

FCC/IC UNII REPORT

Certification

Applicant Name:

SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

Date of Issue:

13 January 2020

Address:

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Report No.: HCT-RF-2001-FI005

FCC ID:	A3LSMG715U
IC:	649E-SMG715W
APPLICANT:	SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

According to the Evaluation report, all of the data contained herein is reused from the reference FCC ID : A3LSMG715FN report.

Model:	SM-G715U1
Additional Model:	SM-G715W
EUT Type:	Mobile Phone
Modulation type	OFDM
FCC Classification:	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure(NII)
FCC Rule Part(s):	Part 15.407
IC Rule Part(s):	RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017), RSS-Gen Issue 5_Amendment 1 (March 2019)

Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC/IC Rules under normal use and maintenance



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Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-RF-2001-FI005	13 January 2020	- First Approval Report

This test results were applied only to the test methods required by the standard.

This laboratory is not accredited for the test results marked *.

The above Test Report is the accredited test result by KOLAS(Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme), which signed the ILAC-MRA. (HCT Accreditation No.: KT197)

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	SM-G715U1	
Additional Model	SM-G715W	
EUT Type	Mobile Phone	
Power Supply	DC 3.85 V	
Battery Information	Model: EB-BG15BBE Type: Li-ion Battery	
Travel Adapter Information	Model : TA-200 Manufacture: SOLUM	
Data Cable Information	Model : EP-DR140AWE Manufacture: KSD	
Ear-jack Information	Model : EHS61ASFBE Manufacture: ALMUS	
Modulation Type	OFDM : 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac	
Frequency Range (MHz)	U-NII-1	20MHz BW : 5180 - 5240 40MHz BW : 5190 - 5230 80MHz BW : 5210
	U-NII-2A	20MHz BW : 5260 - 5320 40MHz BW : 5270 - 5310 80MHz BW : 5290
	U-NII-2C	20MHz BW : 5500 - 5720 40MHz BW : 5510 - 5710 80MHz BW : 5530 – 5690
	U-NII-3	20MHz BW : 5745 - 5825 40MHz BW : 5755 - 5795 80MHz BW : 5775
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: LDS Peak Gain : -0.40 dBi (UNII 1), (UNII 2A, 2C), (UNII 3)	
Straddle channel	Supported	
TDWR Band	Supported	
Dynamic Frequency Selection	Slave without radar detection	
Date(s) of Tests	November 21, 2019 ~ December 11, 2019	
PMN (Product Marketing Number)	Galaxy XCover Pro	
HVIN (Hardware Version Identification Number)	SM-G715W	
FVIN (Firmware Version Identification Number)	N/A	
HMN (Host Marketing Name)	N/A	

2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum total conducted average output power as follows:

Band	Mode	RF Output Power	
		(dBm)	(W)
UNII1	802.11a	18.14	0.065
	802.11n (HT20)	17.92	0.062
	802.11n (HT40)	15.65	0.037
	802.11ac (VHT20)	18.03	0.063
	802.11ac (VHT40)	15.68	0.037
	802.11ac (VHT80)	13.53	0.023
UNII2A	802.11a	18.00	0.063
	802.11n (HT20)	17.96	0.063
	802.11n (HT40)	15.47	0.035
	802.11ac (VHT20)	17.94	0.062
	802.11ac (VHT40)	15.66	0.037
	802.11ac (VHT80)	12.39	0.017
UNII2C	802.11a	18.10	0.065
	802.11n (HT20)	17.94	0.062
	802.11n (HT40)	16.20	0.042
	802.11ac (VHT20)	17.85	0.061
	802.11ac (VHT40)	16.52	0.045
	802.11ac (VHT80)	13.89	0.025
UNII3	802.11a	17.77	0.060
	802.11n (HT20)	17.68	0.059
	802.11n (HT40)	15.97	0.040
	802.11ac (VHT20)	17.78	0.060
	802.11ac (VHT40)	16.23	0.042
	802.11ac (VHT80)	13.64	0.023

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 dated December 14, 2017 entitled "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part15, Subpart E" and ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) 'the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices' were used in the measurement.

EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E. / RSS-Gen issue 5, RSS-247 issue 2.

GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 6.6.5 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

For ISCED, test facility was accepted dated February 14, 2019 (CAB identifier: KR0032).

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203, §15.407:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- (1) The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.
- (2) The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.407

7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k = 2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

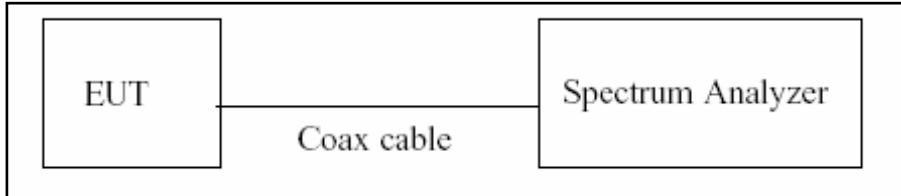
The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ($\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.05

8. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

8.1. Duty Cycle

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure B.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

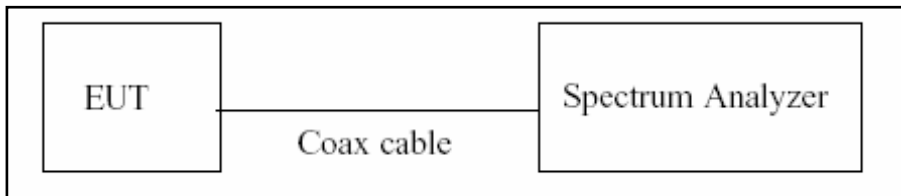
1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ($\geq$ RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep > 100
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure T_{total} and T_{on}
8. Calculate Duty Cycle = $T_{\text{on}} / T_{\text{total}}$ and Duty Cycle Factor = $10\log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

8.2. 6dB Bandwidth & 26dB Bandwidth

Limit

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Configuration



Test Procedure(26dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.1 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = approximately 1 % of the emission bandwidth
2. VBW > RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission.
Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

Test Procedure (6dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = 100 kHz
2. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Allow the trace to stabilize
6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points(upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note:

1. We tested X dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer.
2. DFS test channels should be defined. So, We performed the OBW test to prove that no part of the fundamental emissions of any channels belong to UNII1 and UNII3 band for DFS.
3. The 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

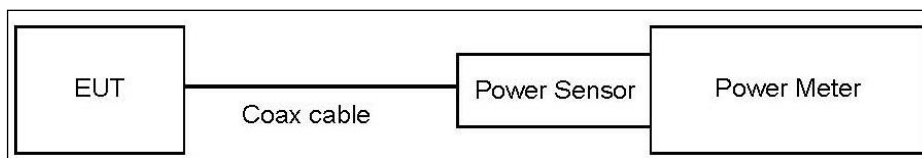
8.3. Output Power Measurement

Limit

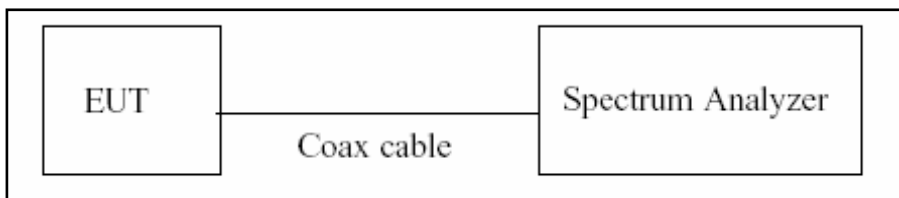
Band	Limit
UNII 1	- Master : Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm) - Slave : Not exceed 250 mW(=23.98 dBm)
UNII 2A, 2C	Not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, (where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz.)
UNII 3	Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm)

Test Configuration

Power Meter



Spectrum Analyzer(Only Straddle Channel)



Test Procedure(Power Meter)

We tested according to Procedure E.3.a in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
3. Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Test Procedure(Spectrum Analyzer)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.

We tested according to Procedure E.2.d) in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Set span to encompass the 26 dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1 MHz.
4. VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz.
5. Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span/RBW}$.
6. Sweep time = auto.
7. Detector = RMS.
8. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
10. Integrated bandwidth = OBW
11. Add $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Sample Calculation

Total Power(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(20 dB) + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	21.24
UNII 2A	21.24
UNII 2C	21.24
UNII 3	21.24

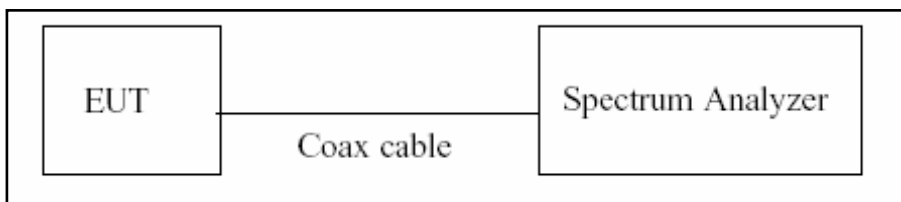
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.4. Power Spectral Density

Limit

Band	Limit
UNII 1	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 2A, 2C	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 3	30 dBm/500 kHz

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

We tested according to Procedure F in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth(EBW) of the signal.
2. RBW = 1 MHz(510 kHz for UNII 3)
3. VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
4. Number of points in sweep $\geq$ 2 x span/RBW.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
7. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
9. Use the peak search function on the spectrum analyzer to find the peak of the spectrum.
10. If Method SA-2 was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

Sample Calculation

Total PSD(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(20 dB) + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	21.24
UNII 2A	21.24
UNII 2C	21.24
UNII 3	21.24

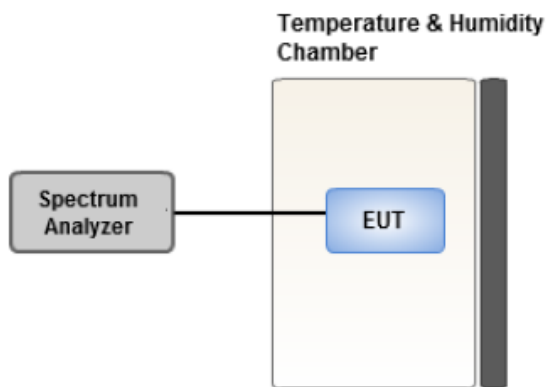
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.5. Frequency Stability

Limit

Maintained within the band

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

1. The EUT was placed inside an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -30 °C and 50 °C.
2. The temperature was incremented by 10 °C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.
3. The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
4. While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn the EUT ON and record the operating frequency at startup, and at 2 minutes, 5 minutes, and 10 minutes after the EUT is energized. Four measurements in total are made.

8.6. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56 ^(a)	56 to 46 ^(a)
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

^(a)Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

8.7. Radiated Test

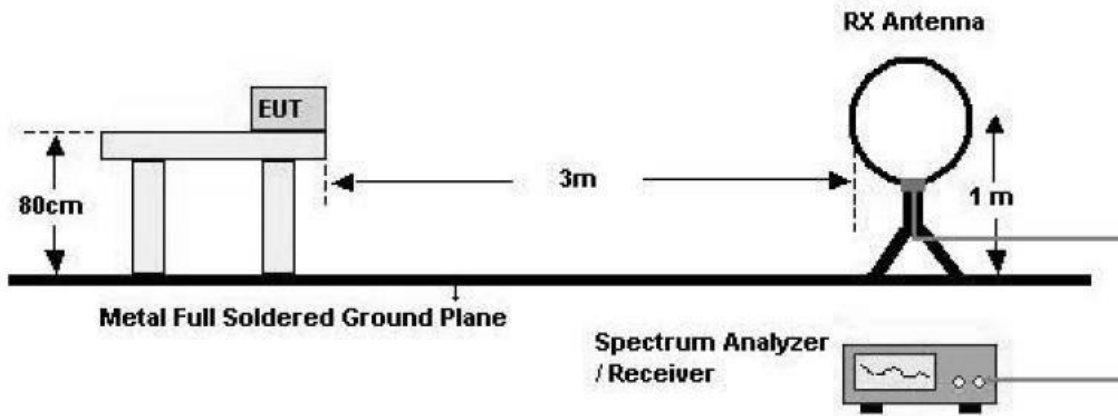
Limit

1. UNII 1: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
2. UNII 2A, 2C: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
3. UNII 3: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
4. All out of band emissions appearing in a restricted band as specified in Section 15.205 of the Title 47 CFR must not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209.

