

On your side

HCT



TEST REPORT

FCC SAR Test for certification of A3LSMA507FN

APPLICANT
SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

REPORT NO.
HCT-SR-1908-FC003-R5

DATE OF ISSUE
Aug. 28, 2019

HCT Co., Ltd.
74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383 KOREA
Tel. +82 31 634 6300 F ax. +82 31 645 6401



HCT Co., Ltd.

74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383 KOREA
Tel. +82 31 634 6300 Fax. +82 31 645 6401



TEST REPORT

FCC SAR Test for
certification

REPORT NO.
HCT-SR-1908-FC003-R5

DATE OF ISSUE
Aug. 28, 2019

FCC ID
A3LSMA507FN

Applicant SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd
129, Samsung-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-Si, Gyeonggi-do, 16677 Rep. of Korea

Product Name Mobile Phone
Model Name SM-A507FN/DS

Date of Test Jul. 24, 2019 ~ Aug. 15, 2019

FCC Rule Part(s) CFR 52.1093

Test Results Refer to the present document

This device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in FCC KDB procedures and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC KDB procedures.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

The result shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

Tested by
Bong Kyun Park

Technical Manager
Yun Jeang Heo

HCT CO., LTD.

Soo Chan Lee

SooChan Lee / CEO
Accredited by KOLAS, Republic of KOREA

REVISION HISTORY

The revision history for this test report is shown in table.

Revision No.	Date of Issue	Description
0	Aug. 06, 2019	Initial Release
1	Aug. 13, 2019	Revised page 14, 37, 38
2	Aug. 16, 2019	Revised LTE Band 41 Reduced Level
3	Aug. 20, 2019	Revised Attachment 5
4	Aug. 28, 2019	Revised Sec 11.3.3
5	Aug. 29, 2019	Revised page 1, 2, 3 6 ,64

This laboratory is not accredited for the test results marked *.

The above Test Report is the accredited test result by KOLAS(Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme)

CONTENTS

1. Test Regulations	5
2. Test Location.....	6
3. Information of the EUT	6
4. Device Under Test Description.....	8
5. Introduction.....	19
6. Description of test equipment.....	20
7. SAR Measurement Procedure.....	21
8. Description of Test Position.....	23
9. RF Exposure Limits	28
10. FCC SAR General Measurement Procedures.....	29
11. Output Power Specifications.....	36
12. System Verification.....	69
13. SAR Test Data Summary.....	73
14. Simultaneous SAR Analysis.....	90
15. SAR Measurement Variability and Uncertainty.....	95
16. Measurement Uncertainty.....	96
17. SAR Test Equipment.....	97
18. Conclusion	99
19. References.....	100
Attachment 1. – SAR Test Plots	102
Attachment 2. – Dipole Verification Plots.....	135
Attachment 3. – SAR Tissue Characterization	151
Attachment 4. – SAR System Validation.....	152
Attachment 5. – Power Reduction Verification	153

1. Test Regulations

The tests were performed according to the following regulations:

Test Standard	IEEE Standard 1528-2013 & KDB procedures
Test Method	- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01 - FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02r01 - FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05 - FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry sheet v01r02 - FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02 - FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 General SAR Guidance v06 - FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03 - FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04 v01r02 (Proximity Sensor) - FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04 - FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02 - October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria) - April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified) - Fall 2017 TCBC Workshop Notes(LTE Carrier Aggregation)

2. Test Location

2.1 Test Laboratory

Company Name	HCT Co., Ltd.
Address	74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383 KOREA
Telephone	031-645-6300
Fax.	031-645-6401

2.2 Test Facilities

Our laboratories are accredited and approved by the following approval agencies according to ISO/IEC 17025.

Korea	National Radio Research Agency (Designation No. KR0032)
	KOLAS (Testing No. KT197)

3. Information of the EUT

3.1 General Information of the EUT

Model Name	SM-A507FN/DS
Equipment Type	Mobile Phone
FCC ID	A3LSMA507FN
Application Type:	Certification
Applicant	SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

3.2 Attestation of test result of device under test

The Highest Reported SAR (W/Kg)						
Band	Tx. Frequency	Equipment Class	Reported SAR (W/kg)			
			1g Head	1g Body-Worn	1g Hotspot	10g Extremity
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz	PCE	0.20	0.24	0.54	N/A
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1 850.2 MHz ~ 1 909.8 MHz	PCE	0.19	0.22	0.44	N/A
UMTS 850	826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz	PCE	0.31	0.30	0.52	N/A
UMTS 1900	1 852.4 MHz ~ 1 907.6 MHz	PCE	0.55	0.56	0.74	N/A
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	824.7 MHz~ 848.3 MHz	PCE	0.26	0.33	0.45	N/A
LTE TDD Band 41	2 498.5 MHz ~ 2 687.5 MHz	PCE	0.984	0.47	0.72	1.79
802.11b	2 412 MHz ~ 2 472 MHz	DTS	0.29	<0.10	0.17	N/A
U-NII-1	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz	NII	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
U-NII-2A	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz	NII	0.33	0.45	N/A	1.40
U-NII-2C	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz	NII	0.53	0.36	N/A	1.69
U-NII-3	5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz	NII	0.35	0.41	0.65	N/A
Bluetooth	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz	DSS	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	N/A
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03			1.52	1.00	1.38	3.48
Date(s) of Tests:	Jul. 24, 2019 ~ Aug. 15, 2019					

4. Device Under Test Description

4.1 DUT specification

Device Wireless specification overview		
Band & Mode	Operating Mode	Tx Frequency
GSM850	Voice / Data	824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz
GSM1900	Voice / Data	1 850.2 MHz ~ 1 909.8 MHz
UMTS 850	Voice / Data	826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz
UMTS 1900	Voice / Data	1 852.4 MHz ~ 1 907.6 MHz
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Voice / Data	824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz
LTE TDD Band 41	Voice / Data	2 498.5 MHz ~ 2 687.5 MHz
U-NII-1	Voice / Data	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz
U-NII-2A	Voice / Data	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz
U-NII-2C	Voice / Data	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz
U-NII-3	Voice / Data	5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Data	2 412 MHz ~ 2 472 MHz
Bluetooth / LE 5.0	Data	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
ANT+	Data	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
NFC	Data	13.56 MHz

Device Description		
Device Dimension	Overall (Length x Width): 158.5 mm x 74.5 mm Overall Diagonal: 165 mm Display Diagonal: 158 mm	
Battery Information	Standard (Li-ion Polymer Battery)	
	Battery Model Name: EB-BA505ABU (SDI)	
HW version	REV1.0	
SW version	A507FN.001	
Device Serial Numbers	Mode	Serial Number
	LTE Band 41	R38M607DC8W
	GSM850, UMTS 850, LTE Band 5	R38M607J5WT
	GSM1900, UMTS 1900, 5 GHz, 2.4 GHz WLAN, Bluetooth	R38M607J6PL R38M607J6RJ
	The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics are within operational tolerances expected for production units.	

4.2 Power Reduction for SAR

This device utilizes power reduction mechanisms for some wireless modes and bands for SAR compliance under hotspot conditions and under some conditions when the device is being used in close proximity to the user's hand. All hotspot SAR evaluations for this device were performed at the maximum allowed output power when Hotspot is enabled. FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02 Sec.6 was used as a guideline for selecton SAR test distances for device when being used in phablet use conditions.

This device uses an independent fixed level power reduction mechanism for LTE B41 during held-to-ear scenarios. Per FCC Guidance, the held-to-ear exposure conditions- RCV activated- were evaluated at reduced power according to the head SAR Positions described in IEEE1528-2013. Detailed descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are include in the operational description.

The reduced powers for the power reduction mechanisms were conformed via conducted power measurements at the RF Port .

4.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v06.

4.3.1 Maximum PCE Output Power

Mode / Band		Voice	Burst Average GMSK (dBm)				Burst Average 8-PSK (dBm)			
		1 Tx Slot	1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot	1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Maximum	33.5	33.5	31.5	29.5	28.5	27.0	25.0	23.0	21.5
	Nominal	32.5	32.5	30.5	28.5	27.5	26.0	24.0	22.0	20.5
GSM/GPRS/EDGE1900	Maximum	31.0	31.0	28.5	26.5	25.0	27.0	24.0	23.0	22.5
	Nominal	30.0	30.0	27.5	25.5	24.0	26.0	23.0	22.0	21.5

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)			
		3GPP WCDMA	3GPP HSDPA	3GPP HSUPA	DC-HSDPA
UMTS Band 5 (850 MHz)	Maximum	25.5	23.5	21.0	23.5
	Nominal	24.5	22.5	20.0	22.5
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz)	Maximum	24.0	23.5	22.5	23.5
	Nominal	23.0	22.5	21.5	22.5

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Maximum	25.0
	Nominal	24.0
LTE TDD Band 41	Maximum	24.5
	Nominal	23.5

4.3.2 Reduced PCE Power

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)			
		3GPP WCDMA	3GPP HSDPA	3GPP HSUPA	DC-HSDPA
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz) (Grip, HotSpot, Earjack)	Maximum	22.5	22.0	21.5	22.0
	Nominal	21.5	21.0	20.5	21.0

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)	
LTE TDD Band 41 (Grip, HotSpot, Earjack)	Maximum	22.5	
	Nominal	21.5	
LTE TDD Band 41 (RCV)	Maximum	21.5	
	Nominal	20.5	

4.3.3 Maximum WLAN/ Bluetooth Power

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)					
Mode	Channel		802.11b	802.11g		802.11n	
			1~11Mbps	6~36Mbps	48~54Mbps	MCS0~4	MCS5~7
2.4 GHz WIFI	Ch.1	Maximum	21	19	18	19	18
		Nominal	20	18	17	18	17
	Ch.2 ~ Ch.11	Maximum	21	19	18	19	18
		Nominal	20	18	17	18	17
	Ch.12	Maximum	17.5	17	17	17	17
		Nominal	16.5	16	16	16	16
	Ch.13	Maximum	16.5	12	12	12	12
		Nominal	15.5	11	11	11	11

Mode / Band			Modulated Average (dBm)								
			11a		11b	11g	11n		11ac		
			6~36 Mbps	48~54 Mbps	N/A	N/A	MCS0~4	MCS5~7	MCS0~4	MCS5~8	MCS9
5 GHz WIFI (20 MHz)	(U-NII-1) 5200 MHz	Maximum	18	17	N/A	N/A	18	17	18	17	
		Nominal	17	16	N/A	N/A	17	16	17	16	
	(U-NII-2A) 5300 MHz	Maximum	18	17	N/A	N/A	18	17	18	17	
		Nominal	17	16	N/A	N/A	17	16	17	16	
	(U-NII-2C) 5500 MHz	Maximum	18	17	N/A	N/A	18	17	18	17	
		Nominal	17	16	N/A	N/A	17	16	17	16	
	(U-NII-3) 5800 MHz	Maximum	18	17	N/A	N/A	18	17	18	17	
		Nominal	17	16	N/A	N/A	17	16	17	16	
5 GHz WIFI (40 MHz)	(U-NII-1) 5200 MHz	Maximum	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	17	16	17	16	16
		Nominal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16	15	16	15	15
	(U-NII-2A) 5300 MHz	Maximum	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	17 (Ch62 : 16)	16	17 (Ch62 : 16)	16	16
		Nominal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16 (Ch62 : 15)	15	16 (Ch62 : 15)	15	15
	(U-NII-2C) 5500 MHz	Maximum	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	17 (Ch102 : 14)	16 (Ch102 : 14)	17 (Ch102 : 14)	16 (Ch102 : 14)	16 (Ch102 : 14)
		Nominal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16 (Ch102 : 13)	15 (Ch102 : 13)	16 (Ch102 : 13)	15 (Ch102 : 13)	15 (Ch102 : 13)
	(U-NII-3) 5800 MHz	Maximum	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	17	16	17	16	16
		Nominal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	16	15	16	15	15
5 GHz WIFI (80 MHz)	(U-NII-1) 5200 MHz	Maximum	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	15	14	14
		Nominal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	14	13	13
	(U-NII-2A) 5300 MHz	Maximum	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	15	14	14
		Nominal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	14	13	13
	(U-NII-2C) 5500 MHz	Maximum	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	15	14	14
		Nominal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	14	13	13
	(U-NII-3) 5800 MHz	Maximum	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	15	14	14
		Nominal	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	14	13	13

4.3.4 Bluetooth Power

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
Bluetooth BR	Maximum	10.5
	Nominal	9.5
Bluetooth LE EDR	Maximum	8
	Nominal	7
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	6
	Nominal	5

4.4 LTE Information

Item.		Description				
Frequency Range	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz				
	LTE TDD Band 41	2 498.5 MHz ~ 2 687.5 MHz				
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz				
	LTE TDD Band 41	5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz				
Ch. No.& Freq.(MHz)		Low	Mid		High	
LTE Band 5	1.4 MHz	824.7 (20407)	836.5 (20525)		848.3 (20643)	
	3 MHz	825.5 (20415)	836.5 (20525)		847.5 (20635)	
	5 MHz	826.5 (20425)	836.5 (20525)		846.5 (20625)	
	10 MHz	829.0 (20450)	836.5 (20525)		844.0 (20600)	
LTE Band 41	5 MHz	2498.5(39675)	2545.8(40148)	2593.0(40620)	2640.3(41093)	2687.5(41565)
	10 MHz	2501.0(39700)	2547.0(40160)	2593.0(40620)	2639.0(41080)	2685.0(41540)
	15 MHz	2503.5(39725)	2548.3(41073)	2593.0(40620)	2637.8(41068)	2682.5(41515)
	20 MHz	2506.0(39750)	2549.5(40185)	2593.0(40620)	2636.5(41055)	2680.0(41490)
UE Category		LTE Rel. 10, UE Category 6				
Modulations Supported in UL		QPSK, 16QAM				
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3		Yes				
A-MPR disabled for SAR Testing.		Yes				
LTE Carrier Aggregation	Down-Link CA	This device supports DL-link Carrier aggregations Inter-band DL 2CA				
		CA_5B, CA_5A-5A, CA_41C, CA_41A-41A				
	Up-Link CA	This device dose not supports Up-Link Carrier aggregation.in US.				
LTE Release 10 information		This device does not support full CA features on 3GPP Release 10. The following LTE Release 10 features are not supported. Uplink Carrier aggregations, Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, eICI, WiFi offloading, MDH, eMBMA, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.				

4.5 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 X 5 cm. A diagram showing device antenna can be found in SAR_setup_photos. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is > 160 mm and < 200 mm, it is considered a "phablet".

This model allows users to exchange data or media files with other Bluetooth enabled devices using Bluetooth, which means they can connect to other Bluetooth enabled devices via Bluetooth tethering. Therefore, SAR test was performed for additional simultaneous transmissions.

Head and Bluetooth Tethering SAR were evaluated for BT BR tethering applications.

Mode	Rear	Front	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
UMTS 850	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
UMTS 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
LTE Band 41	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
5 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes

Particular EUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Bluetooth Tethering and Hotspot SAR if the edges were > 25 mm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v02r01 on page 2. The distance between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device are included in the filing.

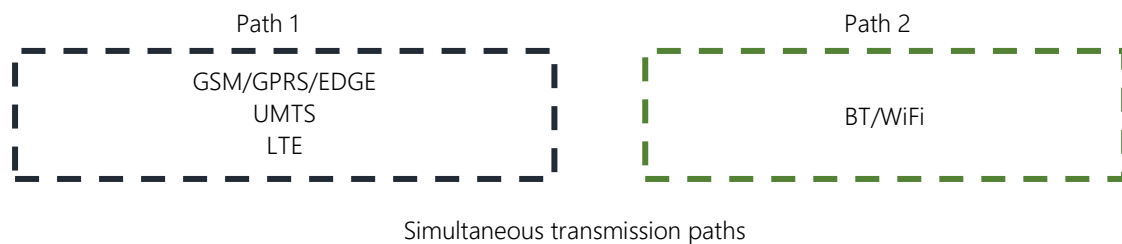
* Note: All test configurations are based on front view position.

4.6 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

This EUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the device for this model. Therefore, all SAR tests were performed with the device which already incorporates the NFC antenna. A diagram showing the location of the NFC antenna can be found in SAR_Setup_photos.

4.7 SAR Summation Scenario

According to FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown below paths and are mode in same rectangle to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.

Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios				
Applicable Combination	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot	Extremity
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
GSM Voice + 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	Yes*	Yes	N/A	Yes
GPRS + 2.4 GHz WiFi	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
GPRS + 5 GHz WiFi	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
GPRS + Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	Yes*	Yes
UMTS + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS + 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	Yes*	Yes	Yes*	Yes
LTE + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE + 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE+ 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	Yes*	Yes	Yes*	Yes

1. Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously with WLAN.
2. All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. UMTS +WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN hotspot scenario.
4. GPRS/EDGE does not support pre-installed VOIP applications.
5. The highest reported SAR for each exposure condition is used for SAR summation purpose.
6. Wi-Fi Hotspot is supported for 2.4GHz/ UNII-3 of 5GHz WLAN.
7. This device supports * Bluetooth tethering.
8. This device supports VoLTE.
9. This device supports VoWiFi.
10. 5GHz Wireless Router is only supported for the UNII-3 by SW, therefore U-NII-1,U-NII2A and U-NII2C were not evaluated for wireless router conditions.

4.8 SAR Test Considerations

4.8.1 WiFi

Since wireless router operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using U-NII-1, U-NII-2A & U-NII-2C WiFi, WiFi Hotspot SAR test and combinations are considered only 2.4 GHz and U-NII-3 for SAR with respected to wireless router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v02.

Since U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same maximum output power and the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is less than 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR and is less than 3.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band according to FCC KDB 248227D01v02r01.

This device supports IEEE 802.11 ac with the following features:

- Up to 80 MHz Bandwidth only
- No aggregate channel configurations
- 256 QAM is supported
- TDWR channels are supported.
- Straddle channels are supported
- Band gap channels are supported

4.8.2 Bluetooth LE

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, The SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{MaxPowerofChannel(mW)}}{\text{TestSeparationDistance(mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0(1\text{g SAR}), 7.5(10\text{g SAR})$$

Mode		Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance	≤ 3.0	≤ 7.5
		[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	1-g SAR	10-g SAR
Bluetooth LE	Head SAR	2 480	4	5	1.3	
	Body Worn SAR			15	0.4	
	Tethering SAR			10	0.6	
	Extremity SAR			5		1.3

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE and antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth LE SAR was not required $[(4/5)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 1.3 \leq 3.0$, $[(4/15)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 0.4 \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, $[(4/10)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 0.6 \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, $[(4/5)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 1.3 \leq 7.5$ for 10-g SAR.

4.8.3 Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05.

Per FCC KDB 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a "Phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Therefore, extremity SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR >1.2 W/kg. When hotspot mode applies, 10g SAR required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode scaled to the maximum output power (including tolerance) is 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

This device supports LTE Carrier Aggregation (CA) in the downlink for LTE41 Per FCC KDB publication 941225 D05A v01r02, SAR for LTE DL CA operations was not needed since the maximum average output power in LTE CA mode was not >0.25 dB higher than the maximum output power when downlink carrier aggregation was inactive.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v03r01.

Per FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, 12.2 kbps RMC is the primary mode and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) is the secondary mode.

Per FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, The SAR test exclusion is applied to the secondary mode by the following equation.

$$Adjusted\ SAR = Highest\ Reported\ SAR * \frac{Secondary\ Max\ tune-up\ (mW)}{Primary\ Max\ tune\ tune-up(mW)} \leq 1.2\ W/kg.$$

Based on the highest Reported SAR, the secondary mode is not required.

Per FCC KDB 690783 1 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03 and KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 The SAR numbers listed must be consistent with the highest reported test results required by the published RF exposure KDB procedures. When the measured SAR is not at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit or maximum output power allowed for production units, the measured results are scaled to the maximum conditions to determine compliance; the scaled results are referred to as the reported SAR.

$$The\ Reported\ SAR = The\ Measured\ SAR * \frac{Maximum\ tune-up\ (mW)}{Measured\ Conducted\ Power(mW)}$$

The Reported SAR for WLAN and Bluetooth

$$The\ Reported\ SAR = The\ Measured\ SAR * \frac{Maximum\ tune-up\ (mW)}{Measured\ Conducted\ Power(mW)} * Duty\ factor$$

5. Introduction

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York 10017. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative of the incremental electromagnetic energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right)$$

Figure 1. SAR Mathematical Equation
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

Where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)

ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)

E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

6. Description of test equipment

6.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure.2).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC with Windows XP or Windows 7 is working with SAR Measurement system DASY4 & DASY5, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

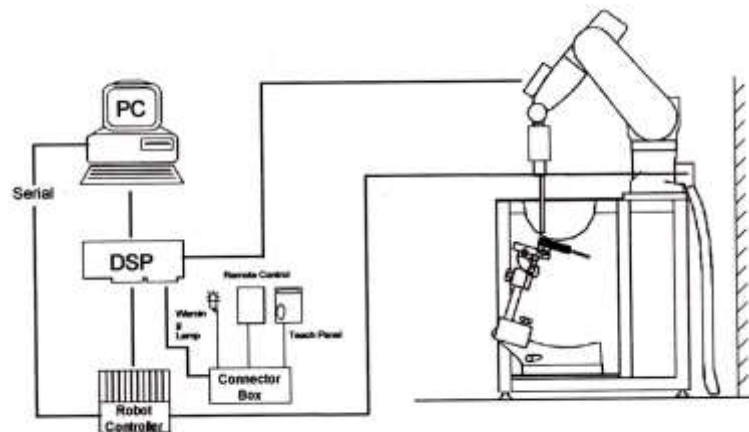


Figure 2. HCT SAR Lab. Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

7. SAR Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no more than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the DUT's head and body area and the horizontal grid resolution was depending on the FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 table 4-1 & IEEE 1528-2013.
2. Based on step, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by sophisticated interpolations routines implemented in DASY software. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable point. DASY system computes the field maximal found in the scanned are, within a range of the maximum. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 table 4-1 and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (reference from the DASY manual.)
 - a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is no more than 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe (it is different from the probe type) and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan. If the value changed by more than 5 %, the SAR evaluation and drift measurements were repeated.

Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follow KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5±1 mm	1/2·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30°±1°	20°±1°
Maximum area scan Spatial resolution: Δx _{Area} , Δy _{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤15 mm 2-3 GHz: ≤12 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤12 mm 4-6 GHz: ≤10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan Spatial resolution: Δx _{zoom} , Δy _{zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤8mm 2-3 GHz: ≤5mm*	3-4 GHz: ≤5 mm* 4-6 GHz: ≤4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan Spatial resolution normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: Δz _{zoom} (n)		≤ 5 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤4 mm 4-5 GHz: ≤3 mm 5-6 GHz: ≤2 mm
	graded grid	Δz _{zoom} (1): between 1 st two Points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤3 mm 4-5 GHz: ≤2.5 mm 5-6 GHz: ≤2 mm
		Δz _{zoom} (n>1): between subsequent Points	≤1.5·Δz _{zoom} (n-1)	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3-4 GHz: ≥28 mm 4-5 GHz: ≥25 mm 5-6 GHz: ≥22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8. Description of Test Position

8.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 8-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M", the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE", and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is on the B-M (back-mouth) line located 15 mm behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 6-1. The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference point and point M. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (See Figure 5-1), Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

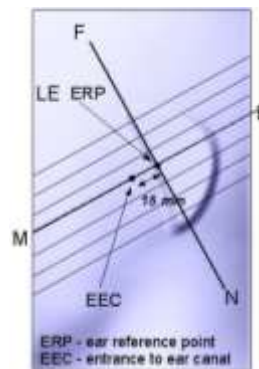


Figure 8-1
Close-up side view of ERP

8.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The device under test was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point"(see Figure 8-3). The acoustic output was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The device under test was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 8-2
Front, back and side views of SAM Twin Phantom

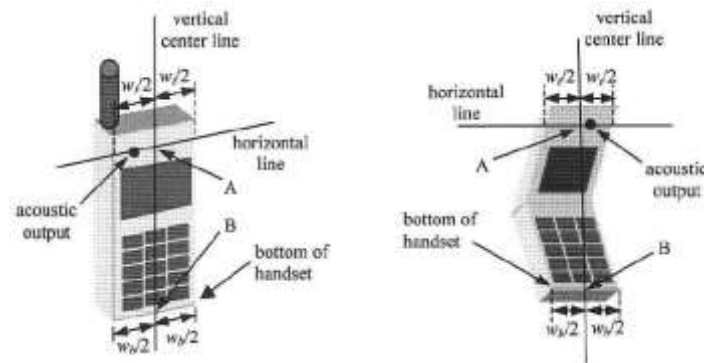


Figure 6-3. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

8.3 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameter; relative permittivity $\epsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\sigma=0.02$.

8.4 Position for cheek

Figure 6.4. shows cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

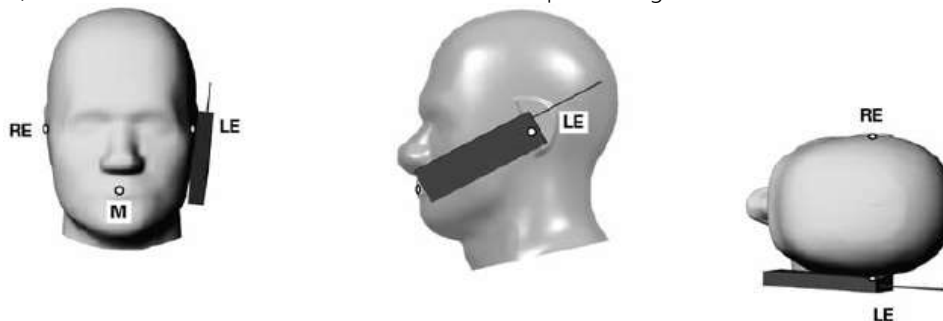


Figure 8.4 Cheek/ Touch position of the wireless device

8.5 Definition of the "tilted" position

Figure 6.5. shows tilted position. Place the device in the cheek position. Then while maintaining the orientation of the device, retract the device parallel to the reference plane far enough away from the phantom to enable a rotation of the device by 15°



Figure 8.5. Tilt 15° position of the wireless device

8.6 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-dips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-6). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in Body-worn accessories. The Body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for Body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it.. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body- worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



Figure 8-6
Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-dip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

8.7 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9\text{cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the Body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some Body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot*" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

8.8 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions: i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the phablets procedures outlined in KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r03 should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance. A device marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. In addition to the normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures required for handsets, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with the phantom, for 10-g SAR. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode scaled to the maximum output power (including tolerance) is 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

8.9 Bluetooth tethering Configurations

Per May 2017 TCBC Workshop documents When Bluetooth tethering applies, simultaneous transmission SAR needs consideration

This model allows users to exchange data or media files with other Bluetooth enabled devices using Bluetooth, which means they can connect to other Bluetooth enabled devices via Bluetooth tethering.

Therefore, SAR test was performed for additional simultaneous transmissions.

Head and Bluetooth tethering SAR were evaluated for BT BR tethering applications.

9. RF Exposure Limits

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

NOTES:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

10. FCC SAR General Measurement Procedures

Power Measurements for licensed transmitters are performed using a base simulator under digital average power.

10.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, when SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as Reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

10.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

10.2.1 GSM, GPRS AND EDGE

The following procedures may be considered for each frequency band to determine SAR test reduction for devices operating in GSM/GPRS/EDGE modes to demonstrate RF exposure compliance. GSM voice mode transmits with 1 time-slot. GPRS and EDGE may transmit up to 4 time slots in the 8 time-slot frame according to the multi-slot class implemented in a device.

10.2.2 SAR Test Reduction

In FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, certain transmission modes within a frequency band and wireless mode evaluated for SAR are defined as primary modes. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. When the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode, scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurements are not required for the secondary mode. These criteria are referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, SAR measurements are additionally required for the secondary mode. SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested

10.2.3 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01-3G SAR Measurement Procedures. The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to Check for power drifts. If conducted Power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

10.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

10.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in sec. 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

10.3.2 Body SAR measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s". the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using and applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2kbps RMC.

10.3.3 SAR Measurements with Rel. 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using and FRC with H-SET 1 in Sub-test and a 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to release 6 HSPA test procedures. 8.4.5 SAR Measurement with Rel.6 HSUPA The 3G SAR test Reduction Procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, Using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and Power Control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing.

10.3.4 SAR Measurements with Rel. 6 HSUPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

10.3.5 DC-HSDPA

SAR is required for Rel.8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel.5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. Primary and secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

DC-HSDPA Configurations

- ◆ 3GPP specification TS 34.121-1 Release 8. was used for used for DC-HSDPA guidance.
- ◆ H-set 12(QPSK)was conformed to be used during DC-HSDPA measurements.



10.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes are tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05 publication. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 or Anritsu MT8820C simulators are used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

10.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

10.4.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

10.4.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

10.4.4 Required RB Size and RB offsets for SAR testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05

- a. Per sec 4.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/Kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Sec 4.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Sec 4.2.1.
- c. Per Sec. 4.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
- d. Per Sec. 4.2.4 and 4.3, SAR test for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sec. 4.2.1 through 4.2.3 is less than or equal to 1/2 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/Kg.

10.4.5 Downlink Carrier Aggregation

Conducted power measurements with LTE Carrier aggregation (CA) downlink only active are made in accordance to KDB publication 941225 D05Av01r02. The RRC connection is only handled by one cell, the primary component carrier (PCC) for downlink and uplink communications. After making a data connection to the PCC, the UE device adds secondary component carrier (SCC) on the downlink only. All uplink communications and acknowledgements remain identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive on the PCC. For every supported combination of downlink only carrier aggregation, additional conducted output Powers are measured with downlink carrier aggregation active for the configuration with

highest measured maximum conducted power with the downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation and RB combinations in each frequency band. Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02, no SAR measurements are required for carrier aggregation configurations when the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation active is not more than 0.25dB higher than the average output power with downlink only carrier aggregation inactive.

10.4.6 LTE(TDD) Considerations

According to KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

SAR was tested with the highest transmission duty factor (63.33 %) using Uplink-downlink configuration 0 and Special subframe configuration 6. The configuration with the highest duty cycle was used for Power class 3 (uplink-downlink configuration 0 at 63.3%). Power class 2 (HPUE) does not support uplink-downlink configuration 0 and 6, therefore the highest available duty cycle was used for Power class 2 (uplink-downlink configuration 1 at 43.3%).

LTE TDD Band 41 supports 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special sub frame configurations.

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	UpPTS		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	UpPTS	
	DwPTS				Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Calculated Duty Cycle – Extended cyclic prefix in uplink $\times (T_s) \times \#$ of S + $\#$ of U

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Example for calculated Duty Cycle for Uplink-Downlink Configuration 0:

Calculated Duty Cycle = $(5120 \times (1/(15000 \times 2048)) \times 2 + 0.006)/0.01 = 63.33 \%$

Where

$T_s = 1/(15000 \times 2048)$ seconds

10.4.7 The Call Box Setup for LTE(TDD)

When you Want to Test for LTE TDD, Please Change Frame Structure TDD and TDD Uplink Downlink Configuration 0 and Special Subframe Configuration 6.

10.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations of 802.11 transmitters are not suitable for SAR measurements. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for more details.

10.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR system to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

10.5.2 U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, SAR measurement using OFDM SAR test procedures is not required for U-NII-1 unless the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is > 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR or > 3.0 W/kg for 10g SAR. When different maximum output powers are specified for the bands, SAR measurement for the U-NII band with the lower maximum output power is not required unless the highest reported SAR for the U-NII band with the higher maximum output power, adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands, is > 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR or > 3.0 W/kg for 10g SAR.

10.5.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. When Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 -5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels.

10.5.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 1.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR or all test positions are measured.

10.5.5 2.4 GHz SAR test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS is that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

10.5.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11 a/g/n/ac mode. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11 ac or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11n and 802.11ac or 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

10.5.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output power is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements.

10.5.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position on procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 3.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required.

