



FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART E

CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

FOR

GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone + BT/BLE and DTS/UNII a/b/g/n/ac, ANT+ and NFC

MODEL NUMBER : SM-G903M/DS, SM-G903M

FCC ID: A3LSMG903M

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULTS

COMPANY NAME: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.
EUT DESCRIPTION: GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone +BT/BLE, DTS/UNII a/b/g/n/ac, ANT+ and NFC
MODEL NUMBER: SM-G903M/DS, SM-G903M
SERIAL NUMBER: R38G60CA7KK (RADIATED); R38G60C9R5L(CONDUCTED)
DATE TESTED: JUN 15 - JUL 26 2015

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULTS
CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart E	Pass

UL Korea, Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL Korea, Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL Korea, Ltd. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL Korea, Ltd. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by IAS, any agency of the Federal Government, or any agency of any government.

Approved & Released For
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2. TEST METHODOLOGY

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC CFR 47 Part 2, FCC CFR 47 Part 15, FCC 06-96, FCC KDB 789033 D02 v01, ANSI C63.10-2009.

3. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATION

The test sites and measurement facilities used to collect data are located at 218 Maeyeong-ro, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 443-823, Korea. Line conducted emissions are measured only at the 218 address. The following table identifies which facilities were utilized for radiated emission measurements documented in this report. Specific facilities are also identified in the test results sections.

218 Maeyeong-ro	
☒	Chamber 1
☐	Chamber 2

UL Korea, Ltd. is accredited by IAS, Laboratory Code TL-637. The full scope of accreditation can be viewed at <http://www.iasonline.org/PDF/TL/TL-637.pdf>.

4. CALIBRATION AND UNCERTAINTY

4.1. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment utilized to perform the tests documented in this report has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, and is traceable to recognized national standards.

4.2. SAMPLE CALCULATION

Where relevant, the following sample calculation is provided:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Field Strength (dBuV/m)} &= \text{Measured Voltage (dBuV)} + \text{Antenna Factor (dB/m)} + \\ &\text{Cable Loss (dB)} - \text{Preamp Gain (dB)} \\ 36.5 \text{ dBuV} + 18.7 \text{ dB/m} + 0.6 \text{ dB} - 26.9 \text{ dB} &= 28.9 \text{ dBuV/m}\end{aligned}$$

4.3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

PARAMETER	UNCERTAINTY
Conducted Disturbance, 0.15 to 30 MHz	2.32 dB
Radiated Disturbance, Below 1GHz	4.14 dB
Radiated Disturbance, Above 1 GHz	5.97 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

5. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

5.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT is a GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone + BT/BLE, DTS/UNII a/b/g/n/ac, ANT+ and NFC.
This test report addresses the NII (UNII) operational mode.

5.2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum total conducted average output power as follows:

Frequency Range [MHz]	Mode	Output Power [dBm]	Output Power [mW]
		Antenna1	Antenna1
5180 - 5240	802.11a	12.18	16.52
	802.11n HT20	11.87	15.38
5190 - 5230	802.11n HT40	11.58	14.39
5210	802.11ac VHT80	11.62	14.52
5260 - 5320	802.11a	12.09	16.18
	802.11n HT20	11.65	14.62
5270 - 5310	802.11n HT40	11.54	14.26
5290	802.11ac VHT80	11.64	14.59
5500 - 5720	802.11a	12.37	17.26
	802.11n HT20	12.37	17.26
5510 - 5710	802.11n HT40	12.10	16.22
5530 - 5690	802.11ac VHT80	12.30	16.98
5745 - 5825	802.11a	12.34	17.14
	802.11n HT20	11.64	14.59
5755 - 5795	802.11n HT40	11.45	13.96
5775	802.11ac VHT80	11.44	13.93

5.3. DESCRIPTION OF AVAILABLE ANTENNAS

The radio utilizes an FPCB antenna, with a maximum gain of:

Frequency Range [MHz]	Antenna Gain [dBi]
UNII 1 5150 – 5250	0.47
UNII 2A 5250 – 5350	0.47
UNII 2C 5470 – 5725	2.81
UNII 3 5725 – 5825	0.16

5.4. WORST-CASE CONFIGURATION AND MODE

Radiated emission and power line conducted emission were performed with the EUT set to transmit at the channel with highest output power as worst-case scenario.