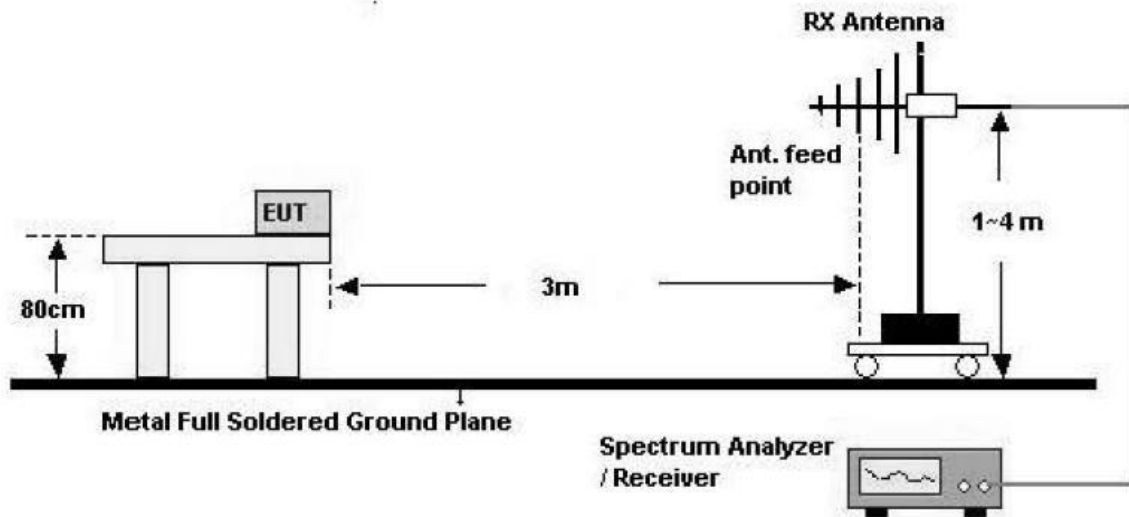
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 – 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Test Configuration

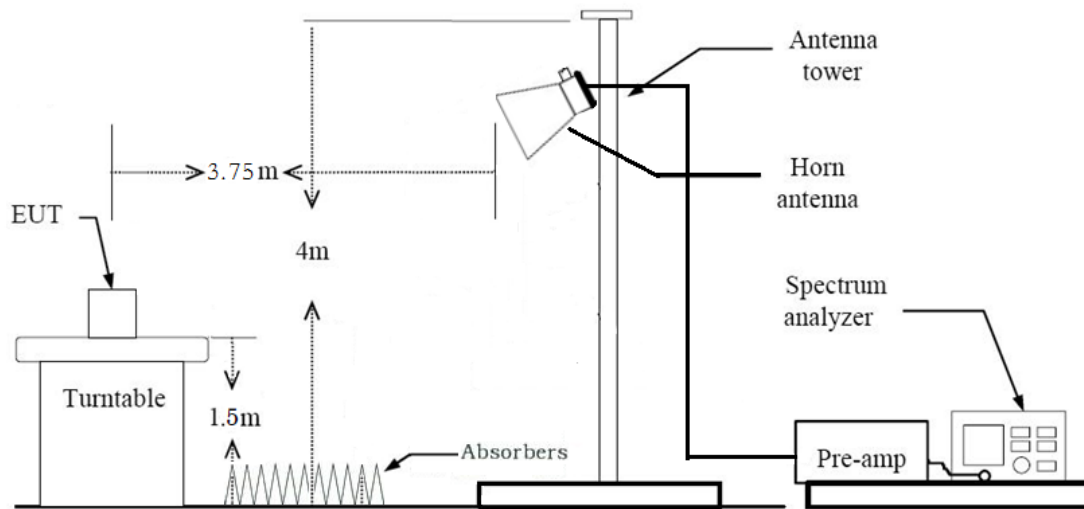
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 30 MHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization and Parallel to the ground plane in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) = $40\log(3\text{ m}/300\text{ m}) = -80\text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
7. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) = $40\log(3\text{ m}/30\text{ m}) = -40\text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
8. Spectrum Setting
 - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Trace = Maxhold
 - RBW = 9 kHz
 - VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)
10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

KDB 414788 OFS and Chamber Correlation Justification

Base on FCC 15.31 (f) (2): measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field.

OFS and chamber correlation testing had been performed and chamber measured test result is the worst case test result.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 1GHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

In general, (1) is used mainly

6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)
7. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
 - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \leq \text{RBW}/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor
11. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency
12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
 - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.

8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.

9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent) = $VBW \leq RBW/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = $VBW \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

10. Measured Frequency Range :

- 4500MHz ~ 5150MHz
- 5350MHz ~ 5460MHz
- 5460MHz ~ 5470MHz

- (75 MHz or more below the 5725MHz) ~ 5725MHz
- 5850MHz ~ (75 MHz or more above the 5850MHz)

11. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

The actual setting value of VBW

Mode	Worst Data rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	The actual setting value of VBW (Hz)
802.11a	6	0.928	0.323	1000
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0	0.924	0.344	1000
802.11n(HT40)	MCS 0	0.869	0.608	3000
802.11ac(VHT20)	MCS 0	0.929	0.318	1000
802.11ac(VHT40)	MCS 0	0.860	0.655	3000
802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS 0	0.855	0.682	3000

8.8. Receiver Spurious Emissions

Limit

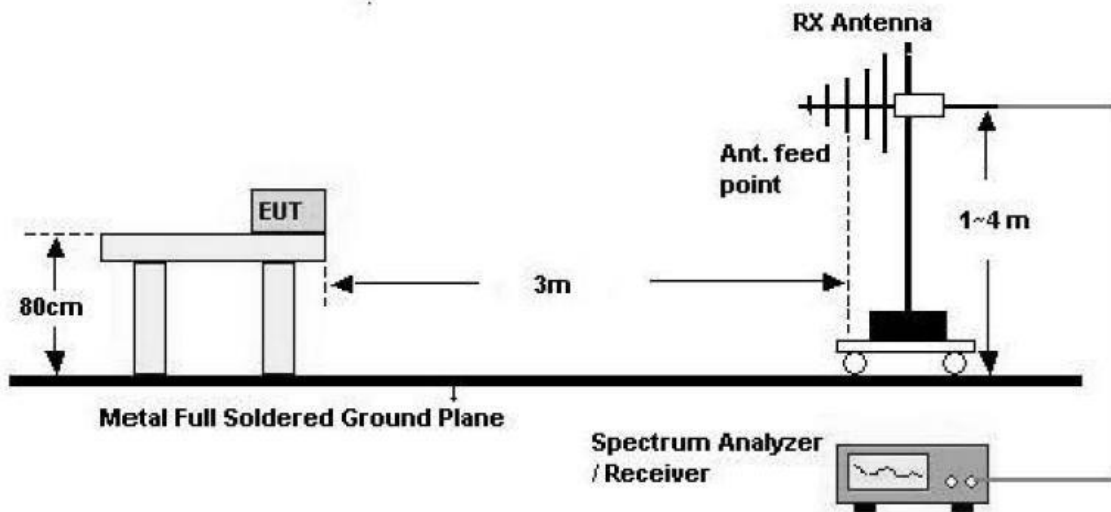
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

Measurements for compliance with the limits in table may be performed at distances other than 3 metres.

Test Configuration

30 MHz - 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Receiver Spurious Emissions (Below 1GHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

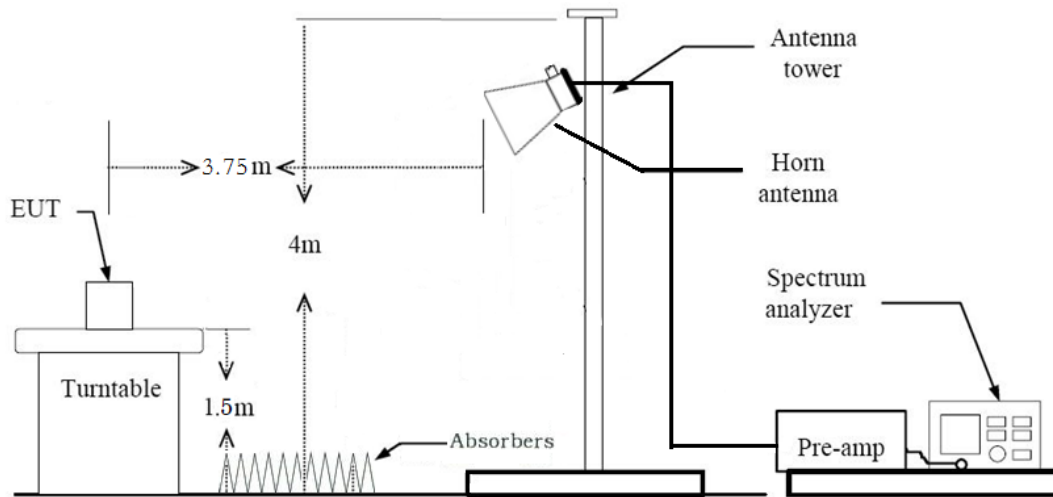
- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)

Above 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).

◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \log (\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)

6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Average):

- We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 1/\tau$ Hz, where τ = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
11. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

8.9. Worst case configuration and mode

Radiated test

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
 - Mode : Stand alone, Stand alone + External accessories(Earphone, etc)
 - Worstcase : Stand alone
2. EUT Axis
 - Radiated Spurious Emissions : Y
 - Radiated Restricted Band Edge : Y
3. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported
 - 802.11a : 6Mbps
 - 802.11n : MCS0
 - 802.11ac : MCS0
4. All position of loop antenna were investigated and the test result is a no critical peak found at all positions.
 - Position : Horizontal, Vertical, Parallel to the ground plane
5. SM-G715U1, SM-G715W were tested and the worst case results are reported.
(Worst case : SM-G715U1)

AC Power line Conducted Emissions

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
 - Mode : Stand alone + External accessories(Earphone, etc)+Travel Adapter(Normal),
Stand alone + Travel Adapter(Normal),
 - Worstcase : Stand alone + Travel Adapter(Normal)
2. SM-G715U1, SM-G715W were tested and the worst case results are reported.
(Worst case : SM-G715U1)

Conducted test

1. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported
2. SM-G715U1, SM-G715W were tested and the worst case results are reported.
(Worst case : SM-G715U1)

9. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Part

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
26dB Bandwidth	§15.407 (for Power Measurement)	N/A	Conducted	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.407(e)	>500 kHz (5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power	§15.407(a)(1)	< 250 mW(5150-5250 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) <1 W(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	§15.407(a)(1),(5)	<11 dBm/ MHz (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5250-5350 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5470-5725 MHz) <30 dBm/500 kHz(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Frequency Stability	§15.407(g) §2.1055	Maintained within the band		PASS
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	15.207	<FCC 15.207 limits		PASS
Undesirable Emissions	§15.407(b)	<-27 dBm/MHz EIRP (UNII1, 2A, 2C) cf. Section 8.7 (UNII 3)	Radiated	PASS
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	15.205, 15.407(b)(5), (6)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		PASS

