



SAR EVALUATION REPORT

Applicant Name:

Samsung Electronics, Co. Ltd.
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Yeongtong-gu, Suwon-si
Gyeonggi-do 443-742, Korea

Date of Testing:

07/28/14 – 08/14/14

Test Site/Location:

PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD, USA

Document Serial No.:

0Y1407281528-R1.A3L

FCC ID:

A3LSMN910H

APPLICANT:

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS, CO. LTD.

DUT Type:

Portable Handset

Application Type:

Certification

FCC Rule Part(s):

CFR §2.1093

Model(s):

SM-N910H

Equipment Class	Band & Mode	Tx Frequency	SAR			
			1 gm Head (W/kg)	1 gm Body-Worn (W/kg)	1 gm Hotspot (W/kg)	10 gm Extremity (W/kg)
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	824.20 - 848.80 MHz	0.14	0.71	0.65	
PCE	UMTS 850	826.40 - 846.60 MHz	0.14	0.60	0.60	
PCE	GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz	< 0.1	0.22	0.54	
PCE	UMTS 1900	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz	< 0.1	0.36	0.75	
DTS	2.4 GHz WLAN	2412 - 2462 MHz	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.26
DTS	5.8 GHz WLAN	5745 - 5825 MHz	< 0.1	0.11		
NII	5.2 GHz WLAN	5180 - 5240 MHz	< 0.1	< 0.1		
NII	5.3 GHz WLAN	5260 - 5320 MHz	< 0.1	< 0.1		
NII	5.5 GHz WLAN	5500 - 5700 MHz	< 0.1	< 0.1		0.28
DSS/DTS	Bluetooth	2402 - 2480 MHz	N/A			
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03:			0.21	1.04	0.75	0.28

This wireless portable device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for uncontrolled environment/general population exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in Section 1.8 of this report; for North American frequency bands only.

Note: This revised Test Report (S/N: 0Y1407281528-R1.A3L) supersedes and replaces the previously issued test report on the same subject device for the same type of testing as indicated. Please discard or destroy the previously issued test report(s) and dispose of it accordingly.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them. Test results reported herein relate only to the item(s) tested.


Randy Ortanez
President



The SAR Tick is an initiative of the Mobile Manufacturers Forum (MMF). While a product may be considered eligible, use of the SAR Tick logo requires an agreement with the MMF. Further details can be obtained by emailing: sartick@mmfai.info.

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

1.1 Device Overview

Band & Mode	Operating Modes	Tx Frequency
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Voice/Data	824.20 - 848.80 MHz
UMTS 850	Voice/Data	826.40 - 846.60 MHz
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Voice/Data	1850.20 - 1909.80 MHz
UMTS 1900	Voice/Data	1852.4 - 1907.6 MHz
2.4 GHz WLAN	Data	2412 - 2462 MHz
5.8 GHz WLAN	Data	5745 - 5825 MHz
5.2 GHz WLAN	Data	5180 - 5240 MHz
5.3 GHz WLAN	Data	5260 - 5320 MHz
5.5 GHz WLAN	Data	5500 - 5700 MHz
Bluetooth	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz
NFC	Data	13.56 MHz
ANT+	Data	2402 - 2480 MHz

1.2 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.

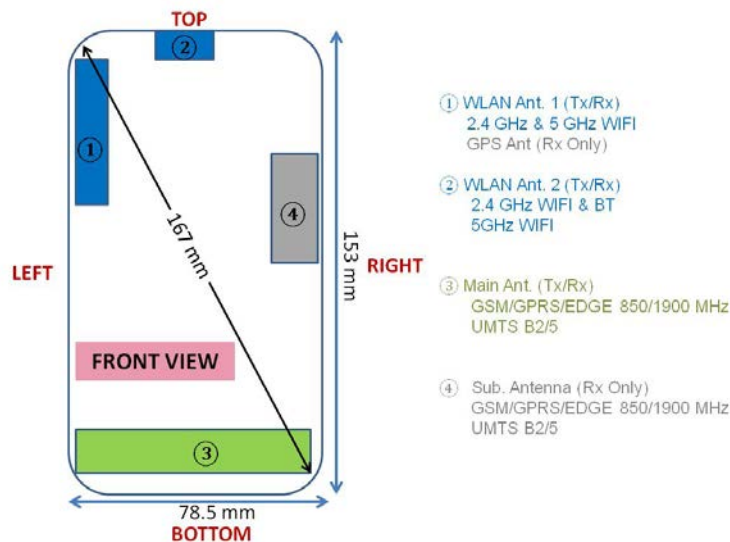
Mode / Band		Voice (dBm)	Burst Average GMSK (dBm)				Burst Average 8-PSK (dBm)			
		1 TX Slot	1 TX Slot	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots	1 TX Slot	2 TX Slots	3 TX Slots	4 TX Slots
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Maximum	33.0	33.0	30.0	28.0	26.5	27.5	24.5	22.5	20.5
	Nominal	32.5	32.5	29.5	27.5	26.0	27.0	24.0	22.0	20.0
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Maximum	30.0	30.0	28.5	25.5	24.0	26.5	24.0	21.5	20.5
	Nominal	29.5	29.5	28.0	25.0	23.5	26.0	23.5	21.0	20.0

Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)			
		3GPP WCDMA Rel. 99	3GPP HSDPA Rel. 5	3GPP HSUPA Rel. 6	3GPP DC-HSDPA Rel. 8
UMTS Band 5 (850 MHz)	Maximum	24.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
	Nominal	23.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
UMTS Band 2 (1900 MHz)	Maximum	23.5	22.5	22.5	22.5
	Nominal	23.0	22.0	22.0	22.0

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Mode / Band		Modulated Average (dBm)
SISO IEEE 802.11b (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	17.5
	Nominal	17.0
SISO IEEE 802.11g (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	14.5
	Nominal	14.0
SISO IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	13.5
	Nominal	13.0
MIMO IEEE 802.11n (2.4 GHz)	Maximum	16.5
	Nominal	16.0
SISO IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz)	Maximum	14.5
	Nominal	14.0
SISO IEEE 802.11n (5 GHz) 20MHz Bandwidth	Maximum	13.5
	Nominal	13.0
MIMO IEEE 802.11n (5 GHz) 20MHz Bandwidth	Maximum	13.5
	Nominal	13.0
SISO IEEE 802.11n (5 GHz) 40MHz Bandwidth	Maximum	12.5
	Nominal	12.0
MIMO IEEE 802.11n (5 GHz) 40MHz Bandwidth	Maximum	12.0
	Nominal	11.5
SISO IEEE 802.11ac (5 GHz) 80MHz Bandwidth	Maximum	11.5
	Nominal	11.0
MIMO IEEE 802.11ac (5 GHz) 80MHz Bandwidth	Maximum	11.5
	Nominal	11.0
Bluetooth	Maximum	12.0
	Nominal	11.5
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	9.5
	Nominal	9.0

1.3 DUT Antenna Locations



Note: Exact antenna dimensions and separation distances are shown in the Technical Descriptions in the FCC Filing. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm, it is considered a “phablet”.

Figure 1-1
DUT Antenna Locations

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Table 1-1
Sides for SAR Testing

Mode	Configuration	Back	Front	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
GPRS 850	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS 850	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
GPRS 1900	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
UMTS 1900	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 & MIMO	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2	Hotspot	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
5 GHz WLAN Ant 1& MIMO	Extremity	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
5 GHz WLAN Ant 2	Extremity	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Wireless Router SAR or Extremity SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01 guidance, page 2 (Wireless Router) and FCC KDB 648474 D04v01r01 (Extremity).

1.4 Near Field Communications (NFC) Antenna

This DUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the specialized battery. The SAR tests were performed with the specialized battery (model: **EB-BN910BBE**).

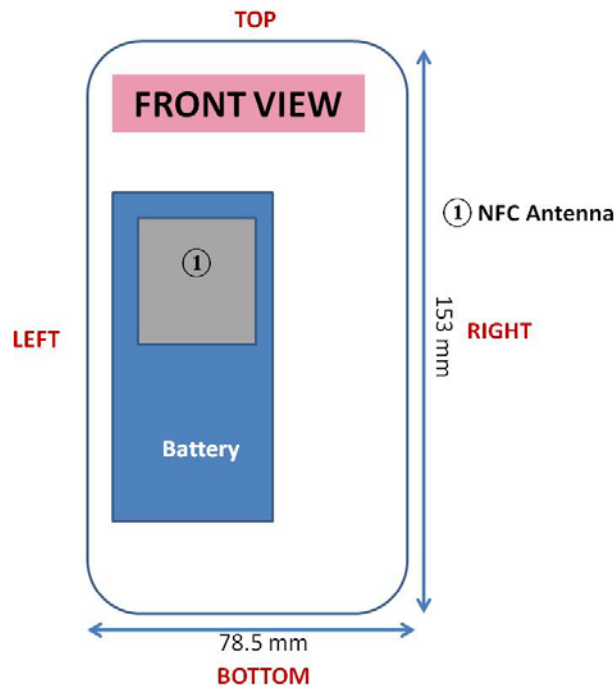


Figure 1-2
NFC Antenna Locations

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1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D05v01, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 3) procedures.

Table 1-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenarios

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head	Body-Worn Accessory	Wireless Router	Extremity	Notes
1	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
2	GSM voice + 5 GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
3	GSM voice + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	
4	UMTS + 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
5	UMTS + 5 GHz Wi-Fi	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
6	UMTS + 2.4 GHz Bluetooth	N/A	Yes	N/A	Yes	
7	GPRS/EDGE + 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	
8	GPRS/EDGE + 5 GHz Wi-Fi	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	For WIFI Direct Only

Notes:

1. 2.4 GHz WLAN, 5 GHz WLAN, and 2.4 GHz Bluetooth share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. All licensed modes share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario.
4. Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is not expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Therefore, there are no simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct beyond that listed in the above table.
5. When wireless router mode is enabled, all 5GHz bands are disabled.
6. This device supports 2x2 MIMO Tx for WLAN 802.11n/ac. Each WLAN antenna can transmit independently or together when operating with MIMO.

1.6 SAR Test Exclusions Applied

(A) WIFI/BT

Since Wireless Router operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using 5 GHz WIFI, only 2.4 GHz WIFI Hotspot SAR tests and combinations are considered for SAR with respect to Wireless Router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v01.

This device supports 20 MHz and 40 MHz Bandwidths for IEEE 802.11n for 5 GHz WIFI only. IEEE 802.11n was not evaluated for SAR since the average output power of 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the average output power of IEEE 802.11a.

This device supports IEEE 802.11ac with the following features:

- a) Up to 80 MHz Bandwidth only
- b) No aggregate channel configurations
- c) 2 Tx antenna output
- d) 256 QAM is supported
- e) No new 5 GHz channels

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Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r01, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160mm and less than 200mm. Extremity SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. Because wireless router operations are not supported for 5 GHz WLAN, extremity SAR tests were performed. Extremity SAR was not evaluated for 2.4 GHz WLAN operations since wireless router 1g SAR was < 1.2 W/kg.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, body-worn Bluetooth SAR was not required; $[(16/10) * \sqrt{2.480}] = 2.5 < 3.0$. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05, the 10g SAR exclusion threshold for distances <50mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 7.5$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, extremity Bluetooth SAR was not required; $[(16/5) * \sqrt{2.480}] = 5 < 7.5$. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

This device is only capable of QPSK HSUPA in the uplink. Therefore, no additional SAR tests are required beyond that described for devices with HSUPA in KDB 941225 D01v02.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r01, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160mm and less than 200mm. Therefore, extremity SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. Extremity SAR was not evaluated for licensed technologies since wireless router 1g SAR was < 1.2 W/kg for these modes.

1.7 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

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1.8 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v02, D03v01, D06v01r01 (2G/3G and Hotspot)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 (SAR Considerations for 802.11 Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 (General SAR Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r03, D02v01r01 (SAR Measurements up to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D03-D04 (Phablet Procedures)
- April 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (IEEE 802.11ac)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS Testing Considerations)

1.9 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples were used with identical hardware to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.

	Head Serial Number	Body-Worn Serial Number	Hotspot Serial Number	Extremity Serial Number
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	B19CA	B19CA	B19CA	-
UMTS 850	B19CA	B19CA	B19CA	-
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	B19C7	B19C7	B19C7	-
UMTS 1900	B19C7	B19C7	B19C7	-
2.4 GHz WLAN	F1A0E	F1A0E	F1A0E	-
5 GHz WLAN	F1A0F	F1A0E	-	F1A0E

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The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. [1]

The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz [3] and Health Canada RF Exposure Guidelines Safety Code 6 [22]. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave [4] is used for guidance in measuring the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the International Committee for Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection (ICNIRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," Report No. Vol 74. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

2.1 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Equation 2-1).

Equation 2-1
SAR Mathematical Equation

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relation to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.[6]

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3 DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

3.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 and IEEE 1528-2013:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 3-1) and IEEE 1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01 (See Table 3-1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 3-1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

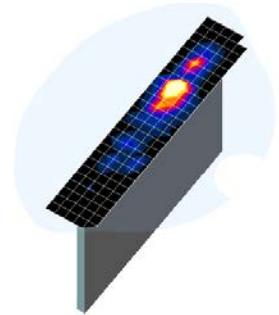


Figure 3-1
Sample SAR Area Scan

Table 3-1
Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01*

Frequency	Maximum Area Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{area} , Δy_{area})	Maximum Zoom Scan Resolution (mm) (Δx_{zoom} , Δy_{zoom})	Maximum Zoom Scan Spatial Resolution (mm)			Minimum Zoom Scan Volume (mm) (x,y,z)
			Uniform Grid	Graded Grid		
			$\Delta z_{zoom}(n)$	$\Delta z_{zoom}(1)^*$	$\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)^*$	
≤ 2 GHz	≤ 15	≤ 8	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
2-3 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 30
3-4 GHz	≤ 12	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 28
4-5 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 3	≤ 2.5	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 25
5-6 GHz	≤ 10	≤ 4	≤ 2	≤ 2	≤ 1.5* $\Delta z_{zoom}(n-1)$	≥ 22

*Also compliant to IEEE 1528-2013 Table 6

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DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

4.1 EAR REFERENCE POINT

Figure 4-2 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point (ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERP is 15mm posterior to the entrance to the ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 4-1. The plane passing through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck-Front), also called the Reference Pivoting Line, is not perpendicular to the reference plane (see Figure 4-1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning [5].

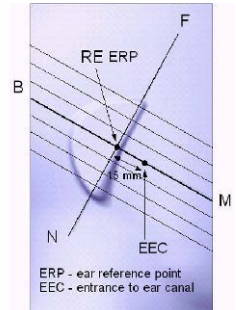


Figure 4-1
Close-Up Side view
of ERP

4.2 HANDSET REFERENCE POINTS

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the acoustic output located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Figure 4-3). The acoustic output was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 4-2
Front, back and side view of SAM Twin Phantom

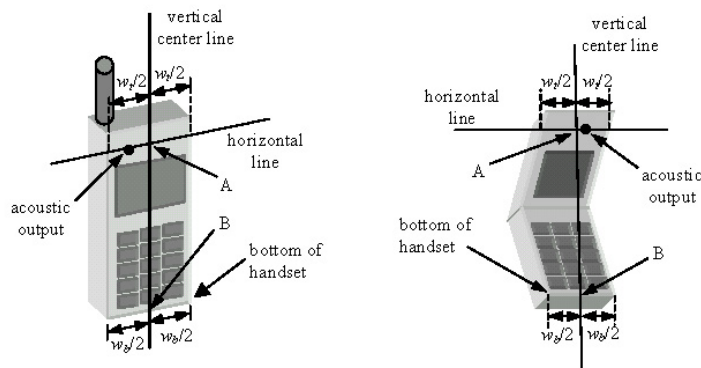


Figure 4-3
Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

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5

TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

5.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

5.2 Positioning for Cheek

1. The test device was positioned with the device close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 5-1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.

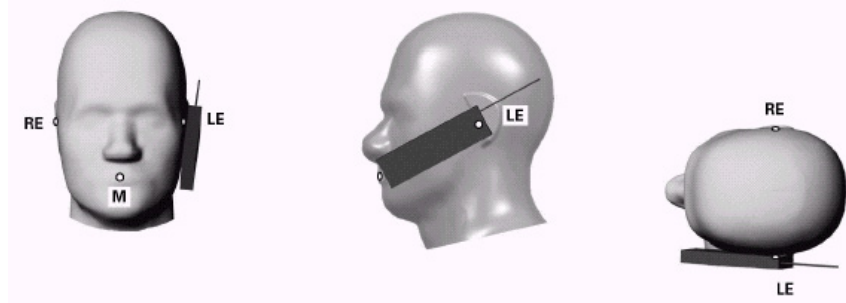


Figure 5-1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the pinna.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the reference plane.
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the device contact with the ear, the device was rotated about the NF line until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek) (See Figure 5-2).

5.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degrees.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degrees.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the handset touched the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. In this situation, the tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 5-2).

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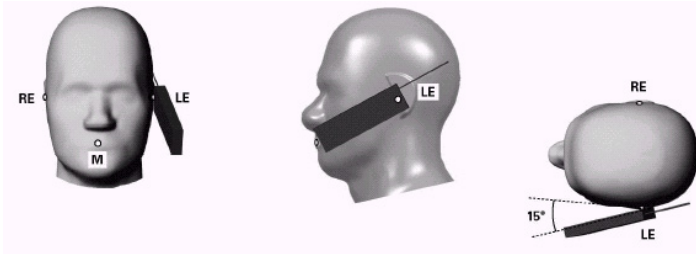


Figure 5-2 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Tilt Position

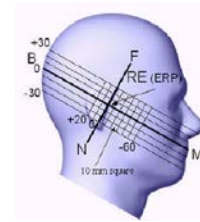


Figure 5-3 Side view w/ relevant markings

5.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 5-4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

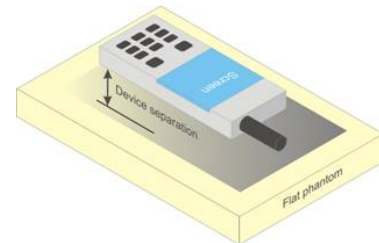


Figure 5-4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

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5.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 44798 D01v05 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC minitables that support voice calls next to the ear, the phablets procedures outlined in KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r01DR04 should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance. A device marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. In addition to the normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures required for handsets, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with the phantom, for 10-g SAR. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

5.6 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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6 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

6.1 Uncontrolled Environment

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

6.2 Controlled Environment

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 6-1
SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
Peak Spatial Average SAR Head	1.6	8.0
Whole Body SAR	0.08	0.4
Peak Spatial Average SAR Hands, Feet, Ankle, Wrists, etc.	4.0	20

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

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7 FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

7.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as *reported* SAR. The highest *reported* SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r02.

7.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01 "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices" v02, October 2007.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a "point SAR" at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

7.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for UMTS

7.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s".

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC (transmit power control) set to all "1s" or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

7.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1s". SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a

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3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

7.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all “1s”.

7.3.4 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 5 HSDPA

Body SAR for HSDPA is not required for handsets with HSDPA capabilities when the maximum average output power of each RF channel with HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured without HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and the maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA, using an FRC with H-Set 1 in Sub-test 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1, using the highest body SAR configuration measured in 12.2 kbps RMC without HSDPA, on the maximum output channel with the body exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC mode for that RF channel.

The H-set used in FRC for HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device. The number of HS-DSCH/HSPDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the applicable H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the FRC for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 2 ms to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors of $\beta_c=9$ and $\beta_d=15$, and power offset parameters of $\Delta_{ACK} = \Delta_{NACK} = 5$ and $\Delta_{CQI}=2$ is used. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the FRC.

Sub-Test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 8$ ($A_{hs} = 30/15$) with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 7$ ($A_{hs} = 24/15$) with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Figure 8-1
Table C.10.1.4 of TS 234.121-1

7.3.5 SAR Measurements for Handsets with Rel 6 HSUPA

Body SAR for HSUPA is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel with HSUPA/HSDPA active is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured without HSUPA/HSDPA using 12.2 kbps RMC and maximum SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit. Otherwise SAR is measured on the maximum output channel for the body exposure configuration produced highest SAR in 12.2 kbps RMC for that RF channel, using the additional procedures under “Release 6 HSPA data devices”

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Head SAR for VOIP operations under HSPA is not required when maximum average output of each RF channel with HSPA is less than 0.25 dB higher than as measured using 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise SAR is measured using same HSPA configuration as used for body SAR.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{15} (1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{15} = \beta_{15}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{15} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{15}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

7.3.6 SAR Measurement Conditions for DC-HSDPA

SAR test exclusion for DC-HSDPA devices is determined by power measurements according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to qualify for SAR test exclusion. DC-HSDPA uplink maximum output power measurements using the four Rel. 5 HSDPA subtests in Table C.10.1.4 of TS 234.121-1 is required.

When the maximum average output power of each RF channel with DC-HSDPA active is $\leq 1/4$ dB higher than that measured using 12.2 kbps RMC, or the maximum reported SAR for 12.2 kbps RMC is $\leq 75\%$ of the SAR limit, SAR evaluation for DC-HSDPA is not required.

7.4 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

Normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 for more details.

7.4.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

7.4.2 Frequency Channel Configurations [24]

For 2.4 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel between the low, mid and high channel at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b mode. 802.11g/n modes and higher

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data rates for 802.11b were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power of the respective mode was 0.25 dB or higher than the powers of the SAR configurations tested in the 802.11b mode.

For 5 GHz, the highest average RF output power channel across the default test channels at the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these “required channels” were considered instead of the default channels for SAR testing. 802.11n modes and higher data rates for 802.11a/n were evaluated only if the respective mode was higher than 0.25 dB or more than the 802.11a mode. 802.11ac SAR was evaluated for highest 802.11a configuration in each 5 GHz band and each exposure condition. 802.11ac modes were additionally evaluated for SAR if the output power for the respective mode was more than 0.25 dB higher than powers of 802.11a modes.

If the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the highest output channel was less than 1.6 W/kg and if the 1g averaged SAR was less than 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing was not required for the other test channels in the band.

7.4.3 MIMO SAR considerations

Per KDB 248227, SAR for MIMO was measured with both transmitting simultaneously and was evaluated independently of SISO operation. For 2.4 and 5 GHz MIMO, 20 MHz bandwidth for IEEE 802.11n was evaluated. Other IEEE 802.11 modes and bandwidths were not investigated for MIMO operations since the maximum allowed output power (including tolerance) was not higher for these modes.

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8 RF CONDUCTED POWERS

8.1 GSM Conducted Powers

		Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	31.73	31.80	28.58	26.70	25.09	26.84	24.15	22.15	20.49
	190	31.74	31.82	28.53	26.51	24.99	26.79	24.00	21.96	20.40
	251	32.09	32.16	28.92	26.87	25.30	27.13	24.30	22.33	20.50
GSM 1900	512	29.67	29.68	27.08	25.28	23.85	26.27	23.61	21.46	20.19
	661	29.23	29.25	26.59	24.57	23.09	25.84	23.09	20.88	19.62
	810	29.20	29.21	26.62	24.49	23.01	25.80	23.25	21.14	19.66
		Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
Band	Channel	GSM [dBm] CS (1 Slot)	GPRS [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	GPRS [dBm] 4 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 1 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 2 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 3 Tx Slot	EDGE [dBm] 4 Tx Slot
GSM 850	128	22.70	22.77	22.56	22.44	22.08	17.81	18.13	17.89	17.48
	190	22.71	22.79	22.51	22.25	21.98	17.76	17.98	17.70	17.39
	251	23.06	23.13	22.90	22.61	22.29	18.10	18.28	18.07	17.49
GSM 1900	512	20.64	20.65	21.06	21.02	20.84	17.24	17.59	17.20	17.18
	661	20.20	20.22	20.57	20.31	20.08	16.81	17.07	16.62	16.61
	810	20.17	20.18	20.60	20.23	20.00	16.77	17.23	16.88	16.65
GSM 850	Frame	23.47	23.47	23.48	23.24	22.99	17.97	17.98	17.74	16.99
GSM 1900	Avg.Targets:	20.47	20.47	21.98	20.74	20.49	16.97	17.48	16.74	16.99

Note:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
- GPRS/EDGE (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
- EDGE (8-PSK) output powers were measured with MCS7 on the base station simulator. MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since investigation has shown that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation. It has been shown that MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.

GSM Class: B

GPRS Multislot class: 33 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots)

EDGE Multislot class: 33 (Max 4 Tx uplink slots)

DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 8-1
Power Measurement Setup

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8.2 UMTS Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band [dBm]			PCS Band [dBm]			3GPP MPR [dB]
			4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	23.74	23.83	24.00	23.11	22.67	22.81	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	23.71	23.81	23.99	23.15	22.62	22.72	-
6	HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.66	22.80	22.97	22.32	21.79	21.99	0
6		Subtest 2	22.63	22.79	22.96	22.30	21.78	21.98	0
6		Subtest 3	22.10	22.23	22.43	21.77	21.25	21.47	0.5
6		Subtest 4	22.09	22.23	22.41	21.76	21.24	21.50	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.65	22.76	22.96	22.33	21.80	21.98	0
6		Subtest 2	19.61	19.72	19.92	19.25	18.71	18.92	2
6		Subtest 3	20.59	20.72	20.01	20.25	19.76	19.95	1
6		Subtest 4	19.60	19.74	19.95	19.25	18.74	18.96	2
6		Subtest 5	22.10	22.25	22.42	21.78	21.20	21.35	0
8	DC-HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.78	22.92	22.99	22.38	21.85	21.94	0
8		Subtest 2	22.60	22.79	22.96	22.30	21.74	21.83	0
8		Subtest 3	22.20	22.35	22.50	21.89	21.33	21.39	0.5
8		Subtest 4	22.21	22.34	22.49	21.88	21.34	21.44	0.5

UMTS SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

DC-HSDPA considerations

- 3GPP Specification 34.121-1 Release 8 Ver 8.10.0 was used for DC-HSDPA guidance
- H-Set 12 (QPSK) was confirmed to be used during DC-HSDPA measurements
- Measured maximum output powers for DC-HSDPA were not greater than 1/4 dB higher than the WCDMA 12.2 kbps RMC maximum output, as a result, SAR is not required for DC-HSDPA
- The DUT supports UE category 24 for HSDPA

It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSPA subtests may be up to 1 dB more than specified by 3GPP, but also as low as 0 dB according to the chipset implementation in this model.

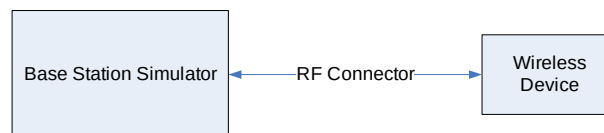


Figure 8-2
Power Measurement Setup

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8.3 WLAN Conducted Powers

Table 8-1
SISO IEEE 802.11b Average RF Power

802.11b	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11b Conducted Power [dBm]			
					Data Rate [Mbps]			
					1	2	5.5	11
	Antenna 1	802.11b	2412	1*	16.95	17.26	17.27	17.22
		802.11b	2437	6*	17.20	17.42	17.37	17.30
		802.11b	2462	11*	16.60	16.81	16.83	16.91
	Antenna 2	802.11b	2412	1*	17.33	16.50	16.53	16.54
		802.11b	2437	6*	16.89	16.10	16.09	16.12
		802.11b	2462	11*	17.31	16.48	16.44	16.50

Table 8-2
SISO IEEE 802.11g Average RF Power

802.11g	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11g Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
	Antenna 1	802.11g	2412	1	14.26	14.19	14.21	14.12	14.41	14.34	14.49	14.37
		802.11g	2437	6	13.65	13.48	13.57	13.50	13.76	13.73	13.93	13.64
		802.11g	2462	11	13.92	13.85	13.91	13.75	14.13	14.02	14.23	14.05
	Antenna 2	802.11g	2412	1	14.32	14.34	14.27	14.33	14.48	14.45	13.74	13.64
		802.11g	2437	6	13.89	13.93	13.83	13.91	14.04	14.07	13.33	13.16
		802.11g	2462	11	14.14	14.16	14.12	14.17	14.27	14.29	13.62	13.39

Table 8-3
SISO IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power

802.11n (2.4GHz)	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11n (2.4GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65
	Antenna 1	802.11n	2412	1	13.14	13.16	13.17	13.44	13.45	13.43	13.48	13.43
		802.11n	2437	6	12.60	12.47	12.59	12.77	12.85	12.78	12.80	12.76
		802.11n	2462	11	13.11	13.07	13.06	13.30	13.37	13.27	13.35	13.25
	Antenna 2	802.11n	2412	1	13.20	13.23	13.10	13.43	13.39	13.43	13.48	13.46
		802.11n	2437	6	12.80	12.83	12.72	13.03	13.01	13.04	13.15	12.99
		802.11n	2462	11	13.06	13.12	12.94	13.20	13.20	13.35	13.30	13.33

Table 8-4
MIMO IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power

802.11n (2.4GHz)	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11n (2.4GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]	
					Data Rate [Mbps]	
					13	
	MIMO	802.11n	2412	1*	16.18	
		802.11n	2437	6*	15.71	
		802.11n	2462	11*	16.10	

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Table 8-5
SISO IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

802.11a	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11a Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
Antenna 1	802.11a	5180	36*		13.63	13.42	13.53	13.39	13.74	13.67	13.85	13.56
	802.11a	5200	40		13.62	13.41	13.43	13.30	13.75	13.74	13.86	13.59
	802.11a	5220	44		13.58	13.36	13.52	13.38	13.63	13.66	13.80	13.52
	802.11a	5240	48*		13.47	13.17	13.35	13.16	13.60	13.52	13.67	13.42
	802.11a	5260	52*		13.98	13.76	13.84	13.78	14.01	13.99	14.17	13.91
	802.11a	5280	56		13.92	13.66	13.75	13.72	13.95	13.95	14.05	13.91
	802.11a	5300	60		13.86	13.64	13.64	13.63	13.93	13.93	14.05	13.81
	802.11a	5320	64*		13.82	13.57	13.65	13.58	13.87	13.80	13.96	13.70
	802.11a	5500	100		13.65	13.50	13.57	13.53	13.72	13.71	13.85	13.69
	802.11a	5520	104*		13.62	13.43	13.51	13.48	13.74	13.68	13.83	13.62
	802.11a	5540	108		13.61	13.48	13.52	13.47	13.64	13.70	13.73	13.64
	802.11a	5560	112		13.58	13.51	13.49	13.45	13.72	13.64	13.78	13.70
	802.11a	5580	116*		13.54	13.31	13.45	13.44	13.59	13.54	13.69	13.63
	802.11a	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	5660	132		13.51	13.32	13.49	13.38	13.60	13.62	13.75	13.51
	802.11a	5680	136*		13.45	13.26	13.43	13.30	13.57	13.47	13.69	13.47
	802.11a	5700	140		13.53	13.47	13.40	13.45	13.67	13.53	13.80	13.55
	802.11a	5745	149*		13.58	13.53	13.58	13.48	13.66	13.64	13.80	13.60
	802.11a	5765	153		13.57	13.57	13.61	13.52	13.74	13.69	13.65	13.64
	802.11a	5785	157*		13.55	13.50	13.50	13.43	13.60	13.57	13.76	13.57
	802.11a	5805	161		13.55	13.46	13.55	13.44	13.62	13.60	13.81	13.65
	802.11a	5825	165*		13.55	13.47	13.59	13.46	13.61	13.68	13.80	13.55
Antenna 2	802.11a	5180	36*		14.14	14.00	14.05	14.09	14.25	14.15	14.38	14.23
	802.11a	5200	40		13.90	13.71	13.84	13.89	14.09	13.92	14.19	13.92
	802.11a	5220	44		13.97	13.83	13.91	13.90	14.05	14.06	14.20	14.05
	802.11a	5240	48*		13.75	13.66	13.72	13.71	13.85	13.79	13.96	13.77
	802.11a	5260	52*		13.70	13.58	13.60	13.58	13.75	13.67	13.90	13.76
	802.11a	5280	56		13.54	13.46	13.48	13.38	13.57	13.55	13.77	13.62
	802.11a	5300	60		13.52	13.36	13.39	13.41	13.59	13.53	13.64	13.62
	802.11a	5320	64*		13.42	13.36	13.24	13.30	13.53	13.38	13.58	13.51
	802.11a	5500	100		13.60	13.52	13.56	13.58	13.70	13.61	13.82	13.67
	802.11a	5520	104*		13.41	13.35	13.42	13.36	13.51	13.50	13.59	13.45
	802.11a	5540	108		13.48	13.41	13.48	13.50	13.55	13.44	13.61	13.57
	802.11a	5560	112		13.44	13.39	13.34	13.38	13.59	13.53	13.74	13.47
	802.11a	5580	116*		13.40	13.38	13.35	13.43	13.42	13.40	13.55	13.41
	802.11a	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	802.11a	5660	132		13.40	13.30	13.36	13.37	13.43	13.34	13.61	13.44
	802.11a	5680	136*		13.36	13.28	13.41	13.31	13.43	13.43	13.50	13.49
	802.11a	5700	140		14.21	14.13	14.20	14.16	14.36	14.26	14.36	14.20
	802.11a	5745	149*		14.09	14.18	14.12	14.15	14.26	14.16	14.30	14.29
	802.11a	5765	153		14.15	14.20	14.12	14.18	14.29	14.23	14.34	14.36
	802.11a	5785	157*		14.10	14.21	14.15	14.09	14.28	14.16	14.36	14.32
	802.11a	5805	161		14.06	14.16	14.12	14.07	14.21	14.08	14.35	14.33
	802.11a	5825	165*		14.22	14.34	14.22	14.19	14.46	14.37	14.41	14.38

Per FCC KDB Publication 443999 and RSS-210 A9.2(3), transmission on channels which overlap the 5600-5650 MHz is prohibited as a client. This device does not transmit any beacons or initiate any transmissions in 5.3 and 5.5 GHz Band.

