



SAR COMPLIANCE EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:
Samsung Electronics, Co. Ltd.
18600 Broadwick St.
Rancho Dominguez, CA 90220
United States

Date of Testing:
10/24/11 - 11/17/11
Test Site/Location:
PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA
Test Report Serial No.:
0Y1110171827.A3L

FCC ID: A3LSCHW999

APPLICANT: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS, CO. LTD.

EUT Type: Portable Handset
Application Type: Certification
FCC Rule Part(s): CFR §2.1093; FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C [June 2001]
Model(s): SCH-W999
Test Device Serial No.: Pre-Production [S/N: FI-254-A, FI-254-B]

Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	Conducted Power [dBm]	SAR		
			1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz	29.74	0.67	0.39	N/A
Cell. CDMA/EVDO	824.70 - 848.31 MHz	24.53	0.09	0.44	0.69
PCS CDMA/EVDO	1851.25 - 1908.75 MHz	23.90	0.12	0.19	0.37
2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	16.93	0.03	0.04	0.11
5.8 GHz WLAN	5745 - 5825 MHz	12.17	0.02	0.13	N/A
5.2 GHz WLAN	5180 - 5240 MHz	12.26	0.01	0.09	N/A
5.3 GHz WLAN	5260 - 5320 MHz	11.97	0.02	0.10	N/A
5.5 GHz WLAN	5500 - 5700 MHz	11.45	0.02	0.11	N/A
Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	8.02	N/A		
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783:			0.465	0.826	1.351

Note: Powers in the above table represent output powers for the SAR test configurations applicable and may not represent the highest output powers for all capabilities.

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (2001), IEEE 1528-2003 and in applicable Industry Canada Radio Standards Specifications (RSS); for North American frequency bands only.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.


Randy Ortanez
President



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1 INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [24]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

1.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 1-1).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dV} \right)$$

Figure 1-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m^3)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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2 TEST SITE LOCATION

2.1 INTRODUCTION

The map at the right shows the location of the PCTEST LABORATORY in Columbia, Maryland. It is in proximity to the FCC Laboratory, the Baltimore-Washington International (BWI) airport, the city of Baltimore and Washington, DC.

These measurement tests were conducted at the PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc. facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49' 38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles north of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on January 27, 2006 and Industry Canada.

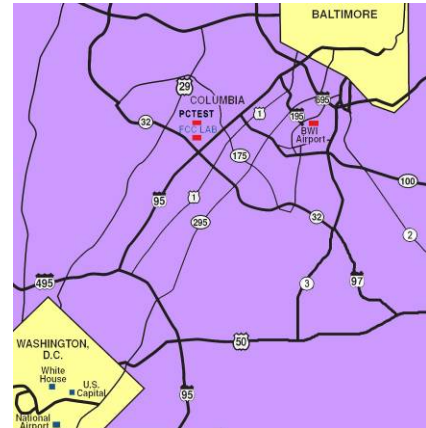
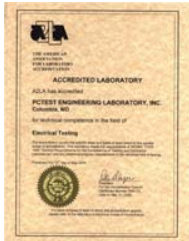


Figure 2-1

Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area

2.2 Test Facility / Accreditations:

Measurements were performed at an independent accredited PCTEST Engineering Lab located in Columbia, MD 21045, U.S.A.



- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025-2005 by the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) in Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing, Hearing-Aid Compatibility (HAC), Battery Safety, CTIA Test Plans, and wireless testing for FCC and Industry Canada Rules.
- PCTEST Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by U.S. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP Lab code: 100431-0) in EMC, FCC and Telecommunications.
- PCTEST facility is an FCC registered (PCTEST Reg. No. 90864) test facility with the site description report on file and has met all the requirements specified in Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada (IC-2451).
- PCTEST Lab is a recognized U.S. Conformity Assessment Body (CAB) in EMC and R&TTE (n.b. 0982) under the U.S.-EU Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA).
- PCTEST TCB is a Telecommunication Certification Body (TCB) accredited to ISO/IEC Guide 65 by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) in all scopes of FCC Rules and all Industry Canada Standards (RSS).
- PCTEST facility is an IC registered (IC-2451) test laboratory with the site description on file at Industry Canada.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for AMPS and CDMA, and EvDO mobile phones.
- PCTEST is a CTIA Authorized Test Laboratory (CATL) for Over-the-Air (OTA) Antenna Performance testing for AMPS, CDMA, GSM, GPRS, EGPRS, UMTS (W-CDMA), CDMA 1xEVDO Data, CDMA 1xRTT Data

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3 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

3.1 Robotic System

Measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. The DASY4 is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland and consists of a high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, desktop computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the SAM phantom containing the head or body equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot, performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure 3-1).

3.2 System Hardware

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and a remote control used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the SAR Measurement Software DASY4, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit that performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, A/D conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal from the DAE and transfers data to the PC card.

3.3 System Electronics

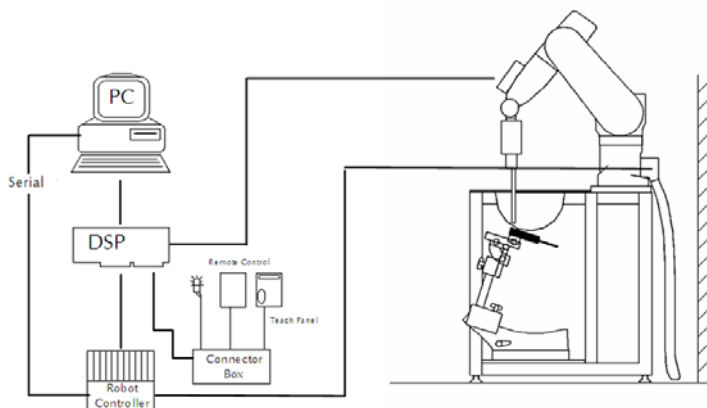


Figure 3-1
SAR Measurement System Setup

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade auto-zeroing preamplifier, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

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3.4 Automated Test System Specifications

Test Software: SPEAG DASY4 version 4.7 Measurement Software
Robot: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot RX60L
Repeatability: 0.02 mm
No. of Axes: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic System (DAE)

Data Converter

Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter & control logic
Software: SEMCAD software
Connecting Lines: Optical Downlink for data and status info
Optical upload for commands and clock

PC Interface Card

Function: Link to DAE
16-bit A/D converter for surface detection system
Two Serial & Ethernet link to robotics
Direct emergency stop output for robot

Phantom

Type: SAM Twin Phantom (V4.0)
Shell Material: Composite
Thickness: 2.0 ± 0.2 mm



Figure 3-2
SAR Measurement System

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4.1 Probe Measurement System



**Figure 4-1
SAR System**

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe designed in the classical triangular configuration (see Figure 4-3) and optimized for dosimetric evaluation [9]. The probe is constructed using the thick film technique; with printed resistive lines on ceramic substrates. The probe is equipped with an optical multi-fiber line ending at the front of the probe tip. It is connected to the EOC box on the robot arm and provides an automatic detection of the phantom surface. Half of the fibers are connected to a pulsed infrared transmitter, the other half to a synchronized receiver. As the probe approaches the surface, the reflection from the surface produces a coupling from the transmitting to the receiving fibers. This reflection increases first during the approach, reaches maximum and then decreases. If the probe is flatly touching the surface, the coupling is zero. The distance of the coupling maximum to the surface is independent of the surface reflectivity and largely independent of the surface to probe angle. The DASY4 software reads the reflection during a software approach and looks for the

maximum using a 2nd order curve fitting (see Figure 5-1). The approach is stopped at reaching the maximum.

4.2 Probe Specifications

Model(s):	ES3DV2, ES3DV3, EX3DV4
Frequency Range:	10 MHz – 6.0 GHz (EX3DV4) 10 MHz – 4 GHz (ES3DV3)
Calibration:	In head and body simulating tissue at Frequencies from 300 up to 6000MHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz) for EX3DV4 ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz) for ES3DV3
Dynamic Range:	10 mW/kg – 100 W/kg
Probe Length:	330 mm
Probe Tip Length:	20 mm
Body Diameter:	12 mm
Tip Diameter:	2.5 mm (3.9mm for ES3DV3)
Tip-Center:	1 mm (2.0 mm for ES3DV3)
Application:	SAR Dosimetry Testing Compliance tests of mobile phones Dosimetry in strong gradient fields



**Figure 4-2
Near-Field Probe**



**Figure 4-3
Triangular Probe
Configuration**

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5 PROBE CALIBRATION PROCESS

5.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. A TEM cell calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an RF Signal generator, TEM cell, and RF Power Meter.

5.2 Free Space Assessment

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

5.3 Temperature Assessment

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),
 C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),
 ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,
 ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

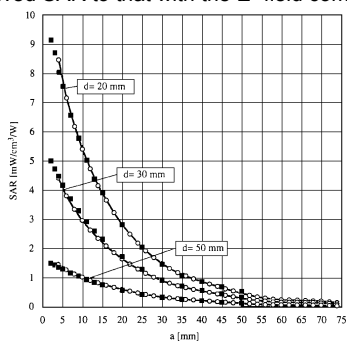


Figure 5-1 E-Field and Temperature measurements at 900MHz [9]

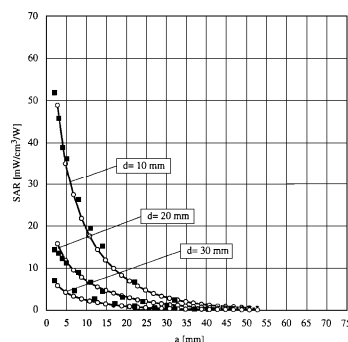


Figure 5-2 E-Field and temperature measurements at 1.9GHz [9]

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6 PHANTOM AND EQUIVALENT TISSUES

6.1 SAM Phantoms



**Figure 6-1
SAM Phantoms**

The SAM Twin Phantom V4.0 is constructed of a fiberglass shell integrated in a table. The shape of the shell is based on data from an anatomical study designed to represent the 90th percentile of the population [12][13]. The phantom enables the dosimetric evaluation of SAR for both left and right handed handset usage, as well as body-worn usage using the flat phantom region. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. The shell phantom has a 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region where shell thickness increases to 6 mm).

6.2 Tissue Simulating Mixture Characterization

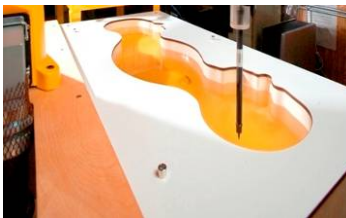


**Figure 6-2
SAM Phantom with
Simulating Tissue**

**Table 6-1
Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter**

Frequency (MHz)	835	835	1900	1900	2450	2450	5200-5800	5200-5800
Tissue	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Ingredients (% by weight)								
Bactericide	0.1	0.1						
DGBE			44.92	29.44	7.99	26.7		
HEC	1	1						
NaCl	1.45	0.94	0.18	0.39	0.16	0.1		
Sucrose	57	44.9						
Triton X-100					19.97		17.24	10.67
Diethyleneglycol monohexylether							17.24	10.67
Water	40.45	53.06	54.9	70.17	71.88	73.2	65.52	78.66

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7 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT & PHANTOM SPECS

7.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm x 15mm.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during testing the 1 gram cube. This fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume of 32mm x 32mm x 30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5 x 5 x 7 points. On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual for more details):
 - a. The data was extrapolated to the surface of the outer-shell of the phantom. The combined distance extrapolated was the combined distance from the center of the dipoles 2.7mm away from the tip of the probe housing plus the 1.2 mm distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete. If the value deviated by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.
5. For 5 GHz testing finer resolution zoom scans were performed as specified by FCC SAR Measurement Requirements for 3 – 6 GHz, KDB pub 865664. The 5 GHz zoom scan requires a minimum volume of 24mm x 24mm x 20mm and 7 x 7 x 11 points.

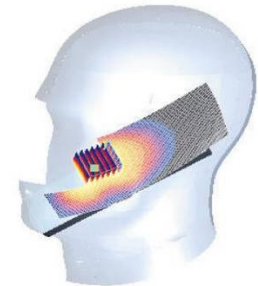


Figure 7-1
Sample SAR Area Scan

7.2 Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) Specifications

The phantom for handset SAR assessment testing is a low-loss dielectric shell, with shape and dimensions derived from the anthropometric data of the 90th percentile adult male head dimensions as tabulated by the US Army. The SAM Twin Phantom shell is bisected along the mid-sagittal plane into right and left halves (see Figure 7-2). The perimeter sidewalls of each phantom halves are extended to allow filling with liquid to a depth that is sufficient to minimize reflections from the upper surface. The liquid depth is maintained at a minimum depth of 15 cm.



Figure 7-2
SAM Twin Phantom Shell

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8

DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

8.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 8-1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point "M" is the reference point for the center of the mouth, "LE" is the left ear reference point (ERP), and "RE" is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 8-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 8-2). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

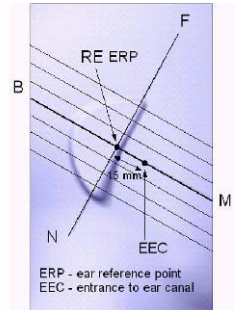


Figure 8-1
Close-Up Side view
of ERP

8.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point" (See Figure 8-3). The "test device reference point" was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 8-2
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

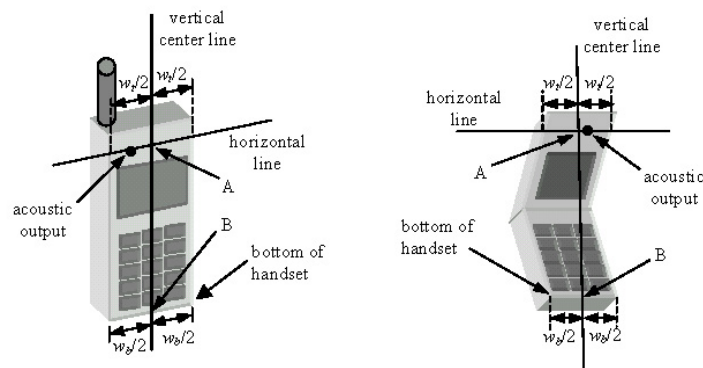


Figure 8-3
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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9 TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS

9.1 Device Holder

The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

9.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

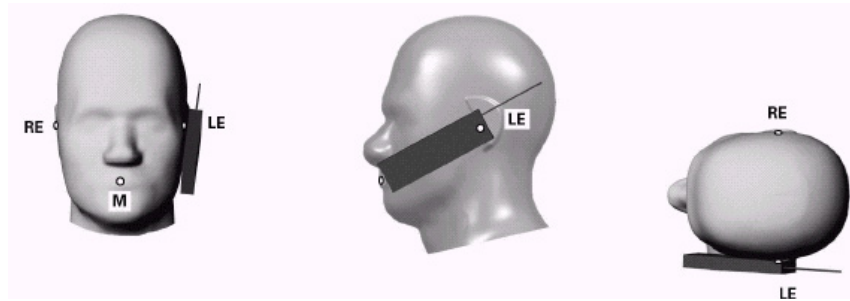


Figure 9-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 9-2).

9.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 9-2).

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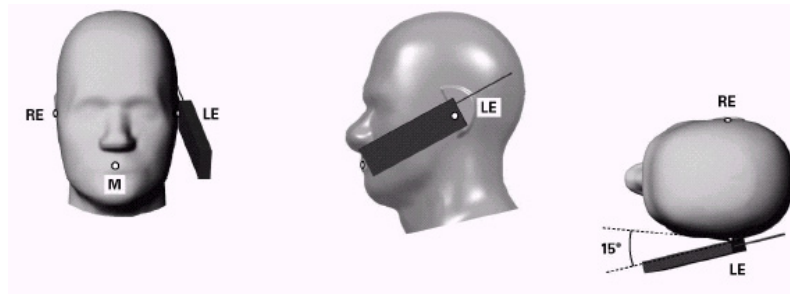


Figure 9-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

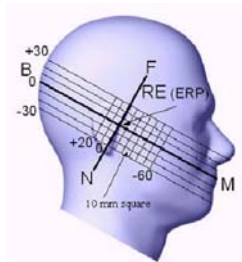


Figure 9-3
Side view w/ relevant markings



Figure 9-4 Body SAR Sample Photo
(Not Actual EUT)

9.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones. It has been known for some time that there are SAR measurement difficulties in these regions of the SAM phantom. SAR probes are calibrated in tissue equivalent liquids with sufficient separation between the probe sensors and nearby physical boundaries to ensure scattering does not affect probe calibration. When the probe tip is moved into tight regions with multiple boundaries surrounding its sensors, probe calibration and measurement accuracy can become questionable. In addition, these measurement locations often require a probe to be tilted at steep angles, where it may no longer comply with calibration requirements and measurement protocols, or satisfy the required measurement uncertainty. In some situations it is not feasible to tilt the probe or rotate the phantom, as suggested by measurement standards, to conduct these measurements.

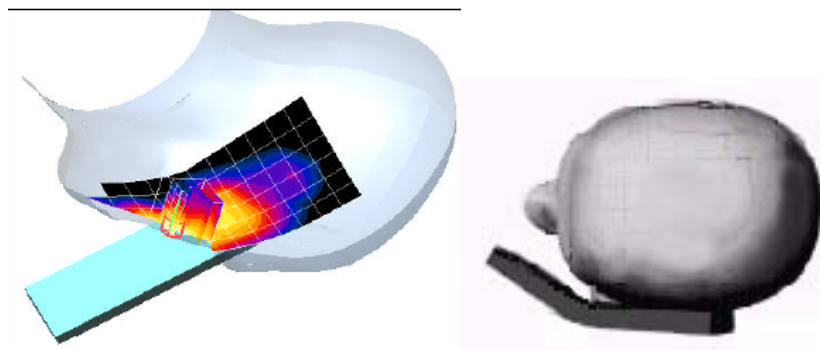


Figure 9-5
SAR Scans near the Jaw/Mouth

In order to ensure there is sufficient conservativeness for ensuring compliance until practical solutions are available, additional measurement considerations are necessary to address these technical difficulties. When measurements are required near the mouth, nose, jaw or similar tight regions of the SAM phantom,

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area or zoom scans are often unable to fully enclose the peak SAR location as required by IEEE 1528 and Supplement C, due to probe orientation and positioning difficulties. Even when limited measurements are possible, the test results could be questionable due to probe calibration and measurement uncertainty issues. Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document publication 648474. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. **Rectangular shaped phones** should be positioned with its bottom edge positioned from the flat phantom with the same distance provided by the cheek touching position using SAM. The ear reference point (ERP, as defined for SAM) of the phone should be positioned ½ cm from the flat phantom shell. **Clam-shell phones** should be positioned with the hinge against a smooth edge of the flat phantom where the upper half of the phone is unfolded and extended beyond the phantom side wall. The lower half of the phone is secured in the test device holder at a fixed distance below the flat phantom determined by the minimum separation along the lower edge of the phone in the cheek touching position using SAM. Any case with substantial variation in separation distance along the lower edge of a clam shell is discussed with the FCC for best-to-use methodology.

The flat phantom data should allow test results to be compared uniformly across measurement systems, until suitable solutions are available in measurement standards to address certain probe calibration and positioning issues, due to implementation differences between horizontal and upright SAM configurations. These flat phantom procedures are only applicable for stand-alone SAR evaluation in tight regions of the SAM phantom, where measurement is not feasible or test results can be questionable due to probe calibration and accessibility issues. Details on device positioning and photos showing how separation distances are determined are included in the SAR report Photographs. SAR for other regions of the head must be evaluated using SAM; therefore, a phone with antennas at different locations may require flat and SAM phantom evaluation for the different antennas.

9.5 Body Holster /Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9-4). A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

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10 FCC RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

10.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

10.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 10-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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11 FCC 3G MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

11.1 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. When the power drift was more than 5%, the SAR test was repeated.

11.2 SAR Measurement Conditions for CDMA2000

The following procedures were performed according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

11.2.1 Output Power Verification

See 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E as recommended by "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007. Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to procedures in section 4.4.5.2 of 3GPP2 C.S0011/TIA-98-E. SO55 tests were measured with power control bits in the "All Up" condition.

1. If the mobile station (MS) supports Reverse TCH RC 1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC=1/1) with 9600 bps data rate only.
2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-1, Table 11-1 parameters were applied.
3. If the MS supports the RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH₀ and demodulation of RC 3,4, or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
4. Under RC3, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-2, Table 11-2 was applied.
5. FCHs were configured at full rate for maximum SAR with "All Up" power control bits.

Table 11-1
Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-104
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

Table 11-2
Parameters for Max. Power for RC3

Parameter	Units	Value
I_{or}	dBm/1.23 MHz	-86
$\frac{Pilot E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7
$\frac{Traffic E_c}{I_{or}}$	dB	-7.4

11.2.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate using Loopback Service Option SO55. SAR for RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise,

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SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1 using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

11.2.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured in RC3 with the DUT configured to transmit at full rate on FCH with all other code channels disabled using TDSO / SO32. SAR for multiple code channels (FCH + SCH_n) is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured with FCH only. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel (FCH + SCH_n) with FCH at full rate and SCH₀ enabled at 9600 bps using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel with FCH only. When multiple code channels are enabled, the DUT output may shift by more than 0.5 dB and lead to higher SAR drifts and SCH dropouts. Body SAR was measured using TDSO / SO32 with power control bits in the “All Up”

Body SAR in RC1 is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in RC1; with Loopback Service Option SO55, at full rate, using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3.

11.2.4 Handsets with EVDO

For handsets with Ev-Do capabilities, when the maximum average output of each channel in Rev. 0 is less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3 (1x RTT), body SAR for EV-DO is not required. Otherwise, SAR for Rev. 0 is measured on the maximum output channel at 153.6 kbps using the body exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for that channel in RC3. SAR for Rev. A is not required when the maximum average output of each channel is less than that measured in Rev. 0 or less than ¼ dB higher than that measured in RC3. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and a Termination Target of 16 slots defined for Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. A Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots would be configured in the downlink for both Rev. 0 and Rev. A.

11.2.5 Body SAR Measurements for EVDO Hotspot

Hotspot Body SAR is measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. SAR for Subtype 2 Physical layer configurations is not required for Rev. A when the maximum average output of each RF channels is less than that measured in Subtype 0/1 Physical layer configurations. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for Rev. A using the exposure configuration that results in the highest SAR for the RF channels in Rev. 0. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations; and a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots in Subtype 2 Physical Layer configurations. Both FTAP and FETAP are configured with a Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with the ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. AT power control should be in “All Bits Up” conditions for TAP/ETAP.

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11.3 RF Conducted Powers

11.3.1 CDMA Conducted Powers

Band	Channel	Frequency	SO55 [dBm]	SO55 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	TDSO SO32 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. 0 [dBm]	1x EvDO Rev. A [dBm]
	F-RC	MHz	RC1	RC3	FCH+SCH	FCH	(RTAP)	(RETAP)
Cellular	1013	824.7	24.59	24.56	24.54	24.53	24.30	24.35
	384	835.52	24.57	24.53	24.51	24.50	24.25	24.36
	777	848.31	24.41	24.40	24.38	24.39	24.30	24.25
PCS	25	1851.25	23.80	23.77	23.79	23.79	23.60	23.53
	600	1880	23.88	23.89	23.90	23.90	23.64	23.66
	1175	1908.75	24.00	23.92	23.96	23.97	23.70	23.70

Note: RC1 is only applicable for IS-95 compatibility.

Per KDB Publication 941225 D01:

1. Head SAR was tested with SO55 RC3. SO55 RC1 was not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB than the SO55 RC3 powers.
2. Body-Worn SAR was tested with TDSO32 FCH. EVDO and TDSO32 FCH+SCH SAR tests were not required since the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the TDSO32 FCH powers.
3. EVDO was tested for Head and Body-Worn SAR with Rev. A per KDB 941225 D01, since EVDO VOIP is possible. EVDO Rev. 0 and RC3 (1x RTT) was not required to be tested since the maximum average output of each channel was not more than ¼ dB higher than that measured Rev A.

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GSM Conducted Powers

		Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power				
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)		EDGE Data (8-PSK)	
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot
PCS	512	29.50	29.52	29.50	26.12	26.10
	661	29.87	29.87	29.74	26.45	26.44
	810	29.45	29.46	29.32	26.04	26.08

		Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power				
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)		EDGE Data (8-PSK)	
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot
PCS	512	20.47	20.49	23.48	17.09	20.08
	661	20.84	20.84	23.72	17.42	20.42
	810	20.42	20.43	23.30	17.01	20.06

Notes:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots. The bolded GPRS/EDGE modes were selected according to the highest frame-averaged output power table according to KDB 941225 D03.
- GPRS/EDGE (GMSK) output powers were measured with CS1. EDGE (8-PSK) powers were measured with MCS7.
- Head SAR was tested with GPRS to cover the simultaneous scenario of GPRS transmitting during a CDMA voice call.
- Hotspot SAR was tested with GSM Voice to cover the scenario of a GSM voice call simultaneously transmitting during a CDMA hotspot session.

GSM Class: B
GPRS Multislot class: 10 (max 2 Tx Uplink slots)
EDGE Multislot class: 10 (max 2Tx Uplink slots)
DTM Multislot Class: N/A

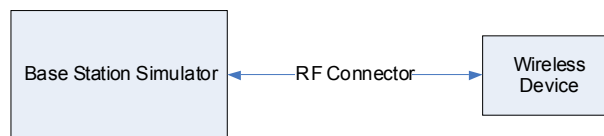


Figure 11-1
Power Measurement Setup

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12 SAR TESTING WITH IEEE 802.11 TRANSMITTERS

Per FCC KDB 248227 publication, normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable.

12.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

12.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [27]

802.11 a/b/g and 5GHz operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11 b/g/n modes are tested on channels 1, 6 and 11. 802.11a/n is tested for UNII operations on channels 36 and 48 in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band; channels 52 and 64 in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band; channels 104, 116, 124 and 136 in the 5.470-5.725 GHz band; and channels 149 and 161 in the 5.8 GHz band. When 5.8 GHz §15.247 is also available, channels 149, 157 and 165 should be tested instead of the UNII channels. These are referred to as the “default test channels”. For 2.4 GHz, 802.11g/n modes were evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11b mode. For 5 GHz, 802.11n modes were evaluated only if the output power was 0.25 dB higher than the 802.11a mode.

Table 12-1
IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Conducted Power [dBm]			
			Data Rate [Mbps]			
			1	2	5.5	11
802.11b	2412	1	15.65	15.60	15.61	15.59
802.11b	2437	6	16.36	16.35	16.36	16.25
802.11b	2462	11	16.93	16.87	16.90	16.89

Table 12-2
IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11g	2412	1	12.63	12.60	12.55	12.61	12.60	12.67	12.61	12.62
802.11g	2437	6	13.26	13.26	13.29	13.28	13.26	13.27	13.31	13.30
802.11g	2462	11	13.72	13.70	13.74	13.72	13.73	13.76	13.70	13.67

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Table 12-3
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6.5	13	20	26	39	52	58	65
802.11n	2412	1	10.50	10.51	10.45	10.46	10.41	10.51	10.52	10.52
802.11n	2437	6	11.23	11.14	11.13	11.14	11.18	11.15	11.22	11.15
802.11n	2462	11	11.75	11.63	11.62	11.65	11.65	11.70	11.68	11.69

Table 12-4
IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11a	5180	36	12.26	12.30	12.30	12.37	12.40	12.42	12.48	12.45
802.11a	5200	40	12.24	12.18	12.28	12.22	12.24	12.41	12.36	12.35
802.11a	5220	44	12.18	12.14	12.17	12.18	12.19	12.21	12.30	12.28
802.11a	5240	48	12.09	12.10	12.14	12.17	12.14	12.22	12.26	12.22
802.11a	5260	52	11.97	12.00	12.19	12.12	12.01	12.18	12.15	12.19
802.11a	5280	56	11.89	11.94	11.85	11.94	12.00	12.09	12.12	12.10
802.11a	5300	60	11.78	11.85	11.86	11.89	11.95	12.01	11.96	11.82
802.11a	5320	64	11.74	11.73	11.76	11.75	11.80	11.84	11.81	11.84
802.11a	5500	100	11.38	11.45	11.49	11.47	11.51	11.52	11.50	11.58
802.11a	5520	104	11.45	11.42	11.43	11.40	11.50	11.51	11.47	11.45
802.11a	5540	108	11.35	11.36	11.27	11.48	11.33	11.57	11.40	11.50
802.11a	5560	112	11.24	11.28	11.27	11.37	11.23	11.36	11.30	11.41
802.11a	5580	116	11.19	11.28	11.26	11.29	11.23	11.23	11.27	11.30
802.11a	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11a	5660	132	10.94	11.01	10.95	11.02	11.08	11.08	11.04	11.03
802.11a	5680	136	10.92	10.91	10.91	10.92	10.96	11.03	11.05	11.04
802.11a	5700	140	10.83	10.88	10.86	10.90	10.92	11.08	10.97	10.83
802.11a	5745	149	12.16	12.11	12.15	12.13	12.17	12.29	12.26	12.20
802.11a	5765	153	12.17	12.17	12.13	12.11	12.21	12.17	12.23	12.18
802.11a	5785	157	11.97	12.06	12.11	12.11	12.07	12.13	12.13	12.19
802.11a	5805	161	11.98	11.99	12.08	12.06	12.09	12.11	12.12	12.18
802.11a	5825	165	11.99	12.04	12.07	12.06	12.07	12.07	12.02	12.09

Notes:

1. This device does not transmit any beacons or initiate any transmissions in 5.3 and 5.5 GHz Bands.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 443999, transmission on channels which overlap the 5600-5650 MHz is prohibited as a client.

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Table 12-5
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power

Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	Conducted Power [dBm]							
			Data Rate [Mbps]							
			6.5	13	20	26	39	52	58	65
802.11n	5180	36	12.15	12.15	12.17	12.25	12.27	12.27	12.34	12.38
802.11n	5200	40	12.08	12.09	12.13	12.12	12.10	12.18	12.24	12.26
802.11n	5220	44	11.94	12.01	12.08	12.12	12.12	12.14	12.21	12.32
802.11n	5240	48	11.90	11.88	11.97	12.06	11.91	12.20	12.12	12.13
802.11n	5260	52	11.79	11.85	11.83	11.93	11.95	12.02	11.95	11.99
802.11n	5280	56	11.72	11.83	11.79	11.92	11.88	12.13	11.86	12.00
802.11n	5300	60	11.58	11.79	11.64	11.86	11.77	11.77	11.83	11.80
802.11n	5320	64	11.55	11.53	11.81	11.63	11.64	11.67	11.69	11.69
802.11n	5500	100	11.30	11.17	11.29	11.51	11.42	11.34	11.34	11.36
802.11n	5520	104	11.26	11.18	11.20	11.48	11.26	11.32	11.27	11.39
802.11n	5540	108	11.20	11.10	11.40	11.19	11.26	11.24	11.25	11.32
802.11n	5560	112	11.04	11.44	11.17	11.18	11.24	11.21	11.29	11.16
802.11n	5580	116	10.97	11.00	11.13	11.04	11.00	11.05	11.15	11.10
802.11n	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
802.11n	5660	132	10.78	10.80	10.82	10.99	10.94	10.85	10.95	11.13
802.11n	5680	136	10.67	10.88	10.75	10.74	10.80	11.00	10.82	11.03
802.11n	5700	140	10.64	10.92	10.69	10.93	10.85	10.82	10.78	10.98
802.11n	5745	149	11.99	11.97	12.08	11.96	12.04	12.28	12.08	12.17
802.11n	5765	153	11.91	12.01	12.06	12.04	11.95	11.92	12.11	12.06
802.11n	5785	157	11.87	11.88	11.93	12.00	11.93	12.00	11.99	11.93
802.11n	5805	161	12.06	11.96	11.85	11.97	12.01	11.95	11.99	12.03
802.11n	5825	165	11.88	12.00	11.80	11.78	12.04	12.13	11.99	11.93

Notes:

1. This device does not transmit any beacons or initiate any transmissions in 5.3 and 5.5 GHz Bands.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 443999, transmission on channels which overlap the 5600-5650 MHz is prohibited as a client.

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. IEEE 802.11 g/n modes were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the tested channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11b mode.
- For 5 GHz, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11a were selected for SAR evaluation. IEEE 802.11 n modes were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the tested channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11a mode.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.



Figure 12-1
Power Measurement Setup

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13 FCC PERSONAL WIRELESS ROUTER CONFIGURATIONS

13.1 Personal Wireless Router Considerations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 for handsets greater than 9 cm x 5 cm where SAR test considerations are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the edges, front and back of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

13.2 SAR Test Setup for Personal Wireless Router Features

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

13.3 Power Reduction for Portable Hotspot Mode

This model does not support any power reduction for portable hotspot mode.

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13.4 SAR Test Configurations

Table 13-1
Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing

Mobile Hotspot Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
GSM Voice (See Sec. 17.1)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Cell. CDMA	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
PCS CDMA	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

Notes:

1. GPRS/EDGE 1900 is not capable of Portable Hotspot (See Section 17.1).
2. When Hotspot is enabled all 5 GHz bands are disabled.
3. Therefore, GPRS/EDGE 1900 and 5 GHz WLAN are not denoted in the above table.

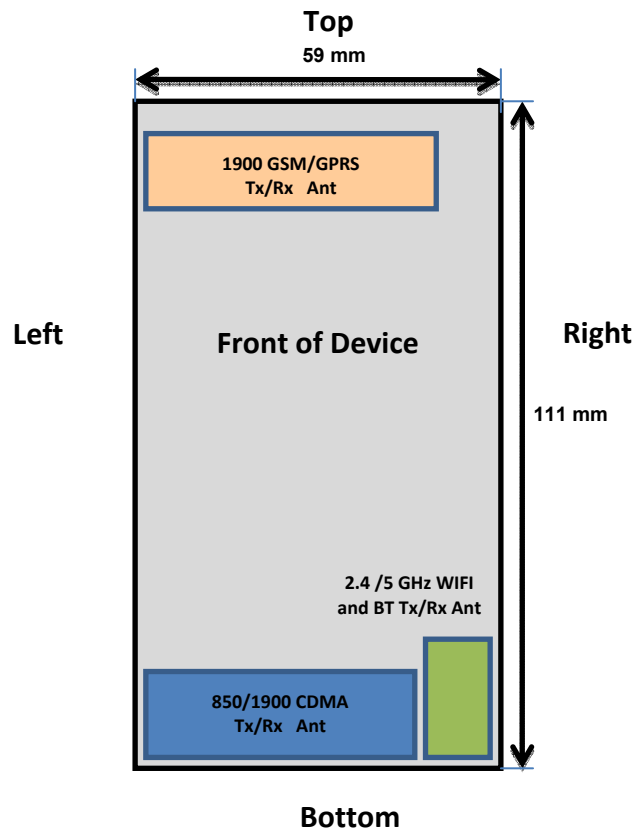


Figure 13-1 Identification of Sides for SAR Testing

Note: Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, the edges with antennas within 2.5 cm are required to be evaluated for SAR. The antenna distance document contains the measured distances of the antennas to the edges of the device.

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14 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

14.1 Tissue Verification

Table 14-1
Measured Tissue Properties

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (C°)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
10/25/2011	835H	22.5	820	0.855	40.96	0.898	41.571	-4.79%	-1.47%
			835	0.873	40.87	0.900	41.500	-3.00%	-1.52%
			850	0.889	40.64	0.916	41.500	-2.95%	-2.07%
11/10/2011	1900H	23.6	1850	1.415	38.55	1.400	40.000	1.07%	-3.63%
			1880	1.445	38.45	1.400	40.000	3.21%	-3.87%
			1910	1.465	38.29	1.400	40.000	4.64%	-4.28%
11/15/2011	1900H	23.5	1850	1.380	40.67	1.400	40.000	-1.43%	1.68%
			1880	1.424	40.54	1.400	40.000	1.71%	1.35%
			1910	1.438	40.54	1.400	40.000	2.71%	1.35%
10/24/2011	2450H	22.0	2401	1.813	37.52	1.758	39.298	3.13%	-4.52%
			2450	1.865	37.34	1.800	39.200	3.61%	-4.74%
			2499	1.926	37.24	1.852	39.135	4.00%	-4.84%
10/27/2011	5200H-5800H	22.5	5180	4.644	34.89	4.639	36.020	0.11%	-3.14%
			5200	4.653	34.80	4.660	36.000	-0.15%	-3.33%
			5260	4.725	34.61	4.720	35.940	0.11%	-3.70%
			5500	5.019	34.27	4.965	35.650	1.09%	-3.87%
			5520	4.994	34.20	4.986	35.620	0.16%	-3.99%
			5765	5.287	33.76	5.235	35.335	0.99%	-4.46%
10/25/2011	835B	22.5	820	0.971	54.78	0.969	55.284	0.21%	-0.91%
			835	0.981	54.82	0.970	55.200	1.13%	-0.69%
			850	0.997	54.65	0.988	55.154	0.91%	-0.91%
11/11/2011	835B	23.5	820	0.958	54.30	0.969	55.284	-1.14%	-1.78%
			835	0.978	54.22	0.970	55.200	0.82%	-1.78%
			850	0.996	53.96	0.988	55.154	0.81%	-2.16%
11/16/2011	835B	23.3	820	0.966	53.39	0.969	55.284	-0.31%	-3.43%
			835	0.982	52.97	0.970	55.200	1.24%	-4.04%
			850	0.997	52.76	0.988	55.154	0.91%	-4.34%
11/02/2011	1900B	23.1	1850	1.492	51.64	1.520	53.300	-1.84%	-3.11%
			1880	1.511	51.54	1.520	53.300	-0.59%	-3.30%
			1910	1.552	51.48	1.520	53.300	2.11%	-3.41%
11/15/2011	1900B	23.6	1850	1.452	51.24	1.520	53.300	-4.47%	-3.86%
			1880	1.485	51.10	1.520	53.300	-2.30%	-4.13%
			1910	1.515	51.09	1.520	53.300	-0.33%	-4.15%
10/24/2011	2450B	22.0	2401	1.870	51.47	1.903	52.765	-1.73%	-2.45%
			2450	1.935	51.30	1.950	52.700	-0.77%	-2.66%
			2499	2.011	51.14	2.019	52.638	-0.40%	-2.85%
11/17/2011	2450B	23.0	2401	1.879	50.78	1.903	52.765	-1.26%	-3.76%
			2450	1.949	50.48	1.950	52.700	-0.05%	-4.21%
			2499	2.016	50.44	2.019	52.638	-0.15%	-4.18%
10/27/2011	5200B-5800B	22.5	5180	5.403	47.69	5.276	49.041	2.41%	-2.75%
			5200	5.420	47.69	5.299	49.014	2.28%	-2.70%
			5260	5.487	47.38	5.369	48.906	2.20%	-3.12%
			5500	5.874	47.04	5.650	48.580	3.96%	-3.17%
			5520	5.881	46.96	5.673	48.553	3.67%	-3.28%
			5765	6.223	46.49	5.959	48.220	4.43%	-3.59%
			5800	6.292	46.36	6.000	48.200	4.87%	-3.82%

Note: KDB Publication 450824 was ensured to be applied for probe calibration frequencies greater than or equal to 50 MHz of the DUT frequencies.

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software to perform interpolation via the DASY software to determine actual dielectric parameters at the test frequencies (per IEEE 1528 6.6.1.2). The SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above since the DASY software rounds to three significant digits.

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14.2 Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured
- 4) The complex relative permittivity , for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Misra):

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{[\ln(b/a)]^2} \int_a^b \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \frac{\exp[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r'\epsilon_0)^{1/2}]}{r} d\phi' d\rho' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

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Prior to assessment, the system is verified to $\pm 10\%$ of the manufacturer SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration.

System Verification											
TARGET & MEASURED											
Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Tissue Type	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
10/25/2011	23.5	21.8	0.100	835	4d047	3258	Head	0.907	9.530	9.070	-4.83%
11/10/2011	24.2	22.7	0.040	1900	502	3561	Head	1.7	40.200	42.500	5.72%
11/15/2011	23.4	22.2	0.100	1900	502	3209	Head	3.89	40.200	38.900	-3.23%
10/24/2011	24.5	22.8	0.025	2450	797	3561	Head	1.36	53.300	54.400	2.06%
10/27/2011	23.9	22.3	0.100	5800	1057	3561	Head	8.61	82.900	86.100	3.86%
10/27/2011	23.6	21.8	0.100	5200	1057	3561	Head	8.53	83.100	85.300	2.65%
10/27/2011	23.8	22.1	0.100	5500	1057	3561	Head	8.66	90.100	86.600	-3.88%
10/25/2011	23.8	21.9	0.100	835	4d047	3258	Body	0.973	9.850	9.730	-1.22%
11/11/2011	23.6	22.0	0.100	835	4d047	3258	Body	0.979	9.850	9.790	-0.61%
11/16/2011	24.3	23.5	0.100	835	4d047	3258	Body	1.01	9.850	10.100	2.54%
11/02/2011	23.6	22.0	0.100	1900	502	3209	Body	4.36	41.100	43.600	6.08%
11/15/2011	23.4	22.0	0.100	1900	502	3209	Body	4.04	41.100	40.400	-1.70%
10/24/2011	24.3	22.5	0.025	2450	797	3561	Body	1.3	52.300	52.000	-0.57%
11/17/2011	24.0	22.5	0.040	2450	797	3258	Body	2.17	52.300	54.250	3.73%
10/27/2011	23.7	21.8	0.100	5800	1057	3561	Body	7.89	75.000	78.900	5.20%
10/27/2011	23.2	21.6	0.100	5200	1057	3561	Body	8.01	77.700	80.100	3.09%
10/27/2011	23.5	21.7	0.100	5500	1057	3561	Body	8.95	84.400	89.500	6.04%

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15 SAR DATA SUMMARY

Table 15-1
Cell. CDMA Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.								(W/kg)
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	1xRTT	24.53	0.08	Right	Touch	FI-254-B	0.089
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	1xRTT	24.53	0.02	Right	Tilt	FI-254-B	0.056
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	1xRTT	24.53	0.08	Left	Touch	FI-254-B	0.085
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	1xRTT	24.53	0.07	Left	Tilt	FI-254-B	0.059
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.36	0.20	Right	Touch	FI-254-B	0.083
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.36	0.12	Right	Tilt	FI-254-B	0.060
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.36	0.14	Left	Touch	FI-254-B	0.067
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.36	0.08	Left	Tilt	FI-254-B	0.057
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram			

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
5. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid as the SAR tests.
6. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
7. 1xRTT CDMA mode was tested under RC3/SO55 per KDB Publication 941225 D01.
8. All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.
9. **EVDO was tested for Head SAR due to the DUT's capability of third party applications that support VOIP per Applicant's request. Per KDB 941225 D01, EVDO was tested for Head with EVDO Rev. A since EVDO VOIP is possible with the device as well as covering conditions where GSM Voice operates simultaneously with EVDO Data while held to the ear.**

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Table 15-2
PCS CDMA Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS									
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Serial Number	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.								(W/kg)
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	1xRTT	23.89	-0.15	Right	Touch	FI-254-A	0.087
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	1xRTT	23.89	-0.01	Right	Tilt	FI-254-A	0.123
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	1xRTT	23.89	0.13	Left	Touch	FI-254-A	0.108
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	1xRTT	23.89	-0.12	Left	Tilt	FI-254-A	0.117
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.66	0.10	Right	Touch	FI-254-A	0.073
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.66	0.14	Right	Tilt	FI-254-A	0.112
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.66	0.04	Left	Touch	FI-254-A	0.109
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.66	0.05	Left	Tilt	FI-254-A	0.104
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Head			
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram			

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
5. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
6. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid as the SAR tests.
7. 1xRTT CDMA mode was tested under RC3/SO55 per KDB Publication 941225 D01.
8. All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.
9. **EVDO was tested for Head SAR due to the DUT's capability of third party applications that support VOIP per Applicant's request. Per KDB 941225 D01, EVDO was tested for Head with EVDO Rev. A since EVDO VOIP is possible with the device as well as covering conditions where GSM Voice operates simultaneously with EVDO Data while held to the ear.**

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Table 15-3
GSM 1900 Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Serial Number	# of GSM/GPRS Slots	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	0.00	Right	Touch	FI-254-A	1	0.184
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	0.02	Right	Tilt	FI-254-A	1	0.183
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	-0.10	Left	Touch	FI-254-A	1	0.334
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	0.06	Left	Tilt	FI-254-A	1	0.199
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	29.74	0.01	Right	Touch	FI-254-A	2	0.422
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	29.74	0.01	Right	Tilt	FI-254-A	2	0.368
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	29.74	0.01	Left	Touch	FI-254-A	2	0.665
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	29.74	0.06	Left	Tilt	FI-254-A	2	0.411
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
4. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
5. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
6. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid as the SAR tests.
7. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. In addition to the worst case reported, all source-based time-averaged powers within 10% of the worst-case were additionally included in the evaluation.
8. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, cheek/touch, tilt/ear, extended and retracted) is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
9. All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.
10. **Head SAR was tested with GPRS to cover the simultaneous scenario of GPRS transmitting during a CDMA voice call while held to ear.**

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Table 15-4
2.4 GHz WLAN Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.93	0.17	Right	Touch	FI-254-B	1	0.030
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.93	-0.12	Right	Tilt	FI-254-B	1	0.033
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.93	0.19	Left	Touch	FI-254-B	1	0.022
2462	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.93	-0.13	Left	Tilt	FI-254-B	1	0.022
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Head				
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram				

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
5. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11b mode.
6. WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
7. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid as the SAR tests.
8. All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.

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**Table 15-5
5.8 GHz Head SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.17	-0.11	Right	Touch	FI-254-B	6	0.017
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.17	-0.19	Right	Tilt	FI-254-B	6	0.012
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.17	0.16	Left	Touch	FI-254-B	6	0.001
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.17	-0.15	Left	Tilt	FI-254-B	6	0.002
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
5. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid as the SAR tests.
6. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11a mode.
7. WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
8. All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.

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Table 15-6
5.2 GHz Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.26	0.11	Right	Touch	FI-254-B	6	0.012
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.26	0.16	Right	Tilt	FI-254-B	6	0.009
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.26	-0.17	Left	Touch	FI-254-B	6	0.003
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.26	-0.21	Left	Tilt	FI-254-B	6	0.000
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Head				
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram				

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
5. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid as the SAR tests.
6. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11a mode.
7. WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
8. All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.

