

FCC/IC UNII REPORT

Certification

Applicant Name:
SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

Date of Issue:
23 December 2019

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Report No.: HCT-RF-1911-FI022-R1

FCC ID:	A3LSMT307U
IC:	649E-SMT307U
APPLICANT:	SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd.

Model: SM-T307U

EUT Type: Tablet

Modulation type OFDM

FCC Classification: Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure TX(NII)

FCC Rule Part(s): Part 15.407

IC Rule Part(s): RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017), RSS-Gen Issue 5_Amendment 1 (March 2019)

Engineering Statement:

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC/IC Rules under normal use and maintenance.



Report prepared by : Jeong Ho Kim
Engineer of Telecommunication testing center



Approved by : Jong Seok Lee
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Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-RF-1911-FI022	11 December 2019	- First Approval Report
HCT-RF-1911-FI022-R1	23 December 2019	- FCC Classification revised. - RSS-GEN issue Date updated.

This test results were applied only to the test methods required by the standard.

This laboratory is not accredited for the test results marked *.

The above Test Report is the accredited test result by KOLAS(Korea Laboratory Accreditation Scheme), which signed the ILAC-MRA. (HCT Accreditation No.: KT197)

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

EUT DESCRIPTION

Model	SM-T307U	
EUT Type	Tablet	
Power Supply	DC 3.85 V	
Battery Information	Model: EB-BT307ABY Type: Li-ion Battery	
Travel Adapter Information	Model : EP-TA50JWE Manufacture: DONGYANG E&P	
Data Cable Information	Model : EP-DR140AWZ Manufacture: KSD	
Ear-jack Information	Model : EHS64AVFWE Manufacture: ALMUS	
Modulation Type	OFDM : 802.11a, 802.11n, 802.11ac	
Frequency Range (MHz)	U-NII-1	20MHz BW : 5180 - 5240 40MHz BW : 5190 - 5230 80MHz BW : 5210
	U-NII-2A	20MHz BW : 5260 - 5320 40MHz BW : 5270 - 5310 80MHz BW : 5290
	U-NII-2C	20MHz BW : 5500 - 5720 40MHz BW : 5510 - 5710 80MHz BW : 5530 – 5690
	U-NII-3	20MHz BW : 5745 - 5825 40MHz BW : 5755 - 5795 80MHz BW : 5775
Antenna Specification	Antenna type: LDS Peak Gain : 0.0 dBi(UNII 1, 2A, 2C, 3)	
Straddle channel	Supported	
TDWR Band	Not Supported	
Dynamic Frequency Selection	Slave without radar detection	
Date(s) of Tests	October 22, 2019 ~ November 29, 2019	
PMN (Product Marketing Number)	Galaxy Tab A4S	
HVIN (Hardware Version Identification Number)	SM-T307U	
FVIN (Firmware Version Identification Number)	N/A	
HMN (Host Marketing Name)	N/A	

2. MAXIMUM OUTPUT POWER

The transmitter has a maximum total conducted average output power as follows:

Band	Mode	RF Output Power	
		(dBm)	(W)
UNII1	802.11a	17.32	0.054
	802.11n (HT20)	15.11	0.032
	802.11n (HT40)	11.96	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT20)	14.90	0.031
	802.11ac (VHT40)	11.92	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT80)	9.01	0.008
UNII2A	802.11a	16.99	0.050
	802.11n (HT20)	14.67	0.029
	802.11n (HT40)	11.98	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT20)	14.27	0.027
	802.11ac (VHT40)	11.97	0.016
	802.11ac (VHT80)	8.98	0.008
UNII2C	802.11a	17.89	0.062
	802.11n (HT20)	15.79	0.038
	802.11n (HT40)	11.68	0.015
	802.11ac (VHT20)	15.80	0.038
	802.11ac (VHT40)	11.56	0.014
	802.11ac (VHT80)	9.68	0.009
UNII3	802.11a	17.19	0.052
	802.11n (HT20)	15.23	0.033
	802.11n (HT40)	11.64	0.015
	802.11ac (VHT20)	15.65	0.037
	802.11ac (VHT40)	11.75	0.015
	802.11ac (VHT80)	9.48	0.009

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in FCC KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01 dated December 14, 2017 entitled "Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices Part15, Subpart E" and ANSI C63.10(Version : 2013) 'the American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices' were used in the measurement.

EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E. / RSS-Gen issue 5, RSS-247 issue 2.

GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10. (Version :2013) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane below 1GHz. Above 1GHz with 1.5m using absorbers between the EUT and receive antenna. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the max. emission, the relative positions of this hand-held transmitter (EUT) was rotated through three orthogonal axes according to the requirements in Section 6.6.5 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2013)

DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment's, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

Especially, all antenna for measurement is calibrated in accordance with the requirements of C63.5 (Version : 2017).

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2014) and CISPR Publication 22.

Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated April 02, 2018 (Registration Number: KR0032).

For ISED, test facility was accepted dated February 14, 2019 (CAB identifier: KR0032).

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203, §15.407:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

- (1) The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.
- (2) The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203, §15.407

7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10-2013.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of $k = 2$ to indicate a 95 % level of confidence.

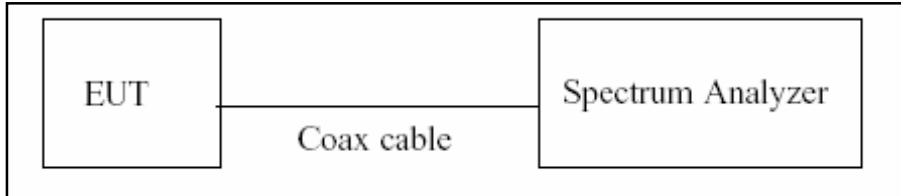
The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty ($\pm$ dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.70
Radiated Disturbance (18 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	5.05

8. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

8.1. Duty Cycle

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure B.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

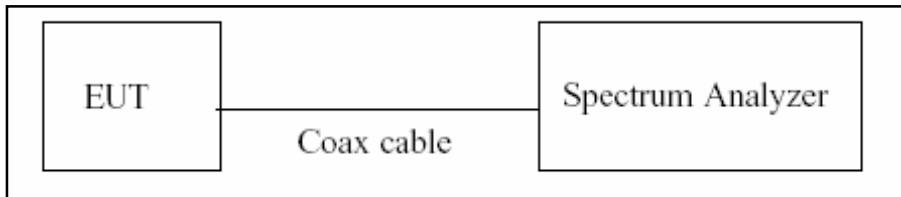
1. RBW = 8 MHz (the largest available value)
2. VBW = 8 MHz ($\geq$ RBW)
3. SPAN = 0 Hz
4. Detector = Peak
5. Number of points in sweep > 100
6. Trace mode = Clear write
7. Measure T_{total} and T_{on}
8. Calculate Duty Cycle = $T_{\text{on}} / T_{\text{total}}$ and Duty Cycle Factor = $10\log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

8.2. 6dB Bandwidth & 26dB Bandwidth & 99 % Bandwidth

Limit

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Configuration



Test Procedure(26dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.1 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = approximately 1 % of the emission bandwidth
2. VBW > RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the maximum of the emission.
Compare this with the RBW setting of the analyzer. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is approximately 1 %.

Test Procedure (6dB Bandwidth)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We tested according to Procedure C.2 in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. RBW = 100 kHz
2. VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace mode = max hold
5. Allow the trace to stabilize
6. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points(upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note:

1. We tested X dB bandwidth using the automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer.
2. DFS test channels should be defined. So, We performed the OBW test to prove that no part of the fundamental emissions of any channels belong to UNII1 and UNII3 band for DFS.
3. The 26 dB bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits.

Test Procedure (99 % Bandwidth measurement)

The 99 % bandwidth is used to determine the conducted power limits(for IC).

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied /
x dBbandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. The
sweep time is coupled. The spectrum analyzer internal 99% bandwidth function is utilized. (6.9.3 in ANSI
63.10-2013)

RBW = 1% ~ 5% of the occupied bandwidth

VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

Detector = Peak

Trace mode = max hold

Sweep = auto couple

Allow the trace to stabilize

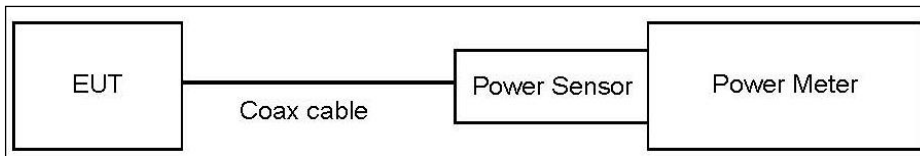
8.3. Output Power Measurement

Limit

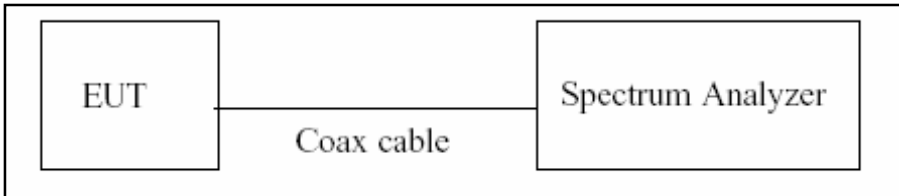
Band	Limit
UNII 1	- Master : Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm) - Slave : Not exceed 250 mW(=23.98 dBm)
UNII 2A, 2C	Not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or 11 dBm + 10 log B, (where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz.)
UNII 3	Not exceed 1 W(=30dBm)

Test Configuration

Power Meter



Spectrum Analyzer(Only Straddle Channel)



Test Procedure(Power Meter)

We tested according to Procedure E.3.a in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
3. Add 10 log (1/x), where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Test Procedure(Spectrum Analyzer)

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer.

We use the spectrum analyzer's integrated band power measurement function.

We tested according to Procedure E.2.d) in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Measure the duty cycle.
2. Set span to encompass the 26 dB EBW of the signal.
3. RBW = 1 MHz.
4. VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz.
5. Number of points in sweep $\geq 2 \times \text{span/RBW}$.
6. Sweep time = auto.
7. Detector = RMS.
8. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
9. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
10. Integrated bandwidth = OBW
11. Add $10\log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times.

Sample Calculation

Total Power(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(20 dB) + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	22.10
UNII 2A	22.10
UNII 2C	22.10
UNII 3	22.10

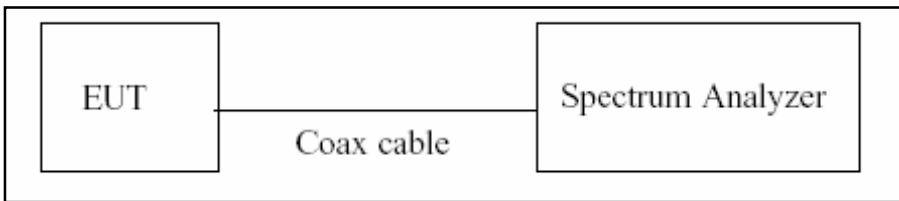
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.4. Power Spectral Density

Limit

Band	Limit
UNII 1	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 2A, 2C	11 dBm/MHz
UNII 3	30 dBm/500 kHz

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

We tested according to Procedure F in KDB 789033 D02 v02r01.

1. Set span to encompass the entire emission bandwidth(EBW) of the signal.
2. RBW = 1 MHz(510 kHz for UNII 3)
3. VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
4. Number of points in sweep $\geq$ 2 x span/RBW.
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Detector = RMS(i.e., power averaging), if available. Otherwise, use sample detector mode.
7. Do not use sweep triggering. Allow the sweep to “free run”.
8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging(RMS) mode
9. Use the peak search function on the spectrum analyzer to find the peak of the spectrum.
10. If Method SA-2 was used, add $10 \log(1/x)$, where x is the duty cycle, to the peak of the spectrum.

Sample Calculation

Total PSD(dBm) = Reading Value(dBm) + ATT loss(dB) + Cable loss(dB) + Duty Cycle Factor(dB)

Note

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data.

The PSD results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the attenuator and cable combination.

2. Spectrum offset = Attenuator loss(20 dB) + Cable loss

3. Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination is below table.

