

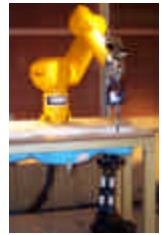


PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.

6660-B Dobbin Road · Columbia, MD 21045 · U.S.A.

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CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE FCC Part 24 & 22 Class II Permissive Change

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.
3351 Michelson Drive, Suite 290
Irvine, CA 92612

Dates of Tests: October 20-22, 2003
Test Report S/N: 22/24.231020510.A3L
Test Site: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD USA

FCC ID

A3LSPHA660

APPLICANT

SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

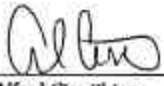
Classification: Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
FCC Rule Part(s): §24(E), §22(H); §2
EUT Type: Tri-Mode Dual-Band Analog/PCS Phone (AMPS/CDMA)
Model: SPH-A660
Tx Frequency Range: 824.04MHz – 848.97MHz (AMPS) / 824.70 – 848.31MHz (CDMA)
1851.25MHz – 1908.75MHz (PCS CDMA)
Rx Frequency Range: 869.04MHz – 893.97MHz (AMPS) / 869.70 – 893.31MHz (CDMA)
1931.25MHz – 1988.75MHz (PCS CDMA)
Max. RF Output Power: 0.354W ERP AMPS (25.485 dBm) / 0.284 W ERP CDMA (24.533 dBm)
0.401 W EIRP PCS CDMA (26.021 dBm)
Max. SAR Measurement: 1.43 W/kg AMPS Head SAR; 0.84 W/kg AMPS Body SAR;
0.95 W/kg CDMA Head SAR; 0.40 W/kg CDMA Body SAR;
1.48 W/kg PCS CDMA Head SAR; 0.86 W/kg PCS CDMA Body SAR
Emission Designator(s): 40K0F8W / 40K0F1D (AMPS), 1M25F9W (CDMA)
Test Device Serial No.: Identical Prototype [S/N: 3F0F32E7]
Original Grant Date: August 14, 2003
Permissive Change(s): Changed SB Telecom Co. Antenna to Model: NSB264-02S0800 / 1800-SS207
Additional Models: SPH-A(661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, and 669)
SCH-A(660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, and 669)

This equipment has been shown to be capable of compliance with the applicable technical standards as indicated in the measurement report and was tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in §2.947.

I attest to the accuracy of data. All measurements reported herein were performed by me or were made under my supervision and are correct to the best of my knowledge and belief. I assume full responsibility for the completeness of these measurements and vouch for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

Grant Conditions: Power output listed is ERP for Part 22 and EIRP for Part 24. SAR compliance for body-worn operating configuration is limited to the specific belt-clip tested for this filing. End-users must be informed of the body-worn operating requirements for satisfying RF exposure compliance.

PCTEST certifies that no party to this application has been denied the FCC benefits pursuant to Section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, 21 U.S.C. 862.


Alfred Cirwithian
Vice President Engineering

22 / 24 . 231020510 . A3L



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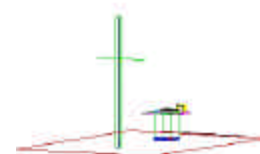
ATTACHMENT K: PROBE CALIBRATION

ATTACHMENT L: COPY OF GRANT

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MEASUREMENT REPORT



1.1 Scope

Measurement and determination of electromagnetic emissions (EME) of radio frequency devices including intentional and/or unintentional radiators for compliance with the technical rules and regulations of the Federal Communications Commission.

§2.1033 General Information

Applicant Name:	SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.
Address:	3351 Michelson Drive, Suite 290 Irvine, CA 92612

- FCC ID: **A3LSPHA660**
- Quantity: Quantity production is planned
- Emission Designators: 40K0F8W / 40K0F1D (AMPS), 1M25F9W (CDMA)
- Tx Freq. Range: 824.04 – 848.97 MHz (AMPS) / 824.70 – 848.31 MHz (CDMA)
1851.25 – 1908.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
- Rx Freq. Range: 869.04 – 893.97 MHz (AMPS) / 869.70 – 893.31 MHz (CDMA)
1931.25 – 1988.75 MHz (PCS CDMA)
- Max. Power Rating: 0.354W ERP AMPS (25.485 dBm) / 0.284 W ERP CDMA (24.533 dBm)
0.401 W EIRP PCS CDMA (26.021 dBm)
- FCC Classification(s): Licensed Portable Tx Held to Ear (PCE)
- Equipment (EUT) Type: Tri-Mode Dual-Band Analog/PCS Phone
- Modulation(s): AMPS / CDMA
- Frequency Tolerance: $\pm 0.00025\%$ (2.5 ppm)
- FCC Rule Part(s): § 24(E), §22H
- Dates of Tests: October 20-22, 2002
- Place of Tests: PCTEST Lab, Columbia, MD U.S.A.
- Test Report S/N: 22/24.231020510.A3L
- Original Grant Date: August 14, 2003
- Permissive Change(s): Changed SB Telecom Co. Antenna to Model: NSB264-02S0800 / 1800-SS207

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2.1 INTRODUCTION

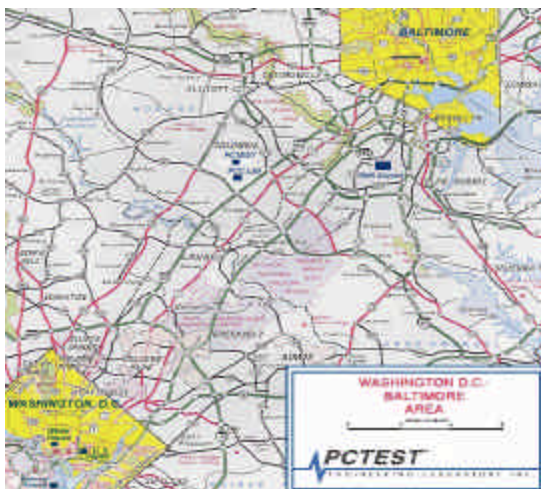


Figure 1. Map of the Greater Baltimore and Metropolitan Washington, D.C. area.

These measurement tests were conducted at **PCTEST Engineering Laboratory, Inc.** facility in New Concept Business Park, Guilford Industrial Park, Columbia, Maryland. The site address is 6660-B Dobbin Road, Columbia, MD 21045. The test site is one of the highest points in the Columbia area with an elevation of 390 feet above mean sea level. The site coordinates are 39° 11'15" N latitude and 76° 49'38" W longitude. The facility is 1.5 miles North of the FCC laboratory, and the ambient signal and ambient signal strength are approximately equal to those of the FCC laboratory. There are no FM or TV transmitters within 15 miles of the site. The detailed description of the measurement facility was found to be in compliance with the requirements of § 2.948 according to ANSI C63.4 on October 19, 1992.

Measurement Procedure

The radiated and spurious measurements were made outdoors at a 3-meter test range (see Figure2). The equipment under test is placed on a wooden turntable 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.

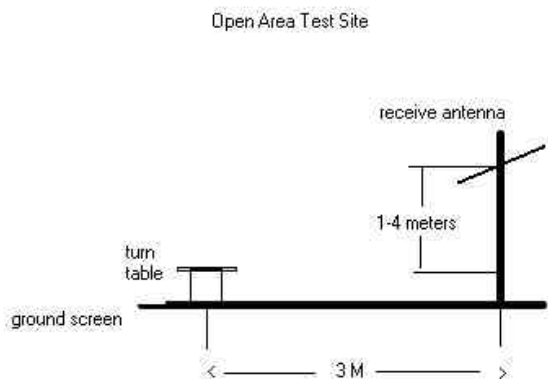


Figure 2. Diagram of 3-meter outdoor test range

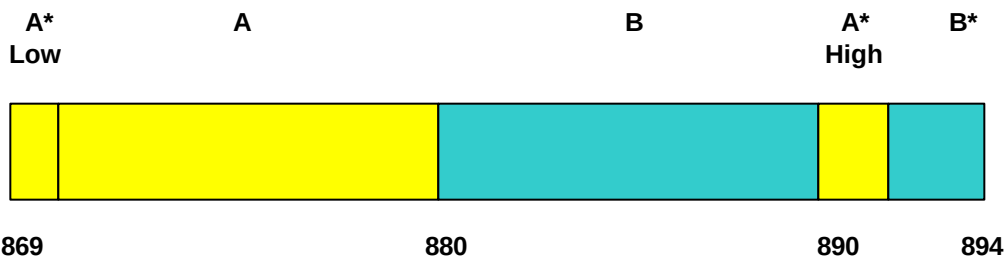
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3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

3.2 Occupied Bandwidth Emission Limits

- On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
- Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.
- The measurement of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.

3.3 Cellular - Base Frequency Blocks



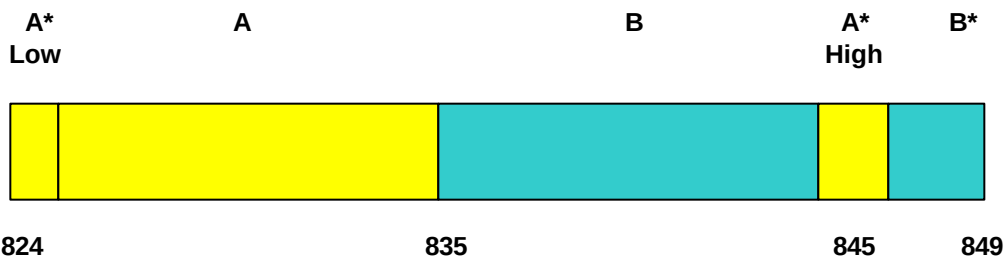
BLOCK 1: 869 – 880 MHz (A* Low + A)

BLOCK 3: 890 – 891.5 MHz (A* High)

BLOCK 2: 880 – 890 MHz (B)

BLOCK 4: 891.5 – 894 MHz (B*)

3.4 Cellular - Mobile Frequency Blocks



BLOCK 1: 824 – 835 MHz (A* Low + A)

BLOCK 3: 845 – 846.5 MHz (A* High)

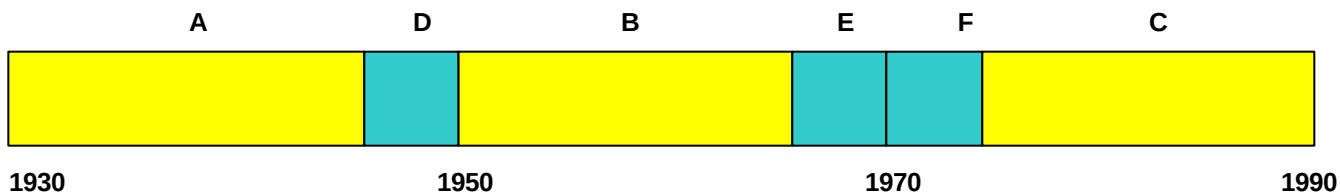
BLOCK 2: 835 – 845 MHz (B)

BLOCK 4: 846.5 – 849 MHz (B*)

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3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS (CONTINUED)

3.5 PCS - Base Frequency Blocks



BLOCK 1: 1930 – 1945 MHz (A)

BLOCK 4: 1965 – 1970 MHz (E)

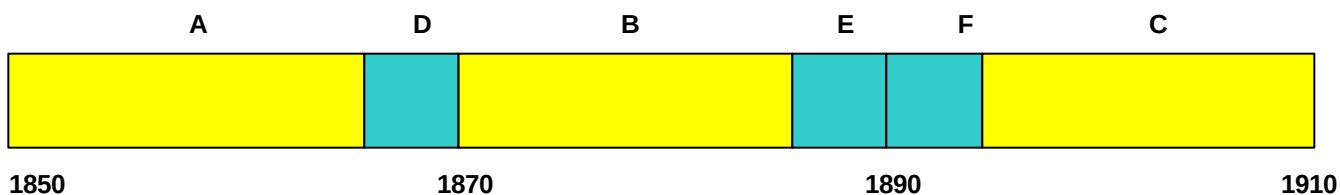
BLOCK 2: 1945 – 1950 MHz (D)

BLOCK 5: 1970 – 1975 MHz (F)

BLOCK 3: 1950 – 1965 MHz (B)

BLOCK 6: 1975 – 1990 MHz (C)

3.6 PCS - Mobile Frequency Blocks



BLOCK 1: 1850 – 1865 MHz (A)

BLOCK 4: 1885 – 1890 MHz (E)

BLOCK 2: 1865 – 1870 MHz (D)

BLOCK 5: 1890 – 1895 MHz (F)

BLOCK 3: 1870 – 1885 MHz (B)

BLOCK 6: 1895 – 1910 MHz (C)

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3.1 DESCRIPTION OF TESTS (CONTINUED)

3.7 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to 10 GHz. The transmitter is modulated with a 2500Hz tone at a level of 16dB greater than that required to provide 50% modulation.

At the input terminals of the spectrum analyzer, an isolator (RF circulator with one port terminated with 50 ohms) and an 870 MHz to 890 MHz bandpass filter is connected between the test transceiver (for conducted tests) or the receive antenna (for radiated tests) and the analyzer. The rejection of the bandpass filter to signals in the 825 – 845 MHz range is adequate to limit the transmit energy from the test transceiver which appears to a level which will allow the analyzer to measure signals less than –90dBm. Calibration of the test receiver is performed in the 870 – 890 MHz range to insure accuracy to allow variation in the bandpass filter insertion loss to be calibrated.

3.8 Frequencies

At the input terminals of the spectrum analyzer, an isolator (RF pad) and a high-pass filter are connected between the test transceiver (for conducted tests) or the receive antenna (for radiated tests) and the analyzer. The high-pass filter (signals below 1.6 GHz) is to limit the fundamental frequency from interfering with the measurement of low-level spurious and harmonic emissions and to ensure that the preamplifier is not saturated.

3.9 Radiation Spurious and Harmonic Emissions

Radiation and harmonic emissions are measured outdoors at our 3-meter test range. The equipment under test is placed on a wooden turntable 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotations were adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator with the level of the signal generator being adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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4.0 Frequency Stability/Temperature Variation.

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) **Temperature:** The temperature is varied from -30°C to +60°C using an environmental chamber.
- b.) **Primary Supply Voltage:** The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the voltage normally at the input to the device or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally supplied.

Specification – The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within ± 0.00025 (± 2.5 ppm) of the center frequency.

Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature (22°C to 25°C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is subjected to an overnight “soak” at -30°C without any power applied.
3. After the overnight “soak” at -30°C (usually 14-16 hours), the equipment is turned on in a “standby” condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is made within a three minute interval after applying power to the transmitter.
4. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C interval up to room temperature. At least a period of one and one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.
5. Again the transmitter carrier frequency and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature to begin measurement of the upper temperature levels.
6. Frequency measurements are at 10 intervals starting at -30°C up to +50°C allowing at least two hours at each temperature for stabilization. In all measurements the frequency is measured within three minutes after re-applying power to the transmitter.
7. The artificial load is mounted external to the temperature chamber.

NOTE: The EUT is tested down to the battery endpoint.

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4.1 Test Data

4.2 Effective Radiated Power Output

A. POWER: Low (Analog Mode)

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	REF. LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)
824.04	-35.800	V	0.004	5.473
836.49	-36.000	V	0.003	5.429
848.97	-36.100	V	0.004	5.485

B. POWER: High (Analog Mode)

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	REF. LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)	BATTERY
824.04	-15.800	V	0.353	25.473	Standard
836.49	-16.000	V	0.349	25.429	Standard
848.97	-16.100	V	0.354	25.485	Standard
848.97	-16.130	V	0.351	25.455	Extended

Note: Standard and extended batteries are options for this phone

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method

according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT.

This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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4.1 Test Data (Continued)

4.3 Effective Radiated Power Output

A. POWER: High (CDMA Mode)

Freq. Tuned (MHz)	REF. LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	ERP (W)	ERP (dBm)	BATTERY
824.70	-17.250	V	0.253	24.023	Standard
835.89	-17.120	V	0.270	24.313	Standard
848.31	-17.050	V	0.284	24.533	Standard
848.31	-17.100	V	0.281	24.483	Extended

Note: Standard and extended batteries are options for this phone

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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5.1 Test Data

5.2 Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power (E.I.R.P.)

Radiated measurements at 3 meters

Supply Voltage: 3.7 VDC

Modulation: PCS CDMA

FREQ. (MHz)	REF. LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	Azimuth (o angle)	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Battery
1851.25	-17.100	H	140	25.981	0.397	Standard
1880.00	-17.225	H	140	26.026	0.401	Standard
1908.75	-17.500	H	140	25.921	0.392	Standard
1880.00	-17.250	H	140	26.001	0.399	Extended

Note: Standard and extended batteries are options for this phone

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method

according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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6.1 Test Data

6.2 A MPS Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 824.04 MHz
 CHANNEL: 0991 (Low)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.485 dBm = 0.354 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: FM (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 38.48 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
1648.08	-49.98	6.10	-43.88	H	69.4
2472.12	-52.28	6.70	-45.58	H	71.1
3296.16	-62.38	6.80	-55.58	H	81.1
4120.20	-65.78	6.50	-59.28	H	84.8
4944.24	-74.38	7.00	-67.38	H	92.9

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
 according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.3 A MPS Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 836.49 MHz
 CHANNEL: 0383 (Mid)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.485 dBm = 0.354 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: FM (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 38.48 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
1672.98	-51.98	6.10	-45.88	H	71.4
2509.47	-53.58	6.70	-46.88	H	72.4
3345.96	-63.48	6.80	-56.68	H	82.2
4182.45	-68.18	6.50	-61.68	H	87.2
5018.94	-75.58	7.00	-68.58	H	94.1

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method

according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.4 A MPS Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 848.97 MHz
 CHANNEL: 0799 (High)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 25.485 dBm = 0.354 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: FM (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 38.48 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
1697.94	-48.98	6.10	-42.88	H	68.4
2546.91	-50.88	6.70	-44.18	H	69.7
3395.88	-61.28	6.80	-54.48	H	80.0
4244.85	-62.78	6.50	-56.28	H	81.8
5093.82	-72.98	7.00	-65.98	H	91.5

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
 according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

PCTEST® PT. 22/24 REPORT	 Class II Permissive Change Report 			Reviewed By: Quality Manager
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6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.5 CELLULAR CDMA Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 824.70 MHz
 CHANNEL: 1013 (Low)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 24.533 dBm = 0.284 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 37.53 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
1649.40	-56.88	6.10	-50.78	H	75.3
2474.10	-63.28	6.70	-56.58	H	81.1
3298.80	-67.58	6.80	-60.78	H	85.3
4123.50	-73.68	6.50	-67.18	H	91.7
4948.20	-79.38	7.00	-72.38	H	96.9

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method

according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.6 CELLULAR CDMA Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 835.89 MHz
 CHANNEL: 0363 (Mid)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 24.533 dBm = 0.284 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 37.53 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
1671.78	-53.78	6.10	-47.68	H	72.2
2507.67	-56.08	6.70	-49.38	H	73.9
3343.56	-64.48	6.80	-57.68	H	82.2
4179.45	-68.78	6.50	-62.28	H	86.8
5015.34	-74.78	7.00	-67.78	H	92.3

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

PCTEST® PT. 22/24 REPORT	 Class II Permissive Change Report 			Reviewed By: Quality Manager
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6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.7 CELLULAR CDMA Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 848.31 MHz
 CHANNEL: 0777 (High)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 24.533 dBm = 0.284 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 37.53 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBd)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
1696.62	-50.68	6.10	-44.58	H	69.1
2544.93	-55.78	6.70	-49.08	H	73.6
3393.24	-62.08	6.80	-55.28	H	79.8
4241.55	-67.68	6.50	-61.18	H	85.7
5089.86	-77.88	7.00	-70.88	H	95.4

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

PCTEST® PT. 22/24 REPORT	 Class II Permissive Change Report 			Reviewed By: Quality Manager
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6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.8 PCS CDM A Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1851.25 MHz
 CHANNEL: 0025 (Low)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 26.026 dBm = 0.401 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 39.04 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBi)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
3702.50	-43.53	8.70	-34.83	H	60.9
5553.75	-50.73	9.70	-41.03	H	67.1
7405.00	-56.43	9.90	-46.53	H	72.6
9256.25	-65.43	11.40	-54.03	H	80.1
11107.50	-72.33	12.10	-60.23	H	86.3

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method

according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.9 PCS CDM A Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1880.00 MHz
 CHANNEL: 0600 (Mid)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 26.026 dBm = 0.401 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 39.04 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBi)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
3760.00	-45.23	8.70	-36.53	H	62.6
5640.00	-48.53	9.70	-38.83	H	64.9
7520.00	-58.13	9.90	-48.23	H	74.3
9400.00	-63.73	11.40	-52.33	H	78.4
11280.00	-73.13	12.10	-61.03	H	87.1

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method
 according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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6.1 Test Data (Continued)

6.10 PCS CDM A Radiated Measurements

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1908.75 MHz
 CHANNEL: 1175 (High)
 MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 26.026 dBm = 0.401 W
 MODULATION SIGNAL: CDMA (Internal)
 DISTANCE: 3 meters
 LIMIT: $43 + 10 \log_{10} (W) =$ 39.04 dBc

FREQ. (MHz)	LEVEL @ ANTENNA TERMINALS (dBm)	SUBSTITUTE ANTENNA GAIN (dBi)	CORRECT GENERATOR LEVEL (dBm)	POL (H/V)	(dBc)
3817.50	-46.93	8.70	-38.23	H	64.3
5726.25	-52.83	9.70	-43.13	H	69.2
7635.00	-57.93	9.90	-48.03	H	74.1
9543.75	-66.93	11.40	-55.53	H	81.6
11452.50	-72.93	12.10	-60.83	H	86.9

NOTES:

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-A-2001, Aug. 15, 2001:

The EUT was placed on a wooden turn table 3-meters from the receive antenna. The receive antenna height and turntable rotation was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 3 MHz. For AMPS, GSM, and NADC TDMA signals, a peak detector is used, with RBW = VBW = 1 MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

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7.1 Test Data

7.2 FREQUENCY STABILITY (AMPS)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 836,490,005 Hz

CHANNEL: 383

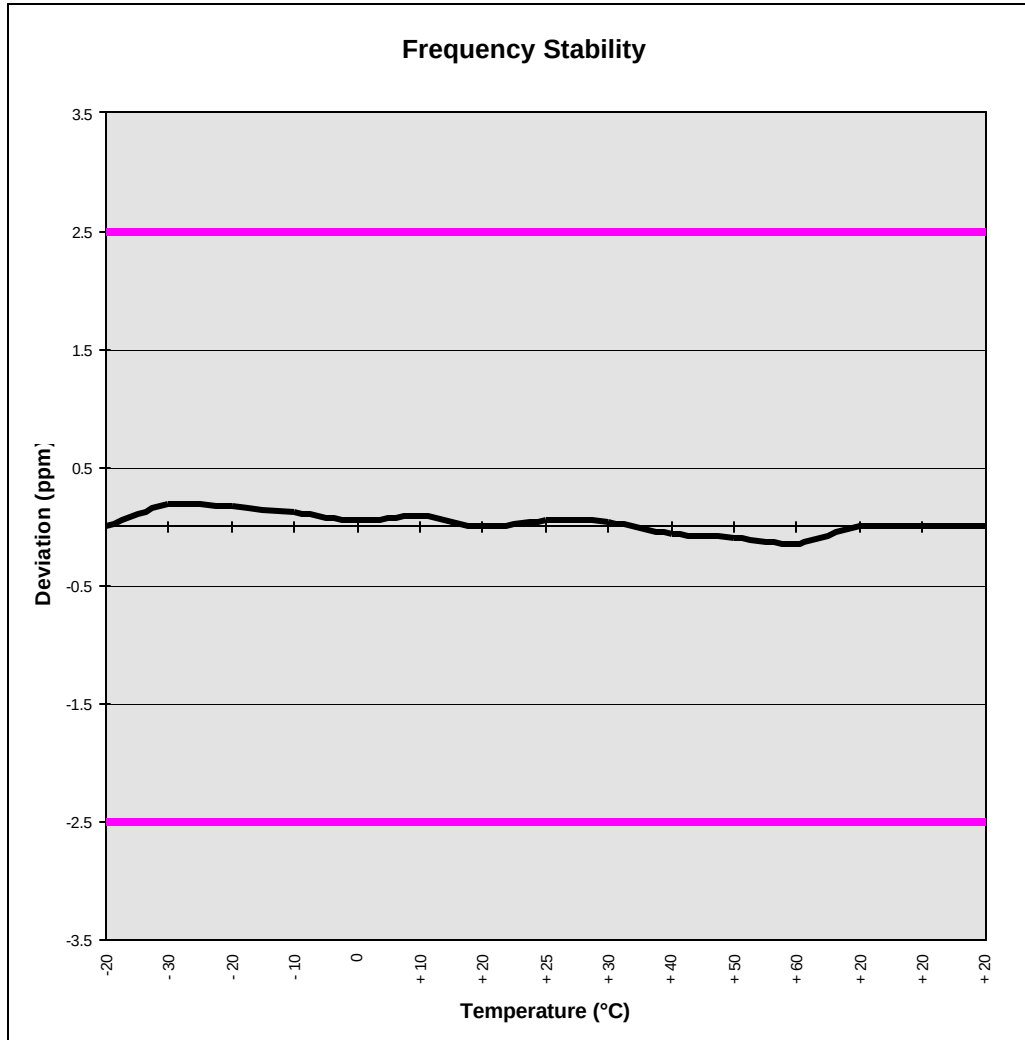
REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 3.7 VDC

DEVIATION LIMIT: ± 0.00025 % or 2.5 ppm

VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (VDC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQ. (Hz)	Deviation (%)
100 %	3.70	+ 20 (Ref)	836,490,005	0.000000
100 %		- 30	836,489,846	0.000019
100 %		- 20	836,489,863	0.000017
100 %		- 10	836,489,905	0.000012
100 %		0	836,489,963	0.000005
100 %		+ 10	836,489,930	0.000009
100 %		+ 20	836,490,005	0.000000
100 %		+ 25	836,489,963	0.000005
100 %		+ 30	836,489,972	0.000004
100 %		+ 40	836,490,055	-0.000006
100 %		+ 50	836,490,080	-0.000009
100 %		+ 60	836,490,122	-0.000014
85 %	3.17	+ 20	836,490,005	0.000000
115 %	4.26	+ 20	836,490,005	0.000000
BATT. ENDPOINT	3.06	+ 20	836,490,005	0.000000

7.1 Test Data (Continued)

7.3 FREQUENCY STABILITY (AMPS)



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7.1 Test Data (Continued)