IC Part

Test Description	IC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
99% Bandwidth	RSS-GEN, 6.7	N/A	CONDUCTED	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1	> 500 kHz (5725~5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power,	RSS-247, 6.2	< 250 mW or $11+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5470-5600, 5650-5725 MHz) Whichever power is less		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1	<1 W (5725-5850 MHz)		
Maximum e.i.r.p	RSS-247, 6.2	< 30 mW or $1.76+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5150-5250 MHz) < 30 mW or $1.76+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 1 W or $17+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) Whichever power is less		PASS
Power Spectral Density	RSS-247 6.2	<10 dBm/ MHz(e.i.r.p.) (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/MHz(Conducted) (5250-5350 MHz, 5470-5600 MHz, 5650-5725 MHz)		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1	<30 dBm/500 kHz(Conducted) (5725-5850 MHz)		
Frequency Stability	RSS-GEN 8.11	should be kept within at least the central 80% of its permitted operating frequency band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.		PASS
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	RSS-GEN, 8.8	RSS-GEN section 8.8 table 4		PASS
Undesirable Emissions	RSS-247, 6.2.1.2	26 dBc at 5250~5350 MHz (5150~5350 MHz)		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2	<-27 dBm/ MHz EIRP (5150-5350 MHz, 5470-5725 MHz)	RADIATED	PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.2	cf. Section 9.8.1 (UNII 3)		
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	RSS-Gen, 8.9 RSS-Gen, 8.10	RSS-Gen section 8.9 table 5, 6 section 8.10 table 7		PASS
Receiver Spurious Emissions	RSS-GEN, 5 RSS-GEN, 7.3	RSS-GEN section 7.3 table 3		PASS

10. TEST RESULT

10.1 DUTY CYCLE

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11a	6	1.425	1.535	0.928	0.323
	9	0.957	1.055	0.907	0.425
	12	0.725	0.835	0.868	0.613
	18	0.492	0.600	0.820	0.862
	24	0.369	0.480	0.769	1.142
	36	0.256	0.376	0.681	1.669
	48	0.195	0.305	0.638	1.951
	54	0.181	0.290	0.624	2.047

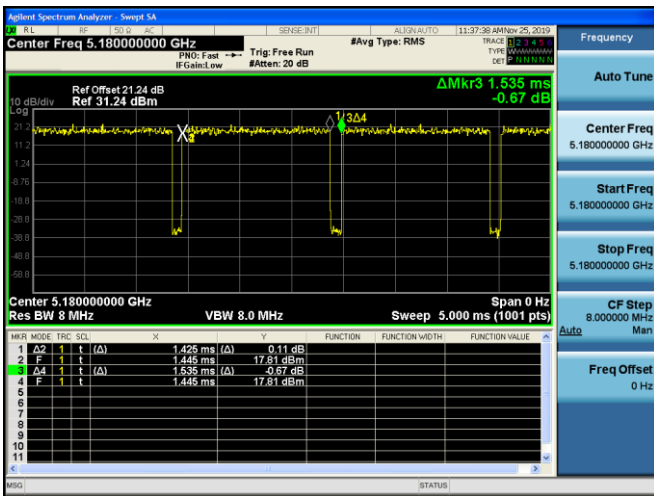
Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11n (HT20)	0	1.335	1.445	0.924	0.344
	1	0.686	0.796	0.862	0.646
	2	0.472	0.582	0.811	0.910
	3	0.363	0.465	0.782	1.067
	4	0.255	0.365	0.697	1.565
	5	0.200	0.310	0.645	1.903
	6	0.184	0.294	0.626	2.035
	7	0.168	0.278	0.604	2.187
802.11n (HT40)	0	0.664	0.764	0.869	0.608
	1	0.353	0.462	0.764	1.168
	2	0.248	0.357	0.695	1.582
	3	0.196	0.297	0.660	1.805
	4	0.144	0.245	0.588	2.304
	5	0.117	0.226	0.515	2.878
	6	0.108	0.218	0.495	3.050
	7	0.101	0.210	0.479	3.201

Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11ac (VHT20)	0	1.344	1.446	0.929	0.318
	1	0.692	0.792	0.874	0.586
	2	0.475	0.586	0.812	0.907
	3	0.368	0.478	0.770	1.136
	4	0.259	0.370	0.700	1.549
	5	0.204	0.313	0.652	1.859
	6	0.188	0.298	0.631	2.001
	7	0.172	0.282	0.611	2.141
	8	0.152	0.262	0.581	2.358
802.11ac (VHT40)	0	0.669	0.777	0.860	0.655
	1	0.356	0.457	0.779	1.087
	2	0.252	0.353	0.714	1.464
	3	0.200	0.301	0.664	1.775
	4	0.148	0.258	0.575	2.407
	5	0.120	0.230	0.522	2.825
	6	0.112	0.222	0.505	2.971
	7	0.104	0.214	0.487	3.124
	8	0.096	0.206	0.466	3.316
	9	0.088	0.198	0.444	3.522
802.11ac (VHT80)	0	0.595	0.696	0.855	0.682
	1	0.319	0.429	0.743	1.291
	2	0.228	0.338	0.675	1.710
	3	0.180	0.299	0.602	2.204
	4	0.136	0.246	0.554	2.567
	5	0.112	0.222	0.505	2.964
	6	0.104	0.214	0.487	3.126
	7	0.096	0.206	0.466	3.316
	8	0.088	0.198	0.444	3.522
	9	0.084	0.194	0.433	3.635

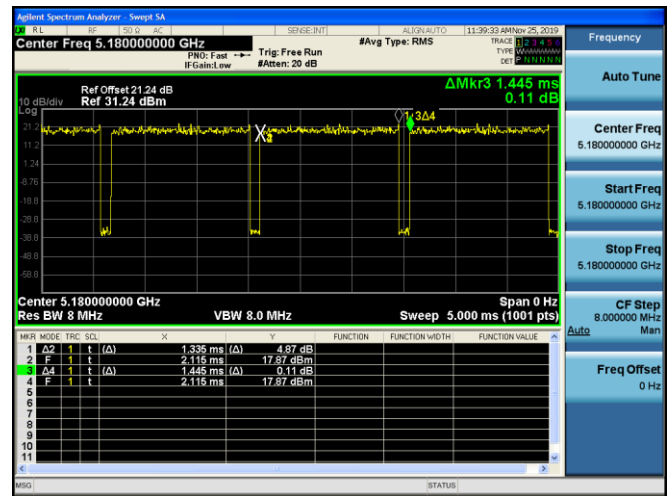
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only lowest datarate.

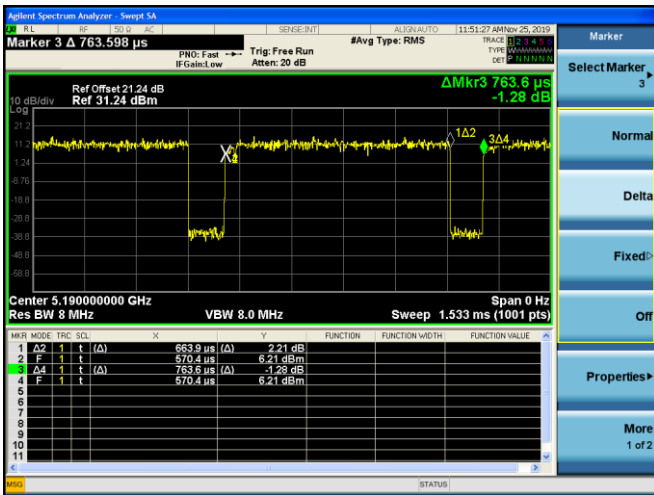
802.11a



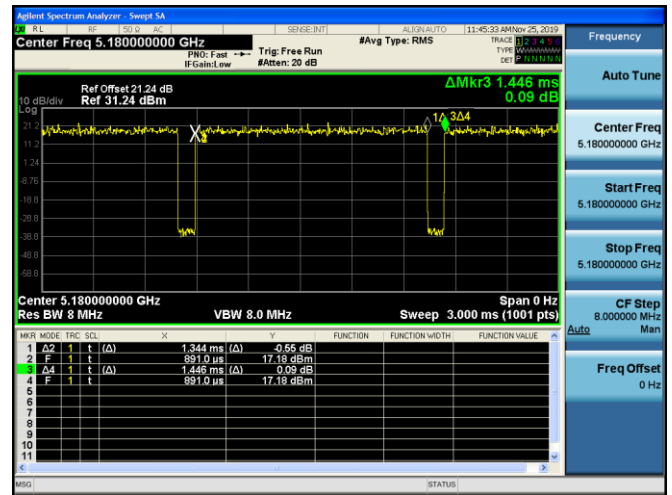
802.11n(HT20)



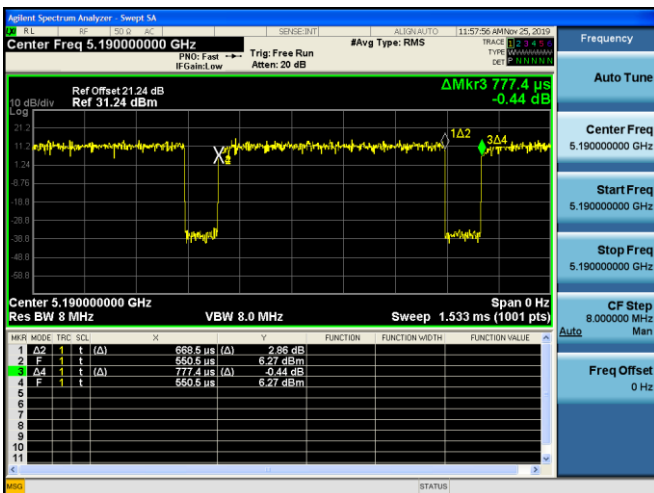
802.11n(HT40)



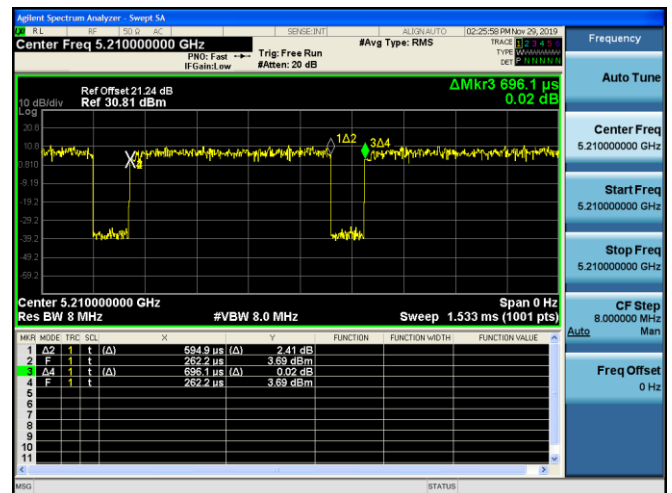
802.11ac(VHT20)



802.11ac(VHT40)



802.11ac(VHT80)



10.2 26 dB BANDWIDTH & 99 % BANDWIDTH

Straddle channel data in the table below are for reporting purposes only.

Straddle channel data were added in section 10.7.1.

