

FCC UNII REPORT

Certification

Applicant Name:
SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

Date of Issue:
March 09, 2020

Address:
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Report No.: HCT-RF-2003-FC005-R1

FCC ID: A3LSMA415FN

APPLICANT: SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

Model: SM-A415F/DSN

EUT Type: Mobile Phone

Modulation type OFDM

FCC Classification: Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure(NII)

FCC Rule Part(s): Part 15.407

Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.



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Manager of Telecommunication testing center

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Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-RF-2003-FC005	March 03, 2020	- First Approval Report
HCT-RF-2003-FC005-R1	March 09, 2020	- Attached the worst-case average test plot for Radiated B.E

This test results were applied only to the test methods required by the standard.

This laboratory is not accredited for the test results marked *.

The above Test Report is the accredited test result by KOLAS(Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme), which signed the ILAC-MRA. (HCT Accreditation No.: KT197)

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	SM-A415F/DSN	
Additional Model	-	
EUT Type	Mobile Phone	
Power Supply	DC 3.85 V	
Battery Information	Model: EB-BA415ABY Type: Li-ion Battery	
Travel Adapter Information	Model : EP-TA200 Manufacture: SOLUM	
Data Cable Information	Model : EP-DR140ABE Manufacture: KSD	
Ear-jack Information	Model : EHS61ASFBF Manufacture: FOSTER	
Modulation Type	OFDM : 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac	
Frequency Range (MHz)	U-NII-1	20MHz BW : 5180 - 5240 40MHz BW : 5190 - 5230 80MHz BW : 5210
	U-NII-2A	20MHz BW : 5260 - 5320 40MHz BW : 5270 - 5310 80MHz BW : 5290
	U-NII-2C	20MHz BW : 5500 - 5720 40MHz BW : 5510 - 5710 80MHz BW : 5530 – 5690
	U-NII-3	20MHz BW : 5745 - 5825 40MHz BW : 5755 - 5795 80MHz BW : 5775
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: MFA Peak Gain : -4.26 dBi(UNII 1), -4.88 dBi(UNII 2A), -4.92 dBi(UNII 2C), -5.24 dBi(UNII 3)	
Straddle channel	Supported	
TDWR Band	Supported	
Dynamic Frequency Selection	Slave without radar detection	
Date(s) of Tests	February 01, 2020~ March 03, 2020	

2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum total conducted average output power as follows:

Band	Mode	RF Output Power	
		(dBm)	(W)
UNII1	802.11a	16.19	0.042
	802.11n (HT20)	14.79	0.030
	802.11n (HT40)	13.77	0.024
	802.11ac (VHT20)	14.85	0.031
	802.11ac (VHT40)	13.79	0.024
	802.11ac (VHT80)	12.65	0.018
UNII2A	802.11a	16.26	0.042
	802.11n (HT20)	14.73	0.030
	802.11n (HT40)	13.74	0.024
	802.11ac (VHT20)	14.93	0.031
	802.11ac (VHT40)	13.72	0.024
	802.11ac (VHT80)	10.30	0.011
UNII2C	802.11a	13.73	0.024
	802.11n (HT20)	12.82	0.019
	802.11n (HT40)	13.74	0.024
	802.11ac (VHT20)	13.62	0.023
	802.11ac (VHT40)	13.83	0.024
	802.11ac (VHT80)	13.27	0.021
UNII3	802.11a	15.06	0.032
	802.11n (HT20)	15.05	0.032
	802.11n (HT40)	13.86	0.024
	802.11ac (VHT20)	15.01	0.032
	802.11ac (VHT40)	13.92	0.025
	802.11ac (VHT80)	13.04	0.020

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 dated December 14, 2017 entitled "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part15, Subpart E" and ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) 'the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices' were used in the measurement.

EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E.

GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 6.6.5 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203, §15.407:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- (1) The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.
- (2) The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.407

7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k = 2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

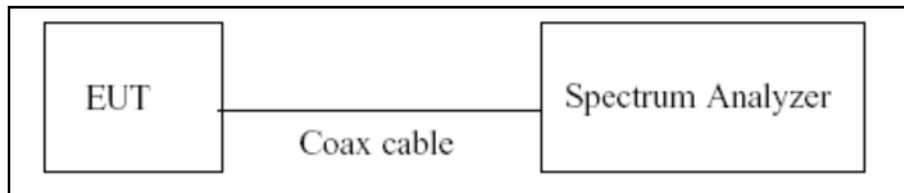
The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ($\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.05

8. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

8.1. Duty Cycle

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure B.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

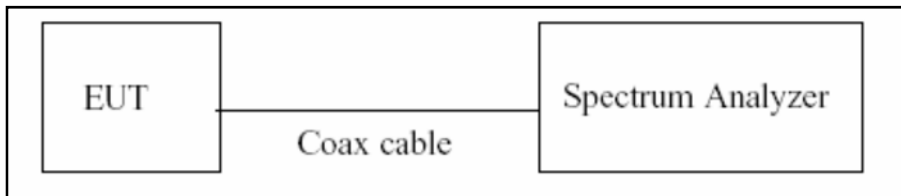
1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ($\geq$ RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep > 100
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure T_{total} and T_{on}
8. Calculate Duty Cycle = $T_{\text{on}} / T_{\text{total}}$ and Duty Cycle Factor = $10\log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

8.2. 6dB Bandwidth & 26dB Bandwidth

Limit

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Configuration



Test Procedure(26dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.1 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = approximately 1 % of the emission bandwidth
2. VBW > RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission.
Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

Test Procedure (6dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = 100 kHz
2. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Allow the trace to stabilize
6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points(upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note:

1. We tested X dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer.
2. DFS test channels should be defined. So, We performed the OBW test to prove that no part of the fundamental emissions of any channels belong to UNII1 and UNII3 band for DFS.
3. The 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

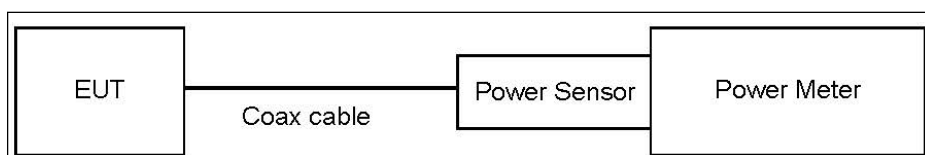
8.3. Output Power Measurement

Limit

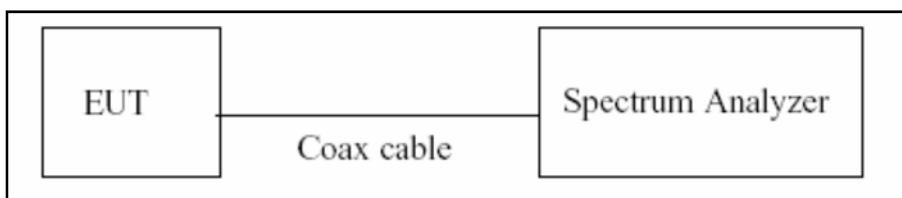
Band	Limit
UNII 1	- Master : Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm) - Slave : Not exceed 250 mW(=23.98 dBm)
UNII 2A, 2C	Not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, (where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz.)
UNII 3	Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm)

Test Configuration

Power Meter



Spectrum Analyzer(Only Straddle Channel)



Test Procedure(Power Meter)

We tested according to Procedure E.3.a in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
3. Add $10 \log (1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Test Procedure(Spectrum Analyzer)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.

We tested according to Procedure E.2.d) in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Set span to encompass the 26 dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1 MHz.
4. VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz.
5. Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span/RBW}$.
6. Sweep time = auto.
7. Detector = RMS.
8. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
10. Integrated bandwidth = OBW
11. Add $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Sample Calculation

Total Power(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(10 dB) + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	21.24
UNII 2A	21.24
UNII 2C	21.24
UNII 3	21.24

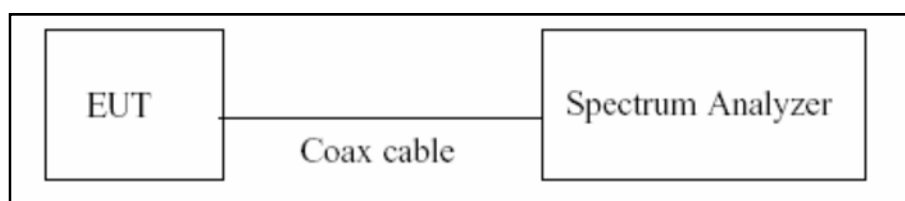
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.4. Power Spectral Density

Limit

Band	Limit
UNII 1	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 2A, 2C	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 3	30 dBm/500 kHz

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

We tested according to Procedure F in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth(EBW) of the signal.
2. RBW = 1 MHz(510 kHz for UNII 3)
3. VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
4. Number of points in sweep $\geq$ 2 x span/RBW.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
7. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
9. Use the peak search function on the spectrum analyzer to find the peak of the spectrum.
10. If Method SA-2 was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

Sample Calculation

Total PSD(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(10 dB) + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	21.24
UNII 2A	21.24
UNII 2C	21.24
UNII 3	21.24

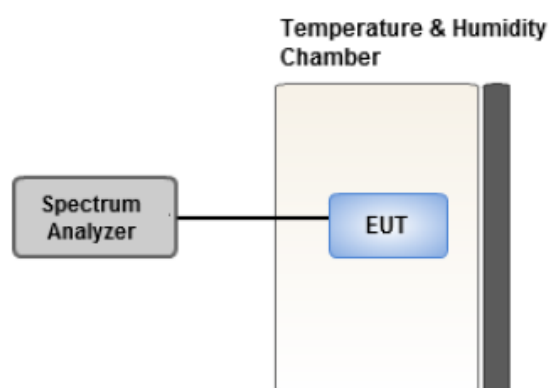
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.5. Frequency Stability

Limit

Maintained within the band

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

1. The EUT was placed inside an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -30 °C and 50 °C.
2. The temperature was incremented by 10 °C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.
3. The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
4. While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn the EUT ON and record the operating frequency at startup, and at 2 minutes, 5 minutes, and 10 minutes after the EUT is energized. Four measurements in total are made.