Band	Loss(dB)
UNII 1	22.10
UNII 2A	22.10
UNII 2C	22.10
UNII 3	22.10

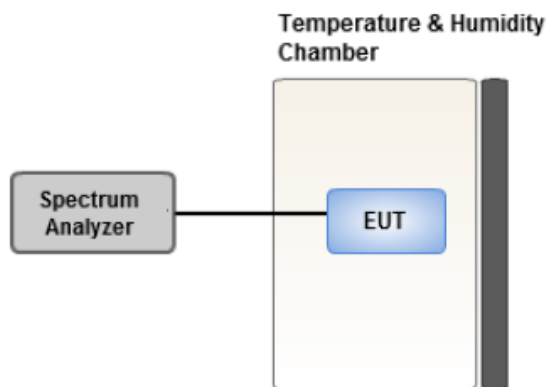
(Actual value of loss for the attenuator and cable combination)

8.5. Frequency Stability

Limit

Maintained within the band

Test Configuration



Test Procedure

1. The EUT was placed inside an environmental chamber as the temperature in the chamber was varied between -30 °C and 50 °C.
2. The temperature was incremented by 10 °C intervals and the unit was allowed to stabilize at each temperature before each measurement. The center frequency of the transmitting channel was evaluated at each temperature and the frequency deviation from the channel's center frequency was recorded.
3. The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for non hand-carried battery and AC powered equipment. For hand-carried, battery-powered equipment, primary supply voltage is reduced to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
4. While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn the EUT ON and record the operating frequency at startup, and at 2 minutes, 5 minutes, and 10 minutes after the EUT is energized. Four measurements in total are made.

8.6. AC Power line Conducted Emissions

Limit

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56 ^(a)	56 to 46 ^(a)
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

^(a)Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Annex A for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

Test Procedure

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors : Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

Sample Calculation

Quasi-peak(Final Result) = Reading Value + Correction Factor

8.7. Radiated Test

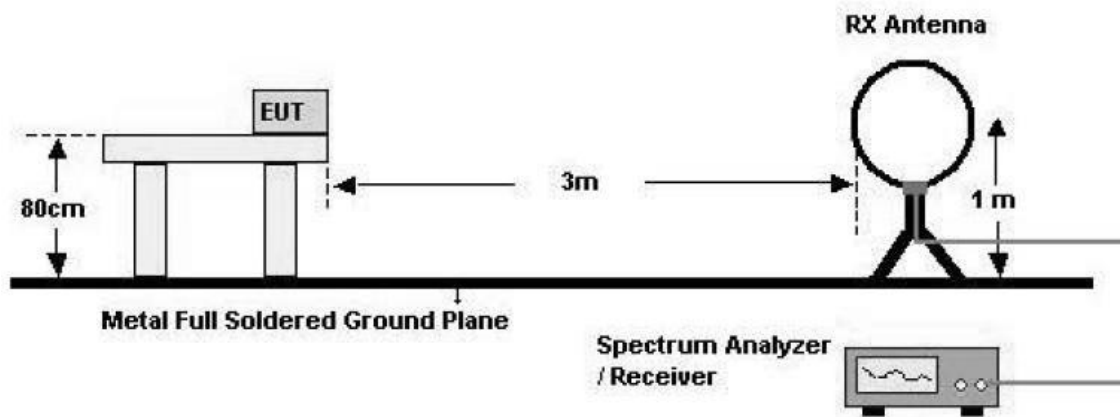
Limit

1. UNII 1: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
2. UNII 2A, 2C: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an EIRP of -27 dBm/MHz.
3. UNII 3: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
4. All out of band emissions appearing in a restricted band as specified in Section 15.205 of the Title 47 CFR must not exceed the limits shown in Section 15.209.

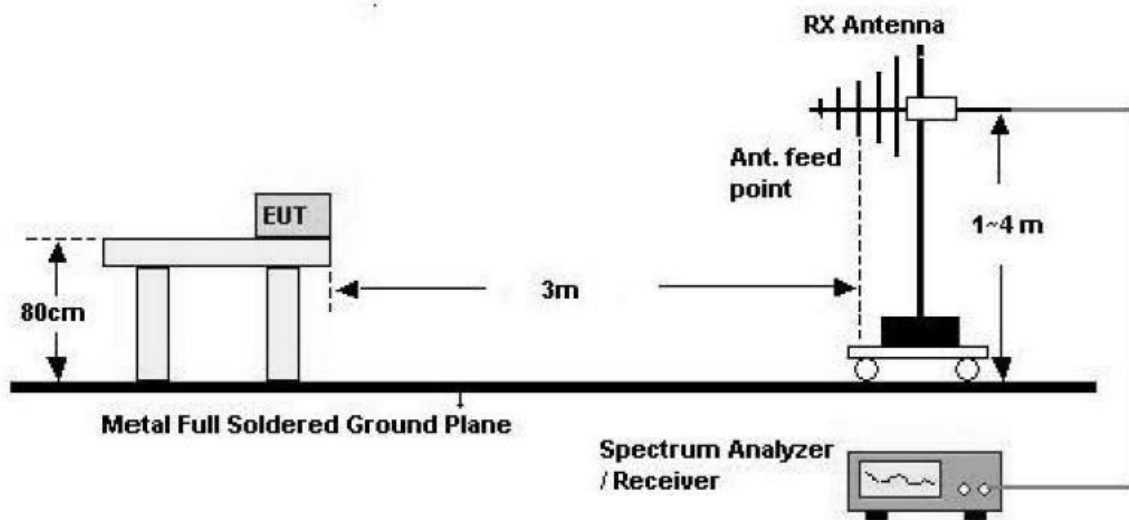
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 – 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Test Configuration

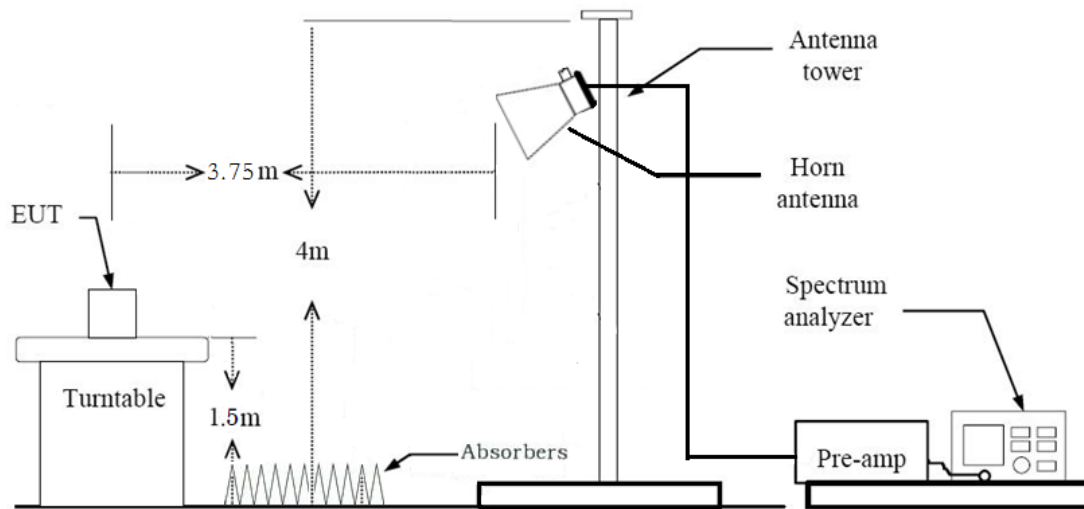
Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 30 MHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The loop antenna was placed at a location 3m from the EUT
3. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization and Parallel to the ground plane in detecting antenna.
5. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
6. Distance Correction Factor(0.009 MHz – 0.490 MHz) = $40\log(3 \text{ m}/300 \text{ m}) = - 80 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
7. Distance Correction Factor(0.490 MHz – 30 MHz) = $40\log(3 \text{ m}/30 \text{ m}) = - 40 \text{ dB}$
Measurement Distance : 3 m
8. Spectrum Setting
 - Frequency Range = 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz
 - Detector = Peak
 - Trace = Maxhold
 - RBW = 9 kHz
 - VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW
9. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) + Distance Factor(D.F)
10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

KDB 414788 OFS and Chamber Correlation Justification

Base on FCC 15.31 (f) (2): measurements may be performed at a distance closer than that specified in the regulations; however, an attempt should be made to avoid making measurements in the near field.

OFS and chamber correlation testing had been performed and chamber measured test result is the worst case test result.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions(Below 1GHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

In general, (1) is used mainly

6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)
7. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.

Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
 - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \leq \text{RBW}/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor
11. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency
12. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

Test Procedure of Radiated Restricted Band Edge

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).
 - ◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20\log(\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)
6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.

8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.

9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak, G.5 in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq$ 3 MHz
- Detector = Peak
- Sweep Time = auto
- Trace mode = max hold
- Allow sweeps to continue until the trace stabilizes.

Note that if the transmission is not continuous, the time required for the trace to stabilize will increase by a factor of approximately $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

(2) Measurement Type(Average, G.6.d in KDB 789033 v02r01):

- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW(Duty cycle $\geq$ 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \leq \text{RBW}/100$ (i.e., 10 kHz) but not less than 10 Hz.
- VBW(Duty cycle is < 98 percent) = $\text{VBW} \geq 1/T$, where T is the minimum transmission duration.
- The analyzer is set to linear detector mode.
- Detector = Peak.
- Sweep time = auto.
- Trace mode = max hold.
- Allow max hold to run for at least 50 traces if the transmitted signal is continuous or has at least 98 percent duty cycle. For lower duty cycles, increase the minimum number of traces by a factor of $1/x$, where x is the duty cycle.

10. Measured Frequency Range :

- 4500MHz ~ 5150MHz
- 5350MHz ~ 5460MHz
- 5460MHz ~ 5470MHz

- (75 MHz or more below the 5725MHz) ~ 5725MHz
- 5850MHz ~ (75 MHz or more above the 5850MHz)

11. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

The actual setting value of VBW

Mode	Worst Data rate (Mbps)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	The actual setting value of VBW (Hz)
802.11a	6	0.925	0.340	1000
802.11n(HT20)	MCS 0	0.927	0.329	1000
802.11n(HT40)	MCS 0	0.865	0.631	3000
802.11ac(VHT20)	MCS 0	0.931	0.313	1000
802.11ac(VHT40)	MCS 0	0.848	0.718	3000
802.11ac(VHT80)	MCS 0	0.765	1.163	3000

8.8. Receiver Spurious Emissions

Limit

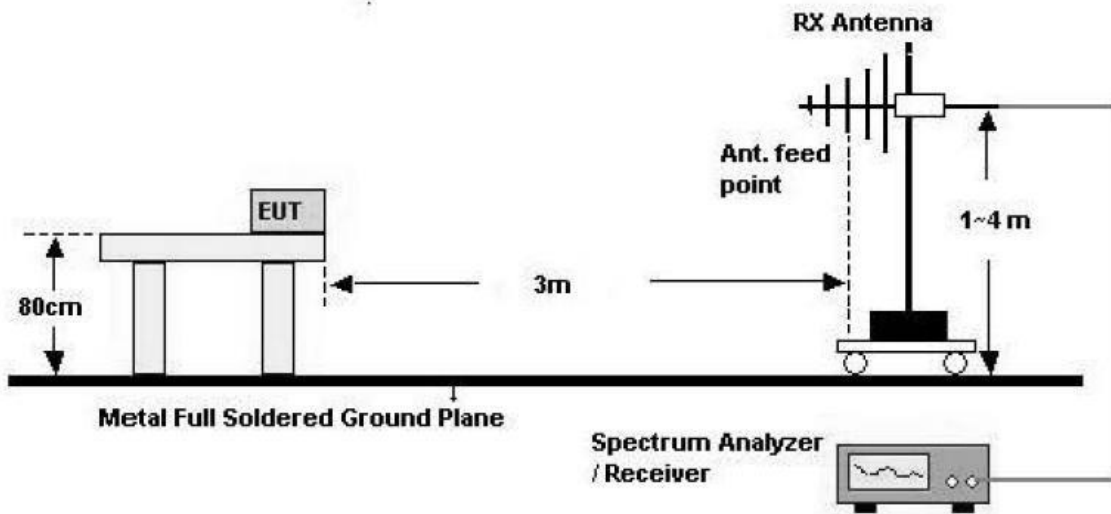
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

Measurements for compliance with the limits in table may be performed at distances other than 3 metres.