11. Output Power Specifications

Licensed bands

Test Description	Test Procedure Used
Conducted Output Power	- KDB 971168 D01 v03r01 - Section 5.2.4 - ANSI C63.26-2015 - Section 5.2.1 & 5.2.4.2

Test Overview

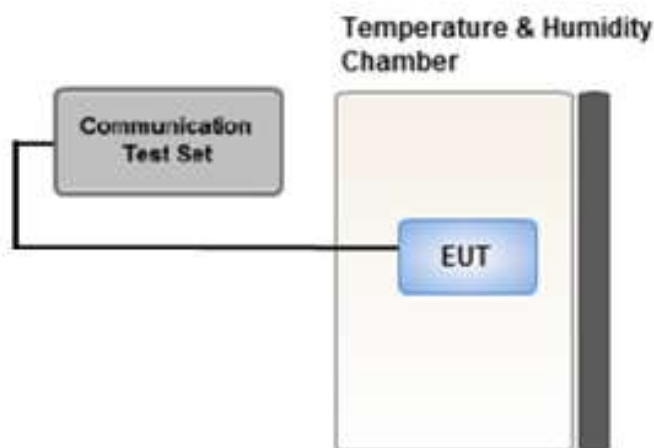
According to ANSI C63.26-2015 Section 5.2.1 when measuring the maximum RF output power from such devices, control over the EUT must be provided either through special test software (provided by manufacturer specifically for compliance testing, but not accessible by an end user) or through use of a base station emulator, communications test set, call box, or similar instrumentation that is capable of establishing a communications link with the EUT to enable control over variable parameters (e.g., output power, OBW, etc.).

In some cases, these instruments also include basic digital spectrum analyzer and/or power meter capabilities that can be utilized to measure the RF output power if the specified detectors and requirements can be realized and the measurement functions have been calibrated.

Test Procedure

1. The RF port of the EUT was connected to the Communication Tester via an RF cable.
2. Conducted average power was measured using a calibrated Radio Communication Tester.

Test setup



This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v06.

11.1 GSM Maximum Conducted Output Power

Mode / Band		Voice	GPRS(GMSK) Data – CS1 (dBm)				EDGE Data (dBm)			
		GSM	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot	EDGE 1 TX Slot	EDGE 2 TX Slot	EDGE 3 TX Slot	EDGE 4 TX Slot
Maximum		33.5	33.5	31.5	29.5	28.5	27.0	25.0	23.0	21.5
Nominal		32.5	32.5	30.5	28.5	27.5	26.0	24.0	22.0	20.5
GSM 850	128	32.47	32.47	30.66	28.66	26.91	26.55	24.36	22.72	21.07
	190	32.57	32.71	30.69	28.87	27.08	26.46	24.36	22.86	21.24
	251	32.95	32.95	31.00	29.08	27.31	26.56	24.50	22.98	21.48
Maximum		31.0	31.0	28.5	26.5	25.0	27.0	24.0	23.0	22.5
Nominal		30.0	30.0	27.5	25.5	24.0	26.0	23.0	22.0	21.5
GSM 1900	512	29.80	29.80	27.11	25.61	23.99	25.87	23.80	22.20	21.06
	661	29.85	29.85	26.91	25.55	23.80	25.89	23.66	22.16	21.06
	810	29.77	29.80	26.58	25.51	24.47	25.69	23.55	22.08	20.97

GSM Conducted output powers (Burst-Average)

Mode / Band		Voice	GPRS(GMSK) Data – CS1 (dBm)				EDGE Data (dBm)			
		GSM	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot	EDGE 1 TX Slot	EDGE 2 TX Slot	EDGE 3 TX Slot	EDGE 4 TX Slot
Maximum		24.47	24.47	25.48	25.24	25.49	17.97	18.98	18.74	18.49
Nominal		23.47	23.47	24.48	24.24	24.49	16.97	17.98	17.74	17.49
GSM 850	128	23.44	23.44	24.64	24.40	23.90	17.52	18.34	18.46	18.06
	190	23.54	23.68	24.67	24.61	24.07	17.43	18.34	18.60	18.23
	251	23.92	23.92	24.98	24.82	24.30	17.53	18.48	18.72	18.47
Maximum		21.97	21.97	22.48	22.24	21.99	17.97	17.98	18.74	19.49
Nominal		20.97	20.97	21.48	21.24	20.99	16.97	16.98	17.74	18.49
GSM 1900	512	20.77	20.77	21.09	21.35	20.98	16.84	17.78	17.94	18.05
	661	20.82	20.82	20.89	21.29	20.79	16.86	17.64	17.90	18.05
	810	20.74	20.77	20.56	21.25	21.46	16.66	17.53	17.82	17.96

GSM Conducted output powers (Frame-Average)

Note:

Time slot average factor is as follows:

1 Tx slot = 9.03 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 9.03 dB

2 Tx slot = 6.02 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 6.02 dB

3 Tx slot = 4.26 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 4.26 dB

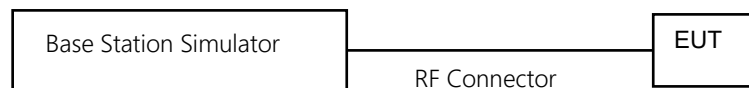
4 Tx slot = 3.01 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 3.01 dB

GSM Class : B

GSM voice: Head SAR , Body worn SAR

GPRS/EDGE Multi-slots 33 : Hotspot SAR with GPRS/EDGE

Multi-slot Class 33 with CS 1 (GMSK)



11.2 UMTS Maximum Conducted Output Power

HSPA+

This DUT is only capable of QPSK HSPA+ in uplink. Therefore, the RF conducted power is not measured according to 941225 D01 3G SAR.

11.2.1 UMTS Maximum Conducted Output Power

WCDMA Band 2

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121	WCDMA Band 2 [dBm]			3GPP MPR
		Subtest	UL 9262 DL 9662	UL 9400 DL 9800	UL 9538 DL 9938	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.71	23.29	23.46	-
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	23.71	23.29	23.46	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	23.42	23.01	23.22	0
5		Subtest 2	22.56	22.06	22.53	0
5		Subtest 3	22.54	22.08	22.34	0.5
5		Subtest 4	21.54	21.01	21.31	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.46	22.07	22.30	0
6		Subtest 2	20.42	20.02	20.30	2
6		Subtest 3	21.49	21.02	21.28	1
6		Subtest 4	20.45	20.03	20.34	2
6		Subtest 5	22.43	22.05	22.32	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	23.29	22.99	23.28	0
8		Subtest 2	22.40	22.08	22.54	0
8		Subtest 3	21.37	21.00	21.31	0.5
8		Subtest 4	21.36	21.01	21.31	0.5

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

WCDMA Band 5

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121	WCDMA Band 5 [dBm]			3GPP MPR
		Subtest	UL 4132 DL 4357	UL 4183 DL 4408	UL 4233 DL 4458	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	24.33	24.38	24.61	-
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	24.34	24.39	24.63	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.82	22.87	23.13	0
5		Subtest 2	21.93	21.96	22.22	0
5		Subtest 3	21.92	21.97	22.22	0.5
5		Subtest 4	20.89	20.96	21.24	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	20.34	20.35	20.71	0
6		Subtest 2	18.57	18.57	18.85	2
6		Subtest 3	19.41	19.42	19.74	1
6		Subtest 4	18.57	18.65	18.82	2
6		Subtest 5	20.36	20.38	20.74	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	23.22	23.48	23.41	0
8		Subtest 2	22.33	22.60	22.51	0
8		Subtest 3	21.21	21.57	21.54	0.5
8		Subtest 4	21.29	21.57	21.51	0.5

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

11.2.2 UMTS Reduced Conducted Output Power

WCDMA Band 2 Hotspot back-off Power

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121	WCDMA Band 2 [dBm]			3GPP MPR
		Subtest	UL 9262 DL 9662	UL 9400 DL 9800	UL 9538 DL 9938	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	21.78	21.84	21.89	-
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	21.78	21.84	21.89	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.69	21.82	21.88	0
5		Subtest 2	21.75	21.85	21.78	0
5		Subtest 3	21.48	21.49	21.45	0.5
5		Subtest 4	21.32	21.41	21.47	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	20.82	20.93	21.03	0
6		Subtest 2	19.12	19.22	19.31	2
6		Subtest 3	20.16	20.29	20.37	1
6		Subtest 4	19.16	19.25	19.32	2
6		Subtest 5	20.91	21.02	21.08	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.71	21.94	21.89	0
8		Subtest 2	21.77	21.95	21.95	0
8		Subtest 3	21.33	21.44	21.47	0.5
8		Subtest 4	21.34	21.43	21.48	0.5

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

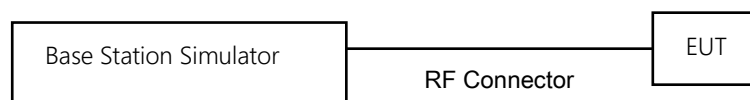
WCDMA Band 2 : Grip & Earjack back-off Power

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121	WCDMA Band 2 [dBm]			3GPP MPR
		Subtest	UL 9262 DL 9662	UL 9400 DL 9800	UL 9538 DL 9938	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	21.79	21.86	21.78	-
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	21.78	21.87	21.81	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.68	21.83	21.90	0
5		Subtest 2	21.71	21.82	21.90	0
5		Subtest 3	21.38	21.47	21.44	0.5
5		Subtest 4	21.28	21.35	21.42	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	20.92	20.84	20.9	0
6		Subtest 2	19.04	19.28	19.12	2
6		Subtest 3	20.12	20.26	20.39	1
6		Subtest 4	19.10	19.30	19.22	2
6		Subtest 5	20.90	21.11	20.95	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.69	21.86	21.97	0
8		Subtest 2	21.67	21.85	21.87	0
8		Subtest 3	21.39	21.45	21.44	0.5
8		Subtest 4	21.37	21.47	21.41	0.5

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

DC-HSDPA Configurations

- ◆ 3GPP specification TS 34.121-1 Release 8. was used for used for DC-HSDPA guidance.
- ◆ H-set 12(QPSK)was conformed to be used during DC-HSDPA measurements.



11.3 LTE Maximum Output Power

11.3.1 LTE Maximum Conducted Output Power

[LTE Band 5 Conducted Power]

LTE Band 5 _ 1.4 Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power [dBm]			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				20407 Ch. 824.7 MHz	20525 Ch. 836.5 MHz	20643 Ch. 848.3 MHz		
1.4 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.45	24.29	24.17	0	0
		1	3	24.49	24.32	24.18	0	0
		1	5	24.41	24.34	24.20	0	0
		3	0	24.37	24.19	24.05	0	0
		3	1	24.37	24.24	24.07	0	0
		3	3	24.32	24.21	24.05	0	0
		6	0	23.13	23.23	23.05	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	23.27	23.14	23.01	0-1	1
		1	3	23.13	23.03	22.93	0-1	1
		1	5	23.19	23.03	23.02	0-1	1
		3	0	23.23	23.15	23.05	0-1	1
		3	1	23.28	23.15	23.01	0-1	1
		3	3	23.20	23.15	23.02	0-1	1
		6	0	22.37	22.23	22.14	0-2	2

LTE Band 5 _ 3 Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power [dBm]			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				20415 Ch. 825.5 MHz	20525 Ch. 836.5 MHz	20635 Ch. 847.5 MHz		
3 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.40	24.30	24.22	0	0
		1	7	24.40	24.34	24.23	0	0
		1	14	24.41	24.25	24.17	0	0
		8	0	23.28	23.23	23.05	0-1	1
		8	3	23.32	23.23	23.04	0-1	1
		8	7	23.32	23.20	23.10	0-1	1
		15	0	23.33	23.20	23.11	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	23.23	23.15	22.90	0-1	1
		1	7	23.19	22.97	22.87	0-1	1
		1	14	23.17	22.98	22.84	0-1	1
		8	0	22.34	22.22	22.07	0-2	2
		8	3	22.32	22.16	22.11	0-2	2
		8	7	22.30	22.23	22.08	0-2	2
		15	0	22.33	22.28	22.07	0-2	2

LTE Band 5 _ 5 Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power [dBm]			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				20425 Ch. 826.5 MHz	20525 Ch. 836.5 MHz	20625 Ch. 846.5 MHz		
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.41	24.29	24.24	0	0
		1	12	24.38	24.30	24.20	0	0
		1	24	24.31	24.28	24.14	0	0
		12	0	23.24	23.17	23.04	0-1	1
		12	6	23.25	23.14	23.01	0-1	1
		12	11	23.22	23.14	23.03	0-1	1
		25	0	23.21	23.18	23.05	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	23.07	23.09	23.02	0-1	1
		1	12	23.04	23.05	22.90	0-1	1
		1	24	23.12	23.01	22.80	0-1	1
		12	0	22.20	22.12	21.97	0-2	2
		12	6	22.18	22.13	21.97	0-2	2
		12	11	22.22	22.12	22.02	0-2	2
		25	0	22.24	22.19	22.01	0-2	2

LTE Band 5 _ 10 Bandwidth

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power [dBm]	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				20525 Ch. 836.5 MHz		
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.36	0	0
		1	24	24.31	0	0
		1	49	24.23	0	0
		25	0	23.22	0-1	1
		25	12	23.23	0-1	1
		25	24	23.15	0-1	1
		50	0	23.18	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	23.07	0-1	1
		1	24	23.05	0-1	1
		1	49	22.88	0-1	1
		25	0	22.27	0-2	2
		25	12	22.21	0-2	2
		25	24	22.20	0-2	2
		50	0	22.19	0-2	2

Note: LTE Band 5 at 10 MHz Bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the mid channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

[LTE Band 41 Conducted Power]

LTE Band 41_ 5 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39675 Ch. 2498.5 MHz	40148 Ch. 2545.8 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41093 Ch. 2640.3 MHz	41565 Ch. 2687.5 MHz		
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.02	24.17	24.07	23.62	23.89	0	0
		1	12	24.04	24.13	24.10	23.61	23.85	0	0
		1	24	24.06	24.08	24.08	23.59	23.80	0	0
		12	0	23.02	23.13	23.09	22.61	22.90	0-1	1
		12	6	23.01	23.11	23.08	22.61	22.89	0-1	1
		12	11	23.02	23.10	23.09	22.59	22.89	0-1	1
		25	0	23.02	23.10	23.07	22.58	22.88	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	23.02	23.11	23.13	22.53	22.85	0-1	1
		1	12	23.08	23.09	23.15	22.51	22.80	0-1	1
		1	24	23.11	23.08	23.15	22.49	22.74	0-1	1
		12	0	21.97	22.11	22.05	21.58	21.89	0-2	2
		12	6	21.99	22.10	22.06	21.58	21.87	0-2	2
		12	11	22.04	22.08	22.09	21.56	21.88	0-2	2
		25	0	22.10	22.15	22.14	21.67	21.99	0-2	2

LTE Band 41 _ 10 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39700 Ch. 2501 MHz	40160 Ch. 2547 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593 MHz	41080 Ch. 2639 MHz	41540 Ch. 2685 MHz		
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.96	24.18	24.06	23.71	23.98	0	0
		1	24	24.03	24.06	24.07	23.71	23.85	0	0
		1	49	24.07	24.00	24.02	23.66	23.84	0	0
		25	0	22.98	23.10	23.04	22.72	22.95	0-1	1
		25	12	23.01	23.09	23.05	22.67	22.93	0-1	1
		25	24	23.04	23.06	23.08	22.65	22.88	0-1	1
		50	0	23.07	23.09	23.07	22.71	22.96	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	22.78	23.11	22.95	22.77	23.06	0-1	1
		1	24	22.80	23.01	22.95	22.78	22.95	0-1	1
		1	49	22.92	22.90	22.96	22.67	22.84	0-1	1
		25	0	22.08	22.15	22.11	21.79	22.06	0-2	2
		25	12	22.08	22.16	22.15	21.77	22.04	0-2	2
		25	24	22.10	22.09	22.13	21.76	22.01	0-2	2
		50	0	22.08	22.16	22.11	21.77	21.95	0-2	2

LTE Band 41 _ 15 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39725 Ch. 2503.5 MHz	40173 Ch. 2548.3 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41068 Ch. 2637.8 MHz	41515 Ch. 2682.5 MHz		
15 MHz	QPSK	1	0	24.01	24.13	23.99	23.68	23.95	0	0
		1	36	24.08	24.05	24.03	23.63	23.85	0	0
		1	74	24.17	23.93	24.11	23.60	23.78	0	0
		36	0	23.01	23.15	23.06	22.71	22.95	0-1	1
		36	18	23.08	23.07	23.06	22.65	22.92	0-1	1
		36	39	23.13	23.03	23.09	22.63	22.88	0-1	1
		75	0	23.08	23.07	23.05	22.67	22.90	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	22.97	23.13	22.96	22.71	22.85	0-1	1
		1	36	23.10	23.03	22.97	22.60	22.77	0-1	1
		1	74	23.24	22.90	22.99	22.58	22.71	0-1	1
		36	0	22.04	22.10	22.03	21.68	21.91	0-2	2
		36	18	22.06	22.06	22.03	21.63	21.90	0-2	2
		36	39	22.12	21.99	22.03	21.58	21.88	0-2	2
		75	0	22.10	22.08	22.08	21.64	21.92	0-2	2

LTE Band 41 _ 20 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39750 Ch. 2506.0 MHz	40185 Ch. 2549.5 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41055 Ch. 2636.5 MHz	41490 Ch. 2680.0 MHz		
20 MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.95	24.21	24.08	23.74	23.89	0	0
		1	49	24.10	24.10	24.10	23.58	23.79	0	0
		1	99	24.19	23.96	23.99	23.45	23.66	0	0
		50	0	23.06	23.18	23.09	22.71	22.94	0-1	1
		50	25	23.11	23.12	23.08	22.65	22.87	0-1	1
		50	49	23.18	23.04	23.10	22.60	22.82	0-1	1
		100	0	23.11	23.13	23.12	22.64	22.90	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	22.76	23.22	23.10	22.55	22.96	0-1	1
		1	49	22.88	23.12	23.11	22.43	22.88	0-1	1
		1	99	23.01	22.93	23.15	22.29	22.73	0-1	1
		50	0	22.05	22.21	22.11	21.70	21.94	0-2	2
		50	25	22.14	22.10	22.11	21.65	21.91	0-2	2
		50	49	22.22	22.01	22.13	21.62	21.86	0-2	2
		100	0	22.14	22.13	22.12	21.67	21.92	0-2	2

Note;

LTE Band 41 has 5 required test channels per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.

The EUT enables maximum power reduction in accordance with 3GPP 36.101. The MPR settings are configured during the manufacture process and are not configurable by the network, carrier, or end user.

11.3.2 LTE Band 41 Reduced Power

[Hotspot Back-off Power]

LTE Band 41 _ 5 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39675 Ch. 2498.5 MHz	40148 Ch. 2545.8 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41093 Ch. 2640.3 MHz	41565 Ch. 2687.5 MHz		
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.02	22.16	21.86	21.69	22.03	0	0
		1	12	22.04	22.16	21.88	21.74	22.05	0	0
		1	24	22.10	22.10	21.86	21.69	21.98	0	0
		12	0	22.04	22.14	21.85	21.68	22.00	0-1	0
		12	6	22.08	22.12	21.85	21.66	21.96	0-1	0
		12	11	22.09	22.10	21.85	21.66	21.97	0-1	0
		25	0	22.04	22.10	21.84	21.67	21.99	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	21.78	22.11	21.83	21.59	22.09	0-1	0
		1	12	21.99	22.13	21.86	21.60	22.08	0-1	0
		1	24	22.00	21.97	21.72	21.62	22.03	0-1	0
		12	0	22.02	22.12	21.81	21.66	21.99	0-2	0
		12	6	22.04	22.08	21.83	21.67	21.95	0-2	0
		12	11	22.06	22.11	21.82	21.63	21.96	0-2	0
		25	0	22.12	22.18	21.90	21.75	22.05	0-2	0

LTE Band 41 _ 10 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39700 Ch. 2501 MHz	40160 Ch. 2547 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593 MHz	41080 Ch. 2639 MHz	41540 Ch. 2685 MHz		
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.09	22.23	22.14	21.76	22.11	0	0
		1	24	22.16	22.15	22.14	21.67	22.02	0	0
		1	49	22.17	22.13	22.16	21.59	22.02	0	0
		25	0	22.05	22.17	22.09	21.74	22.01	0-1	0
		25	12	22.09	22.12	22.08	21.72	21.98	0-1	0
		25	24	22.09	22.10	22.09	21.68	21.95	0-1	0
		50	0	22.04	22.14	22.08	21.72	22.00	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	22.08	22.19	22.04	21.57	22.15	0-1	0
		1	24	22.15	22.15	22.04	21.54	22.07	0-1	0
		1	49	22.25	22.04	22.04	21.49	21.98	0-1	0
		25	0	22.09	22.19	22.10	21.76	22.05	0-2	0
		25	12	22.14	22.16	22.14	21.76	22.01	0-2	0
		25	24	22.17	22.15	22.14	21.71	22.00	0-2	0
		50	0	22.08	22.13	22.09	21.76	21.98	0-2	0

LTE Band 41 _ 15 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39725 Ch. 2503.5 MHz	40173 Ch. 2548.3 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41068 Ch. 2637.8 MHz	41515 Ch. 2682.5 MHz		
15 MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.99	22.27	22.05	21.88	22.00	0	0
		1	36	22.08	22.20	22.07	21.75	21.94	0	0
		1	74	22.17	22.06	22.11	21.56	21.85	0	0
		36	0	22.07	22.17	22.10	21.70	22.04	0-1	0
		36	18	22.14	22.12	22.10	21.63	21.94	0-1	0
		36	39	22.20	22.08	22.09	21.65	21.88	0-1	0
		75	0	22.15	22.09	22.11	21.71	21.94	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	21.96	22.20	22.03	21.71	22.12	0-1	0
		1	36	22.09	22.10	22.00	21.63	22.06	0-1	0
		1	74	22.16	21.99	22.07	21.54	21.98	0-1	0
		36	0	22.08	22.18	22.05	21.71	22.01	0-2	0
		36	18	22.13	22.11	22.08	21.64	21.94	0-2	0
		36	39	22.20	22.07	22.09	21.63	21.91	0-2	0
		75	0	22.18	22.19	22.10	21.74	22.01	0-2	0

LTE Band 41 _ 20 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39750 Ch. 2506.0 MHz	40185 Ch. 2549.5 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41055 Ch. 2636.5 MHz	41490 Ch. 2680.0 MHz		
20 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.05	22.33	22.22	21.74	22.03	0	0
		1	49	22.22	22.20	22.22	21.65	21.94	0	0
		1	99	22.36	22.06	22.21	21.56	21.82	0	0
		50	0	22.14	22.21	22.14	21.75	22.02	0-1	0
		50	25	22.20	22.13	22.13	21.68	21.98	0-1	0
		50	49	22.26	22.06	22.13	21.64	21.93	0-1	0
		100	0	22.17	22.17	22.14	21.71	21.98	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	22.01	22.17	22.01	21.75	22.07	0-1	0
		1	49	22.19	22.06	21.95	21.64	22.00	0-1	0
		1	99	22.26	21.92	22.06	21.50	21.87	0-1	0
		50	0	22.13	22.25	22.13	21.76	22.06	0-2	0
		50	25	22.18	22.18	22.11	21.68	22.02	0-2	0
		50	49	22.24	22.12	22.13	21.65	21.97	0-2	0
		100	0	22.20	22.20	22.14	21.70	22.02	0-2	0

Note;

LTE Band 41 has 5 required test channels per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.

The EUT enables maximum power reduction in accordance with 3GPP 36.101. The MPR settings are configured during the manufacture process and are not configurable by the network, carrier, or end user.

[Grip Sensor Back-off Power]

LTE Band 41 _ 5 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39675 Ch. 2498.5 MHz	40148 Ch. 2545.8 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41093 Ch. 2640.3 MHz	41565 Ch. 2687.5 MHz		
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.08	22.12	21.85	21.71	21.94	0	0
		1	12	22.05	22.13	21.97	21.69	21.97	0	0
		1	24	22.07	22.15	21.95	21.69	22.00	0	0
		12	0	21.96	22.05	21.76	21.65	22.02	0-1	0
		12	6	22.07	22.03	21.78	21.59	21.93	0-1	0
		12	11	22.17	22.09	21.75	21.56	22.06	0-1	0
		25	0	22.06	22.14	21.80	21.70	22.02	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	21.74	22.18	21.79	21.66	21.99	0-1	0
		1	12	21.98	22.22	21.77	21.69	22.02	0-1	0
		1	24	22.00	22.00	21.74	21.59	22.02	0-1	0
		12	0	21.97	22.20	21.78	21.73	22.02	0-2	0
		12	6	21.95	22.01	21.91	21.73	21.94	0-2	0
		12	11	22.14	22.16	21.80	21.54	22.02	0-2	0
		25	0	22.22	22.25	21.89	21.85	22.02	0-2	0

LTE Band 41 _ 10 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39700 Ch. 2501 MHz	40160 Ch. 2547 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593 MHz	41080 Ch. 2639 MHz	41540 Ch. 2685 MHz		
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.10	22.15	22.20	21.85	22.12	0	0
		1	24	22.23	22.15	22.09	21.76	22.12	0	0
		1	49	22.15	22.12	22.21	21.66	21.95	0	0
		25	0	22.04	22.22	22.10	21.78	21.94	0-1	0
		25	12	22.01	22.07	22.09	21.77	21.99	0-1	0
		25	24	21.99	22.18	22.11	21.70	22.04	0-1	0
		50	0	21.95	22.13	22.03	21.79	22.08	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	22.09	22.28	22.11	21.58	22.12	0-1	0
		1	24	22.06	22.12	22.08	21.62	21.98	0-1	0
		1	49	22.34	22.10	22.03	21.46	21.96	0-1	0
		25	0	22.02	22.10	22.04	21.83	22.11	0-2	0
		25	12	22.09	22.15	22.24	21.83	21.99	0-2	0
		25	24	22.25	22.07	22.13	21.74	21.97	0-2	0
		50	0	22.02	22.09	22.10	21.86	21.94	0-2	0

LTE Band 41 _ 15 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39725 Ch. 2503.5 MHz	40173 Ch. 2548.3 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41068 Ch. 2637.8 MHz	41515 Ch. 2682.5 MHz		
15 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.02	22.17	22.14	21.79	22.05	0	0
		1	36	22.17	22.10	22.15	21.80	21.93	0	0
		1	74	22.16	22.13	22.01	21.51	21.82	0	0
		36	0	22.08	22.17	22.01	21.75	22.08	0-1	0
		36	18	22.20	22.07	22.04	21.66	21.86	0-1	0
		36	39	22.29	22.04	22.11	21.69	21.90	0-1	0
		75	0	22.19	22.00	22.16	21.61	21.87	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	21.92	22.25	22.05	21.77	22.16	0-1	0
		1	36	21.99	22.00	21.92	21.7	22.02	0-1	0
		1	74	22.12	22.04	22.08	21.48	21.97	0-1	0
		36	0	22.18	22.18	22.00	21.73	22.05	0-2	0
		36	18	22.16	22.17	22.11	21.60	21.96	0-2	0
		36	39	22.24	22.11	22.06	21.53	21.85	0-2	0
		75	0	22.27	22.09	22.12	21.77	22.11	0-2	0

LTE Band 41 _ 20 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39750 Ch. 2506.0 MHz	40185 Ch. 2549.5 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41055 Ch. 2636.5 MHz	41490 Ch. 2680.0 MHz		
20 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.04	22.30	22.20	21.78	21.96	0	0
		1	49	22.19	22.27	22.20	21.67	21.92	0	0
		1	99	22.35	22.02	22.29	21.53	21.77	0	0
		50	0	22.11	22.25	22.12	21.76	22.06	0-1	0
		50	25	22.19	22.21	22.08	21.67	22.00	0-1	0
		50	49	22.24	22.06	22.11	21.54	21.96	0-1	0
		100	0	22.15	22.12	22.14	21.61	22.04	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	21.93	22.16	21.99	21.66	21.97	0-1	0
		1	49	22.24	22.15	21.97	21.69	22.02	0-1	0
		1	99	22.23	21.83	22.02	21.47	21.95	0-1	0
		50	0	22.20	22.25	22.15	21.80	22.08	0-2	0
		50	25	22.13	22.14	22.17	21.67	22.00	0-2	0
		50	49	22.23	22.10	22.21	21.62	21.9	0-2	0
		100	0	22.18	22.27	22.04	21.69	22.04	0-2	0

Note;

LTE Band 41 has 5 required test channels per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.

The EUT enables maximum power reduction in accordance with 3GPP 36.101. The MPR settings are configured during the manufacture process and are not configurable by the network, carrier, or end user.