802.11a Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	22.79	17.827
5200	40	22.47	17.755
5240	48	22.54	17.910
5260	52	22.80	17.731
5300	60	22.25	17.808
5320	64	22.25	17.753
5500	100	22.09	17.579
5580	116	22.15	17.716
5720	144	22.39	17.885
5745	149	22.46	17.890
5785	157	22.43	17.879
5825	165	23.47	17.823

802.11n(HT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	25.53	18.628
5200	40	24.29	18.666
5240	48	24.47	18.580
5260	52	24.33	18.358
5300	60	23.75	18.570
5320	64	23.51	18.283
5500	100	24.12	18.590
5580	116	26.30	18.399
5720	144	23.82	18.586
5745	149	24.14	18.647
5785	157	24.00	18.714
5825	165	25.41	18.795

802.11n(HT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	44.01	38.764
5230	46	43.60	38.670
5270	54	43.54	38.555
5310	62	43.42	38.654
5510	102	43.93	38.576
5550	110	43.32	38.630
5710	142	43.95	38.705
5755	151	43.75	38.775
5795	159	43.62	38.786

802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	25.36	18.949
5200	40	24.82	18.746
5240	48	26.05	18.873
5260	52	26.42	19.165
5300	60	25.92	18.808
5320	64	23.51	18.764
5500	100	23.28	18.652
5580	116	25.67	18.863
5720	144	26.35	18.946
5745	149	26.45	18.749
5785	157	25.79	18.596
5825	165	24.93	18.883

802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	43.06	38.377
5230	46	43.01	38.090
5270	54	43.26	38.328
5310	62	42.32	38.258
5510	102	43.35	38.245
5550	110	43.43	38.121
5710	142	42.35	38.157
5755	151	43.70	38.305
5795	159	43.40	38.284

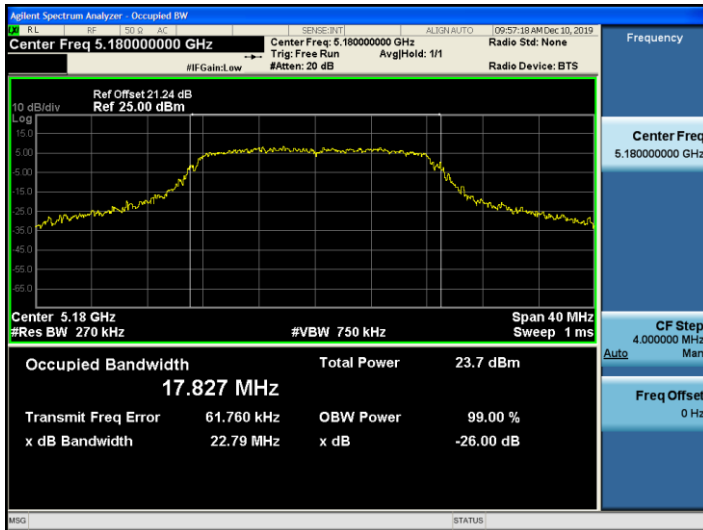
802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5210	42	81.20	77.428
5290	58	81.49	77.207
5530	106	81.02	77.461
5690	138	80.91	77.154
5775	155	80.76	77.402

Test Plots(802.11a)

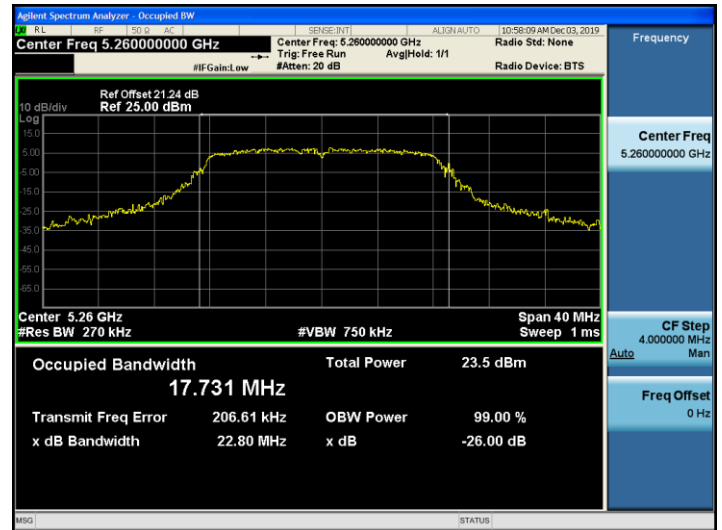
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

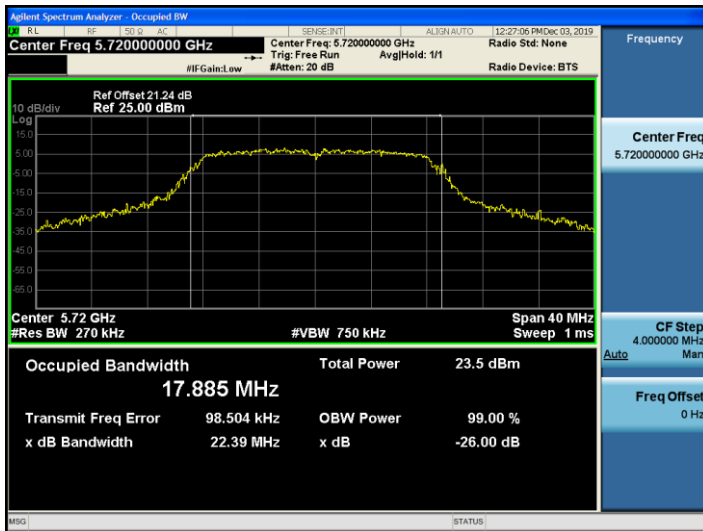
802.11a UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 36)



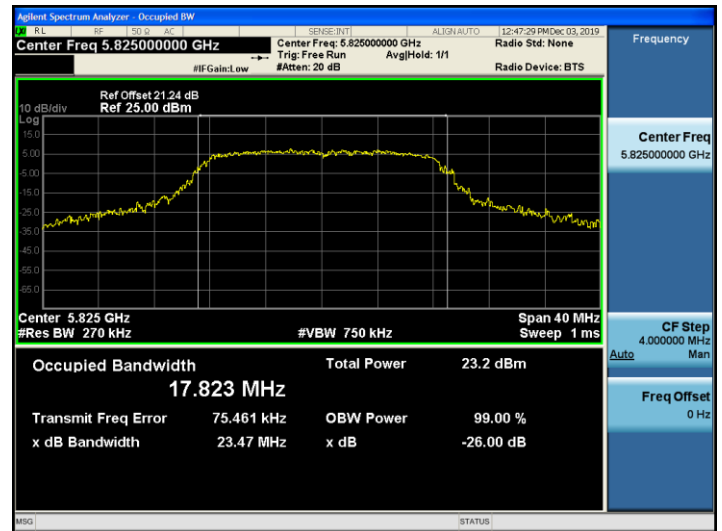
802.11a UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 52)



802.11a UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 144)



802.11a UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 165)

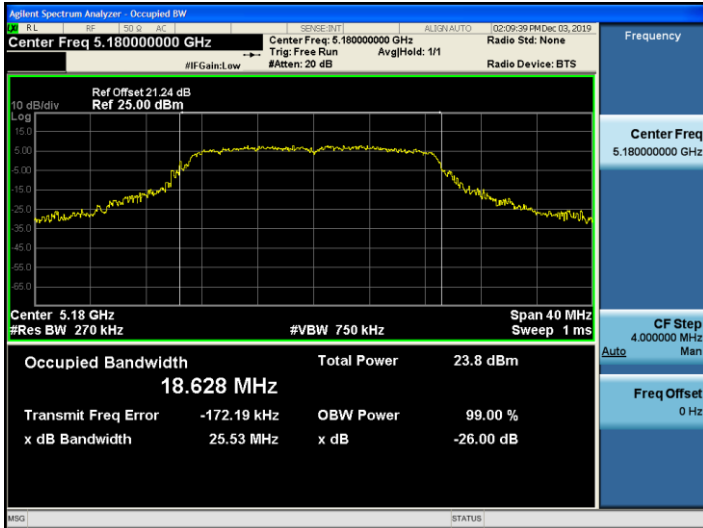


Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

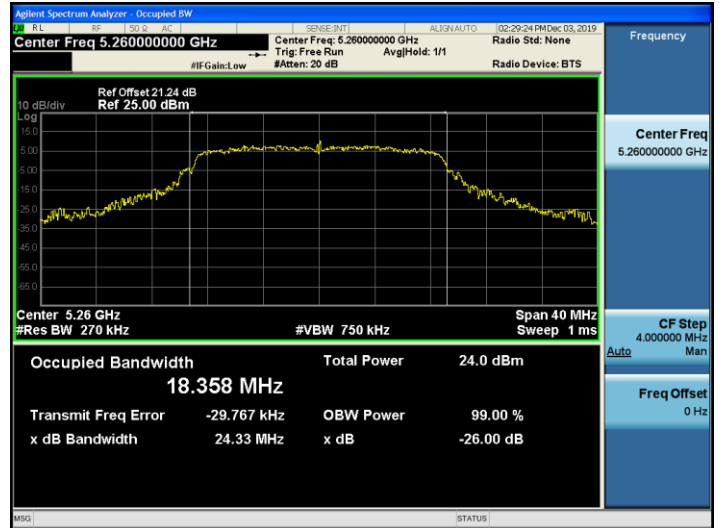
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

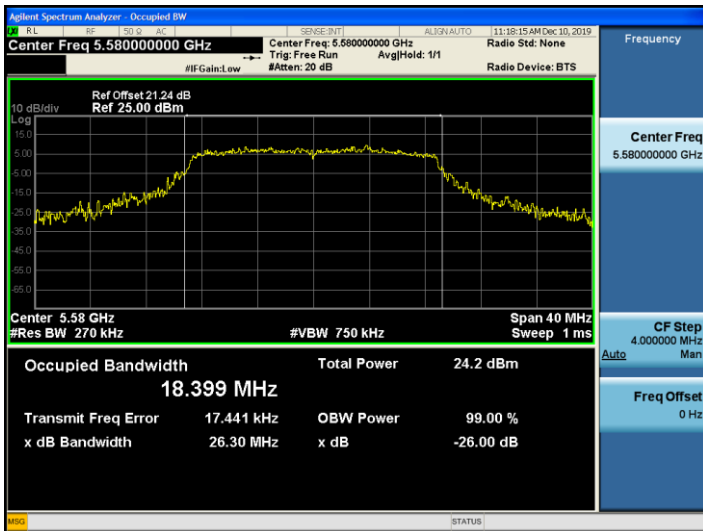
802.11n_HT20 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 36)



802.11n_HT20 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 52)



802.11n_HT20 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 116)



802.11n_HT20 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 165)

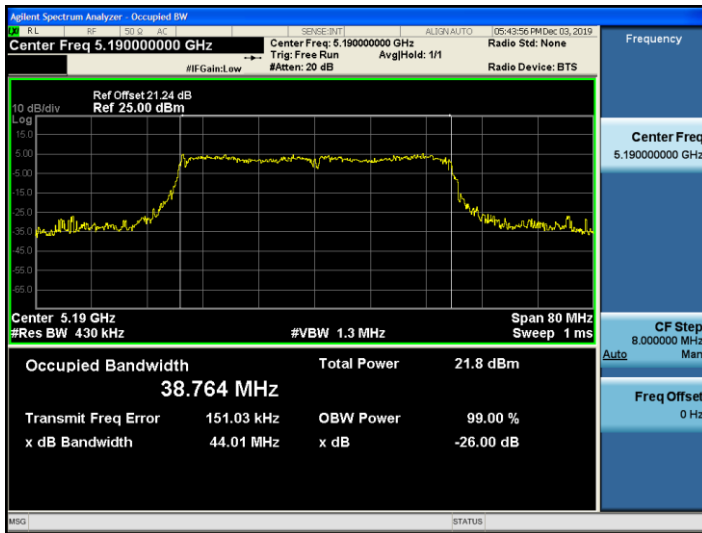


☐ Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

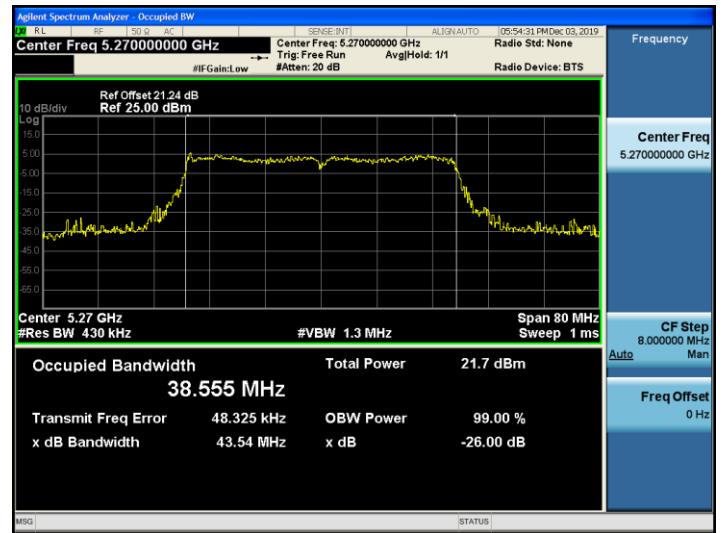
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