Test Configuration

30 MHz - 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Receiver Spurious Emissions (Below 1GHz)

1. The EUT was placed on a non-conductive table located on semi-anechoic chamber.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8m above ground plane.
3. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
4. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
5. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

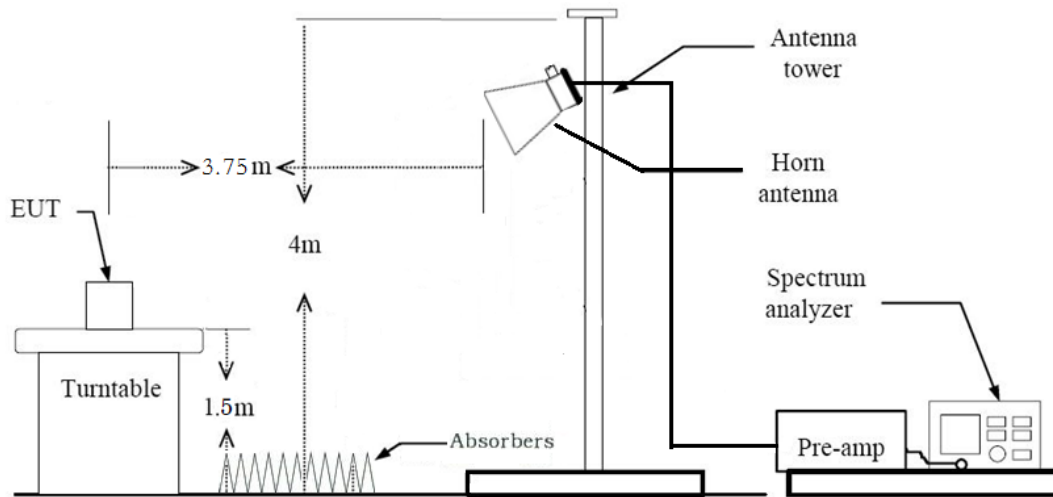
- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 100 kHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Quasi-peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 30 MHz – 1 GHz
- Detector = Quasi-Peak
- RBW = 120 kHz

6. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L)

Above 1 GHz



Test Procedure of Radiated spurious emissions (Above 1 GHz)

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 1.5 m above ground plane.
2. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.
3. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
4. EUT is set 3.75 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
5. According to SVSWR requirement in ANSI 63.4-2014, We performed the radiated test at 3.75 m distance from center of turn table. So, we applied the distance factor(reference distance : 3 m).

◆ Distance extrapolation factor = $20 \log (\text{test distance} / \text{specific distance})$ (dB)

6. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
7. Each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
8. The unit was tested with its standard battery.
9. Spectrum Setting

(1) Measurement Type(Peak):

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 3 \times$ RBW

(2) Measurement Type(Average):

- We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode

- Measured Frequency Range : 1 GHz – 25 GHz
- Detector = Peak
- Trace = Maxhold
- RBW = 1 MHz
- VBW $\geq 1/\tau$ Hz, where τ = pulse width in seconds

The actual setting value of VBW = 1 kHz

10. Measurement value only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
11. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor(A.F) + Cable Loss(C.L) - Amp Gain(G) + Distance Factor(D.F)

8.9. Worst case configuration and mode

Radiated test

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
 - Mode : Stand alone, Stand alone + External accessories(Earphone, etc)
 - Worstcase : Stand alone
2. EUT Axis
 - Radiated Spurious Emissions : Y
 - Radiated Restricted Band Edge : Y
3. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported
 - 802.11a : 6Mbps
 - 802.11n : MCS0
 - 802.11ac : MCS0
4. All position of loop antenna were investigated and the test result is a no critical peak found at all positions.
 - Position : Horizontal, Vertical, Parallel to the ground plane

AC Power line Conducted Emissions

1. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported.
 - Mode : Stand alone + External accessories(Earphone, etc)+Travel Adapter(Normal),
Stand alone + Travel Adapter(Normal),
Stand alone + External accessories(Earphone, etc)+Travel Adapter(Fast charging),
Stand alone + Travel Adapter(Fast charging)
 - Worstcase : Stand alone + Travel Adapter(Normal and Fast Charging)

Conducted test

1. All datarate of operation were investigated and the worst case datarate results are reported

9. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Part

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
26dB Bandwidth	§15.407 (for Power Measurement)	N/A	Conducted	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	§15.407(e)	>500 kHz (5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power	§15.407(a)(1)	< 250 mW(5150-5250 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 250 mW or 11+10 log log ₁₀ (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) <1 W(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Peak Power Spectral Density	§15.407(a)(1),(5)	<11 dBm/ MHz (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5250-5350 MHz) <11 dBm/ MHz (5470-5725 MHz) <30 dBm/500 kHz(5725-5850 MHz)		PASS
Frequency Stability	§15.407(g) §2.1055	Maintained within the band		PASS
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	15.207	<FCC 15.207 limits		PASS
Undesirable Emissions	§15.407(b)	<-27 dBm/MHz EIRP (UNII1, 2A, 2C) cf. Section 8.7 (UNII 3)	Radiated	PASS
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	15.205, 15.407(b)(5), (6)	Emissions in restricted bands must meet the radiated limits detailed in 15.209		PASS

IC Part

Test Description	IC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
99% Bandwidth	RSS-GEN, 6.7	N/A	CONDUCTED	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1	> 500 kHz (5725~5850 MHz)		PASS
Maximum Conducted Output Power,	RSS-247, 6.2	< 250 mW or $11+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5470-5600, 5650-5725 MHz) Whichever power is less		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1	<1 W (5725-5850 MHz)		
Maximum e.i.r.p	RSS-247, 6.2	< 30 mW or $1.76+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5150-5250 MHz) < 30 mW or $1.76+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5250-5350 MHz) < 1 W or $17+10 \log_{10}$ (BW) dBm (5470-5725 MHz) Whichever power is less		PASS
		<10 dBm/ MHz(e.i.r.p.) (5150-5250 MHz) <11 dBm/MHz(Conducted) (5250-5350 MHz, 5470-5600 MHz, 5650-5725 MHz)		
Power Spectral Density	RSS-247 6.2	<11 dBm/MHz(Conducted) (5250-5350 MHz, 5470-5600 MHz, 5650-5725 MHz)		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.1	<30 dBm/500 kHz(Conducted) (5725-5850 MHz)		
Frequency Stability	RSS-GEN 8.11	should be kept within at least the central 80% of its permitted operating frequency band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.		PASS
AC Conducted Emissions 150 kHz-30 MHz	RSS-GEN, 8.8	RSS-GEN section 8.8 table 4		PASS
Undesirable Emissions	RSS-247, 6.2.1.2	26 dBc at 5250~5350 MHz (5150~5350 MHz)		PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2	<-27 dBm/ MHz EIRP (5150-5350 MHz, 5470-5725 MHz)	RADIATED	PASS
	RSS-247, 6.2.4.2	cf. Section 9.8.1 (UNII 3)		
General Field Strength Limits(Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	RSS-Gen, 8.9 RSS-Gen, 8.10	RSS-Gen section 8.9 table 5, 6 section 8.10 table 7		PASS
Receiver Spurious Emissions	RSS-GEN, 5 RSS-GEN, 7.3	RSS-GEN section 7.3 table 3		PASS

10. TEST RESULT

10.1 DUTY CYCLE

Mode	Data Rate (Mbps)	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11a	6	1.423	1.539	0.925	0.340
	9	0.960	1.075	0.893	0.491
	12	0.725	0.830	0.873	0.591
	18	0.492	0.606	0.812	0.905
	24	0.370	0.486	0.761	1.184
	36	0.256	0.361	0.709	1.494
	48	0.198	0.302	0.655	1.839
	54	0.179	0.286	0.626	2.036

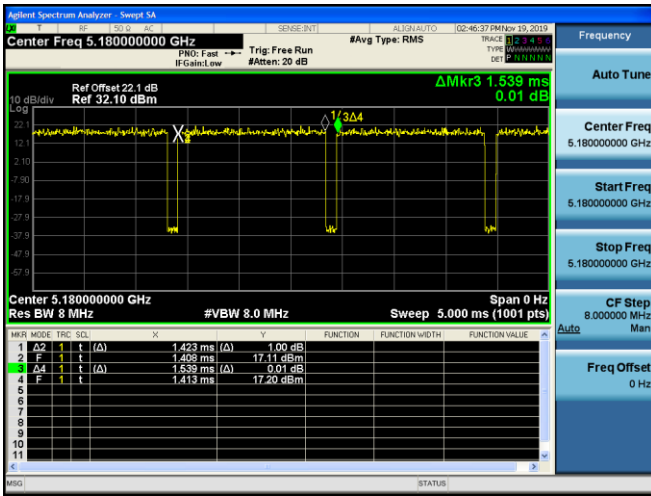
Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11n (HT20)	0	1.335	1.440	0.927	0.329
	1	0.687	0.792	0.867	0.618
	2	0.471	0.576	0.818	0.874
	3	0.364	0.470	0.774	1.110
	4	0.256	0.359	0.712	1.473
	5	0.201	0.305	0.658	1.818
	6	0.185	0.290	0.640	1.937
	7	0.167	0.282	0.592	2.275
802.11n (HT40)	0	0.666	0.770	0.865	0.631
	1	0.353	0.459	0.769	1.139
	2	0.248	0.353	0.701	1.543
	3	0.195	0.301	0.649	1.878
	4	0.145	0.259	0.559	2.526
	5	0.117	0.229	0.509	2.935
	6	0.108	0.222	0.485	3.139
	7	0.100	0.214	0.468	3.299

Mode	MCS Index	T _{on} (ms)	T _{total} (ms)	Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle Factor(dB)
802.11ac (VHT20)	0	1.340	1.440	0.931	0.313
	1	0.690	0.800	0.863	0.642
	2	0.474	0.579	0.819	0.869
	3	0.369	0.474	0.778	1.088
	4	0.260	0.366	0.710	1.485
	5	0.204	0.318	0.642	1.928
	6	0.187	0.302	0.619	2.082
	7	0.172	0.287	0.598	2.231
	8	0.152	0.258	0.589	2.297
802.11ac (VHT40)	0	0.666	0.785	0.848	0.718
	1	0.356	0.463	0.768	1.146
	2	0.252	0.358	0.705	1.517
	3	0.198	0.314	0.632	1.995
	4	0.147	0.253	0.582	2.352
	5	0.120	0.234	0.512	2.904
	6	0.113	0.227	0.497	3.039
	7	0.104	0.219	0.473	3.255
	8	0.096	0.209	0.460	3.373
	9	0.089	0.195	0.455	3.420
802.11ac (VHT80)	0	0.334	0.437	0.765	1.163
	1	0.187	0.294	0.636	1.969
	2	0.141	0.245	0.575	2.402
	3	0.117	0.222	0.529	2.769
	4	0.092	0.198	0.465	3.323
	5	0.080	0.193	0.414	3.831
	6	0.076	0.190	0.399	3.989
	7	0.072	0.186	0.386	4.136
	8	0.069	0.182	0.381	4.186
	9	0.065	0.178	0.365	4.377

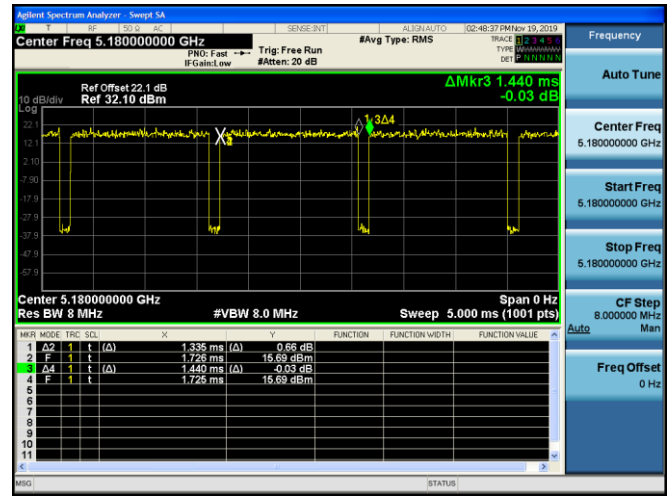
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only lowest datarate.