7.4 FREQUENCY STABILITY (PCS CDMA)

OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1,880,000,006 Hz

CHANNEL: 600

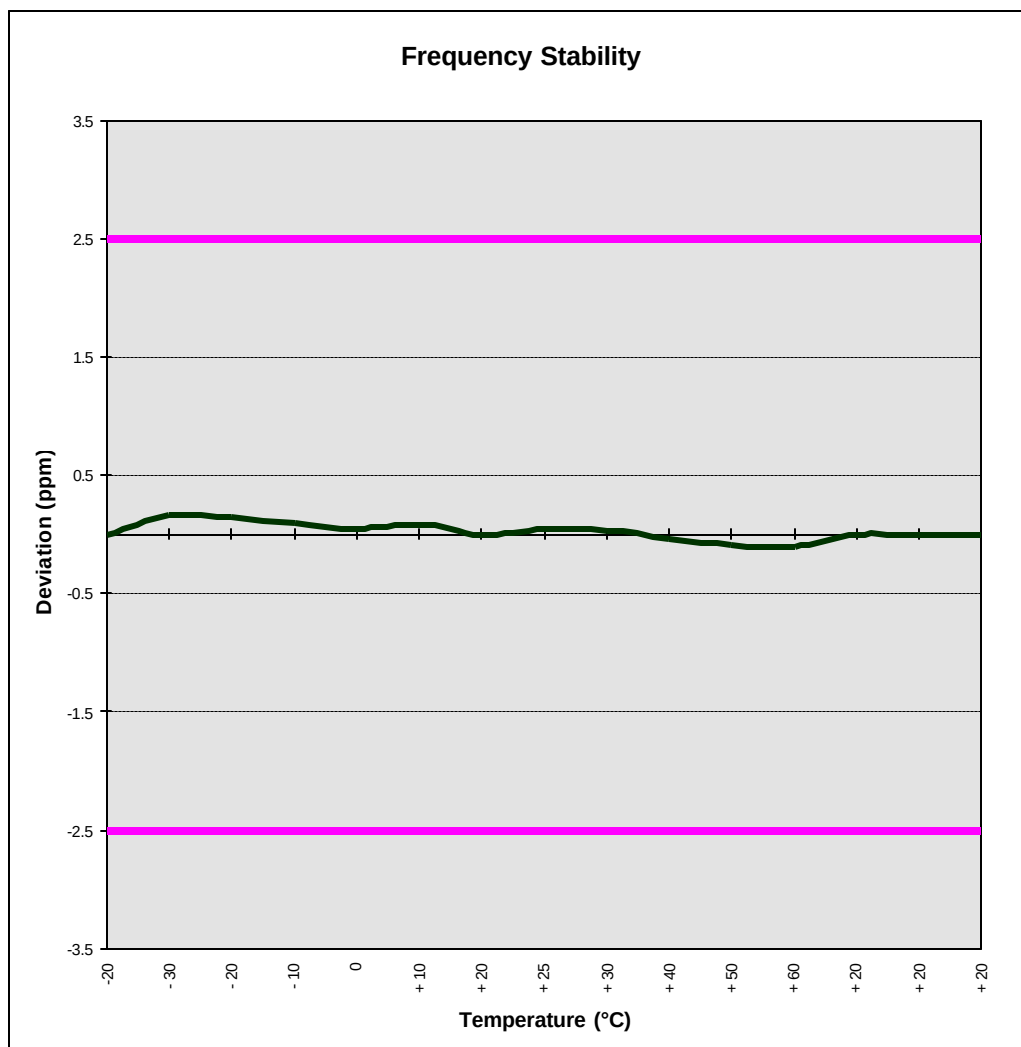
REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 3.7 VAC

DEVIATION LIMIT: ± 0.00025 % or 2.5 ppm

VOLTAGE (%)	POWER (VDC)	TEMP (°C)	FREQ. (Hz)	Deviation (%)
100 %	3.70	+ 20 (Ref)	1,880,000,006	0.000000
100 %		- 30	1,879,999,705	0.000016
100 %		- 20	1,879,999,743	0.000014
100 %		- 10	1,879,999,818	0.000010
100 %		0	1,879,999,912	0.000005
100 %		+ 10	1,879,999,837	0.000009
100 %		+ 20	1,880,000,006	0.000000
100 %		+ 25	1,879,999,912	0.000005
100 %		+ 30	1,879,999,931	0.000004
100 %		+ 40	1,880,000,062	-0.000003
100 %		+ 50	1,880,000,175	-0.000009
100 %		+ 60	1,880,000,194	-0.000010
85 %	3.17	+ 20	1,880,000,006	0.000000
115 %	4.26	+ 20	1,880,000,006	0.000000
BATT. ENDPOINT	3.06	+ 20	1,880,000,006	0.000000

7.1 Test Data (Continued)

7.5 FREQUENCY STABILITY (PCS CDMA)



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8.1 PLOT(S) OF EMISSIONS

(SEE ATTACHMENT C)

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11.1 SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

A. Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 1M25F9W

CDMA BW = 1.25 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Info

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

(Measured at the 99.75% power bandwidth)

Emission Designator = 40K0F8W

Calculation: Voice + SAT

Modulation: Voice is 2.5 kHz and SAT is 6 kHz – Maximum modulation is M = 6 kHz

Deviation: Voice is 12 kHz and SAT is 2 kHz – Maximum deviation is D = 12 + 2 = 14 kHz

Bn = 2xM + 2xDK with K = 1

Bn = 40 kHz

Calculation: Signaling Tone (ST) + SAT

Modulation: ST is 10 kHz and SAT is 6 kHz – Maximum modulation is M = 10 kHz

Deviation: ST is 8 kHz and SAT is 2 kHz – Maximum deviation is D = 8 + 2 = 10 kHz

Bn = 2xM + 2xDK with K = 1

Bn = 40 kHz

Emission Designator = 40K0F1D

Calculation: Voice + SAT

Modulation: Wideband Data is 10 kHz and SAT is 6 kHz – Maximum modulation is M = 10 kHz

Deviation: Wideband Data is 8 kHz and SAT is 2 kHz – Maximum deviation is D = 8 + 2 = 10 kHz

Bn = 2xM + 2xDK with K = 1

Bn = 40 kHz

B. Spurious Radiated Emission - PCS Band

Example: Channel 25 PCS Mode 2nd Harmonic (3702.50 MHz)

The receive analyzer reading at 3 meters with the EUT on the turntable was -81.0 dBm. The gain of the substituted antenna is 8.1 dBi. The signal generator connected to the substituted antenna terminals is adjusted to produce a reading of -81.0 dBm on the receive analyzer. The loss of the cable between the signal generator and the terminals of the substituted antenna is 2.0 dB at 3702.50 MHz. So 6.1 dB is added to the signal generator reading of -30.9 dBm yielding -24.80 dBm. The fundamental EIRP was 25.501 dBm so this harmonic was 25.501 dBm - (-24.80) = 50.3 dBc

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11.1 CONCLUSION

The data collected shows that the **SAMSUNG Electronics Co., Ltd. Tri-Mode Dual-Band Analog/PCS Phone (AMPS/CDMA) FCC ID: A3LSPHA660** complies with all the requirements of Parts 2, 22, and 24 of the FCC rules.

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PCTEST Engineering Lab.

SPECTRUM ANALYZER PRESENTATION

FCC ID:A3LSPHA660

SAMSUNG

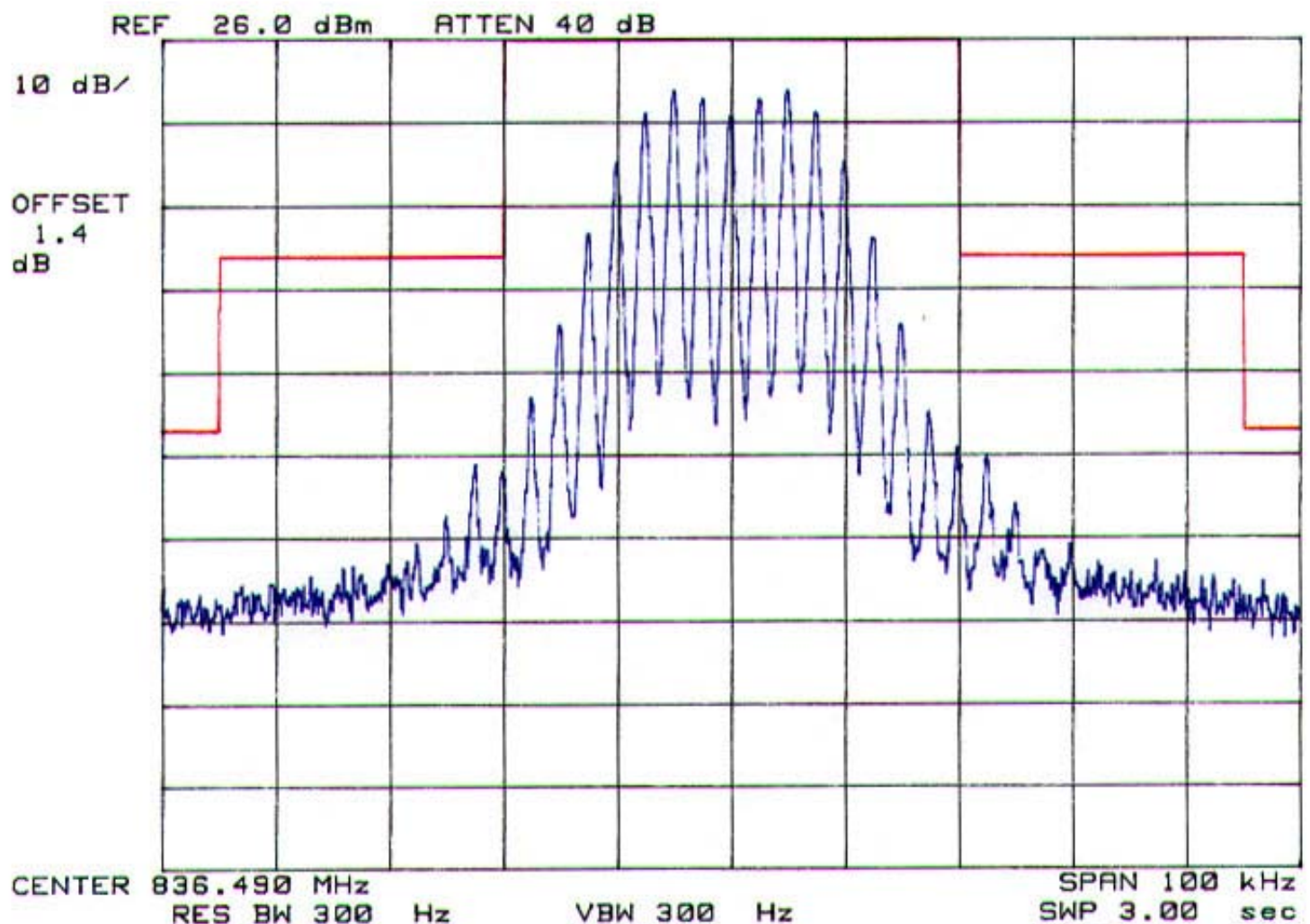
Tri-Mode Phone

FM Channel 383

Operating Frequency: 836.490 MHz

Output Power : 26.0 dBm

Test Mode:Voice



PCTEST Engineering Lab.

SPECTRUM ANALYZER PRESENTATION

FCC ID:A3LSPHA660

SAMSUNG

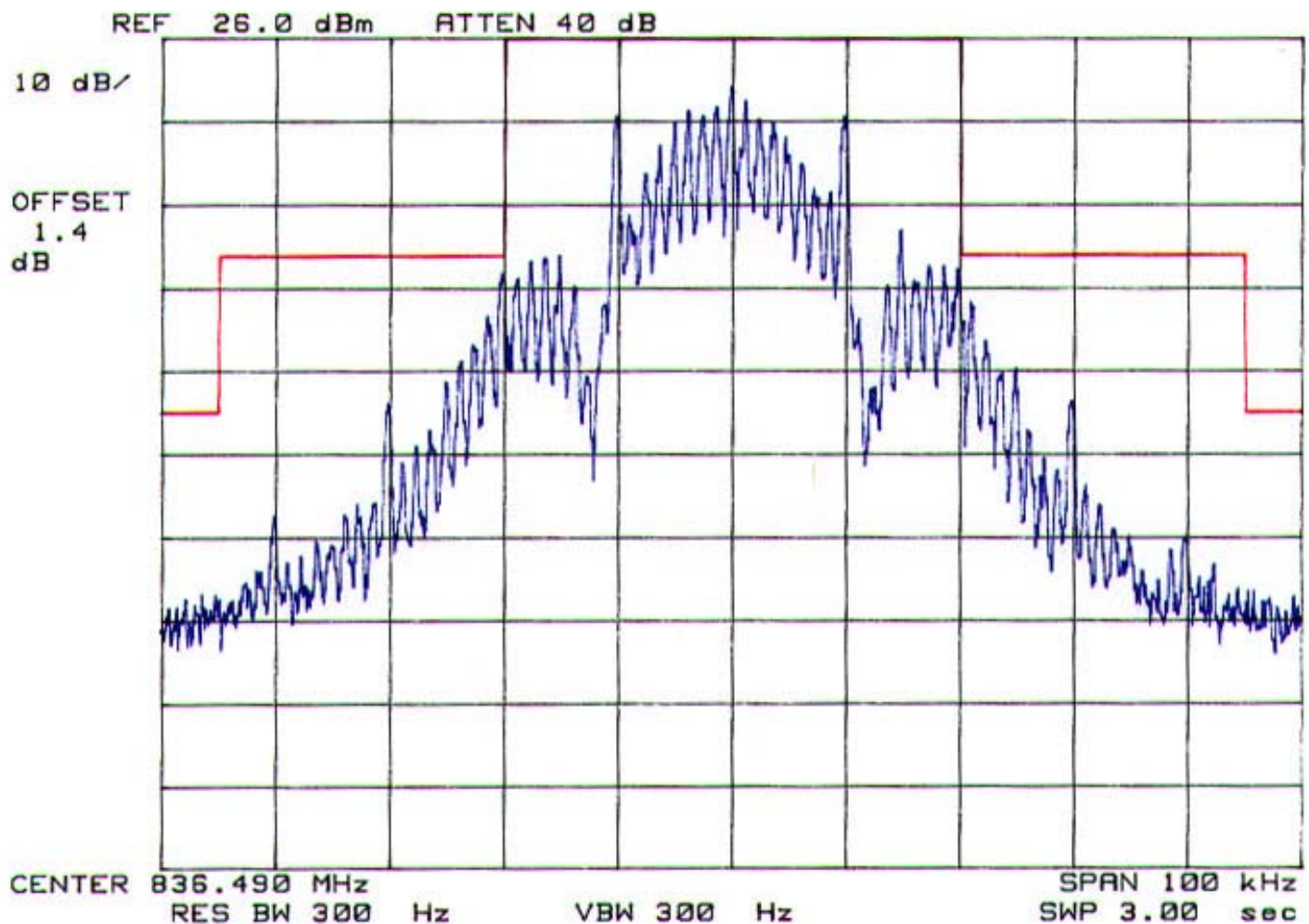
Tri-Mode Phone

FM Channel 383

Operating Frequency: 836.490 MHz

Output Power : 26.0 dBm

Test Mode:Wide Band Data



PCTEST Engineering Lab.

SPECTRUM ANALYZER PRESENTATION

FCC ID:A3LSPHA660

SAMSUNG

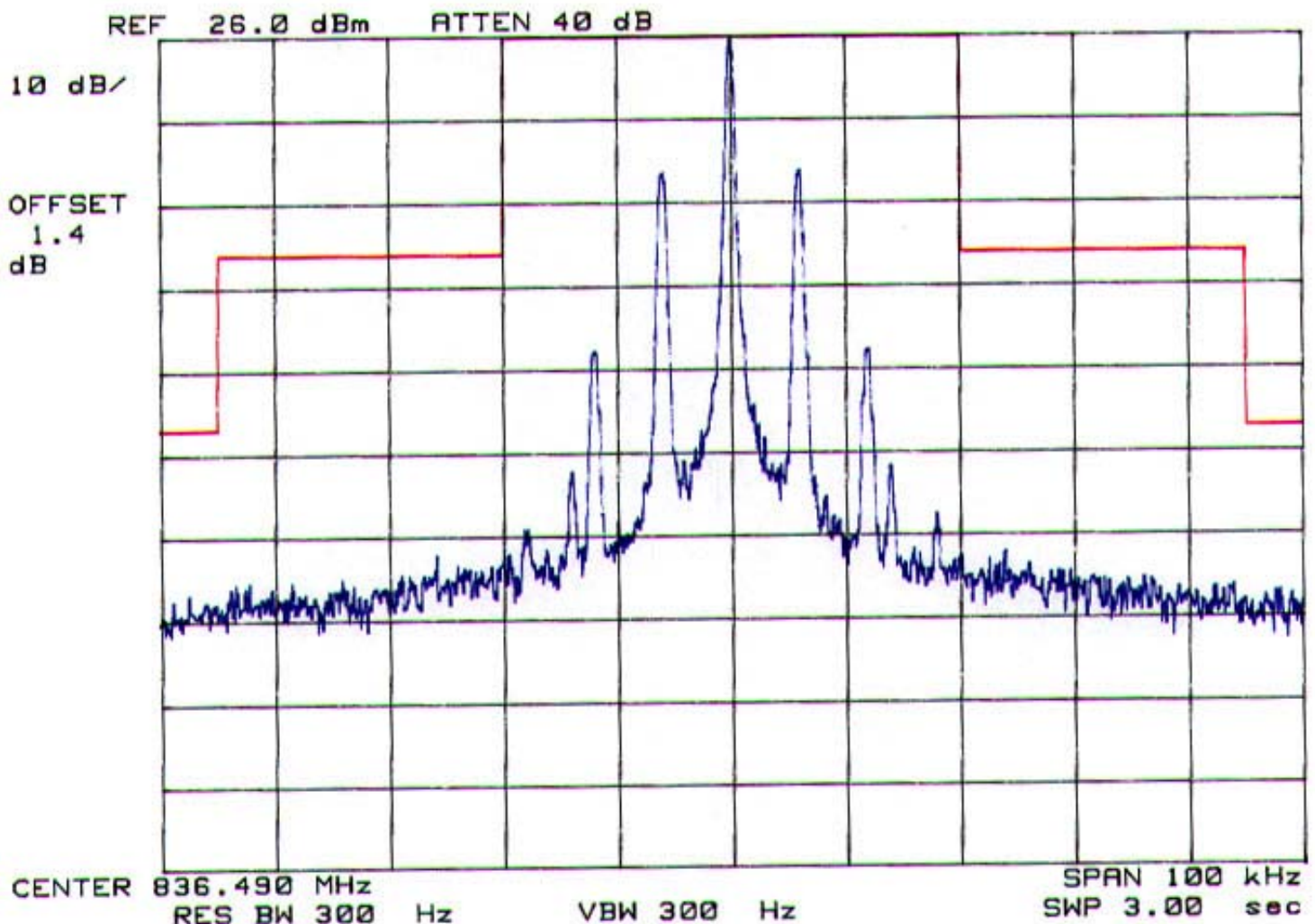
Tri-Mode Phone

FM Channel 383

Operating Frequency: 836.490 MHz

Output Power : 26.0 dBm

Test Mode:SAT



PCTEST Engineering Lab.

SPECTRUM ANALYZER PRESENTATION

FCC ID:A3LSPHA660

SAMSUNG

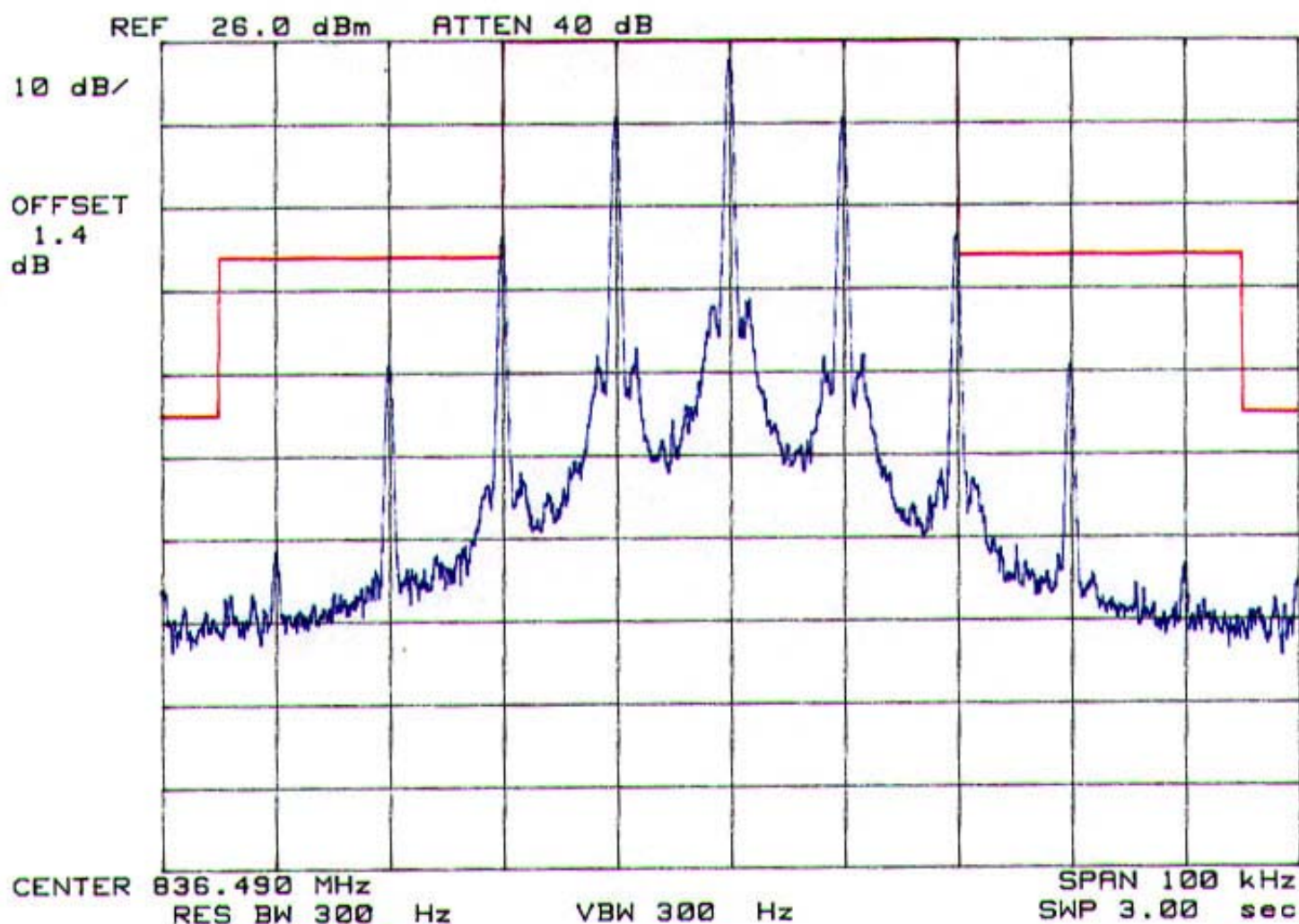
Tri-Mode Phone

FM Channel 383

Operating Frequency: 836.490 MHz

Output Power : 26.0 dBm

Test Mode:ST



PCTEST Engineering Lab.

SPECTRUM ANALYZER PRESENTATION

FCC ID:A3LSPHA660

SAMSUNG

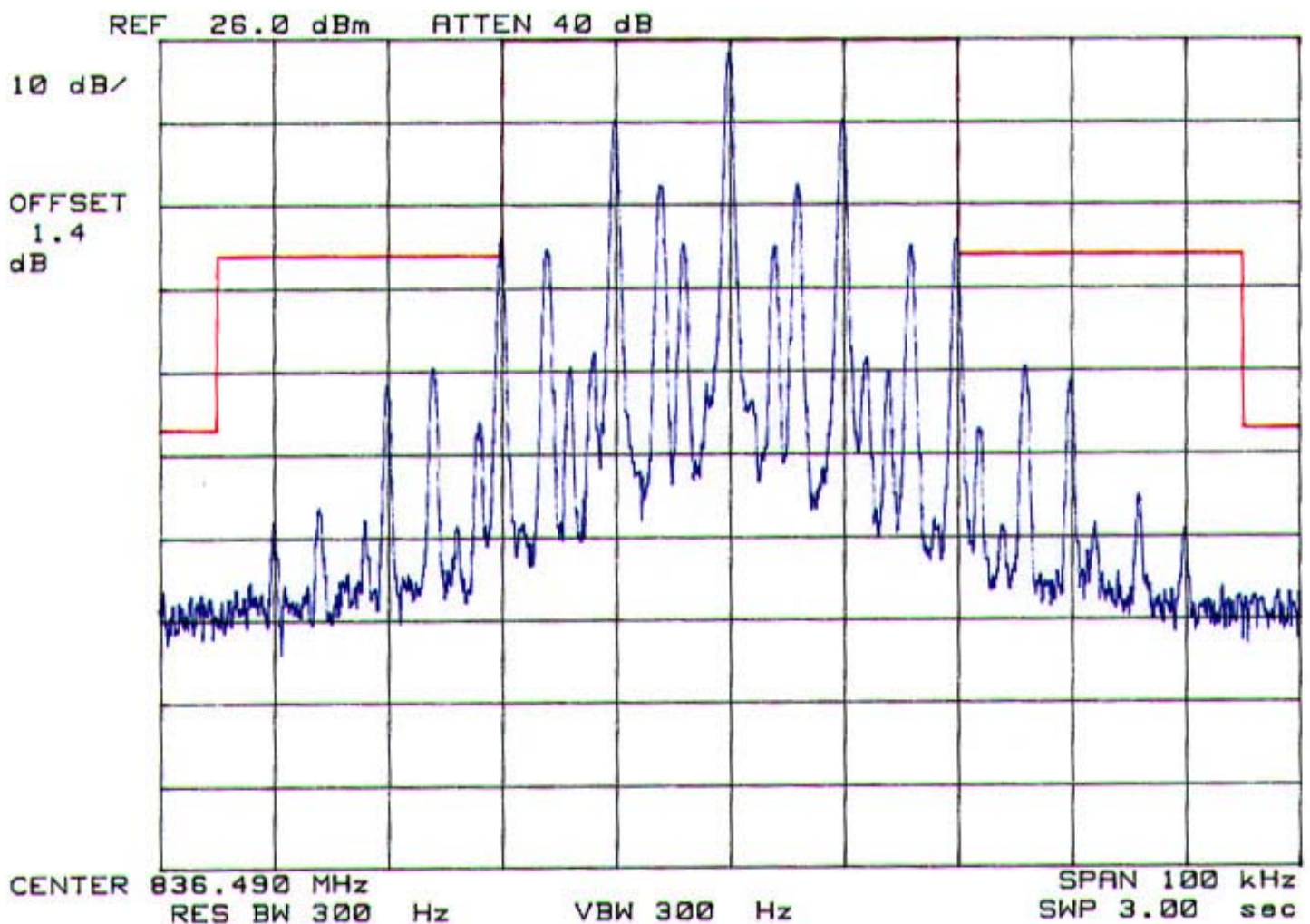
Tri-Mode Phone

FM Channel 383

Operating Frequency: 836.490 MHz

Output Power : 26.0 dBm

Test Mode:SAT + ST



PCTEST Engineering Lab.

