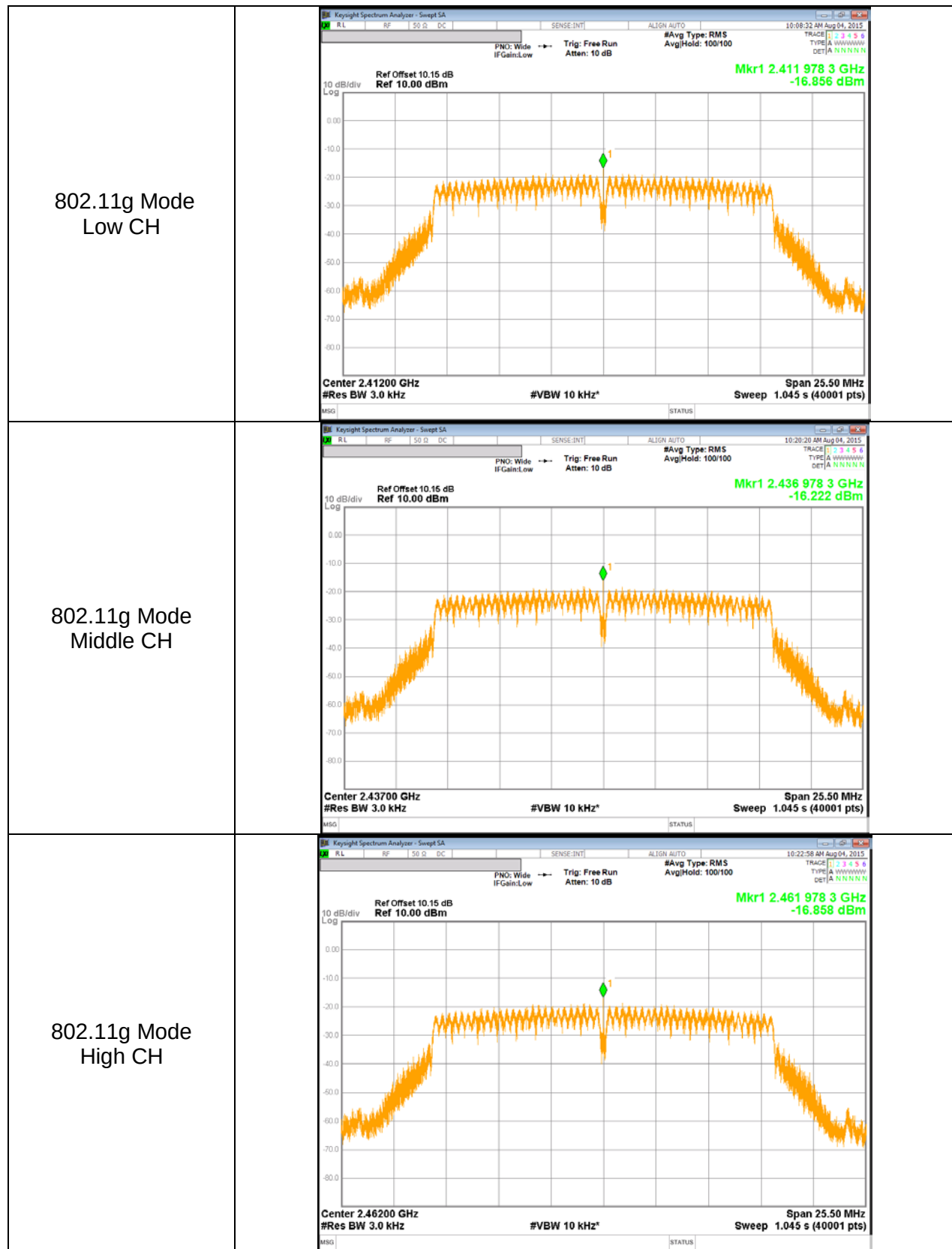