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Table 15-7
5.3 GHz Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.97	-0.14	Right	Touch	FI-254-B	6	0.015
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.97	-0.20	Right	Tilt	FI-254-B	6	0.011
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.97	0.10	Left	Touch	FI-254-B	6	0.004
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.97	-0.11	Left	Tilt	FI-254-B	6	0.001
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
5. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid as the SAR tests.
6. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11a mode.
7. WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
8. All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.

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Table 15-8
5.5 GHz Head SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS										
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.									(W/kg)
5520	104	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.45	0.13	Right	Touch	FI-254-B	6	0.017
5520	104	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.45	-0.15	Right	Tilt	FI-254-B	6	0.010
5520	104	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.45	-0.15	Left	Touch	FI-254-B	6	0.007
5520	104	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.45	-0.19	Left	Tilt	FI-254-B	6	0.001
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
2. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
5. To confirm the proper SAR liquid depth, the z-axis plots from the system verifications were included since the system verifications were performed using the same liquid as the SAR tests.
6. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 and April 2010 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11n) were not investigated since the average output powers were not greater than 0.25 dB than that of the corresponding channel in the lowest data rate IEEE 802.11a mode.
7. WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
8. All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.

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**Table 15-9
Body-Worn SAR Results**

MEASUREMENT RESULTS												
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Position	Spacing	Serial Number	# of GSM/GPRS Slots	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	TDSO32	24.50	0.08	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	back	0.438
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.36	0.08	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	N/A	back	0.396
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	TDSO32	23.90	-0.08	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	back	0.193
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.66	-0.08	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	N/A	back	0.178
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	29.74	-0.03	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-A	2	N/A	back	0.388
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	0.01	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-A	1	N/A	back	0.236
2462.00	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.93	-0.13	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	1	back	0.038
5765	153	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.17	0.15	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	6	back	0.133
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	12.26	0.18	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	6	back	0.091
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.97	-0.10	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	6	back	0.096
5520	104	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	11.45	0.17	Body	1.5 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	6	back	0.106
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

- The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001].
- All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
- Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
- Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
- Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
- Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. In addition to the worst case reported, all source-based time-averaged powers within 10% of the worst-case were additionally included in the evaluation.
- Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn testing. A separation distance of 15 mm was used for CDMA, GSM and 802.11b testing because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
- Body-worn TDSO CDMA SAR was tested under RC3/SO32 with FCH only since FCH+SCH modes are not greater than 0.25 dB of the FCH only mode per KDB Publication 941225 D01.
- Body-worn SAR was tested in GSM voice mode for voice operations. Body-worn GPRS Data mode was additionally tested at the same test distance to support the simultaneous transmission scenarios in Section 16.
- Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
- All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.
- EVDO was tested for Body-worn SAR due to the DUT's capability of third party applications that support VOIP per Applicant's request. Per KDB 941225 D01, EVDO was tested with EVDO Rev. A since EVDO VOIP is possible with the device as well as covering conditions where GSM Voice operates simultaneously with EVDO Data while in body-worn configuration.**

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Table 15-10
Hotspot SAR Results

MEASUREMENT RESULTS											
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Serial Number	# of GSM Slots	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	SAR (1g)
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.25	-0.09	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	back	0.688
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.25	-0.15	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	front	0.118
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.25	-0.11	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	bottom	0.126
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.25	0.09	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	right	0.183
836.52	384	Cell. CDMA	EVDO	24.25	-0.05	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	left	0.332
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.64	-0.02	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	back	0.366
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.64	-0.04	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	front	0.030
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.64	-0.05	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	bottom	0.308
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.64	-0.12	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	right	0.035
1880.00	600	PCS CDMA	EVDO	23.64	-0.03	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	N/A	N/A	left	0.158
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	0.00	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	1	N/A	back	0.558
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	0.06	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	1	N/A	front	0.138
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	-0.04	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	1	N/A	top	0.198
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	-0.05	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	1	N/A	right	0.069
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	29.87	-0.04	1.0 cm	FI-254-A	1	N/A	left	0.328
2462.00	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.93	-0.01	1.0 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	1	back	0.105
2462.00	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.93	0.20	1.0 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	1	front	0.008
2462.00	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.93	-0.11	1.0 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	1	bottom	0.034
2462.00	11	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	16.93	-0.17	1.0 cm	FI-254-B	N/A	1	right	0.038
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT						Body					
Spatial Peak						1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population						averaged over 1 gram					

Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR value with the position set in a typical configuration. Test procedures used were according to FCC/OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C [June 2001]
2. All modes of operation were investigated, and worst-case results are reported.
3. Tissue parameters and temperatures are listed on the SAR plots.
4. Batteries are fully charged for all readings. Standard battery was used.
5. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing.
7. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. In addition to the worst case reported, all source-based time-averaged powers within 10% of the worst-case were additionally included in the evaluation.

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8. Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01, CDMA Hotspot Body SAR was tested with EVDO Rev. 0 per FCC 3G Guidance (See Section 11.2.5). Rev A and TDSO32 tests were not required since the maximum average output of each channel in Rev. A and TDSO32 was not more than ¼ dB higher than that channel in Rev.0.
9. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. In addition to the worst-case reported, all source-based time-averaged powers within 10% of the worst-case were additionally included in the evaluation.
10. Justification for reduced test configurations: Per FCC/OET Bulletin 65 Supplement C (June 2001) and Public Notice DA-02-1438, if the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s).
11. WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
12. All samples tested were electrically identical per the applicant.
13. Top Edge was not tested for CDMA and WLAN, and Bottom Edge was not tested for GSM since the distance from the edges to the respective antennas were greater than 2.5 cm, per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 guidance (see Section 13.4).
14. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per KDB 941225 D06, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 13.2).
- 15. GPRS/EDGE Hotspot is not applicable for this device and was not tested.**

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16 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

16.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from “FCC SAR Considerations for Cell Phones with Multiple Transmitters” FCC KDB Publication 648474 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11a/b/g and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

16.2 FCC Power Tables & Conditions

	2.45	5.15 - 5.35	5.47 - 5.85	GHz
P_{Ref}	12	6	5	mW
Device output power should be rounded to the nearest mW to compare with values specified in this table.				

Figure 16-1
Output Power Thresholds for Unlicensed Transmitters

	Individual Transmitter	Simultaneous Transmission
Licensed Transmitters	<u>Routine evaluation required</u>	<u>SAR not required:</u> <u>Unlicensed only</u> - when stand-alone 1-g SAR is not required and antenna is ≥ 5 cm from other antennas <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> - when the sum of the 1-g SAR is < 1.6 W/kg for all simultaneous transmitting antennas - when SAR to peak location separation ratio of simultaneous transmitting antenna pair is < 0.3
Unlicensed Transmitters	<u>When there is no simultaneous transmission –</u> - output ≤ 60/f: SAR not required - output > 60/f: stand-alone SAR required <u>When there is simultaneous transmission –</u> <u>Stand-alone SAR not required when</u> - output $\leq 2 \cdot P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 5.0 cm from other antennas - output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is ≥ 2.5 cm from other antennas - output $\leq P_{Ref}$ and antenna is < 2.5 cm from other antennas, each with either output power $\leq P_{Ref}$ or 1-g SAR < 1.2 W/kg <u>Otherwise stand-alone SAR is required</u> <u>When stand-alone SAR is required</u> - test SAR on highest output channel for each wireless mode and exposure condition - if SAR for highest output channel is $> 50\%$ of SAR limit, evaluate all channels according to normal procedures	<u>SAR required:</u> <u>Licensed & Unlicensed</u> antenna pairs with SAR to peak location separation ratio ≥ 0.3 ; test is only required for the configuration that results in the highest SAR in stand-alone configuration for each wireless mode and exposure condition <u>Note: simultaneous transmission exposure conditions for head and body can be different for different style phones; therefore, different test requirements may apply</u>

Figure 16-2
SAR Evaluation Requirements for Multiple Transmitter Handsets

The maximum average RF Conducted Power of Bluetooth was measured to be 6.339 mW. Based on the output power, antenna separation distance and the Body SAR, per KDB 648474 publication, a stand-alone Bluetooth SAR test is not required.

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17 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION ANALYSIS

17.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

The following table shows exposure conditions for all transmitters operation in the DUT:

No.	Capable Transmit Configurations	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Hot Spot	Note
		IEEE 1528, Supp C	Supplement C	FCC KDB 941225 D06 edges/sides	
1	1X CDMA 850/1900 Voice + 2.4 GHz WIFI	✓	✓	N/A	Includes EVDO VOIP
2	1X CDMA 850/1900 Data + 2.4 GHz WIFI	N/A	N/A	✓	CDMA+Wi-Fi Hotspot
3	1X CDMA 850/1900 Voice + 5 GHz WIFI	✓	✓	N/A	
4	GSM1900 Voice + 2.4 GHz WIFI	✓	✓	N/A	
5	GSM1900 Voice + 5 GHz WIFI	✓	✓	N/A	
6	1X CDMA 850/1900 Voice + GSM1900 Data	✓	✓	N/A	
7	GSM1900 Voice + 1X CDMA 850/1900 Data	✓	✓	N/A	
8	1X CDMA 850/1900 Data + GSM1900 Voice + 2.4 GHz WIFI	✓	✓	✓	GSM Voice+CDMA+Wi-Fi Hotspot
9	1X CDMA 850/1900 Data + 5 GHz WIFI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W
10	GSM1900 Data + 2.4 GHz WIFI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W GSM+WiFi hotspot
11	GSM1900 Data + 5 GHz WIFI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W GSM+WiFi hotspot
12	1X CDMA 850/1900 Data + GSM1900 Data	N/A	N/A	N/A	Simultaneous Tx less than 30 seconds Receive GSM MMS with CDMA browsing.
13	1X CDMA 850/1900 Voice + GSM1900 Data + 2.4 GHz WIFI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W
14	1X CDMA 850/1900 Data + GSM1900 Data + 2.4 GHz WIFI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W
15	1X CDMA 850/1900 Voice + GSM1900 Data + 5 GHz WIFI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W
16	1X CDMA 850/1900 Data + GSM1900 Data + 5 GHz WIFI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W
17	1X CDMA 850/1900 Data + GSM1900 Voice + 5 GHz WIFI	N/A	N/A	N/A	Not supported by S/W 5GHz Wi-Fi Hotspot

Notes:

1. CDMA and EVDO share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. Bluetooth, 2.4 GHz WLAN and 5 GHz WLAN share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.

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Table 17-1
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	1x Cell CDMA SAR (W/kg)	Cell EVDO CDMA SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)						
Transmitter		1	2a	2b	3	1 + 2a	1 + 2b	1 + 3	2a + 3	2b + 3*	1+ 2a + 3	1+ 2b + 3
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.184	0.089	0.083	0.030	0.273	0.267	0.214	0.119	0.113	0.303	0.297
	Right Tilt	0.183	0.060	0.060	0.033	0.243	0.243	0.216	0.093	0.093	0.276	0.276
	Left Cheek	0.334	0.085	0.067	0.022	0.419	0.401	0.356	0.107	0.089	0.441	0.423
	Left Tilt	0.199	0.059	0.057	0.022	0.258	0.256	0.221	0.081	0.079	0.280	0.278

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	1x PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	PCS EVDO SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)						
Transmitter		1	2a	2b	3	1 + 2a	1 + 2b	1 + 3	2a + 3	2b + 3*	1+ 2a + 3	1+ 2b + 3
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.184	0.087	0.073	0.030	0.271	0.257	0.214	0.117	0.103	0.301	0.287
	Right Tilt	0.183	0.123	0.112	0.033	0.306	0.295	0.216	0.156	0.145	0.339	0.328
	Left Cheek	0.334	0.109	0.109	0.022	0.443	0.443	0.356	0.131	0.131	0.465	0.465
	Left Tilt	0.199	0.117	0.104	0.022	0.316	0.303	0.221	0.139	0.126	0.338	0.325

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	1x Cell CDMA SAR (W/kg)	Cell EVDO CDMA SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		
Transmitter		1	2a	2b	3	1 + 3	2a + 3	2b + 3*
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.184	0.089	0.083	0.017	0.201	0.106	0.100
	Right Tilt	0.183	0.060	0.060	0.012	0.195	0.072	0.072
	Left Cheek	0.334	0.085	0.067	0.007	0.341	0.092	0.074
	Left Tilt	0.199	0.059	0.057	0.002	0.201	0.061	0.059

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	1x PCS CDMA SAR (W/kg)	PCS EVDO SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		
Transmitter		1	2a	2b	3	1 + 3	2a + 3	2b + 3*
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.184	0.087	0.073	0.017	0.201	0.104	0.090
	Right Tilt	0.183	0.123	0.112	0.012	0.195	0.135	0.124
	Left Cheek	0.334	0.109	0.109	0.007	0.341	0.116	0.116
	Left Tilt	0.199	0.117	0.104	0.002	0.201	0.119	0.106

* EVDO VOIP via 3rd party applications

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Table 17-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Body-Worn, 1.5 cm)

Configuration	Mode	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	1x CDMA SAR (W/kg)	EVDO CDMA SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)						
Transmitter		1a	1b	2a	2b	3	1a + 2	1b + 2	1a + 3	2a + 3	2b + 3*	1a + 2a + 3	1a + 2b + 3
Back Side	Cell. CDMA	0.236	0.388	0.438	0.396	0.038	0.674	0.826	0.274	0.476	0.434	0.712	0.670
Back Side	PCS CDMA	0.236	0.388	0.193	0.178	0.038	0.429	0.581	0.274	0.231	0.216	0.467	0.452

* EVDO VOIP via 3rd party applications

Mode	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	1x CDMA SAR (W/kg)	EVDO CDMA SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		
	1	2a	2b	3	1 + 3	2a + 3	2b + 3
Cell. CDMA	0.236	0.438	0.396	0.133	0.369	0.571	0.529
PCS CDMA	0.236	0.193	0.178	0.133	0.369	0.326	0.311

Table 17-3
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario (Hotspot)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	Cell EVDO CDMA SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	
Transmitter		1	2	3	2 + 3	1 + 2 + 3
Body SAR	Back	0.558	0.688	0.105	0.793	1.351
	Front	0.138	0.118	0.008	0.126	0.264
	Top	0.198	-	-	0.000	0.198
	Bottom	-	0.126	0.034	0.160	0.160
	Right	0.069	0.183	0.038	0.221	0.290
	Left	0.328	0.332	-	0.332	0.660

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	PCS EVDO CDMA SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WIFI SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	
Transmitter		1	2	3	2 + 3	1 + 2 + 3
Body SAR	Back	0.558	0.366	0.105	0.471	1.029
	Front	0.138	0.030	0.008	0.038	0.176
	Top	0.198	-	-	0.000	0.198
	Bottom	-	0.308	0.034	0.342	0.342
	Right	0.069	0.035	0.038	0.073	0.142
	Left	0.328	0.158	-	0.158	0.486

Note: Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06, the edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm are not required to be evaluated for SAR (""). The above tables represent a portable hotspot condition.

17.2 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR was below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. Therefore, no volumetric SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 648474.

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EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	10/10/2011	Annual	10/10/2012	3613A00315
Agilent	8648D	Signal Generator	4/5/2011	Annual	4/5/2012	3629U00687
Agilent	8753E	(30kHz-6GHz) Network Analyzer	4/21/2011	Annual	4/21/2012	JP38020182
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	2/8/2011	Annual	2/8/2012	GB45360985
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	7/6/2011	Annual	7/6/2012	GB41450275
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	7/6/2011	Annual	7/6/2012	GB43304447
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	10/10/2011	Annual	10/10/2012	GB46110872
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	4/21/2011	Annual	4/21/2012	US41140256
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	4/8/2011	Annual	4/8/2012	MY45470194
Amplifier Research	5S1G4	5W, 800MHz-4.2GHz	N/A		N/A	21910
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/7/2011	Annual	2/7/2012	5318
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/7/2011	Annual	2/7/2012	5442
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/7/2011	Annual	2/7/2012	5821
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/7/2011	Annual	2/7/2012	8013
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/7/2011	Annual	2/7/2012	5605
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	2/7/2011	Annual	2/7/2012	2400
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	2/7/2011	Annual	2/7/2012	1190013
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	2/7/2011	Annual	2/7/2012	98150041
Anritsu	ML2438A	Power Meter	2/7/2011	Annual	2/7/2012	1070030
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	2/15/2011	Biennial	2/15/2013	111331322
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	2/15/2011	Biennial	2/15/2013	111331323
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	2/15/2011	Biennial	2/15/2013	111331330
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	2/15/2011	Biennial	2/15/2013	111331332
Control Company	61220-416	Long-Stem Thermometer	3/16/2011	Biennial	3/16/2013	111391601
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	10/12/2011	Annual	10/12/2012	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	10/12/2011	Annual	10/12/2012	8650319
Index SAR	IXTL-010	Dielectric Measurement Kit	N/A		N/A	N/A
Index SAR	IXTL-030	30MM TEM line for 6 GHz	N/A		N/A	N/A
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	N/A		N/A	R8979500903
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	N/A		N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	N/A		N/A	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	N/A		N/A	N/A
Narda	4772-3	Attenuator (3dB)	N/A		N/A	9406
Narda	BW-S3W2	Attenuator (3dB)	N/A		N/A	120
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A		N/A	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	N/A		N/A	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	4/19/2011	Annual	4/19/2012	107826
Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	Base Station Simulator	6/1/2011	Annual	6/1/2012	833855/0010
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	8/5/2011	Annual	8/5/2012	112347
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	8/25/2011	Annual	8/25/2012	100976
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	LTE Radio Communication Tester	10/7/2011	Annual	10/7/2012	103962
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	4/8/2011	Biennial	4/8/2013	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	SMI0Q03B	Signal Generator	4/6/2011	Annual	4/6/2012	DE27259
SPEAG	D1750V2	1750 MHz SAR Dipole	5/24/2011	Annual	5/24/2012	1051
SPEAG	D1765V2	1765 MHz SAR Dipole	6/16/2011	Annual	6/16/2012	1008
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	2/17/2011	Annual	2/17/2012	502
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	7/11/2011	Annual	7/11/2012	5d141
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	7/22/2011	Annual	7/22/2012	5d080
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	2/8/2011	Annual	2/8/2012	797
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	8/19/2011	Annual	8/19/2012	719
SPEAG	D2600V2	2600 MHz SAR Dipole	4/15/2011	Annual	4/15/2012	1004
SPEAG	D3700V2	3700 MHz SAR Dipole	2/16/2011	Annual	2/16/2012	1002
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	2/11/2011	Annual	2/11/2012	1057
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	7/26/2011	Annual	7/26/2012	1007
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz Dipole	2/14/2011	Annual	2/14/2012	1003
SPEAG	D750V3	750 MHz Dipole	10/27/2011	Annual	10/27/2012	1046
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	2/9/2011	Annual	2/9/2012	4d047
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	7/8/2011	Annual	7/8/2012	4d119
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	8/15/2011	Annual	8/15/2012	4d026
SPEAG	DAE3	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/18/2010	Annual	11/18/2011	455
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	2/21/2011	Annual	2/21/2012	649
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/20/2011	Annual	4/20/2012	665
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/19/2011	Annual	5/19/2012	859
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	7/8/2011	Annual	7/8/2012	1272
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	9/16/2011	Annual	9/16/2012	704
SPEAG	ES3DV2	SAR Probe	8/25/2011	Annual	8/25/2012	3022
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/24/2011	Annual	3/24/2012	3213
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/8/2011	Annual	4/8/2012	3258
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/18/2011	Annual	4/18/2012	3209
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	7/11/2011	Annual	7/11/2012	3263
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	2/14/2011	Annual	2/14/2012	3550
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	7/27/2011	Annual	7/27/2012	3561
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	2/26/2010	Biennial	2/26/2012	101536273
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	5/26/2010	Biennial	5/26/2012	101718589
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/21/2011	Biennial	1/21/2013	111286445
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/21/2011	Biennial	1/21/2013	111286460
VWR	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	1/21/2011	Biennial	1/21/2013	111286454

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19 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for 750 – 3000 MHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.1	11.7
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.2	23.5
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The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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Applicable for 5 GHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.4	12.0
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.7	24.0

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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20 CONCLUSION

20.1 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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FCC ID: A3LSCHW999		SAR COMPLIANCE REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Filename: 0Y1110171827.A3L	Test Dates: 10/24/11 - 11/17/11	EUT Type: Portable Handset		Page 47 of 48

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FCC ID: A3LSCHW999		SAR COMPLIANCE REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
Filename: 0Y1110171827.A3L	Test Dates: 10/24/11 - 11/17/11	EUT Type: Portable Handset		Page 48 of 48

APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.875 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular TDSO, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

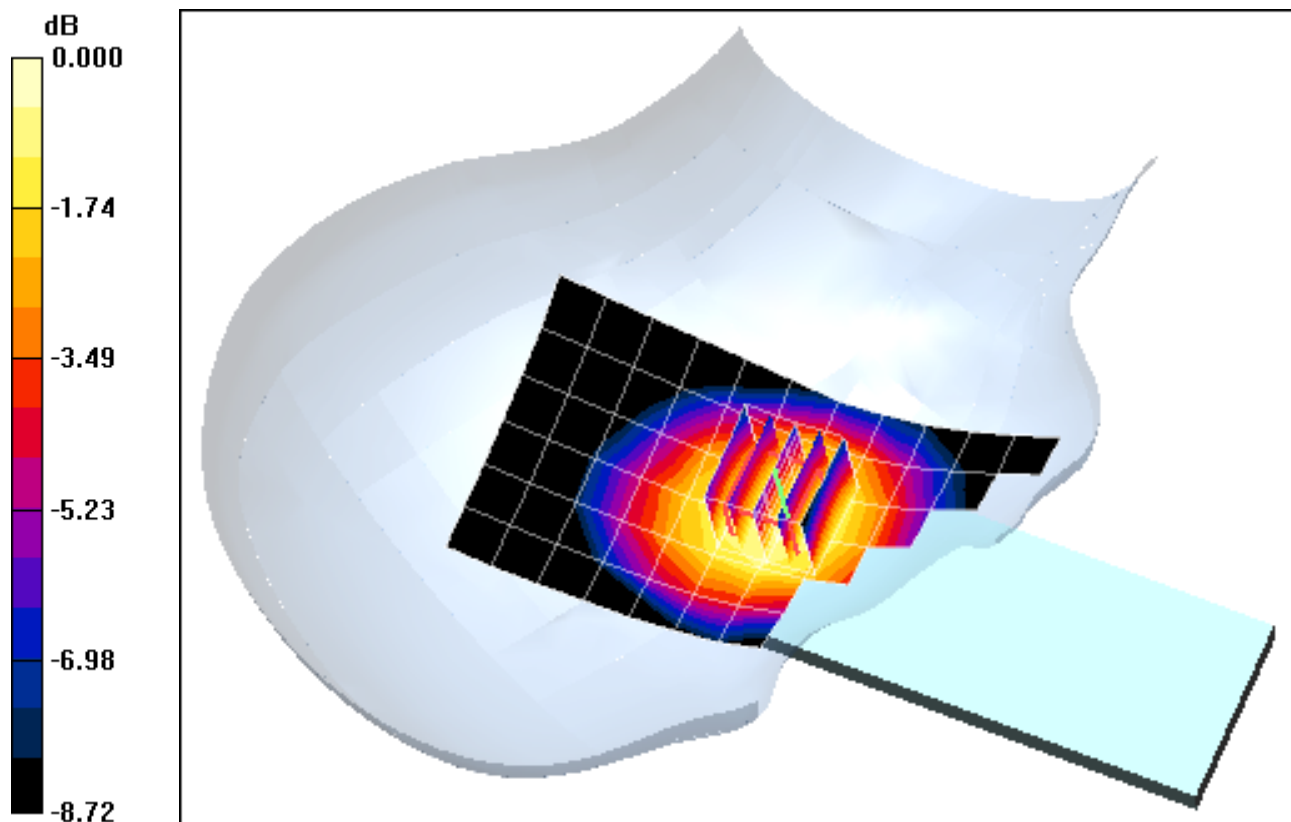
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.075 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.109 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.089 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.068 mW/g



0 dB = 0.092mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.875 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular TDSO, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.c

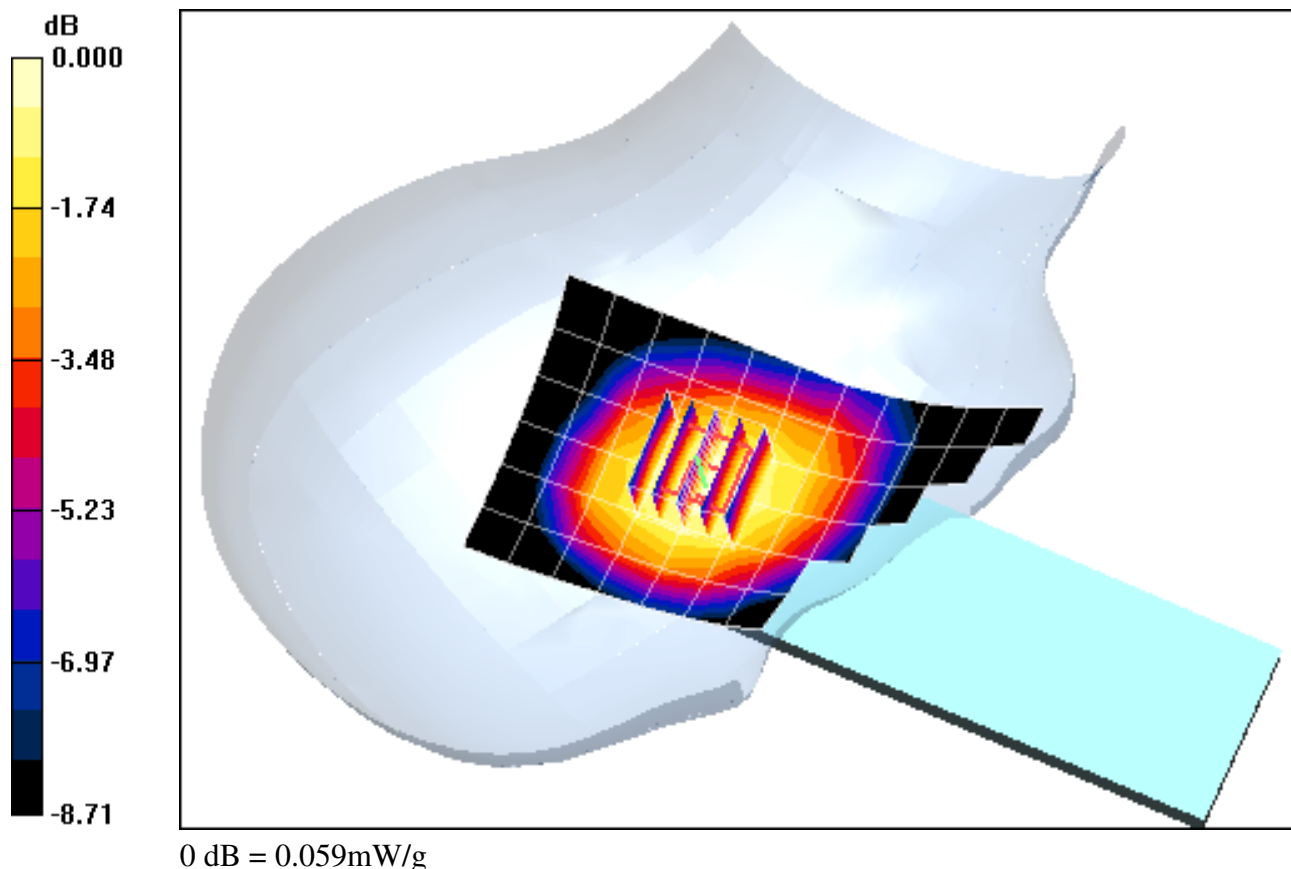
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.071 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.056 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.875 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular TDSO, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

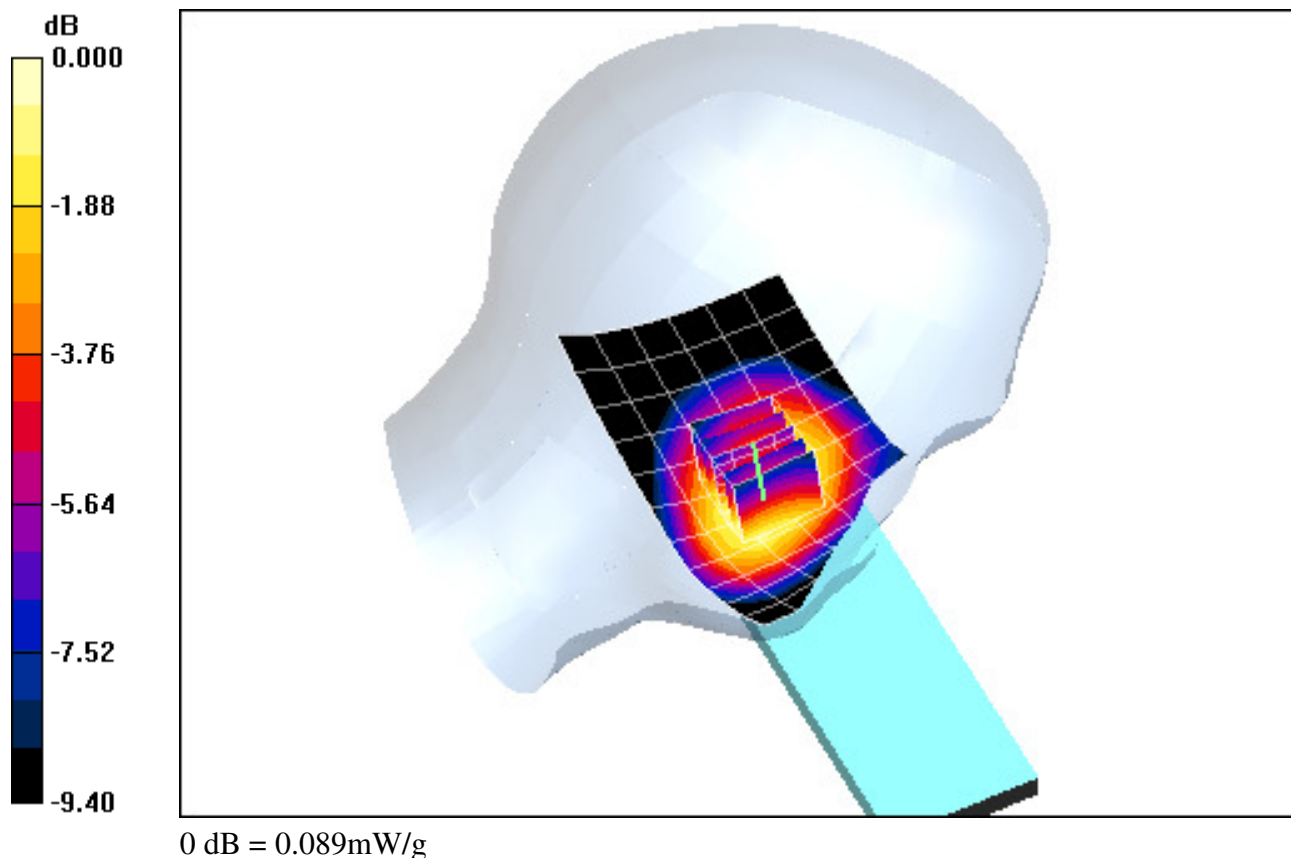
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.076 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.107 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.085 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.875 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular TDSO, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

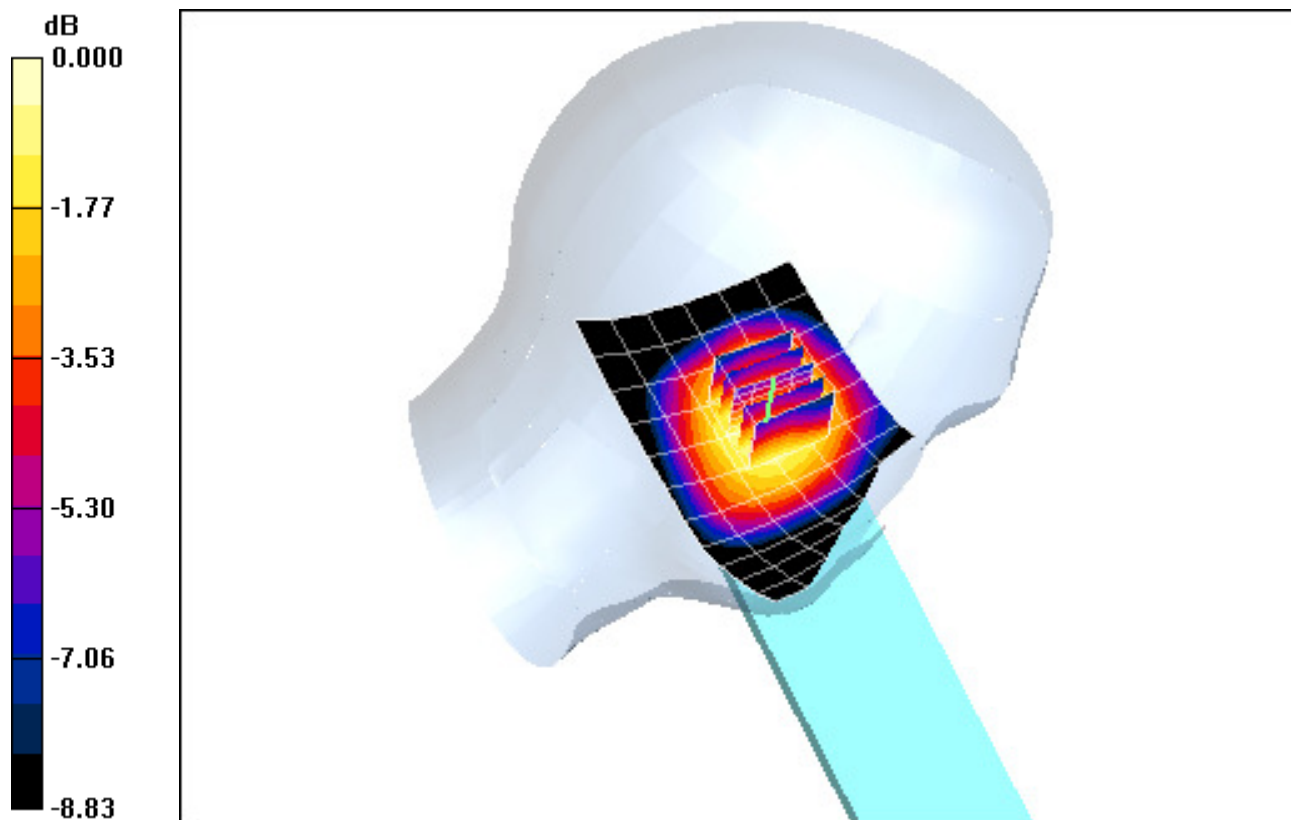
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.56 V/m; Power Drift = 0.068 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.073 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.059 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 mW/g



0 dB = 0.062mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.875 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

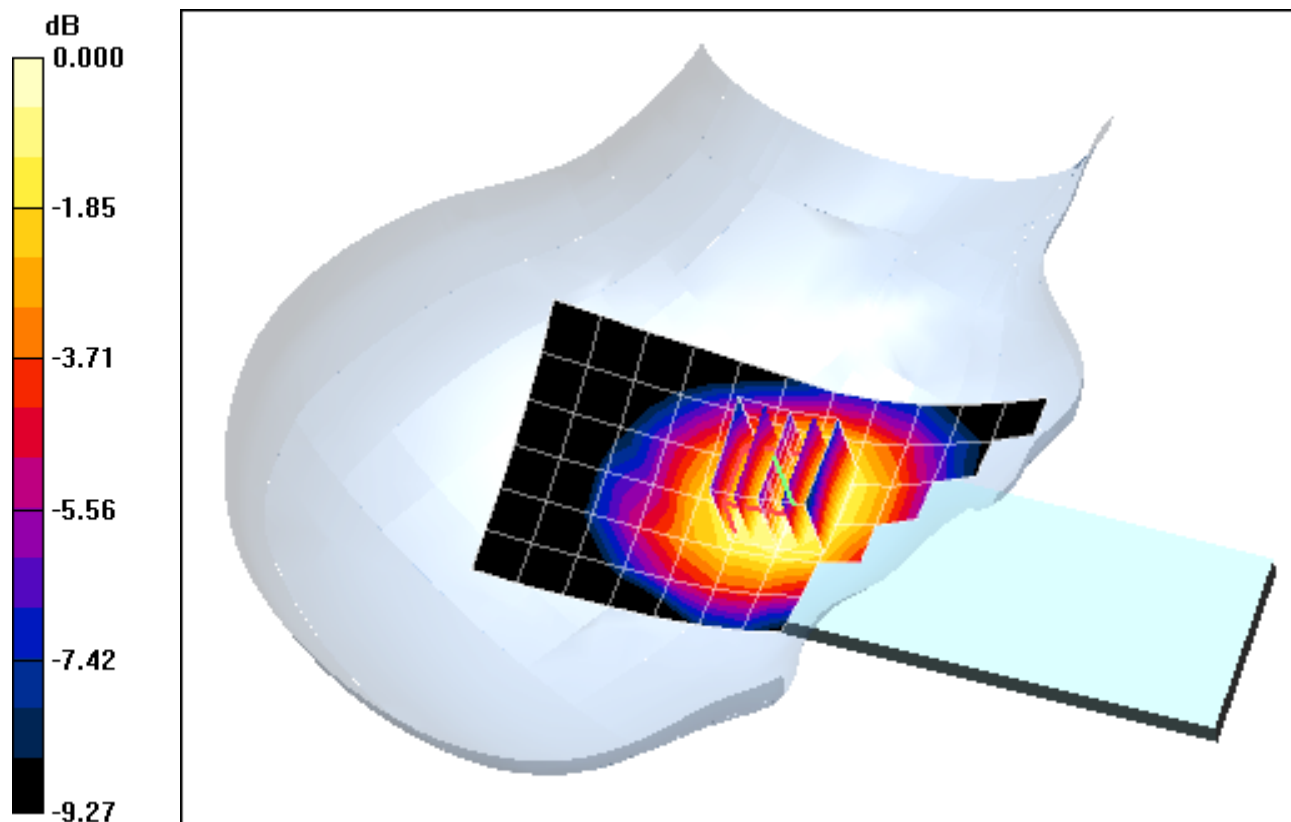
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.4 V/m; Power Drift = 0.203 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.105 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.083 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g



0 dB = 0.089mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.875 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

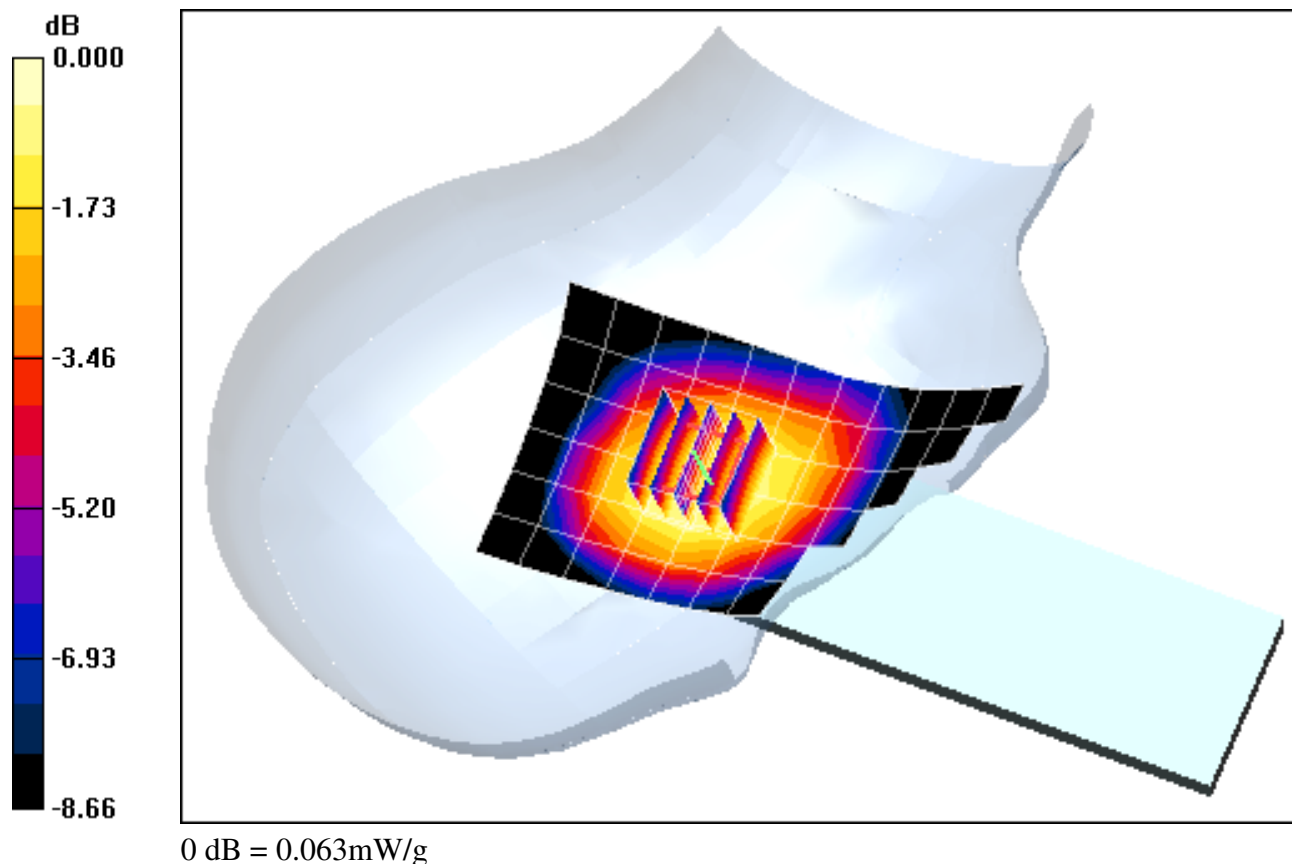
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.120 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.075 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.060 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.875 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

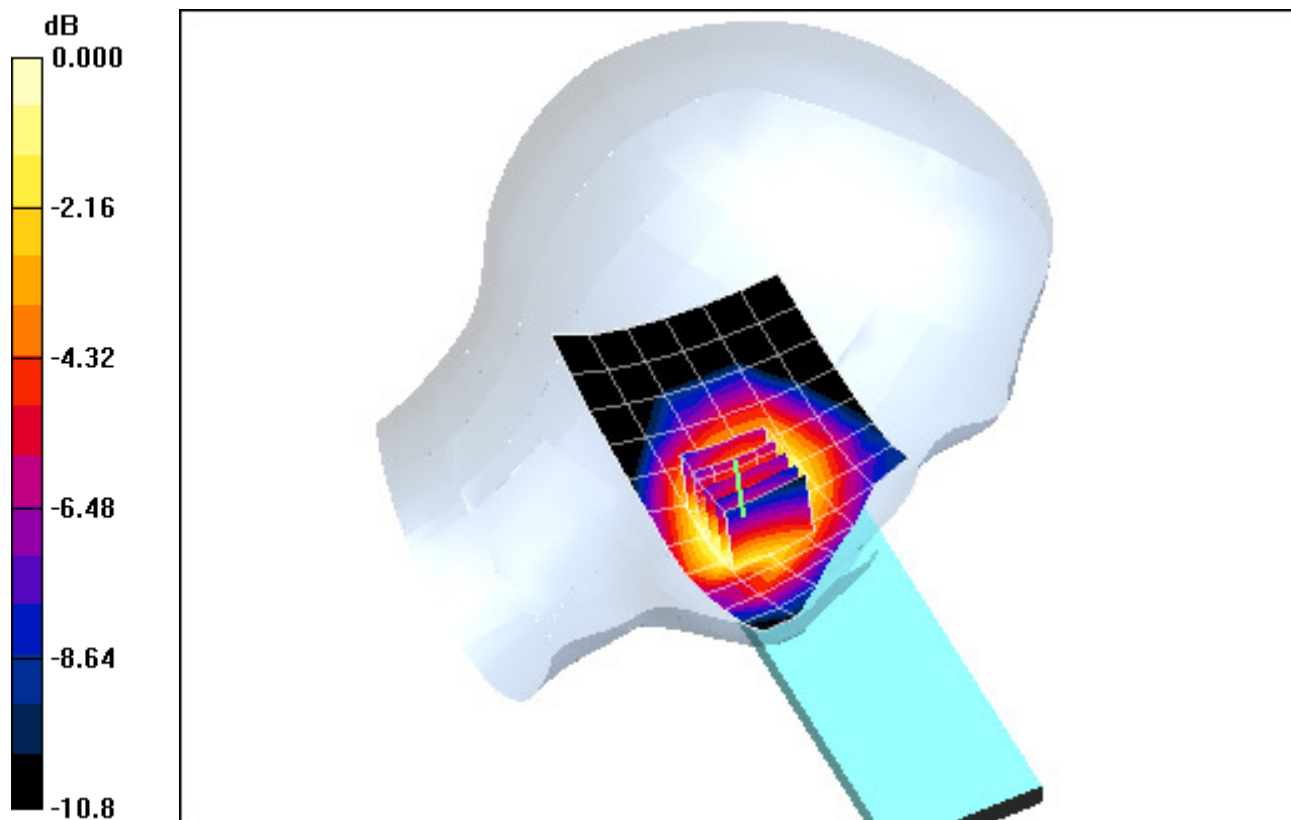
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.142 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.085 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.067 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 mW/g



0 dB = 0.070mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.875 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