8.6. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56 ^(a)	56 to 46 ^(a)
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

^(a)Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

8.7. Radiated Test

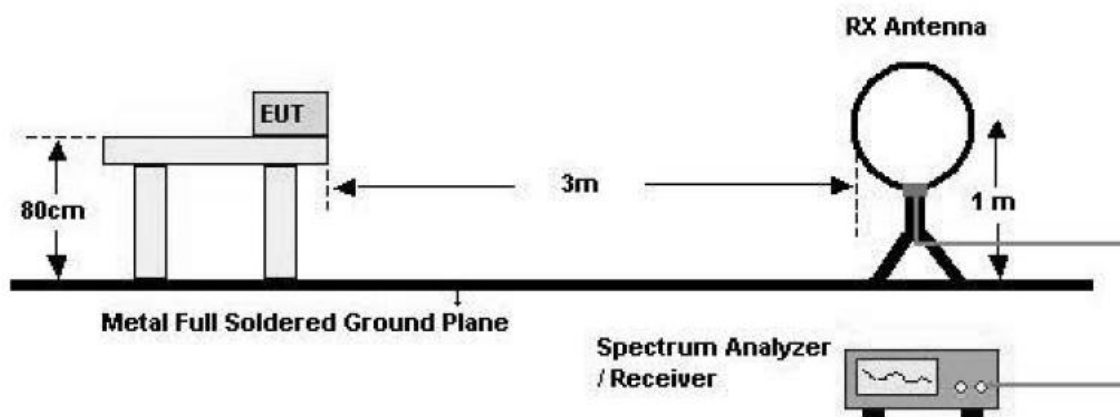
Limit

1. UNII 1: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
2. UNII 2A, 2C: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
3. UNII 3: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
4. All out of band emissions appearing in a restricted band as specified in Section 15.205 of the Title 47 CFR must not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209.

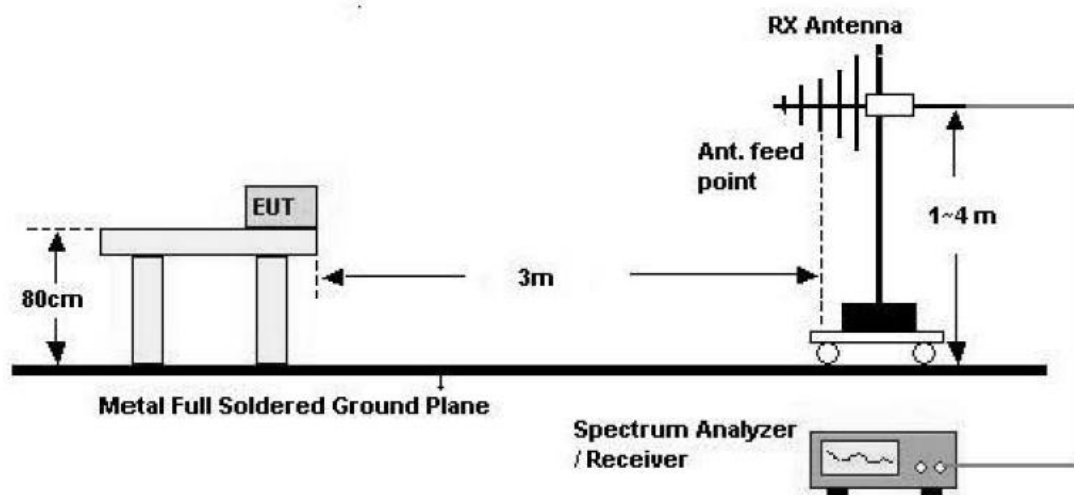
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 – 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Test Configuration

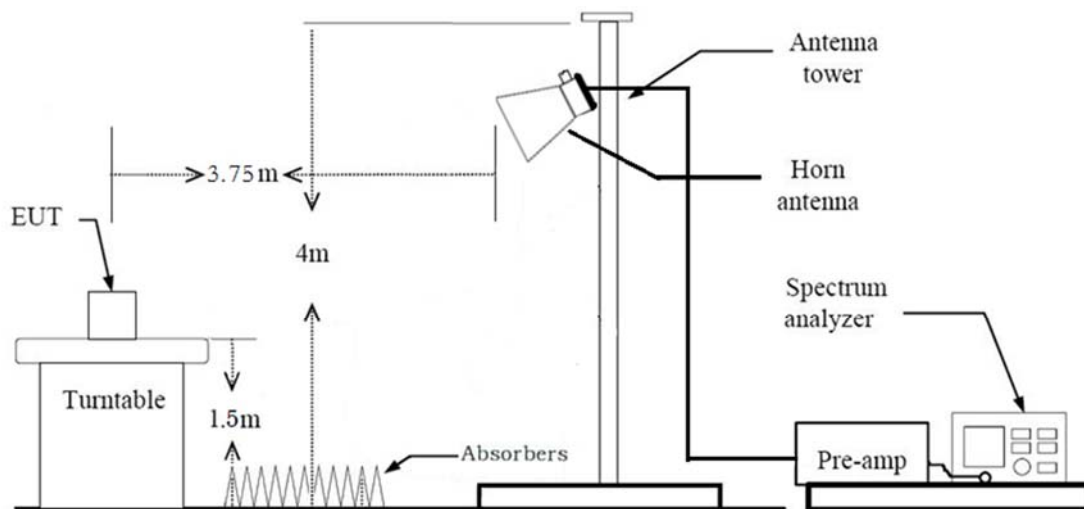
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 30 MHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization and Parallel to the ground plane in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) = $40\log(3 \text{ m}/300 \text{ m}) = - 80 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
7. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) = $40\log(3 \text{ m}/30 \text{ m}) = - 40 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
8. Spectrum Setting
 - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Trace = Maxhold
 - RBW = 9 kHz
 - VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)
10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

KDB 414788 OFS and Chamber Correlation Justification

Base on FCC 15.31 (f) (2): measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field.

OFS and chamber correlation testing had been performed and chamber measured test result is the worst case test result.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 1GHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

In general, (1) is used mainly

6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)
7. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
 - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \leq \text{RBW}/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is $<$ 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor
11. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency
12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
 - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting
 - (1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):
 - RBW = 1 MHz
 - VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Sweep Time = auto
 - Trace mode = max hold
 - Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.
 - (2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):
 - RBW = 1 MHz
 - VBW(Duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \leq \text{RBW}/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
 - VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
 - The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
 - Detector = Peak.
 - Sweep time = auto.
 - Trace mode = max hold.
 - Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of 1/x, where x is the duty cycle.
10. Measured Frequency Range :
 - 4500MHz ~ 5150MHz
 - 5350MHz ~ 5460MHz
 - 5460MHz ~ 5470MHz

- (75 MHz or more below the 5725MHz) ~ 5725MHz
- 5850MHz ~ (75 MHz or more above the 5850MHz)

11. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

The actual setting value of VBW

Mode	Worst Data rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	The actual setting value of VBW (Hz)
802.11a	6	0.969	0.136	1000
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0	0.966	0.150	1000
802.11n(HT40)	MCS 0	0.936	0.288	3000
802.11ac(VHT20)	MCS 0	0.968	0.140	1000
802.11ac(VHT40)	MCS 0	0.936	0.288	3000
802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS 0	0.880	0.553	10000

8.8. Worst case configuration and mode

Radiated test

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
 - Mode : Stand alone, Stand alone + External accessories(Earphone, etc)
 - Worstcase : Stand alone
2. EUT Axis
 - Radiated Spurious Emissions : Y
 - Radiated Restricted Band Edge : Y
3. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported
 - 802.11a : 6Mbps
 - 802.11n : MCS0
 - 802.11ac : MCS0
4. All position of loop antenna were investigated and the test result is a no critical peak found at all positions.
 - Position : Horizontal, Vertical, Parallel to the ground plane

AC Power line Conducted Emissions

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
 - Mode : Stand alone + External accessories(Earphone, etc)+Travel Adapter,
Stand alone + Travel Adapter
 - Worstcase : Stand alone + Travel Adapter

Conducted test

1. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported

9. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
26dB Bandwidth	§15.407 (for Power Measurement)	N/A	Conducted	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.407(e)	>500 kHz (5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power	§15.407(a)(1)	< 250 mW(5150-5250 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) <1 W(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	§15.407(a)(1),(5)	<11 dBm/ MHz (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5250-5350 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5470-5725 MHz) <30 dBm/500 kHz(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Frequency Stability	§15.407(g) §2.1055	Maintained within the band		PASS
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	15.207	<FCC 15.207 limits		PASS
Undesirable Emissions	§15.407(b)	<-27 dBm/MHz EIRP (UNII1, 2A, 2C) cf. Section 8.7 (UNII 3)	Radiated	PASS
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	15.205, 15.407(b)(5), (6)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		PASS

10. TEST RESULT

10.1 DUTY CYCLE

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11a	6	1.391	1.435	0.969	0.136
	9	0.935	0.980	0.955	0.202
	12	0.708	0.753	0.941	0.264
	18	0.480	0.524	0.916	0.381
	24	0.364	0.408	0.892	0.496
	36	0.252	0.297	0.849	0.713
	48	0.192	0.237	0.812	0.904
	54	0.176	0.221	0.796	0.989

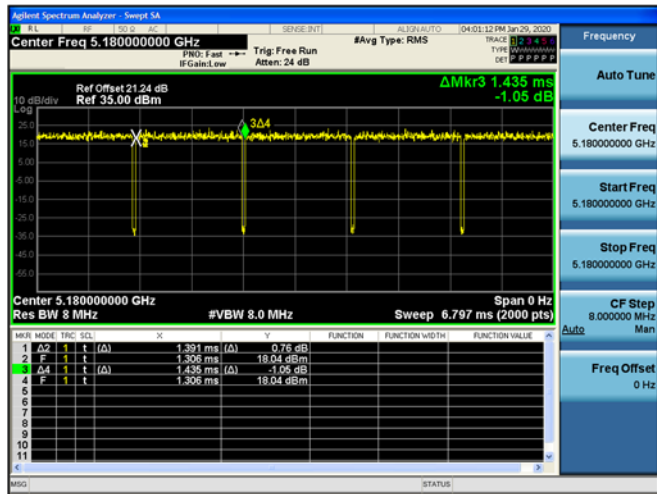
Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11n (HT20)	0	1.300	1.345	0.966	0.150
	1	0.667	0.713	0.936	0.286
	2	0.460	0.505	0.911	0.405
	3	0.352	0.397	0.887	0.522
	4	0.248	0.292	0.848	0.717
	5	0.196	0.241	0.815	0.887
	6	0.180	0.225	0.799	0.972
	7	0.164	0.209	0.787	1.040
802.11n (HT40)	0	0.647	0.692	0.936	0.288
	1	0.344	0.388	0.887	0.523
	2	0.240	0.284	0.845	0.732
	3	0.192	0.236	0.814	0.893
	4	0.140	0.184	0.760	1.189
	5	0.116	0.160	0.724	1.401
	6	0.104	0.148	0.702	1.538
	7	0.100	0.144	0.694	1.587

Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11ac (VHT20)	0	1.312	1.355	0.968	0.140
	1	0.676	0.719	0.940	0.270
	2	0.464	0.509	0.911	0.405
	3	0.360	0.404	0.891	0.501
	4	0.252	0.297	0.849	0.713
	5	0.200	0.245	0.818	0.872
	6	0.184	0.229	0.806	0.939
	7	0.168	0.212	0.791	1.020
	8	0.148	0.193	0.769	1.139
802.11ac (VHT40)	0	0.652	0.697	0.936	0.288
	1	0.348	0.392	0.888	0.518
	2	0.244	0.288	0.846	0.728
	3	0.196	0.240	0.817	0.880
	4	0.144	0.188	0.766	1.158
	5	0.120	0.164	0.731	1.361
	6	0.108	0.152	0.710	1.487
	7	0.104	0.148	0.702	1.537
	8	0.092	0.136	0.676	1.700
	9	0.088	0.132	0.666	1.766
	10	0.088	0.132	0.666	1.766
802.11ac (VHT80)	0	0.324	0.368	0.880	0.553
	1	0.184	0.228	0.805	0.941
	2	0.136	0.180	0.756	1.216
	3	0.112	0.156	0.717	1.447
	4	0.088	0.132	0.665	1.770
	5	0.076	0.121	0.632	1.991
	6	0.072	0.117	0.620	2.075
	7	0.072	0.116	0.619	2.085
	8	0.064	0.117	0.546	2.631
	9	0.064	0.118	0.545	2.638
	10	0.064	0.118	0.545	2.638

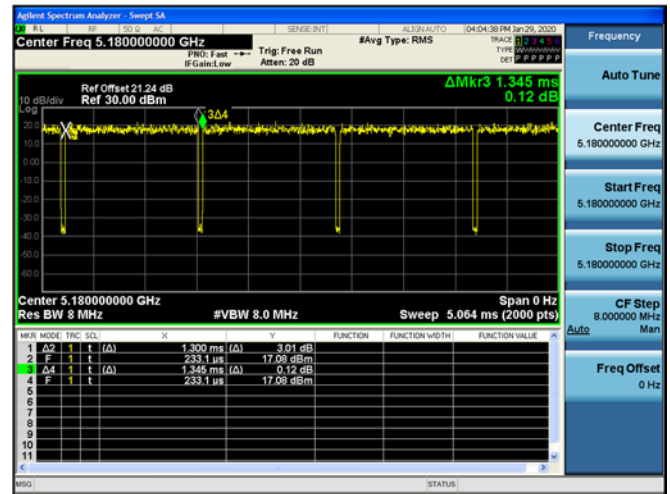
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only lowest datarate.

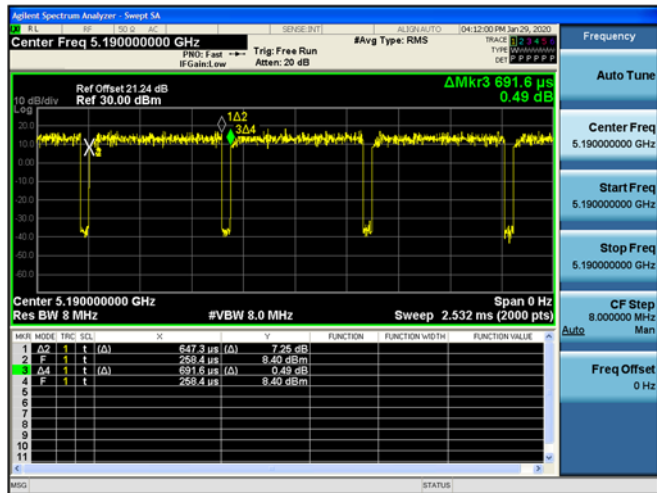
802.11a



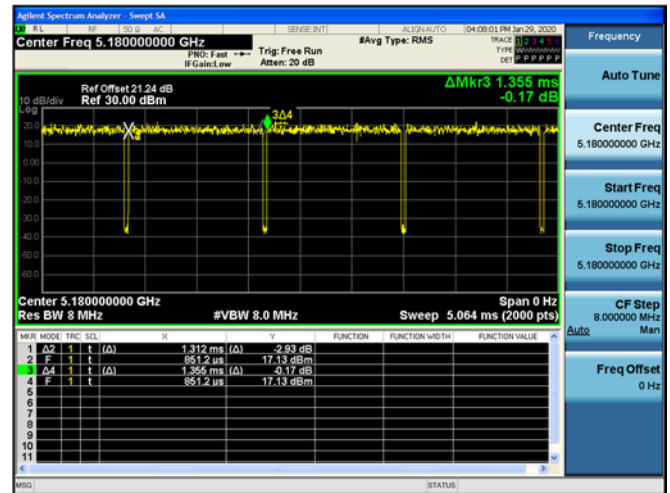
802.11n(HT20)



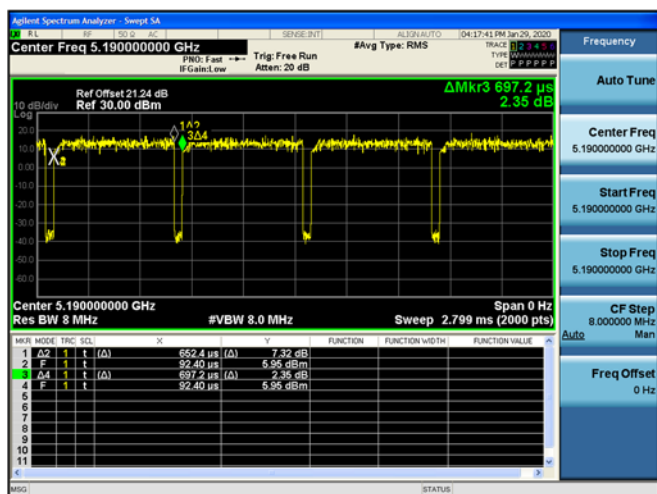
802.11n(HT40)



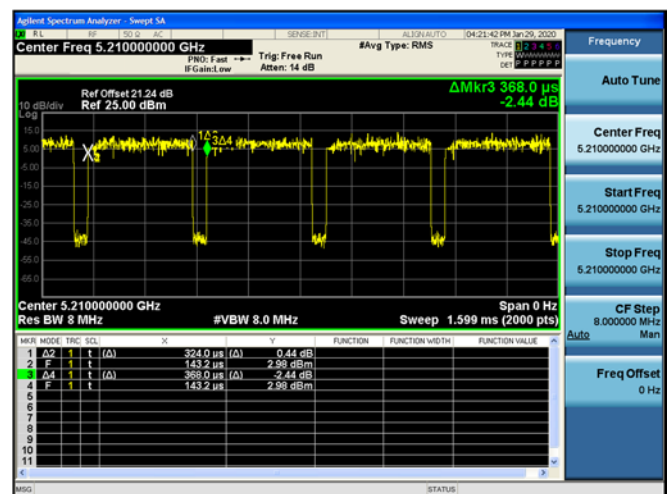
802.11ac(VHT20)



802.11ac(VHT40)



802.11ac(VHT80)



10.2 26 dB BANDWIDTH

Straddle channel data in the table below are for reporting purposes only.

Straddle channel data were added in section 10.7.1.

802.11a Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	19.85	16.555
5200	40	19.85	16.540
5240	48	19.92	16.555
5260	52	20.24	16.552
5300	60	20.08	16.558
5320	64	19.98	16.548
5500	100	20.06	16.567
5600	120	19.85	16.525
5720	144	19.90	16.527
5745	149	19.95	16.524
5785	157	20.03	16.543
5825	165	19.94	16.526

802.11n(HT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	20.23	17.627
5200	40	20.34	17.630
5240	48	20.22	17.631
5260	52	20.32	17.661
5300	60	20.17	17.651
5320	64	20.29	17.645
5500	100	20.32	17.642
5600	120	20.30	17.591
5720	144	20.15	17.669
5745	149	20.29	17.664
5785	157	20.22	17.657
5825	165	20.33	17.651

802.11n(HT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	40.26	36.017
5230	46	40.31	36.119
5270	54	40.32	36.000
5310	62	40.64	36.006
5510	102	40.58	36.017
5590	118	40.22	36.009
5710	142	40.14	36.053
5755	151	40.61	36.027
5795	159	40.16	36.001

802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	20.36	17.588
5200	40	20.41	17.644
5240	48	20.03	17.606
5260	52	20.18	17.660
5300	60	20.25	17.612
5320	64	20.34	17.640
5500	100	20.27	17.620
5600	120	20.28	17.608
5720	144	20.33	17.625
5745	149	20.23	17.587
5785	157	20.31	17.600
5825	165	20.34	17.649

802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	40.45	35.948
5230	46	40.32	36.056
5270	54	40.24	35.930
5310	62	40.27	36.021
5510	102	40.45	35.994
5590	118	40.06	36.007
5710	142	40.08	35.963
5755	151	40.52	35.951
5795	159	40.64	35.990

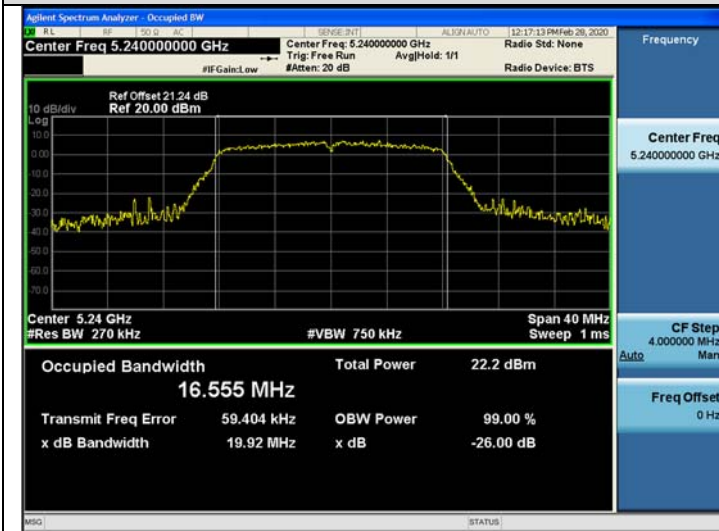
802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5210	42	80.76	75.219
5290	58	80.42	75.136
5530	106	80.90	75.200
5610	122	80.52	75.229
5690	138	80.70	75.126
5775	155	80.34	75.004

□ Test Plots(802.11a)

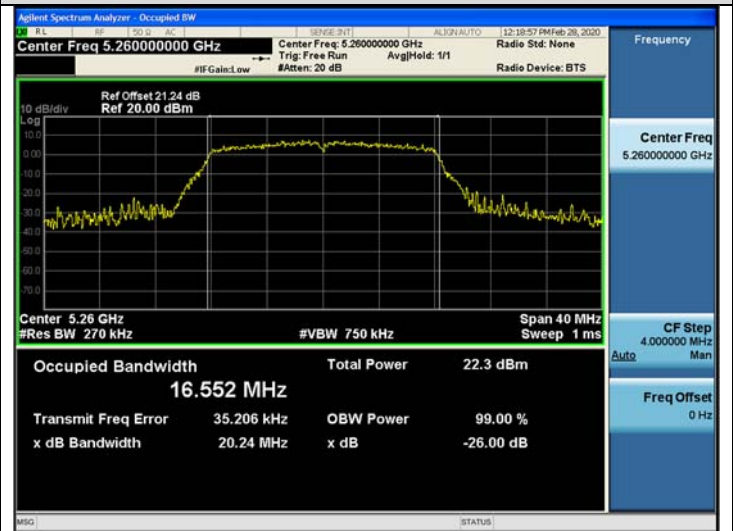
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

