

SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant Name:

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Gyeonggi-do, 16677 Rep. of Korea

Date of Issue: 07. 18, 2017

Test Report No.: HCT-A-1706-F014-3

Test Site: HCT CO., LTD.

FCC ID:

A3LSMJ330KOR

Equipment Type:
Model Name:

Mobile Phone
SM-J330L

Testing has been carried out in accordance with:

FCC 47 CFR §2.1093
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 – 1992
IEEE 1528-2013

Date of Test:

06/01/2017 ~ 06/28/2017, 07/12/2017, 07/18/2017

This device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in FCC KDB procedures and had been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in FCC KDB procedures.

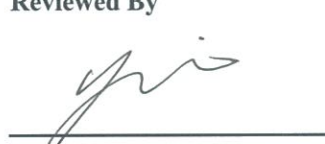
I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Rev.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-A-1706-F014	06. 30, 2017	First Approval Report
HCT-A-1706-F014-1	07. 13, 2017	Sec. 2.1 , Sec. 2.5.1, Sec. 9.4.2, Sec. 9.5, Sec. 10.1, Sec. 10.2, Sec. 11.1, Sec. 11.2, Sec. 11.3, Attachment 1, Attachment 6 were revised
HCT-A-1706-F014-2	07. 17, 2017	Sec. 2.2, sec 9.3.5, sec. 9.5, sec. 10, sec. 11, attachment 1 were revised.
HCT-A-1706-F014-3	07. 18, 2017	Sec. 1 ,Sec. 10.1 ,Sec. 10.2, Sec. 11.3, Sec. 12.3 attachment 1, attachment 2 were revised

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1. ATTESTATION OF TEST RESULT OF DEVICE UNDER TEST

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Attestation of SAR test result					
Applicant Name:	SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.				
FCC ID:	A3LSMJ330KOR				
Model:	SM-J330L				
EUT Type:	Mobile Phone				
Application Type:	Certification				
The Highest Reported SAR					
Band	Tx. Frequency	Equipment Class	Reported SAR (W/kg)		
			1g Head	1g Body-Worn	1g Hotspot
	(MHz)		(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)	(W/Kg)
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1 850.2 -1 909.8	PCE	0.13	0.13	0.38
UMTS 850	826.4 - 846.6	PCE	0.22	0.30	0.41
UMTS 1900	1 852.4 - 1 907.6	PCE	0.30	0.30	0.59
LTE 5 (Cell)	824.7 – 848.3	PCE	0.26	0.39	0.47
LTE Band 7	2 502.5 ~ 2 567.5	PCE	0.64	0.48	0.91
LTE 17	706.5 ~ 713.5	PCE	0.08	0.13	0.17
LTE TDD Band 38	2 572.5 ~ 2 617.5	PCE	0.60	0.29	0.64
802.11b	2 412 - 2 462	DTS	0.54	0.11	0.23
U-NII-1	5 180 - 5 240	NII	N/A	N/A	0.15
U-NII-2A	5 260 - 5 320	NII	0.68	< 0.1	N/A
U-NII-2C	5 500 – 5 700	NII	0.38	< 0.1	N/A
U-NII-3	5 745 - 5 825	NII	0.52	< 0.1	0.30
Bluetooth	2 402 - 2 480	DSS/DTS	0.20	< 0.1	< 0.1
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03			1.32	0.59	1.21
Date(s) of Tests:	06/01/2017 ~ 06/28/2017, 07/12/2017, 07/18/2017				

2. DEVICE UNDER TEST DESCRIPTION

2.1 DUT specification

Device Wireless specification overview		
Band & Mode	Operating Mode	Tx Frequency
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Voice / Data	1 850.2 – 1 909.8 MHz
UMTS 850	Voice / Data	826.4 – 846.6 MHz
UMTS 1900	Voice / Data	1 852.4 – 1 907.6 MHz
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Voice / Data	824.7 – 848.3 MHz
LTE Band 7	Voice / Data	2 502.5 – 2 567.5 MHz
LTE Band 17	Voice / Data	706.5 – 713.5 MHz
LTE TDD Band 38	Voice / Data	2 572.5 MHz ~ 2 617.5 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Data	2 412 – 2 462 MHz
U-NII-1	Data	5 180 – 5 240 MHz
U-NII-2A	Data	5 260 – 5 320 MHz
U-NII-2C	Data	5 500 – 5 720 MHz
U-NII-3	Data	5 745 – 5 825 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2 402 – 2 480 MHz
NFC	Data	13.56 MHz
Device Description		
Device Dimension:	Overall (Length x Width): 143 mm x 70 mm Overall Diagonal: 151 mm Display Diagonal: 127 mm	
Back Cover:	Normal Battery cover	
Battery Options:	Standard (Lithium ion polymer cell)	
	Battery Model Name: EB-BJ33CABA	
Hardware Version:	REV1.0	
Software Version :	J330L.001	
Device Serial Numbers	Mode	Serial Number
	GSM1900, UMTS 1900	R38J505KJKN
	UMTS 850, WLAN 2.4GHz, 5 GHz, Bluetooth	R38J505KJSE
	LTE Band 5/ 7/ 17/ 38	R38J505KJ7E
	Several samples with identical hardware were used to SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the devices tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics are within operational tolerances expected for production units.	

2.1.1 Power Reduction for SAR

This device uses an independent fixed level power reduction mechanism for SAR compliance for WLAN operations during voice or VoIP held to ear scenarios. Per FCC guidance, the held-to-ear exposure conditions were evaluated at reduced power according to the head SAR positions described in IEEE1528-2013.

Detailed descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the WLAN operational description document.

2.2 DUT Wireless mode

Wireless Modulation	Band	Operating Mode		Duty Cycle
GSM	1900	Voice(GMSK) GPRS (GMSK) EGPRS (8PSK)	GPRS/ EDGE Multi-Slot Class: Class 33 – 4 Up, 5 Down Mode class B	GSM Voice: 12.5% GPRS 1 Slot: 12.5% 2 Slots : 25% 3 Slots : 37.5% 4 Slots : 50%
WCDMA (UMTS)	Band 5 Band 2	UMTS Rel.99 (Voice / DATA) HSDPA (Cat. 24) HSUPA (Cat. 6) HSPA+ (Cat. 24 , Rel. 8, DC-HSDPA, Uplink QPSK Only)		100 %
LTE Band	5 (Cell)	Voice / Data (QPSK, 16QAM)		100 % (FDD)
	7	Voice / Data (QPSK, 16QAM)		100 % (FDD)
	17	Voice / Data (QPSK, 16QAM)		100 % (FDD)
	38	Voice / Data (QPSK, 16QAM)		63.33 % (TDD)
2.4 GHz WLAN		Voice / Data	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n (HT20)	99.65 %
5 GHz WLAN		Voice / Data	802.11a, 802.11n (HT20/HT40) 802.11ac (VHT20/40/80)	97.69 % (802.11a)
Bluetooth		Data		77 % (DH5)
Bluetooth LE 4.2		Data	4.2 LE	N/A

2.3 LTE information

Item.		Description		
Frequency Rang	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz		
	LTE Band 7	2 502.5 MHz ~ 2 567.5 MHz		
	LTE Band 17	706.5 MHz~ 713.5 MHz		
	LTE Band 38	2 572.5 MHz ~ 2 617.5 MHz		
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 5 (Cell)	1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz		
	LTE Band 7	5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz		
	LTE Band 17	5 MHz, 10 MHz		
	LTE Band 38	5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz		
Channel Numbers & Freq.(MHz)		Low	Mid	High
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	1.4 MHz	824.7 (20407)	836.5 (20525)	848.3 (20643)
	3 MHz	825.5 (20415)	836.5 (20525)	847.5 (20635)
	5 MHz	826.5 (20425)	836.5 (20525)	846.5 (20625)
	10 MHz	829.0 (20450)	836.5 (20525)	844.0 (20600)
LTE Band 7	5 MHz	2 502.5 (20775)	2 535 (21100)	2 567.5 (21425)
	10 MHz	2 505.0 (20800)	2 535 (21100)	2 565.0 (21400)
	15 MHz	2 507.5 (20825)	2 535 (21100)	2 562.5 (21375)
	20 MHz	2 510.0 (20850)	2 535 (21100)	2 560.0 (21350)
LTE Band 17	5 MHz	706.5 (23755)	710 (23790)	713.5 (23825)
	10 MHz	709.0 (23780)	710 (23790)	711.0 (23800)
LTE Band 38	5 MHz	2 572.5 (37775)	2 595 (38000)	2 617.5 (38225)
	10 MHz	2 575.0 (37800)	2 595 (38000)	2 615.0 (38200)
	15 MHz	2 577.5 (37825)	2 595 (38000)	2 612.5 (38175)
	20 MHz	2 580.0 (37850)	2 595 (38000)	2 610.0 (38150)
UE Category		LTE Rel. 10, Category 4		
Modulations Supported in UL		QPSK, 16QAM		
LTE voice/data requirements		Voice/ DATA		
		VOLTE is supported. LTE Head SAR is also evaluated.		
LTE MPR options		The EUT incorporates MPR as per 3GPP TS 36.101 sec. 6.2.3 ~ 6.2.5		
		The MPR is permanently built-in by design as a mandatory.		
		A-MPR is not implemented in the DUT.		
Description of the LTE Transmitter & antenna		This model has two Tx. paths.		
		One is for GSM and WCDMA and LTE. It cannot transmit simultaneously.		
		The other is for BT & WLAN. It cannot transmit simultaneously.		
LTE Carrier Aggregation		This device does not support Carrier Aggregation for US Band		
LTE Release 10 information		This device does not support full CA features on 3GPP Release 10. The following LTE Release 10 features are not supported. Uplink and Downlink Carrier aggregations, Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, eICI, WiFi offloading, MDH, eMBMA, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.		
Description of the test equipment, software, etc.		LTE SAR Testing was performed using a CMW500. UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing.		

2.4 Test Methodology and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with IEEE Standard 1528-2013 and the following published KDB procedures.

- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 Hot Spot SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05A LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry sheet v01r02
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 General SAR Guidance v06
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)

2.5 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v06.

2.5.1 Maximum Output Power

Mode / Band		Voice (dBm)	Burst Average GMSK (dBm)				Burst Average 8-PSK (dBm)			
		1 Tx Slot	1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot	1 Tx Slot	2 Tx Slot	3 Tx Slot	4 Tx Slot
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Maximum	30.0	30.0	28.0	26.5	25.0	26.5	24.5	23.0	21.5
	Nominal	29.5	29.5	27.5	26.0	24.5	26.0	24.0	22.5	21.0

Mode / Band		3GPP WCDMA	3GPP HSDPA	3GPP HSUPA	DC-HSDPA
		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
UMTS Band 5 (850 MHz)	Maximum	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0
	Nominal	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz)	Maximum	22.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
	Nominal	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
LTE Band 5 (Cell)	Maximum	24.5
	Nominal	24.0
LTE Band 7	Maximum	22.5
	Nominal	22.0
LTE Band 17	Maximum	23.5
	Nominal	23.0
LTE Band 38	Maximum	23.5
	Nominal	23.0

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
Bluetooth (DH5)	Maximum	10.5
	Nominal	10.0
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	7.0
	Nominal	6.5

IEEE 802.11(in dBm)								
Mode	Protocol	Sensor State	channel	a	b	g	n	ac
2.4GHz Ch1~Ch10	2450MHz	Inactive	1~10	N/A	18	15	14.5	N/A
2.4GHz Ch11	2450MHz	Inactive	11	N/A	18	13	12.5	N/A
5GHz Wi-Fi (20MHz BW)	5180MHz	Inactive	36	14 (48,54 Mbps : 13)	N/A	N/A	14	N/A
	5200MHz	Inactive	40~48	14	N/A	N/A	14	N/A
	5260MHz	Inactive	52	14 (48,54 Mbps : 13)	N/A	N/A	14	N/A
	5300MHz	Inactive	60~64	14	N/A	N/A	14	N/A
	5500MHz	Inactive	100~144	15	N/A	N/A	15	N/A
	5745MHz	Inactive	149	15.5 (48,54 Mbps : 14)	N/A	N/A	15	N/A
	5785MHz	Inactive	157~165	15	N/A	N/A	15	N/A
5GHz Wi-Fi (40MHz BW)	5200MHz	Inactive	38~46	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
	5300MHz	Inactive	54~62	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
	5500MHz	Inactive	102~142	N/A	N/A	N/A	12.5	N/A
	5800MHz	Inactive	151~159	N/A	N/A	N/A	13.5	N/A

(Upper Tolerance: target +0.5 dB)

2.5.2 Reduced Power (Held to ear, VoIP)

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
LTE Band 7	Maximum	20.5
	Nominal	20.0

IEEE 802.11(in dBm)							
Mode	Protocol	Sensor State	a	b	g	N	ac
2.4GHz Ch1~Ch11	2450MHz	Active	N/A	15	15	15	N/A
5GHz Wi-Fi (20MHz BW)	5200MHz	Active	12	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
	5300MHz	Active	12	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
	5500MHz	Active	12	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
	5800MHz	Active	12	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
5GHz Wi-Fi (40MHz BW)	5200MHz	Active	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
	5300MHz	Active	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
	5500MHz	Active	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	N/A
	5800MHz	Active	N/A	N/A	N/A	12	N/A

(Upper Tolerance: target +0.5 dB)

2.6 DUT Antenna Locations

Device Edges / Sides for SAR Testing						
Mode	Rear	Front	Left	Right	Bottom	Top
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
UMTS 850	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
UMTS 1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
LTE Band 5	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
LTE Band 7	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
LTE Band 17	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No
2.4 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
5 GHz WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Particular EUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR if the edges were > 25 mm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v02r01 on page 2. The distance between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device are included in the filing. The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 X 5 cm. The overall diagonal dimension of the device is < 160 mm and the diagonal display is < 150 mm.

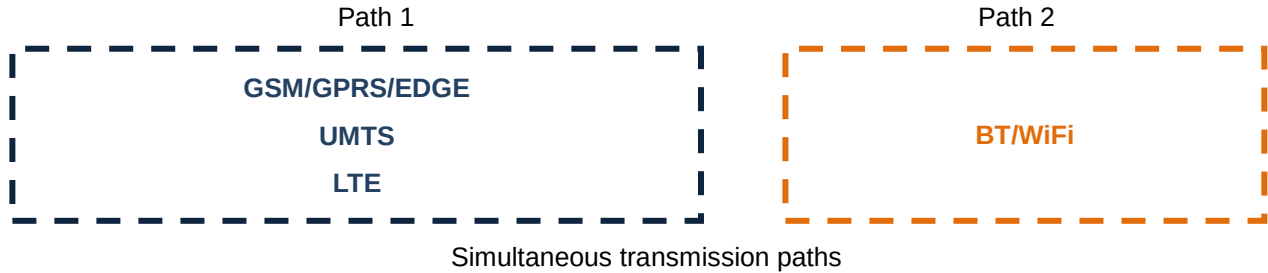
* Note: All test configurations are based on front view position.

2.7 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

This EUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the device for this model. Therefore, all SAR tests were performed with the device which already incorporates the NFC antenna. A diagram showing the location of the NFC antenna can be found in SAR _ Setup_ photos.

2.8 SAR Summation Scenario

According to FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown below paths and are mode in same rectangle to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.

Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios			
Applicable Combination	Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	N/A
GSM Voice + 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	N/A
GSM Voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	Yes*	Yes	N/A
GPRS + 2.4 GHz WiFi	N/A	N/A	Yes
GPRS + Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	Yes*
GPRS + 5 GHz WiFi	N/A	N/A	Yes
UMTS + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS + 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	Yes*	Yes	Yes*
LTE + 2.4 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE + 5 GHz WiFi	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE+ 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	Yes*	Yes	Yes*

- 2.4 GHz WLAN, Bluetooth and 5GHz WLAN share antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- UMTS +WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN hotspot scenario.
- Per the manufacturer, GPRS does not support VOIP service.
- This device support VoLTE
- The highest reported SAR for each exposure condition is used for SAR summation purpose.
- Wi-Fi Hotspot is supported for 2.4GHz/ 5GHz WLAN
- Wi-Fi Direct GO/GC is only supported for 5GHz WLAN Band U-NII-1, U-NII-3 and 2.4GHz WLAN, therefore U-NII2A and U-NII2C were not evaluated for wireless router conditions.
- * Bluetooth tethering is supported.

2.8 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WiFi

Since wireless router operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using U-NII-1, U-NII-2A & U-NII-2C WiFi, WiFi Hotspot SAR test and combinations are considered only 2.4 GHz and U-NII-3 for SAR with respected to wireless router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v02.

Since U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same maximum output power and the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is less than 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR and is less than 3.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band according to FCC KDB 248227D01v02r01.

This device supports IEEE 802.11 ac with the following features:

- a) Up to 80 MHz Bandwidth only
- b) No aggregate channel configurations
- c) 1 Tx antenna output
- d) 256 QAM is supported
- e) TDWR channels are supported.
- f) Band gap channels are supported

(B) BT LE

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, The SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel(mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Distance (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance	≤ 3.0
	[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	
Bluetooth LE	2 480	6	15	0.6
Bluetooth LE	2 480	6	10	0.9

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth LE and antenna to use separation distance, Bluetooth LE SAR was not required $[(6/15)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 0.6 < 3.0$, $[(6/10)*\sqrt{2.480}] = 0.9 < 3.0$

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 IV.C.1iii, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.22, the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1-g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHZ})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel mW})}{\text{Min Separation Distance}}$$

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[mW]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth LE	2 480	6	15	0.084
Bluetooth LE	2 480	6	10	0.126

Note:

- 1) The Estimated SAR results were determined according to FCC KDB447498 D01v06.
- 2) The frequency of Bluetooth and Bluetooth LE using for estimated SAR was selected highest channel of Bluetooth LE for highest estimated SAR.

(C) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v03r01.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth; and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05.

Per FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, 12.2 kbps RMC is the primary mode and HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) is the secondary mode.

Per FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, The SAR test exclusion is applied to the secondary mode by the following equation.

$$\text{Adjusted SAR} = \text{Highest Reported SAR} * \frac{\text{Secondary Max tune - up (mW)}}{\text{Primary Max tune - up(mW)}} \leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg.}$$

Based on the highest Reported SAR, the secondary mode is not required.

$$[0.588 * (178/178)] = 0.588 \text{ W/kg} \leq 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$$

And the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance in secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode.

3. INTRODUCTION

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc., New York 10017. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-1992 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative of the incremental electromagnetic energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body.

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right)$$

Figure 1. SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \sigma E^2 / \rho$$

Where:

σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulant material (S/m)
 ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulant material (kg/m³)
 E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 SAR MEASUREMENT SETUP

These measurements are performed using the DASY4 automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Staubli), robot controller, Pentium III computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor, and the generic twin phantom containing the brain equivalent material. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements to position the probe to the location (points) of maximum electromagnetic field (EMF) (see Figure.2).

A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC with Windows XP or Windows 7 is working with SAR Measurement system DASY4 & DASY5, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Staubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

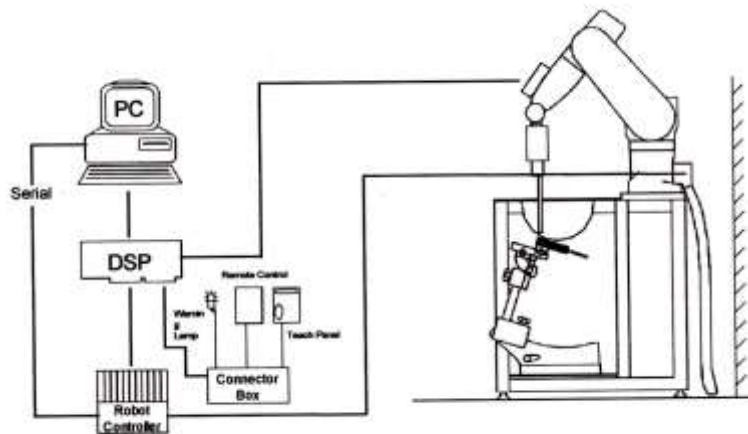


Figure 2. HCT SAR Lab. Test Measurement Set-up

The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer. The system is described in detail in.

5. SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no more than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the DUT's head and body area and the horizontal grid resolution was depending on the FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 table 4-1 & IEEE 1528-2013.
2. Based on step, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by sophisticated interpolations routines implemented in DASY software. When an Area Scan has measured all reachable point. DASY system computes the field maximal found in the scanned are, within a range of the maximum. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 table 4-1 and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (reference from the DASY manual.)
 - a. The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is no more than 2.7 mm away from the tip of the probe (it is different from the probe type) and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.
 - b. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the average.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan. If the value changed by more than 5 %, the SAR evaluation and drift measurements were repeated.

Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follow KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2}\cdot\delta\cdot\ln(2)\pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^{\circ}\pm 1^{\circ}$	$20^{\circ}\pm 1^{\circ}$
Maximum area scan Spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}, \Delta y_{Area}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2-3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4-6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan Spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{zoom}, \Delta y_{zoom}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2-3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3-4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4-6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan Spatial resolution normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4-5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5-6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two Points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3-4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4-5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5-6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent Points	$\leq 1.5\cdot\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3-4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4-5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5-6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

6. DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION

6.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 6-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M", the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE", and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is on the B-M (back-mouth) line located 15 mm behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 6-1. The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference point and point M. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (See Figure 5-1), Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

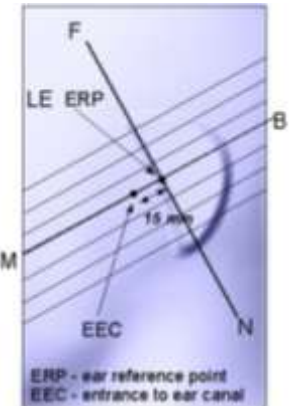


Figure 6-1
Close-up side view of ERP

6.2 HEAD POSITION

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The device under test was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point"(see Figure 6-3). The acoustic output was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The device under test was positioned so that the "vertical centerline" was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the "ear reference point" on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 6-2
Front, back and side views of SAM Twin Phantom

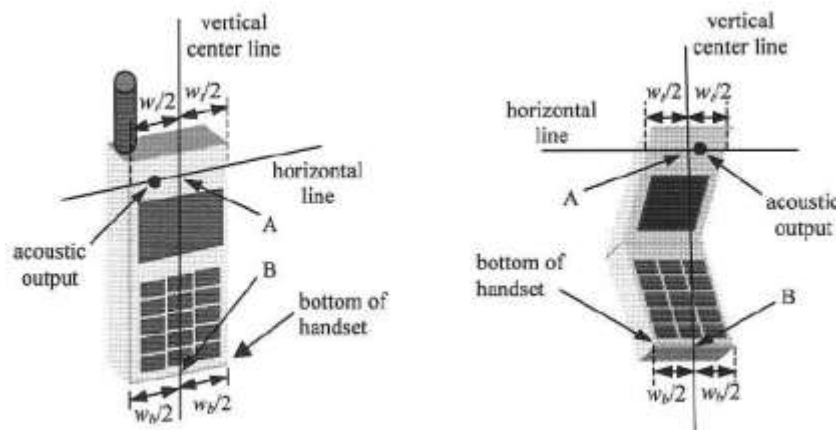


Figure 6-3. Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines

6.3 Body Holster/Belt Clip Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration. A device with a headset output is tested with a headset connected to the device. Body dielectric parameters are used.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with each accessory. If multiple accessory share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some Devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used.

Since this EUT does not supply any body worn accessory to the end user a distance of 1.5 cm from the EUT back surface to the liquid interface is configured for the generic test.

"See the Test SET-UP Photo"

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessory(ies), Including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

In all cases SAR measurements are performed to investigate the worst-case positioning. Worst case positioning is then documented and used to perform Body SAR testing.

6.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6-4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in Body-worn accessories. The Body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for Body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the Body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body- worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body- worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.



Figure 6-4
Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-dip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for Body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters. SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.5 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the Body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some Body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot*" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

7. ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

HUMAN EXPOSURE	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT General Population	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT Occupational
	(W/kg) or (mW/g)	(W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.00

Table 8.1 Safety Limits for Partial Body Exposure

NOTES:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole-body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 g of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

8. FCC SAR GENERAL MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, when SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as Reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

8.2.1 GSM, GPRS AND EDGE

The following procedures may be considered for each frequency band to determine SAR test reduction for devices operating in GSM/GPRS/EDGE modes to demonstrate RF exposure compliance. GSM voice mode transmits with 1 time-slot. GPRS and EDGE may transmit up to 4 time slots in the 8 time-slot frame according to the multi-slot class implemented in a device.

8.2.2 SAR Test Reduction

In FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01, certain transmission modes within a frequency band and wireless mode evaluated for SAR are defined as primary modes. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. When the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 0.25 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode, scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurements are not required for the secondary mode. These criteria are referred to as the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. When the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is not satisfied, SAR measurements are additionally required for the secondary mode.

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested

8.3 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB 941225 D01v03r01 - 3G SAR Measurement Procedures. The handset was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a shielded chamber. Such test signals offer a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR measurements were taken with a fully charged battery. In order to verify that the device was tested and maintained at full power, this was configured with the base station simulator. The SAR measurement Software calculates a reference point at the start and end of the test to Check for power drifts. If conducted Power deviations of more than 5 % occurred, the tests were repeated.

8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

8.4.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in sec. 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

8.4.2 Head SAR Measurements

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

8.4.3 Body SAR measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s". the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the handset with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using and applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported SAR configuration in 12.2kbps RMC.

8.4.4 SAR Measurements with Rel. 5 HSDPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSDPA is measured using and FRC with H-SET 1 in Sub-test and a 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA. Handsets with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to release 6 HSPA test procedures. 8.4.5 SAR Measurement with Rel.6 HSUPA The 3G SAR test Reduction Procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, Using H-Set 1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and Power Control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA. When VOIP applies to head exposure, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body SAR measurements are applied to head exposure testing.

8.4.5 SAR Measurements with Rel. 6 HSUPA

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, Body SAR for HSPA is measured with E-DCH Sub-test 5, using H-Set1 and QPSK for FRC and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1 and power control algorithm 2, according to the highest reported body SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSPA.

8.5 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes are tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05 publication. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluation SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 or Anritsu MT8820C simulators are used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.5.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.5.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.5.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.5.4 Required RB Size and RB offsets for SAR testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05

- a. Per sec 4.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - i. The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - ii. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/Kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - iii. When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- b. Per Sec 4.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Sec 4.2.1.
- c. Per Sec. 4.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg.
- d. Per Sec. 4.2.4 and 4.3, SAR test for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sec. 4.2.1 through 4.2.3 is less than or equal to 1/2 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/Kg.

8.5.5 LTE(TDD) Considerations

According to KDB 941225 D05v02r05, for Time-Division Duplex (TDD) systems, SAR must be tested using a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by the defined 3GPP LTE TDD configurations.

SAR was tested with the highest transmission duty factor (63.33 %) using Uplink-downlink configuration 0 and Special subframe configuration 6.

LTE TDD Band 38 supports 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations and Table 4.2-1 for Special sub frame configurations.

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS)

Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in downlink			Extended cyclic prefix in downlink		
	DwPTS	UpPTS		DwPTS	UpPTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink
0	$6592 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$2192 \cdot T_s$	$2560 \cdot T_s$
1	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
2	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
3	$24144 \cdot T_s$			$25600 \cdot T_s$		
4	$26336 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$	$7680 \cdot T_s$	$4384 \cdot T_s$	$5120 \cdot T_s$
5	$6592 \cdot T_s$			$20480 \cdot T_s$		
6	$19760 \cdot T_s$			$23040 \cdot T_s$		
7	$21952 \cdot T_s$			$12800 \cdot T_s$		
8	$24144 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-
9	$13168 \cdot T_s$			-	-	-

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink configuration	Downlink-to-Uplink Switch-point periodicity	Subframe number									
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	S	U	D	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	S	U	U	D

Calculated Duty Cycle – Extended cyclic prefix in uplink $\times (T_s) \times \#$ of S + $\#$ of U

Example for calculated Duty Cycle for Uplink-Downlink Configuration 0:

Calculated Duty Cycle = $5120 \times [1/(15000 \times 2048)] \times 2 + 6 \text{ ms} = 63.33 \%$

Where

$T_s = 1/(15000 \times 2048)$ seconds

8.6 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations of 802.11 transmitters are not suitable for SAR measurements. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for more details.

8.6.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR system to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

8.6.2 U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in both U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, when the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, SAR measurement using OFDM SAR test procedures is not required for U-NII-1 unless the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is > 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR or > 3.0 W/kg for 10g SAR. When different maximum output powers are specified for the bands, SAR measurement for the U-NII band with the lower maximum output power is not required unless the highest reported SAR for the U-NII band with the higher maximum output power, adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands, is > 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR or > 3.0 W/kg for 10g SAR.

8.6.3 U-NII-C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements. When Terminal Doppler Weather Radar (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 -5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification. Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels.

8.6.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all positions in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 1.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional testing for the remaining test position is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR or all test positions are measured.

