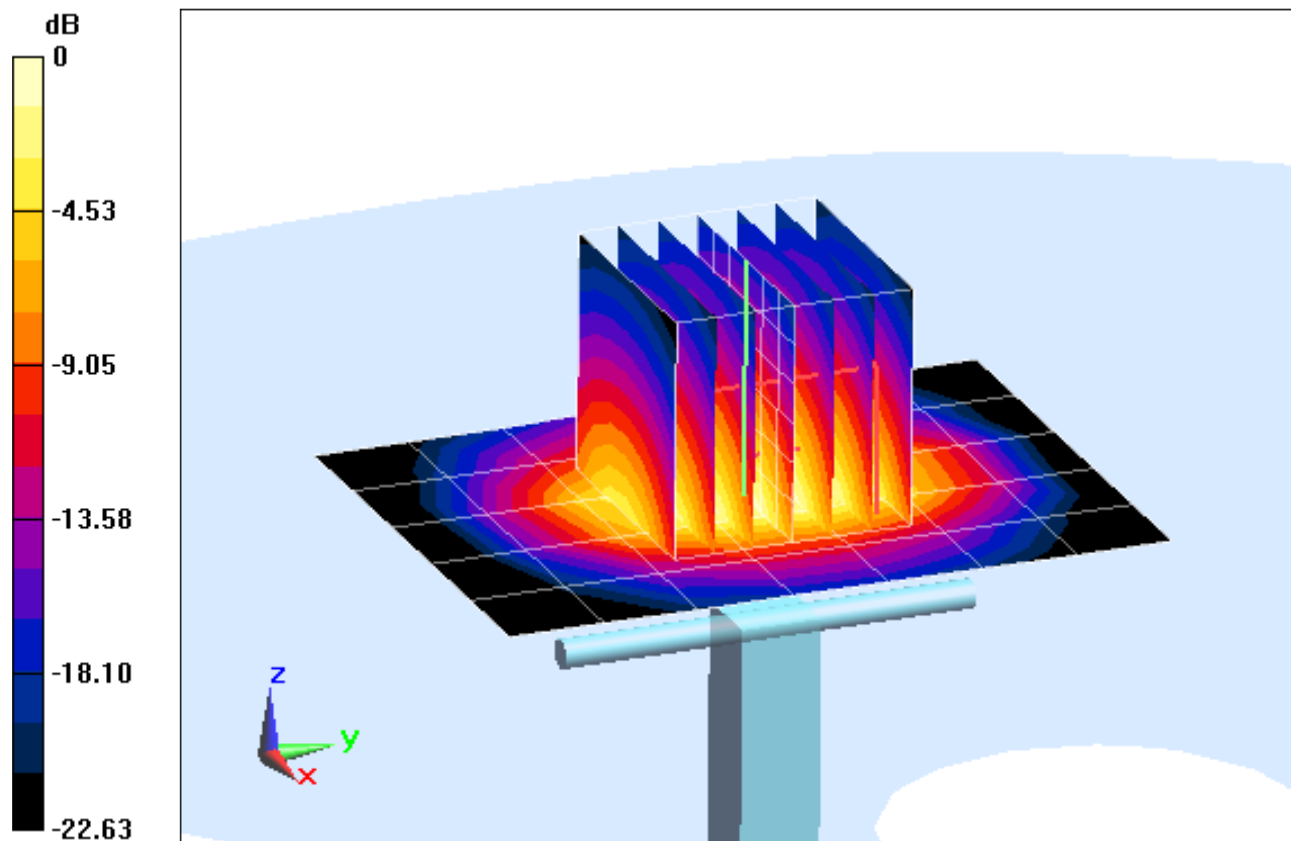
Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dB (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 5.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.57 mW/g

Deviation = 2.79%



0 dB = 7.20 mW/g = 17.15 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.885 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

2450MHz System Verification

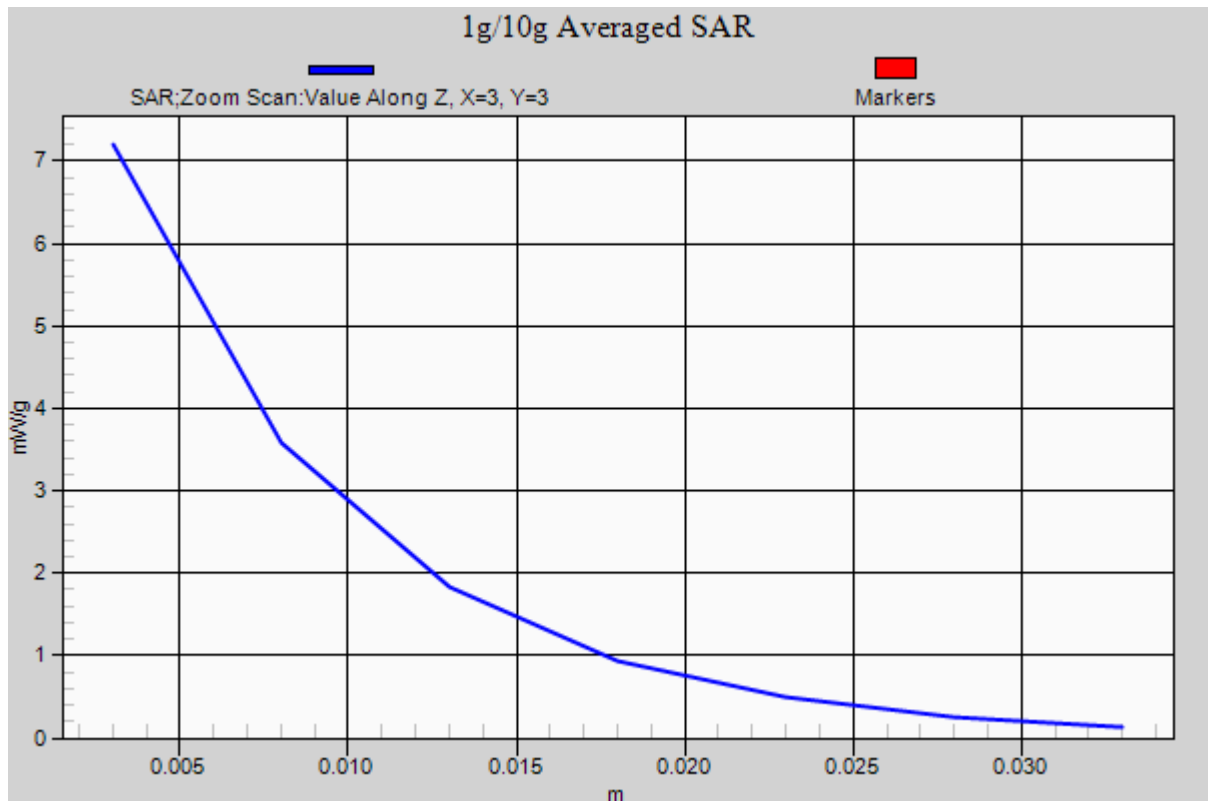
Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dB (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 5.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.57 mW/g