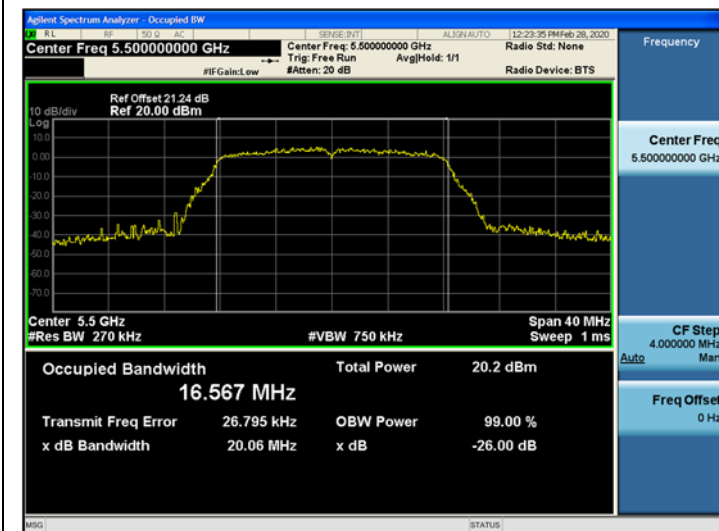
802.11a UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 48)



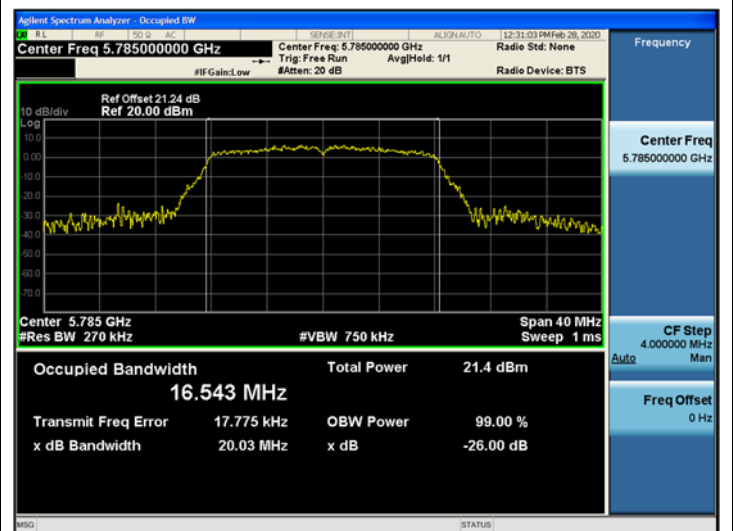
802.11a UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 52)



802.11a UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 100)



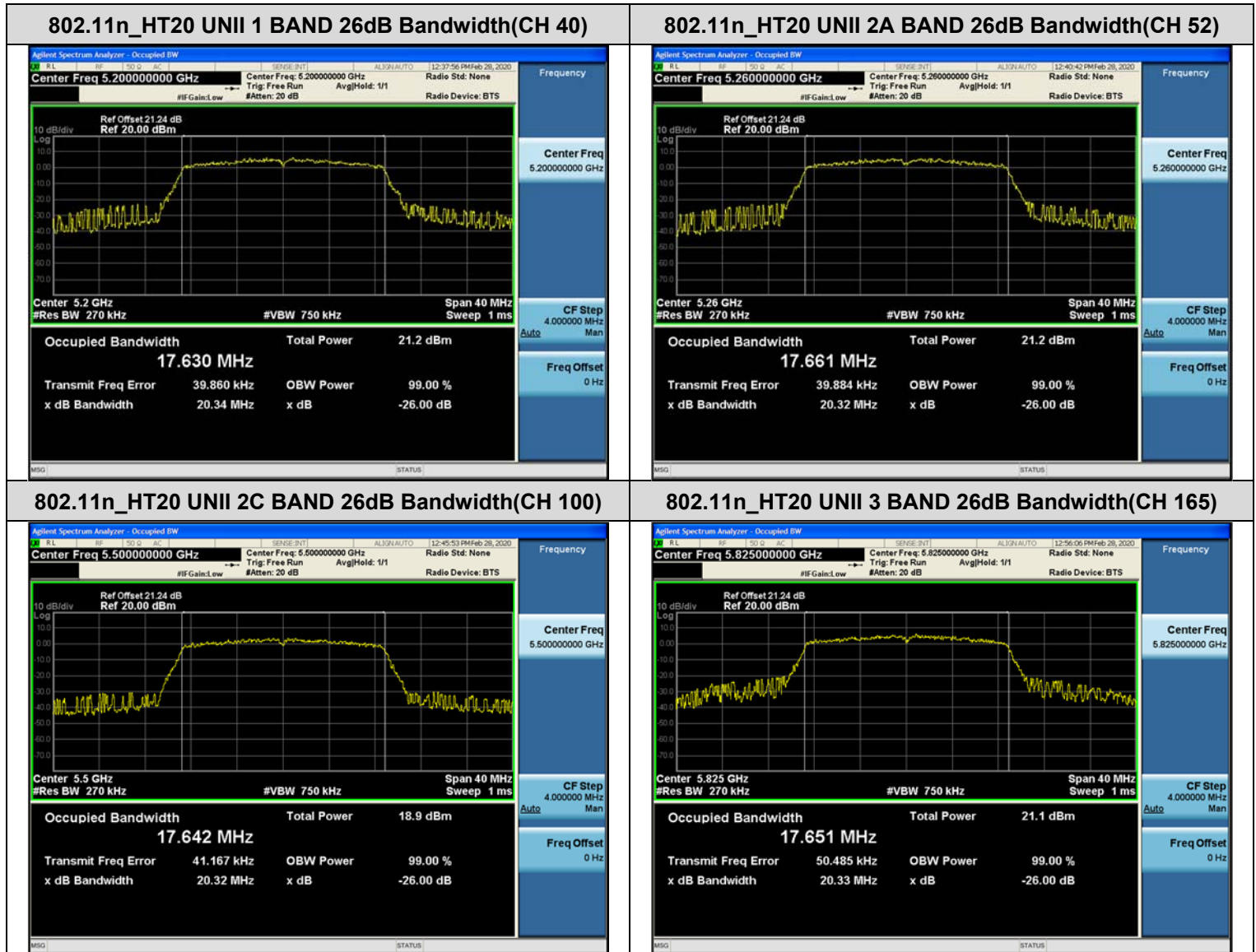
802.11a UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 157)



□ Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

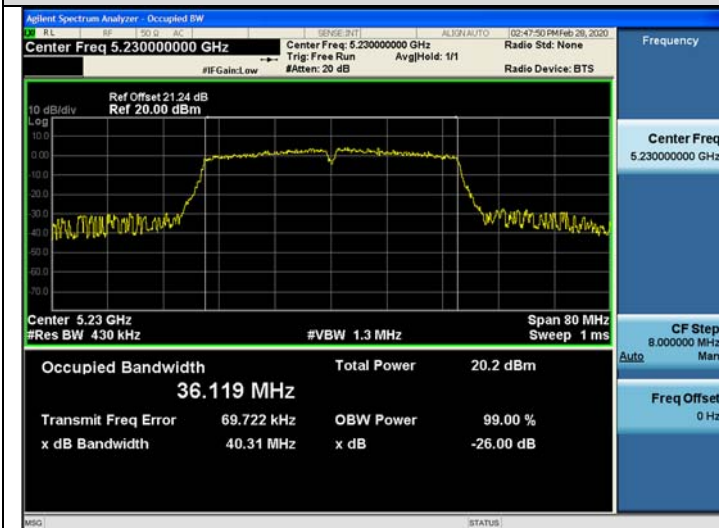


☐ Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

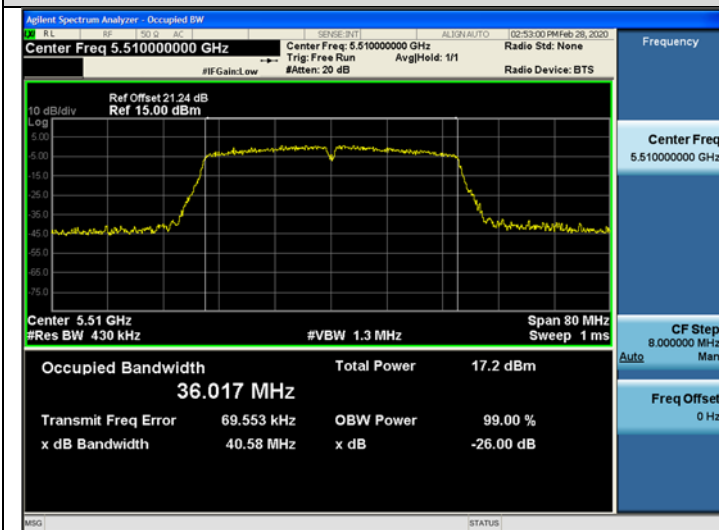
802.11n_HT40 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 46)



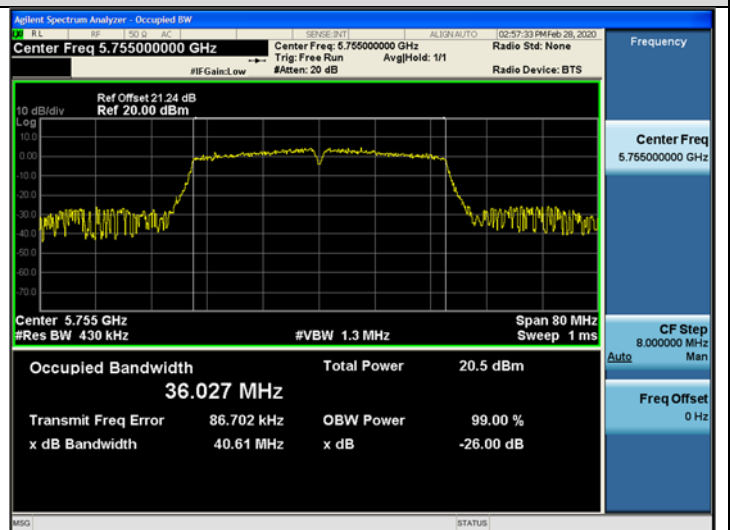
802.11n_HT40 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 62)



802.11n_HT40 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 102)



802.11n_HT40 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 151)