(*) – indicates default channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02. When the adjacent channels are higher in power than the default channels, these “required channels” are considered for SAR testing instead of the default channels.

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Table 8-6
SISO IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 20 MHz Bandwidth

20MHz 802.11n (5GHz)	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	20MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65
Antenna 1	802.11n	5180	36	13.01	13.01	13.02	13.18	13.21	13.20	13.28	13.21	
	802.11n	5200	40	13.02	13.01	13.03	13.19	13.16	13.17	13.24	13.27	
	802.11n	5220	44	12.99	12.99	12.98	13.16	13.20	13.14	13.19	13.26	
	802.11n	5240	48	12.87	12.78	12.89	13.01	13.09	13.08	13.18	13.01	
	802.11n	5260	52	13.09	13.02	12.99	13.28	13.28	13.24	13.28	13.30	
	802.11n	5280	56	13.06	13.00	12.95	13.22	13.26	13.19	13.29	13.28	
	802.11n	5300	60	13.06	13.02	13.04	13.24	13.21	13.21	13.23	13.24	
	802.11n	5320	64	12.91	12.85	12.89	13.13	13.05	13.08	13.12	13.05	
	802.11n	5500	100	12.52	12.43	12.43	12.67	12.71	12.66	12.68	12.68	
	802.11n	5520	104	12.42	12.26	12.31	12.58	12.60	12.60	12.61	12.54	
	802.11n	5540	108	12.43	12.30	12.31	12.55	12.59	12.56	12.61	12.58	
	802.11n	5560	112	12.45	12.44	12.37	12.54	12.62	12.61	12.64	12.63	
	802.11n	5580	116	12.43	12.34	12.39	12.63	12.60	12.60	12.54	12.55	
	802.11n	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	802.11n	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	802.11n	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	802.11n	5660	132	12.37	12.29	12.29	12.47	12.58	12.44	12.51	12.54	
	802.11n	5680	136	12.41	12.36	12.36	12.55	12.67	12.56	12.64	12.57	
	802.11n	5700	140	12.33	12.18	12.28	12.48	12.57	12.52	12.53	12.53	
	802.11n	5745	149	12.72	12.74	12.72	13.03	12.99	12.95	13.02	12.97	
	802.11n	5765	153	12.72	12.79	12.78	13.03	12.97	13.03	13.07	12.96	
	802.11n	5785	157	12.73	12.80	12.67	13.01	12.94	13.00	12.96	13.04	
	802.11n	5805	161	12.80	12.84	12.71	13.12	13.08	13.08	13.14	13.01	
	802.11n	5825	165	12.77	12.81	12.84	13.12	12.98	12.98	13.08	13.02	
Antenna 2	802.11n	5180	36	13.08	13.04	13.09	13.25	13.29	13.15	13.29	13.28	
	802.11n	5200	40	13.15	13.09	13.13	13.32	13.36	13.27	13.40	13.37	
	802.11n	5220	44	12.87	12.87	12.93	13.03	13.09	12.95	13.09	13.07	
	802.11n	5240	48	12.99	12.91	13.01	13.12	13.14	13.12	13.15	13.18	
	802.11n	5260	52	12.66	12.55	12.58	12.75	12.76	12.81	12.79	12.84	
	802.11n	5280	56	12.56	12.40	12.39	12.72	12.71	12.71	12.69	12.73	
	802.11n	5300	60	12.50	12.44	12.47	12.57	12.60	12.65	12.68	12.61	
	802.11n	5320	64	13.29	13.15	13.29	13.32	13.43	13.46	13.37	13.43	
	802.11n	5500	100	12.60	12.65	12.60	12.83	12.81	12.71	12.83	12.78	
	802.11n	5520	104	12.63	12.74	12.61	12.93	12.83	12.71	12.90	12.80	
	802.11n	5540	108	12.45	12.49	12.38	12.71	12.67	12.47	12.60	12.64	
	802.11n	5560	112	12.48	12.47	12.47	12.71	12.74	12.52	12.77	12.69	
	802.11n	5580	116	12.51	12.54	12.48	12.73	12.74	12.63	12.67	12.65	
	802.11n	5600	120	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	802.11n	5620	124	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	802.11n	5640	128	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	802.11n	5660	132	12.40	12.45	12.36	12.62	12.63	12.49	12.59	12.60	
	802.11n	5680	136	12.38	12.44	12.35	12.57	12.66	12.46	12.60	12.55	
	802.11n	5700	140	12.54	12.58	12.54	12.80	12.73	12.67	12.77	12.68	
	802.11n	5745	149	13.28	13.06	13.13	13.32	13.40	13.32	13.36	13.39	
	802.11n	5765	153	13.31	13.05	13.16	13.31	13.42	13.35	13.37	13.38	
	802.11n	5785	157	13.11	12.91	12.91	13.16	13.29	13.17	13.12	13.21	
	802.11n	5805	161	13.10	12.87	12.91	13.16	13.20	13.06	13.14	13.21	
	802.11n	5825	165	13.13	13.00	12.98	13.25	13.24	13.16	13.23	13.25	

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Table 8-7
MIMO IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 20 MHz Bandwidth

20MHz 802.11n (5GHz)	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]
					Data Rate [Mbps]
					13
MIMO		802.11n	5180	36*	12.55
		802.11n	5200	40	12.59
		802.11n	5220	44	12.46
		802.11n	5240	48*	12.43
		802.11n	5260	52*	12.30
		802.11n	5280	56	12.25
		802.11n	5300	60	12.23
		802.11n	5320	64*	12.44
		802.11n	5500	100	12.63
		802.11n	5520	104*	12.57
		802.11n	5540	108	12.52
		802.11n	5560	112	12.54
		802.11n	5580	116*	12.54
		802.11n	5600	120	N/A
		802.11n	5620	124	N/A
		802.11n	5640	128	N/A
		802.11n	5660	132	12.47
		802.11n	5680	136*	12.48
		802.11n	5700	140	12.49
		802.11n	5745	149*	12.99
		802.11n	5765	153	13.01
		802.11n	5785	157*	12.94
		802.11n	5805	161	12.98
		802.11n	5825	165*	12.98

Table 8-8
SISO IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 40 MHz Bandwidth

40MHz 802.11n (5GHz)	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	40MHz BW 802.11n (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]							
					Data Rate [Mbps]							
					13.5	27	40.5	54	81	108	121.5	135
Antenna 1	802.11n	5190	38	12.21	12.23	12.28	12.44	12.45	12.47	12.49	12.40	
		5230	46	12.04	11.99	12.09	12.23	12.27	12.30	12.33	12.25	
		5270	54	12.14	12.22	12.30	12.37	12.45	12.34	12.44	12.45	
		5310	62	12.08	12.22	12.21	12.26	12.42	12.26	12.40	12.41	
		5510	102	11.90	11.91	11.90	12.09	12.14	12.13	12.18	12.14	
		5550	110	11.90	11.90	11.83	12.09	12.14	12.13	12.17	12.06	
		5590	118	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
		5630	126	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
		5670	134	11.77	11.72	11.80	12.02	11.98	11.98	11.99	11.99	
		5755	151	11.91	11.88	11.76	12.12	12.03	12.10	12.09	12.03	
		5795	159	11.86	11.82	11.71	12.09	12.01	12.06	12.01	12.03	
	802.11n	5190	38	11.64	11.70	11.60	11.80	11.81	11.78	11.83	11.84	
		5230	46	11.51	11.60	11.53	11.73	11.67	11.65	11.65	11.68	
		5270	54	12.13	12.08	12.09	12.22	12.18	12.21	12.23	12.17	
		5310	62	12.16	12.13	12.08	12.27	12.21	12.21	12.31	12.19	
		5510	102	12.08	12.21	12.17	12.22	12.33	12.28	12.27	12.22	
		5550	110	12.05	12.13	12.12	12.19	12.25	12.24	12.23	12.19	
		5590	118	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
		5630	126	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
		5670	134	11.98	12.11	12.02	12.11	12.22	12.24	12.18	12.14	
		5755	151	11.75	11.72	11.60	11.86	11.88	11.87	11.90	11.84	
		5795	159	11.73	11.73	11.58	11.80	11.91	11.86	11.95	11.81	

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Table 8-9
MIMO IEEE 802.11n Average RF Power – 40 MHz Bandwidth

40MHz 802.11n (5GHz)	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	40MHz 802.11n (5GHz)
					Data Rate [Mbps]
					27
MIMO		802.11n	5190	38	11.65
		802.11n	5230	46	11.49
		802.11n	5270	54	11.81
		802.11n	5310	62	11.79
		802.11n	5510	102	11.65
		802.11n	5550	110	11.64
		802.11n	5590	118	N/A
		802.11n	5630	126	N/A
		802.11n	5670	134	11.54
		802.11n	5755	151	11.52
		802.11n	5795	159	11.48

Table 8-10
SISO IEEE 802.11ac Average RF Power – 80 MHz Bandwidth

80MHz 802.11ac (5GHz)	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	80MHz BW 802.11ac (5GHz) Conducted Power [dBm]									
					Data Rate [Mbps]									
					29.3	58.5	87.8	117	175.5	234	263.3	292.5	351	390
Antenna 1		802.11ac	5210	42	11.05	10.91	10.80	10.41	10.45	10.41	10.42	10.46	11.28	10.50
		802.11ac	5290	58	10.56	10.73	10.02	10.53	10.65	10.71	10.66	10.63	10.51	10.61
		802.11ac	5530	106	10.90	11.08	11.06	10.48	10.92	10.93	11.10	11.06	11.01	11.08
		802.11ac	5775	155	10.76	10.85	10.66	10.92	10.99	10.98	10.99	10.74	10.99	10.96
Antenna 2		802.11ac	5210	42	11.11	11.09	10.97	10.51	10.56	10.61	10.61	10.59	10.50	10.65
		802.11ac	5290	58	10.70	10.68	10.45	10.92	10.92	10.92	10.91	10.88	10.94	10.94
		802.11ac	5530	106	10.73	10.58	10.45	10.92	10.94	10.83	10.83	10.84	10.92	10.96
		802.11ac	5775	155	11.19	11.04	11.07	10.64	10.73	10.52	10.50	10.60	10.61	10.58

Table 8-11
MIMO IEEE 802.11ac Average RF Power – 80 MHz Bandwidth

80MHz 802.11ac (5GHz)	Antenna	Mode	Freq [MHz]	Channel	80MHz 802.11ac (5GHz)
					Data Rate [Mbps]
					58.5
MIMO		802.11ac	5210	42	10.95
		802.11ac	5290	58	10.97
		802.11ac	5530	106	11.18
		802.11ac	5775	155	11.29

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Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012/April 2013 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes:

- For 2.4 GHz SISO operations, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 SISO modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
- For 5 GHz SISO operations, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11a were selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 SISO modes (including 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
- Full SAR tests for all SISO IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac in SISO mode was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.
- For MIMO 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz operations, the highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for IEEE 802.11n (20 MHz bandwidth) was selected for SAR evaluation. Other IEEE 802.11 modes and bandwidths were not investigated for MIMO operations since the maximum allowed output power (including tolerance) was not higher for these modes.
- Per FCC KDB 662911 D01v02r01, the individual spectra for each 2x2 MIMO WIFI Antenna were summed mathematically in linear power units for the MIMO output power measurements.
- When the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is <1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is <0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other channels is not required. Otherwise, the other default (or corresponding required) test channels were additionally tested using the lowest data rate.
- The bolded data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

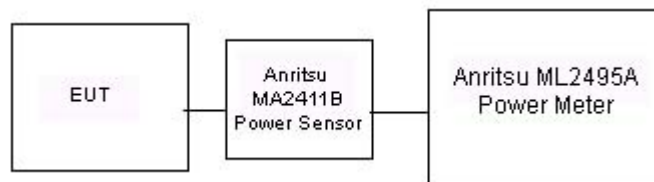


Figure 8-3
Power Measurement Setup for Bandwidths < 50 MHz

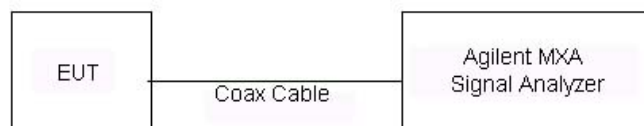


Figure 8-4
Power Measurement Setup for Bandwidths > 50 MHz

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9 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

9.1 Tissue Verification

Table 9-1
Measured Tissue Properties

Calibrated for Tests Performed on:	Tissue Type	Tissue Temp During Calibration (C°)	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ	TARGET Conductivity, σ (S/m)	TARGET Dielectric Constant, ϵ	% dev σ	% dev ϵ
08/11/2014	835H	23.0	820	0.919	42.613	0.899	41.578	2.22%	2.49%
			835	0.932	42.444	0.900	41.500	3.56%	2.27%
			850	0.946	42.259	0.916	41.500	3.28%	1.83%
07/29/2014	1900H	22.9	1850	1.348	39.198	1.400	40.000	-3.71%	-2.01%
			1880	1.376	39.077	1.400	40.000	-1.71%	-2.31%
			1910	1.407	38.963	1.400	40.000	0.50%	-2.59%
07/28/2014	2450H	22.9	2401	1.822	38.153	1.756	39.287	3.76%	-2.89%
			2450	1.881	37.956	1.800	39.200	4.50%	-3.17%
			2499	1.935	37.744	1.853	39.138	4.43%	-3.56%
08/04/2014	5200H-5800H	23.2	5180	4.535	36.373	4.635	36.009	-2.16%	1.01%
			5200	4.548	36.316	4.655	35.986	-2.30%	0.92%
			5220	4.580	36.284	4.676	35.963	-2.05%	0.89%
			5260	4.634	36.246	4.717	35.917	-1.76%	0.92%
			5280	4.640	36.269	4.737	35.894	-2.05%	1.04%
			5300	4.645	36.227	4.758	35.871	-2.37%	0.99%
			5320	4.662	36.175	4.778	35.849	-2.43%	0.91%
			5500	4.851	35.965	4.963	35.643	-2.26%	0.90%
			5520	4.878	35.940	4.983	35.620	-2.11%	0.90%
			5540	4.889	35.951	5.004	35.597	-2.30%	0.99%
			5600	4.941	35.807	5.065	35.529	-2.45%	0.78%
			5700	5.039	35.710	5.168	35.414	-2.50%	0.84%
			5745	5.106	35.654	5.214	35.363	-2.07%	0.82%
			5765	5.123	35.644	5.234	35.340	-2.12%	0.86%
			5785	5.136	35.632	5.255	35.317	-2.26%	0.89%
			5800	5.145	35.585	5.270	35.300	-2.37%	0.81%
			5825	5.157	35.540	5.296	35.271	-2.62%	0.76%
08/14/2014	835B	23.1	820	0.983	53.141	0.969	55.258	1.44%	-3.83%
			835	0.997	53.013	0.970	55.200	2.78%	-3.96%
			850	1.011	52.849	0.988	55.154	2.33%	-4.18%
07/31/2014	1900B	22.9	1850	1.467	53.578	1.520	53.300	-3.49%	0.52%
			1880	1.501	53.483	1.520	53.300	-1.25%	0.34%
			1910	1.538	53.387	1.520	53.300	1.18%	0.16%
07/28/2014	2450B	23.0	2401	1.868	51.289	1.903	52.765	-1.84%	-2.80%
			2450	1.937	51.122	1.950	52.700	-0.67%	-2.99%
			2499	1.998	50.959	2.019	52.638	-1.04%	-3.19%
07/28/2014	5200B-5800B	24.0	5180	5.222	48.082	5.276	49.041	-1.02%	-1.96%
			5200	5.265	48.007	5.299	49.014	-0.64%	-2.05%
			5220	5.288	47.986	5.323	48.987	-0.66%	-2.04%
			5260	5.333	47.932	5.369	48.933	-0.67%	-2.05%
			5280	5.367	47.884	5.393	48.906	-0.48%	-2.09%
			5300	5.387	47.819	5.416	48.879	-0.54%	-2.17%
			5320	5.428	47.777	5.439	48.851	-0.20%	-2.20%
			5500	5.666	47.408	5.650	48.607	0.28%	-2.47%
			5520	5.703	47.349	5.673	48.580	0.53%	-2.53%
			5540	5.731	47.285	5.696	48.553	0.61%	-2.61%
			5600	5.797	47.268	5.766	48.471	0.54%	-2.48%
			5700	5.932	47.154	5.883	48.336	0.83%	-2.45%
			5745	5.961	47.063	5.936	48.275	0.42%	-2.51%
			5765	6.012	46.976	5.959	48.248	0.89%	-2.64%
			5785	6.028	47.045	5.982	48.220	0.77%	-2.44%
			5800	6.048	47.032	6.000	48.200	0.80%	-2.42%
			5825	6.074	47.024	6.029	48.166	0.75%	-2.37%

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB Publication 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

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9.2 Test System Verification

Prior to SAR assessment, the system is verified to $\pm 10\%$ of the SAR measurement on the reference dipole at the time of calibration by the calibration facility. Full system validation status and result summary can be found in Appendix E.

Table 9-2
System Verification Results – 1g SAR

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation _{1g} (%)
D	835	HEAD	08/11/2014	24.0	23.0	0.100	4d119	3263	0.950	9.220	9.500	3.04%
I	1900	HEAD	07/29/2014	23.4	22.9	0.100	5d141	3209	4.030	40.100	40.300	0.50%
J	2450	HEAD	07/28/2014	22.8	22.9	0.100	797	3332	5.520	51.800	55.200	6.56%
E	5200	HEAD	08/04/2014	23.5	23.2	0.100	1057	3914	7.630	78.000	76.300	-2.18%
E	5300	HEAD	08/04/2014	23.6	23.3	0.100	1057	3914	7.990	83.000	79.900	-3.73%
E	5500	HEAD	08/04/2014	23.6	23.3	0.100	1057	3914	7.850	84.300	78.500	-6.88%
E	5600	HEAD	08/04/2014	23.7	23.3	0.100	1057	3914	7.930	83.500	79.300	-5.03%
E	5800	HEAD	08/04/2014	23.7	23.3	0.100	1057	3914	7.790	79.300	77.900	-1.77%
D	835	BODY	08/14/2014	23.9	23.1	0.100	4d119	3263	0.912	9.340	9.120	-2.36%
K	1900	BODY	07/31/2014	24.5	23.2	0.100	5d141	3287	4.160	40.600	41.600	2.46%
H	2450	BODY	07/28/2014	23.4	23.0	0.100	797	3319	5.120	49.400	51.200	3.64%
A	5200	BODY	07/28/2014	24.5	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	7.730	72.600	77.300	6.47%
A	5300	BODY	07/28/2014	24.4	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	7.850	74.700	78.500	5.09%
A	5500	BODY	07/28/2014	24.4	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	7.890	75.900	78.900	3.95%
A	5600	BODY	07/28/2014	24.4	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	7.630	77.300	76.300	-1.29%
A	5800	BODY	07/28/2014	24.5	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	7.180	72.900	71.800	-1.51%

Table 9-3
System Verification Results – 10g SAR

System Verification TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Tissue Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Date:	Amb. Temp (°C)	Liquid Temp (°C)	Input Power (W)	Dipole SN	Probe SN	Measured SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	1 W Target SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Deviation _{10g} (%)
A	5200	BODY	07/28/2014	24.5	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	2.200	20.200	22.000	8.91%
A	5300	BODY	07/28/2014	24.4	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	2.190	20.800	21.900	5.29%
A	5500	BODY	07/28/2014	24.4	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	2.220	21.000	22.200	5.71%
A	5600	BODY	07/28/2014	24.4	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	2.120	21.500	21.200	-1.40%
A	5800	BODY	07/28/2014	24.5	23.8	0.100	1007	3920	2.000	20.100	20.000	-0.50%

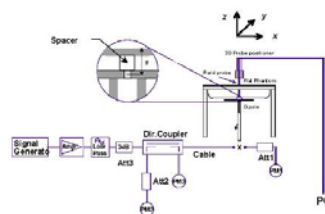


Figure 9-1
System Verification Setup Diagram



Figure 9-2
System Verification Setup Photo

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10 SAR DATA SUMMARY

10.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

Table 10-1
GSM 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	31.74	0.01	Right	Cheek	B19CA	1:8.3	0.057	1.337	0.076	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	31.74	0.02	Right	Tilt	B19CA	1:8.3	0.041	1.337	0.055	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	31.74	0.04	Left	Cheek	B19CA	1:8.3	0.108	1.337	0.144	A1
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	31.74	0.01	Left	Tilt	B19CA	1:8.3	0.042	1.337	0.056	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 10-2
UMTS 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	0.03	Right	Cheek	B19CA	1:1	0.073	1.040	0.076	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	0.05	Right	Tilt	B19CA	1:1	0.050	1.040	0.052	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	0.05	Left	Cheek	B19CA	1:1	0.136	1.040	0.141	A2
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	0.02	Left	Tilt	B19CA	1:1	0.057	1.040	0.059	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 10-3
GSM 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.23	0.06	Right	Cheek	B19C7	1:8.3	0.013	1.194	0.016	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.23	0.04	Right	Tilt	B19C7	1:8.3	0.008	1.194	0.010	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.23	0.05	Left	Cheek	B19C7	1:8.3	0.022	1.194	0.026	A3
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.23	0.06	Left	Tilt	B19C7	1:8.3	0.009	1.194	0.011	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

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Table 10-4
UMTS 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.										(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	0.08	Right	Cheek	B19C7	1:1	0.026	1.211	0.031	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	0.02	Right	Tilt	B19C7	1:1	0.016	1.211	0.019	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	-0.11	Left	Cheek	B19C7	1:1	0.060	1.211	0.073	A4
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	0.03	Left	Tilt	B19C7	1:1	0.018	1.211	0.022	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 10-5
DTS Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Antenna Config.	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.20	0.02	Right	Cheek	1	F1A0E	1	1:1	0.053	1.072	0.057	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.20	0.03	Right	Tilt	1	F1A0E	1	1:1	0.018	1.072	0.019	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.20	-0.16	Left	Cheek	1	F1A0E	1	1:1	0.058	1.072	0.062	A5
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.20	0.10	Left	Tilt	1	F1A0E	1	1:1	0.004	1.072	0.004	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.33	0.13	Right	Cheek	2	F1A0E	1	1:1	0.011	1.040	0.011	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.33	0.08	Right	Tilt	2	F1A0E	1	1:1	0.006	1.040	0.006	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.33	0.07	Left	Cheek	2	F1A0E	1	1:1	0.002	1.040	0.002	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.33	0.02	Left	Tilt	2	F1A0E	1	1:1	0.002	1.040	0.002	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	16.5	16.18	0.03	Right	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0E	13	1:1	0.020	1.076	0.022	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	16.5	16.18	0.07	Right	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0E	13	1:1	0.006	1.076	0.006	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	16.5	16.18	-0.10	Left	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0E	13	1:1	0.017	1.076	0.018	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	16.5	16.18	0.20	Left	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0E	13	1:1	0.002	1.076	0.002	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.58	0.00	Right	Cheek	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.236	0.000	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.58	0.20	Right	Tilt	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.002	1.236	0.002	A6
5775	155	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.76	0.00	Right	Tilt	1	F1A0F	29.3	1:1	0.000	1.186	0.000	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.58	0.00	Left	Cheek	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.236	0.000	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.58	0.00	Left	Tilt	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.236	0.000	
5825	165	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.22	0.00	Right	Cheek	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.067	0.000	
5825	165	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.22	0.09	Right	Tilt	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.001	1.067	0.001	
5775	155	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.19	0.00	Right	Tilt	2	F1A0F	29.3	1:1	0.000	1.074	0.000	
5825	165	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.22	0.00	Left	Cheek	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.067	0.000	
5825	165	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.22	0.00	Left	Tilt	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.067	0.000	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	13.01	0.00	Right	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.119	0.000	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	13.01	0.00	Right	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.119	0.000	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	13.01	0.00	Left	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.119	0.000	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	13.01	0.00	Left	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.119	0.000	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

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Table 10-6
NII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Side	Test Position	Antenna Config.	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.63	0.00	Right	Cheek	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.222	0.000	
5210	42	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.05	0.00	Right	Cheek	1	F1A0F	29.3	1:1	0.000	1.109	0.000	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.63	0.00	Right	Tilt	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.222	0.000	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.63	0.00	Left	Cheek	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.222	0.000	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.63	0.00	Left	Tilt	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.222	0.000	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.98	0.00	Right	Cheek	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.127	0.000	
5290	58	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.56	0.00	Right	Cheek	1	F1A0F	29.3	1:1	0.000	1.242	0.000	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.98	0.00	Right	Tilt	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.127	0.000	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.98	0.00	Left	Cheek	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.127	0.000	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.98	0.00	Left	Tilt	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.127	0.000	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.65	0.19	Right	Cheek	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.003	1.216	0.004	A7
5530	106	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.90	0.00	Right	Cheek	1	F1A0F	29.3	1:1	0.000	1.148	0.000	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.65	0.07	Right	Tilt	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.002	1.216	0.002	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.65	0.20	Left	Cheek	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.001	1.216	0.001	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.65	0.09	Left	Tilt	1	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.216	0.000	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.14	0.00	Right	Cheek	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.086	0.000	
5210	42	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.11	0.00	Right	Cheek	2	F1A0F	29.3	1:1	0.000	1.094	0.000	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.14	0.00	Right	Tilt	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.086	0.000	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.14	0.00	Left	Cheek	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.086	0.000	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.14	0.00	Left	Tilt	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.086	0.000	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.70	0.00	Right	Cheek	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.202	0.000	
5290	58	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.70	0.00	Right	Cheek	2	F1A0F	29.3	1:1	0.000	1.202	0.000	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.70	0.00	Right	Tilt	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.202	0.000	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.70	0.00	Left	Cheek	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.202	0.000	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.70	0.00	Left	Tilt	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.202	0.000	
5700	140	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.21	0.00	Right	Cheek	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.069	0.000	
5530	106	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.73	0.00	Right	Cheek	2	F1A0F	29.3	1:1	0.000	1.194	0.000	
5700	140	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.21	0.00	Right	Tilt	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.069	0.000	
5700	140	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.21	0.00	Left	Cheek	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.069	0.000	
5700	140	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.21	0.00	Left	Tilt	2	F1A0F	6	1:1	0.000	1.069	0.000	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.59	0.00	Right	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.233	0.000	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.59	0.00	Right	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.233	0.000	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.59	0.00	Left	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.233	0.000	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.59	0.00	Left	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.233	0.000	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.44	0.00	Right	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.276	0.000	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.44	0.00	Right	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.276	0.000	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.44	0.00	Left	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.276	0.000	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.44	0.00	Left	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.276	0.000	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.63	0.00	Right	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.222	0.000	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.63	0.00	Right	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.222	0.000	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.63	0.00	Left	Cheek	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.222	0.000	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.63	0.00	Left	Tilt	MIMO	F1A0F	13	1:1	0.000	1.222	0.000	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

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10.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Data

Table 10-7
GSM/UMTS Body-Worn SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GSM	33.0	31.74	0.08	10 mm	B19CA	1	1:8.3	back	0.528	1.337	0.706	A8
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	-0.05	10 mm	B19CA	N/A	1:1	back	0.575	1.040	0.598	A10
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GSM	30.0	29.23	-0.09	10 mm	B19C7	1	1:8.3	back	0.185	1.194	0.221	A11
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	-0.10	10 mm	B19C7	N/A	1:1	back	0.293	1.211	0.355	A13
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT							Body								
Spatial Peak							1.6 W/kg (mW/g)								
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							averaged over 1 gram								

Table 10-8
DTS Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Antenna Config.	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.20	0.06	10 mm	1	F1A0E	1	back	1:1	0.012	1.072	0.013	A15
2412	1	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.33	0.00	10 mm	2	F1A0E	1	back	1:1	0.000	1.040	0.000	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	16.5	16.18	0.00	10 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.000	1.076	0.000	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.58	0.14	10 mm	1	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.087	1.236	0.108	
5775	155	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.76	0.12	10 mm	1	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.043	1.186	0.051	
5825	165	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.22	0.05	10 mm	2	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.034	1.067	0.036	
5775	155	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.19	-0.03	10 mm	2	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.015	1.074	0.016	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	13.01	0.03	10 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.091	1.119	0.102	A16
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