The fundamental of the EUT was investigated in three orthogonal orientations X,Y,Z, it was determined that the Z orientation was worst-case orientation; therefore, all final radiated testing was performed with the EUT in the Z orientation.

Based on the baseline scan, the worst-case data rates were:

802.11a mode: 6 Mbps

802.11n HT20mode: MCS0

802.11n HT40mode: MCS0

802.11ac VHT80mode: MCS0

5.5. DESCRIPTION OF TEST SETUP

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Support Equipment List				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
Charger	SAMSUNG	EP-TA20EWE	N/A	N/A
Data Cable	SAMSUNG	EP-DN915UWE	N/A	N/A
Earphone	SAMSUNG	EHS64AVFWE	N/A	N/A

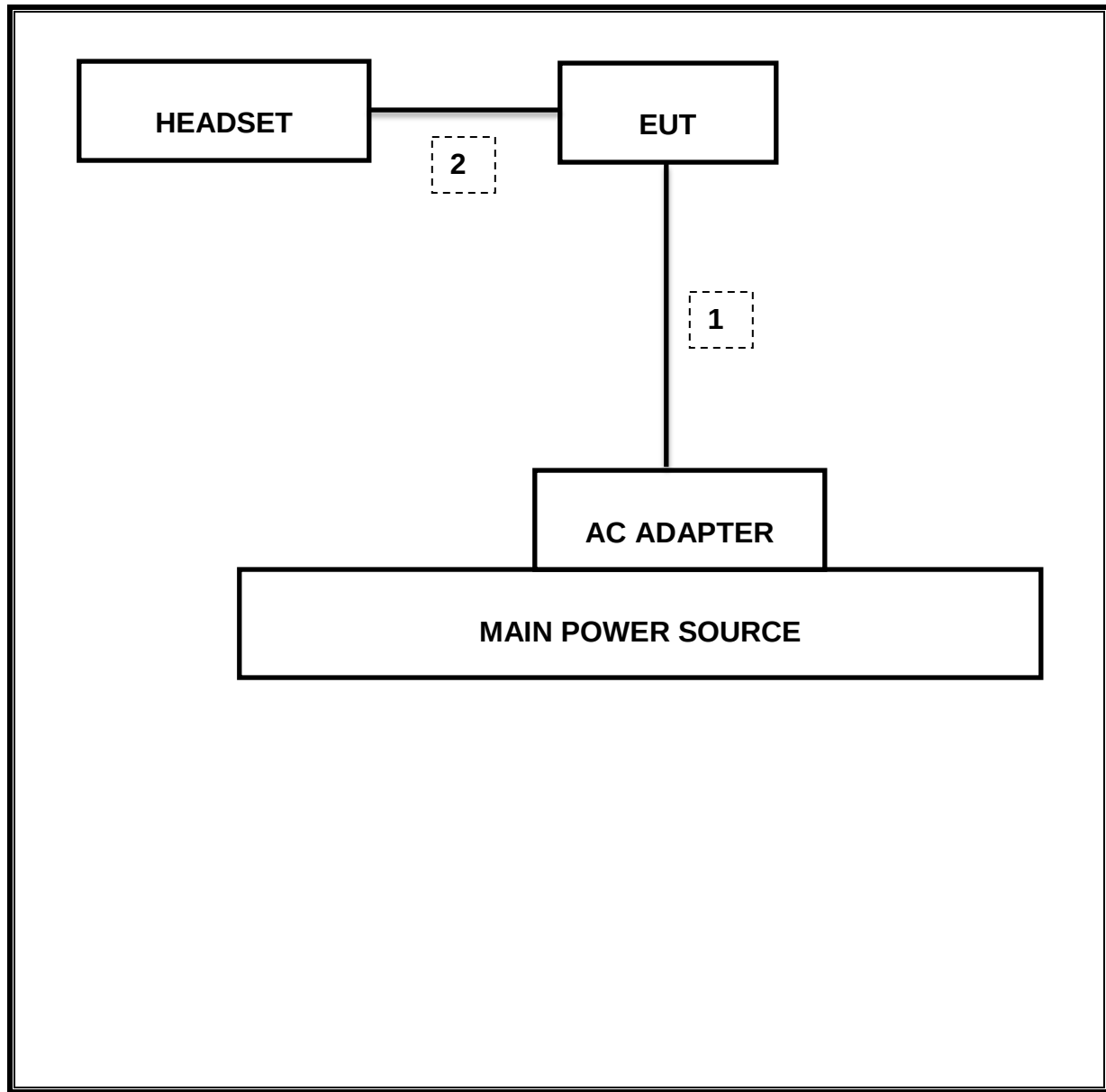
I/O CABLES

I/O Cable List						
Cable No	Port	# of identical ports	Connector Type	Cable Type	Cable Length (m)	Remarks
1	DC Power	1	Mini-USB	Shielded	0.8m	N/A
2	Audio	1	Mini-Jack	Unshielded	1.0m	N/A

TEST SETUP

The EUT is a stand-alone unit during the tests. Test software exercised the radio card.

SETUP DIAGRAM FOR TESTS



6. TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the tests documented in this report:

Test Equipment List				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Due
Antenna, Bilog, 30MHz-1GHz	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	950	11-17-15
Antenna, Horn, 18 GHz	ETS	3115	00167211	09-20-15
Antenna, Horn, 40 GHz	ETS	3116C	00166255	09-23-15
Antenna, Horn, 40 GHz	ETS	3116C-PA	00168841	09-29-15
Preamplifier, 1000 MHz	Sonoma	310N	341282	11-17-15
Preamplifier, 18 GHz	Miteq	AFS42-00101800-25-S-42	1876511	11-18-15
Spectrum Analyzer, 44 GHz	Agilent / HP	N9030A	MY54170614	09-23-15
Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	3000C000546	11-17-15
Average Power Sensor	R&S	NRZ-Z91	102681	11-17-15
Average Power Sensor	Agilent / HP	U2000	MY54270007	09-23-15