SPECTRUM ANALYZER PRESENTATION

FCC ID:A3LSPHA660

SAMSUNG

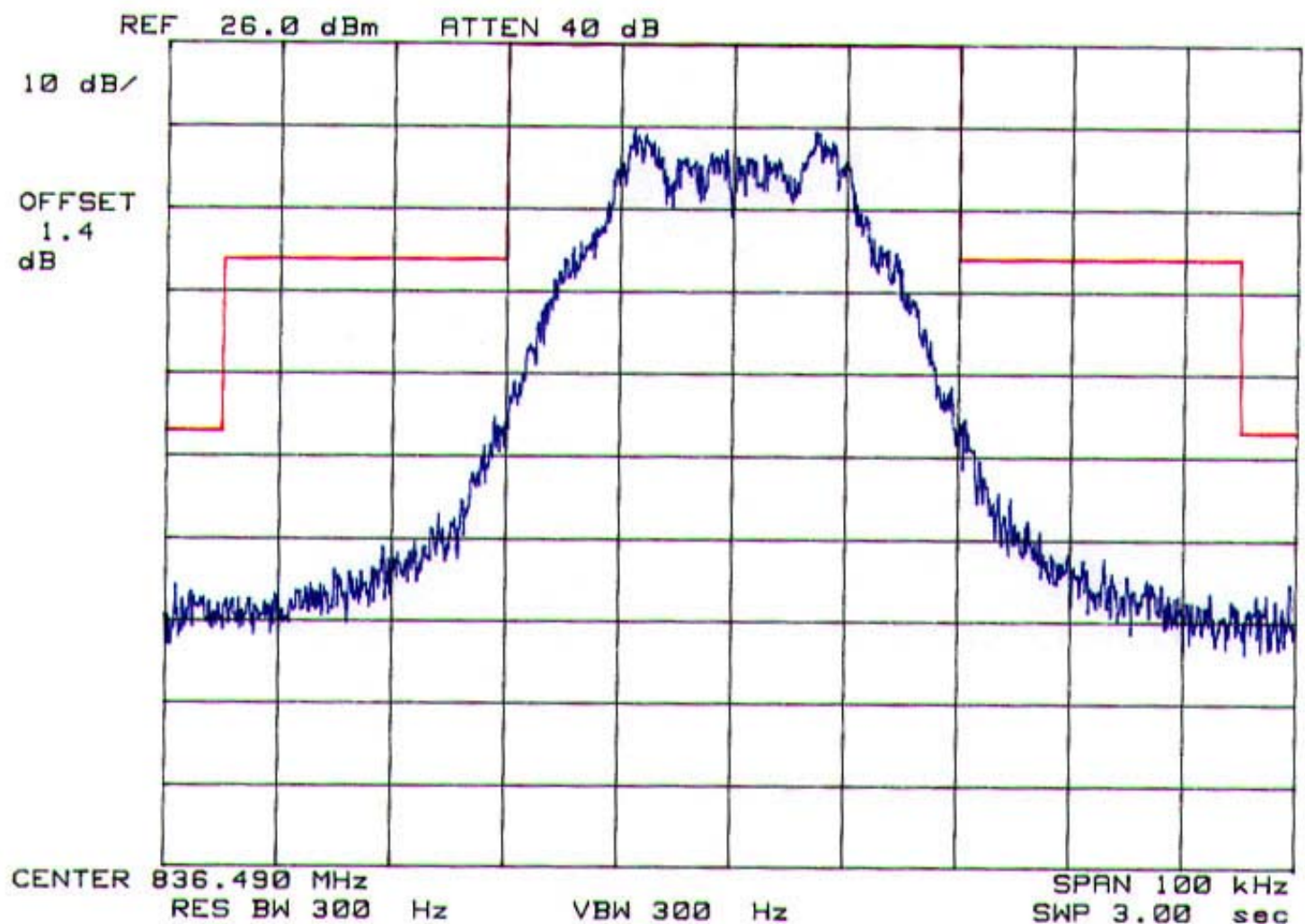
Tri-Mode Phone

FM Channel 383

Operating Frequency: 836.490 MHz

Output Power : 26.0 dBm

Test Mode:SAT + DTMF



PCTEST Engineering Lab.

SPECTRUM ANALYZER PRESENTATION

FCC ID:A3LSPHA660

SAMSUNG

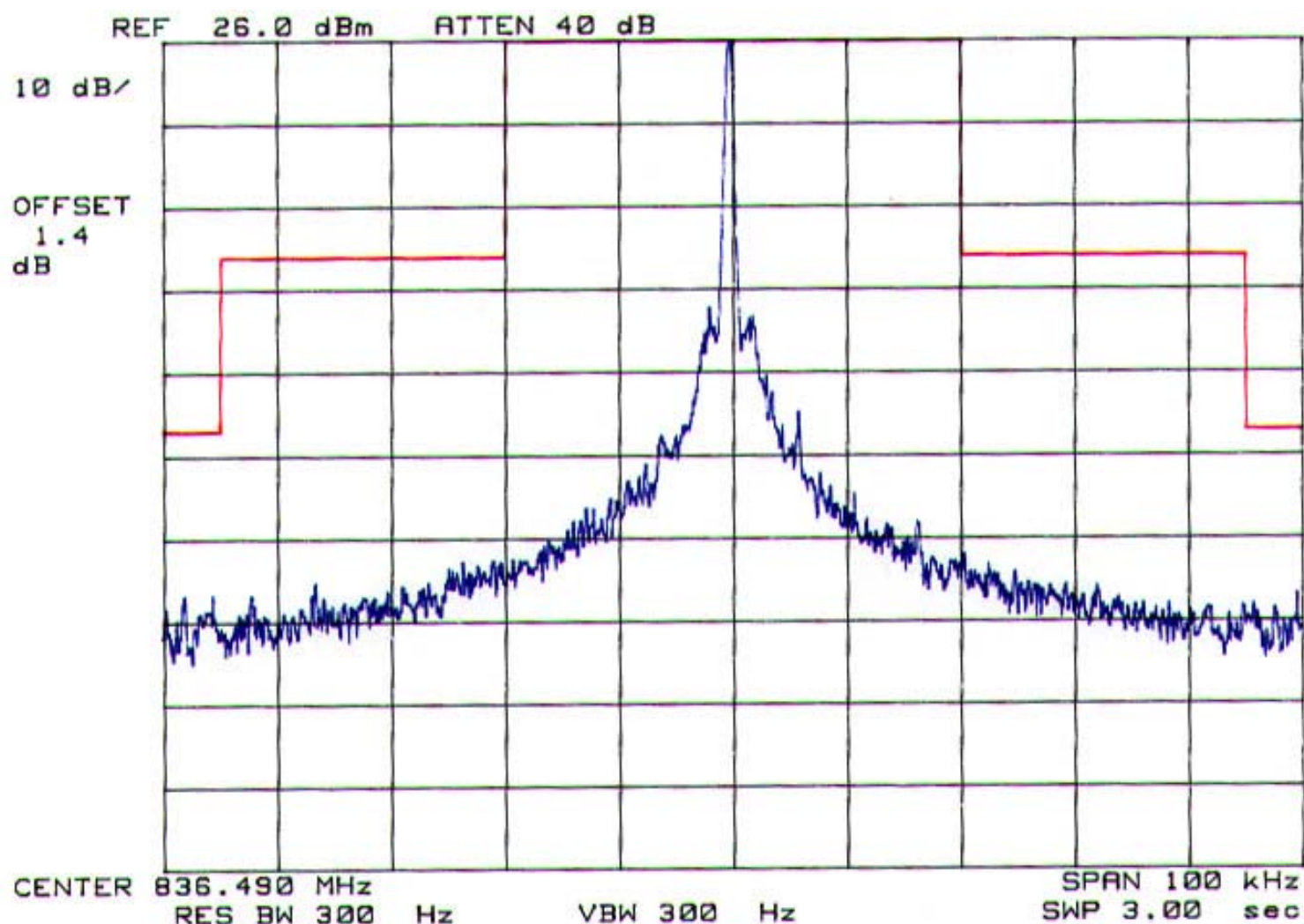
Tri-Mode Phone

FM Channel 383

Operating Frequency: 836.490 MHz

Output Power : 26.0 dBm

Test Mode:Unmodulated Signal



PCTEST Engineering Lab.

SPECTRUM ANALYZER PRESENTATION

FCC ID:A3LSPHA660

SAMSUNG

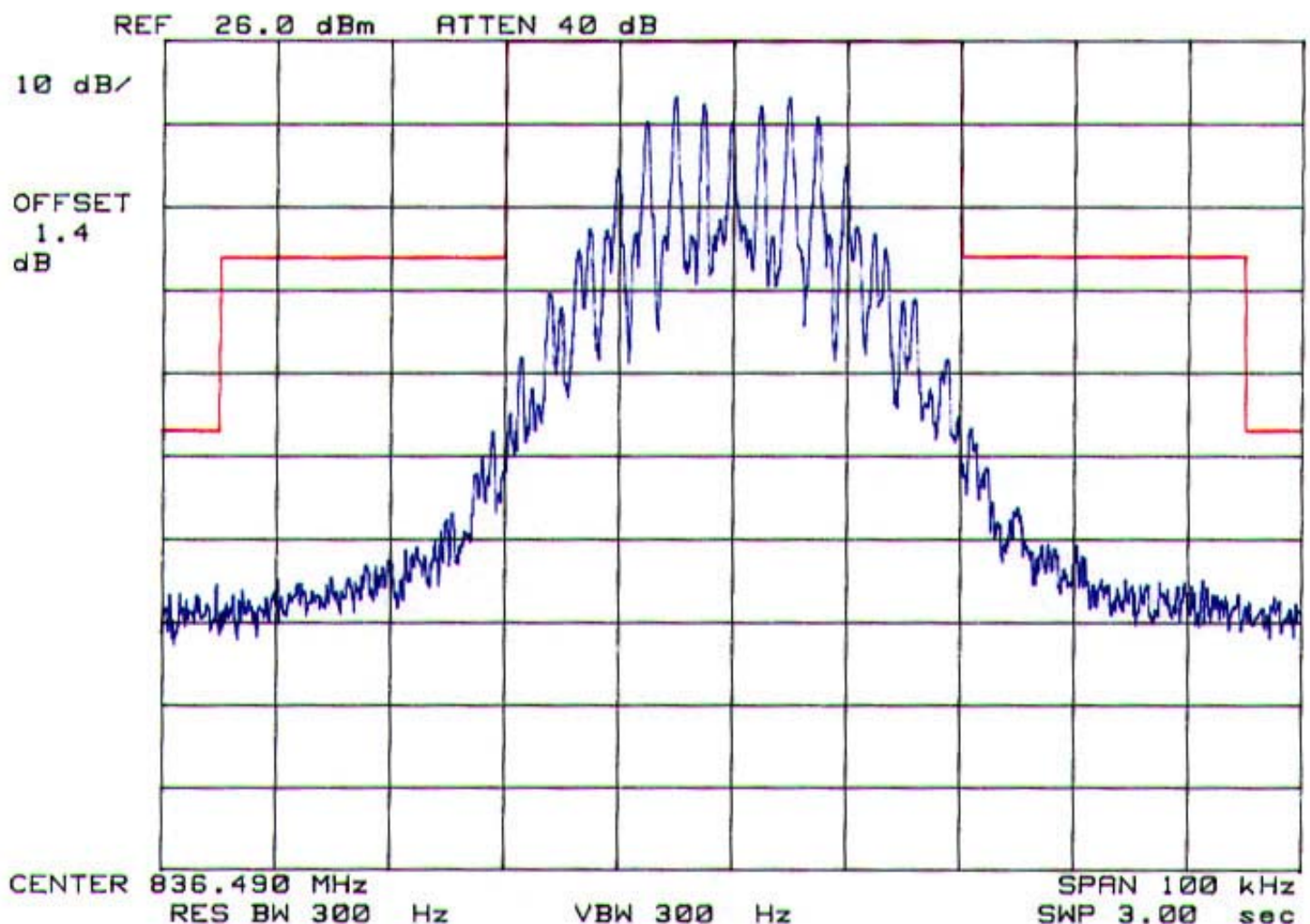
Tri-Mode Phone

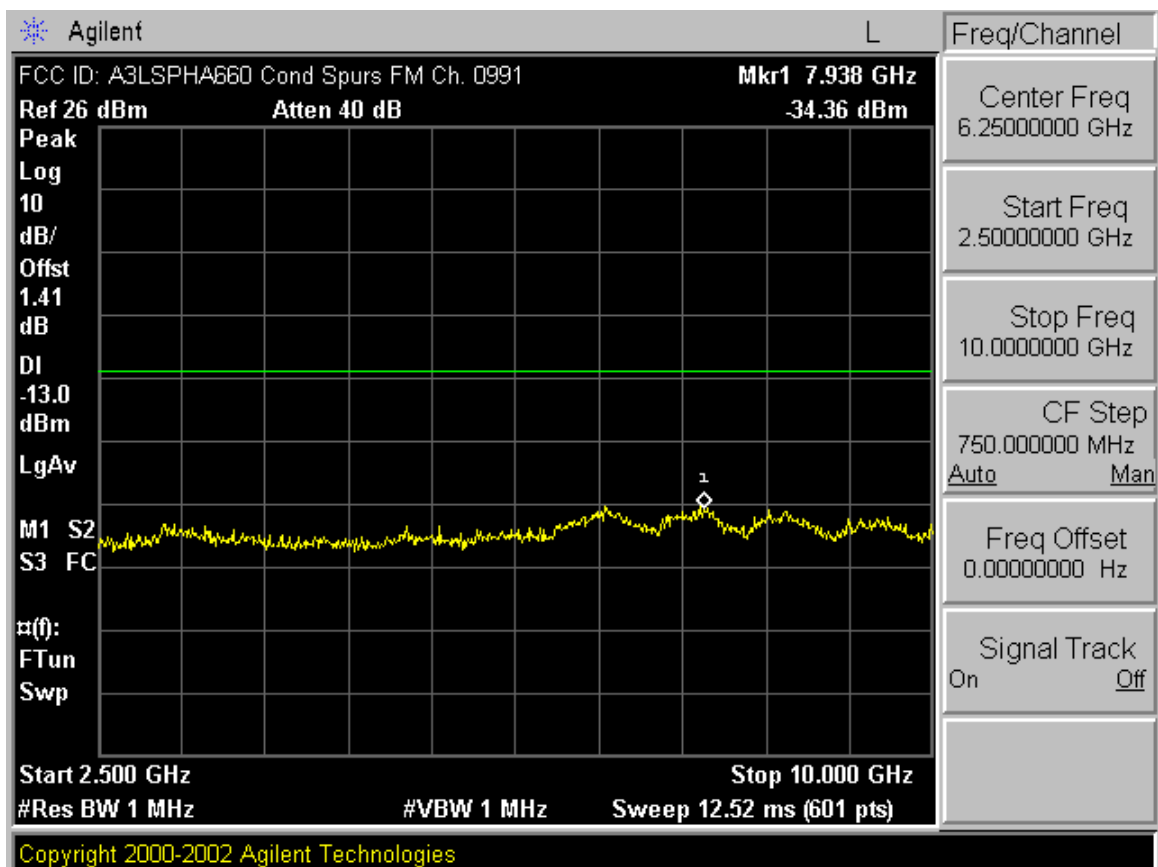
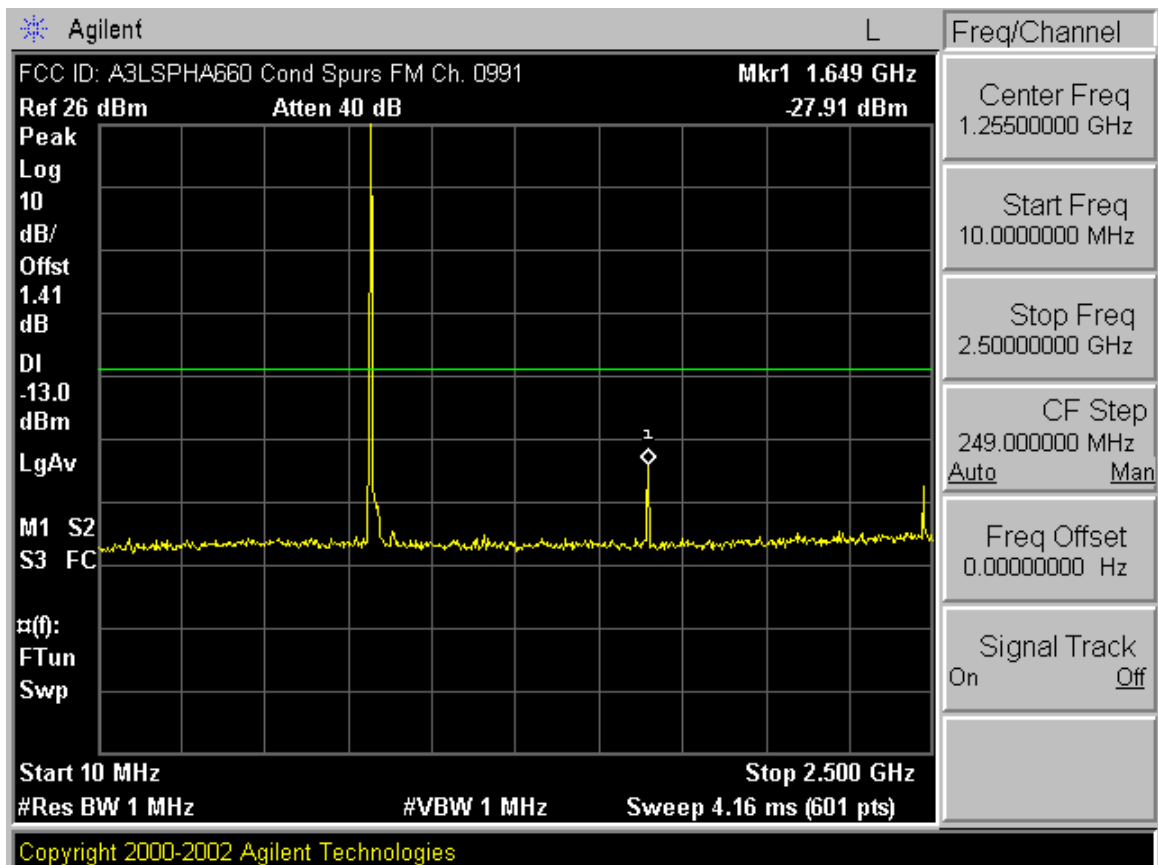
FM Channel 383

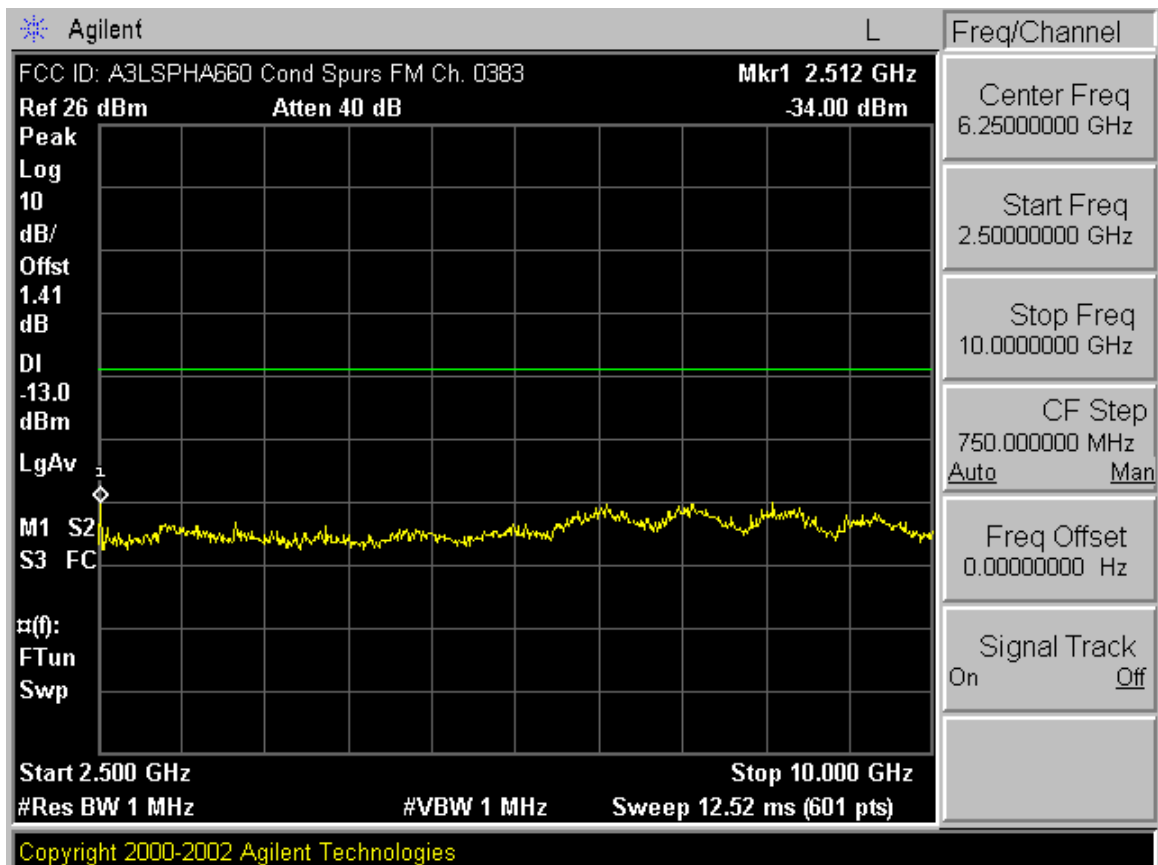
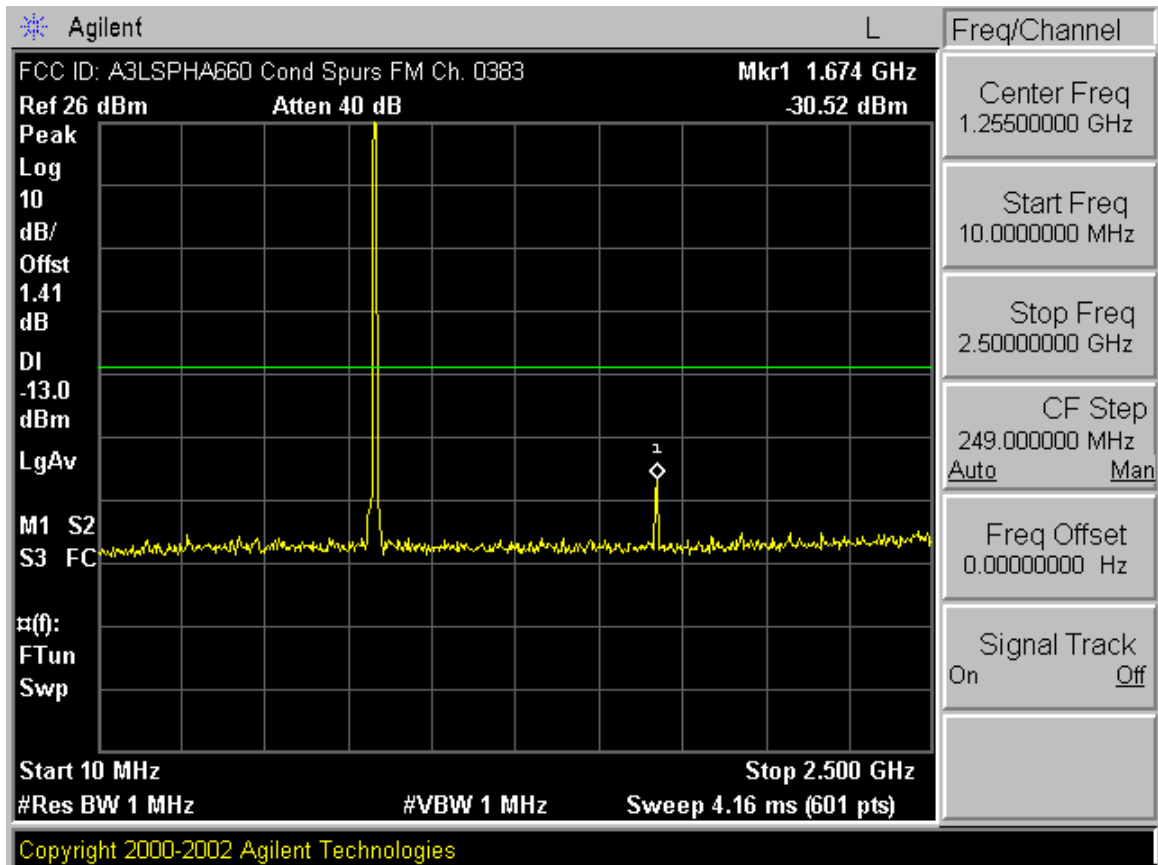
Operating Frequency: 836.490 MHz