Table 10-9
NII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Antenna Config.	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.63	0.09	10 mm	1	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.033	1.222	0.040	
5210	42	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.05	0.08	10 mm	1	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.016	1.109	0.018	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.98	0.13	10 mm	1	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.036	1.127	0.041	
5290	58	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.56	0.10	10 mm	1	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.023	1.242	0.029	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.65	0.10	10 mm	1	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.076	1.216	0.092	
5530	106	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.90	0.03	10 mm	1	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.042	1.148	0.048	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.14	-0.09	10 mm	2	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.024	1.086	0.026	
5210	42	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.11	-0.07	10 mm	2	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.016	1.094	0.018	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.70	0.06	10 mm	2	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.020	1.202	0.024	
5290	58	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.70	0.05	10 mm	2	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.018	1.202	0.022	
5700	140	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.21	0.02	10 mm	2	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.037	1.069	0.040	
5530	106	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.73	0.02	10 mm	2	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.020	1.194	0.024	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.59	0.06	10 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.024	1.233	0.030	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.44	0.13	10 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.044	1.276	0.056	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.63	0.10	10 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.085	1.222	0.104	A17
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

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10.3 Standalone Wireless Router SAR Data

Table 10-10
GPRS/UMTS Hotspot SAR Data

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Device Serial Number	# of GPRS Slots	Duty Cycle	Side	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.											(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	28.0	26.51	0.12	10 mm	B19CA	3	1:2.76	back	0.413	1.409	0.582	A9
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	28.0	26.51	0.03	10 mm	B19CA	3	1:2.76	front	0.458	1.409	0.645	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	28.0	26.51	0.07	10 mm	B19CA	3	1:2.76	bottom	0.246	1.409	0.347	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	28.0	26.51	0.13	10 mm	B19CA	3	1:2.76	right	0.020	1.409	0.028	
836.60	190	GSM 850	GPRS	28.0	26.51	0.07	10 mm	B19CA	3	1:2.76	left	0.205	1.409	0.289	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	-0.05	10 mm	B19CA	N/A	1:1	back	0.575	1.040	0.598	A10
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	0.02	10 mm	B19CA	N/A	1:1	front	0.568	1.040	0.591	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	-0.08	10 mm	B19CA	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.285	1.040	0.296	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	-0.20	10 mm	B19CA	N/A	1:1	right	0.033	1.040	0.034	
836.60	4183	UMTS 850	RMC	24.0	23.83	0.05	10 mm	B19CA	N/A	1:1	left	0.245	1.040	0.255	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.5	26.59	-0.03	10 mm	B19C7	2	1:4.15	back	0.176	1.552	0.273	A12
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.5	26.59	0.15	10 mm	B19C7	2	1:4.15	front	0.189	1.552	0.293	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.5	26.59	-0.04	10 mm	B19C7	2	1:4.15	bottom	0.346	1.552	0.537	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.5	26.59	-0.04	10 mm	B19C7	2	1:4.15	right	0.006	1.552	0.009	
1880.00	661	GSM 1900	GPRS	28.5	26.59	-0.11	10 mm	B19C7	2	1:4.15	left	0.039	1.552	0.061	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	-0.10	10 mm	B19C7	N/A	1:1	back	0.293	1.211	0.355	A14
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	-0.02	10 mm	B19C7	N/A	1:1	front	0.313	1.211	0.379	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	-0.05	10 mm	B19C7	N/A	1:1	bottom	0.619	1.211	0.750	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	0.07	10 mm	B19C7	N/A	1:1	right	0.015	1.211	0.018	
1880.00	9400	UMTS 1900	RMC	23.5	22.67	0.05	10 mm	B19C7	N/A	1:1	left	0.080	1.211	0.097	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Table 10-11
WLAN Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Antenna Config.	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (1g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (1g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.20	0.06	10 mm	1	F1A0E	1	back	1:1	0.012	1.072	0.013	A15
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.20	0.05	10 mm	1	F1A0E	1	front	1:1	0.003	1.072	0.003	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.20	0.00	10 mm	1	F1A0E	1	top	1:1	0.000	1.072	0.000	
2437	6	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.20	0.10	10 mm	1	F1A0E	1	left	1:1	0.005	1.072	0.005	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.33	0.00	10 mm	2	F1A0E	1	back	1:1	0.000	1.040	0.000	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.33	0.00	10 mm	2	F1A0E	1	front	1:1	0.000	1.040	0.000	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11b	DSSS	17.5	17.33	0.00	10 mm	2	F1A0E	1	top	1:1	0.000	1.040	0.000	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	16.5	16.18	0.03	10 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.000	1.076	0.000	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	16.5	16.18	0.03	10 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	front	1:1	0.000	1.076	0.000	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	16.5	16.18	0.00	10 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	top	1:1	0.000	1.076	0.000	
2412	1	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	16.5	16.18	0.00	10 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	left	1:1	0.000	1.076	0.000	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram									

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10.4 Standalone Hand SAR Data

Table 10-12
WLAN Hand SAR – Ant 1

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Antenna Config.	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (10g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (10g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.58	-0.03	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.212	1.236	0.262	A18
5775	155	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.76	0.13	0 mm	1	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.139	1.186	0.165	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.58	0.02	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	front	1:1	0.053	1.236	0.066	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.58	0.03	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	top	1:1	0.030	1.236	0.037	
5745	149	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.58	-0.05	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	left	1:1	0.069	1.236	0.085	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.63	0.02	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.121	1.222	0.148	
5210	42	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.05	0.13	0 mm	1	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.072	1.109	0.080	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.63	0.04	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	front	1:1	0.033	1.222	0.040	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.63	0.07	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	top	1:1	0.023	1.222	0.028	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.63	0.02	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	left	1:1	0.045	1.222	0.055	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.98	0.21	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.129	1.127	0.145	
5290	58	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.56	0.05	0 mm	1	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.075	1.242	0.093	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.98	0.02	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	front	1:1	0.031	1.127	0.035	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.98	-0.07	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	top	1:1	0.021	1.127	0.024	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.98	0.12	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	left	1:1	0.048	1.127	0.054	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.65	0.04	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.228	1.216	0.277	A19
5530	106	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.90	0.12	0 mm	1	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.153	1.148	0.176	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.65	0.04	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	front	1:1	0.065	1.216	0.079	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.65	0.03	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	top	1:1	0.037	1.216	0.045	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.65	0.02	0 mm	1	F1A0E	6	left	1:1	0.081	1.216	0.098	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Hand 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 grams									

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Table 10-13
WLAN Hand SAR – Ant 2

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Antenna Config.	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (10g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (10g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
5825	165	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.22	-0.02	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.103	1.067	0.110	
5775	155	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.19	-0.18	0 mm	2	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.024	1.074	0.026	
5825	165	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.22	0.07	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	front	1:1	0.008	1.067	0.009	
5825	165	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.22	-0.07	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	top	1:1	0.020	1.067	0.021	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.14	-0.02	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.087	1.086	0.094	
5210	42	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	11.11	-0.18	0 mm	2	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.024	1.094	0.026	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.14	0.08	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	front	1:1	0.036	1.086	0.039	
5180	36	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.14	-0.10	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	top	1:1	0.015	1.086	0.016	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.70	-0.03	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.092	1.202	0.111	
5290	58	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.70	-0.18	0 mm	2	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.021	1.202	0.025	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.70	-0.10	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	front	1:1	0.035	1.202	0.042	
5260	52	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	13.70	-0.06	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	top	1:1	0.018	1.202	0.022	
5700	140	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.21	-0.03	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	back	1:1	0.126	1.069	0.135	
5530	106	IEEE 802.11ac	OFDM	11.5	10.73	-0.10	0 mm	2	F1A0E	29.3	back	1:1	0.021	1.194	0.025	
5700	140	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.21	-0.02	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	front	1:1	0.050	1.069	0.053	
5700	140	IEEE 802.11a	OFDM	14.5	14.21	-0.05	0 mm	2	F1A0E	6	top	1:1	0.019	1.069	0.020	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Hand 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 grams									

Table 10-14
WLAN Hand SAR – MIMO

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Power Drift [dB]	Spacing	Antenna Config.	Device Serial Number	Data Rate (Mbps)	Side	Duty Cycle	SAR (10g)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR (10g)	Plot #
MHz	Ch.												(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	13.01	-0.03	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.117	1.119	0.131	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	13.01	-0.07	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	front	1:1	0.049	1.119	0.055	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	13.01	0.07	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	top	1:1	0.024	1.119	0.027	
5765	153	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	13.01	0.07	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	left	1:1	0.034	1.119	0.038	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.59	0.02	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.046	1.233	0.057	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.59	0.03	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	front	1:1	0.021	1.233	0.026	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.59	0.07	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	top	1:1	0.022	1.233	0.027	
5200	40	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.59	0.03	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	left	1:1	0.022	1.233	0.027	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.44	-0.20	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.055	1.276	0.070	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.44	-0.04	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	front	1:1	0.019	1.276	0.024	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.44	0.13	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	top	1:1	0.014	1.276	0.018	
5320	64	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.44	-0.04	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	left	1:1	0.026	1.276	0.033	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.63	-0.15	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	back	1:1	0.106	1.222	0.130	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.63	0.03	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	front	1:1	0.052	1.222	0.064	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.63	0.15	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	top	1:1	0.026	1.222	0.032	
5500	100	IEEE 802.11n	OFDM	13.5	12.63	-0.04	0 mm	MIMO	F1A0E	13	left	1:1	0.039	1.222	0.048	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 1992 - SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							Hand 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 grams									

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10.5 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units.
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported body-worn SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.
8. Per FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01, variability SAR tests were not performed when the measured SAR results for a frequency band were not greater than 0.8 W/kg. Please see Section 12 for additional information.
9. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated (See Section 5.6 for more details).

GSM Test Notes:

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D03v01 and October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR. When the maximum frame-averaged powers are equivalent across two or more slots (within 0.25 dB), the configuration with the most number of time slots was tested.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.
4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r01, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater 160 mm and less than 200 mm. However, hand SAR tests were not required since Hotspot SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

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UMTS Notes:

1. UMTS mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v02. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.
3. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r01, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater 160 mm and less than 200 mm. However, hand SAR tests were not required since Hotspot SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

WLAN Notes:

1. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for 2.4 GHz WIFI SISO operations: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11b. Other SISO IEEE 802.11 modes (including 802.11g/n) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11b mode.
2. Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02 and October 2012 FCC/TCB Meeting Notes for SISO 5 GHz WIFI operations: Highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate was selected for SAR evaluation in 802.11a. Other IEEE SISO 802.11 modes (including 802.11n 20 MHz and 40 MHz bandwidths) were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of IEEE 802.11a mode.
3. Per April 2013 TCB Workshop notes, full SISO SAR tests for all IEEE 802.11ac configurations were not required because the average output power was not more than 0.25 dB higher than IEEE 802.11a mode. IEEE 802.11ac SISO was evaluated for the highest IEEE 802.11a position in each 5 GHz band and exposure condition.
4. When Hotspot is enabled, all 5 GHz bands are disabled. Therefore no 5 GHz WIFI Wireless Router SAR Data was required.
5. Per KDB 248227, SAR for MIMO was measured with both transmitting simultaneously and was evaluated in dependently of SISO operation. For 2.4 GHz MIMO, IEEE 802.11n was evaluated. For 5 GHz MIMO, 20 MHz bandwidth for IEEE 802.11n was evaluated.
6. WIFI transmission was verified using an uncalibrated spectrum analyzer.
7. Since the maximum extrapolated peak SAR of the zoom scan for the maximum output channel is < 1.6 W/kg and the reported 1g averaged SAR is < 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels was not required.
8. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r01, this device is considered a "phablet" since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160mm and less than 200 mm. Therefore, extremity SAR tests are required when hotspot mode does not apply or if hotspot 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. Because wireless router operations are not supported for 5 GHz WIFI, hand SAR was evaluated for 5 GHz WIFI. However, hand SAR was not evaluated for 2.4 GHz WIFI since Hotspot SAR for 2.4 GHz WIFI were < 1.2 W/kg.
9. Since the reported 10g averaged SAR is less than 2.0 W/kg, SAR testing on other default channels for hand SAR was not required.

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11 FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

11.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11a/b/g/n/ac and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

11.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 IV.C.1.iii and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v05 4.3.2 2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} * \frac{(\text{Max Power of channel, mW})}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Table 11-1
Estimated SAR

Mode	Frequency	Maximum Allowed Power	Separation Distance (Body)	Estimated SAR (Body)
	[MHz]	[dBm]	[mm]	[W/kg]
Bluetooth	2480	12.00	10	0.336

Note: Held-to ear configurations are not applicable to Bluetooth operations and therefore were not considered for simultaneous transmission. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v05, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Main antenna SAR testing was not required for extremity exposure conditions per FCC KDB 648474. Therefore, no further analysis was required to determine that possible simultaneous scenarios would not exceed the SAR limit.

11.3 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 11-2
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.057	0.133	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.057	0.133
	Right Tilt	0.055	0.019	0.074		Right Tilt	0.052	0.019	0.071
	Left Cheek	0.144	0.062	0.206		Left Cheek	0.141	0.062	0.203
	Left Tilt	0.056	0.004	0.060		Left Tilt	0.059	0.004	0.063

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Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.016	0.057	0.073	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.031	0.057	0.088
	Right Tilt	0.010	0.019	0.029		Right Tilt	0.019	0.019	0.038
	Left Cheek	0.026	0.062	0.088		Left Cheek	0.073	0.062	0.135
	Left Tilt	0.011	0.004	0.015		Left Tilt	0.022	0.004	0.026

Table 11-3
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.011	0.087	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.011	0.087
	Right Tilt	0.055	0.006	0.061		Right Tilt	0.052	0.006	0.058
	Left Cheek	0.144	0.002	0.146		Left Cheek	0.141	0.002	0.143
	Left Tilt	0.056	0.002	0.058		Left Tilt	0.059	0.002	0.061
Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.016	0.011	0.027	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.031	0.011	0.042
	Right Tilt	0.010	0.006	0.016		Right Tilt	0.019	0.006	0.025
	Left Cheek	0.026	0.002	0.028		Left Cheek	0.073	0.002	0.075
	Left Tilt	0.011	0.002	0.013		Left Tilt	0.022	0.002	0.024

Table 11-4
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.022	0.098	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.022	0.098
	Right Tilt	0.055	0.006	0.061		Right Tilt	0.052	0.006	0.058
	Left Cheek	0.144	0.018	0.162		Left Cheek	0.141	0.018	0.159
	Left Tilt	0.056	0.002	0.058		Left Tilt	0.059	0.002	0.061
Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.016	0.022	0.038	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.031	0.022	0.053
	Right Tilt	0.010	0.006	0.016		Right Tilt	0.019	0.006	0.025
	Left Cheek	0.026	0.018	0.044		Left Cheek	0.073	0.018	0.091
	Left Tilt	0.011	0.002	0.013		Left Tilt	0.022	0.002	0.024

Table 11-5
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN Ant 1 (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.004	0.080	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.004	0.080
	Right Tilt	0.055	0.002	0.057		Right Tilt	0.052	0.002	0.054
	Left Cheek	0.144	0.001	0.145		Left Cheek	0.141	0.001	0.142
	Left Tilt	0.056	0.000	0.056		Left Tilt	0.059	0.000	0.059
Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.016	0.004	0.020	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.031	0.004	0.035
	Right Tilt	0.010	0.002	0.012		Right Tilt	0.019	0.002	0.021
	Left Cheek	0.026	0.001	0.027		Left Cheek	0.073	0.001	0.074
	Left Tilt	0.011	0.000	0.011		Left Tilt	0.022	0.000	0.022

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Table 11-6
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN Ant 2 (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.000	0.076	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.000	0.076
	Right Tilt	0.055	0.001	0.056		Right Tilt	0.052	0.001	0.053
	Left Cheek	0.144	0.000	0.144		Left Cheek	0.141	0.000	0.141
	Left Tilt	0.056	0.000	0.056		Left Tilt	0.059	0.000	0.059
Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.016	0.000	0.016	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.031	0.000	0.031
	Right Tilt	0.010	0.001	0.011		Right Tilt	0.019	0.001	0.020
	Left Cheek	0.026	0.000	0.026		Left Cheek	0.073	0.000	0.073
	Left Tilt	0.011	0.000	0.011		Left Tilt	0.022	0.000	0.022

Table 11-7
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN MIMO (Held to Ear)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.000	0.076	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.076	0.000	0.076
	Right Tilt	0.055	0.000	0.055		Right Tilt	0.052	0.000	0.052
	Left Cheek	0.144	0.000	0.144		Left Cheek	0.141	0.000	0.141
	Left Tilt	0.056	0.000	0.056		Left Tilt	0.059	0.000	0.059
Simult Tx	Configuration	GSM 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.016	0.000	0.016	Head SAR	Right Cheek	0.031	0.000	0.031
	Right Tilt	0.010	0.000	0.010		Right Tilt	0.019	0.000	0.019
	Left Cheek	0.026	0.000	0.026		Left Cheek	0.073	0.000	0.073
	Left Tilt	0.011	0.000	0.011		Left Tilt	0.022	0.000	0.022

11.4 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 11-8
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.706	0.013	0.719
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.598	0.013	0.611
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.221	0.013	0.234
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.355	0.013	0.368

Table 11-9
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.706	0.000	0.706
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.598	0.000	0.598
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.221	0.000	0.221
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.355	0.000	0.355

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Table 11-10
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.706	0.000	0.706
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.598	0.000	0.598
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.221	0.000	0.221
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.355	0.000	0.355

Table 11-11
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN Ant 1 (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.706	0.108	0.814
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.598	0.108	0.706
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.221	0.108	0.329
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.355	0.108	0.463

Table 11-12
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN Ant 2 (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.706	0.040	0.746
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.598	0.040	0.638
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.221	0.040	0.261
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.355	0.040	0.395

Table 11-13
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 5 GHz WLAN MIMO (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	5 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.706	0.104	0.810
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.598	0.104	0.702
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.221	0.104	0.325
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.355	0.104	0.459

Table 11-14
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 1.0 cm)

Configuration	Mode	2G/3G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Back Side	GSM 850	0.706	0.336	1.042
Back Side	UMTS 850	0.598	0.336	0.934
Back Side	GSM 1900	0.221	0.336	0.557
Back Side	UMTS 1900	0.355	0.336	0.691

Note: Bluetooth SAR was not required to be measured per FCC KDB 447498. Estimated SAR results were used in the above table to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

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11.5 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v01, the devices edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR (“-”).

Table 11-15
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 (Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.582	0.013	0.595	Body SAR	Back	0.598	0.013	0.611
	Front	0.645	0.003	0.648		Front	0.591	0.003	0.594
	Top	-	0.000	0.000		Top	-	0.000	0.000
	Bottom	0.347	-	0.347		Bottom	0.296	-	0.296
	Right	0.028	-	0.028		Right	0.034	-	0.034
	Left	0.289	0.005	0.294		Left	0.255	0.005	0.260
Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 1 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.273	0.013	0.286	Body SAR	Back	0.355	0.013	0.368
	Front	0.293	0.003	0.296		Front	0.379	0.003	0.382
	Top	-	0.000	0.000		Top	-	0.000	0.000
	Bottom	0.537	-	0.537		Bottom	0.750	-	0.750
	Right	0.009	-	0.009		Right	0.018	-	0.018
	Left	0.061	0.005	0.066		Left	0.097	0.005	0.102

Table 11-16
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 (Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.582	0.000	0.582	Body SAR	Back	0.598	0.000	0.598
	Front	0.645	0.000	0.645		Front	0.591	0.000	0.591
	Top	-	0.000	0.000		Top	-	0.000	0.000
	Bottom	0.347	-	0.347		Bottom	0.296	-	0.296
	Right	0.028	-	0.028		Right	0.034	-	0.034
	Left	0.289	-	0.289		Left	0.255	-	0.255
Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN Ant 2 SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.273	0.000	0.273	Body SAR	Back	0.355	0.000	0.355
	Front	0.293	0.000	0.293		Front	0.379	0.000	0.379
	Top	-	0.000	0.000		Top	-	0.000	0.000
	Bottom	0.537	-	0.537		Bottom	0.750	-	0.750
	Right	0.009	-	0.009		Right	0.018	-	0.018
	Left	0.061	-	0.061		Left	0.097	-	0.097

Table 11-17
Simultaneous Transmission Scenario with 2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO (Hotspot at 1.0 cm)

Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 850 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.582	0.000	0.582	Body SAR	Back	0.598	0.000	0.598
	Front	0.645	0.000	0.645		Front	0.591	0.000	0.591
	Top	-	0.000	0.000		Top	-	0.000	0.000
	Bottom	0.347	-	0.347		Bottom	0.296	-	0.296
	Right	0.028	-	0.028		Right	0.034	-	0.034
	Left	0.289	0.000	0.289		Left	0.255	0.000	0.255

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Simult Tx	Configuration	GPRS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)	Simult Tx	Configuration	UMTS 1900 SAR (W/kg)	2.4 GHz WLAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
Body SAR	Back	0.273	0.000	0.273	Body SAR	Back	0.355	0.000	0.355
	Front	0.293	0.000	0.293		Front	0.379	0.000	0.379
	Top	-	0.000	0.000		Top	-	0.000	0.000
	Bottom	0.537	-	0.537		Bottom	0.750	-	0.750
	Right	0.009	-	0.009		Right	0.018	-	0.018
	Left	0.061	0.000	0.061		Left	0.097	0.000	0.097

11.6 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

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12 SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

12.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, SAR measurement variability is assessed when the highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg. Since all measured 1g SAR values were < 0.8 W/kg and all measured 10g SAR values were < 2.0 W/kg for this device, SAR measurement variability was not assessed.

12.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2003 was not required.

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13 EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Model	Description	Cal Date	Cal Interval	Cal Due	Serial Number
Agilent	E8257D	(250kHz-20GHz) Signal Generator	4/15/2014	Annual	4/15/2015	MY45470194
Agilent	8594A	(9kHz-2.9GHz) Spectrum Analyzer	N/A	N/A	N/A	3051A00187
Agilent	8648D	(9kHz-4GHz) Signal Generator	4/15/2014	Annual	4/15/2015	3629U00687
Agilent	E4438C	ESG Vector Signal Generator	3/31/2014	Annual	3/31/2015	MY42082659
Agilent	N9020A	MXA Signal Analyzer	10/29/2013	Annual	10/29/2014	US46470561
Agilent	N5182A	MXG Vector Signal Generator	4/15/2014	Annual	4/15/2015	MY47420800
Agilent	8753ES	S-Parameter Network Analyzer	5/22/2014	Annual	5/22/2015	US39170118
Agilent	E5515C	Wireless Communications Test Set	9/24/2012	Biennial	9/24/2014	GB43163447
Amplifier Research	15S1G6	Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	433971
Anritsu	ML2495A	Power Meter	10/31/2013	Annual	10/31/2014	1039008
Anritsu	ML2469A	Power Meter	3/14/2014	Annual	3/14/2015	1306009
Anritsu	MA2481A	Power Sensor	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	5605
Anritsu	MA2411B	Pulse Power Sensor	11/14/2013	Annual	11/14/2014	1126066
Anritsu	MT8820C	Radio Communication Analyzer	12/12/2013	Annual	12/12/2014	620901190
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	5/15/2014	Annual	5/15/2015	1244524
Anritsu	MA24106A	USB Power Sensor	5/15/2014	Annual	5/15/2015	1244512
COMTECH	AR85729-5/5759B	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M3W1A00-1002
COMTECH	AR85729-5	Solid State Amplifier	CBT	N/A	CBT	M15SA00-009
Control Company	4353	Long Stem Thermometer	9/25/2012	Biennial	9/25/2014	122541143
Control Company	36934-158	Wall-Mounted Thermometer	4/29/2014	Biennial	4/29/2016	122014488
Fisher Scientific	15-077-960	Digital Thermometer	11/6/2012	Biennial	11/6/2014	122640025
Fisher Scientific	S97611	Thermometer	4/12/2013	Biennial	4/12/2015	130219303
Gigatronics	80701A	(0.05-18GHz) Power Sensor	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	1833460
Gigatronics	8651A	Universal Power Meter	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	8650319
MCL	BW-N6W5+	6dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1139
MiniCircuits	VLF-6000+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
MiniCircuits	SLP-2400+	Low Pass Filter	CBT	N/A	CBT	R8979500903
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5+	DC to 18 GHz Precision Fixed 20 dB Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-1200+	Low Pass Filter DC to 1000 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	NLP-2950+	Low Pass Filter DC to 2700 MHz	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Mini-Circuits	BW-N20W5	Power Attenuator	CBT	N/A	CBT	1226
Mitutoyo	CD-6"CSX	Digital Caliper	5/8/2014	Biennial	5/8/2016	13264162
Narda	4014C-6	4 - 8 GHz SMA 6 dB Directional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Narda	4772-3	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	9406
Narda	BW-S3W2	Attenuator (3dB)	CBT	N/A	CBT	120
Pasternack	PE2208-6	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Pasternack	PE2209-10	Bidirectional Coupler	CBT	N/A	CBT	N/A
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVD	Dual Channel Power Meter	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	101695
Rohde & Schwarz	NRV-232	Peak Power Sensor	10/12/2012	Biennial	10/12/2014	836019/013
Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	Radio Communication Tester	10/4/2013	Annual	10/4/2014	108798
Rohde & Schwarz	SME06	Signal Generator	10/30/2013	Annual	10/30/2014	832026
Rohde & Schwarz	NRVS	Single Channel Power Meter	10/31/2013	Annual	10/31/2014	835360/0079
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench	3/18/2014	Biennial	3/18/2016	N/A
Seekonk	NC-100	Torque Wrench 5/16", 8" lbs	3/18/2014	Biennial	3/18/2016	N/A
SPEAG	D1900V2	1900 MHz SAR Dipole	4/9/2014	Annual	4/9/2015	5d141
SPEAG	D2450V2	2450 MHz SAR Dipole	1/21/2014	Annual	1/21/2015	797
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	9/23/2013	Annual	9/23/2014	1007
SPEAG	D5GHzV2	5 GHz SAR Dipole	1/27/2014	Annual	1/27/2015	1057
SPEAG	D835V2	835 MHz SAR Dipole	4/7/2014	Annual	4/7/2015	4d119
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/18/2013	Annual	11/18/2014	1407
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/19/2013	Annual	11/19/2014	1333
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	11/19/2013	Annual	11/19/2014	1408
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	12/12/2013	Annual	12/12/2014	649
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	3/17/2014	Annual	3/17/2015	1334
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	4/11/2014	Annual	4/11/2015	1368
SPEAG	DAE4	Dasy Data Acquisition Electronics	5/14/2014	Annual	5/14/2015	859
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	11/13/2013	Annual	11/13/2014	1091
SPEAG	DAK-3.5	Dielectric Assessment Kit	5/6/2014	Annual	5/6/2015	1070
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	10/23/2013	Annual	10/23/2014	3914
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	5/15/2014	Annual	5/15/2015	3263
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	11/20/2013	Annual	11/20/2014	3287
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	11/25/2013	Annual	11/25/2014	3332
SPEAG	EX3DV4	SAR Probe	12/18/2013	Annual	12/18/2014	3920
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	3/19/2014	Annual	3/19/2015	3209
SPEAG	ES3DV3	SAR Probe	4/17/2014	Annual	4/17/2015	3319
Tektronix	RSA6114A	Real Time Spectrum Analyzer	4/16/2014	Annual	4/16/2015	8010177

Note: CBT (Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. a signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power meter measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

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14 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Applicable for frequencies less than 3000 MHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.1	11.7
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.2	23.5

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

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Applicable for frequencies up to 6 GHz.