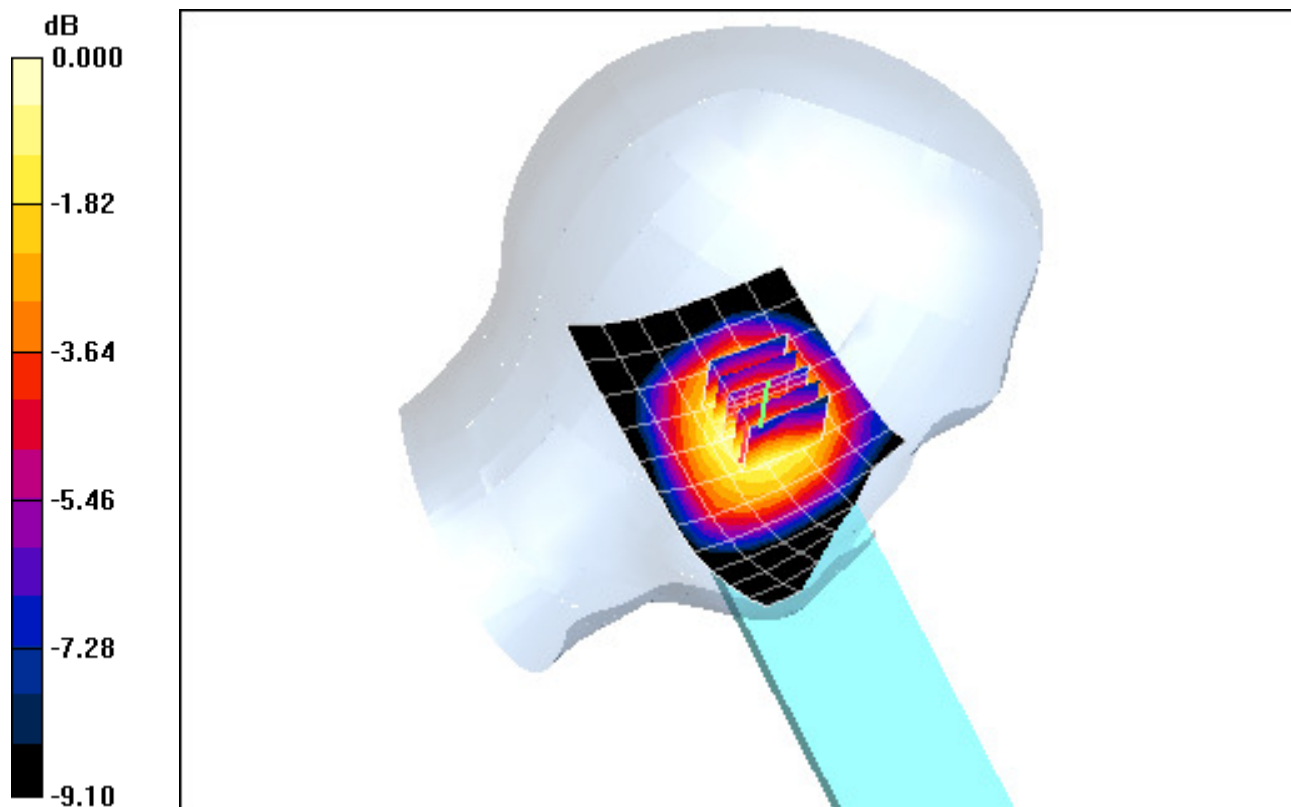
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.071 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.057 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.044 mW/g



0 dB = 0.060mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.445 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS TDSO, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

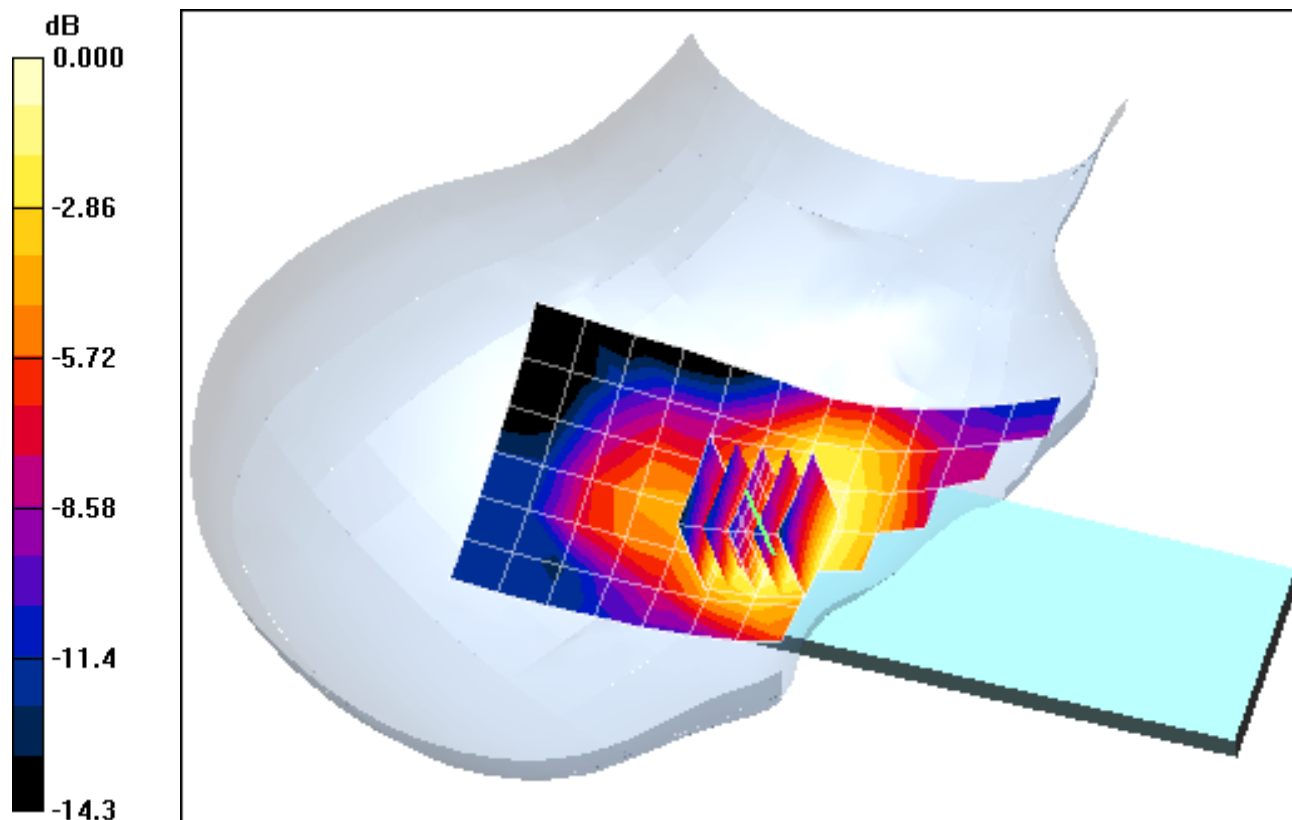
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.40 V/m; Power Drift = -0.146 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.131 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.087 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 mW/g



0 dB = 0.094mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.445 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS TDSO, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

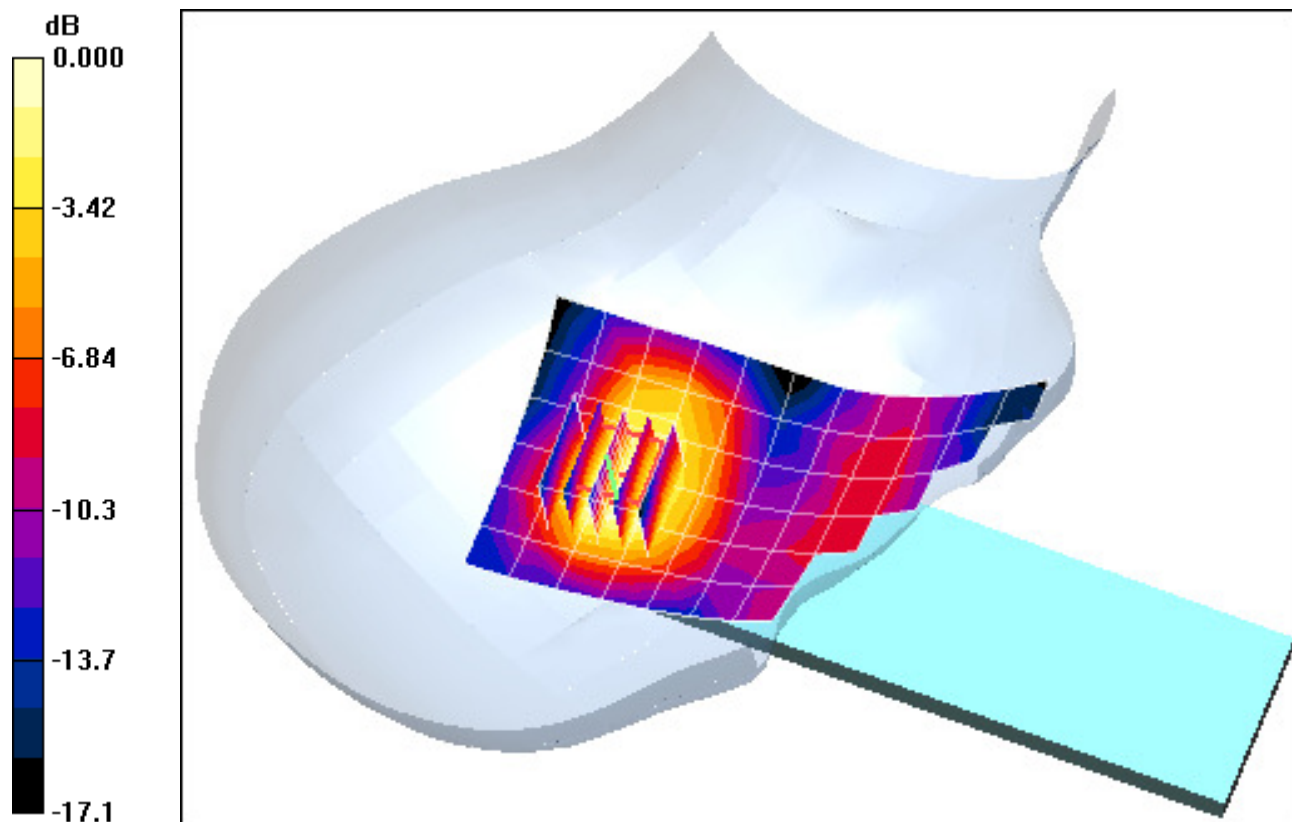
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.194 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.123 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 mW/g



0 dB = 0.132mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.445 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS TDSO, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

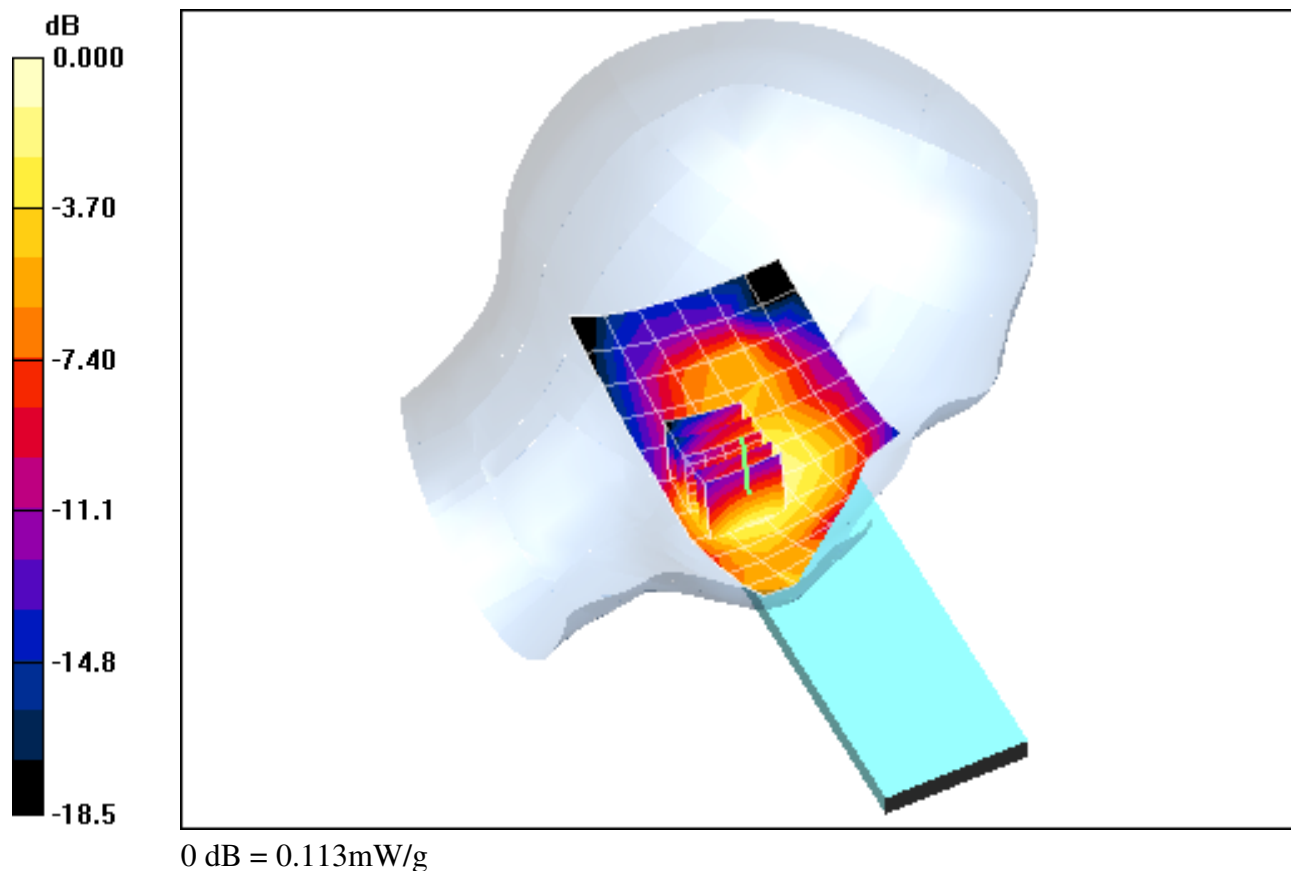
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.125 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.153 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.108 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.445 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS TDSO, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

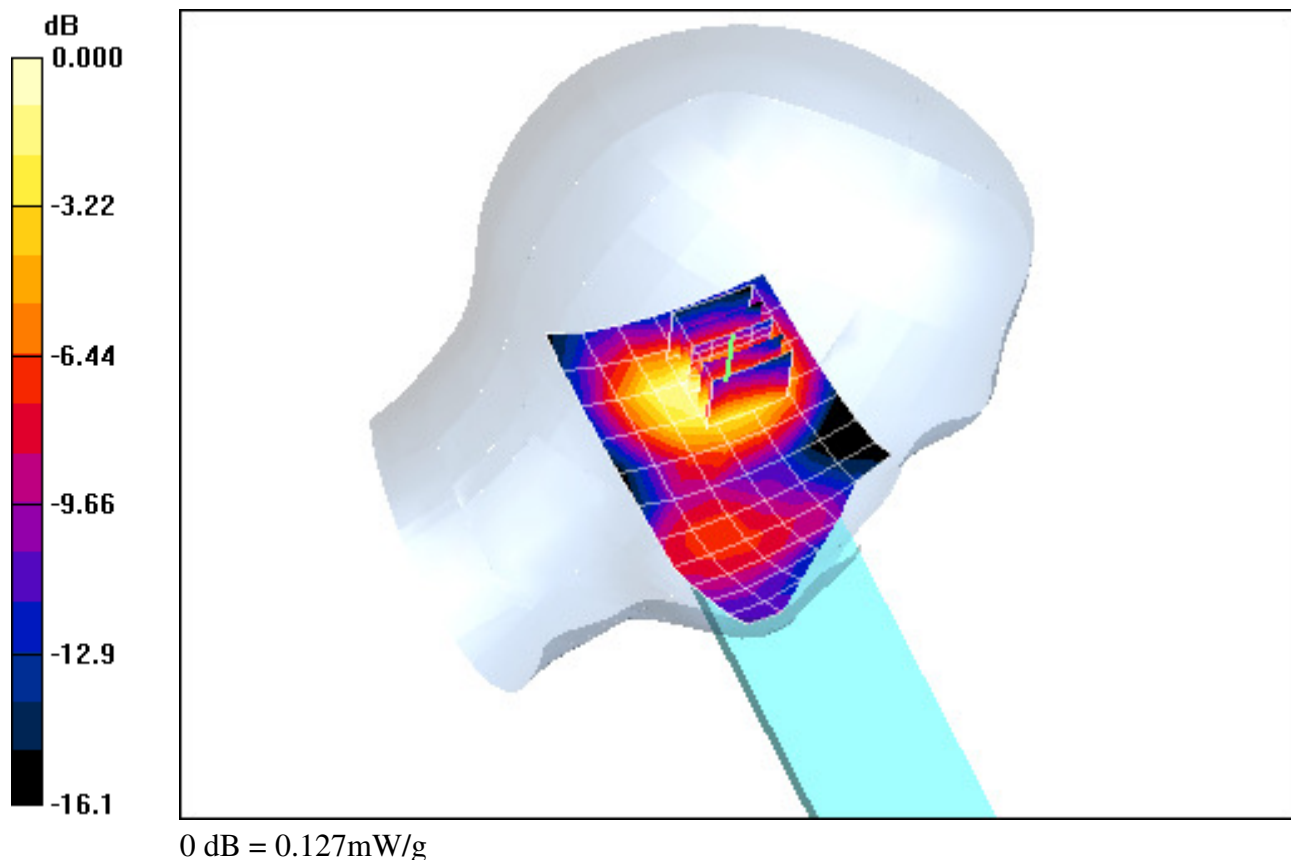
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.121 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.177 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.424 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.2 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

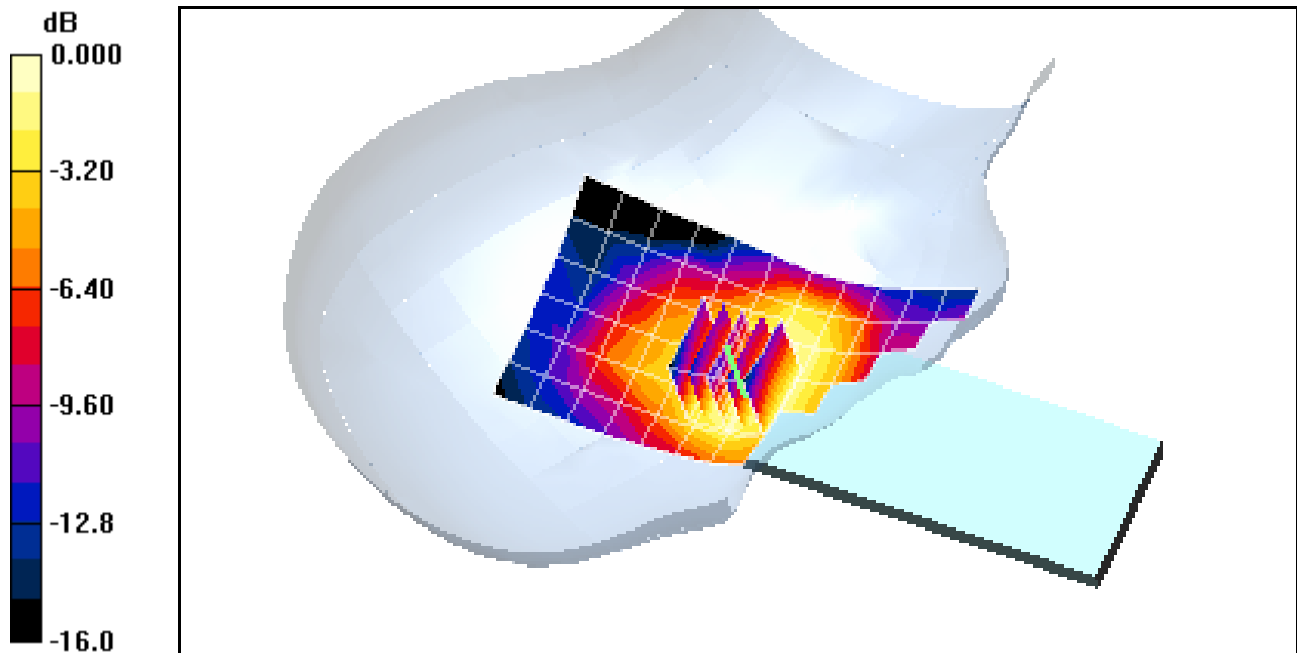
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.107 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.073 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g



0 dB = 0.078mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.424 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.2 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

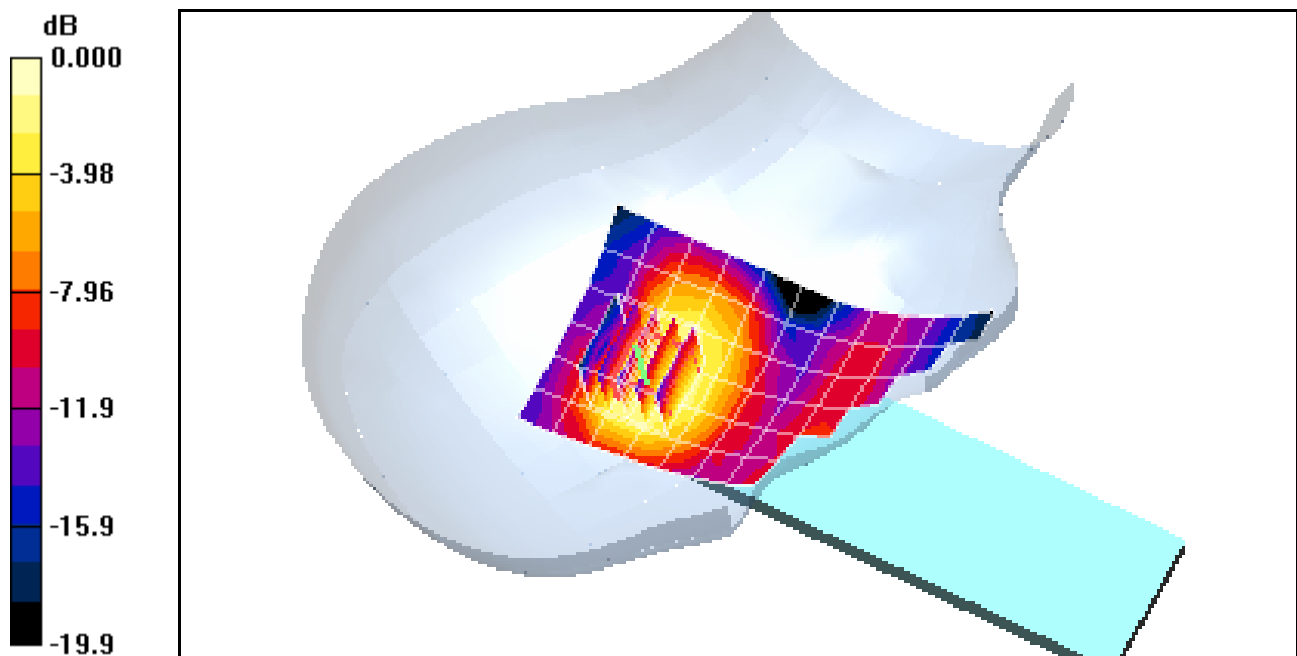
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.139 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.176 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.112 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g



0 dB = 0.117mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.424 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.2 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

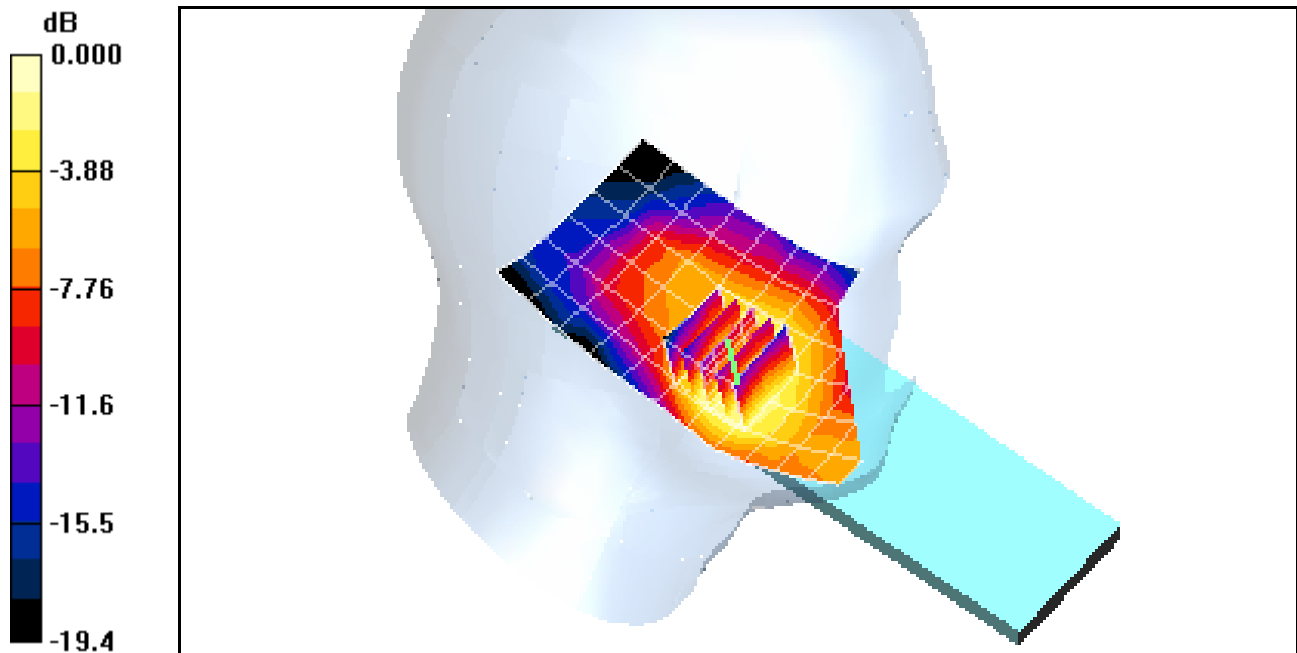
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.043 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.168 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.109 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.066 mW/g



0 dB = 0.116mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.424 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.2 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

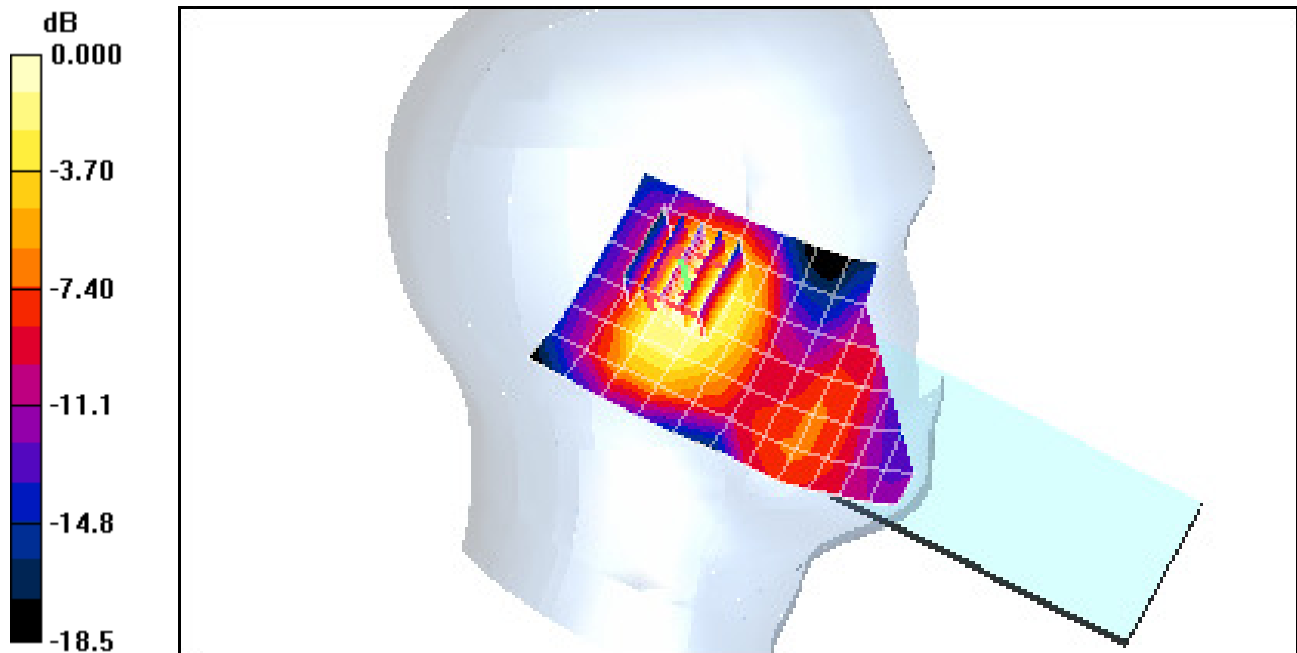
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.050 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.163 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 mW/g



0 dB = 0.113mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.445 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch

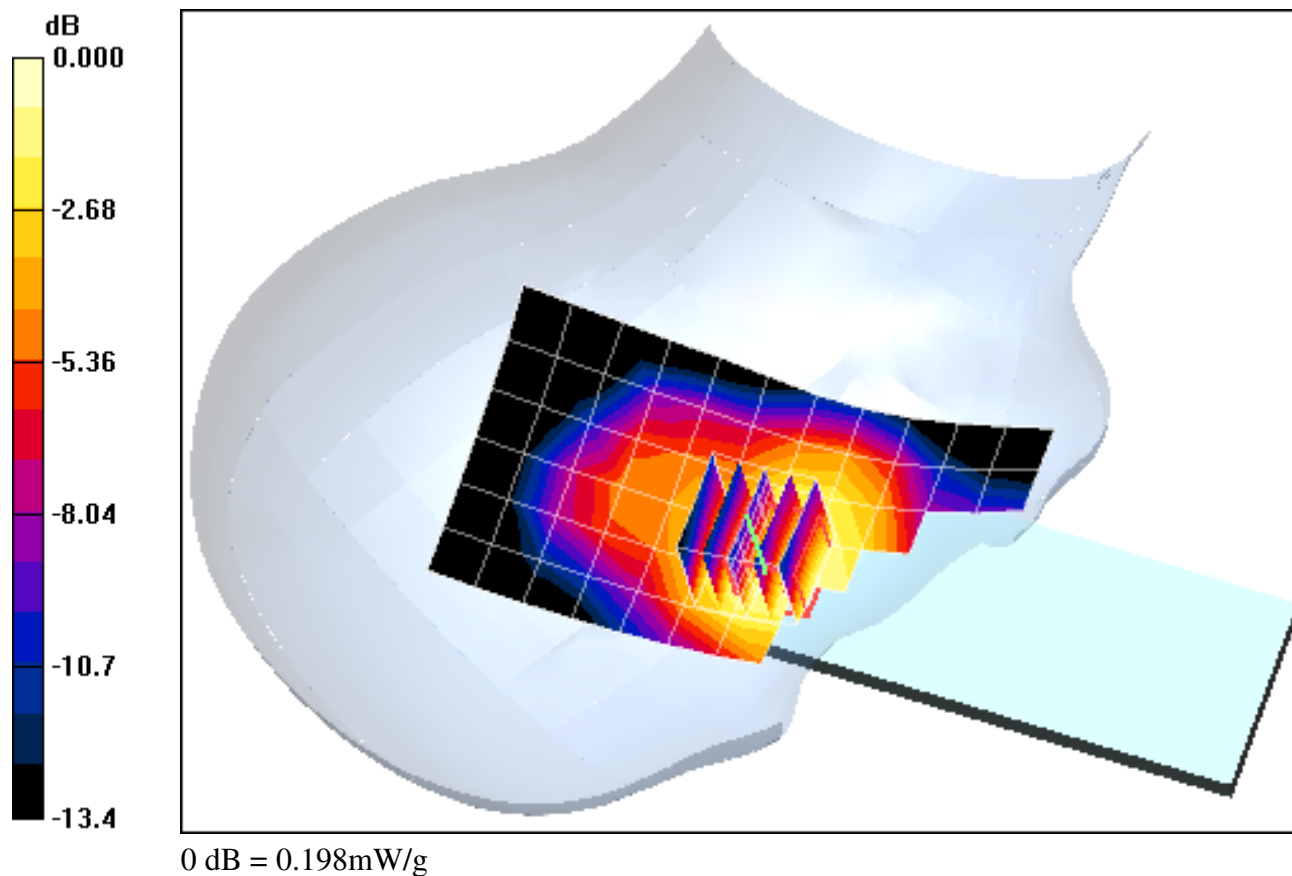
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.002 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.274 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.184 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.445 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

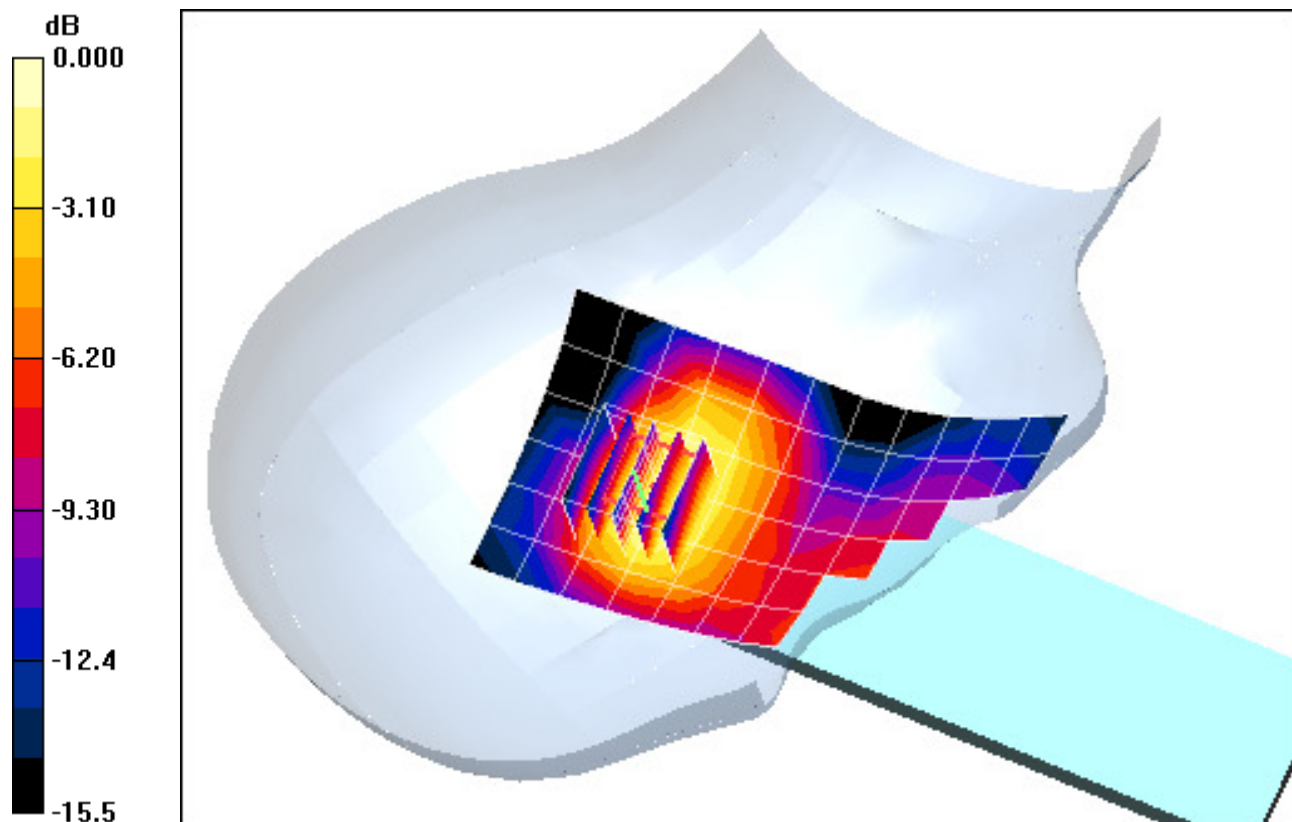
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.020 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.183 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 mW/g



0 dB = 0.196mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.445 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch

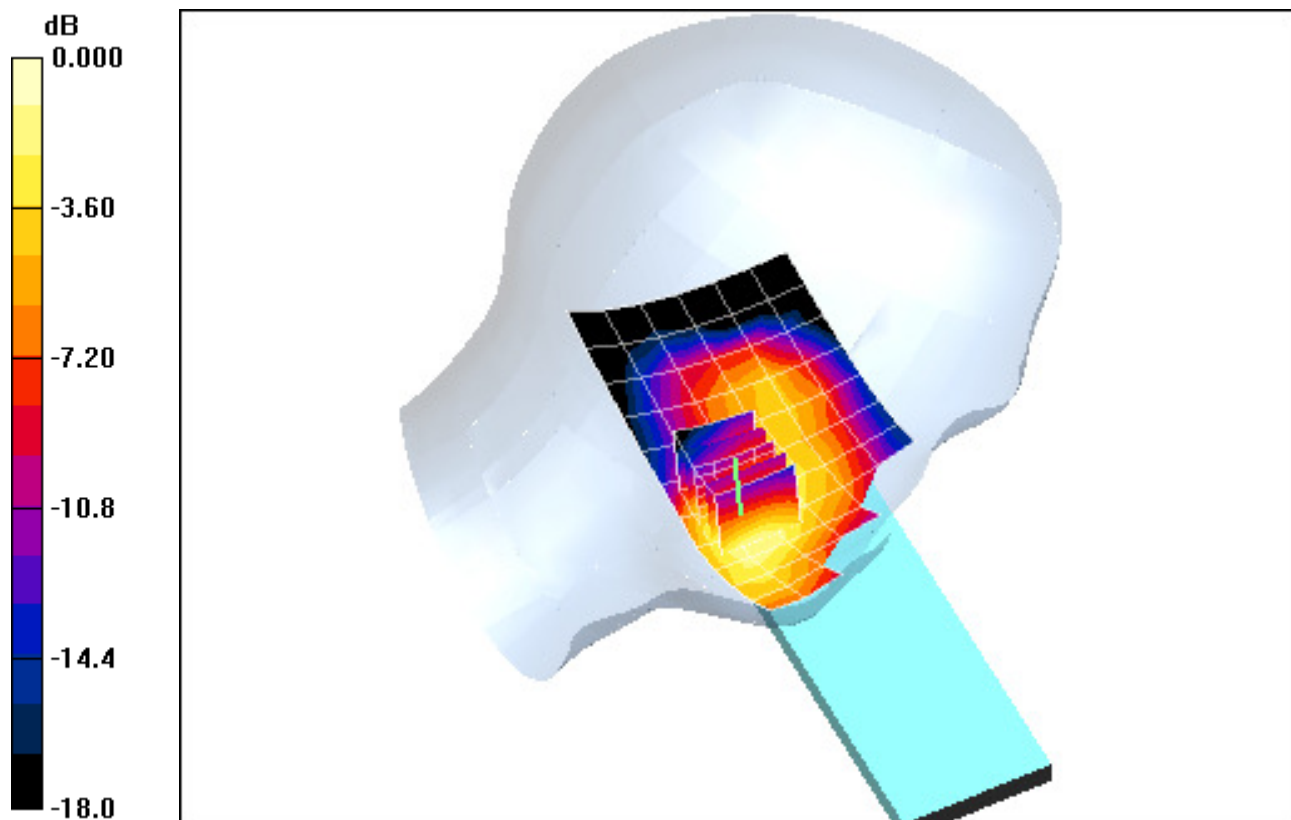
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.100 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.520 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.334 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.207 mW/g



0 dB = 0.356mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.445 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.45$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch

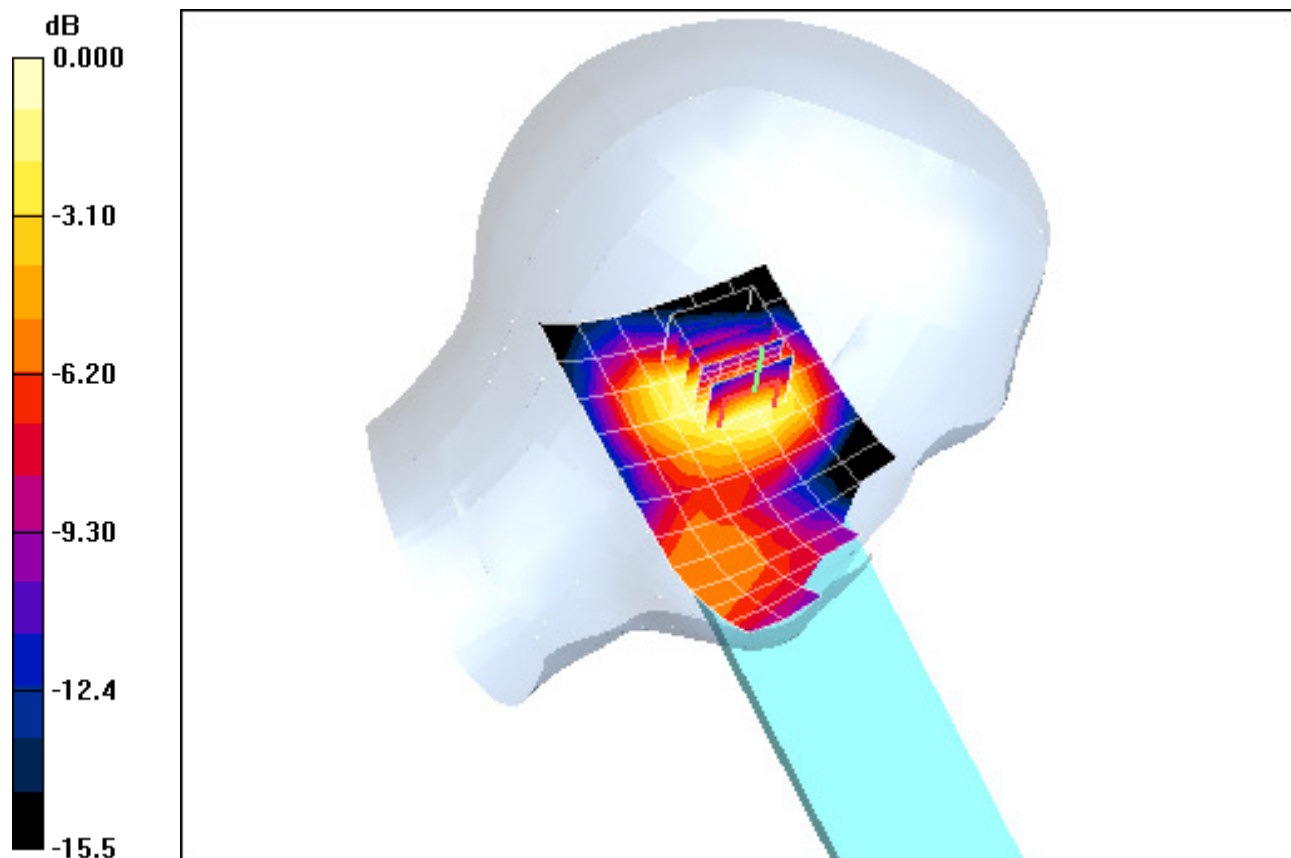
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.060 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.298 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.199 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 mW/g



0 dB = 0.209mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900 GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.424 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.2 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mode: GPRS 1900, Right Head, Touch, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots

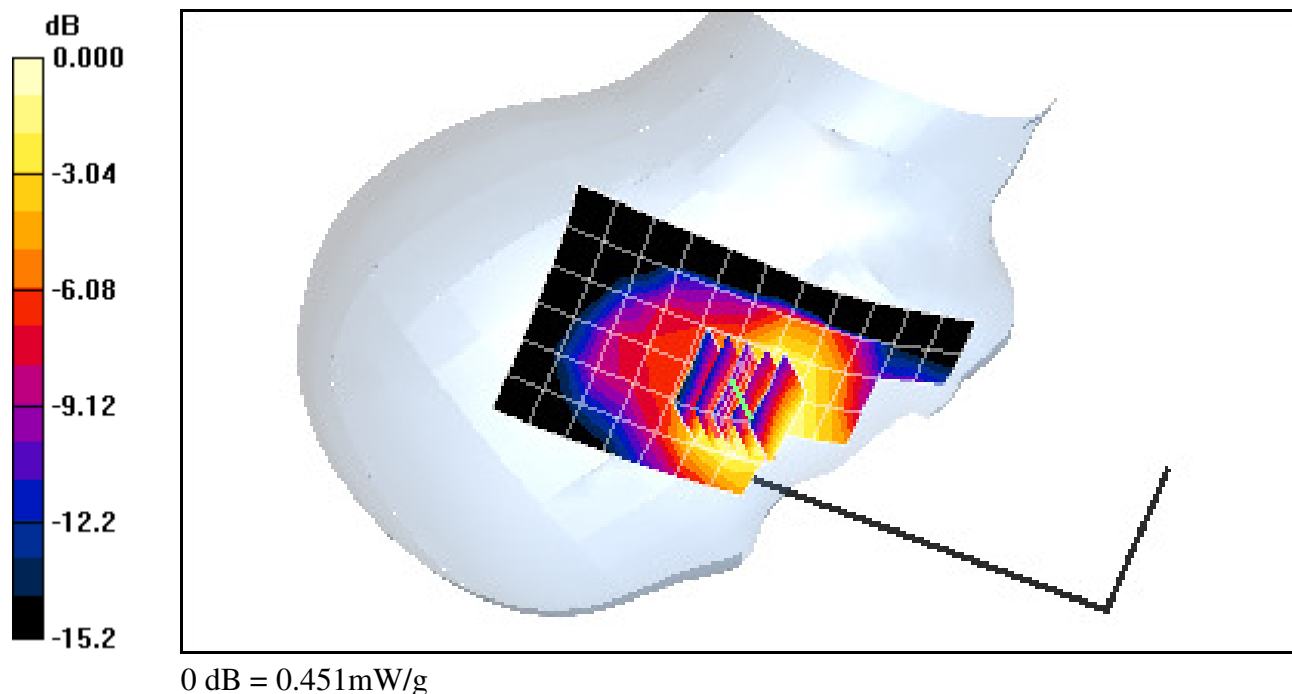
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.009 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.632 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.422 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900 GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.424 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.2 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mode: GPRS1900, Right Head, Tilt, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots