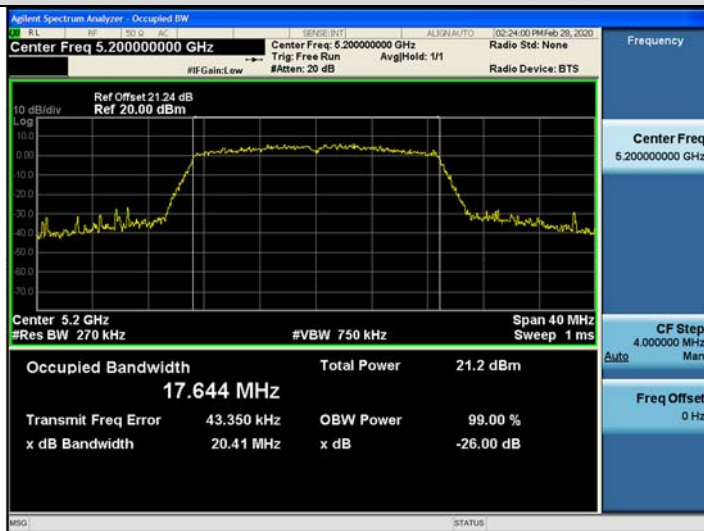


☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT20))

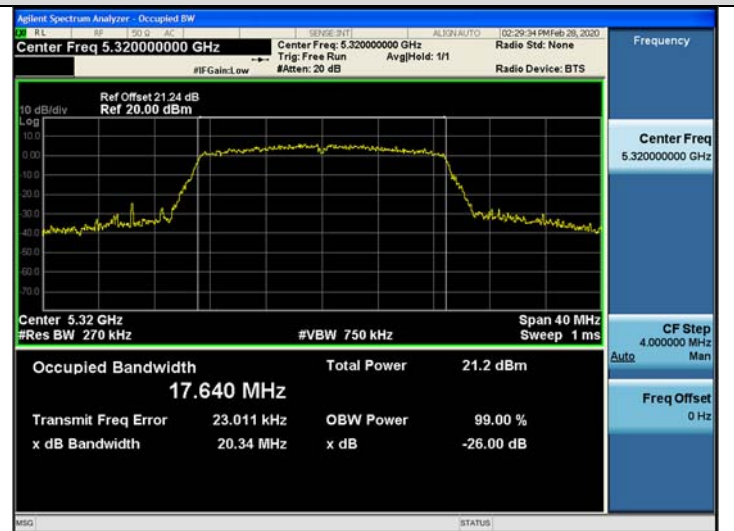
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

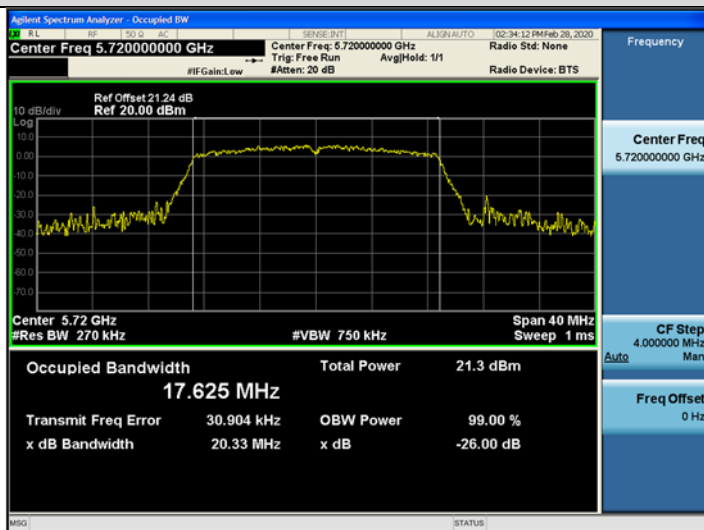
802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 40)



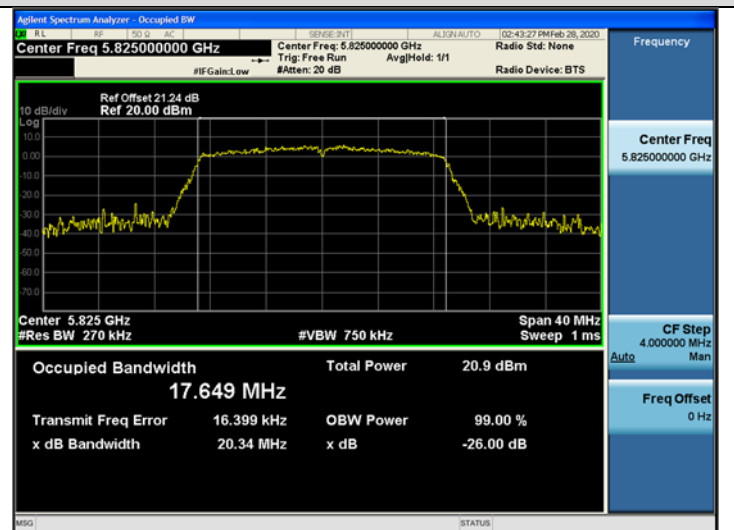
802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 64)



802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 144)



802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 165)

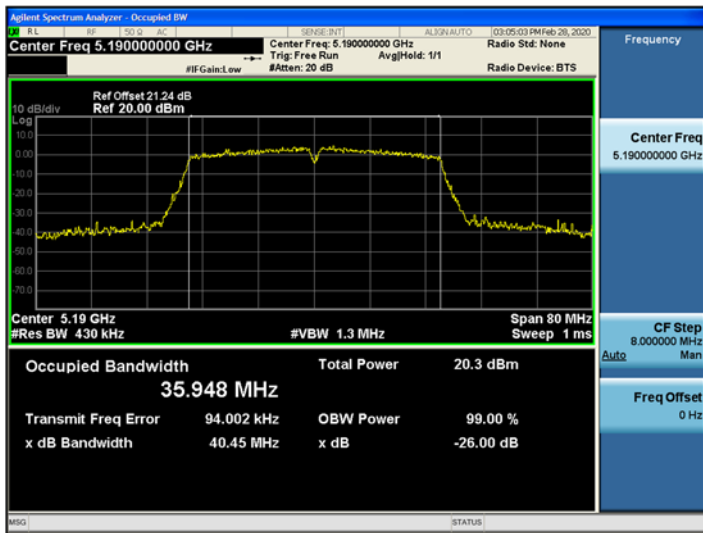


☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT40))

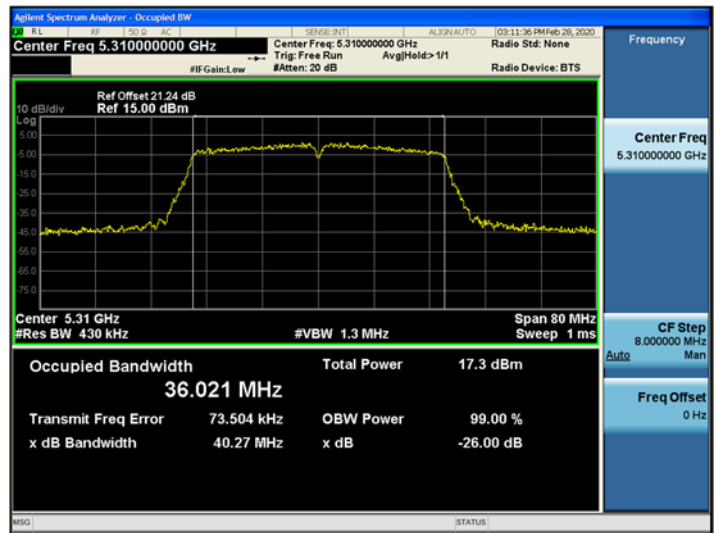
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

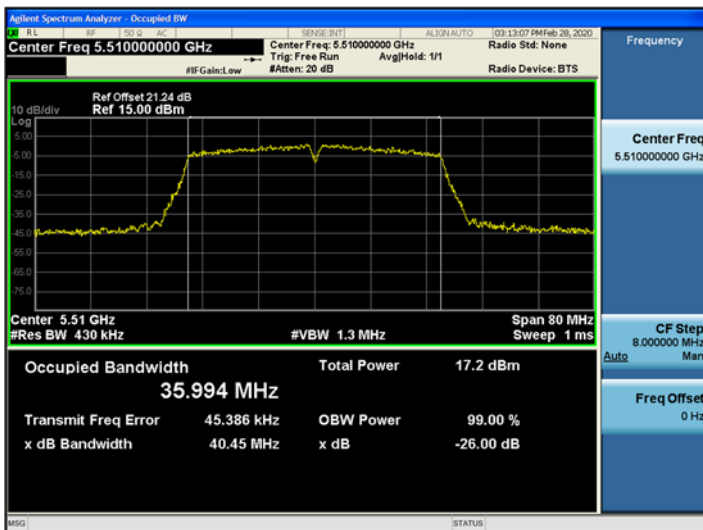
802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 38)



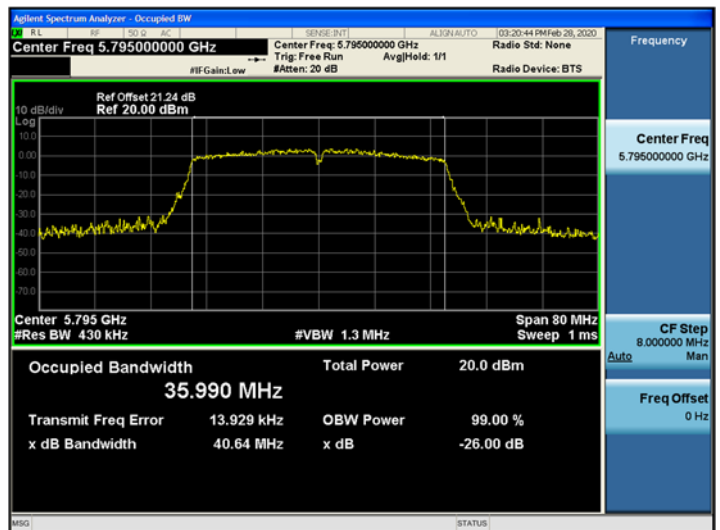
802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 62)



802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 102)



802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 159)

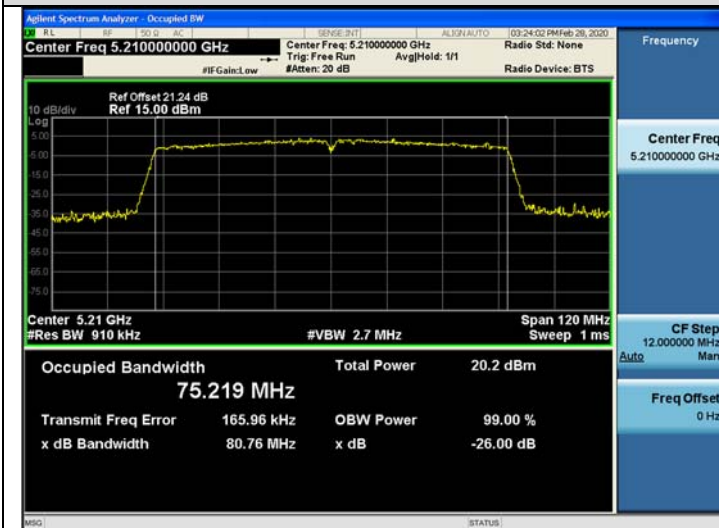


☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT80))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