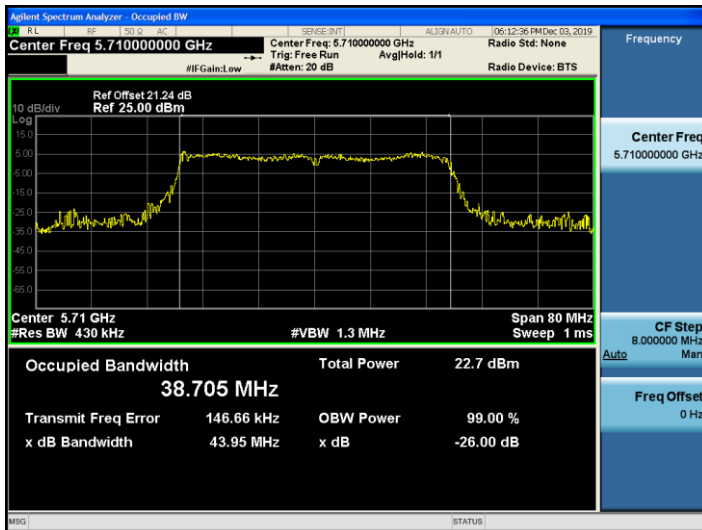
802.11n_HT40 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 38)



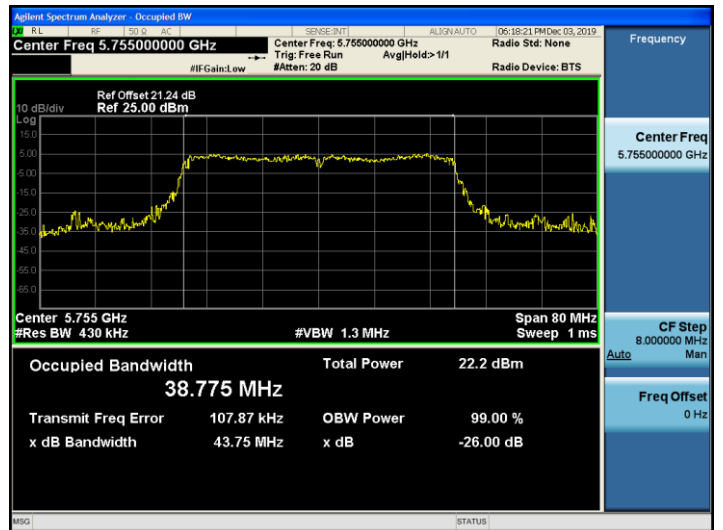
802.11n_HT40 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 54)



802.11n_HT40 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 142)



802.11n_HT40 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 151)

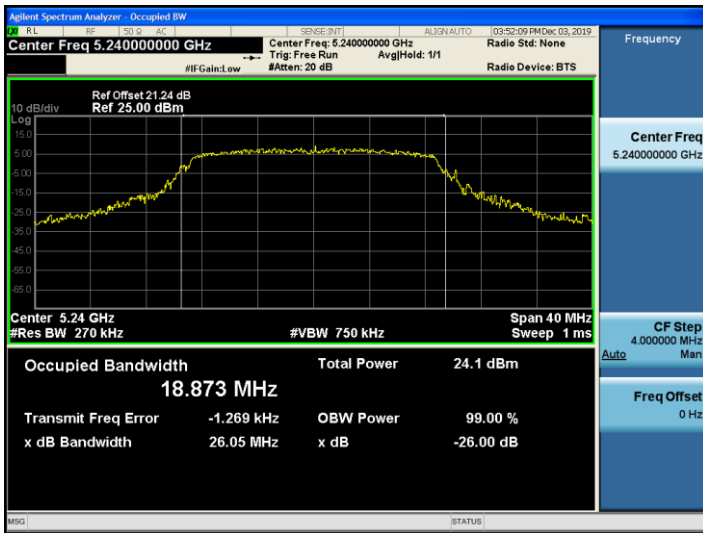


☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT20))

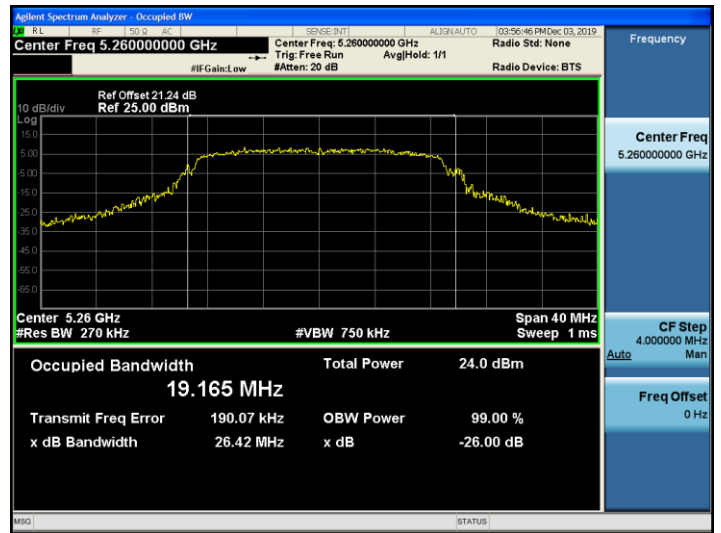
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

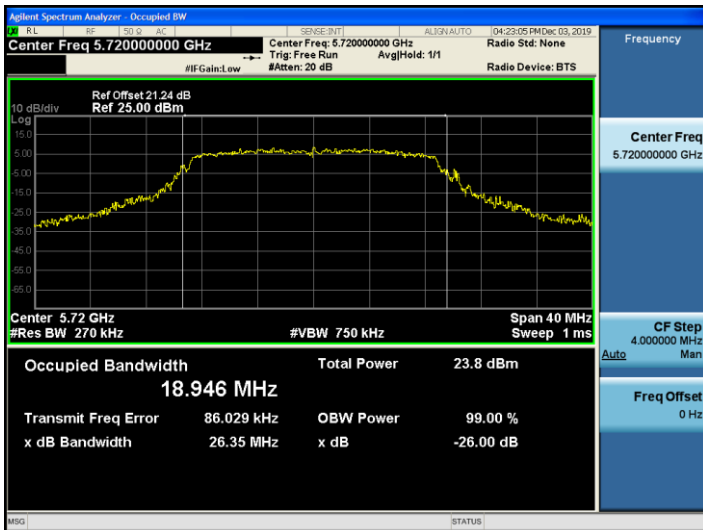
802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 48)



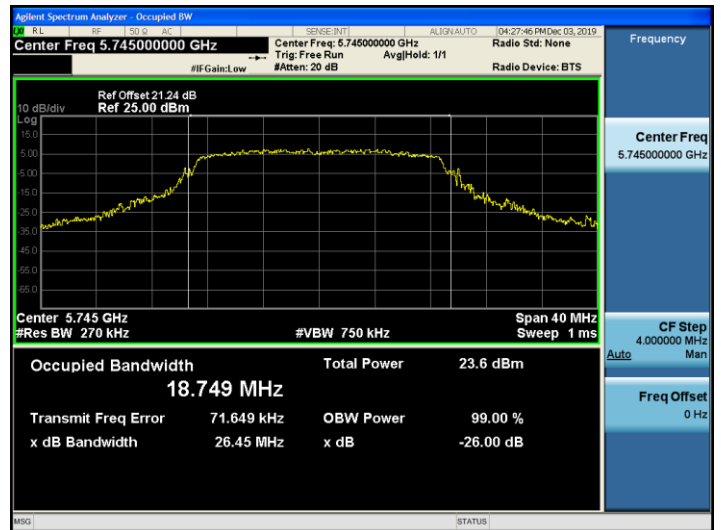
802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 52)



802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 144)



802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 149)

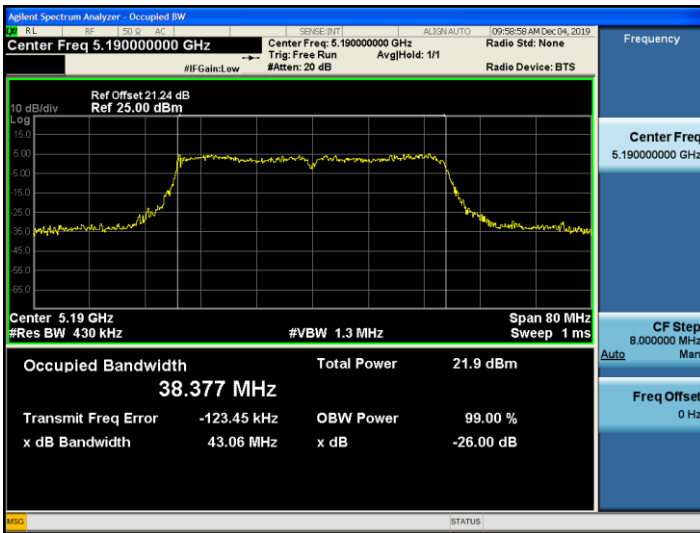


☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT40))

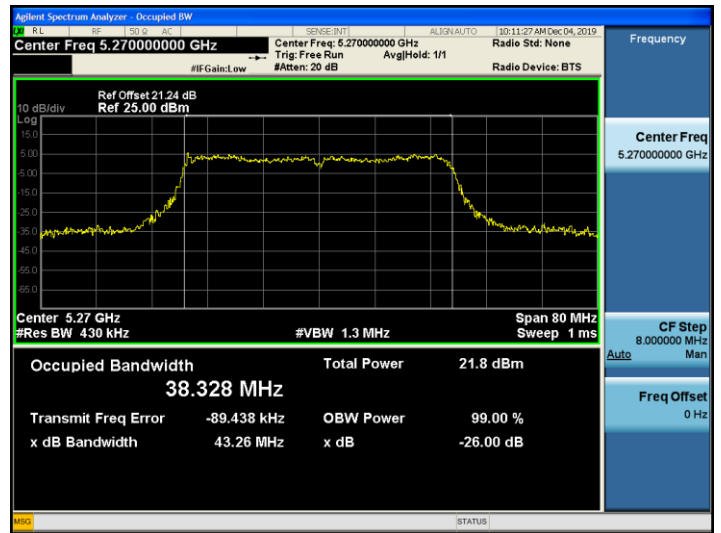
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

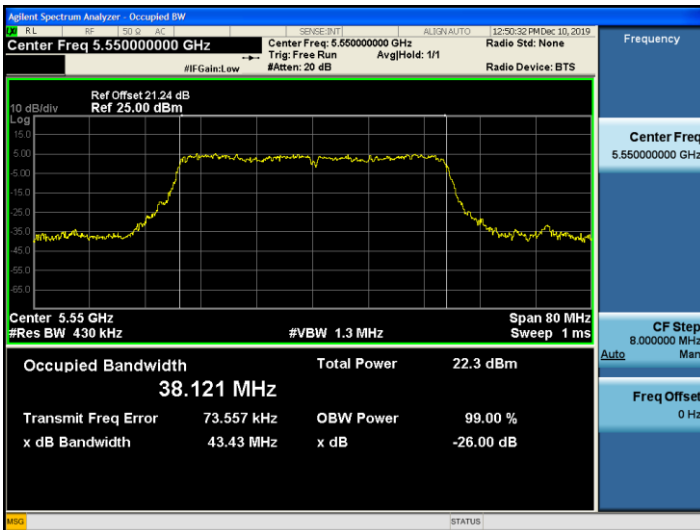
802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 38)



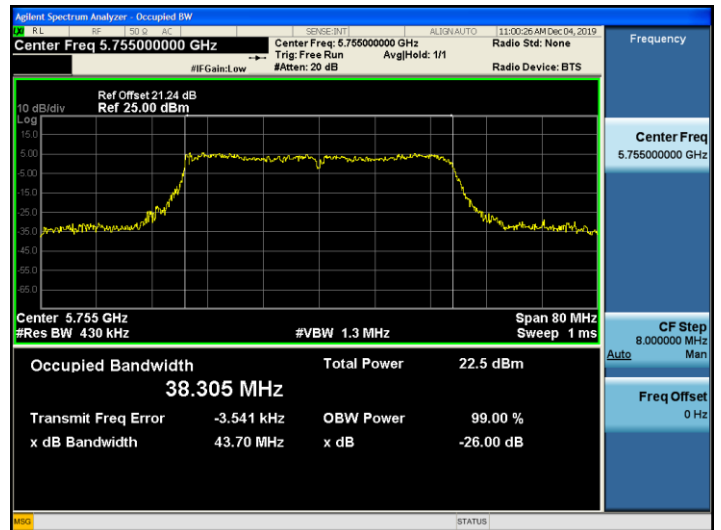
802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 54)