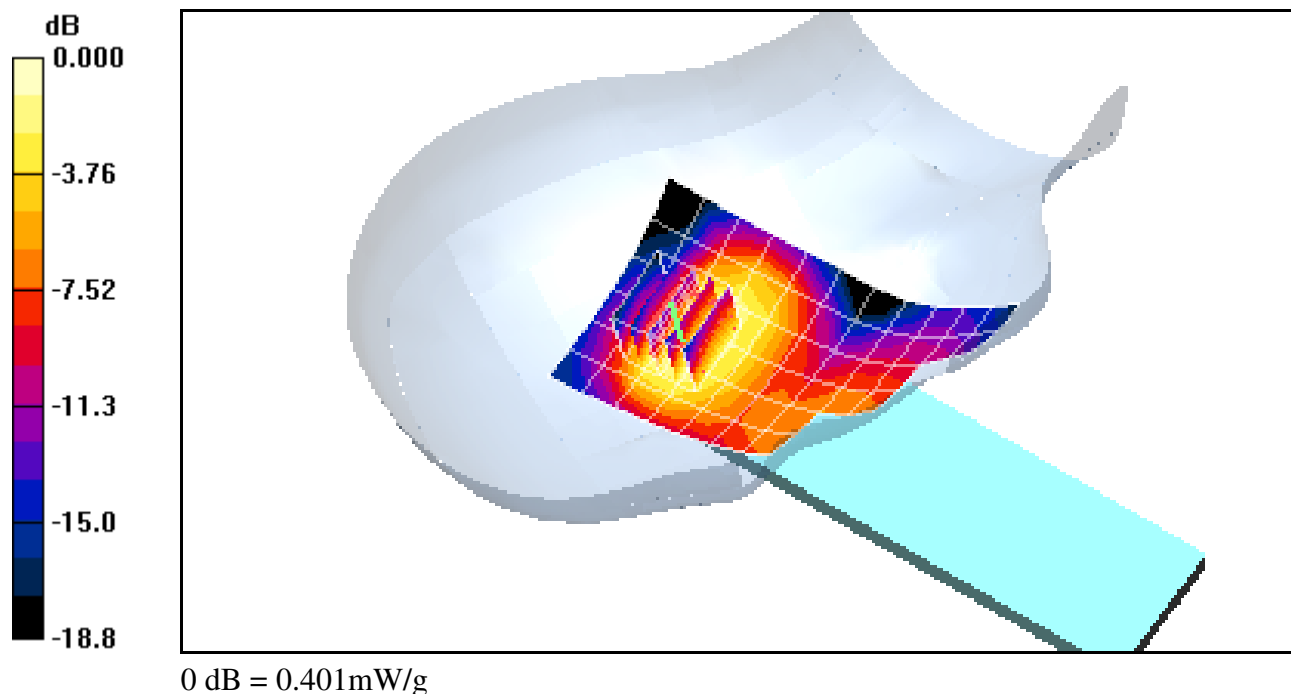
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.013 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.587 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.368 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900 GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.424 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.2 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mode: GPRS1900, Left Head, Touch, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots

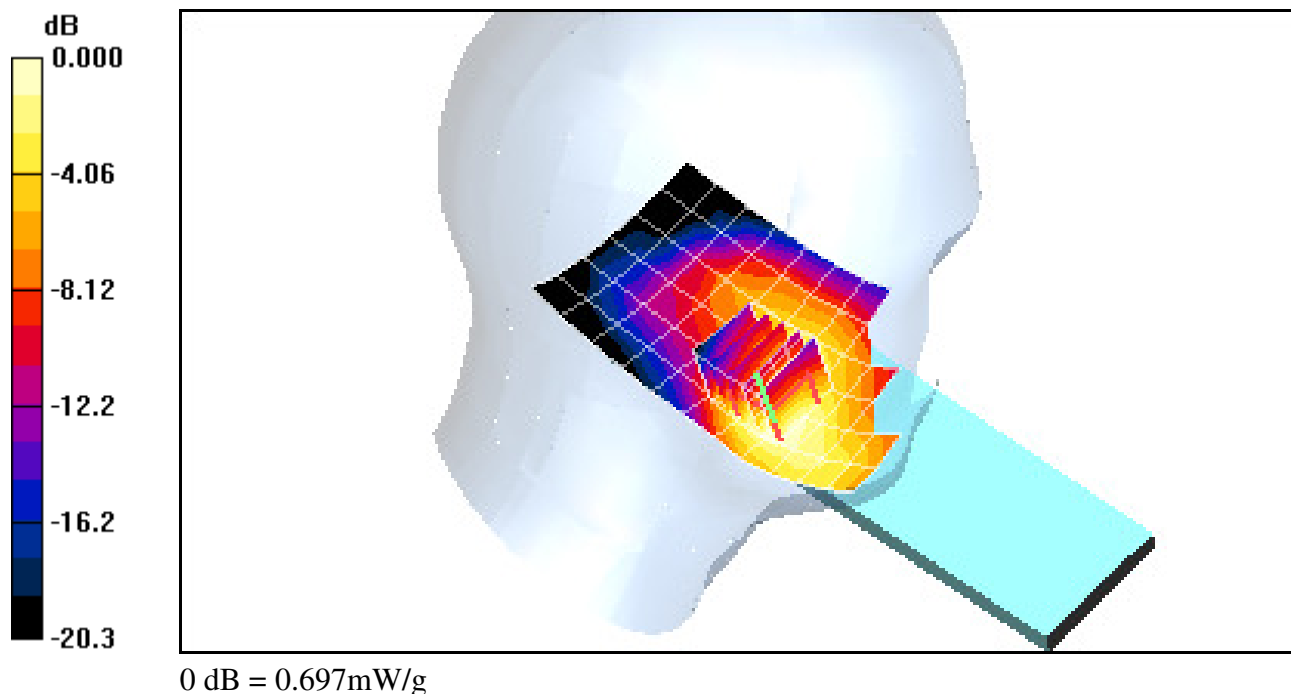
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.665 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.402 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900 GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.424 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.2 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 172

Mode: GPRS 1900, Left Head, Tilt, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots

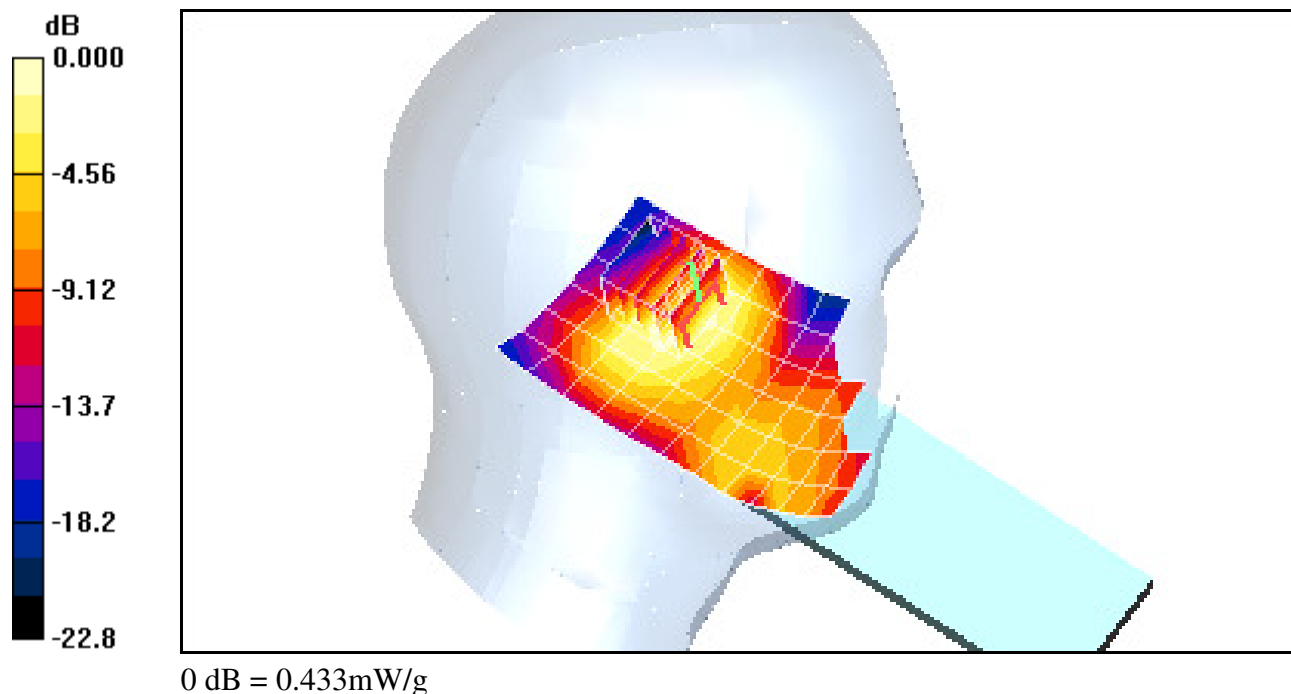
Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0611 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.651 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.411 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Touch, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

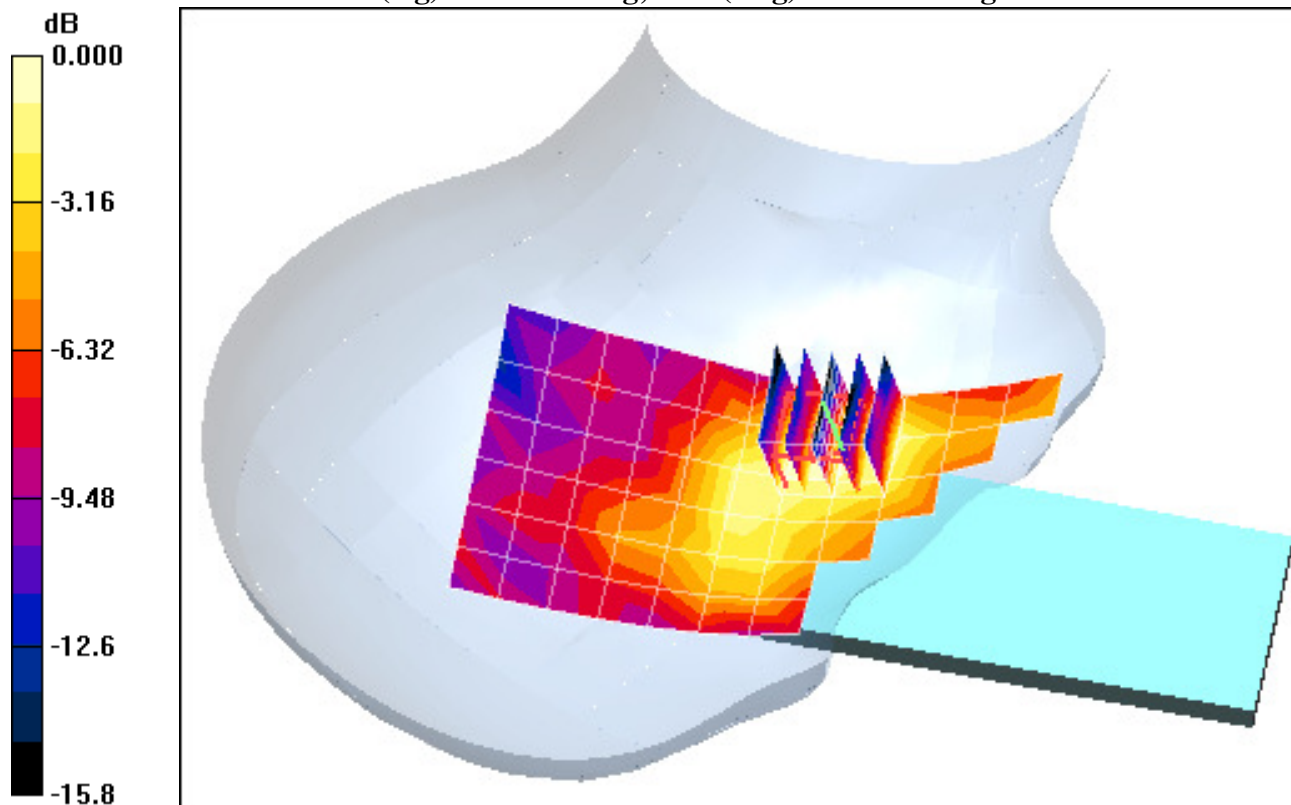
Area Scan (7x17x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.060 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g



0 dB = 0.038mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Right Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

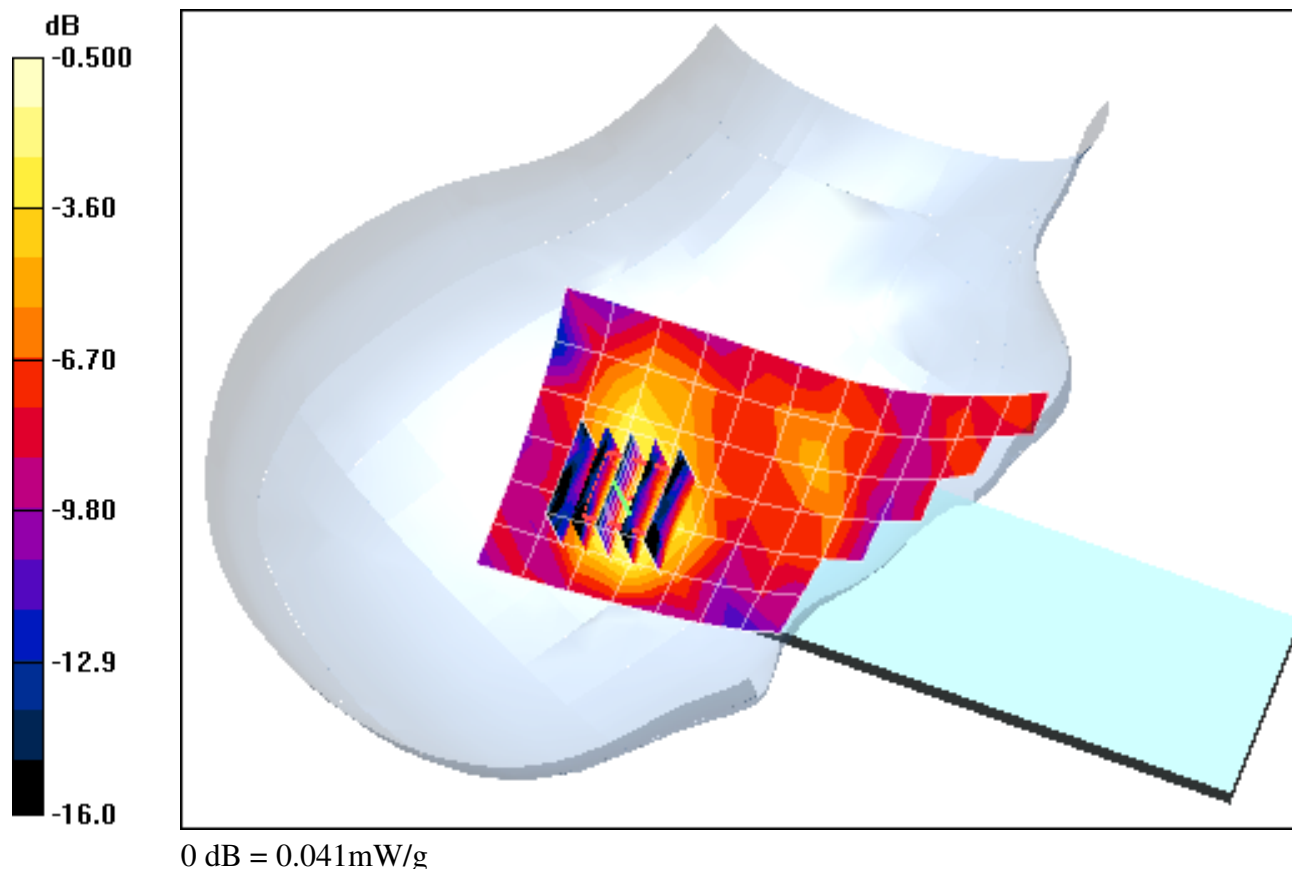
Area Scan (7x17x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.123 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.067 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.033 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Touch, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

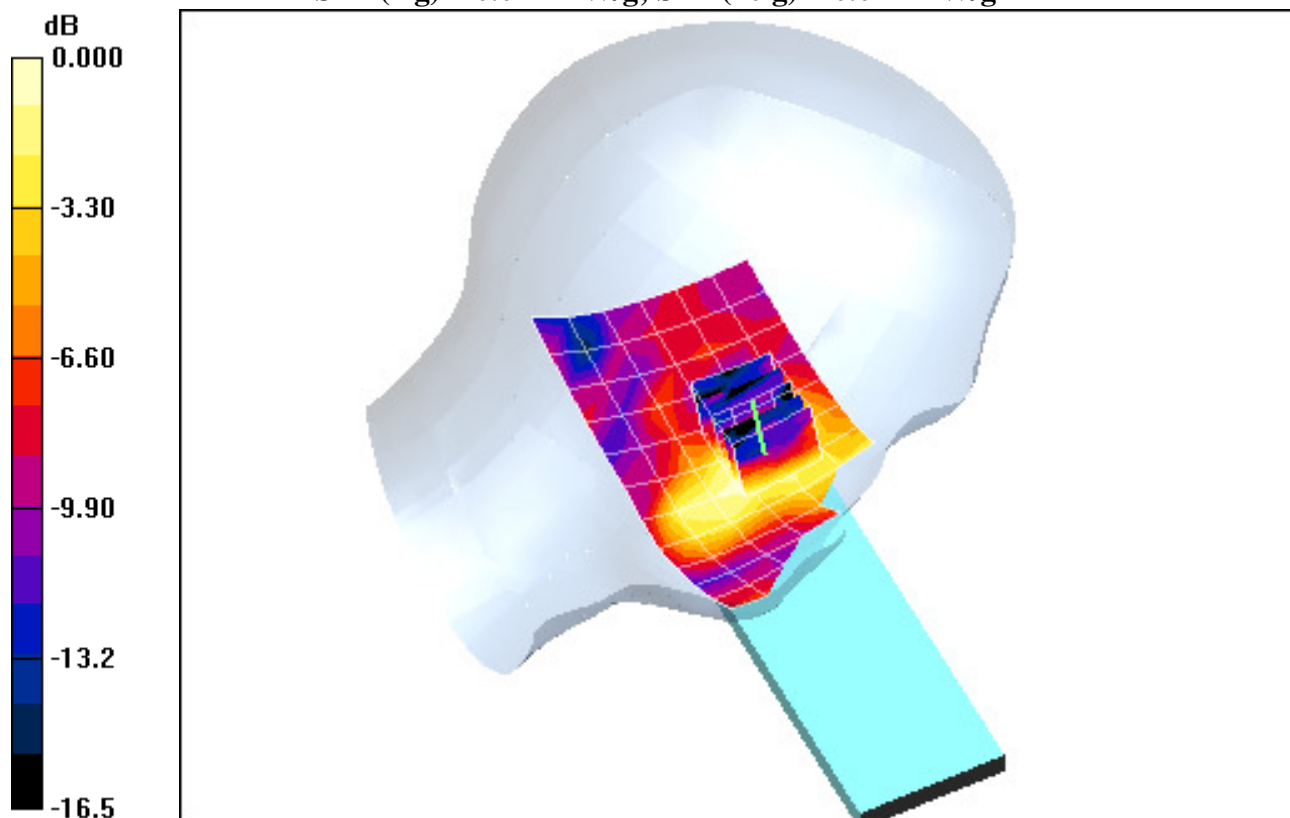
Area Scan (7x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.190 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.040 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.022 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.012 mW/g



0 dB = 0.026mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.89 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Tilt, Ch 11, 1 Mbps

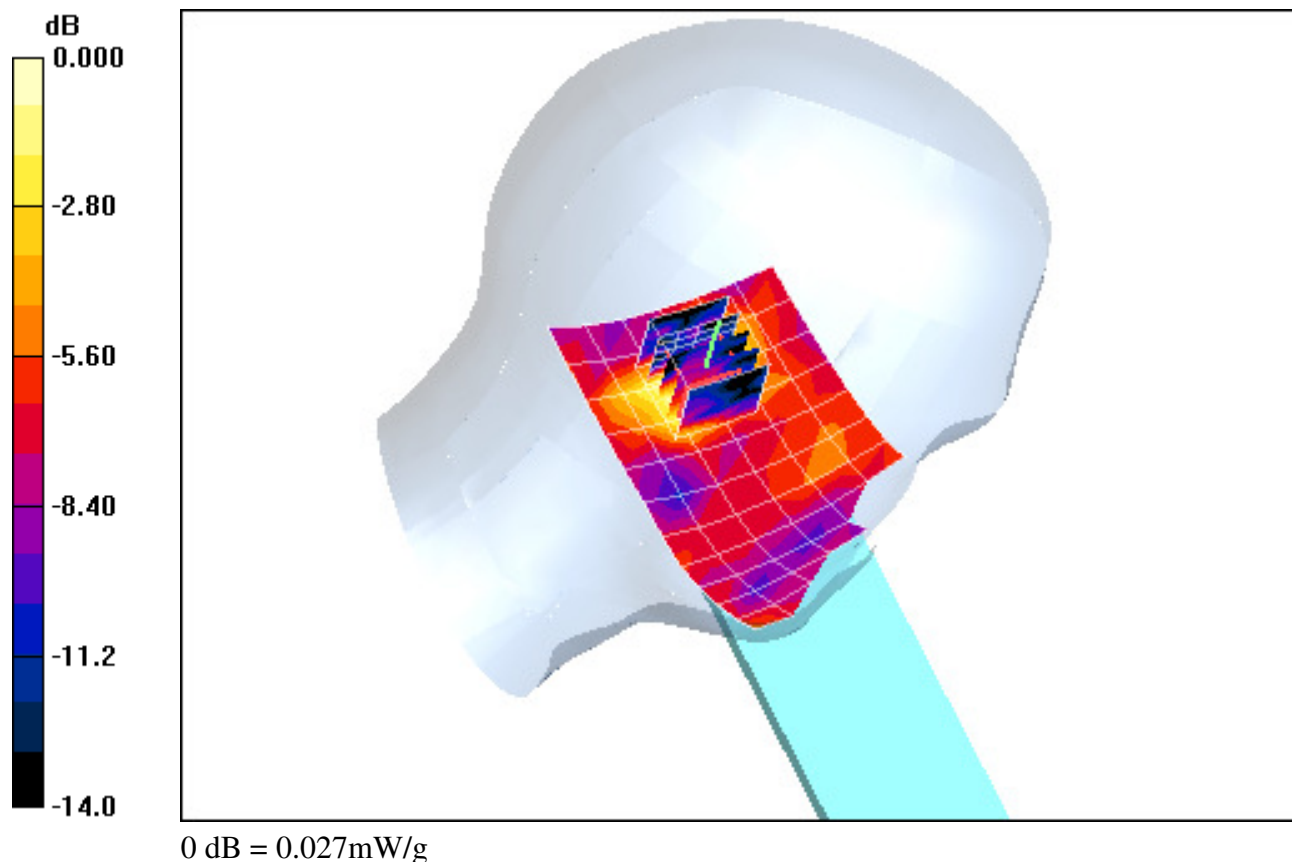
Area Scan (7x17x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan 2 (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.129 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.038 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.022 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5765 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5765 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.287 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 33.76$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11a 5.8 GHz, Right Head, Touch, Ch 153, 6 Mbps

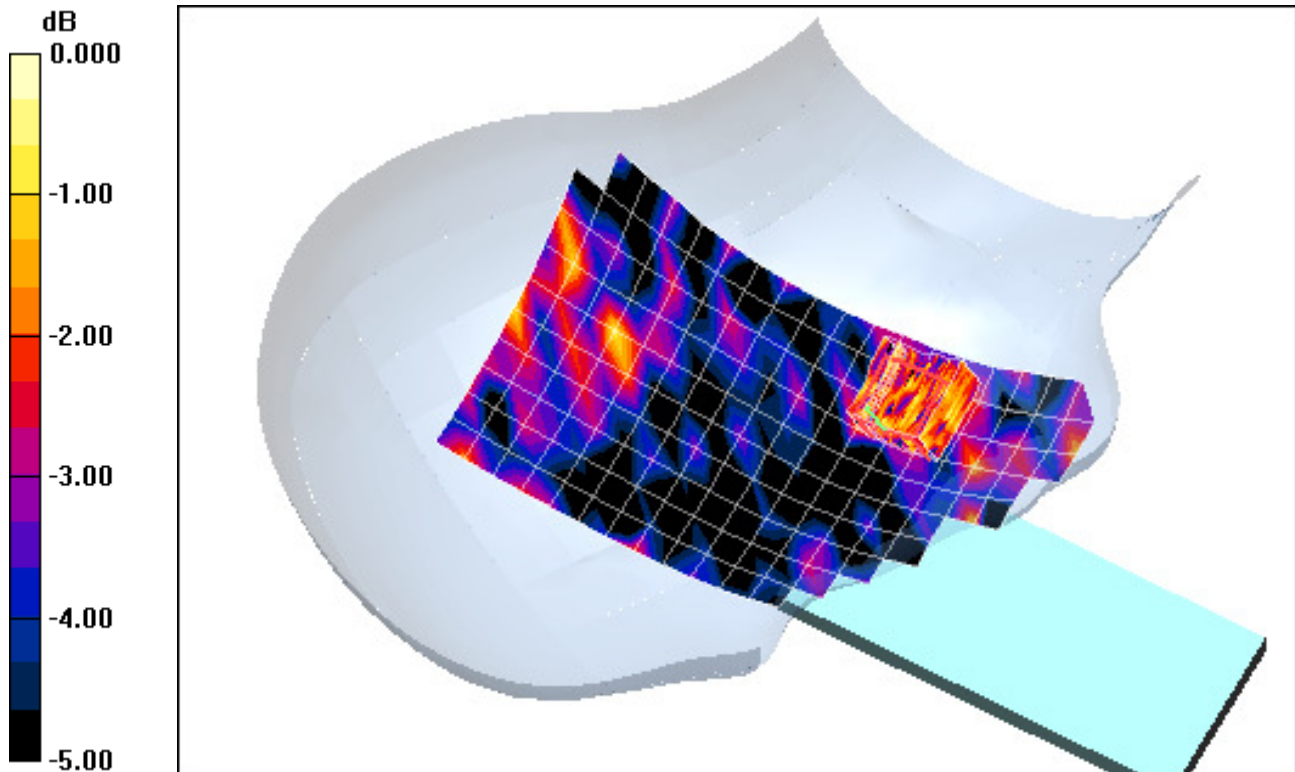
Area Scan (11x27x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.109 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.066 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.017 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 mW/g



0 dB = 0.031mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5765 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5765 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.287 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 33.76$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11a 5.8 GHz, Right Head, Tilt, Ch 153, 6 Mbps

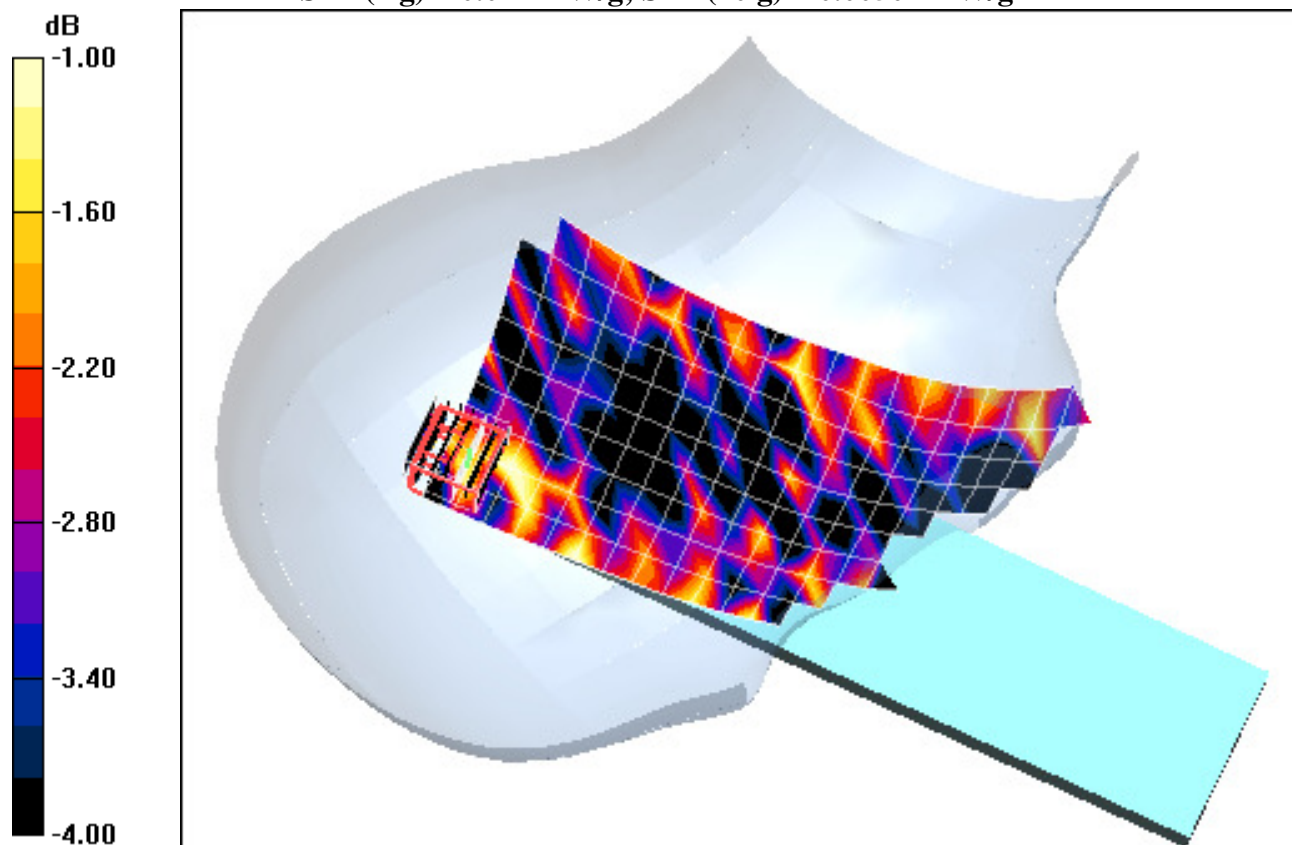
Area Scan (10x27x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.65 V/m; Power Drift = 0.190 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.144 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00504 mW/g



0 dB = 0.031mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5520 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5520 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.994 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.1 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(4.04, 4.04, 4.04); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.5 GHz Left Head, Touch, Ch 104, 6 Mbps

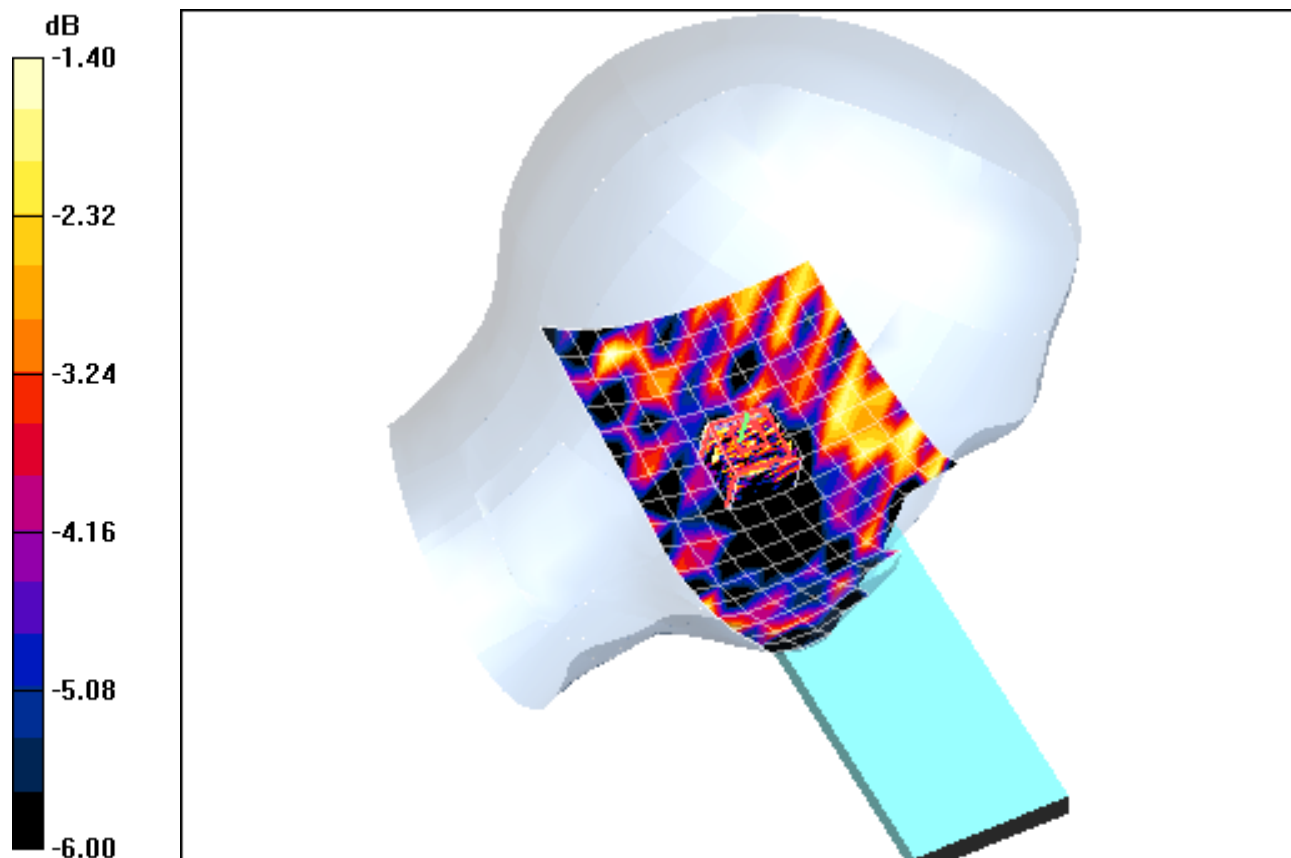
Area Scan (11x25x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 1.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.147 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.050 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00734 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00459 mW/g



0 dB = 0.020mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5765 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5765 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.287 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 33.76$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz Left Head, Tilt, Ch 153 6 Mbps

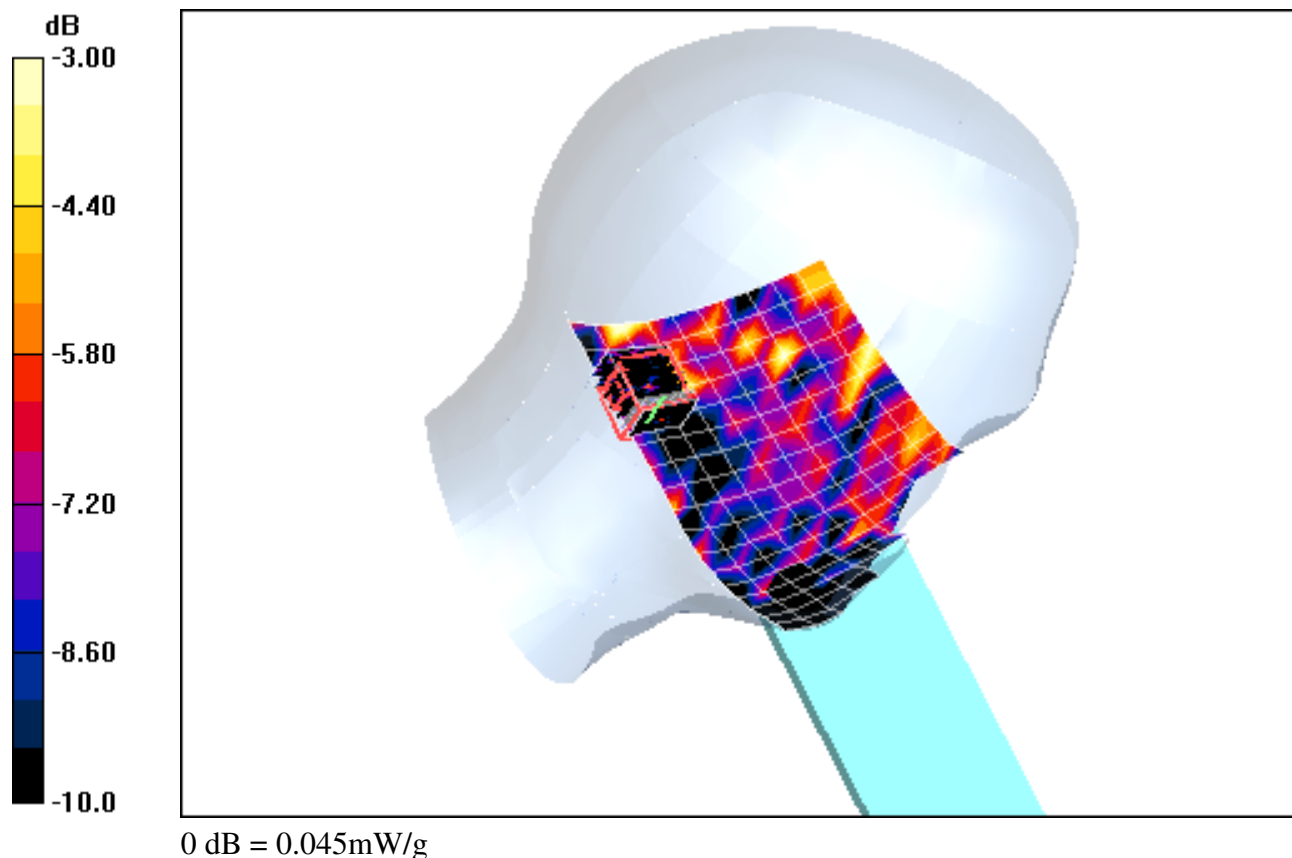
Area Scan (11x25x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.150 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.045 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00169 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.000663 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-11-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular TDSO, Body-worn SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

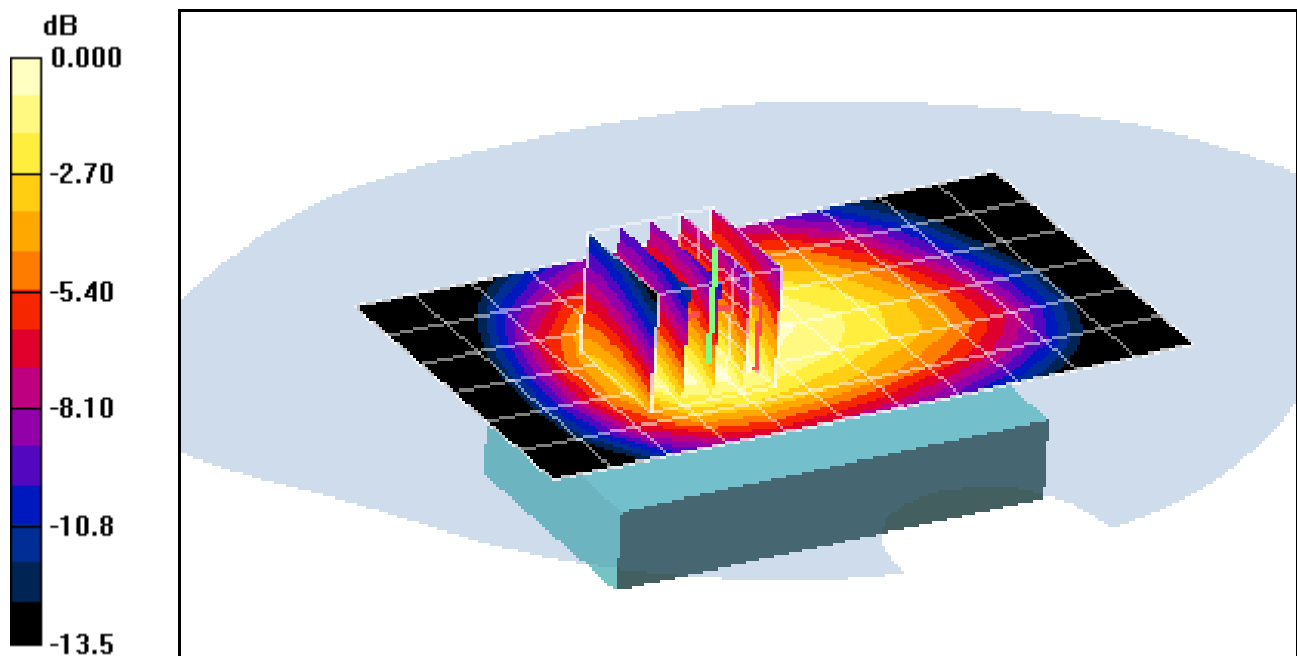
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 22.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.081 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.610 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.438 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 mW/g



0 dB = 0.461mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.984 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.9$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-16-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.3 °C; Tissue Temp: 23.5 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body-worn SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

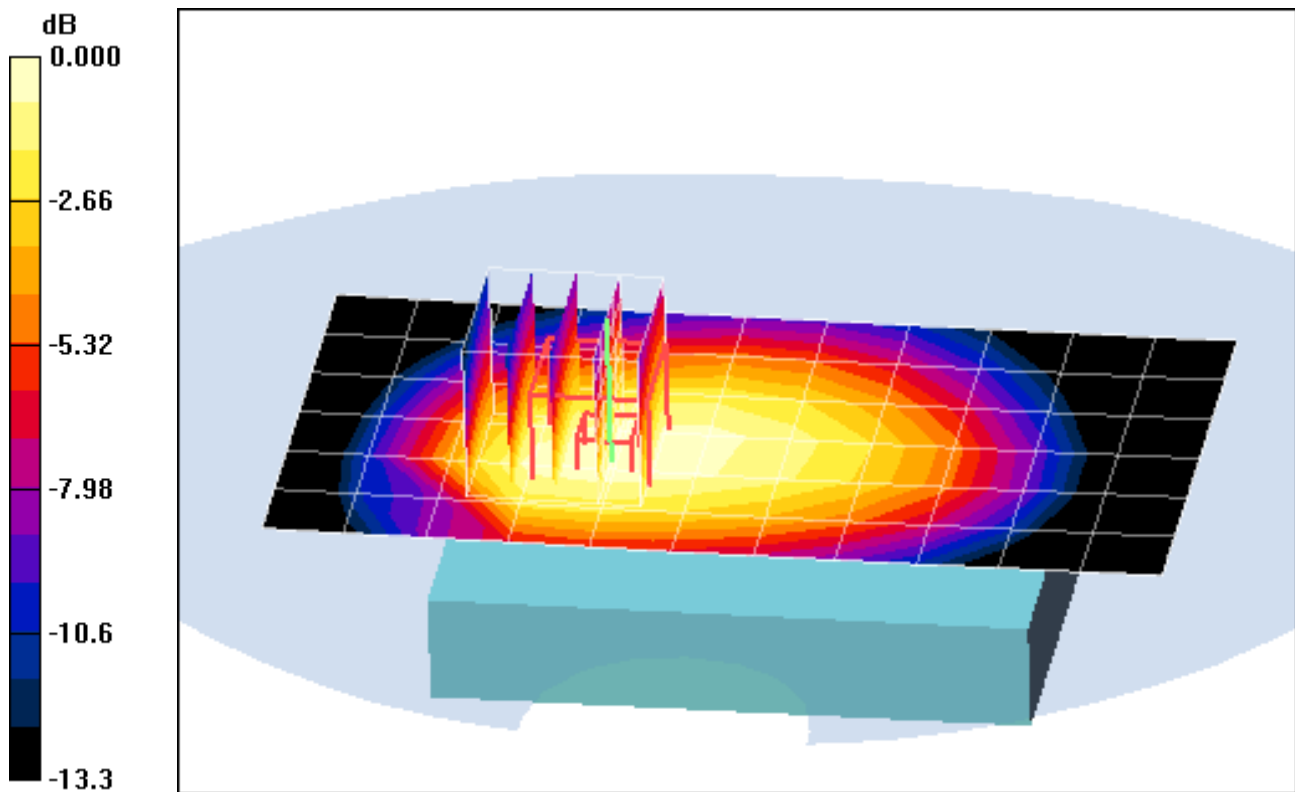
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.549 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.278 mW/g



0 dB = 0.418mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS TDSO, Body-worn SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

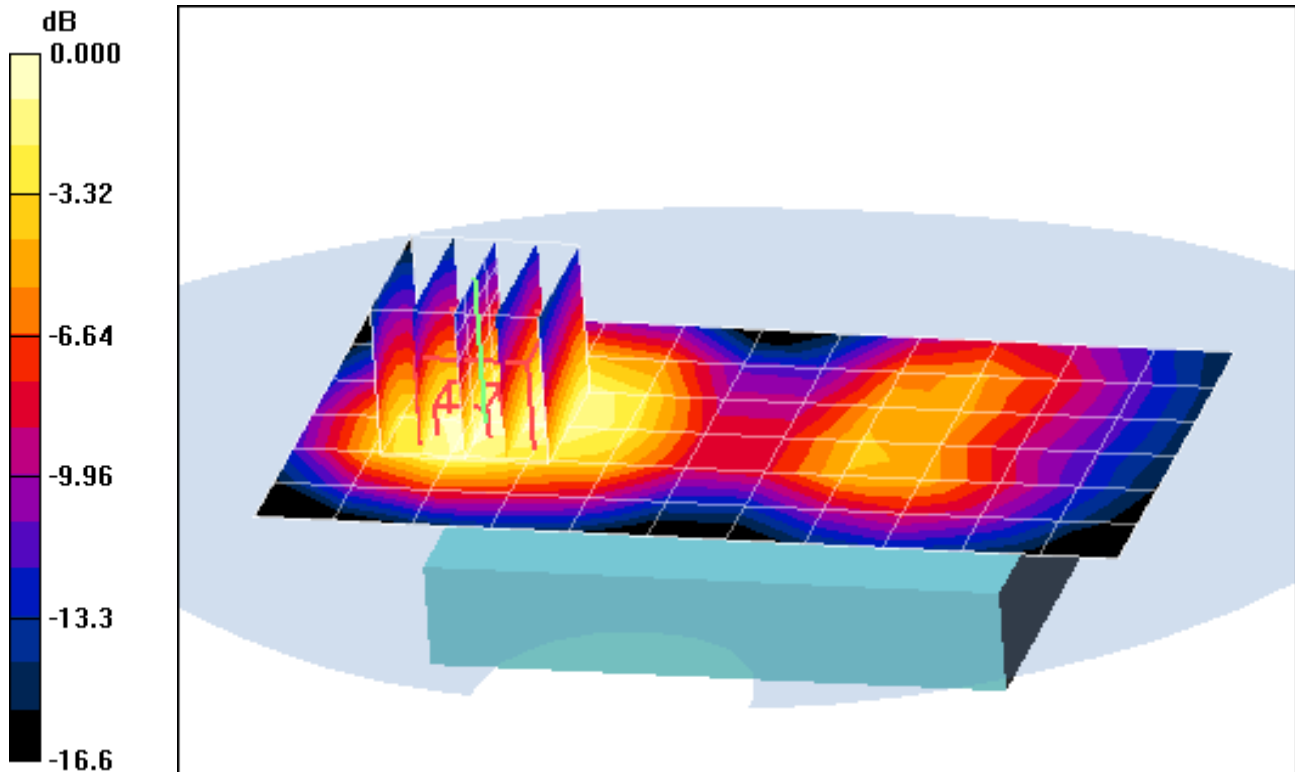
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.083 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.326 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.193 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 mW/g



0 dB = 0.207mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body-worn SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