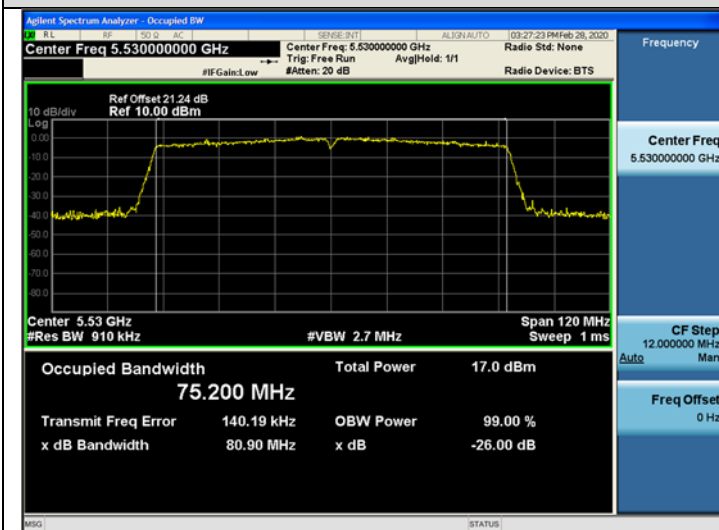
802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 42)



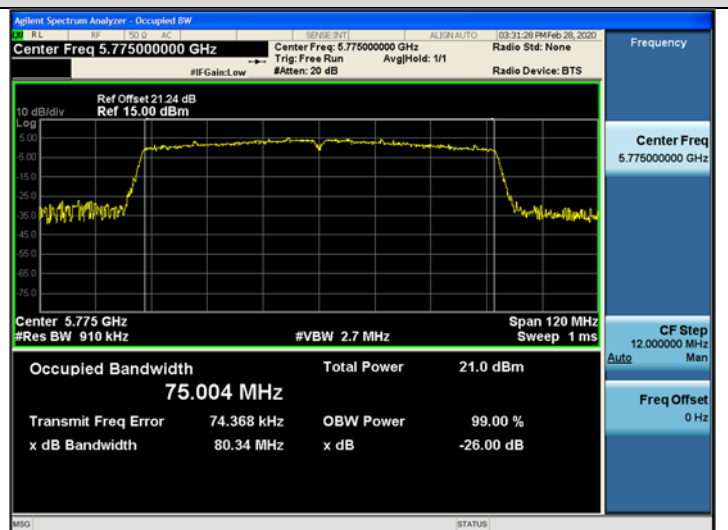
802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 58)



802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 106)



802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 155)



10.3 6dB BANDWIDTH

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	15.11	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	15.46	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.34	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	14.10	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	15.13	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.07	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	35.17	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	35.10	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	14.61	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	15.16	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	13.86	> 0.5	Pass

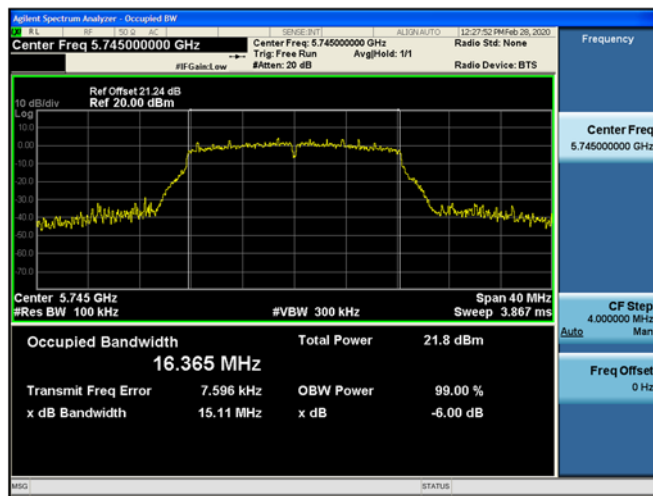
802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	35.16	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	35.14	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5775	155	73.79	> 0.5	Pass

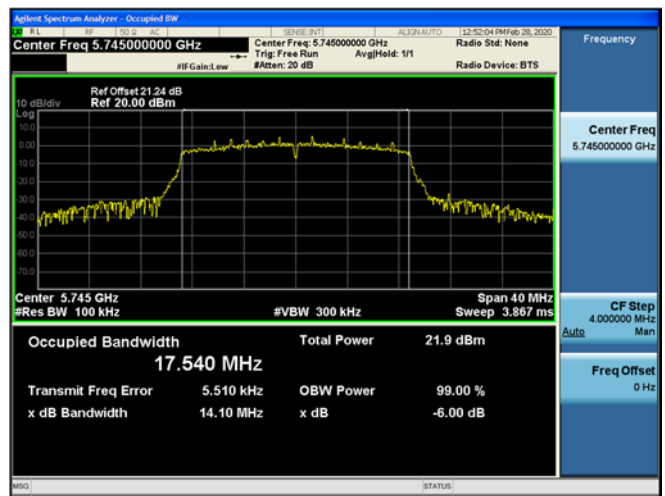
☐ Test Plots

Note: In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.

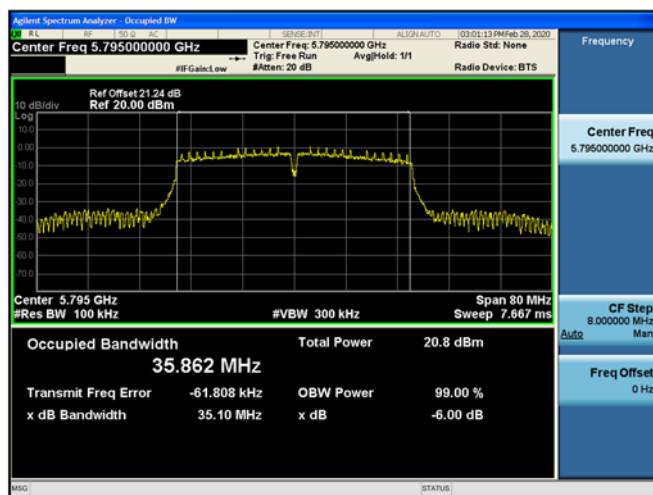
802.11a (CH.149)



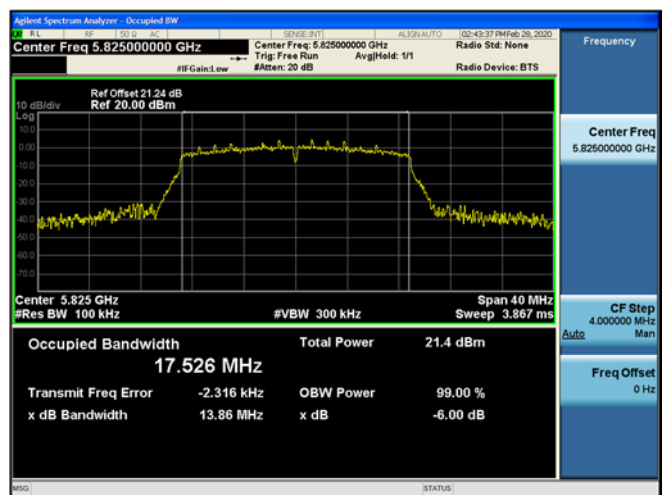
802.11n(HT20) (CH.149)



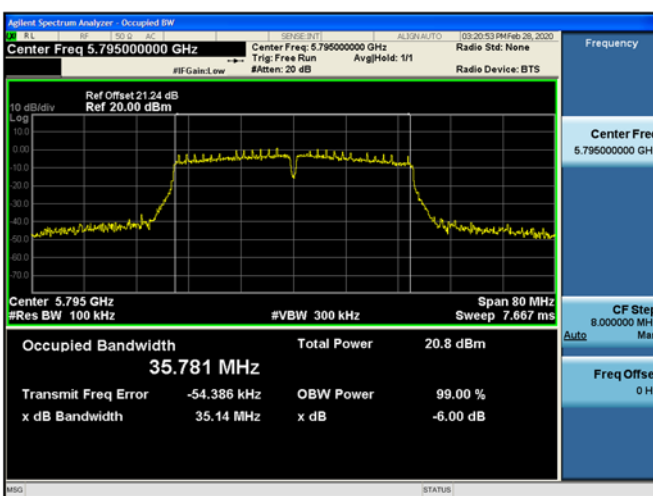
802.11n(HT40) (CH.159)



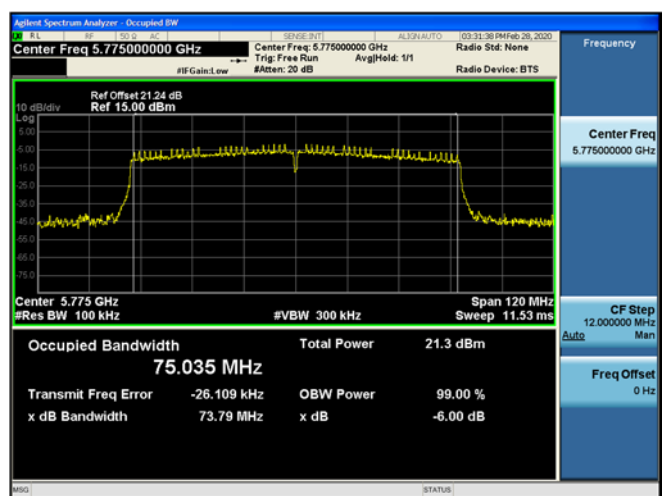
802.11ac(VHT20) (CH.165)



802.11ac(VHT40) (CH.159)



802.11ac(VHT80) (CH.155)



10.4 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Straddle channel data in the table below are for reporting purposes only.

Straddle channel data were added in section 10.7.3.