EMI Test Receive, 40 GHz	R&S	ESU40	100439	11-17-15
EMI Test Receive, 3 GHz	R&S	ESR3	101832	11-17-15
Attenuator / Switch driver	HP	11713A	3748A04272	N/A
Low Pass Filter 3GHz	Micro-Tronics	LPS17541	009	11-17-15
High Pass Filter 5GHz	Micro-Tronics	HPS17542	009	11-17-15
High Pass Filter 6GHz	Micro-Tronics	HPM17543	010	11-17-15
LISN	R&S	ENV-216	101836	04-09-16
LISN	R&S	ENV-216	101837	04-09-16

7. SUMMARY TABLE

The FCC ID: A3LSMG903M shares the same enclosure and circuit board as FCC ID: A3LSMG903F. The UNII circuitry and layout, including antennas, are almost identical between the two units. The UNII antennas and surrounding circuitry are the same between these two units.

After confirming through preliminary radiated emissions that the performance of the FCC ID: A3LSMG903F remains representative of FCC ID: A3LSMG903M, test data for FCC ID: A3LSMA903F is being submitted for this application to cover UNII features.

FCC Part Section	Test Description	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result	Worst Case
15.407 (a)	Occupied Band width (26dB)	N/A	Conducted	Pass	84.30 MHz
15.407	6dB Band width (5.8Ghz)	500KHz		Pass	3.000 MHz (Straddle)
15.407 (a)(2)	TX Cond. Power 5.15-2.25, 5.25-5.35 & 5.47-5.725	<24dBm or 11+10Log(OBW)		Pass	12.37 dBm
15.407 (a)(3)	TX Cond. Power 5.725-5.825	< 30dBm or 17+10Log(OBW)		Pass	12.34 dBm
15.407 (a)(5)	PSD (5.2,5.3,5.5GHz)	<11dBm		Pass	2.323 dBm
15.407 (a)(5)	PSD (5.8GHz)	30dBm per 500kHz		Pass	2.250 dBm
15.207 (a)	AC Power Line conducted emissions	Section 10	Radiated	Pass	48.08 dBuV (QP)
15.407 (b) & 15.209	Radiated Spurious Emission	< 54dBuV/m		Pass	52.16dBuV/m (AV)
15.407 (h)(2)	Dynamic Frequency Selection	N/A	Radiated / Conducted	Pass	N/A

8. ON TIME, DUTY CYCLE AND MEASUREMENT METHODS

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

PROCEDURE

KDB 789033 Zero-Span Spectrum Analyzer Method.