802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 110)



802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 151)

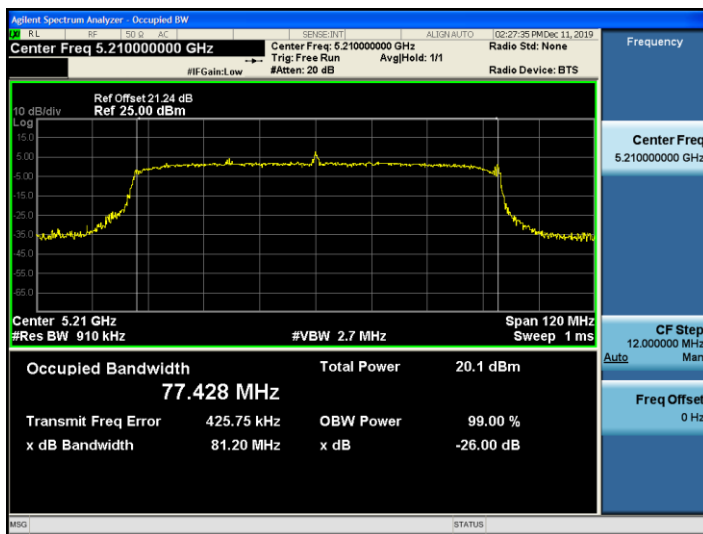


Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT80))

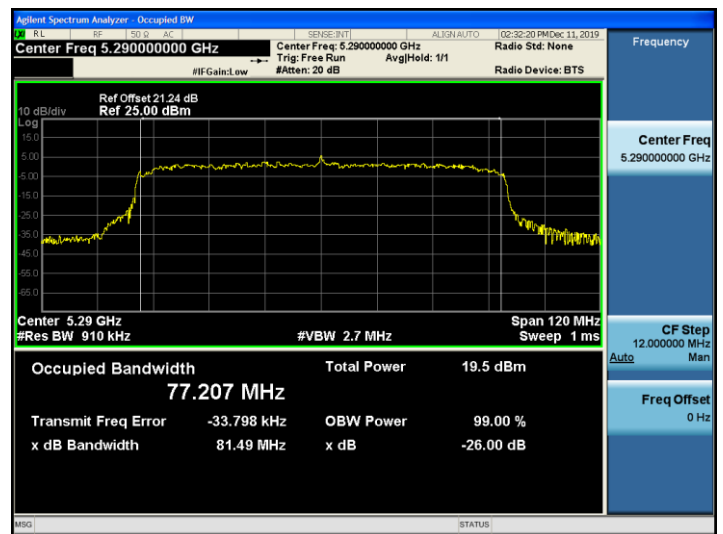
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

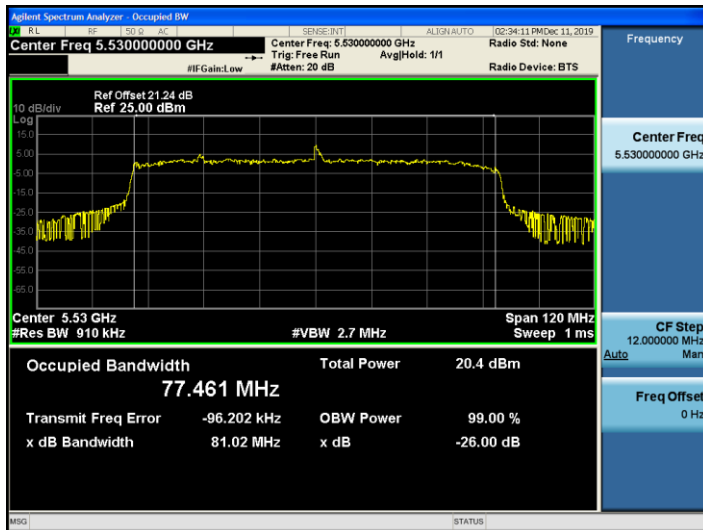
802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 42)



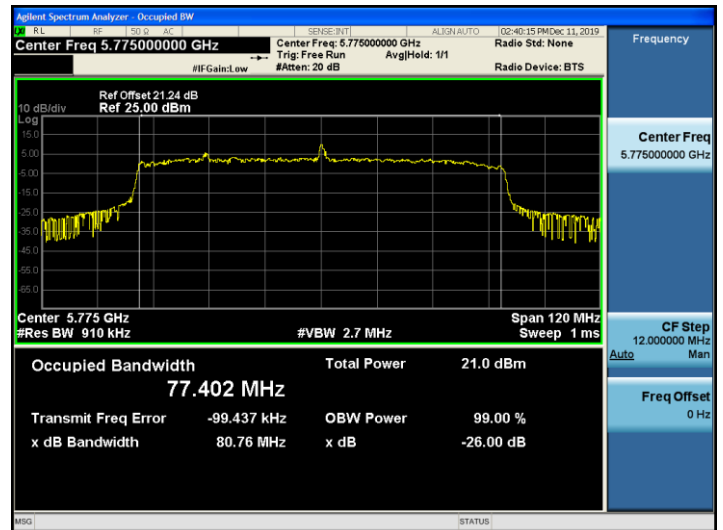
802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 58)



802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 106)



802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 155)



10.3 6dB BANDWIDTH

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	15.75	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	16.03	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.11	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	15.43	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	15.12	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.73	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	37.69	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	37.68	> 0.5	Pass

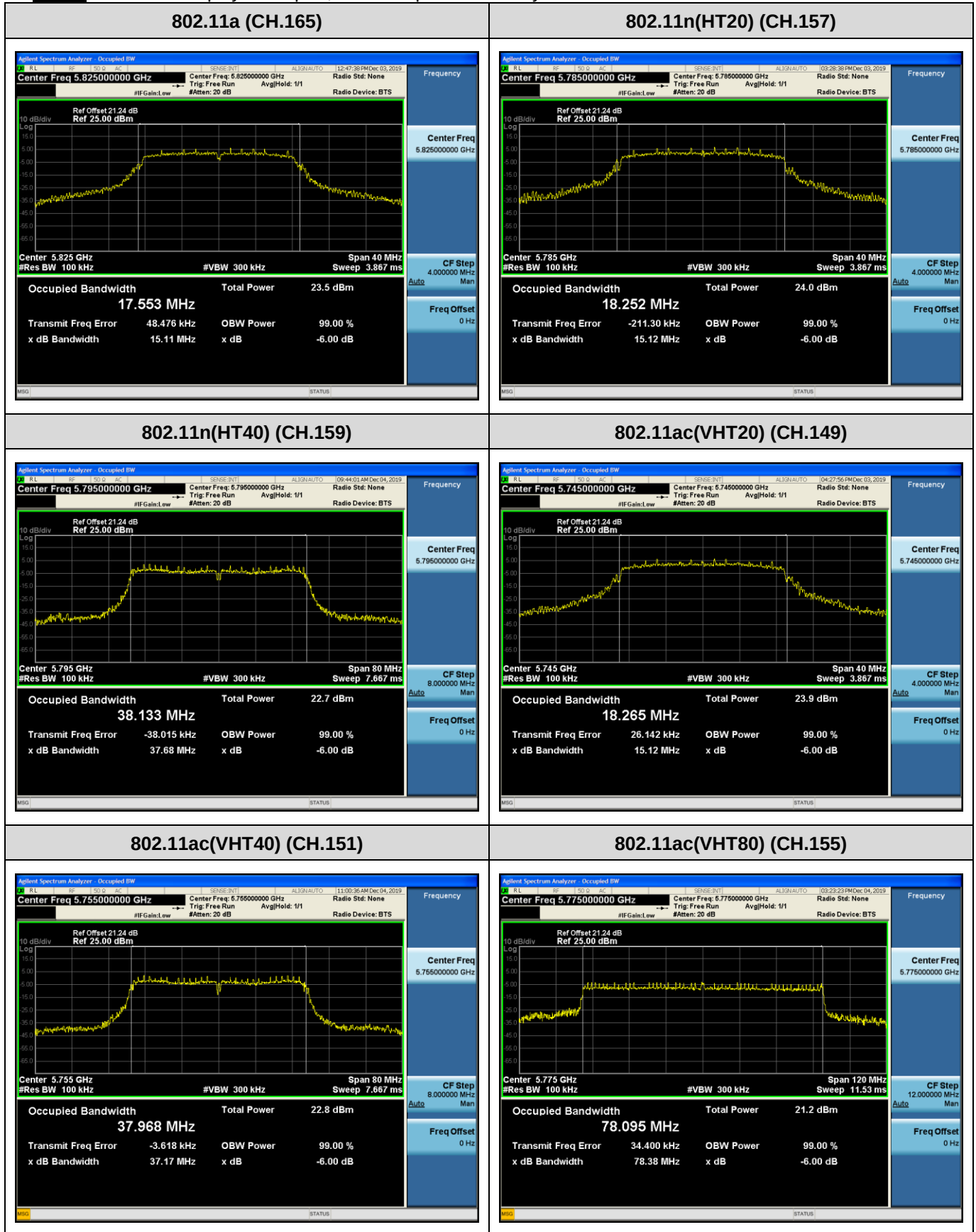
802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	15.12	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	16.31	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.49	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	37.17	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	37.50	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5775	155	78.38	> 0.5	Pass

Test Plots

Note: In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



99 % Bandwidth measurement(IC)

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5745	149	17.951
5785	157	17.877
5825	165	18.039

802.11n(HT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5745	149	18.635
5785	157	18.888
5825	165	18.872

802.11n(HT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5755	151	39.100
5795	159	39.122