Deviation = 2.79%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.997 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.66$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

835MHz System Verification

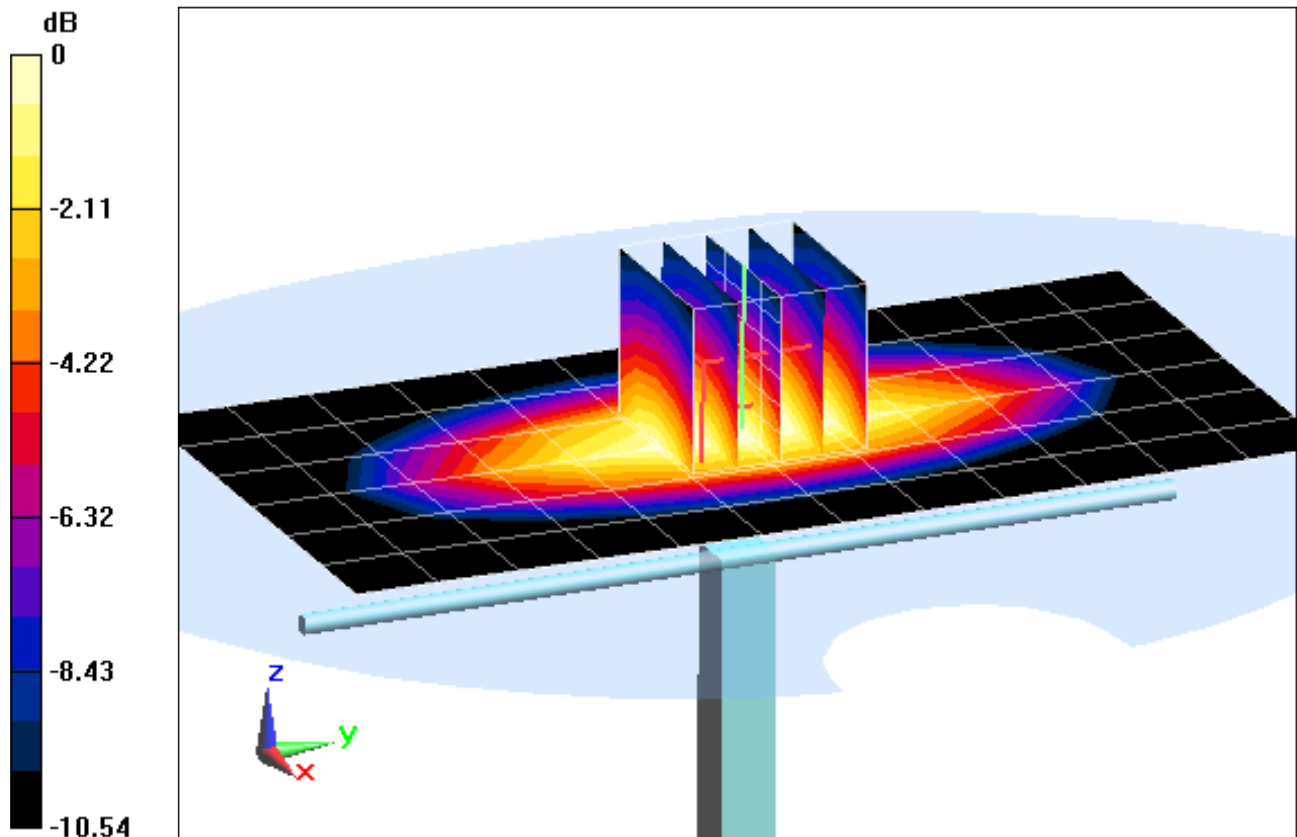
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.668 mW/g

Deviation = 6.69%



0 dB = 1.11 mW/g = 0.91 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.997 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.66$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 05-31-2012; Ambient Temp: 22.7°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.06, 6.06, 6.06); Calibrated: 2/21/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1272; Calibrated: 1/18/2012