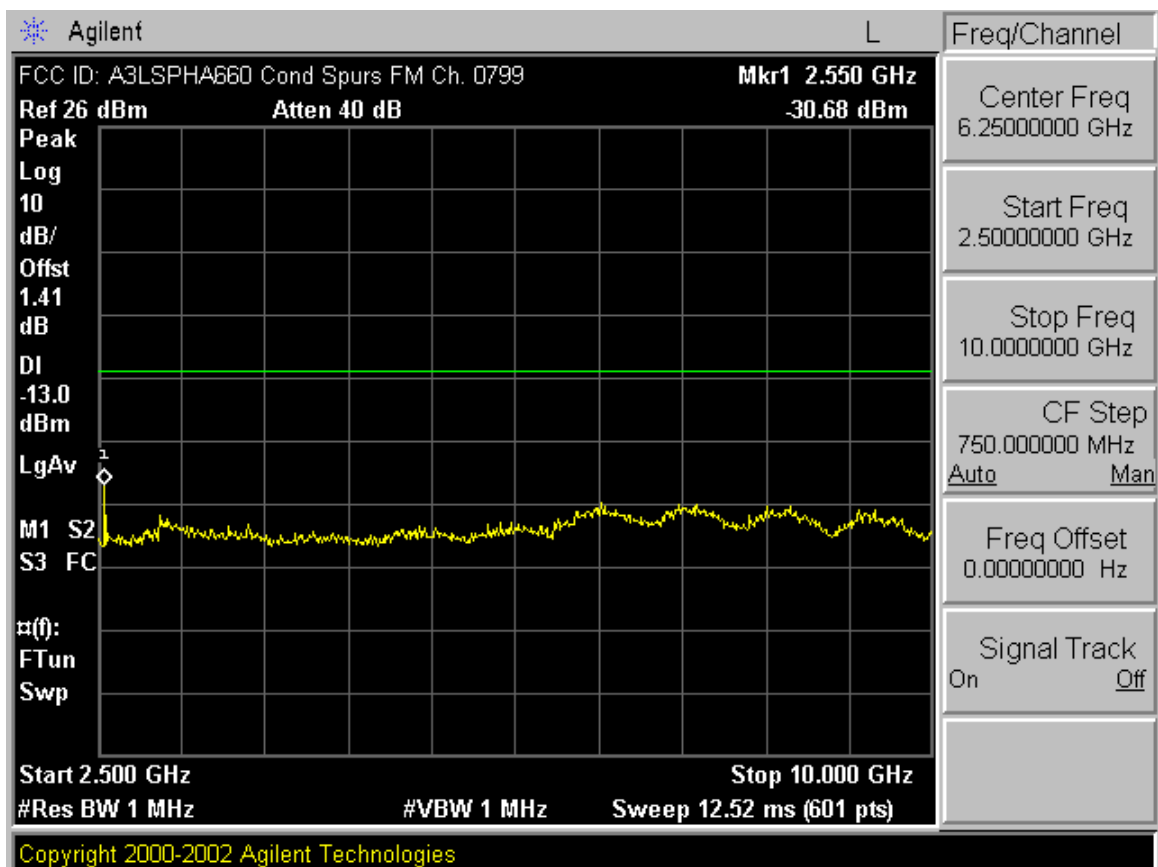
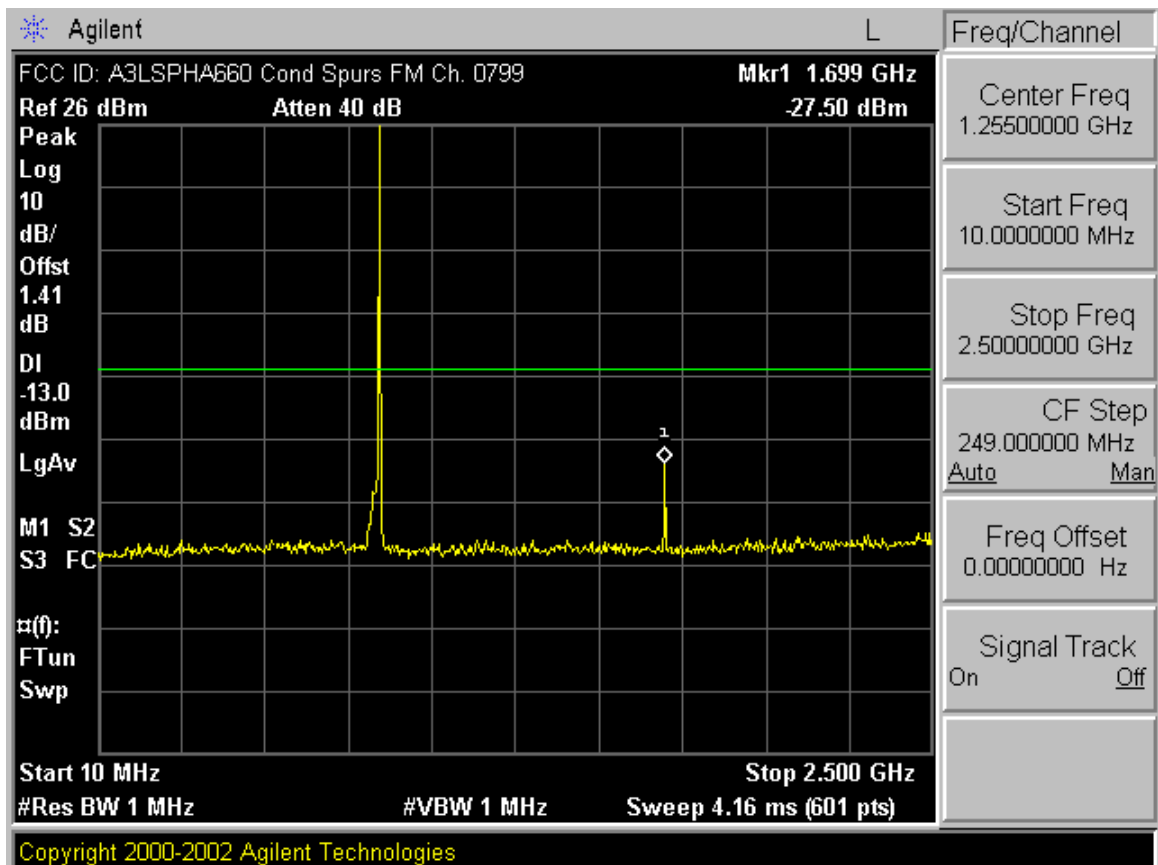
Output Power : 26.0 dBm

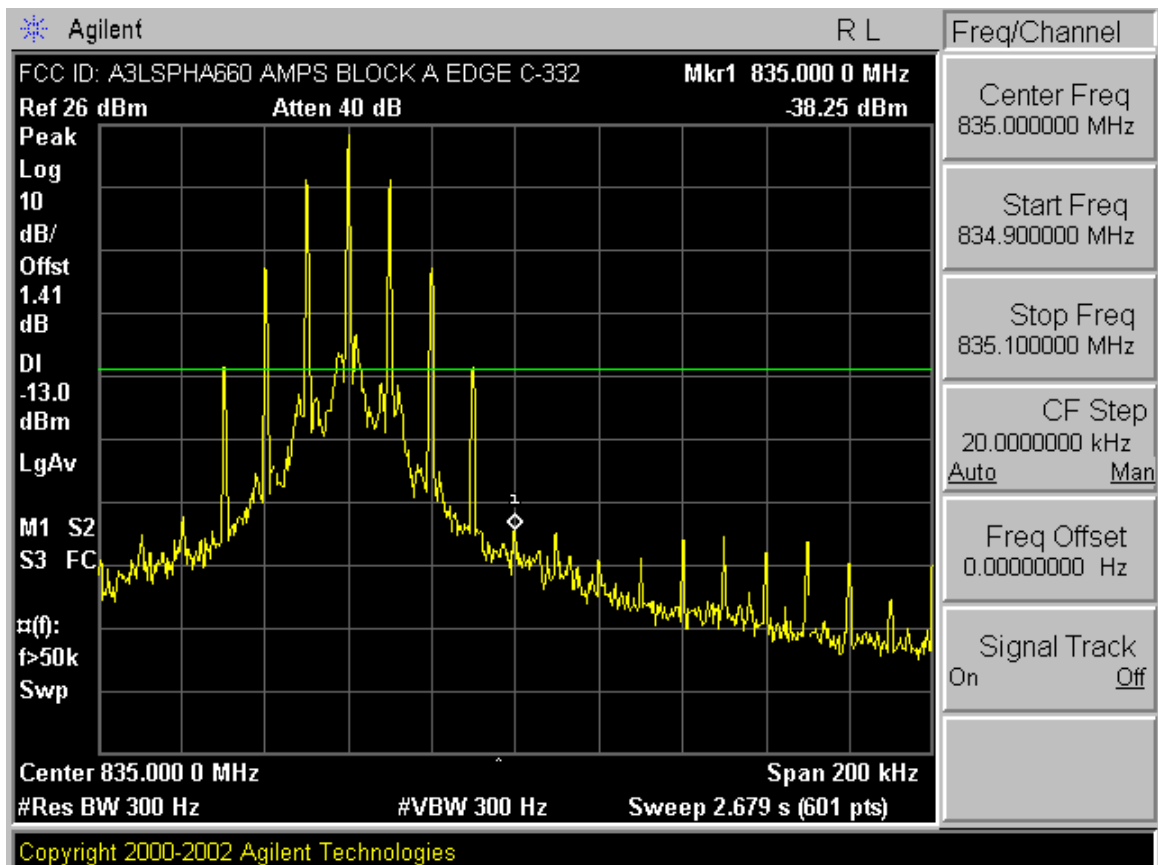
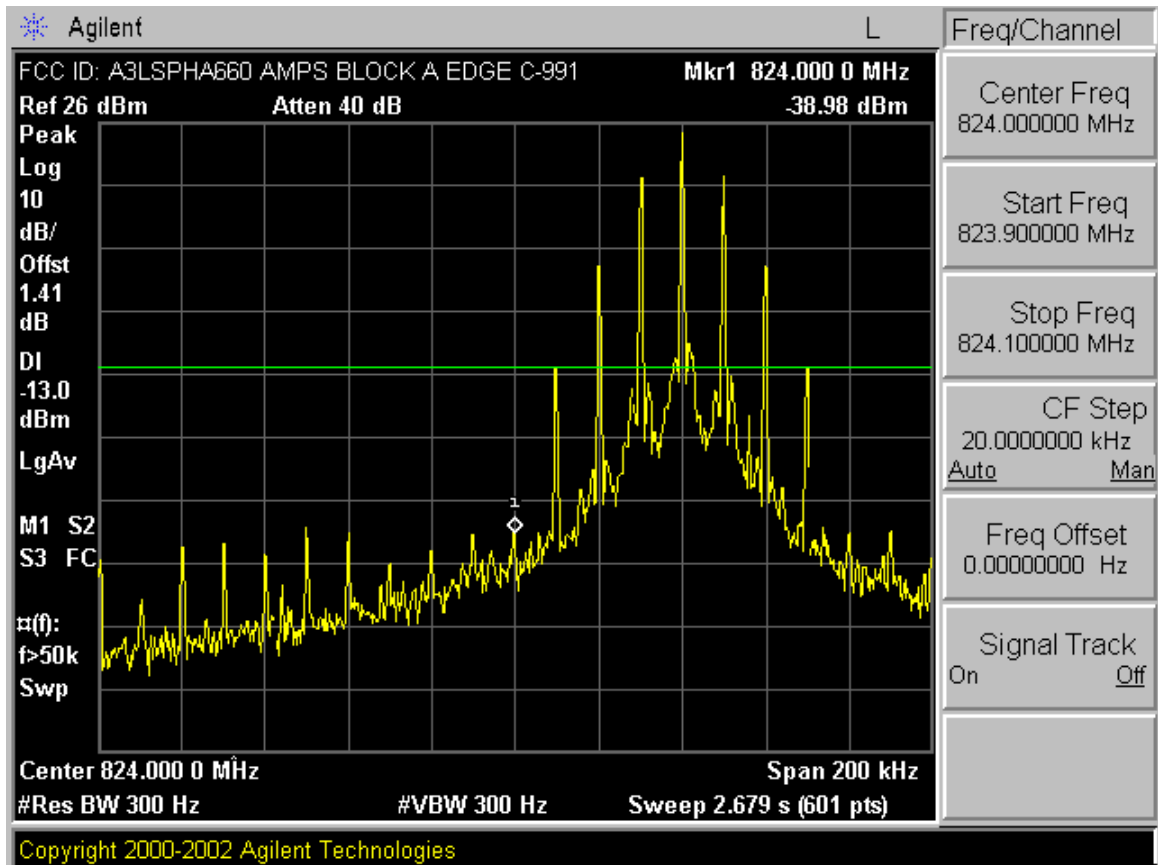
Test Mode:SAT + Voice

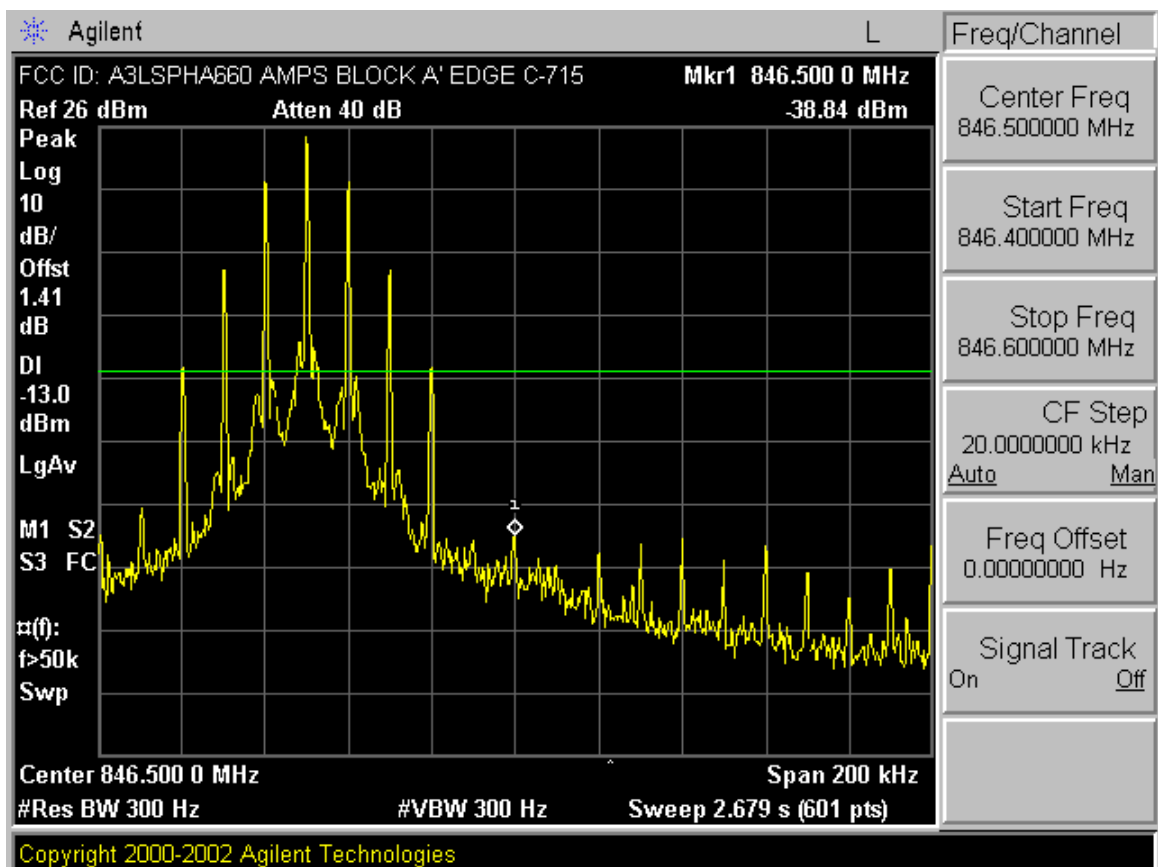
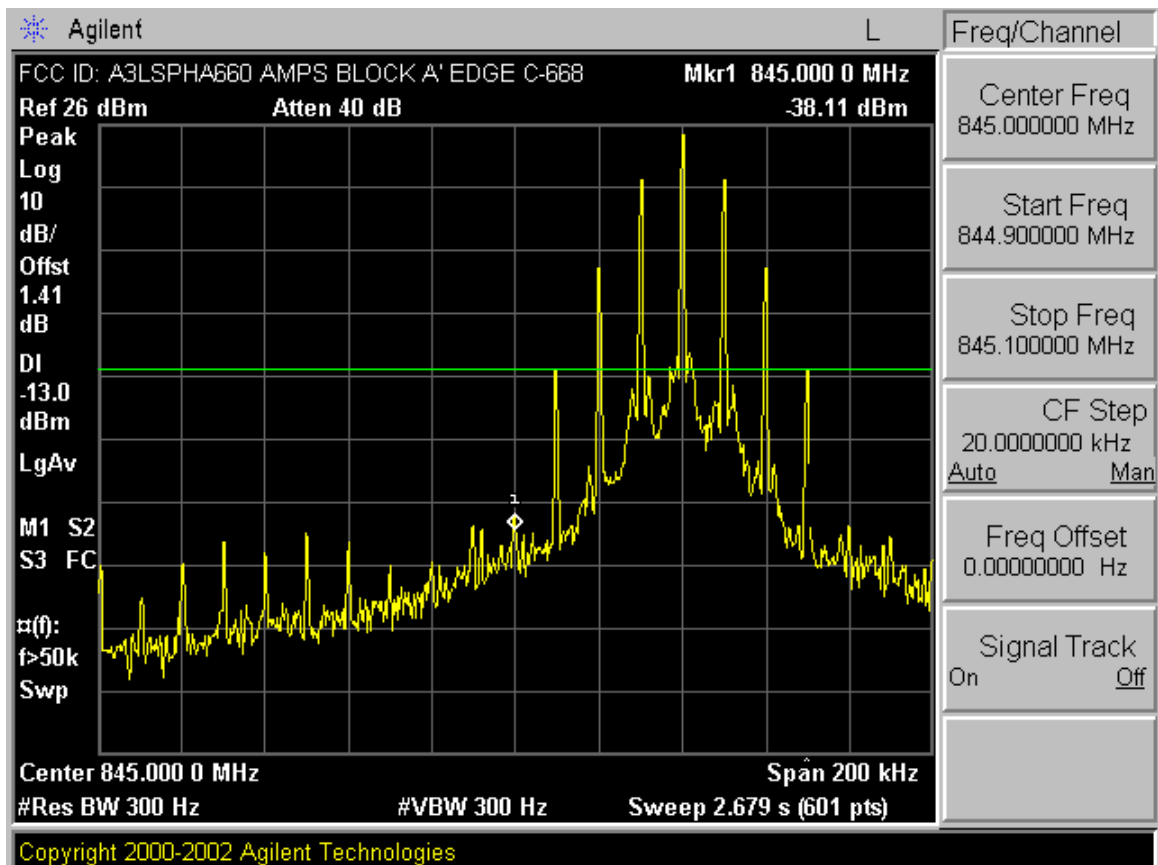


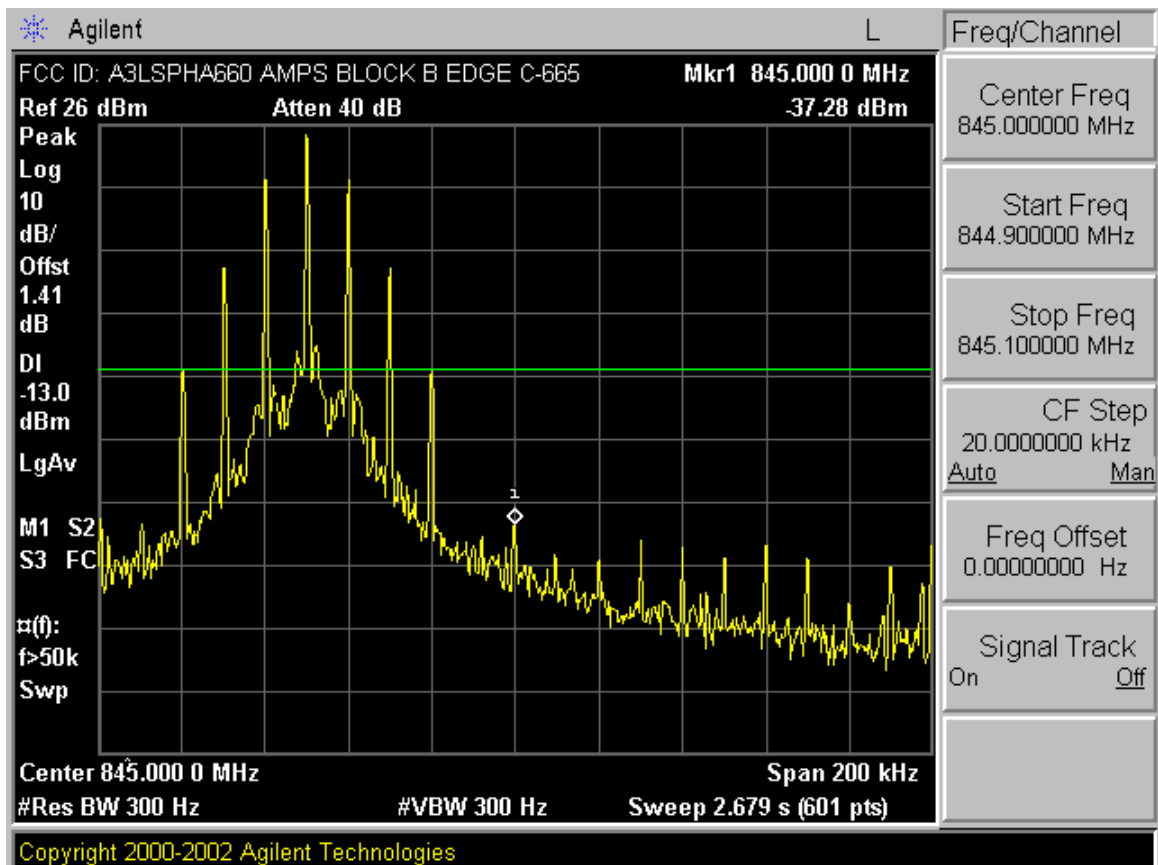
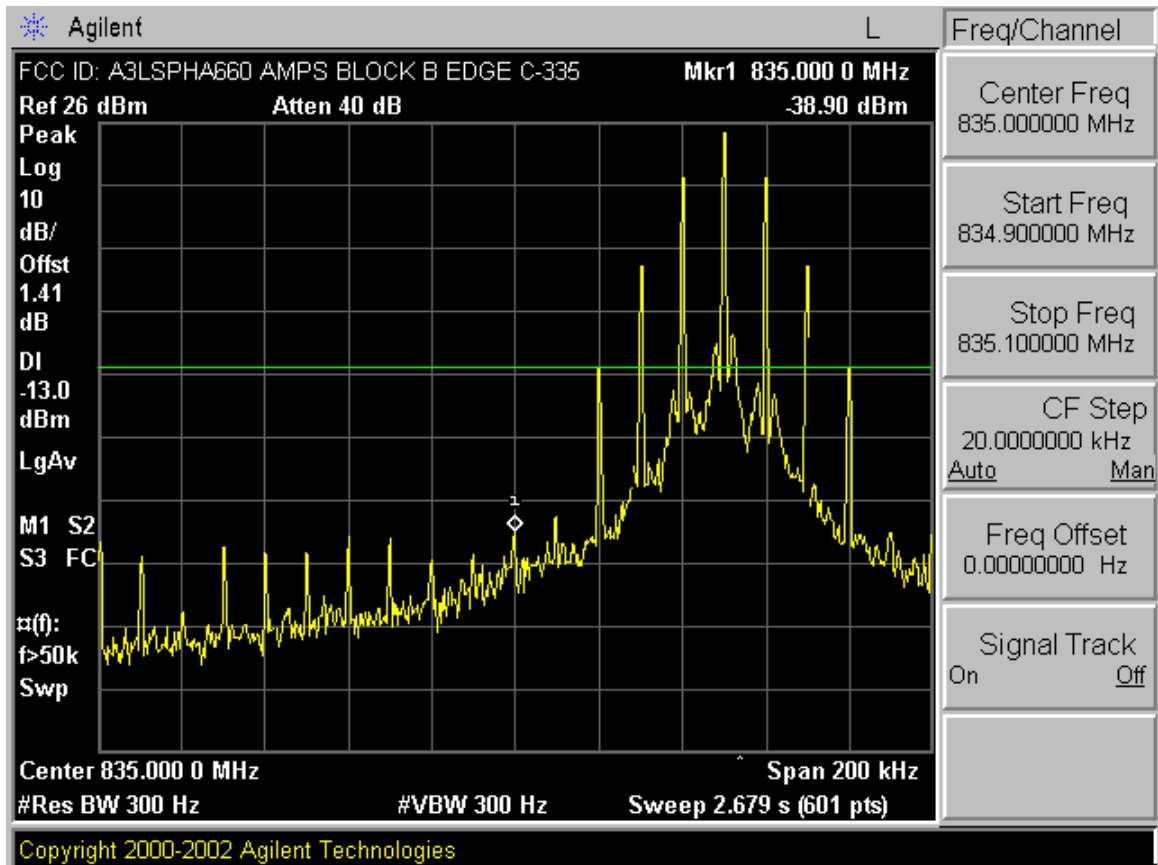