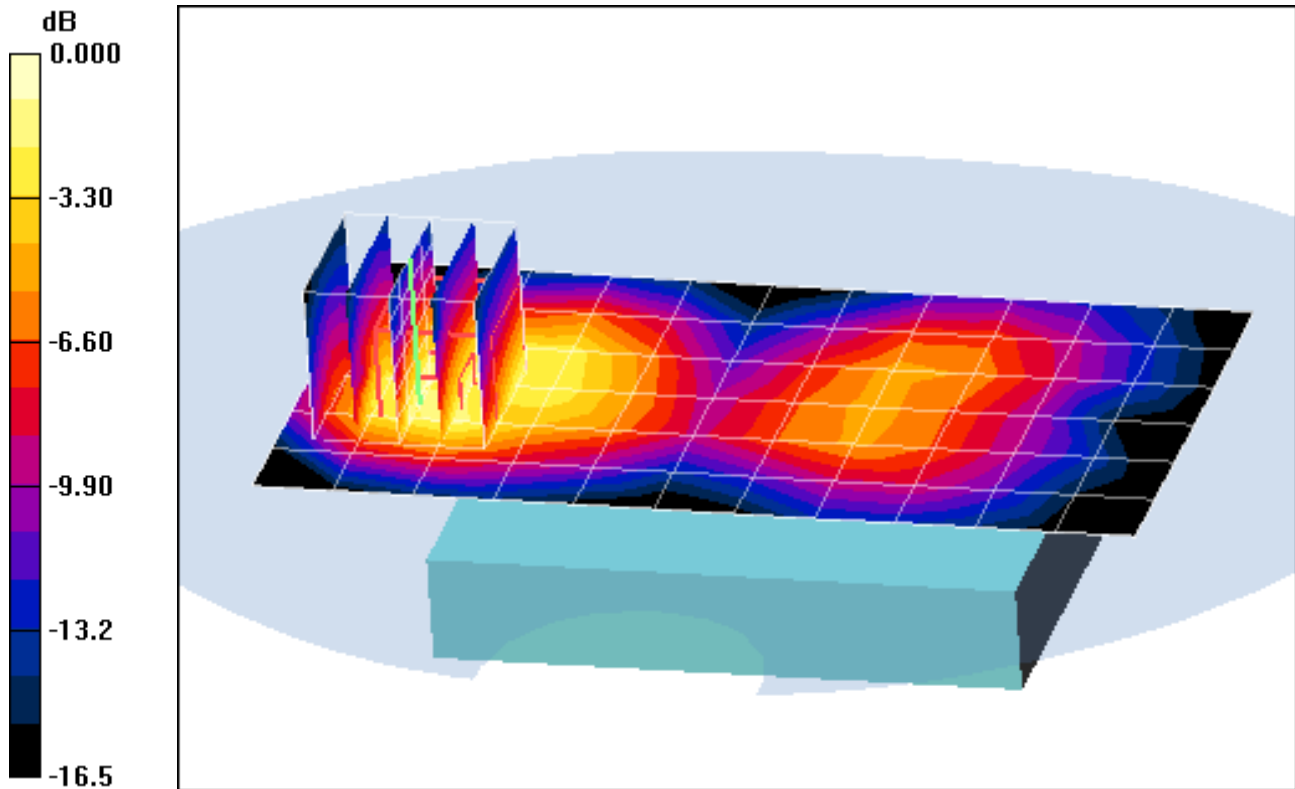
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.080 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.313 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.178 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 mW/g



0 dB = 0.193mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900 GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body-worn SAR, Back side, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots

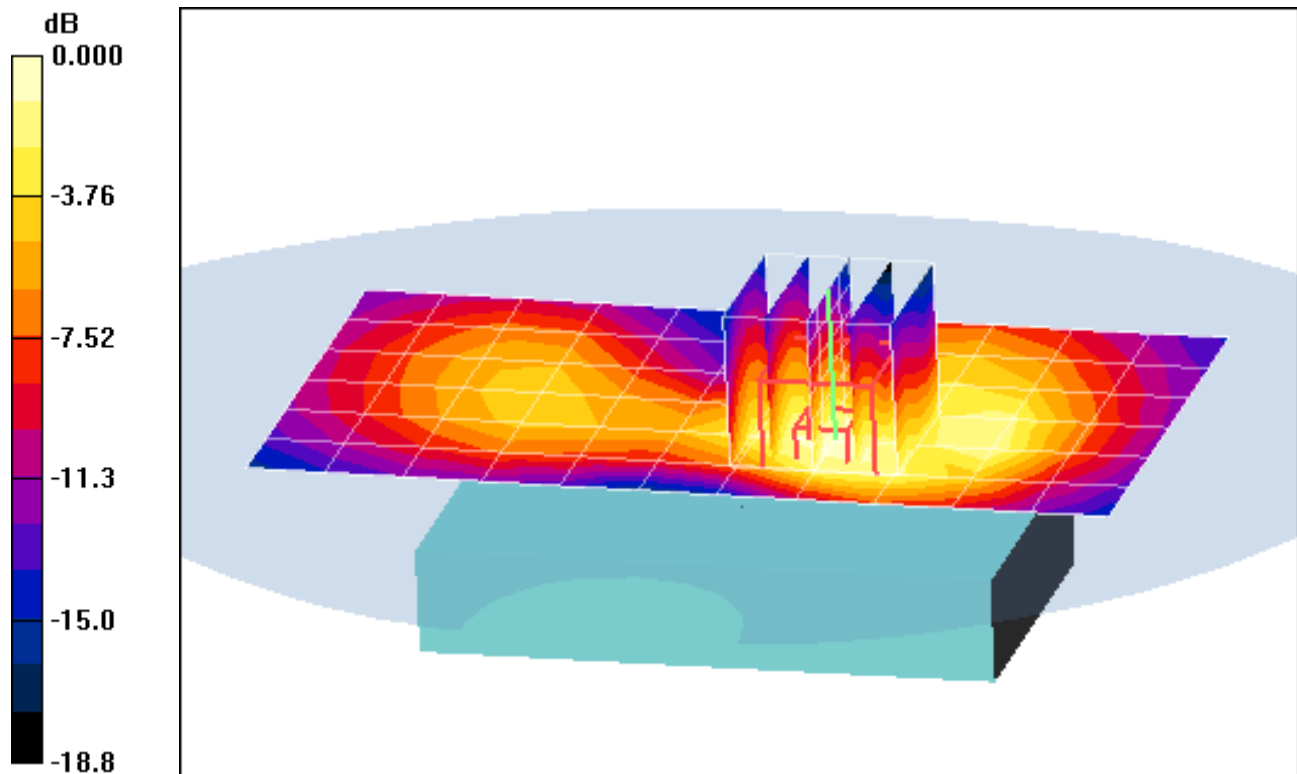
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 17.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.673 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.388 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 mW/g



0 dB = 0.417mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Body-worn SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

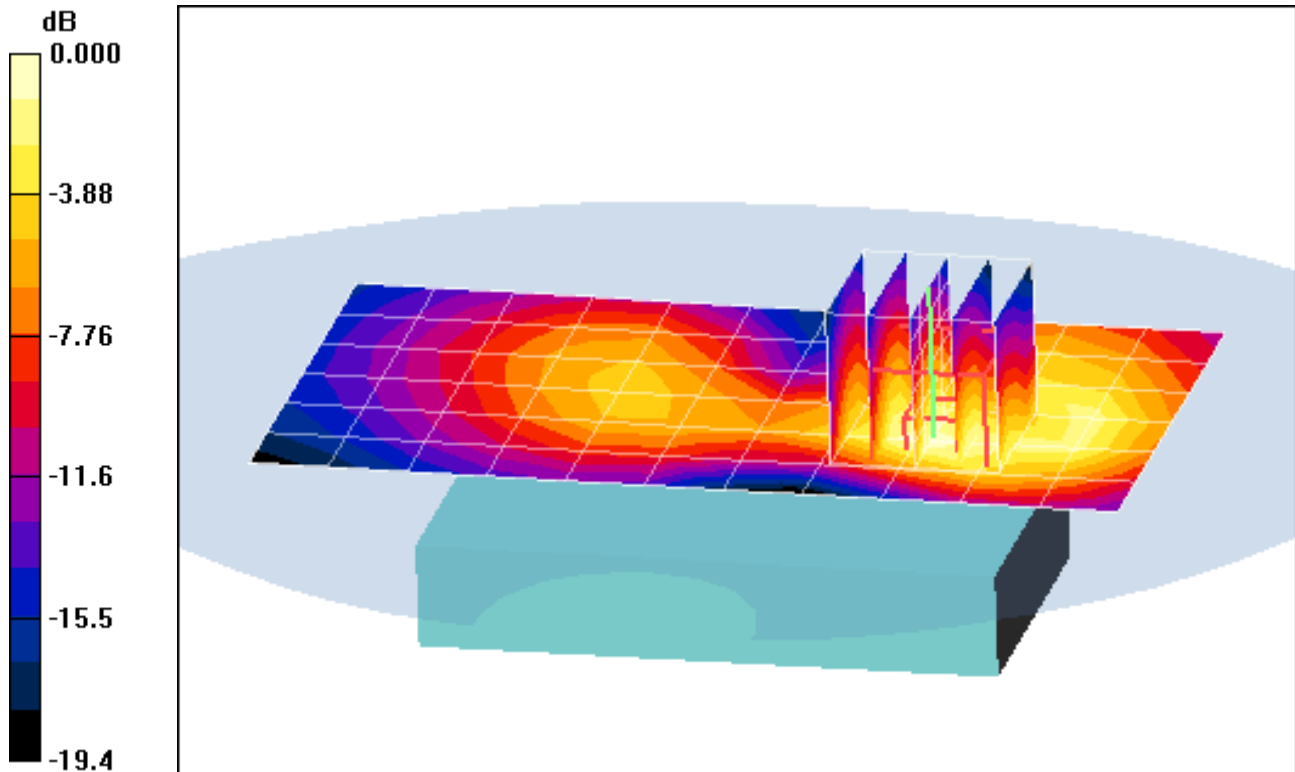
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.413 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.236 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.97 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.47$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-17-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.34, 4.34, 4.34); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body-worn SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Back Side

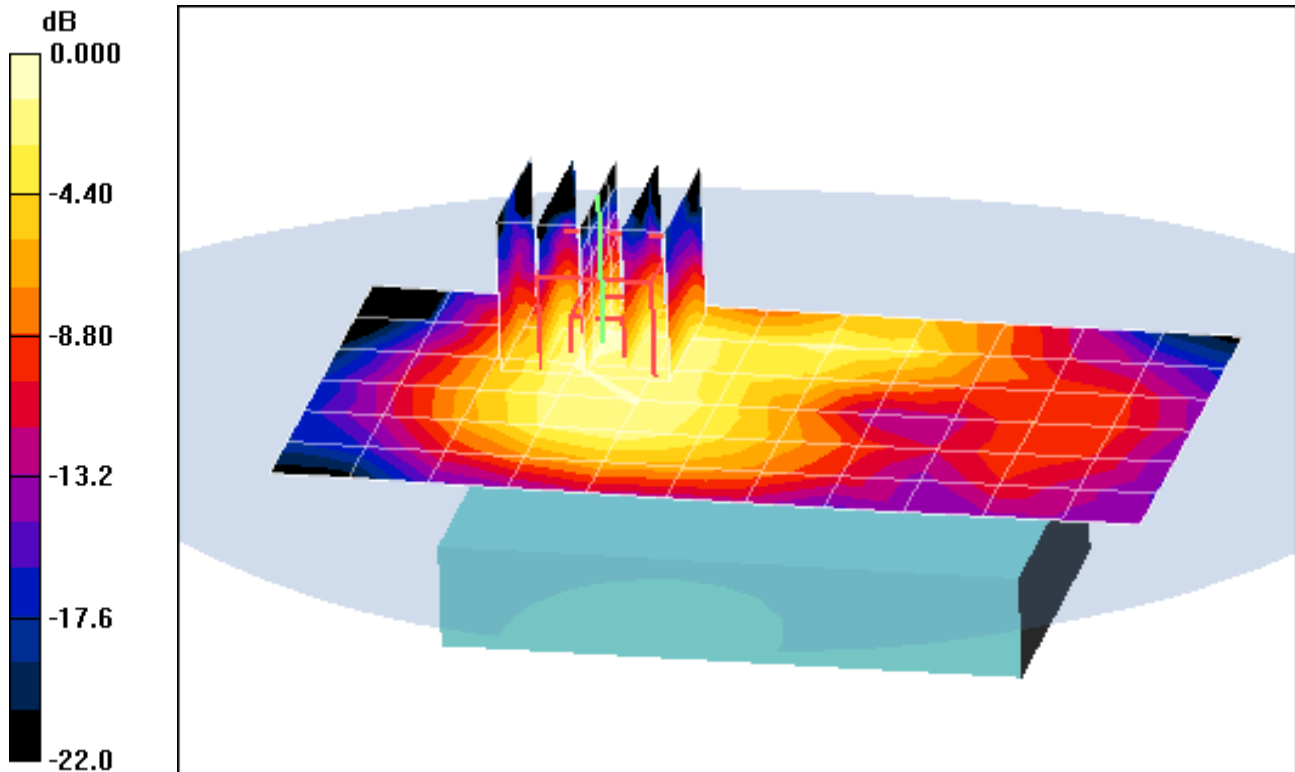
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.130 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.080 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g



0 dB = 0.050mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5765 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5765 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.223 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.49$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.34, 3.34, 3.34); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz, Body-worn SAR, Ch 153, 6 Mbps, Back Side

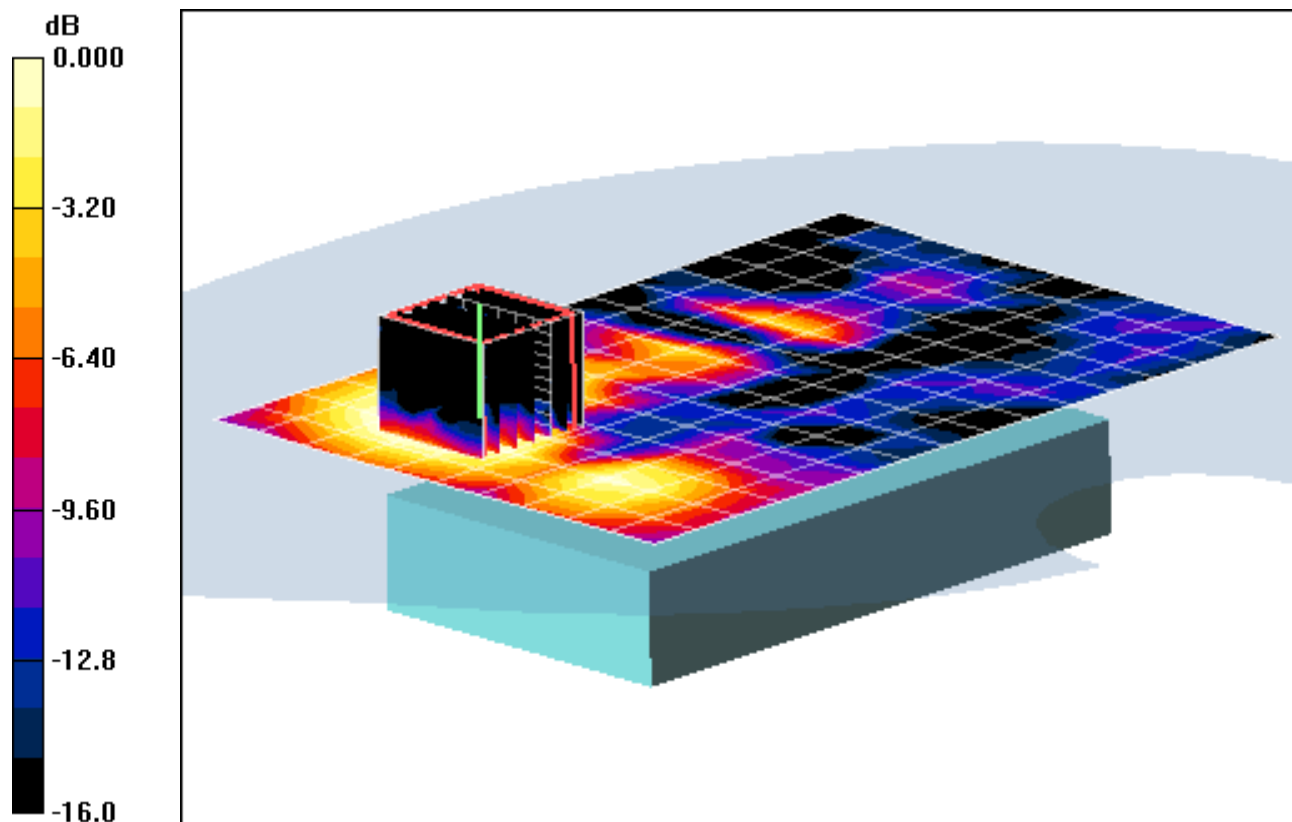
Area Scan (11x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.149 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.490 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.133 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 mW/g



0 dB = 0.271mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.983 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

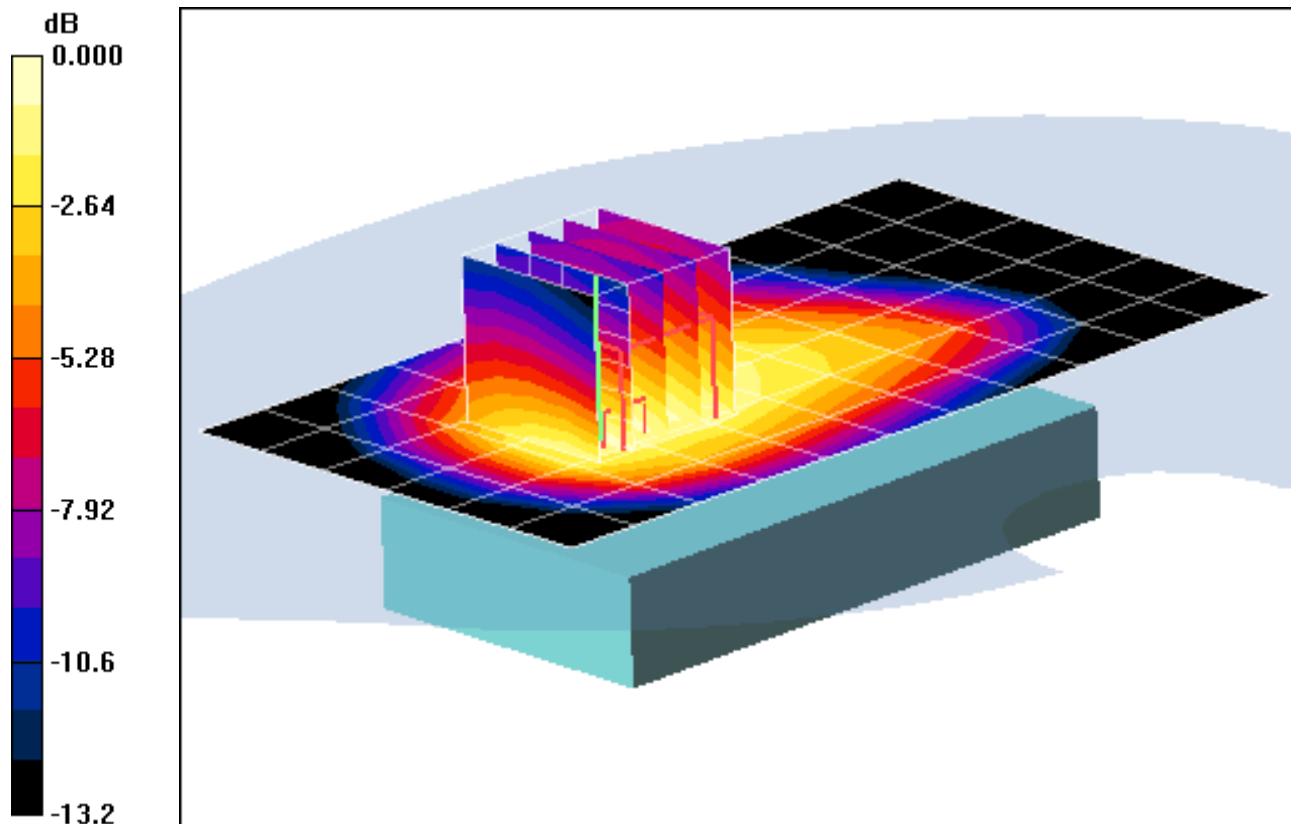
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 28.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.090 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.688 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.466 mW/g



0 dB = 0.740mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.983 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

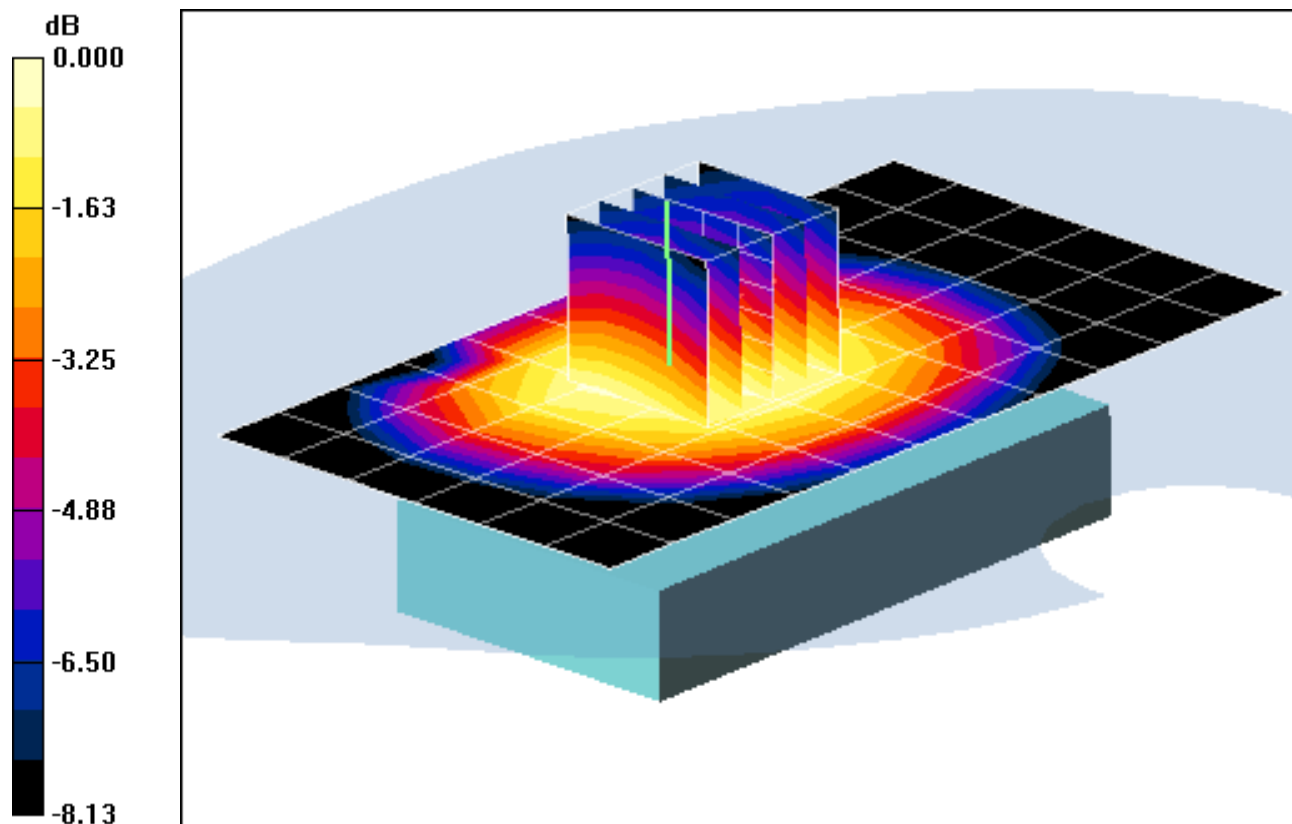
Area Scan(7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.146 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.151 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.118 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g



0 dB = 0.124mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.983 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

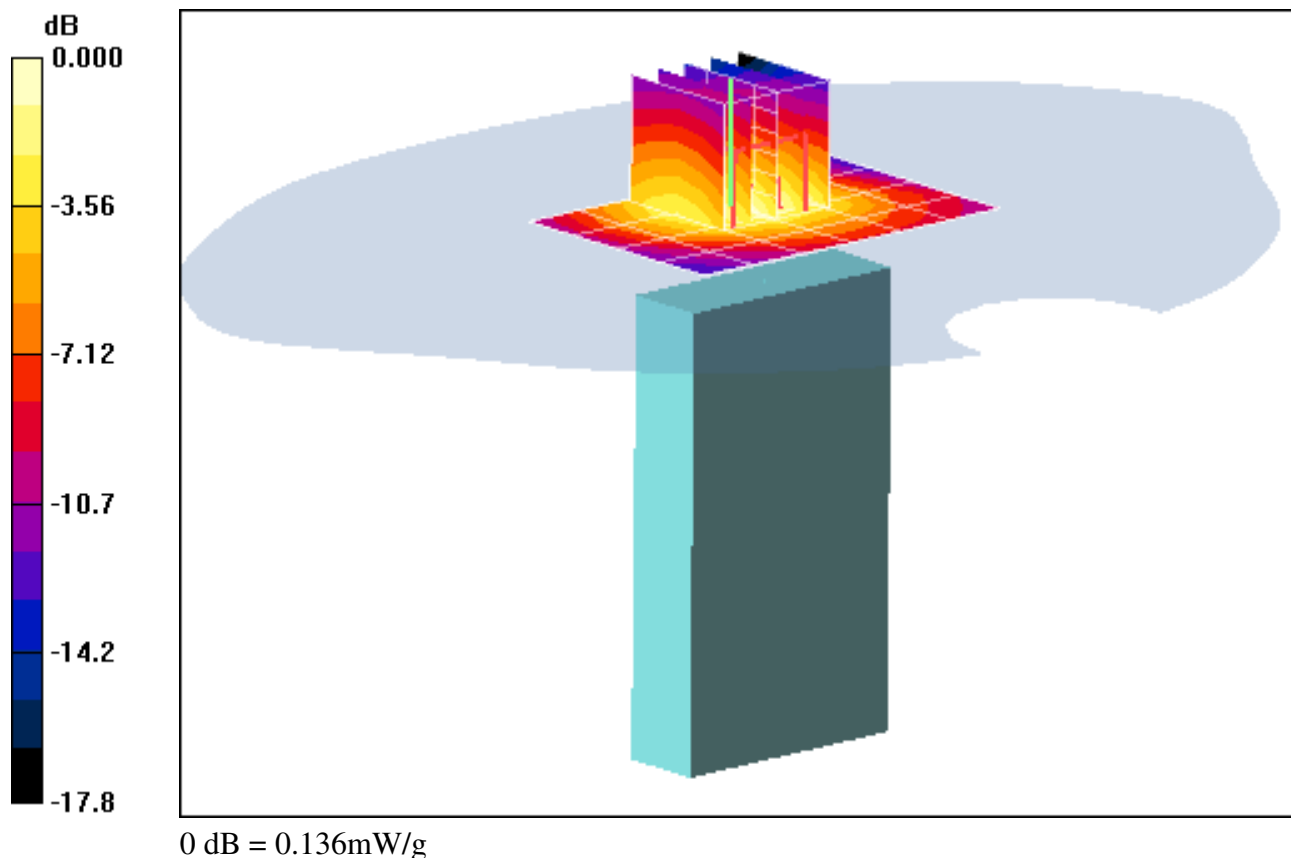
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.240 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.126 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.983 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch

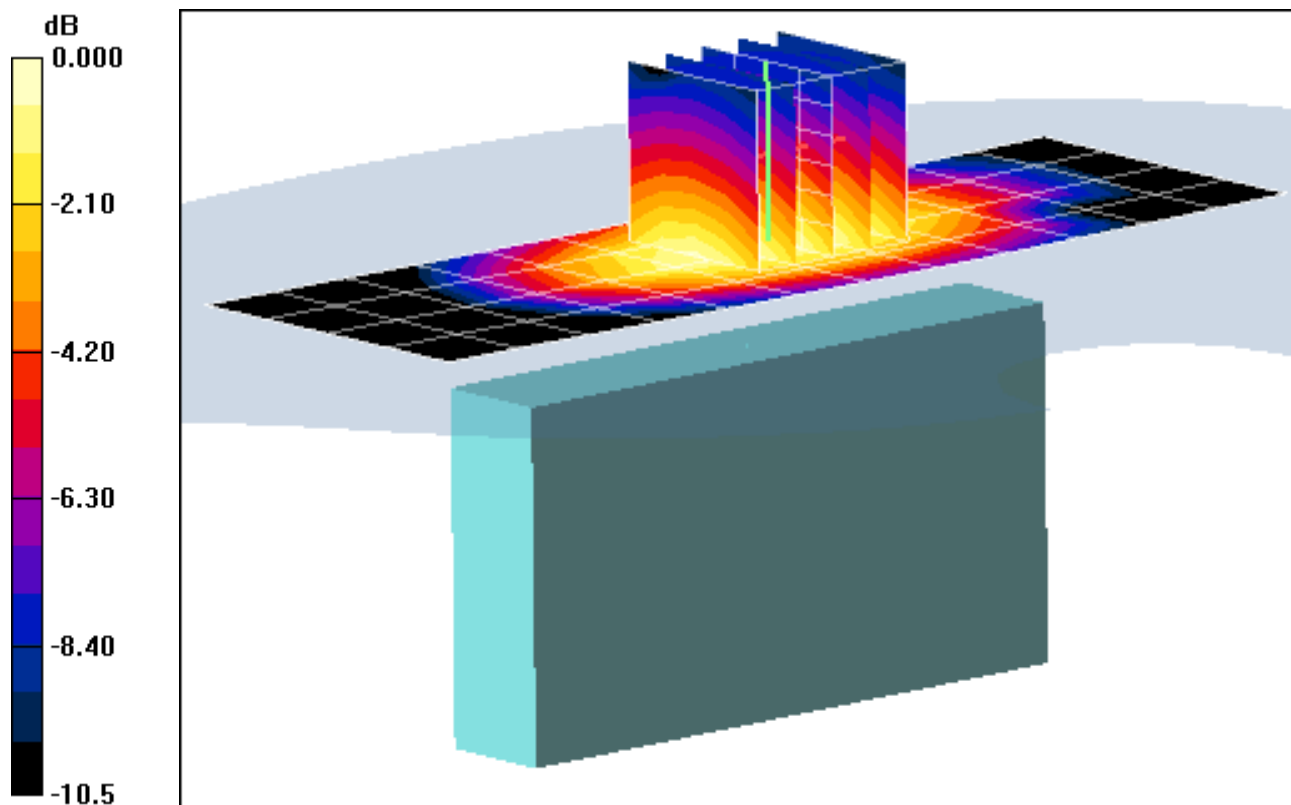
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.091 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.261 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.183 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 mW/g



0 dB = 0.195mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: Cellular CDMA; Frequency: 836.52 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.52 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.983 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: Cellular EVDO, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch

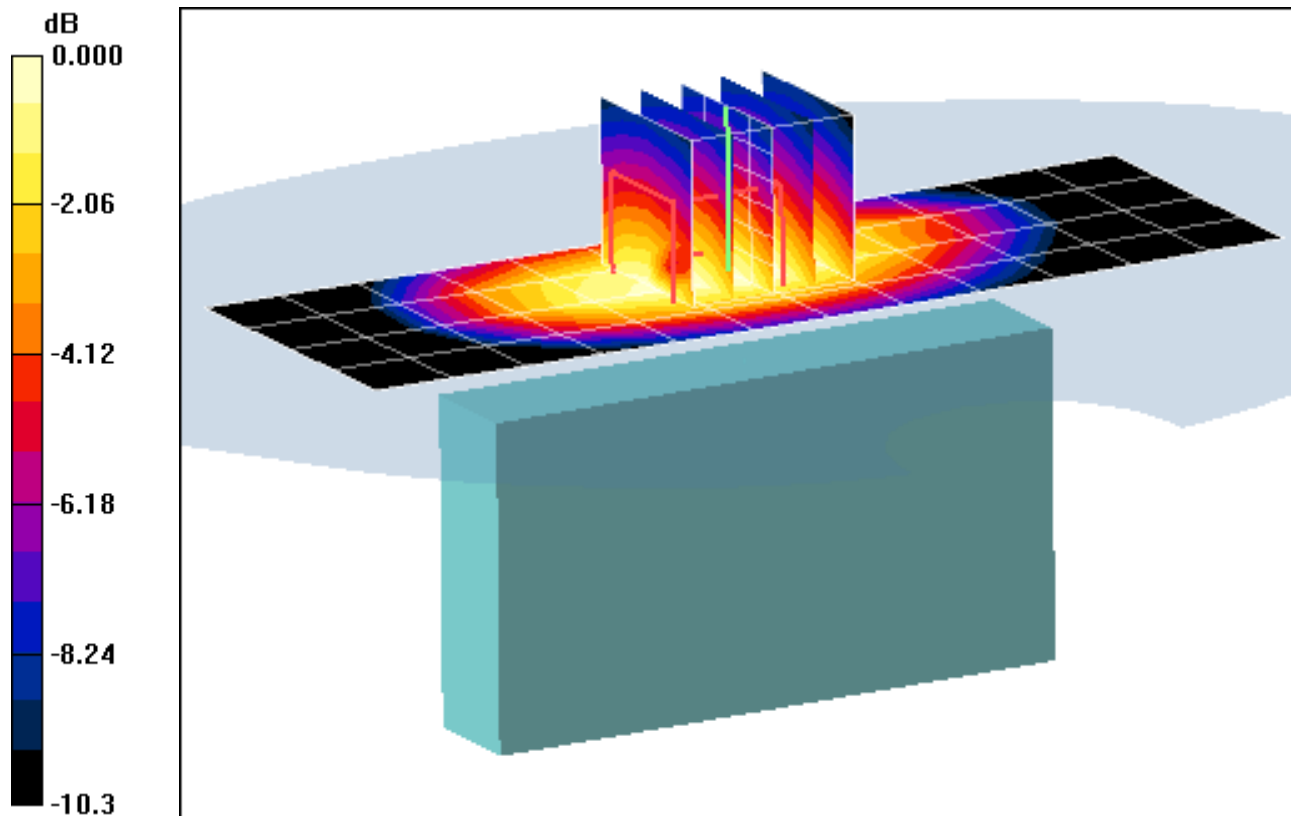
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.862 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.332 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 mW/g



0 dB = 0.343mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

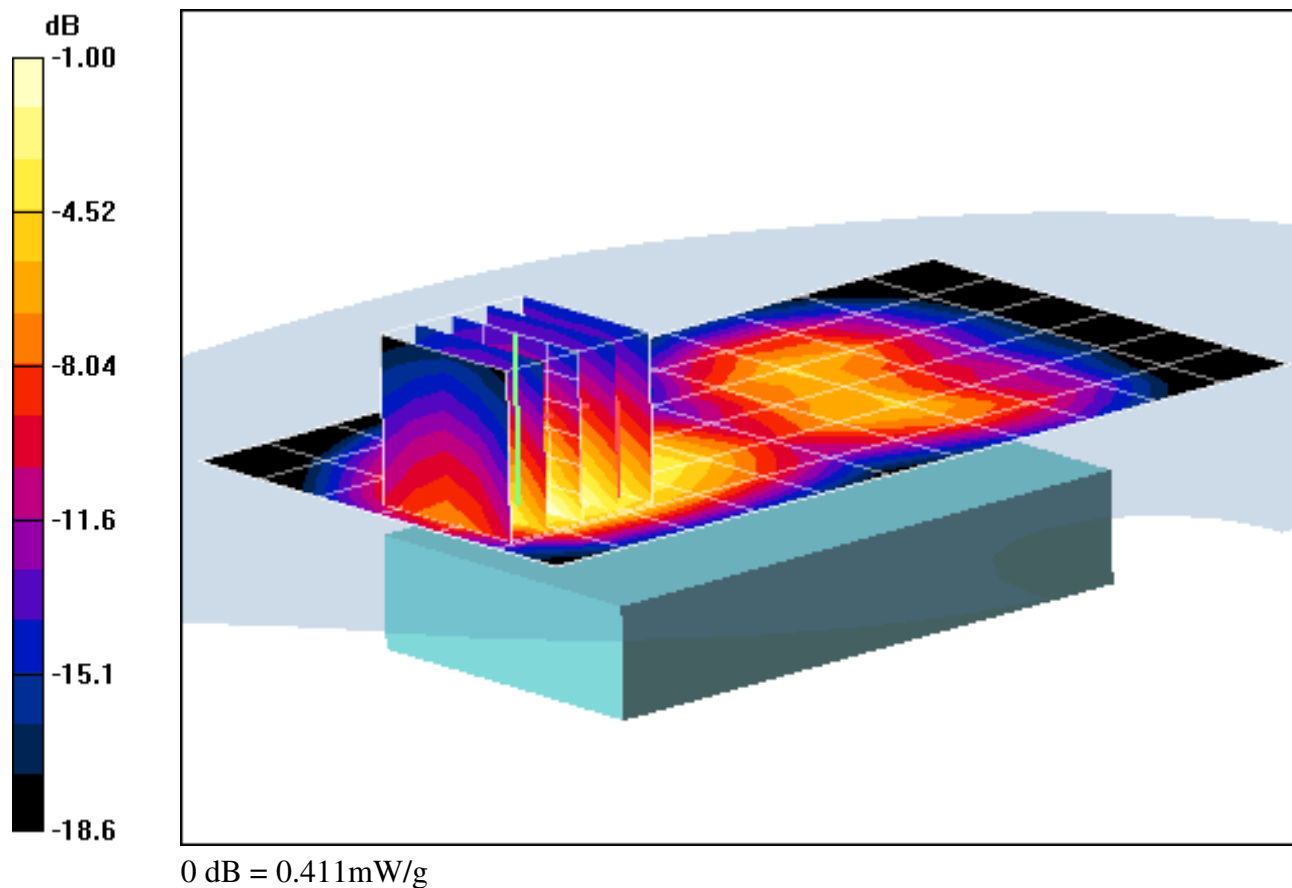
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.019 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.697 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.366 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.197 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

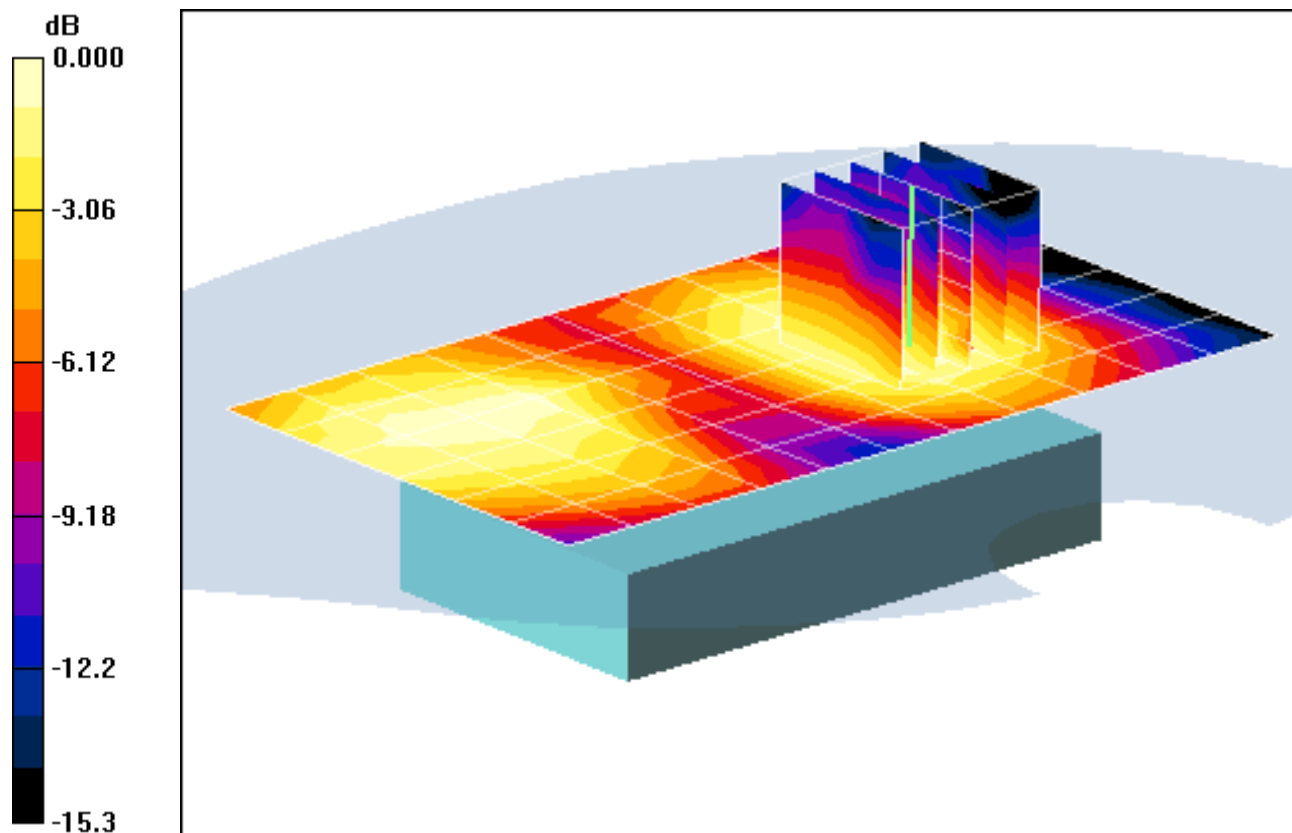
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.035 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.054 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.030 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g



0 dB = 0.032mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

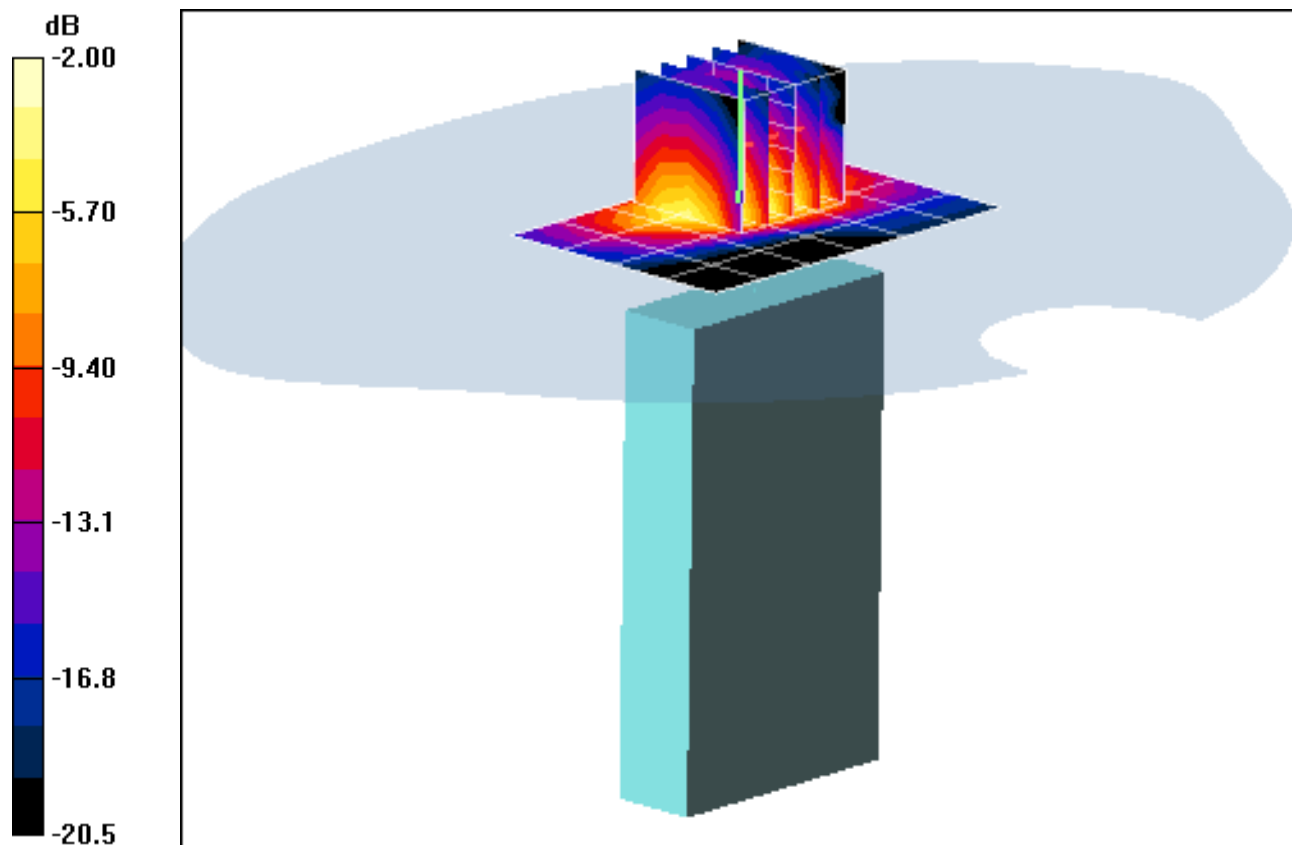
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.052 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.608 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.308 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.139 mW/g