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

835MHz System Verification

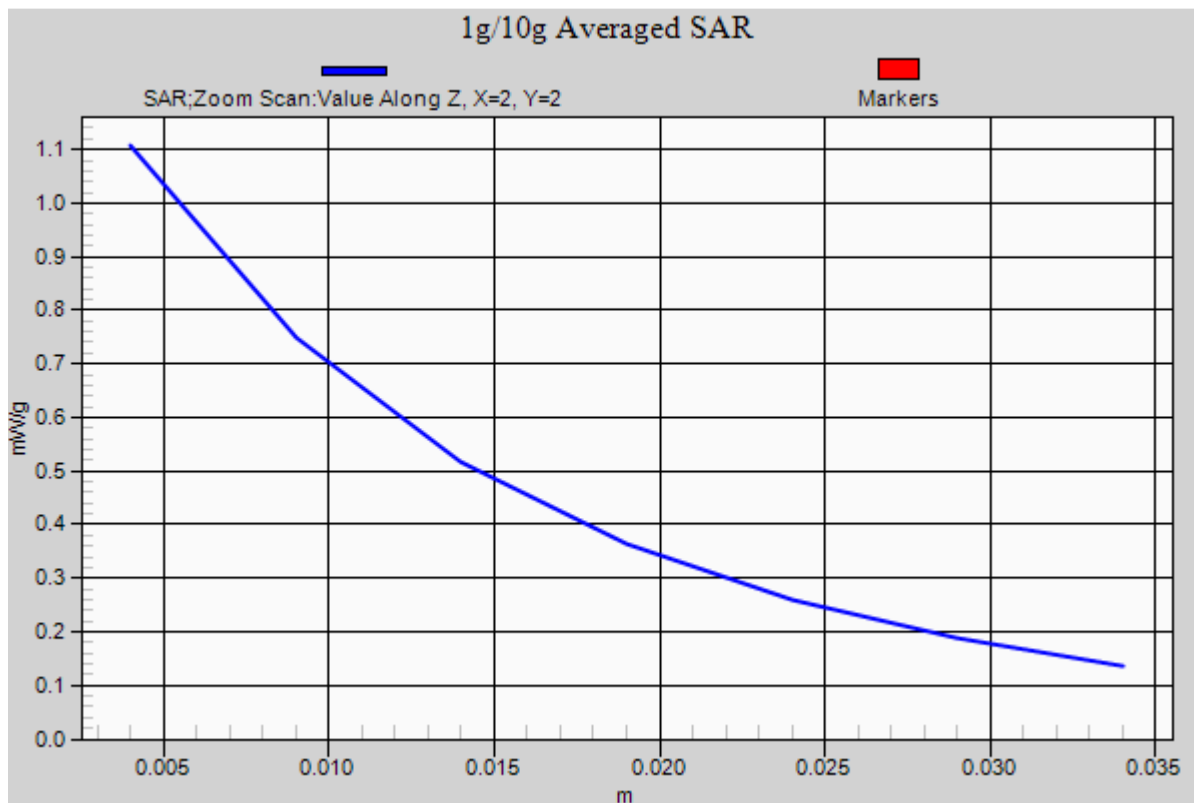
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.02 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.668 mW/g

Deviation = 6.69%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1051

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.523 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.51$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1750 MHz System Verification

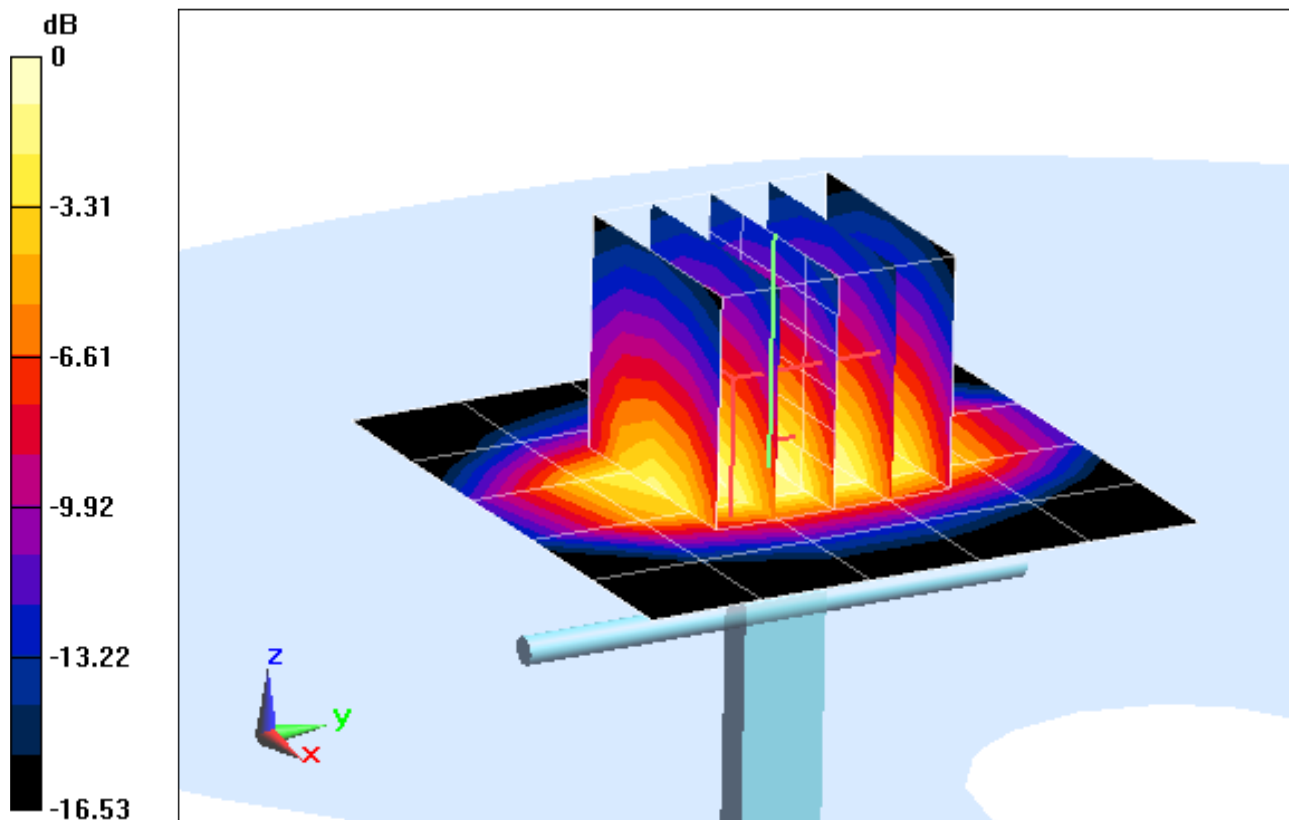
Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.94 mW/g