8.6.5 2.4 GHz SAR test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either the fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS is that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that position using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power, is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

8.6.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11 a/g/n/ac mode. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a, 802.11n and 802.11 ac or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11n and 802.11ac or 802.11g then 802.11n, is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power are the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

8.6.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output power is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. If the average RF output powers of the highest identical transmission modes are within 0.25 dB of each other, mid channel of the transmission mode with highest average RF output power is the initial test channel. Otherwise, the channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured. When there are multiple untested channels having the same subsequent highest average RF output power, the channel with higher frequency from the lowest 802.11 mode is considered for SAR measurements.

8.6.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position on procedure. When the highest reported SAR (for the initial test configuration), adjusted by the ratio of the specified maximum output power of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration, is ≤ 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 3.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional SAR tests for the subsequent test configurations are required.

9. OUTPUT POWER SPECIFICATIONS

This device operates using the following maximum output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB publication 447498 D01v06.

9.1 GSM

GSM Conducted output powers (Burst-Average)

Band	Channel	Voice	GPRS(GMSK) Data – CS1				EDGE Data			
		GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)
Maximum Tune-up		30.00	30.00	28.00	26.50	25.00	26.50	24.50	23.00	21.50
GSM 1900	512	29.67	29.64	26.70	25.30	23.53	25.65	23.47	21.91	20.72
	661	29.87	29.85	26.98	25.51	23.79	25.62	23.36	22.13	20.43
	810	29.57	29.58	26.66	25.26	23.43	25.57	23.42	21.97	20.56

GSM Conducted output powers (Frame-Average)

Band	Channel	Voice	GPRS(GMSK) Data – CS1				EDGE Data			
		GSM (dBm)	GPRS 1 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 2 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 3 TX Slot (dBm)	GPRS 4 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 1 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 2 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 3 TX Slot (dBm)	EDGE 4 TX Slot (dBm)
Maximum Tune-up		20.97	20.97	21.98	22.24	21.99	17.47	18.48	18.74	18.49
GSM 1900	512	20.64	20.61	20.68	21.04	20.52	16.62	17.45	17.65	17.71
	661	20.84	20.82	20.96	21.25	20.78	16.59	17.34	17.87	17.42
	810	20.54	20.55	20.64	21.00	20.42	16.54	17.40	17.71	17.55

Note:

Time slot average factor is as follows:

1 Tx slot = 9.03 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 9.03 dB

2 Tx slot = 6.02 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 6.02 dB

3 Tx slot = 4.26 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 4.26 dB

4 Tx slot = 3.01 dB, Frame-Average output power = Burst-Average output power – 3.01 dB

GSM Class : B

GSM voice: Head SAR , Body worn SAR

GPRS/EDGE Multi-slots 33 : Hotspot SAR with GPRS/EDGE

Multi-slot Class 33 with CS 1 (GMSK)



9.2 UMTS

HSPA+

This DUT is only capable of QPSK HSPA+ in uplink. Therefore, the RF conducted power is not measured according to 941225 D01 3G SAR.

9.2.1 Maximum Conducted Power

WCDMA Band 5

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121	WCDMA Band 5 [dBm]		
		Subtest	UL 4132 DL 4357	UL 4183 DL 4408	UL 4233 DL 4458
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	22.87	23.00	22.89
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	22.87	23.01	22.91
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.70	22.80	22.75
5		Subtest 2	22.73	22.87	22.79
5		Subtest 3	21.69	21.85	21.98
5		Subtest 4	21.69	21.89	22.01
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	21.64	21.84	21.73
6		Subtest 2	20.33	20.48	20.54
6		Subtest 3	21.22	21.38	21.45
6		Subtest 4	20.33	20.43	20.52
6		Subtest 5	21.67	21.85	21.75
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.60	22.72	22.57
8		Subtest 2	22.58	22.71	22.60
8		Subtest 3	21.54	21.71	21.85
8		Subtest 4	21.54	21.70	21.82

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

WCDMA Band 2

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121	WCDMA Band 2 [dBm]		
		Subtest	UL 9262 DL 9662	UL 9400 DL 9800	UL 9538 DL 9938
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	21.79	22.03	21.78
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps AMR	21.78	22.01	21.79
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.73	22.00	21.80
5		Subtest 2	21.80	22.02	21.87
5		Subtest 3	20.80	21.11	20.76
5		Subtest 4	20.80	21.13	20.78
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	20.74	21.04	20.73
6		Subtest 2	19.60	19.86	19.64
6		Subtest 3	20.44	20.75	20.49
6		Subtest 4	19.60	19.85	19.65
6		Subtest 5	20.74	21.04	20.71
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	21.76	22.09	21.60
8		Subtest 2	21.82	22.11	21.64
8		Subtest 3	21.83	22.13	21.65
8		Subtest 4	20.78	21.18	20.34

WCDMA Average Conducted output powers

9.3 LTE

9.3.1 LTE Band 5 Maximum Conducted Power

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20407	20525	20643		
				824.7 MHz	836.5 MHz	848.3 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
1.4 MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.60	23.69	23.61	0	0
		1	3	23.51	23.68	23.57	0	0
		1	5	23.54	23.67	23.6	0	0
		3	0	23.56	23.66	23.57	0	0
		3	1	23.58	23.66	23.6	0	0
		3	3	23.58	23.66	23.56	0	0
		6	0	22.5	22.63	22.52	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	22.44	22.56	22.46	0-1	1
		1	3	22.45	22.58	22.52	0-1	1
		1	5	22.4	22.57	22.46	0-1	1
		3	0	22.52	22.58	22.52	0-1	1
		3	1	22.51	22.59	22.51	0-1	1
		3	3	22.52	22.58	22.48	0-1	1
		6	0	21.46	21.54	21.42	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20415	20525	20635		
				825.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	847.5 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
3 MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.66	23.67	23.74	0	0
		1	7	23.64	23.63	23.72	0	0
		1	14	23.65	23.63	23.73	0	0
		8	0	22.5	22.59	22.59	0-1	1
		8	3	22.5	22.57	22.53	0-1	1
		8	7	22.48	22.60	22.56	0-1	1
		15	0	22.52	22.57	22.57	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	22.44	22.83	22.71	0-1	1
		1	7	22.44	22.82	22.72	0-1	1
		1	14	22.45	22.82	22.7	0-1	1
		8	0	21.45	21.55	21.4	0-2	2
		8	3	21.47	21.53	21.39	0-2	2
		8	7	21.47	21.54	21.39	0-2	2
		15	0	21.38	21.48	21.44	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP [dB]	MPR [dB]
				20425	20525	20625		
				826.5 MHz	836.5 MHz	846.5 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.6	23.66	23.64	0	0
		1	12	23.52	23.60	23.55	0	0
		1	24	23.54	23.61	23.52	0	0
		12	0	22.58	22.61	22.63	0-1	1
		12	6	22.55	22.58	22.60	0-1	1
		12	11	22.55	22.59	22.57	0-1	1
		25	0	22.55	22.56	22.59	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	22.31	22.74	22.54	0-1	1
		1	12	22.31	22.71	22.42	0-1	1
		1	24	22.25	22.71	22.44	0-1	1
		12	0	21.36	21.43	21.58	0-2	2
		12	6	21.39	21.39	21.53	0-2	2
		12	11	21.38	21.43	21.54	0-2	2
		25	0	21.50	21.56	21.56	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max.Average Power (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20525	[dB]	[dB]
				836.5 MHz		
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	23.72	0	0
		1	24	23.68	0	0
		1	49	23.64	0	0
		25	0	22.62	0-1	1
		25	12	22.60	0-1	1
		25	24	22.60	0-1	1
		50	0	22.60	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	22.54	0-1	1
		1	24	22.52	0-1	1
		1	49	22.46	0-1	1
		25	0	21.56	0-2	2
		25	12	21.54	0-2	2
		25	24	21.52	0-2	2
		50	0	21.59	0-2	2

Note: LTE Band 5 at 10 MHz Bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the mid channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

9.3.2 LTE Band 7 Maximum Conducted Power

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20775	21100	21425		
				2502.5MHz	2535MHz	2567.5MHz	[dB]	[dB]
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.93	21.80	21.90	0	0
		1	12	21.92	21.75	21.90	0	0
		1	24	21.94	21.78	21.92	0	0
		12	0	20.83	20.69	20.78	0-1	1
		12	6	20.86	20.71	20.76	0-1	1
		12	11	20.83	20.70	20.77	0-1	1
		25	0	20.84	20.71	20.73	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	20.58	20.41	20.68	0-1	1
		1	12	20.69	20.42	20.68	0-1	1
		1	24	20.73	20.53	20.59	0-1	1
		12	0	19.74	19.65	19.70	0-2	2
		12	6	19.72	19.65	19.76	0-2	2
		12	11	19.72	19.67	19.71	0-2	2
		25	0	19.79	19.70	19.78	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20800	21100	21400		
				2505MHz	2535MHz	2565MHz	[dB]	[dB]
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.14	21.81	21.91	0	0
		1	24	22.01	21.78	21.91	0	0
		1	49	22.02	21.79	21.92	0	0
		25	0	20.94	20.71	20.85	0-1	1
		25	12	20.91	20.72	20.83	0-1	1
		25	24	20.93	20.71	20.81	0-1	1
		50	0	20.92	20.75	20.80	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	20.83	20.62	20.71	0-1	1
		1	24	20.71	20.59	20.67	0-1	1
		1	49	20.72	20.65	20.76	0-1	1
		25	0	19.93	19.69	19.78	0-2	2
		25	12	19.86	19.72	19.81	0-2	2
		25	24	19.85	19.67	19.81	0-2	2
		50	0	19.88	19.68	19.82	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20825	21100	21375		
				2507.5MHz	2535MHz	2562.5MHz	[dB]	[dB]
15 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.12	21.84	21.91	0	0
		1	36	22.03	21.80	21.92	0	0
		1	74	22.04	21.81	21.94	0	0
		36	0	20.96	20.74	20.80	0-1	1
		36	18	20.93	20.76	20.79	0-1	1
		36	38	20.92	20.74	20.76	0-1	1
		75	0	20.91	20.76	20.80	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	20.58	20.45	20.53	0-1	1
		1	36	20.57	20.41	20.56	0-1	1
		1	74	20.63	20.46	20.54	0-1	1
		36	0	19.89	19.72	19.68	0-2	2
		36	18	19.88	19.70	19.71	0-2	2
		36	38	19.89	19.68	19.72	0-2	2
		75	0	19.93	19.76	19.75	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				20850	21100	21350		
				2510MHz	2535MHz	2560MHz	[dB]	[dB]
20 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.14	21.87	21.91	0	0
		1	49	22.03	21.83	21.92	0	0
		1	99	22.03	21.82	21.90	0	0
		50	0	20.98	20.77	20.85	0-1	1
		50	25	20.93	20.75	20.85	0-1	1
		50	49	20.91	20.72	20.83	0-1	1
		100	0	20.92	20.77	20.85	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	20.77	20.52	20.61	0-1	1
		1	49	20.72	20.52	20.58	0-1	1
		1	99	20.65	20.56	20.59	0-1	1
		50	0	19.94	19.75	19.88	0-2	2
		50	25	19.95	19.76	19.86	0-2	2
		50	49	19.91	19.71	19.89	0-2	2
		100	0	19.87	19.73	19.85	0-2	2

9.3.3 LTE Band 17 Maximum Conducted Power

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				23790		
				710 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.45	0	0
		1	12	22.38	0	0
		1	24	22.39	0	0
		12	0	21.46	0-1	1
		12	6	21.47	0-1	1
		12	11	21.49	0-1	1
		25	0	21.46	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.52	0-1	1
		1	12	21.41	0-1	1
		1	24	21.45	0-1	1
		12	0	20.39	0-2	2
		12	6	20.38	0-2	2
		12	11	20.37	0-2	2
		25	0	20.43	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				23790		
				710 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.58	0	0
		1	24	22.54	0	0
		1	49	22.57	0	0
		25	0	21.49	0-1	1
		25	12	21.47	0-1	1
		25	24	21.46	0-1	1
		50	0	21.50	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.28	0-1	1
		1	24	21.21	0-1	1
		1	49	21.23	0-1	1
		25	0	20.46	0-2	2
		25	12	20.46	0-2	2
		25	24	20.43	0-2	2
		50	0	20.50	0-2	2

Note: LTE Band 17 at 5 MHz & 10 MHz Bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the mid channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

9.3.4 LTE TDD Band 38 Maximum Conducted Power

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				37775	38000	38225		
				2572.5 MHz	2595 MHz	2617.5 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.72	22.67	22.58	0	0
		1	12	22.72	22.62	22.60	0	0
		1	24	22.68	22.56	22.56	0	0
		12	0	21.49	21.39	21.41	0-1	1
		12	6	21.48	21.38	21.42	0-1	1
		12	11	21.46	21.41	21.40	0-1	1
		25	0	21.49	21.42	21.41	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.49	21.41	21.48	0-1	1
		1	12	21.53	21.37	21.39	0-1	1
		1	24	21.50	21.34	21.37	0-1	1
		12	0	20.50	20.38	20.42	0-2	2
		12	6	20.46	20.37	20.39	0-2	2
		12	11	20.48	20.37	20.37	0-2	2
		25	0	20.52	20.41	20.43	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				37800	38000	38200		
				2575 MHz	2595 MHz	2615 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.70	22.68	22.68	0	0
		1	24	22.68	22.67	22.61	0	0
		1	49	22.63	22.62	22.62	0	0
		25	0	21.42	21.43	21.42	0-1	1
		25	12	21.43	21.42	21.42	0-1	1
		25	24	21.39	21.40	21.38	0-1	1
		50	0	21.42	21.40	21.42	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.36	21.55	21.41	0-1	1
		1	24	21.30	21.50	21.34	0-1	1
		1	49	21.36	21.42	21.41	0-1	1
		25	0	20.46	20.48	20.49	0-2	2
		25	12	20.48	20.46	20.48	0-2	2
		25	24	20.43	20.46	20.45	0-2	2
		50	0	20.42	20.45	20.40	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				37825	38000	38175		
				2577.5 MHz	2595 MHz	2612.5 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
15 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.66	22.63	22.71	0	0
		1	36	22.69	22.67	22.65	0	0
		1	74	22.64	22.58	22.55	0	0
		36	0	21.52	21.42	21.43	0-1	1
		36	18	21.49	21.41	21.40	0-1	1
		36	38	21.43	21.39	21.36	0-1	1
		75	0	21.44	21.41	21.40	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.40	21.59	21.36	0-1	1
		1	36	21.35	21.54	21.33	0-1	1
		1	74	21.34	21.46	21.29	0-1	1
		36	0	20.39	20.42	20.35	0-2	2
		36	18	20.35	20.37	20.32	0-2	2
		36	38	20.32	20.34	20.26	0-2	2
		75	0	20.40	20.42	20.43	0-2	2

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR Allowed Per 3GPP	MPR
				37850	38000	38150		
				2580 MHz	2595 MHz	2610 MHz	[dB]	[dB]
20 MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.67	22.70	22.67	0	0
		1	49	22.72	22.65	22.63	0	0
		1	99	22.63	22.57	22.52	0	0
		50	0	21.51	21.43	21.40	0-1	1
		50	25	21.48	21.38	21.38	0-1	1
		50	49	21.42	21.35	21.32	0-1	1
		100	0	21.46	21.39	21.36	0-1	1
	16QAM	1	0	21.45	21.36	21.40	0-1	1
		1	49	21.36	21.40	21.39	0-1	1
		1	99	21.28	21.26	21.28	0-1	1
		50	0	20.48	20.38	20.39	0-2	2
		50	25	20.45	20.34	20.33	0-2	2
		50	49	20.44	20.34	20.28	0-2	2
		100	0	20.48	20.39	20.32	0-2	2

9.3.5 LTE Band 7 Reduced conducted Power

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR
				20775	21100	21425	
				2502.5MHz	2535MHz	2567.5MHz	[dB]
5 MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.11	19.84	19.94	0
		1	12	19.97	19.81	19.93	0
		1	24	19.96	19.82	19.89	0
		12	0	19.81	19.70	19.80	0
		12	6	19.84	19.68	19.78	0
		12	11	19.82	19.66	19.76	0
		25	0	19.84	19.68	19.80	0
	16QAM	1	0	19.59	19.53	19.58	0
		1	12	19.58	19.45	19.56	0
		1	24	19.54	19.49	19.57	0
		12	0	19.75	19.66	19.68	0
		12	6	19.80	19.61	19.70	0
		12	11	19.79	19.64	19.72	0
		25	0	19.80	19.63	19.73	0

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR
				20800	21100	21400	
				2505MHz	2535MHz	2565MHz	[dB]
10 MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.15	19.85	19.95	0
		1	24	20.06	19.81	20.00	0
		1	49	20.03	19.78	19.96	0
		25	0	19.95	19.70	19.87	0
		25	12	19.95	19.70	19.85	0
		25	24	19.93	19.72	19.80	0
		50	0	19.92	19.71	19.80	0
	16QAM	1	0	19.77	19.60	19.54	0
		1	24	19.71	19.50	19.59	0
		1	49	19.77	19.53	19.64	0
		25	0	19.91	19.70	19.75	0
		25	12	19.94	19.70	19.76	0
		25	24	19.94	19.67	19.78	0
		50	0	19.97	19.69	19.80	0

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR
				20825	21100	21375	
				2507.5MHz	2535MHz	2562.5MHz	[dB]
15 MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.19	19.87	19.94	0
		1	36	20.12	19.81	19.92	0
		1	74	20.08	19.83	19.94	0
		36	0	19.98	19.69	19.83	0
		36	18	19.97	19.76	19.84	0
		36	38	19.97	19.69	19.82	0
		75	0	19.99	19.75	19.82	0
	16QAM	1	0	19.70	19.39	19.64	0
		1	36	19.70	19.36	19.50	0
		1	74	19.56	19.37	19.49	0
		36	0	19.87	19.64	19.74	0
		36	18	19.91	19.66	19.75	0
		36	38	19.92	19.63	19.75	0
		75	0	19.97	19.70	19.77	0

Bandwidth	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Max. Average Power (dBm)			MPR
				20850	21100	21350	
				2510MHz	2535MHz	2560MHz	[dB]
20 MHz	QPSK	1	0	20.03	19.92	19.92	0
		1	49	20.02	19.84	19.91	0
		1	99	20.01	19.81	19.92	0
		50	0	19.94	19.68	19.79	0
		50	25	19.94	19.73	19.84	0
		50	49	19.90	19.71	19.82	0
		100	0	19.92	19.71	19.80	0
	16QAM	1	0	19.66	19.46	19.51	0
		1	49	19.62	19.37	19.51	0
		1	99	19.61	19.36	19.56	0
		50	0	19.91	19.73	19.80	0
		50	25	19.92	19.73	19.81	0
		50	49	19.85	19.69	19.82	0
		100	0	19.88	19.72	19.79	0

9.4 WiFi

9.4.1 Maximum conducted Power

IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power (Maximum Conducted Power)

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power
	[MHz]		[dBm]
802.11b	2412	1	17.13
	2437	6	18.32
	2462	11	17.40
802.11g	2412	1	14.34
	2437	6	15.02
	2462	11	11.84
802.11n (HT20)	2412	1	13.51
	2437	6	14.14
	2462	11	10.86

IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power– 20 MHz Bandwidth (Maximum Conducted Power)

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
	[MHz]		[dBm]
802.11a	5 180	36	14.24
	5 200	40	13.97
	5 220	44	14.12
	5 240	48	14.15
	5 260	52	14.34
	5 280	56	13.81
	5 300	60	13.79
	5 320	64	13.85
	5 500	100	13.97
	5 540	108	14.47
	5 580	116	14.39
	5 600	120	14.50
	5 640	128	14.35
	5 700	140	14.31
	5 720	144	15.27
	5 745	149	15.10
	5 785	157	14.82
	5 825	165	14.82

9.4.2 Reduced conducted Power (Held to ear VoIP)

IEEE 802.11 Reduced Average RF Conducted Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power
	[MHz]		[dBm]
802.11b	2412	1	14.38
	2437	6	15.49
	2462	11	15.04
802.11g	2412	1	14.34
	2437	6	15.02
	2462	11	11.84
802.11n (HT20)	2412	1	13.51
	2437	6	14.14
	2462	11	10.86

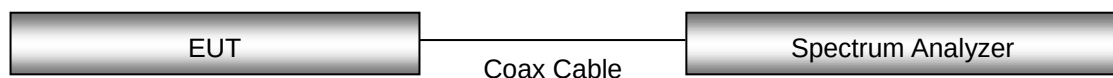
IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power– 40 MHz Bandwidth

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
	[MHz]		[dBm]
802.11n	5190	38	10.80
	5230	46	10.66
	5270	54	10.59
	5310	62	10.57
	5550	110	12.03
	5755	151	11.78
	5795	159	11.19

Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission mode with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output power and SAR measurement is not required for 802.11n and 802.11ac channels when the specified tune-up tolerances for 802.11n and 802.11ac are lower than 802.11a by more than 1/2dB and the measured SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Test Configuration



9.4.3 The Verification of Held to ear power reduction

This device uses a power reduction mechanism for SAR compliance for LTE Band 7 and WLAN operations during voice or VoIP held to ear scenarios.

When a user makes or receives a WLAN /LTE voice or WLAN/LTE Band 7 VOIP call, the audio of the call is sent through the earpiece at the top of the device so that the device can be used next to the ear. The IR Sensor located at the top of the device is used to detect when the device is in proximity of the user's head in order to optimize the user's device experience, for example, to dim or turn off the screen to save battery life. For this model, an auxiliary function of the IR sensor is for the purpose of RF Safety (i.e. reducing output power for Head SAR compliance)

9.4.3.1. Procedures for determining proximity sensor triggering distances

A reduced power level of the device is called when the IR sensor is activated while in a held-to-ear voice or VOIP call with the active audio receiver. Therefore, when the IR proximity sensor is active in a held-to-ear user scenario, the output power level is reduced. The maximum allowed output powers in all conditions are included in the maximum power document

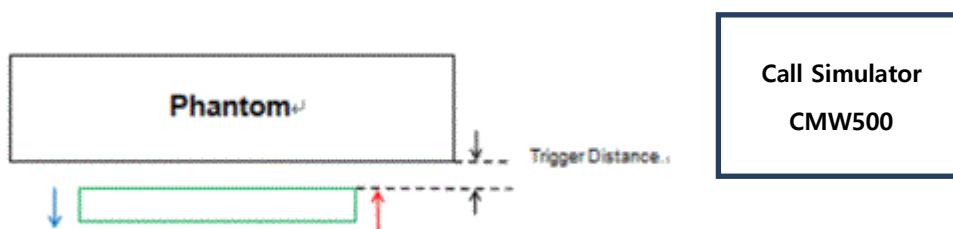
Detailed descriptions of the power reduction mechanism are included in the MAIN and WLAN operational description documents

We verified the power reduction function with the following procedures.

The DUT was moved toward the phantom in accordance with the steps outlined in KDB 616217 D04 §6.2 to determine the trigger distance for enabling power reduction. The DUT was moved away from the phantom to determine the trigger distance for resuming full power

- 1) Make a Voice call (VoIP) through a pre-installed VoIP application to call simulator
- 2) Per KDB616217 D04 §6.2, Measure the power while maintaining the voice call..

. For detailed measurement conducted power results, please refer to the Section .9



IR Sensor Trigger Distance Assessment KDB 616217 D04 §6.2, front side

LEGEND

- Direction of DUT travel for determination of power reduction triggering point
- Direction of DUT travel for determination of full power resumption triggering point

Tissue simulating liquid	Trigger distance – Front (mm)	
	Moving toward phantom	Moving from phantom
2450 Head	40	40
2600 Head	40	40
5000 Head	40	40

3) The entire Front surface of the DUT is positioned below a flat phantom filled with the required tissue-equivalent medium, and positioned at least 20 mm further than the distance that triggers power reduction

We positioned DUT 61mm away from the phantom for this Test

(61mm= 40mm(triggering distance) + 21mm)

The Front surface of DUT is moved toward the phantom in 3 mm steps until the sensor triggers.

Front side – EUT Moving toward (trigger) to the Phantom

Distance (mm)	61	58	55	52	49	46	43	40
2.4GHz 802.11b	17.56	17.54	17.56	17.56	17.56	17.56	17.56	14.44
5 GHz 802.11a	14.22	14.24	14.23	14.22	14.23	14.22	14.23	10.75
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 20]	14.25	14.23	14.25	14.25	14.25	14.25	14.25	10.75
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 40]	14.20	14.18	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	14.20	10.75

Distance (mm)	61	58	55	52	49	46	43	40
LTE Band 7	21.55	21.57	21.59	21.55	21.57	21.59	21.56	19.47

4) The Front surface of DUT is then moved back (further away) from the phantom by at least 5 mm or until maximum output power is returned to the normal maximum level.

The Front surface of DUT is again moved toward the phantom, but in 1 mm steps, until it is at least 5 mm past the triggering point or touching the phantom.

Front side – EUT Moving toward (trigger) to the Phantom

Distance (mm)	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35
2.4GHz 802.11b	17.56	17.54	17.56	17.56	17.56	14.45	14.45	14.44	14.45	14.45	14.44
5 GHz 802.11a	14.22	14.24	14.23	14.23	14.22	10.69	10.69	10.68	10.69	10.69	10.68
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 20]	14.25	14.23	14.25	14.25	14.25	10.78	10.74	10.73	10.75	10.78	10.75
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 40]	14.20	14.18	14.20	14.20	14.20	10.78	10.78	10.75	10.78	10.78	10.75

Distance (mm)	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35
LTE Band 7	21.55	21.57	21.59	21.56	21.55	19.49	19.50	19.47	19.46	19.47	19.45

5) If the DUT is not touching the phantom, it is moved in 3 mm steps until it touches the phantom to confirm that the sensor remains triggered and the maximum power stays reduced

Front side – EUT Moving toward (trigger) to the Phantom

Distance (mm)	35	32	29	26	23	20	17	14	11	9	6	3	0
2.4GHz 802.11b	14.43	14.42	14.45	14.44	14.45	14.45	14.44	14.45	14.45	14.44	14.45	14.44	14.41
5 GHz 802.11a	10.61	10.62	10.69	10.68	10.62	10.69	10.63	10.64	10.69	10.60	10.59	10.68	10.68
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 20]	10.71	10.61	10.56	10.68	10.69	10.65	10.64	10.59	10.60	10.61	10.65	10.6	10.68
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 40]	10.78	10.76	10.78	10.75	10.78	10.79	10.76	10.74	10.77	10.75	10.75	10.74	10.75

Distance (mm)	35	32	29	26	23	20	17	14	11	9	6	3	0
LTE Band 7	19.48	19.50	19.46	19.44	19.45	19.50	19.49	19.49	19.50	19.47	19.46	19.47	19.45

6) The process is then reversed by moving the DUT away from the phantom according to steps KDB616217 D04 §6.3, d) to g), to determine triggering release, until it is at least 10 mm beyond the point that triggers the return of normal maximum power

(19mm= 40mm(triggering distance) - 21mm)

The Front surface is moved away the phantom in 3 mm steps to determine triggering release

Front side – EUT Moving away (Release) from the Phantom

Distance (mm)	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52
2.4GHz 802.11b	14.45	14.45	14.44	14.45	14.45	14.45	14.44	14.45	17.56	17.54	17.56	17.54
5 GHz 802.11a	10.64	10.64	10.68	10.69	10.69	10.64	10.68	10.64	14.22	14.24	14.23	14.23
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 20]	10.59	10.59	10.73	10.74	10.78	10.59	10.68	10.59	14.25	14.23	14.25	14.27
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 40]	10.74	10.74	10.75	10.79	10.78	10.74	10.75	10.74	14.20	14.18	14.20	14.19

Distance (mm)	19	22	25	28	31	34	37	40	43	46	49	52
LTE Band 7	19.48	19.50	19.49	19.49	19.48	19.50	19.50	19.49	21.55	21.57	21.59	21.56

7)The Front surface is then moved toward the phantom by at least 5 mm or until reduced output power is returned to the Maximum output power.

Front side – EUT Moving away (Release) from the Phantom

Distance (mm)	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
2.4GHz 802.11b	14.44	14.45	14.42	14.43	14.45	14.45	17.55	17.56	17.55	17.56	17.56	17.55	17.56
5 GHz 802.11a	10.63	10.64	10.64	10.68	10.61	10.69	14.19	14.20	14.23	14.22	14.22	14.23	14.22
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 20]	10.64	10.59	10.59	10.58	10.59	10.60	14.22	14.21	14.27	14.25	14.25	14.27	14.25
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 40]	10.76	10.74	10.74	10.73	10.74	10.75	14.23	14.22	14.19	14.20	14.20	14.19	14.20

Distance (mm)	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
LTE Band 7	19.50	19.49	19.48	19.50	19.49	19.48	21.56	21.57	21.55	21.57	21.59	21.56	21.57

8) If the DUT is touching the phantom, it is moved in 3 mm steps until it move away from phantom to confirm that the sensor remains triggered and the maximum power is returned.