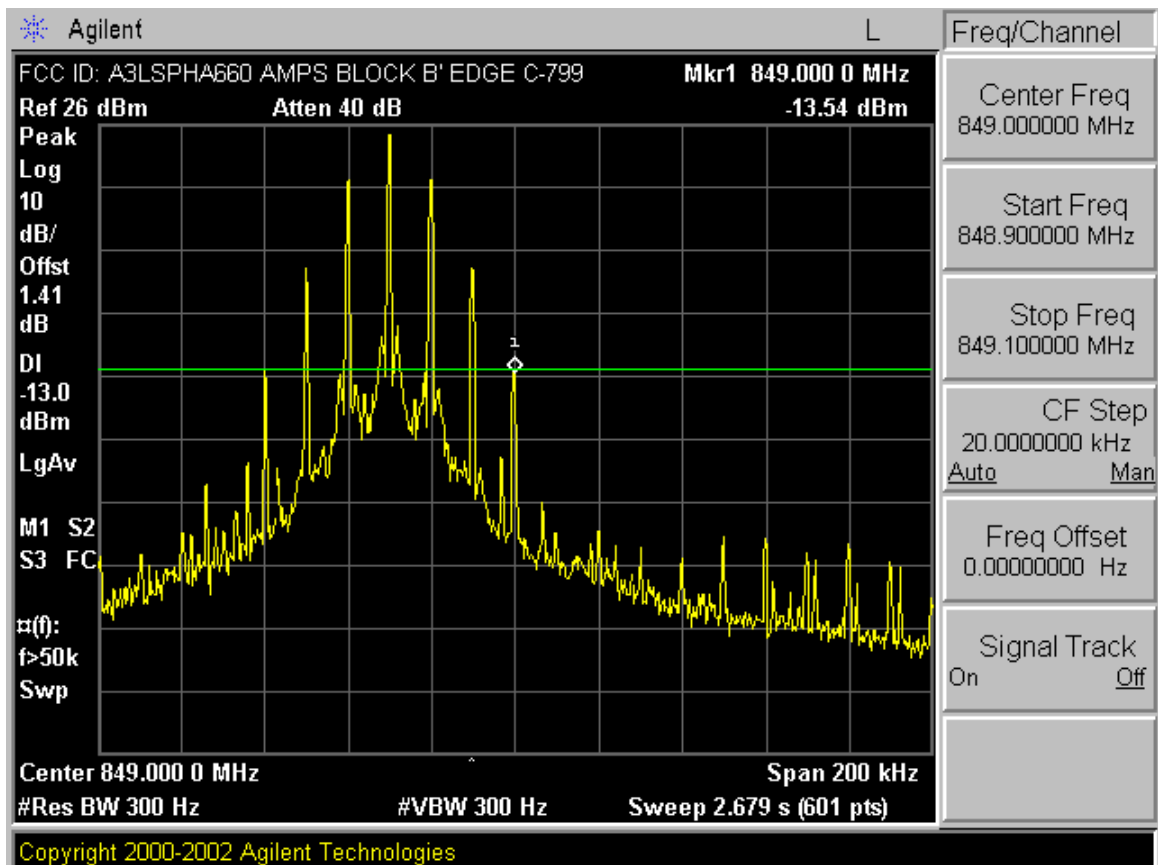
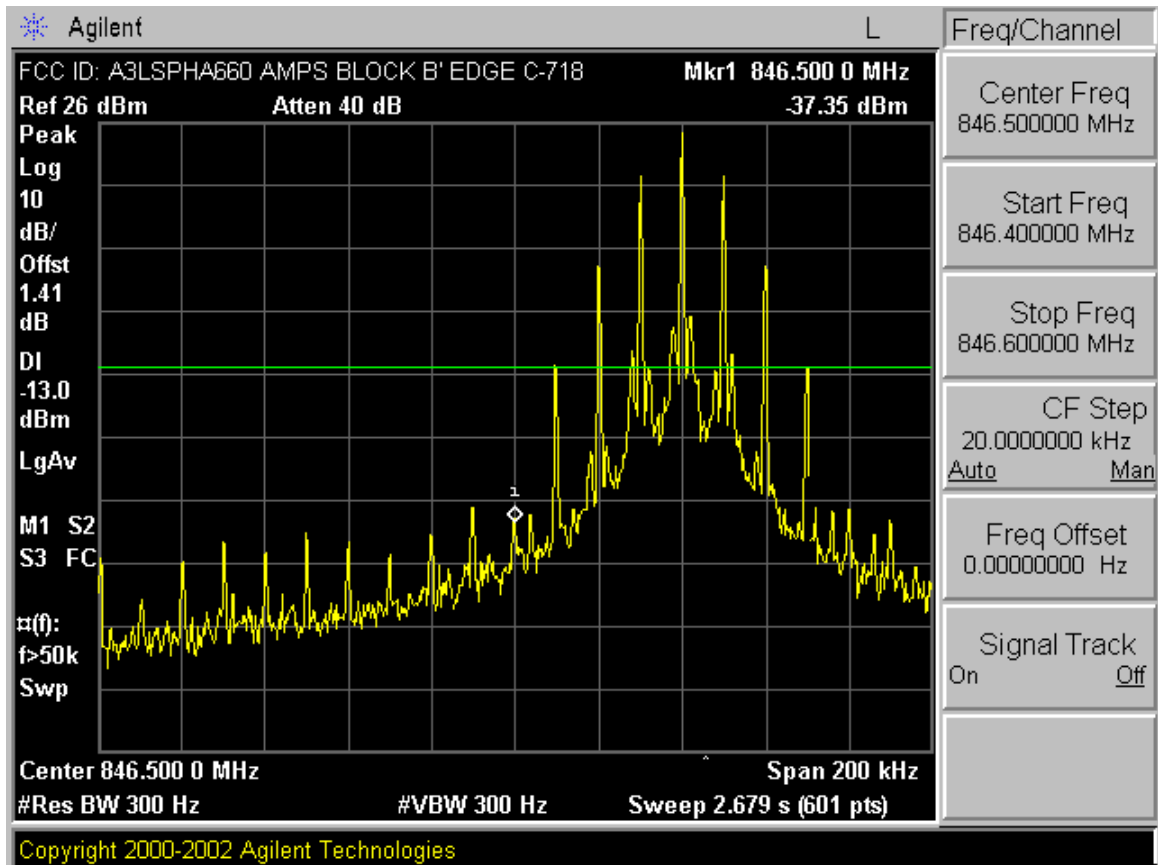


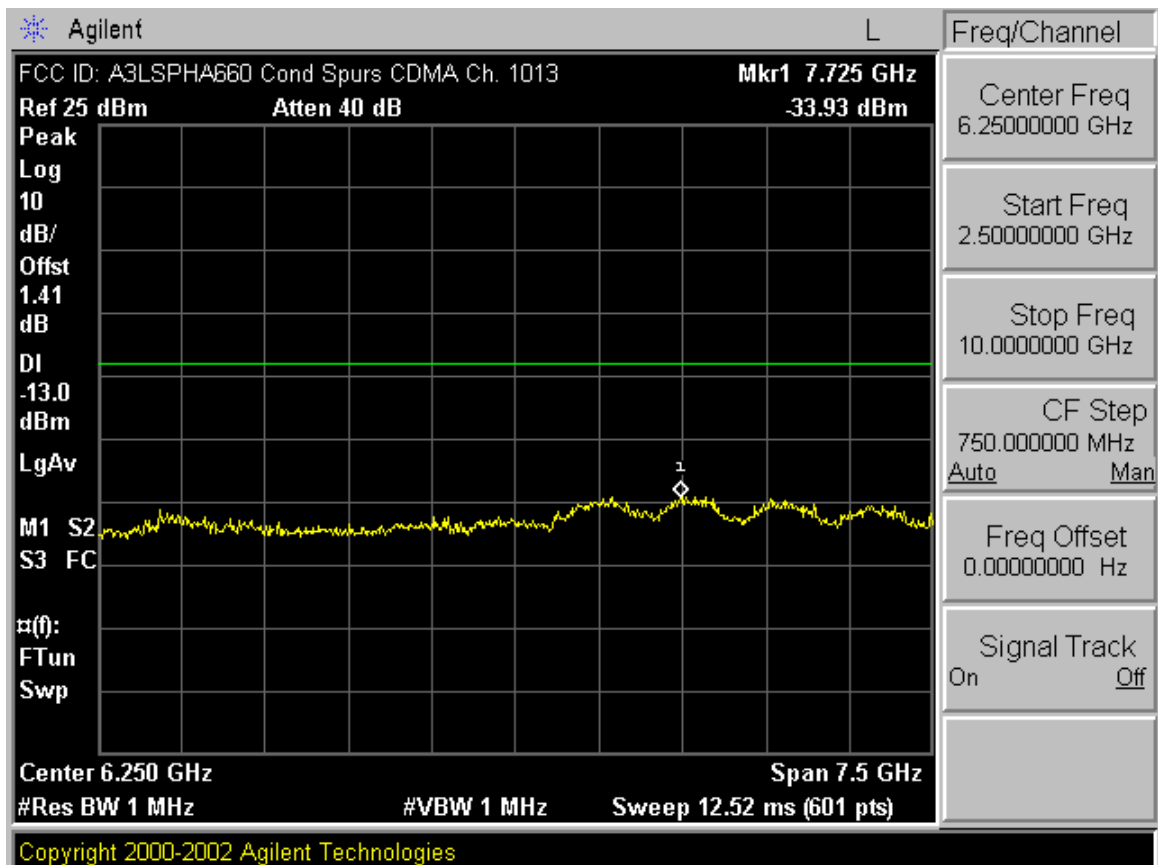
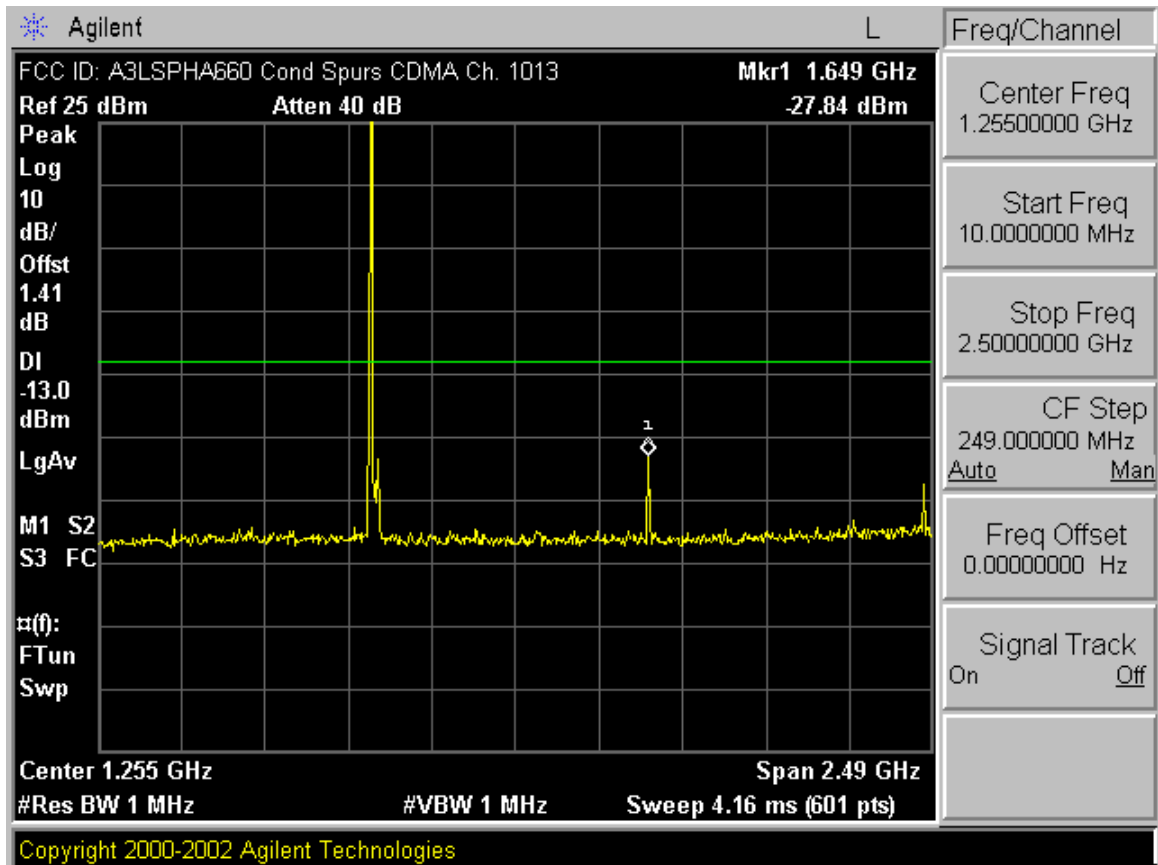


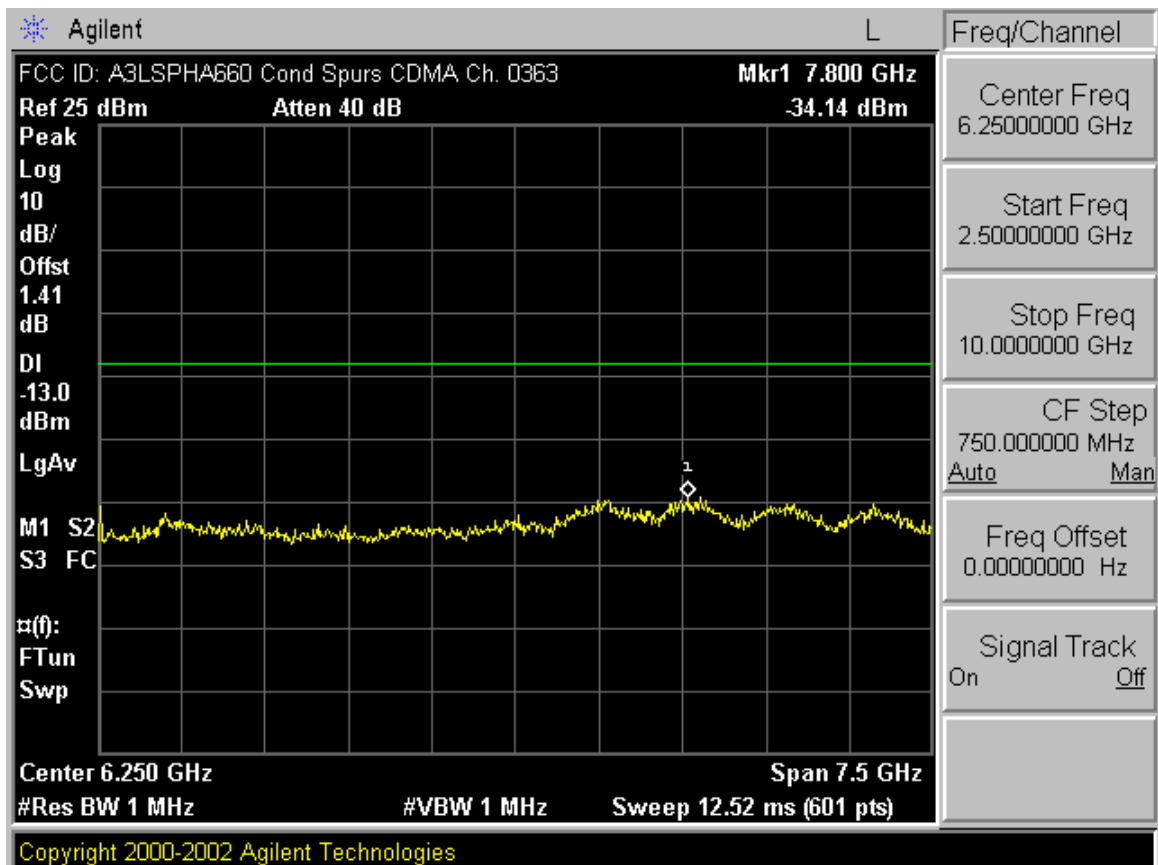
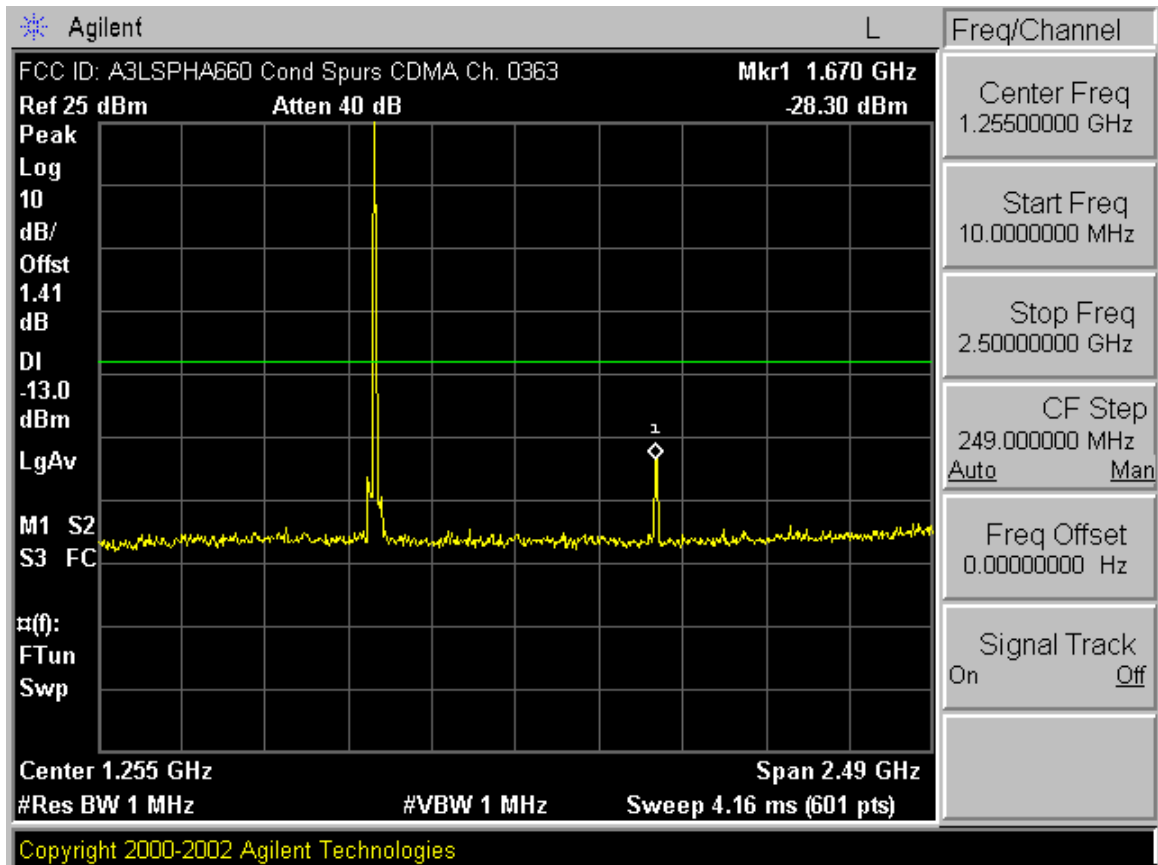


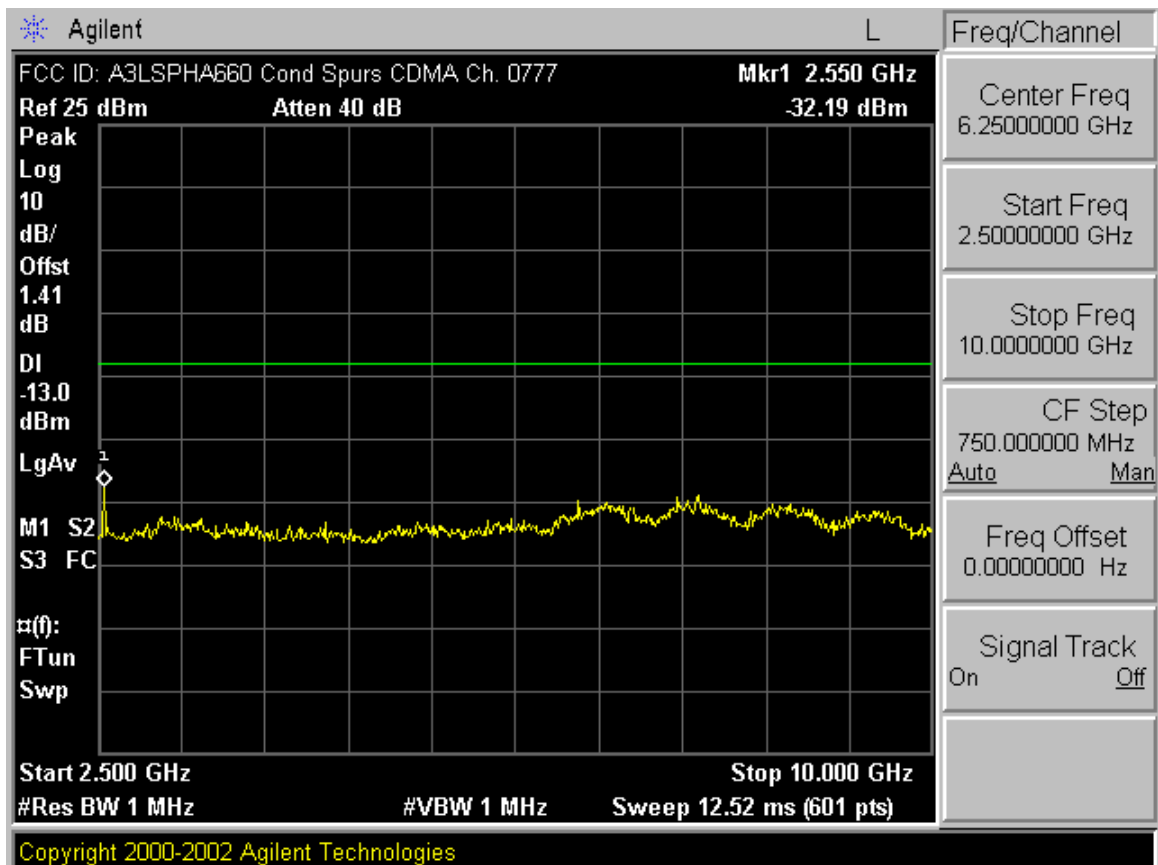
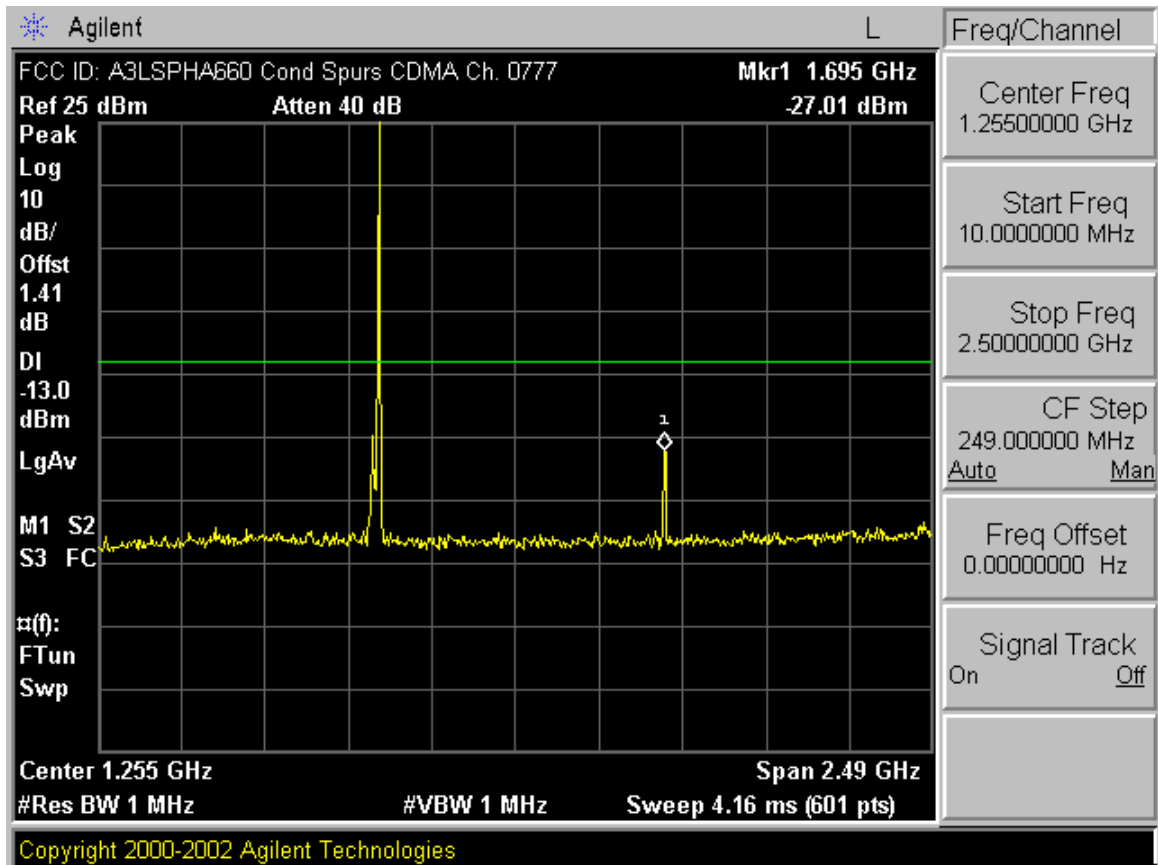