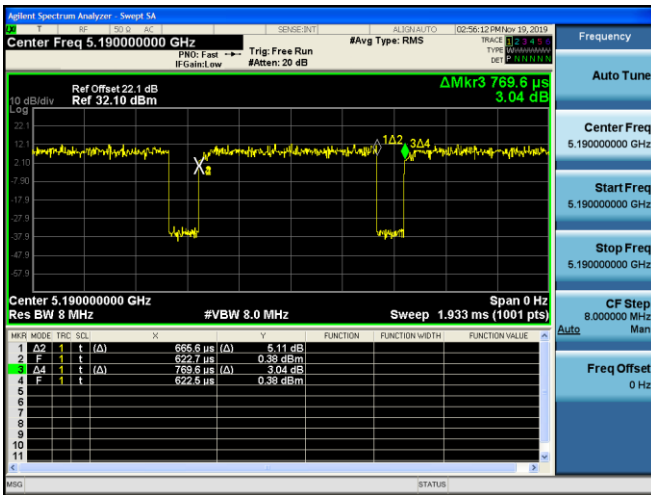
802.11a



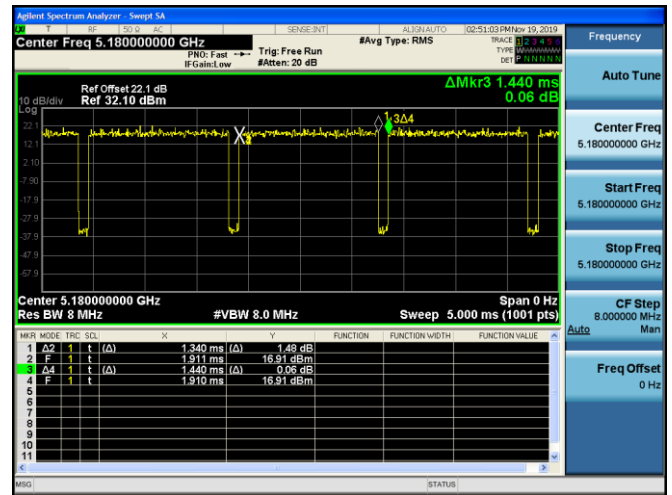
802.11n(HT20)



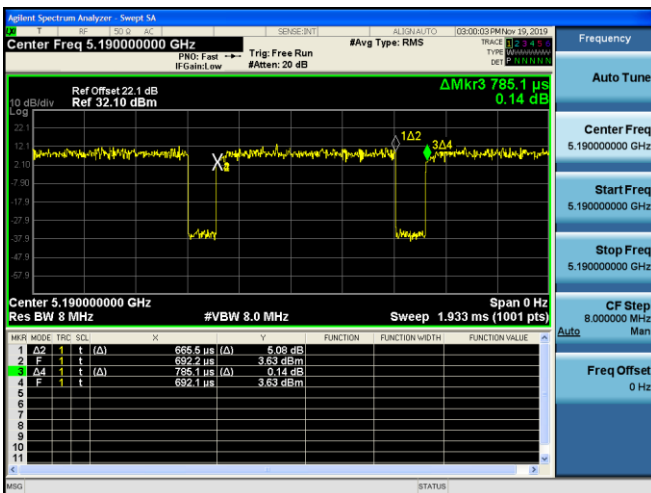
802.11n(HT40)



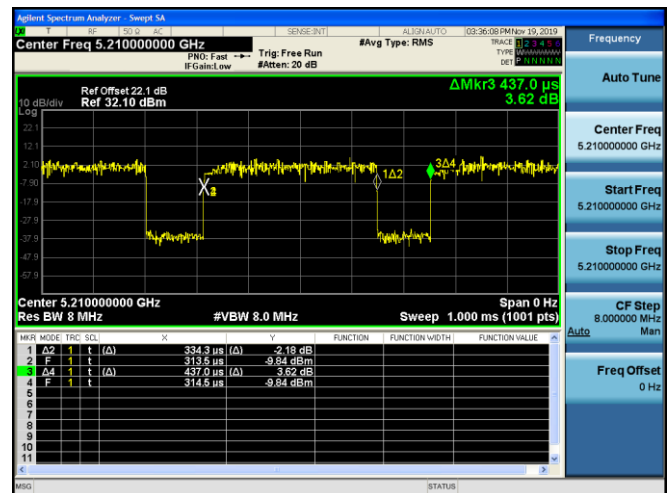
802.11ac(VHT20)



802.11ac(VHT40)



802.11ac(VHT80)



10.2 26 dB BANDWIDTH & 99 % BANDWIDTH

Straddle channel data in the table below are for reporting purposes only.

Straddle channel data were added in section 10.7.1.

802.11a Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	20.26	16.560
5200	40	20.41	16.619
5240	48	21.72	16.563
5260	52	20.23	16.599
5300	60	20.36	16.595
5320	64	19.88	16.520
5500	100	20.31	16.683
5580	116	24.02	16.618
5720	144	22.62	16.657
5745	149	24.87	16.698
5785	157	23.81	16.641
5825	165	29.86	16.769

802.11n(HT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	20.16	17.531
5200	40	20.28	17.488
5240	48	20.11	17.501
5260	52	20.34	17.509
5300	60	20.27	17.472
5320	64	20.50	17.504
5500	100	21.31	17.484
5580	116	20.11	17.535
5720	144	20.14	17.508
5745	149	20.12	17.544
5785	157	20.10	17.543
5825	165	20.43	17.518

802.11n(HT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	40.81	36.234
5230	46	41.41	36.207
5270	54	41.08	36.253
5310	62	40.69	36.242
5510	102	40.67	36.219
5550	110	41.01	36.243
5710	142	40.69	36.264
5755	151	41.24	36.258
5795	159	40.88	36.288

802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5180	36	20.26	17.508
5200	40	20.07	17.477
5240	48	20.19	17.531
5260	52	20.23	17.520
5300	60	20.39	17.499
5320	64	20.22	17.495
5500	100	20.50	17.527
5580	116	20.44	17.511
5720	144	20.13	17.520
5745	149	20.29	17.536
5785	157	20.15	17.514
5825	165	20.54	17.548

802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5190	38	40.77	36.204
5230	46	40.56	36.222
5270	54	41.19	36.248
5310	62	40.80	36.239
5510	102	40.96	36.245
5550	110	40.83	36.226
5710	142	40.84	36.212
5755	151	40.92	36.246
5795	159	41.10	36.242

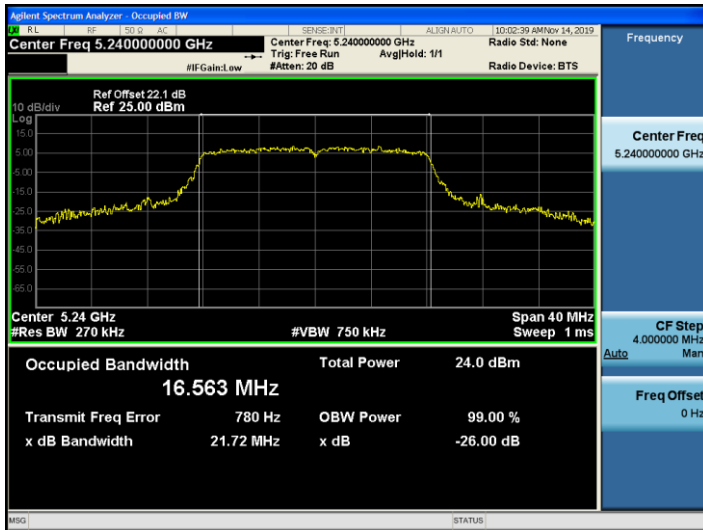
802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		26dB Bandwidth [MHz]	99% bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.		
5210	42	81.44	75.333
5290	58	81.55	75.302
5530	106	81.28	75.307
5690	138	81.11	75.360
5775	155	81.31	75.308

Test Plots(802.11a)

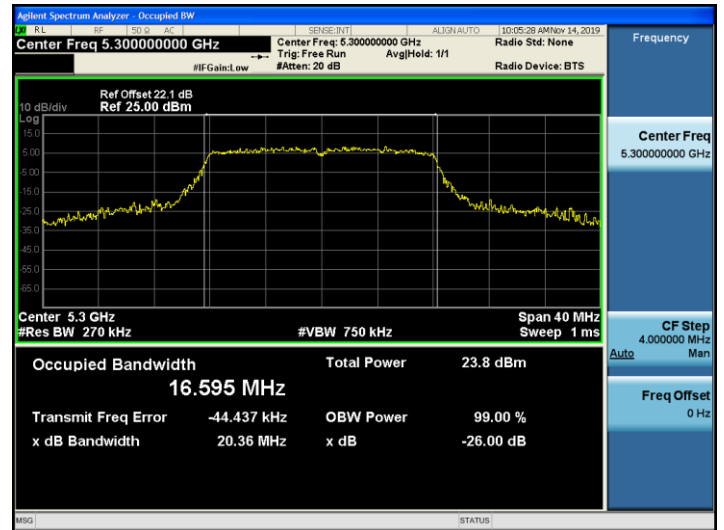
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

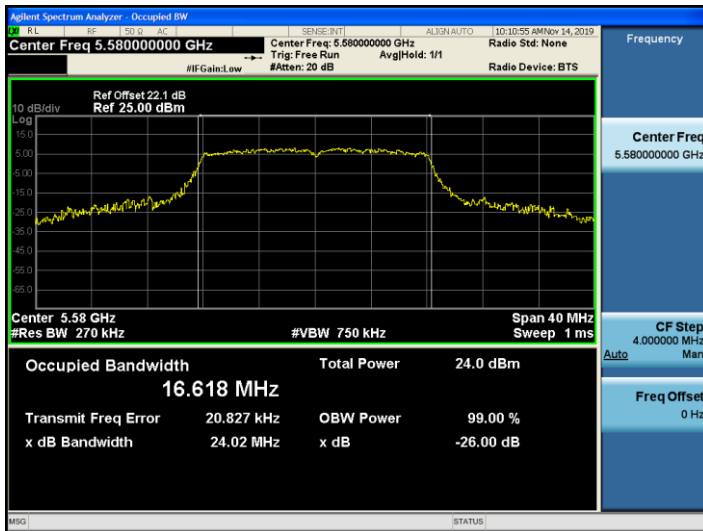
802.11a UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 48)



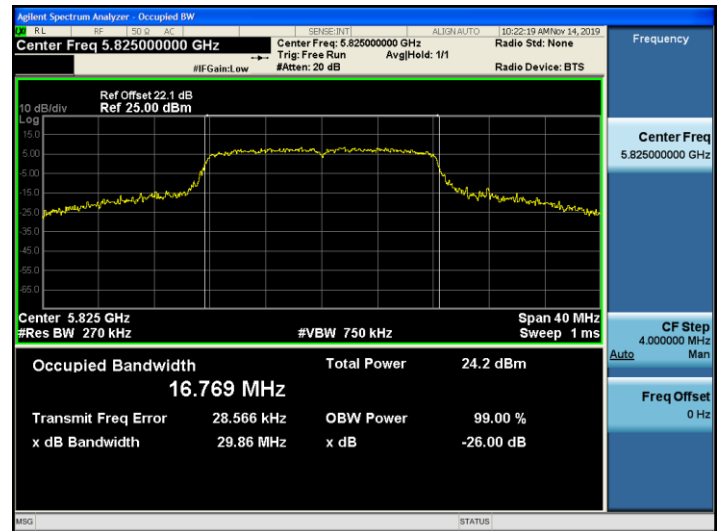
802.11a UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 60)



802.11a UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 116)



802.11a UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 165)

