



NR Band n77 (PC2, 3700-3980 MHz) CP-OFDM (ANT E)







8.4. BAND EDGE EMISSIONS

RULE PART(S)

FCC: §27.53

LIMITS

§27.53:

- (a) (4) For mobile and portable stations operating in the 2305-2315 MHz and 2350-2360 MHz bands:
- (i) By a factor of not less than: $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2305 and 2320 MHz and on all frequencies between 2345 and 2360 MHz that are outside the licensed band(s) of operation, not less than $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2320 and 2324 MHz and on all frequencies between 2341 and 2345 MHz, not less than $61 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2324 and 2328 MHz and on all frequencies between 2337 and 2341 MHz, and not less than $67 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2328 and 2337 MHz;
 - (ii) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2300 and 2305 MHz, $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2296 and 2300 MHz, $61 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2292 and 2296 MHz, $67 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2288 and 2292 MHz, and $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB below 2288 MHz;
 - (iii) By a factor of not less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2360 and 2365 MHz, and not less than $70 + 10 \log (P)$ dB above 2365 MHz.
- (c) For operations in the 746-758 MHz band and the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission outside the licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, in accordance with the following:
- (2) On any frequency outside the 776-788 MHz band, the power of any emission shall be attenuated outside the band below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB;
 - (4) On all frequencies between 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz, by a factor not less than $65 + 10 \log (P)$ dB in a 6.25 kHz band segment, for mobile and portable stations;
- (g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.
- (h) The power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency block shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.
- (m) (4) For mobile digital stations, the attenuation factor shall be not less than $40 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between the channel edge and 5 megahertz from the channel edge, $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 5 megahertz and X megahertz from the channel edge, and $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies more than X megahertz from the channel edge, where X is the greater of 6 megahertz or the actual emission bandwidth as defined in paragraph (m)(6) of this section. In addition, the attenuation factor shall not be less than $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB on all frequencies between 2490.5 MHz and 2496 MHz and $55 + 10 \log (P)$ dB at or below 2490.5 MHz. Mobile Satellite Service licensees operating on frequencies below 2495 MHz may also submit a documented interference complaint against BRS licensees operating on channel BRS Channel 1 on the same terms and conditions as adjacent channel BRS or EBS licensees.

(l)(2) For mobile operations in the 3700-3980 MHz band, the conducted power of any emission outside the licensee's authorized bandwidth shall not exceed -13 dBm/MHz. Compliance with this paragraph (l)(2) is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, the minimum resolution bandwidth for the measurement shall be either one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter or 350 kHz. In the bands between 1 and 5 MHz removed from the licensee's frequency block, the minimum resolution bandwidth for the measurement shall be 500 kHz. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

(n)(2) For mobile operations in the 3450-3550 MHz band, the conducted power of any emission outside the licensee's authorized bandwidth shall not exceed -13 dBm/MHz. Compliance with this paragraph (n)(2) is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 megahertz or greater. However, in the 1 megahertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed, but limited to a maximum of 200 kHz. In the bands between 1 and 5 MHz removed from the licensee's frequency block, the minimum resolution bandwidth for the measurement shall be 500 kHz. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

TEST PROCEDURE

Per KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01

The transmitter output was connected to either CMW500 Test Set or E7515B Test set and configured to operate at maximum power. The band edge emissions were measured at the required operating frequencies in each band on the Spectrum Analyzer.

WCDMA/LTE/5G NR

- a) Set the RBW = 1 - 1.5 % of OBW(Typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1% of the OBW) within 100 kHz from the edge of the authorized frequency block/band.
Set the RBW = 100 kHz (Below 1GHz Bands: 100 kHz from the edge of the authorized frequency block/band)
Set the RBW = 1 - 1.5 % of OBW(Typically limited to a minimum RBW of 1% of the OBW) within 1 MHz from the edge of the authorized frequency block/band.
Set the RBW = 1 MHz (Above 1GHz Bands: 1 MHz from the edge of the authorized frequency block/band)
- b) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW;
- c) Set span ≥ 1.5 times the OBW;
- d) Sweep time = Auto;
- e) Detector = RMS;
- f) Ensure that the number of measurement points $\geq 2 \times$ span/RBW;
- g) Trace Mode = Average (100);

NOTE1

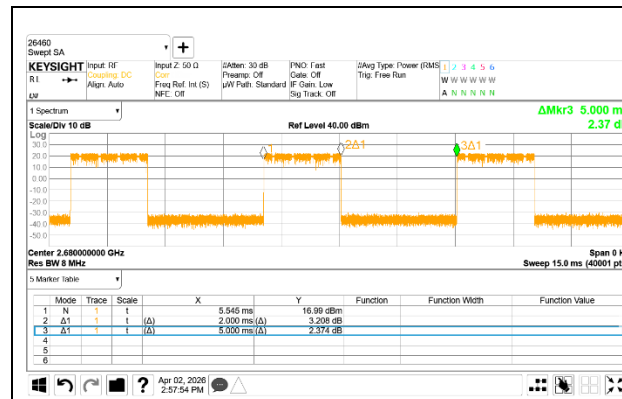
For frequency range of 763-775 MHz and 793-805 MHz. (LTE Band 13)

- a) Set the RBW = 6.25 kHz (The minimum RBW setting value for the Spectrum analyzer is 6.8 kHz)
- b) Set VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW;
- c) Sweep time = 1 second ;
- d) Detector = RMS;
- e) Ensure that the number of measurement points $\geq 2 \times$ span/RBW;
- f) Trace Mode = Average;