[RCV-ON Back-off Power – Held to Ear configuration]

LTE Band 41 _ 5 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39675 Ch. 2498.5 MHz	40148 Ch. 2545.8 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41093 Ch. 2640.3 MHz	41565 Ch. 2687.5 MHz		
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.75	21.13	21.11	20.85	20.66	0	0
		1	12	20.75	21.15	21.08	20.85	20.66	0	0
		1	24	20.74	21.17	21.05	20.81	20.59	0	0
		12	0	20.76	21.15	21.10	20.82	20.64	0-1	0
		12	6	20.76	21.14	21.08	20.82	20.63	0-1	0
		12	11	20.75	21.12	21.08	20.80	20.60	0-1	0
		25	0	20.76	21.11	21.10	20.82	20.64	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	20.82	21.14	21.20	20.89	20.68	0-1	0
		1	12	20.82	21.19	21.17	20.89	20.72	0-1	0
		1	24	20.79	21.17	21.15	20.86	20.68	0-1	0
		12	0	20.71	21.10	21.05	20.81	20.65	0-2	0
		12	6	20.71	21.11	21.04	20.80	20.62	0-2	0
		12	11	20.72	21.12	21.03	20.81	20.60	0-2	0
		25	0	20.86	21.23	21.19	20.87	20.70	0-2	0

LTE Band 41 _ 10 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39700 Ch. 2501 MHz	40160 Ch. 2547 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593 MHz	41080 Ch. 2639 MHz	41540 Ch. 2685 MHz		
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.77	21.16	21.12	20.92	20.71	0	0
		1	24	20.73	21.21	21.10	20.89	20.62	0	0
		1	49	20.75	21.22	21.05	20.80	20.55	0	0
		25	0	20.71	21.17	21.08	20.82	20.64	0-1	0
		25	12	20.69	21.17	21.07	20.80	20.60	0-1	0
		25	24	20.70	21.18	21.05	20.78	20.56	0-1	0
		50	0	20.70	21.17	21.06	20.81	20.59	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	20.91	21.19	21.12	20.92	20.62	0-1	0
		1	24	20.90	21.24	21.03	20.93	20.49	0-1	0
		1	49	20.90	21.22	21.05	20.81	20.41	0-1	0
		25	0	20.78	21.19	21.16	20.91	20.75	0-2	0
		25	12	20.78	21.19	21.14	20.90	20.70	0-2	0
		25	24	20.76	21.22	21.12	20.86	20.66	0-2	0
		50	0	20.77	21.18	21.12	20.86	20.67	0-2	0

LTE Band 41 _ 15 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39725 Ch. 2503.5 MHz	40173 Ch. 2548.3 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41068 Ch. 2637.8 MHz	41515 Ch. 2682.5 MHz		
15 MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.77	21.18	21.15	20.84	20.73	0	0
		1	36	20.77	21.20	21.09	20.79	20.56	0	0
		1	74	20.79	21.20	21.03	20.71	20.43	0	0
		36	0	20.72	21.17	21.10	20.83	20.67	0-1	0
		36	18	20.71	21.18	21.06	20.79	20.60	0-1	0
		36	39	20.73	21.19	21.04	20.75	20.54	0-1	0
		75	0	20.74	21.20	21.08	20.80	20.62	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	20.82	21.23	21.19	20.83	20.72	0-1	0
		1	36	20.84	21.20	21.11	20.81	20.59	0-1	0
		1	74	20.86	21.24	21.09	20.72	20.48	0-1	0
		36	0	20.77	21.20	21.13	20.80	20.67	0-2	0
		36	18	20.75	21.21	21.10	20.77	20.60	0-2	0
		36	39	20.76	21.24	21.07	20.75	20.54	0-2	0
		75	0	20.80	21.26	21.13	20.86	20.68	0-2	0

LTE Band 41 _ 20 Bandwidth

Band width	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Reduced Average Power [dBm]					MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				39750 Ch. 2506.0 MHz	40185 Ch. 2549.5 MHz	40620 Ch. 2593.0 MHz	41055 Ch. 2636.5 MHz	41490 Ch. 2680.0 MHz		
20 MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.83	21.19	21.26	20.88	20.83	0	0
		1	49	20.76	21.24	21.11	20.77	20.64	0	0
		1	99	20.79	21.22	21.07	20.72	20.48	0	0
		50	0	20.73	21.19	21.10	20.86	20.75	0-1	0
		50	25	20.73	21.21	21.06	20.81	20.65	0-1	0
		50	49	20.73	21.20	21.04	20.78	20.59	0-1	0
		100	0	20.74	21.20	21.09	20.82	20.66	0-1	0
	16QAM	1	0	20.85	21.24	21.24	20.84	20.92	0-1	0
		1	49	20.77	21.25	21.11	20.82	20.76	0-1	0
		1	99	20.85	21.22	21.08	20.74	20.61	0-1	0
		50	0	20.78	21.25	21.18	20.89	20.82	0-2	0
		50	25	20.76	21.24	21.14	20.85	20.72	0-2	0
		50	49	20.79	21.26	21.11	20.82	20.66	0-2	0
		100	0	20.79	21.24	21.12	20.85	20.74	0-2	0

Note;

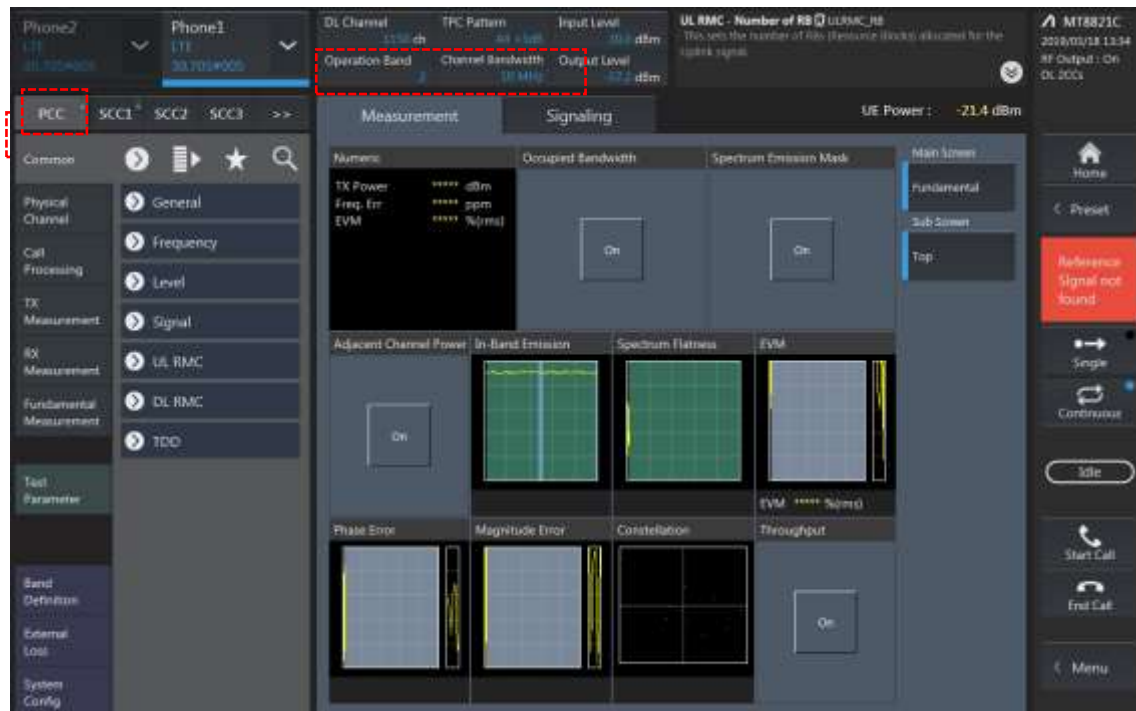
LTE Band 41 has 5 required test channels per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.

The EUT enables maximum power reduction in accordance with 3GPP 36.101. The MPR settings are configured during the manufacture process and are not configurable by the network, carrier, or end user.

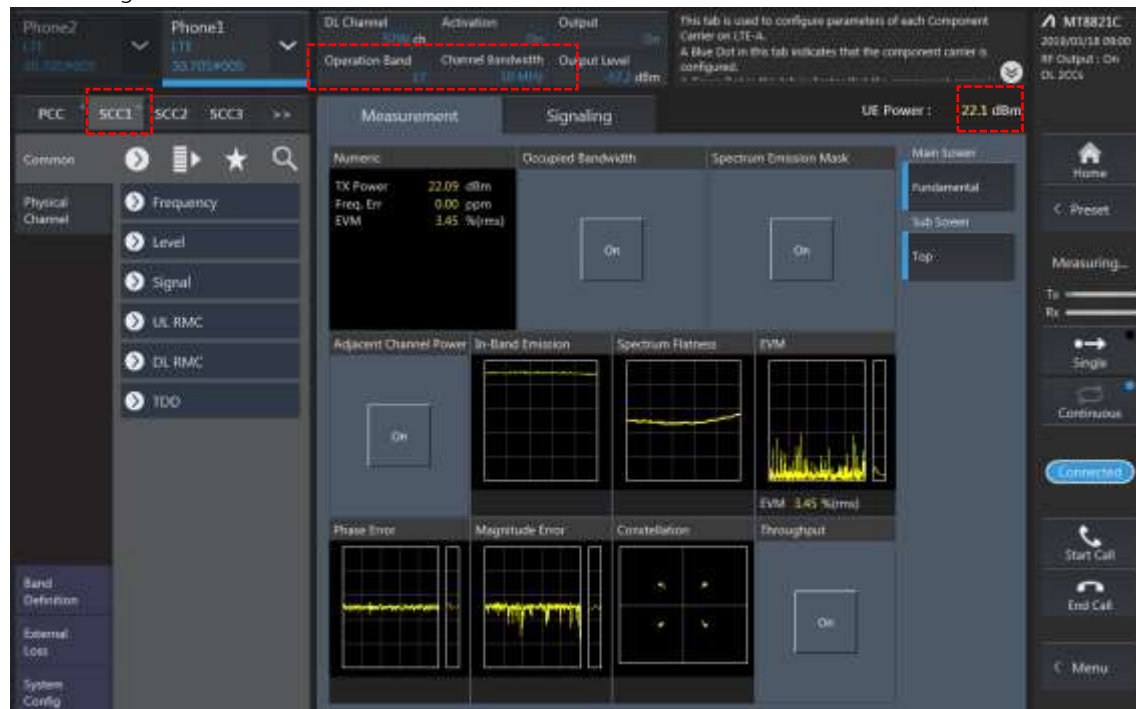
11.3.3 LTE Down-link Carrier Aggregation Conducted Powers

LTE Down Link 2CA Call Setup

PCC Setting : Channel/ RB/ BW/ Modulation



SCC Setting : Channel/ RB/ BW/ Modulation and call Connection



2CA Downlink Carrier aggregation conducted Powers

Maximum Conducted Output Power

DL-2CA

Combination	PCC									SCC				Tx Power	
	Band	BW	PCC UL Channel	PCC UL Frequency	PCC DL Channel	PCC DL Frequency	Modulation	RB	offset	Band	BW	SCC DL Channel	SCC DL Frequency	LTE Single Carrier Tx Power (dBm)	LTE Tx Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)
5A-5A(0)	5	5	20425	826.5	2425	871.5	QPSK	1	0	5	10	2600	889	24.41	24.22
	5	10	20525	836.5	2525	881.5	QPSK	1	0	5	5	2625	891.5	24.36	24.25
5A-5A(1)	5	3	20415	825.5	2415	870.5	QPSK	1	14	5	5	2625	891.5	24.41	24.35
	5	5	20425	826.5	2425	871.5	QPSK	1	0	5	3	2635	892.5	24.41	24.37
5B(0)	5	5	20425	826.5	2425	871.5	QPSK	1	0	5	10	2497	878.7	24.41	24.33
	5	10	20525	836.5	2525	881.5	QPSK	1	0	5	5	2597	888.7	24.36	24.28
5B(1)	5	3	20415	825.5	2415	870.5	QPSK	1	14	5	5	2454	874.4	24.41	24.35
	5	5	20425	826.5	2425	871.5	QPSK	1	0	5	3	2464	875.4	24.41	24.32
41A-41A(0,1)	41	20	40185	2549.5	40185	2549.5	QPSK	1	0	41	20	41490	2680	24.21	24.31
41C(0,1,2,3)	41	20	40185	2549.5	40185	2549.5	QPSK	1	0	41	20	40383	2569.3	24.21	24.31

Hotspot Reduced Power

Combination	PCC									SCC				Tx Power	
	Band	BW	PCC UL Channel	PCC UL Frequency	PCC DL Channel	PCC DL Frequency	Modulation	RB	offset	Band	BW	SCC DL Channel	SCC DL Frequency	LTE Single Carrier Tx Power (dBm)	LTE Tx Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)
41A-41A(0,1)	41	20	39750	2506	39750	2506	QPSK	1	99	41	20	41490	2680	22.36	22.36
41C(0,1,2,3)	41	20	39750	2506	39750	2506	QPSK	1	99	41	20	39948	2525.8	22.36	22.35

Grip Sensor Reduced Power

Combination	PCC									SCC				Tx Power	
	Band	BW	PCC UL Channel	PCC UL Frequency	PCC DL Channel	PCC DL Frequency	Modulation	RB	offset	Band	BW	SCC DL Channel	SCC DL Frequency	LTE Single Carrier Tx Power (dBm)	LTE Tx Power with DL CA Enabled (dBm)
41A-41A(0,1)	41	20	39750	2506	39750	2506	QPSK	1	99	41	20	41490	2680	22.35	22.31
41C(0,1,2,3)	41	20	39750	2506	39750	2506	QPSK	1	99	41	20	39948	2525.8	22.35	22.33

Downlink Carrier aggregation:

1. This device only supports downlink carrier aggregation. For every supported combination of downlink carrier aggregation, power measurements were performed with the downlink carrier aggregation active for the configuration with highest measured maximum conducted power with downlink carrier aggregation inactive measured among the channel bandwidth, modulation, and RB combinations in each frequency band.
2. All control and acknowledge data is sent on uplink channels that operate identical to specifications when downlink carrier aggregation is inactive.
3. Per FCC KDB publication 941225 D05A v01r02, Section C)3)b)ii), PCC uplink channel was selected at downlink carrier aggregation combinations. The downlink PCC channel was paired with the selected PCC uplink channel according to normal configurations without carrier aggregation.
4. For continuous intra-band carrier aggregation, the downlink channel spacing between the component carriers was set to multiple of 300kHz less than the nominal channel spacing defined in section 5.4.1A of 3GPP TS 36.521.
5. For non-continuous intra-band carrier aggregation, the downlink channel spacing between the component carriers was set to be larger than the nominal channel spacing and provided maximum separation between the component carriers.
6. All selected downlink channels remained fully within the downlink transmission band of the respective component carrier.



Power Measurement setup

11.2 WIFI Conducted Power measurement method

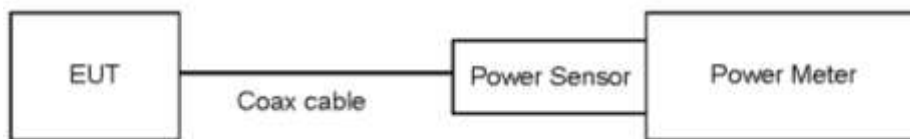
Un-Licensed bands (DTS Band)

Test Description	Test Procedure Used
Conducted Output Power	- KDB 558074 v05 - Section 8.3.2.3 - ANSI 63.10-2013 - Section 11.9.2.3

Test Procedure

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
3. Add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Test setup



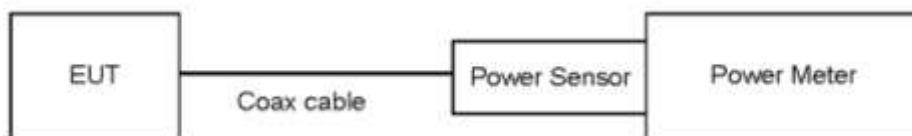
Un-Licensed bands (NII Band)

Test Description	Test Procedure Used
Conducted Output Power	- KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 - Section E.3.a

Test Procedure

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
3. Add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Test setup



11.2.1 IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Maximum Conducted Power

Mode	Frequency [MHz]	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Average RF Conducted Power [dBm]
802.11b	2 412	1	19.16
	2 437	6	19.62
	2 462	11	19.32
	2 467	12	17.13
	2 472	13	16.29
802.11g	2 412	1	18.04
	2 437	6	18.31
	2 462	11	18.45
	2 467	12	16.12
	2 472	13	11.61
802.11n (HT20)	2 412	1	18.08
	2 437	6	18.41
	2 462	11	18.28
	2 467	12	16.19
	2 472	13	11.48

11.2.2 IEEE 802.11 (5 GHz) Maximum Conducted Power

Frequency [MHz]	Channel	IEEE 802.11 a (20 MHz BW) Conducted Power [dBm]	IEEE 802.11n (20 MHz BW) Conducted Power [dBm]	IEEE 802.11ac (20 MHz BW) Conducted Power [dBm]
5 180	36	16.65	16.45	16.49
5 200	40	16.71	16.63	16.56
5 220	44	16.58	16.46	16.51
5 240	48	17.32	17.26	17.33
5 260	52	16.41	16.23	16.40
5 280	56	16.55	16.41	16.48
5 300	60	16.69	16.55	16.69
5 320	64	16.67	16.62	16.53
5 500	100	16.78	16.68	16.79
5 580	116	16.61	16.64	16.69
5 600	120	16.64	16.80	16.96
5 620	124	16.66	16.69	16.88
5 720	144	16.85	16.87	16.95
5 745	149	16.87	16.78	16.92
5 785	157	17.05	17.06	16.88
5 825	165	16.88	17.03	16.86

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission mode with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.

Test Configuration



11.2.3 Bluetooth Conducted Power

The Burst averaged-conducted power

Mode	Channel	Bluetooth Power [dBm]
DH5	0	8.46
	39	9.60
	78	9.14
2-DH5	0	5.96
	39	7.08
	78	6.66
3-DH5	0	5.96
	39	7.06
	78	6.65

Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes:

When call box and Bluetooth protocol are used for Bluetooth SAR measurement, time-domain plot is required to identify duty factor for supporting the test setup and result.

Bluetooth duty cycle was measured using Bluetooth tester equipment (CBT / R&S) with Bluetooth protocol. DH5 mode is the highest duty cycle and conducted power. SAR test were performed at DH5 mode.



Duty Cycle

$$= (\text{BT-On time} / \text{BT-Full time}) = (2.880 / 3.744) = 0.769 \text{ (DH5)}$$

$$\text{Duty factor} = 1 / \text{Duty cycle} : 1.300$$

12. System Verification

12.1 Tissue Verification

The Head /body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the DAKS 3.5 to determine the conductivity and permittivity.

Table for Head Tissue Verification									
Date of Tests	Tissue Temp. (°C)	Tissue Type	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Conductivity σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
07/31/2019	21.6	835H	820	0.907	41.229	0.899	41.577	0.89%	-0.84%
			835	0.92	40.998	0.900	41.500	2.22%	-1.21%
			850	0.933	40.764	0.916	41.500	1.86%	-1.77%
07/24/2019	20.8	1900H	1850	1.344	38.858	1.400	40.000	-4.00%	-2.86%
			1900	1.397	38.699	1.400	40.000	-0.21%	-3.25%
			1910	1.404	38.691	1.400	40.000	0.29%	-3.27%
07/29/2019	21.5	2450H	2400	1.736	38.595	1.756	39.290	-1.14%	-1.77%
			2450	1.79	38.405	1.800	39.200	-0.56%	-2.03%
			2500	1.848	38.229	1.855	39.140	-0.38%	-2.33%
08/15/2019	21.2	2600H	2500	1.850	38.514	1.855	39.140	-2.67%	-1.60%
			2600	1.940	38.016	1.964	39.010	-1.22%	-2.54%
			2690	2.047	37.716	2.062	38.894	-0.73%	-3.03%
07/31/2019	20.0	5180H-5825H	5180	4.510	37.104	4.635	36.010	-2.70%	3.04%
			5250	4.625	36.971	4.706	35.930	-1.72%	2.90%
			5280	4.735	37.181	4.737	35.894	-0.04%	3.59%
			5320	4.659	37.215	4.778	35.846	-2.49%	3.82%
			5500	4.827	37.241	4.963	35.640	-2.74%	4.49%
			5600	4.893	36.920	5.065	35.530	-3.40%	3.91%
			5750	5.155	36.887	5.219	35.360	-1.23%	4.32%
			5800	5.085	36.878	5.270	35.300	-3.51%	4.47%
			5825	5.090	36.802	5.296	35.270	-3.89%	4.34%

Table for Body Tissue Verification									
Date of Tests	Tissue Temp. (°C)	Tissue Type	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Conductivity σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
07/25/2019	20.8	835B	820	0.945	56.578	0.969	55.260	-2.48%	2.39%
			835	0.959	56.402	0.970	55.200	-1.13%	2.18%
			850	0.969	56.282	0.988	55.150	-1.92%	2.05%
07/30/2019	20.5	835B	820	0.943	56.463	0.969	55.260	-2.68%	2.18%
			835	0.961	56.254	0.970	55.200	-0.93%	1.91%
			850	0.972	56.181	0.988	55.150	-1.62%	1.87%
07/30/2019	20.5	1900B	1850	1.500	52.774	1.520	53.300	-1.32%	-0.99%
			1900	1.556	52.604	1.520	53.300	2.37%	-1.31%
			1910	1.556	52.556	1.520	53.300	2.37%	-1.40%
07/30/2019	20.5	2450B	2400	1.892	53.716	1.902	52.770	-0.53%	1.79%
			2450	1.947	53.683	1.950	52.700	-0.15%	1.87%
			2500	2.004	53.538	2.021	52.640	-0.84%	1.71%
08/05/2019	20.6	2600B	2500	2.004	53.520	2.021	52.640	-0.84%	1.67%
			2600	2.122	53.147	2.163	52.510	-1.90%	1.21%
			2690	2.222	53.026	2.291	52.394	-3.01%	1.21%
08/01/2019	21.1	5180B-5825B	5180	5.233	47.867	5.276	49.038	-0.82%	-2.39%
			5250	5.442	47.291	5.358	48.950	1.57%	-3.39%
			5280	5.410	47.495	5.393	48.908	0.32%	-2.89%
			5320	5.347	46.846	5.439	48.852	-1.69%	-4.11%
			5500	5.668	46.985	5.650	48.610	0.32%	-3.34%
			5600	5.847	46.934	5.766	48.470	1.40%	-3.17%
			5750	6.075	46.505	5.942	48.270	2.24%	-3.66%
			5800	5.965	46.550	6.000	48.200	-0.58%	-3.42%
			5825	5.912	46.370	6.029	48.165	-1.94%	-3.73%

12.2 System Verification

System Verification Results

* Input Power: 50 mW

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Probe (S/N)	Dipole (S/N)	Liquid	Amb. Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (SPEAG) [W/kg]	50mW Measured SAR _{1g} [W/kg]	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} [W/kg]	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
835	07/31/2019	3903	4d165	Head	21.9	21.6	9.41	0.474	9.48	+ 0.74	± 10
835	07/25/2019	3863		Body	20.9	20.8	9.50	0.483	9.66	+ 1.68	± 10
835	07/30/2019	3903		Body	20.9	20.5	9.50	0.458	9.16	- 3.58	± 10
1 900	07/24/2019	7370	5d032	Head	21.0	20.8	40.0	1.99	39.8	- 0.50	± 10
1 900	07/30/2019	3863		Body	20.8	20.5	39.7	1.99	39.8	+ 0.25	± 10
2 450	07/29/2019	3863	743	Head	21.8	21.5	51.8	2.58	51.6	- 0.39	± 10
2 450	07/30/2019	3967		Body	20.8	20.5	49.9	2.60	52.0	+ 4.21	± 10
2 600	08/15/2019	3967	1015	Head	21.4	21.2	58.1	3.08	61.6	+ 2.24	± 10
2 600	08/05/2019	3967		Body	20.9	20.6	54.8	2.73	54.6	- 0.36	± 10
5 250	07/31/2019	3863	1253	Head	20.2	20.0	82.0	4.18	83.6	+ 1.95	± 10
5 250	08/01/2019	3903		Body	21.3	21.1	78.0	4.01	80.2	+ 2.82	± 10
5 600	07/31/2019	3863		Head	20.2	20.0	83.8	4.15	83.0	- 0.95	± 10
5 600	08/01/2019	3903		Body	21.3	21.1	81.6	3.87	77.4	- 5.15	± 10
5 750	07/31/2019	3863		Head	20.2	20.0	82.3	3.92	78.4	- 4.74	± 10
5 750	08/01/2019	3903		Body	21.3	21.1	77.3	4.09	81.8	+ 5.82	± 10

System Verification Results

* Input Power: 50 mW

Freq. [MHz]	Date	Probe (S/N)	Dipole (S/N)	Liquid	Amb. Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	1 W Target SAR _{10g} (SPEAG) [W/kg]	50mW Measured SAR _{10g} [W/kg]	1 W Normalized SAR _{10g} [W/kg]	Deviation [%]	Limit [%]
2 600	08/05/2019	3967	1015	Body	20.9	20.6	24.3	1.18	23.6	- 2.88	± 10
5 250	08/01/2019	3903	1253	Body	21.3	21.1	21.6	1.12	22.4	+ 3.70	± 10
5 600	08/01/2019	3903	1253	Body	21.3	21.1	22.6	1.08	21.6	- 4.42	± 10

12.3 System Verification Procedure

SAR measurement was prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at each frequency band by using the system verification kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

- Cabling the system, using the verification kit equipment.
- Generate about 50 mW Input level from the signal generator to the Dipole Antenna.
- Dipole antenna was placed below the flat phantom.
- The measured one-gram SAR at the surface of the phantom above the dipole feed-point should be within 10 % of the target reference value.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

Note;

SAR Verification was performed according to the FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04.

13. SAR Test Data Summary

13.1 Head SAR Measurement Results

GSM 850 Head SAR											
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.										
836.6	190	Voice	33.5	32.57	0.11	Left Cheek	1:8.3	0.144	1.239	0.178	-
836.6	190	Voice	33.5	32.57	0.01	Left Tilt	1:8.3	0.085	1.239	0.105	-
836.6	190	Voice	33.5	32.57	0.15	Right Cheek	1:8.3	0.160	1.239	0.198	1
836.6	190	Voice	33.5	32.57	0.14	Right Tilt	1:8.3	0.073	1.239	0.090	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram				

GSM 1900 Head SAR											
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.										
1 880	661	Voice	31.0	29.85	0.13	Left Cheek	1:8.3	0.143	1.303	0.186	2
1 880	661	Voice	31.0	29.85	0.06	Left Tilt	1:8.3	0.090	1.303	0.117	-
1 880	661	Voice	31.0	29.85	-0.17	Right Cheek	1:8.3	0.120	1.303	0.156	-
1 880	661	Voice	31.0	29.85	0.17	Right Tilt	1:8.3	0.086	1.303	0.112	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram				

UMTS 850 Head SAR											
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.										
836.6	4183	RMC	25.5	24.38	0.18	Left Cheek	1:1	0.214	1.294	0.277	-
836.6	4183	RMC	25.5	24.38	-0.05	Left Tilt	1:1	0.125	1.294	0.162	-
836.6	4183	RMC	25.5	24.38	0.18	Right Cheek	1:1	0.243	1.294	0.314	3
836.6	4183	RMC	25.5	24.38	0.15	Right Tilt	1:1	0.108	1.294	0.140	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram				

UMTS 1900 Head SAR											
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.										
1 880	9400	RMC	24.0	23.29	0.19	Left Cheek	1:1	0.466	1.178	0.549	4
1 880	9400	RMC	24.0	23.29	0.01	Left Tilt	1:1	0.279	1.178	0.329	-
1 880	9400	RMC	24.0	23.29	0.09	Right Cheek	1:1	0.383	1.178	0.451	-
1 880	9400	RMC	24.0	23.29	-0.02	Right Tilt	1:1	0.278	1.178	0.327	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram				

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Head SAR															
Frequency		Mode	Band Width	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.														
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	24.36	-0.15	Left Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.182	1.159	0.211	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	0.10	Left Cheek	1	25	12	1:1	0.190	1.194	0.227	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	24.36	-0.17	Left Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.078	1.159	0.090	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	0.10	Left Tilt	1	25	12	1:1	0.076	1.194	0.091	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	24.36	0.05	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.222	1.159	0.257	5
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	-0.16	Right Cheek	1	25	12	1:1	0.181	1.194	0.216	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	24.36	0.13	Right Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.114	1.159	0.132	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	0.11	Right Tilt	1	25	12	1:1	0.087	1.194	0.104	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram							

LTE TDD Band 41 Head SAR															
Frequency		Mode	Band Width	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.														
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	21.5	21.26	0.14	Left Cheek	0	1	99	1:1.58	0.255	1.057	0.269	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	21.5	21.21	0.06	Left Cheek	0	50	49	1:1.58	0.212	1.069	0.227	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	21.5	21.26	0.01	Left Tilt	0	1	99	1:1.58	0.263	1.057	0.278	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	21.5	21.21	-0.01	Left Tilt	0	50	49	1:1.58	0.228	1.069	0.244	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	21.5	20.83	-0.03	Right Cheek	0	1	99	1:1.58	0.69	1.167	0.805	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	21.5	21.24	0.11	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1.58	0.718	1.062	0.762	-
2 593.0	40620	QPSK	20	21.5	21.26	0.15	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1.58	0.854	1.057	0.903	-
2 636.5	41055	QPSK	20	21.5	20.88	0.14	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1.58	0.74	1.153	0.854	-
2 680.0	41490	QPSK	20	21.5	20.83	0.11	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1.58	0.588	1.167	0.686	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	21.5	20.73	0.11	Right Cheek	0	50	49	1:1.58	0.692	1.194	0.826	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	21.5	21.21	0.10	Right Cheek	0	50	0	1:1.58	0.716	1.069	0.765	-
2 593.0	40620	QPSK	20	21.5	21.1	-0.17	Right Cheek	0	50	0	1:1.58	0.897	1.096	0.984	6
2 636.5	41055	QPSK	20	21.5	20.86	0.12	Right Cheek	0	50	0	1:1.58	0.731	1.159	0.847	-
2 680.0	41490	QPSK	20	21.5	20.75	0.13	Right Cheek	0	50	0	1:1.58	0.565	1.189	0.672	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	21.5	21.2	0.12	Right Cheek	0	100	0	1:1.58	0.709	1.072	0.760	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	21.5	21.26	0.12	Right Tilt	0	1	99	1:1.58	0.412	1.057	0.435	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	21.5	21.21	0.04	Right Tilt	0	50	49	1:1.58	0.354	1.069	0.378	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	21.5	21.1	0.15	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1.58	0.894	1.096	0.981	*
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram							

Note: ** Data entry indicate Variability measurement.