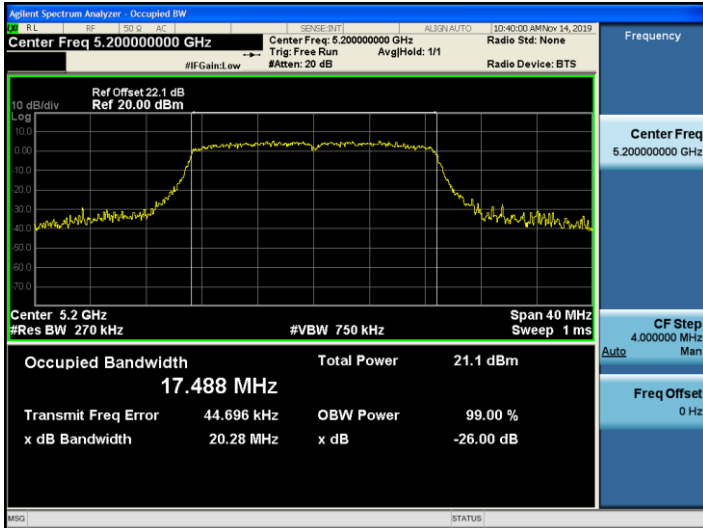


Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

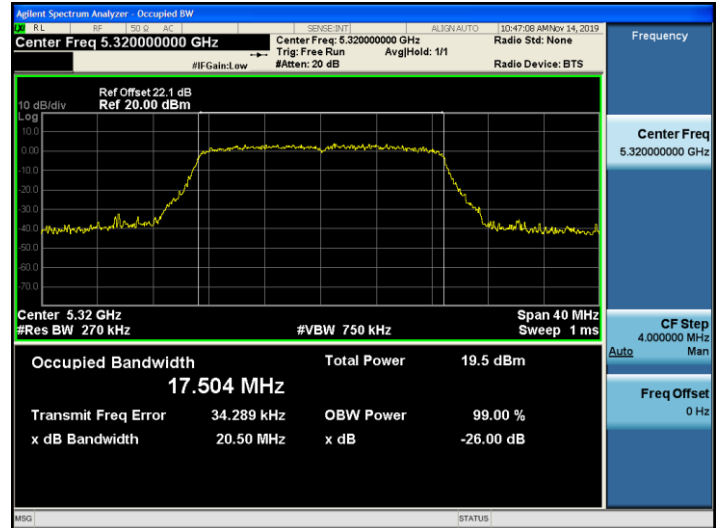
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

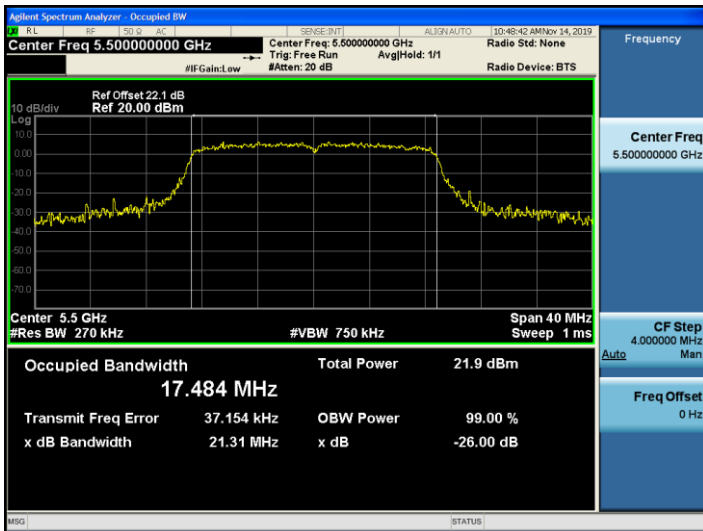
802.11n_HT20 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 40)



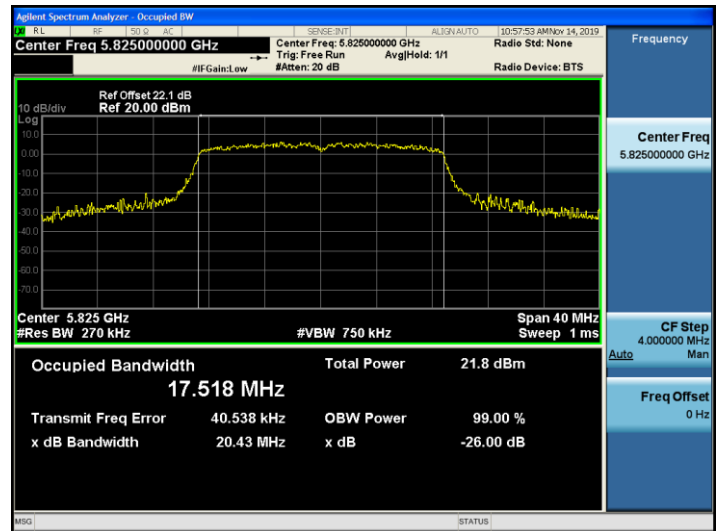
802.11n_HT20 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 64)



802.11n_HT20 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 100)



802.11n_HT20 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 165)

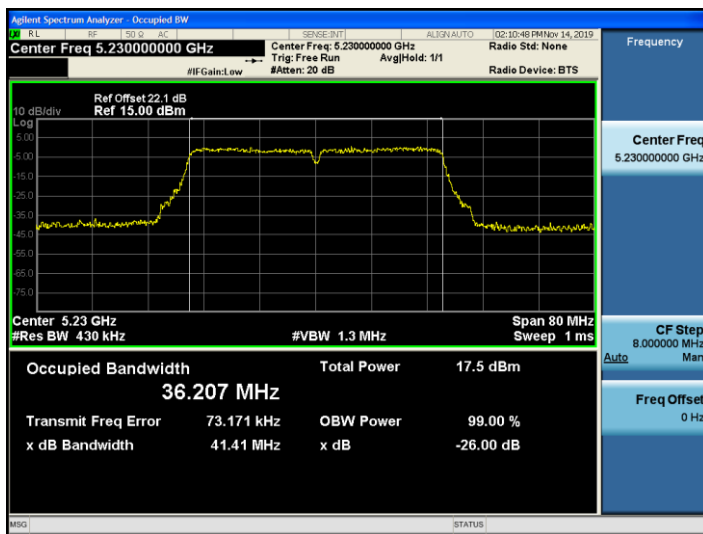


☐ Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

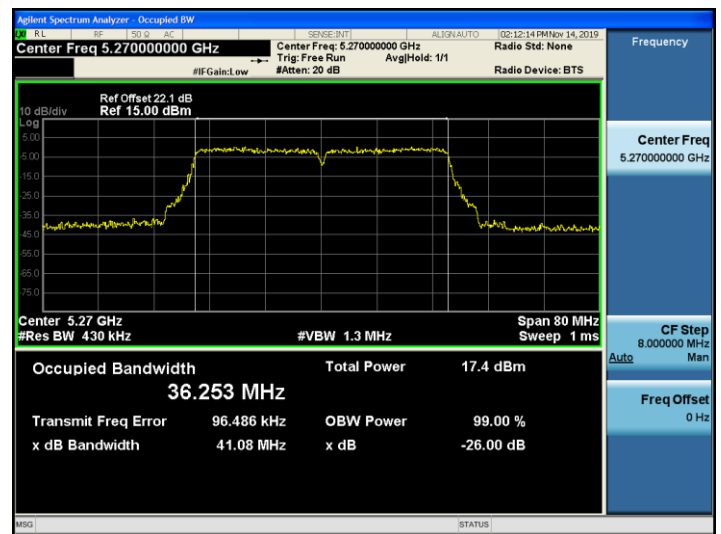
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

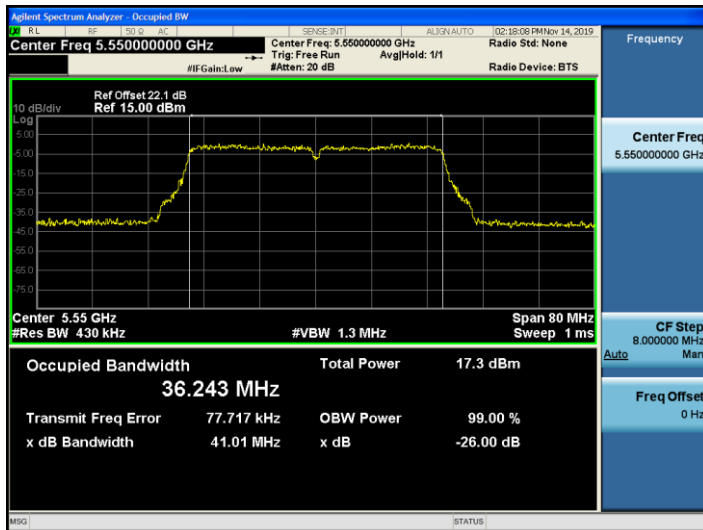
802.11n_HT40 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 46)



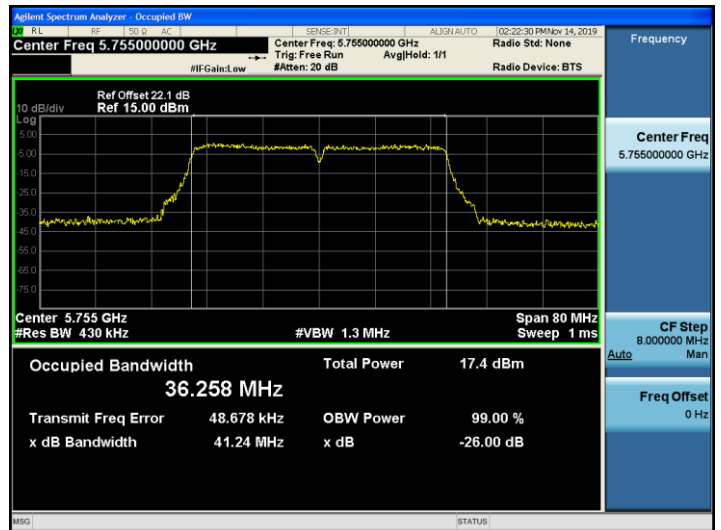
802.11n_HT40 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 54)



802.11n_HT40 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 110)



802.11n_HT40 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 151)

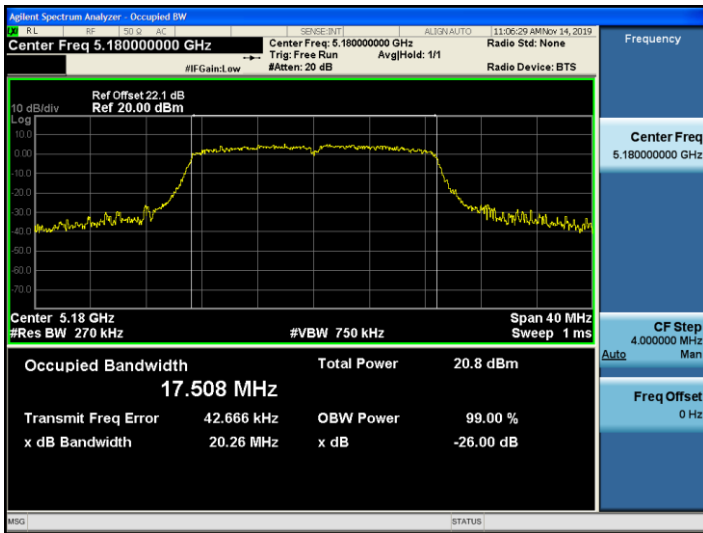


☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT20))

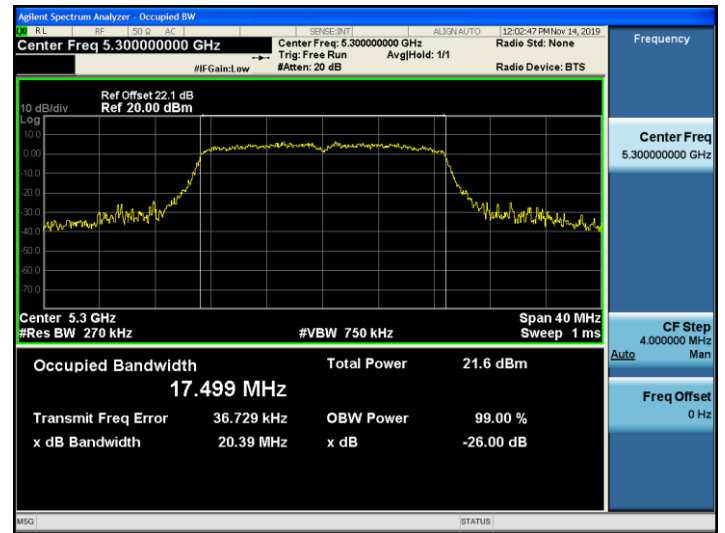
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