Front side – EUT Moving away (Release) from the Phantom

Distance (mm)	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45
2.4GHz 802.11b	14.45	14.44	14.45	14.44	14.45	14.45	14.44	14.45	14.45	14.44	14.45	14.45	14.42	14.43	17.55	17.56
5 GHz 802.11a	10.64	10.68	10.64	10.68	10.64	10.64	10.68	10.64	10.64	10.68	10.64	10.64	10.64	10.68	14.19	14.20
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 20]	10.59	10.68	10.59	10.68	10.59	10.59	10.68	10.59	10.59	10.68	10.59	10.59	10.59	10.58	14.22	14.21
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 40]	10.74	10.75	10.74	10.75	10.74	10.74	10.75	10.74	10.74	10.75	10.74	10.74	10.74	10.73	14.23	14.22

Distance (mm)	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36	39	42	45
LTE Band 7	19.50	19.49	19.48	19.50	19.49	19.48	19.51	19.50	19.49	19.48	19.49	19.48	19.51	19.48	21.56	21.57

9)The measured output power within ± 5 mm of the triggering points, or until the DUT is touching the phantom, for movements to and from the phantom should be tabulated in the SAR report.

Front side – EUT Moving toward (trigger) to the Phantom

Distance (mm)	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35
2.4GHz 802.11b	17.58	17.57	17.55	17.56	17.56	14.45	14.44	14.44	14.43	14.45	14.42
5 GHz 802.11a	14.22	14.21	14.23	14.22	14.25	10.78	10.76	10.77	10.78	10.75	10.77
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 20]	14.28	14.25	14.27	14.25	14.26	10.68	10.68	10.71	10.69	10.71	10.71
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 40]	14.18	14.19	14.19	14.20	14.21	10.71	10.70	10.69	10.68	10.66	10.69

Distance (mm)	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35
LTE Band 7	21.56	21.57	21.55	21.57	21.59	19.50	19.49	19.48	19.51	19.50	19.51

Front side – EUT Moving away (Release) from the Phantom

Distance (mm)	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
2.4GHz 802.11b	14.48	14.50	14.49	14.47	14.45	14.44	17.58	17.57	17.55	17.56	17.56
5 GHz 802.11a [BW 20]	10.76	10.77	10.78	10.79	10.75	10.77	14.22	14.21	14.23	14.22	14.25
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 20]	10.68	10.70	10.71	10.69	10.71	10.71	14.28	14.25	14.27	14.25	14.26
5 GHz 802.11n [BW 40]	10.71	10.70	10.69	10.68	10.66	10.69	14.18	14.19	14.19	14.20	14.21

Distance (mm)	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
LTE Band 7	19.50	19.48	19.47	19.46	19.47	19.48	21.55	21.56	21.57	21.54	21.57

Worst case distance for SAR is not consider for body exposure condition. Because of Power reduction is only apply voice or VOIP for WLAN and LTE Band 7. Based on the most conservative measured triggering distance of 40mm,

9.4.3.2 . Procedures for determining antenna and proximity sensor coverage

KDB 616217 D04 §6.3

As there is no spatial offset between the antenna and the IR sensor element, IR sensor coverage did not need to be assessed

9.4.3.3 Procedures for determining tablet tilt angle influences to proximity sensor triggering

KDB 616217 D04 §6.4

The IR sensor is activated while in a held-to-ear voice or VOIP call with the active audio receiver. Therefore, the IR proximity sensor has no influence of the tilt angle of the IR Sensor

Conclusion:

According to FCC KDB 616217 sec.6, we verified the operating distance of the IR sensor for LTE Band 7 and WLAN transmitter with Voice call or VoIP of this product and confirmed that the IR sensor operates correctly in the VoIP (Held to ear) conditions. This IR sensor impacts only LTE Band 7 and WI-FI output Power and has no impact on any other transmitter in the device

9.5 BT

Frame Averaged-conducted Power

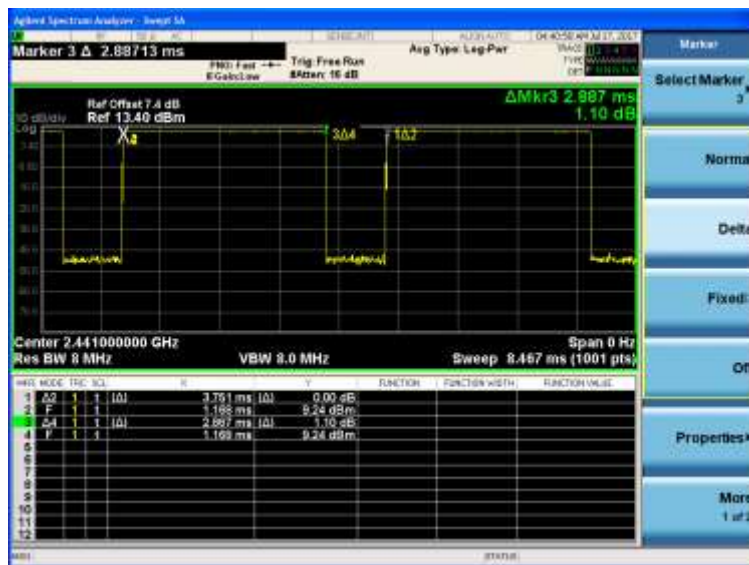
Mode	Channel	BT Power
		[dBm]
DH5	0	8.63
	39	10.06
	78	8.61
2-DH5	0	7.06
	39	8.53
	78	7.16
3-DH5	0	7.03
	39	8.54
	78	7.12

* The above table is measured by the frame average conducted power.

Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes:

When call box and Bluetooth protocol are used for BT SAR measurement, time-domain plot is required to identify duty factor for supporting the test setup and result.

Bluetooth duty cycle was measured using Bluetooth tester equipment (CBT / R&S) with Bluetooth protocol. DH5 mode is the highest duty cycle and conducted power. SAR test were performed at DH5 mode.



Duty Cycle

$$= (\text{BT-On time} / \text{BT-Full time}) = (2.887 / 3.751) * 100 = 77\%(\text{DH5})$$

Duty factor= 1/Duty cycle : 1.3

10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

The Head /body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the DAKS 3.5 to determine the conductivity and permittivity.

Table for Head Tissue Verification

Date of Tests	Tissue Temp	Tissue Type	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Conductivity σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
06/07/2017	20.0	750H	700	0.853	41.744	0.889	42.200	-4.05%	-1.08%
			725	0.899	41.146	0.891	42.071	0.90%	-2.20%
			750	0.899	41.146	0.893	41.940	0.67%	-1.89%
06/02/2017	20.4	835H	820	0.897	42.055	0.899	41.578	-0.22%	1.15%
			835	0.911	41.855	0.900	41.500	1.22%	0.86%
			850	0.925	41.585	0.916	41.500	0.98%	0.20%
06/02/2017	20.6	1900H	1 850	1.402	40.767	1.400	40.000	0.14%	1.92%
			1 900	1.449	40.509	1.400	40.000	3.50%	1.27%
			1 910	1.447	40.465	1.400	40.000	3.36%	1.16%
07/12/2017	19.8	1900H	1 850	1.376	38.512	1.400	40.000	-1.71%	-3.72%
			1 860	1.386	38.454	1.400	40.000	-1.00%	-3.87%
			1 870	1.397	38.377	1.400	40.000	-0.21%	-4.06%
			1 880	1.403	38.375	1.400	40.000	0.21%	-4.06%
			1 890	1.415	38.379	1.400	40.000	1.07%	-4.05%
			1 900	1.424	38.376	1.400	40.000	1.71%	-4.06%
			1 910	1.430	38.334	1.400	40.000	2.14%	-4.16%
06/19/2017	20.6	2450H	2 400	1.764	38.767	1.756	39.290	0.46%	-1.33%
			2 450	1.823	38.581	1.800	39.200	1.28%	-1.58%
			2 500	1.878	38.403	1.855	39.140	1.24%	-1.88%
07/12/2017	19.8	2450H	2 400	1.791	38.765	1.756	39.290	1.99%	-1.34%
			2 450	1.849	38.581	1.800	39.200	2.72%	-1.58%
			2 500	1.907	38.389	1.855	39.140	2.80%	-1.92%
06/20/2017	20.0	2600H	2500	1.868	39.560	1.855	39.140	0.70%	1.07%
			2600	1.981	39.169	1.964	39.010	0.87%	0.41%
			2700	2.099	38.886	2.073	38.880	1.25%	0.02%
06/28/2017	20.5	2600H	2500	1.894	37.812	1.855	39.140	2.10%	-3.39%
			2600	2.006	37.542	1.964	39.010	2.14%	-3.76%
			2700	2.128	37.173	2.073	38.880	2.65%	-4.39%
07/12/2017	19.8	5200H-5800H	5 250	4.552	35.802	4.723	35.918	-3.62%	-0.32%
			5 280	4.634	35.785	4.744	35.894	-2.32%	-0.30%
			5 320	4.674	35.791	4.785	35.846	-2.32%	-0.15%
			5 500	4.857	35.277	4.963	35.640	-2.14%	-1.02%
			5 520	4.893	35.278	4.990	35.620	-1.94%	-0.96%
			5 550	4.947	35.280	5.014	35.590	-1.34%	-0.87%
			5 570	4.953	35.222	5.041	35.566	-1.75%	-0.97%
			5 600	4.963	35.135	5.065	35.530	-2.01%	-1.11%
			5 720	5.143	34.724	5.195	35.390	-1.00%	-1.88%
			5 750	5.221	34.571	5.221	35.365	0.00%	-2.25%
			5 800	5.251	34.515	5.270	35.300	-0.36%	-2.22%
			5 825	5.302	34.390	5.303	35.270	-0.02%	-2.50%

Table for Body Tissue Verification

Date of Tests	Tissue Temp	Tissue Type	Freq. (MHz)	Measured Conductivity σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	Target Conductivity σ (S/m)	Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
07/12/2017	20.8	750B	700	0.922	57.039	0.959	55.730	-3.86%	2.35%
			725	0.950	56.796	0.961	55.629	-1.14%	2.10%
			750	0.975	56.551	0.963	55.530	1.25%	1.84%
07/18/2017	20.5	750B	700	0.928	56.425	0.959	55.730	-3.23%	1.25%
			725	0.955	56.261	0.961	55.629	-0.62%	1.14%
			750	0.983	56.078	0.963	55.530	2.08%	0.99%
06/01/2017	20.4	835B	820	0.959	55.829	0.969	55.258	-1.03%	1.03%
			835	0.975	55.670	0.970	55.200	0.52%	0.85%
			850	0.989	55.442	0.988	55.154	0.10%	0.52%
06/08/2017	20.3	1900B	1 850	1.453	55.487	1.520	53.300	-4.41%	4.10%
			1 900	1.504	55.348	1.520	53.300	-1.05%	3.84%
			1 910	1.517	55.395	1.520	53.300	-0.20%	3.93%
06/20/2017	20.2	2450B	2 400	1.871	52.526	1.902	52.770	-1.63%	-0.46%
			2 450	1.933	52.413	1.950	52.700	-0.87%	-0.54%
			2 500	1.993	52.349	2.021	52.640	-1.39%	-0.55%
07/12/2017	19.8	2450B	2 400	1.888	52.431	1.902	52.770	-0.74%	-0.64%
			2 450	1.952	52.238	1.950	52.700	0.10%	-0.88%
			2 500	2.015	52.076	2.021	52.640	-0.30%	-1.07%
06/19/2017	19.7	2600B	2500	2.048	51.207	2.021	52.640	1.34%	-2.72%
			2600	2.155	50.914	2.163	52.510	-0.37%	-3.04%
			2700	2.296	50.564	2.305	52.380	-0.39%	-3.47%
06/28/2017	20.4	2600B	2 500	2.051	51.207	2.021	52.640	1.48%	-2.72%
			2 600	2.161	50.902	2.163	52.510	-0.09%	-3.06%
			2 700	2.290	50.535	2.305	52.380	-0.65%	-3.52%
06/22/2017	20.1	5200B-5800B	5 180	5.315	48.995	5.283	49.038	0.61%	-0.09%
			5 250	5.411	48.792	5.377	48.936	0.63%	-0.29%
			5 280	5.460	48.741	5.400	48.908	1.11%	-0.34%
			5 320	5.515	48.629	5.447	48.852	1.25%	-0.46%
			5 500	5.754	48.178	5.650	48.610	1.84%	-0.89%
			5 600	5.904	47.881	5.766	48.470	2.39%	-1.22%
			5 720	6.077	47.600	5.915	48.312	2.74%	-1.47%
			5 750	6.129	47.574	5.944	48.277	3.11%	-1.46%
			5 800	6.187	47.389	6.000	48.200	3.12%	-1.68%
			5 825	6.220	47.357	6.037	48.165	3.03%	-1.68%

10.2 System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at 750 MHz / 835 MHz / 1 900 MHz / 2 450 MHz / 2 600 MHz / 5 250 MHz / 5 600 MHz / 5 750 MHz by using the system Verification kit.
(Graphic Plots Attached)

System Verification Results

Freq.	Date	Probe (S/N)	Dipole (S/N)	Liquid	Amb. Temp.	Liquid Temp.	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (SPEAG)	Measured SAR _{1g}	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g}	Deviation	Limit [%]
[MHz]					[°C]	[°C]	[W/kg]	[W/kg]	[W/kg]	[%]	[%]
750	06/07/2017	3797	1014	Head	20.3	20.0	8.29	0.787	7.87	- 5.07	± 10
750	07/12/2017	3797		Body	21.3	20.8	8.74	0.929	9.29	+ 6.29	± 10
750	07/18/2017	3797		Body	20.9	20.5	8.74	0.820	8.2	- 6.18	± 10
835	06/02/2017	3797	441	Head	20.7	20.4	9.38	0.911	9.11	- 2.88	± 10
835	06/01/2017	1605		Body	20.7	20.4	9.62	0.974	9.74	+ 1.25	± 10
1 900	06/02/2017	7370	5d032	Head	20.9	20.6	40.0	3.93	39.3	- 1.75	± 10
1 900	07/12/2017	3968		Head	19.9	19.8	40.0	3.98	39.8	- 0.50	± 10
1 900	06/08/2017	3797		Body	20.7	20.3	40.5	3.91	39.1	- 3.46	± 10
2 450	06/19/2017	3967	743	Head	20.8	20.6	53.0	5.23	52.3	- 1.32	± 10
2 450	07/12/2017	3967		Head	20.0	19.8	53.0	5.37	53.7	+ 1.32	± 10
2 450	06/20/2017	3967		Body	20.4	20.2	50.6	4.96	49.6	- 1.98	± 10
2 450	07/12/2017	3967		Body	20.0	19.8	50.6	5.04	50.4	- 0.40	± 10
2 600	06/20/2017	3968	1015	Head	20.4	20.0	57.5	6.04	60.4	+ 5.04	± 10
2 600	06/19/2017	3863		Body	20.0	19.7	55.1	5.54	55.4	+ 0.54	± 10
2 600	06/28/2017	3968		Head	20.7	20.5	57.5	5.90	59.0	+ 2.61	± 10
2 600	06/28/2017	3903		Body	20.8	20.4	55.1	5.58	55.8	+ 1.27	± 10
5 250	07/12/2017	3967	1253	Head	20.0	19.8	78.6	7.54	75.4	- 4.07	± 10
5 250	06/22/2017	3967		Body	20.3	20.1	76.4	7.86	78.6	+ 2.88	± 10
5 600	07/12/2017	3967		Head	20.0	19.8	81.9	8.02	80.2	- 2.08	± 10
5 600	06/22/2017	3967		Body	20.3	20.1	80.0	8.27	82.7	+ 3.38	± 10
5 750	07/12/2017	3967		Head	20.0	19.8	79.5	7.72	77.2	- 2.89	± 10
5 750	06/22/2017	3967		Body	20.3	20.1	77.1	7.73	77.3	+ 0.26	± 10

10.3 System Verification Procedure

SAR measurement was prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at each frequency band by using the system Verification kit. (Graphic Plots Attached)

- Cabling the system, using the Verification kit equipments.
- Generate about 100 mW Input Level from the Signal generator to the Dipole Antenna.
- Dipole Antenna was placed below the Flat phantom.
- The measured one-gram SAR at the surface of the phantom above the dipole feed-point should be within 10 % of the target reference value.
- The results are normalized to 1 W input power.

NOTE;

SAR Verification was performed according to the FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04.

11. SAR TEST DATA SUMMARY

11.1 HEAD SAR Measurement Results

GSM 1900 Head SAR											
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)			(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1 880.0	661	Voice	30.0	29.87	0.17	Left Cheek	1:8.3	0.128	1.030	0.132	1
1 880.0	661	Voice	30.0	29.87	-0.10	Left Tilt	1:8.3	0.050	1.030	0.052	-
1 880.0	661	Voice	30.0	29.87	-0.17	Right Cheek	1:8.3	0.070	1.030	0.072	-
1 880.0	661	Voice	30.0	29.87	0.01	Right Tilt	1:8.3	0.052	1.030	0.054	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram					

UMTS 850 Head SAR											
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)			(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.6	4183	RMC	24.0	23.00	-0.16	Left Cheek	1:1	0.173	1.259	0.218	2
836.6	4183	RMC	24.0	23.00	0.04	Left Tilt	1:1	0.083	1.259	0.104	-
836.6	4183	RMC	24.0	23.00	-0.09	Right Cheek	1:1	0.160	1.259	0.201	-
836.6	4183	RMC	24.0	23.00	-0.05	Right Tilt	1:1	0.087	1.259	0.110	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram					

UMTS 1900 Head SAR											
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)			(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1 880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	22.03	-0.14	Left Cheek	1:1	0.270	1.114	0.301	3
1 880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	22.03	-0.08	Left Tilt	1:1	0.100	1.114	0.111	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	22.03	0.06	Right Cheek	1:1	0.154	1.114	0.172	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	22.03	0.12	Right Tilt	1:1	0.113	1.114	0.126	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram					

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Head SAR															
Frequency		Mode	Band width	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	MPR	RB	RB	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR	Scaling	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		(dB)	Size	offset		(W/kg)	Factor	(W/kg)	
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.5	23.72	-0.06	Left Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.217	1.197	0.260	4
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	23.5	22.62	-0.16	Left Cheek	1	25	0	1:1	0.181	1.225	0.222	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.5	23.72	0.05	Left Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.115	1.197	0.138	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	23.5	22.62	-0.10	Left Tilt	1	25	0	1:1	0.092	1.225	0.113	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.5	23.72	-0.16	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.184	1.197	0.220	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	23.5	22.62	0.19	Right Cheek	1	25	0	1:1	0.148	1.225	0.181	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.5	23.72	-0.13	Right Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.078	1.197	0.093	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	23.5	22.62	-0.16	Right Tilt	1	25	0	1:1	0.067	1.225	0.082	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

LTE Band 7 Head SAR															
Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	MPR	RB Size	RB offset	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.							(dB)				(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	20.5	20.03	0.14	Left Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.578	1.114	0.644	5
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	20.5	19.94	-0.13	Left Cheek	0	50	0	1:1	0.565	1.138	0.643	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	20.5	20.03	-0.13	Left Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.148	1.114	0.165	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	20.5	19.94	0.16	Left Tilt	0	50	0	1:1	0.134	1.138	0.152	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	20.5	20.03	0.10	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.271	1.114	0.302	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	20.5	19.94	0.18	Right Cheek	0	50	0	1:1	0.260	1.138	0.296	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	20.5	20.03	0.19	Right Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.222	1.114	0.247	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	20.5	19.94	0.05	Right Tilt	0	50	0	1:1	0.207	1.138	0.236	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram								

LTE Band 17 Head SAR

Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB offset	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.														
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.58	-0.14	Left Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.065	1.236	0.080	6
710	23790	QPSK	10	22.5	21.49	-0.19	Left Cheek	1	25	0	1:1	0.057	1.262	0.072	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.58	-0.12	Left Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.044	1.236	0.054	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	22.5	21.49	-0.10	Left Tilt	1	25	0	1:1	0.036	1.262	0.045	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.58	-0.18	Right Cheek	0	1	0	1:1	0.060	1.236	0.074	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	22.5	21.49	-0.12	Right Cheek	1	25	0	1:1	0.047	1.262	0.059	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.58	0.03	Right Tilt	0	1	0	1:1	0.040	1.236	0.049	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	22.5	21.49	0.01	Right Tilt	1	25	0	1:1	0.032	1.262	0.040	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

LTE Band 38 Head SAR

Frequency		Mode	Band width (MHz)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Test Position	MPR (dB)	RB Size	RB offset	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.														
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	23.5	22.72	-0.15	Left Cheek	0	1	49	1:1.58	0.505	1.197	0.604	7
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	22.5	21.51	0.17	Left Cheek	1	50	0	1:1.58	0.408	1.256	0.512	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	23.5	22.72	0.08	Left Tilt	0	1	49	1:1.58	0.128	1.197	0.153	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	22.5	21.51	-0.17	Left Tilt	1	50	0	1:1.58	0.101	1.256	0.127	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	23.5	22.72	0.11	Right Cheek	0	1	49	1:1.58	0.226	1.197	0.271	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	22.5	21.51	0.16	Right Cheek	1	50	0	1:1.58	0.180	1.256	0.226	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	23.5	22.72	0.15	Right Tilt	0	1	49	1:1.58	0.180	1.197	0.215	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	22.5	21.51	-0.06	Right Tilt	1	50	0	1:1.58	0.139	1.256	0.175	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

DTS Head SAR															
Frequency		Mode	Band width	Data Rate	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Peak SAR	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(Duty)	(W/kg)	
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	15.5	15.49		Left Cheek	99.65	0.373					-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	15.5	15.49		Left Tilt	99.65	0.294					-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	15.5	15.49	-0.18	Right Cheek	99.65	0.909	0.533	1.002	1.004	0.536	8
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	15.5	15.49	0.11	Right Tilt	99.65	0.632	0.344	1.002	1.004	0.346	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram							

DSS Head SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.											
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	10.06	0.03	Left Cheek	77.0	0.051	1.107	1.3	0.073	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	10.06	0.05	Left Tilt	77.0	0.047	1.107	1.3	0.068	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	10.06	0.10	Right Cheek	77.0	0.084	1.107	1.3	0.121	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	10.06	-0.07	Right Tilt	77.0	0.137	1.107	1.3	0.197	9
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram						

NII Head SAR															
Frequency		Mode	Band width	Data Rate	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Area Scan Peak SAR	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)			(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(Duty)	(W/kg)	
5 270	54	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	10.59		Left Cheek	90.37	0.728		1.552	1.107		-
5 270	54	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	10.59		Left Tilt	90.37	0.771		1.552	1.107		-
5 270	54	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	10.59	-0.10	Right Cheek	90.37	0.902	0.387	1.552	1.107	0.665	-
5 270	54	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	10.59	0.13	Right Tilt	90.37	0.920	0.394	1.552	1.107	0.677	10
5 550	110	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	12.03		Left Cheek	90.37	0.506		1.114	1.107		-
5 550	110	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	12.03		Left Tilt	90.37	0.563		1.114	1.107		-
5 550	110	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	12.03		Right Cheek	90.37	0.697		1.114	1.107		-
5 550	110	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	12.03	0.18	Right Tilt	90.37	0.725	0.307	1.114	1.107	0.379	11
5 755	151	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	11.78		Left Cheek	90.37	0.52		1.180	1.107		-
5 755	151	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	11.78		Left Tilt	90.37	0.613		1.180	1.107		-
5 755	151	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	11.78	0.17	Right Cheek	90.37	0.877	0.362	1.180	1.107	0.473	-
5 755	151	802.11n	40	MCS0	12.5	11.78	-0.13	Right Tilt	90.37	1.05	0.397	1.180	1.107	0.519	12
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram							

11.2 Body-worn SAR Measurement Results

GSM/UMTS Body-Worn SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)			(mm)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1 880	661	GSM Voice	30.0	29.87	0.13	Rear	1:8.3	15	0.123	1.030	0.127	13
836.6	4183	RMC	24.0	23.00	-0.07	Rear	1:1	15	0.236	1.259	0.297	14
1 880	9400	RMC	22.5	22.03	-0.11	Rear	1:1	15	0.266	1.114	0.296	15
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram						

LTE Body-Worn SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band width	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	MPR	RB Size	RB offset	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		(dB)				(mm)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.5	23.72	-0.01	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.325	1.197	0.389	16
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	23.5	22.62	0.01	Rear	1	25	0	1:1	15	0.263	1.225	0.322	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.5	22.14	0.13	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.442	1.086	0.480	17
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	21.5	20.98	0.02	Rear	1	50	0	1:1	15	0.357	1.127	0.402	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.58	-0.11	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	15	0.102	1.236	0.126	18
710	23790	QPSK	10	22.5	21.49	-0.06	Rear	1	25	0	1:1	15	0.085	1.262	0.107	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	23.5	22.72	-0.10	Rear	0	1	49	1:1.58	15	0.246	1.197	0.294	19
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	22.5	21.51	0.03	Rear	1	50	0	1:1.58	15	0.205	1.256	0.257	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram									

DTS Body-Worn SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band width	Data Rate	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Area Scan Peak SAR	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)			(mm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			(W/kg)	
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	18.5	18.32	-0.11	Rear	99.65	15	0.156	0.109	1.042	1.004	0.114	20
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

NII Body-Worn SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band width	Data Rate	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Area Scan Peak SAR	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)				(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(Duty)	(W/kg)	
5 260	52	802.11a	20	6Mbps	14.5	14.34	-0.17	Rear	97.69	15	0.155	0.054	1.038	1.024	0.057	21
5 720	144	802.11a	20	6Mbps	15.5	15.27	0.19	Rear	97.69	15	0.152	0.041	1.054	1.024	0.044	-
5 745	149	802.11a	20	6Mbps	16.0	15.10	0.10	Rear	97.69	15	0.139	0.039	1.230	1.024	0.049	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

DSS Body-Worn SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		(mm)	(W/kg)		(Duty)	(W/kg)	
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	10.06	0.80	Rear	15	0.013	1.107	1.3	0.019	22
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram					

11.3 Hotspot SAR Measurement Results

GSM 1900 Hotspot SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)			(mm)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1 880.0	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.5	25.51	0.02	Rear	1:2.77	10	0.303	1.256	0.381	23
1 880.0	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.5	25.51	-0.16	Front	1:2.77	10	0.293	1.256	0.368	-
1 880.0	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.5	25.51	-0.01	Left	1:2.77	10	0.102	1.256	0.128	-
1 880.0	661	GPRS 3Tx	26.5	25.51	0.11	Bottom	1:2.77	10	0.205	1.256	0.257	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram						

UMTS 850 Hotspot SAR												
Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dB)	(dB)	(dB)			(mm)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.6	4183	RMC	24.0	23.00	-0.05	Rear	1:1	10	0.325	1.259	0.409	24
836.6	4183	RMC	24.0	23.00	-0.02	Front	1:1	10	0.287	1.259	0.361	-
836.6	4183	RMC	24.0	23.00	0.01	Left	1:1	10	0.222	1.259	0.279	-
836.6	4183	RMC	24.0	23.00	-0.04	Bottom	1:1	10	0.230	1.259	0.290	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram						

UMTS 1900 Hotspot SAR

Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.											
1 880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	22.03	0.19	Rear	1:1	10	0.528	1.114	0.588	25
1 880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	22.03	-0.15	Front	1:1	10	0.444	1.114	0.495	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	22.03	0.01	Left	1:1	10	0.197	1.114	0.219	-
1 880.0	9400	RMC	22.5	22.03	0.07	Bottom	1:1	10	0.390	1.114	0.434	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram						

LTE Band 5 (Cell) Hotspot SAR

Frequency		Mode	Band width	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	MPR	RB Size	RB offset	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.5	23.72	-0.05	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.393	1.197	0.470	26
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	23.5	22.62	-0.02	Rear	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.315	1.225	0.386	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.5	23.72	-0.02	Front	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.338	1.197	0.405	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	23.5	22.62	-0.06	Front	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.272	1.225	0.333	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.5	23.72	-0.03	Left	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.242	1.197	0.290	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	23.5	22.62	0.02	Left	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.188	1.225	0.230	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	24.5	23.72	0.01	Bottom	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.091	1.197	0.109	-
836.5	20525	QPSK	10	23.5	22.62	0.03	Bottom	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.075	1.225	0.092	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram									

LTE Band 7 Hotspot SAR

Frequency		Mode	Band width	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	MPR	RB Size	RB offset	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		(dB)				(mm)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.5	22.14	0.15	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.767	1.086	0.833	-
2 535	21100	QPSK	20	22.5	21.87	0.05	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.754	1.156	0.872	-
2 560	21350	QPSK	20	22.5	21.92	0.06	Rear	0	1	49	1:1	10	0.754	1.143	0.862	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	21.5	20.98	-0.01	Rear	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.638	1.127	0.719	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	21.5	20.92	0.06	Rear	1	100	0	1:1	10	0.630	1.143	0.720	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.5	22.14	-0.17	Front	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.838	1.086	0.910	27
2 535	21100	QPSK	20	22.5	21.87	0.04	Front	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.767	1.156	0.887	-
2 560	21350	QPSK	20	22.5	21.92	0.05	Front	0	1	49	1:1	10	0.740	1.143	0.846	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	21.5	20.98	-0.01	Front	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.655	1.127	0.738	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	21.5	20.92	0.15	Front	1	100	0	1:1	10	0.599	1.143	0.685	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.5	22.14	0.02	Left	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.482	1.086	0.523	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	21.5	20.98	0.01	Left	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.384	1.127	0.433	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	22.5	22.14	-0.12	Bottom	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.421	1.086	0.457	-
2 510	20850	QPSK	20	21.5	20.98	0.01	Bottom	1	50	0	1:1	10	0.332	1.127	0.374	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram								