802.11a Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	15.00	15.62	0.381	16.00	23.98
5200	40	15.00	15.02	0.989	16.01	23.98
5240	48	15.00	15.20	0.989	16.19	23.98
5260	52	15.00	15.93	0.264	16.19	23.98
5300	60	15.00	15.88	0.381	16.26	23.98
5320	64	15.00	15.99	0.264	16.25	23.98
5500	100	13.50	13.47	0.264	13.73	23.98
5600	120	12.00	12.00	0.713	12.71	23.98
5720	144	12.00	12.22	0.710	12.93	23.98
5745	149	14.00	14.60	0.202	14.80	30.00
5785	157	14.00	14.56	0.496	15.06	30.00
5825	165	14.00	14.40	0.496	14.90	30.00

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	14.00	14.30	0.405	14.71	23.98
5200	40	14.00	14.59	0.150	14.74	23.98
5240	48	14.00	14.64	0.150	14.79	23.98
5260	52	14.00	14.14	0.522	14.66	23.98
5300	60	14.00	14.32	0.405	14.73	23.98
5320	64	14.00	14.54	0.150	14.69	23.98
5500	100	12.50	12.19	0.286	12.48	23.98
5600	120	12.00	12.25	0.405	12.66	23.98
5720	144	12.00	12.30	0.520	12.82	23.98
5745	149	14.00	14.08	0.972	15.05	30.00
5785	157	14.00	14.27	0.522	14.79	30.00
5825	165	14.00	14.52	0.150	14.67	30.00

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5190	38	13.00	13.02	0.732	13.75	23.98
5230	46	13.00	13.48	0.288	13.77	23.98
5270	54	13.00	13.45	0.288	13.74	23.98
5310	62	11.00	11.45	0.288	11.74	23.98
5510	102	10.00	10.30	0.288	10.59	23.98
5590	118	13.00	13.28	0.288	13.57	23.98
5710	142	13.00	13.45	0.288	13.74	23.98
5755	151	13.00	13.57	0.288	13.86	30.00
5795	159	13.00	13.21	0.288	13.50	30.00

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	14.00	14.43	0.405	14.84	23.98
5200	40	14.00	14.35	0.501	14.85	23.98
5240	48	14.00	13.71	1.139	14.85	23.98
5260	52	14.00	13.80	1.020	14.82	23.98
5300	60	14.00	13.91	1.020	14.93	23.98
5320	64	14.00	14.16	0.713	14.87	23.98
5500	100	13.00	12.48	1.139	13.62	23.98
5600	120	12.00	11.93	0.713	12.64	23.98
5720	144	12.00	12.52	0.41	12.93	23.98
5745	149	14.00	14.74	0.270	15.01	30.00
5785	157	14.00	14.61	0.140	14.75	30.00
5825	165	14.00	13.67	0.939	14.61	30.00

802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5190	38	13.00	13.25	0.518	13.77	23.98
5230	46	13.00	13.06	0.728	13.79	23.98
5270	54	13.00	12.84	0.880	13.72	23.98
5310	62	10.00	9.93	0.728	10.66	23.98
5510	102	10.00	10.01	0.518	10.53	23.98
5590	118	13.00	13.32	0.288	13.61	23.98
5710	142	13.00	13.54	0.288	13.83	23.98
5755	151	13.00	13.40	0.518	13.92	30.00
5795	159	13.00	12.85	0.728	13.58	30.00

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5210	42	12.00	12.10	0.553	12.65	23.98
5290	58	10.00	9.36	0.941	10.30	23.98
5530	106	9.00	8.19	0.941	9.13	23.98
5610	122	13.00	12.72	0.553	13.27	23.98
5690	138	13.00	12.47	0.553	13.02	23.98
5775	155	13.00	12.49	0.553	13.04	30.00

10.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11a Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	5.206	0.381	5.587	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	5.062	0.989	6.051	
5240	48	5.151	0.989	6.140	
5260	52	5.581	0.264	5.845	
5300	60	5.633	0.381	6.014	
5320	64	5.590	0.264	5.854	
5500	100	3.458	0.264	3.722	
5600	120	1.706	0.713	2.419	
5720	144	2.386	0.713	3.099	
5745	149	2.116	0.202	2.318	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	1.548	0.496	2.044	
5825	165	1.359	0.496	1.855	

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	4.056	0.405	4.461	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	4.300	0.150	4.450	
5240	48	4.580	0.150	4.730	
5260	52	4.074	0.522	4.596	
5300	60	4.232	0.405	4.637	
5320	64	4.241	0.150	4.391	
5500	100	2.030	0.286	2.316	
5600	120	1.812	0.405	2.217	
5720	144	2.191	0.522	2.713	
5745	149	1.650	0.972	2.622	30 dBm/500kHz z
5785	157	1.453	0.522	1.975	
5825	165	1.551	0.150	1.701	

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	0.148	0.732	0.880	11 dBm/MHz
5230	46	0.649	0.288	0.937	
5270	54	0.333	0.288	0.621	
5310	62	-1.521	0.288	-1.233	
5510	102	-2.910	0.288	-2.622	
5590	118	0.189	0.288	0.477	
5710	142	0.248	0.288	0.536	30 dBm /500kHz
5755	151	-2.396	0.288	-2.108	
5795	159	-2.652	0.288	-2.364	

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	4.215	0.405	4.620	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	4.154	0.501	4.655	
5240	48	3.655	1.139	4.794	
5260	52	3.898	1.020	4.918	
5300	60	3.748	1.020	4.768	
5320	64	3.957	0.713	4.670	
5500	100	2.468	1.139	3.607	
5600	120	1.756	0.713	2.469	
5720	144	2.050	0.405	2.455	
5745	149	1.718	0.270	1.988	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	1.846	0.140	1.986	
5825	165	1.192	0.939	2.131	

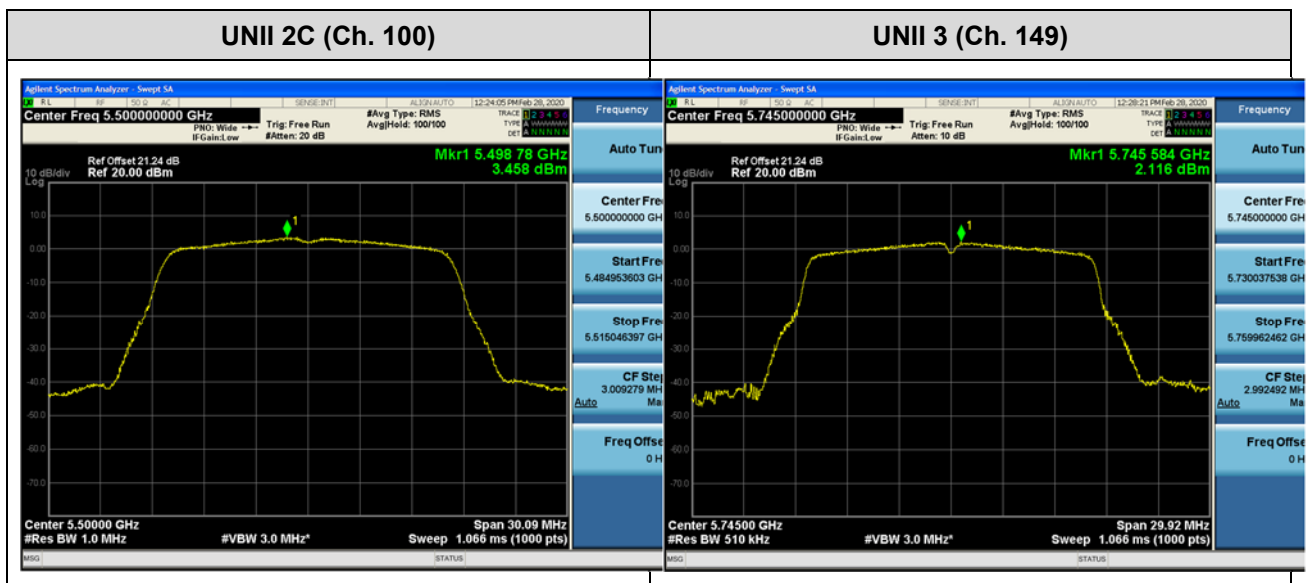
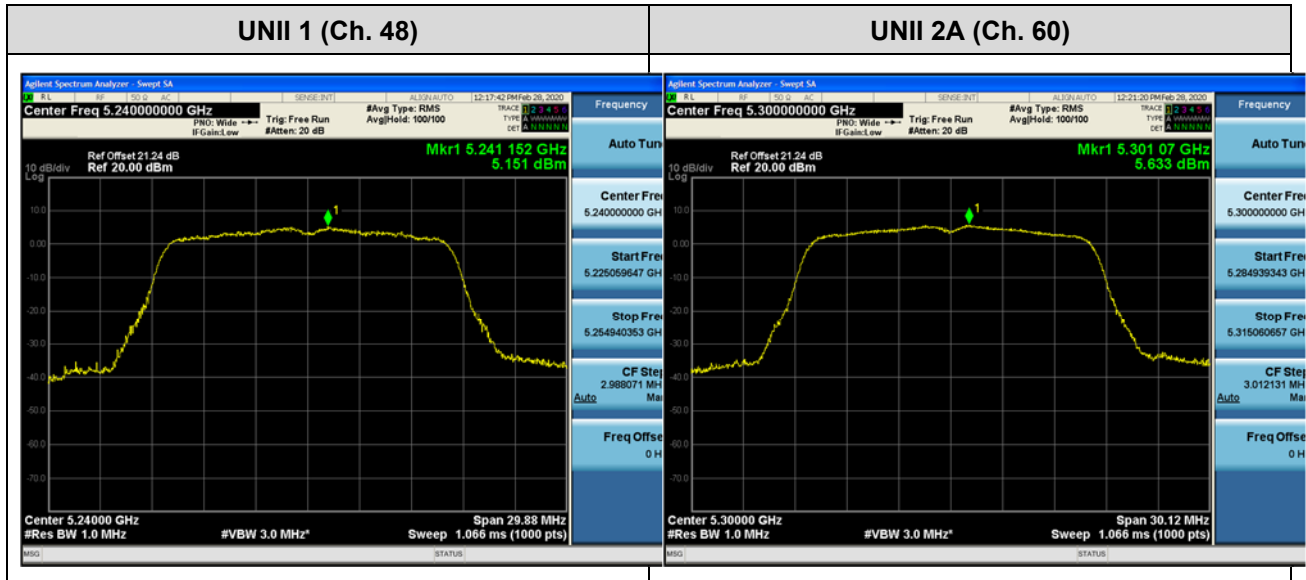
802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	0.198	0.518	0.716	11 dBm/MHz
5230	46	-0.228	0.728	0.500	
5270	54	-0.439	0.880	0.441	
5310	62	-3.180	0.728	-2.452	
5510	102	-2.946	0.518	-2.428	
5590	118	0.107	0.288	0.395	
5710	142	0.351	0.288	0.639	30 dBm/500kHz
5755	151	-2.580	0.518	-2.062	
5795	159	-3.120	0.728	-2.392	

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5210	42	-4.188	0.553	-3.635	11 dBm/MHz
5290	58	-6.370	0.941	-5.429	
5530	106	-7.702	0.941	-6.761	
5610	122	-3.352	0.553	-2.799	
5690	138	-3.232	0.553	-2.679	
5775	155	-5.978	0.553	-5.425	30 dBm/500kHz

Test Plots(802.11a)

Note:

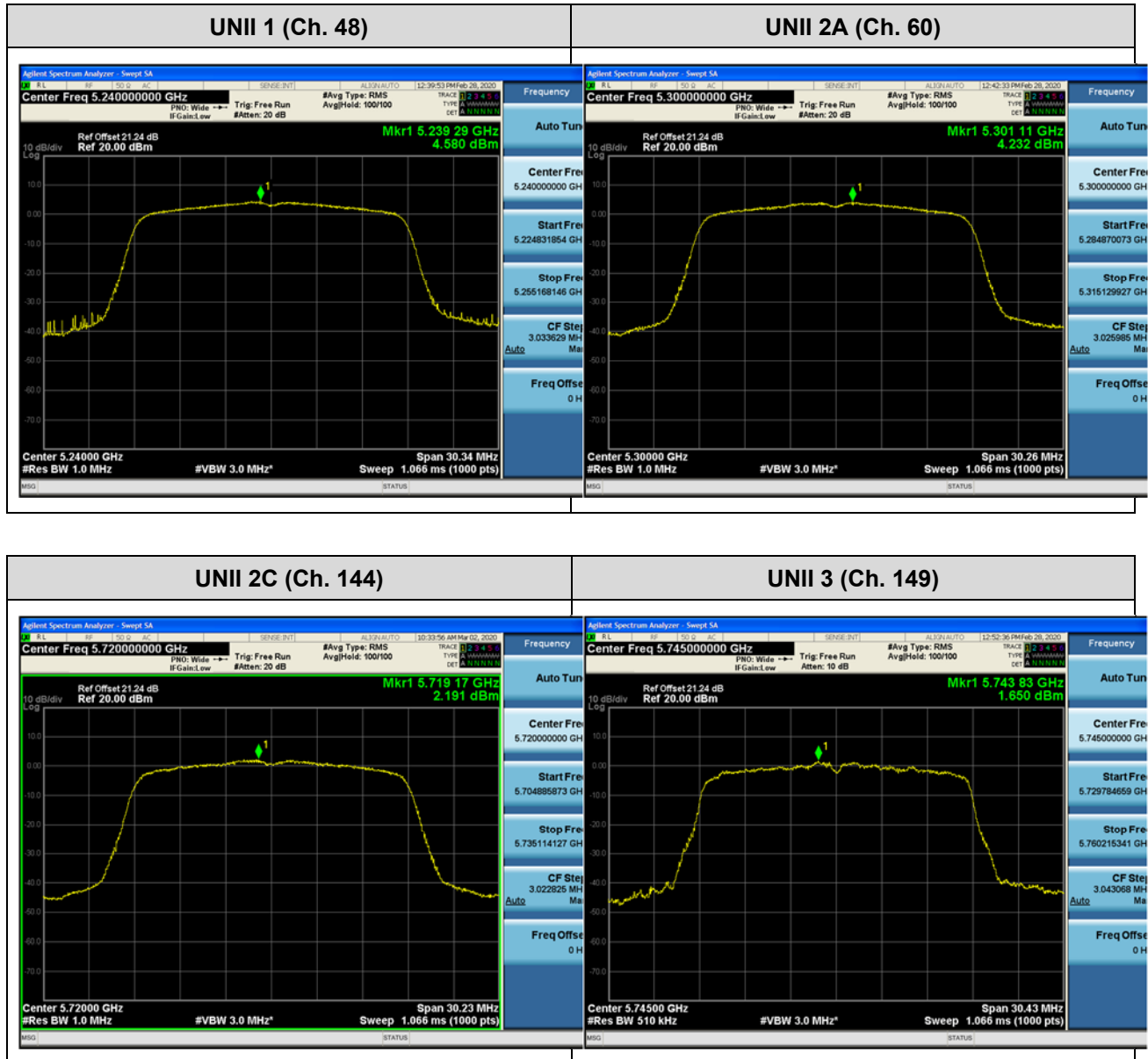
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

Note:

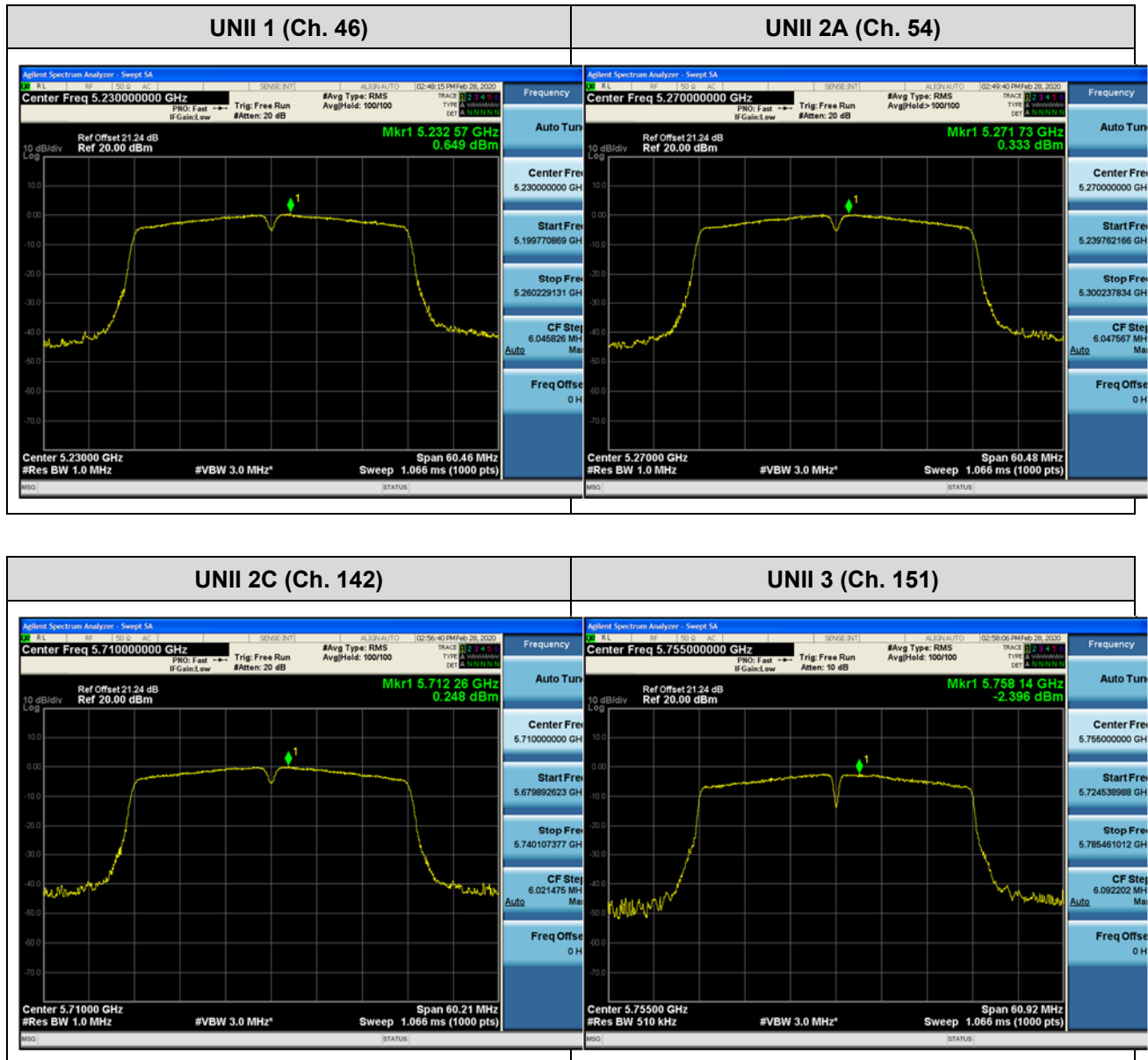
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



☐ Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

Note:

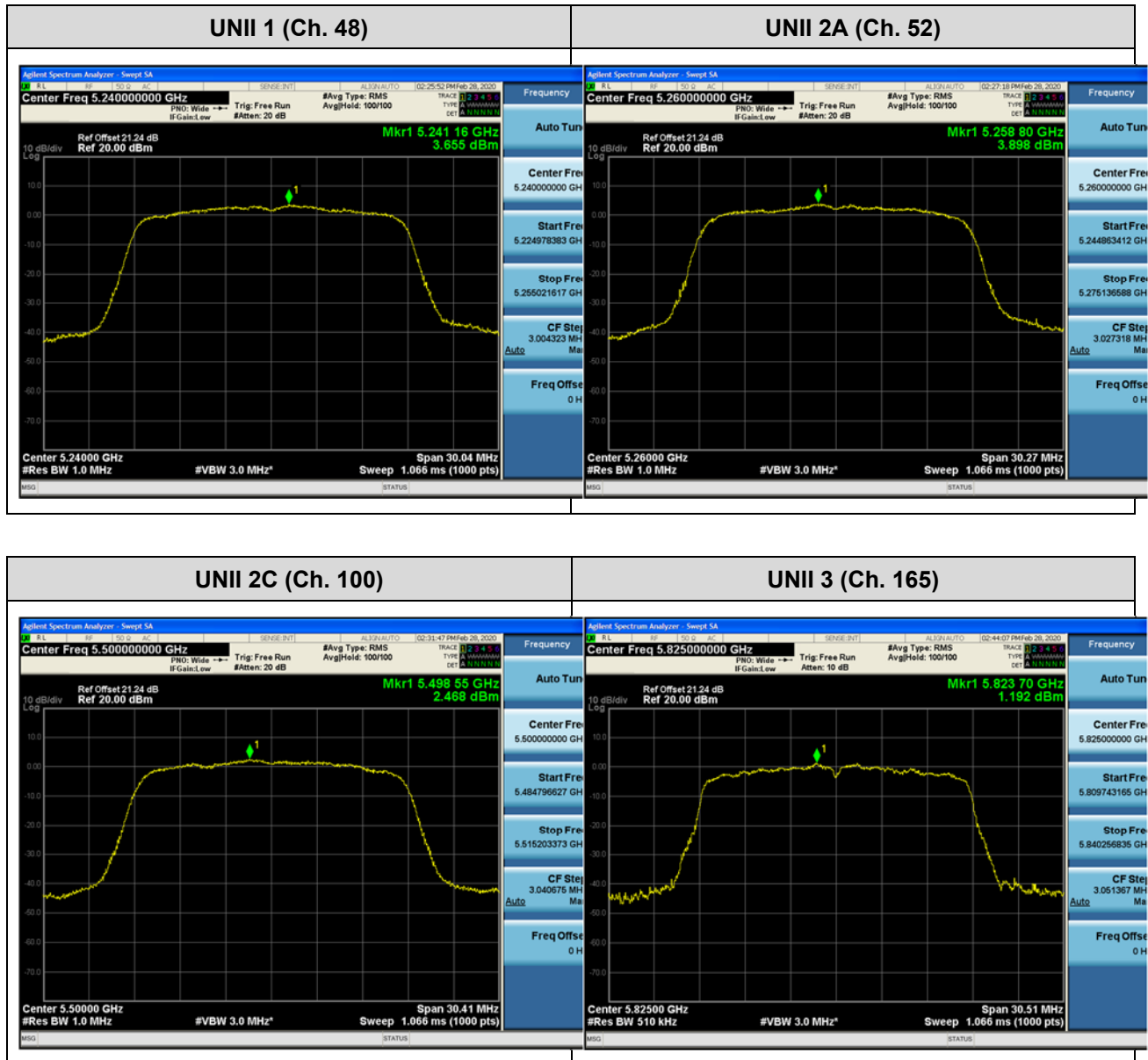
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT20))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT40))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.