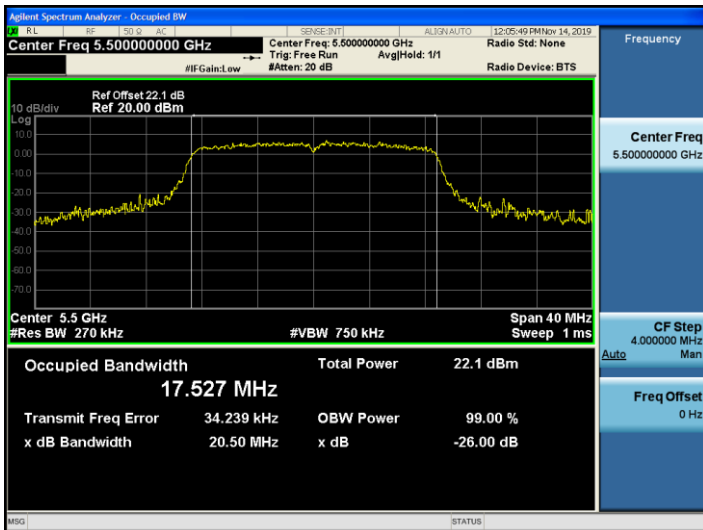
802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 36)



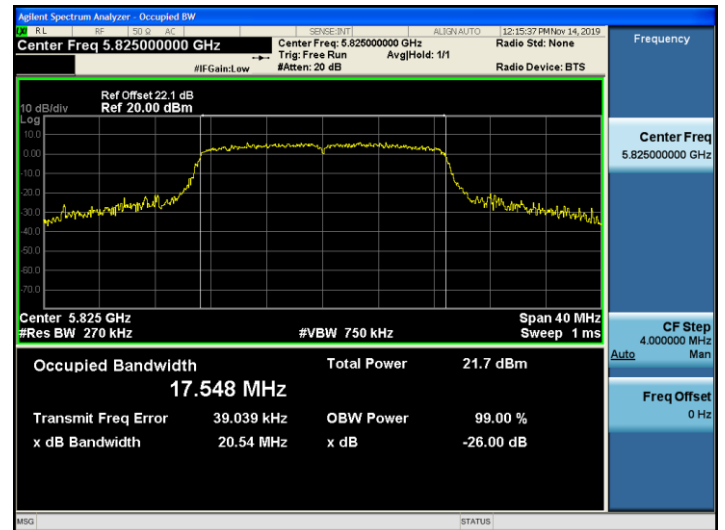
802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 60)



802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 100)



802.11ac_VHT20 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 165)

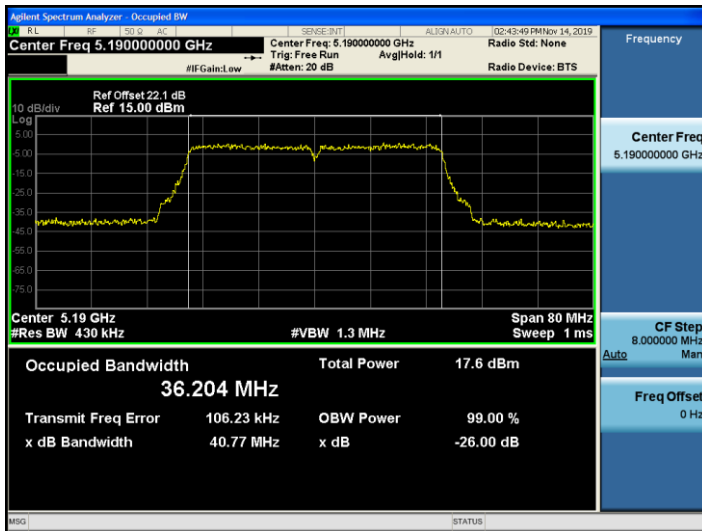


☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT40))

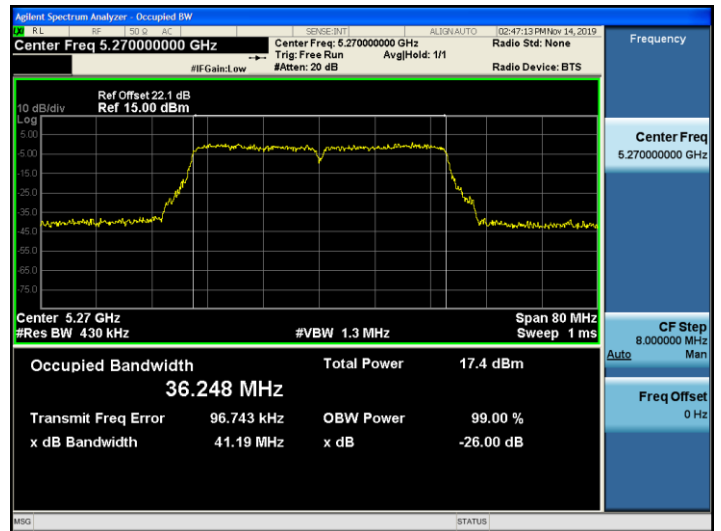
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

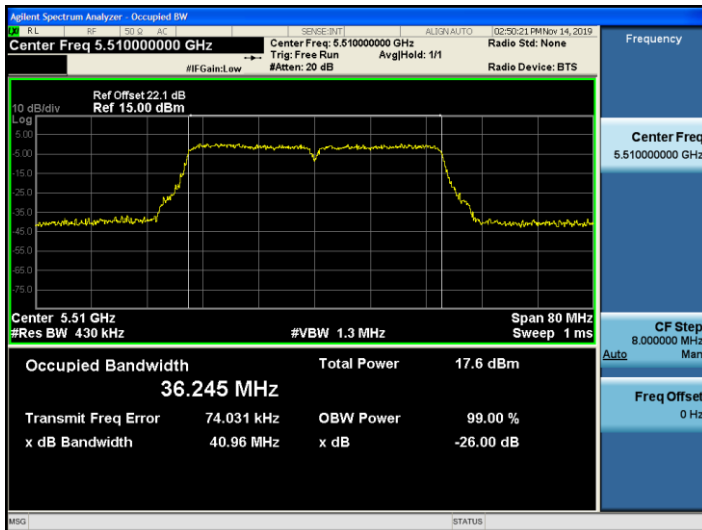
802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 38)



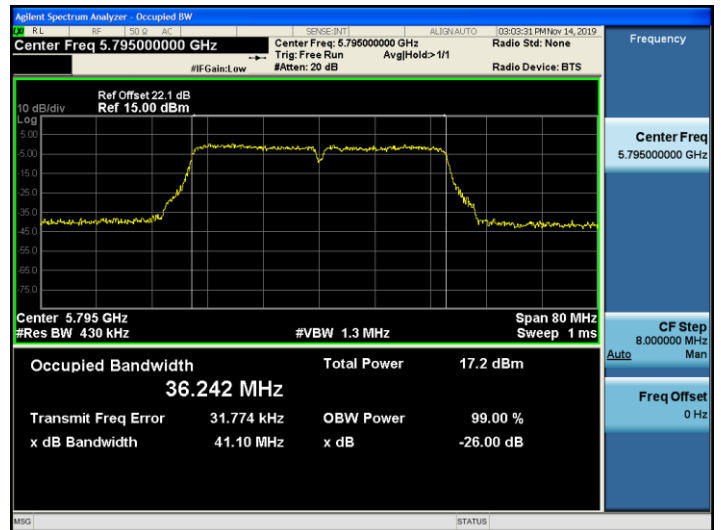
802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 54)



802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 102)



802.11ac_VHT40 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 159)

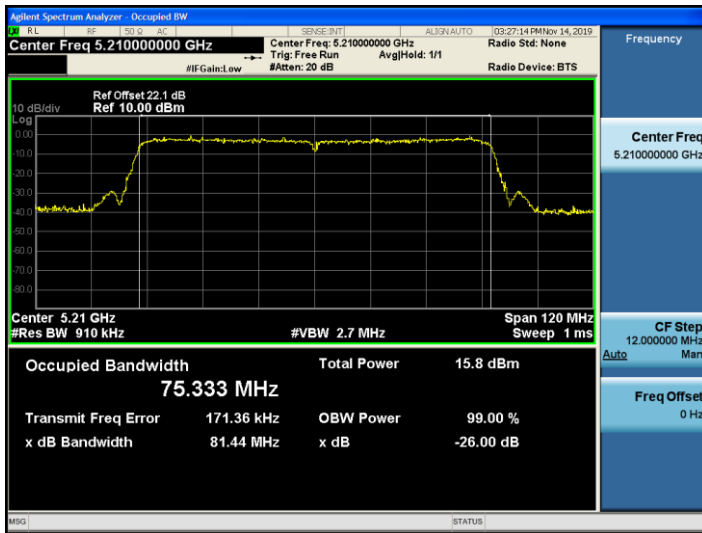


☐ Test Plots(802.11ac(VHT80))

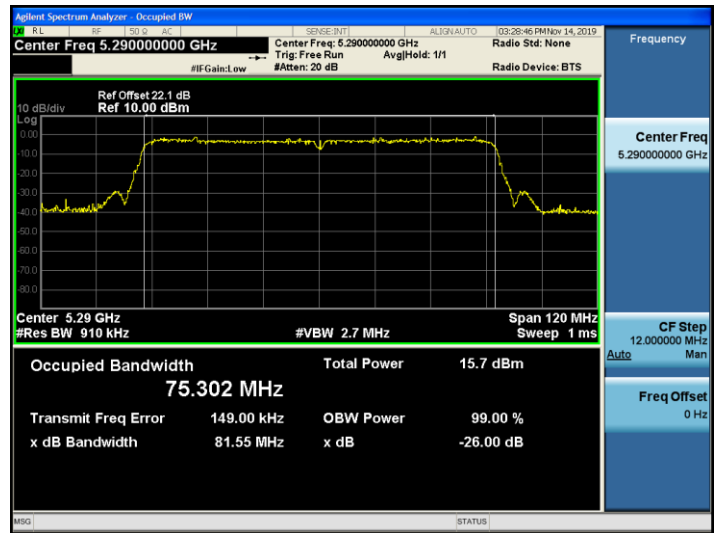
Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most wide channel.

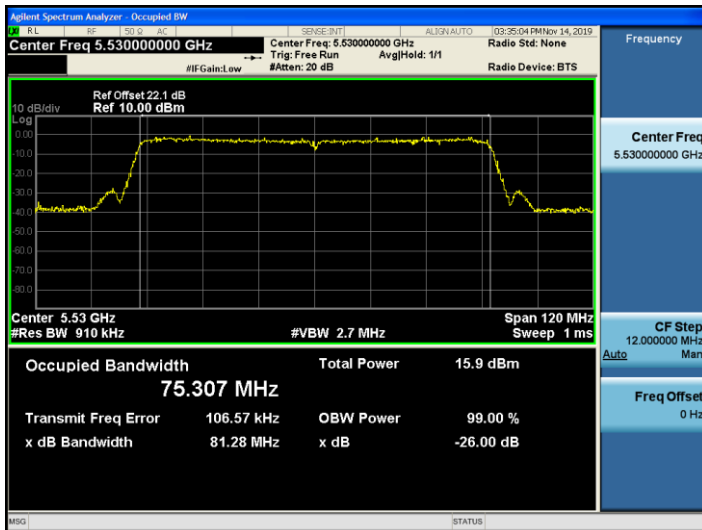
802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 1 BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 42)