NOTE2

5G NR: All Waveforms (CP-OFDM vs DFT-s_OFDM) and modulations ($\pi/2$ BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM) were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All Modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

NOTE3

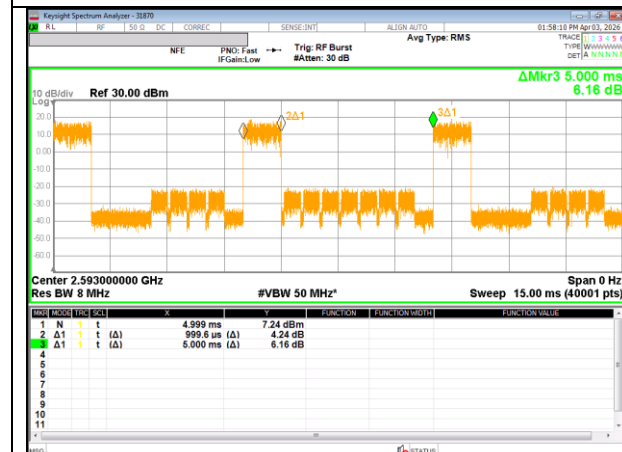


For LTE Band 41

DCF: 4 dB=10log(2/5)

Measure offset (Gate trigger off):

The reference offset for RF path loss was applied as a correction factor, and the emission mask result in section 8.4.2 was applied with an additional DCF of 4 dB.

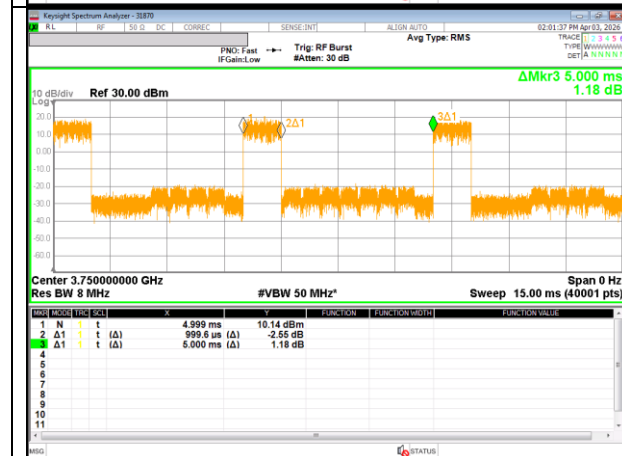


For 5G NR n41

DCF : 7 dB=10log(0.999/5)

Measure offset (Gate trigger off):

The reference offset for RF path loss was applied as a correction factor, and the emission mask result in section 8.4.2 was applied with an additional DCF of 7 dB.



For 5G NR n77

DCF : 7 dB=10log(0.999/5)

Measure offset (Gate trigger off):

The reference offset for RF path loss was applied as a correction factor, and the emission mask result in section 8.4.2 was applied with an additional DCF of 7 dB.

NOTE4

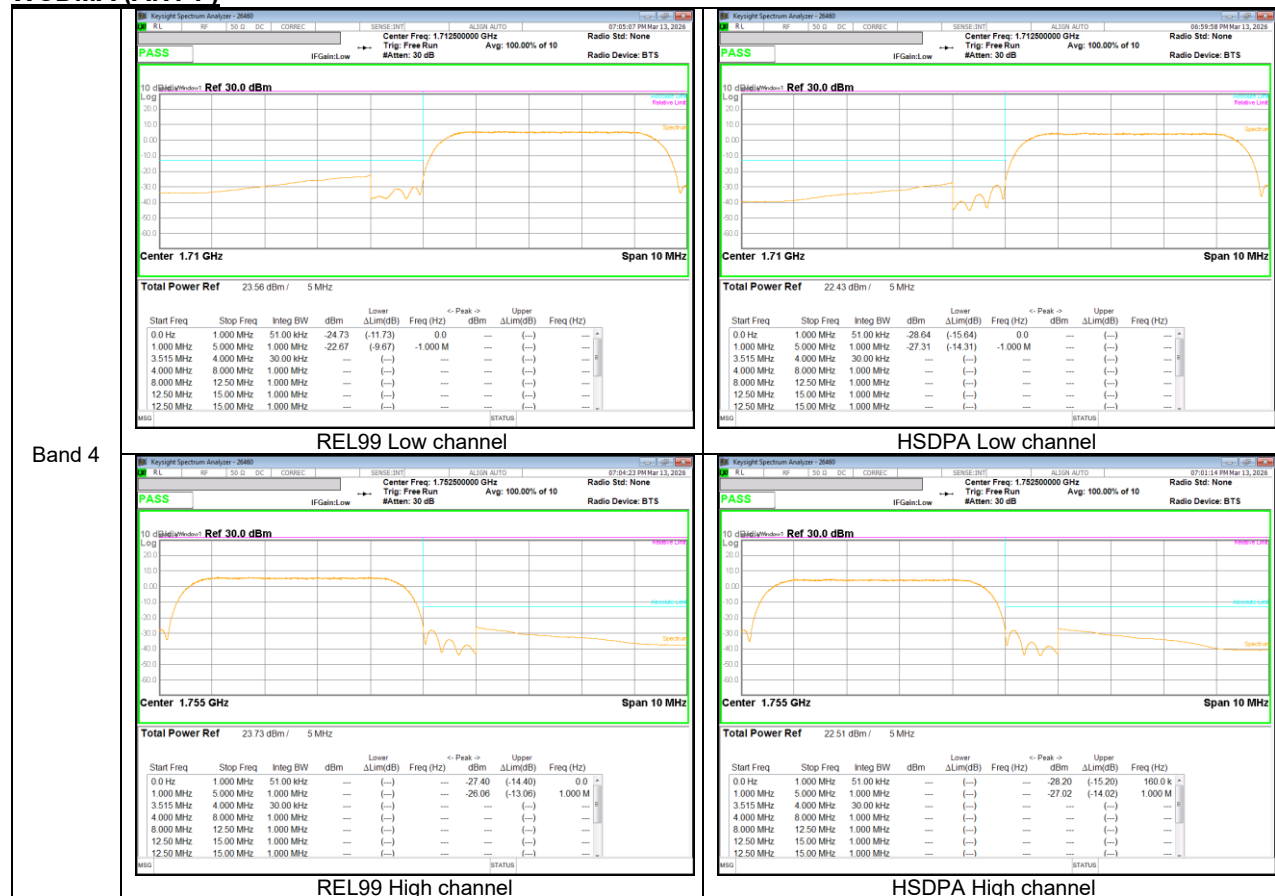
Emission Mask: All 1RB Positions (Edge RB, Outer RB, Inner RB) and modulations ($\pi/2$ BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM) were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