LTE Band 17 Hotspot SAR

Frequency		Mode	Band width	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	MPR	RB Size	RB offset	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		(dB)				(mm)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.58	0.15	Rear	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.135	1.236	0.167	28
710	23790	QPSK	10	22.5	21.49	-0.06	Rear	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.115	1.262	0.145	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.58	-0.01	Front	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.116	1.236	0.143	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	22.5	21.49	-0.08	Front	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.095	1.262	0.120	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.58	-0.07	Left	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.090	1.236	0.111	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	22.5	21.49	-0.06	Left	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.078	1.262	0.098	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	23.5	22.58	-0.16	Bottom	0	1	0	1:1	10	0.048	1.236	0.059	-
710	23790	QPSK	10	22.5	21.49	-0.07	Bottom	1	25	0	1:1	10	0.039	1.262	0.049	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram								

LTE Band 38 Hotspot SAR

Frequency		Mode	Band width	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	MPR	RB Size	RB offset	Duty Cycle	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		(dB)				(mm)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	23.5	22.72	0.05	Rear	0	1	49	1:1.58	10	0.533	1.197	0.638	29
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	22.5	21.51	0.10	Rear	1	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.451	1.256	0.566	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	23.5	22.72	0.07	Front	0	1	49	1:1.58	10	0.458	1.197	0.548	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	22.5	21.51	-0.06	Front	1	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.388	1.256	0.487	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	23.5	22.72	-0.01	Left	0	1	49	1:1.58	10	0.380	1.197	0.455	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	22.5	21.51	0.03	Left	1	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.315	1.256	0.396	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	23.5	22.72	0.04	Bottom	0	1	49	1:1.58	10	0.290	1.197	0.347	-
2 580	37850	QPSK	20	22.5	21.51	0.12	Bottom	1	50	0	1:1.58	10	0.246	1.256	0.309	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram								

DTS Hotspot SAR

Frequency		Mode	Band width	Data Rate	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Area Scan Peak SAR	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(MHz)	(Mbps)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)			(mm)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)			(W/kg)	
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	18.5	18.32	-0.04	Rear	99.65	10	0.316	0.224	1.042	1.004	0.234	30
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	18.5	18.32		Front	99.65	10	0.190					-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	18.5	18.32		Left	99.65	10	0.197					-
2 437	6	802.11b	22	1	18.5	18.32		Top	99.65	10	0.191					-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

DSS Hotspot SAR

Frequency		Mode	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Distance	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty)	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.		(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)		(mm)	(W/kg)			(W/kg)	
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	10.06	0.10	Rear	10	0.029	1.107	1.3	0.042	31
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	10.06	-0.15	Front	10	0.016	1.107	1.3	0.023	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	10.06	0.04	Left	10	0.020	1.107	1.3	0.029	-
2 441	39	Bluetooth DH5	10.5	10.06	0.04	Top	10	0.017	1.107	1.3	0.024	-
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992– Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg Averaged over 1 gram				

5GHz WLAN Hotspot SAR																
Frequency		Mode	Band width	Data Rate	Tune-Up Limit	Meas. Power	Power Drift	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Distance	Area Scan Peak SAR	Meas. SAR	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR	Plot No.
MHz	Ch.															
5 180	36	802.11a	20	6Mbps	14.5	14.24		Rear	97.69	10	0.205					-
5 180	36	802.11a	20	6Mbps	14.5	14.24		Front	97.69	10	0.261					-
5 180	36	802.11a	20	6Mbps	14.5	14.24		Left	97.69	10	0.044					-
5 180	36	802.11a	20	6Mbps	14.5	14.24	0.09	Top	97.69	10	0.352	0.139	1.062	1.024	0.151	32
5 745	149	802.11a	20	6Mbps	16.0	15.10		Rear	97.69	10	0.321					-
5 745	149	802.11a	20	6Mbps	16.0	15.10		Front	97.69	10	0.413					-
5 745	149	802.11a	20	6Mbps	16.0	15.10		Left	97.69	10	0.032					-
5 745	149	802.11a	20	6Mbps	16.0	15.10	0.02	Top	97.69	10	0.602	0.235	1.230	1.024	0.296	33
ANSI/ IEEE C95.1 - 1992- Safety Limit Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/ General Population								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1 gram								

11.5 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, FCC KDB Procedure.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 15 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB 648474 D04v01r03, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluation using a headset cable were required.
8. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a "Phablet" since the diagonal dimension is > 160 mm and < 200 mm. When hotspot mode applies, extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode scaled to the maximum output power (with tolerance) is 1 g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
9. This device utilizes power reduction for some wireless mode and technologies, as outlined in sec. 2.5 and sec.9. The maximum output power allowed for each transmitter and exposure condition was evaluated for SAR compliance based on expected use conditions and simultaneous scenarios.

GSM/GPRS Test Notes:

1. This EUT'S GSM and GPRS device class is B.
2. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB 941225 D01v03r01: The source-based time-averaged output power was evaluated for all multi-slot operations. The multi-slot configuration with the highest frame averaged output power including tolerance was evaluated for SAR.
4. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is 1/2 dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.
5. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.

UMTS Notes:

1. The 12.2 kbps RMC mode is the primary mode per KDB 941225 D01v03r01.
2. UMTS mode in Body SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and Adjusted SAR value was less than 1.2 W/kg.
3. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the channel highest output power channel was used.
4. UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA inactive per KDB publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Consideration for LTE Devices in FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05.
2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05:
When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the 100%RB allocation and required test channels is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1RB, 50%RB and 100%RB allocation with highest output power for that channel.
Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1RB allocation and 50%RB allocation were less than 1.45W/Kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results.
4. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.
5. TDD LTE was tested using UL-DL configuration 0 with 6 UL sub frames and 2S subframes using extended cyclic prefix only and special sub frame configuration 6. SAR tests were performed at maximum output power and worst-case transmission duty factor in extended cyclic prefix. Per 3GPP 36.211 Sec. 4, the duty factor using extended cyclic prefix is 0.633(cf=1.58).
6. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:
Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is >0.8 W/kg, testing for other Channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High Channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are >0.8 W/kg, testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation <1.45 W/kg. Testing for 16-QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is <1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is <1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

WLAN Notes:

1. For held-to-ear and hotspot operations, the initial test position procedures were applied. For initial test position, the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 1.0 W/kg for 10g SAR, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR results is ≤ 0.8 W/kg for 1g SAR and ≤ 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR or all test position are measured.
2. Per KDB 2482227 D01v02r02 justification for test configurations of 2.4 GHz WiFi Single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR.
3. Per KDB 2482227 D01v02r02 justification for test configurations of 5 GHz WiFi Single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission mode were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ration of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg for 1g SAR and less than 3.0 W/kg for 10 g SAR.
4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rated, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools. The reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Procedures used to measure the duty factor are identical to that in the associated WLAN test reports.

Bluetooth Notes:

1. Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a call box with hopping disabled with DH5 operation and Tx Tests mode type. Per October 2016 TCBC Workshop Notes, the reported SAR was scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Please see sec.9.5 for the time-domain plot and calculation for duty factor of the device.
2. Head and Hotspot Bluetooth SAR were evaluated for BT EDR tethering applications

12. SIMULTANEOUS SAR ANALYSIS

12.1 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Head

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN(Held to ear)				
Exposure condition	Band	WWAN SAR	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR	$\sum$ 1-g SAR
		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Head SAR	GSM 1900	0.132	0.536	0.668
	UMTS 850	0.218	0.536	0.754
	UMTS 1900	0.301	0.536	0.837
	LTE Band 5	0.260	0.536	0.796
	LTE Band 7	0.644	0.536	1.180
	LTE Band 17	0.080	0.536	0.616
	LTE Band 38	0.604	0.536	1.140

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN(Held to ear)				
Exposure condition	Band	WWAN SAR	5 GHz WLAN SAR	$\sum$ 1-g SAR
		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Head SAR	GSM 1900	0.132	0.677	0.809
	UMTS 850	0.218	0.677	0.895
	UMTS 1900	0.301	0.677	0.978
	LTE Band 5	0.260	0.677	0.937
	LTE Band 7	0.644	0.677	1.321
	LTE Band 17	0.080	0.677	0.757
	LTE Band 38	0.604	0.677	1.281

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with Bluetooth (Held to ear)				
Exposure condition	Band	WWAN SAR	Bluetooth SAR	$\sum$ 1-g SAR
		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Head SAR	GSM 1900	0.132	0.197	0.329
	UMTS 850	0.218	0.197	0.415
	UMTS 1900	0.301	0.197	0.498
	LTE Band 5	0.260	0.197	0.457
	LTE Band 7	0.644	0.197	0.841
	LTE Band 17	0.080	0.197	0.277
	LTE Band 38	0.604	0.197	0.801

12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Body-Worn

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN					
Exposure condition	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR	$\sum$ 1-g SAR
	(mm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Body-worn	15	GSM 1900	0.127	0.114	0.241
		UMTS 850	0.297	0.114	0.411
		UMTS 1900	0.296	0.114	0.410
		LTE Band 5	0.389	0.114	0.503
		LTE Band 7	0.480	0.114	0.594
		LTE Band 17	0.126	0.114	0.240
		LTE Band 38	0.294	0.114	0.408

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN					
Exposure condition	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	5 GHz WLAN SAR	$\sum$ 1-g SAR
	(mm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Body-worn	15	GSM 1900	0.127	0.057	0.184
		UMTS 850	0.297	0.057	0.354
		UMTS 1900	0.296	0.057	0.353
		LTE Band 5	0.389	0.057	0.446
		LTE Band 7	0.480	0.057	0.537
		LTE Band 17	0.126	0.057	0.183
		LTE Band 38	0.294	0.057	0.351

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with Bluetooth					
Exposure condition	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	Bluetooth SAR	$\sum$ 1-g SAR
	(mm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Body-worn	15	GSM 1900	0.127	0.019	0.146
		UMTS 850	0.297	0.019	0.316
		UMTS 1900	0.296	0.019	0.315
		LTE Band 5	0.389	0.019	0.408
		LTE Band 7	0.480	0.019	0.499
		LTE Band 17	0.126	0.019	0.145
		LTE Band 38	0.294	0.019	0.313

12.3 Simultaneous Transmission Summation for Hotspot

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN					
Exposure condition	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	2.4 GHz WLAN SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(mm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Hotspot	10	GSM 1900	0.381	0.234	0.615
		UMTS 850	0.409	0.234	0.643
		UMTS 1900	0.588	0.234	0.822
		LTE Band 5	0.470	0.234	0.704
		LTE Band 7	0.910	0.234	1.144
		LTE Band 17	0.167	0.234	0.401
		LTE Band 38	0.638	0.234	0.872

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN					
Exposure condition	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	5 GHz WLAN SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(mm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Hotspot	10	GSM 1900	0.381	0.296	0.677
		UMTS 850	0.409	0.296	0.705
		UMTS 1900	0.588	0.296	0.884
		LTE Band 5	0.470	0.296	0.766
		LTE Band 7	0.910	0.296	1.206
		LTE Band 17	0.167	0.296	0.463
		LTE Band 38	0.638	0.296	0.934

Simultaneous Transmission Summation Scenario with Bluetooth					
Exposure condition	Distance	Band	WWAN SAR	Bluetooth SAR	Σ 1-g SAR
	(mm)		(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)
Hotspot	10	GSM 1900	0.381	0.042	0.423
		UMTS 850	0.409	0.042	0.451
		UMTS 1900	0.588	0.042	0.630
		LTE Band 5	0.470	0.042	0.512
		LTE Band 7	0.910	0.042	0.952
		LTE Band 17	0.167	0.042	0.209
		LTE Band 38	0.638	0.042	0.680

12.4 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit. And therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013.

13. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY AND UNCERTAINTY

In accordance with KDB procedure 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, SAR additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg for 1g SAR or < 2.0 W/kg for 10g SAR; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured 1g SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg or 10g SAR ≥ 2.0 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg for 1g SAR or ≥ 3.625 W/kg for 10g SAR ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg for 1g SAR or ≥ 3.75 W/kg for 10g SAR and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Frequency		Modulation	Battery	Configuration	Original SAR	Repeated SAR	Largest to Smallest SAR Ratio	Plot No.
MHz	Channel				(W/kg)	(W/kg)		
2 510	20850	LTE Band 7	Standard	Front (1RB, 0offset)	0.838	0.829	1.01	34

14. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Error Description	Tol ($\pm$ %)	Prob. dist.	Div.	C_i	Standard Uncertainty ($\pm$ %)	V_{eff}
1. Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	6.55	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.70	R	1.73	0.70	1.90	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	R	1.73	0.70	3.88	∞
Boundary Effects	2.00	R	1.73	1	1.15	∞
Linearity	4.70	R	1.73	1	2.71	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	R	1.73	1	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.30	N	1.00	1	0.30	∞
Response Time	0.80	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Integration Time	2.60	R	1.73	1	1.50	∞
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	R	1.73	1	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner	0.80	R	1.73	1	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.70	R	1.73	1	3.87	∞
Max SAR Eval	4.00	R	1.73	1	2.31	∞
2. Test Sample Related						
Device Positioning	2.11	N	1.00	1	2.11	9
Device Holder	3.60	N	1.00	1	3.60	5
Power Drift	5.00	R	1.73	1	2.89	∞
Power Scaling	0.00	R	1.73	1	0.00	∞
3. Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	6.60	R	1.73	1	3.82	∞
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.64	1.85	∞
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.00	R	1.73	0.60	1.73	∞
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	3.80	N	1	0.78	2.96	5
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	2.60	N	1	0.23	0.60	5
Liquid Conductivity(temp.)	1.70	R	1.73	0.78	0.77	∞
Liquid Permittivity(temp.)	2.70	R	1.73	0.23	0.36	∞
Combine Standard Uncertainty					12.49	
Coverage Factor for 95 %					$k=2$	
Expanded STD Uncertainty					24.98	

15. SAR TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacturer	Type / Model	S/N	Calib. Date	Calib.Interval	Calib.Due
SPEAG	SAM Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	Triple Modular Phantom	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
HP	SAR System Control PC	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot ControllerCS7MB	F01/ 5L76A1/ C/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F12/ 5K9GA1/ C/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F17/ 59CHA1/ C/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F13/ 5R4XF1/ C/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	CS8Cspeag-TX90	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	CS8Cspeag-TX90	F11/5K3RA1/C/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Robot RX90B L	F01/ 5L76A1/ A/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F12/ 5K9GA1/ A/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F17/ 59CHA1/ A/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F17/ 59RAA1/ A/ 01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	TX90 XLspeag	F11/5K3RA1/A/01	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D22134006 A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D21142106	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D21142606B	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D21142606B	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staubli	Teach Pendant (Joystick)	D21142605	N/A	N/A	N/A
SPEAG	DAE4	869	09/27/2016	Annual	09/27/2017
SPEAG	DAE4	1225	11/24/2016	Annual	11/24/2017
SPEAG	DAE3	504	07/26/2016	Annual	07/26/2017
SPEAG	DAE3	466	02/22/2017	Annual	02/22/2018
SPEAG	DAE4	648	05/24/2017	Annual	05/24/2018
SPEAG	DAE3	446	01/19/2017	Annual	01/19/2018
SPEAG	DAE4	1417	01/19/2017	Annual	01/19/2018
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3903	09/28/2016	Annual	09/28/2017
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3967	12/14/2016	Annual	12/14/2017
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3797	11/25/2016	Annual	11/25/2017
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3968	05/31/2017	Annual	05/31/2018
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	3863	05/31/2017	Annual	05/31/2018
SPEAG	E-Field Probe EX3DV4	7370	08/30/2016	Annual	08/30/2017
SPEAG	E-Field Probe ET3DV6	1605	07/29/2016	Annual	07/29/2017
SPEAG	Dipole D750V3	1014	07/22/2016	Annual	07/22/2017
SPEAG	Dipole D835V2	441	11/16/2016	Annual	11/16/2017
SPEAG	Dipole D1900V2	5d032	03/21/2017	Annual	03/21/2018
SPEAG	Dipole D2450V2	743	03/15/2017	Annual	03/15/2018
SPEAG	Dipole D2600V2	1015	01/18/2017	Annual	01/18/2018
SPEAG	Dipole D5GHzV2	1253	01/09/2017	Annual	01/09/2018
Agilent	Power Meter N1911A	MY45101406	09/28/2016	Annual	09/28/2017
HP	Power Sensor N1921A	MY55220026	08/24/2016	Annual	08/24/2017
SPEAG	DAKS 3.5	1031	04/27/2017	Annual	04/27/2018
Agilent	Directional Bridge	86205A	10/16/2016	Annual	10/16/2017
Agilent	Base Station E5515C	GB44400269	02/02/2017	Annual	02/08/2018
HP	Signal Generator E4433B	US40052109	03/10/2017	Annual	03/10/2018
HP	11636B/Power Divider	58698	03/05/2017	Annual	03/05/2018
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40332651310	02/10/2017	Annual	02/10/2018
TESTO	175-H1/Thermometer	40331939309	02/10/2017	Annual	02/10/2018
EMPOWER	RF Power amplifier	1011	10/17/2016	Annual	10/17/2017
Agilent	Attenuator(3dB)	52744	10/16/2016	Annual	10/16/2017
Agilent	Attenuator(20dB)	52664	10/16/2016	Annual	10/16/2017
HP	Dielectric Probe Kit 85070C	00721521	N/A	N/A	N/A

HP	Dual Directional Coupler	16072	10/16/2016	Annual	10/16/2017
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester CMW500	101519	04/27/2017	Annual	04/27/2018
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer/ MT8820C	6200628628	07/05/2016	Annual	07/05/2017
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer/ MT8820C	6200576565	07/05/2016	Annual	07/05/2017
R&S	Bluetooth CBT	101519	04/27/2017	Annual	04/27/2018

NOTE:

1. The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by the waveguide technique procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by HCT Lab. before each test. The brain/body simulating material is calibrated by HCT using the DAKS 3.5 to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain/body-equivalent material.

16. CONCLUSION

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the ANSI/IEEE C95.1 - 1992.

These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests.

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

17. REFERENCES

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Attachment 1. – SAR Test Plots

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 19.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 19.9 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017
Plot No.: 1

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

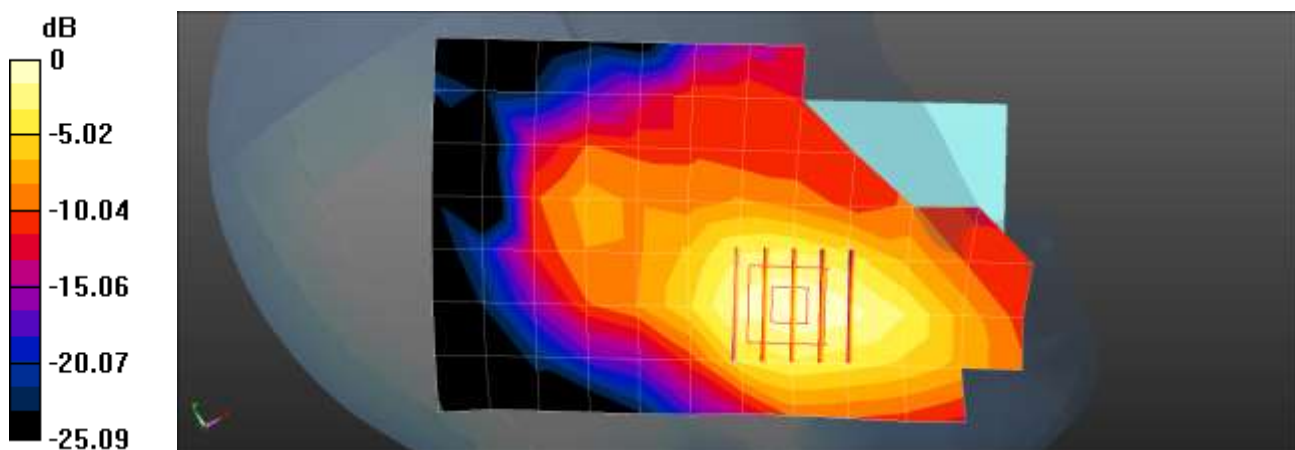
Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.403$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.375$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3968; ConvF(8.66, 8.66, 8.66); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_Front
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

GSM1900 Head Left Touch 661ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.169 W/kg

GSM1900 Head Left Touch 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.228 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.203 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.128 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.168 W/kg



0 dB = 0.168 W/kg = -7.75 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.4 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/02/2017
Plot No.: 2

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

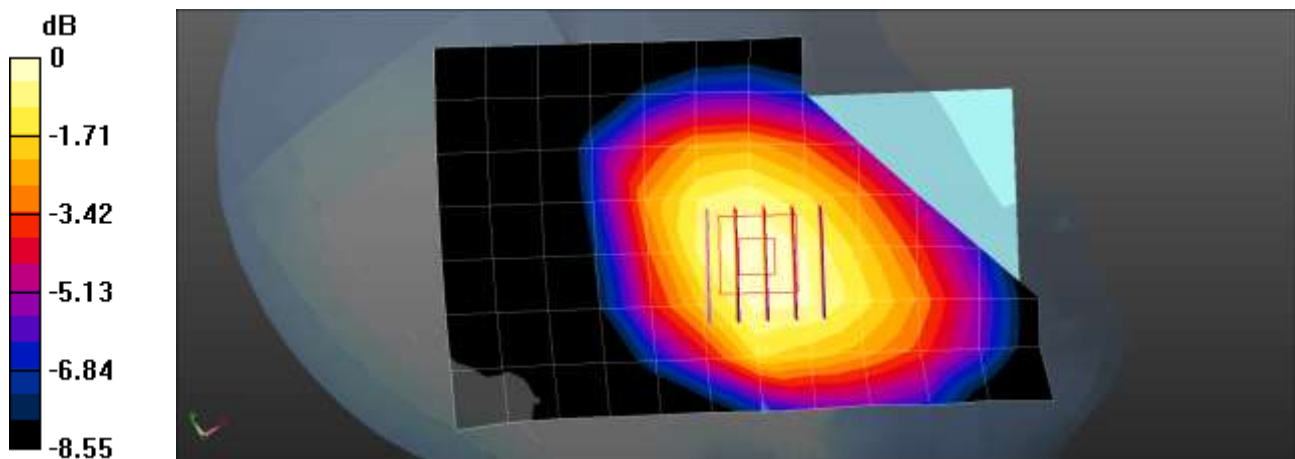
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850 (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.83$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.33, 9.33, 9.33); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

WCDMA850 Left touch 4183ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.198 W/kg

WCDMA850 Left touch 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.736 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.216 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.173 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.132 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.197 \text{ W/kg} = -7.06 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.6 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
Test Date: 06/02/2017
Plot No.: 3

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

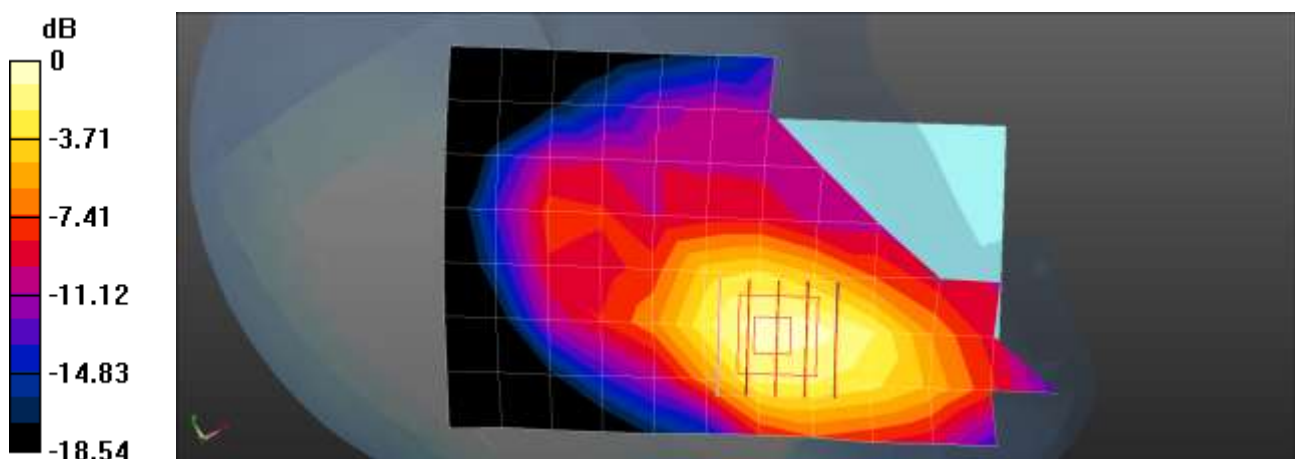
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.427$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7370; ConvF(8.16, 8.16, 8.16); Calibrated: 2016-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

WCDMA band 2 Head Left Touch 9400ch/Area Scan (8x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.323 W/kg

WCDMA band 2 Head Left Touch 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.910 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.414 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.270 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.169 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.350 \text{ W/kg} = -4.56 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.4 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/02/2017
Plot No.: 4

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

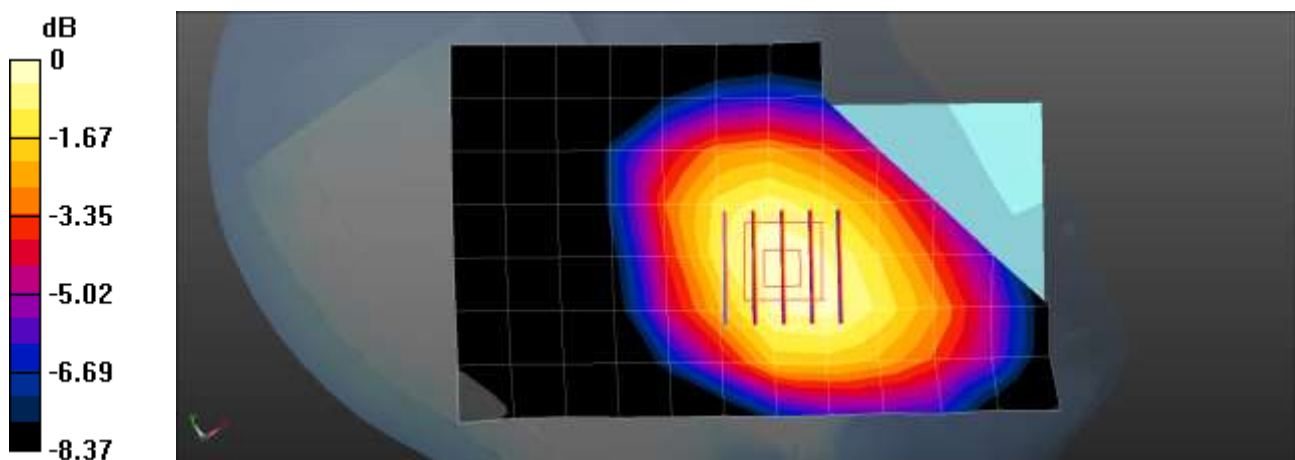
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.913$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.832$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.33, 9.33, 9.33); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 5 Head Left Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.245 W/kg

LTE Band 5 Head Left Touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.997 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.276 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.217 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.249 W/kg



0 dB = 0.249 W/kg = -6.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.0 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.4 °C
Test Date: 06/20/2017
Plot No.: 5

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 7; Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.881$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.577$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3968; ConvF(7.95, 7.95, 7.95); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2017-02-22
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

LTE band 7 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid:
dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.815 W/kg