DTS Head SAR															
Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Peak SAR (W/kg)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.														
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	21	19.62		Left Cheek	99.65	0.295		1.374	1.004		-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	21	19.62	0.17	Left Tilt	99.65	0.328	0.210	1.374	1.004	0.290	7
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	21	19.62		Right Cheek	99.65	0.187		1.374	1.004		-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	21	19.62		Right Tilt	99.65	0.233		1.374	1.004		-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram						

NII Head SAR															
Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Peak SAR (W/kg)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.														
5 300	60	802.11a	20	6	18	16.69	-0.02	Left Cheek	93.3	0.540	0.212	1.352	1.072	0.307	-
5 300	60	802.11a	20	6	18	16.69	-0.12	Left Tilt	93.3	0.558	0.227	1.352	1.072	0.329	-
5 300	60	802.11a	20	6	18	16.69	0.07	Right Cheek	93.3	0.465	0.101	1.352	1.072	0.146	-
5 300	60	802.11a	20	6	18	16.69	-0.19	Right Tilt	93.3	0.501	0.221	1.352	1.072	0.320	-
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6	18	16.85	-0.13	Left Cheek	93.3	0.893	0.325	1.303	1.072	0.454	-
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6	18	16.85	0.09	Left Tilt	93.3	1.12	0.381	1.303	1.072	0.532	8
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6	18	16.85	-0.14	Right Cheek	93.3	0.912	0.287	1.303	1.072	0.401	-
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6	18	16.85	-0.17	Right Tilt	93.3	0.943	0.374	1.303	1.072	0.522	-
5 785	157	802.11a	20	6	18	17.05	-0.13	Left Cheek	93.3	0.896	0.240	1.245	1.072	0.320	-
5 785	157	802.11a	20	6	18	17.05	0.12	Left Tilt	93.3	0.935	0.261	1.245	1.072	0.348	-
5 785	157	802.11a	20	6	18	17.05	-0.15	Right Cheek	93.3	0.764	0.198	1.245	1.072	0.264	-
5 785	157	802.11a	20	6	18	17.05	-0.05	Right Tilt	93.3	0.686	0.249	1.245	1.072	0.332	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population									Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram						

DSS Head SAR											
Frequency		Mode	Tune- Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.										
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	9.60	0.13	Left Cheek	0.021	1.230	1.300	0.034	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	9.60	0.15	Left Tilt	0.029	1.230	1.300	0.046	9
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	9.60	-0.17	Right Cheek	0.010	1.230	1.300	0.016	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	9.60	-0.18	Right Tilt	0.013	1.230	1.300	0.021	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram				

13.2 Body-worn SAR Measurement Results

GSM/ UMTS Body-Worn SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.											
836.6	190	GSM850 Voice	33.5	32.57	0.01	Rear	1:8.3	15	0.195	1.239	0.242	10
1 880	661	GSM1900 Voice	31.0	29.85	-0.11	Rear	1:8.3	15	0.167	1.303	0.218	11
836.6	4183	UMTS850 (RMC)	25.5	24.38	-0.01	Rear	1:1	15	0.231	1.294	0.299	12
1 880	9400	UMTS1900 (RMC)	24.0	23.29	-0.13	Rear	1:1	15	0.472	1.178	0.556	13
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram					

LTE Body-Worn SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band Width	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
836.5	20525	LTE 5	10	25.0	24.36	-0.07	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.277	1.159	0.321	14
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	0.18	Rear	1	25	12	1:1	15	0.276	1.194	0.330	15
2 549.5	40185	LTE 41	20	24.5	24.21	0.11	Rear	0	1	0	1:1.58	15	0.442	1.069	0.472	16
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	23.5	23.18	-0.07	Rear	1	50	0	1:1.58	15	0.344	1.076	0.370	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram								

DTS Body-Worn SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Area Scan Peak SAR (W/kg)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	21	19.62	0.18	Rear	99.65	15	0.0957	0.060	1.374	1.004	0.083	17
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population										Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram						

NII Body-Worn SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Area Scan Peak SAR (W/kg)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
5 300	60	802.11a	20	6	18	16.69	-0.19	Rear	93.3	15	0.666	0.308	1.352	1.072	0.446	18
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6	18	16.85	-0.15	Rear	93.3	15	0.593	0.257	1.303	1.072	0.359	-
5 785	157	802.11a	20	6	18	17.05	-0.16	Rear	93.3	15	0.707	0.304	1.245	1.072	0.406	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population										Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram						

DSS Body-Worn SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.											
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	9.60	-0.11	Rear	15	0.00373	1.230	1.300	0.006	19
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram					

13.3 Hotspot SAR Measurement Results

GSM 850 Hotspot SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.											
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	28.5	27.08	-0.06	Rear	1:2.07	10	0.391	1.387	0.542	20
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	28.5	27.08	0.17	Front	1:2.07	10	0.206	1.387	0.286	-
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	28.5	27.08	0.16	Left	1:2.07	10	0.117	1.387	0.162	-
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	28.5	27.08	-0.09	Right	1:2.07	10	0.207	1.387	0.287	-
836.6	190	GPRS 4Tx	28.5	27.08	0.12	Bottom	1:2.07	10	0.137	1.387	0.190	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram					

GSM 1900 Hotspot SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.											
1 880	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.5	25.55	-0.19	Rear	1:4.15	10	0.355	1.245	0.442	21
1 880	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.5	25.55	-0.16	Front	1:4.15	10	0.208	1.245	0.259	-
1 880	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.5	25.55	0.05	Left	1:4.15	10	0.170	1.245	0.212	-
1 880	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.5	25.55	-0.06	Right	1:4.15	10	0.076	1.245	0.095	-
1 880	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.5	25.55	-0.02	Bottom	1:4.15	10	0.215	1.245	0.268	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram					

UMTS 850 Hotspot SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.											
836.6	4183	RMC	25.5	24.38	0.08	Rear	1:1	10	0.399	1.294	0.516	22
836.6	4183	RMC	25.5	24.38	-0.01	Front	1:1	10	0.173	1.294	0.224	-
836.6	4183	RMC	25.5	24.38	0.03	Left	1:1	10	0.097	1.294	0.126	-
836.6	4183	RMC	25.5	24.38	-0.01	Right	1:1	10	0.234	1.294	0.303	-
836.6	4183	RMC	25.5	24.38	0.17	Bottom	1:1	10	0.151	1.294	0.195	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram					

UMTS 1900 Hotspot SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.											
1880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	21.84	-0.11	Rear	1:1	10	0.632	1.164	0.736	23
1880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	21.84	-0.09	Front	1:1	10	0.373	1.164	0.434	-
1880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	21.84	-0.07	Left	1:1	10	0.311	1.164	0.362	-
1880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	21.84	0.04	Right	1:1	10	0.125	1.164	0.146	-
1880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	21.84	0.19	Bottom	1:1	10	0.394	1.164	0.459	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram					

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Hotspot SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band Width	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	24.36	0.18	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.389	1.159	0.451	24
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	0.01	Rear	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.379	1.194	0.453	25
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	24.36	-0.03	Front	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.251	1.159	0.291	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	0.03	Front	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.197	1.194	0.235	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	24.36	0.12	Left	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.103	1.159	0.119	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	0.06	Left	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.102	1.194	0.122	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	24.36	0.01	Right	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.230	1.159	0.267	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	-0.16	Right	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.231	1.194	0.276	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	25.0	24.36	0.11	Bottom	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.143	1.159	0.166	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.0	23.23	0.11	Bottom	1	25	12	1:1	10	0.118	1.194	0.141	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram								

LTE TDD Band 41 Hotspot SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band Width	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.36	-0.02	Rear	0	1	99	1:1.58	10	0.625	1.033	0.646	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	22.5	22.33	0.08	Rear	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.664	1.040	0.691	-
2 593.0	40620	QPSK	20	22.5	22.22	-0.03	Rear	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.397	1.067	0.424	-
2 636.5	41055	QPSK	20	22.5	21.74	0.07	Rear	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.520	1.191	0.619	-
2 680.0	41490	QPSK	20	22.5	22.03	0.13	Rear	0	1	0	1:1.58	10	0.578	1.114	0.644	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.26	-0.05	Rear	0	50	49	1:1.58	10	0.674	1.057	0.712	26
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	22.5	22.21	-0.07	Rear	0	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.650	1.069	0.695	-
2 593.0	40620	QPSK	20	22.5	22.14	0.18	Rear	0	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.414	1.086	0.450	-
2 636.5	41055	QPSK	20	22.5	21.75	0.10	Rear	0	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.556	1.189	0.661	-
2 680.0	41490	QPSK	20	22.5	22.02	0.08	Rear	0	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.561	1.117	0.627	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.17	-0.01	Rear	0	100	0	1:1.58	10	0.665	1.079	0.718	27
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.36	0.16	Front	0	1	99	1:1.58	10	0.208	1.033	0.215	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.26	0.12	Front	0	50	49	1:1.58	10	0.209	1.057	0.221	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.36	0.17	Left	0	1	99	1:1.58	10	0.323	1.033	0.334	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.26	0.13	Left	0	50	49	1:1.58	10	0.317	1.057	0.335	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.36	-0.02	Top	0	1	99	1:1.58	10	0.079	1.033	0.082	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.26	0.15	Top	0	50	49	1:1.58	10	0.079	1.057	0.084	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram								

DTS Hotspot SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Area Scan Peak SAR (W/kg)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	21	19.62	0.15	Rear	99.65	10	0.197	0.121	1.374	1.004	0.167	28
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	21	19.62		Front	99.65	10	0.0478		1.374	1.004		-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	21	19.62		Right	99.65	10	0.0585		1.374	1.004		-
-2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	21	19.62		Top	99.65	10	0.143		1.374	1.004		-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population										Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram						

5GHz WLAN Hotspot SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Area Scan Peak SAR (W/kg)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
5 785	157	802.11a	20	6	18	17.05	0.12	Rear	93.3	10	1.23	0.483	1.245	1.072	0.645	29
5 785	157	802.11a	20	6	18	17.05		Front	93.3	10	0.283		1.245	1.072		-
5 785	157	802.11a	20	6	18	17.05		Right	93.3	10	0.0961		1.245	1.072		-
5 785	157	802.11a	20	6	18	17.05	0.18	Top	93.3	10	0.492	0.199	1.245	1.072	0.266	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population										Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram						

DSS Tethering SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.											
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	9.60	0.19	Rear	10	0.019	1.230	1.300	0.030	30
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	9.60	0.17	Front	10	0.00326	1.230	1.300	0.005	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	9.60	0.13	Right	10	0.00188	1.230	1.300	0.003	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	9.60	-0.12	Top	10	0.010	1.230	1.300	0.016	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram					

13.4 Phablet SAR Measurement Results

LTE TDD Band 41 Phablet SAR 10g																	
Frequency		Mode	Band Width	Tune-Up Limit (dB)	Meas. Power (dB)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Sensor	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB Offset	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.																
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.35	0.10	Rear	ON	0	1	99	1:1.58	0	1.41	1.035	1.459	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.24	0.19	Rear	ON	0	50	49	1:1.58	0	1.48	1.062	1.572	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	22.5	22.25	0.08	Rear	ON	0	50	0	1:1.58	0	1.45	1.059	1.536	-
2 593.0	40620	QPSK	20	22.5	22.12	0.19	Rear	ON	0	50	0	1:1.58	0	1.55	1.091	1.691	-
2 636.5	41055	QPSK	20	22.5	21.76	0.09	Rear	ON	0	50	0	1:1.58	0	1.21	1.186	1.435	-
2 680.0	41490	QPSK	20	22.5	22.06	0.15	Rear	ON	0	50	0	1:1.58	0	1.04	1.107	1.151	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.15	0.17	Rear	ON	0	100	0	1:1.58	0	1.51	1.084	1.637	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.35	0.17	Left	ON	0	1	99	1:1.58	0	0.323	1.035	0.334	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	22.5	22.24	0.13	Left	ON	0	50	49	1:1.58	0	0.317	1.062	0.337	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	24.5	24.21	0.16	Front	N/A	0	1	0	1:1.58	0	0.868	1.069	0.928	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	23.5	23.18	0.15	Front	N/A	1	50	0	1:1.58	0	0.673	1.076	0.724	-
2 506.0	39750	QPSK	20	24.5	24.19	0.16	Left	OFF	0	1	99	1:1.58	1	1.67	1.074	1.794	31
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	24.5	24.21	0.04	Left	OFF	0	1	0	1:1.58	1	1.45	1.069	1.550	-
2 593.0	40620	QPSK	20	24.5	24.21	0.19	Left	OFF	0	1	49	1:1.58	1	1.47	1.069	1.571	-
2 636.5	41055	QPSK	20	24.5	23.74	0.12	Left	OFF	0	1	0	1:1.58	1	1.33	1.191	1.584	-
2 680.0	41490	QPSK	20	24.5	23.89	0.18	Left	OFF	0	1	0	1:1.58	1	1.21	1.151	1.393	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	23.5	23.18	0.12	Left	OFF	1	50	0	1:1.58	1	1.09	1.076	1.173	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	23.5	23.13	0.19	Left	OFF	1	100	0	1:1.58	1	1.06	1.089	1.154	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	24.5	24.21	-0.11	Rear	OFF	0	1	0	1:1.58	4	1.27	1.069	1.358	
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	23.5	23.18	-0.15	Rear	OFF	1	50	0	1:1.58	4	1.08	1.076	1.162	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	24.5	24.21	-0.10	Top	N/A	0	1	0	1:1.58	0	0.325	1.069	0.347	-
2 549.5	40185	QPSK	20	23.5	23.18	-0.15	Top	N/A	1	50	0	1:1.58	0	0.255	1.076	0.274	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Hand 4.0 W/kg Averaged over 10 gram									

5GHz WLAN Phablet SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance (mm)	Area Scan Peak SAR (W/kg)	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
5 300	60	802.11a	20	6	18	16.69	-0.10	Rear	93.3	0	9.36	0.965	1.352	1.072	1.399	-
5 300	60	802.11a	20	6	18	16.69		Front	93.3	0	1.51		1.352	1.072		-
5 300	60	802.11a	20	6	18	16.69		Right	93.3	0	0.184		1.352	1.072		-
5 300	60	802.11a	20	6	18	16.69	0.10	Top	93.3	0	4.38	0.353	1.352	1.072	0.512	-
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6	18	16.85	-0.10	Rear	93.3	0	12.3	1.21	1.303	1.072	1.690	32
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6	18	16.85		Front	93.3	0	1.20		1.303	1.072		-
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6	18	16.85		Right	93.3	0	0.253		1.303	1.072		-
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6	18	16.85	0.15	Top	93.3	0	2.23	0.279	1.303	1.072	0.390	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 – Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population										Hand 4.0 W/kg Averaged over 10 gram						

13.5 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, FCC KDB Procedure.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 15 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB 648474 D04v01r03, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluation using a headset cable were required.
8. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a "Phablet" since the diagonal dimension is > 160 mm and < 200 mm. When hotspot mode applies, extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode scaled to the maximum output power (with tolerance) is 1 g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. For LTE B41, 1 g SAR > 0.9 W/kg ($=1.2 \times (0.6/0.8)$) is applied
9. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04, variability SAR measurement were performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were greater than or equal to 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and >2 for 10g SAR Please see Section 15 for variability analysis.
10. This device utilizes power reduction for some wireless mode and technologies, as outlined in sec. 4.3 The maximum output power allowed for each transmitter and exposure condition was evaluated for SAR compliance based on expected use conditions and simultaneous scenarios.
11. During SAR testing for the Hotspot conditions per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, the actual portable hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WiFi) was not activated.

GSM/GPRS Test Notes:

1. This EUT'S GSM and GPRS device class is B.
2. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB 941225 D01v03r01: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. The multi-slot configuration with the highest frame averaged output power including tolerance was evaluated for SAR.
4. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is 1/2 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.

UMTS Notes:

1. The 12.2 kbps RMC mode is the primary mode per KDB 941225 D01v03r01.
2. UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB publication 941225 D01v03r01. AMR and HSPA SAR was not required per the 3G Test Reduction Procedure in KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.
3. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the channel highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Consideration for LTE Devices in FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05.
2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05:
When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the 100% RB allocation and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1RB, 50%RB and 100%RB allocation with highest output power for that channel.
Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1RB allocation and 50%RB allocation were less than 1.45W/Kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results.
4. When Power reduction is applied, MPR is 0
5. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.
6. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) LTE TDD Band 41 SAR measured at the highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.6 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configurations.
7. TDD LTE was tested using UL-DL configuration 0 with 6 UL sub frames and 2S subframes using extended cyclic prefix only and special sub frame configuration 6. SAR tests were performed at maximum output power and worst-case transmission duty factor in extended cyclic prefix. Per 3GPP 36.211 Sec. 4, the duty factor using extended cyclic prefix is 0.633(cf=1.58).
8. Per KDB 941225 D05Av01r02, SAR for LTE Carrier Aggregation operations was not needed because the maximum average output power in LTE CA mode was not > 0.25 dB higher than the maximum output power when downlink CA was not activated.
9. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:
Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8 W/kg, testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg. Testing for 16-QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

WLAN Notes:

1. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. For initial test position, the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 1.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR results is ≤ 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR or all test position are measured.
2. Per KDB 2482227 D01v02r02 justification for test configurations of 2.4 GHz WiFi Single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR.
3. Per KDB 2482227 D01v02r02 justification for test configurations of 5 GHz WiFi Single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission mode were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ration of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR and less than 3.0 W/kg for 10 g SAR.
4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rated, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Procedures used to measure the duty factor are identical to that in the associated WLAN test reports.

Bluetooth Notes:

1. Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a call box with hopping disabled with DH5 operation and Tx Tests mode type. Per October 2016 TCBC Workshop Notes, the reported SAR was scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Please see sec.9.4.3 for the time-domain plot and calculation for duty factor of the device.
2. Head and Bluetooth tethering SAR were evaluated for BT BR tethering applications.

14. Simultaneous SAR Analysis

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore, simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 4.3.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of 1g SAR and 10g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 4 W/kg for 10g SAR. The different test positions in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR exclusion according to the sum of 1g or 10g SAR.

14.1 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Head

Exposure condition	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	GSM 850	0.198	0.290	0.488
	GSM 1900	0.186	0.290	0.476
	UMTS 850	0.314	0.290	0.604
	UMTS 1900	0.549	0.290	0.839
	LTE Band 5	0.257	0.290	0.547
	LTE Band 41	0.984	0.290	1.274

Exposure condition	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	GSM 850	0.198	0.046	0.244
	GSM 1900	0.186	0.046	0.232
	UMTS 850	0.314	0.046	0.360
	UMTS 1900	0.549	0.046	0.595
	LTE Band 5	0.257	0.046	0.303
	LTE Band 41	0.984	0.046	1.03

Exposure condition	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	GSM 850	0.198	0.532	0.73
	GSM 1900	0.186	0.532	0.718
	UMTS 850	0.314	0.532	0.846
	UMTS 1900	0.549	0.532	1.081
	LTE Band 5	0.257	0.532	0.789
	LTE Band 41	0.984	0.532	1.516

14.2 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Body-Worn

Exposure condition	Distance (mm)	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Body-worn	15	GSM 850	0.242	0.083	0.325
		GSM 1900	0.218	0.083	0.301
		UMTS 850	0.299	0.083	0.382
		UMTS 1900	0.556	0.083	0.639
		LTE Band 5	0.330	0.083	0.413
		LTE Band 41	0.472	0.083	0.555

Exposure condition	Distance (mm)	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Body-worn	15	GSM 850	0.242	0.446	0.688
		GSM 1900	0.218	0.446	0.664
		UMTS 850	0.299	0.446	0.745
		UMTS 1900	0.556	0.446	1.002
		LTE Band 5	0.330	0.446	0.776
		LTE Band 41	0.472	0.446	0.918

Exposure condition	Distance (mm)	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Body-worn	15	GSM 850	0.242	0.006	0.248
		GSM 1900	0.218	0.006	0.224
		UMTS 850	0.299	0.006	0.305
		UMTS 1900	0.556	0.006	0.562
		LTE Band 5	0.330	0.006	0.336
		LTE Band 41	0.472	0.006	0.478

14.3 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Hotspot

Exposure condition	Distance (mm)	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Hotspot	10	GSM 850	0.542	0.167	0.709
		GSM 1900	0.442	0.167	0.609
		UMTS 850	0.516	0.167	0.683
		UMTS 1900	0.736	0.167	0.903
		LTE Band 5	0.453	0.167	0.620
		LTE Band 41	0.718	0.167	0.885

Exposure condition	Distance (mm)	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Hotspot	10	GSM 850	0.542	0.645	1.187
		GSM 1900	0.442	0.645	1.087
		UMTS 850	0.516	0.645	1.161
		UMTS 1900	0.736	0.645	1.381
		LTE Band 5	0.453	0.645	1.098
		LTE Band 41	0.718	0.645	1.363

Exposure condition	Distance (mm)	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Hotspot	10	GSM 850	0.542	0.030	0.572
		GSM 1900	0.442	0.030	0.472
		UMTS 850	0.516	0.030	0.546
		UMTS 1900	0.736	0.030	0.766
		LTE Band 5	0.453	0.030	0.483
		LTE Band 41	0.718	0.030	0.748

14.3 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Exposure condition	Distance (mm)	Band	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Σ 10-g SAR (W/kg)
Phablet SAR	0	LTE TDD Band 41	1.794	1.690	3.484

14.4 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR Results are sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR Limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE1528-2013.

15. SAR Measurement Variability and Uncertainty

In accordance with KDB procedure 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg for 1g SAR or < 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured 1g SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or 10g SAR ≥ 2.0 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg for 1g SAR or ≥ 3.625 W/kg for 10g SAR (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1g SAR or ≥ 3.75 W/kg for 10g SAR and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

SAR measurement variability Results

Frequency		Mode/Band	Configuration	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Repeated SAR (W/kg)	SAR Ratio
MHz	Channel					
2 549.5	40185	LTE B41	Right Cheek	0.897	0.894	1.02

16. Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was <1.5 W/Kg for 1g SAR and <3.75 W/Kg For 10g SAR for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE1528-2013 was not required.

17. SAR Test Equipment

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib.Interval	Calib.Due
SPEAG	Triple Modular Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	SAR System Control PC	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F12/ 5K9GA1/ C/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F17/ 59CHA1/ C/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F17/ 59RAA1/ C/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F11/5K3RA1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F12/ 5K9GA1/ A/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F17/ 59CHA1/ A/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F17/ 59RAA1/ A/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F11/5K3RA1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	S-1206 0513	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	010963	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	011578	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	S-1203 0309	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	DAE3	504	02/22/2019	Annual	02/22/2020
SPEAG	DAE4	869	09/19/2018	Annual	09/19/2019
SPEAG	DAE4	1417	01/25/2019	Annual	01/25/2020
SPEAG	DAE4	648	05/23/2019	Annual	05/23/2020
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3903	09/24/2018	Annual	09/24/2019
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3863	05/15/2019	Annual	05/15/2020
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	7370	08/30/2018	Annual	08/30/2019
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3967	02/01/2019	Annual	02/01/2020
SPEAG	Dipole D835V2	4d165	09/18/2018	Annual	09/18/2019
SPEAG	Dipole D1900V2	5d032	02/21/2019	Annual	02/21/2020
SPEAG	Dipole D2450V2	743	01/28/2019	Annual	01/28/2020
SPEAG	Dipole D2600V2	1015	11/20/2018	Annual	11/20/2019
SPEAG	Dipole D5GHzV2	1253	11/22/2018	Annual	11/22/2019
Agilent	Power Meter E4419B	MY41291386	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
Agilent	Power Meter N1911A	MY45101406	09/06/2018	Annual	09/06/2019

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib.Interval	Calib.Due
Agilent	Power Sensor 8481A	SG1091286	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
Agilent	Power Sensor 8481A	MY41090873	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
Agilent	Power Sensor N1921A	MY55220026	09/06/2018	Annual	09/06/2019
SPEAG	DAKS 3.5	1031	04/16/2019	Annual	04/16/2020
SPEAG	VNA-R140	0050813	03/11/2019	Annual	03/11/2020
Agilent	WIRELESS COMMUNICATION E5515C	MY48361100	10/02/2018	Annual	10/02/2019
Agilent	Signal Generator N5182A	MY47070230	05/08/2019	Annual	05/08/2020
Agilent	11636B/Power Divider	58698	02/28/2019	Annual	03/06/2020
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40331939309	01/29/2019	Annual	01/29/2020
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40331915309	01/29/2019	Annual	01/29/2020
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40331922309	01/29/2019	Annual	01/29/2020
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40331949309	01/29/2019	Annual	01/29/2020
EMPOWER	RF Power Amplifier	1084	07/31/2019	Annual	07/31/2020
MICRO LAB	LP Filter / LA-15N	10453	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
MICRO LAB	LP Filter / LA-30N	-	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
Apitech	Attenuator (3dB) 18B-03	1	06/04/2019	Annual	06/04/2020
Agilent	Attenuator (20dB) 33340C	1642	05/08/2019	Annual	05/08/2020
Agilent	Directional Bridge	3140A03878	06/12/2019	Annual	06/12/2020
Agilent	MXA Signal Analyzer N9020A	MY50510407	10/31/2018	Annual	10/31/2019
HP	Dual Directional Coupler	16072	10/11/2018	Annual	10/11/2019
Anritsu	Radio Communication Tester MT8820C	6201074225	03/05/2019	Annual	03/05/2020
Anritsu	Radio Communication Tester MT8821C	6201502997	08/13/2018	Annual	08/13/2019
R&S	Bluetooth CBT	100272	03/04/2019	Annual	03/04/2020

1. The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The brain/body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the DAKS 3.5 to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain/body-equivalent material.

18. Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 2005.

These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

19. References

- [1] Federal Communications Commission, ET Docket 93-62, Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radio frequency Radiation, Aug. 1996.
- [2] ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 2005 , American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 300 kHz to 300 GHz, New York: IEEE, Sept. 1992
- [3] ANSI/IEEE C 95.1 - 2005, American National Standard safety levels with respect to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz, New York: IEEE, 2006
- [4] ANSI/IEEE C95.3 - 2002, IEEE Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave, New York: December 2002.
- [5] IEEE Standards Coordinating Committee 34 – IEEE Std. 1528-2013, IEEE Recommended Practice or Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Body from Wireless Communications Devices
- [6] NCRP, National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, NCRP Report No. 86, 1986. Reprinted Feb. 1995.
- [7] T. Schmid, O. Egger, N. Kuster, Automated E-field scanning system for dosimetric assessments, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44, Jan. 1996, pp. 105-113.
- [8] K. Pokovic, T. Schmid, N. Kuster, Robust setup for precise calibration of E-field probes in tissue simulating liquids at mobile communications frequencies, ICECOM97, Oct. 1997, pp. 120-124.
- [9] K. Pokovic, T. Schmid, and N. Kuster, E-field Probe with improved isotropy in brain simulating liquids, Proceedings of the ELMAR, Zadar, Croatia, June 23-25, 1996, pp. 172-175.
- [10] Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Application Note: Data Storage and Evaluation, June 1998, p2.
- [11] V. Hombach, K. Meier, M. Burkhardt, E. Kuhn, N. Kuster, The Dependence of EM Energy Absorption upon Human Head Modeling at 900 MHz, IEEE Transaction on Microwave Theory and Techniques, vol. 44 no. 10, Oct. 1996, pp. 1865-1873.
- [12] N. Kuster and Q. Balzano, Energy absorption mechanism by biological bodies in the near field of dipole antennas above 300 MHz, IEEE Transaction on Vehicular Technology, vol. 41, no. 1, Feb. 1992, pp. 17-23.
- [13] G. Hartsgrove, A. Kraszewski, A. Surowiec, Simulated Biological Materials for Electromagnetic Radiation Absorption Studies, University of Ottawa, Bioelectro magnetics, Canada: 1987, pp. 29-36.
- [14] Q. Balzano, O. Garay, T. Manning Jr., Electromagnetic Energy Exposure of Simulated Users of Portable Cellular Telephones, IEEE Transactions on Vehicular Technology, vol. 44, no.3, Aug. 1995.
- [15] W. Gander, Computer mathematick, Birkhaeuser, Basel, 1992.

- [16] W.H. Press, S.A. Teukolsky, W.T. Vetterling, and B.P. Flannery, Numerical Recipes in C, The Art of Scientific Computing, Second edition, Cambridge University Press, 1992.
- [17] N. Kuster, R. Kastle, T. Schmid, Dosimetric evaluation of mobile communications equipment with known precision, IEEE Transaction on Communications, vol. E80-B, no. 5, May 1997, pp. 645-652.
- [18] CENELEC CLC/SC111B, European Prestandard (prENV 50166-2), Human Exposure to Electromagnetic Fields High-frequency: 10 kHz-300 GHz, Jan. 1995.
- [19] Prof. Dr. Niels Kuster, ETH, Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich, Dosimetric Evaluation of the Cellular Phone.
- [20] IEC 62209-1, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation and procedures – Part 1: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz), July. 2016..
- [21] IEC 62209-2, Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures – Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz) Mar. 2010.
- [22] Industry Canada RSS-102 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radio Communication Apparatus (All Frequency Band) Issue 5, March 2015.
- [23] Health Canada Safety Code 6 Limits of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields in the Frequency Range from 3 kHz – 300 GHz, 2009
- [24] FCC SAR Test procedures for 2G-3G Devices, Mobile Hotspot and UMPC Device KDB 941225 D01.
- [25] SAR Measurement Guidance for IEEE 802.11 transmitters, KDB 248227 D01v02r02
- [26] SAR Evaluation of Handsets with Multiple Transmitters and Antennas KDB 648474 D03, D04.
- [27] SAR Evaluation for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet computers KDB 616217 D04.
- [28] SAR Measurement and Reporting Requirements for 100 MHz – 6 GHz, KDB 865664 D01, D02.
- [29] FCC General RF Exposure Guidance and SAR procedures for Dongles, KDB 447498 D01,D02.

Attachment 1. – SAR Test Plots

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019
 Plot No.: 1

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.922$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.974$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.25, 10.25, 10.25); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

GSM850 Head Right Touch 190ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.193 W/kg

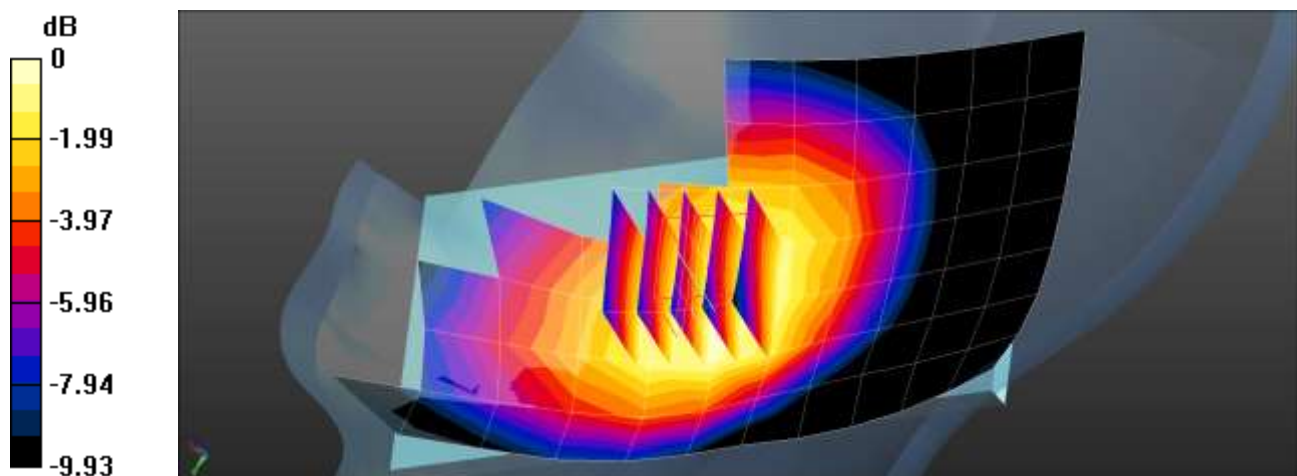
GSM850 Head Right Touch 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.234 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.208 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.160 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.121 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.190 W/kg



0 dB = 0.190 W/kg = -7.21 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: 07/24/2019
 Plot No.: 2

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.375 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.764$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7370; ConvF(8.13, 8.13, 8.13); Calibrated: 2018-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

GSM1900 Head Left Touch 661ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.184 W/kg

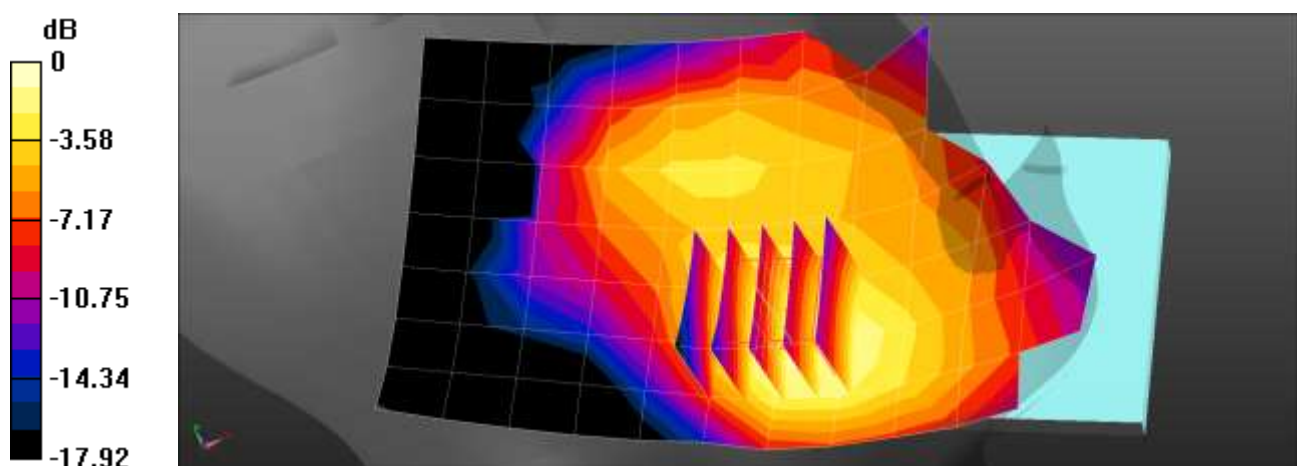
GSM1900 Head Left Touch 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.501 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.224 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.143 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.194 W/kg



0 dB = 0.194 W/kg = -7.12 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019
 Plot No.: 3

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.922 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.974$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.25, 10.25, 10.25); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

WCDMA band 5 Head Right Touch 4183ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.291 W/kg

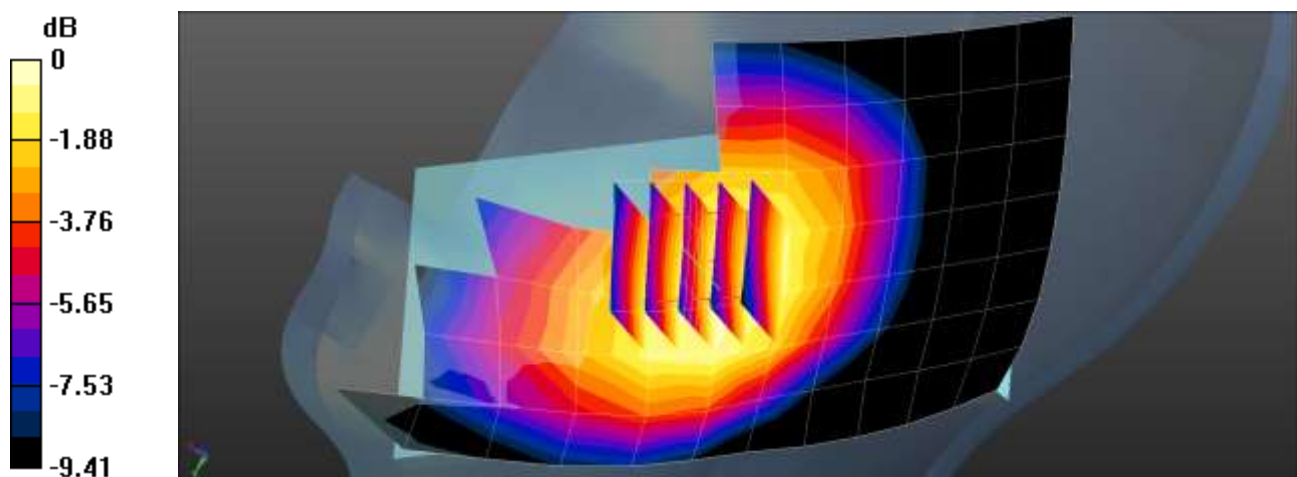
WCDMA band 5 Head Right Touch 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.255 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.315 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.243 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.289 W/kg