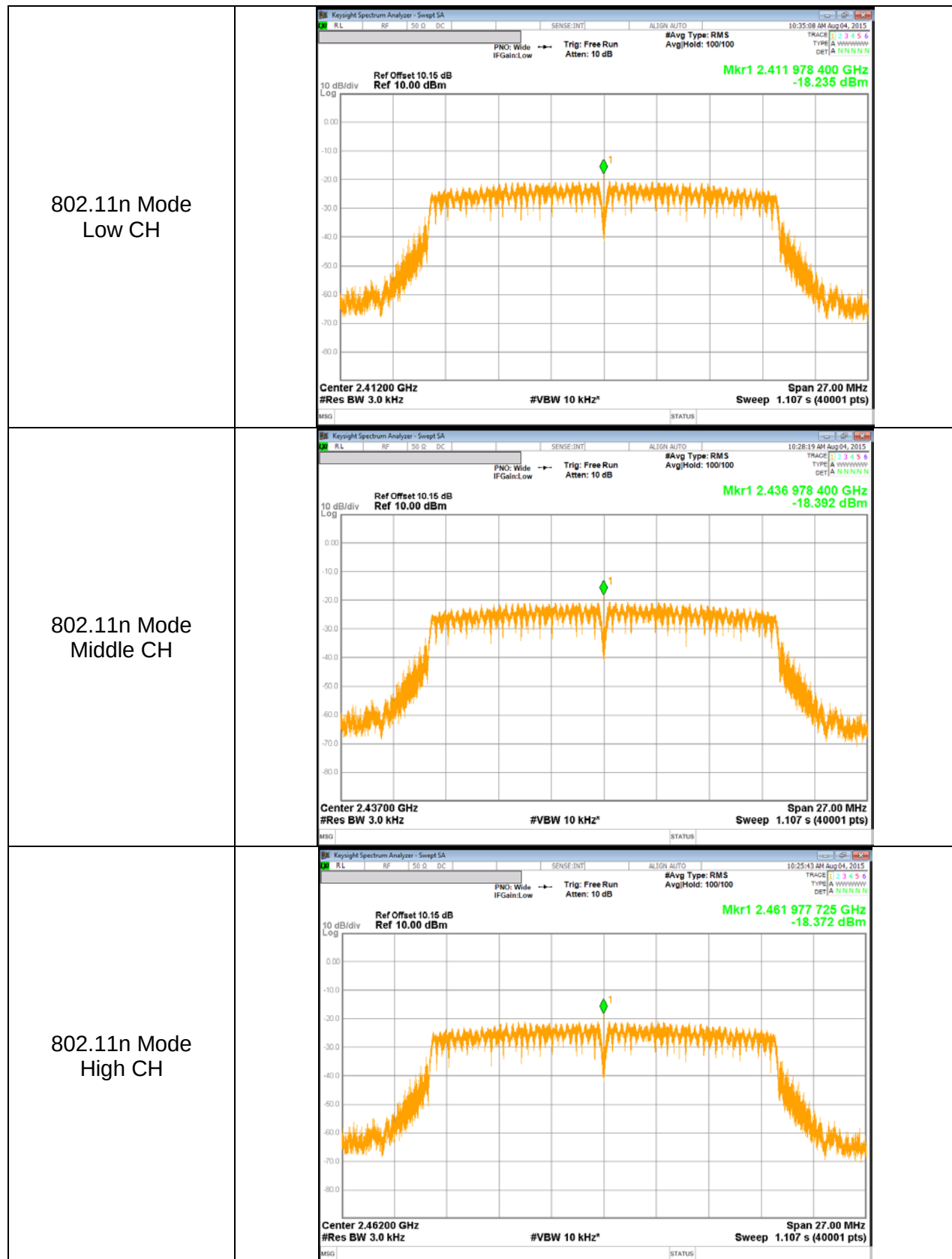