LTE band 7 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

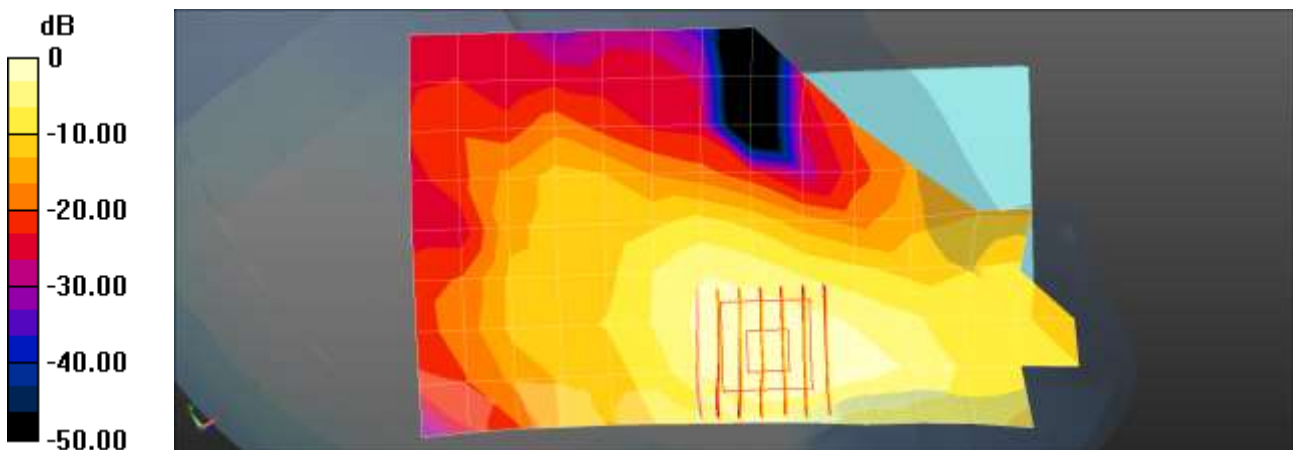
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.359 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.578 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.305 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.821 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.815 \text{ W/kg} = -0.89 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.0 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.3 °C
Test Date: 06/07/2017
Plot No.: 6

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

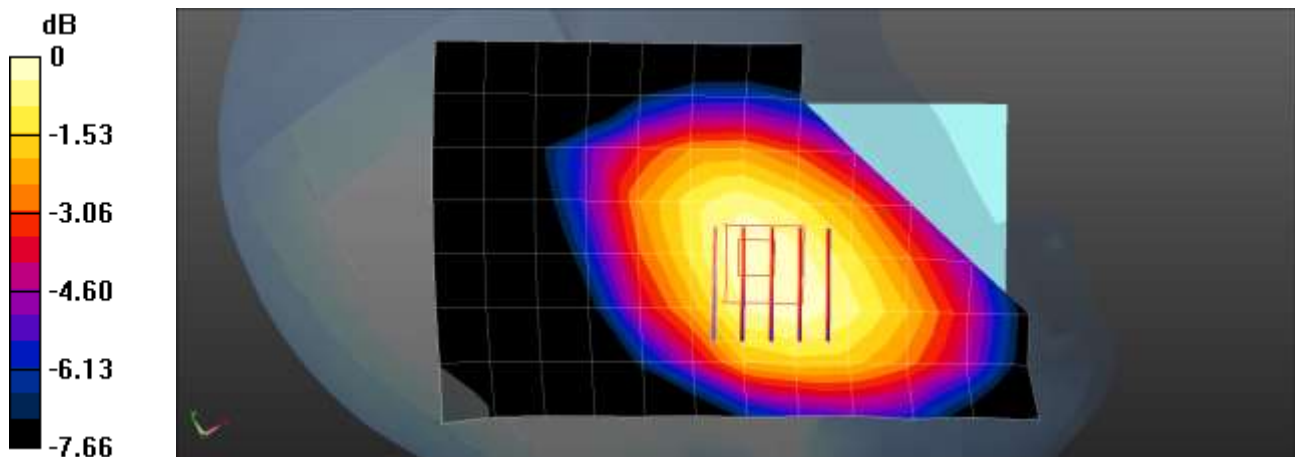
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 17 (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 710 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.862 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.62$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.66, 9.66, 9.66); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE Band 17 Head Left touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid:
 $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0690 W/kg

LTE Band 17 Head Left touch QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 3.682 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0770 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.065 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0704 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.0704 \text{ W/kg} = -11.52 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/28/2017
Plot No.: 7

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

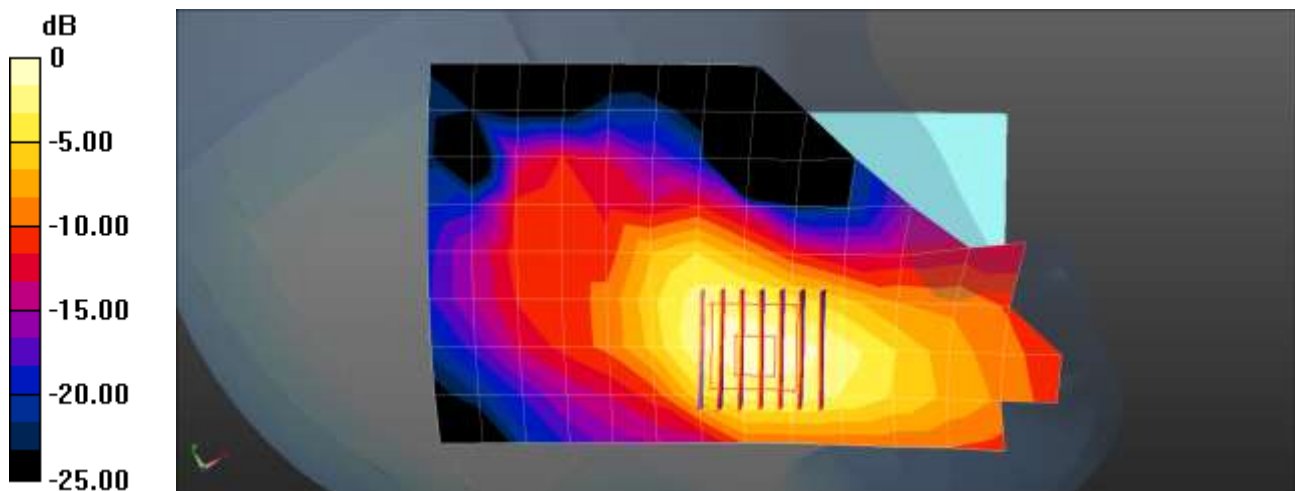
Communication System: UID 0, LTE38; Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58125
Medium parameters used: $f = 2580$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.985$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.604$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3968; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2017-02-22
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

LTE band 38 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 37850ch/Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.700 W/kg

LTE band 38 Head Left Touch QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 37850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.418 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.935 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.505 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.261 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.712 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.712 \text{ W/kg} = -1.48 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.6 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
Test Date: 06/19/2017
Plot No.: 8

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

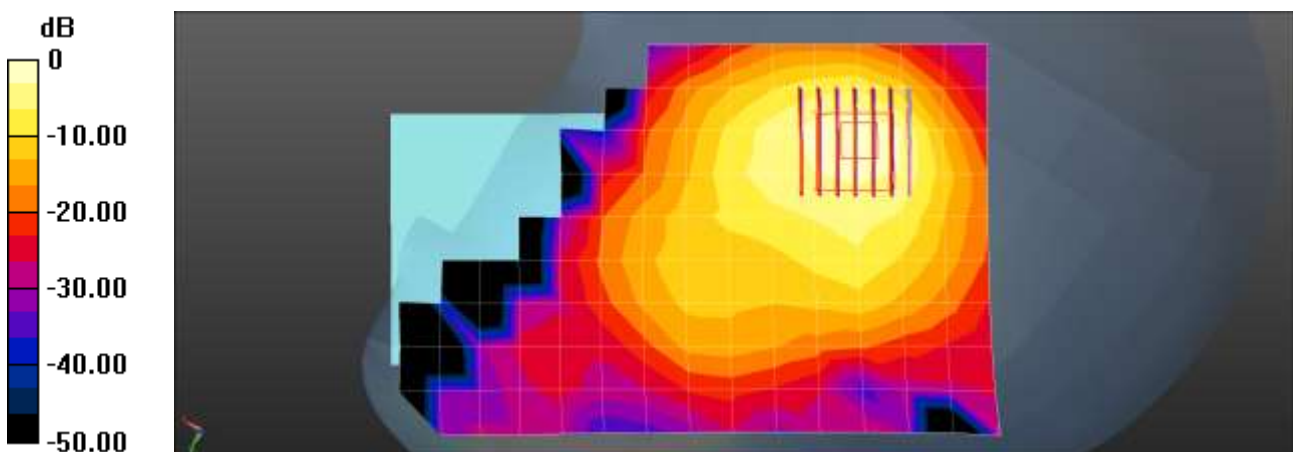
Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.806$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.622$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11b Head Right Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.822 W/kg

802.11b Head Right Touch 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.21 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.20 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.533 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.248 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.826 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.822 \text{ W/kg} = -0.85 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 19.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.0 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017
Plot No.: 9

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.30317
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.837$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.593$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Bluetooth Head Right Tilt DH5 39ch/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.205 W/kg

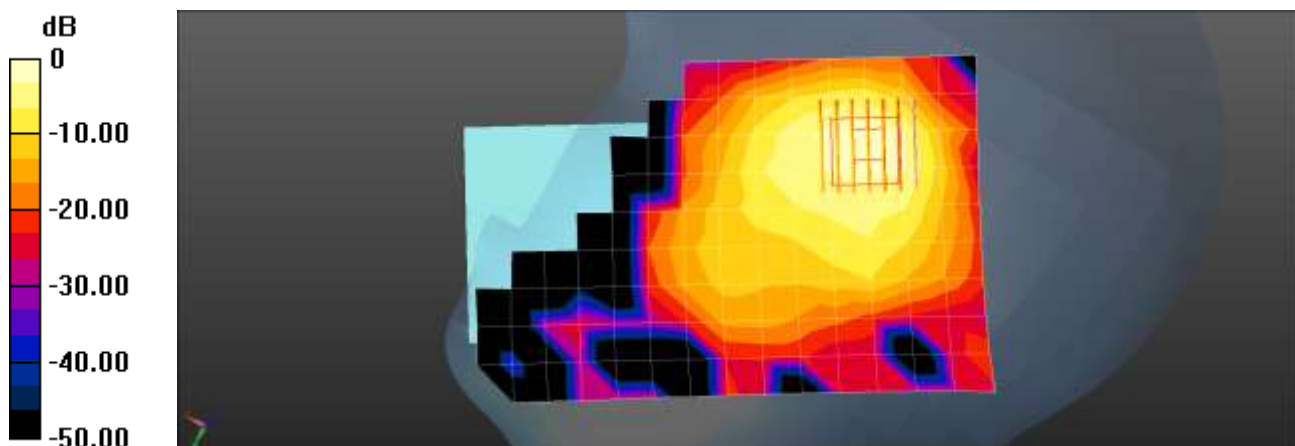
Bluetooth Head Right Tilt DH5 39ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.582 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.137 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.215 W/kg



0 dB = 0.205 W/kg = -6.87 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 19.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.0 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017
Plot No.: 10

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

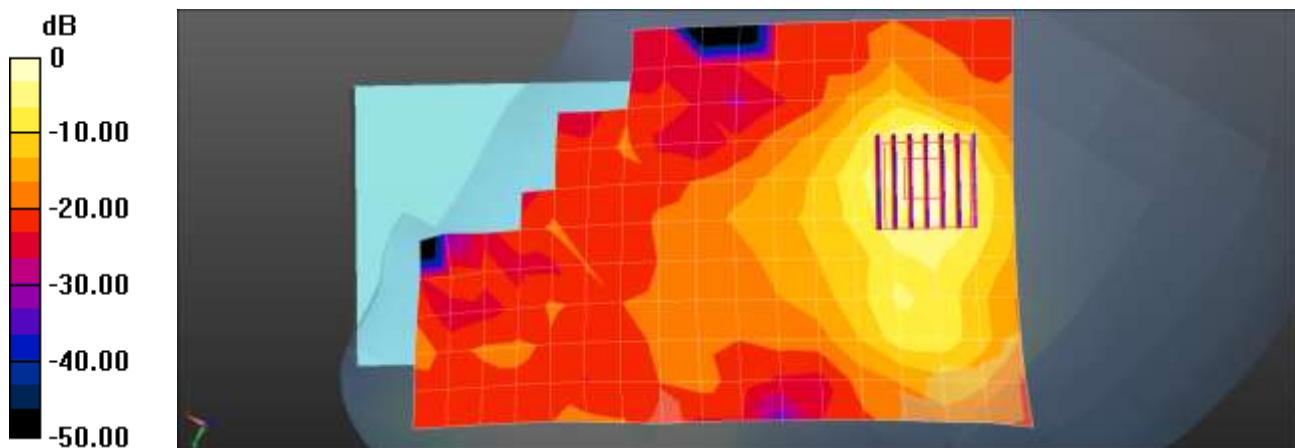
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz n40 (0); Frequency: 5270 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5270$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.607$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.791$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_F
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11n40 Head Right Tilt MCS0 54ch/Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.843 W/kg

802.11n40 Head Right Tilt MCS0 54ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 8.280 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.77 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.394 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.972 W/kg



0 dB = 0.843 W/kg = -0.74 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 19.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.0 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017
Plot No.: 11

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

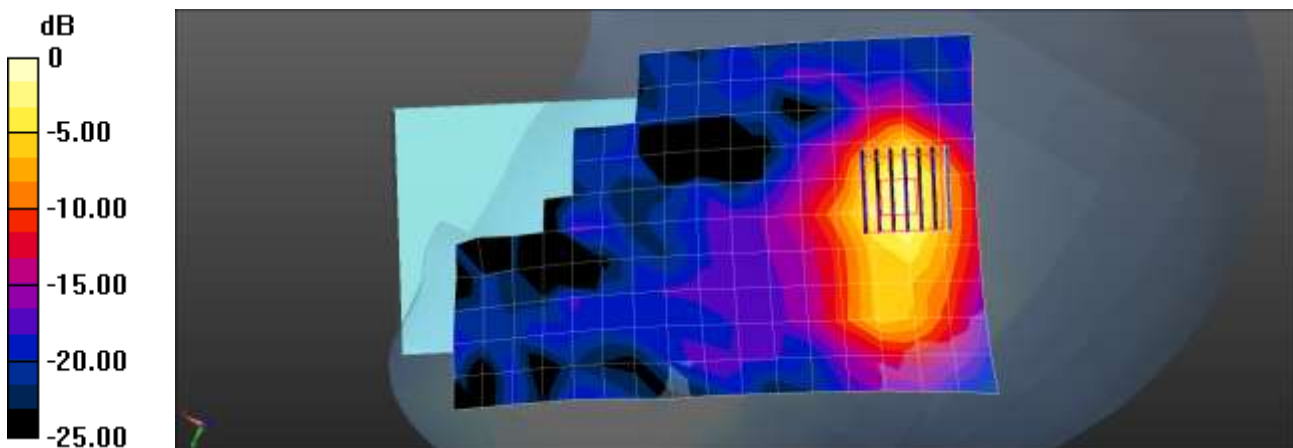
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz n40 (0); Frequency: 5550 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5550$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.947$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.78, 4.78, 4.78); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_F
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11n40 Head Right Tilt MCS0 110ch/Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.613 W/kg

802.11n40 Head Right Tilt MCS0 110ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 8.470 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.38 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.307 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.731 W/kg



0 dB = 0.731 W/kg = -1.36 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 19.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.0 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017
Plot No.: 12

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

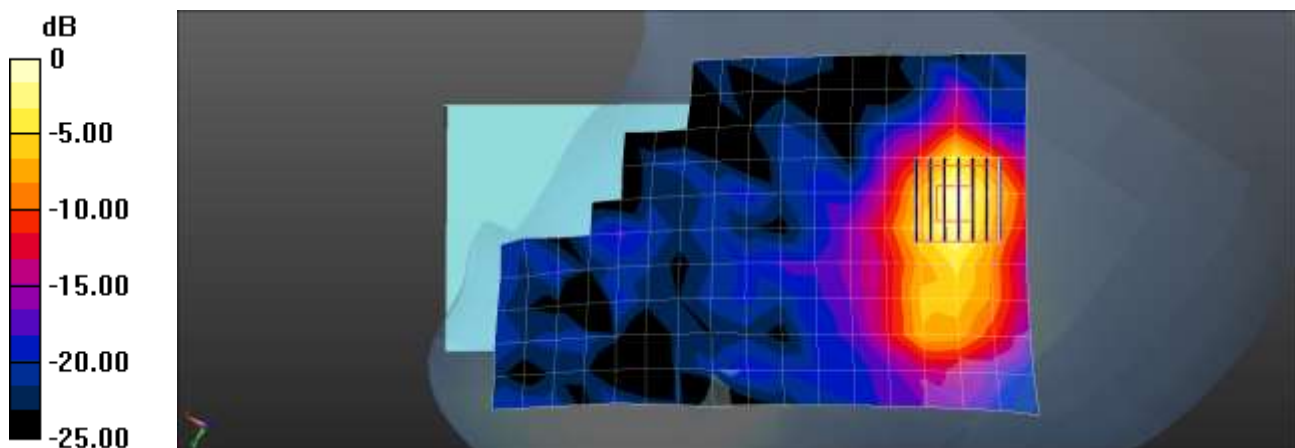
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz n40 (0); Frequency: 5755 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5755$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.224$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.565$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0_F
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11n40 Head Right Tilt MCS0 151ch/Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.986 W/kg

802.11n40 Head Right Tilt MCS0 151ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 7.844 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.96 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.397 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.125 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.994 W/kg



0 dB = 0.994 W/kg = -0.03 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.3 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/08/2017
Plot No.: 13

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

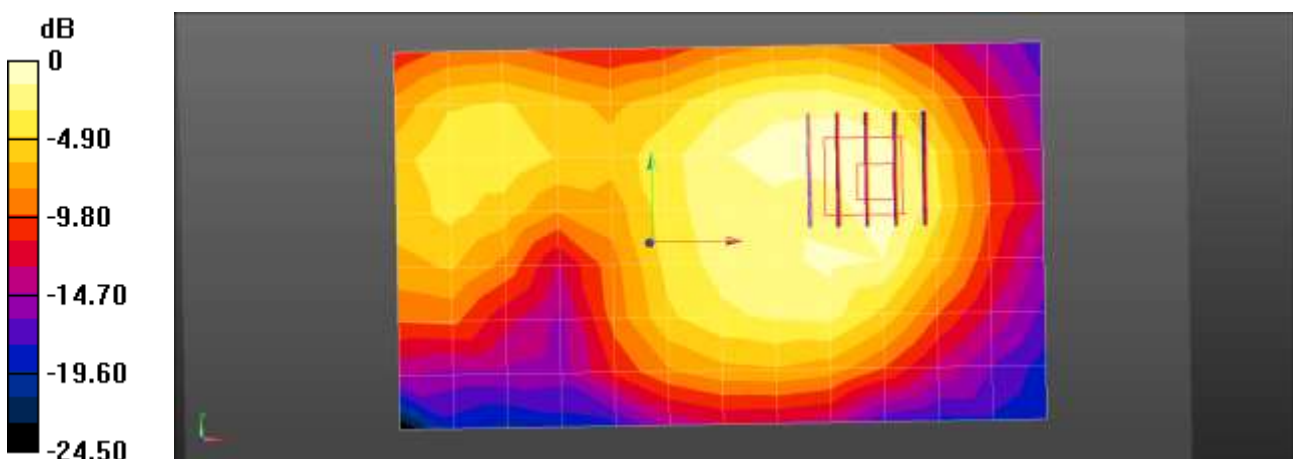
Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.491$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.372$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

GSM1900 body worn rear 661ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.149 W/kg

GSM1900 body worn rear 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.735 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.186 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.123 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.154 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.149 \text{ W/kg} = -8.26 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.4 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/01/2017
Plot No.: 14

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.663$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1605; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 2016-07-29;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

WCDMA850 Body Rear Body Worn 4183ch/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.243 W/kg

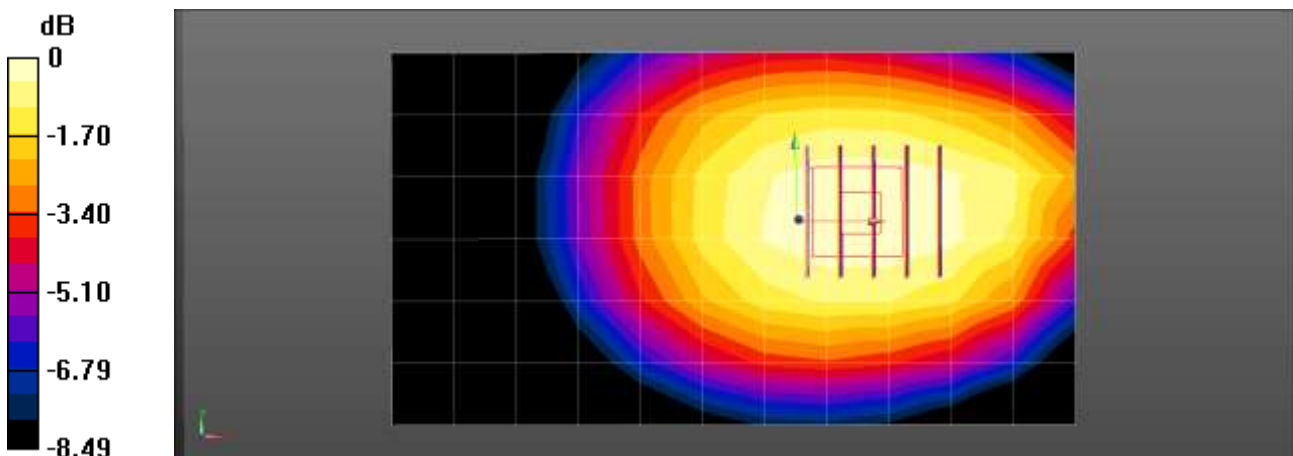
WCDMA850 Body Rear Body Worn 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.284 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.236 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.248 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.248 \text{ W/kg} = -6.06 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.3 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/08/2017
Plot No.: 15

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.491$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.372$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

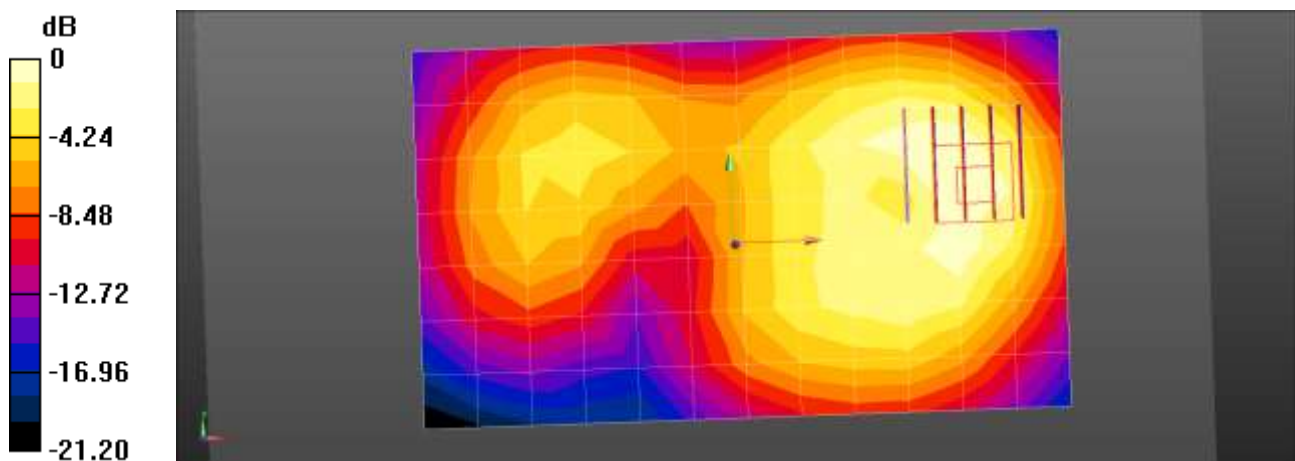
DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

WCDMA1900 body rear 9400ch body worn/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.294 W/kg

WCDMA1900 body rear 9400ch body worn/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.499 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.400 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.266 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.154 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.317 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.294 \text{ W/kg} = -5.32 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.4 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/01/2017
Plot No.: 16

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.663$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

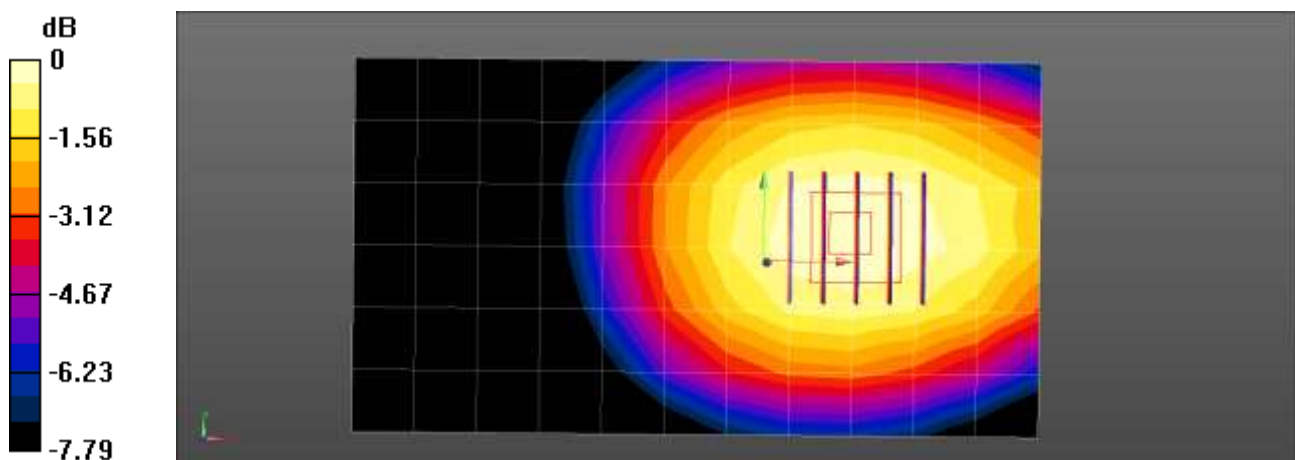
- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1605; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 2016-07-29;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

LTE Band5 Body Rear Body Worn QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Area Scan (7x12x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.343 W/kg

LTE Band5 Body Rear Body Worn QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 17.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.398 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.325 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 W/kg



0 dB = 0.342 W/kg = -4.66 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 19.7 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.0 °C
 Test Date: 06/19/2017
 Plot No.: 17

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

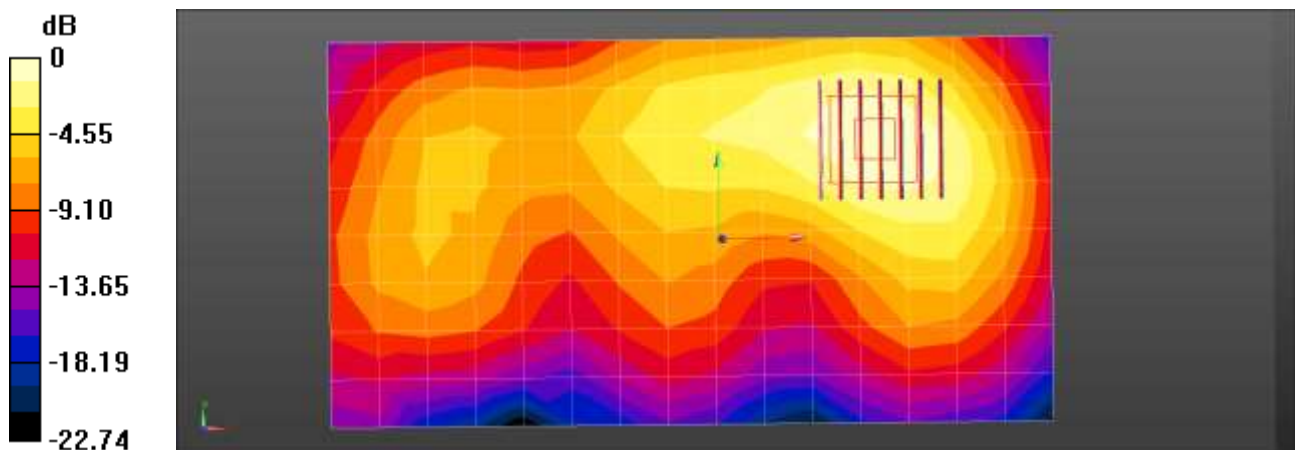
Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.059$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.212$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2017-05-24
- Phantom: MFP Triple Phantom_20170531
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 7 Body rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch body worn/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.595 W/kg

LTE band 7 Body rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch body worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
 Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 8.513 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.833 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.442 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.239 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.624 W/kg



0 dB = 0.595 W/kg = -2.25 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 21.3 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017
Plot No.: 18