0 dB = 0.289 W/kg = -5.39 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.0 °C
 Test Date: 07/24/2019
 Plot No.: 4

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.375$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.764$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7370; ConvF(8.13, 8.13, 8.13); Calibrated: 2018-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

WCDMA band 2 Head Left Touch 9400ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.621 W/kg

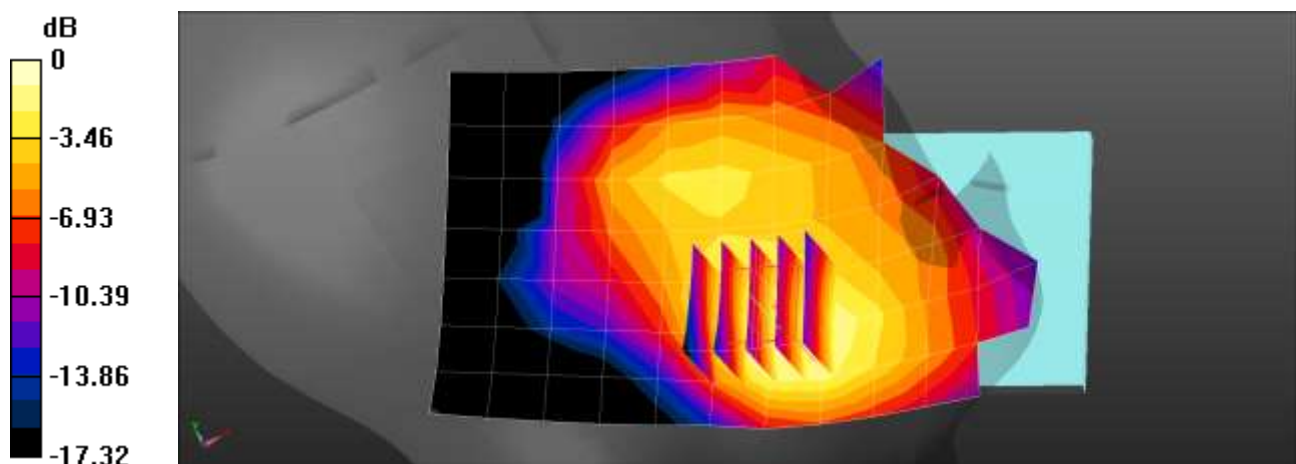
WCDMA band 2 Head Left Touch 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.636 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.743 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.466 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.289 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.630 W/kg



0 dB = 0.630 W/kg = -2.01 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019
 Plot No.: 5

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

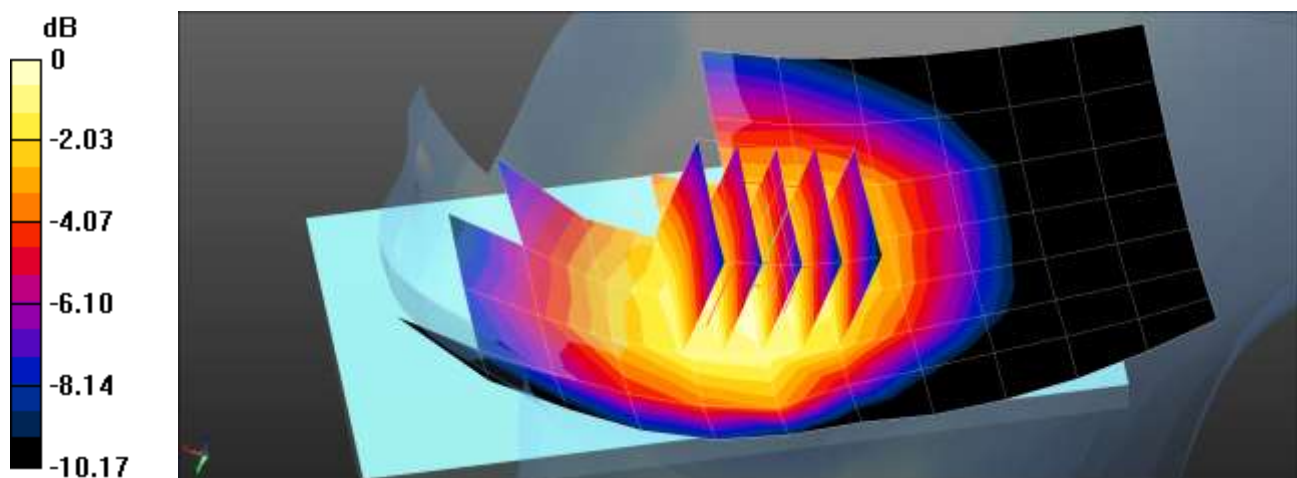
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.922 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.976$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.25, 10.25, 10.25); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 5 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid:
 $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.264 W/kg

LTE band 5 Head Right Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 2.675 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.285 W/kg
 $\text{SAR}(1 \text{ g}) = 0.222 \text{ W/kg}$; $\text{SAR}(10 \text{ g}) = 0.168 \text{ W/kg}$



0 dB = 0.264 W/kg = -5.78 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.2 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.4 °C
 Test Date: 08/15/2019
 Plot No.: 6

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 (0); Frequency: 2593 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58052
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2593$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.068$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03) @ 2549.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-02-01
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0_20171017(Left2)
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

SM-A507FN/LTE Band 41 Head Right Touch QPSK 50RB 0offset 40620ch Back-off/Area Scan (10x16x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg

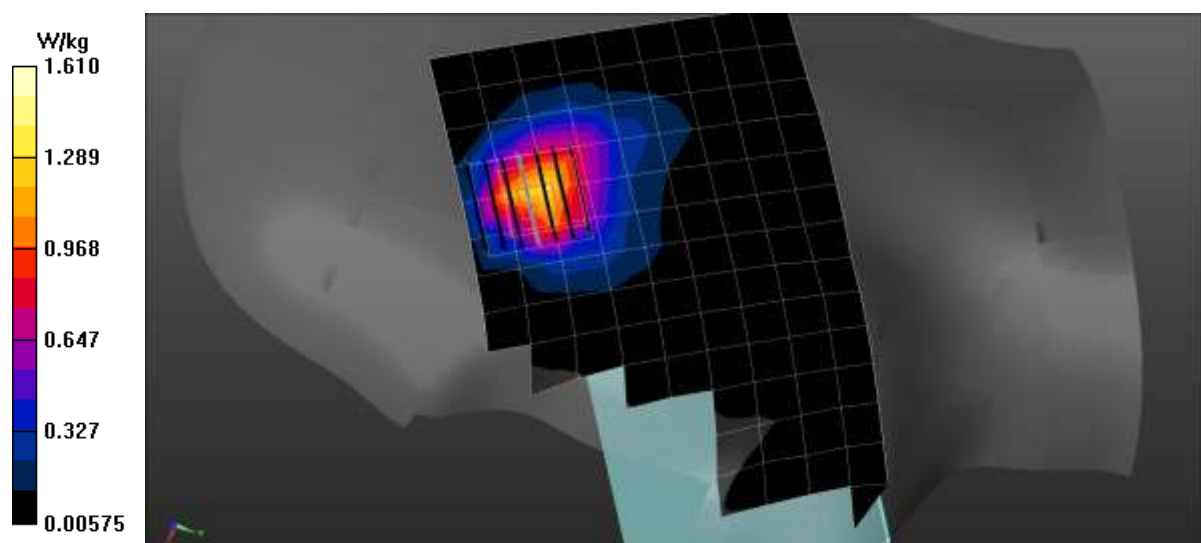
SM-A507FN/LTE Band 41 Head Right Touch QPSK 50RB 0offset 40620ch Back-off/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.337 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.897 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.411 W/kg



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/29/2019
 Plot No.: 7

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.784$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.434$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11b Head Left Tilt 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.328 W/kg

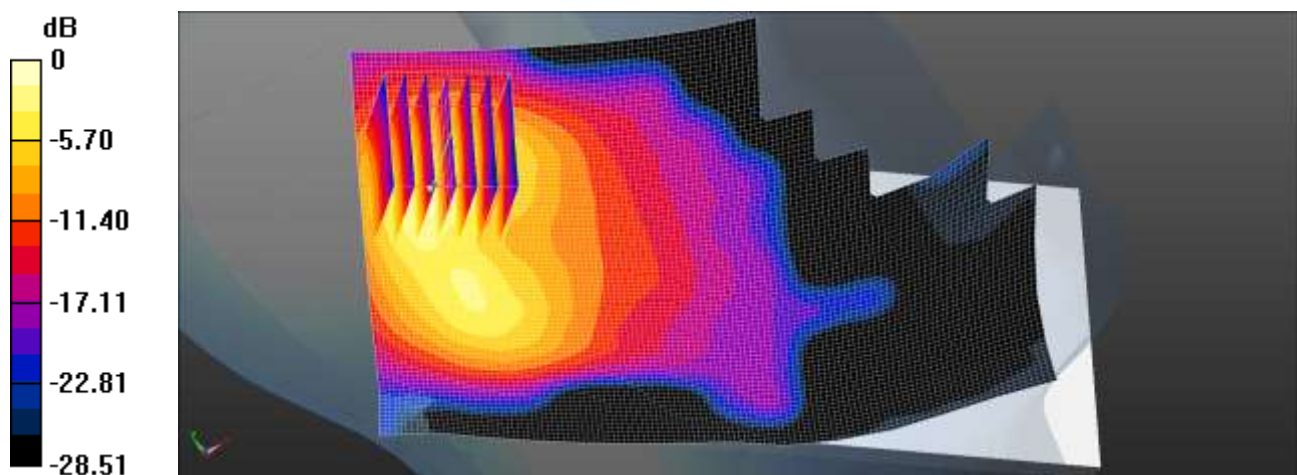
802.11b Head Left Tilt 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.352 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.498 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.210 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.091 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.375 W/kg



0 dB = 0.375 W/kg = -4.26 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.0 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.2 °C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019
 Plot No.: 8

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.092 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.878$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

802.11a Head Left Tilt 6Mbps 144ch/Area Scan (101x181x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg

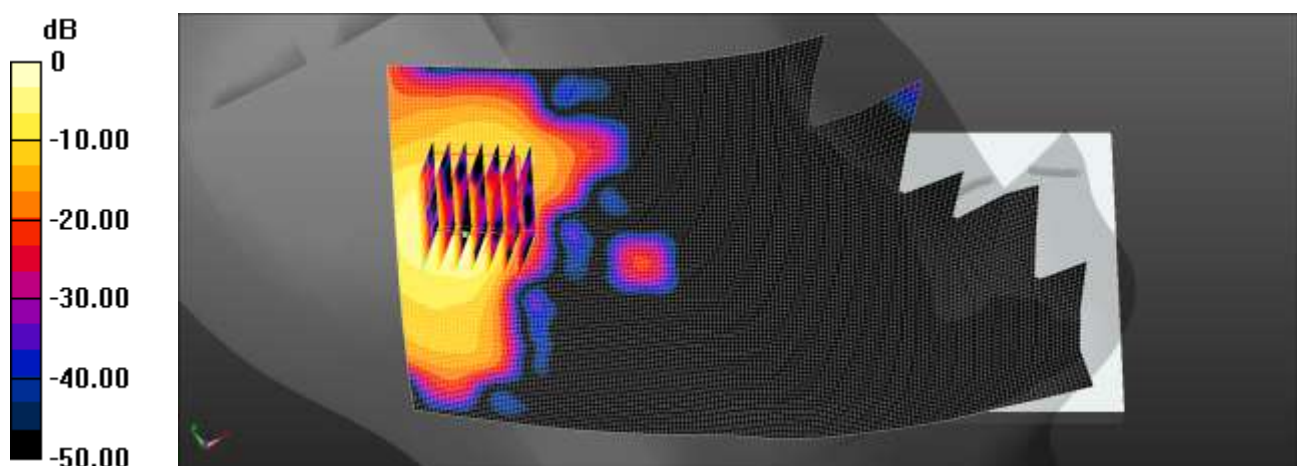
802.11a Head Left Tilt 6Mbps 144ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio:1.4

Reference Value = 11.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.381 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.963 W/kg



0 dB = 1.12 W/kg = 0.48 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/29/2019
 Plot No.: 9

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.3
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2441 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.786 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.412$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Bluetooth Head Left Tilt DH5 39ch/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0440 W/kg

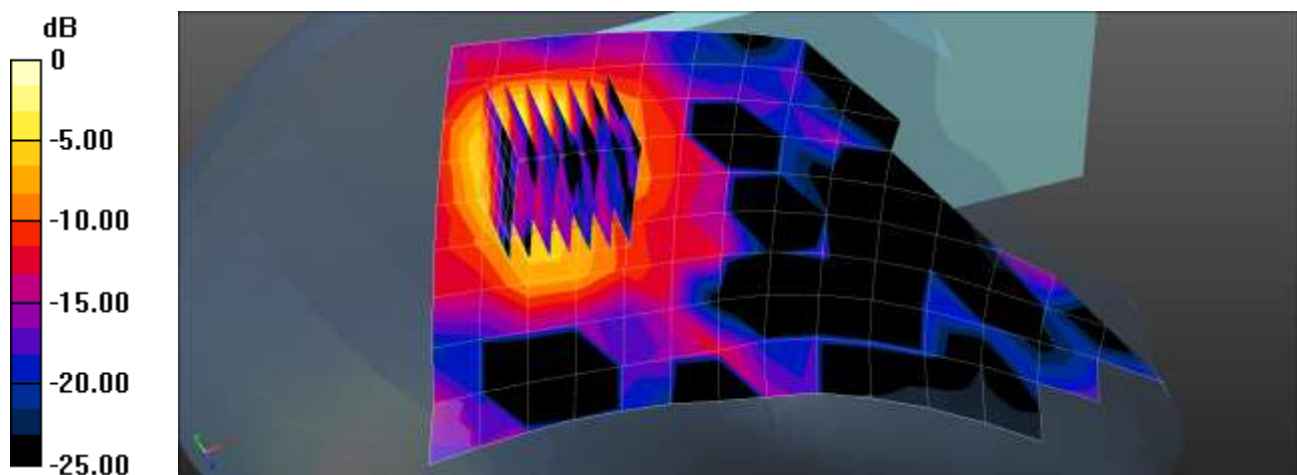
Bluetooth Head Left Tilt DH5 39ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.192 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0600 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0511 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0511 W/kg = -12.92 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/25/2019
 Plot No.: 10

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

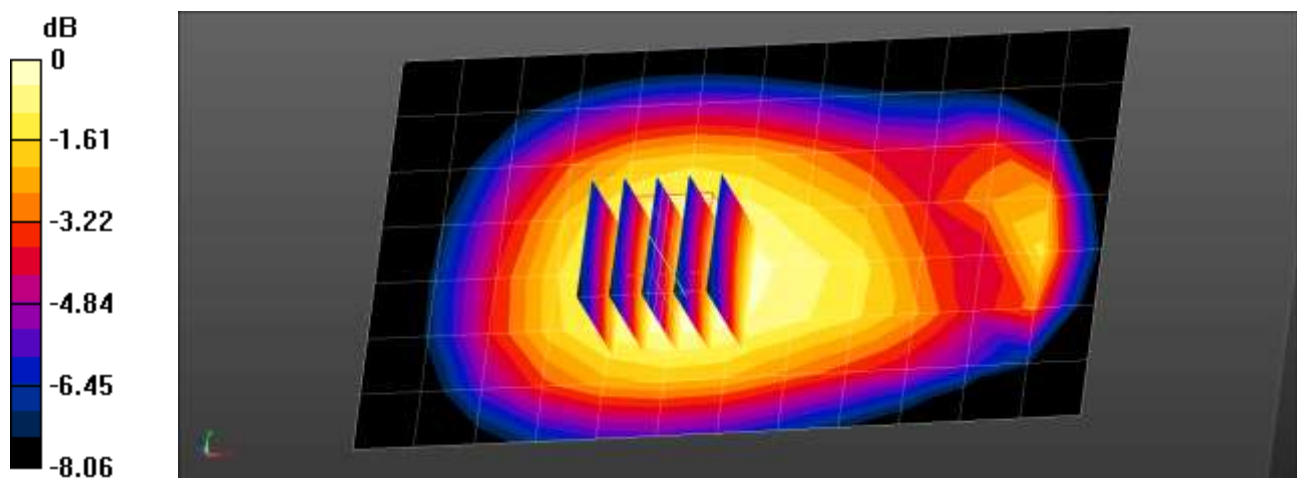
Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 1Tx (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.961$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.397$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

GSM850 Body Rear 190ch body worn/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.224 W/kg

GSM850 Body Rear 190ch body worn/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 15.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.244 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.195 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 W/kg



0 dB = 0.224 W/kg = -6.50 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 11

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 1Tx (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.532 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.687$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

GSM1900 Body Rear body worn 661ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.225 W/kg

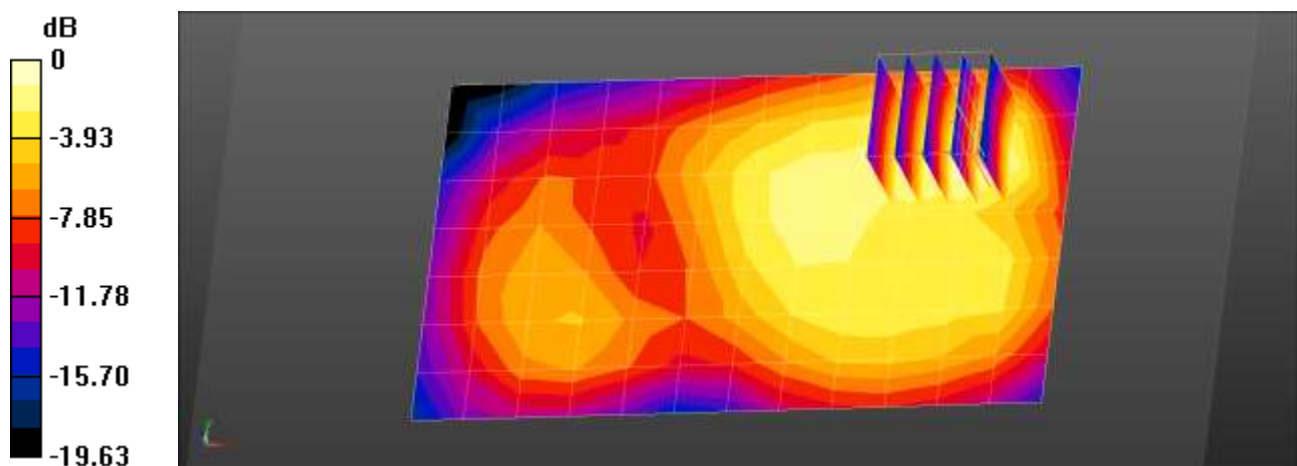
GSM1900 Body Rear body worn 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.780 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.294 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.241 W/kg



0 dB = 0.241 W/kg = -6.18 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/25/2019
 Plot No.: 12

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

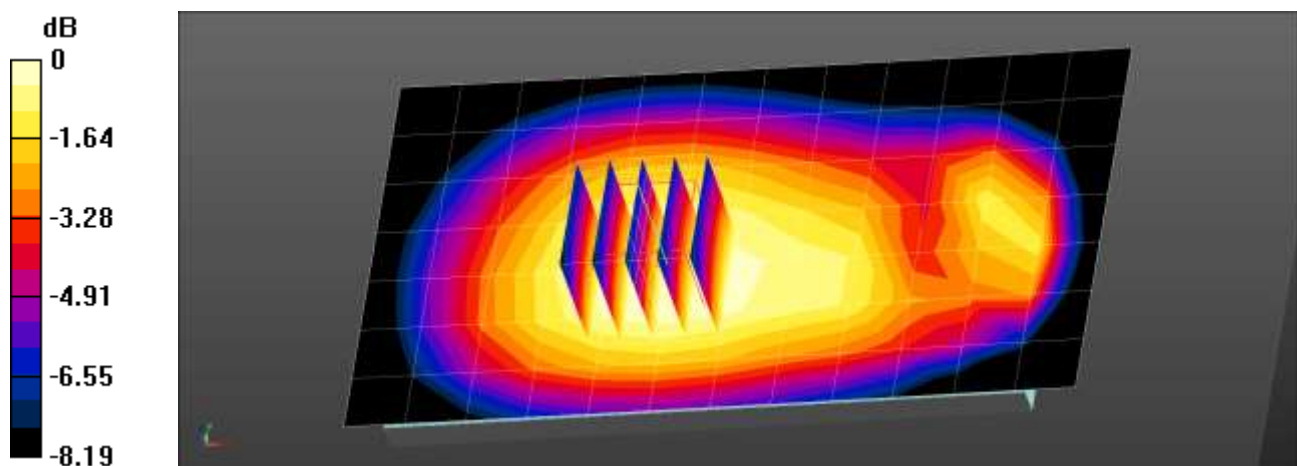
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.961$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.397$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

WCDMA band 5 Body Rear 4183ch body worn/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.265 W/kg

WCDMA band 5 Body Rear 4183ch body worn/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 16.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.288 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.231 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 W/kg



0 dB = 0.265 W/kg = -5.77 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 13

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.532 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.687$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

WCDMA band 2 Body Rear 9400ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.674 W/kg

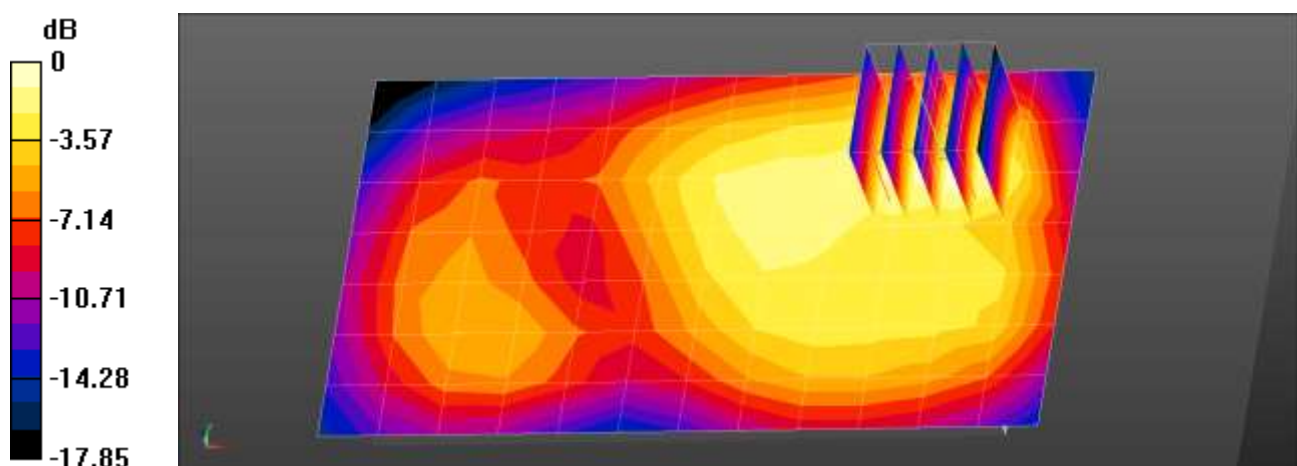
WCDMA band 2 Body Rear 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.827 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.472 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.265 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.671 W/kg



0 dB = 0.671 W/kg = -1.73 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 14

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

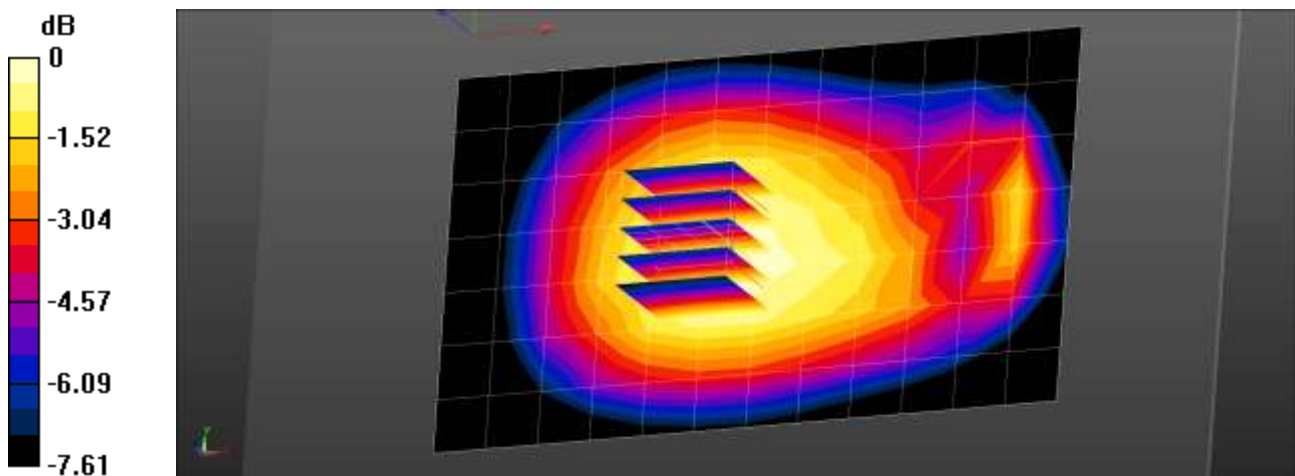
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.963 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.246$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10, 10, 10); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.323 W/kg

LTE band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:
 $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 19.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.355 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.277 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.328 W/kg



0 dB = 0.328 W/kg = -4.84 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 15

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.963$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.246$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10, 10, 10); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 25RB 12offset 20525ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 W/kg

LTE band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 25RB 12offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

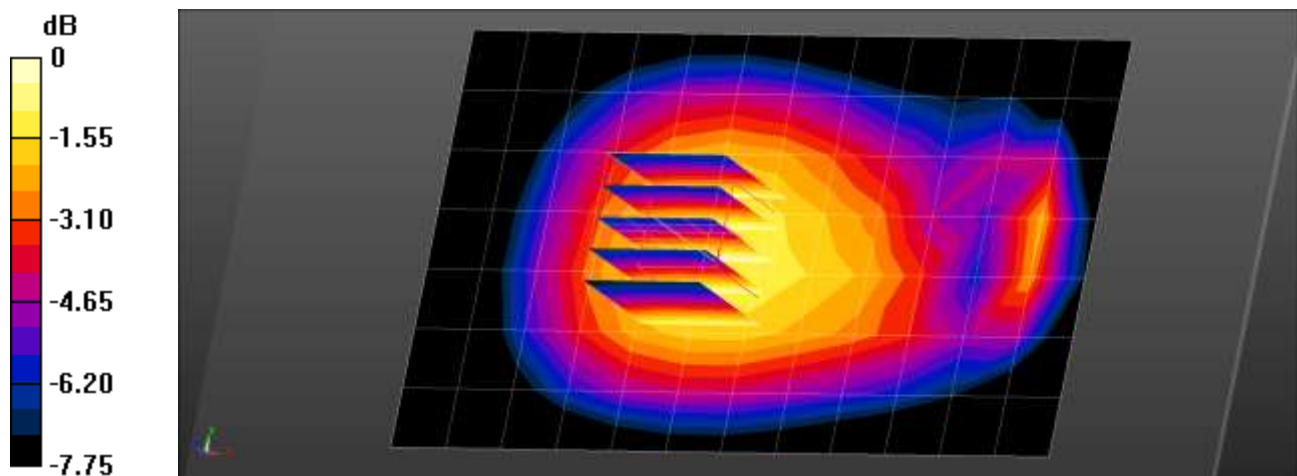
$dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 17.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.357 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.276 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.331 W/kg



0 dB = 0.331 W/kg = -4.80 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.6 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 08/05/2019
 Plot No.: 16

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

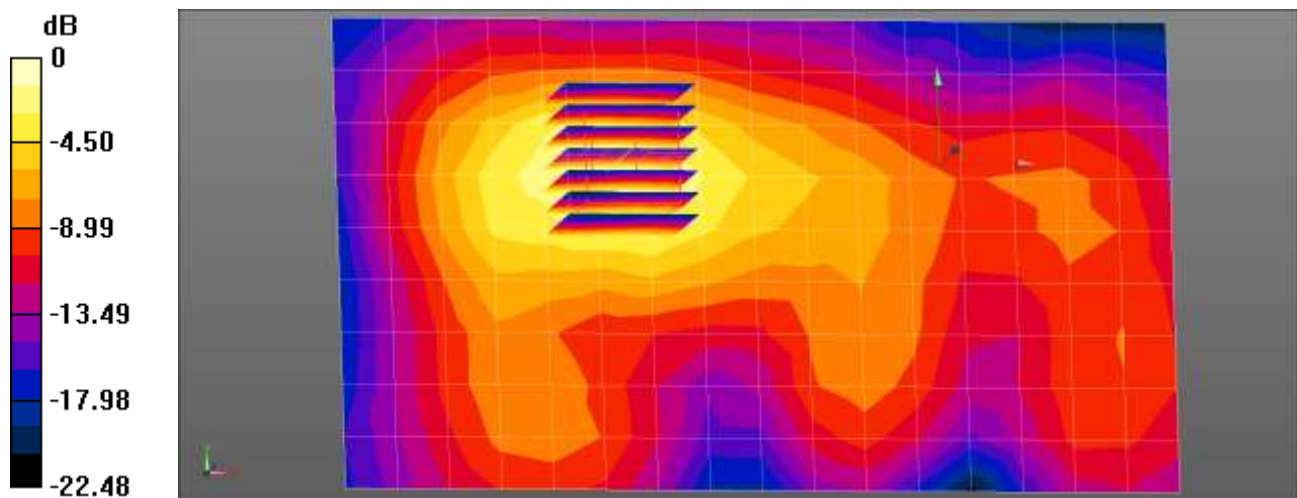
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 (0); Frequency: 2549.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58052
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2550$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.063$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.371$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11) @ 2549.5 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-02-01
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

LTE Band 41 Bodyworn Rear 1RB 0offset 40185ch Max/Area Scan (17x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.705 W/kg

LTE Band 41 Bodyworn Rear 1RB 0offset 40185ch Max/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 7.299 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.931 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.442 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.728 W/kg



0 dB = 0.728 W/kg = -1.38 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 17

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

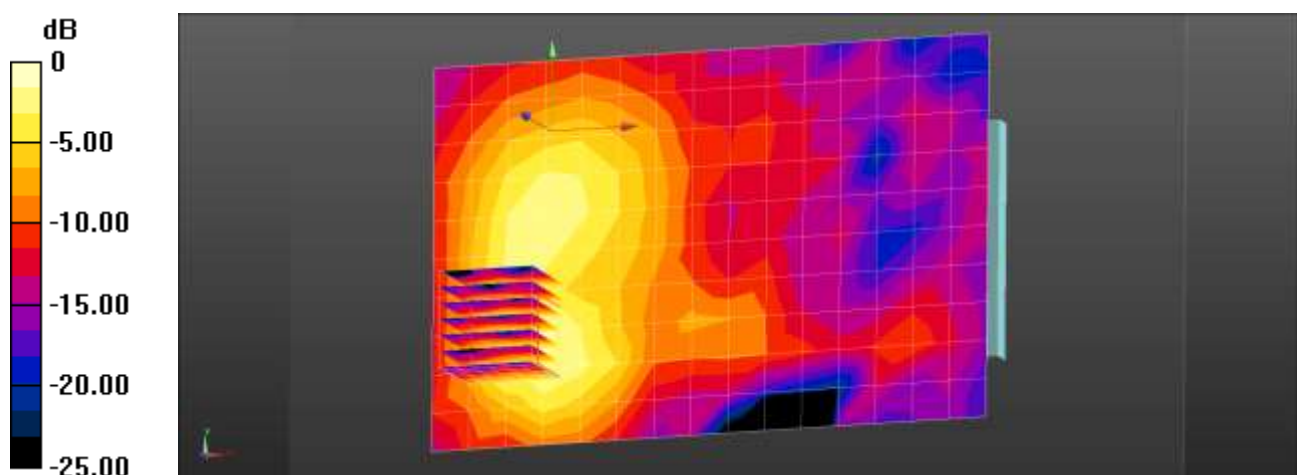
Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz KCC (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.934$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.705$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