10.5. OUT-OF-BAND EMISSIONS

LIMITS

FCC §15.247 (d)

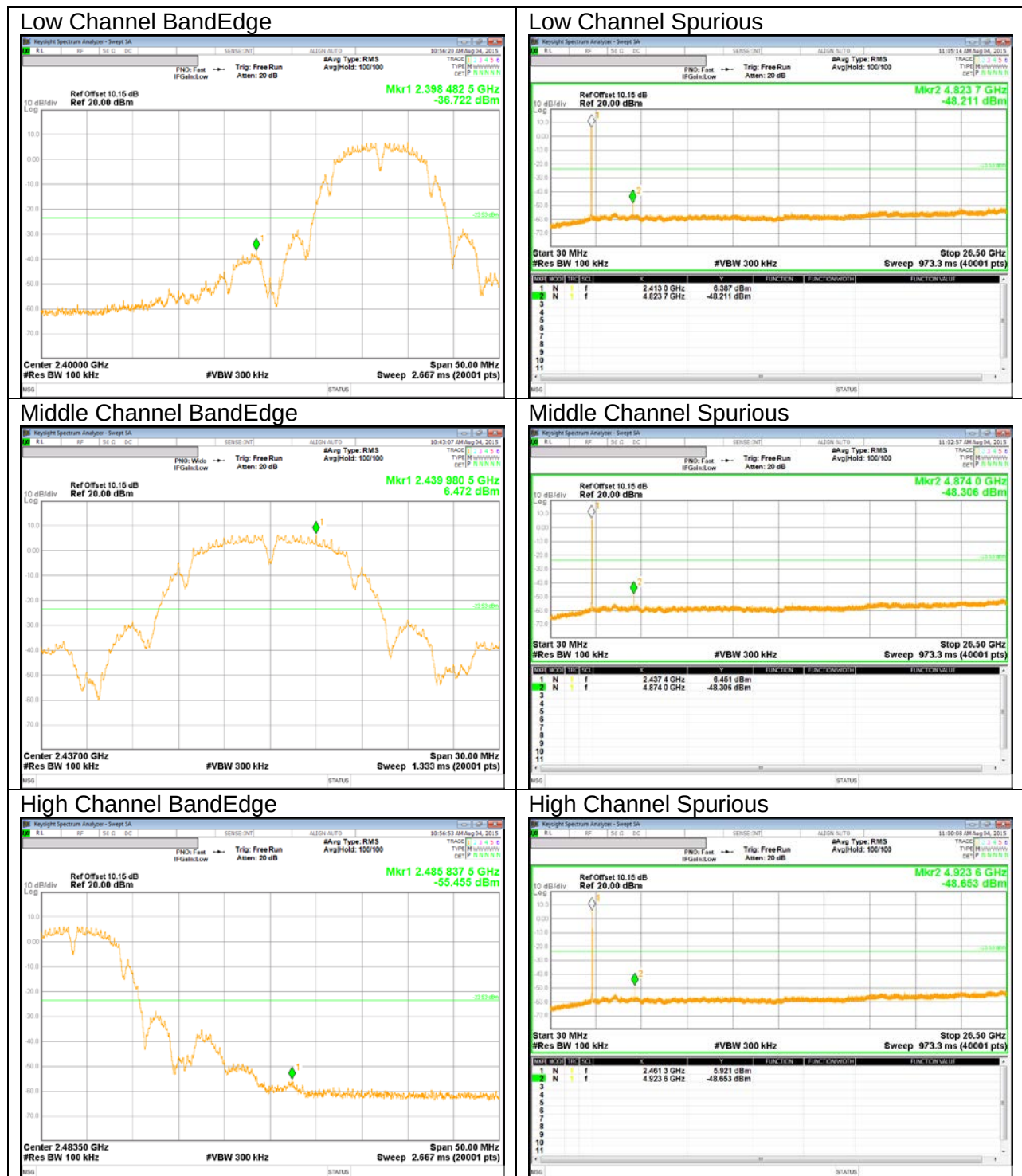
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer with RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, peak detector, and max hold. Measurements utilizing these settings are made of the in-band reference level, bandedge (where measurements to the general radiated limits will not be made) and out-of-band emissions.

RESULTS

10.5.1. 802.11b MODE IN THE 2.4 GHZ BAND



10.5.2. 802.11g MODE IN THE 2.4 GHZ BAND