RESULTS

See the following pages.

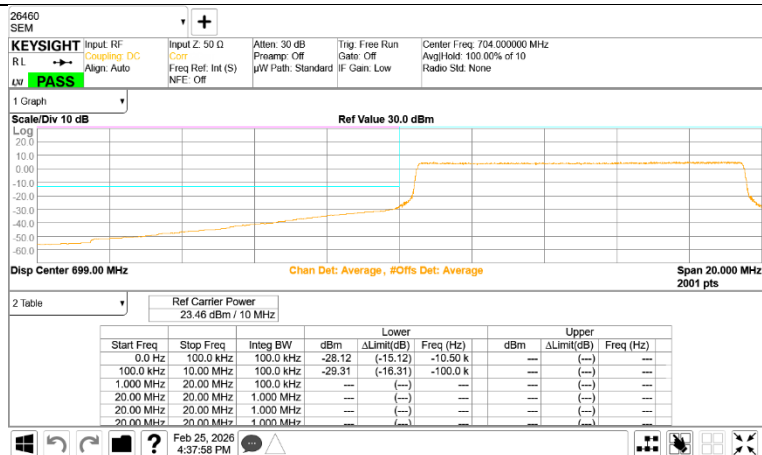
8.4.1. BAND EDGE RESULT

WCDMA (ANT F)

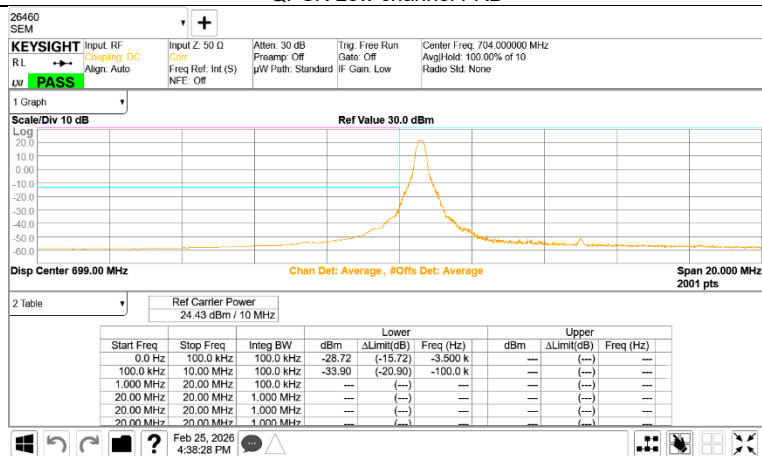


LTE Band 12 (ANT A)