8.1. ON TIME AND DUTY CYCLE RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

8.2. DUTY CYCLE PLOTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

9. MEASUREMENT METHOD

KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01
KDB 905462 D03 Clients Without Radar Detection New Rules v01r01

The Duty Cycle is less than 98% and consistent therefore KDB 789033 Method SA-2 is used for power and PPSD

The Duty Cycle is less than 98% and consistent, KDB 789033 Method AD with Power RMS Averaging and duty cycle correction is used.

MIMO Device: KDB 662911 v02r01

Straddle Channels: KDB 644545 D03 v01

10. ANTENNA PORT TEST RESULTS

10.1. 6 dB BANDWIDTH

LIMITS

FCC §15.407

The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

TEST PROCEDURE

Reference to 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01: The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer with the RBW set to 100KHz, the VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW, peak detector and max hold.

RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

10.2. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

10.3. 99% BANDWIDTH

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

10.4. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a power meter.

The cable assembly insertion loss of 10.29 dB (including 10 dB pad and 0.29 dB cable) was entered as an offset in the power meter to allow for direct reading of power.

RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

10.5. OUTPUT POWER AND PPSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1) (2) (3)

For the band 5.15–5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the peak power spectral density shall not exceed 4 dBm in any 1-MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

Frequency Range [MHz]	Antenna Gain [dBi]
UNII 1 5150 – 5250	0.47
UNII 2A 5250 – 5350	0.47
UNII 2C 5470 – 5725	2.81
UNII 3 5725 – 5825	0.16

RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

11. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz

LIMITS

FCC §15.205 and §15.209

Frequency Range (MHz)	Field Strength Limit (uV/m) at 3 m	Field Strength Limit (dBuV/m) at 3 m
30 - 88	100	40
88 - 216	150	43.5
216 - 960	200	46
Above 960	500	54

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 80 cm above the ground plane. The antenna to EUT distance is 3 meters.

For measurements below 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 100 kHz for peak detection measurements or 120 kHz for quasi-peak detection measurements. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak.

Reference to KDB 789033 UNII part H) 6) d) Method AD:

For measurements above 1 GHz the resolution bandwidth is set to 1 MHz; the video bandwidth is set to 3 MHz for peak measurements and add duty cycle factor to the reading offset for average measurements.

The spectrum from 30 MHz to 40 GHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels in each applicable band.

The frequency range of interest is monitored at a fixed antenna height and EUT azimuth. The EUT is rotated through 360 degrees to maximize emissions received. The antenna is scanned from 1 to 4 meters above the ground plane to further maximize the emission. Measurements are made with the antenna polarized in both the vertical and the horizontal positions.

11.1. TRANSMITTER ABOVE 1 GHz

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

11.2. WORST-CASE BELOW 1 GHz

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

12. AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMITS

FCC §15.207 (a)

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 [*]	56 to 46 [*]
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

^{*} Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

TEST PROCEDURE

The EUT is placed on a non-conducting table 40 cm from the vertical ground plane and 80 cm above the horizontal ground plane. The EUT is configured in accordance with ANSI C63.4.

The receiver is set to a resolution bandwidth of 9 kHz. Peak detection is used unless otherwise noted as quasi-peak or average.

Line conducted data is recorded for both NEUTRAL and HOT lines.

RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

13. DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION

13.1. OVERVIEW

13.1.1. LIMITS

INDUSTRY CANADA

IC RSS-247 is closely harmonized with FCC Part 15 DFS rules. The deviations are as follows:

RSS-247 Issue 1

Note: For the band 5600–5650 MHz, no operation is permitted.

Until further notice, devices subject to this annex shall not be capable of transmitting in the band 5600–5650 MHz. This restriction is for the protection of Environment Canada weather radars operating in this band.

FCC

§15.407 (h), FCC KDB 905462 D02 “COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES FOR UNLICENSED-NATIONAL INFORMATION INFRASTRUCTURE DEVICES OPERATING IN THE 5250-5350 MHz AND 5470-5725 MHz BANDS INCORPORATING DYNAMIC FREQUENCY SELECTION” and KDB 905462 D03 “U-NII CLIENT DEVICES WITHOUT RADAR DETECTION CAPABILITY”.