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h = c x f/e	i = c x g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	IEEE 1528 Sec.	Tol. (± %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	c _i 1gm	c _i 10 gms	1gm u _i (± %)	10gms u _i (± %)	v _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	6.55	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.6	6.6	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	0.25	N	1	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	∞
Hemishperical Isotropy	E.2.2	1.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effect	E.2.3	0.4	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.4	0.4	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	0.3	N	1	1.0	1.0	0.3	0.3	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	5.1	N	1	1.0	1.0	5.1	5.1	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	1.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	0.8	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.5	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.6	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	0.4	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning w/ respect to Phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, Interpolation & Integration algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	1.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.6	∞
Test Sample Related									
Test Sample Positioning	E.4.2	6.0	N	1	1.0	1.0	6.0	6.0	287
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	3.32	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.9	∞
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom & Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape & Thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4.0	R	1.73	1.0	1.0	2.3	2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	3.8	N	1	0.64	0.43	2.4	1.6	6
Liquid Permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5.0	R	1.73	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	4.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	2.7	2.2	6
Combined Standard Uncertainty (k=1)							RSS	12.4	12.0
Expanded Uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE LEVEL)							k=2	24.7	24.0

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std. 1528-2003

FCC ID: A3LSMN910H	 PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.	SAR EVALUATION REPORT		Reviewed by: Quality Manager
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15 CONCLUSION

15.1 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables. [3]

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APPENDIX A: SAR TEST DATA

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19CA

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.933 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.424$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-11-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 5/15/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/14/2014

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GSM 850, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

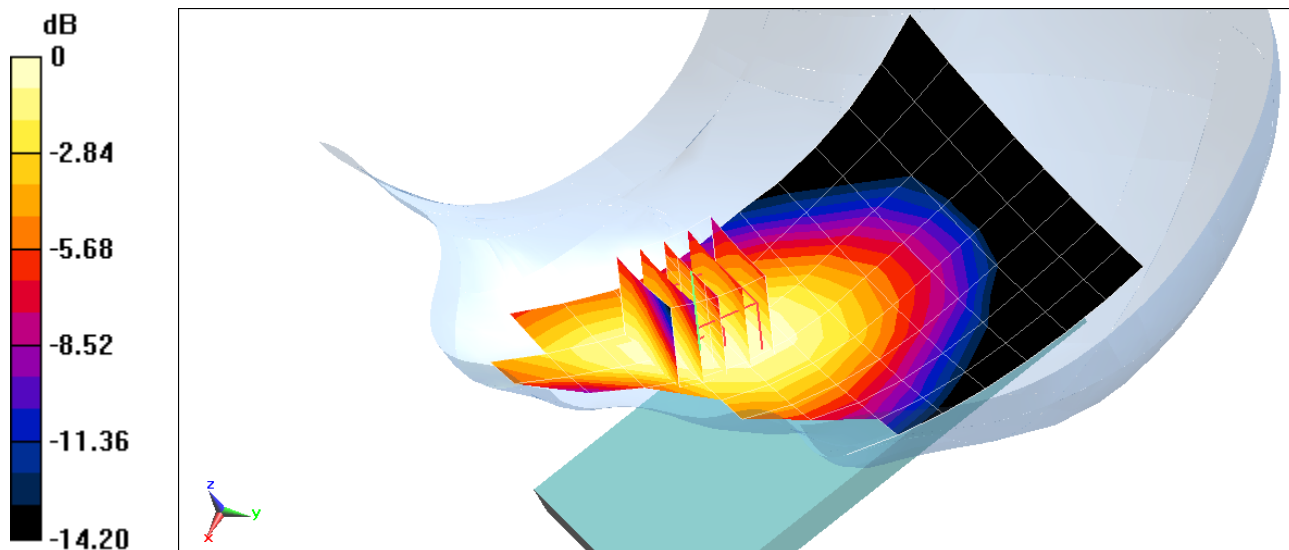
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.01 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.135 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.108 W/kg



0 dB = 0.117 W/kg = -9.32 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19CA

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.933 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.424$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 08-11-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 5/15/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/14/2014

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 850, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

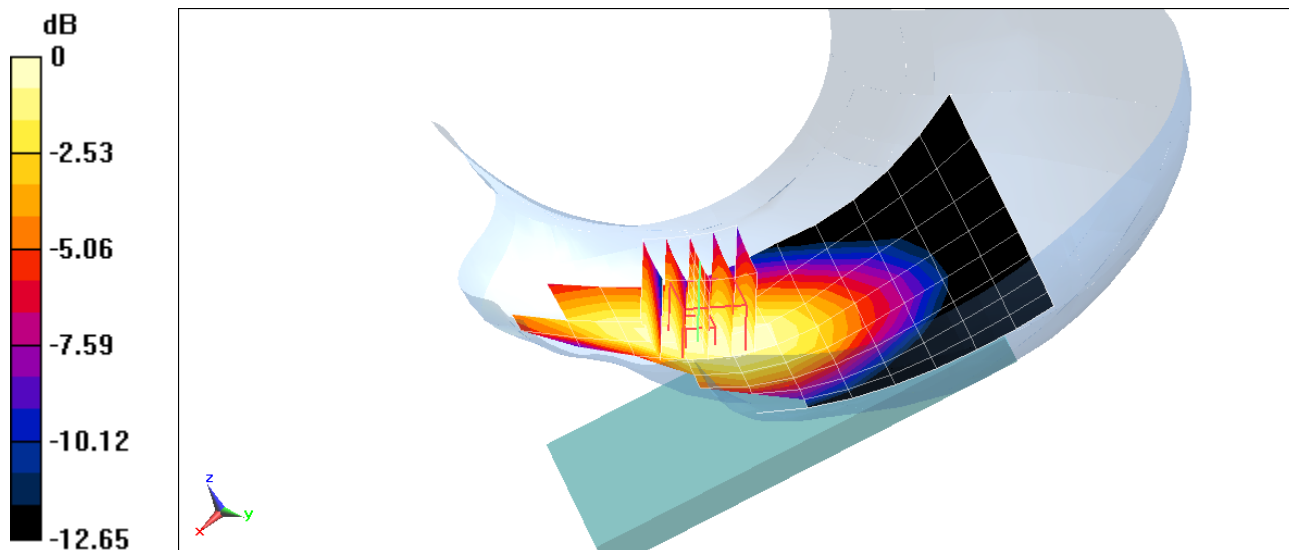
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.170 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.136 W/kg



0 dB = 0.149 W/kg = -8.27 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19C7

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.376 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.077$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 07-29-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.13, 5.13, 5.13); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GSM 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

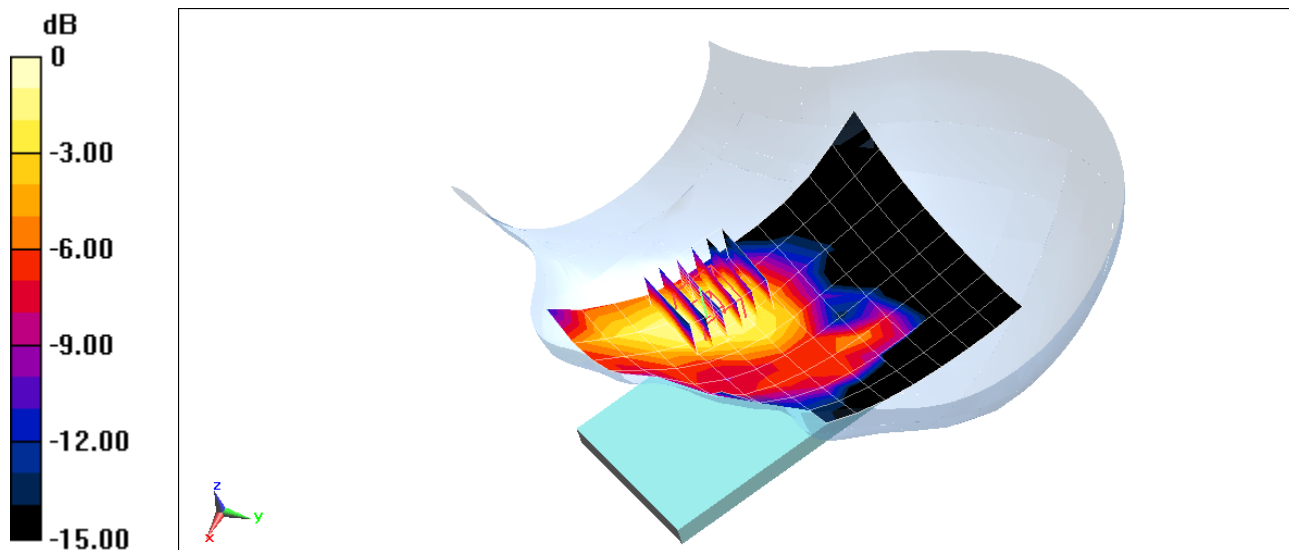
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.962 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0330 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.022 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0251 W/kg = -16.00 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19C7

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.376 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.077$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 07-29-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.13, 5.13, 5.13); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Left Head, Cheek, Mid.ch

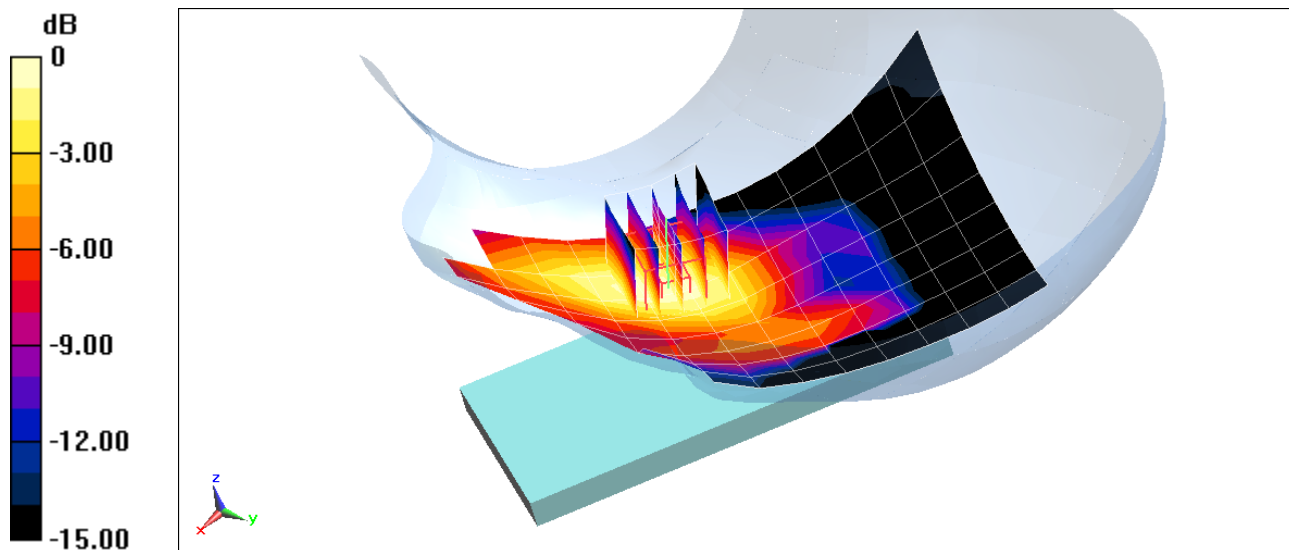
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.753 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0910 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.060 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0705 W/kg = -11.52 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: F1A0E

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.865 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.008$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3332; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 11/25/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 11/18/2013

Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1800

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Left Head, Cheek, Ch 06, 1 Mbps, Antenna 1

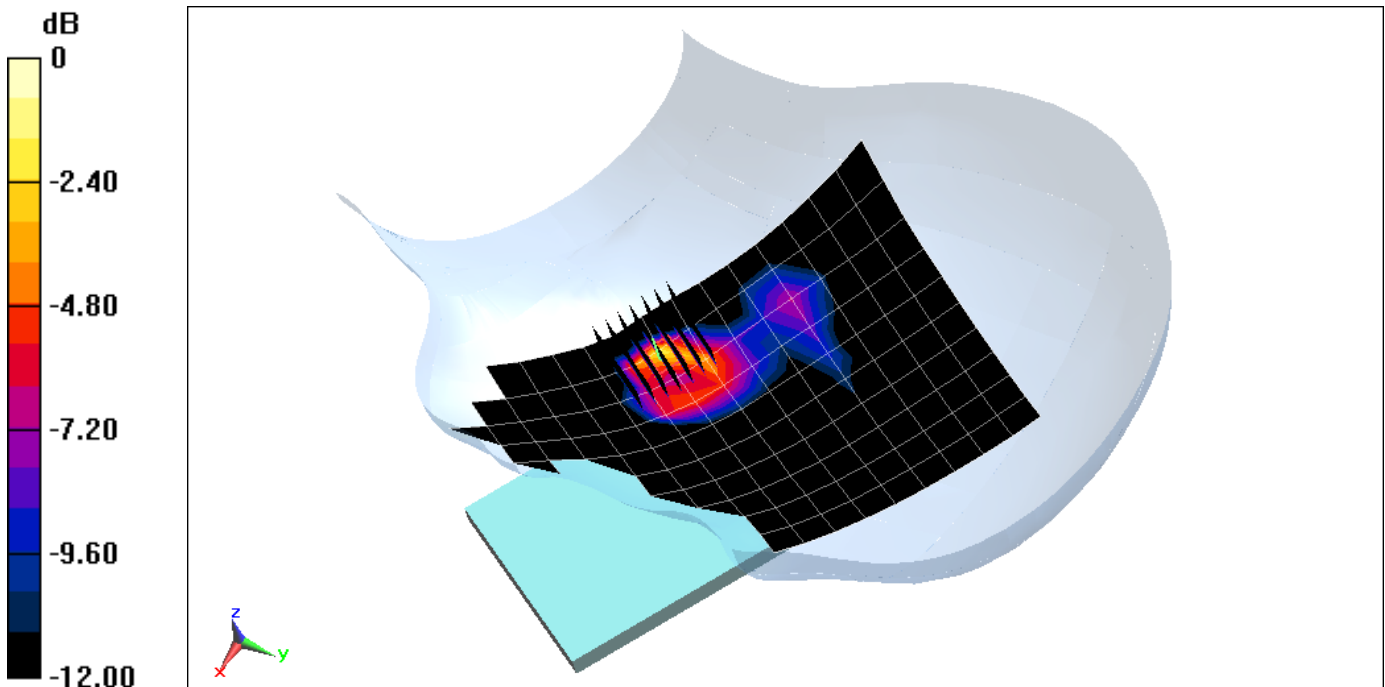
Area Scan (11x18x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.507 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.233 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.058 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0801 W/kg = -10.96 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: F1A0F

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.106 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.654$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-04-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz, Right Head, Tilt, Ch 149, 6 Mbps, Antenna 1

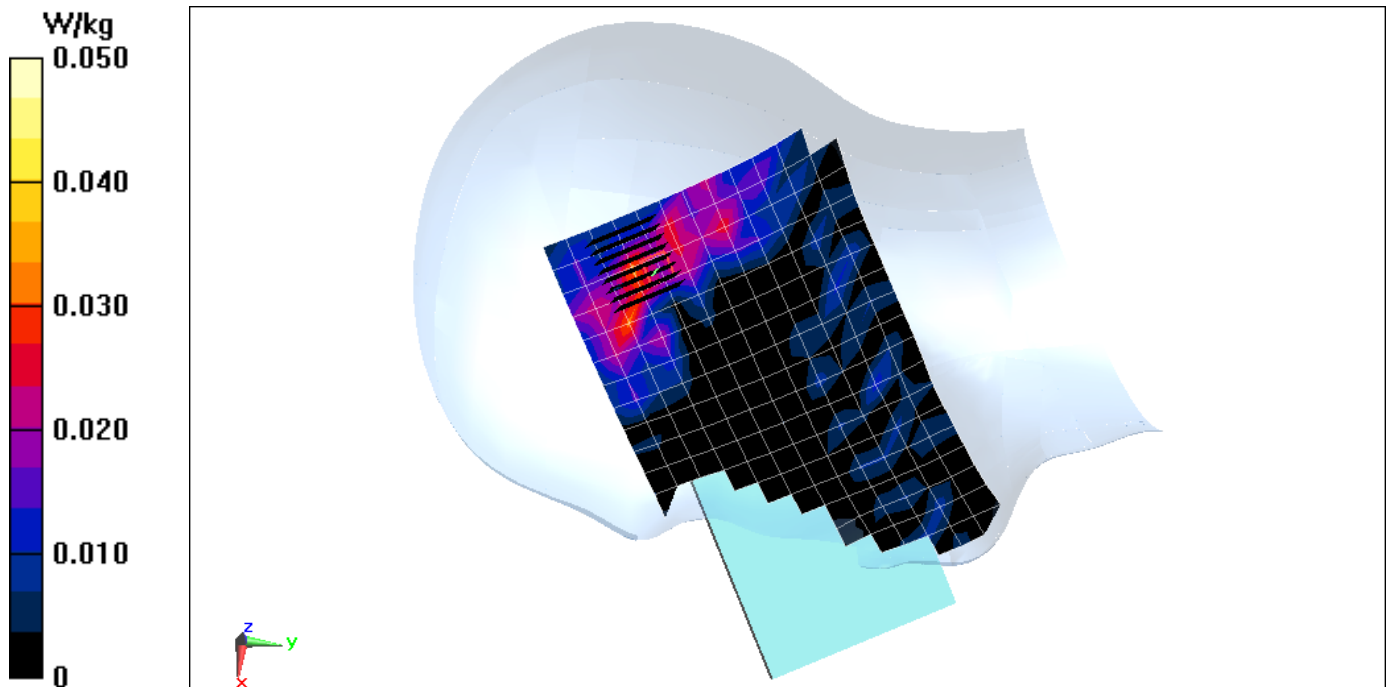
Area Scan (13x22x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

Reference Value = 0.4010 V/m; Power Drift = 0.20 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0550 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00152 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: F1A0F

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.851 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.965$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Test Date: 08-04-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.5 GHz, Right Head, Cheek, Ch 100, 6 Mbps, Antenna 1

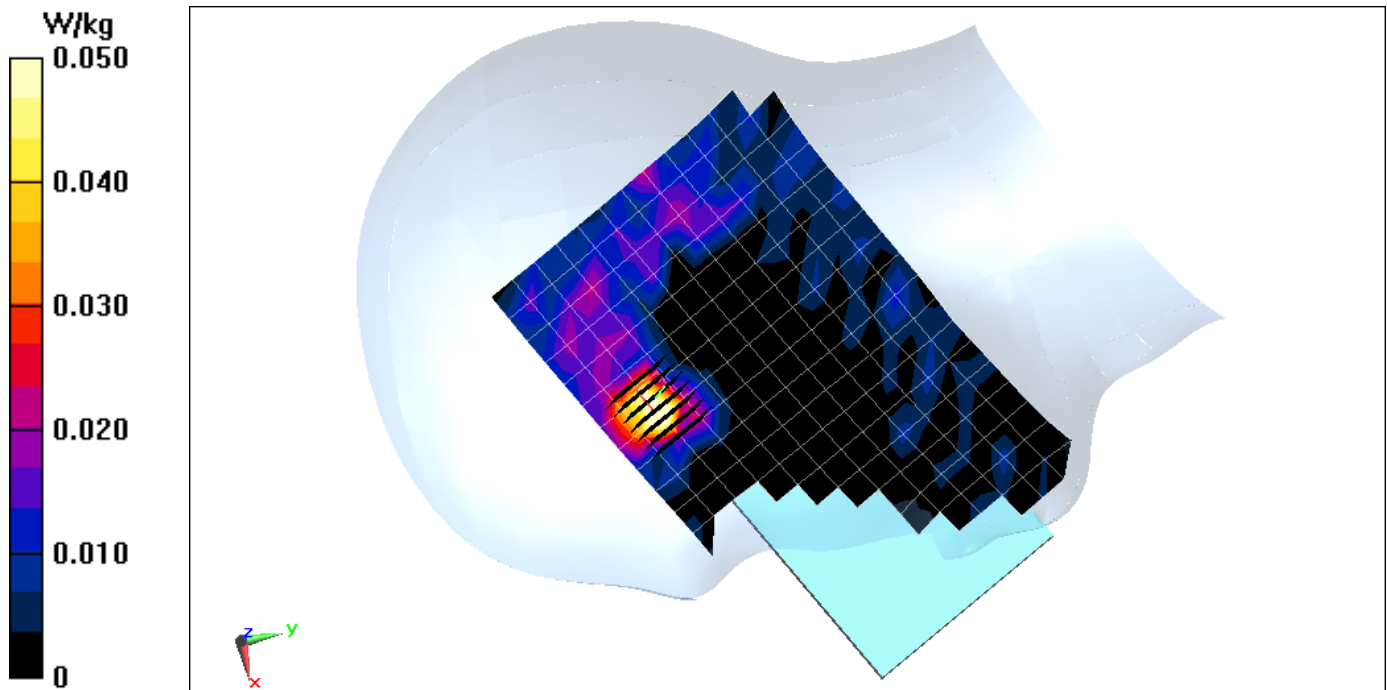
Area Scan (13x22x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

Reference Value = 0.9110 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0960 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.00276 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19CA

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.998 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.996$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-14-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 5/15/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/14/2014

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GSM 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

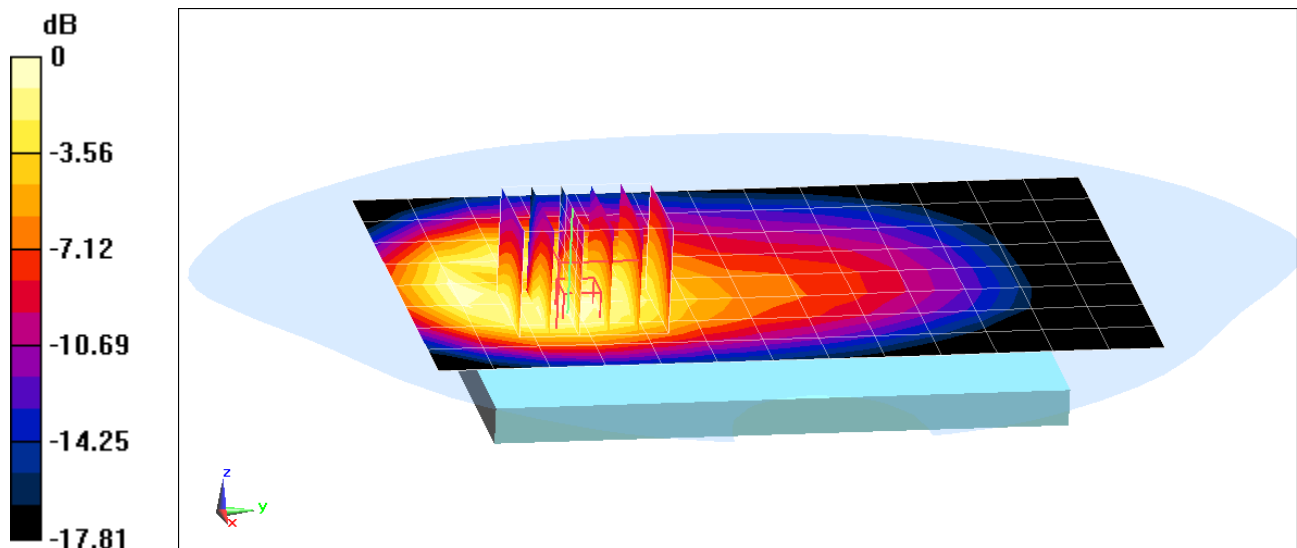
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 23.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.867 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.528 W/kg



0 dB = 0.622 W/kg = -2.06 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19CA

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 3 Tx slots (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.76

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.998 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.996$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-14-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 5/15/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/14/2014

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 850, Body SAR, Front side, Mid.ch, 3 Tx Slots

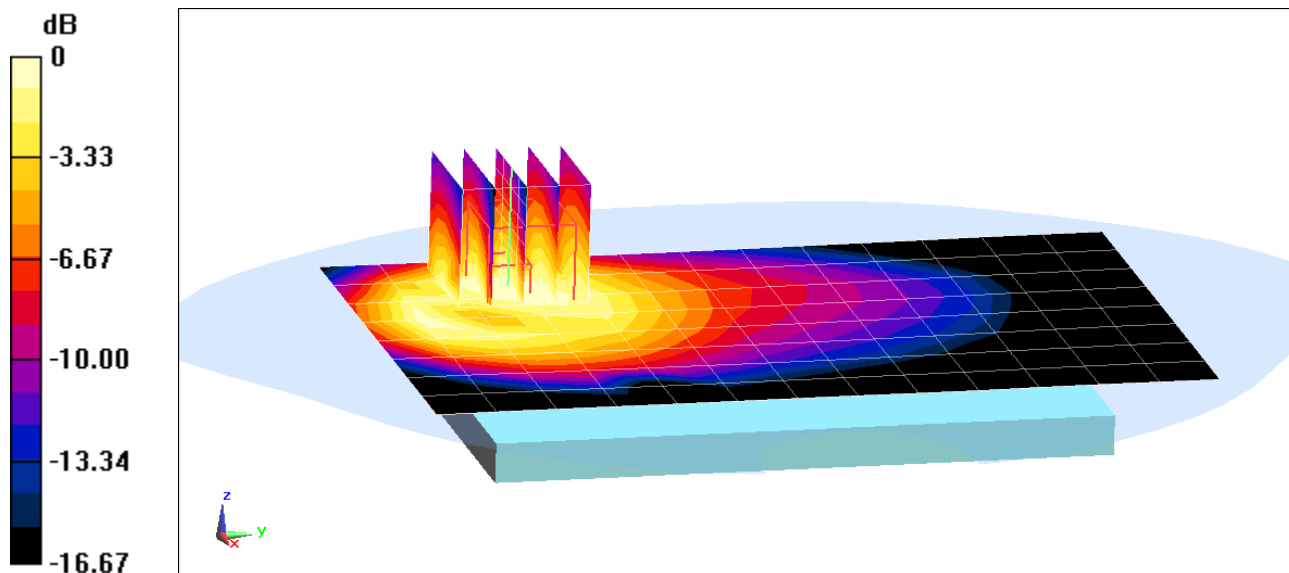
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.981 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.458 W/kg



0 dB = 0.537 W/kg = -2.70 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19CA

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.998 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 52.996$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-14-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 5/15/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/14/2014

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 850, Body SAR, Back side, Mid.ch

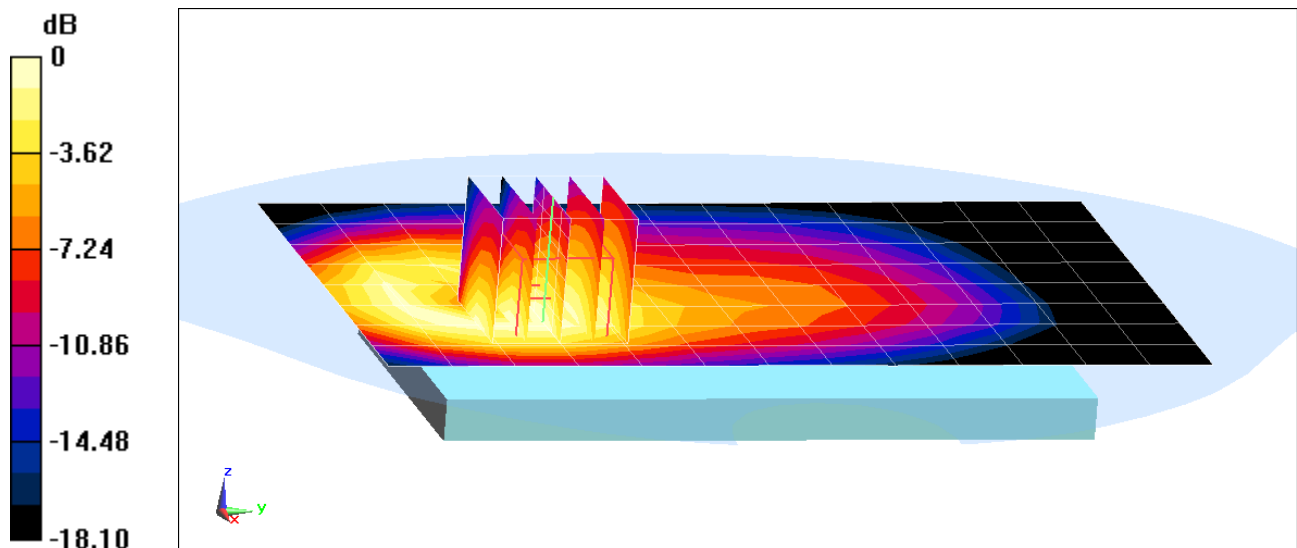
Area Scan (9x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 24.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.890 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.575 W/kg



0 dB = 0.671 W/kg = -1.73 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19C7

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.501 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.483$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-31-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GSM 1900, Body SAR, Back Side, Mid.ch

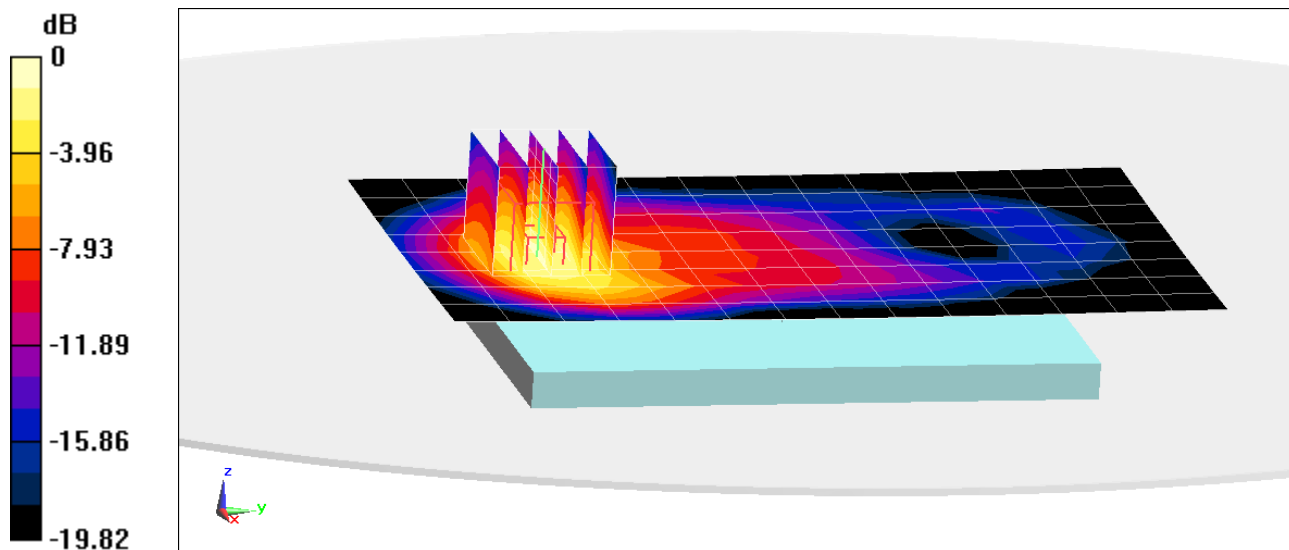
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.35 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.310 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.185 W/kg



0 dB = 0.226 W/kg = -6.46 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19C7

Communication System: UID 0, GSM GPRS; 2 Tx slots; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.501 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.483$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-31-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: GPRS 1900, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch, 2 Tx Slots

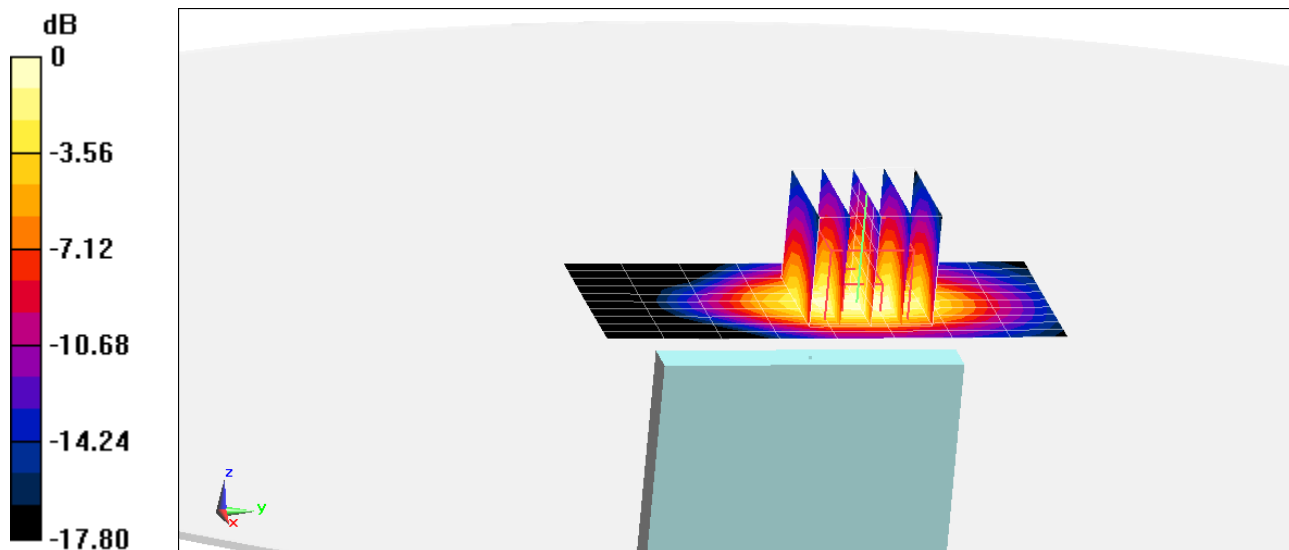
Area Scan (11x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.569 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.346 W/kg



0 dB = 0.427 W/kg = -3.70 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19C7

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.501 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.483$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-31-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Back Side, Mid.ch