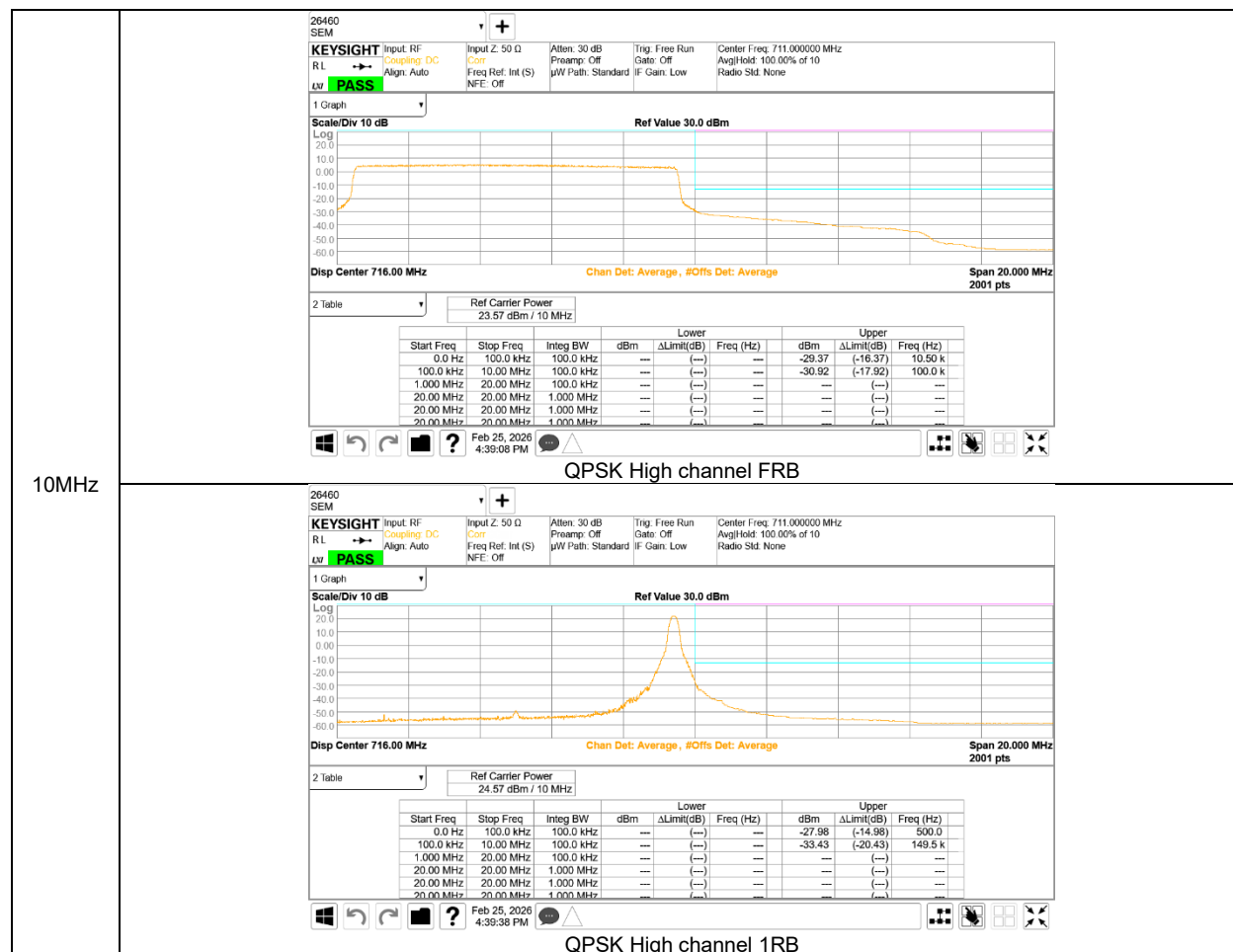
10MHz

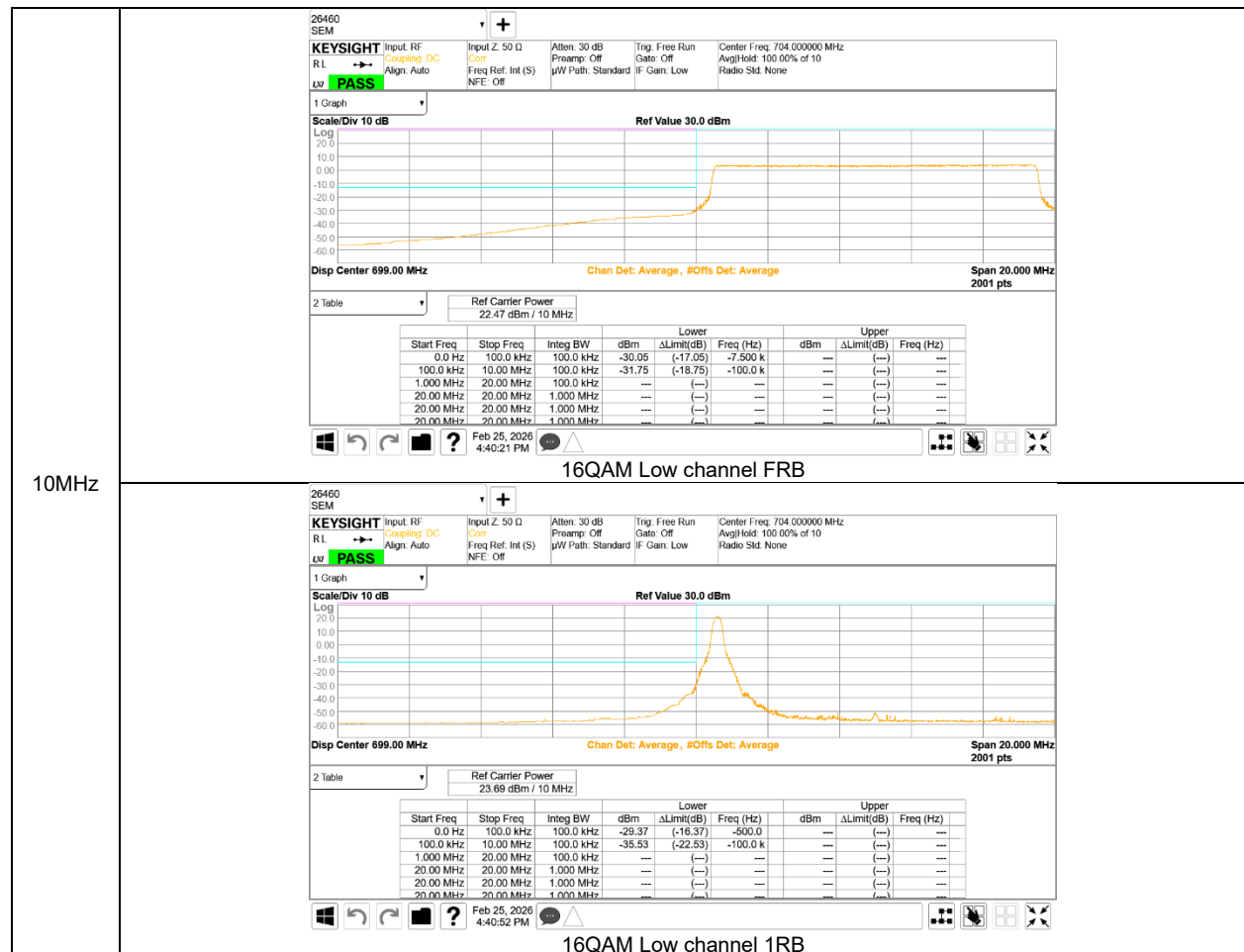