Table 1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client (without radar detection)	Client (with radar detection)
Non-Occupancy Period	Yes	Not required	Yes
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Availability Check Time	Yes	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes

Table 2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation

Requirement	Operational Mode		
	Master	Client (without DFS)	Client (with DFS)
DFS Detection Threshold	Yes	Not required	Yes
Channel Closing Transmission Time	Yes	Yes	Yes
Channel Move Time	Yes	Yes	Yes
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	Yes	Not required	Yes

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master Device or Client with Radar DFS	Client (without DFS)
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other tests	Any single BW mode	Not required
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in all 20 MHz channel blocks and a null frequency between the bonded 20 MHz channel blocks.		

Table 3: Interference Threshold values, Master or Client incorporating In-Service Monitoring

Maximum Transmit Power	Value (see notes)
E.I.R.P. $\geq$ 200 mill watt	-64 dBm
E.I.R.P. $<$ 200 mill watt and power spectral density $<$ 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
E.I.R.P. $<$ 200 mill watt that do not meet power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response. Note 3: E.I.R.P. is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB publication 662911 D01.	

Table 4: DFS Response requirement values

Parameter	Value
<i>Non-occupancy period</i>	30 minutes
<i>Channel Availability Check Time</i>	60 seconds
<i>Channel Move Time</i>	10 seconds (See Note 1)
<i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i>	200 milliseconds + approx. 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. (See Notes 1 and 2)
<i>U-NII Detection Bandwidth</i>	Minimum 100% of the U- NII 99% transmission power bandwidth. (See Note 3)
Note 1: <i>Channel Move Time</i> and the <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i> should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst. Note 2: The <i>Channel Closing Transmission Time</i> is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the <i>Channel Move Time</i> plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a <i>Channel</i> move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions. Note 3: During the <i>U-NII Detection Bandwidth</i> detection test, radar type 0 should be used. For each frequency step the minimum percentage of detection is 90 percent. Measurements are performed with no data traffic.	

Table 5 – Short Pulse Radar Test Waveforms

Radar Type	Pulse Width (usec)	PRI (usec)	Pulses	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
0	1	1428	18	See Note 1	See Note 1
1	1	Test A: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected from the list of 23 PRI values in table 5a	Roundup: $\{(1/360) \times (19 \times 10^6 \text{ PRI}_{\text{usec}})\}$	60%	30
		Test B: 15 unique PRI values randomly selected within the range of 518-3066 usec. With a minimum increment of 1 usec, excluding PRI values selected in Test A			
2	1-5	150-230	23-29	60%	30
3	6-10	200-500	16-18	60%	30
4	11-20	200-500	12-16	60%	30
Aggregate (Radar Types 1-4)				80%	120
Note 1: Short Pulse Radar Type 0 should be used for the <i>Detection Bandwidth</i> test, <i>Channel Move Time</i> , and <i>Channel Closing Time</i> tests.					