Deviation = -2.66%



0 dB = 4.12 mW/g = 12.30 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: 1051

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.523 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.51$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1750 MHz System Verification

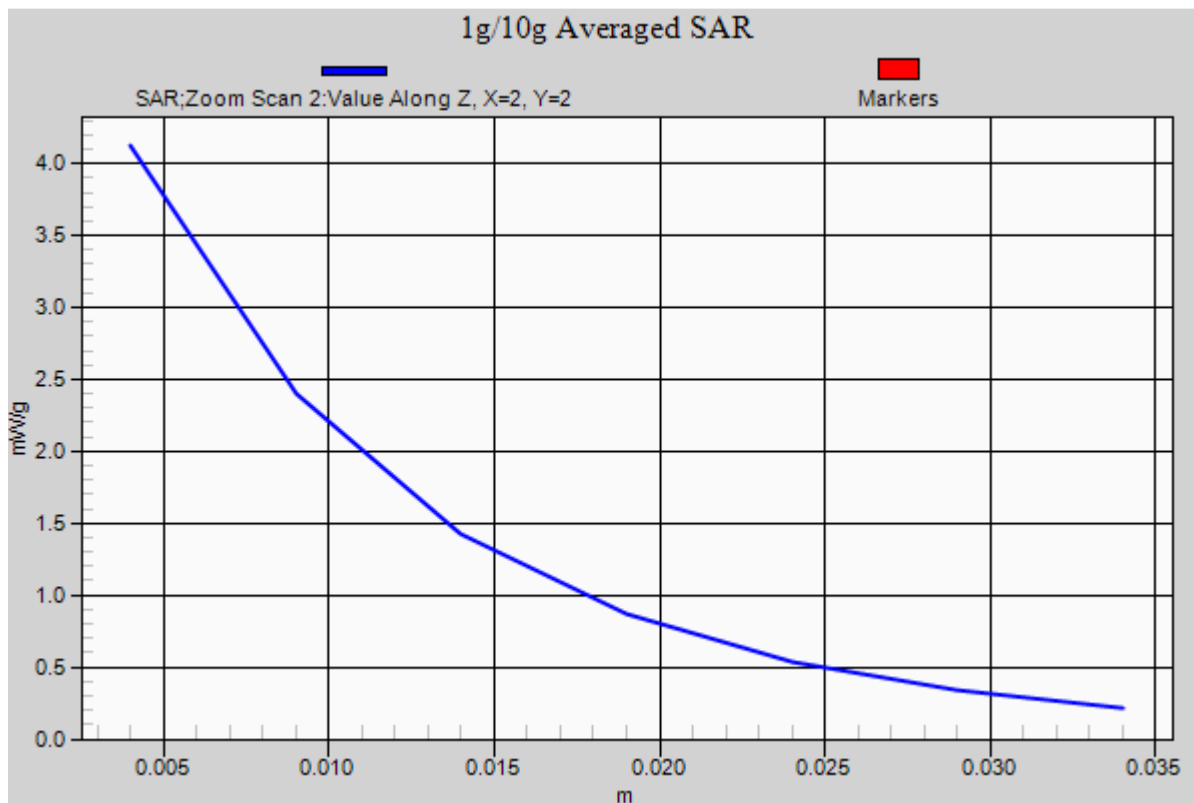
Area Scan (6x6x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.94 mW/g

Deviation = -2.66%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1765V2; Serial: 1008

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.528 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.96$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1750 MHz System Verification

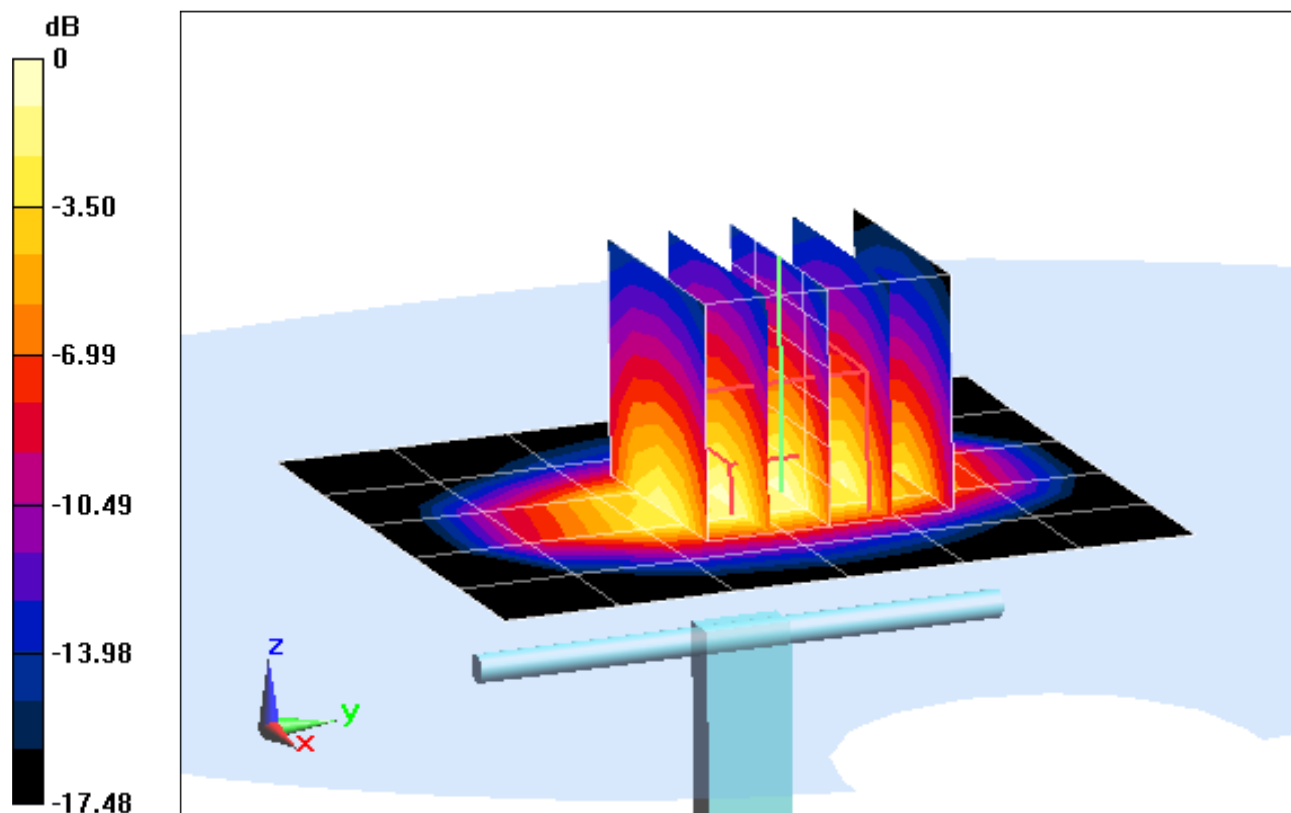
Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 mW/g