0 dB = 0.367mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch

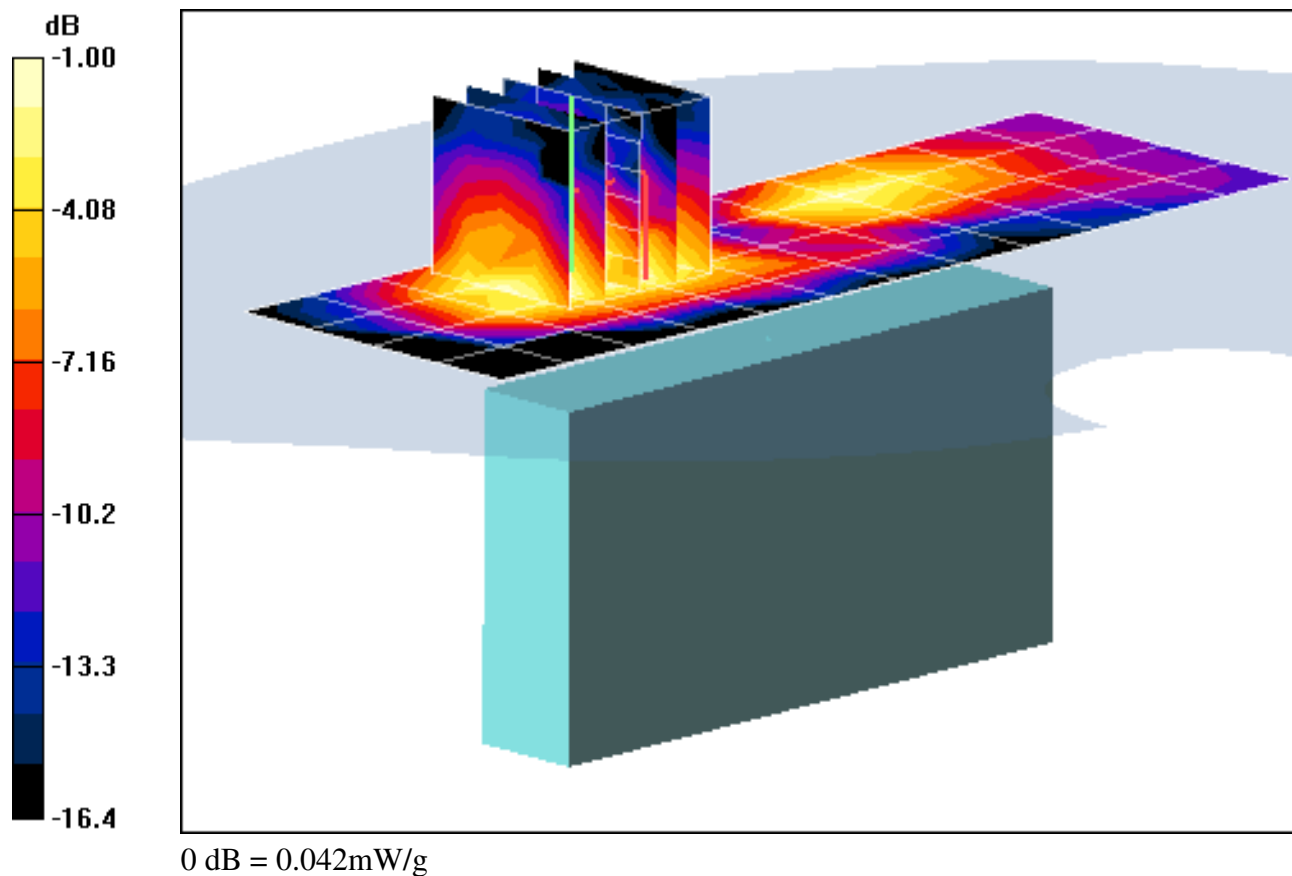
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.122 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.085 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.035 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.019 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: PCS CDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.51 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: PCS EVDO, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch

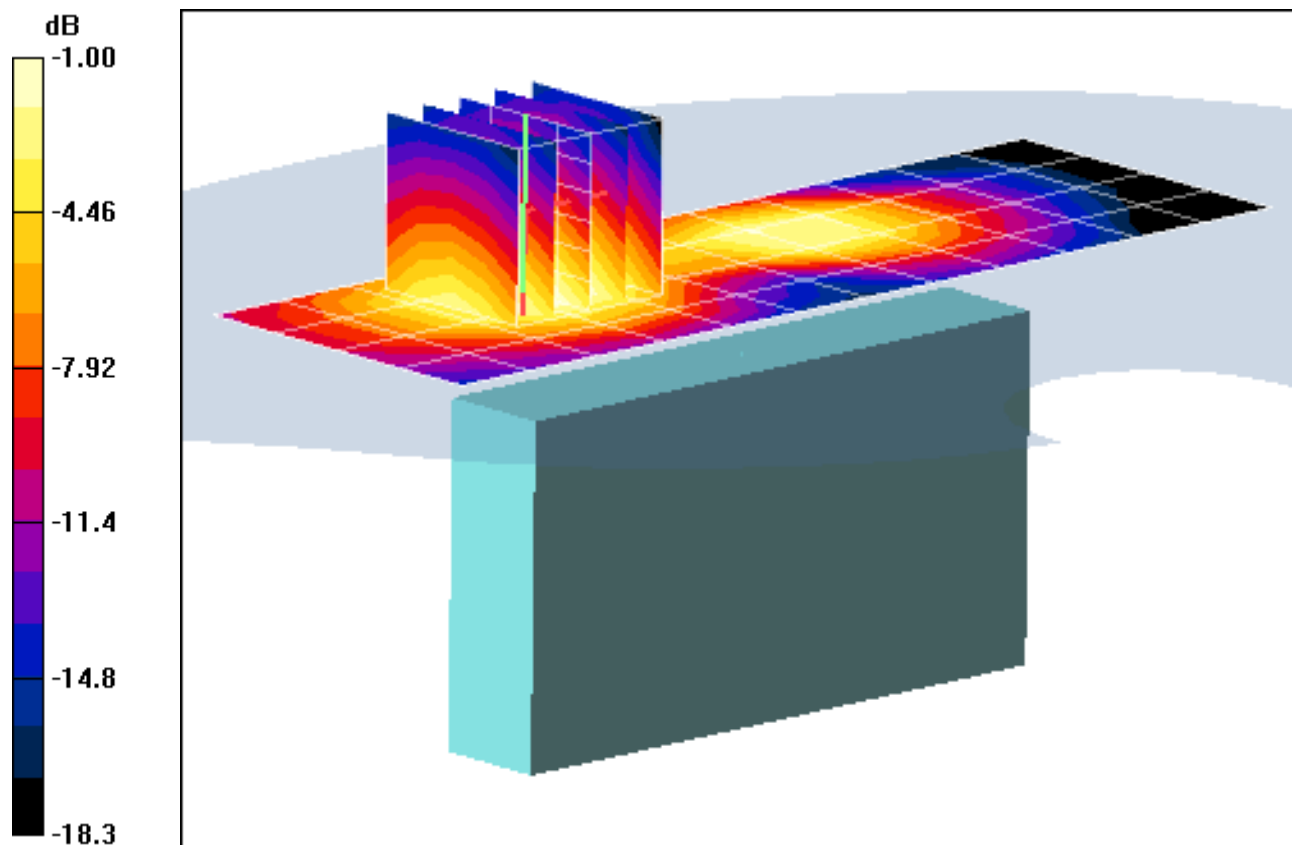
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.7 V/m; Power Drift = -0.027 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.262 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 mW/g



0 dB = 0.177mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

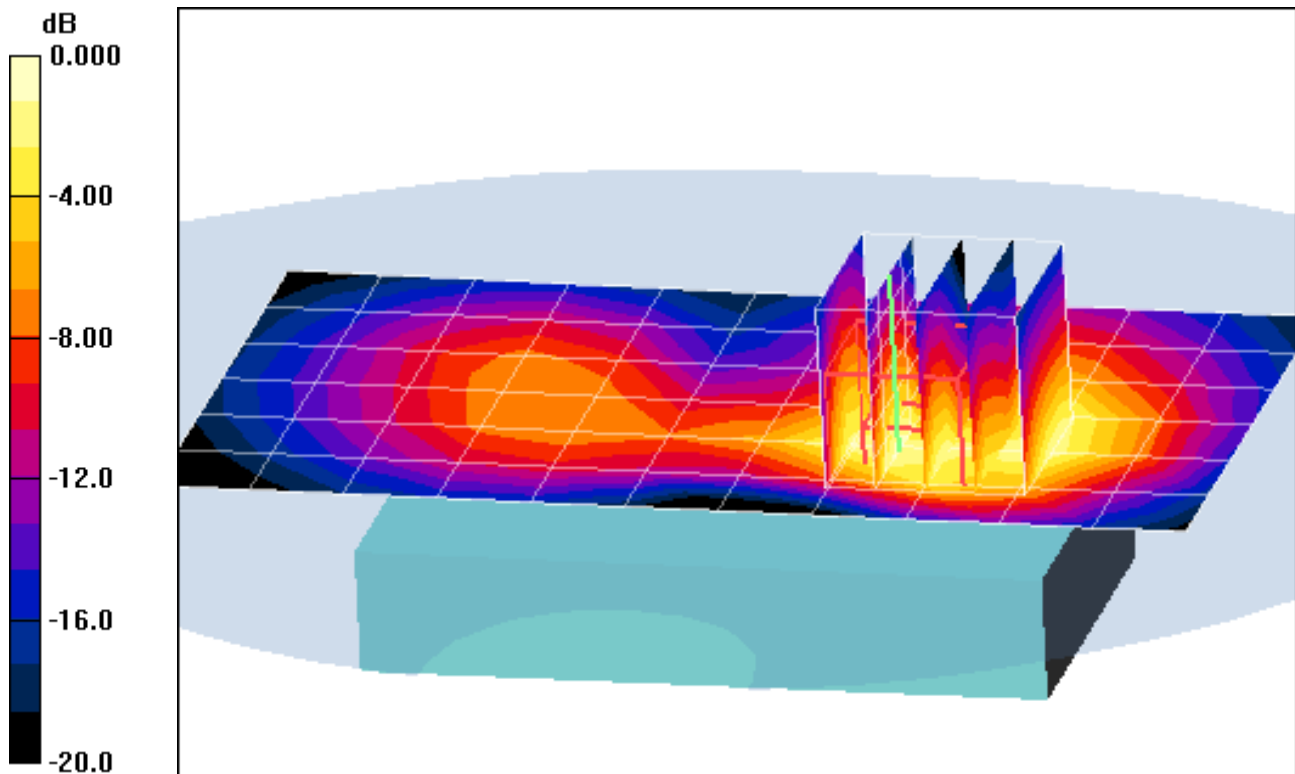
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.003 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.558 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.270 mW/g



0 dB = 0.664mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch

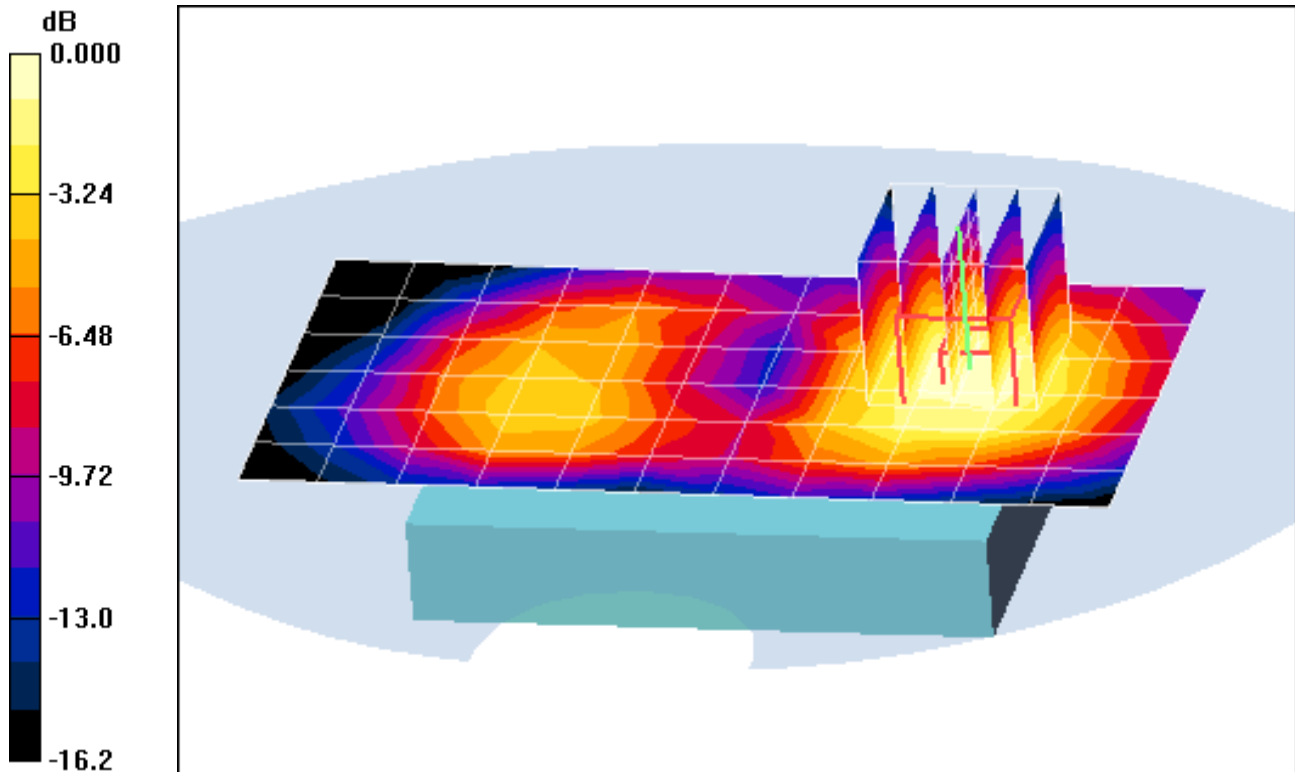
Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 8.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.063 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.215 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.138 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 mW/g



0 dB = 0.149mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Body SAR, Top Edge, Mid.ch

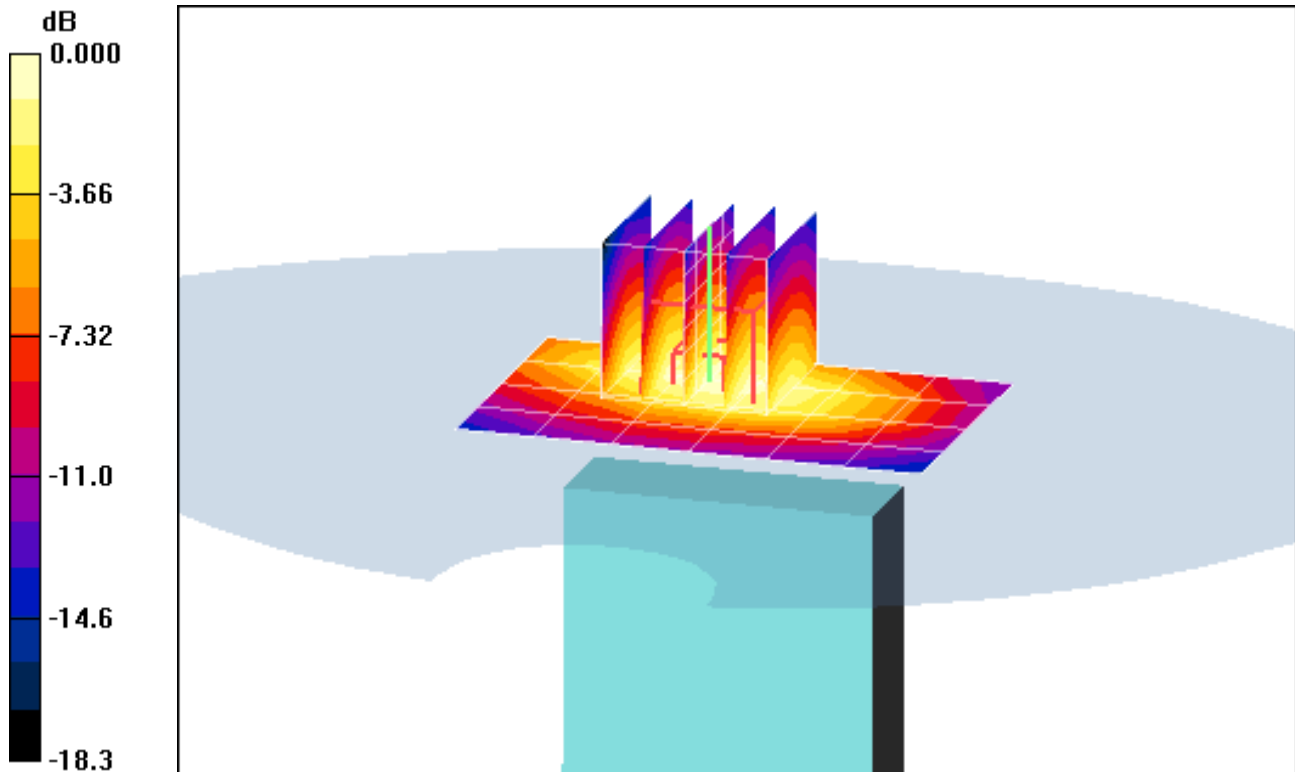
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.039 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.320 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.198 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.115 mW/g



0 dB = 0.217mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Body SAR, Right Edge, Mid.ch

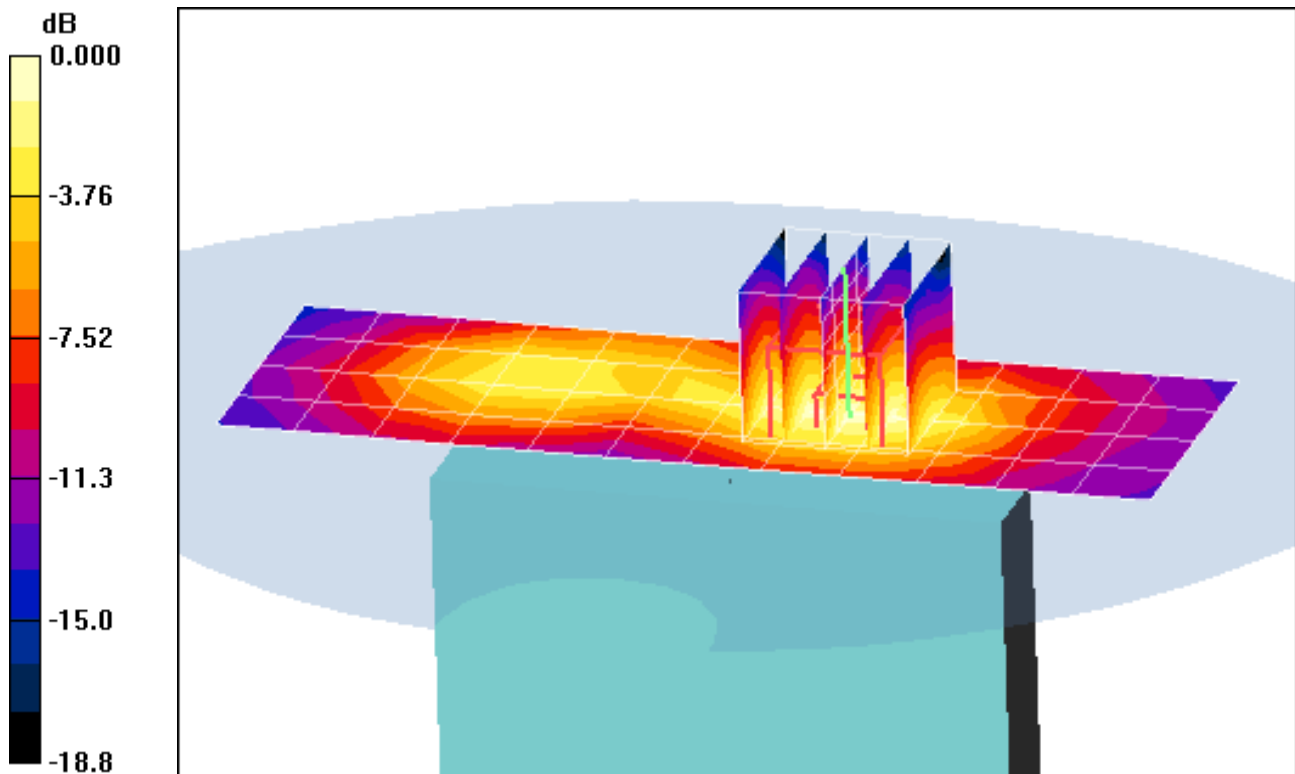
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.051 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.069 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 mW/g



0 dB = 0.077mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-A

Communication System: GSM1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.485 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: GSM 1900, Body SAR, Left Edge, Mid.ch

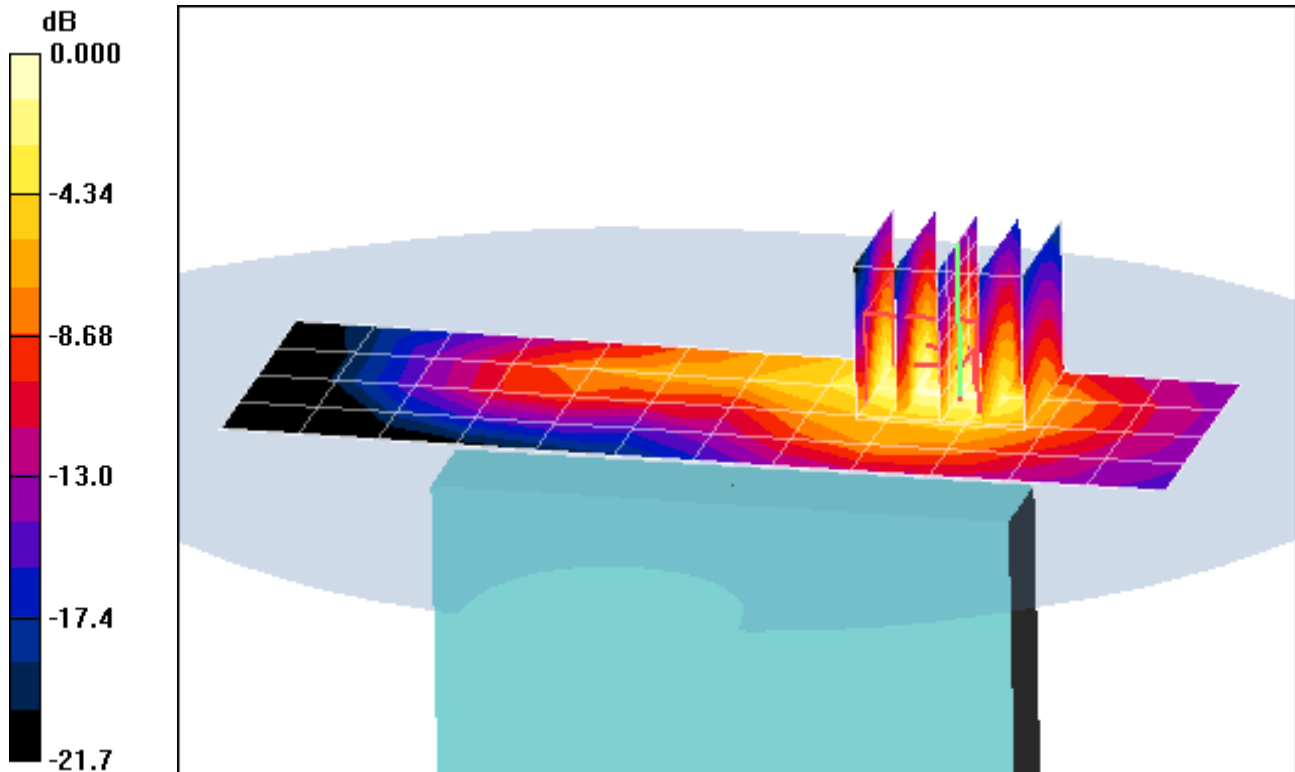
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.041 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.646 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.328 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 mW/g



0 dB = 0.352mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.3 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.5 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Back Side

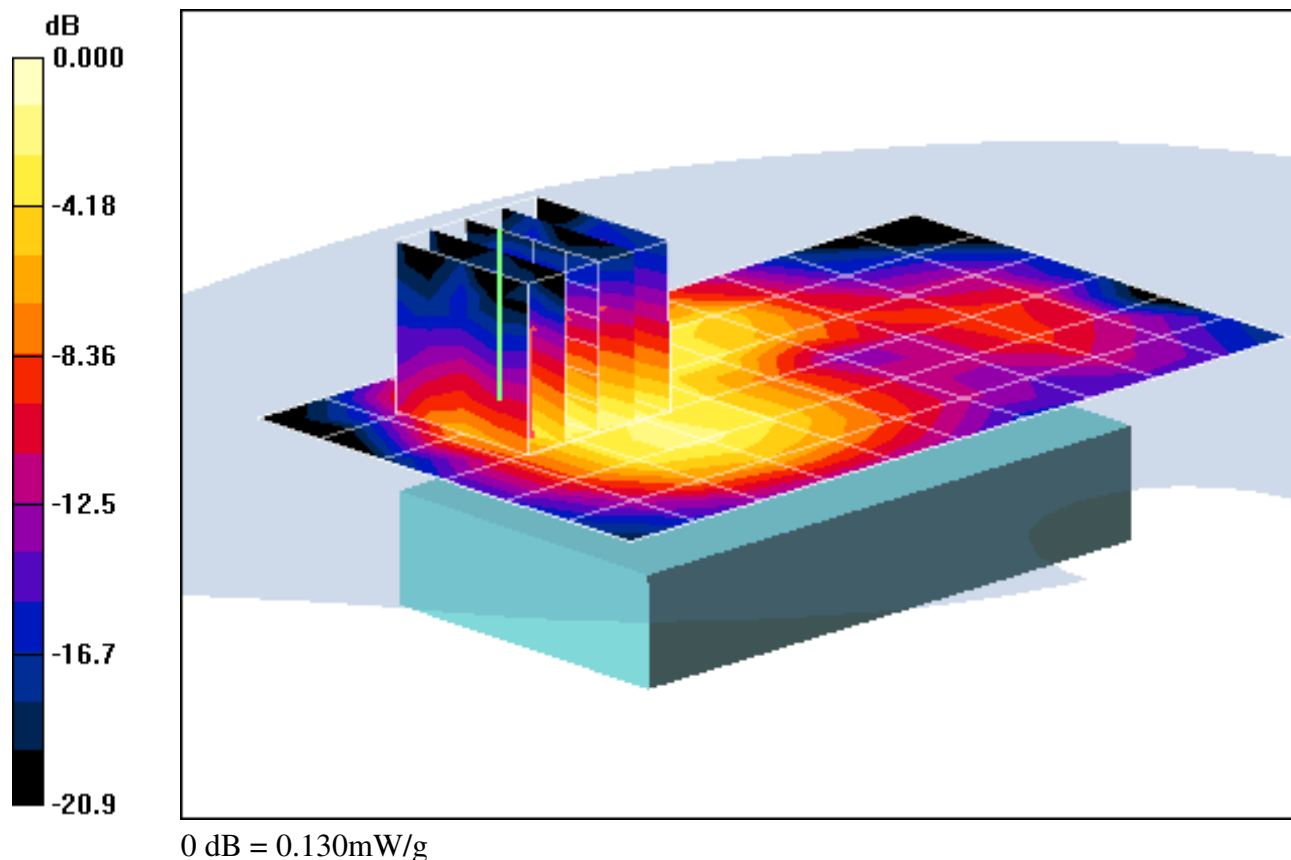
Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.242 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.105 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.048 mW/g



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.3 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.5 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Front Side

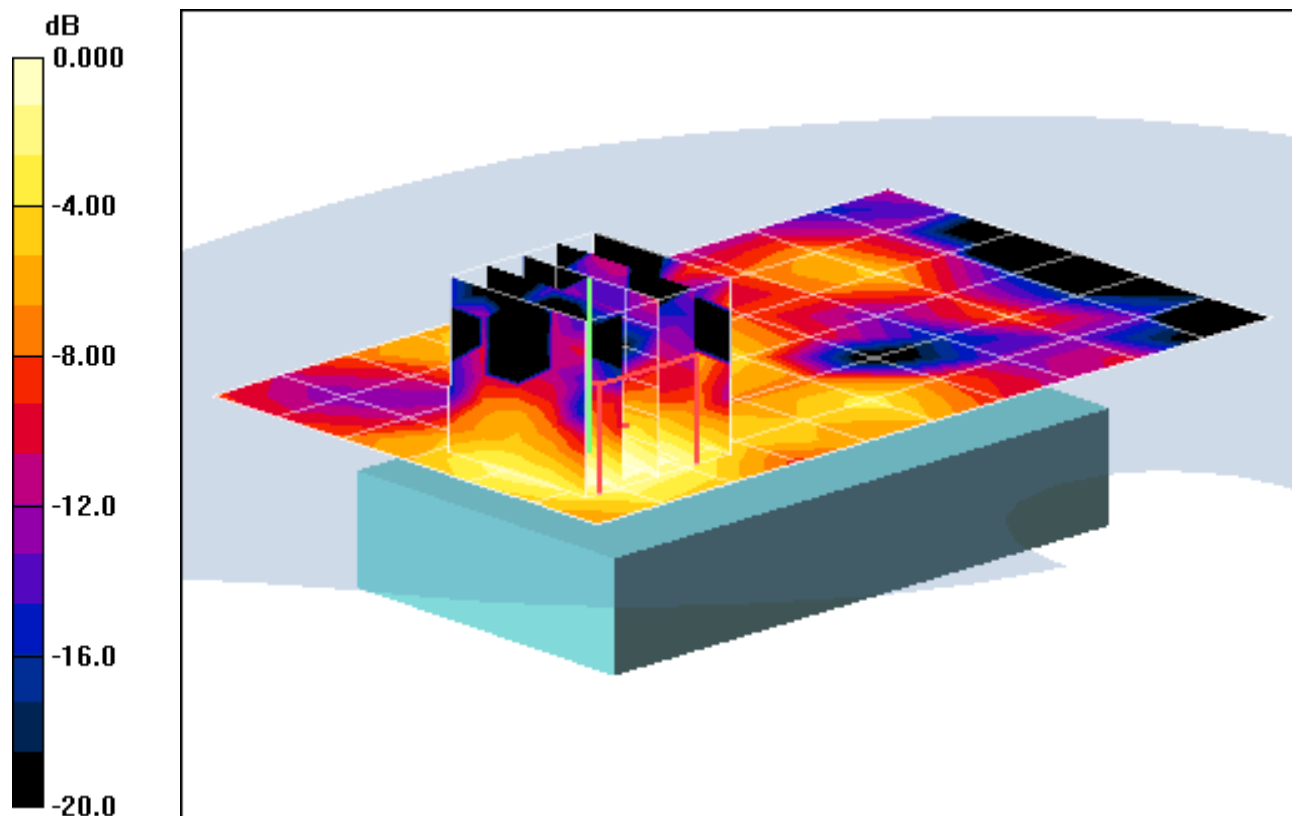
Area Scan (7x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.89 V/m; Power Drift = 0.202 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.021 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00839 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00333 mW/g



0 dB = 0.010mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.3 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.5 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Bottom Edge

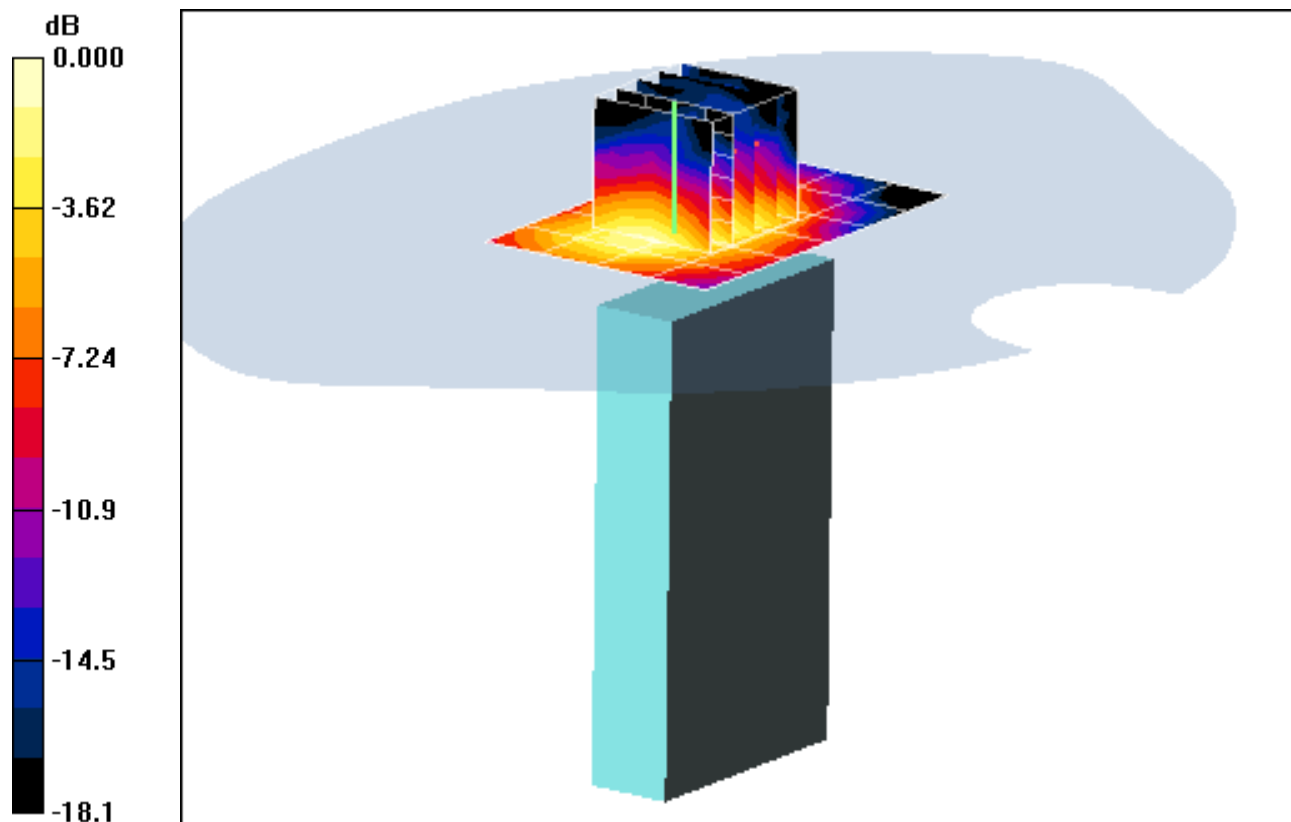
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.31 V/m; Power Drift = -0.110 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.070 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.034 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g



0 dB = 0.043mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSCHW999; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: FI-254-B

Communication System: IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2462 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.00 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.2$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.3 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.5 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.15, 4.15, 4.15); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 11, 1 Mbps, Right Edge

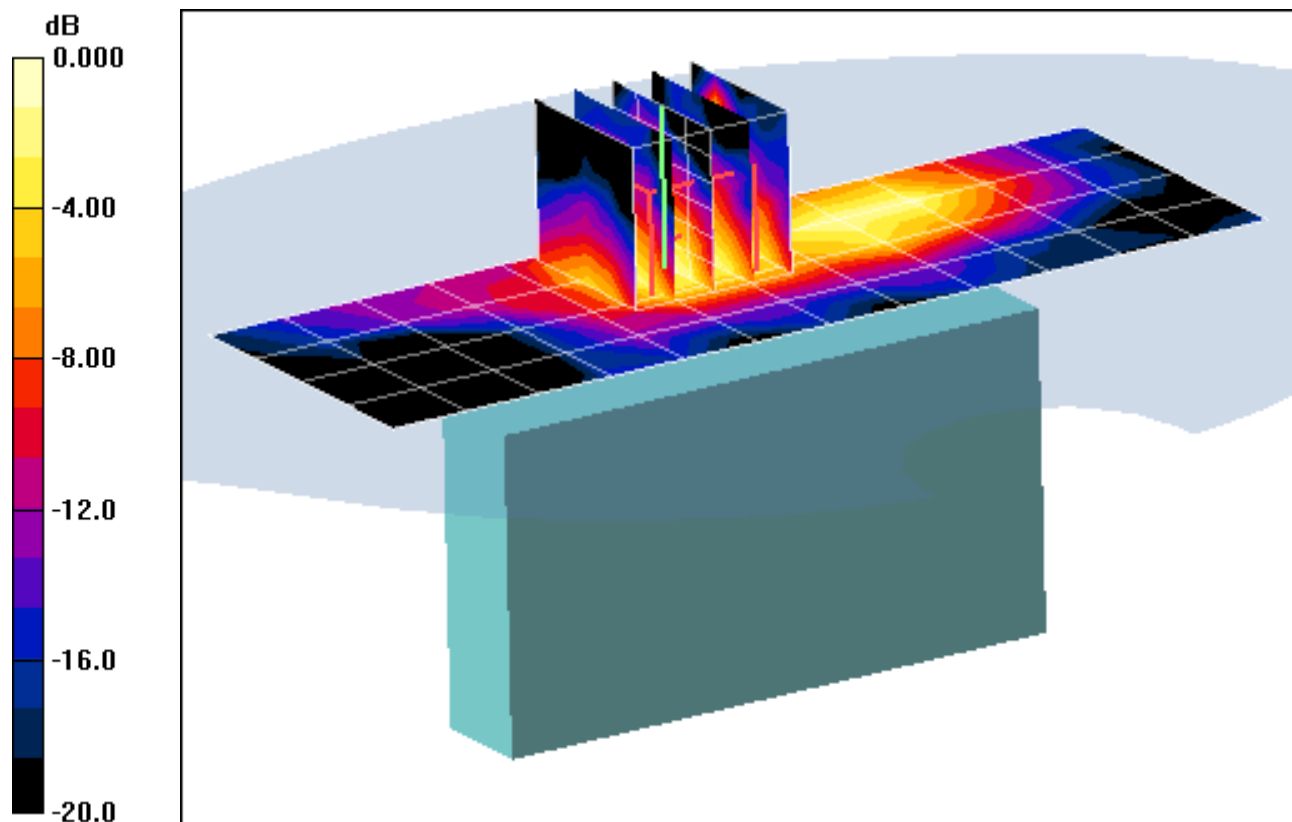
Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 4.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.170 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.068 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.038 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 mW/g



0 dB = 0.050mW/g

APPENDIX B: DIPOLE VALIDATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.873 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.87$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

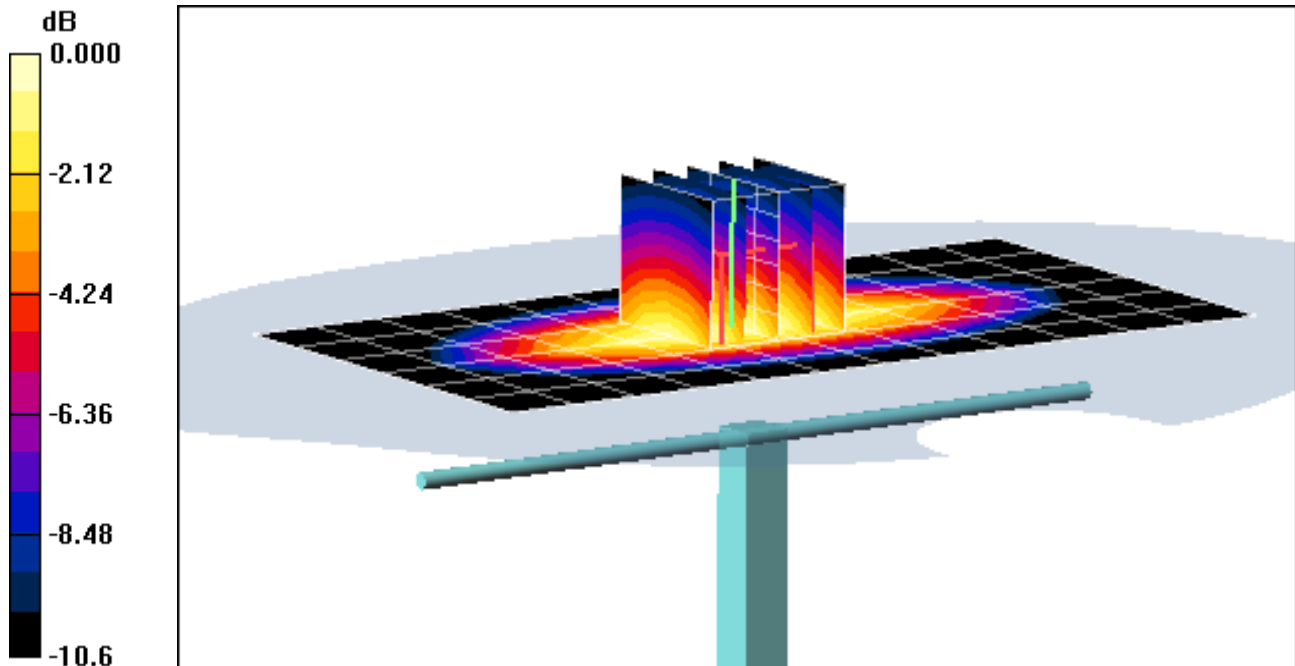
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.907 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.590 mW/g

Deviation = -4.83 %



0 dB = 0.984mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.873 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.87$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.18, 6.18, 6.18); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1403

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

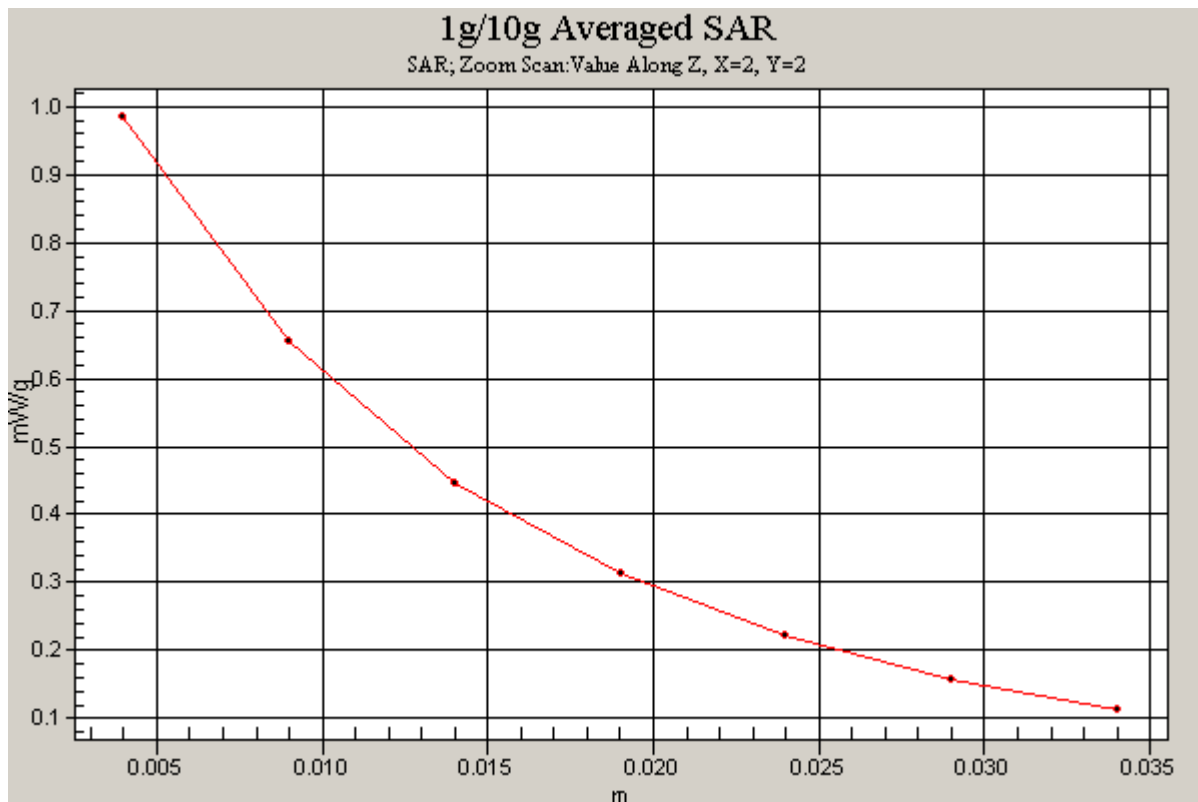
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.907 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.590 mW/g

Deviation = -4.83 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

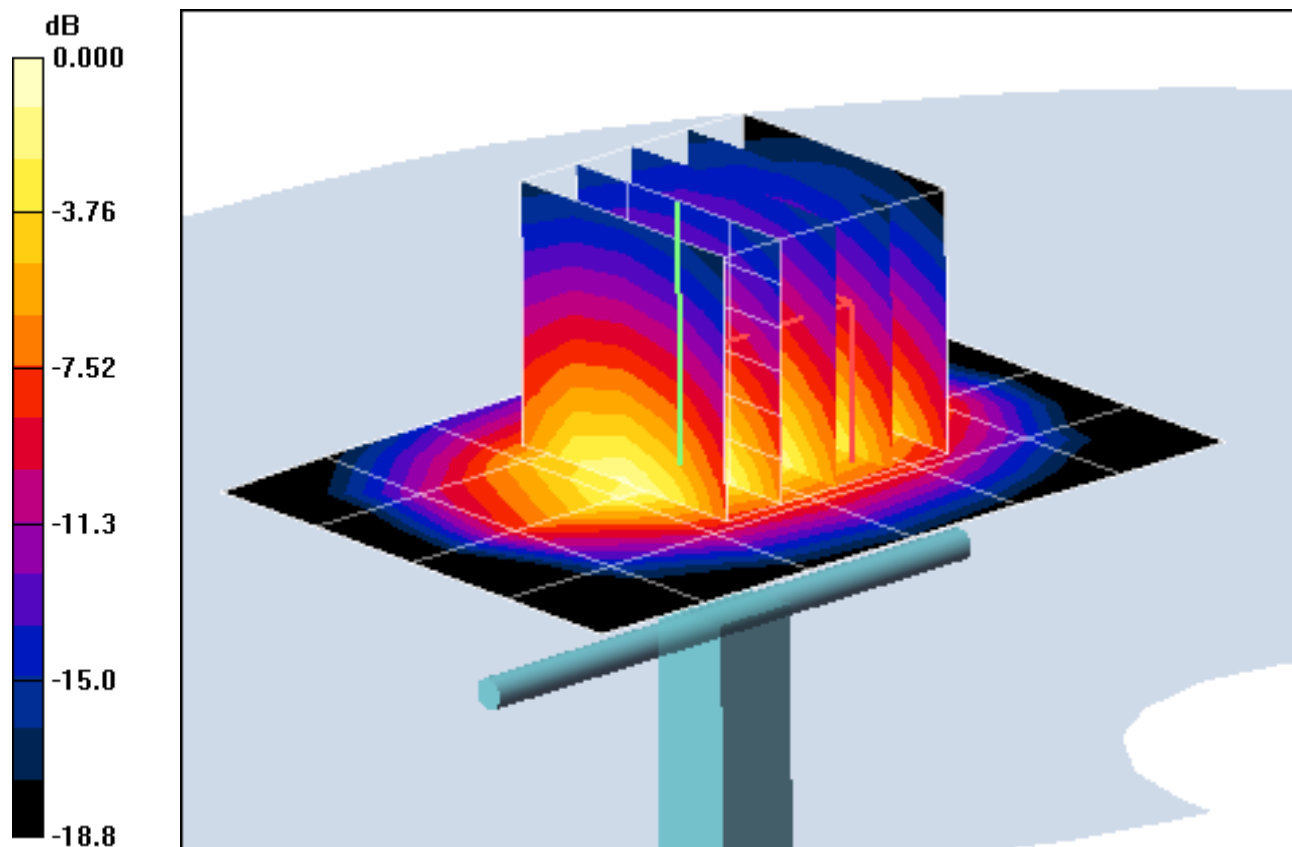
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 16.0 dBm (40 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.867 mW/g