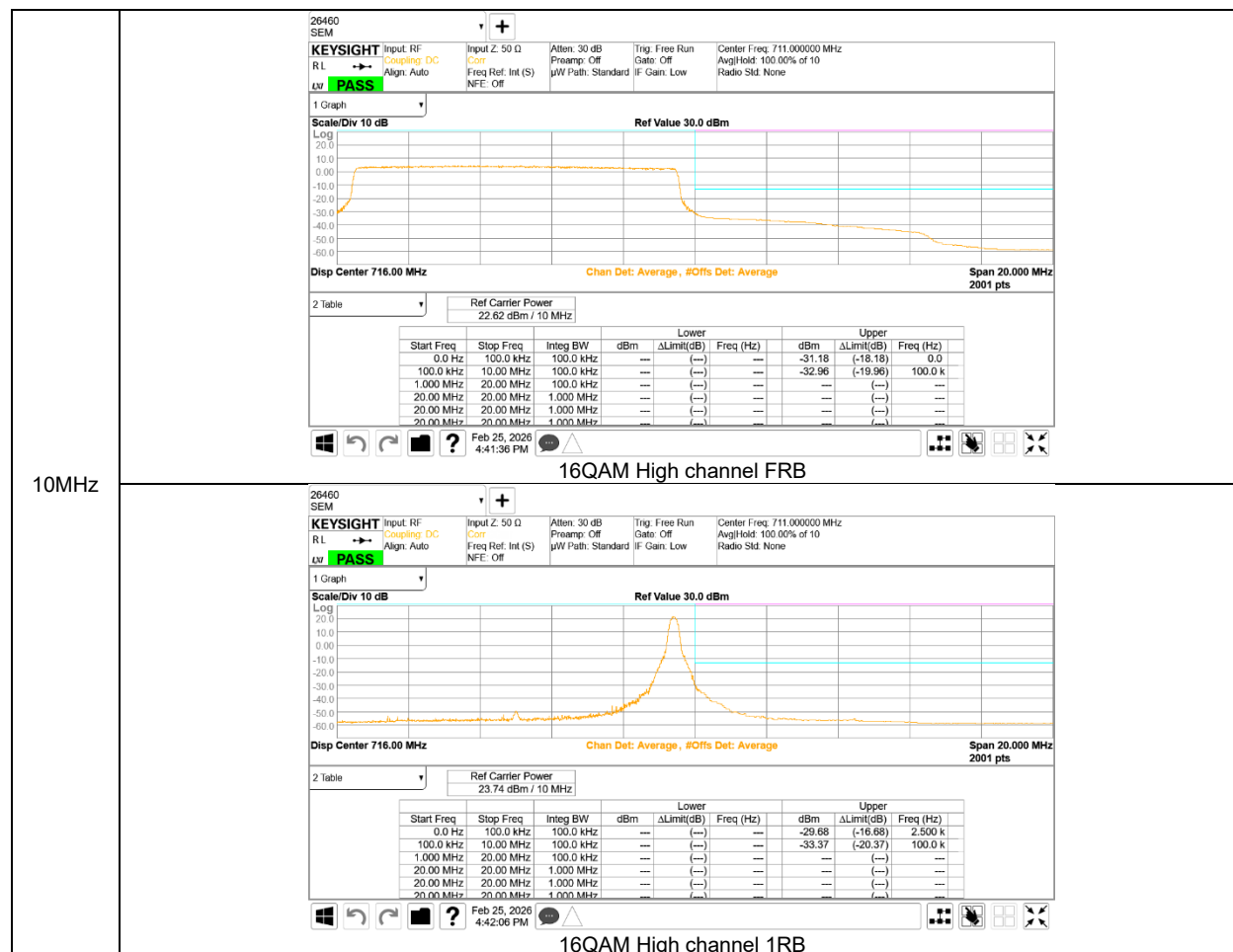
QPSK Low channel FRB



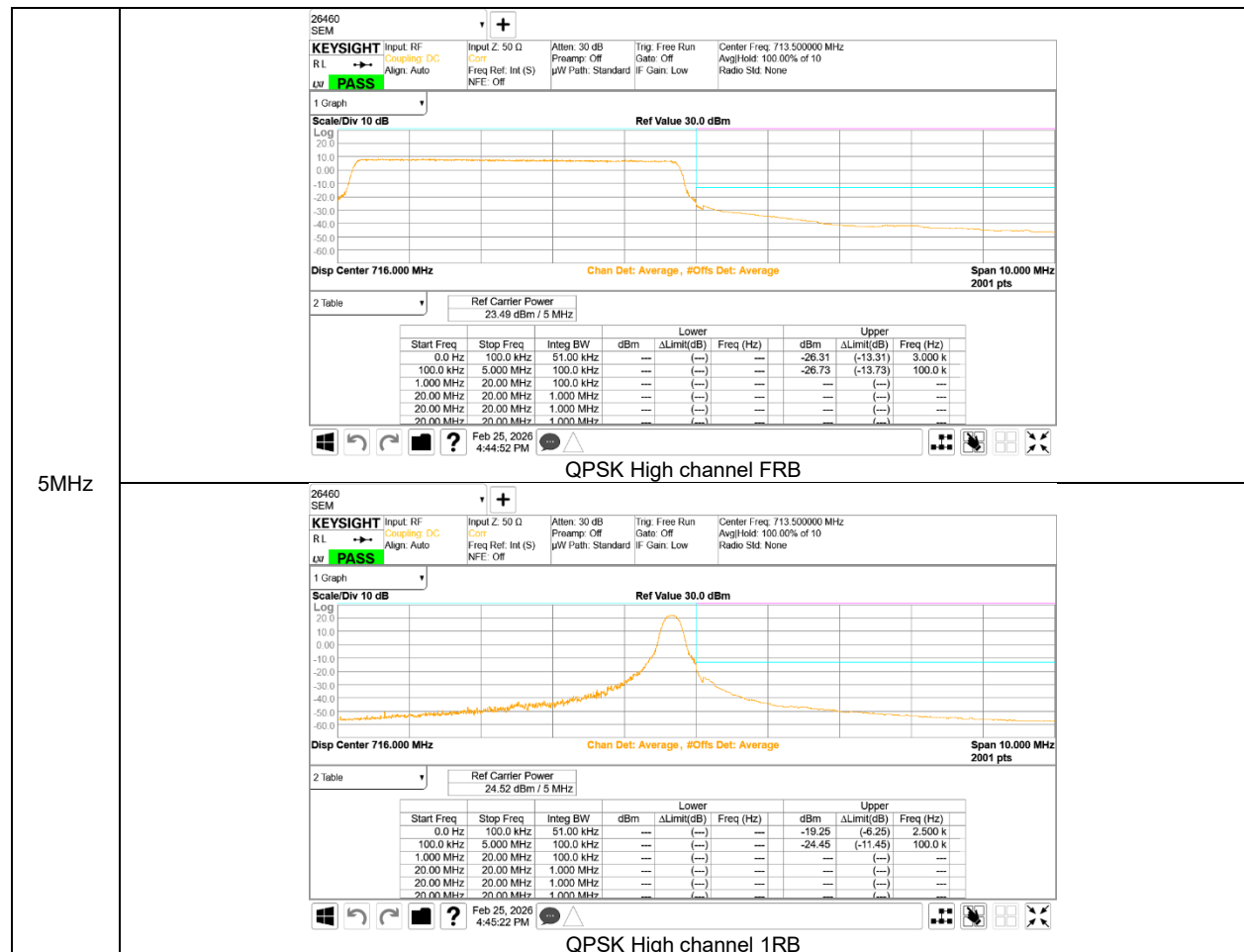
QPSK Low channel 1RB