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

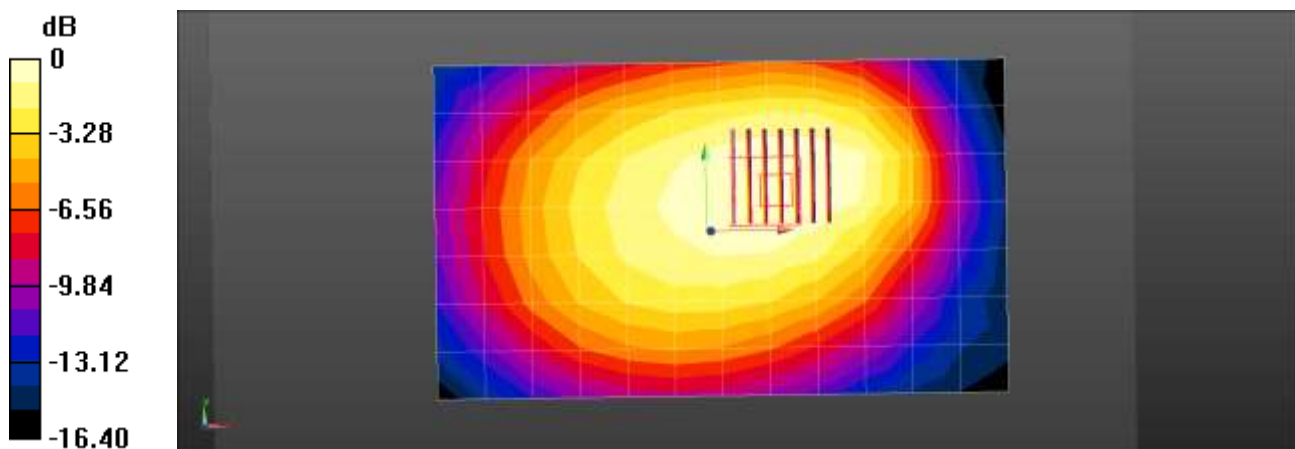
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 17 (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 710 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.933 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.896$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.6, 9.6, 9.6); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: MFP Triple Phantom_20170531
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 17 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid:
 $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.112 W/kg

LTE band 17 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 9.996 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.128 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.114 W/kg



0 dB = 0.112 W/kg = -9.51 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.4 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
Test Date: 06/28/2017
Plot No.: 19

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58125
Medium parameters used: $f = 2580$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.146$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.927$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

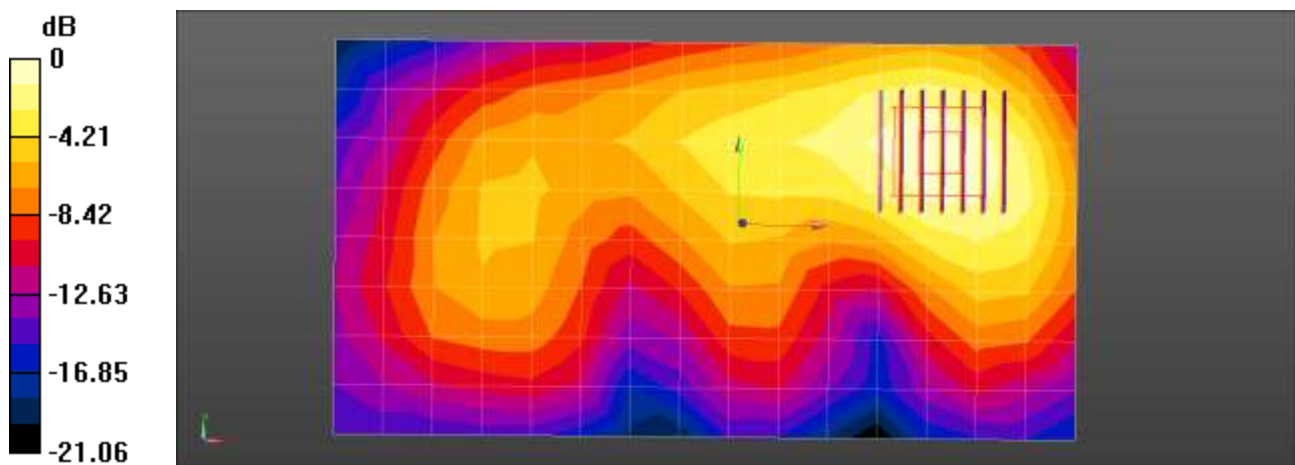
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27
- Phantom: MFP Triple Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 38 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 37850ch body worn/Area Scan (9x16x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.336 W/kg

LTE band 38 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 37850ch body worn/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 6.533 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.450 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.246 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 W/kg



0 dB = 0.336 W/kg = -4.74 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.4 °C
Test Date: 06/02/2017
Plot No.: 20

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

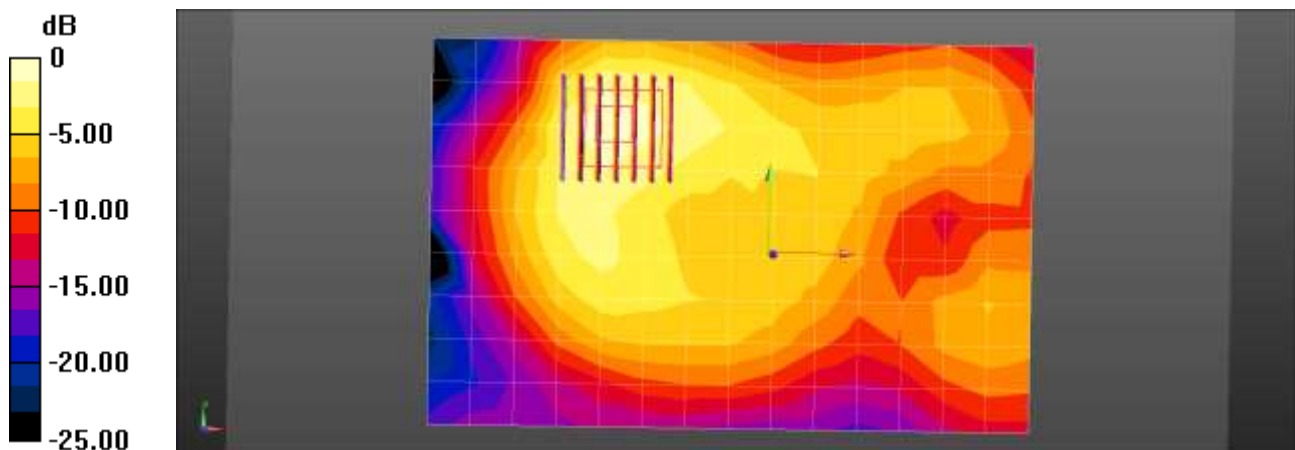
Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.914$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.447$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.152 W/kg

802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.080 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.211 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.109 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.057 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.157 \text{ W/kg} = -8.04 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.3 °C
Test Date: 06/22/2017
Plot No.: 21

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

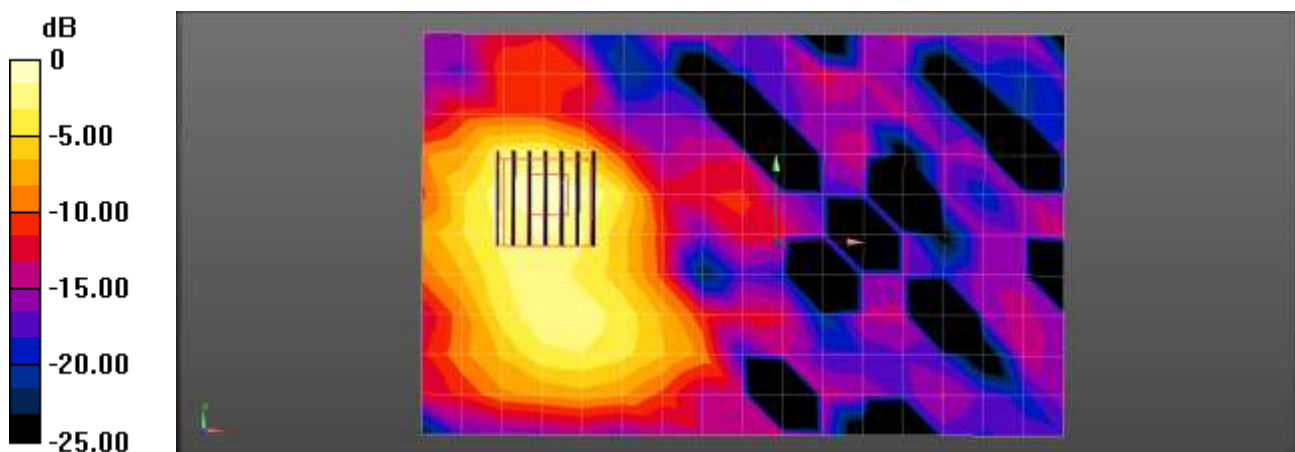
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5260 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5260$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.427$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.775$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11a Body Worn Rear 6Mbps 52ch/Area Scan (11x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg

802.11a Body Worn Rear 6Mbps 52ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 0.5580 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.230 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.054 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.143 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.143 \text{ W/kg} = -8.45 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 19.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.0 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017
Plot No.: 22

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

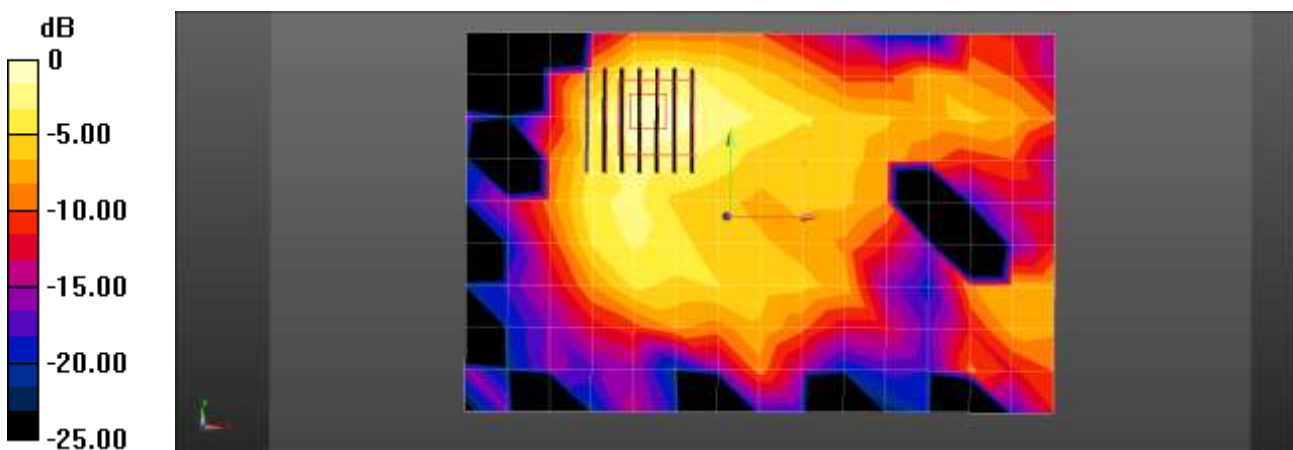
Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.30317
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.941$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.286$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Bluetooth Body Rear DH5 39ch/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0201 W/kg

Bluetooth Body Rear DH5 39ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.427 V/m; Power Drift = 0.80 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0240 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.013 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00509 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0194 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0194 W/kg = -17.12 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.3 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/08/2017
Plot No.: 23

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

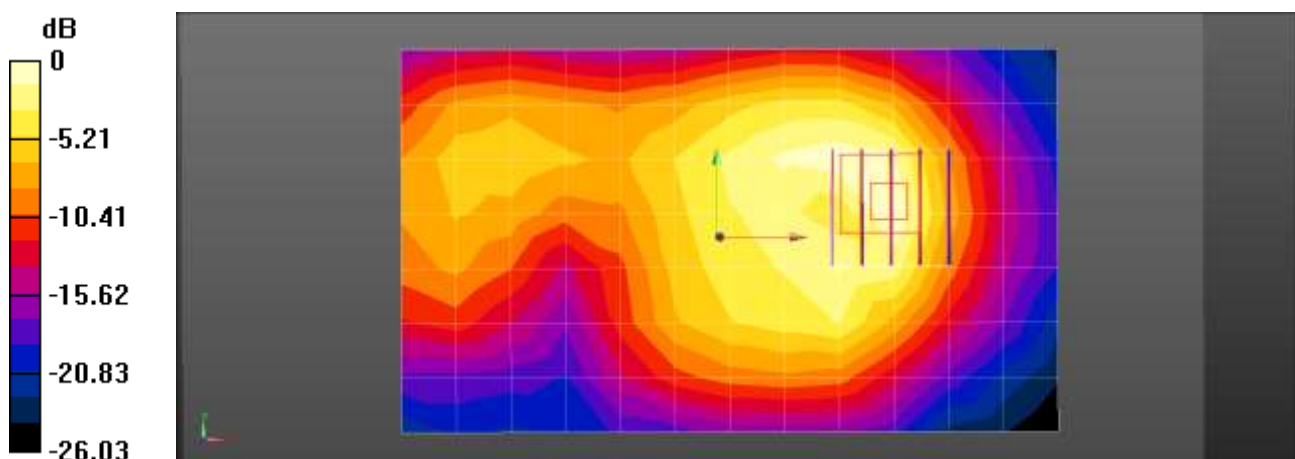
Communication System: UID 0, GSM 1900 3TX (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.77013
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.491$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.372$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

GSM1900 body rear 3Tx 661ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.383 W/kg

GSM1900 body rear 3Tx 661ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.335 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.487 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.166 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.409 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.383 \text{ W/kg} = -4.16 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.4 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/01/2017
Plot No.: 24

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: bar

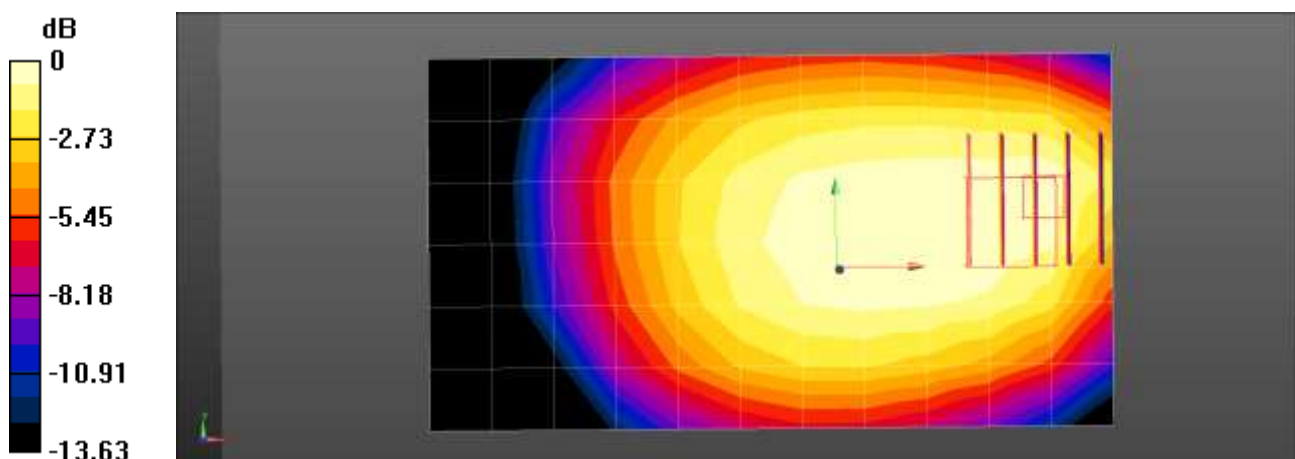
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.663$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1605; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 2016-07-29;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

WCDMA850 Body Rear 4183ch/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.341 W/kg

WCDMA850 Body Rear 4183ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.55 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.533 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.325 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.345 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.345 \text{ W/kg} = -4.62 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

The following plot no.24 have measured at the highest peak. Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, Additional zoom scans are not required.

Area Scan

Grid
Measurement Profile
Results
Report

Maxima
Find secondary maxima within 2 dB,
and with a peak SAR value greater than 0.1 W/kg,
and at least 5 mm away from the global maximum.

Maxima found:

Value...	X	Y	Z	Yaw	Pitch	Roll
0.358	55.51	10.53	-172	-5.00...	180	-5.00
0.342	30.02	1.536	-172	-5.00...	180	-5.00

Averaged Fast SAR
☒ Linear fit a: -10.7 b: 40.4
☐ Polynomial fit
1g: 0.333 W/kg
10g: 0.237 W/kg, Sec. 10g: 0.237 W/kg

☐ Interrupt if maximum SAR is below 0.1 W/kg

OK
Cancel
Apply

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.3 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/08/2017
Plot No.: 25

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

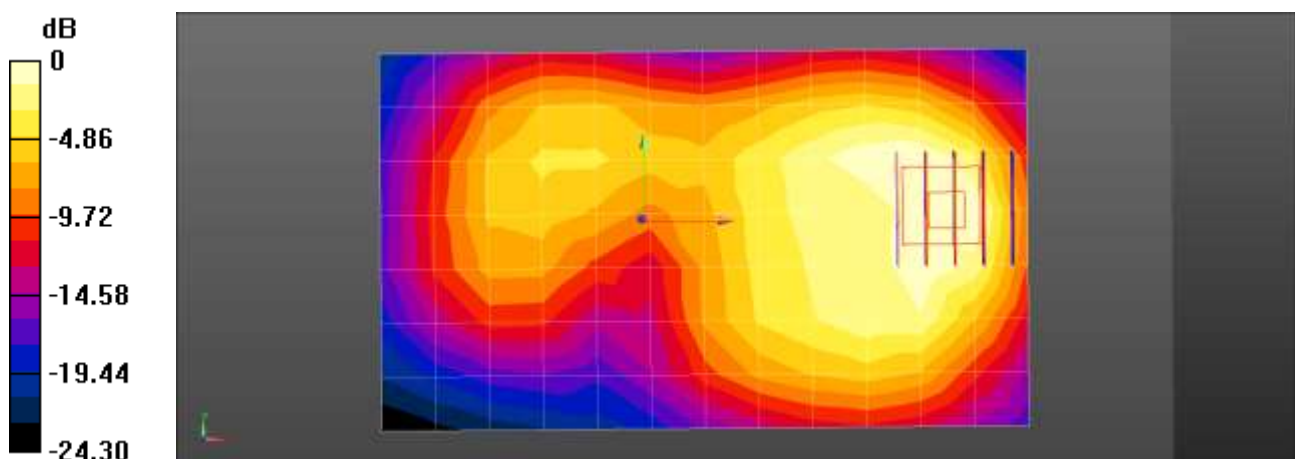
Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA1900 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.491$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.372$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

WCDMA1900 body rear 9400ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.493 W/kg

WCDMA1900 body rear 9400ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.714 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.850 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.528 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.285 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.663 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.493 \text{ W/kg} = -3.07 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.4 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.7 °C
Test Date: 06/01/2017
Plot No.: 26

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: bar

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5; Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.978$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.663$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1605; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 2016-07-29;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

LTE Band5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Area Scan (7x12x1): Measurement grid:
dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.416 W/kg

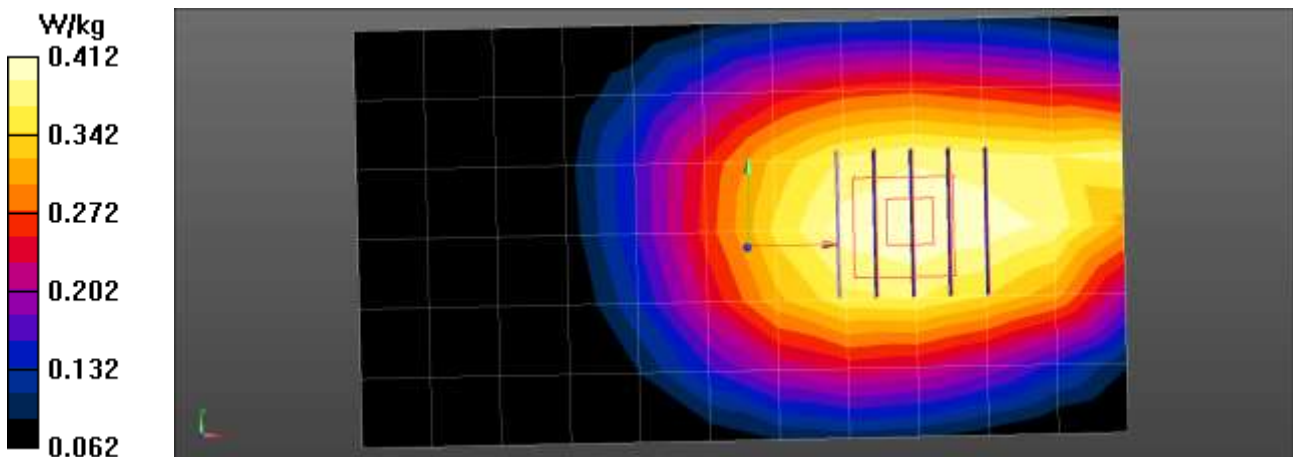
LTE Band5 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 20525ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.482 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.393 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.412 W/kg



Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 19.7 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.0 °C
Test Date: 06/19/2017
Plot No.: 27

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.059$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.212$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2017-05-24
- Phantom: MFP Triple Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 7 Body Front QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid:
dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg

LTE band 7 Body Front QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.838 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.440 W/kg

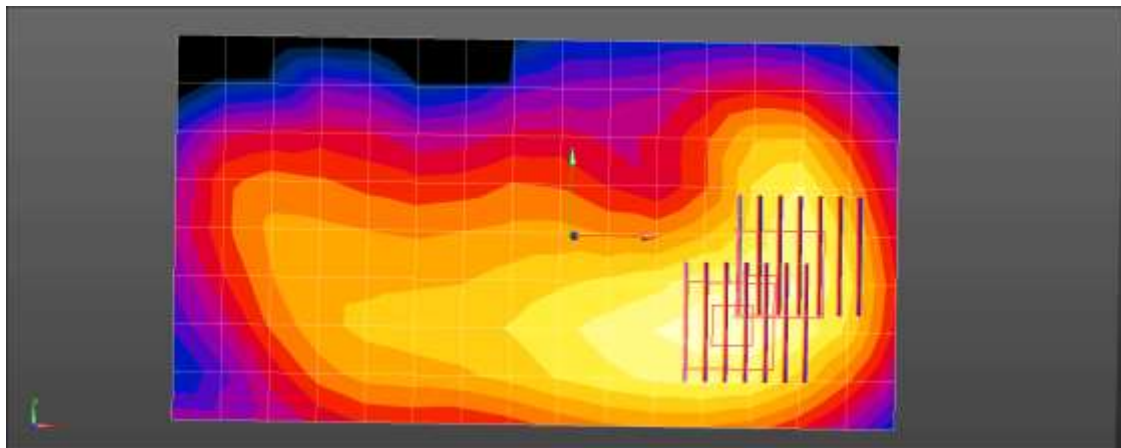
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg

LTE band 7 Body Front QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.673 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.334 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 1.16 \text{ W/kg} = 0.64 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.5 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.9 °C
Test Date: 07/18/2017
Plot No.: 28

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

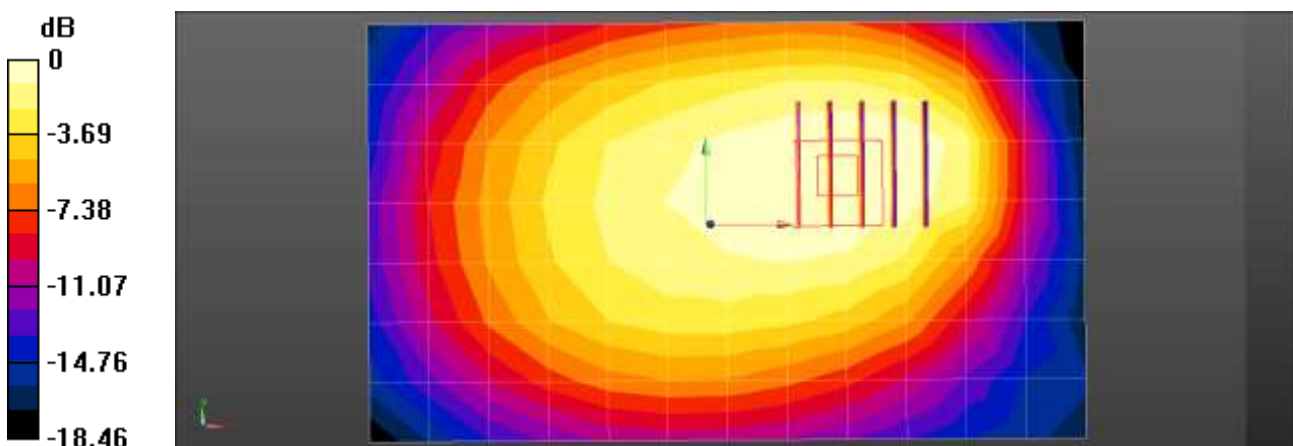
Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 17 (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 710 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.939 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.342$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.6, 9.6, 9.6); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: MFP Triple Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 17 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Area Scan (8x13x1): Measurement grid:
 $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.148 W/kg

LTE band 17 Body Rear QPSK 10MHz 1RB 0offset 23790ch/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 10.87 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.191 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.135 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.159 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.148 \text{ W/kg} = -8.29 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.4 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.8 °C
Test Date: 06/28/2017
Plot No.: 29

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

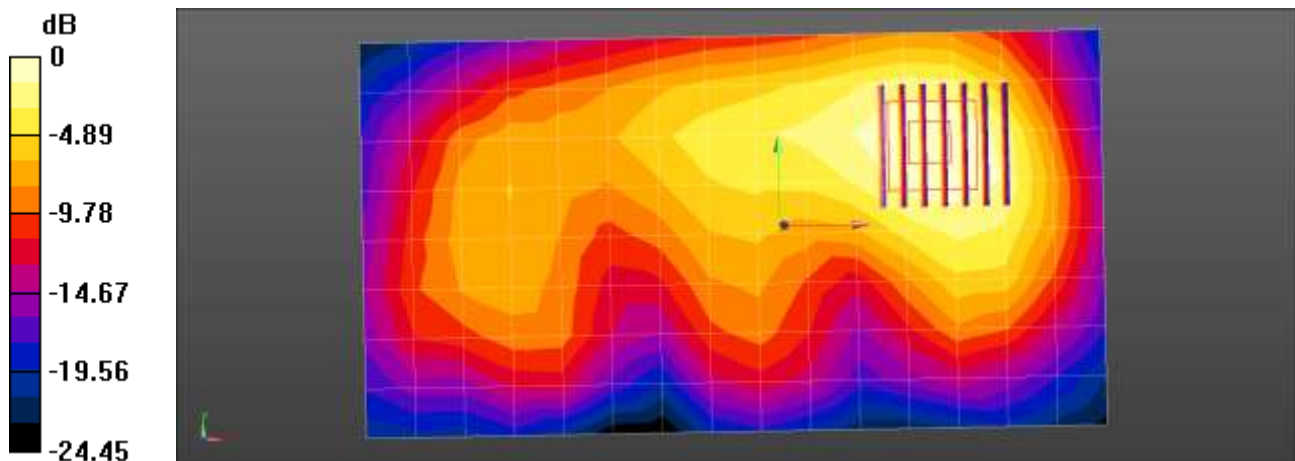
Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 2580 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.58125
Medium parameters used: $f = 2580$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.146$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.927$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27
- Phantom: MFP Triple Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 38 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 37850ch/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid:
dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.675 W/kg

LTE band 38 Body Rear QPSK 20MHz 1RB 49offset 37850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.936 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.533 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.280 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.753 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.675 \text{ W/kg} = -1.70 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.2 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.4 °C
Test Date: 06/20/2017
Plot No.: 30

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

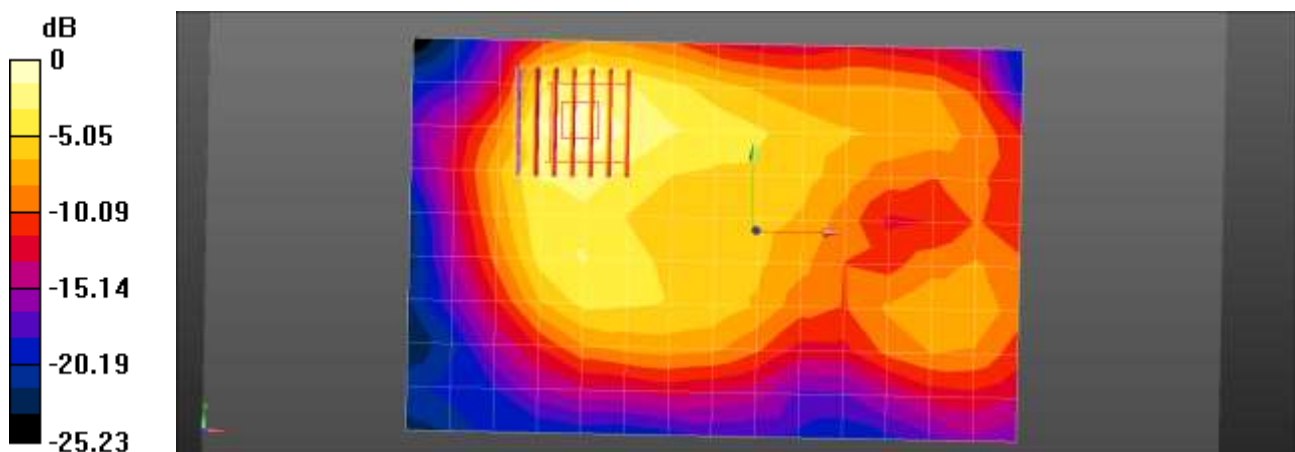
Communication System: UID 0, 2450MHz FCC (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.914$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.447$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.314 W/kg

802.11b Body Rear 1Mbps 6ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.565 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.451 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.224 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.329 W/kg



0 dB = 0.314 W/kg = -5.02 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 19.8 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.0 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017
Plot No.: 31