Deviation = 5.61%



0 dB = 4.40 mW/g = 12.87 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1765V2; Serial: 1008

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1750 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.528 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.96$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-13-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.6°C; Tissue Temp: 24.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.83, 4.83, 4.83); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1750 MHz System Verification

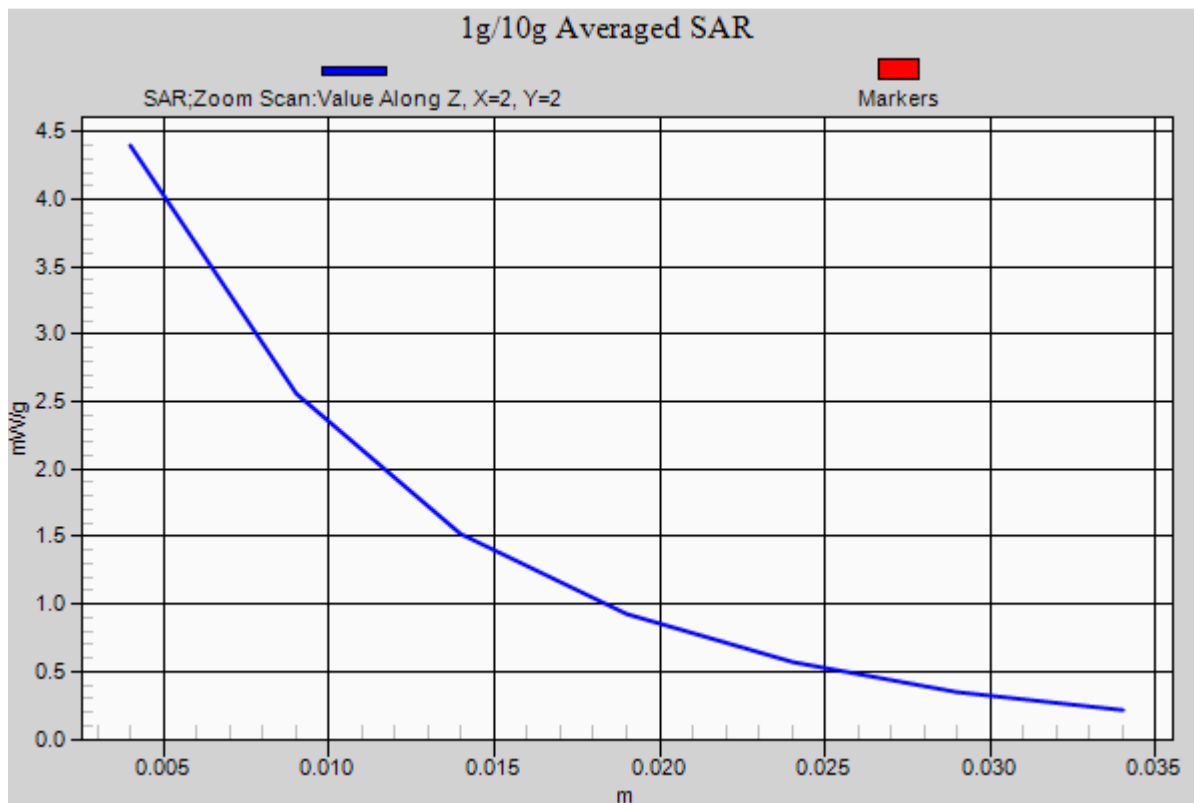
Area Scan (6x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 mW/g

Deviation = 5.61%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.44$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1900 MHz System Verification