802.11b Body Rearworn 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (16x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0876 W/kg

802.11b Body Rearworn 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 1.635 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.121 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.060 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.030 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0964 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0964 W/kg = -10.16 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
 Test Date: 08/01/2019
 Plot No.: 18

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.402$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.868$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 60ch/Area Scan (181x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.666 W/kg

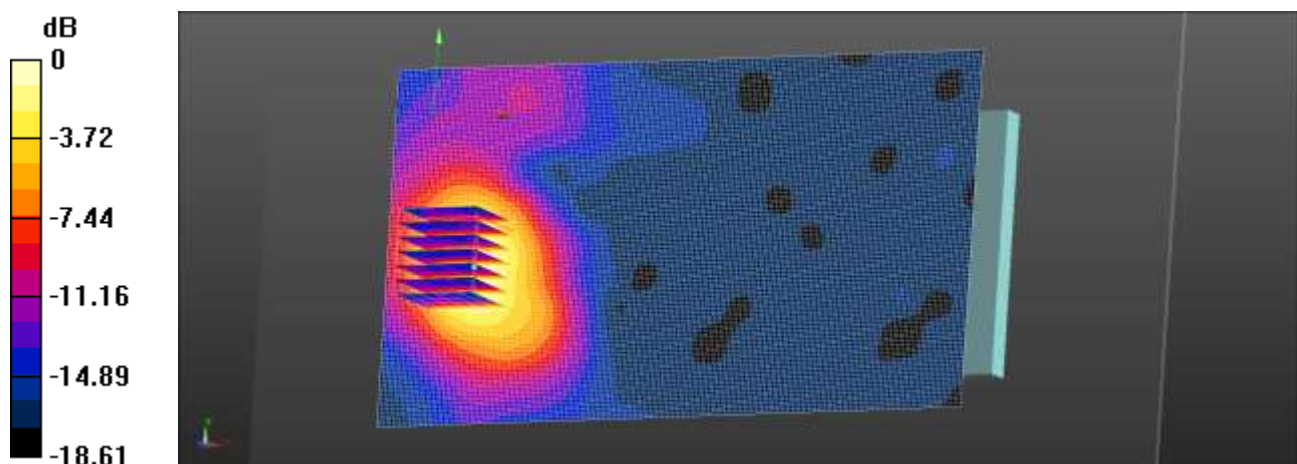
802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 60ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm ; Graded Ratio:1.4

Reference Value = 1.373 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.308 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.662 W/kg



0 dB = 0.666 W/kg = -1.76 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 19

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.3
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.936$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.686$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Bluetooth Bodyworn Rear DH5 39ch/Area Scan (16x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00782 W/kg

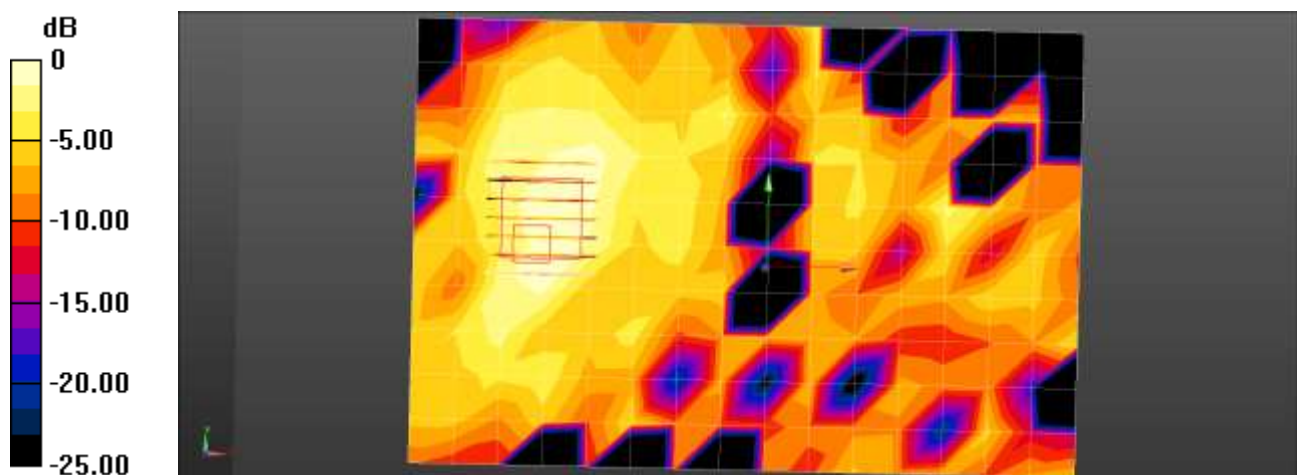
Bluetooth Bodyworn Rear DH5 39ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.1280 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0130 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00373 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00121 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00690 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00690 W/kg = -21.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/25/2019
 Plot No.: 20

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, GSM 850 4Tx (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.07491
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.961$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.397$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

GSM850 Body Rear 4Tx 190ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 W/kg

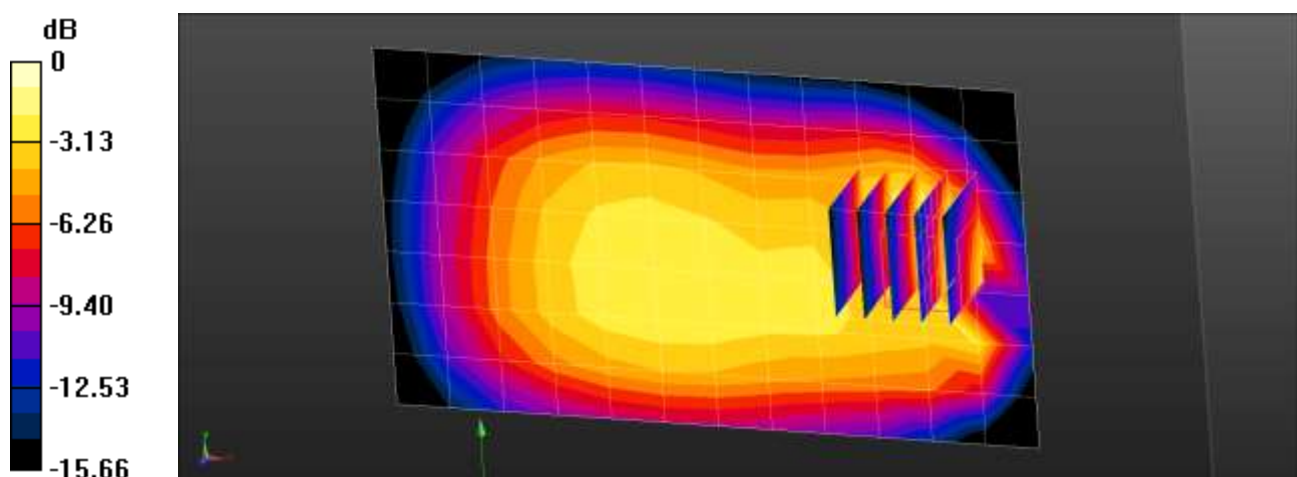
GSM850 Body Rear 4Tx 190ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.711 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.391 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.587 W/kg



0 dB = 0.587 W/kg = -2.31 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 21

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

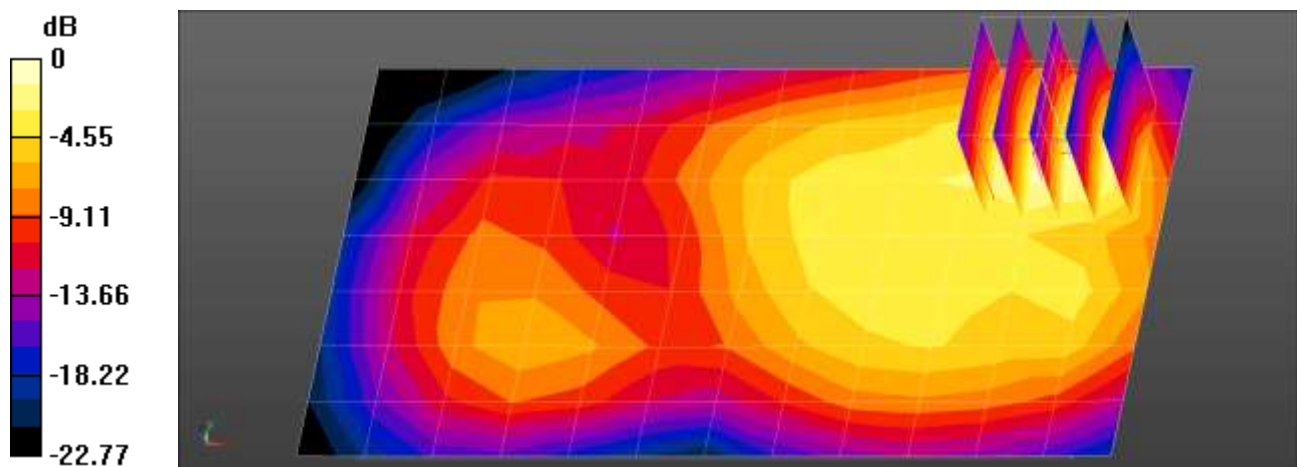
Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 3Tx (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77013
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.532$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.687$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

GSM1900 Body Rear 3Tx 661ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.409 W/kg

GSM1900 Body Rear 3Tx 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 8.259 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.652 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.355 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.541 W/kg



0 dB = 0.541 W/kg = -2.67 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/25/2019
 Plot No.: 22

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

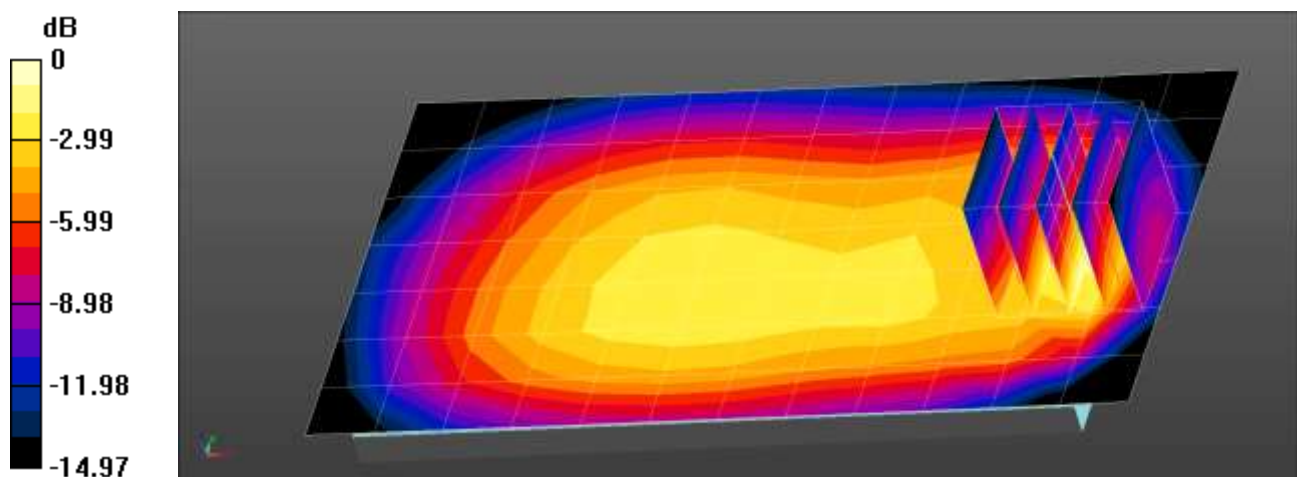
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.961$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.397$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

WCDMA band 5 Body Rear 4183ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.452 W/kg

WCDMA band 5 Body Rear 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 19.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.715 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.399 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.558 W/kg



0 dB = 0.558 W/kg = -2.53 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 23

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.532$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.687$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

WCDMA band 2 Body Rear 9400ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.927 W/kg

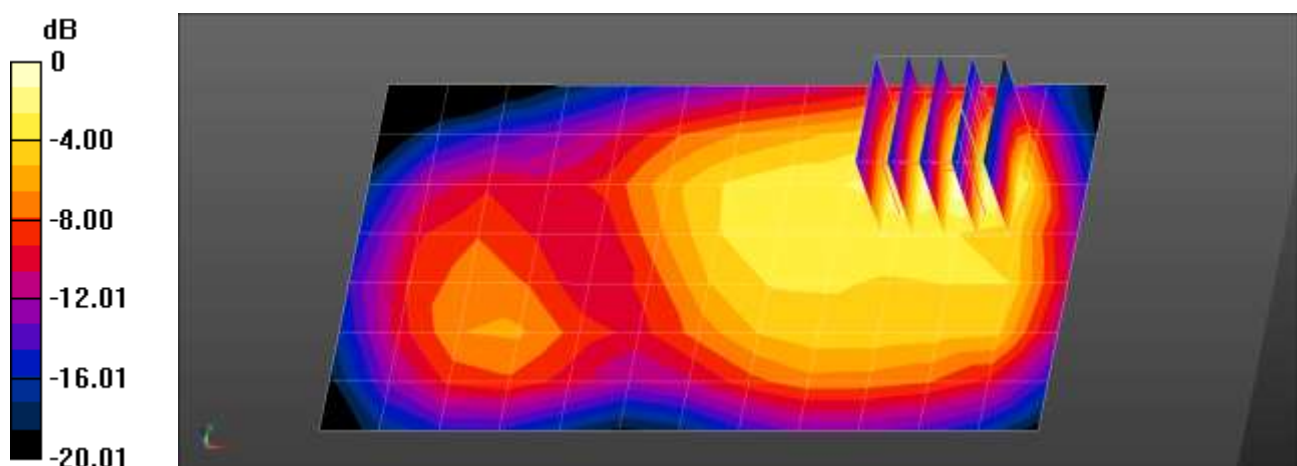
WCDMA band 2 Body Rear 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.632 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.905 W/kg



0 dB = 0.905 W/kg = -0.43 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 24

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

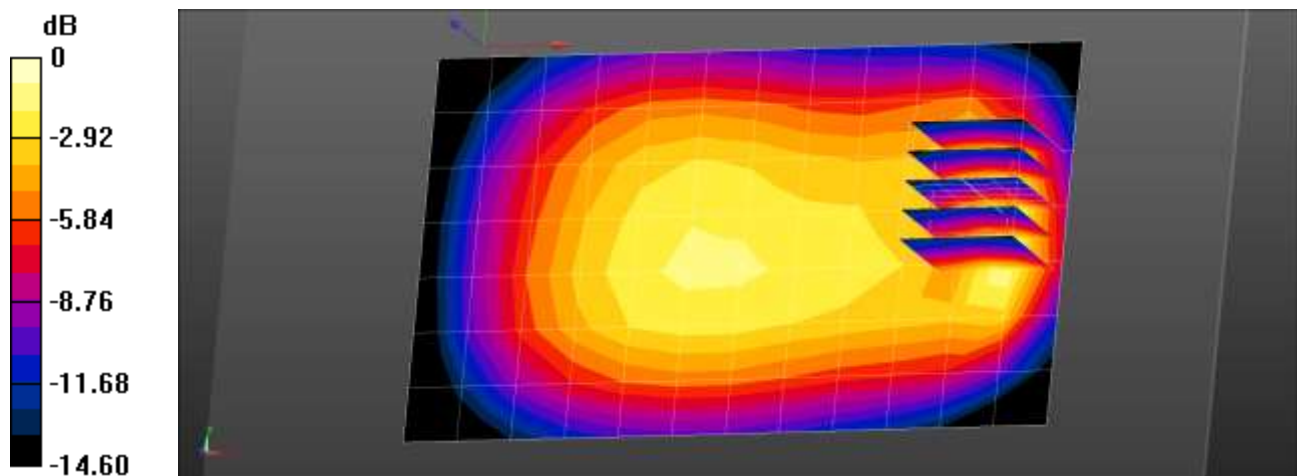
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.963$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.246$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10, 10, 10); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.504 W/kg

LTE band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 19.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.730 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.389 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.607 W/kg



0 dB = 0.607 W/kg = -2.17 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 25

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.963 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.246$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10, 10, 10); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 25RB 12offset 20525ch/Area Scan (13x8x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 W/kg

LTE band 5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 25RB 12offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

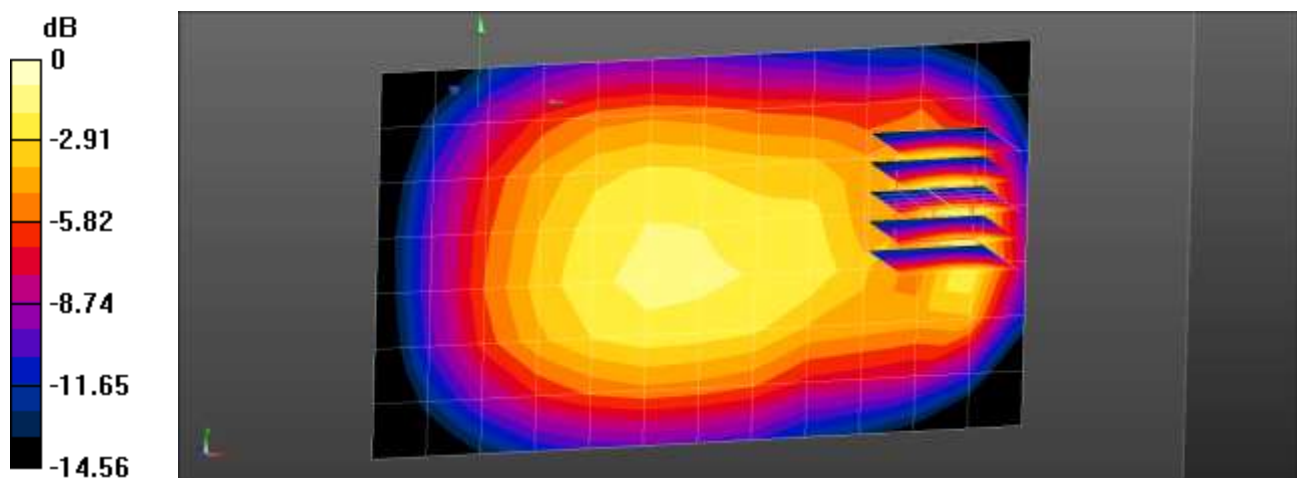
$dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.704 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.586 W/kg



0 dB = 0.586 W/kg = -2.32 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.6 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 08/05/2019
 Plot No.: 26

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

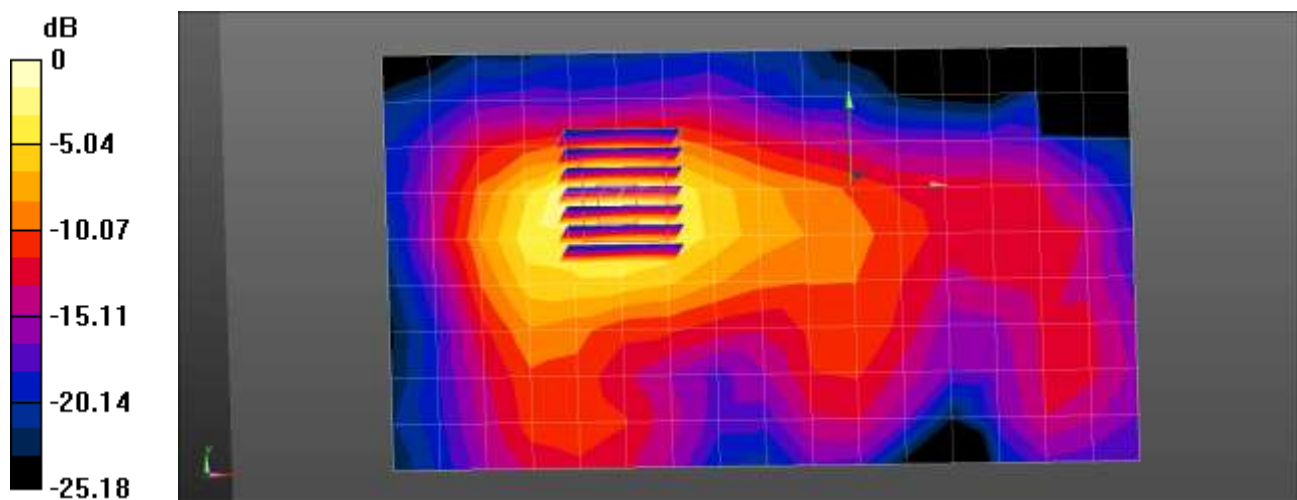
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 (0); Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58052
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2506$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.018$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.517$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11) @ 2506 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-02-01
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

LTE Band 41 Body Rear QPSK 50RB 49offset 39750ch Back-off/Area Scan (17x10x1): Measurement grid:
 $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg

LTE Band 41 Body Rear QPSK 50RB 49offset 39750ch Back-off/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
 Reference Value = 7.729 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.674 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



0 dB = 1.20 W/kg = 0.79 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.6 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
 Test Date: 08/05/2019
 Plot No.: 27

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

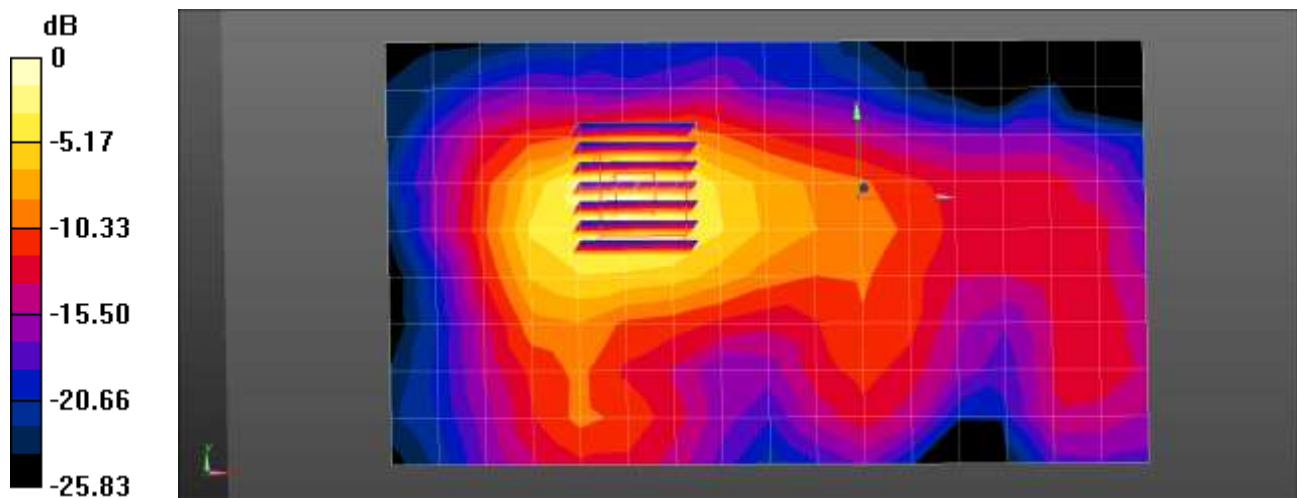
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 (0); Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58052
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2506$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.018$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.517$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11) @ 2506 MHz; Calibrated: 2019-02-01
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

LTE Band 41 Body Rear 100RB Offset 39750ch Back-off/Area Scan (17x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg

LTE Band 41 Body Rear 100RB Offset 39750ch Back-off/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 7.537 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.665 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



0 dB = 1.20 W/kg = 0.79 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 28

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

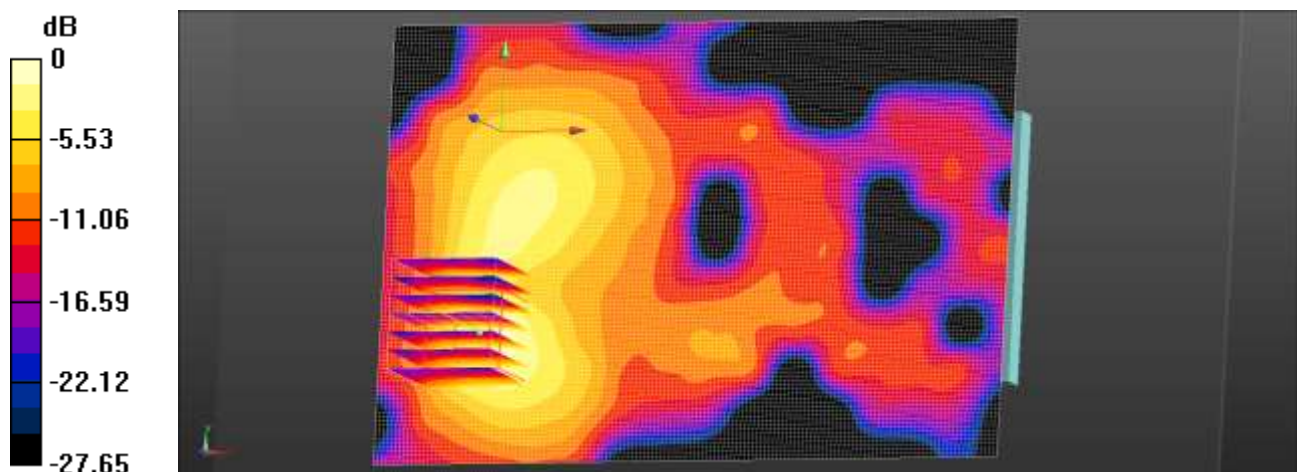
Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz KCC (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.934$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.705$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (151x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.197 W/kg

802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 2.211 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.263 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.121 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 W/kg



0 dB = 0.208 W/kg = -6.82 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.1 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
 Test Date: 08/01/2019
 Plot No.: 29

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.94 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.613$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 157ch/Area Scan (181x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

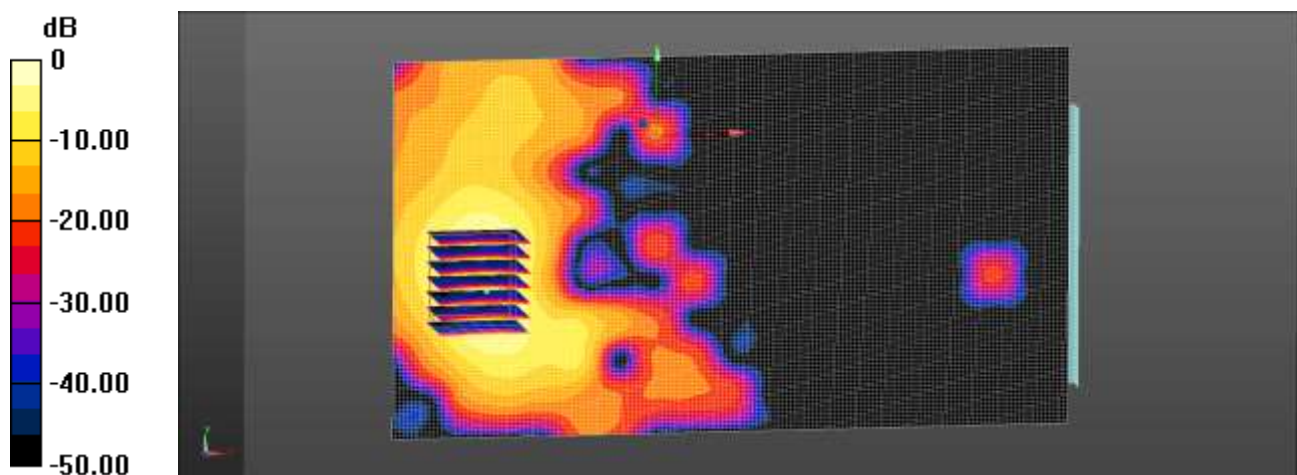
802.11a Body Rear 6Mbps 157ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio:1.4

Reference Value = 0.8620 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.483 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.162 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.23 W/kg = 0.90 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019
 Plot No.: 30

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

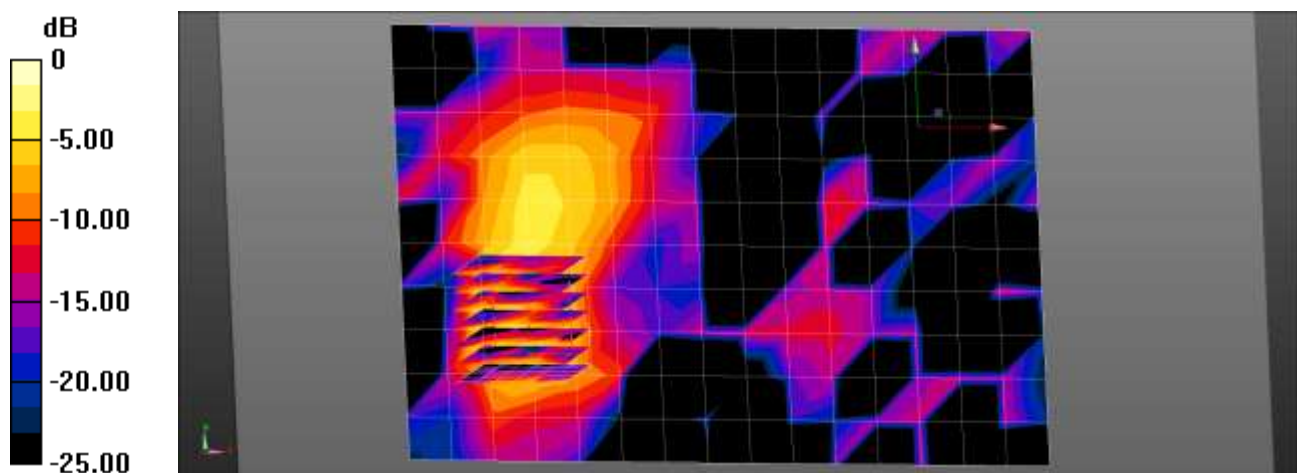
Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.3
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2441 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.936 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.686$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Bluetooth Body Rear DH5 39ch/Area Scan (16x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0246 W/kg

Bluetooth Body Rear DH5 39ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 0.2520 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0380 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.019 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.0063 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0332 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0332 W/kg = -14.79 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019
 Plot No.: 31

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

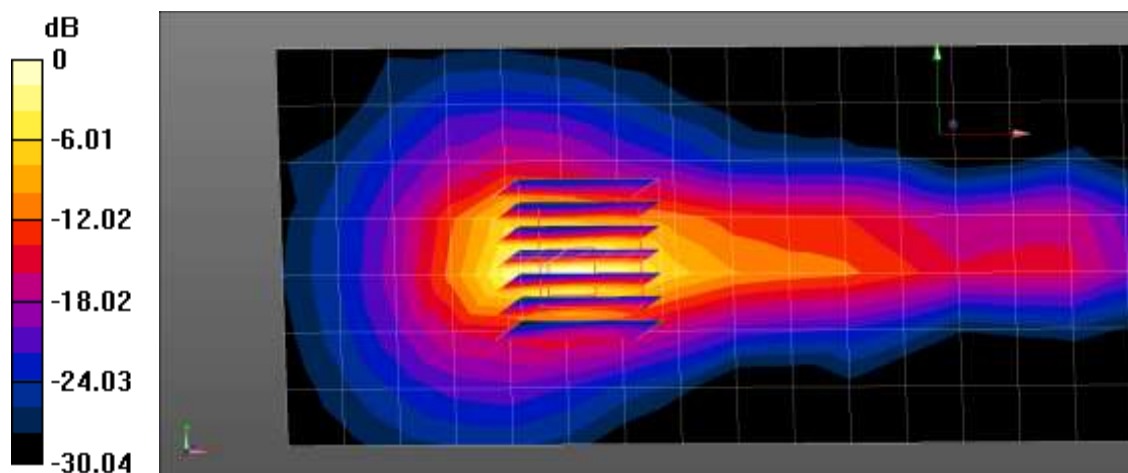
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band41 (0); Frequency: 2506 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58052
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2506$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.018$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.517$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

LTE Band 41 Phablet SAR Left side 1RB 99offset 39750ch Max/Area Scan (17x8x1): Measurement grid:
 $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 W/kg

LTE Band 41 Phablet SAR Left side 1RB 99offset 39750ch Max/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement
 grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
 Reference Value = 24.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.16 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 W/kg



0 dB = 11.2 W/kg = 10.49 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 21.6 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 21.9 °C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019
 Plot No.: 32

DUT: SM-A507FN/DS; Type: Bar

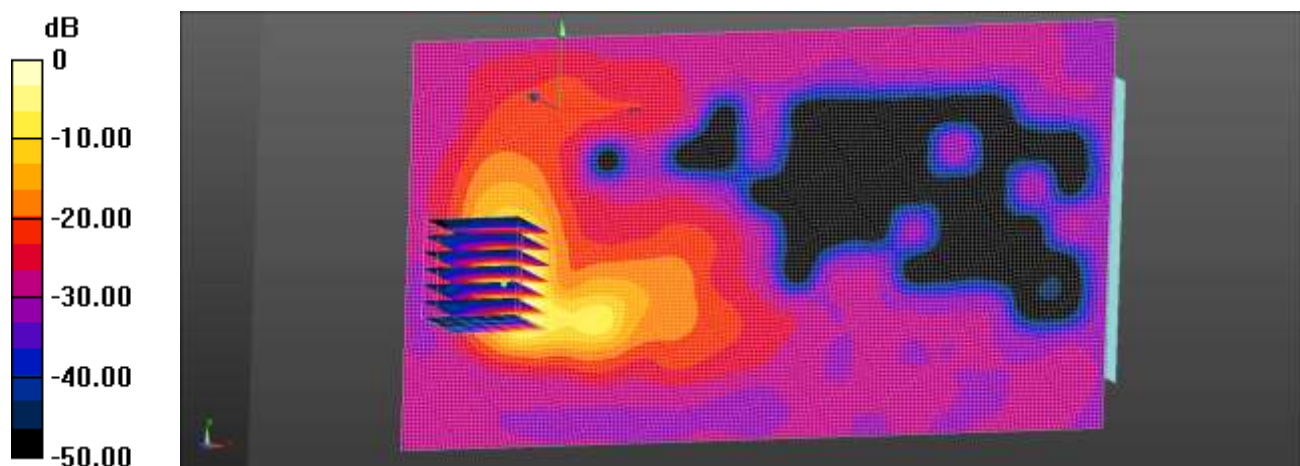
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.108 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.352$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11a Phablet SAR Rear side 6Mbps 144ch/Area Scan (181x101x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.000 \text{ mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.3 W/kg

802.11a Phablet SAR Rear side 6Mbps 144ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio:1.4
 Reference Value = 1.059 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 48.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 6.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.21 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.7 W/kg



0 dB = 12.3 W/kg = 10.90 dBW/kg

Attachment 2. – Dipole Verification Plots

■ Verification Data (835 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power: 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 21.6 °C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz ; Type: D835V2

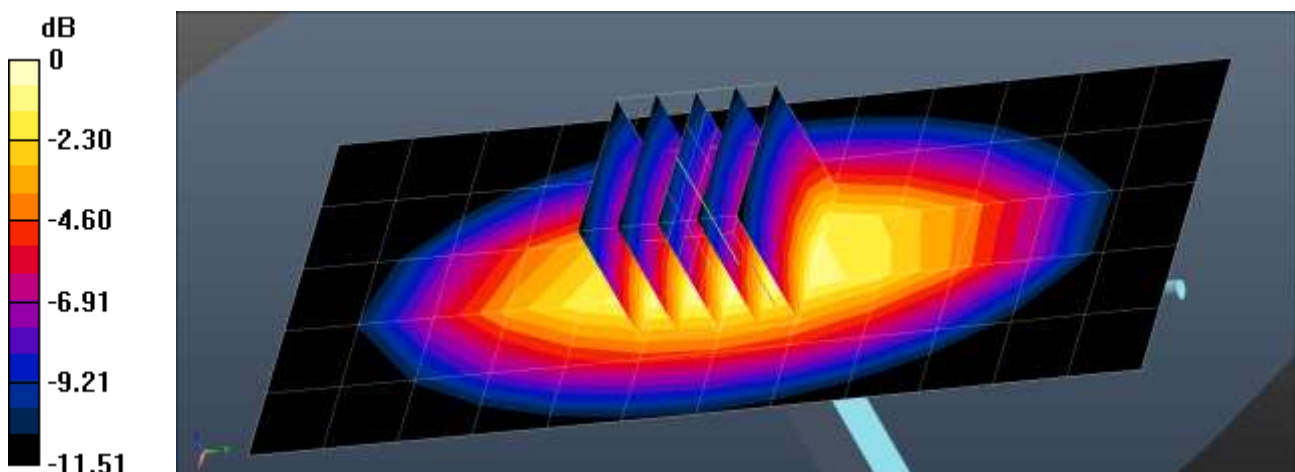
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.92 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.998$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10.25, 10.25, 10.25); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: SAM with CRP
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Dipole/835 Head Verification/Area Scan (6x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.589 W/kg

Dipole/835 Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 27.77 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.767 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.474 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.662 W/kg



0 dB = 0.662 W/kg = -1.79 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (835 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power: 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/25/2019

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz ; Type: D835V2

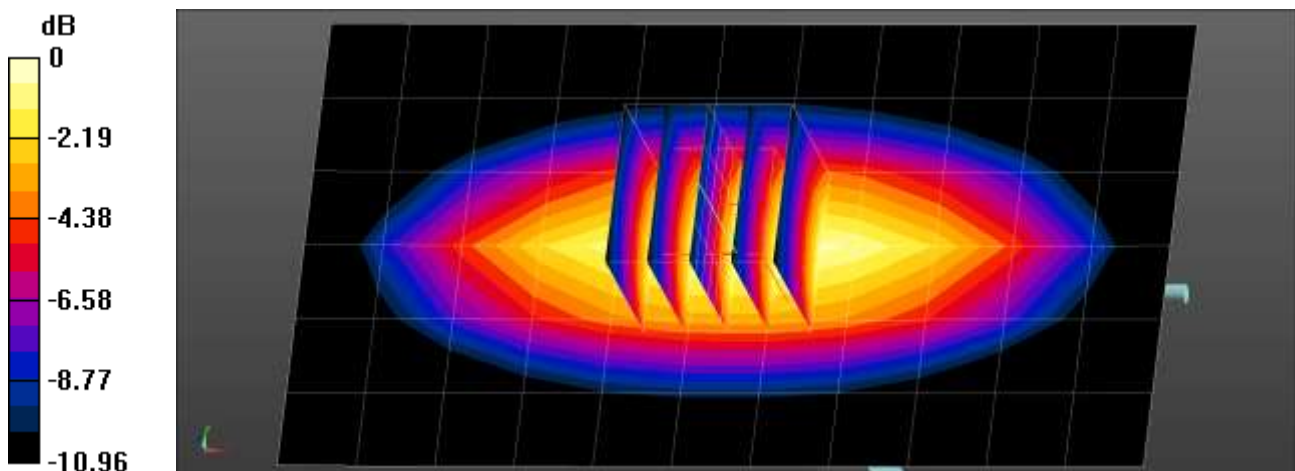
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.959 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.402$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Dipole/835 MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.643 W/kg

Dipole/835 MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 27.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.759 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.483 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.664 W/kg



0 dB = 0.664 W/kg = -1.78 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (835 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 20.5 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2

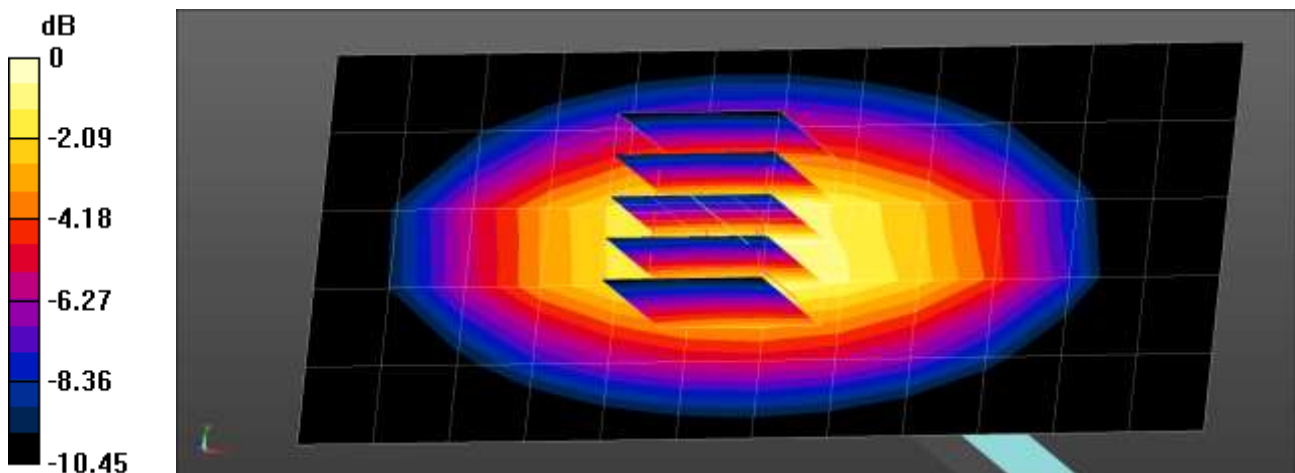
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.961 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.254$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(10, 10, 10); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

835MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (13x6x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 W/kg

835MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
 Reference Value = 26.75 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.698 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.458 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.301 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.618 W/kg



0 dB = 0.618 W/kg = -2.09 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 20.8 °C
 Test Date: 07/24/2019

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz ; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.397 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.699$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7370; ConvF(8.13, 8.13, 8.13); Calibrated: 2018-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2019-01-25
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Dipole/1 900 MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.21 W/kg

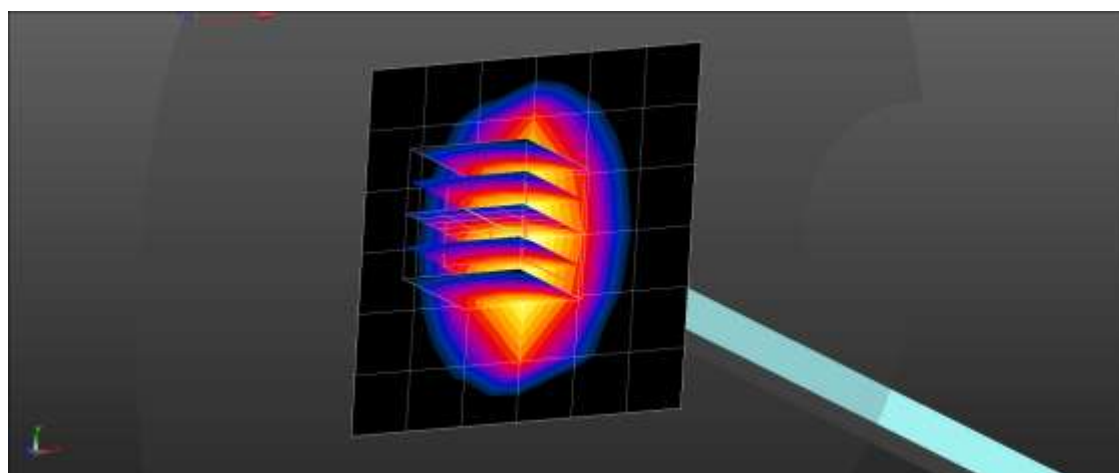
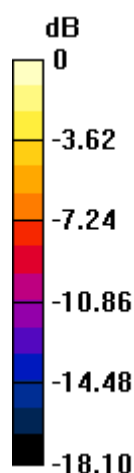
Dipole/1 900 MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 50.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.18 W/kg



0 dB = 3.18 W/kg = 5.02 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 20.5°C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.556$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.604$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Dipole/1 900 MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.16 W/kg

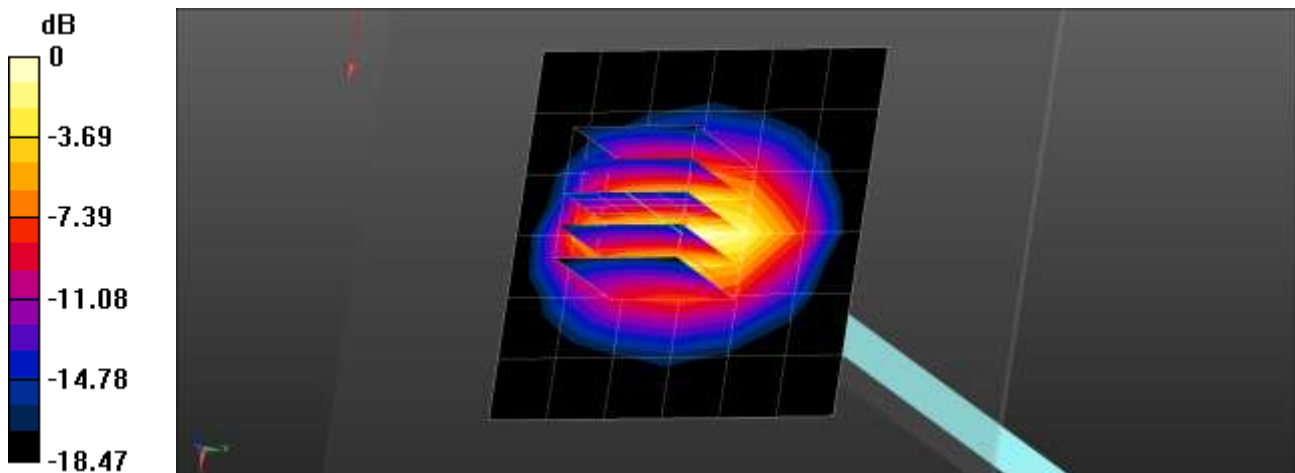
Dipole/1 900 MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.49 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.84 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.19 W/kg



0 dB = 3.19 W/kg = 5.04 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 21.5 °C
 Test Date: 07/29/2019

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz ; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.79$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.405$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.61, 7.61, 7.61); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Dipole/2450MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.06 W/kg

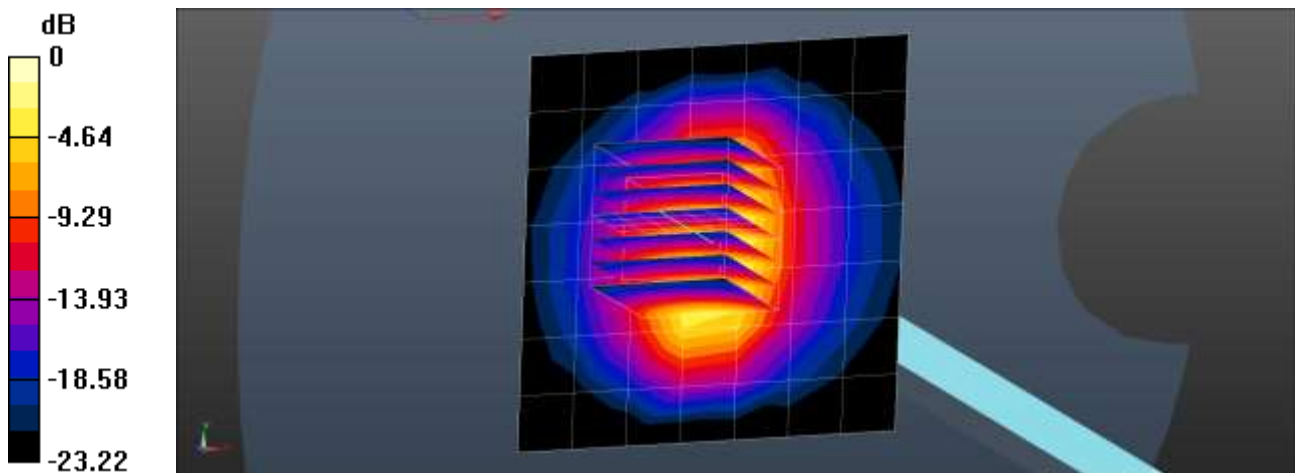
Dipole/2450MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.68 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.50 W/kg



0 dB = 4.50 W/kg = 6.53 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 20.5 °C
 Test Date: 07/30/2019

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.947$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.683$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.27, 7.27, 7.27); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Dipole/2450MHz Body Veification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.30 W/kg

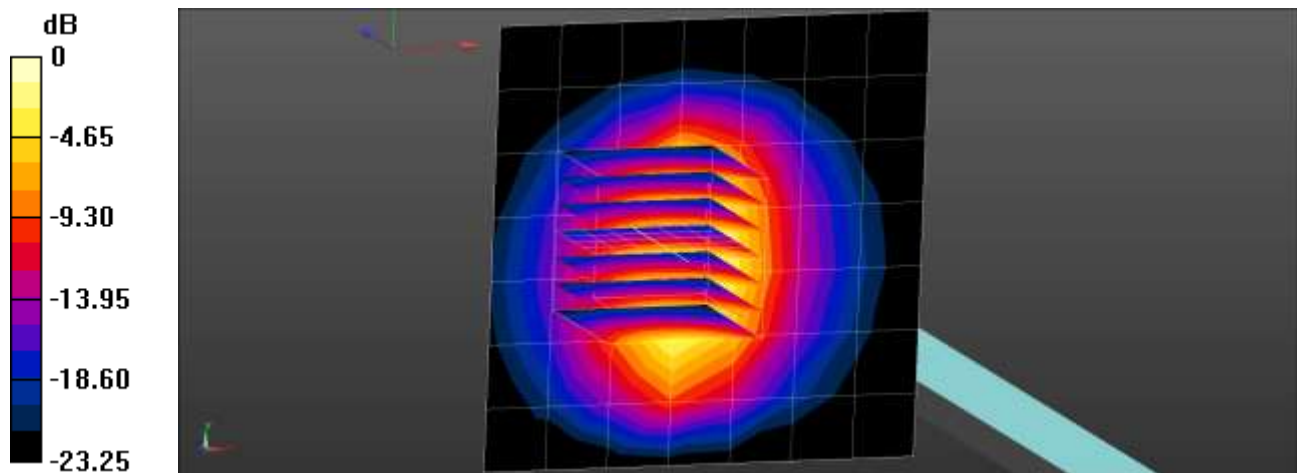
Dipole/2450MHz Body Veification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 45.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.80 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.54 W/kg



0 dB = 4.54 W/kg = 6.57 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 21.2 °C
 Test Date: 08/15/2019

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz ; Type: D2600V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.942$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.016$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.03, 7.03, 7.03); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V8.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Dipole/2600MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.81 W/kg

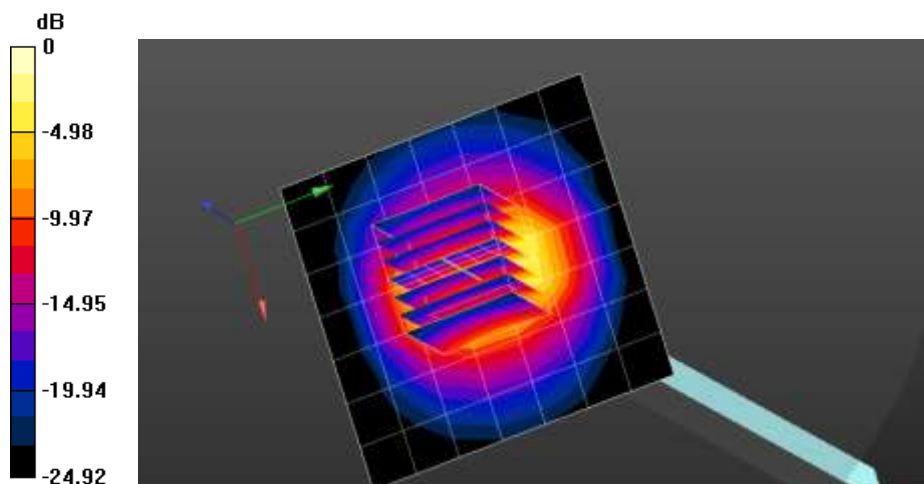
Dipole/2600MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.12 W/kg

SAR(1 a) = 3.08 W/kg; SAR(10 a) = 1.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.48 W/kg



0 dB = 5.48 W/kg = 7.39 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 20.6 °C
 Test Date: 08/05/2019

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.122$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.147$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.11, 7.11, 7.11); Calibrated: 2019-02-01;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2019-05-23
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Dipole/2600MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.45 W/kg

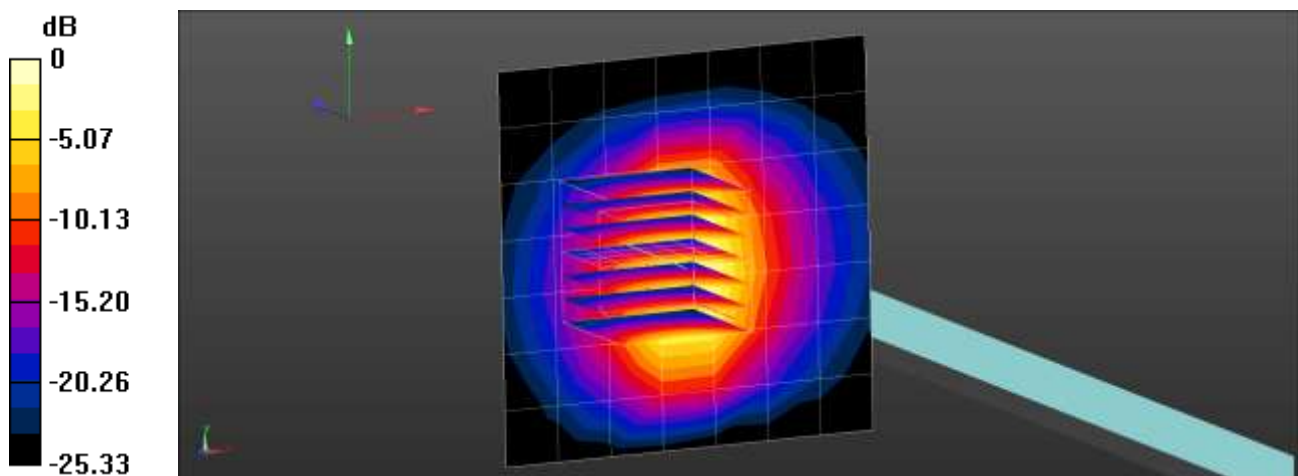
Dipole/2600MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.73 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.18 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.92 W/kg



0 dB = 4.92 W/kg = 6.92 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 250 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 20.0°C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

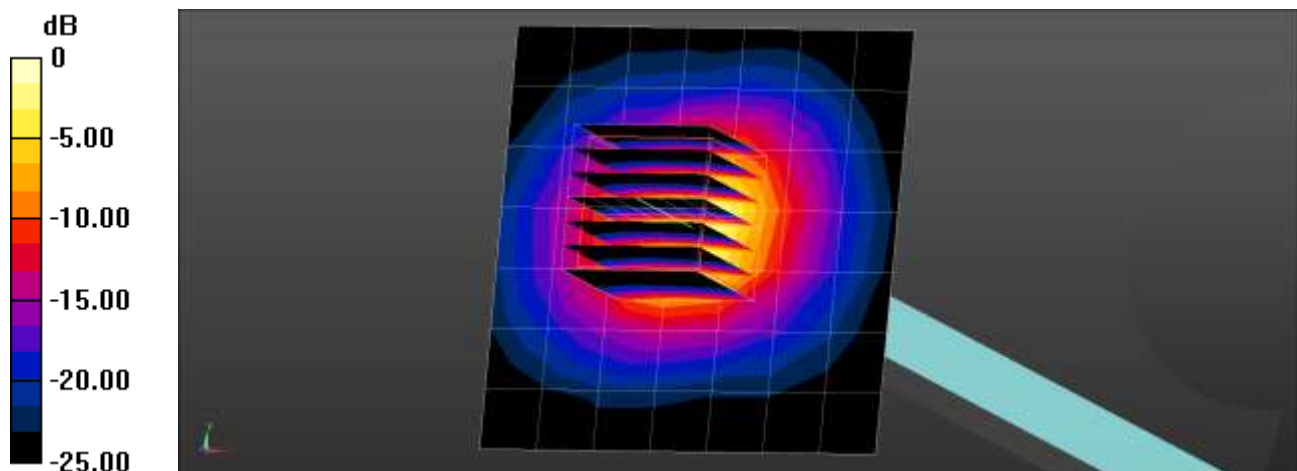
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.625 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.971$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Dipole/5 250 MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.75 W/kg

Dipole/5 250 MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$,
 $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio:1.4
 Reference Value = 50.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.17 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.7 W/kg



0 dB = 10.7 W/kg = 10.29 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 250 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
 Test Date: 08/01/2019

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

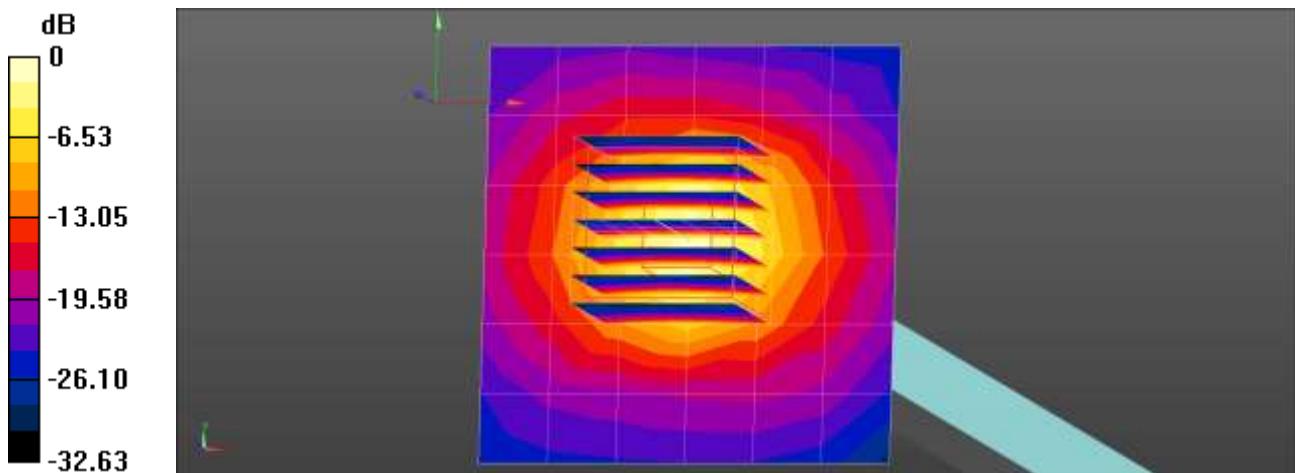
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.442$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.291$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(4.59, 4.59, 4.59); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Dipole/5250MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.69 W/kg

Dipole/5250MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm ; Graded Ratio:1.4
 Reference Value = 48.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.12 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 W/kg



0 dB = 10.3 W/kg = 10.13 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 600 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 20.0°C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

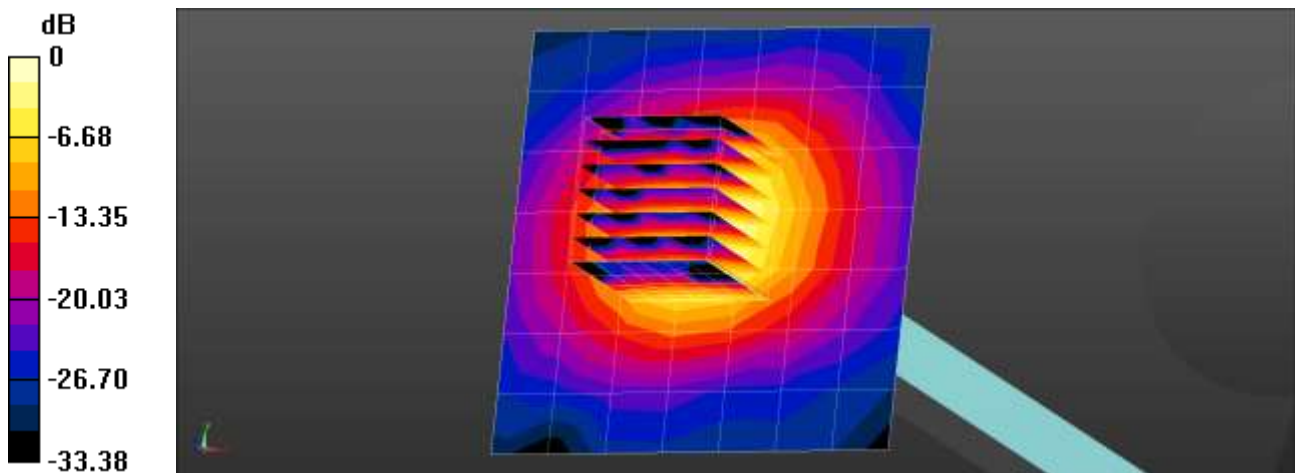
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.893$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(4.69, 4.69, 4.69); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Dipole/5 600 MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.26 W/kg

Dipole/5 600 MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm ; Graded Ratio:1.4
 Reference Value = 50.25 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 4.15 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.15 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.0 W/kg



0 dB = 8.26 W/kg = 9.17 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 600 Mhz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
 Test Date: 08/01/2019

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

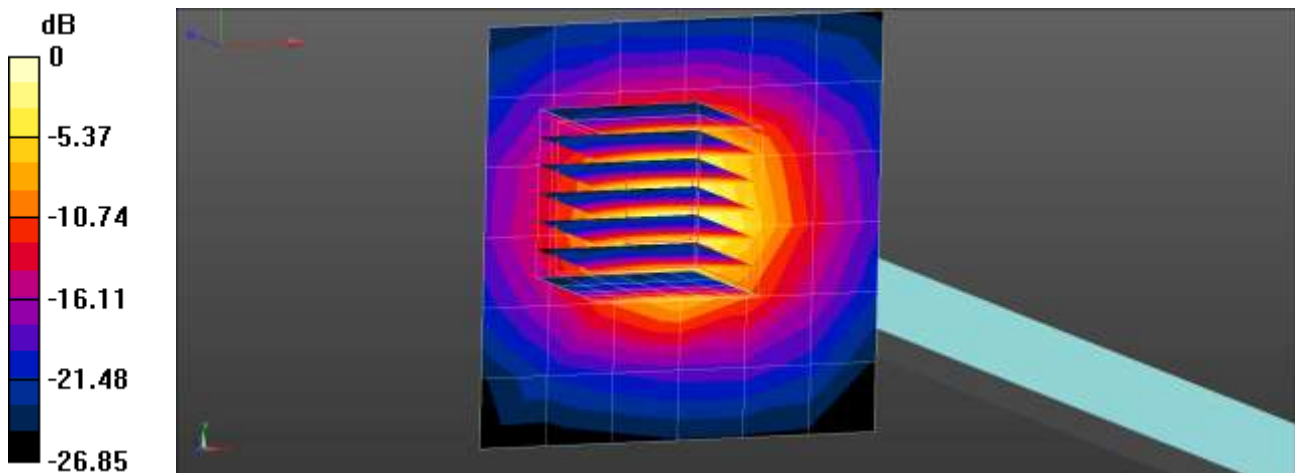
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.847$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.934$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(4.02, 4.02, 4.02); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Dipole/5600MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.59 W/kg

Dipole/5600MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm ; Graded Ratio:1.4
 Reference Value = 46.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.08 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.2 W/kg



0 dB = 9.59 W/kg = 9.82 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 750 Mhz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 20.0°C
 Test Date: 07/31/2019