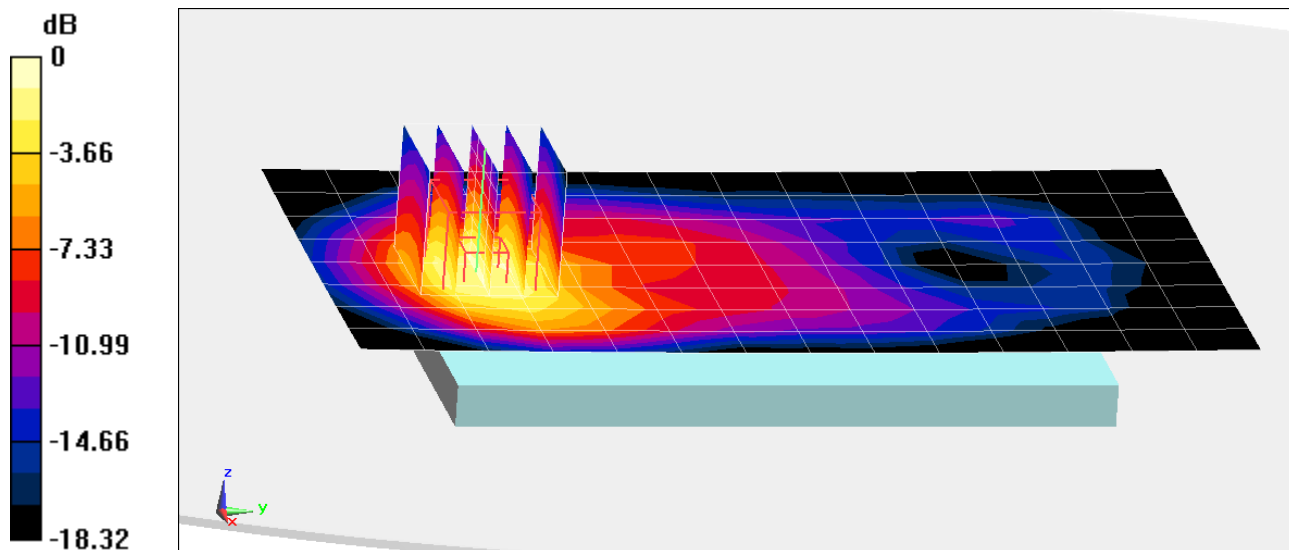
Area Scan (9x15x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.488 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.293 W/kg



0 dB = 0.356 W/kg = -4.49 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: B19C7

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.501 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.483$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-31-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: UMTS 1900, Body SAR, Bottom Edge, Mid.ch

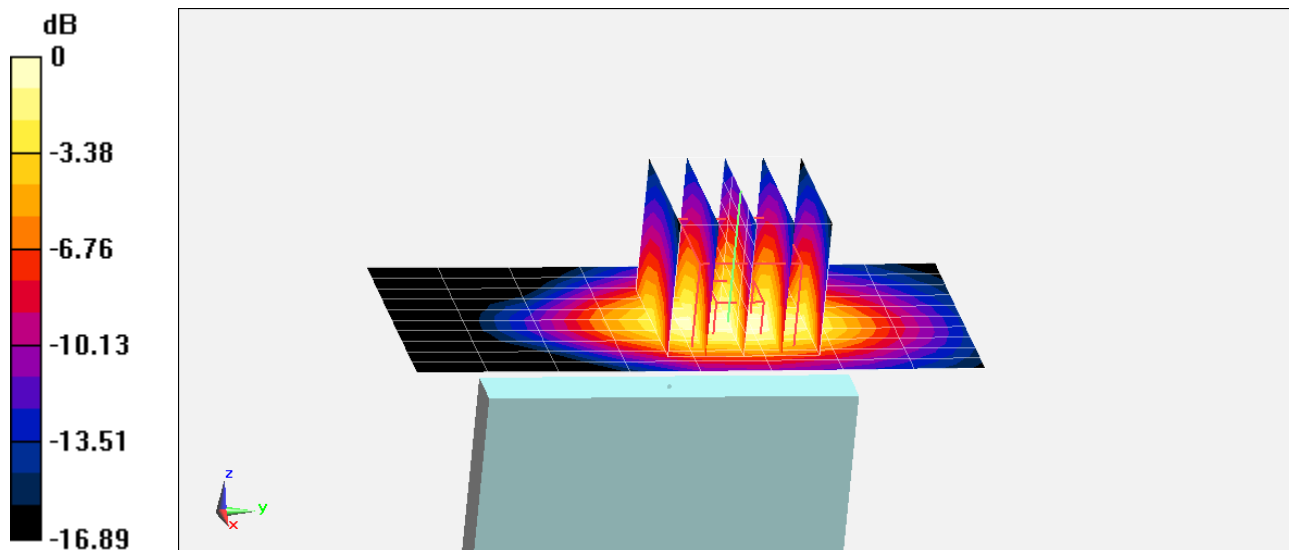
Area Scan (11x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=15mm

Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.619 W/kg



0 dB = 0.759 W/kg = -1.20 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: F1A0E

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 2437 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.919 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.166$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.24, 4.24, 4.24); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: ELI left; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1202

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11b, Body SAR, Ch 06, 1 Mbps, Back Side, Antenna 1

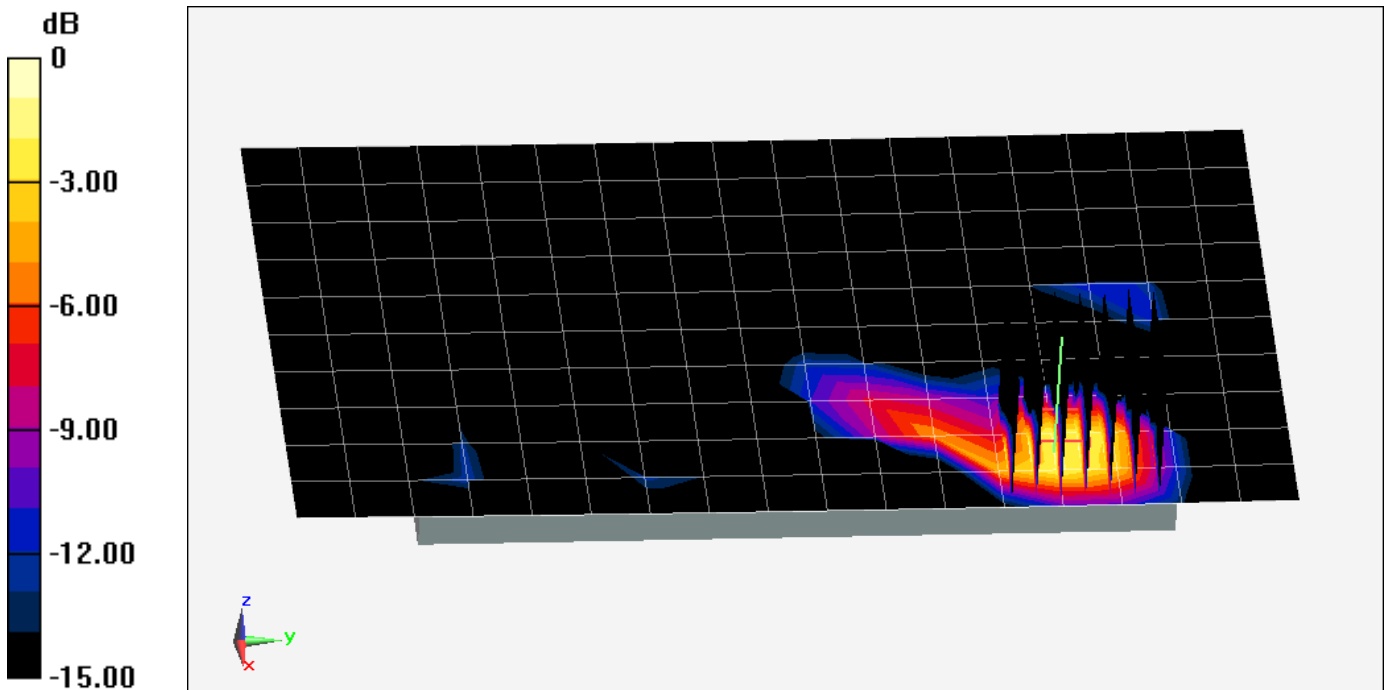
Area Scan (11x18x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.324 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0590 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.012 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: F1A0E

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5765 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5765 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.012 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 46.976$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4, 4, 4); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11n, 5.8 GHz, Body SAR, Ch 153, 13 Mbps, Back Side, MIMO

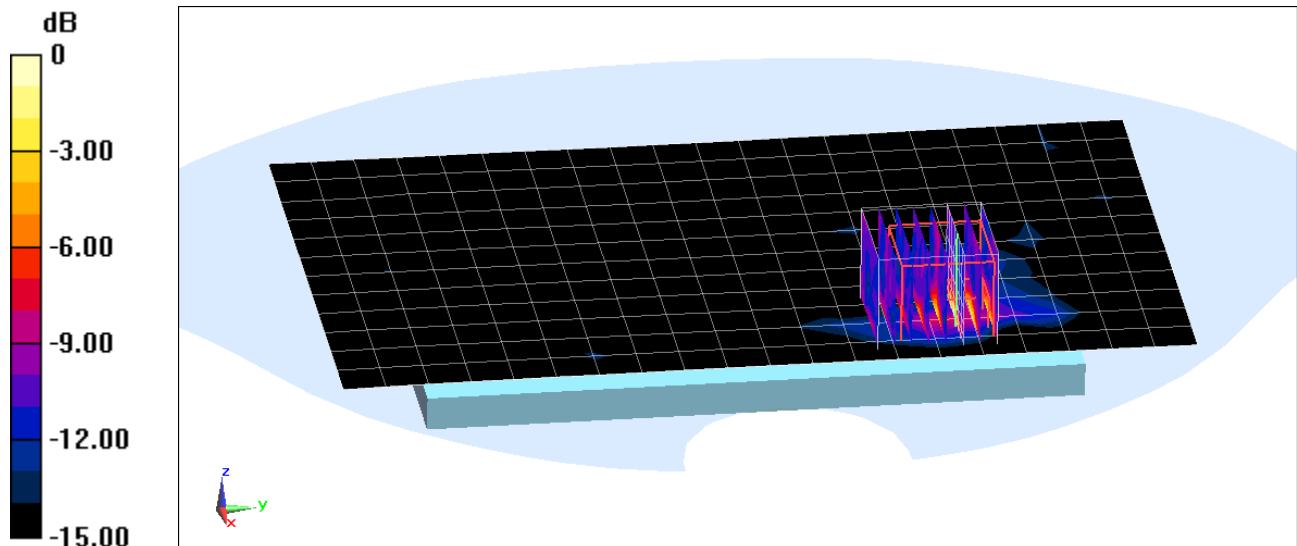
Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Grade Ratio: 1.4

Reference Value = 3.769 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.360 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 W/kg



0 dB = 0.201 W/kg = -6.97 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: F1A0E

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11n 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.666 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.408$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11n, 5.5 GHz, Body SAR, Ch 100, 13 Mbps, Back Side, MIMO

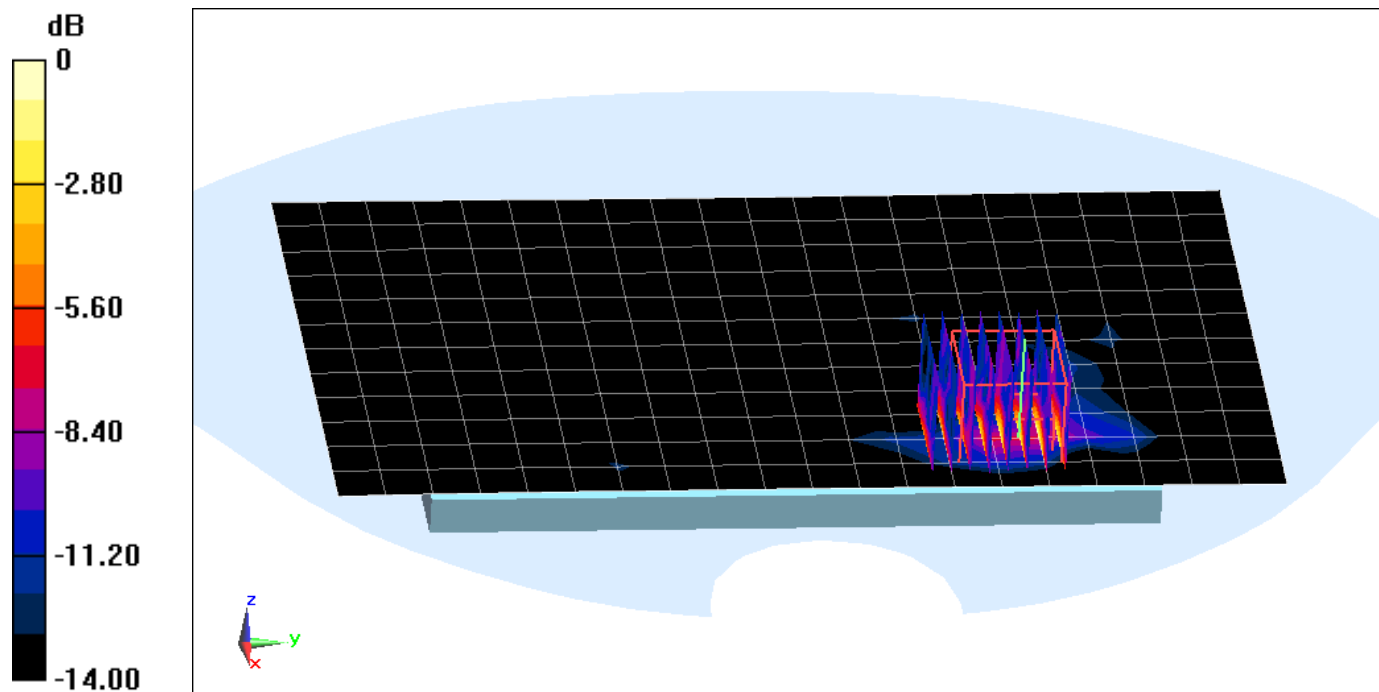
Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; GradedRatio=1.4

Reference Value = 3.741 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.533 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.0845 W/kg



0 dB = 0.169 W/kg = -7.72 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: F1A0E

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5745 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.961 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.063$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 0.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4, 4, 4); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.8 GHz, Hand SAR, Ch 149, 6 Mbps, Back Side, Antenna 1

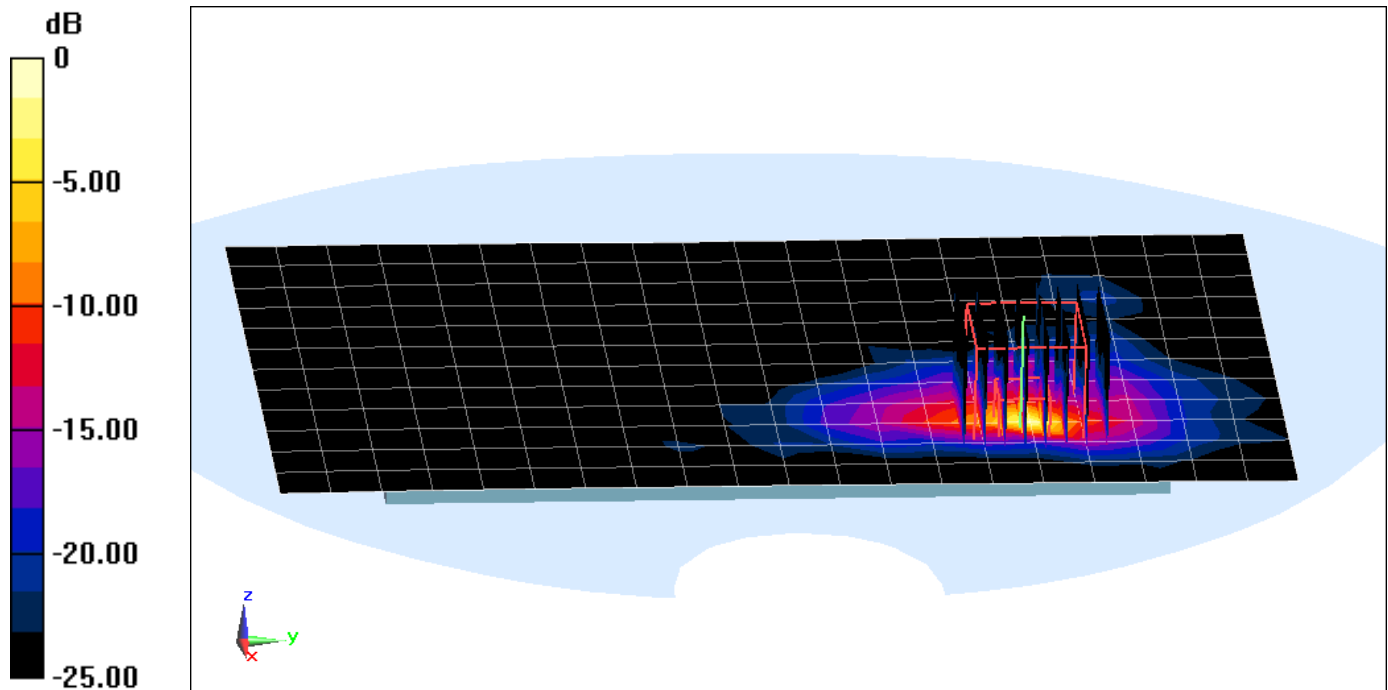
Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$; Graded Ratio=1.4

Reference Value = 15.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.10 W/kg

SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kg



PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: A3LSMN910H; Type: Portable Handset; Serial: F1A0E

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11a 5.2-5.8 GHz Band; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.666 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.408$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 0.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Mode: IEEE 802.11a, 5.5 GHz, Hand SAR, Ch 100, 6 Mbps, Back Side, Antenna 1

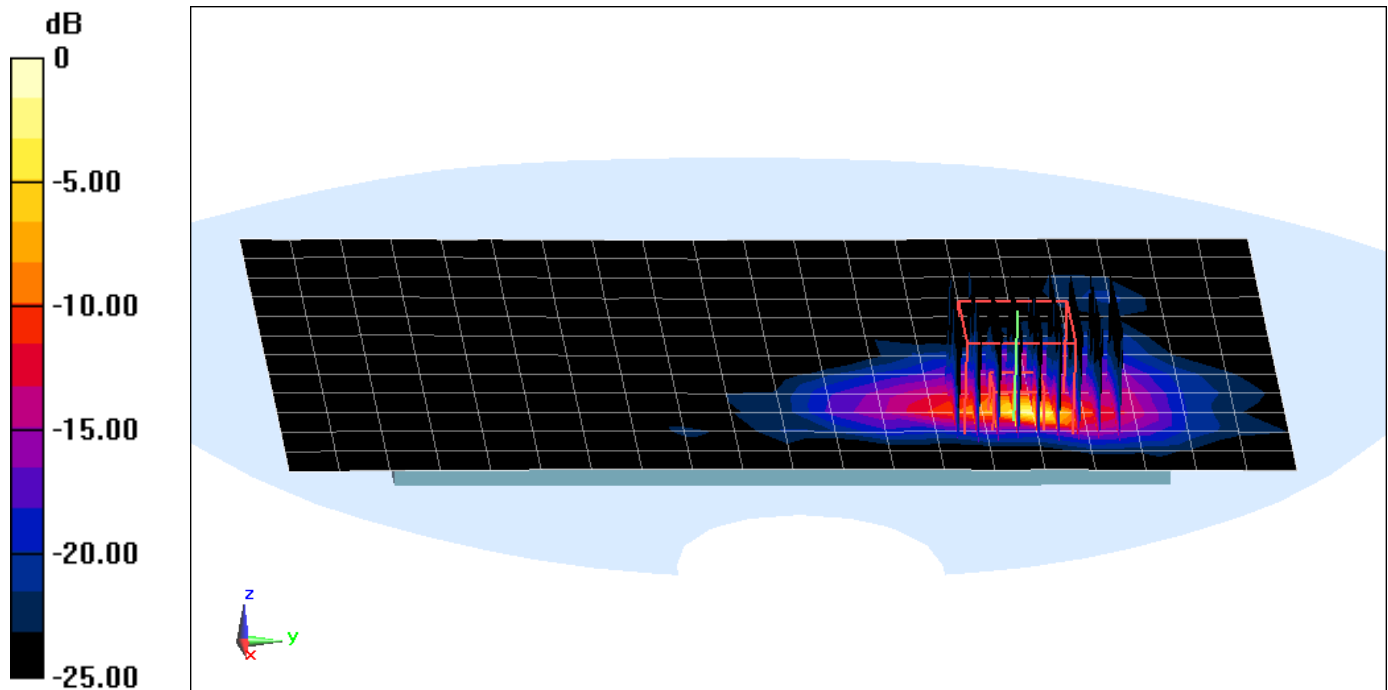
Area Scan (13x21x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm; Graded Ratio=1.4

Reference Value = 10.66 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.42 W/kg

SAR(10 g) = 0.228 W/kg



0 dB = 4.43 W/kg = 6.46 dBW/kg

APPENDIX B: SYSTEM VERIFICATION

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.932 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.444$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 08-11-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.0°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 5/15/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/14/2014

Phantom: SAM v5.0 Left; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP: 1687

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

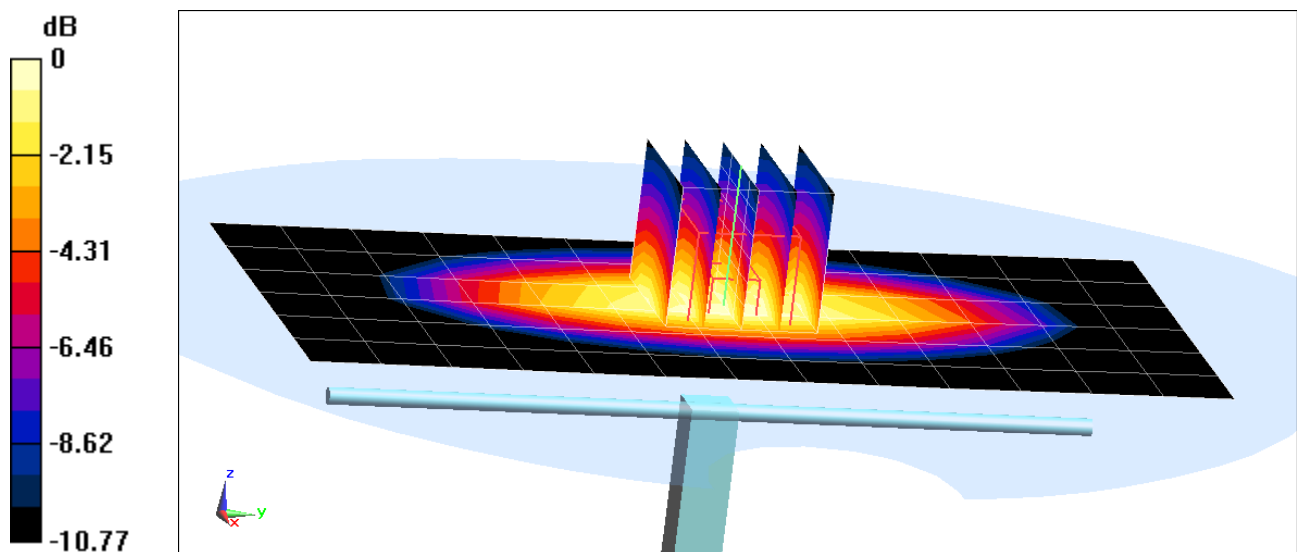
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.41 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.950 W/kg

Deviation = 3.04%



0 dB = 1.11 W/kg = 0.45 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Head Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.397 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.001$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-29-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3209; ConvF(5.13, 5.13, 5.13); Calibrated: 3/19/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1334; Calibrated: 3/17/2014

Phantom: SAM front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1759

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

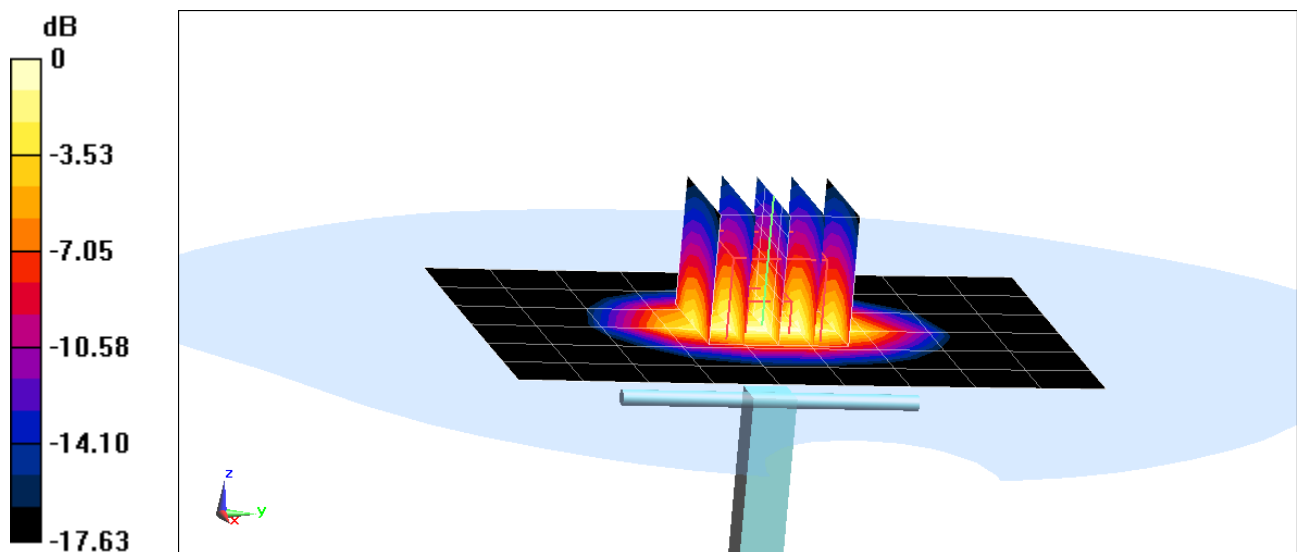
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.03 W/kg

Deviation = 0.50%



0 dB = 5.12 W/kg = 7.09 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.881 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 37.956$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 22.8°C; Tissue Temp: 22.9°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3332; ConvF(4.5, 4.5, 4.5); Calibrated: 11/25/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1407; Calibrated: 11/18/2013

Phantom: SAM with CRP v4.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1800

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

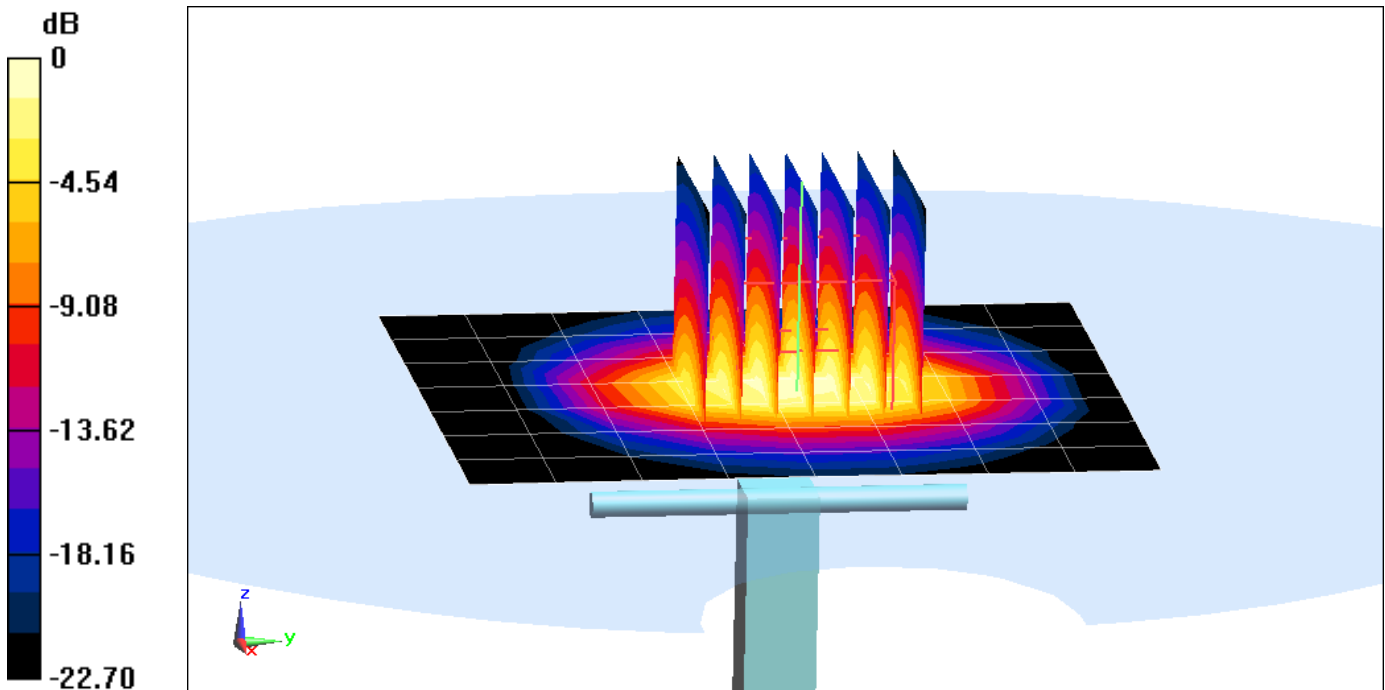
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.52 W/kg

Deviation = 6.56 %



0 dB = 7.30 W/kg = 8.63 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.548 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.316$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-04-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.99, 4.99, 4.99); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5200 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

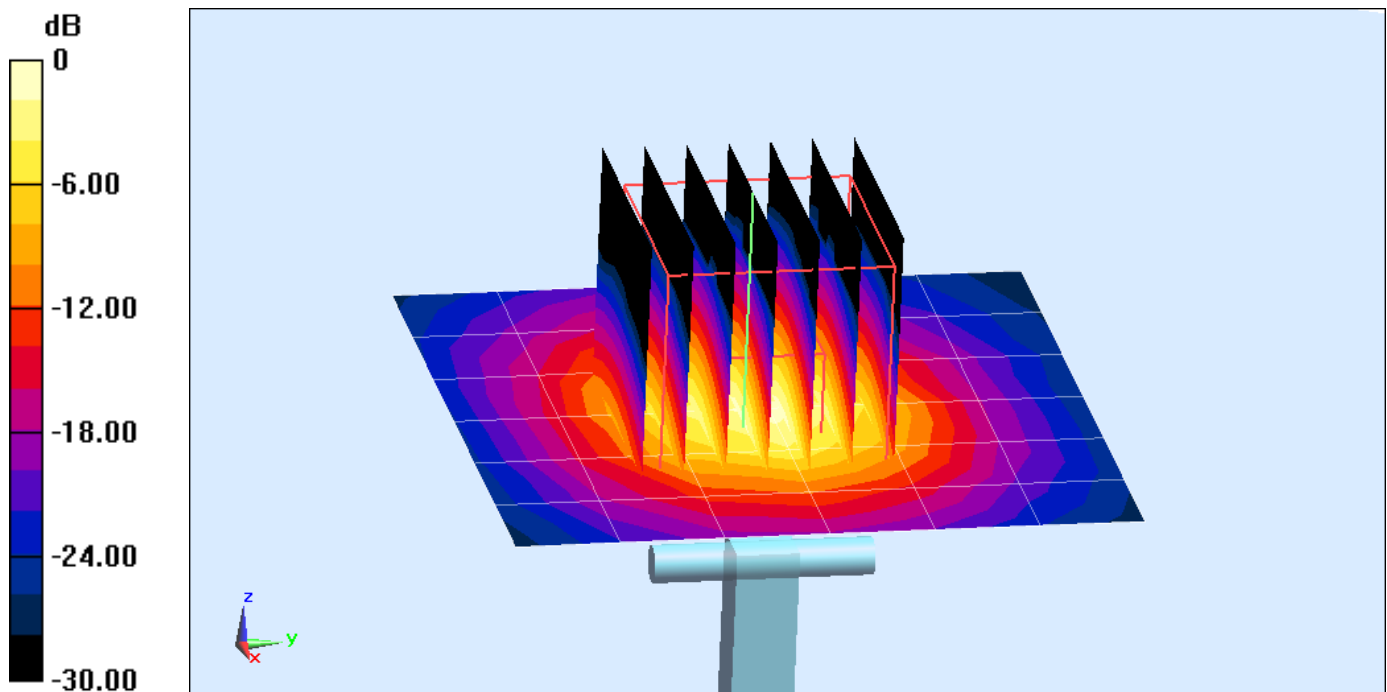
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg

Deviation = -2.18 %



0 dB = 17.7 W/kg = 12.48 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5300 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.645 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 36.227$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-04-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.82, 4.82, 4.82); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5300 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

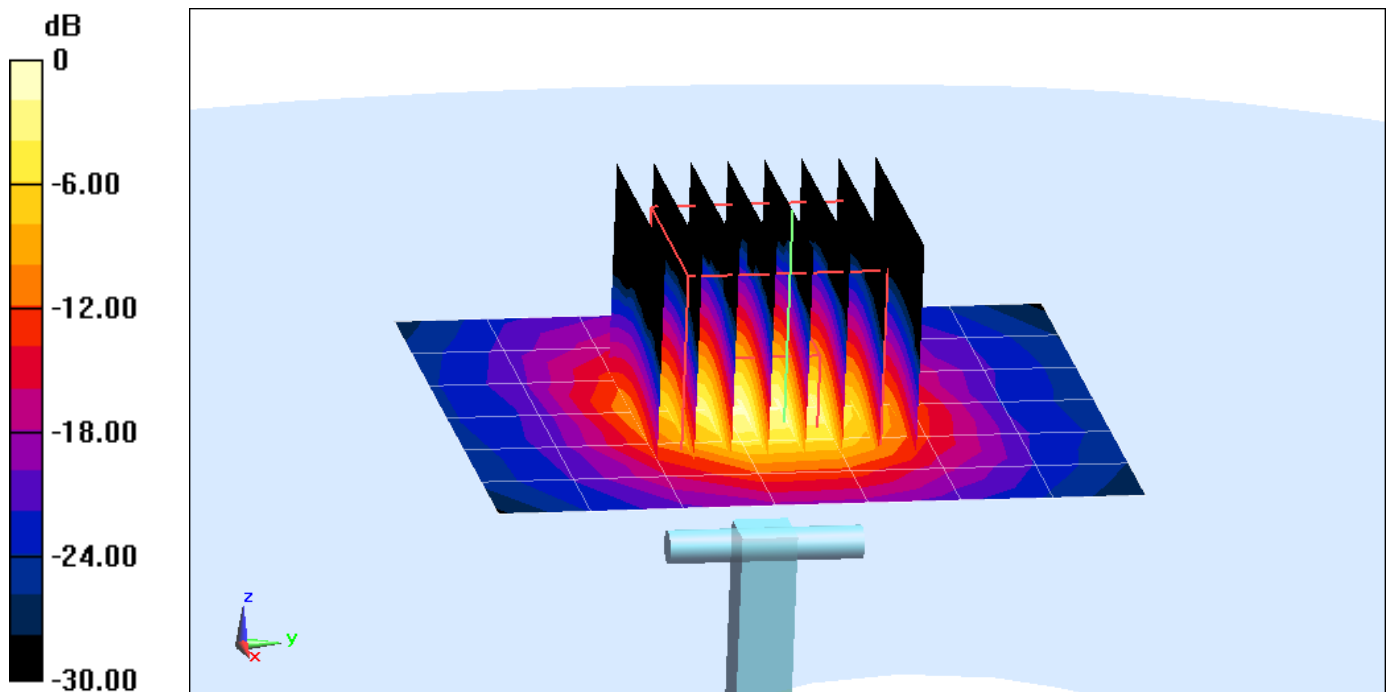
Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.99 W/kg

Deviation = -3.73 %



0 dB = 18.7 W/kg = 12.72 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.851 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.965$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-04-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.6°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.55, 4.55, 4.55); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5500 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

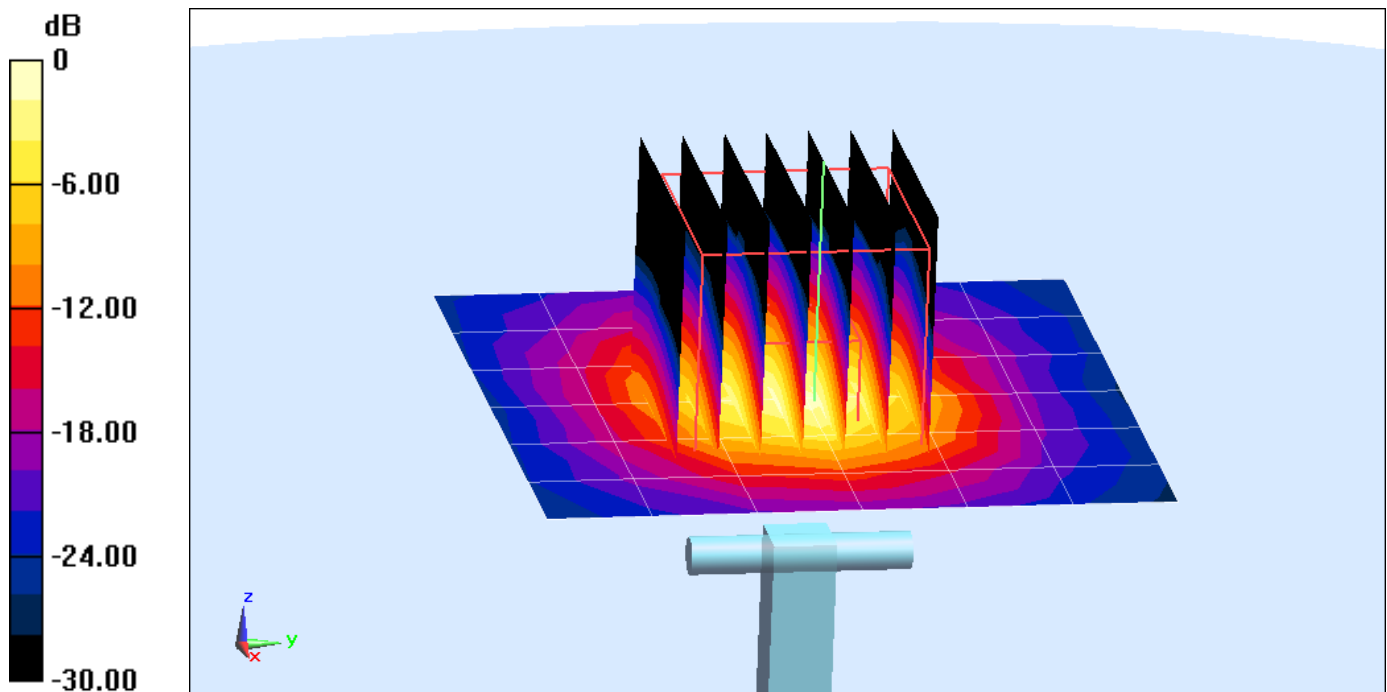
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg

Deviation = -6.88 %



0 dB = 18.7 W/kg = 12.72 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5600 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 4.941 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.807$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-04-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.37, 4.37, 4.37); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5600 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

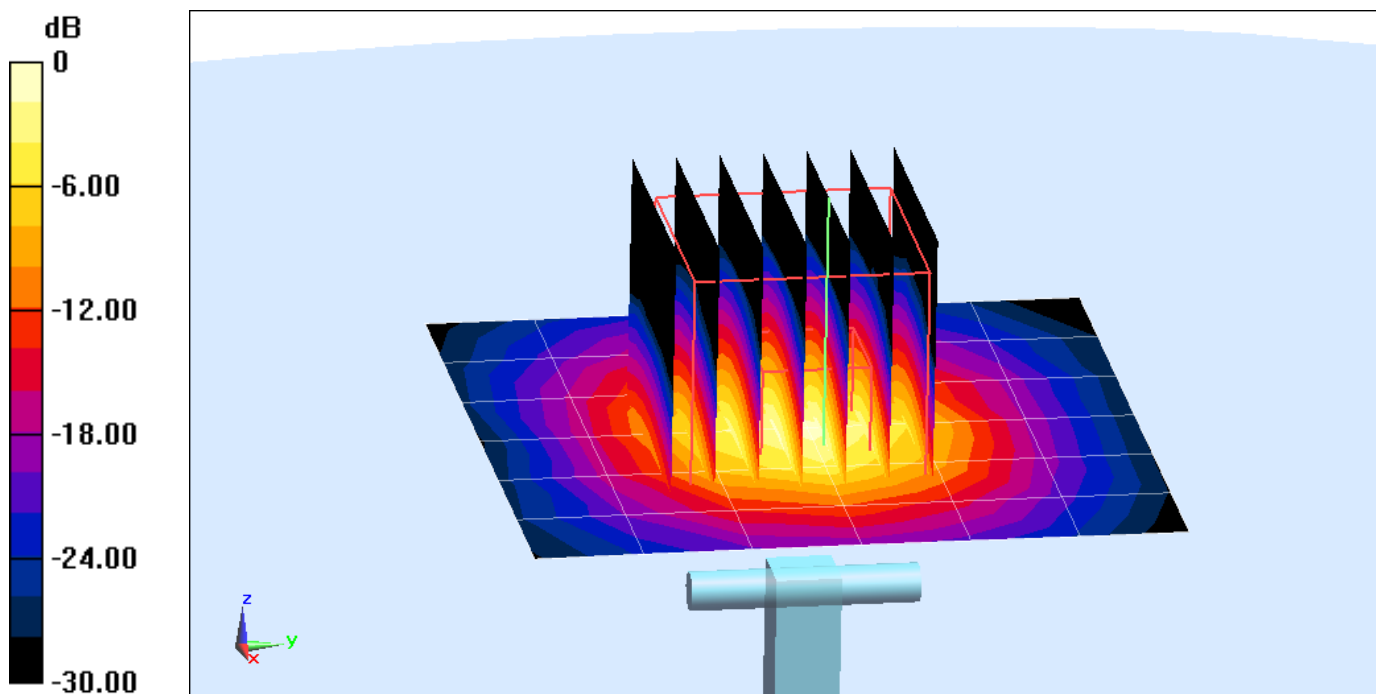
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.93 W/kg

Deviation = -5.03 %



0 dB = 19.5 W/kg = 12.90 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1057

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Head Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.145 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 35.585$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 08-04-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.7°C; Tissue Temp: 23.3°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3914; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 10/23/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1333; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: SAM V5.0 Right; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: 1647

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5800 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

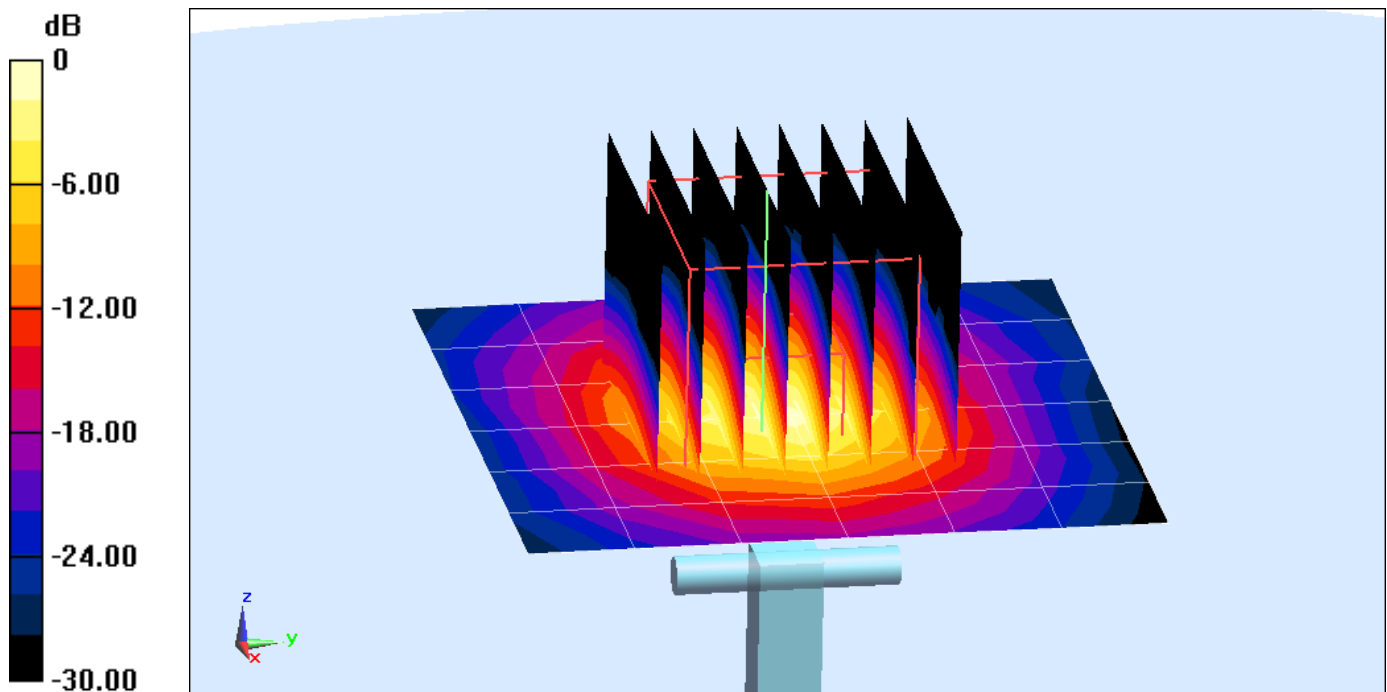
Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg

Deviation = -1.77%



0 dB = 19.0 W/kg = 12.79 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d119

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 835 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.997 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.013$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.5 cm

Test Date: 08-14-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.9°C; Tissue Temp: 23.1°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3263; ConvF(6.16, 6.16, 6.16); Calibrated: 5/15/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn859; Calibrated: 5/14/2014

Phantom: SAM v5.0 front; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP-1646

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

835 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

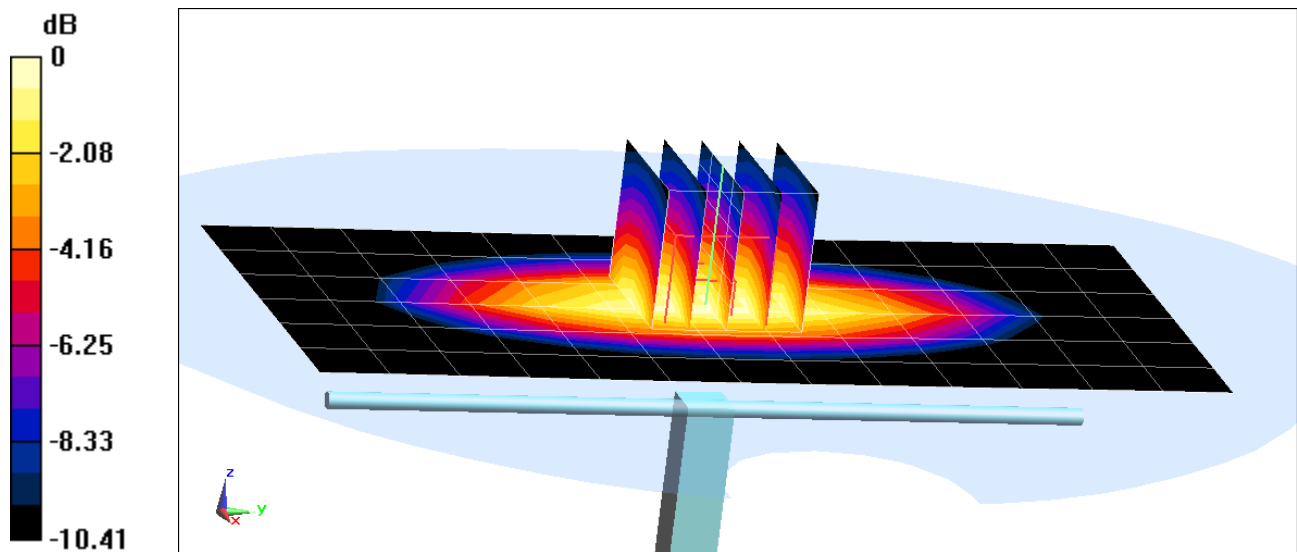
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.912 W/kg

Deviation = -2.36%



0 dB = 1.07 W/kg = 0.29 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d141

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 1900 Body Medium parameters used (interpolated):

$f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.526 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.419$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-31-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.2°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3287; ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 11/20/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1408; Calibrated: 11/19/2013

Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1229

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

1900 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x10x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

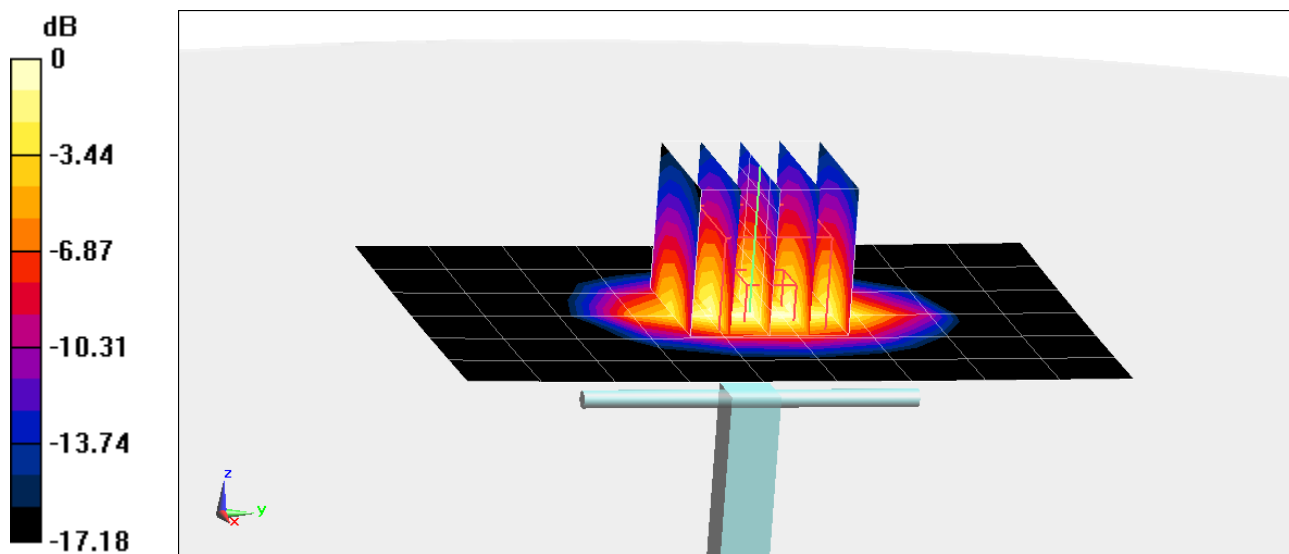
Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 7.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.16 W/kg

Deviation = 2.46%



0 dB = 5.20 W/kg = 7.16 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: SAR Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 797

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 2450 Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 2450 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.937 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.122$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 23.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.0°C

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3319; ConvF(4.24, 4.24, 4.24); Calibrated: 4/17/2014;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1368; Calibrated: 4/11/2014

Phantom: ELI left; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1202

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

2450 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (8x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

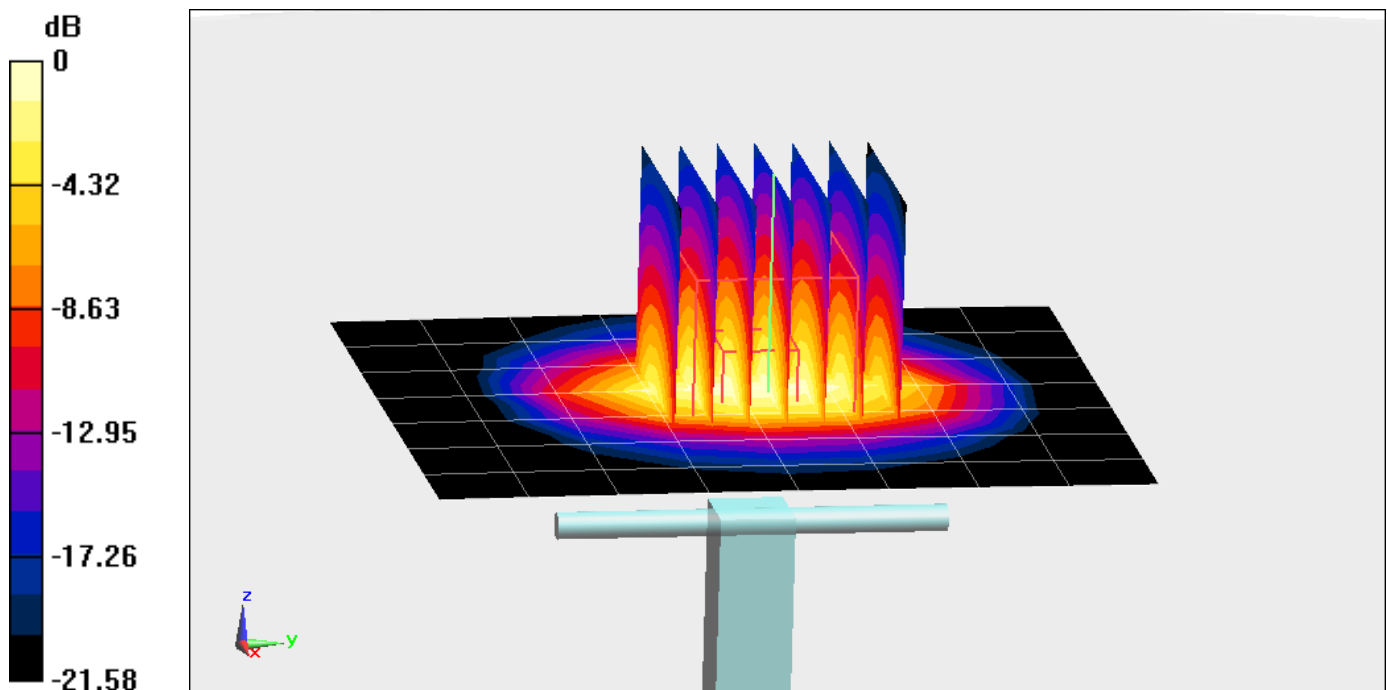
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 5.12 W/kg

Deviation = 3.64 %



0 dB = 6.68 W/kg = 8.25 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5200 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5200 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.265 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 48.007$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5200 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

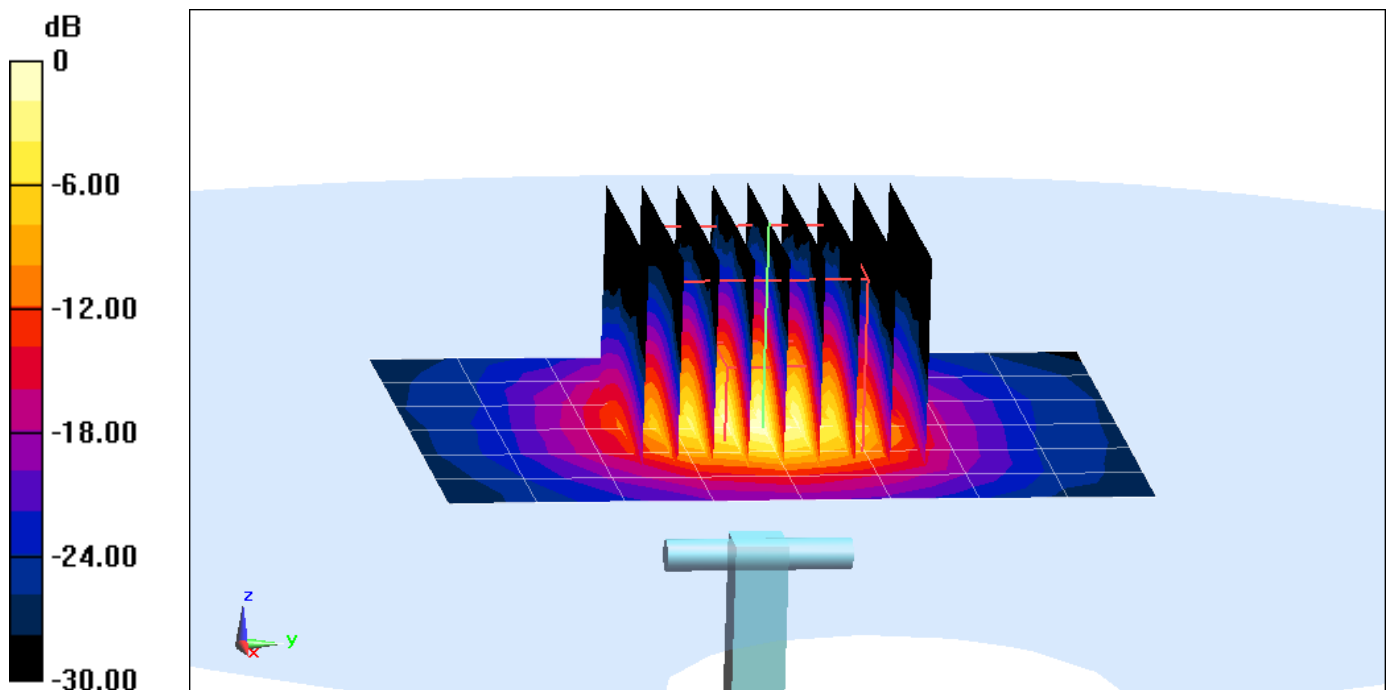
Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.73 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg

Deviation (1 g) = 6.47 %

Deviation (10 g) = 8.91%



0 dB = 19.4 W/kg = 12.88 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5300 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5300 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.387 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.819$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4.11, 4.11, 4.11); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5300 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

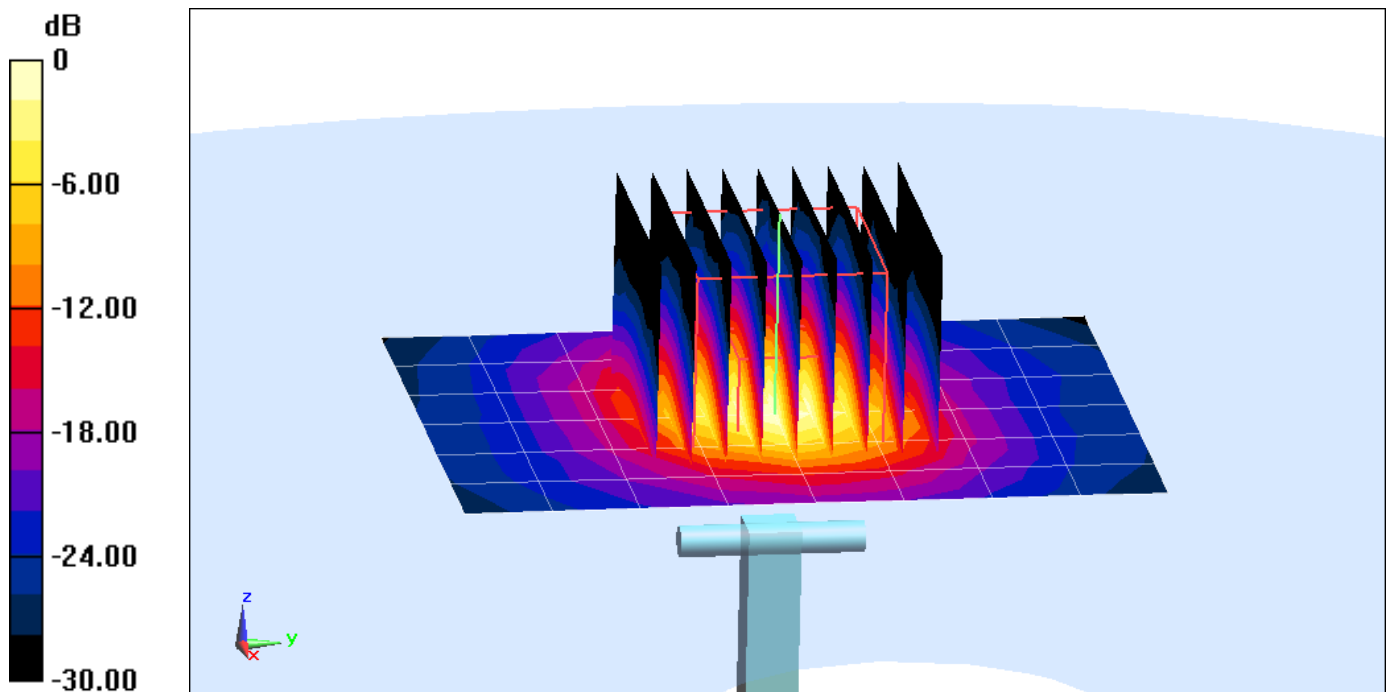
Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.19 W/kg

Deviation (1 g) = 5.09 %

Deviation (10 g) = 5.29 %



0 dB = 19.5 W/kg = 12.90 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5500 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5500 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5500 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.666 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.408$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(3.8, 3.8, 3.8); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5500 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