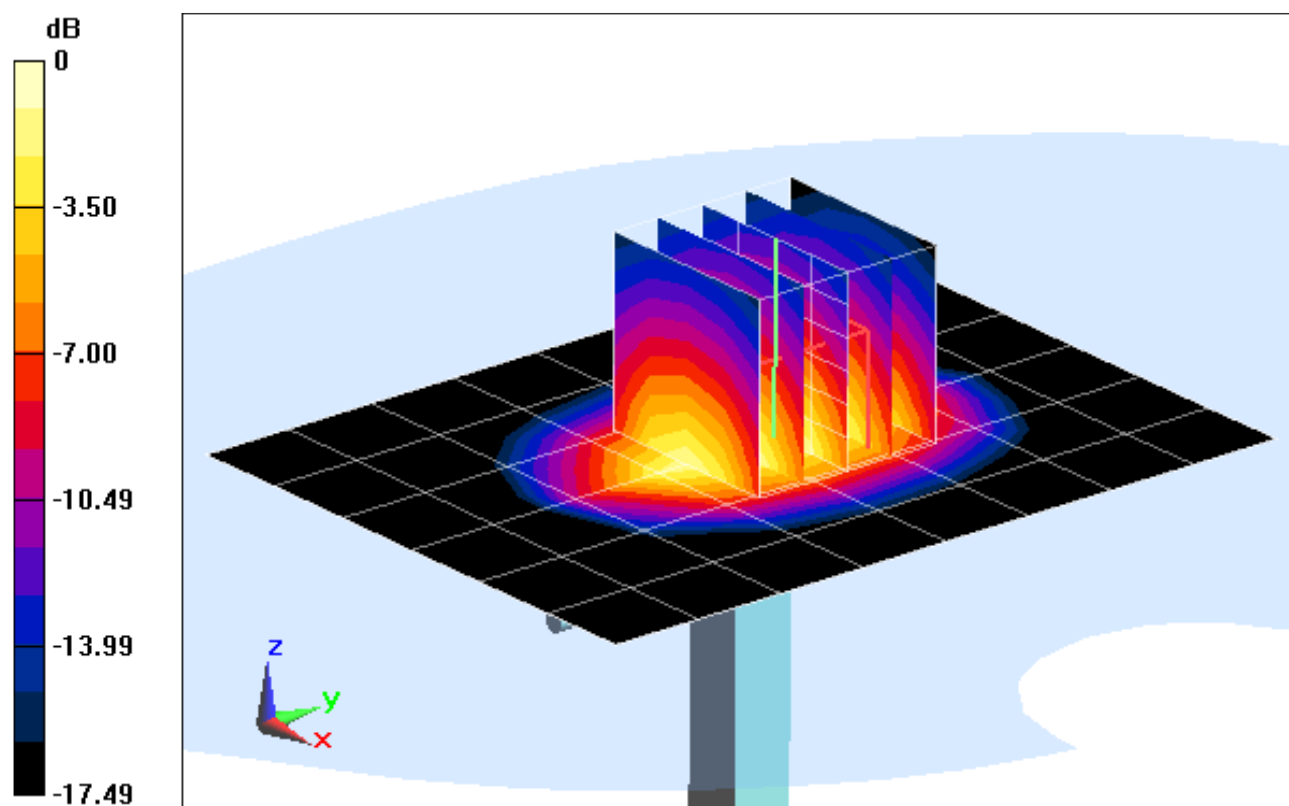
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dB (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 mW/g

Deviation = 0.00%



0 dB = 4.400mW/g = 12.87 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d149

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.44$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 05-30-2012; Ambient Temp: 24.1°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3288; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 2/7/2012

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 4/12/2012

Phantom: SAM 5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:-1648

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (0); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1900 MHz System Verification

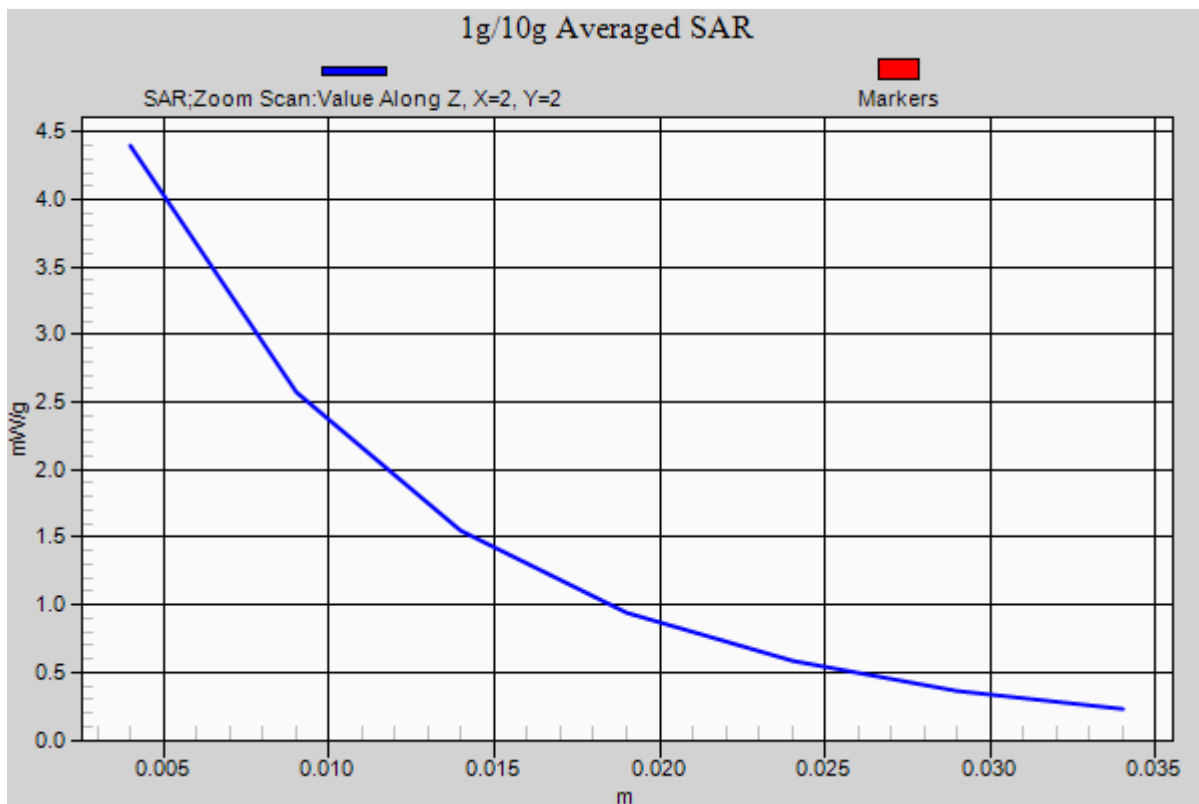
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dB (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.93 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 mW/g