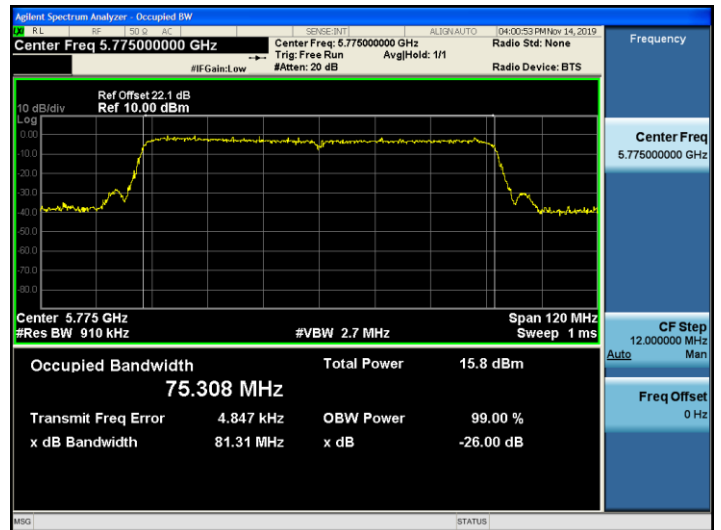
802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 2A BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 58)



802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 2C BAND 26dB Bandwidth(CH 106)



802.11ac_VHT80 UNII 3 BAND 26dB Bandwidth (CH 155)



10.3 6dB BANDWIDTH

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	15.73	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	15.74	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.61	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	16.31	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	15.32	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	15.70	> 0.5	Pass

802.11n(HT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	36.12	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	35.74	> 0.5	Pass

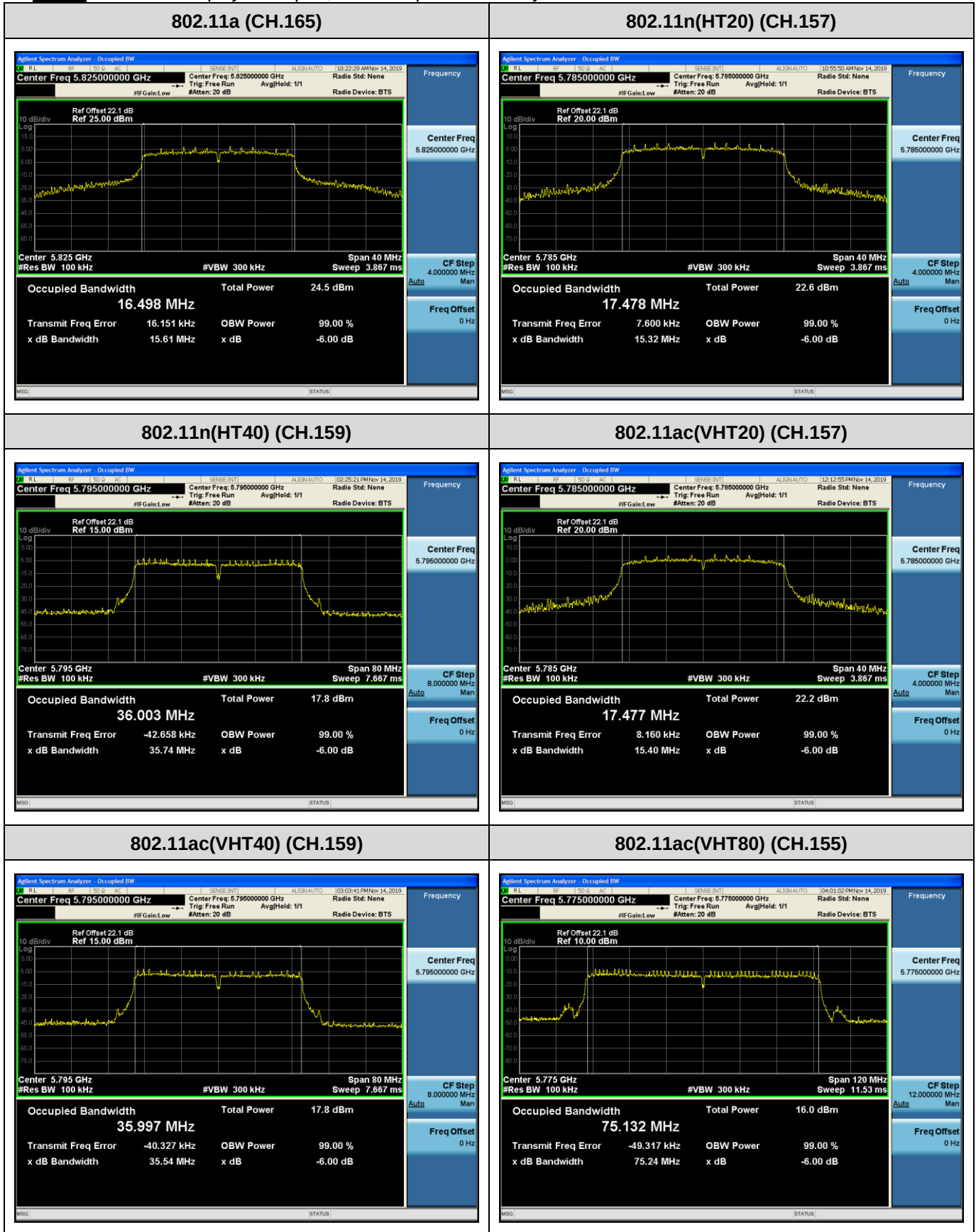
802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5745	149	15.82	> 0.5	Pass
5785	157	15.40	> 0.5	Pass
5825	165	16.72	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5755	151	35.69	> 0.5	Pass
5795	159	35.54	> 0.5	Pass

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]	Limit [MHz]	Pass / Fail
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.			
5775	155	75.24	> 0.5	Pass

Test Plots

Note: In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



99 % Bandwidth measurement(IC)

802.11a Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5745	149	16.923
5785	157	16.830
5825	165	17.100

802.11n(HT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5745	149	17.639
5785	157	17.661
5825	165	17.685

802.11n(HT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5755	151	36.362
5795	159	36.393

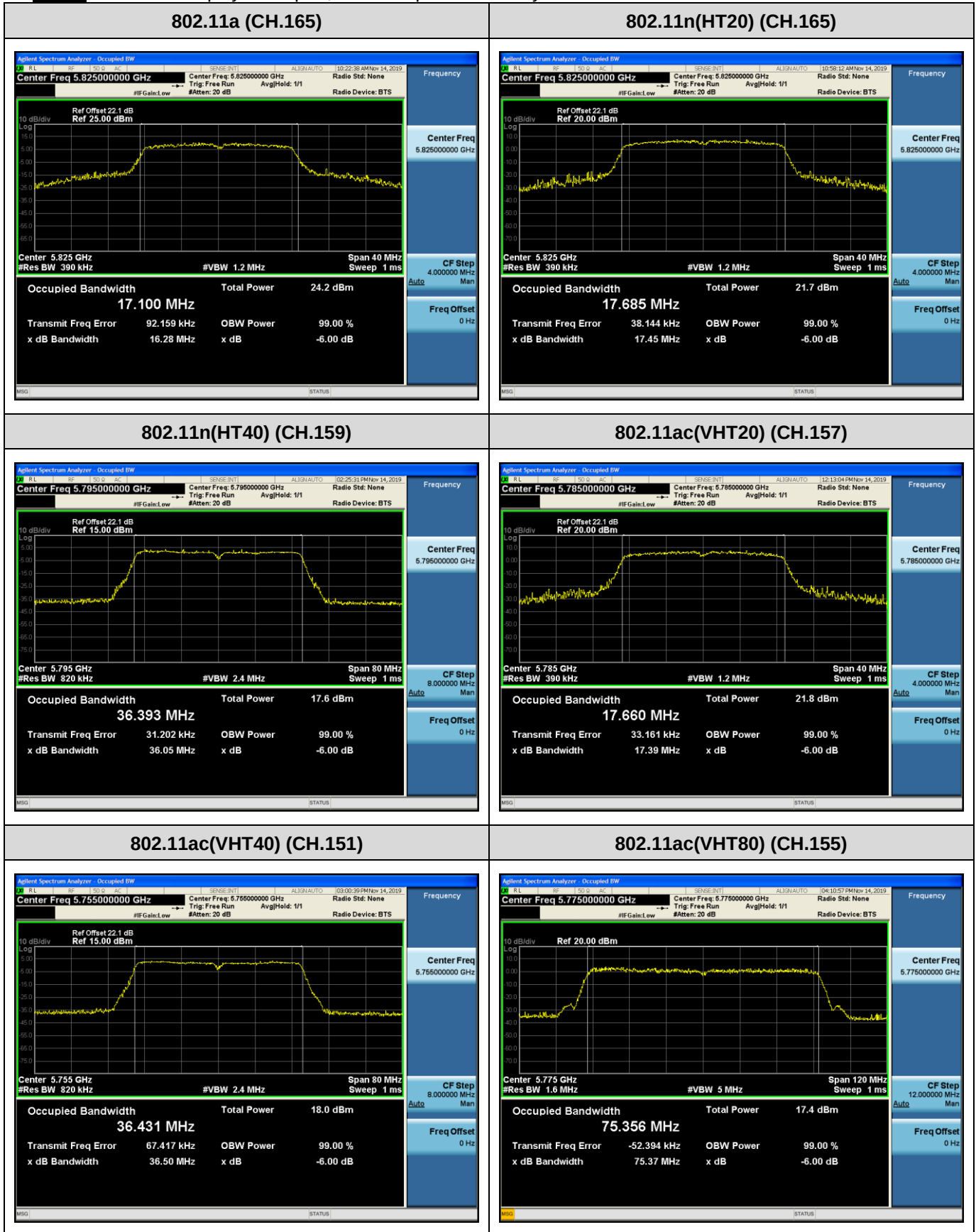
802.11ac(VHT20) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5745	149	17.645
5785	157	17.660
5825	165	17.658

802.11ac(VHT40) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5755	151	36.431
5795	159	36.402

802.11ac(VHT80) Mode		Measured Bandwidth [MHz]
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.	
5775	155	75.356

Test Plots

Note: In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the most narrow channel.



10.4 OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Straddle channel data in the table below are for reporting purposes only.

Straddle channel data were added in section 10.7.3.

802.11a Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	17.00	16.06	0.491	16.55	23.98
5200	40	17.00	15.82	0.905	16.73	23.98
5240	48	17.00	16.98	0.340	17.32	23.98
5260	52	17.00	16.08	0.905	16.99	23.98
5300	60	17.00	15.22	1.184	16.40	23.98
5320	64	16.00	15.10	0.905	16.01	23.98
5500	100	17.00	16.01	0.905	16.92	23.98
5580	116	17.00	16.40	1.494	17.89	23.98
5720	144	17.00	15.38	1.494	16.87	23.98
5745	149	17.00	16.01	1.184	17.19	30.00
5785	157	17.00	14.95	1.494	16.44	30.00
5825	165	17.00	15.91	1.184	17.09	30.00

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	15.00	14.49	0.618	15.11	23.98
5200	40	15.00	13.59	1.110	14.70	23.98
5240	48	15.00	13.61	1.473	15.08	23.98
5260	52	15.00	13.20	1.473	14.67	23.98
5300	60	15.00	13.42	0.874	14.29	23.98
5320	64	14.50	12.29	1.473	13.76	23.98
5500	100	15.00	13.19	1.473	14.66	23.98
5580	116	15.00	14.68	1.110	15.79	23.98
5720	144	15.00	13.37	1.473	14.84	23.98
5745	149	15.00	13.76	1.473	15.23	30.00
5785	157	15.00	12.09	2.275	14.37	30.00
5825	165	15.00	13.23	1.473	14.70	30.00

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5190	38	11.00	9.43	2.526	11.96	23.98
5230	46	11.00	10.04	1.543	11.58	23.98
5270	54	11.00	9.25	2.526	11.78	23.98
5310	62	11.00	9.45	2.526	11.98	23.98
5510	102	11.00	9.15	2.526	11.68	23.98
5550	110	11.00	8.82	2.526	11.35	23.98
5710	142	11.00	9.11	2.526	11.64	23.98
5755	151	11.00	9.11	2.526	11.64	30.00
5795	159	11.00	8.62	2.526	11.15	30.00

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5180	36	15.00	12.87	1.485	14.36	23.98
5200	40	15.00	13.42	0.869	14.29	23.98
5240	48	15.00	13.41	1.485	14.90	23.98
5260	52	15.00	12.78	1.485	14.27	23.98
5300	60	15.00	13.17	0.869	14.04	23.98
5320	64	14.50	12.51	0.869	13.38	23.98
5500	100	15.00	13.49	1.485	14.98	23.98
5580	116	15.00	14.31	1.485	15.80	23.98
5720	144	15.00	13.70	1.485	15.19	23.98
5745	149	15.00	14.16	1.485	15.65	30.00
5785	157	15.00	13.46	1.485	14.95	30.00
5825	165	15.00	13.29	1.485	14.78	30.00