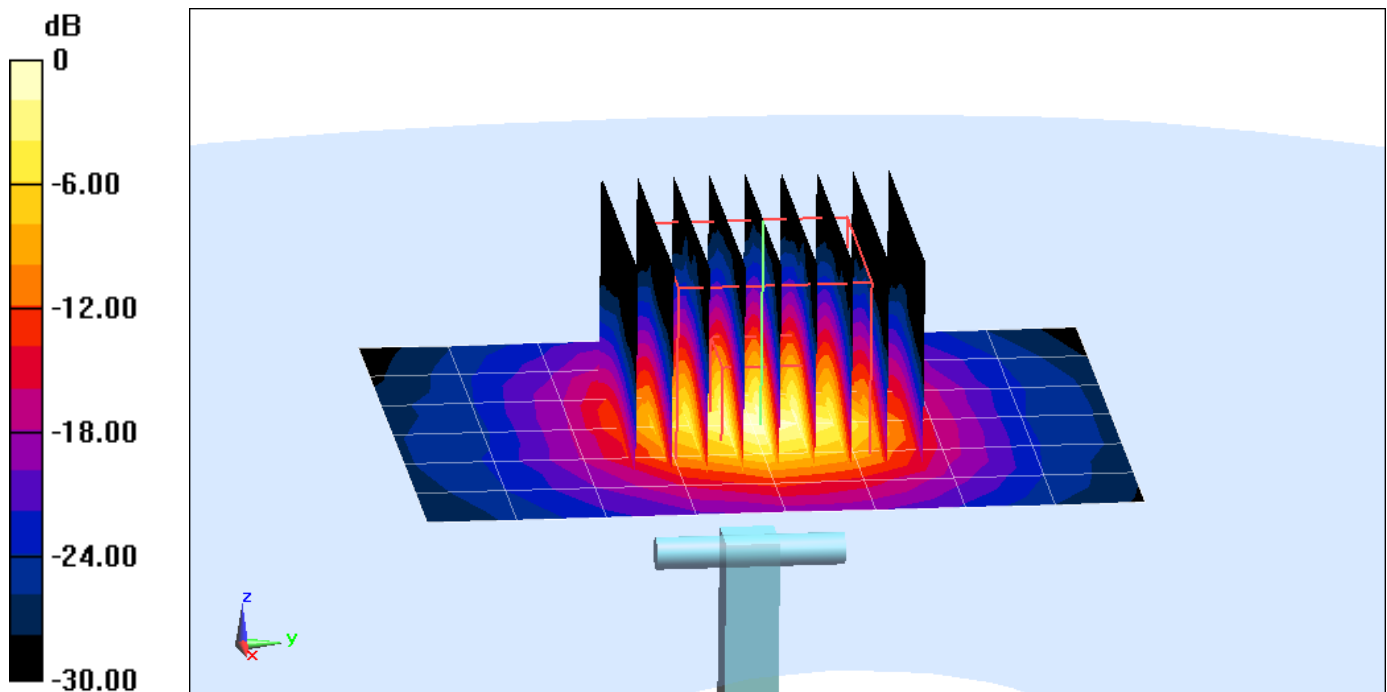
Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.89 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

Deviation (1 g) = 3.95 %

Deviation (10 g) = 5.71 %



0 dB = 19.7 W/kg = 12.94 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5600 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5600 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.797 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.268$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.4°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(3.62, 3.62, 3.62); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5600 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

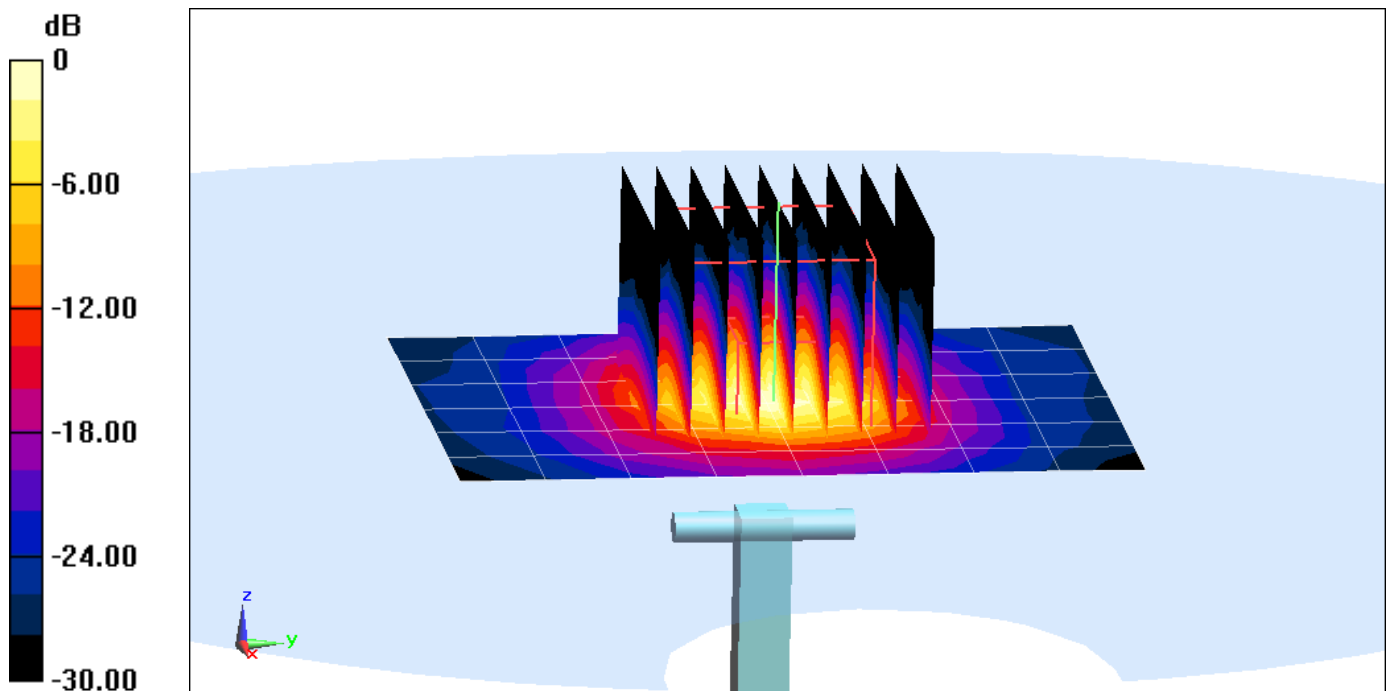
Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.63 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Deviation (1 g) = -1.29 %

Deviation (10 g) = -1.40 %



0 dB = 19.6 W/kg = 12.92 dBW/kg

PCTEST ENGINEERING LABORATORY, INC.

DUT: Dipole 5800 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1007

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: 5 GHz Body Medium parameters used:

$f = 5800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 6.048 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 47.032$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section; Space: 1.0 cm

Test Date: 07-28-2014; Ambient Temp: 24.5°C; Tissue Temp: 23.8°C

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3920; ConvF(4, 4, 4); Calibrated: 12/18/2013;

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn649; Calibrated: 12/12/2013

Phantom: SAM Sub; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP-1357

Measurement SW: DASY4, Version 4.7 (80); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

5800 MHz System Verification

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Zoom Scan (9x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=1.4\text{mm}$, Graded Ratio=1.4

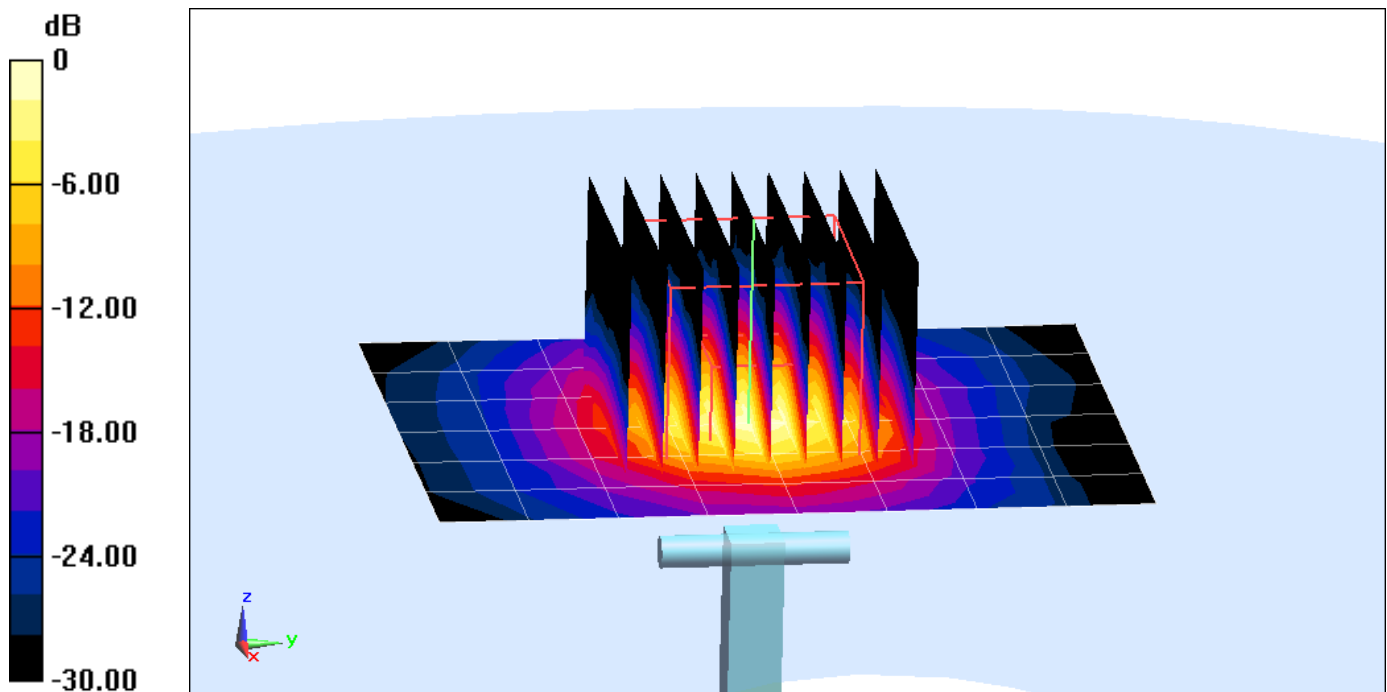
Input Power = 20 dBm (100 mW)

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.00 W/kg

Deviation (1 g) = -1.51 %

Deviation (10g) = -0.50 %



0 dB = 18.4 W/kg = 12.65 dBW/kg

APPENDIX C: PROBE CALIBRATION



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d119_Apr14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN: 4d119**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

CCV
4/25/14

Calibration date: **April 07, 2014**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by: **Name** **Function** **Signature**
Leif Klysner **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Issued: April 9, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	41.6 $\pm$ 6 %	0.94 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.22 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.97 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	53.6 $\pm$ 6 %	1.02 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.44 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.34 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.15 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.2 Ω - 1.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 34.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.3 Ω - 4.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.386 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 29, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 07.04.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d119

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

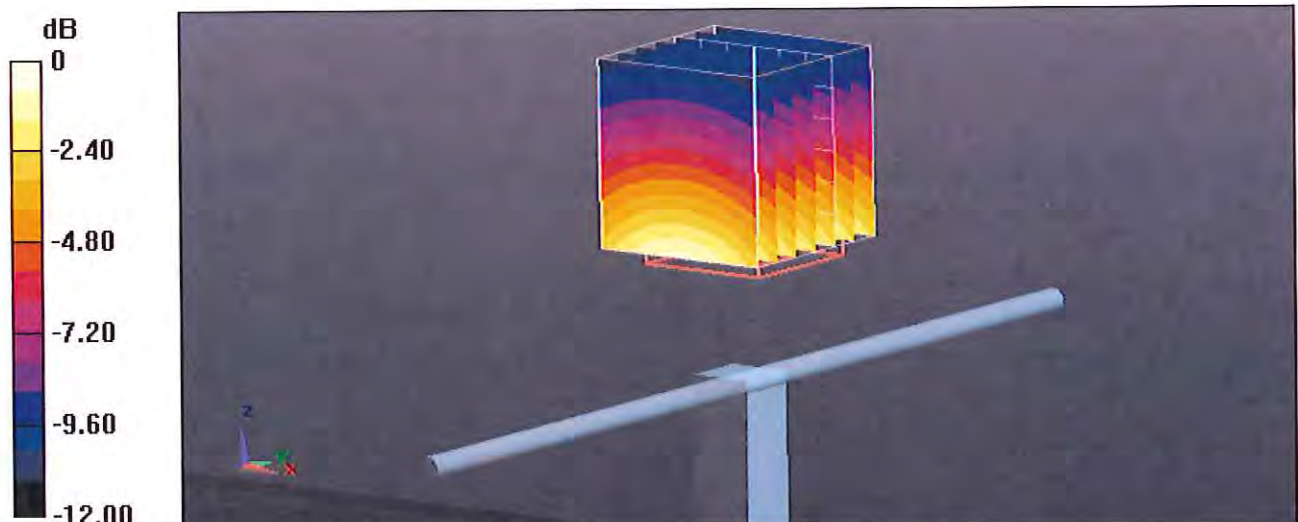
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.289 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.59 W/kg

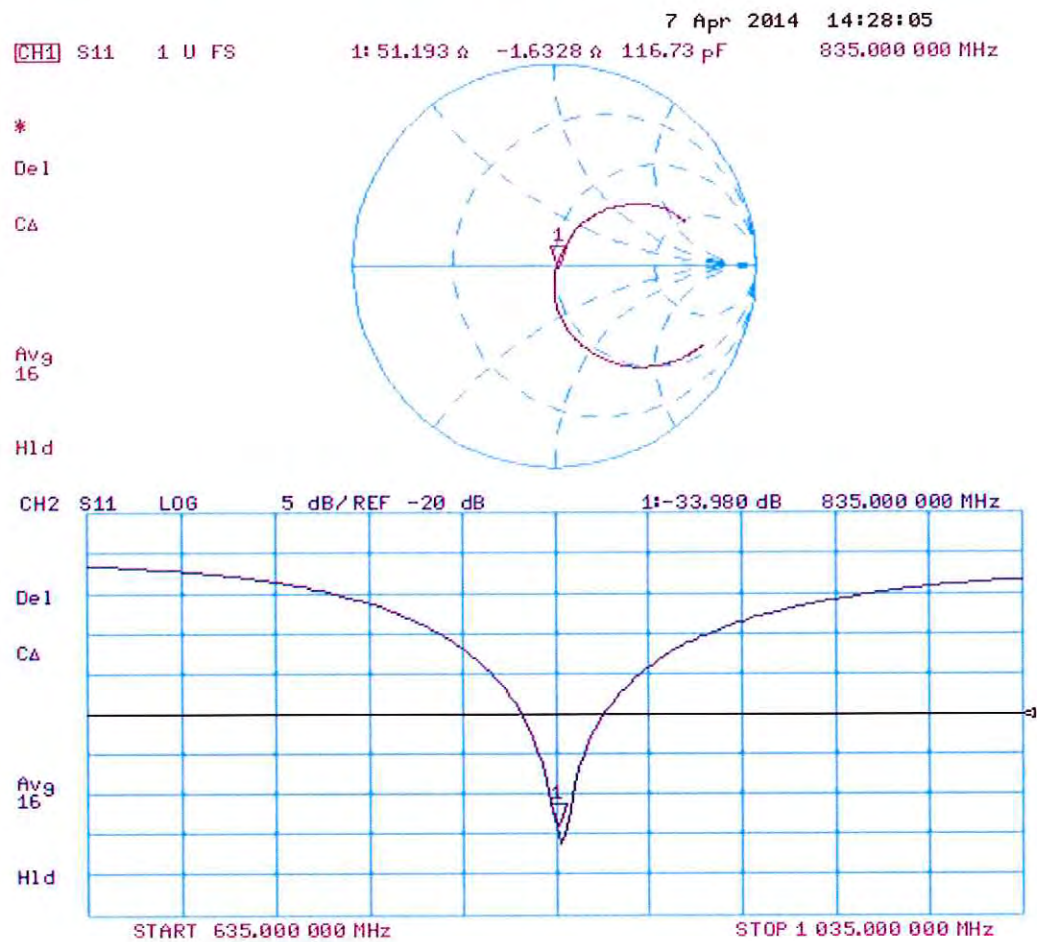
SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 07.04.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d119

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.02$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

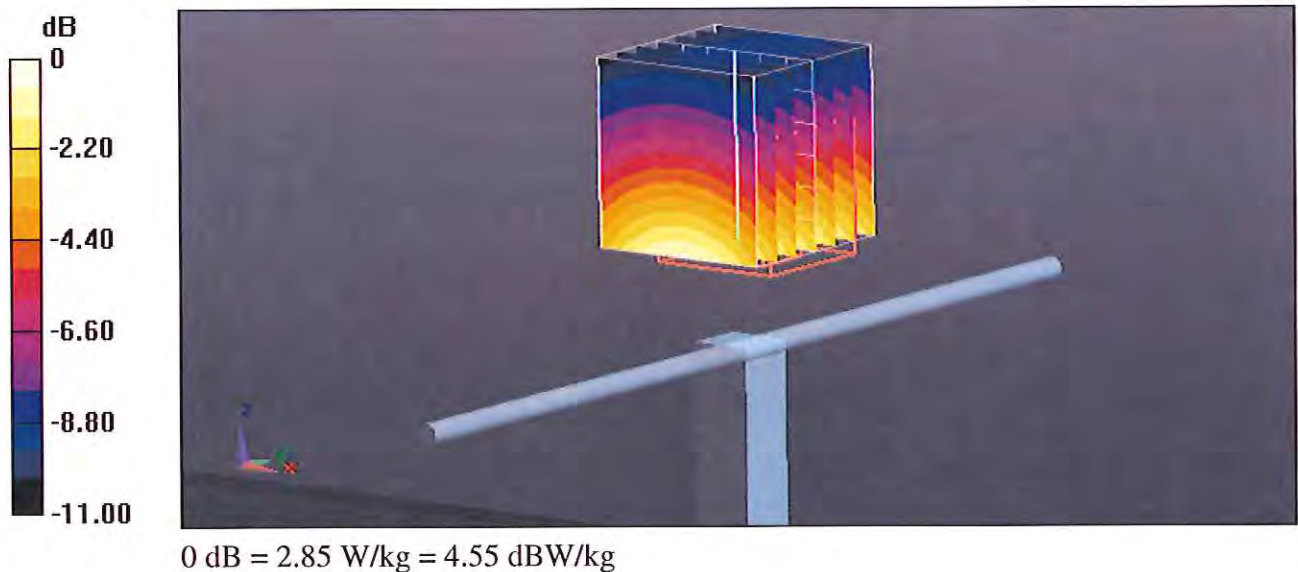
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 54.594 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

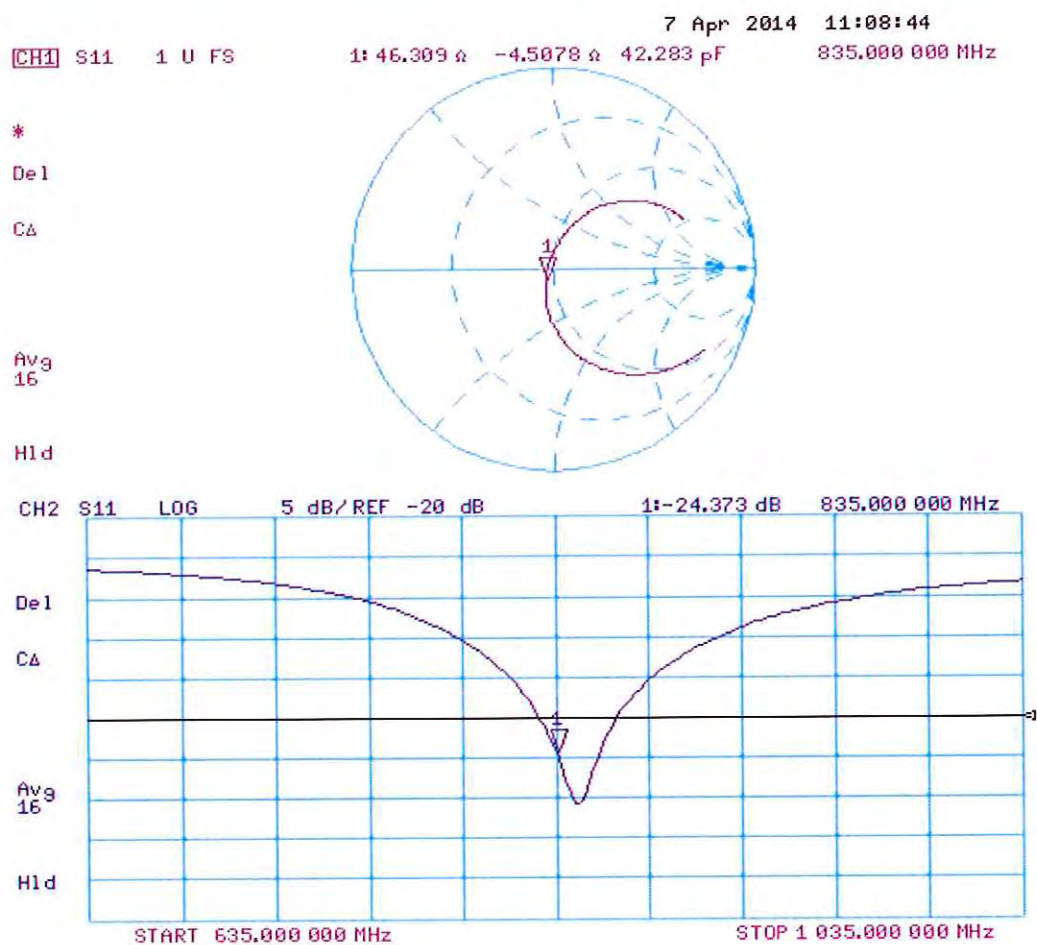
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d141_Apr14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 5d141**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **April 09, 2014**

✓
KOK
5/7/14

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by: **Name** Claudio Leubler **Function** Laboratory Technician

Approved by: **Name** Katja Pokovic **Function** Technical Manager

Signature




Issued: April 9, 2014

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.1 $\pm$ 6 %	1.36 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.91 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.1 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.8 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	52.4 $\pm$ 6 %	1.52 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.6 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.6 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$52.8 \Omega + 5.5 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 24.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$48.8 \Omega + 6.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.199 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	March 11, 2011

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 09.04.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d141

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.36$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.06, 5.06, 5.06); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

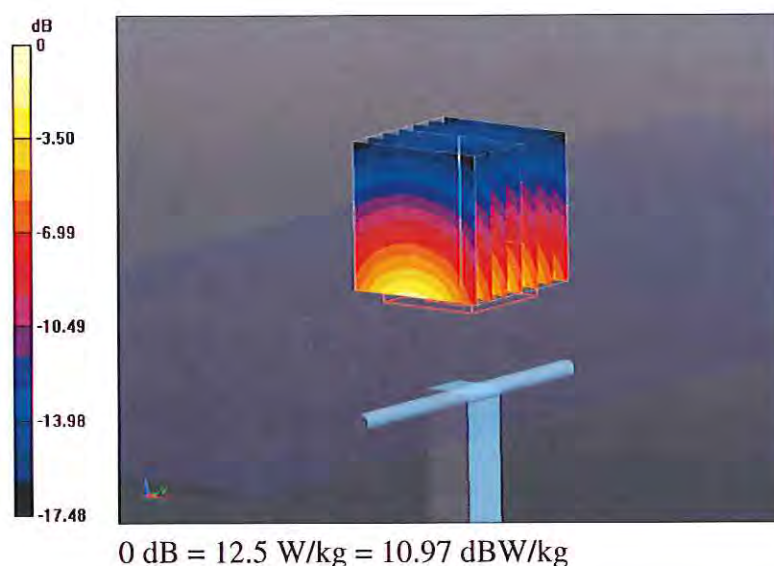
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.080 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

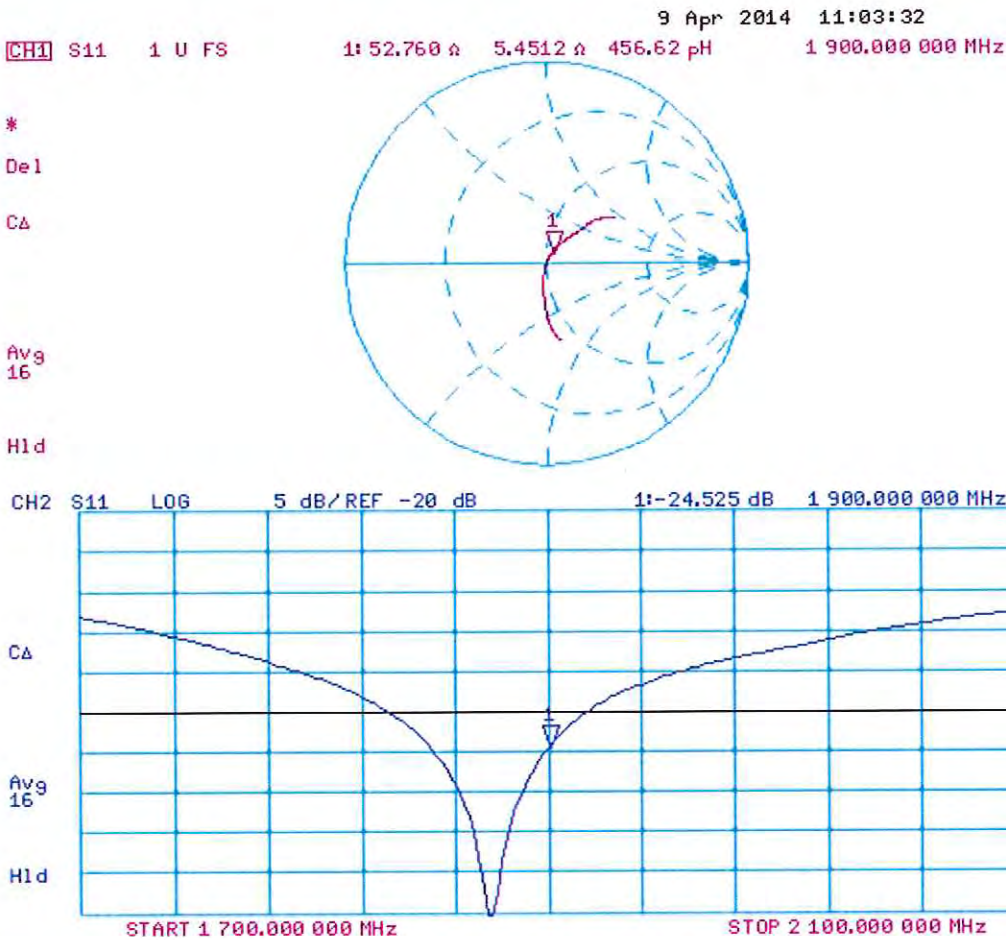
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.91 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 09.04.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN: 5d141

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.52$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

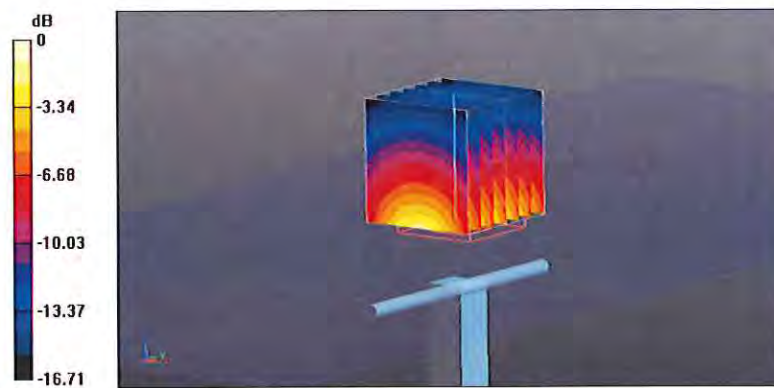
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.820 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.9 W/kg

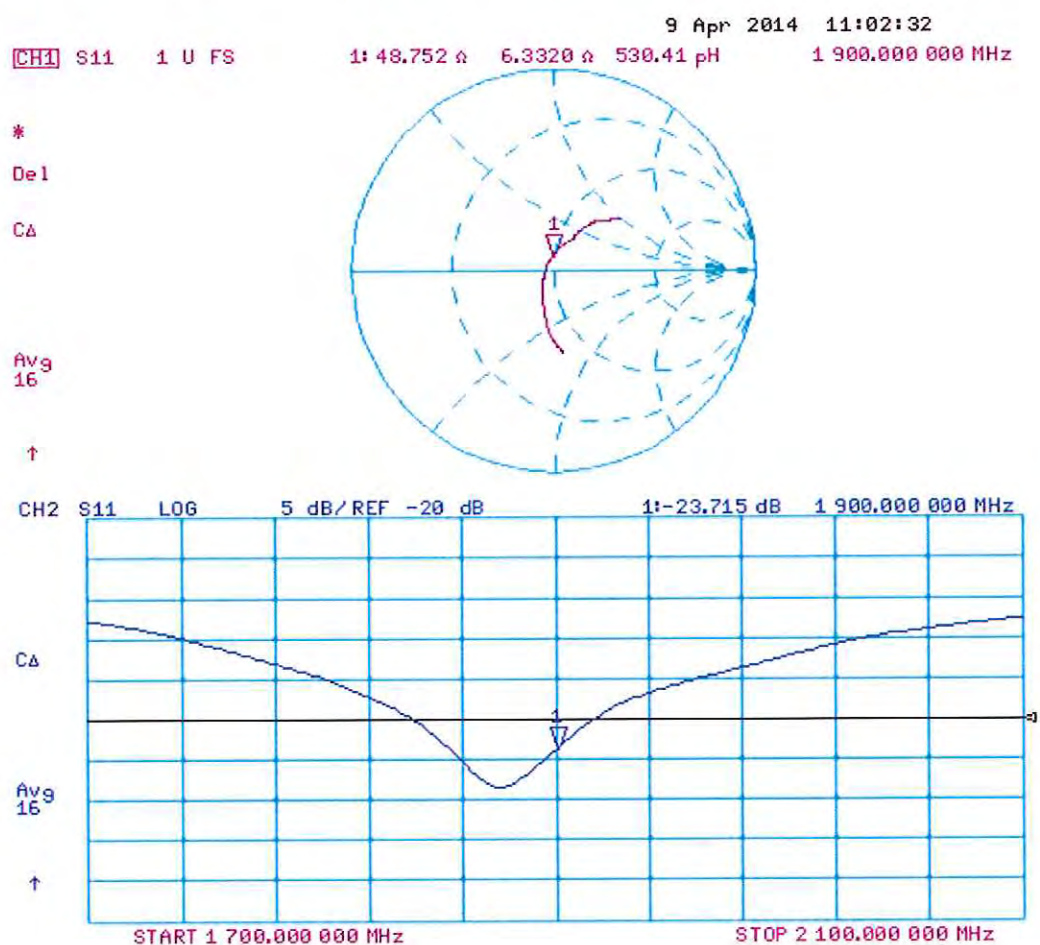
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg



0 dB = 12.9 W/kg = 11.11 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-797_Jan14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 797**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v9**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: **January 21, 2014**

CC ✓
2/5/14

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

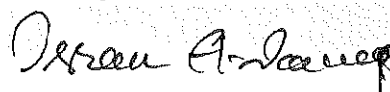
All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by: **Israe El-Naouq** Name: **Israe El-Naouq** Function: **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Name: **Katja Pokovic** Function: **Technical Manager**

Signature: 


Issued: January 21, 2014

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Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	38.7 $\pm$ 6 %	1.86 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.13 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	51.3 $\pm$ 6 %	2.04 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	49.4 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.86 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$53.5 \Omega + 3.2 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$50.0 \Omega + 4.9 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 26.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.151 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 24, 2006