Deviation = 0.00%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d080

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.561 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.48$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-12-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1900MHz System Verification

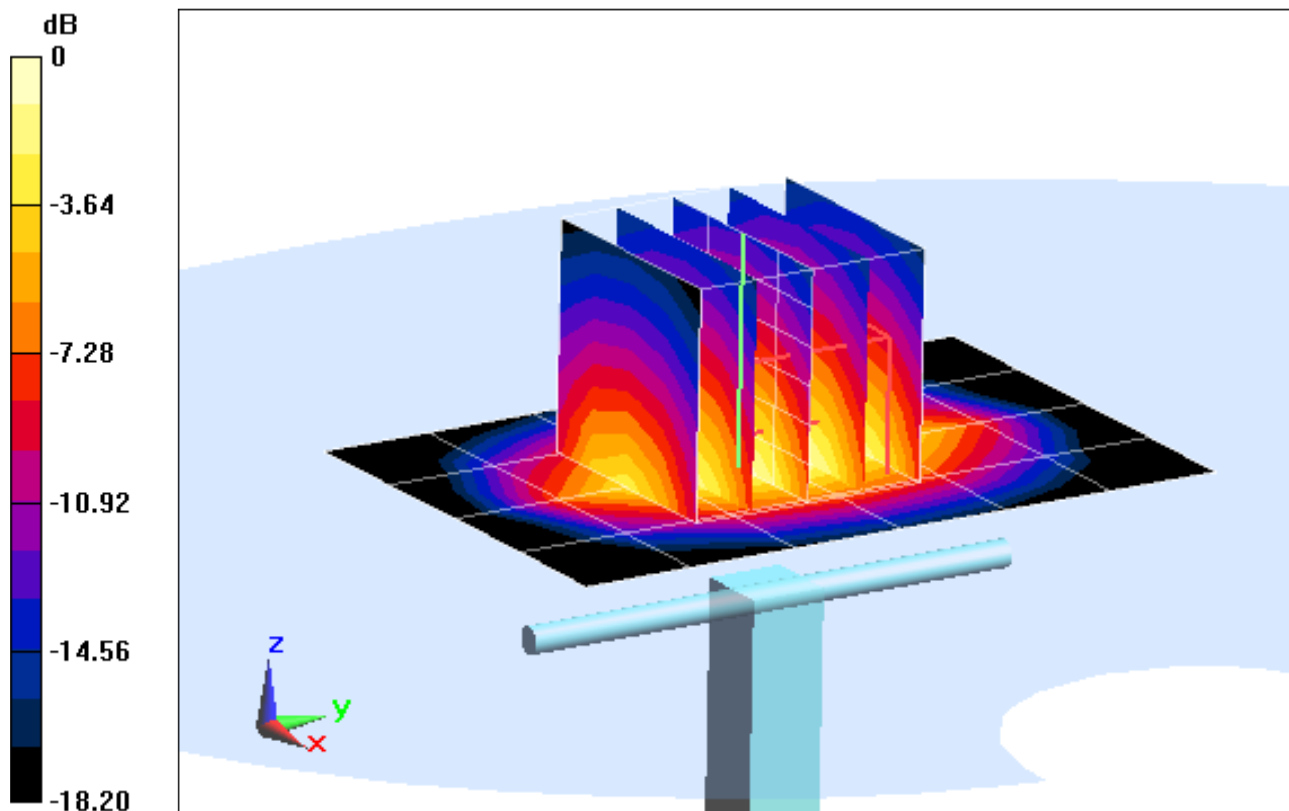
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 mW/g

Deviation = 0.24%



0 dB = 4.56 mW/g = 13.18 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d080

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.561 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.48$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-12-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.7°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.63, 4.63, 4.63); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