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2441 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.30317
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2441$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.941$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.286$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Bluetooth Body Rear DH5 39ch/Area Scan (10x15x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0421 W/kg

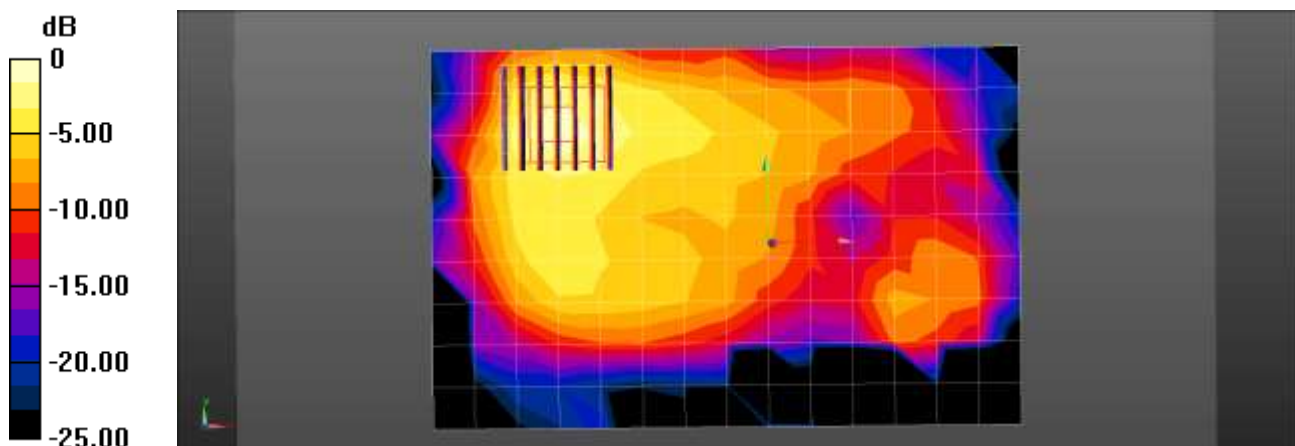
Bluetooth Body Rear DH5 39ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.272 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0610 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.014 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0435 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0435 W/kg = -13.62 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.3 °C
Test Date: 06/22/2017
Plot No.: 32

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

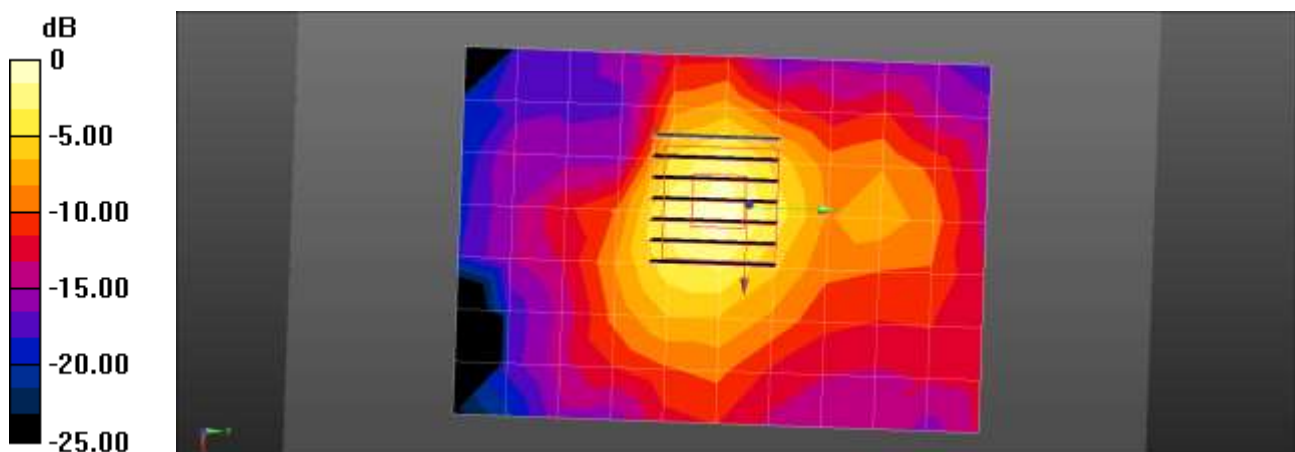
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5180 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.315 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.995$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11a Body Top 6Mbps 36ch/Area Scan (11x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.340 W/kg

802.11a Body Top 6Mbps 36ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 7.523 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.558 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.139 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.045 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.354 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.354 \text{ W/kg} = -4.51 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
EUT Type: Mobile Phone
Liquid Temperature: 20.1 °C
Ambient Temperature: 20.3 °C
Test Date: 06/22/2017
Plot No.: 33

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

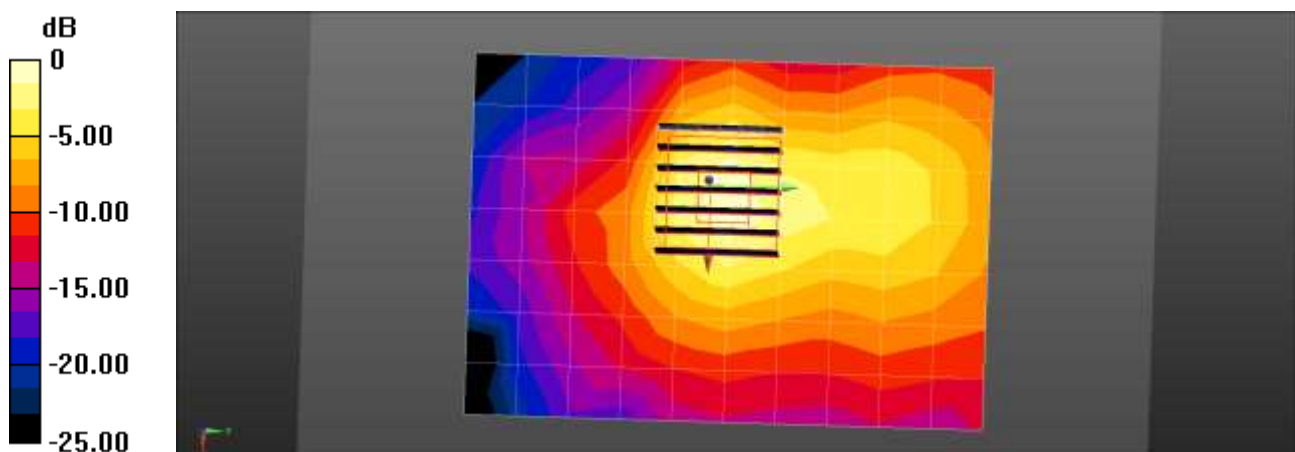
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5745$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.12$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.578$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.24, 4.24, 4.24); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

802.11a Body Top 6Mbps 149ch/Area Scan (11x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.562 W/kg

802.11a Body Top 6Mbps 149ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 9.338 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.235 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.081 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.585 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.585 \text{ W/kg} = -2.33 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 EUT Type: Mobile Phone
 Liquid Temperature: 19.7 °C
 Ambient Temperature: 20.0 °C
 Test Date: 06/19/2017
 Plot No.: 34

DUT: SM-J330L; Type: Bar

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 2.059 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.212$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2017-05-24
- Phantom: MFP Triple Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

LTE band 7 Body Front QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Area Scan (9x16x1): Measurement grid:
 $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 W/kg

LTE band 7 Body Front QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.829 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.435 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg

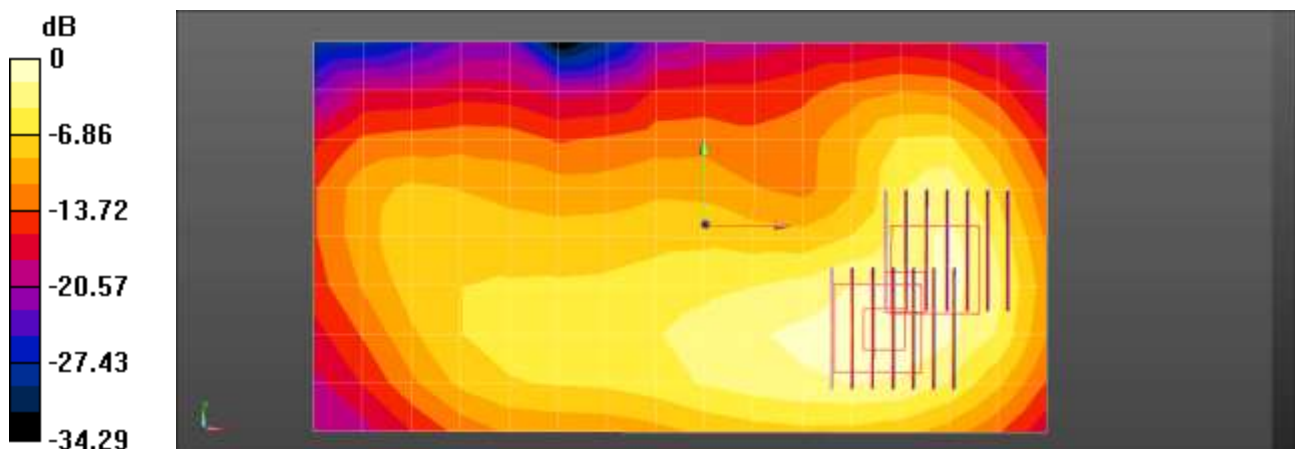
LTE band 7 Body Front QPSK 20MHz 1RB 0offset 20850ch/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.39 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.637 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.324 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.12 W/kg



0 dB = 1.13 W/kg = 0.52 dBW/kg

Attachment 2. – Dipole Verification Plots

■ Verification Data (750 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.0 °C
Test Date: 06/07/2017

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3

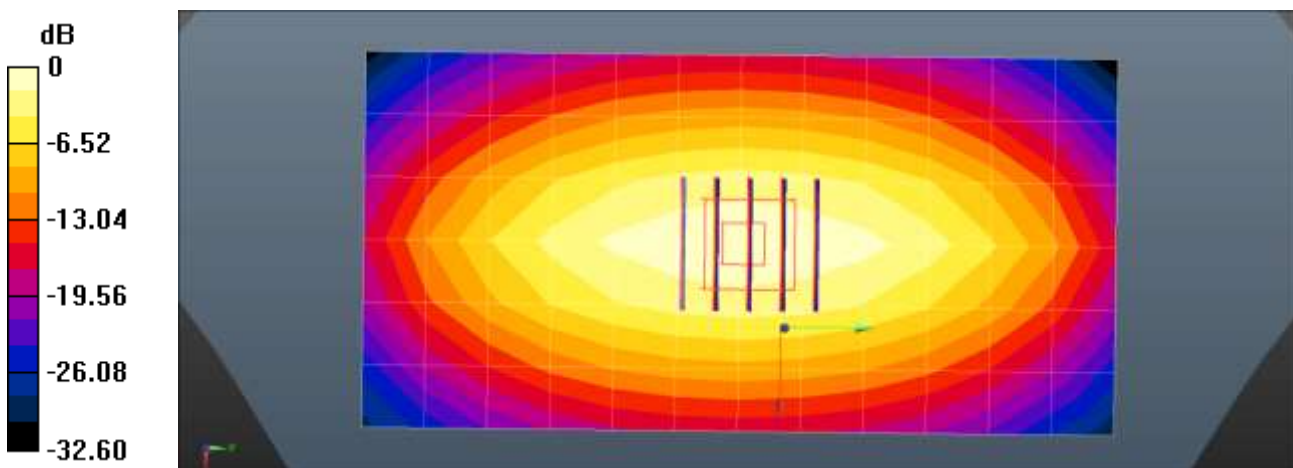
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.899 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.146$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.66, 9.66, 9.66); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Verification 750MHz/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.946 W/kg

Verification 750MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 33.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.787 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.493 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.856 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.946 \text{ W/kg} = -0.24 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

■ Verification Data (750 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.8 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3

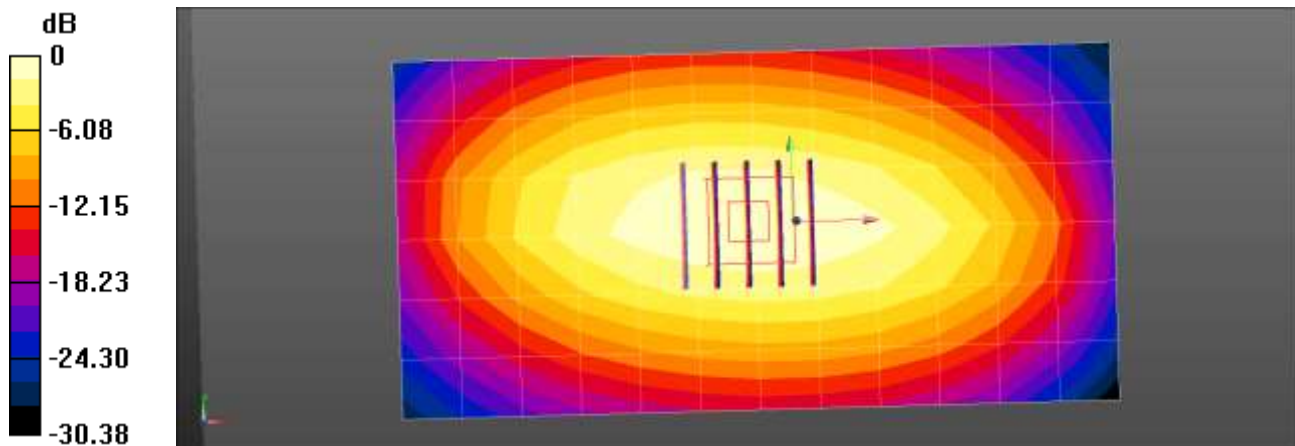
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.975 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.551$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.6, 9.6, 9.6); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

750MHz body Verification/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.982 W/kg

750MHz body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 31.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.929 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.613 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.982 \text{ W/kg} = -0.08 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

■ Verification Data (750 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.5 °C
Test Date: 07/18/2017

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Type: D750V3

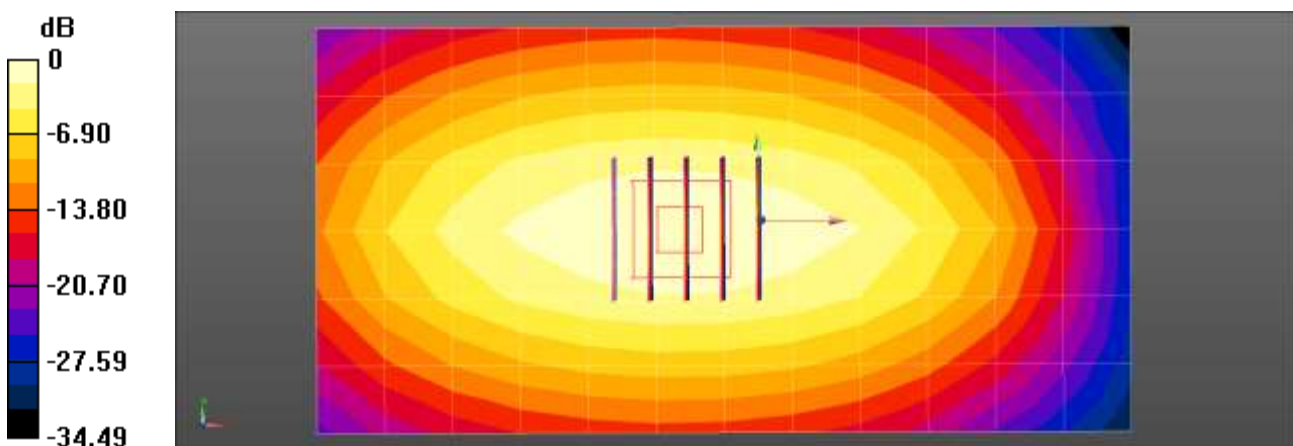
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.983 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 56.078$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.6, 9.6, 9.6); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

750 MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.873 W/kg

750 MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 30.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.820 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.539 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.886 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 0.873 \text{ W/kg} = -0.59 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

■ Verification Data (835 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.4°C
Test Date: 06/02/2017

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz D835V2; Type: D835V2

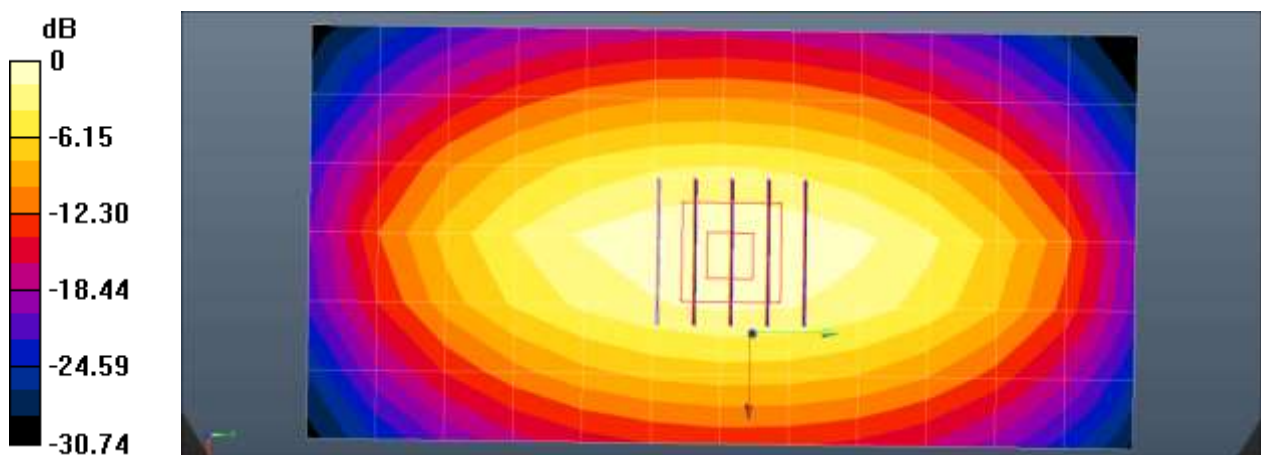
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.911$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.855$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(9.33, 9.33, 9.33); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

835MHz Verification/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.10 W/kg

835MHz Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 36.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.911 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.570 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.994 W/kg



0 dB = 1.10 W/kg = 0.40 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (835 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.4 °C
Test Date: 06/01/2017

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2

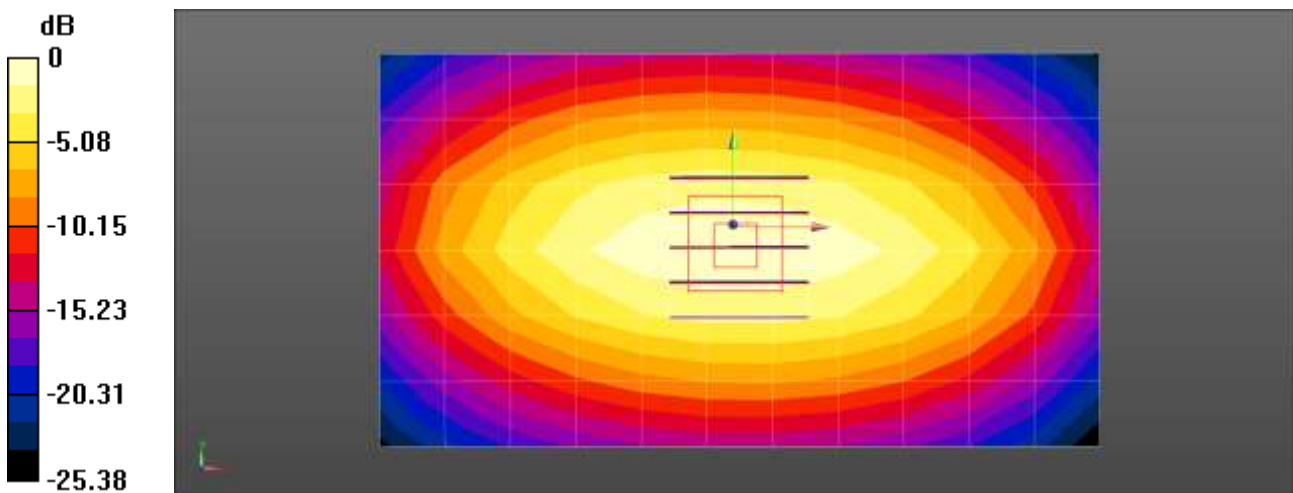
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.975$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.67$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1605; ConvF(6.42, 6.42, 6.42); Calibrated: 2016-07-29;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);

Verification 835 MHz/Area Scan (12x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.03 W/kg

Verification 835 MHz/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 33.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.974 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.630 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



0 dB = 1.03 W/kg = 0.13 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.6 °C
Test Date: 06/02/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

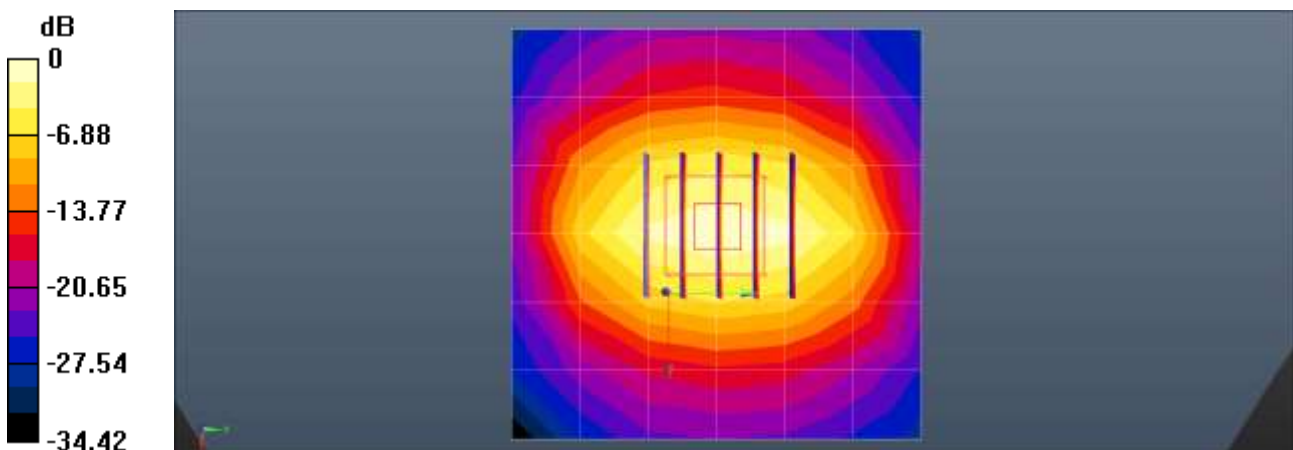
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.449$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.509$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7370; ConvF(8.16, 8.16, 8.16); Calibrated: 2016-08-30;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1417; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

1900MHz Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.56 W/kg

1900MHz Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 62.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.04 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.68 W/kg



0 dB = 5.56 W/kg = 7.45 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 19.8 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

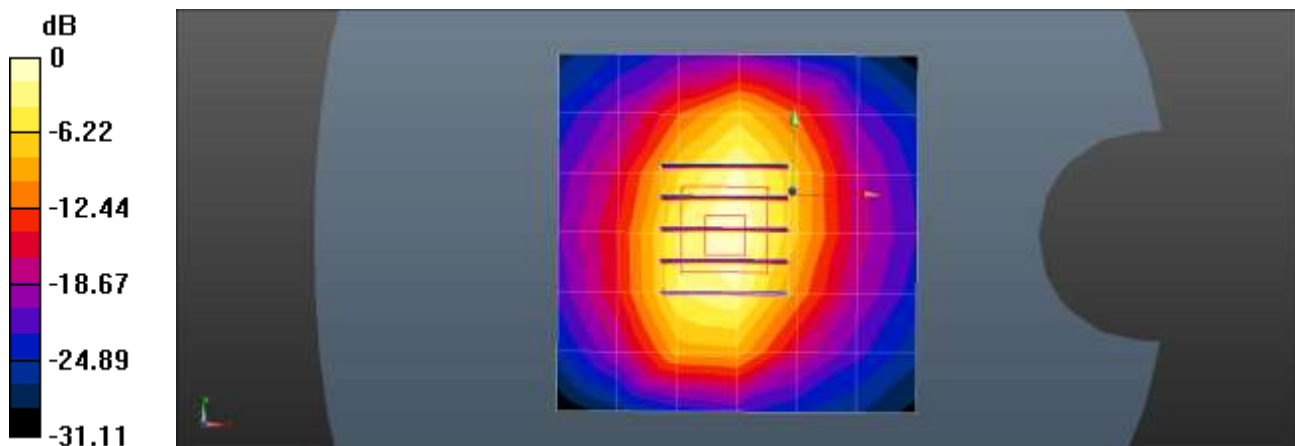
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.424$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.376$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3968; ConvF(8.66, 8.66, 8.66); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn446; Calibrated: 2017-01-19
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

1 900 MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.36 W/kg

1 900 MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 62.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.40 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.86 W/kg



0 dB = 5.36 W/kg = 7.29 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (1 900 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.3 °C
Test Date: 06/08/2017

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz D1900V2; Type: D1900V2

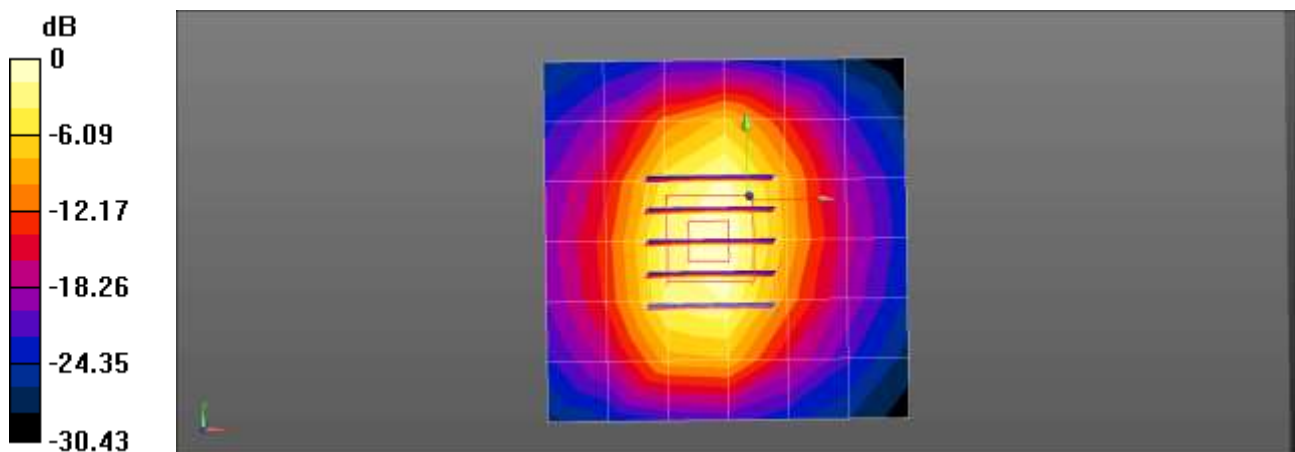
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.504$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.348$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3797; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-11-25;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1225; Calibrated: 2016-11-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

1900MHz Verification/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.90 W/kg

1900MHz Verification/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 51.00 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.35 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 3.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.99 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.41 W/kg



0 dB = 3.90 W/kg = 5.91 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.6 °C
Test Date: 06/19/2017

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

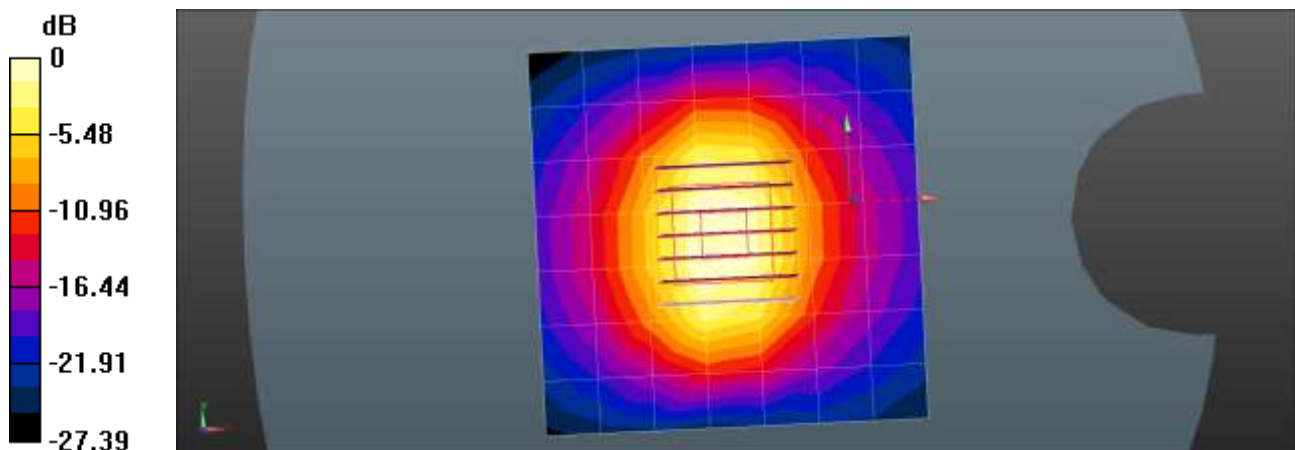
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.823$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.581$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM with CRP v5.0
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