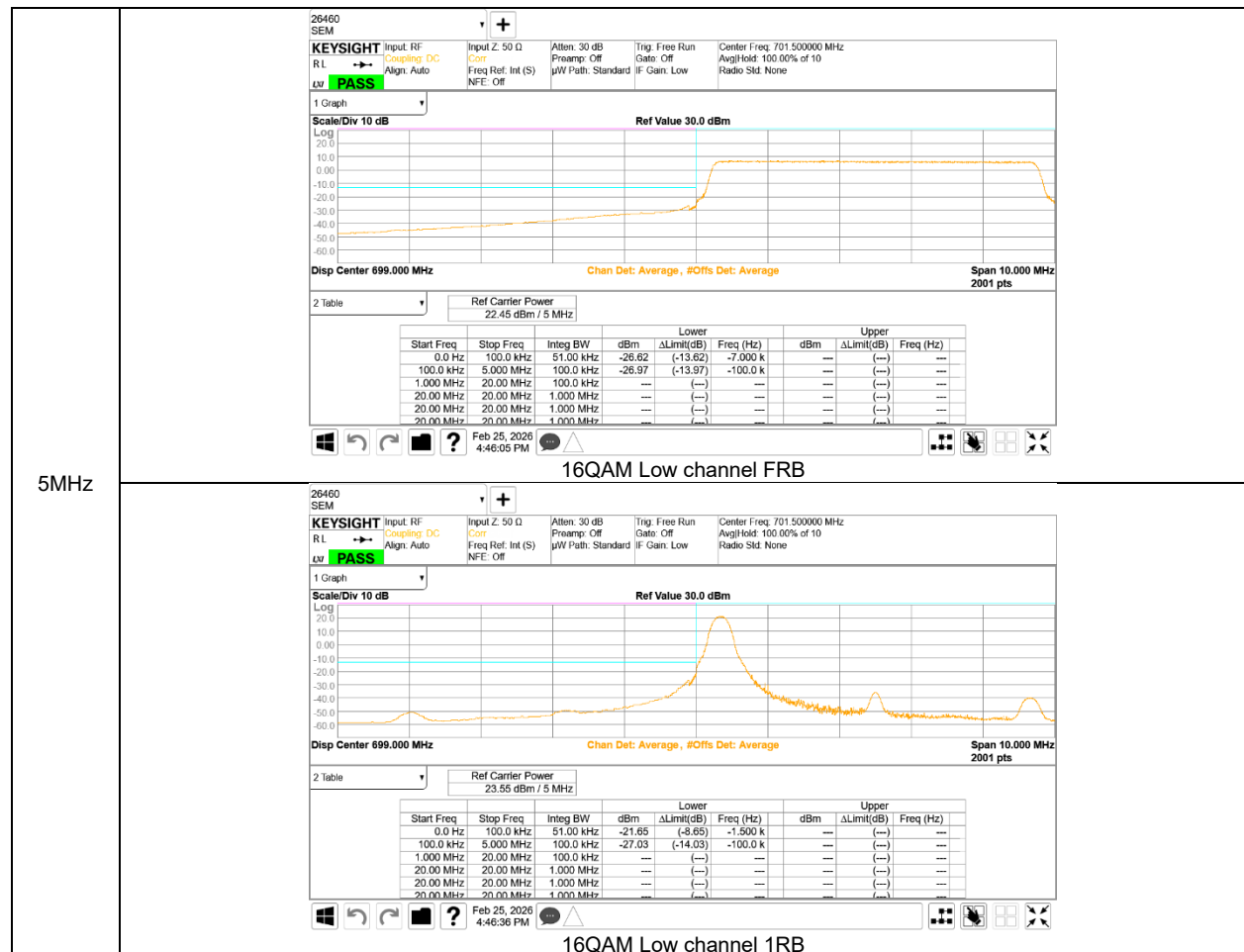








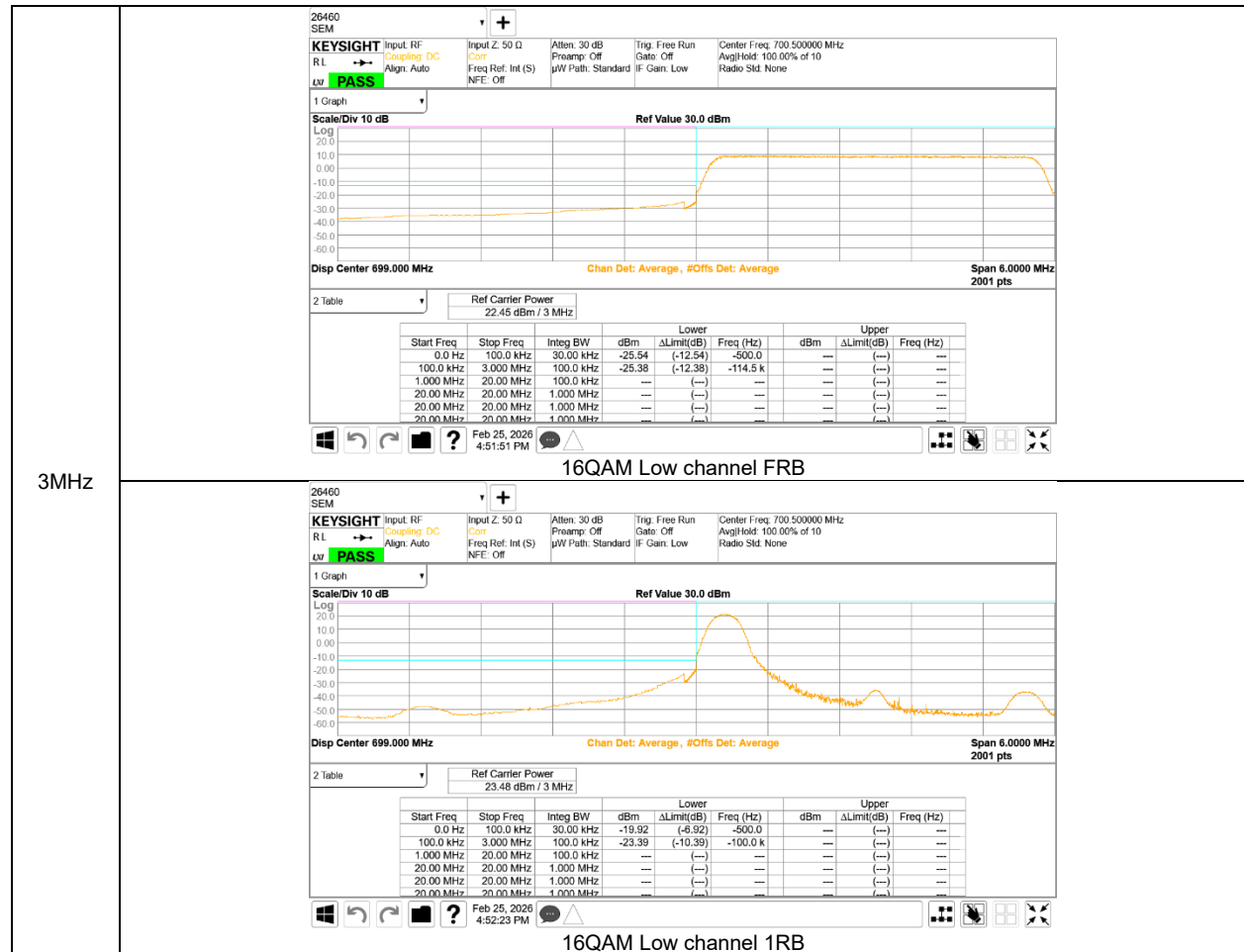