1900MHz System Verification

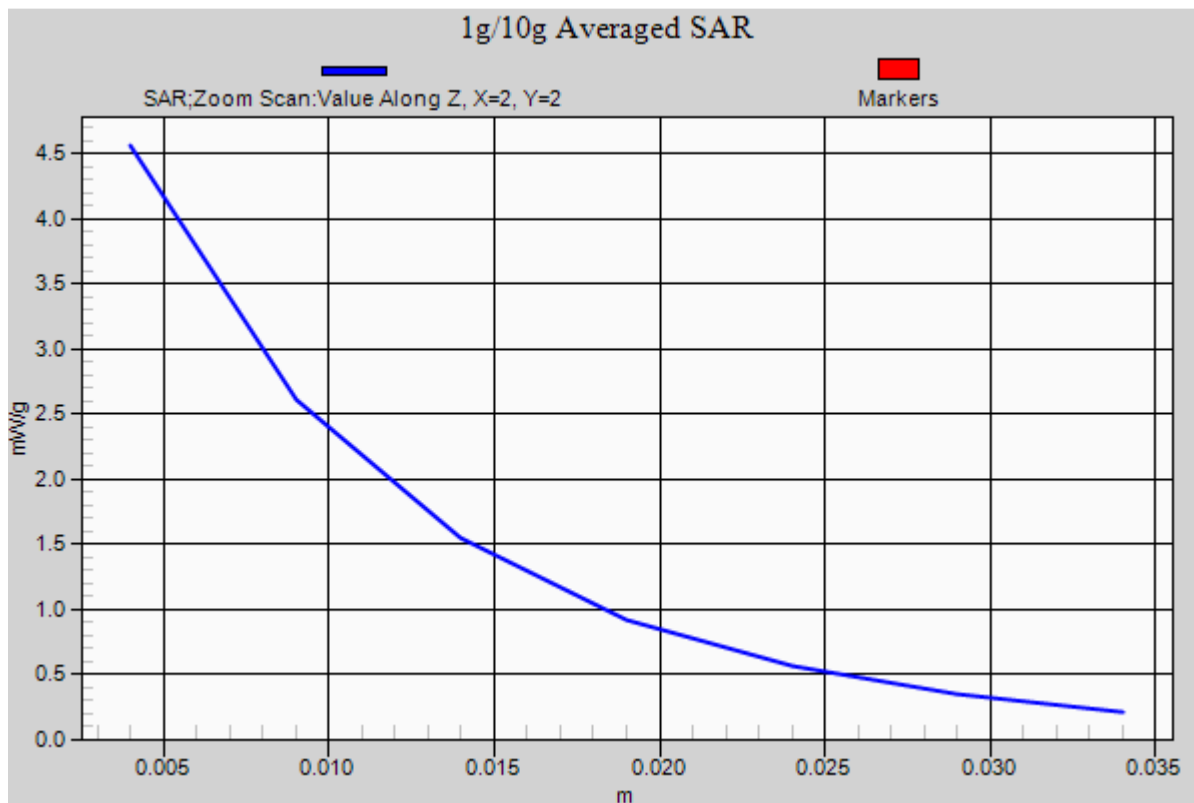
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4.1 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 mW/g

Deviation = 0.24%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.997 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.92$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

2450MHz System Verification

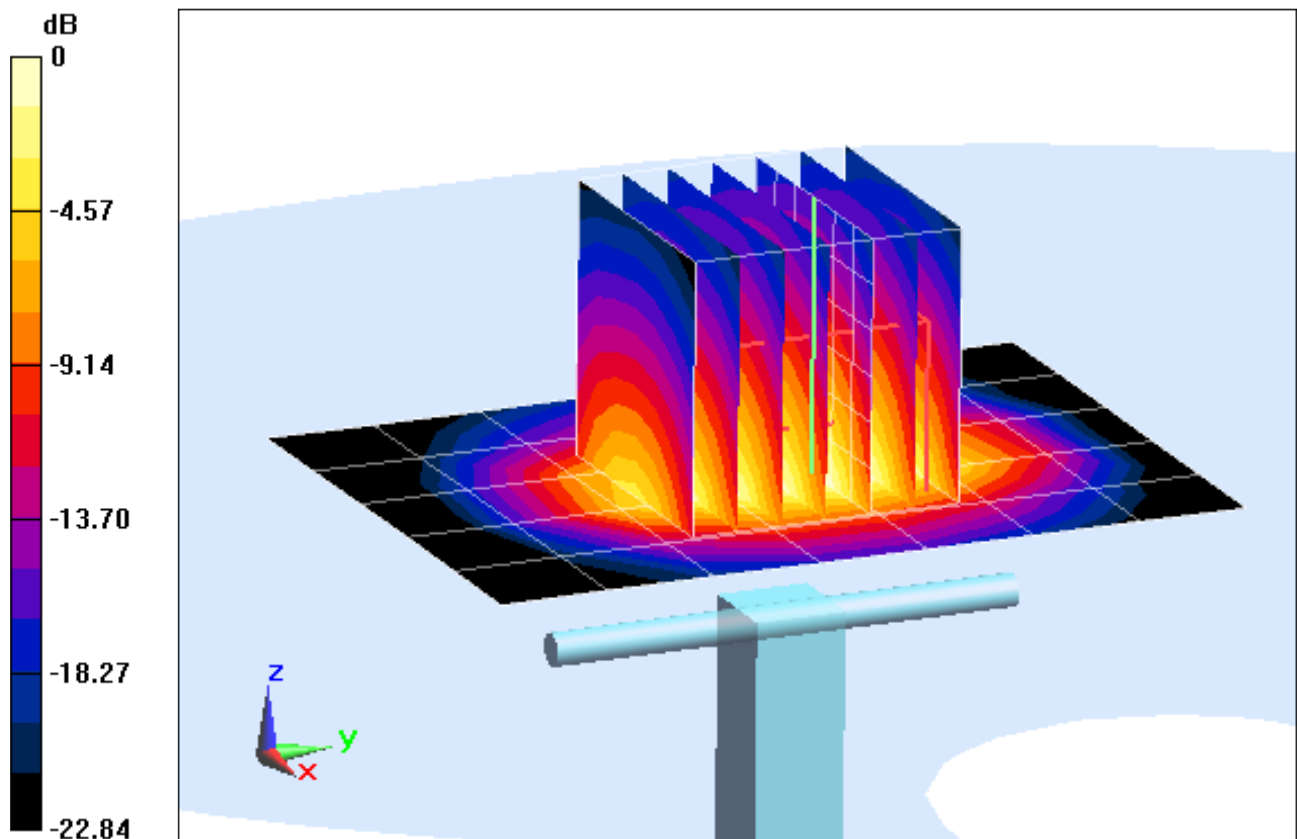
Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 mW/g

Deviation = -6.24%



0 dB = 6.20 mW/g = 15.85 dB mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 719

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.997 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.92$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 06-04-2012; Ambient Temp: 23.8°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 3/16/2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1323; Calibrated: 2/15/2012

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

2450MHz System Verification

Area Scan (6x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4.81 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.18 mW/g

Deviation = -6.24%