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

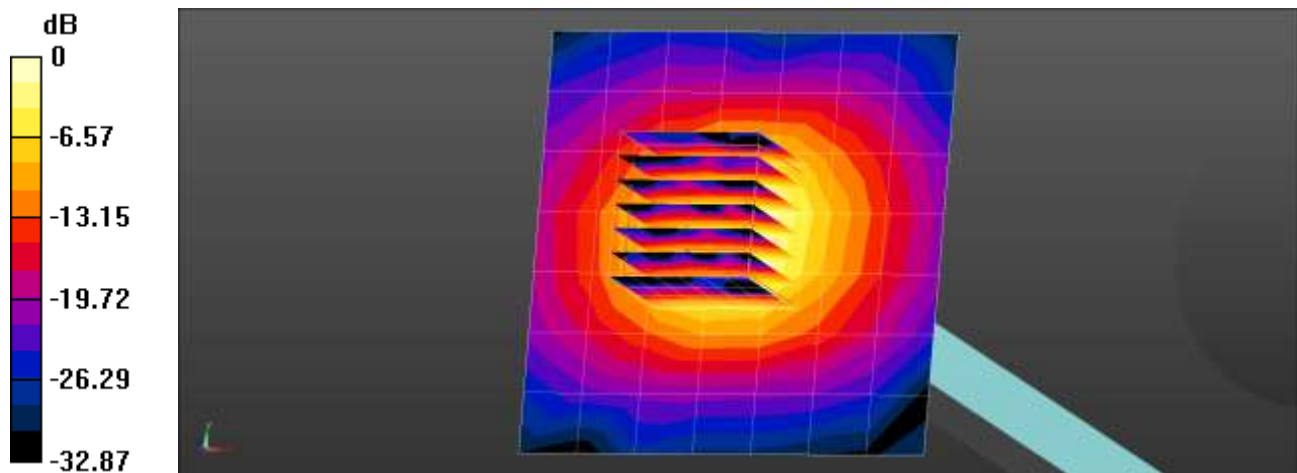
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.155 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.887$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 2019-05-15;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2019-02-22
- Phantom: Twin-SAM V4.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2);

Dipole/5 750 MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.43 W/kg

Dipole/5 750 MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$,
 $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio:1.4
 Reference Value = 48.19 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.13 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.3 W/kg



0 dB = 7.43 W/kg = 8.71 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5 750 Mhz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power 0.05 W
 Liquid Temp: 21.1 °C
 Test Date: 08/01/2019

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 5750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.075 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.505$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(4.36, 4.36, 4.36); Calibrated: 2018-09-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2018-09-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Dipole/5750MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.72 W/kg

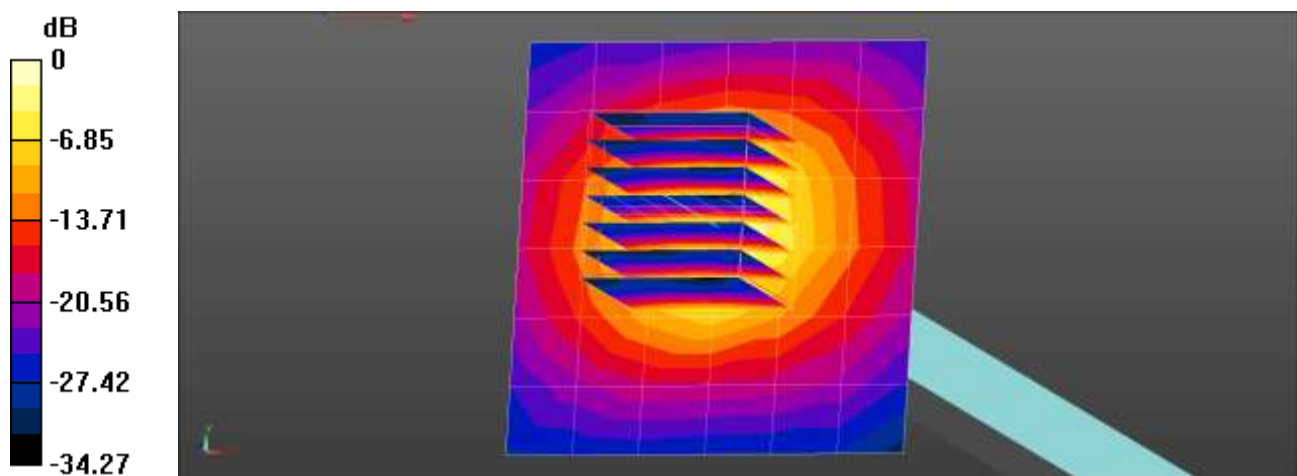
Dipole/5750MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$,
 $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio:1.4

Reference Value = 45.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 W/kg



0 dB = 10.9 W/kg = 10.37 dBW/kg

Attachment 3. – SAR Tissue Characterization

The brain and muscle mixtures consist of a viscous gel using hydrox-ethyl cellulose (HEC) gelling agent and saline solution (see Table 3.1). Preservation with a bactericide is added and visual inspection is made to make sure air bubbles are not trapped during the mixing process. The mixture is calibrated to obtain proper dielectric constant (permittivity) and conductivity of the desired tissue. The mixture characterizations used for the brain and muscle tissue simulating liquids are according to the data by C. Gabriel and G. Harts grove.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)							
	835		1 900		2 450 – 2 700		5 200 - 5 800	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	40.45	53.06	54.9	70.17	71.88	73.2	65.52	78.66
Salt (NaCl)	1.45	0.94	0.18	0.39	0.16	0.1	0.0	0.0
Sugar	57.0	44.9	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	1.0	1.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.1	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19.97	0.0	17.24	10.67
DGBE	0.0	0.0	44.92	29.44	7.99	26.7	0.0	0.0
Diethylene glycol hexyl ether	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Salt:	99 % Pure Sodium Chloride	Sugar:	98 % Pure Sucrose
Water:	De-ionized, 16M resistivity	HEC:	Hydroxyethyl Cellulose
DGBE:	99 % Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether,[2-(2-butoxyethoxy) ethanol]		
Triton X-100(ultra-pure):	Polyethylene glycol mono[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl] ether		

Composition of the Tissue Equivalent Matter

Attachment 4. – SAR System Validation

Per FCC KCB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR system validation status should be document to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles were used with the required tissue- equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

SAR System No.	Probe	Probe Type	Probe Calibration Point		Dipole	Date	Dielectric Parameters		CW Validation			Modulation Validation		
							Measured Permittivity	Measured Conductivity	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
5	3903	EX3DV4	Head	835	4d165	2018-10-04	41.5	0.89	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	3903	EX3DV4	Head	835	4d165	2018-10-04	41.5	0.89	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1	3863	EX3DV4	Body	835	4d165	2019-05-27	55.4	0.97	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
5	3903	EX3DV4	Body	835	4d165	2018-10-03	55.4	0.98	PASS	PASS	PASS	N/A	N/A	N/A
12	7370	EX3DV4	Head	1900	5d032	2019-03-04	40.1	1.42	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1	3863	EX3DV4	Body	1900	5d032	2019-05-27	53.5	1.52	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1	3863	EX3DV4	Head	2450	743	2019-05-27	39.4	1.81	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	2450	743	2019-02-11	52.8	1.94	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
8	3967	EX3DV4	Head	2600	1015	2019-02-12	39.2	1.96	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	NA
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	2600	1015	2019-02-11	52.4	2.16	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	NA
1	3863	EX3DV4	Head	5250	1253	2019-05-27	35.6	4.71	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5	3903	EX3DV4	Body	5250	1253	2018-12-03	48.8	5.36	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
1	3863	EX3DV4	Head	5600	1253	2019-05-27	35.3	5.04	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5	3903	EX3DV4	Body	5600	1253	2018-12-03	48.3	5.78	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
1	3863	EX3DV4	Head	5750	1253	2019-05-27	35.8	5.25	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5	3903	EX3DV4	Body	5750	1253	2018-12-03	48.4	5.95	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

SAR System Validation Summary 1g

SAR System No.	Probe	Probe Type	Probe Calibration Point		Dipole	Date	Dielectric Parameters		CW Validation			Modulation Validation		
							Measured Permittivity	Measured Conductivity	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	MOD. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
8	3967	EX3DV4	Body	2600	1015	2019-02-11	52.4	2.16	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	NA
5	3903	EX3DV4	Body	5250	1253	2018-12-03	48.8	5.36	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5	3903	EX3DV4	Body	5600	1253	2018-12-03	48.3	5.78	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

SAR System Validation Summary – Extremity SAR Considerations

Note;

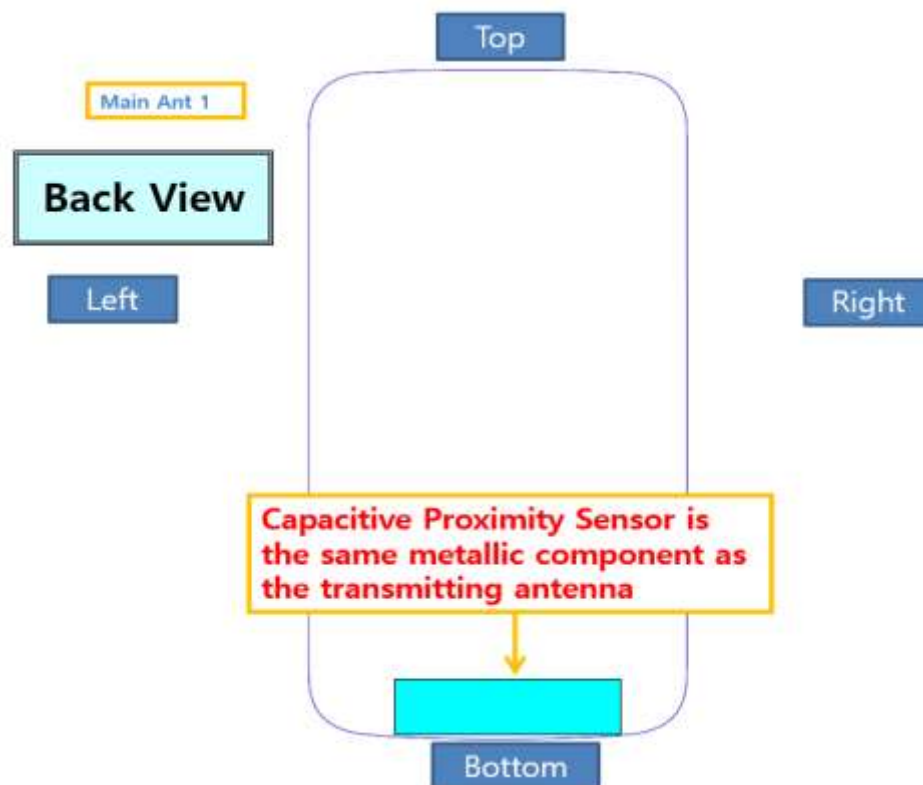
All measurement were performed using probes calibrated for CW signal only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04. SAR system were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5 dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664 D01v01r04.

Attachment 5. – Power Reduction Verification

Per the May 2017 TCBC Workshop notes, demonstration of proper functioning of the power reduction mechanism is required to support the corresponding SAR Configurations. The verification process was divided into two parts:

- 1). Evaluation of output power levels for individual triggering mechanism
- 2) Evaluation of the triggering distances for proximity-based sensors.

1. Power Reduction Verification for Main 1 Antenna



* Note: All test configurations are based on front view position.

This device utilizes a power reduction mechanism of Main1 Ant for WCDMA Band 2 for SAR compliance under hotspot conditions and under some conditions when the device is being used in close proximity to the user's hand. These Power reduction mechanisms cannot merge multiple conditions at the same time. In all cases powers were reduced to the same Power level.

The SAR evaluations of all Power reduction mechanisms for this device were performed at the maximum allowed output Power when the mechanism is triggered.

FCC KDB Publication 616217D04v01r02 section 6 was used as a guideline for selection SAR test distances for this device when being used in phablet use conditions.

For detailed measurement conducted power results, please refer to the Section .11

1.1 Power Verification Procedure for Main 1 Antenna

The Power verification was performed according to the following procedure:

1. A base station simulator was used to establish a conducted RF connection and output power was monitored. The Power measurements were conformed to be within expected tolerances for all states before and after a power reduction mechanism was triggered.
2. Step 1 was repeated for all relevant modes and frequency bands for the mechanism being investigated.
3. Step 1 and 2 were repeated for all individual power reduction mechanism and combinations thereof. For the combination cases, one mechanism was switched to a "triggered" state at a time; powers were conformed to be within tolerance after each additional mechanism was activated.

Power Reduction Verification for Main1 Ant

Mechanism(s)	Mode/Band	Conducted Power (dBm)		
		Un-triggered (Max Power)	Triggered (Reduced Power)	Triggered (Reduced Power)
Grip	WCDMA 2	23.76	21.76	
Hotspot On	WCDMA 2	23.76	21.75	
Grip, then Hotspot On	WCDMA 2	23.76	21.76	21.75
Hotspot On, Then Grip	WCDMA 2	23.76	21.75	21.76

1.2 Procedures for determining proximity sensor triggering distances

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.2)

The distance verification procedure was performed according to the following procedure:

1. A base station simulator was used to establish an RF connection and to monitor the power levels. The device being tested was placed below the relevant section of the phantom with the relevant side or edge of the device facing toward the phantom.
2. The device was moved toward and away from the phantom to determine the distance at which the mechanism triggers and the output power is reduced, per KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02 .Each applicable test position was evaluated. The distance were conformed to be the same or larger (more conservative) than the minimum distances provided by the manufacturer.
3. Step 1 and 2 were repeated for the relevant modes, as appropriate
4. Steps1 through 3 were repeated for all distance-based power reduction mechanisms.



Proximity Sensor Trigger Distance Assessment KDB 616217 D04 §6.2 (Rear /Bottom)

LEGEND

- Direction of DUT travel for determination of power reduction triggering point
- Direction of DUT travel for determination of full power resumption triggering point

Tissue simulating liquid	Trigger distance - Rear		Trigger distance - Bottom	
	Moving toward phantom	Moving from phantom	Moving toward phantom	Moving from phantom
1900Mhz Muscle	10	12	5	7

Rear side – EUT Moving toward (trigger) to the Phantom

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.2)

b) The entire back surface or edge of the tablet is positioned below a flat phantom filled with the required tissue-equivalent medium, and positioned at least 20 mm further than the distance that triggers power reduction

d) The back surface or edge is moved toward the phantom in 3 mm steps until the sensor triggers.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)							
	31	28	25	22	19	16	13	10
WCDMA Band 2	23.68	23.65	23.70	23.68	23.71	23.70	23.66	21.85

e) The back surface or edge is then moved back (further away) from the phantom by at least 5 mm or until maximum output power is returned to the normal maximum level.

f) The back surface or edge is again moved toward the phantom, but in 1 mm steps, until it is at least 5 mm past the triggering point or touching the phantom.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)									
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6
WCDMA Band 2	23.69	23.72	23.71	23.67	23.71	21.80	21.78	21.83	21.82	21.83

g) If the tablet is not touching the phantom, it is moved in 3 mm steps until it touches the phantom to confirm that the sensor remains triggered and the maximum power stays reduced.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)		
	6	3	0
WCDMA Band 2	21.83	21.78	21.81

Rear side – EUT Moving away (Release) from the Phantom

h) The process is then reversed by moving the tablet away from the phantom according to steps d) to g), to determine triggering release, until it is at least 10 mm beyond the point that triggers the return of normal maximum power.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)												
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
WCDMA Band 2	21.82	21.85	21.79	21.81	21.77	21.78	21.80	21.82	23.67	23.69	23.71	23.72	23.68

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)		
	18	21	24
WCDMA Band 2	23.69	23.73	23.67

Based on the most conservative measured triggering distance of 10mm, additional Phablet SAR measurements were required at 9mm from rear side for the above modes

i) The measured output power within ± 5 mm of the triggering points, for movements to and from the phantom should be tabulated in the SAR report.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)									
	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6
WCDMA Band 2	23.69	23.72	23.71	23.67	23.71	21.80	21.78	21.83	21.82	21.83

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)									
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
WCDMA Band 2	21.81	21.77	21.78	21.80	21.82	23.67	23.69	23.71	23.72	23.68

Based on the most conservative measured triggering distance of 10mm, additional Phablet SAR measurements were required at 9mm from rear side for the above modes

Bottom side – EUT Moving toward (trigger) to the Phantom

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.2)

b) The entire back surface or edge of the tablet is positioned below a flat phantom filled with the required tissue-equivalent medium, and positioned at least 20 mm further than the distance that triggers power reduction

d) The back surface or edge is moved toward the phantom in 3 mm steps until the sensor triggers.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)							
	26	23	20	17	14	11	8	5
WCDMA Band 2	23.72	23.73	23.72	23.68	23.70	23.66	23.68	21.78

e) The back surface or edge is then moved back (further away) from the phantom by at least 5 mm or until maximum output power is returned to the normal maximum level.

f) The back surface or edge is again moved toward the phantom, but in 1 mm steps, until it is at least 5 mm past the triggering point or touching the phantom.

g) If the tablet is not touching the phantom, it is moved in 3 mm steps until it touches the phantom to confirm that the sensor remains triggered and the maximum power stays reduced.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)										
	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
WCDMA Band 2	23.71	23.69	23.67	23.70	23.69	21.83	21.83	21.81	21.80	21.81	21.78

Bottom side – EUT Moving away (Release) from the Phantom

h) The process is then reversed by moving the tablet away from the phantom according to steps d) to g), to determine triggering release, until it is at least 10 mm beyond the point that triggers the return of normal maximum power.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)												
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
WCDMA Band 2	21.79	21.76	21.77	21.81	21.78	21.81	21.80	21.83	23.66	23.72	23.69	23.68	23.72

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)		
	13	16	19
WCDMA Band 2	23.68	23.66	23.72

i) The measured output power within ± 5 mm of the triggering points, for movements to and from the phantom should be tabulated in the SAR report.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)									
	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
WCDMA Band 2	23.71	23.69	23.67	23.70	23.69	21.83	21.83	21.81	21.80	21.81

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)									
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
WCDMA Band 2	21.81	21.78	21.81	21.80	21.83	23.66	23.72	23.69	23.68	23.72

Based on the most conservative measured triggering distance of 5mm, additional Phablet SAR measurements were required at 4mm from Bottom side for the above modes

1.3 Proximity Sensor Coverage for SAR measurements

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.3)

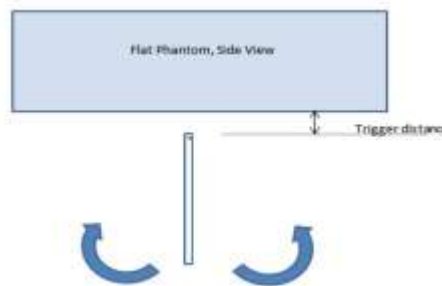
As there is no spatial offset between the antenna and the proximity sensor element, proximity sensor coverage did not need to be assessed.

1.4 Proximity Sensor Tilt Angle Assessment

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.4)

The DUT was positioned directly below the flat phantom at the minimum measured trigger distance with Bottom side parallel to the base of the flat phantom for each band.

The EUT was rotated about Bottom side for angles up to $\pm 45^\circ$. If the output power increased during the rotation the DUT was moved 1mm toward the phantom and the rotation repeated. This procedure was repeated until the power remained reduced for all angles up to $\pm 45^\circ$.



Proximity sensor tilt angle assessment (Bottom side) KDB 616217 §6.4

Summary of Tablet Tilt Angle influence to Proximity Sensor Triggering (Bottom side)

Band (MHz)	Minimum distance at which power reduction was maintained over-45°	Power reduction status										
		-45°	-40°	-30°	-20°	-10°	0°	10°	20°	30°	40°	45°
WCDMA B2	5 mm	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On

1.5 Resulting test positions for Phablet SAR measurements

Main 1 Ant Wireless technologies	Position	§6.2 Triggering Distance	§6.3 Coverage	§6.4 Tilt Angle	Worst case distance for Phablet SAR
WCDMA B2	Rear	10	N/A	N/A	9
	Bottom	5	N/A	N/A	4

Note: FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02 Section 6 was used as a guideline for selecting SAR test distances for this device when being used in phablet use conditions

* Note: All test configurations are based on front view position.

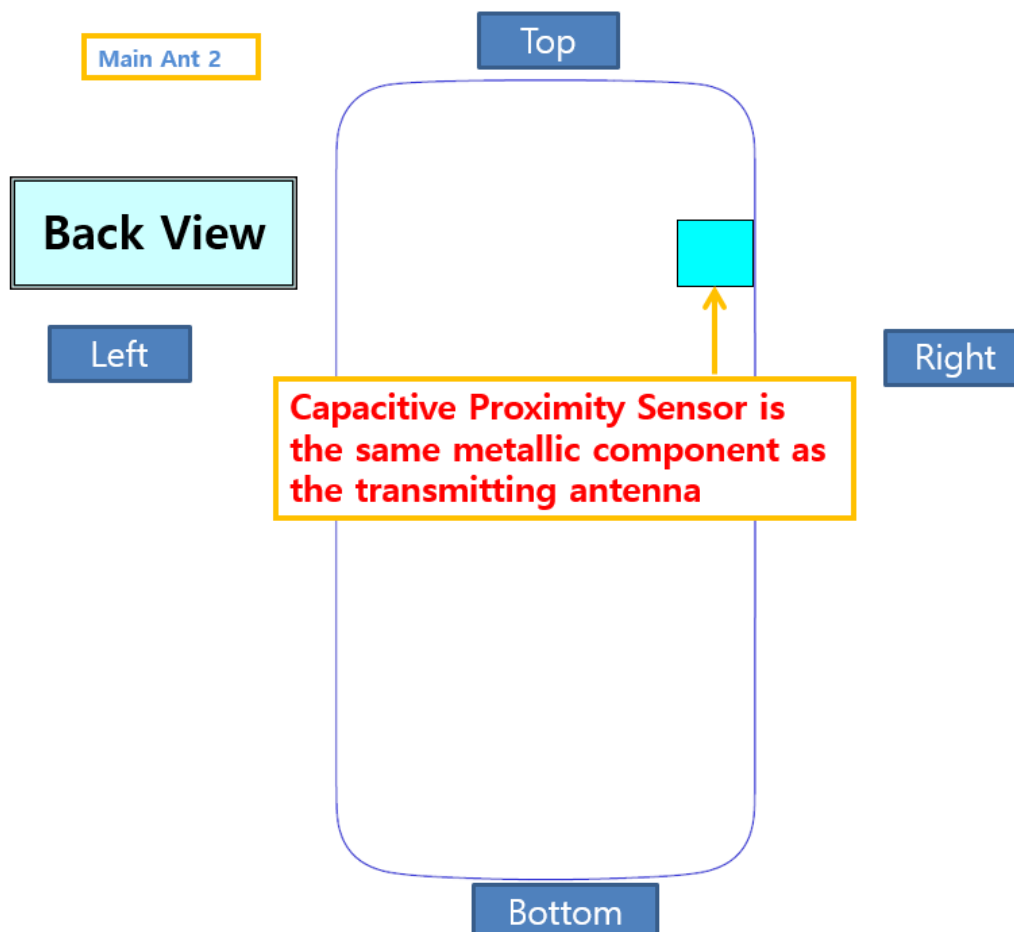
2. Power Reduction Verification for Main 2 Antenna

This device utilizes a power reduction mechanism of Main2 Ant for LTE Band 41 for SAR compliance under hotspot conditions, RCV-on(Head SAR) and under some conditions when the device is being used in close proximity to the user's hand. These Power reduction mechanisms cannot merge multiple conditions at the same time. In all cases powers were reduced to the same Power level.

The SAR evaluations of all Power reduction mechanisms for this device were performed at the maximum allowed output Power when the mechanism is triggered.

FCC KDB Publication 616217D04v01r02 section 6 was used as a guideline for selection SAR test distances for this device when being used in phablet use conditions.

For detailed measurement conducted power results, please refer to the Section .11



* Note: All test configurations are based on front view position.

2.1 Power Verification Procedure for Main 2 Ant Antenna

The Power verification was performed according to the following procedure:

1. A base station simulator was used to establish a conducted RF connection and output power was monitored. The Power measurements were conformed to be within expected tolerances for all states before and after a power reduction mechanism was triggered.
2. Step 1 was repeated for all relevant modes and frequency bands for the mechanism being investigated.
3. Step 1 and 2 were repeated for all individual power reduction mechanism and combinations thereof. For the combination cases, one mechanism was switched to a "triggered" state at a time; powers were conformed to be within tolerance after each additional mechanism was activated.

Power Reduction Verification for Main 2 Ant

Mechanism(s) For Head SAR	Mode/Band	Conducted Power (dBm)			
		Un-triggered (Max Power)	Triggered (Reduced Power)	Triggered (Reduced Power)	Triggered (Reduced Power)
RCV-ON	LTE B41	24.21	21.17		
RCV-ON and Grip oN	LTE B41	24.21	21.17	21.16	
RCV-ON and Hotspot oN	LTE B41	24.21	21.17	21.17	
RCV, Grip oN and Hotsopt	LTE B41	24.21	21.17	21.16	21.17
Mechanism(s) Body/Phablet SAR	Mode/Band	Conducted Power (dBm)			
		Un-triggered (Max Power)	Triggered (Reduced Power)	Triggered (Reduced Power)	
Grip	LTE B41	24.21	22.30		
Hotspot On	LTE B41	24.21	22.31		
Grip, then Hotspot On	LTE B41	24.21	22.30	22.31	
Hotspot On, Then Grip	LTE B41	24.21	22.31	22.30	

2.2 Procedures for determining proximity sensor triggering distances

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.2)

The distance verification procedure was performed according to the following procedure:

1. A base station simulator was used to establish an RF connection and to monitor the power levels. The device being tested was placed below the relevant section of the phantom with the relevant side or edge of the device facing toward the phantom.
2. The device was moved toward and away from the phantom to determine the distance at which the mechanism triggers and the output power is reduced, per KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02 .Each applicable test position was evaluated. The distance were conformed to be the same or larger (more conservative) than the minimum distances provided by the manufacturer.
3. Step 1 and 2 were repeated for the relevant modes, as appropriate
4. Steps1 through 3 were repeated for all distance-based power reduction mechanisms.



Proximity Sensor Trigger Distance Assessment KDB 616217 D04 §6.2 (Rear /Left Side)

* Note: All test configurations are based on front view position.

LEGEND

-  Direction of DUT travel for determination of power reduction triggering point
 Direction of DUT travel for determination of full power resumption triggering point

Tissue simulating liquid	Trigger distance - Rear		Trigger distance –Left Side	
	Moving toward phantom	Moving from phantom	Moving toward phantom	Moving from phantom
2600Mhz Muscle	5	7	2	3

Distance Measurement verification for Proximity sensor

* Note: All test configurations are based on front view position.

Rear side – EUT Moving toward (trigger) to the Phantom

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.2)

b) The entire back surface or edge of the tablet is positioned below a flat phantom filled with the required tissue-equivalent medium, and positioned at least 20 mm further than the distance that triggers power reduction

d) The back surface or edge is moved toward the phantom in 3 mm steps until the sensor triggers.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)							
	26	23	20	17	14	11	8	5
LTE Band 41	24.21	24.18	24.19	24.22	24.16	24.26	24.22	22.31

e) The back surface or edge is then moved back (further away) from the phantom by at least 5 mm or until maximum output power is returned to the normal maximum level.

f) The back surface or edge is again moved toward the phantom, but in 1 mm steps, until it is at least 5 mm past the triggering point or touching the phantom.

g) If the tablet is not touching the phantom, it is moved in 3 mm steps until it touches the phantom to confirm that the sensor remains triggered and the maximum power stays reduced.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)										
	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LTE Band 41	24.26	24.18	24.21	24.24	24.16	22.32	22.35	22.30	22.33	22.29	22.31

Rear side – EUT Moving away (Release) from the Phantom

h) The process is then reversed by moving the tablet away from the phantom according to steps d) to g), to determine triggering release, until it is at least 10 mm beyond the point that triggers the return of normal maximum power

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)												
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
LTE Band 41	22.35	22.31	22.31	22.34	22.28	22.32	22.34	22.31	24.21	24.26	24.25	24.22	24.25

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)		
	13	16	19
LTE Band 41	24.21	24.26	24.25

i) The measured output power within ± 5 mm of the triggering points, for movements to and from the phantom should be tabulated in the SAR report.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)									
	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
LTE Band 41	24.26	24.18	24.21	24.24	24.16	22.32	22.35	22.30	22.33	22.29

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)									
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
LTE Band 41	22.34	22.28	22.32	22.34	22.31	24.21	24.26	24.25	24.22	24.25

Based on the most conservative measured triggering distance of 5mm, additional Phablet SAR measurements were required at 4mm from rear side for the above modes

Left side – EUT Moving toward (trigger) to the Phantom

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.2)

b) The entire back surface or edge of the tablet is positioned below a flat phantom filled with the required tissue-equivalent medium, and positioned at least 20 mm further than the distance that triggers power reduction

d) The back surface or edge is moved toward the phantom in 3 mm steps until the sensor triggers.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)							
	23	20	17	14	11	8	5	2
LTE Band 41	24.28	24.24	24.23	24.27	24.22	24.24	24.20	22.30

e) The back surface or edge is then moved back (further away) from the phantom by at least 5 mm or until maximum output power is returned to the normal maximum level.

f) The back surface or edge is again moved toward the phantom, but in 1 mm steps, until it is at least 5 mm past the triggering point or touching the phantom.

g) If the tablet is not touching the phantom, it is moved in 3 mm steps until it touches the phantom to confirm that the sensor remains triggered and the maximum power stays reduced.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LTE Band 41	24.19	24.22	24.20	24.24	24.25	22.28	22.33	22.31

Left side – EUT Moving away (Release) from the Phantom

h) The process is then reversed by moving the tablet away from the phantom according to steps d) to g), to determine triggering release, until it is at least 10 mm beyond the point that triggers the return of normal maximum power

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)									
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
LTE Band 41	22.27	22.28	22.32	22.34	24.26	24.30	24.33	24.34	24.26	24.29

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)	
	12	15
LTE Band 41	24.26	24.30

i) The measured output power within ± 5 mm of the triggering points, for movements to and from the phantom should be tabulated in the SAR report.

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
LTE Band 41	24.19	24.22	24.20	24.24	24.25	22.28	22.33	22.31

Band	Distance to DUT Output power (dBm)							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
LTE Band 41	22.27	22.28	22.32	22.34	24.26	24.30	24.33	24.34

Based on the most conservative measured triggering distance of 2mm, additional Phablet SAR measurements were required at 1mm from left side for the above modes

2.3 Proximity Sensor Coverage for SAR measurements

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.3)

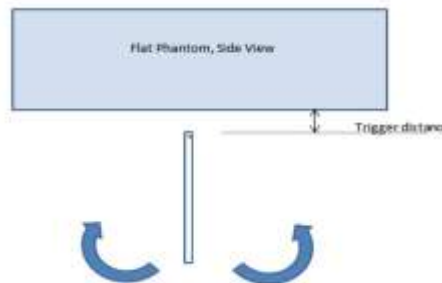
As there is no spatial offset between the antenna and the proximity sensor element, proximity sensor coverage did not need to be assessed.

2.4 Proximity Sensor Tilt Angle Assessment

(KDB 616217 D04v01r02 §6.4)

The DUT was positioned directly below the flat phantom at the minimum measured trigger distance with Bottom side parallel to the base of the flat phantom for each band.

The EUT was rotated about Bottom side for angles up to $\pm 45^\circ$. If the output power increased during the rotation the DUT was moved 1mm toward the phantom and the rotation repeated. This procedure was repeated until the power remained reduced for all angles up to $\pm 45^\circ$.



Proximity sensor tilt angle assessment (Left side) KDB 616217 §6.4

Summary of Tablet Tilt Angle influence to Proximity Sensor Triggering (Left side)

Band (MHz)	Minimum distance at which power reduction was maintained over-45°	Power reduction status											
		-45°	-40°	-30°	-20°	-10°	0°	10°	20°	30°	40°	45°	
LTE B41	2 mm	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	On	

2.5 Resulting test positions for Phablet SAR measurements

Main 2 Ant Wireless technologies	Position	§6.2 Triggering Distance	§6.3 Coverage	§6.4 Tilt Angle	Worst case distance for Phablet SAR
LTE B41	Rear	5	N/A	N/A	4
	Left Side	2	N/A	N/A	1

Note: FCC KDB Publication 616217 D04v01r02 Section 6 was used as a guideline for selecting SAR test distances for this device when being used in phablet use conditions