Table 6 – Long Pulse Radar Test Signal

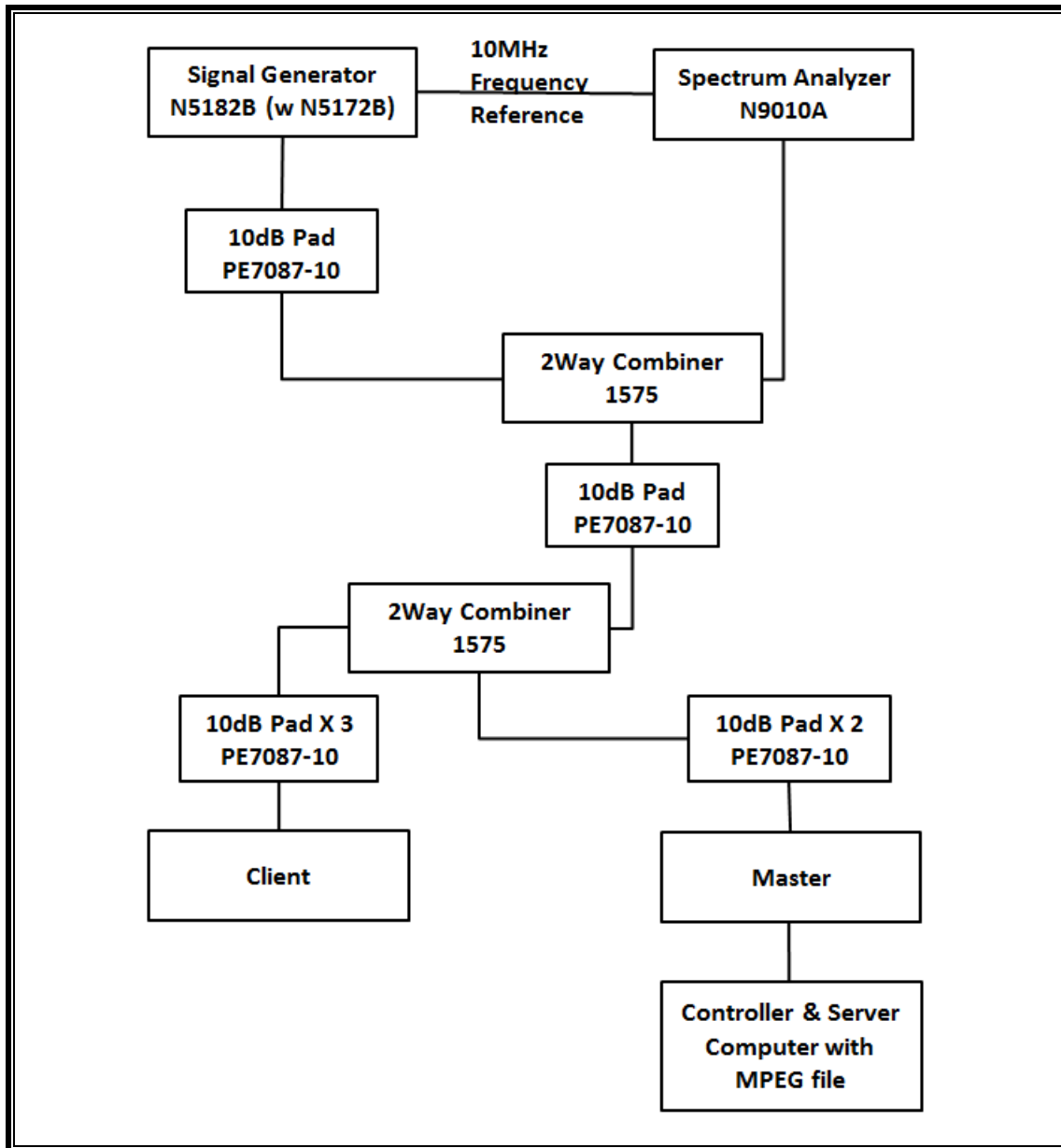
Radar Waveform Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	Chirp Width (MHz)	PRI (μsec)	Pulses per Burst	Number of Bursts	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
5	50-100	5-20	1000-2000	1-3	8-20	80%	30

Table 7 – Frequency Hopping Radar Test Signal

Radar Waveform Type	Pulse Width (μsec)	PRI (μsec)	Pulses per Hop	Hopping Rate (kHz)	Hopping Sequence Length (msec)	Minimum Percentage of Successful Detection	Minimum Trials
6	1	333	9	0.333	300	70%	30

13.1.1. TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

CONDUCTED METHOD SYSTEM BLOCK DIAGRAM



SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The short pulse and long pulse signal generating system utilizes the Keysite Signal Studio for Pulse Building as N5172B. The Vector Signal Generator has been validated by the NTIA. The hopping signal generating system utilizes the CCS simulated hopping method and system, which has been validated by the DoD, FCC and NTIA. The software selects waveform parameters from within the bounds of the signal type on a random basis using uniform distribution.

The short pulse types 1, 2, 3 and 4, and the long pulse type 5 parameters are randomized at run-time.