2450MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.40 W/kg

2450MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 67.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.23 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.41 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.08 W/kg



0 dB = 6.40 W/kg = 8.06 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 19.8 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

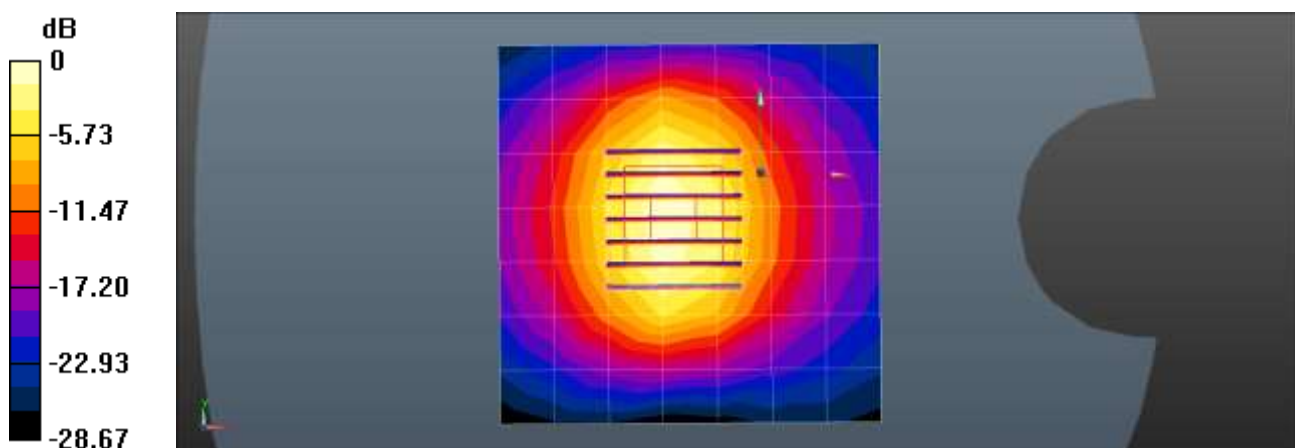
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.849$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.581$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

2450MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.99 W/kg

2450MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 68.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.37 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.44 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.43 W/kg



0 dB = 7.99 W/kg = 9.02 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.2 °C
Test Date: 06/20/2017

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.933$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.413$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

Verification/2450MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.50 W/kg

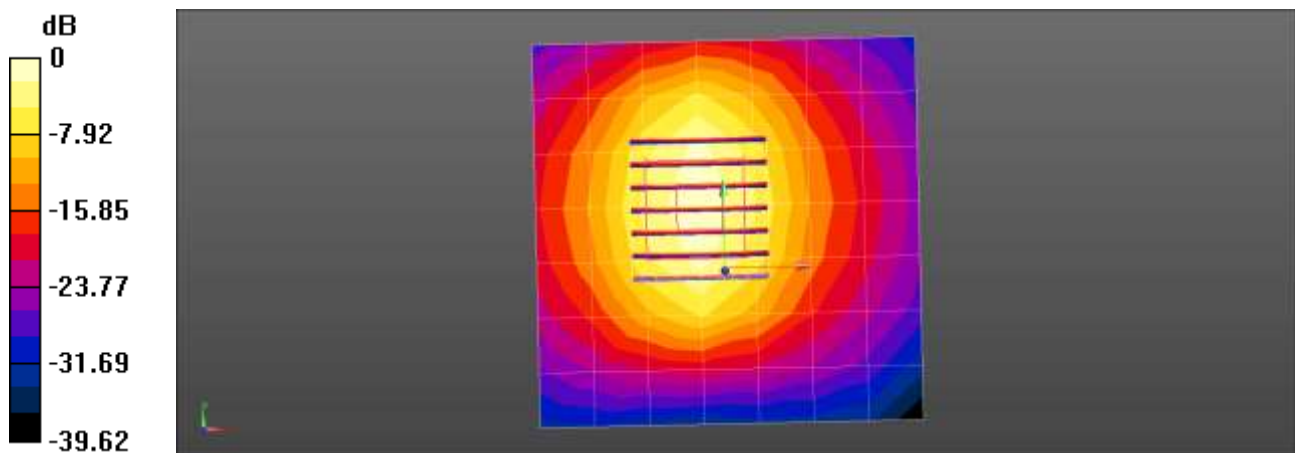
Verification/2450MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 47.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.34 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.51 W/kg



0 dB = 6.50 W/kg = 8.13 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 450 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 19.8 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz D2450V2; Type: D2450V2

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.952$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.238$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 2.7mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

Dipole/2450MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.61 W/kg

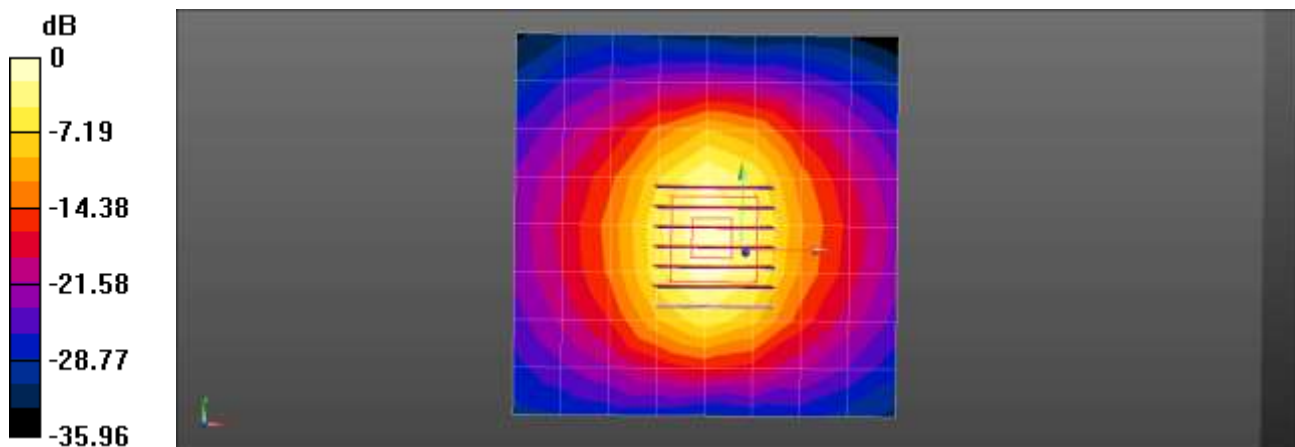
Dipole/2450MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.80 W/kg



0 dB = 5.61 W/kg = 7.49 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.0 °C
Test Date: 06/20/2017

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

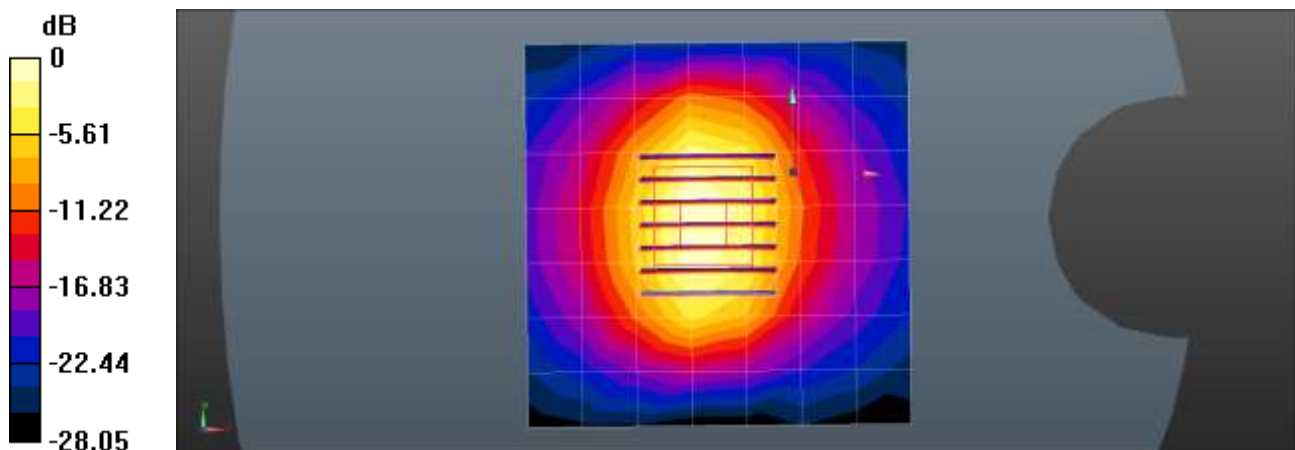
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.981$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.169$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3968; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2017-02-22
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

2600MHz Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.07 W/kg

2600MHz Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 59.32 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 6.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.81 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.19 W/kg



0 dB = 8.07 W/kg = 9.07 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 19.7 °C
Test Date: 06/19/2017

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

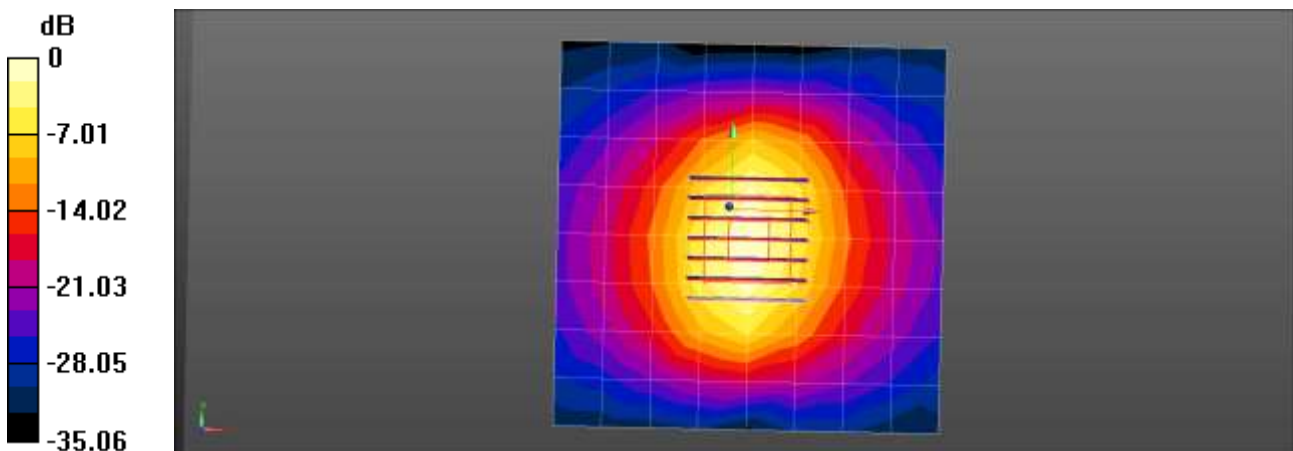
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.155$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.914$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3863; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn648; Calibrated: 2017-05-24
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

2600MHz Body Verification/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.32 W/kg

2600MHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 63.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.6 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.41 W/kg



0 dB = 8.32 W/kg = 9.20 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.5 °C
Test Date: 06/28/2017

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

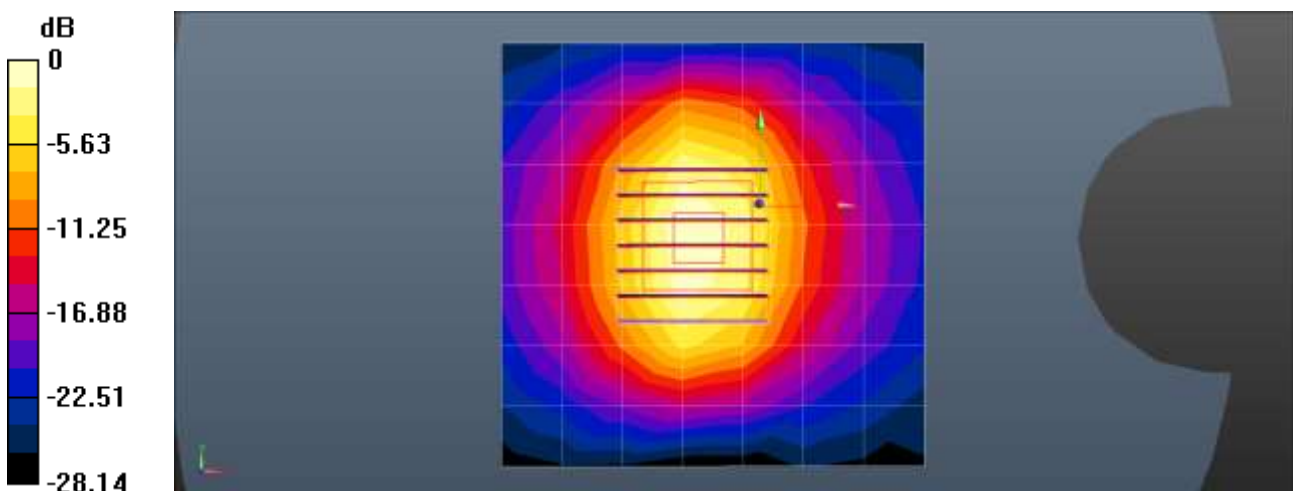
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.006$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.542$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3968; ConvF(7.72, 7.72, 7.72); Calibrated: 2017-05-31;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn466; Calibrated: 2017-02-22
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

2600MHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.96 W/kg

2600MHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 58.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.74 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.92 W/kg



0 dB = 7.96 W/kg = 9.01 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (2 600 MHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
 Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
 Liquid Temp: 20.4 °C
 Test Date: 06/28/2017

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz D2600V2; Type: D2600V2

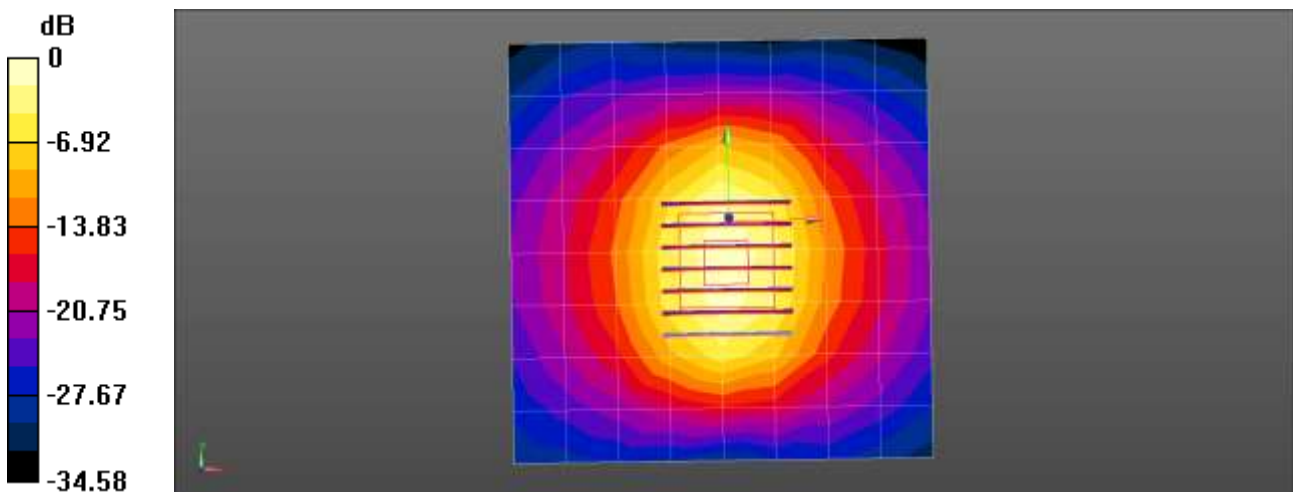
Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.161$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.902$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3903; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016-09-28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn869; Calibrated: 2016-09-27
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1);

2600MHz Verification/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.23 W/kg

2600MHz Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 53.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 5.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.68 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.50 W/kg



0 dB = 6.23 W/kg = 7.95 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5.25 GHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 19.8 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

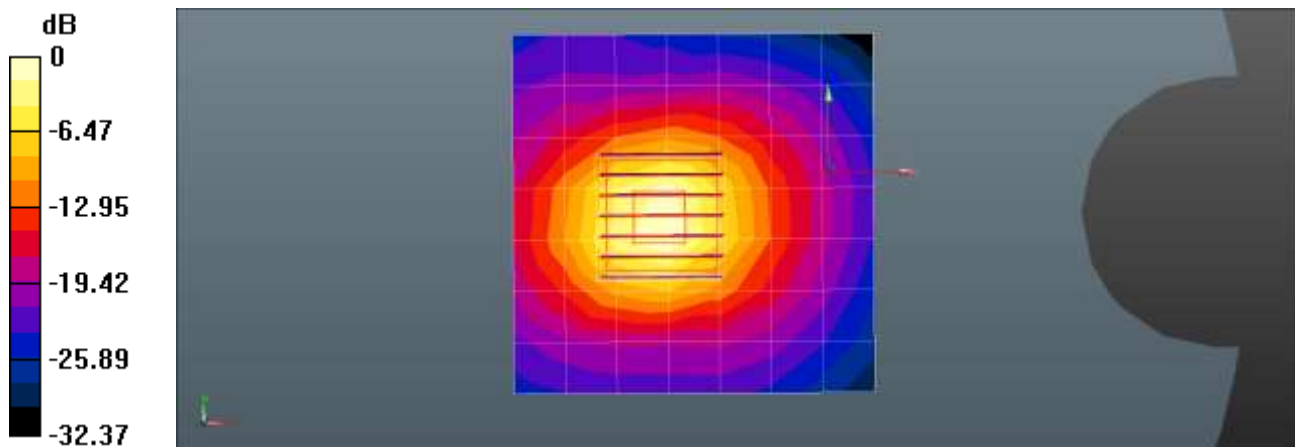
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.552$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.802$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(5.49, 5.49, 5.49); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

5.25GHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 W/kg

5.25GHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm;
Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 50.72 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



0 dB = 15.5 W/kg = 11.91 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5.25 GHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.1 °C
Test Date: 06/22/2017

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

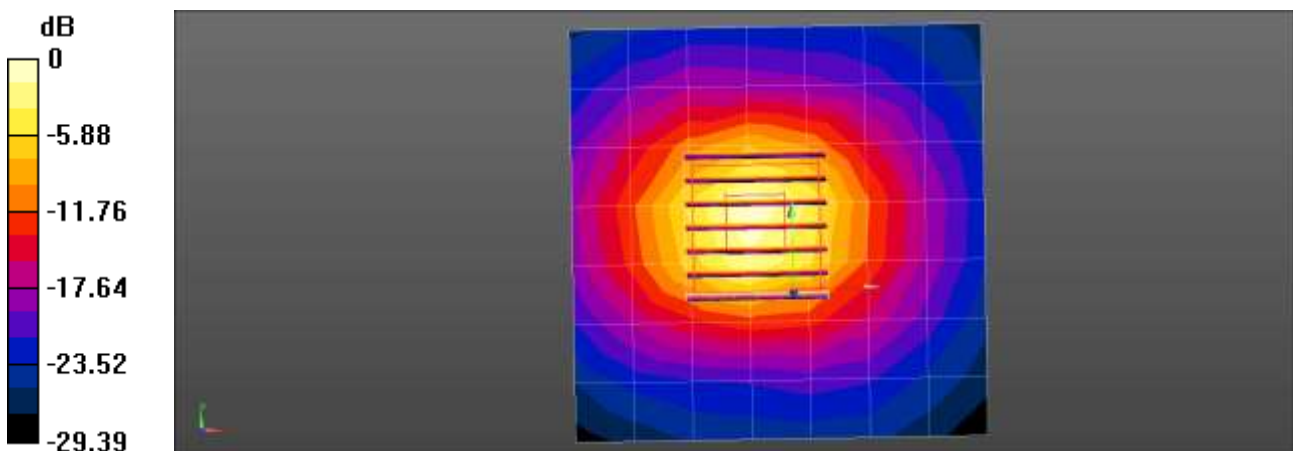
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.411$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.792$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.71, 4.71, 4.71); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

5.25GHz Body Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.3 W/kg

5.25GHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm;
Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 56.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.86 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.3 W/kg = 12.12 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5.6 GHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 19.8 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

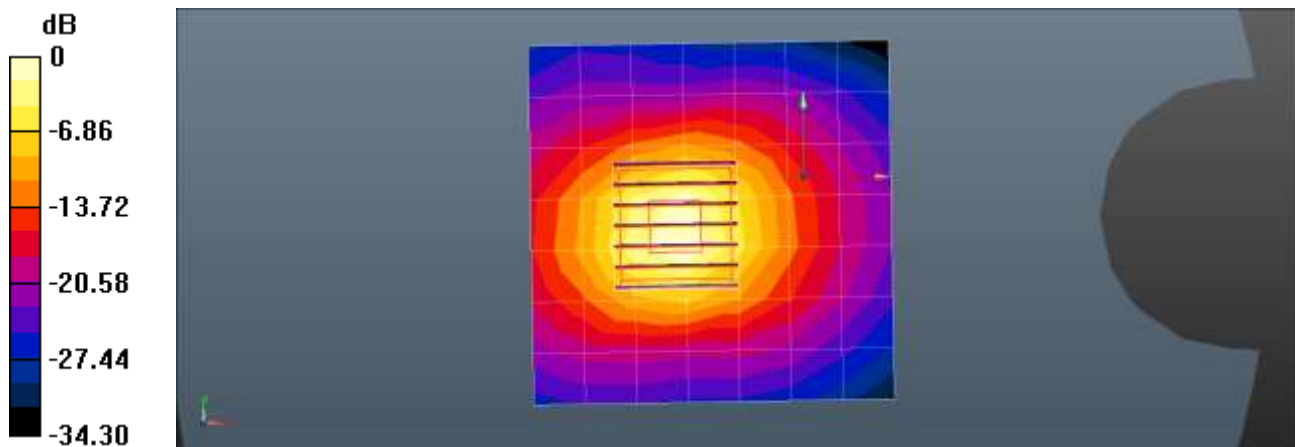
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.963$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.135$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.78, 4.78, 4.78); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

5.60GHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.0 W/kg

5.60GHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm;
Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 52.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 38.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.5 W/kg



0 dB = 17.0 W/kg = 12.30 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5.6 GHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.1 °C
Test Date: 06/22/2017

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

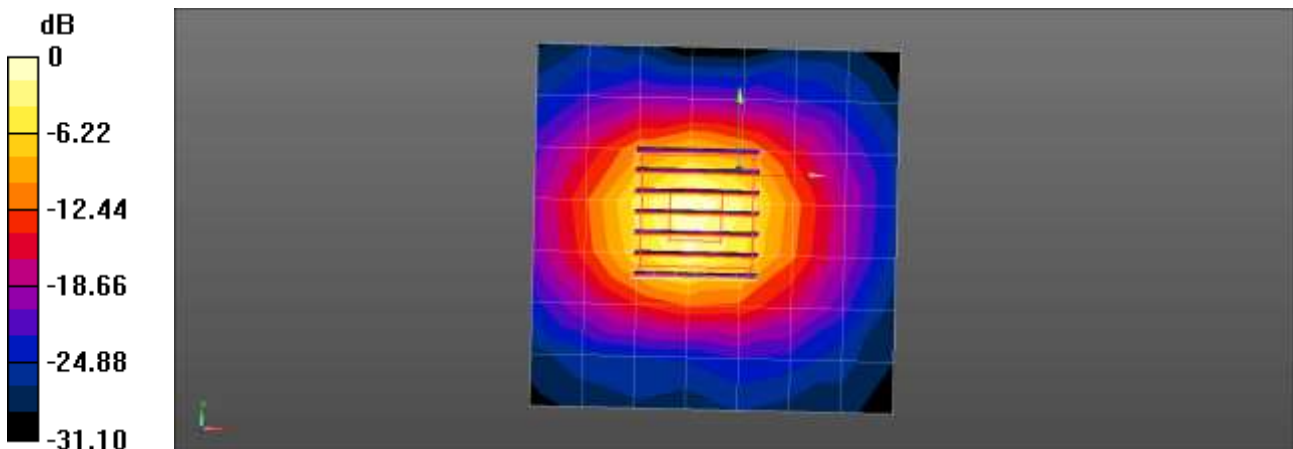
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.904$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.881$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4, 4, 4); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

5.6GHz Body Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.7 W/kg

5.6GHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm;
Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 57.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.39 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.2 W/kg



0 dB = 17.7 W/kg = 12.48 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5.75 GHz Head)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 19.8 °C
Test Date: 07/12/2017

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

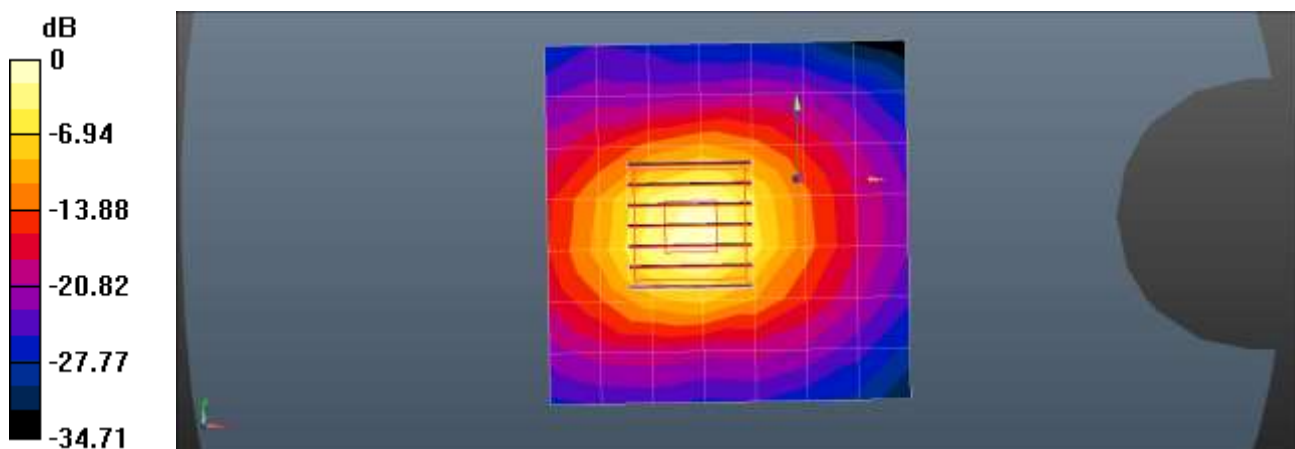
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.221$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.571$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(5.09, 5.09, 5.09); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: SAM
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

5.75GHz Head Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg

5.75GHz Head Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm;
Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 50.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 37.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.72 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.22 dBW/kg

■ Verification Data (5.75 GHz Body)

Test Laboratory: HCT CO., LTD
Input Power: 100 mW (20 dBm)
Liquid Temp: 20.1 °C
Test Date: 06/22/2017

DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2

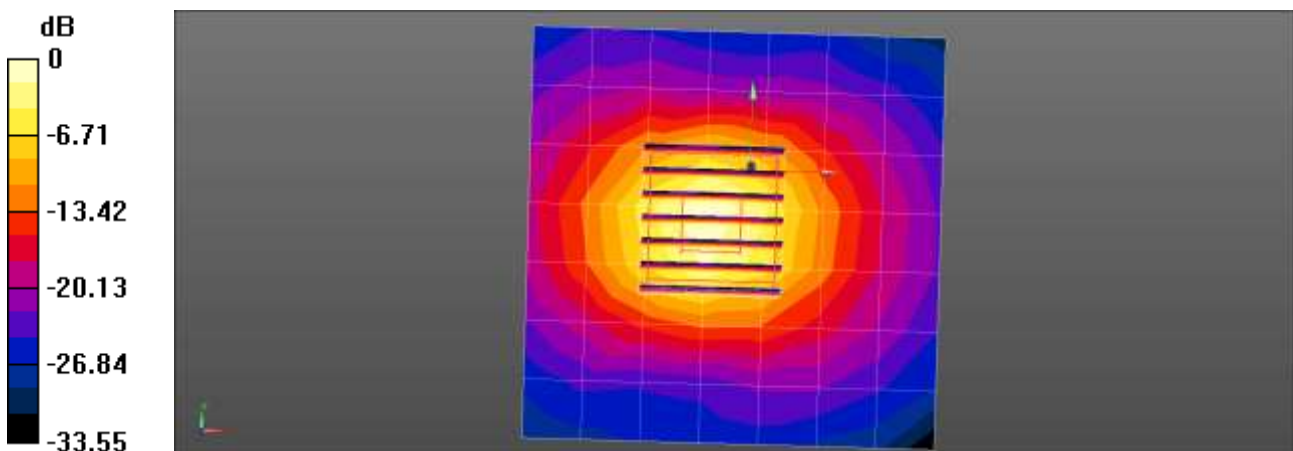
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.129$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Center Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3967; ConvF(4.24, 4.24, 4.24); Calibrated: 2016-12-14;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn504; Calibrated: 2016-07-26
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);

5.75GHz Body Verification/Area Scan (8x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg

5.75GHz Body Verification/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm;
Graded Ratio:1.4
Reference Value = 55.70 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.73 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.2 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg = 12.24 dBW/kg