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 797

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

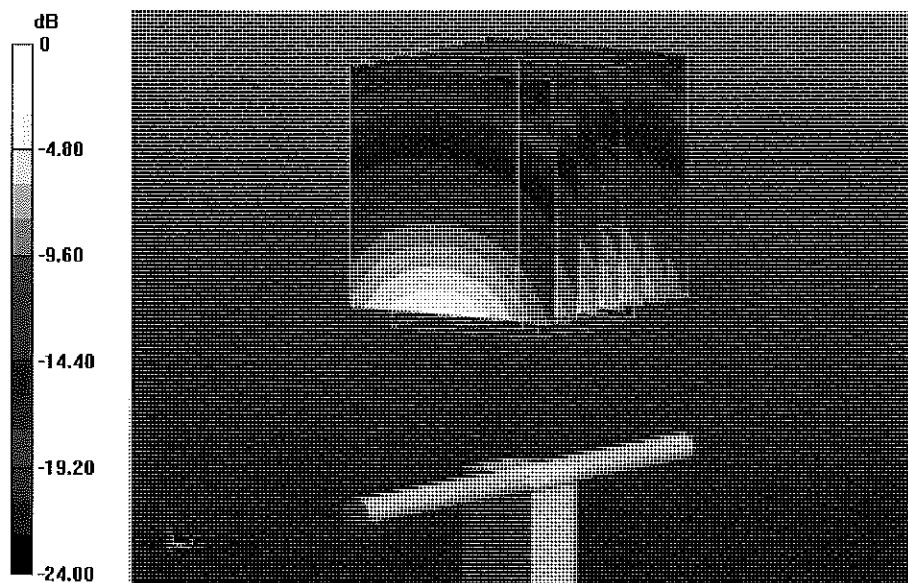
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 99.151 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.9 W/kg



0 dB = 16.9 W/kg = 12.28 dBW/kg

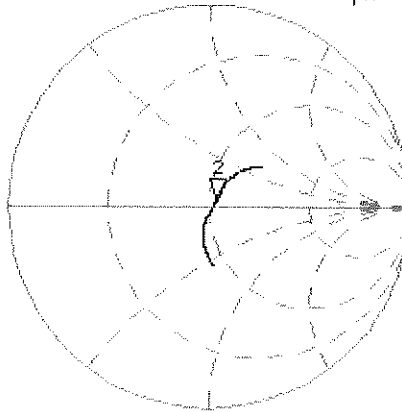
Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

21 Jan 2014 11:31:52
 CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 53.512 $\angle$ 3.2285 $\angle$ 209.73 pH 2 450.000 000 MHz

*
 Del
 CA

Avg
 16

H1d

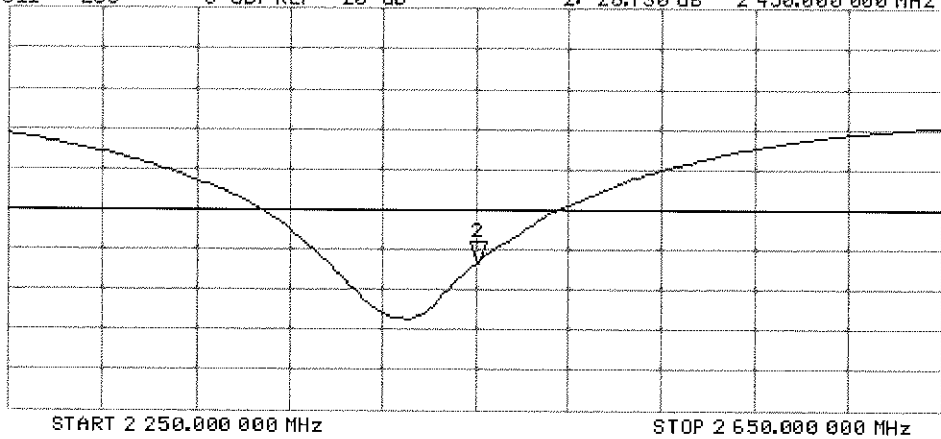


CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2:-26.730 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA

Avg
 16

H1d



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 797

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.04$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

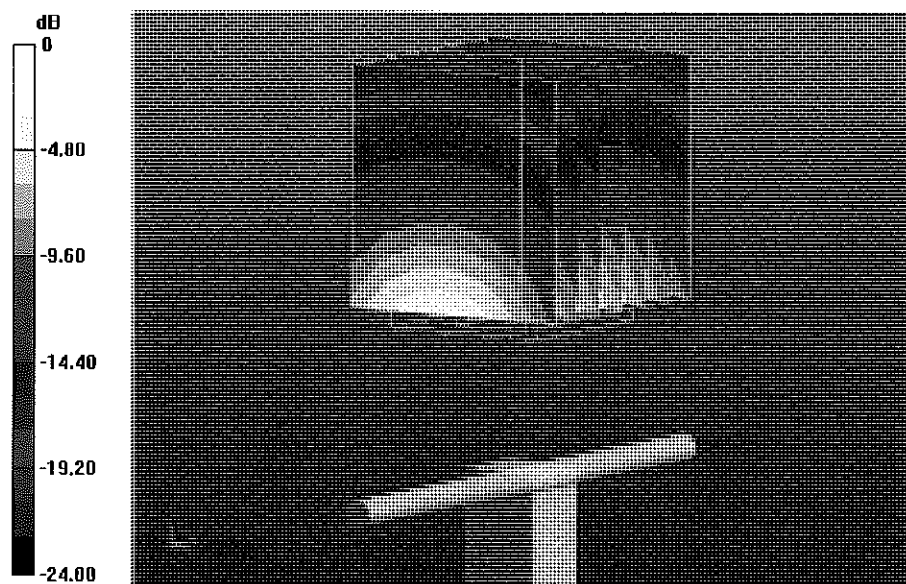
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.709 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.86 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.8 W/kg



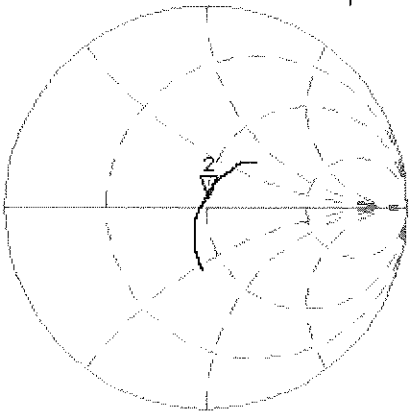
0 dB = 16.8 W/kg = 12.25 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

21 Jan 2014 11:31:29

CH1 S11 1 U FS 2: 49.994 Ω 4.9258 Ω 319.98 μ H 2 450.000 000 MHz

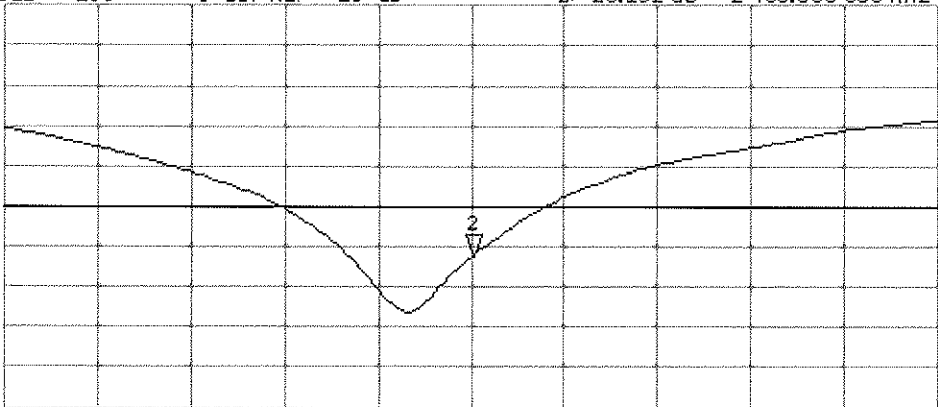
*
Del
CA



Avg
16
H1d

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 2:-26.162 dB 2 450.000 000 MHz

CA
Avg
16
H1d



START 2 250.000 000 MHz

STOP 2 450.000 000 MHz



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1057_Jan14**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1057**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

Calibration date: **January 27, 2014**

CC
2/5/14 ✓

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^\circ\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	30-Dec-13 (No. EX3-3503_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

Calibrated by: **Israe El-Naouq** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Israe El-Naouq
Katja Pokovic

Issued: January 27, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"
- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5300 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5500 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	35.0 $\pm$ 6 %	4.45 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.85 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.0 W/kg $\pm$ 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.25 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.3 W/kg $\pm$ 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	4.54 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.36 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.0 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.6 ± 6 %	4.74 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	84.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.5 ± 6 %	4.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	83.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.2 ± 6 %	5.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.00 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.6 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.3 ± 6 %	5.44 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.2 ± 6 %	5.57 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.79 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.8 ± 6 %	5.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.96 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	79.1 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.6 ± 6 %	5.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.2 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.24 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	46.3 ± 6 %	6.23 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.48 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.06 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.4 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	43.1 Ω - 4.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.5 Ω - 1.3 j Ω
Return Loss	- 28.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 Ω - 2.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.9 Ω - 5.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 24.6 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω - 3.1 j Ω
Return Loss	- 29.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.4 Ω - 7.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 22.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.6 Ω - 3.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 30.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.8 Ω - 3.9 j Ω
Return Loss	- 28.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.4 Ω - 2.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.3 Ω - 0.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 32.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.186 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	November 27, 2006

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 27.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1057

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.45$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.54$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.74$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.07$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.52, 5.52, 5.52); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.86, 4.86, 4.86); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.497 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.444 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.807 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

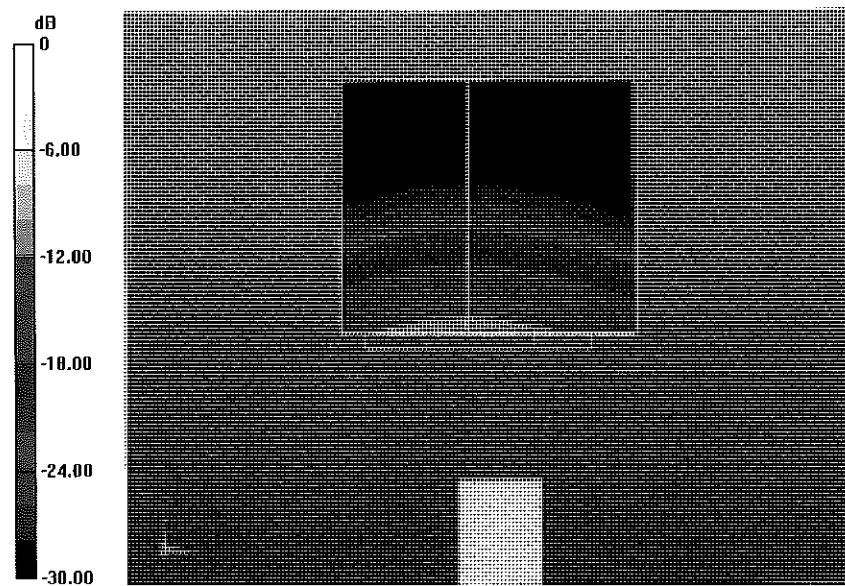
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 63.194 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 60.646 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.9 W/kg

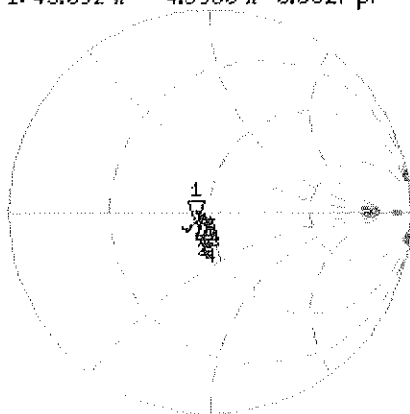


0 dB = 19.9 W/kg = 12.99 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

27 Jan 2014 17:12:04
 CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 43.092 Ω -4.5938 Ω 6.6627 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

*
 Del
 Cor
 Avg
 16
 H1d

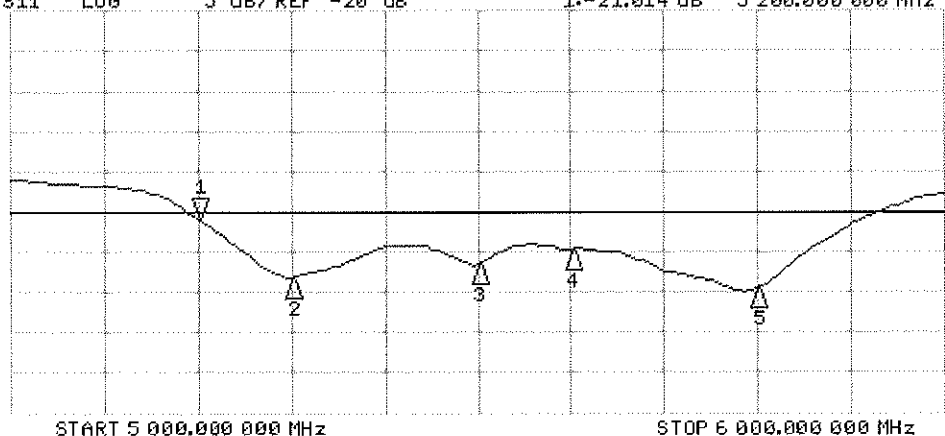


CH1 Markers

2: 46.475 Ω
 -1.3496 Ω
 5.30000 GHz
 3: 46.150 Ω
 -2.5078 Ω
 5.50000 GHz
 4: 48.900 Ω
 -5.6932 Ω
 5.60000 GHz
 5: 48.734 Ω
 -3.0762 Ω
 5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 LOG 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1: -21.014 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Del
 Cor
 Avg
 16
 H1d



CH2 Markers

2: -28.145 dB
 5.30000 GHz
 3: -26.415 dB
 5.50000 GHz
 4: -24.640 dB
 5.60000 GHz
 5: -29.464 dB
 5.80000 GHz

DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.01.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1057

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.44$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.57$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.84$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.98$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.23$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 46.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.3, 4.3, 4.3); Calibrated: 30.12.2013, ConvF(4.47, 4.47, 4.47); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.809 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.58 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.585 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.79 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.364 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

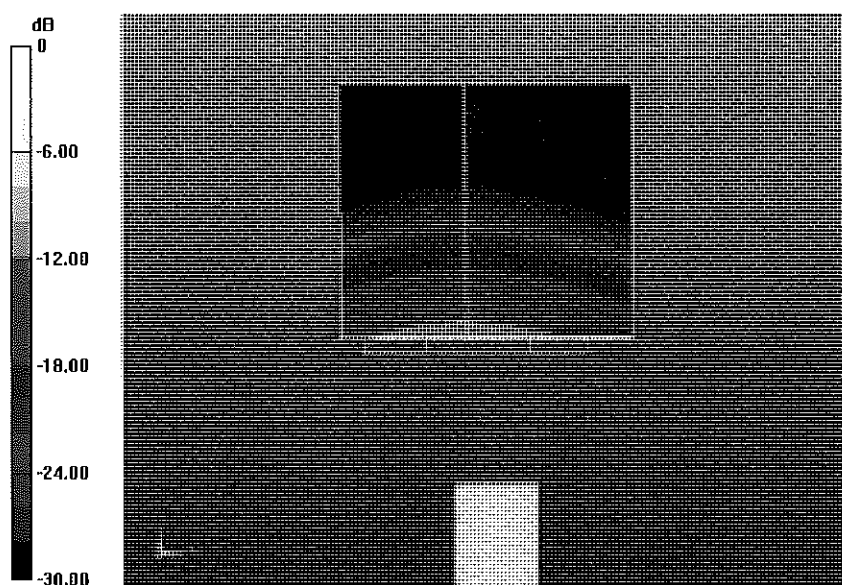
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.96 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 57.864 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.24 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 54.817 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 35.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.06 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

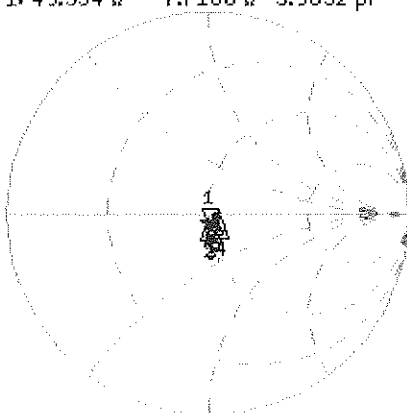


0 dB = 18.8 W/kg = 12.74 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

24 Jan 2014 15:50:22
CH1 S11 1 U FS 1: 49.354 Ω -7.7188 Ω 3.9652 pF 5 200.000 000 MHz

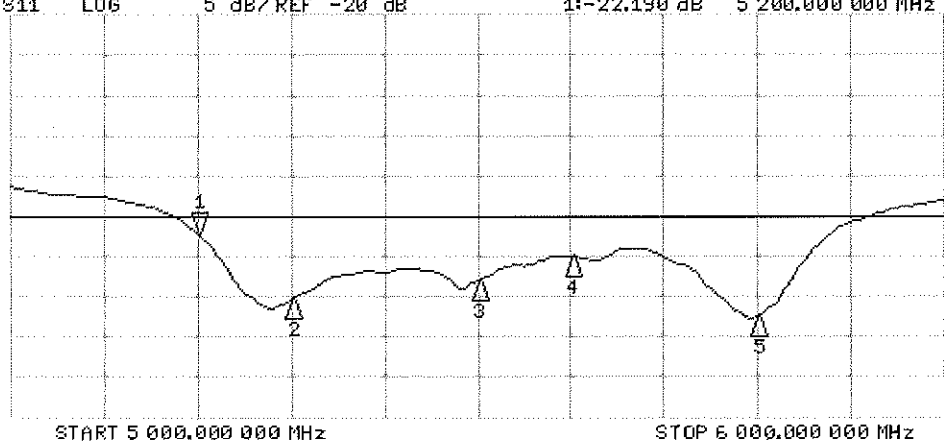
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CH1 Markers
 2: 49.559 Ω
 -3.0176 Ω
 5.30000 GHz
 3: 50.793 Ω
 -3.9160 Ω
 5.50000 GHz
 4: 55.393 Ω
 -2.5176 Ω
 5.60000 GHz
 5: 52.320 Ω
 -716.80 m Ω
 5.80000 GHz

CH2 S11 L06 5 dB/REF -20 dB 1:-22.190 dB 5 200.000 000 MHz

Cor
 Avg
 16
 H1d



CH2 Markers
 2:-30.277 dB
 5.30000 GHz
 3:-28.039 dB
 5.50000 GHz
 4:-24.960 dB
 5.60000 GHz
 5:-32.401 dB
 5.80000 GHz



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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **PC Test**

Certificate No: **D5GHzV2-1007_Sep13/2**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE (Replacement of No: D5GHzV2-1007_Sep13)

Object **D5GHzV2 - SN: 1007**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-22.v2**
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits between 3-6 GHz

CC✓
 10/15/13

Calibration date: **September 23, 2013**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
 The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	01-Nov-12 (No. 217-01640)	Oct-13
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 3503	28-Dec-12 (No. EX3-3503_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-11)	In house check: Oct-13
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-12)	In house check: Oct-13

Calibrated by:	Name Leif Klysner	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: October 4, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEC 62209-2, "Evaluation of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Handheld and Body-Mounted Wireless Communication Devices in the Frequency Range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz: Human models, Instrumentation, and Procedures"; Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for including accessories and multiple transmitters", March 2010
- b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"
- c) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013

Additional Documentation:

- d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom V5.0	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4.0 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5200 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5300 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5500 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5800 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	36.0	4.66 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	35.8 $\pm$ 6 %	4.48 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.77 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.5 W/kg $\pm$ 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.23 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 W/kg $\pm$ 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.76 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.6 ± 6 %	4.62 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.2 W / kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.6	4.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.4 ± 6 %	4.76 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.4 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.2 ± 6 %	4.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.03 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	80.0 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.7 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.3	5.27 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.0 ± 6 %	5.07 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.78 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.5 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.9 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5200 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	49.0	5.30 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.3 ± 6 %	5.36 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.6 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.03 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.2 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5300 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.9	5.42 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	48.1 ± 6 %	5.56 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.49 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	74.7 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.09 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.8 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.6	5.65 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.8 ± 6 %	5.75 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.61 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	75.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.11 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.0 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5600 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.5	5.77 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.6 ± 6 %	5.88 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.75 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.3 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.5 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters at 5800 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	48.2	6.00 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	47.3 ± 6 %	6.17 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	72.9 W/kg ± 19.9 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.1 W/kg ± 19.5 % (k=2)

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.4 Ω - 11.0 j Ω
Return Loss	- 19.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.8 Ω - 4.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 22.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8 Ω - 5.4 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	57.3 Ω - 8.7 j Ω
Return Loss	- 19.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	56.9 Ω + 1.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5200 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.1 Ω - 10.3 j Ω
Return Loss	- 19.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5300 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.3 Ω - 1.5 j Ω
Return Loss	- 27.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5500 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.7 Ω - 3.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 28.7 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5600 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	58.2 Ω - 5.2 j Ω
Return Loss	- 20.9 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL at 5800 MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	58.7 Ω + 3.9 j Ω
Return Loss	- 21.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.201 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	August 28, 2003

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 23.09.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1007

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.48$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.62$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.76$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.2$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.07$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(5.41, 5.41, 5.41); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(5.1, 5.1, 5.1); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.76, 4.76, 4.76); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.81, 4.81, 4.81); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.505 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.1 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.817 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 64.029 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.17 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.7 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 63.403 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg

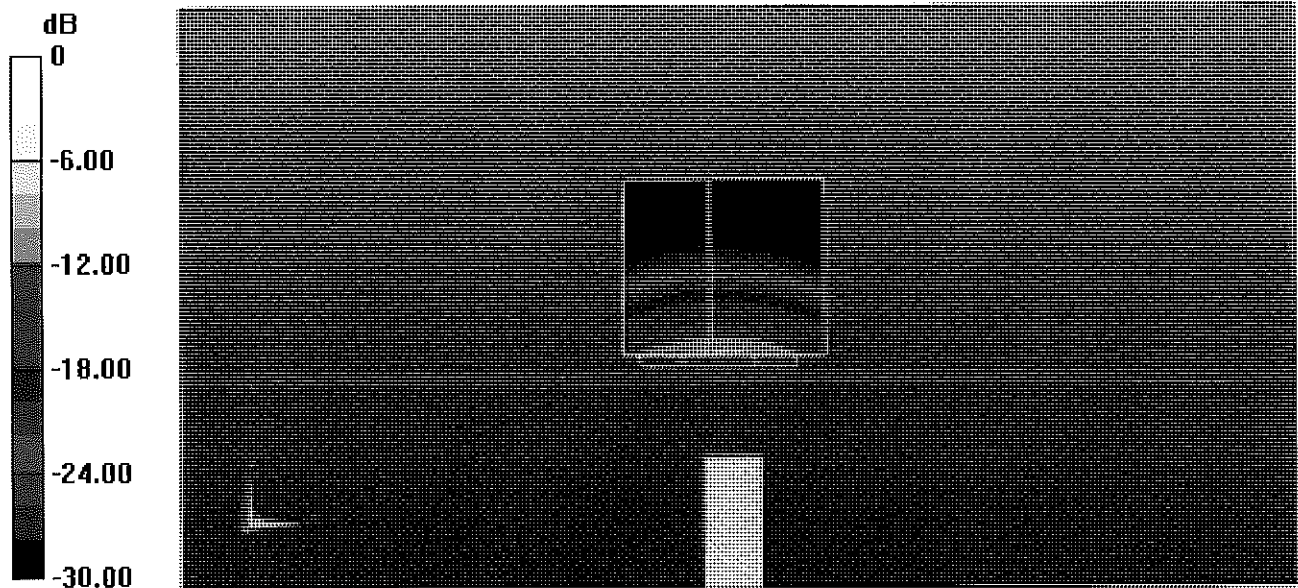
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 60.987 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.9 W/kg

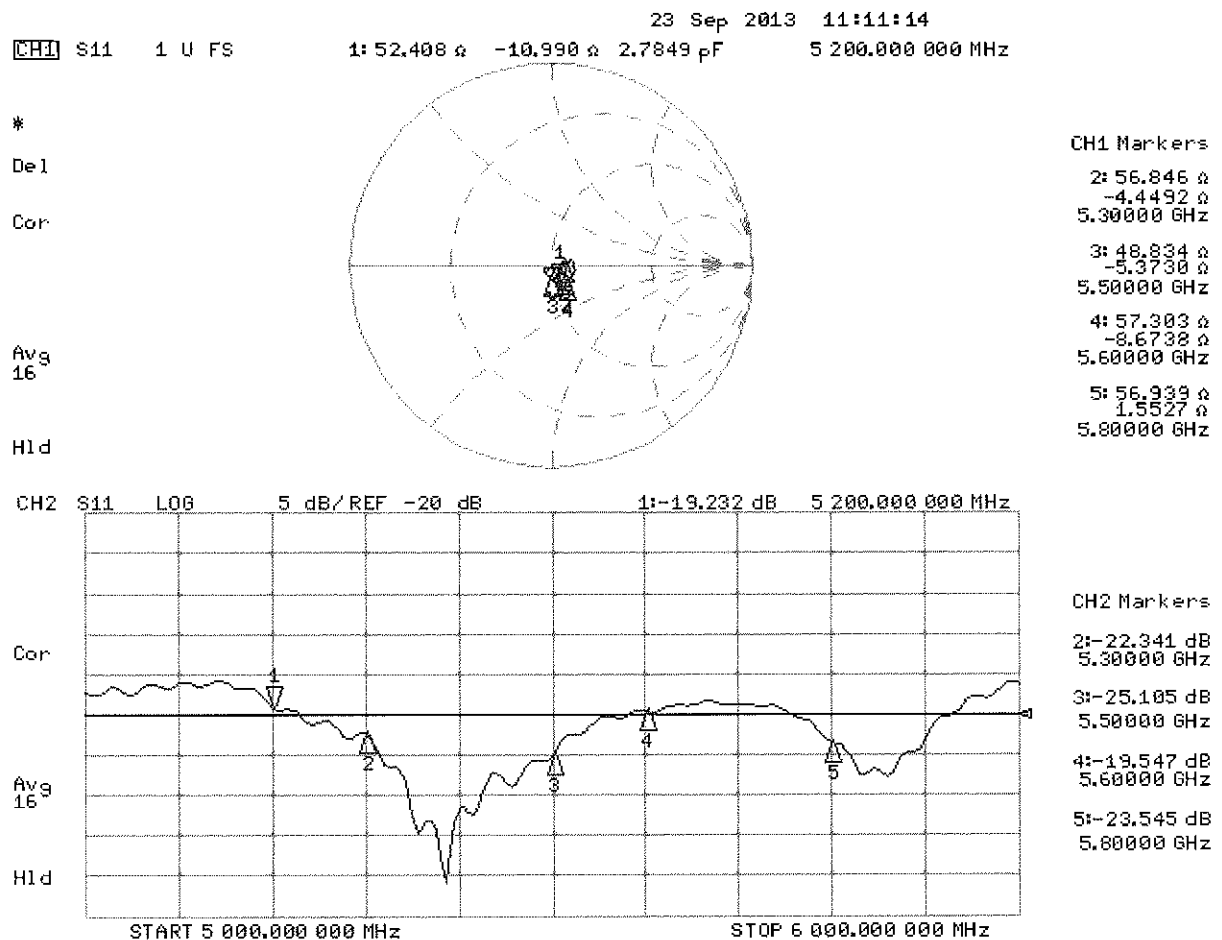
SAR(1 g) = 7.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.0 W/kg



0 dB = 19.0 W/kg = 12.79 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 20.09.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1007

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 5200 MHz, Frequency: 5300 MHz, Frequency: 5500 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz, Frequency: 5800 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.36$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5300$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.56$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5500$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.75$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.88$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.6$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³, Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.17$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3503; ConvF(4.91, 4.91, 4.91); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.67, 4.67, 4.67); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.22, 4.22, 4.22); Calibrated: 28.12.2012, ConvF(4.38, 4.38, 4.38); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5200 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.606 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.03 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.2 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5300 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.305 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.8 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.471 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.11 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.5 W/kg

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 58.333 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.75 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg

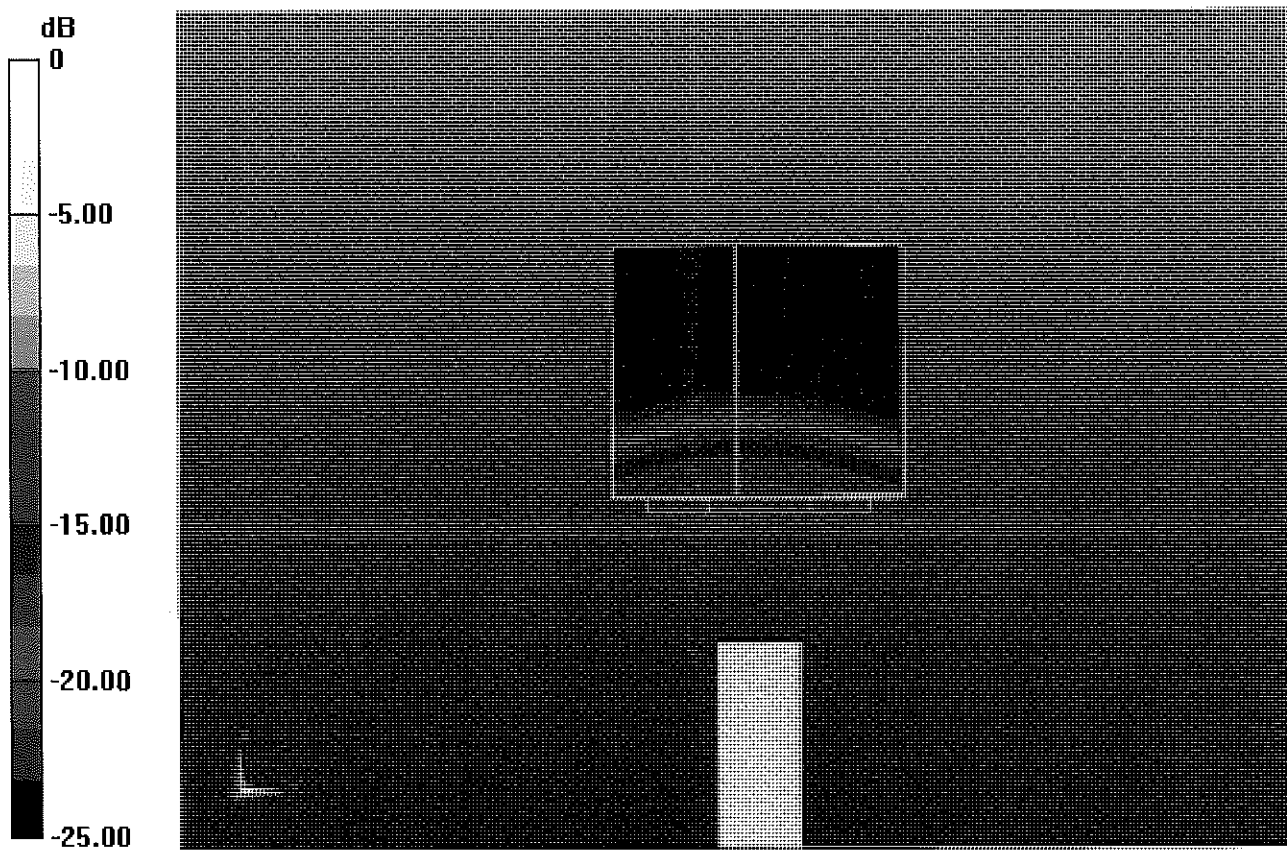
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=100mW, dist=10mm, f=5800 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 55.389 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 34.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.02 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.3 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL