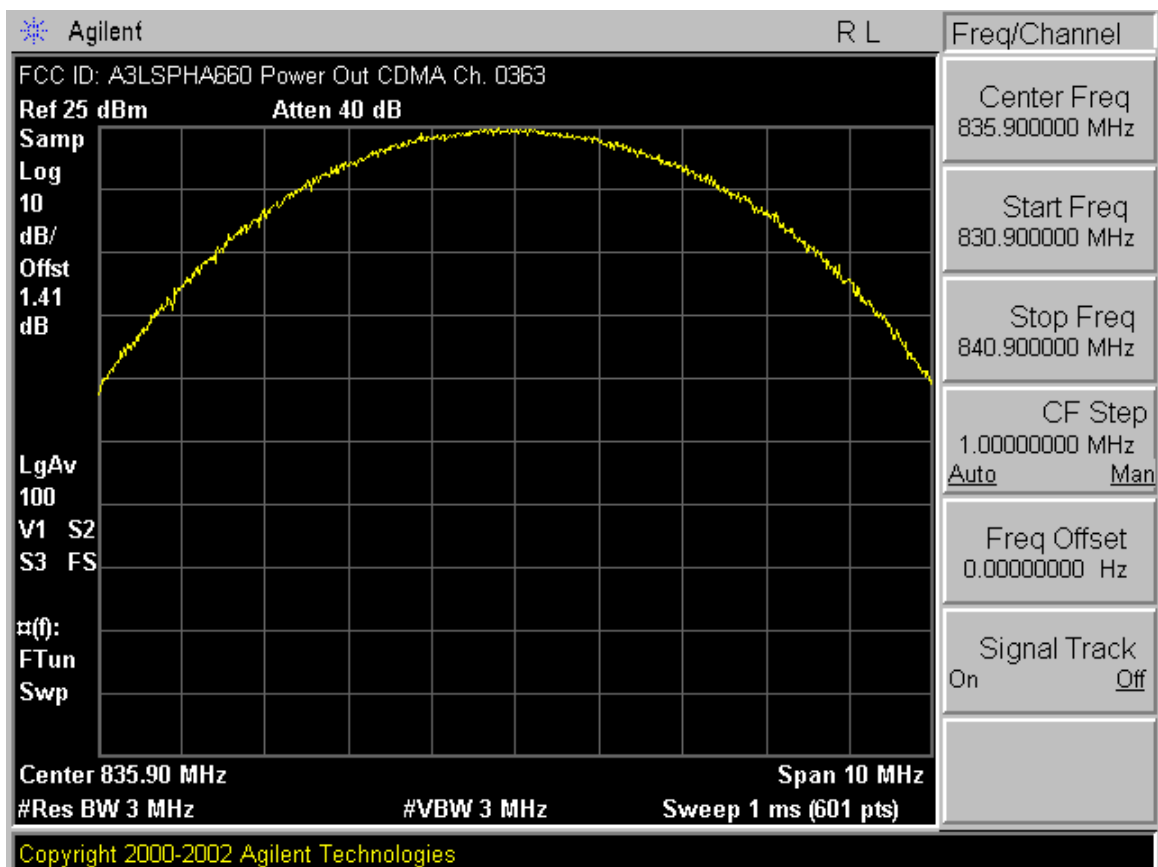
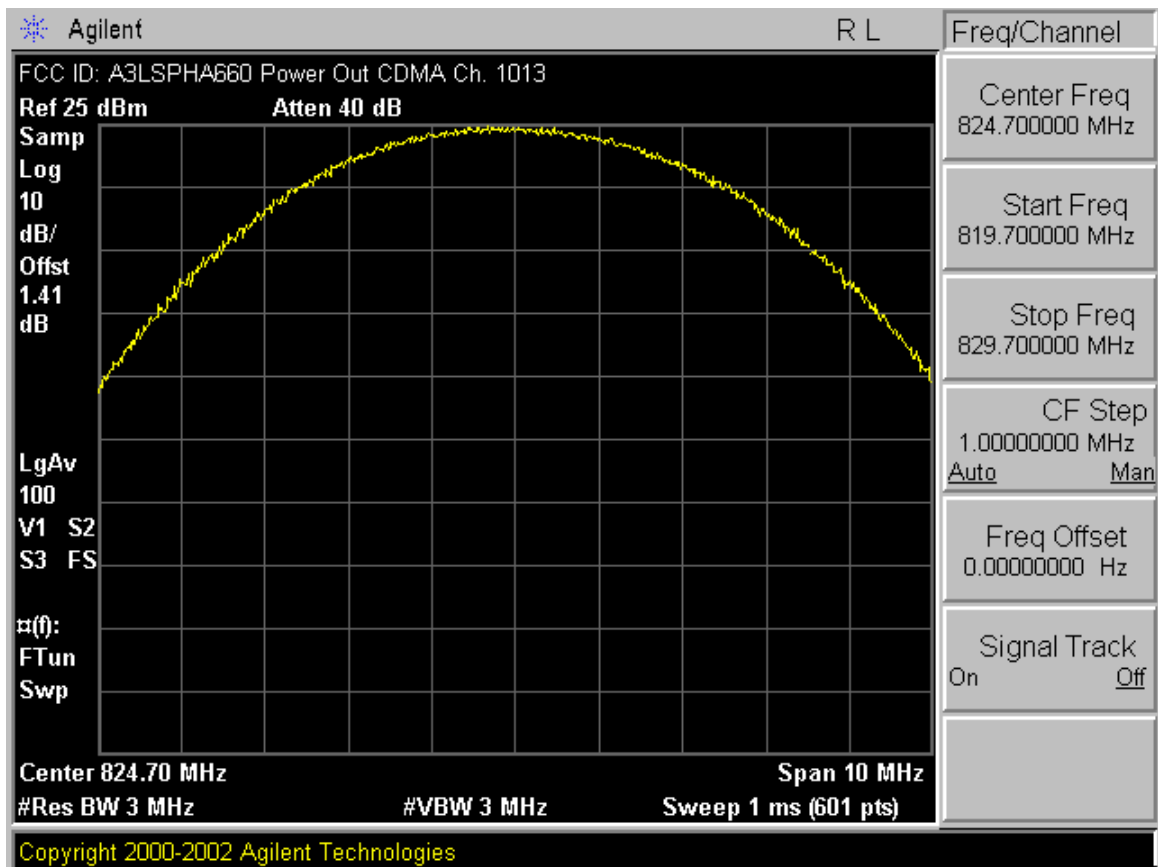


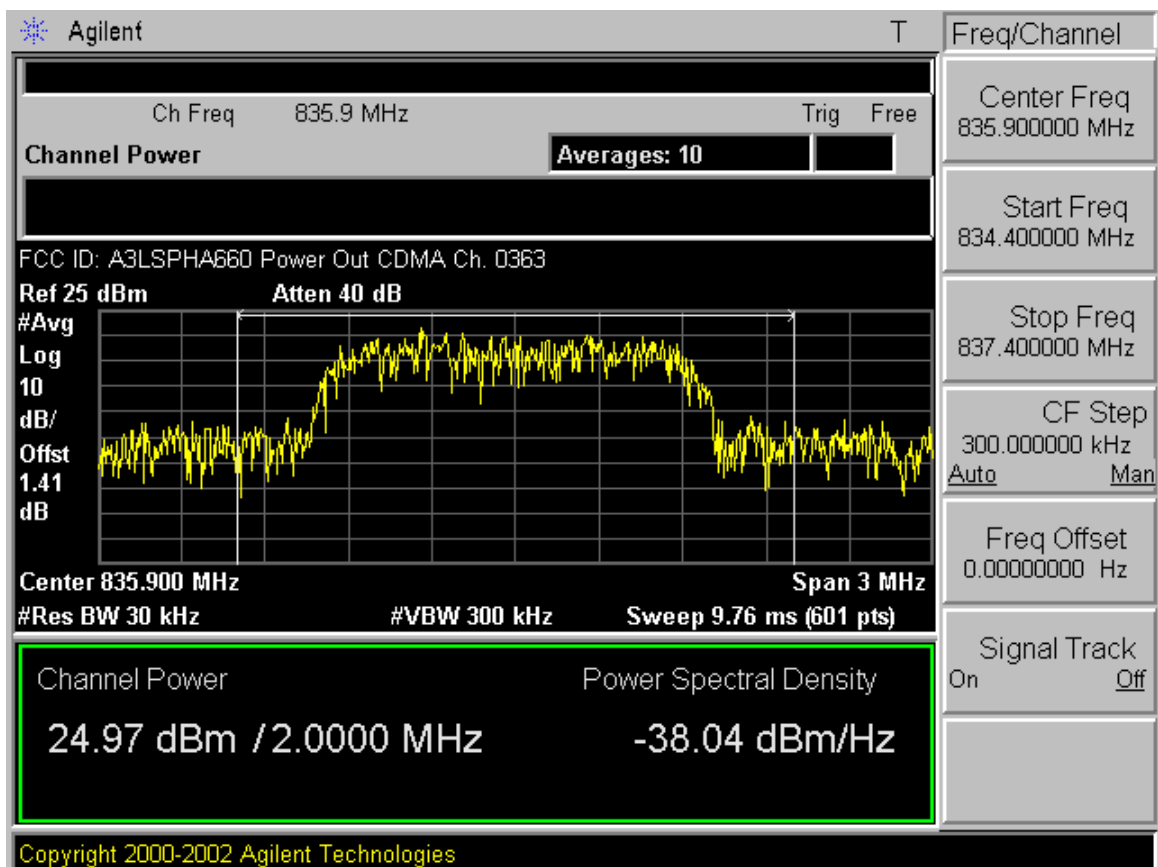
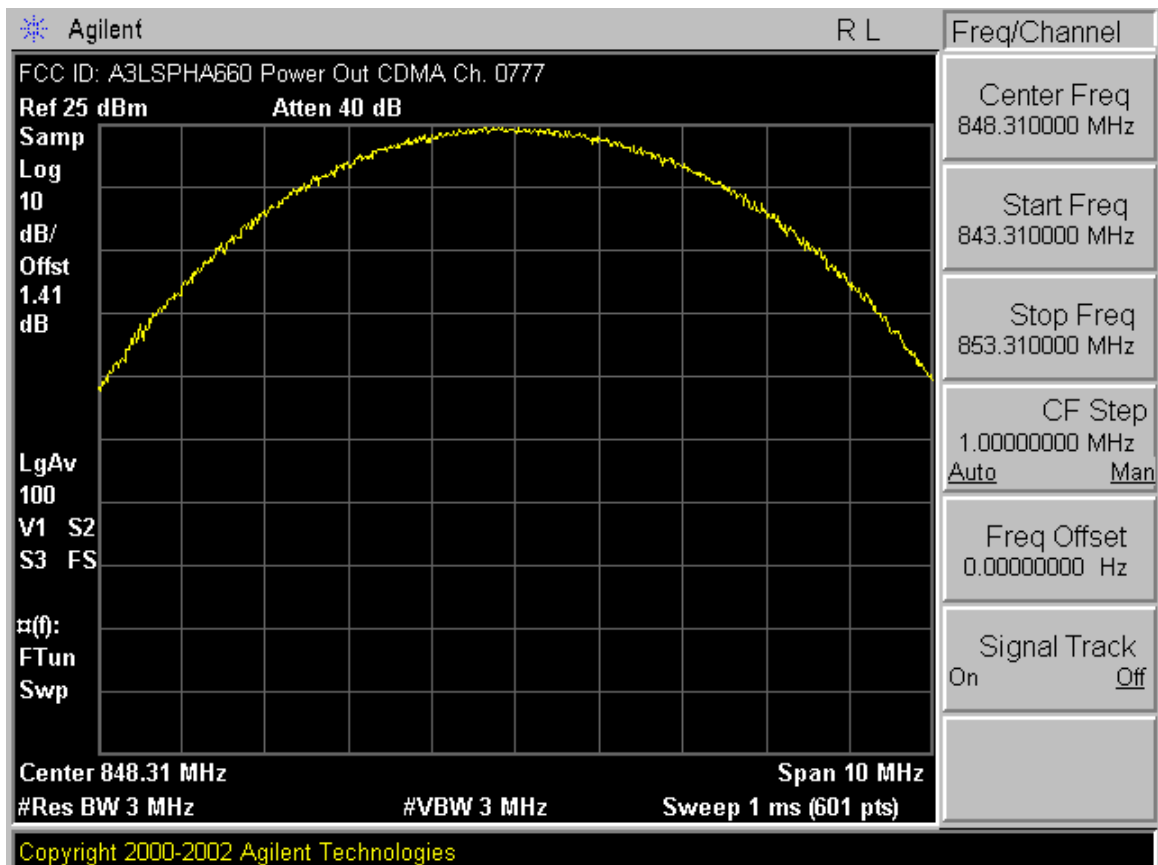


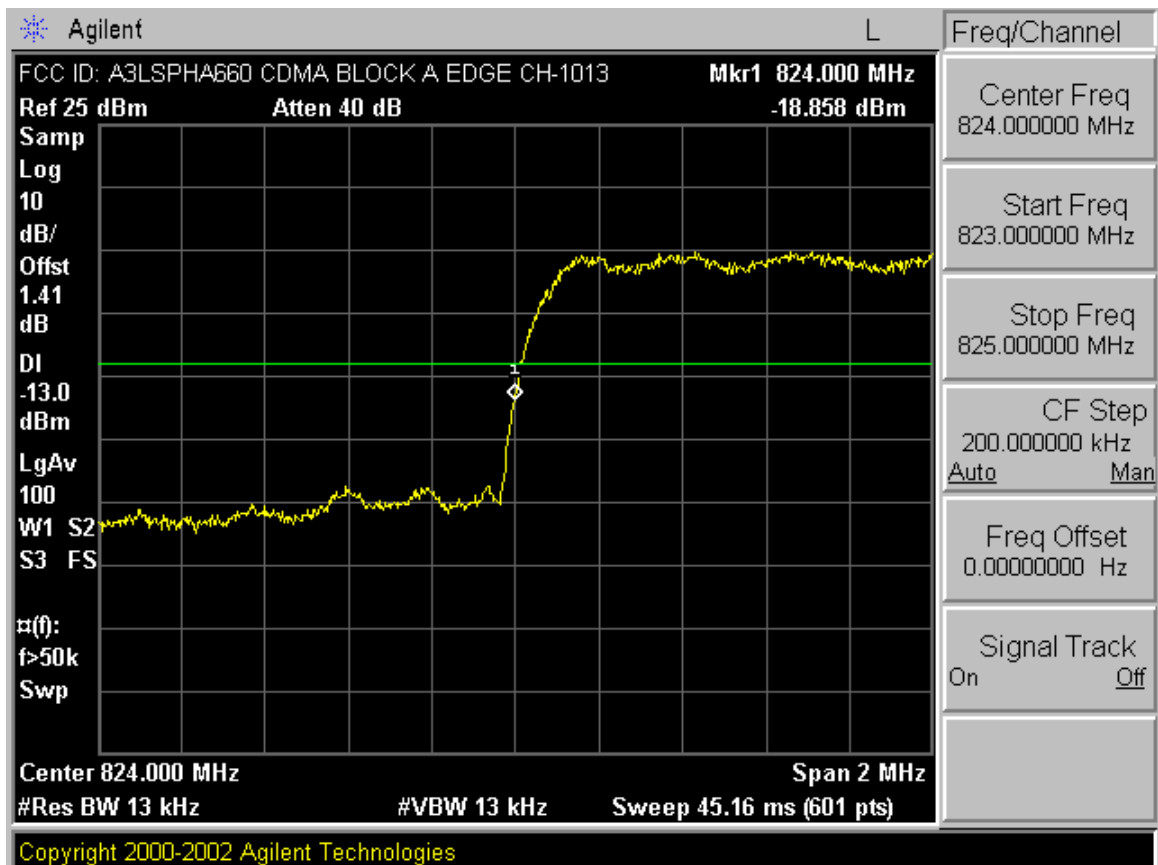


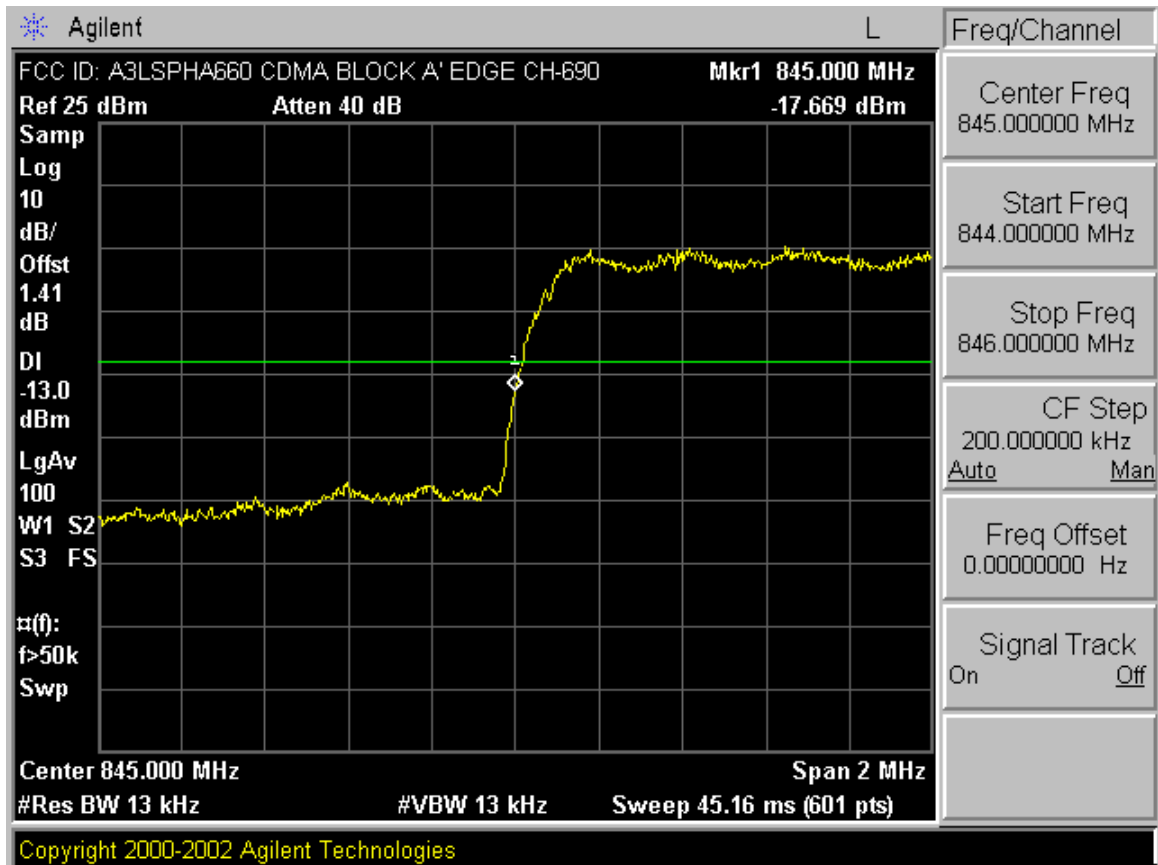


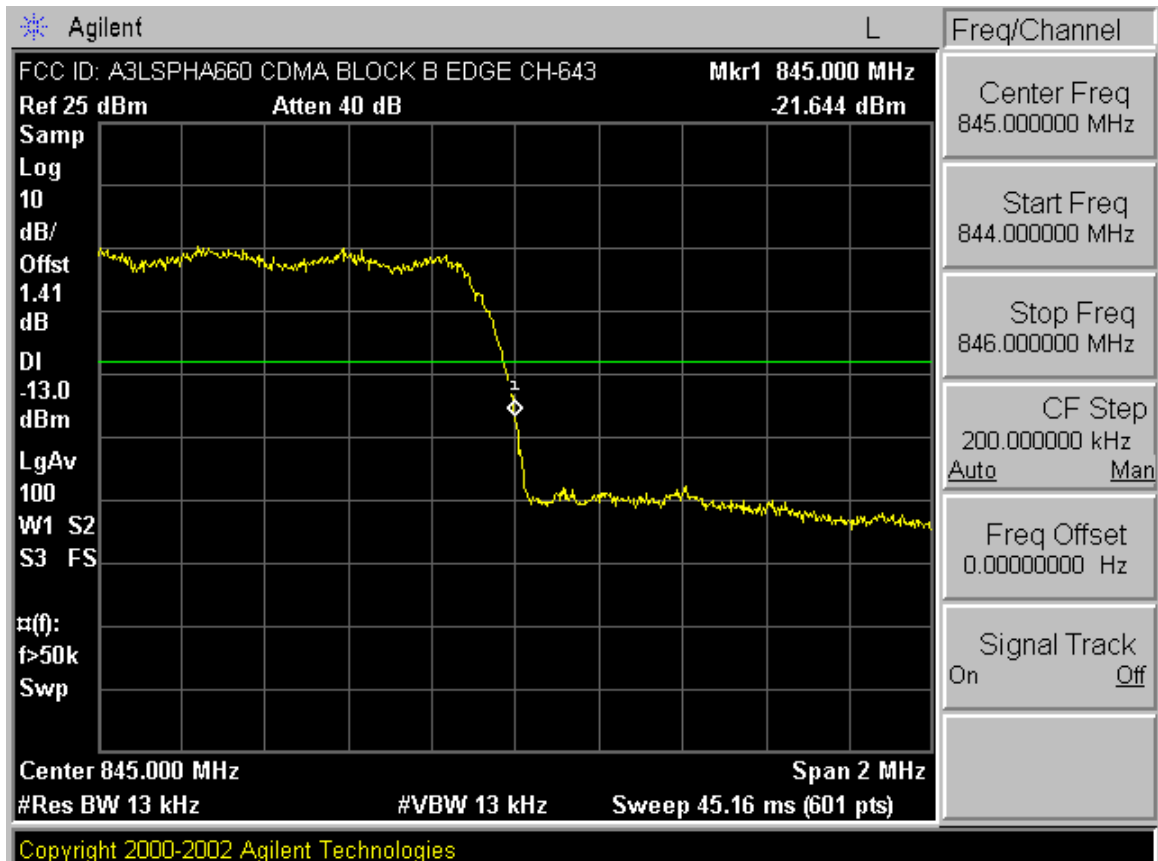


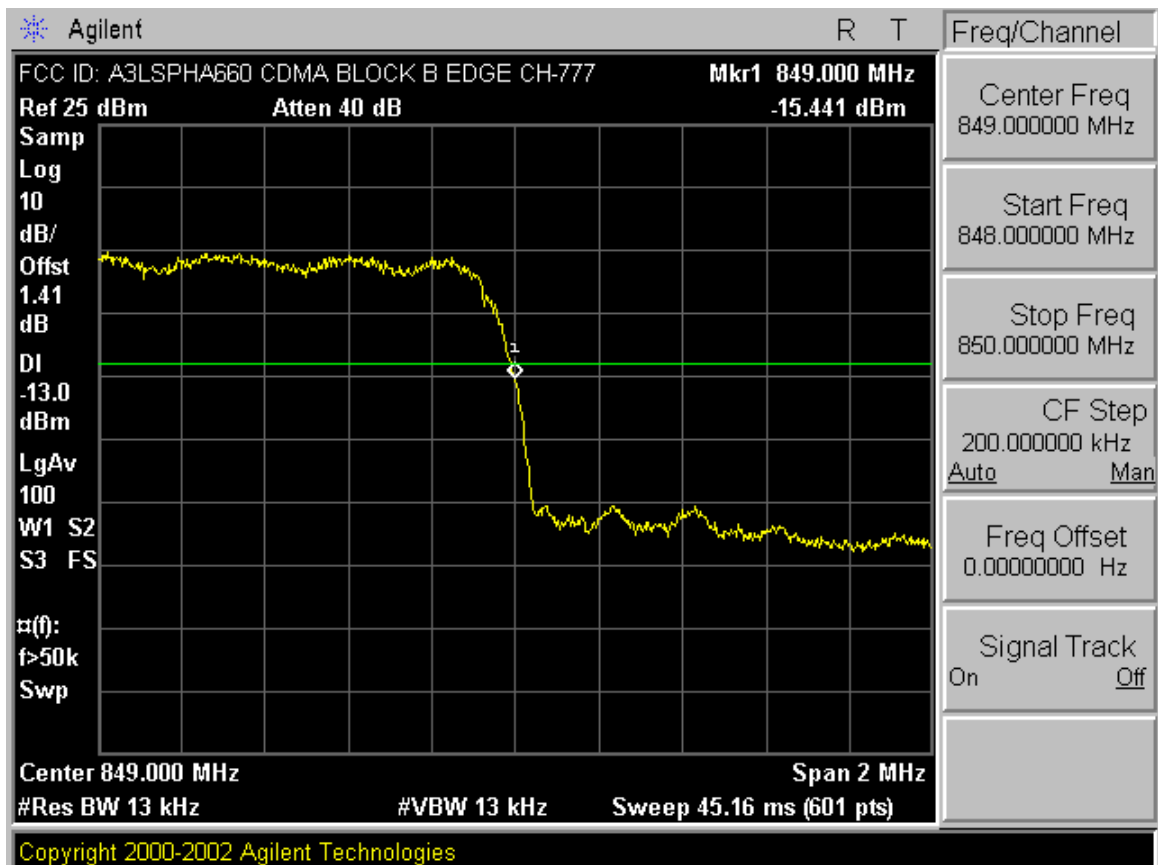
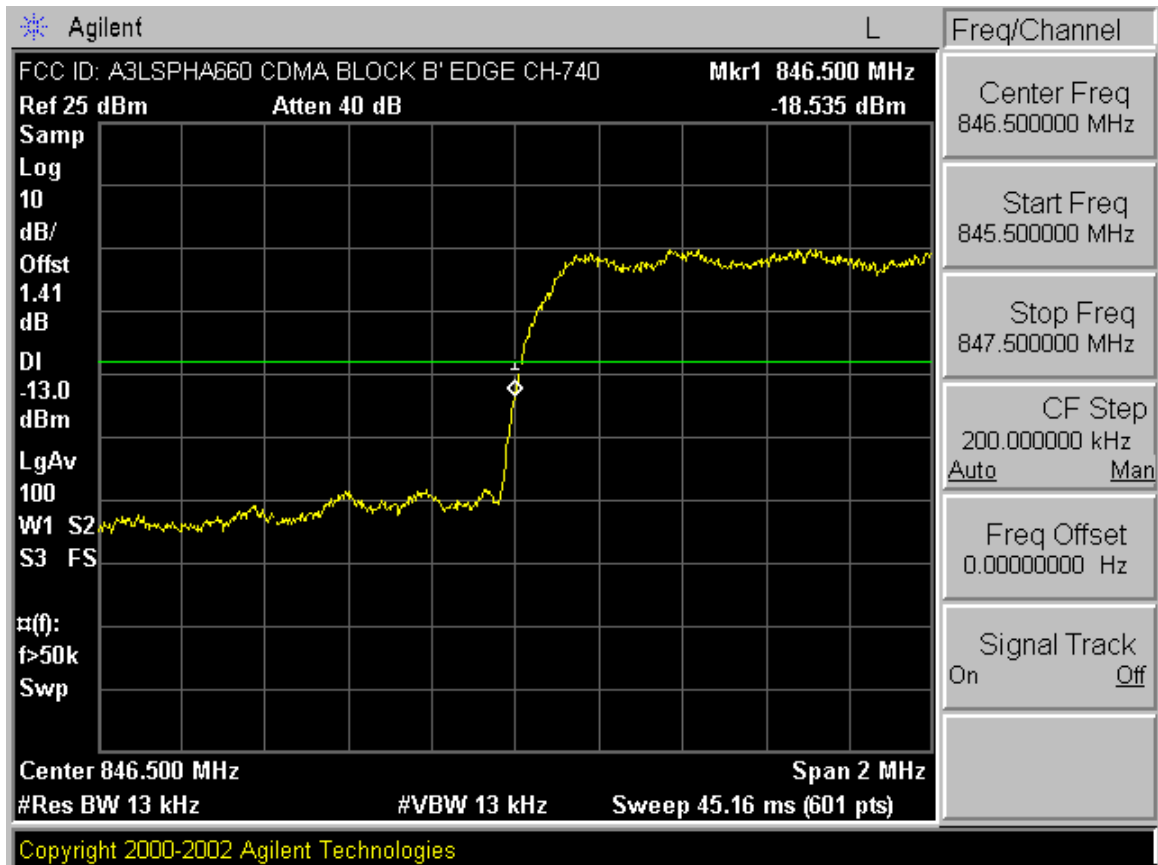