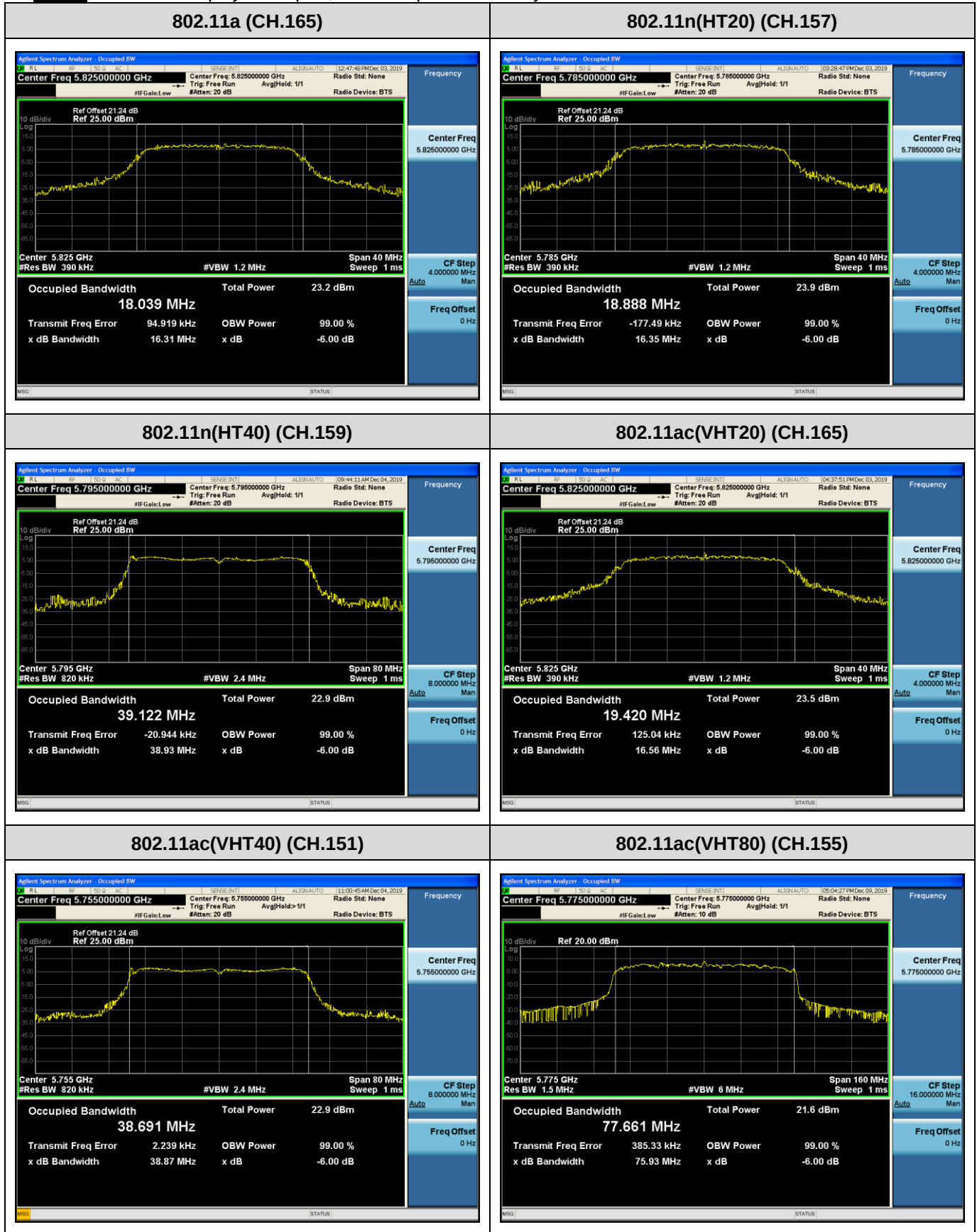
802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5745	149	19.077
5785	157	19.342
5825	165	19.420

802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5755	151	38.691
5795	159	38.690

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5775	155	77.661

Test Plots

Note: In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



10.4 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Straddle channel data in the table below are for reporting purposes only.

Straddle channel data were added in section 10.7.3.

802.11a Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	18.00	16.39	1.669	18.05	23.98
5200	40	18.00	16.15	1.669	17.82	23.98
5240	48	18.00	16.47	1.669	18.14	23.98
5260	52	18.00	16.33	1.669	18.00	23.98
5300	60	18.00	16.14	1.669	17.80	23.98
5320	64	18.00	16.09	1.669	17.76	23.98
5500	100	18.00	16.02	1.669	17.69	23.98
5580	116	18.00	16.43	1.669	18.10	23.98
5720	144	18.00	16.10	1.669	17.77	23.98
5745	149	18.00	16.08	1.669	17.75	30.00
5785	157	18.00	16.10	1.669	17.77	30.00
5825	165	17.50	15.45	1.669	17.12	30.00

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	18.00	16.33	1.565	17.90	23.98
5200	40	18.00	16.14	1.565	17.70	23.98
5240	48	18.00	16.36	1.565	17.92	23.98
5260	52	18.00	16.40	1.565	17.96	23.98
5300	60	18.00	16.16	1.565	17.73	23.98
5320	64	18.00	16.03	1.565	17.59	23.98
5500	100	18.00	15.92	1.565	17.49	23.98
5580	116	18.00	16.38	1.565	17.94	23.98
5720	144	18.00	16.14	1.565	17.70	23.98
5745	149	18.00	16.08	1.565	17.65	30.00
5785	157	18.00	16.11	1.565	17.68	30.00
5825	165	18.00	15.65	1.565	17.21	30.00

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5190	38	14.00	10.62	2.878	13.50	23.98
5230	46	17.00	13.34	2.304	15.65	23.98
5270	54	17.00	13.66	1.805	15.47	23.98
5310	62	14.50	10.55	3.050	13.60	23.98
5510	102	17.00	13.48	1.582	15.06	23.98
5550	110	17.00	13.22	2.304	15.53	23.98
5710	142	17.00	14.39	1.805	16.20	23.98
5755	151	17.00	13.66	2.304	15.97	30.00
5795	159	17.00	14.16	1.805	15.96	30.00

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	18.00	16.39	1.549	17.94	23.98
5200	40	18.00	16.14	1.549	17.69	23.98
5240	48	18.00	16.48	1.549	18.03	23.98
5260	52	18.00	16.39	1.549	17.94	23.98
5300	60	18.00	16.17	1.549	17.72	23.98
5320	64	18.00	16.13	1.549	17.68	23.98
5500	100	18.00	16.08	1.549	17.62	23.98
5580	116	18.00	16.30	1.549	17.85	23.98
5720	144	18.00	16.13	1.549	17.68	23.98
5745	149	18.00	16.15	1.549	17.70	30.00
5785	157	18.00	16.24	1.549	17.78	30.00
5825	165	18.00	15.69	1.549	17.24	30.00

802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5190	38	14.00	10.66	2.825	13.49	23.98
5230	46	17.00	13.27	2.407	15.68	23.98
5270	54	17.00	13.26	2.407	15.66	23.98
5310	62	14.50	10.85	2.825	13.68	23.98
5510	102	17.00	12.77	2.407	15.17	23.98
5550	110	17.00	13.29	2.407	15.69	23.98
5710	142	17.00	14.11	2.407	16.52	23.98
5755	151	17.00	13.77	2.407	16.17	30.00
5795	159	17.00	13.82	2.407	16.23	30.00

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5210	42	15.00	10.97	2.567	13.53	23.98
5290	58	13.00	9.07	3.316	12.39	23.98
5530	106	15.00	11.20	2.567	13.77	23.98
5690	138	15.00	11.33	2.567	13.89	23.98
5775	155	15.00	11.43	2.204	13.64	30.00

10.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11a Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	5.768	1.669	7.437	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	4.297	1.669	5.966	
5240	48	5.940	1.669	7.609	
5260	52	5.678	1.669	7.347	
5300	60	5.687	1.669	7.356	
5320	64	5.676	1.669	7.345	
5500	100	5.481	1.669	7.150	
5580	116	5.875	1.669	7.544	
5720	144	5.433	1.669	7.102	
5745	149	2.624	1.669	4.293	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	2.859	1.669	4.528	
5825	165	1.879	1.669	3.548	

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	5.680	1.565	7.245	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	5.328	1.565	6.893	
5240	48	5.602	1.565	7.167	
5260	52	5.754	1.565	7.319	
5300	60	5.389	1.565	6.954	
5320	64	5.486	1.565	7.051	
5500	100	5.138	1.565	6.703	
5580	116	5.600	1.565	7.165	
5720	144	4.935	1.565	6.500	
5745	149	2.373	1.565	3.938	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	2.272	1.565	3.837	
5825	165	1.931	1.565	3.496	

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	-3.389	2.878	-0.511	11 dBm/MHz
5230	46	-0.314	2.304	1.990	
5270	54	-0.010	1.805	1.795	
5310	62	-2.674	3.050	0.376	
5510	102	0.046	1.582	1.628	
5550	110	0.201	2.304	2.505	
5710	142	1.070	1.805	2.875	
5755	151	-2.545	2.304	-0.241	30 dBm /500kHz
5795	159	-1.933	1.805	-0.128	

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	5.605	1.549	7.154	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	5.210	1.549	6.759	
5240	48	5.590	1.549	7.139	
5260	52	5.328	1.549	6.877	
5300	60	5.299	1.549	6.848	
5320	64	5.259	1.549	6.808	
5500	100	4.972	1.549	6.521	
5580	116	5.500	1.549	7.049	
5720	144	5.218	1.549	6.767	
5745	149	2.186	1.549	3.735	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	2.409	1.549	3.958	
5825	165	1.983	1.549	3.532	

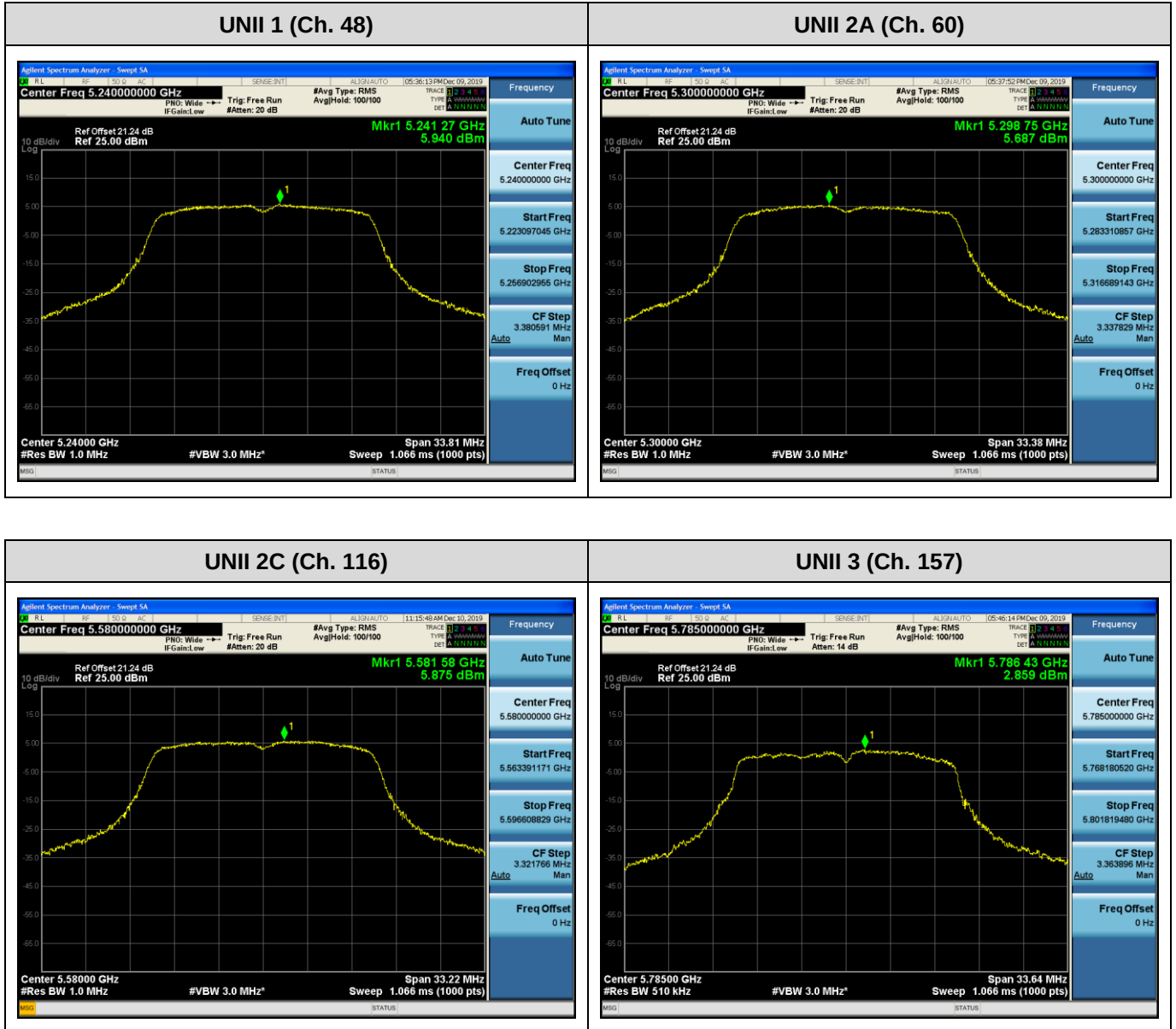
802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	-3.063	2.825	-0.238	11 dBm/MHz
5230	46	-0.674	2.407	1.733	
5270	54	-0.713	2.407	1.694	
5310	62	-3.207	2.825	-0.382	
5510	102	-0.962	2.407	1.445	
5550	110	-0.383	2.407	2.024	
5710	142	0.095	2.407	2.502	
5755	151	-2.665	2.407	-0.258	30 dBm/500kHz
5795	159	-3.068	2.407	-0.661	