Deviation = 5.72 %



0 dB = 1.87mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-10-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(7.16, 7.16, 7.16); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

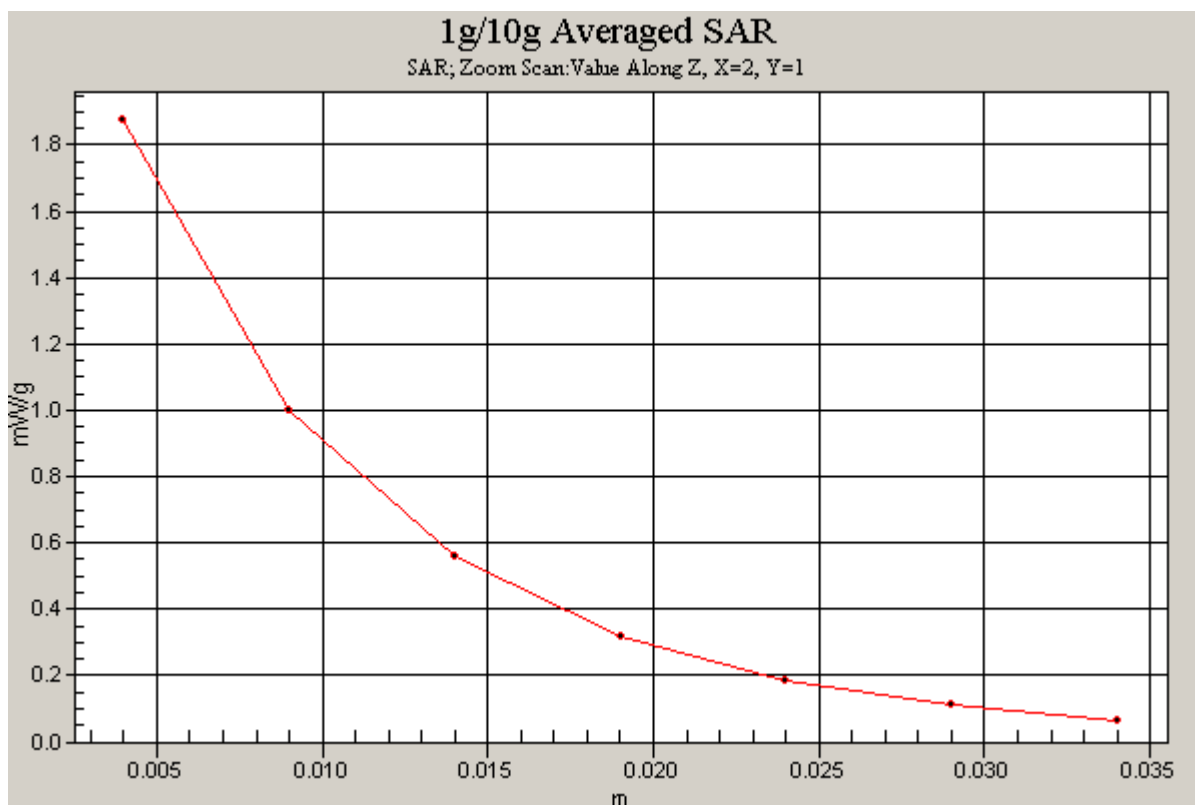
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 16.0 dBm (40 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.7 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.867 mW/g

Deviation = 5.72 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

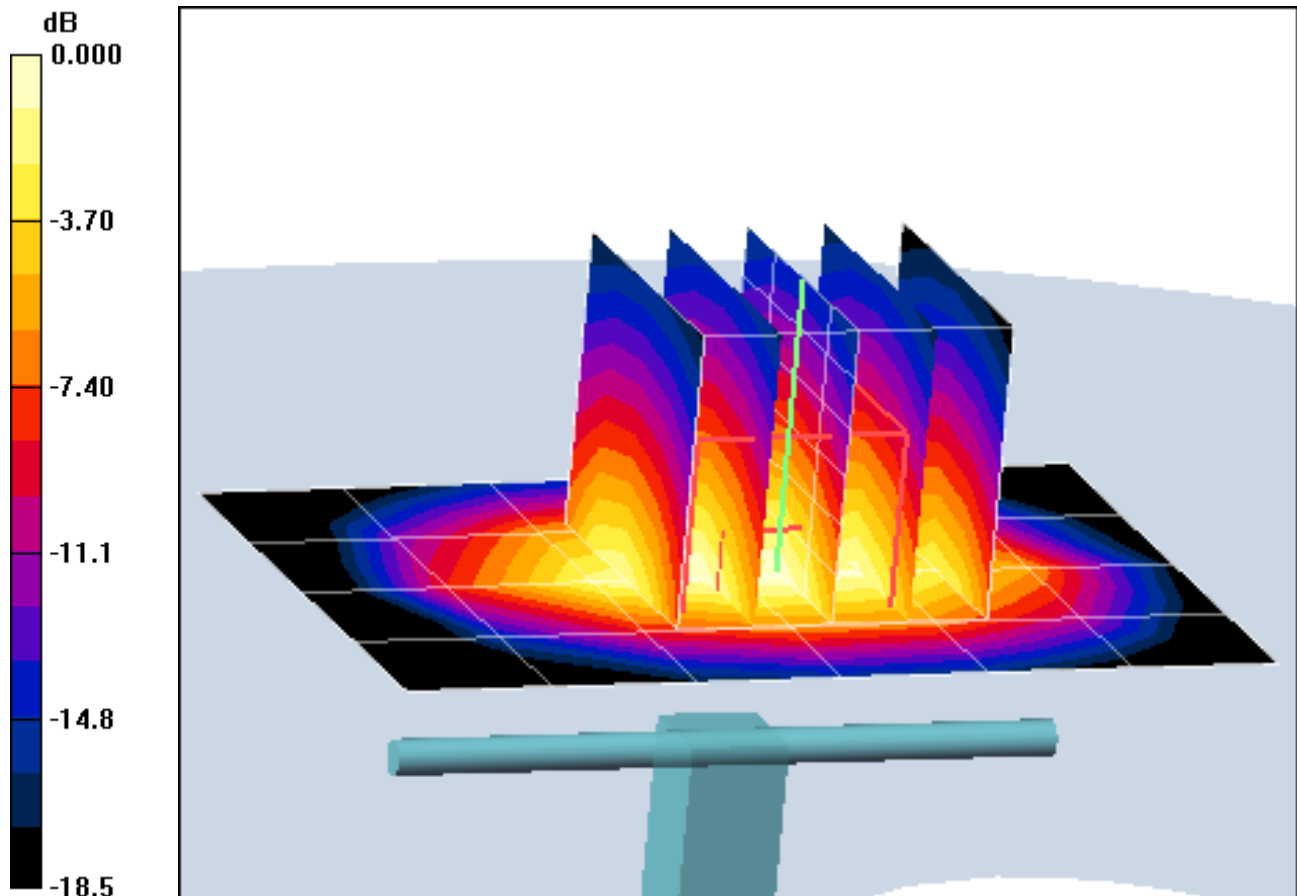
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2 mW/g

Deviation = -3.23 %



0 dB = 4.29mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.54$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.11, 5.11, 5.11); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM with CRP; Type: SAM; Serial: TP1375

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

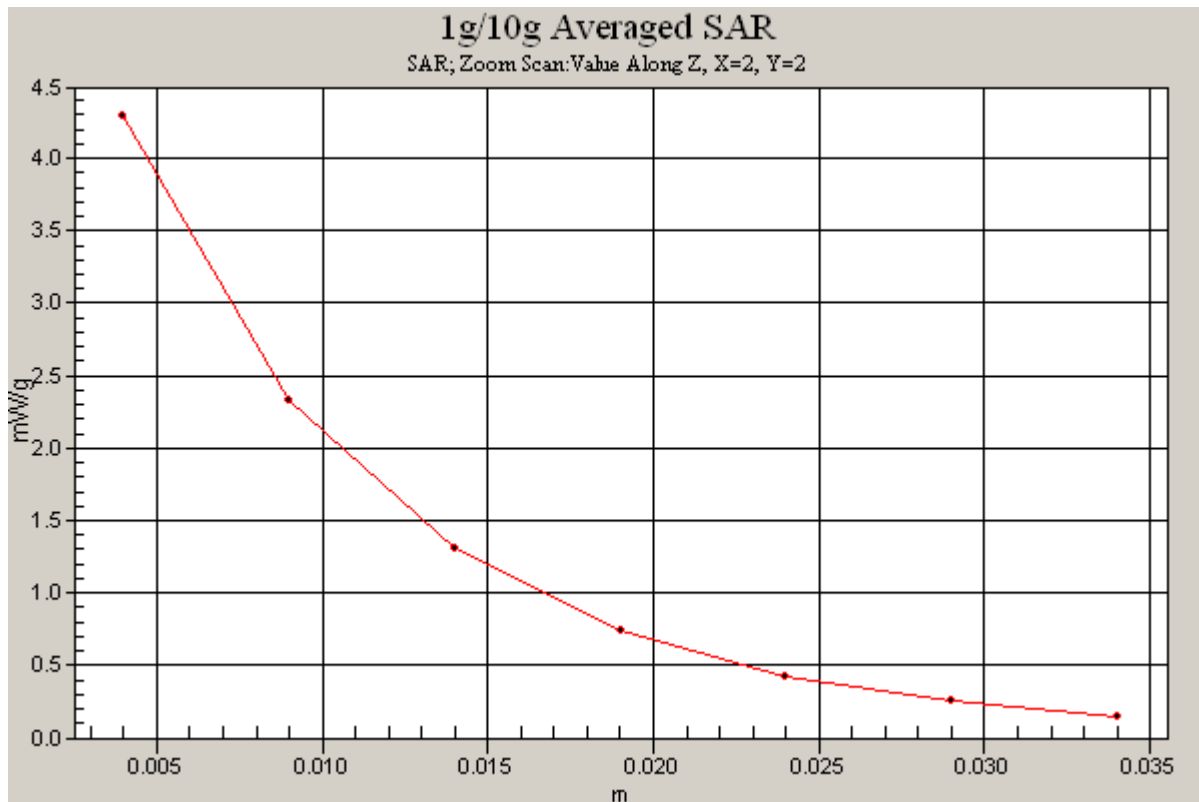
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 3.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2 mW/g

Deviation = -3.23 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.865 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.34$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

2450MHz System Verification

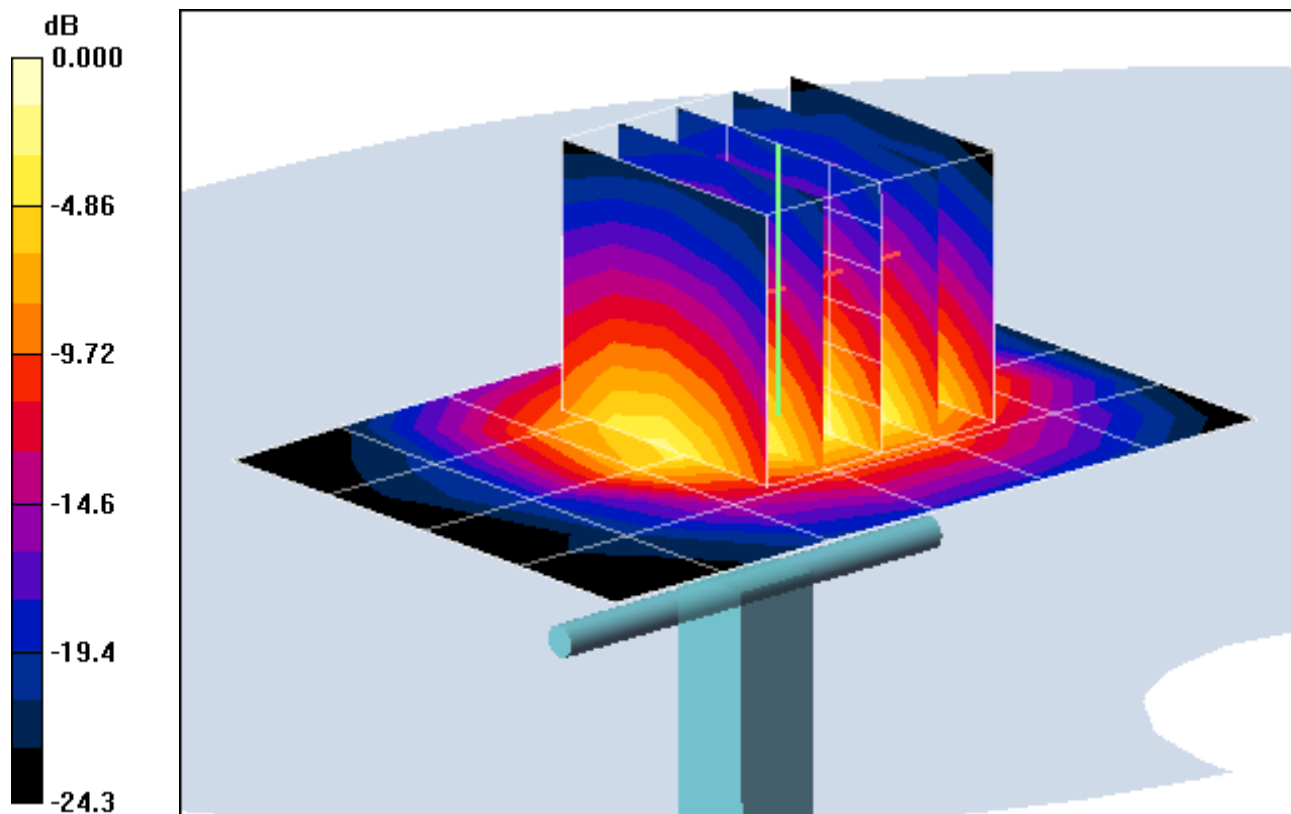
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 14.0 dBm (25 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.605 mW/g

Deviation = 2.06 %



0 dB = 1.82mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.865 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.34$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 22.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

2450MHz System Verification

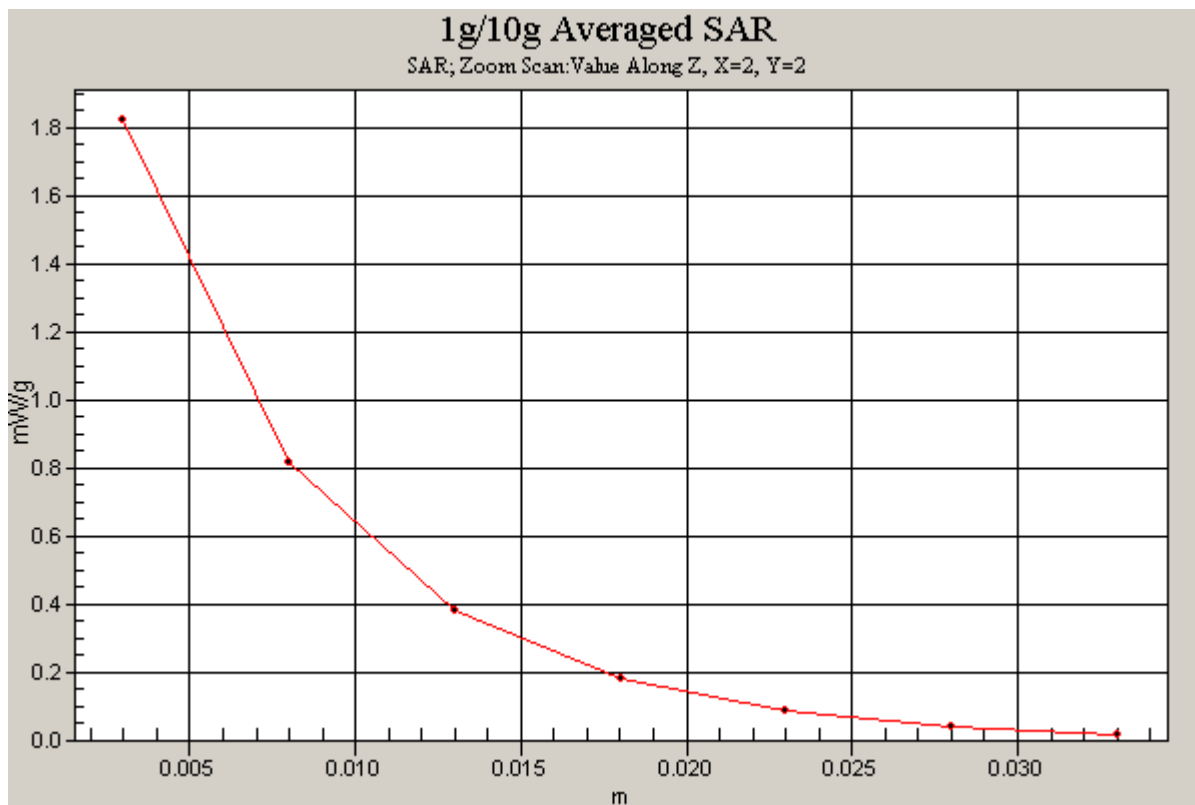
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 14 dBm (25 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.605 mW/g

Deviation = 2.06%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.328 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 33.72$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

5800MHz System Verification

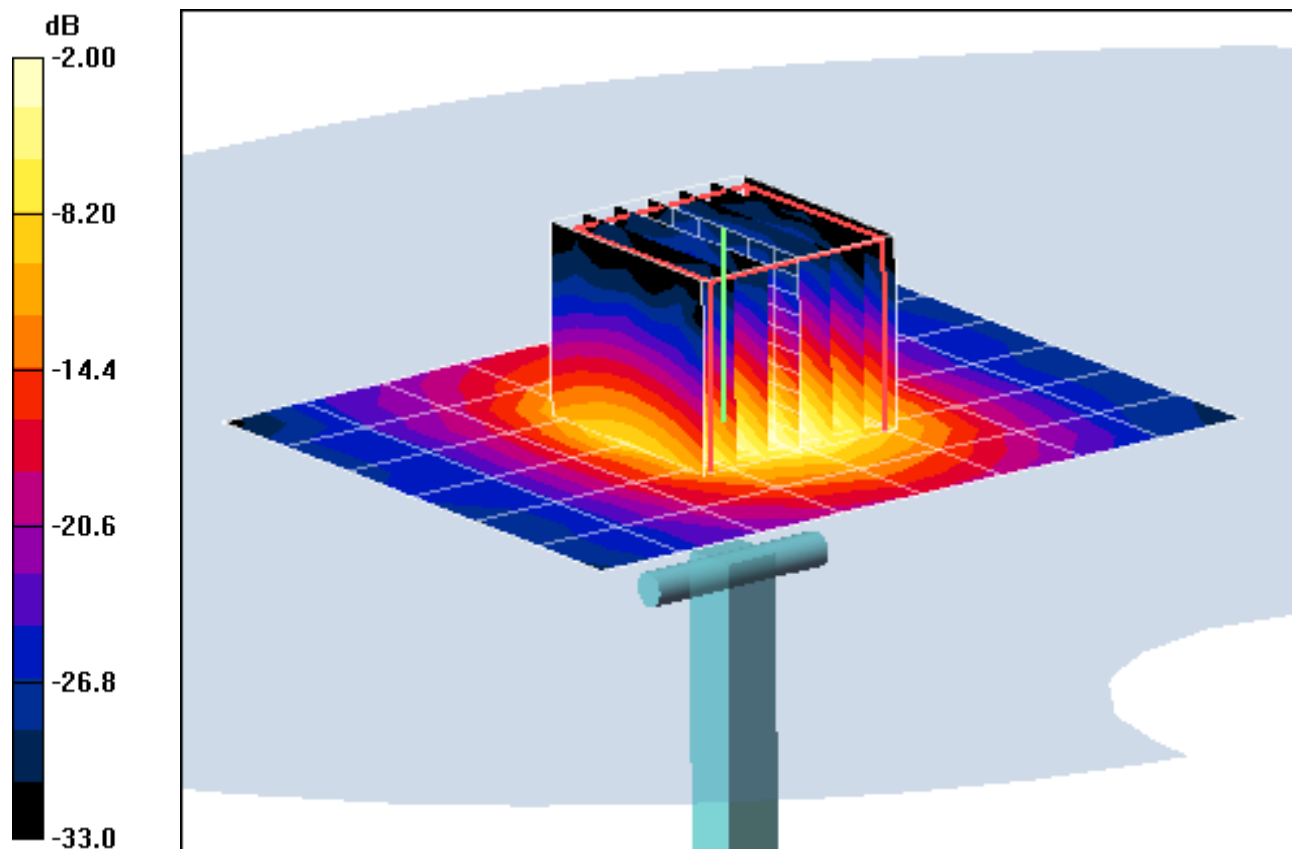
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 8.61 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 mW/g

Deviation = 3.86 %



0 dB = 17.8mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.328 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 33.72$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.9 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.3 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.88, 3.88, 3.88); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

5800MHz System Verification

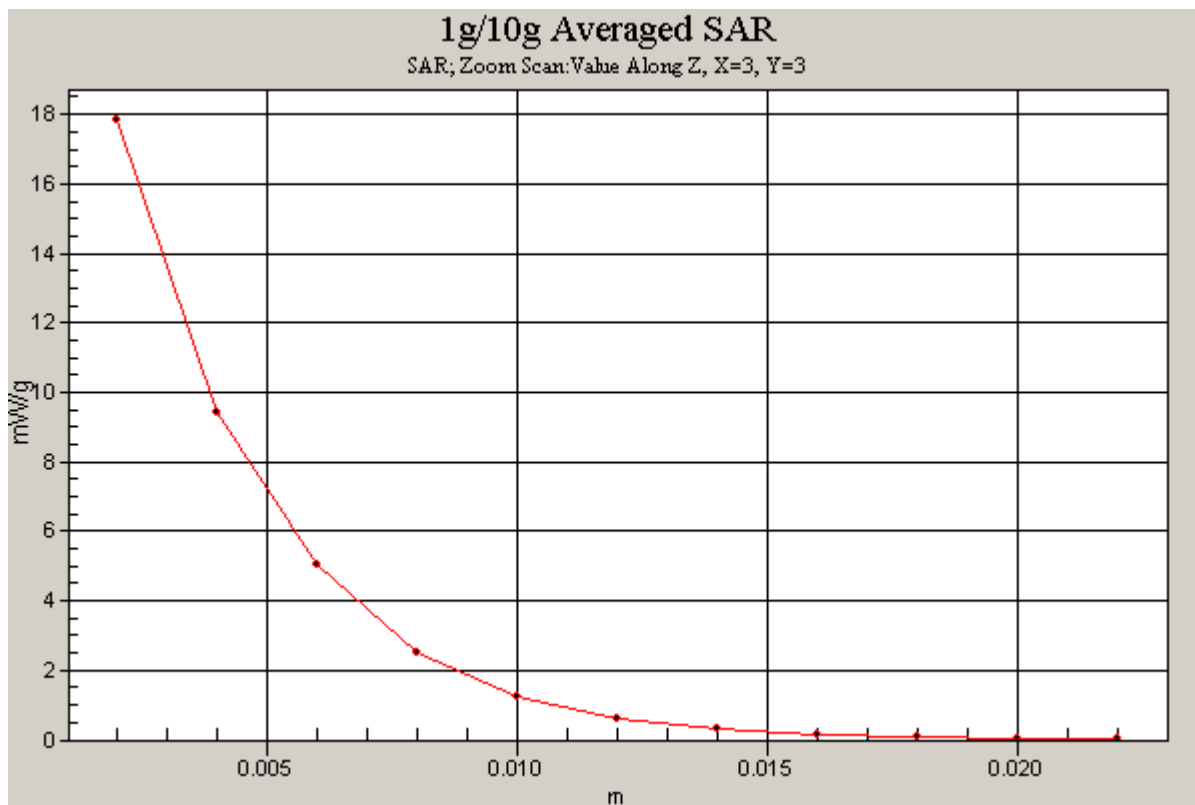
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 8.61 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 mW/g

Deviation = 3.86 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.653 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(4.27, 4.27, 4.27); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

5200MHz System Verification

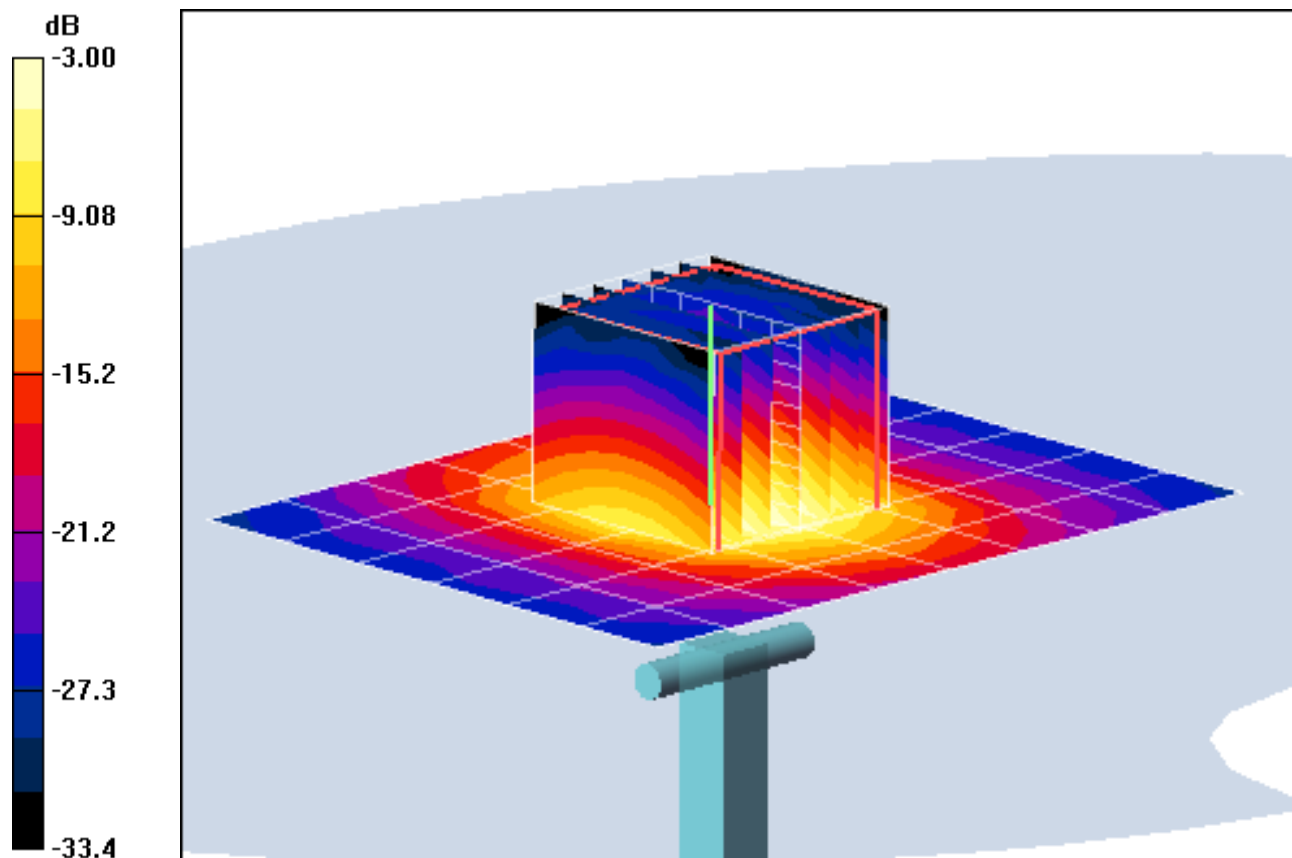
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 8.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 mW/g

Deviation = 2.65 %



0 dB = 17.5mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.019 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.27$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.1 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(4.04, 4.04, 4.04); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1114

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

5500MHz System Verification

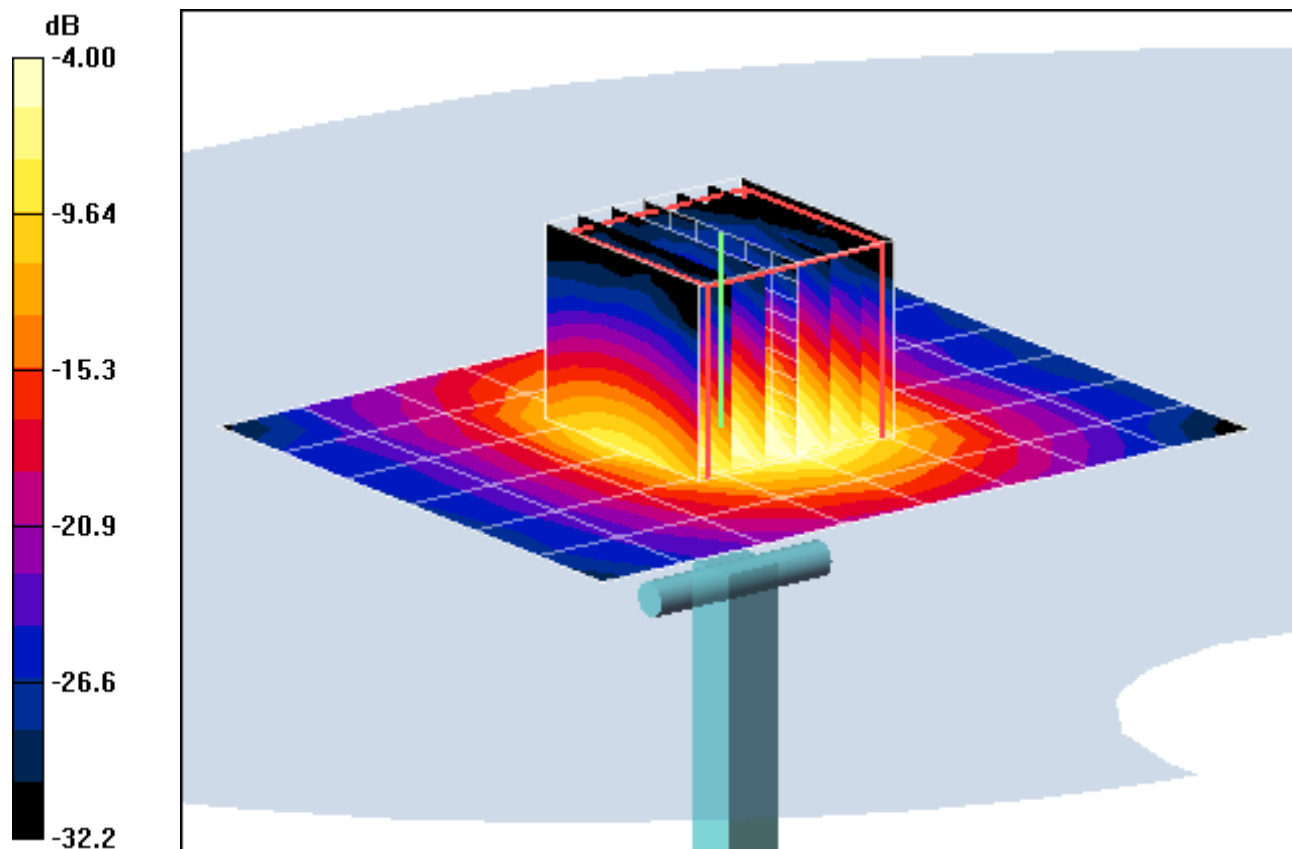
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 8.66 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 mW/g

Deviation = -3.88 %



0 dB = 18.2mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.981 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

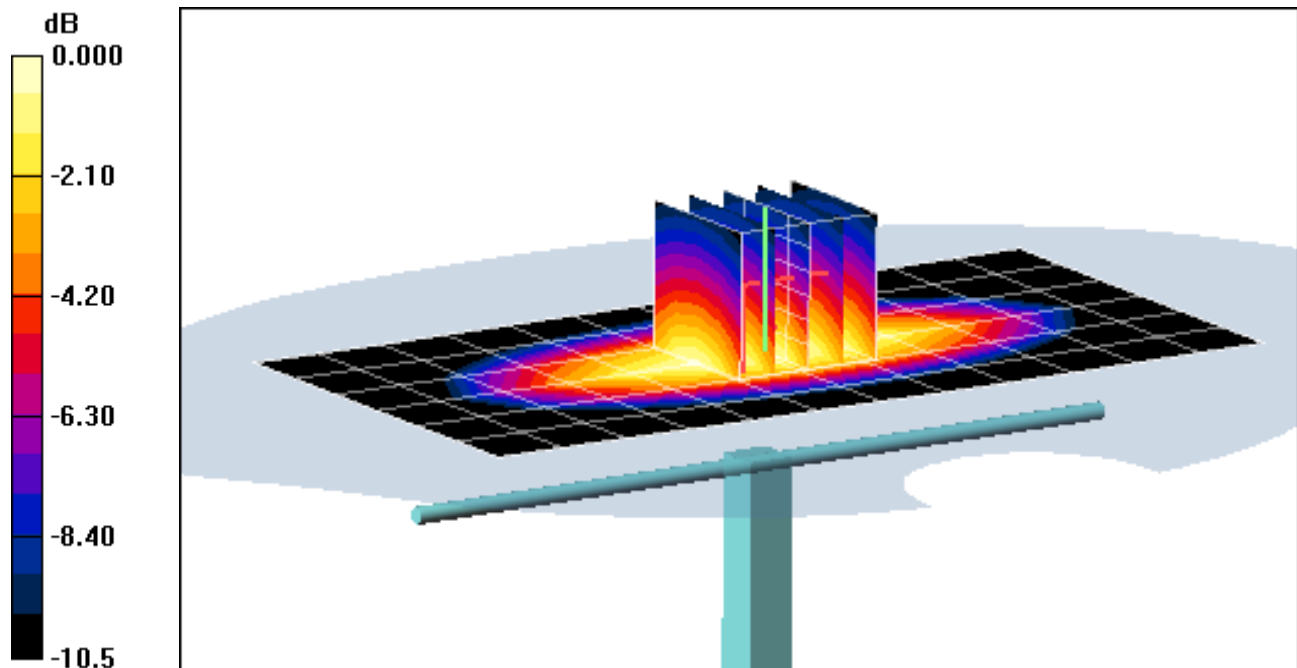
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.973 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.635 mW/g

Deviation = -1.22 %



0 dB = 1.05mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.981 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 10-25-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.8 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.9 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

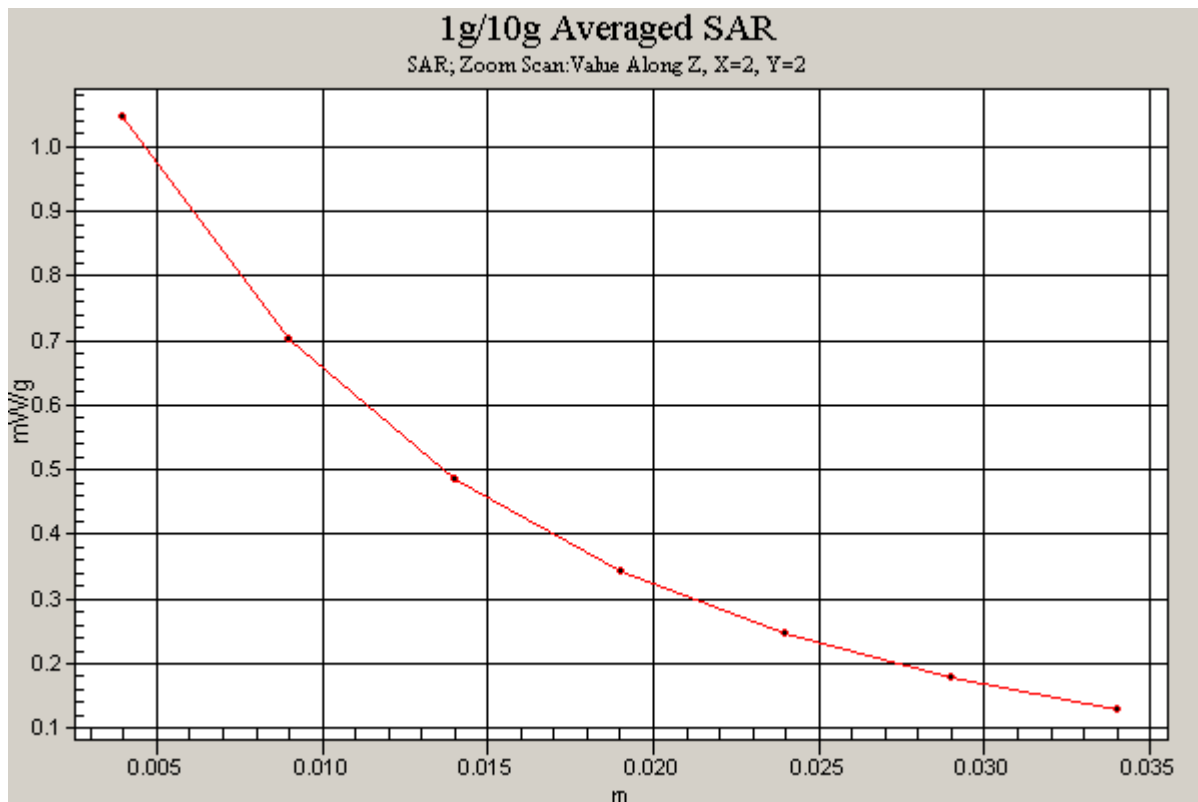
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.973 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.635 mW/g

Deviation = -1.22 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.978 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.22$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-11-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

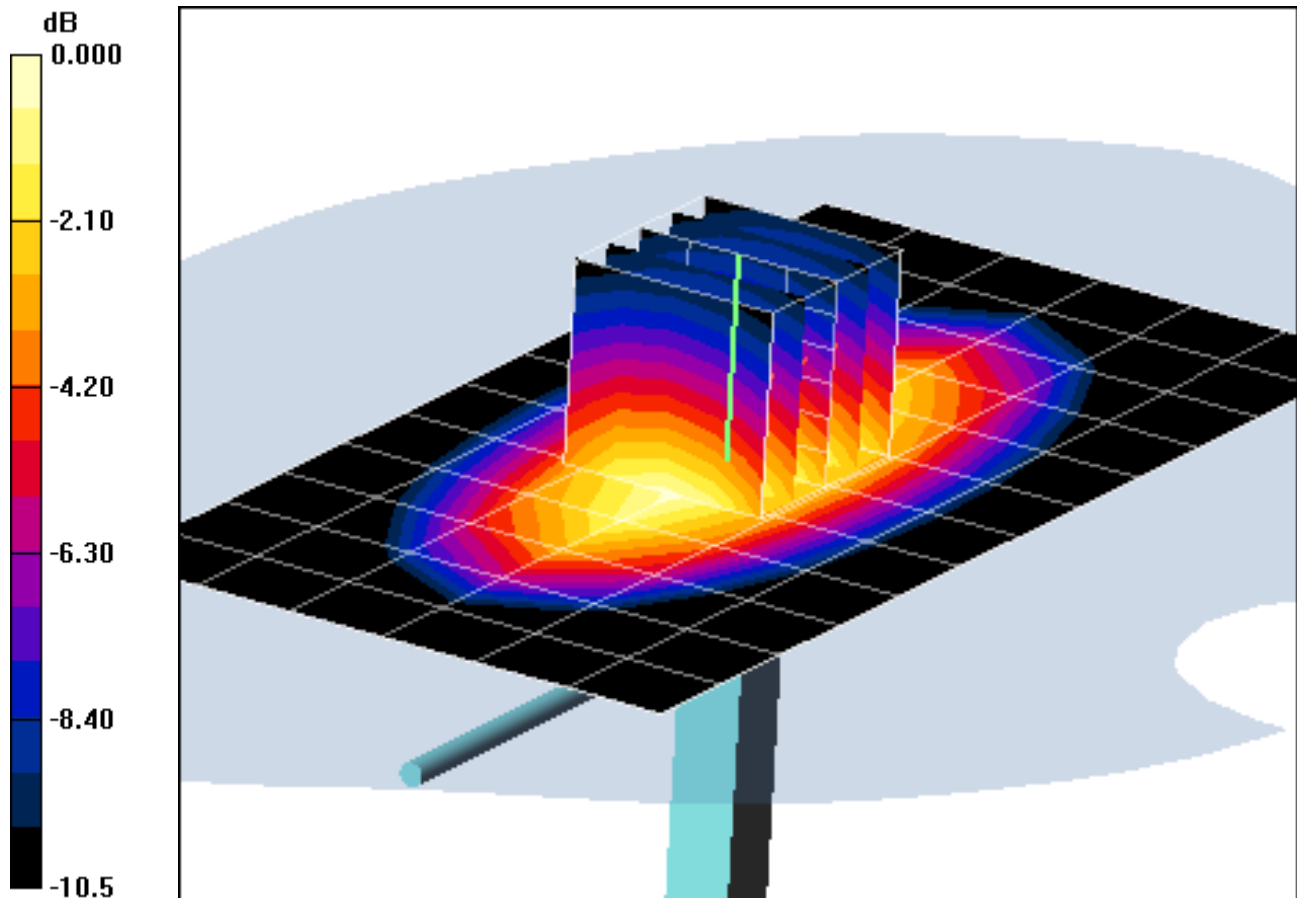
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.979 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.637 mW/g

Deviation = -0.61 %



0 dB = 1.06mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.978 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.22$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-11-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

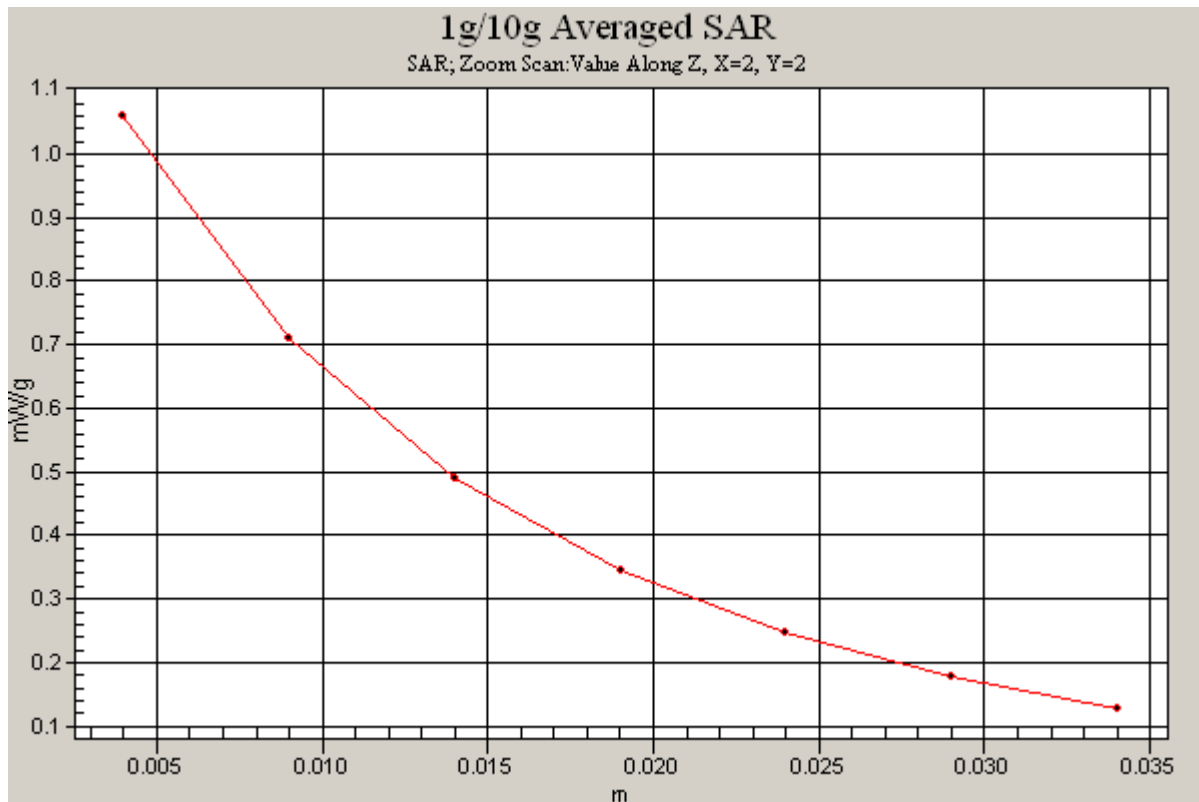
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 0.979 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.637 mW/g

Deviation = -0.61 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.97$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-16-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

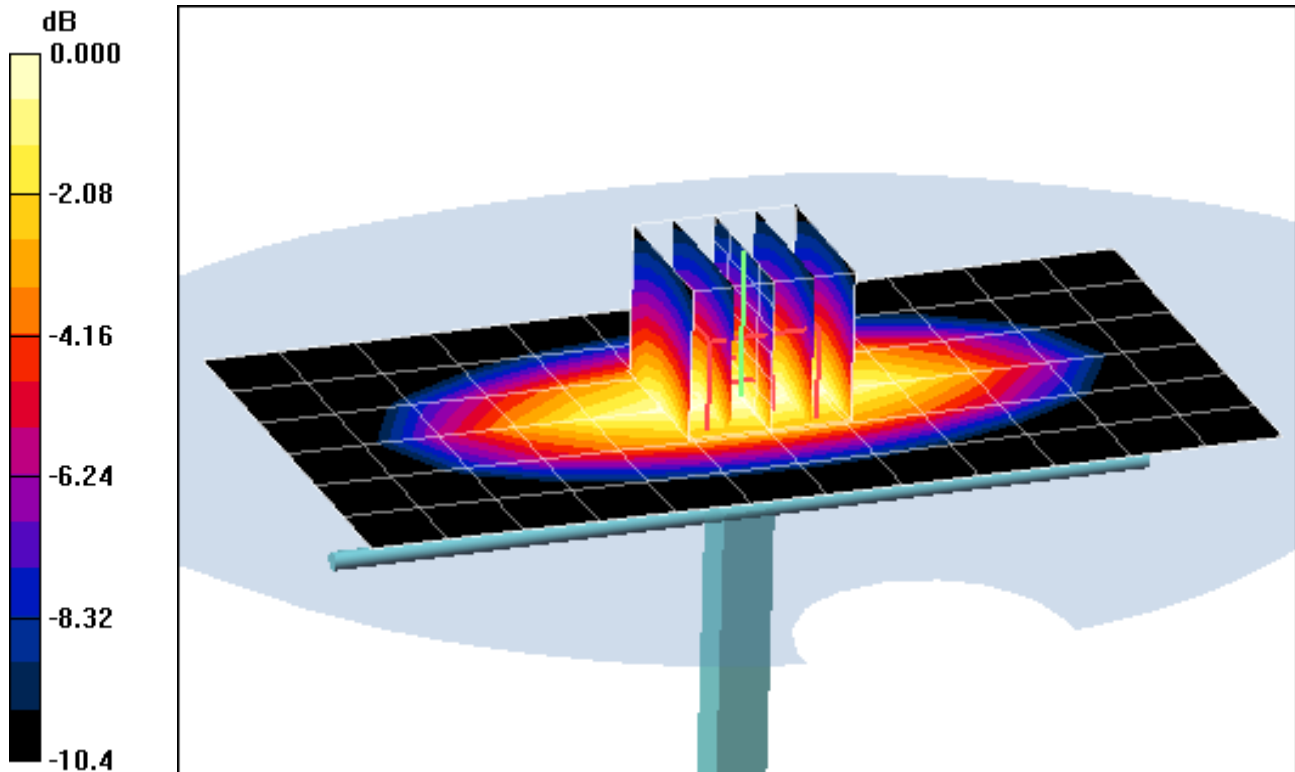
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.659 mW/g