The hopping type 6 pulse parameters are fixed while the hopping sequence is based on the August 2005 NTIA Hopping Frequency List. The initial starting point randomized at run-time and each subsequent starting point is incremented by 475. Each frequency in the 100-length segment is compared to the boundaries of the EUT Detection Bandwidth and the software creates a hopping burst pattern in accordance with Section 7.4.1.3 Method #2 Simulated Frequency Hopping Radar Waveform Generating Subsystem of KDB 905462 D02. The frequency of the signal generator is incremented in 1 MHz steps from F_L to F_H for each successive trial. This incremental sequence is repeated as required to generate a minimum of 30 total trials and to maintain a uniform frequency distribution over the entire Detection Bandwidth.

The signal monitoring equipment consists of a spectrum analyzer. The aggregate ON time is calculated by multiplying the number of bins above a threshold during a particular observation period by the dwell time per bin, with the analyzer set to peak detection and max hold.

SYSTEM CALIBRATION

A 50-ohm load is connected in place of the spectrum analyzer, and the spectrum analyzer is connected to a horn antenna via a coaxial cable, with the reference level offset set to (horn antenna gain – coaxial cable loss). The signal generator is set to CW mode. The amplitude of the signal generator is adjusted to yield a level of –64 dBm as measured on the spectrum analyzer.

Without changing any of the instrument settings, the spectrum analyzer is reconnected to the Common port of the Spectrum Analyzer Combiner/Divider. The Reference Level Offset of the spectrum analyzer is adjusted so that the displayed amplitude of the signal is –64 dBm.

The spectrum analyzer displays the level of the signal generator as received at the antenna ports of the Master Device. The interference detection threshold may be varied from the calibrated value of –64 dBm and the spectrum analyzer will still indicate the level as received by the Master Device.

ADJUSTMENT OF DISPLAYED TRAFFIC LEVEL

A link is established between the Master and Slave and the distance between the units is adjusted as needed to provide a suitable received level at the Master and Slave devices. The video test file is streamed to generate WLAN traffic. The monitoring antenna is adjusted so that the WLAN traffic level, as displayed on the spectrum analyzer, is at lower amplitude than the radar detection threshold.

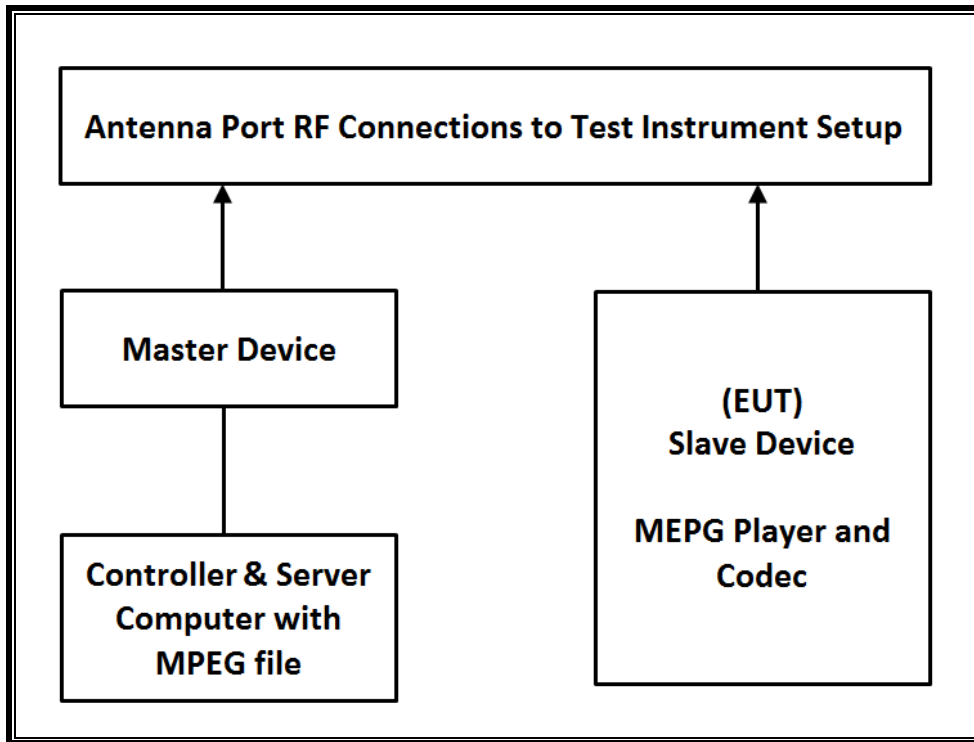
TEST AND MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT

The following test and measurement equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal Due
Spectrum Analyzer, 7 GHz	Agilent / HP	N9010A	MY54200580	09-23-15
Vector Signal Generator, 6GHz	Agilent / HP	N5182B	MY53051241	09-23-15

13.1.2. SETUP OF EUT

CONDUCTED METHOD EUT TEST SETUP



SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following support equipment was utilized for the DFS tests documented in this report:

PERIPHERAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST				
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
Wireless Access Point	Cisco	AIR-CAP3702E-A-K9	FTX182276QX	LDK102087
Notebook PC (Controller/Server)	HP	HP EliteDesk 800 G1 TWR	CZC4125J25	DoC

13.1.3. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT operates over the 5250-5350 MHz and 5470-5725 MHz ranges excluding the 5600-5650 MHz range.

The EUT is a Slave Device without Radar Detection.

The highest power level within these bands is 14.37 dBm EIRP in the 5250-5350 MHz band and 14.37 dBm EIRP in the 5470-5725 MHz band.

The antenna assembly utilized two antenna with the EUT one is -1.27 dBi, and the other is -1.95 dBi.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -64 dBm. After correction for procedural adjustments, the required conducted threshold at the antenna port is $-64 + 1 = -63$ dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to -64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides a margin to the limit.

The EUT uses one transmitter/receiver chain connected to an antenna to perform radiated tests.

WLAN traffic that meets or exceeds the minimum required loading was generated by transferring a data stream from the controller/server PC to the EUT using iPerf version 2.0.5 software package.

TPC is not required since the maximum EIRP is less than 500 mW (27 dBm).

The EUT utilizes the 802.11ac architecture. Three nominal channel bandwidths are implemented: 20 MHz, 40 MHz and 80 MHz.

The software installed in the access point is 12.4(25d)JA1.

UNIFORM CHANNEL SPREADING

This requirement is not applicable to Slave radio devices.

OVERVIEW OF MASTER DEVICE WITH RESPECT TO §15.407 (h) REQUIREMENTS

The Master Device is a Cisco Access Point, FCC ID: LDK102087. The minimum antenna gain for the Master Device is 6 dBi.

The rated output power of the Master unit is > 23dBm (EIRP). Therefore the required interference threshold level is -64 dBm. After correction for procedural adjustments, the required radiated threshold at the antenna port is $-64 + 1 = -63$ dBm.

The calibrated radiated DFS Detection Threshold level is set to -64 dBm. The tested level is lower than the required level hence it provides a margin to the limit.

13.2. RESULTS FOR 20 MHz BANDWIDTH

13.2.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5500 MHz.

13.2.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

RADAR WAVEFORM

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

TRAFFIC

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

13.2.3. OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

13.2.4. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

MOVE TIME & CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

13.3. RESULTS FOR 40 MHz BANDWIDTH

13.3.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5510 MHz.

13.3.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

RADAR WAVEFORM

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

TRAFFIC

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

13.3.1.OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

13.3.2. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

MOVE TIME & CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

13.4. RESULTS FOR 80 MHz BANDWIDTH

13.4.1. TEST CHANNEL

All tests were performed at a channel center frequency of 5530 MHz.

13.4.2. RADAR WAVEFORM AND TRAFFIC

RADAR WAVEFORM

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

TRAFFIC

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

13.4.1.OVERLAPPING CHANNEL TESTS

RESULTS

These tests are not applicable.

13.4.2. MOVE AND CLOSING TIME

REPORTING NOTES

The reference marker is set at the end of last radar pulse.

The delta marker is set at the end of the last WLAN transmission following the radar pulse. This delta is the channel move time.

The aggregate channel closing transmission time is calculated as follows:

Aggregate Transmission Time =
(Number of analyzer bins showing transmission) * (dwell time per bin)

The observation period over which the aggregate time is calculated begins at (Reference Marker + 200 msec) and ends no earlier than (Reference Marker + 10 sec).

RESULTS

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

MOVE TIME & CHANNEL CLOSING TIME

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

AGGREGATE CHANNEL CLOSING TRANSMISSION TIME

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F

NON-OCCUPANCY PERIOD

Please refer to UNII test report of FCC ID: A3LSMG903F