802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5190	38	11.00	9.92	1.995	11.92	23.98
5230	46	11.00	9.80	1.995	11.80	23.98
5270	54	11.00	9.96	1.995	11.96	23.98
5310	62	11.00	9.62	2.352	11.97	23.98
5510	102	11.00	9.56	1.995	11.56	23.98
5550	110	11.00	9.29	1.995	11.29	23.98
5710	142	11.00	8.91	2.352	11.26	23.98
5755	151	11.00	9.75	1.995	11.75	30.00
5795	159	11.00	9.22	1.995	11.22	30.00

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Power Level Setting	Measured Power [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total Power [dBm]	Limit (dBm)
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.					
5210	42	8.00	5.69	3.323	9.01	23.98
5290	58	8.00	6.21	2.769	8.98	23.98
5530	106	8.00	6.77	2.402	9.17	23.98
5690	138	8.00	6.36	3.323	9.68	23.98
5775	155	8.00	7.51	1.969	9.48	30.00

10.5 POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

802.11a Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	6.292	0.491	6.783	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	6.631	0.905	7.536	
5240	48	6.616	0.340	6.956	
5260	52	6.433	0.905	7.338	
5300	60	6.303	1.184	7.487	
5320	64	4.564	0.905	5.469	
5500	100	6.578	0.905	7.483	
5580	116	6.064	1.494	7.558	
5720	144	6.636	1.494	8.130	
5745	149	4.104	1.184	5.288	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	3.462	1.494	4.956	
5825	165	4.077	1.184	5.261	

802.11n(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	4.015	0.618	4.633	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	4.293	1.110	5.403	
5240	48	3.724	1.473	5.197	
5260	52	3.403	1.473	4.876	
5300	60	4.233	0.874	5.107	
5320	64	1.725	1.473	3.198	
5500	100	4.299	1.473	5.772	
5580	116	4.219	1.110	5.329	
5720	144	4.403	1.473	5.876	
5745	149	2.607	1.473	4.080	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	0.714	2.275	2.989	
5825	165	0.723	1.473	2.196	

802.11n(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	-4.174	2.526	-1.648	11 dBm/MHz
5230	46	-4.091	1.543	-2.548	
5270	54	-4.374	2.526	-1.848	
5310	62	-5.550	2.526	-3.024	
5510	102	-4.192	2.526	-1.666	
5550	110	-4.671	2.526	-2.145	
5710	142	-4.145	2.526	-1.619	
5755	151	-7.045	2.526	-4.519	30 dBm /500kHz
5795	159	-7.302	2.526	-4.776	

802.11ac(20MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5180	36	3.725	1.485	5.210	11 dBm/MHz
5200	40	3.390	0.869	4.259	
5240	48	3.796	1.485	5.281	
5260	52	3.653	1.485	5.138	
5300	60	4.098	0.869	4.967	
5320	64	2.007	0.869	2.876	
5500	100	4.067	1.485	5.552	
5580	116	3.652	1.485	5.137	
5720	144	4.747	1.485	6.232	
5745	149	1.919	1.485	3.404	30 dBm/500kHz
5785	157	1.657	1.485	3.142	
5825	165	0.871	1.485	2.356	

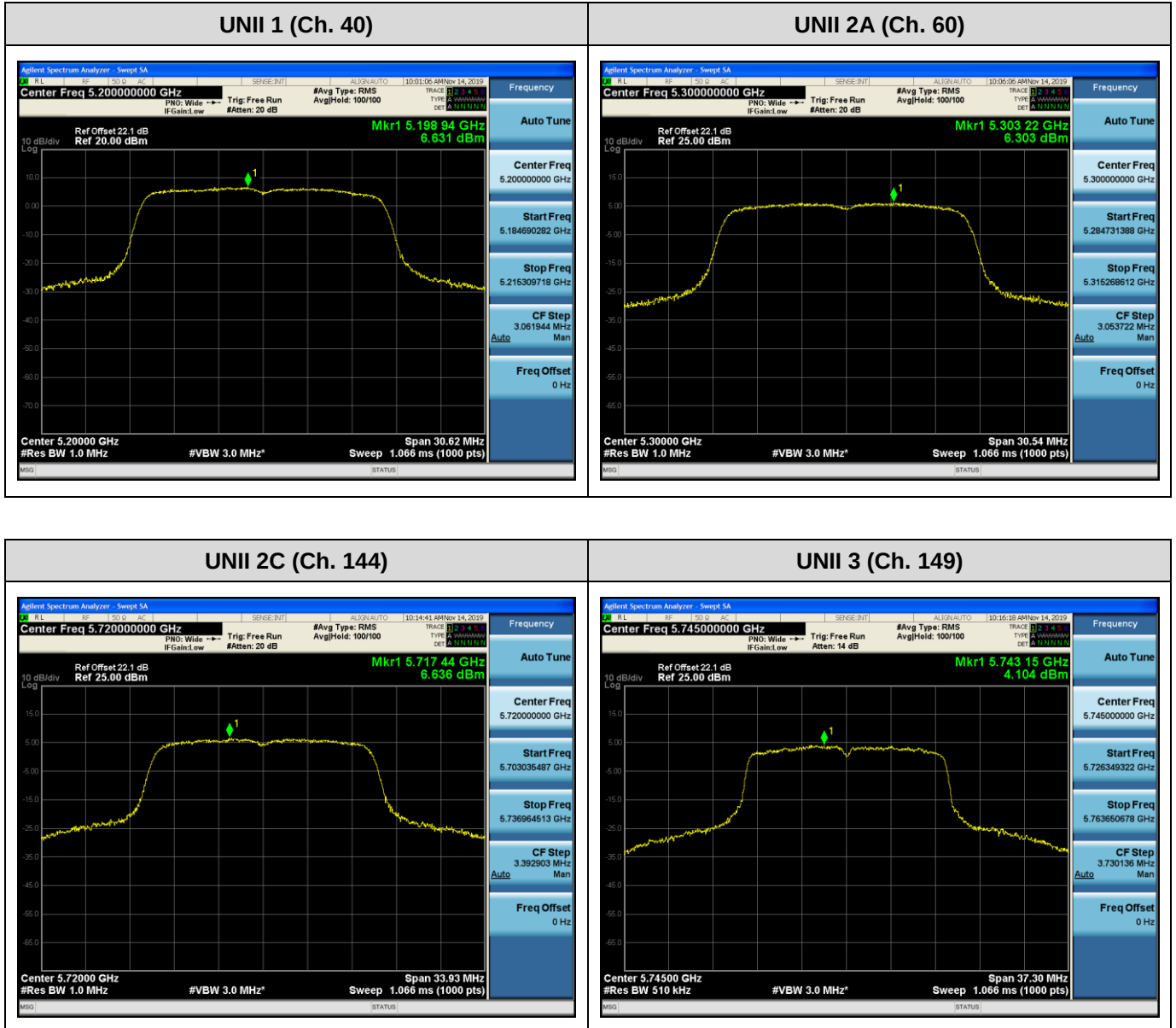
802.11ac(40MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5190	38	-4.059	1.995	-2.064	11 dBm/MHz
5230	46	-3.826	1.995	-1.831	
5270	54	-3.832	1.995	-1.837	
5310	62	-5.260	2.352	-2.908	
5510	102	-4.461	1.995	-2.466	
5550	110	-4.331	1.995	-2.336	
5710	142	-4.270	2.352	-1.918	
5755	151	-6.521	1.995	-4.526	30 dBm/500kHz
5795	159	-7.203	1.995	-5.208	

802.11ac(80MHz) Mode		Measured PSD [dBm]	Duty Cycle Factor (dB)	Total PSD [dBm]	Limit
Frequency [MHz]	Channel No.				
5210	42	-10.901	3.323	-7.578	11 dBm/MHz
5290	58	-11.217	2.769	-8.448	
5530	106	-10.065	2.402	-7.663	
5690	138	-10.138	3.323	-6.815	
5775	155	-12.287	1.969	-10.318	30 dBm/500kHz

Test Plots(802.11a)

Note:

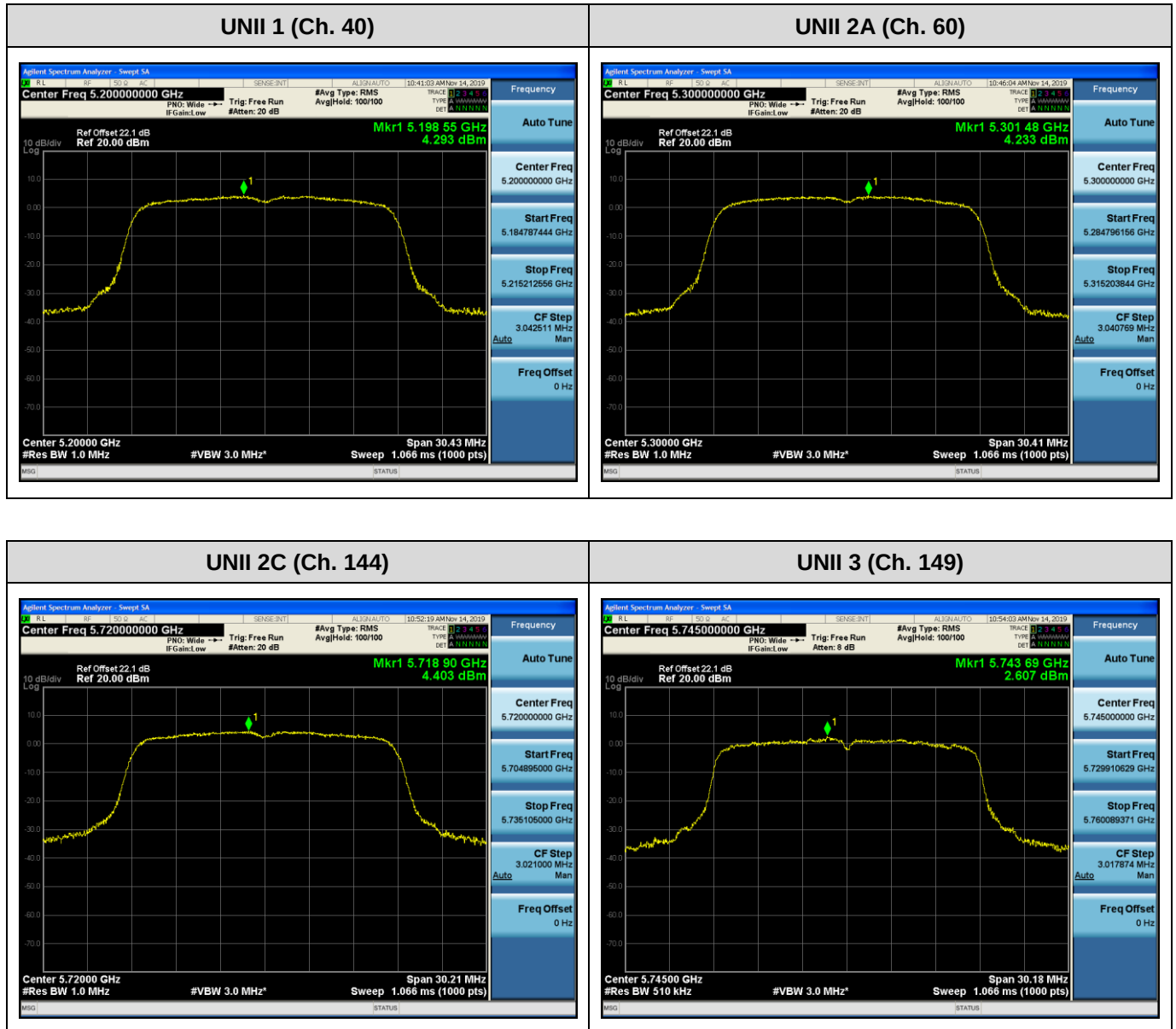
In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



Test Plots(802.11n(HT20))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.



☐ Test Plots(802.11n(HT40))

Note:

In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only channel of highest power.