Deviation = 2.54 %



0 dB = 1.09mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d047

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.982 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.97$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 11-16-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 23.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(6.12, 6.12, 6.12); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

835MHz System Verification

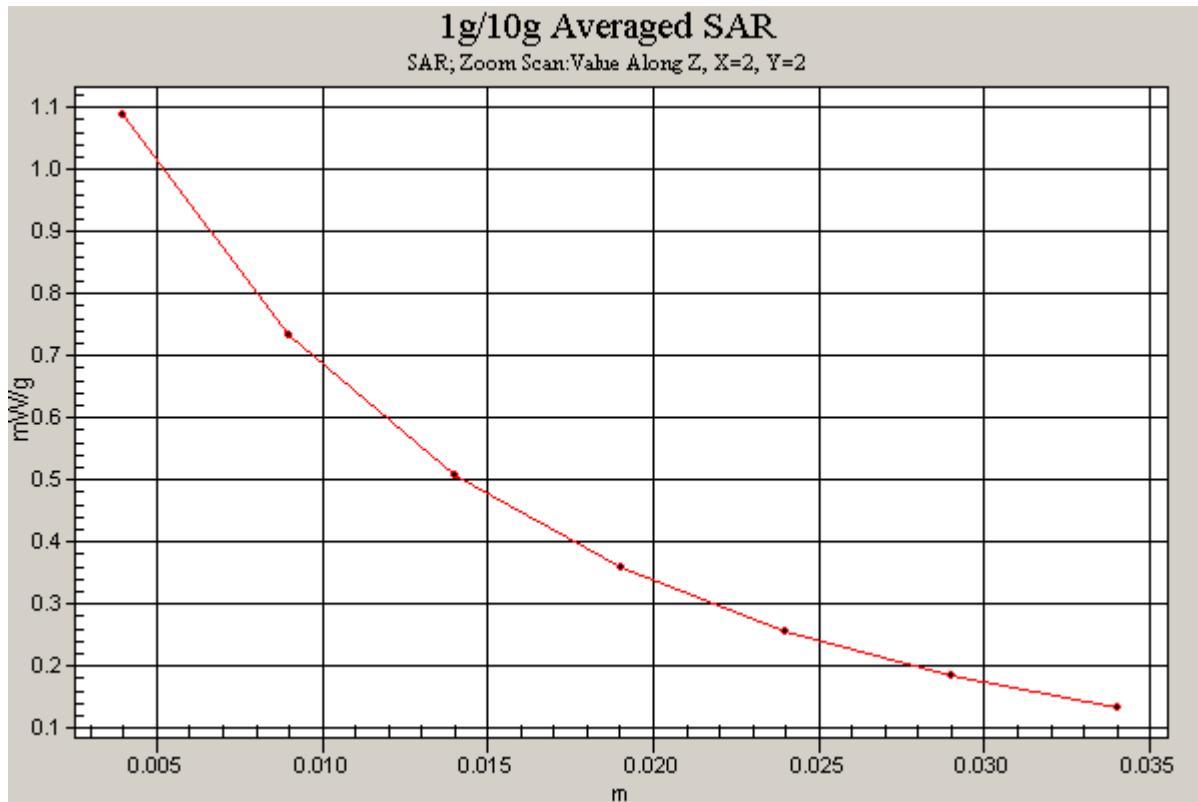
Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.659 mW/g

Deviation = 2.54 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

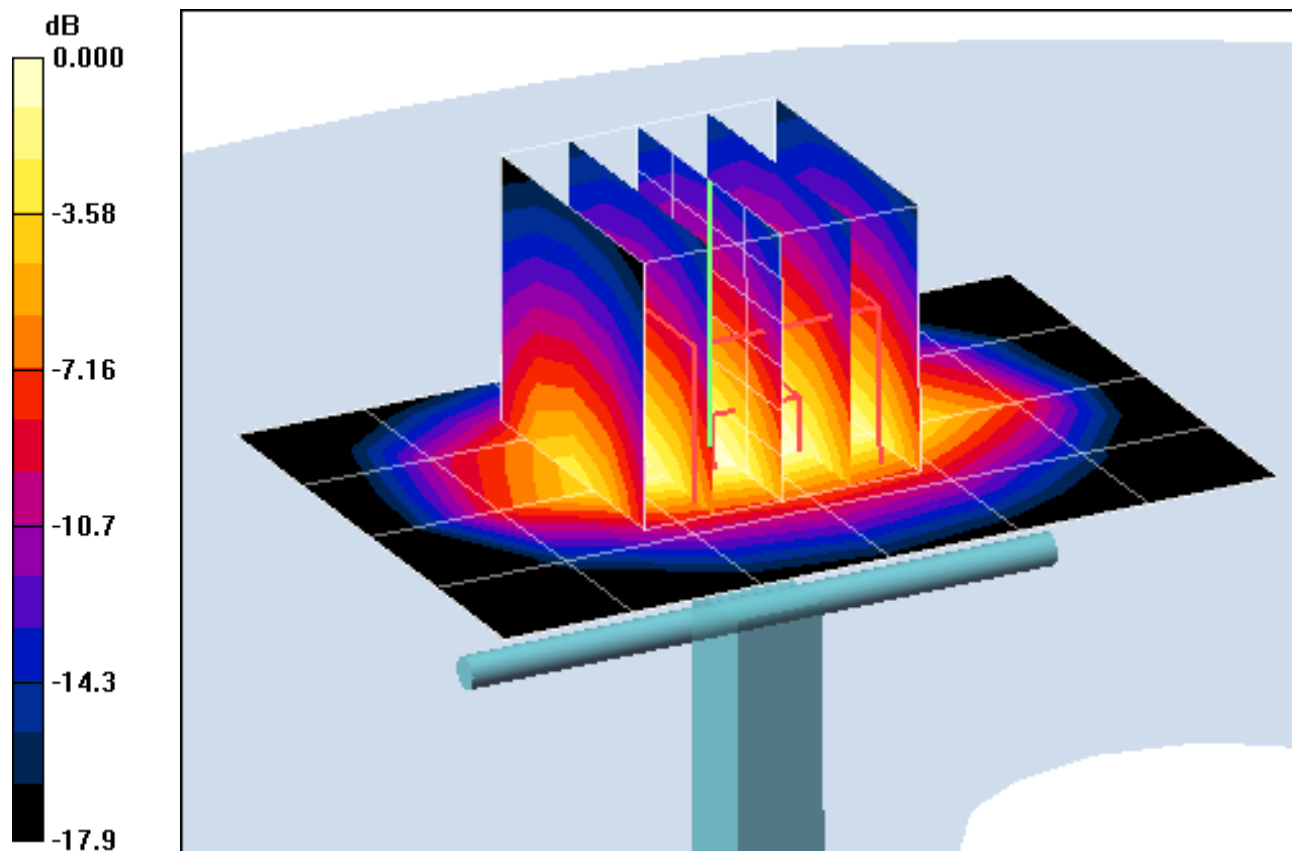
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 mW/g

Deviation = 6.08 %



0 dB = 4.89mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body; Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.54 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-02-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.6 °C; Tissue Temp: 22.0 °C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

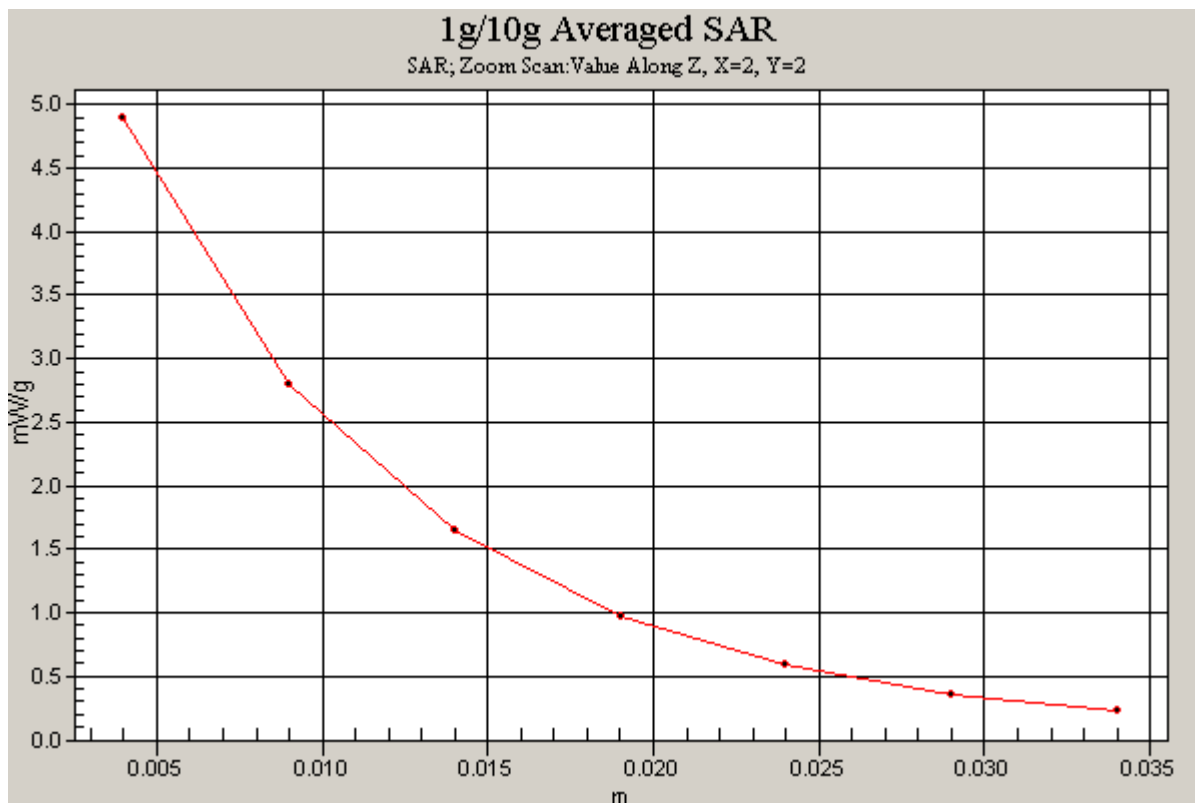
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4.36 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 mW/g

Deviation = 6.08 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

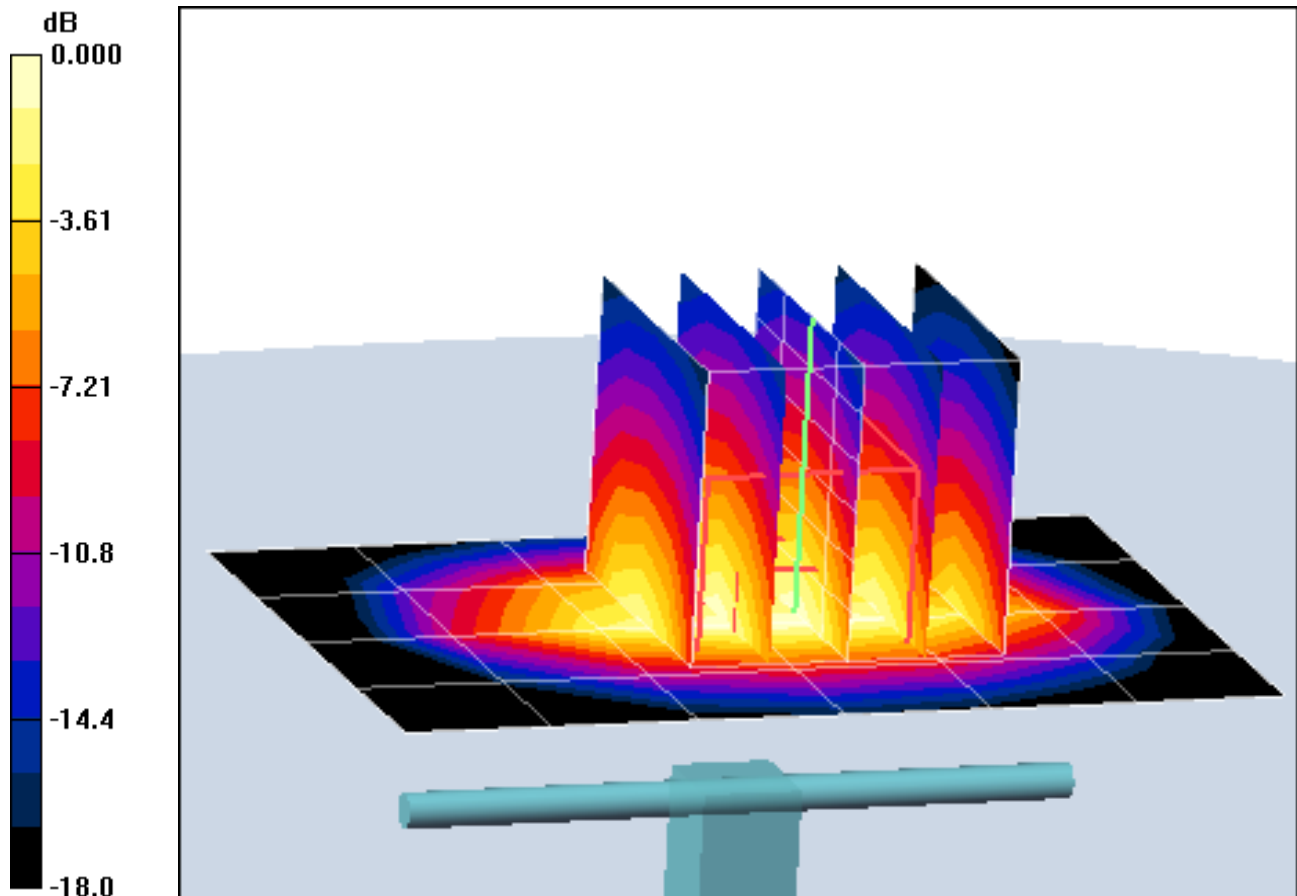
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 mW/g

Deviation = -1.70 %



0 dB = 4.50mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 502

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.5 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-15-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(4.48, 4.48, 4.48); Calibrated: 4/18/2011

Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/19/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub Dasy B; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1626

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

1900MHz System Verification

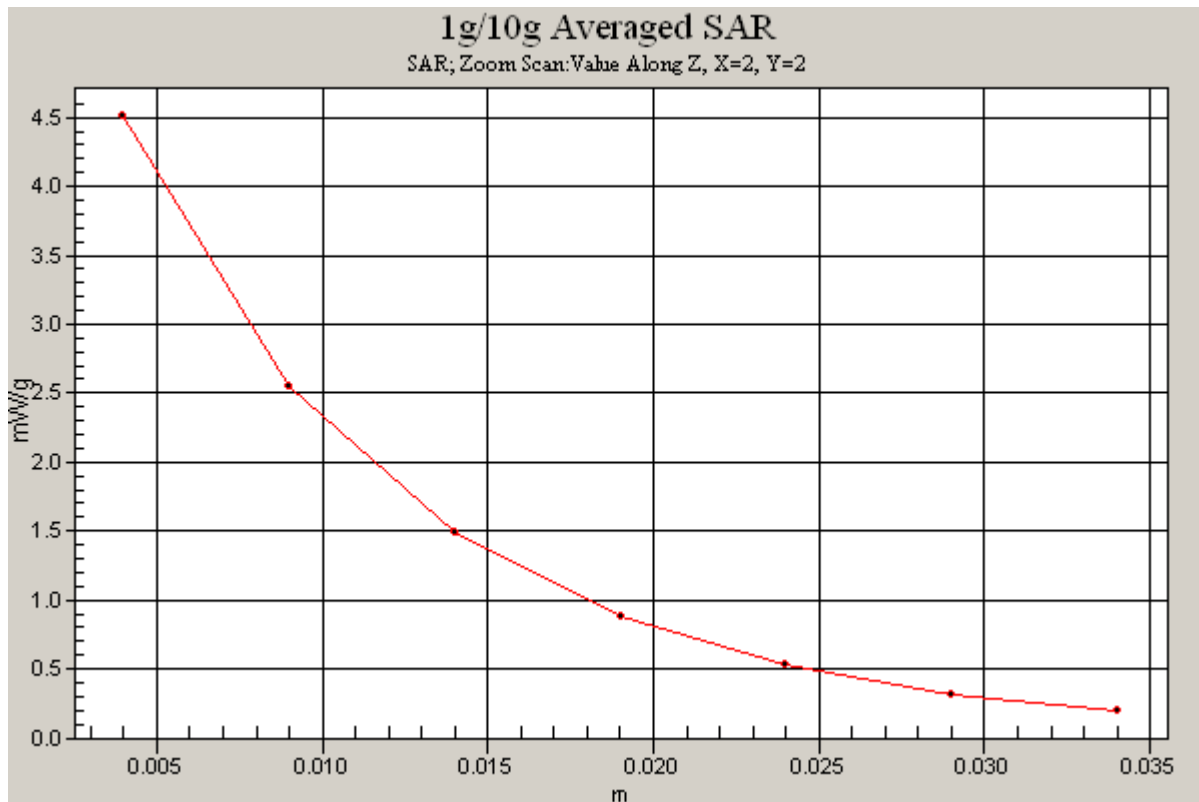
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 4.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 mW/g

Deviation = -1.70 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.935 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

2450MHz System Verification

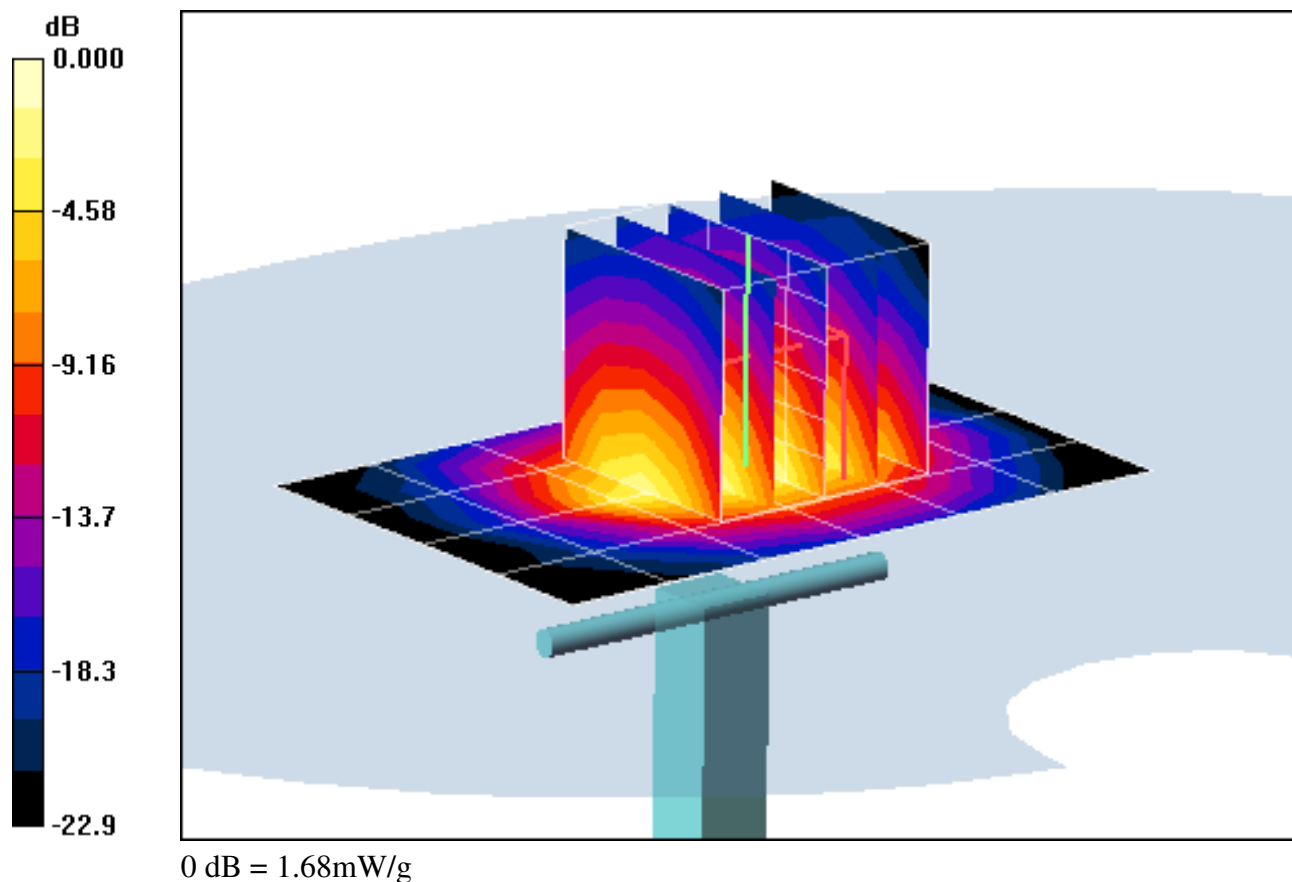
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 14 dBm (25 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.595 mW/g

Deviation = -0.57%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.935 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-24-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.3°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(6.26, 6.26, 6.26); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

2450MHz System Verification

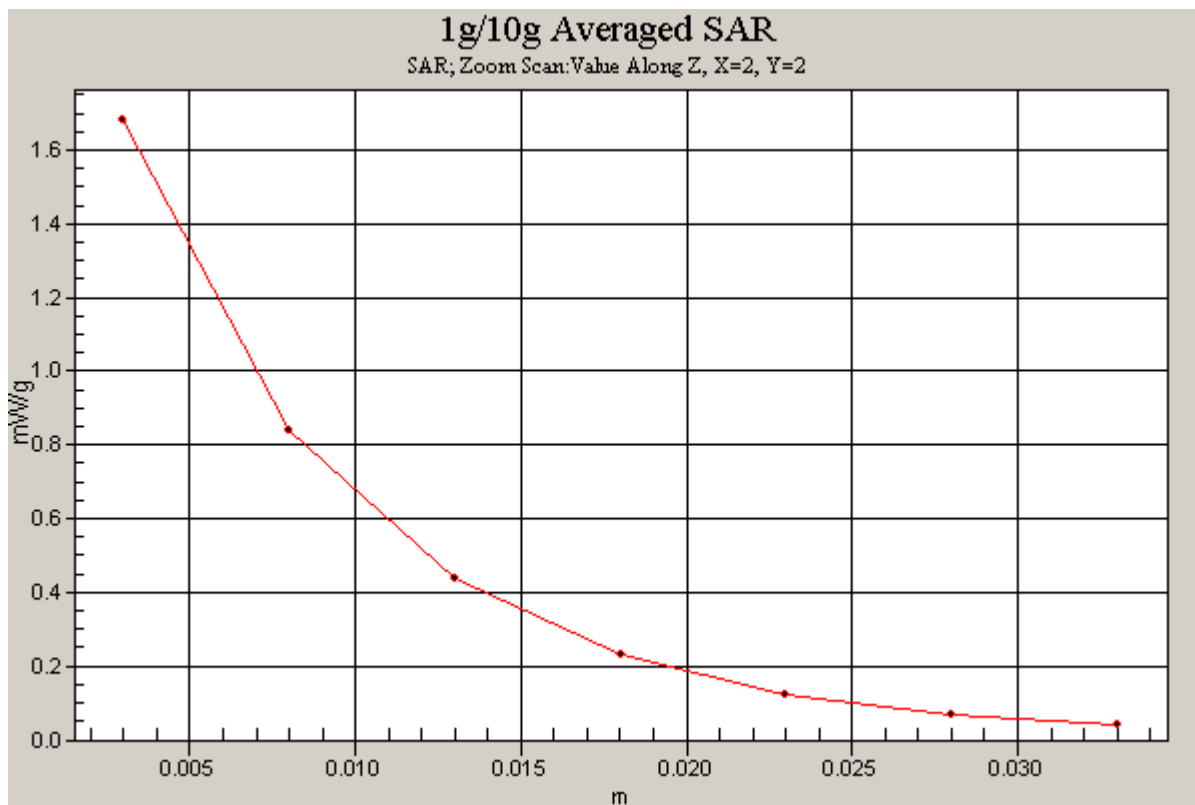
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 14 dBm (25 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 1.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.595 mW/g

Deviation = -0.57%



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.949 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.48$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-17-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.34, 4.34, 4.34); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

2450MHz System Verification

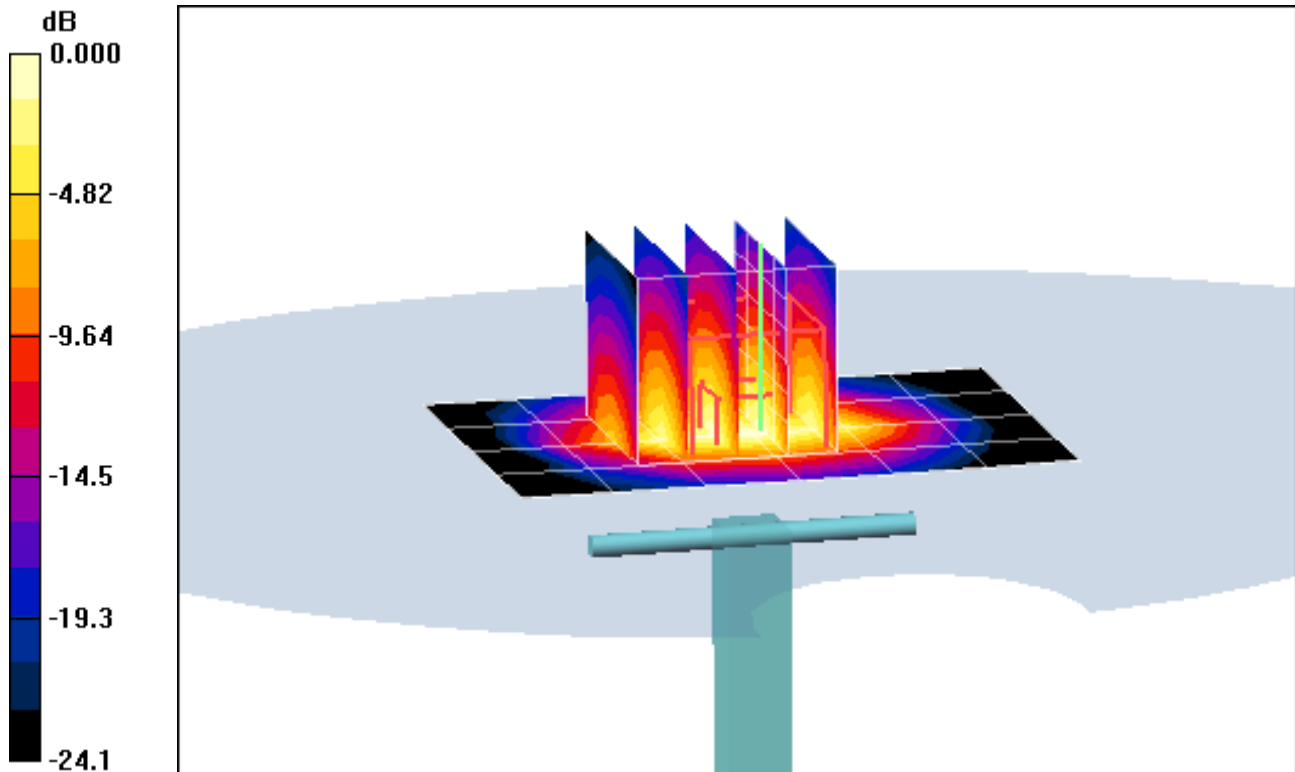
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 16.0 dBm (40 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 2.17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.994 mW/g

Deviation = 3.73 %



0 dB = 2.83mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.949 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.48$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 11-17-2011; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 22.5°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3258; ConvF(4.34, 4.34, 4.34); Calibrated: 4/8/2011

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 2/21/2011

Phantom: SAM Main; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1406

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

2450MHz System Verification

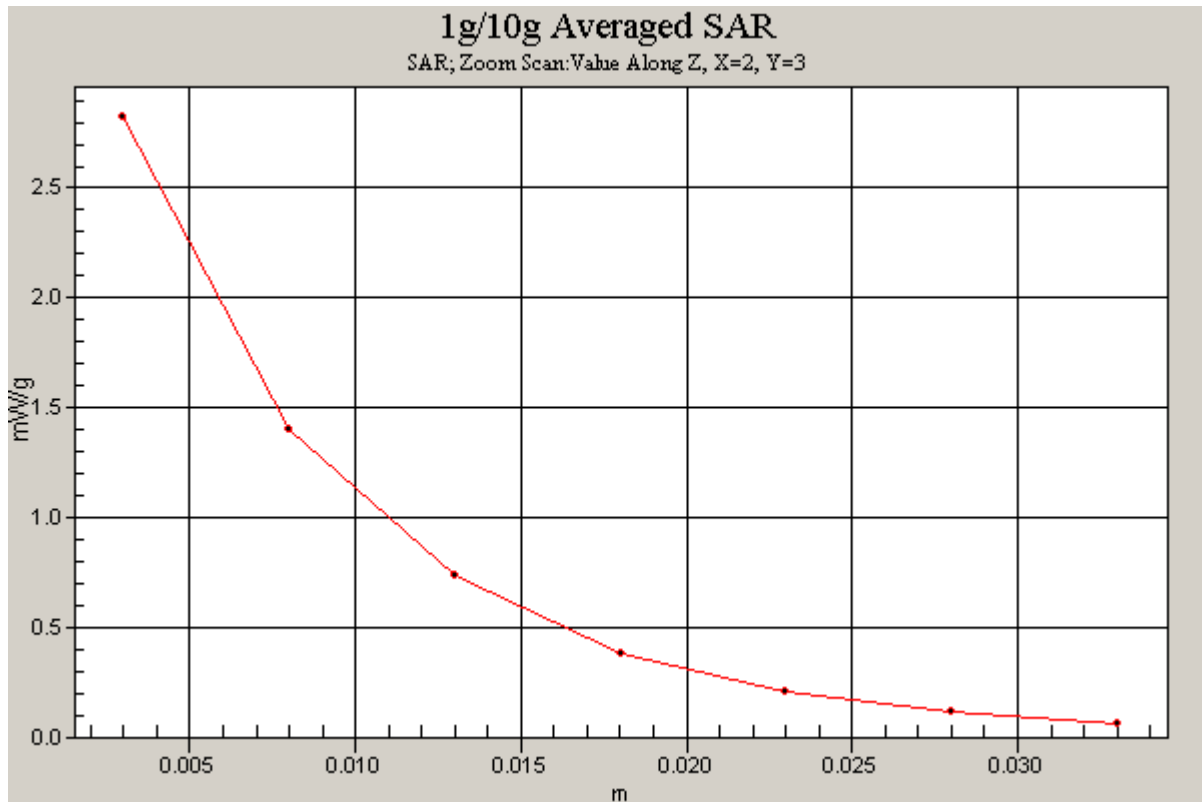
Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Input Power = 16.0 dBm (40 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 2.17 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.994 mW/g

Deviation = 3.73 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.292 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.34, 3.34, 3.34); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

5800MHz System Verification

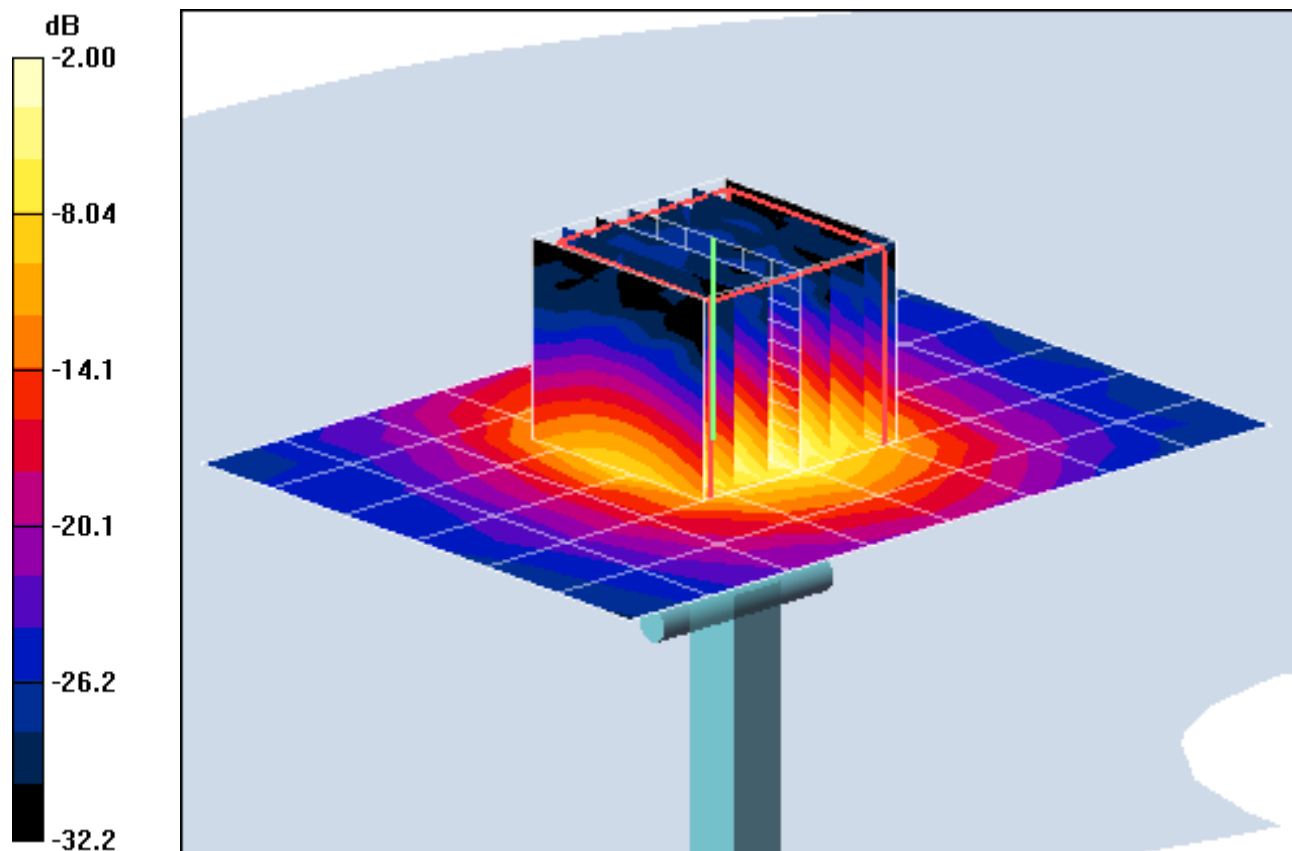
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 7.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 mW/g

Deviation = 5.20 %



0 dB = 16.9mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.292 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.36$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.7 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.8 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.34, 3.34, 3.34); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

5800MHz System Verification

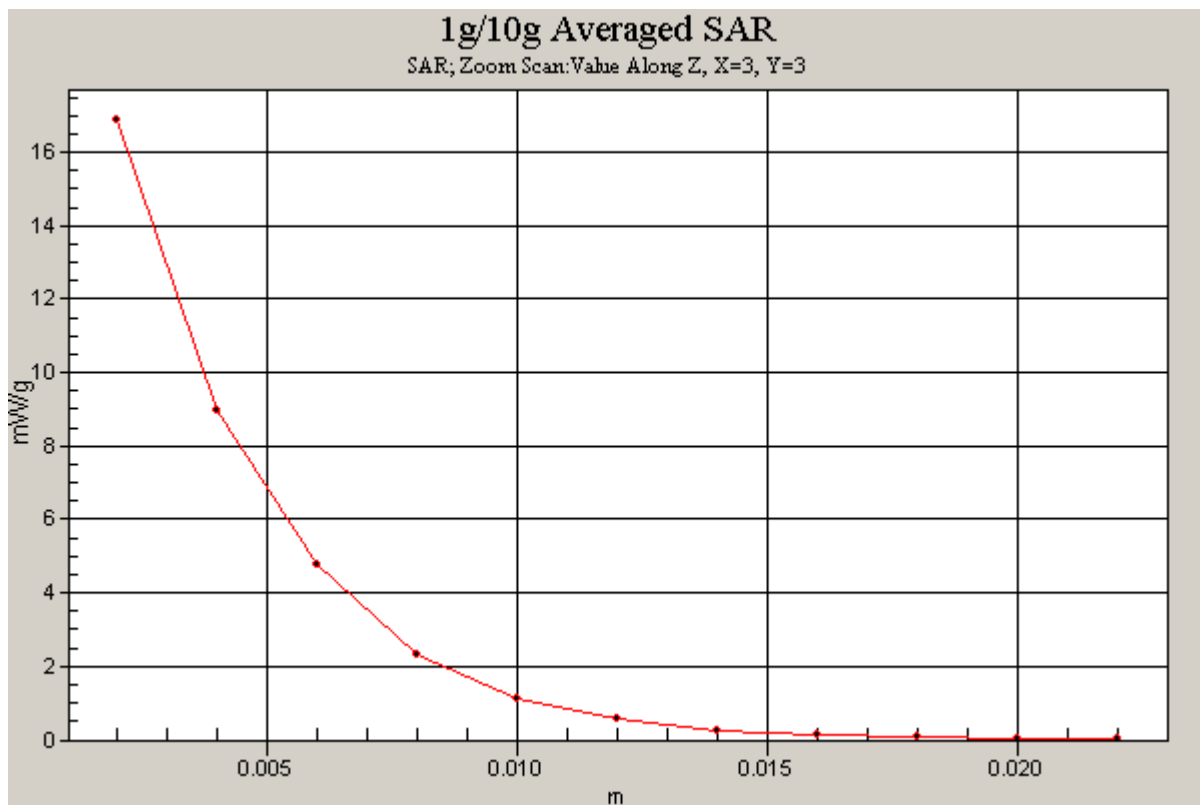
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 7.89 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 mW/g

Deviation = 5.20 %



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.42 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.69$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.2 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.6 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.7, 3.7, 3.7); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

5200MHz System Verification

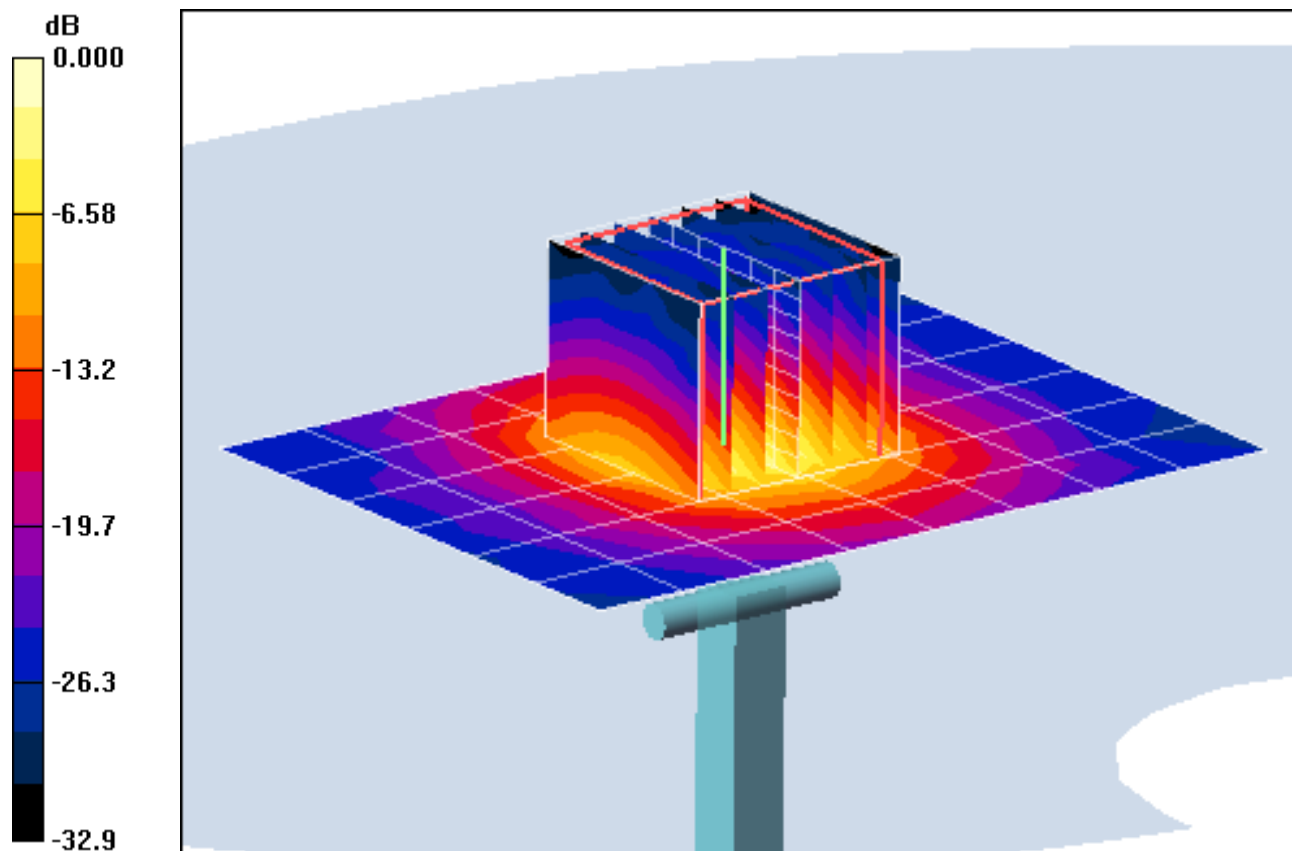
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 8.01 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 mW/g

Deviation = 3.09 %



0 dB = 17.0mW/g

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body; Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.874 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.04$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 10-27-2011; Ambient Temp: 23.5 °C; Tissue Temp: 21.7 °C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3561; ConvF(3.28, 3.28, 3.28); Calibrated: 7/27/2011

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn665; Calibrated: 4/20/2011

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.7 Build 80; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 186

5500MHz System Verification

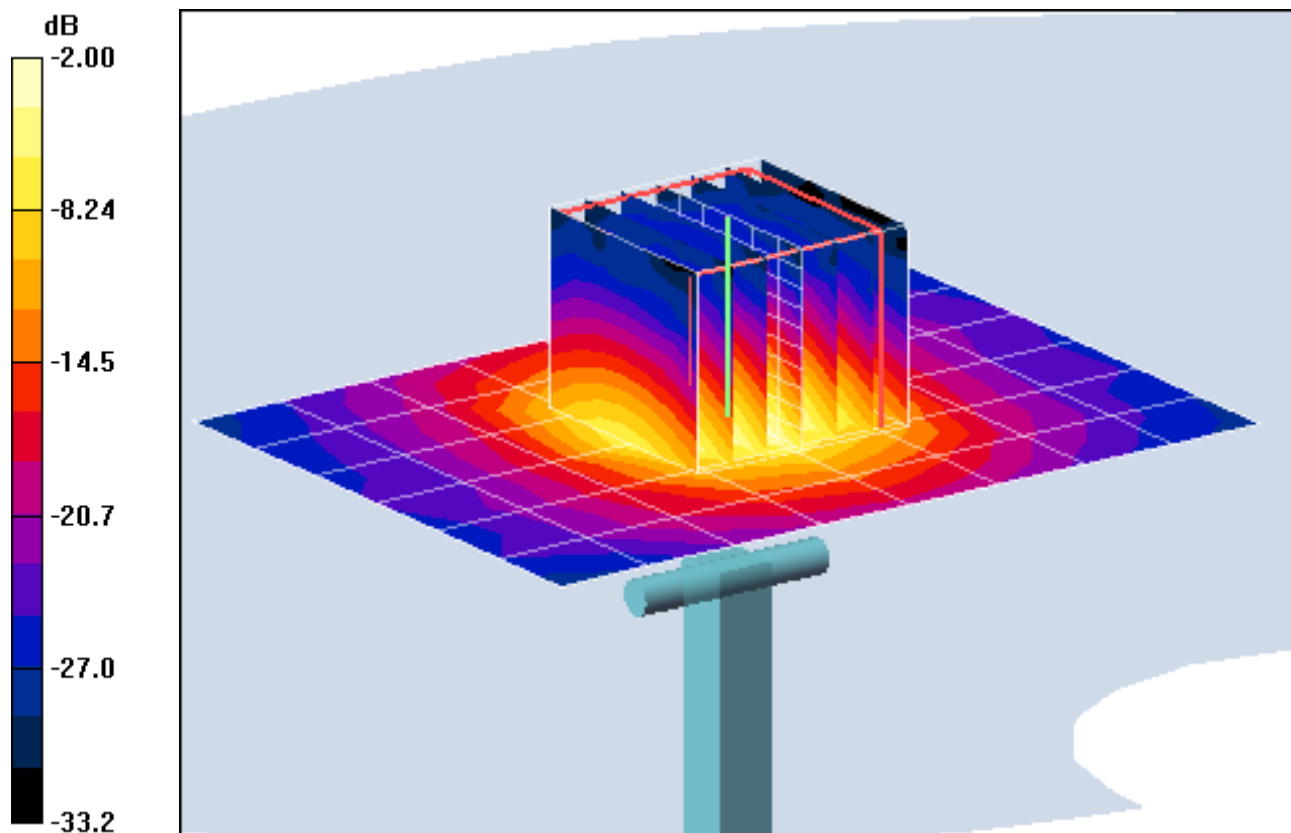
Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (7x7x11)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Input Power = 20.0 dBm (100 mW)

SAR(1 g) = 8.95 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.45 mW/g

Deviation = 6.04 %



0 dB = 18.5mW/g