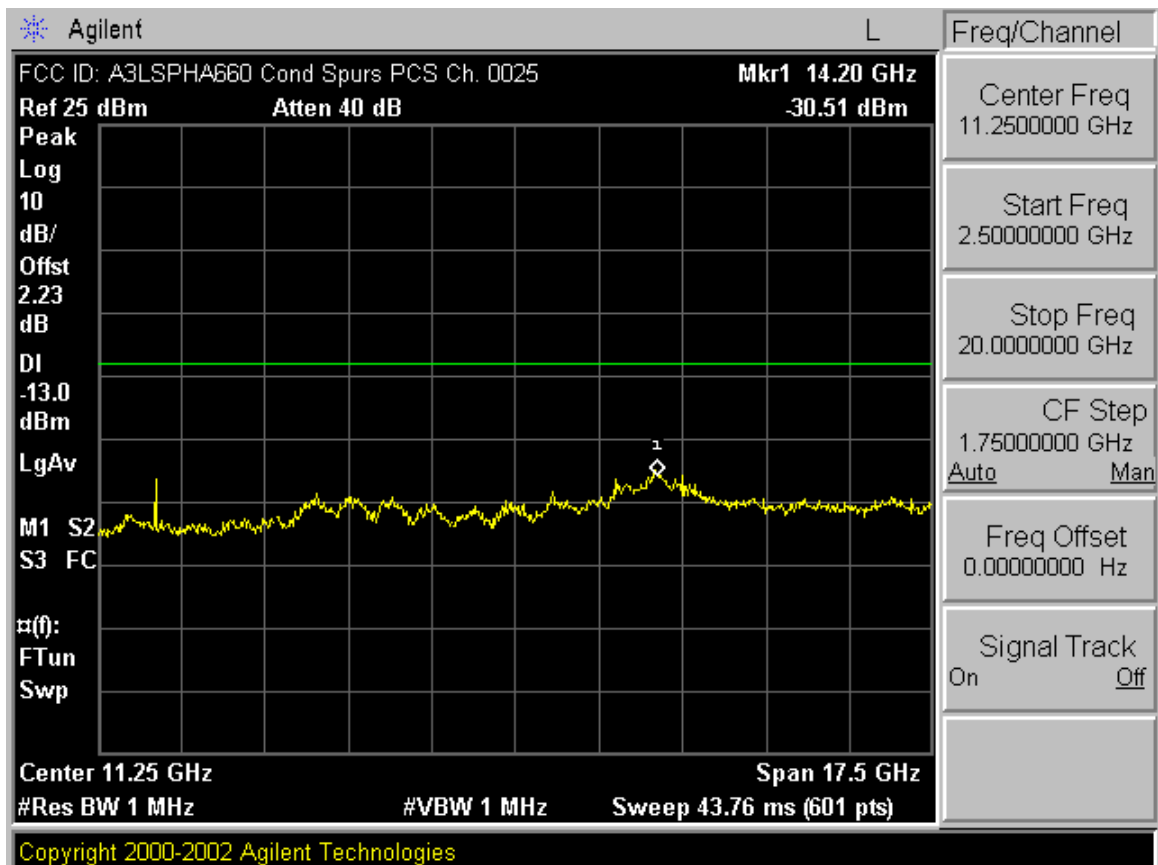
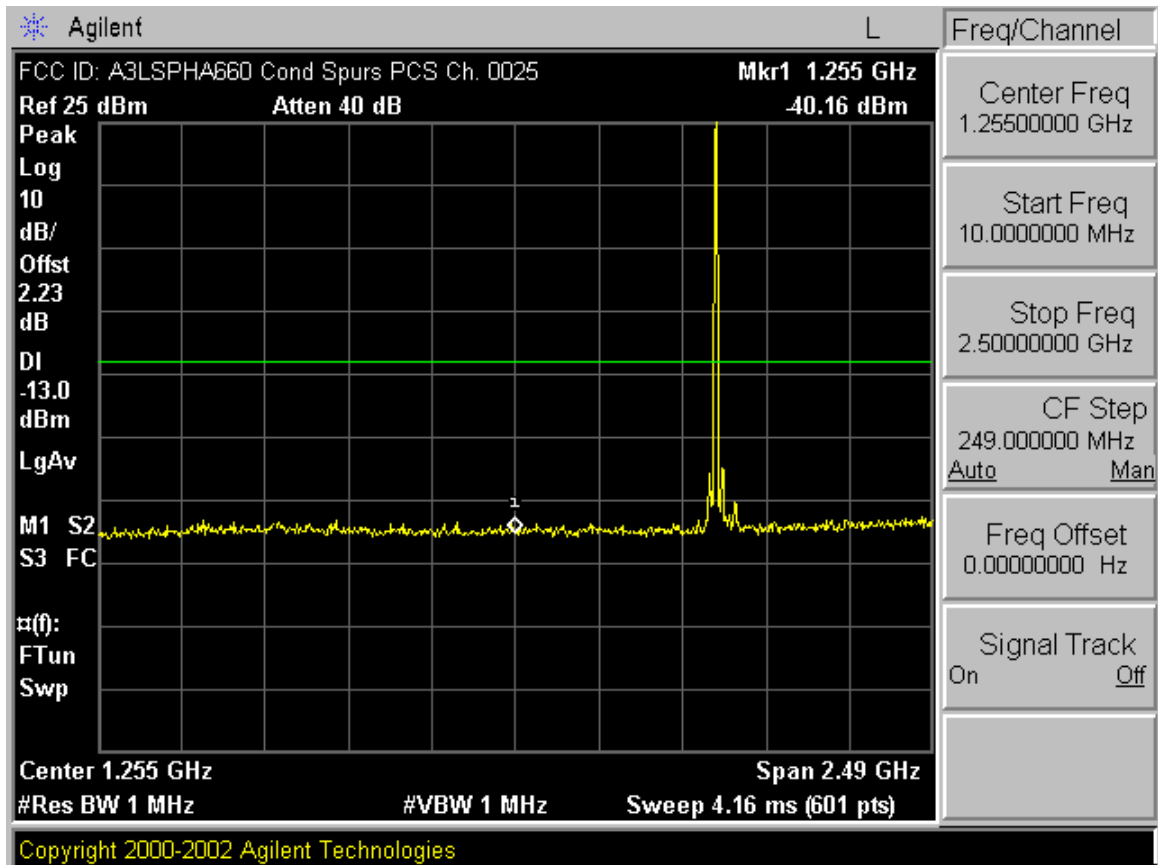


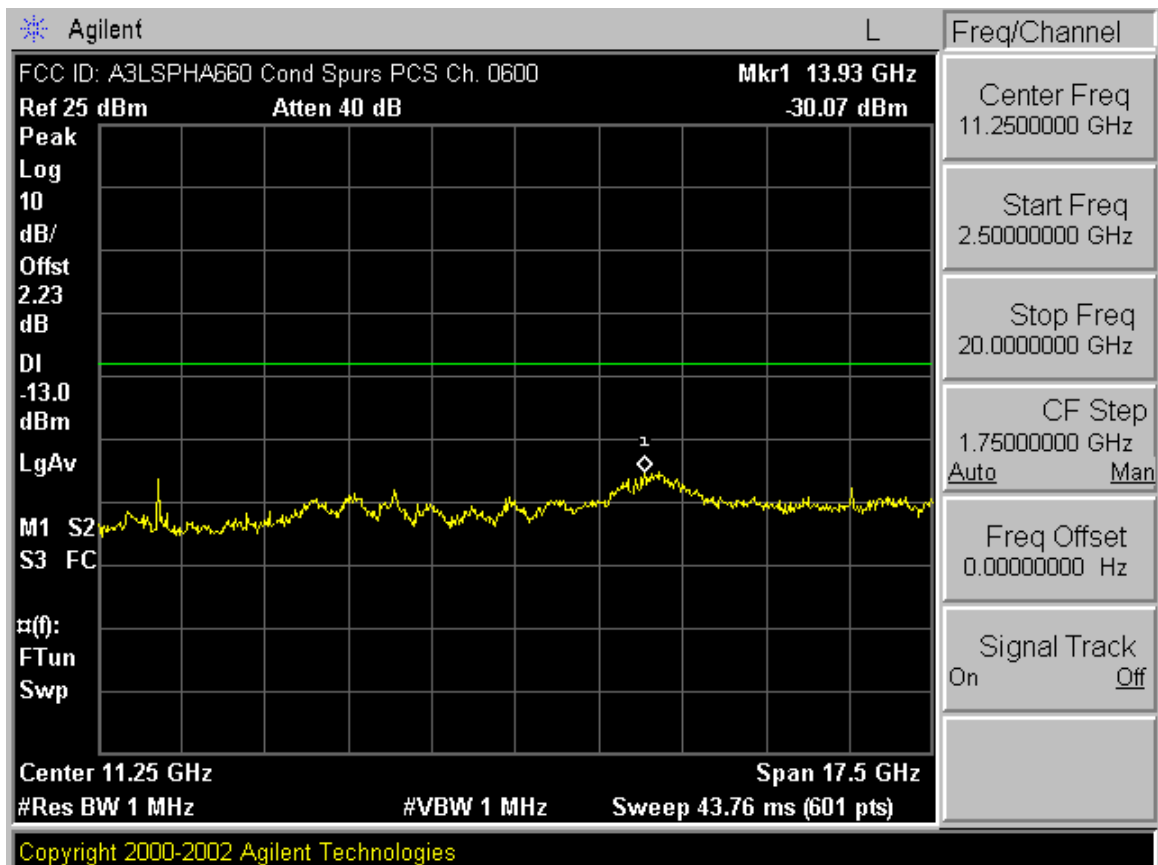
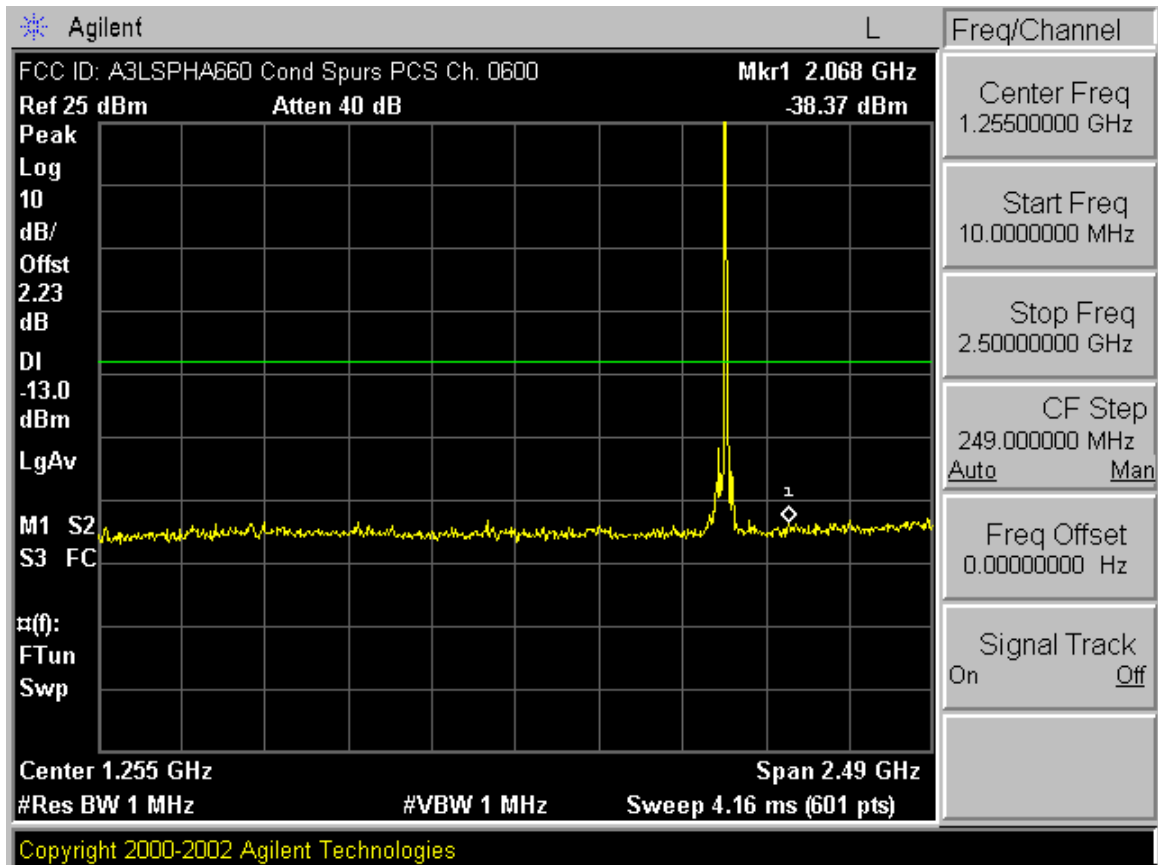


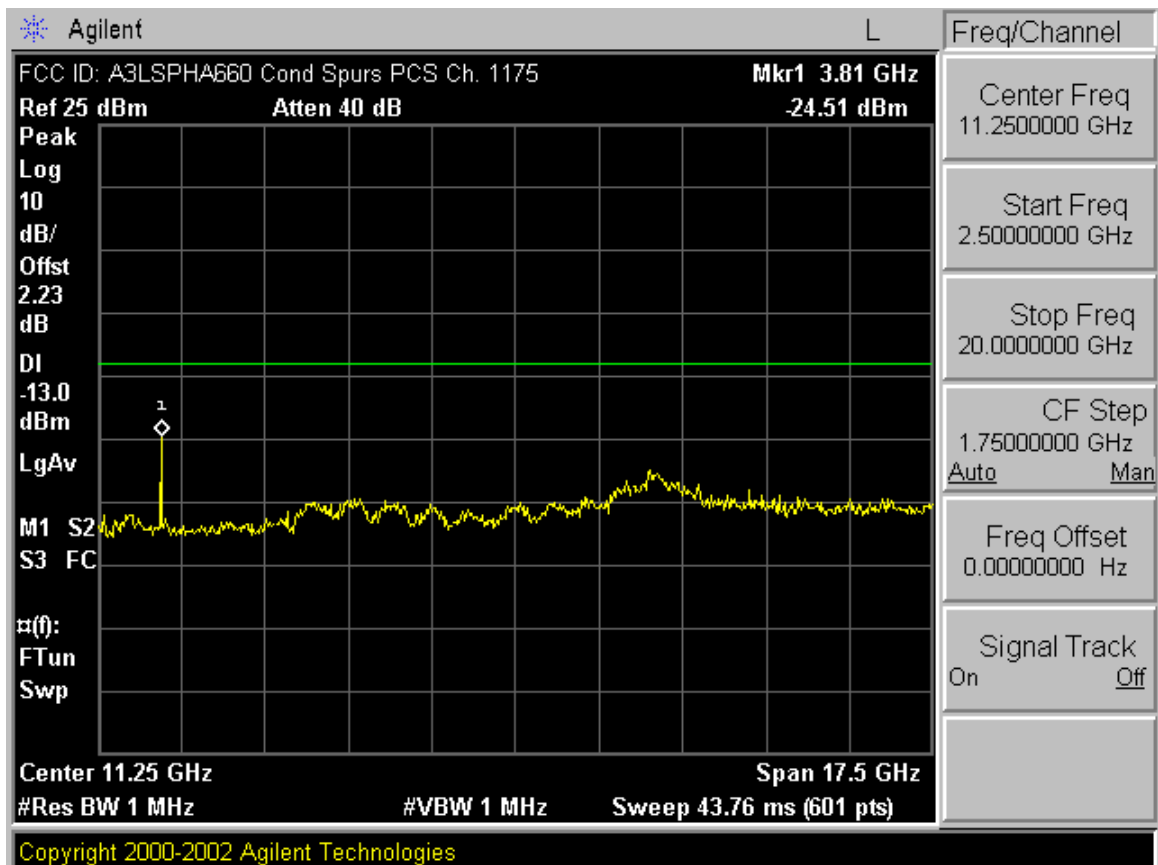
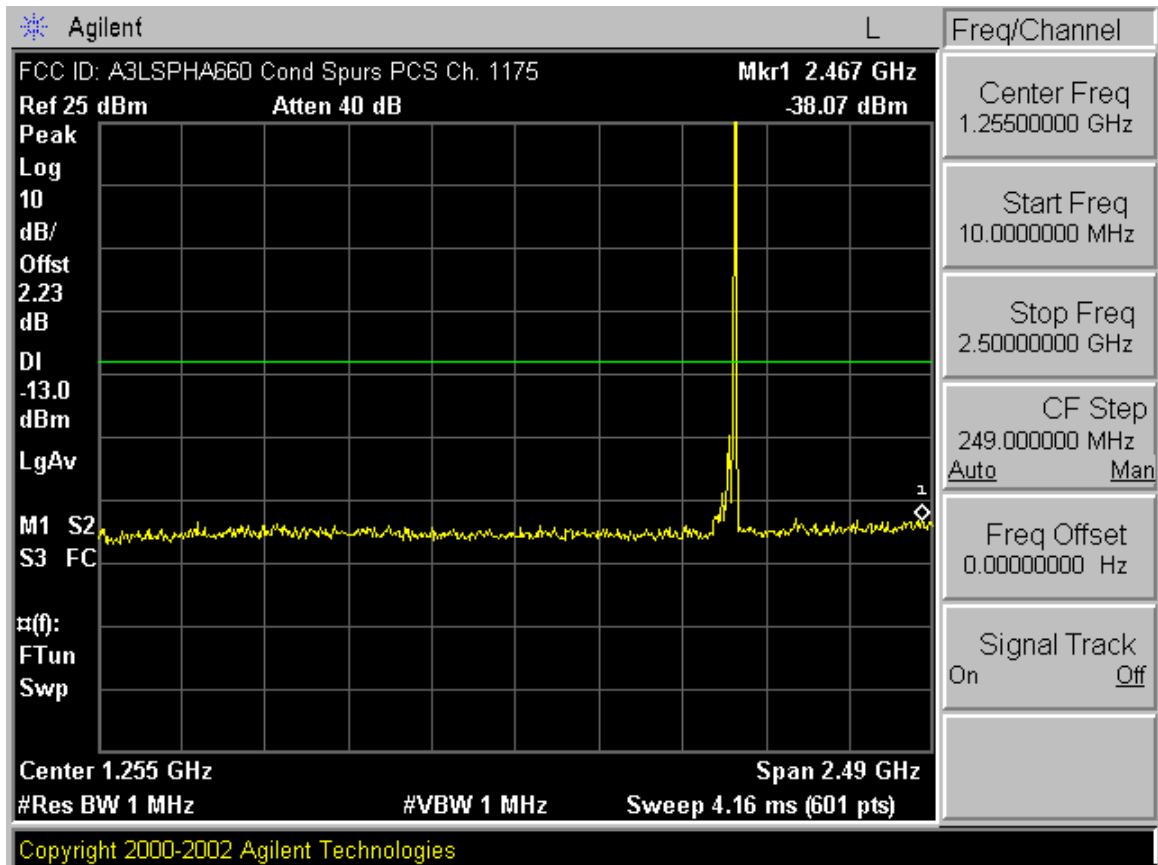


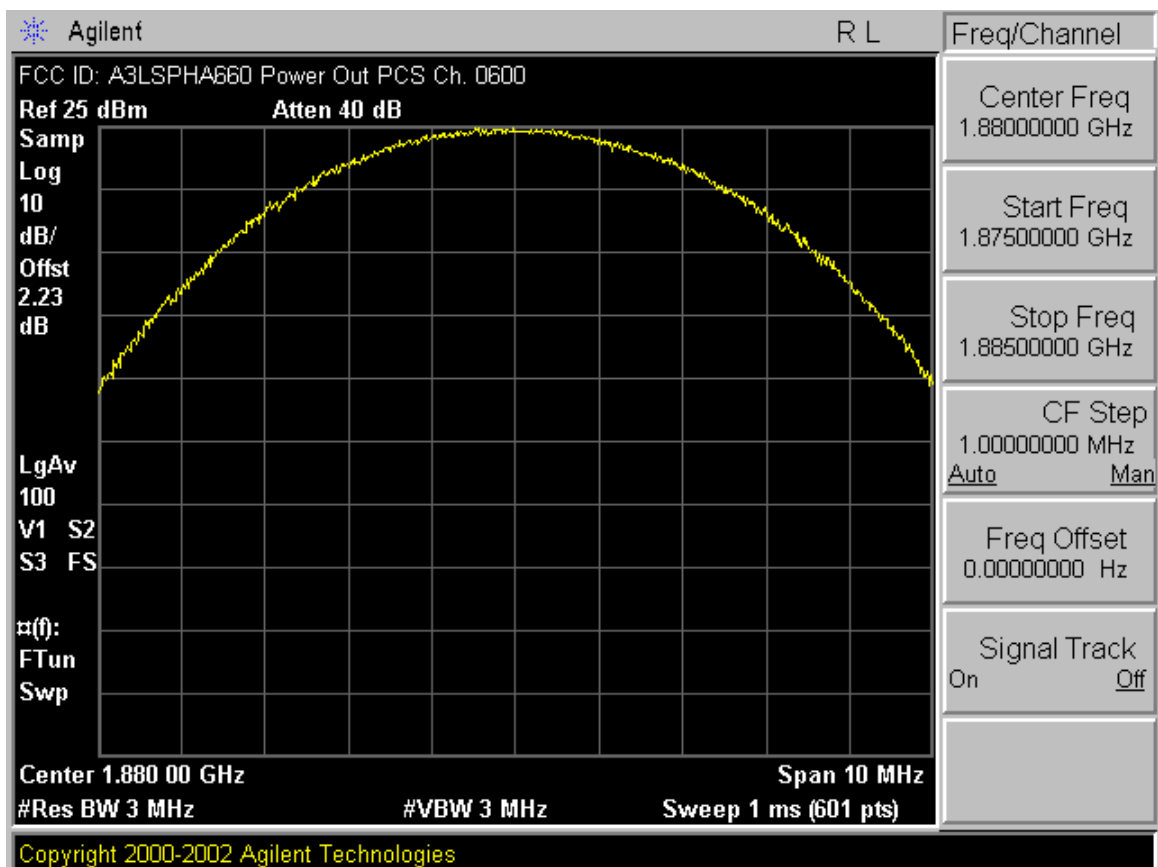
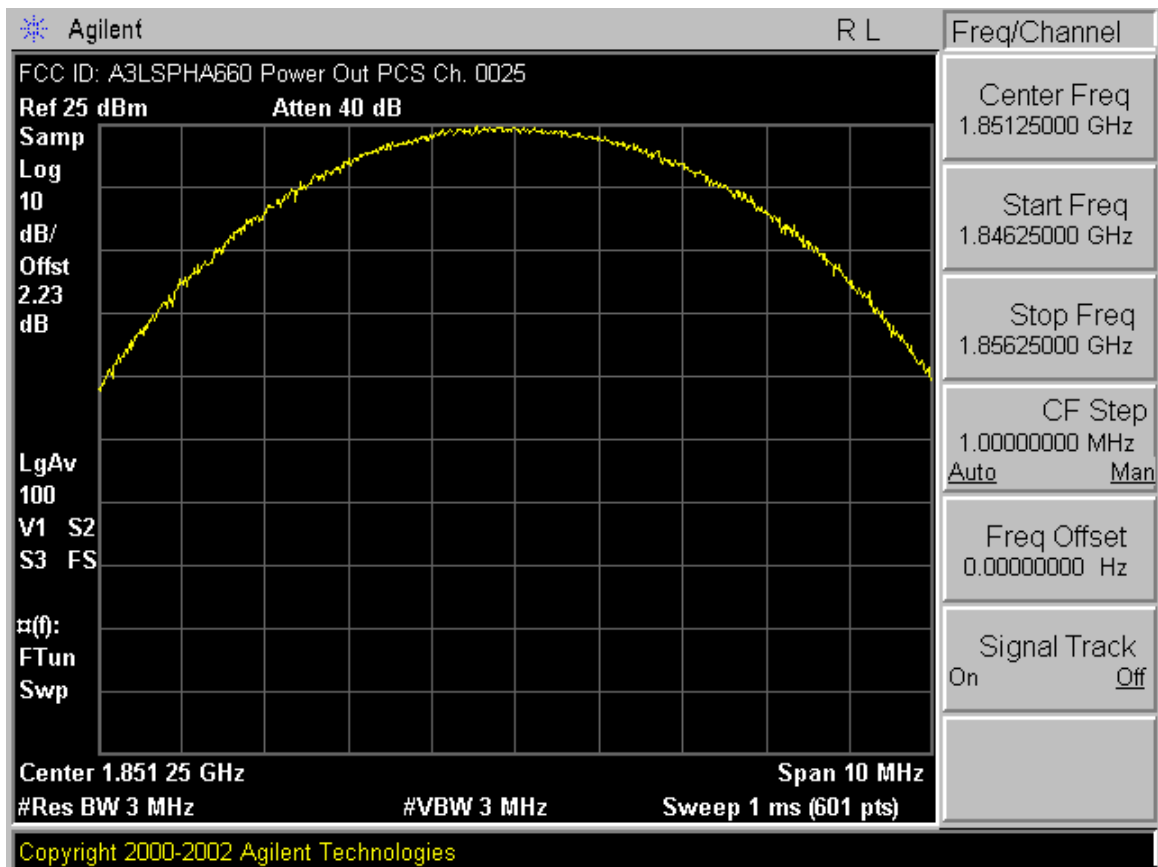