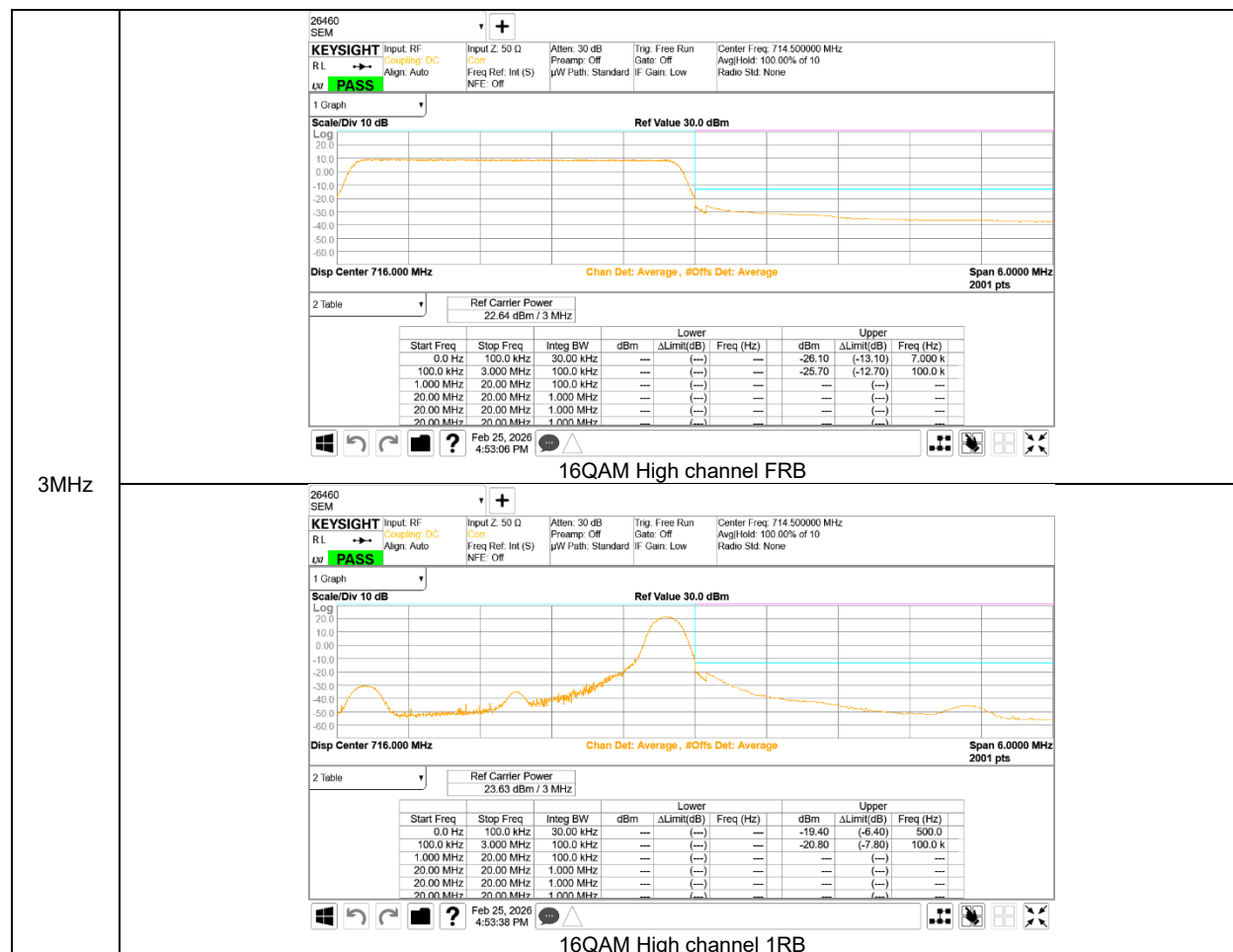














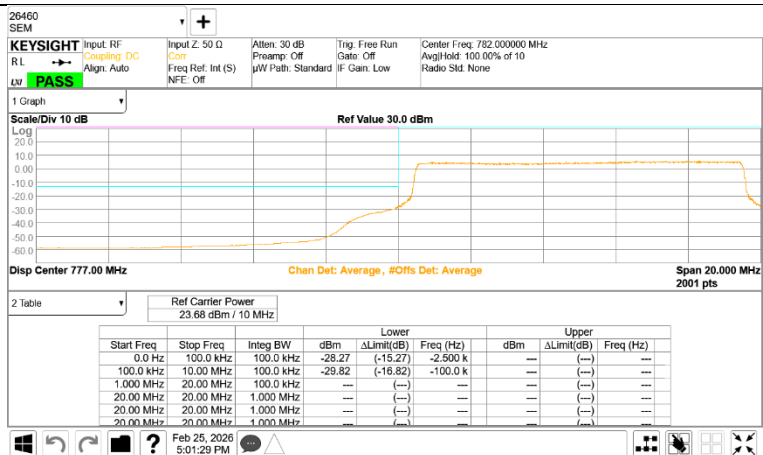




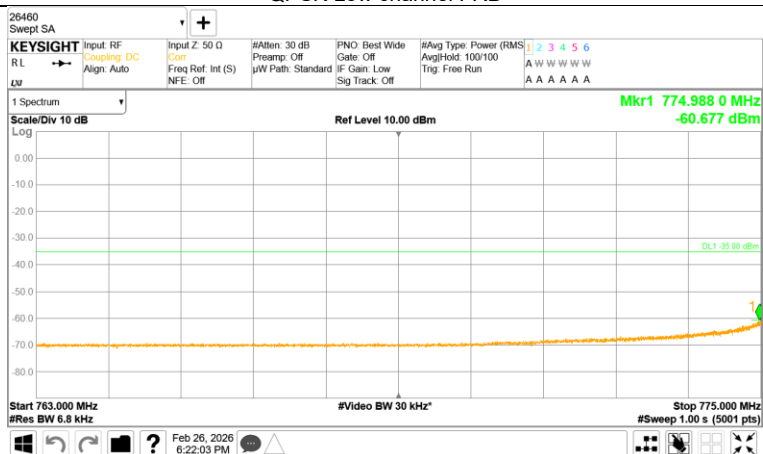


LTE Band 13 (ANT A)

10MHz



QPSK Low channel FRB



QPSK Lower Emission FRB (6.8kHz)