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5210	42	-6.048	2.567	-3.481	11 dBm/MHz
5290	58	-7.343	3.316	-4.027	
5530	106	-6.249	2.567	-3.682	
5690	138	-5.492	2.567	-2.925	
5775	155	-8.280	2.204	-6.076	30 dBm/500kHz

Test Plots(802.11a)

Note:

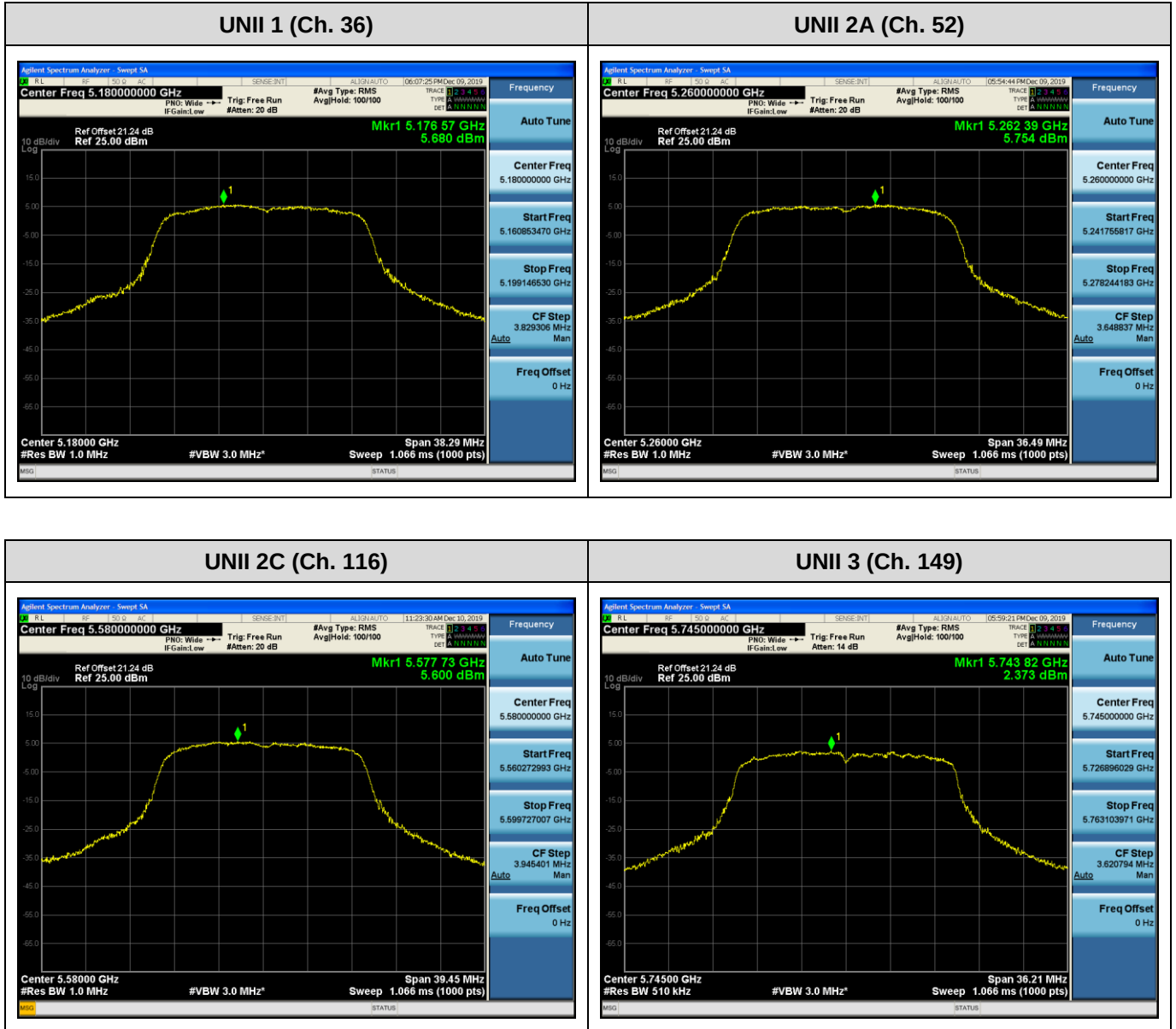
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

Note:

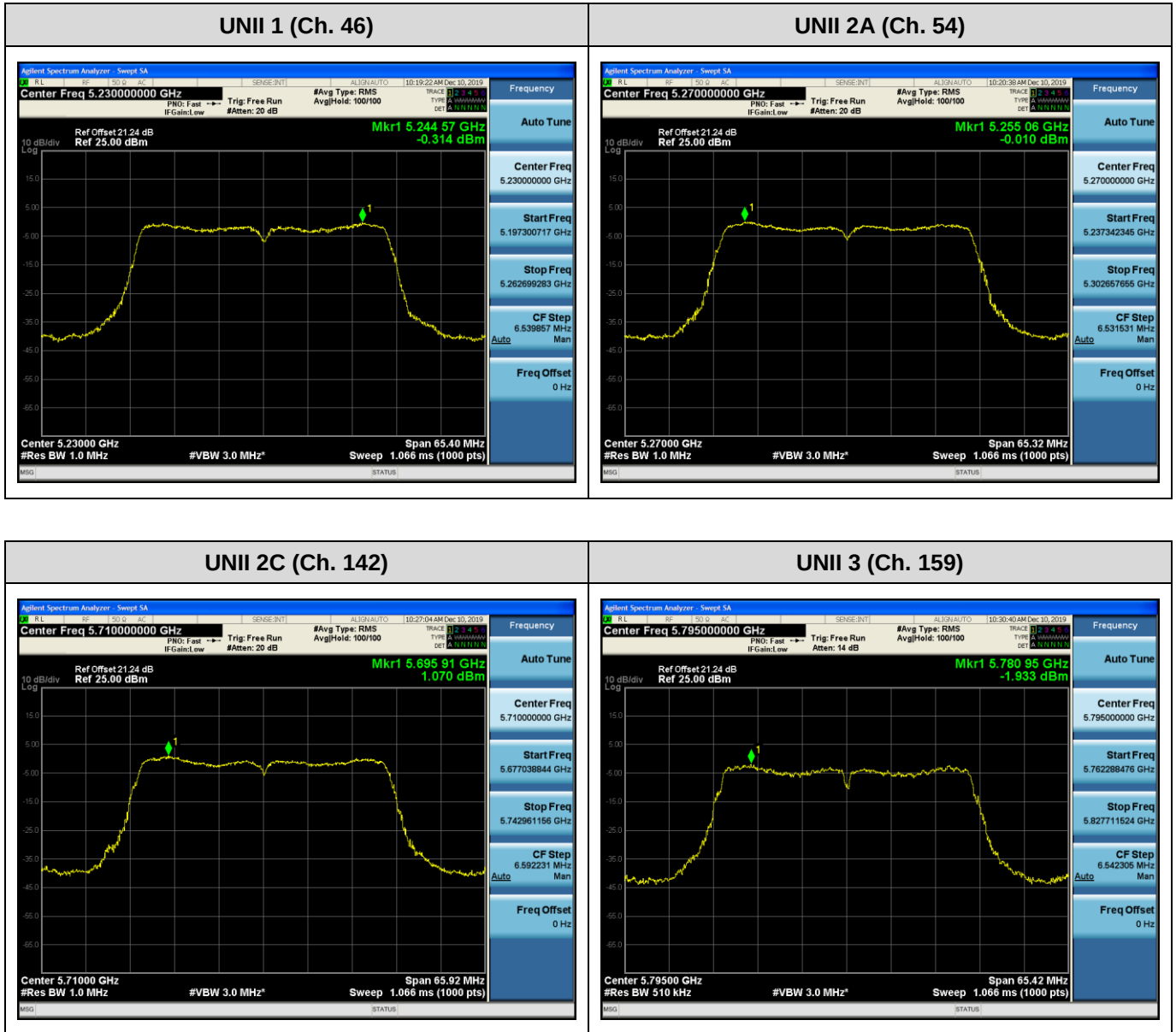
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

Note:

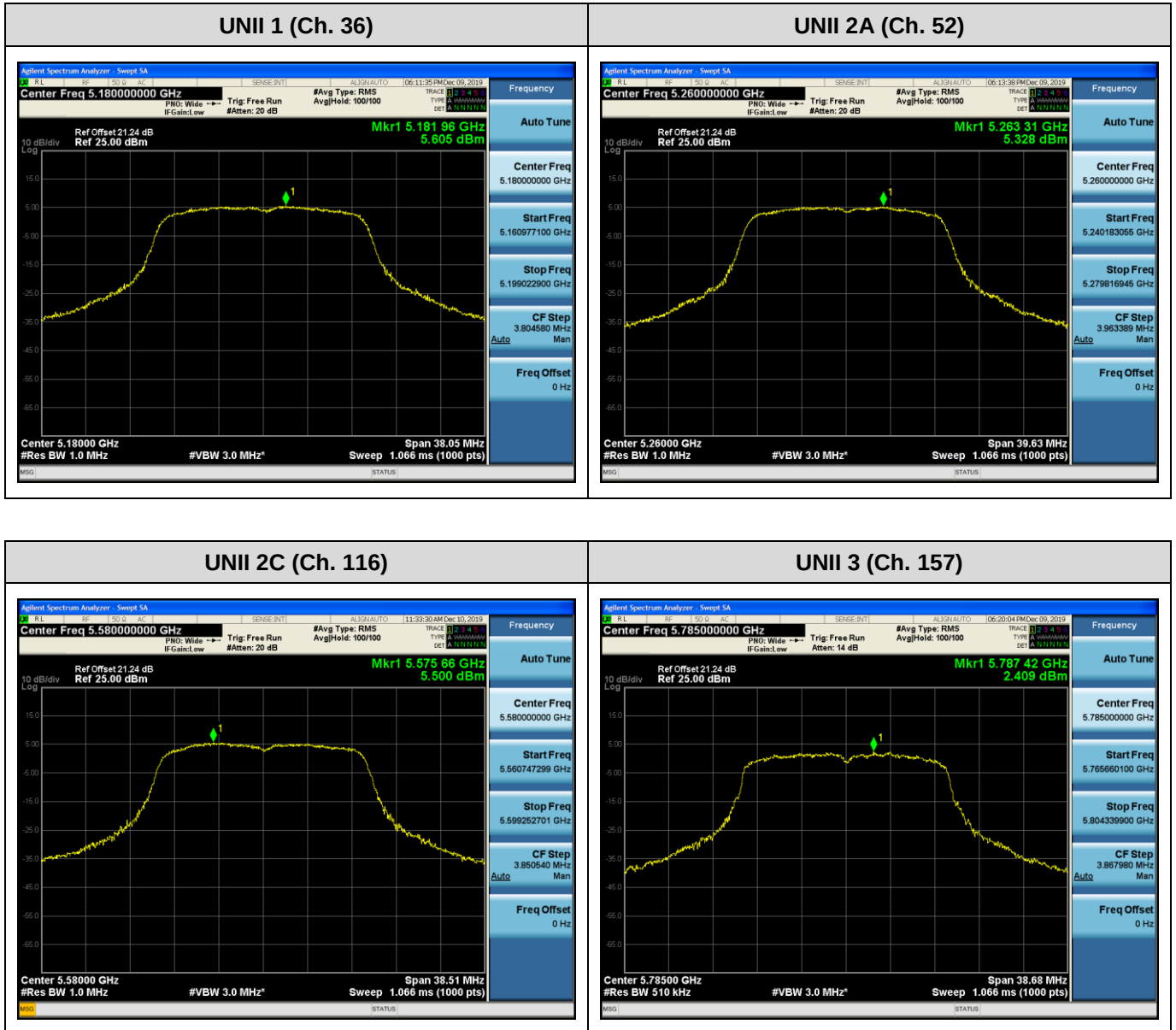
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT20))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT40))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.