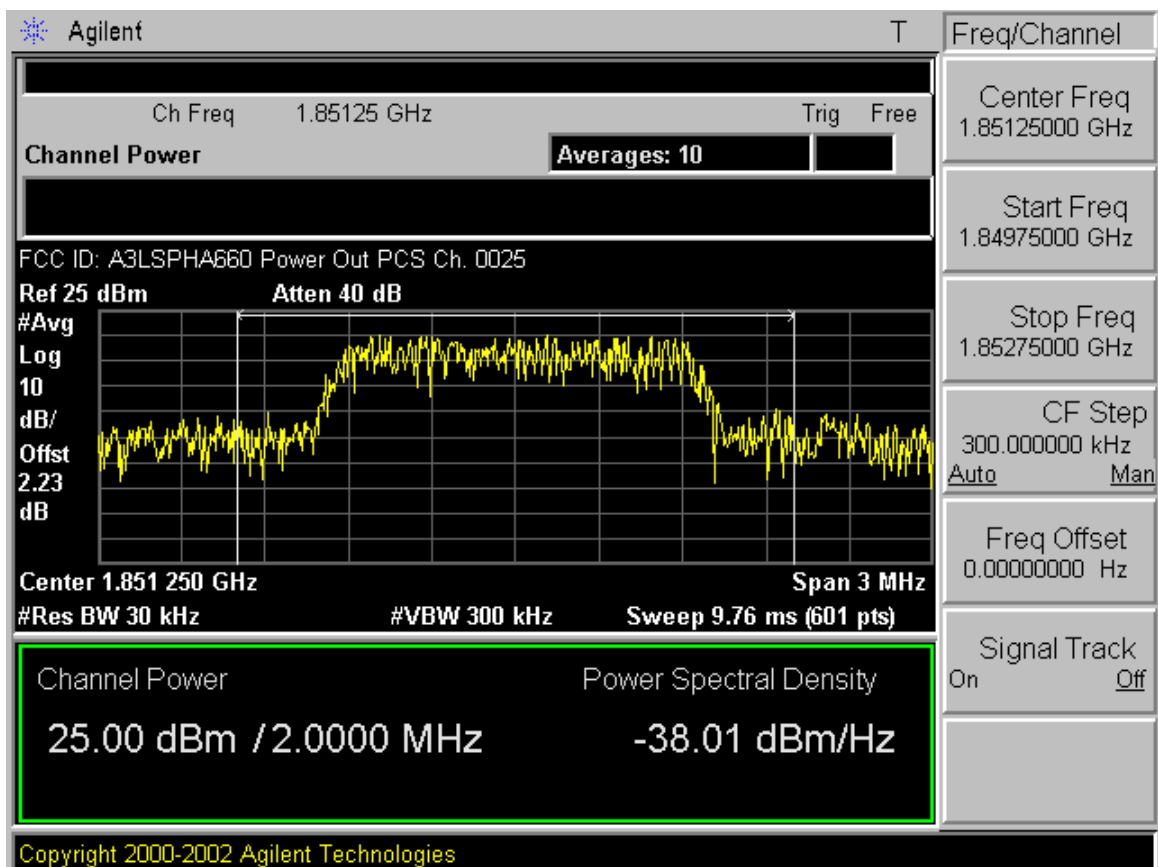
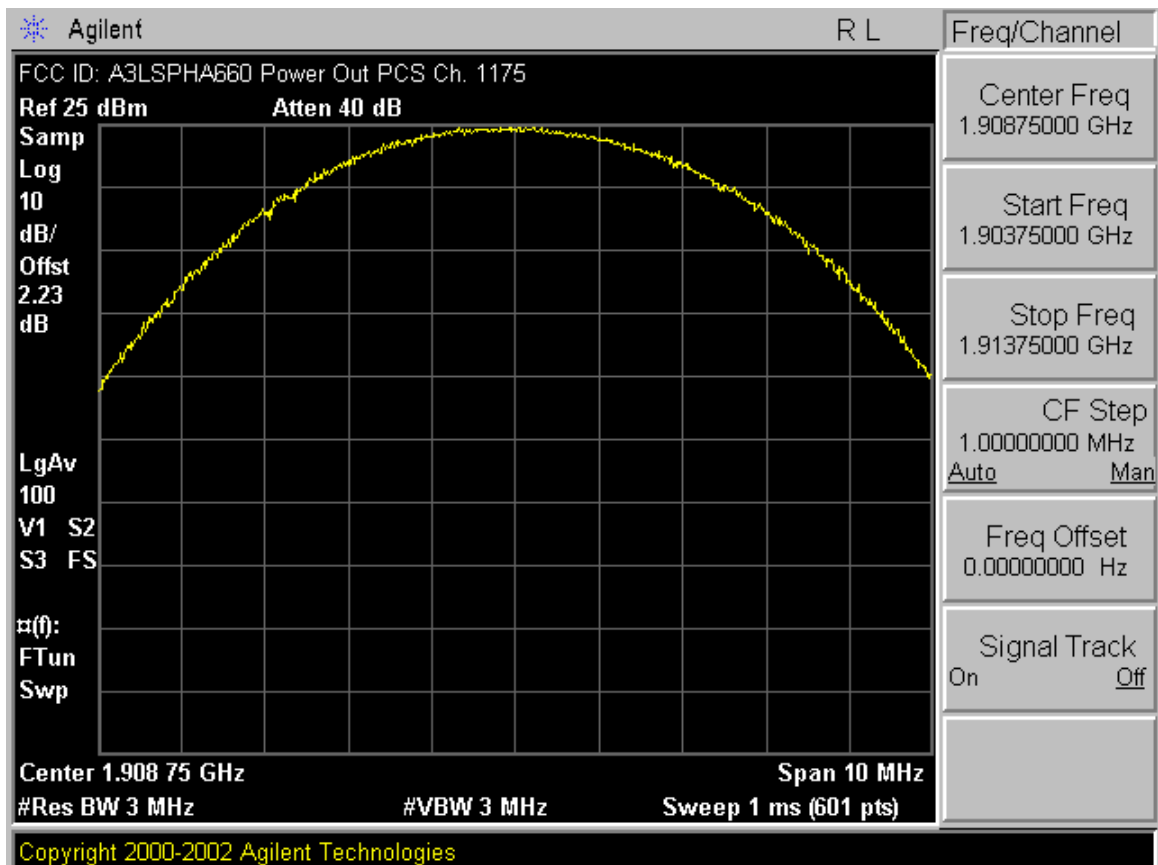


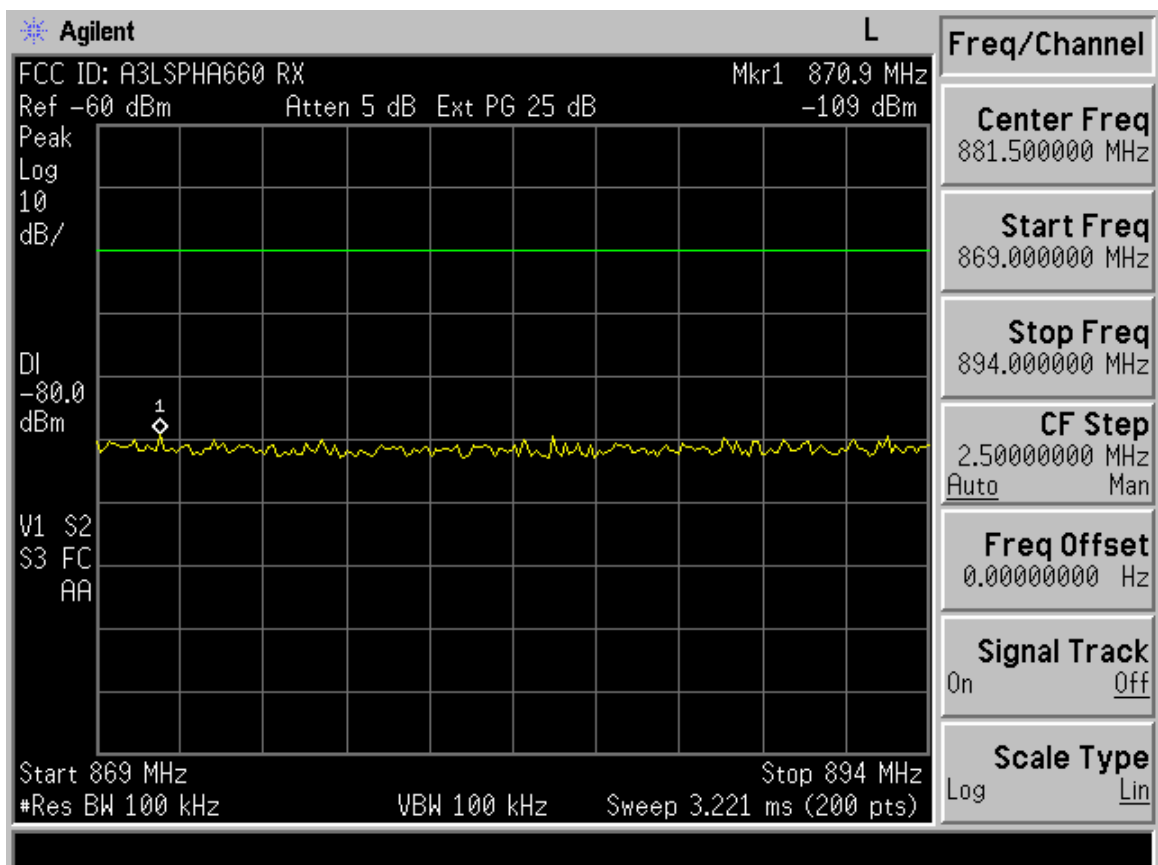
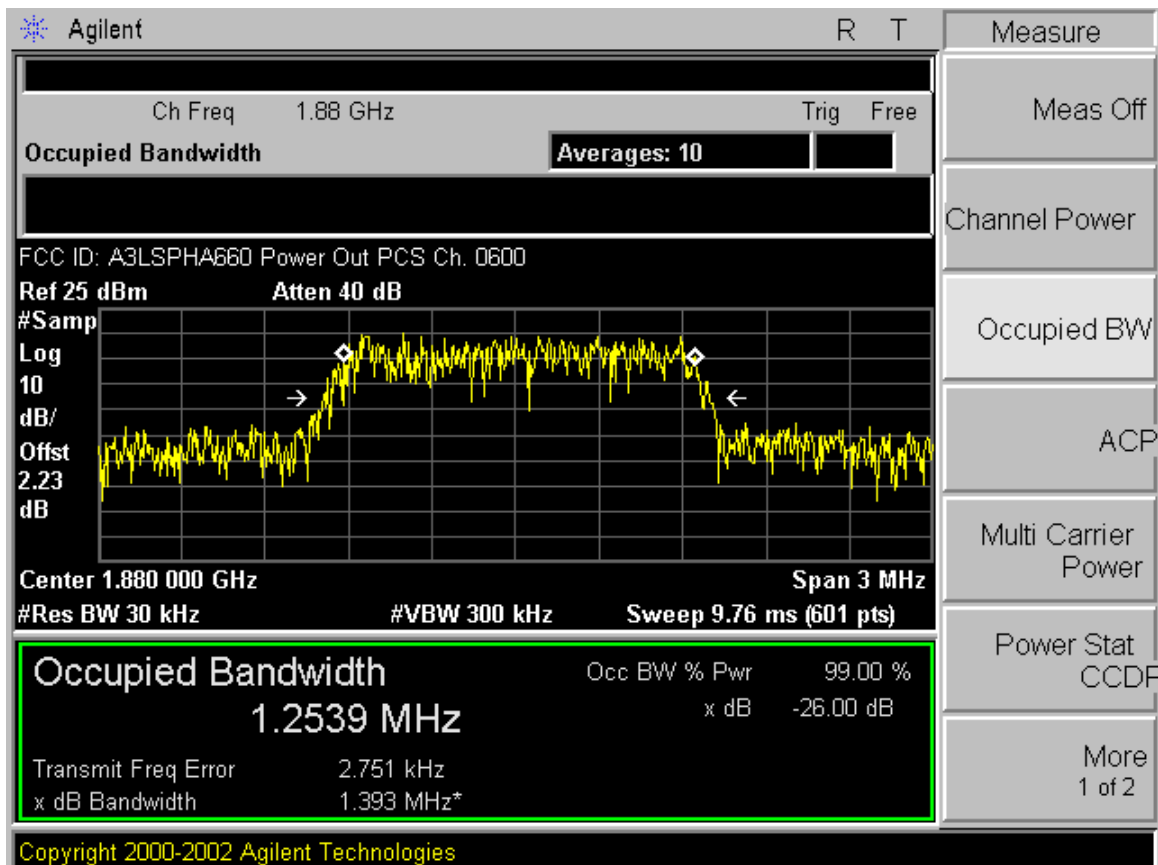


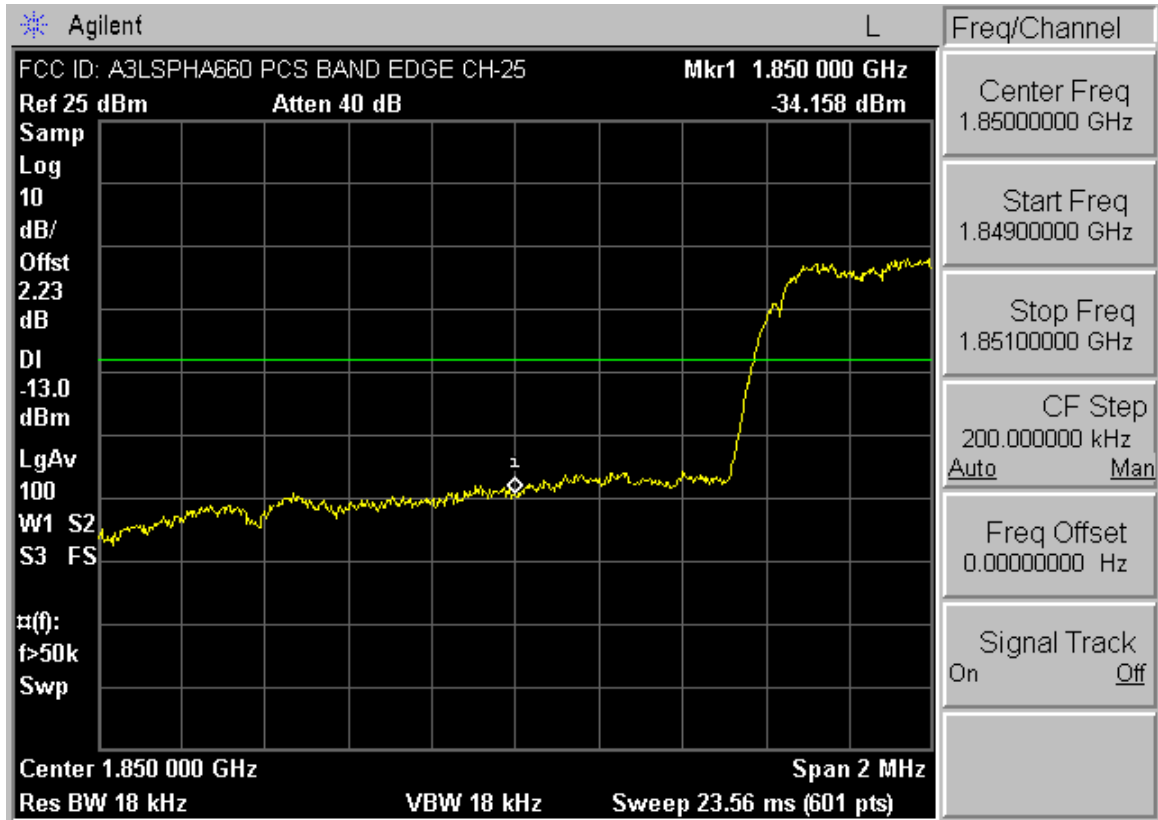




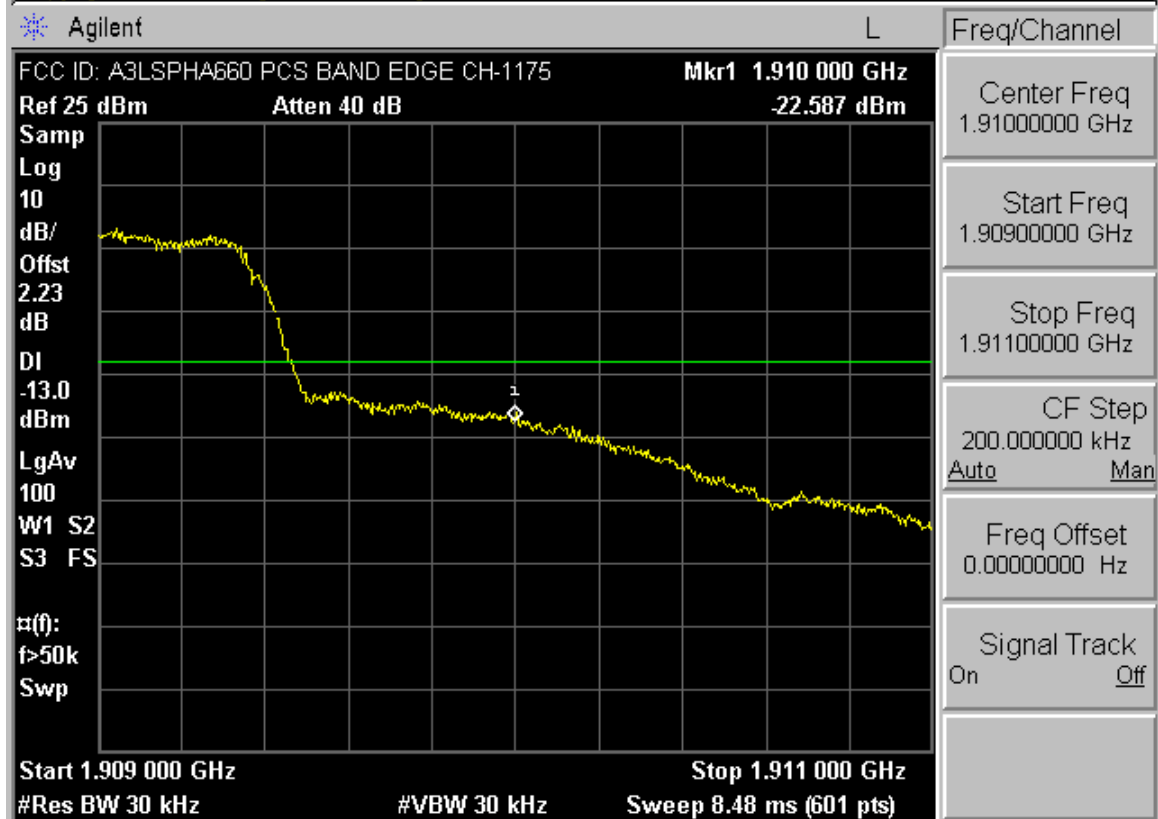




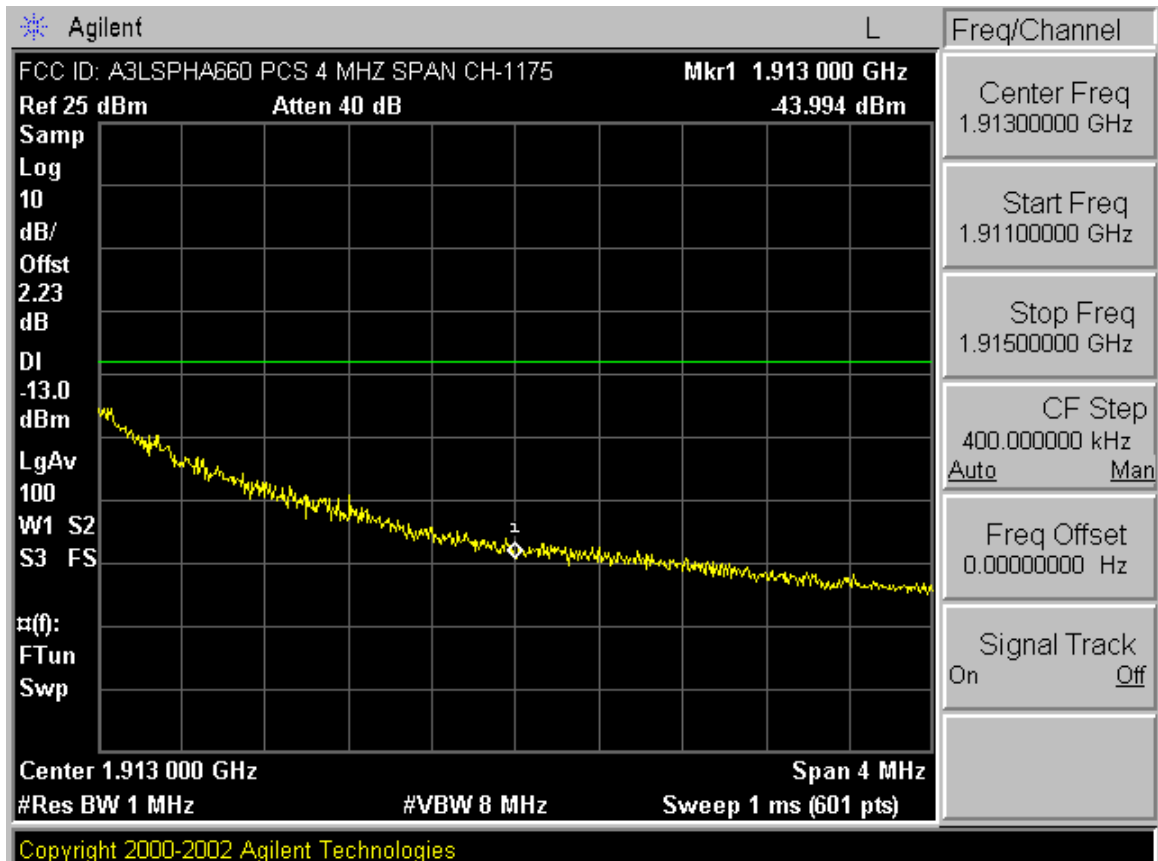
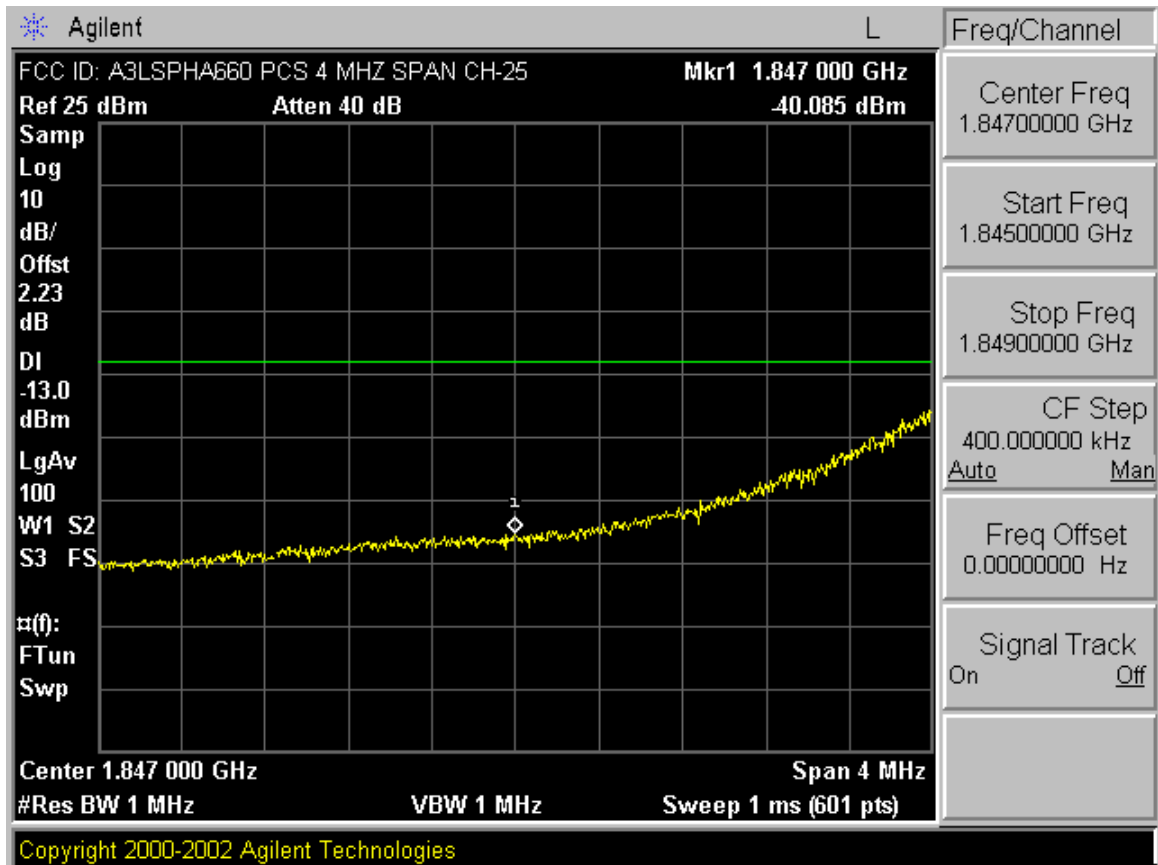


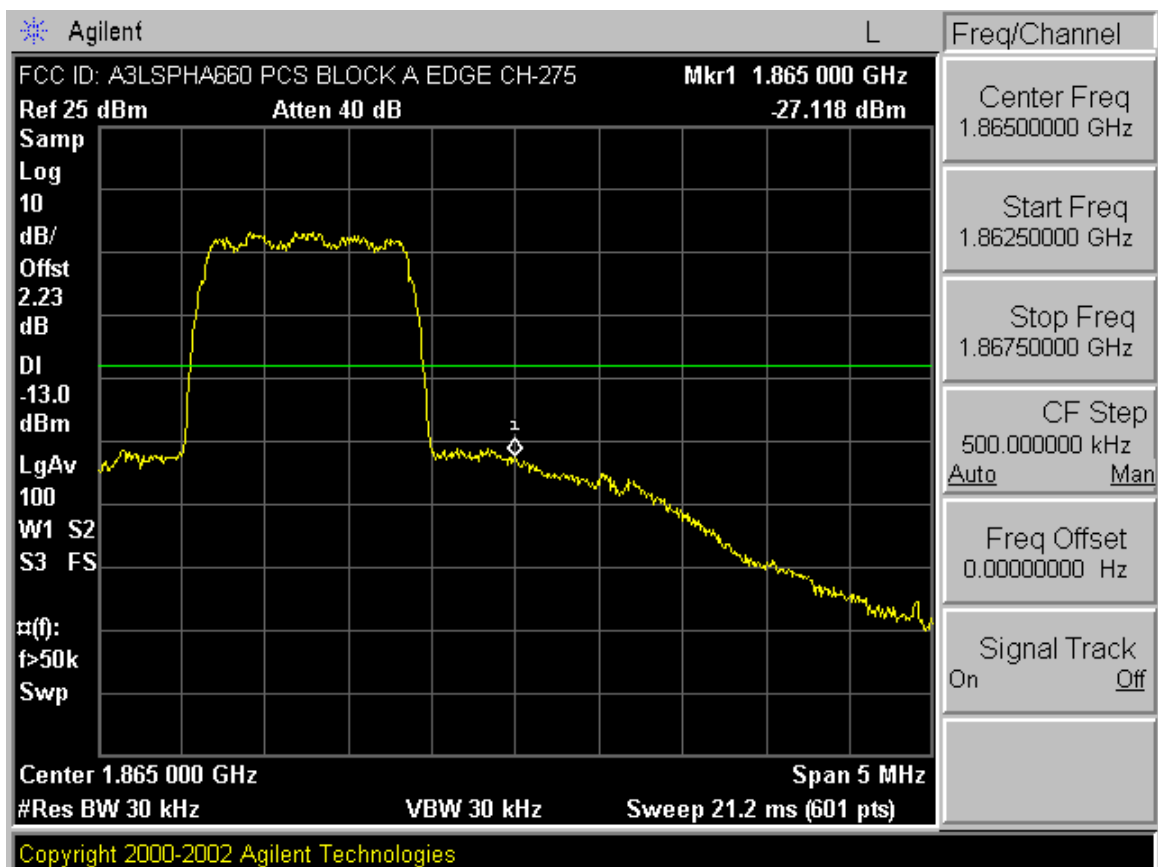
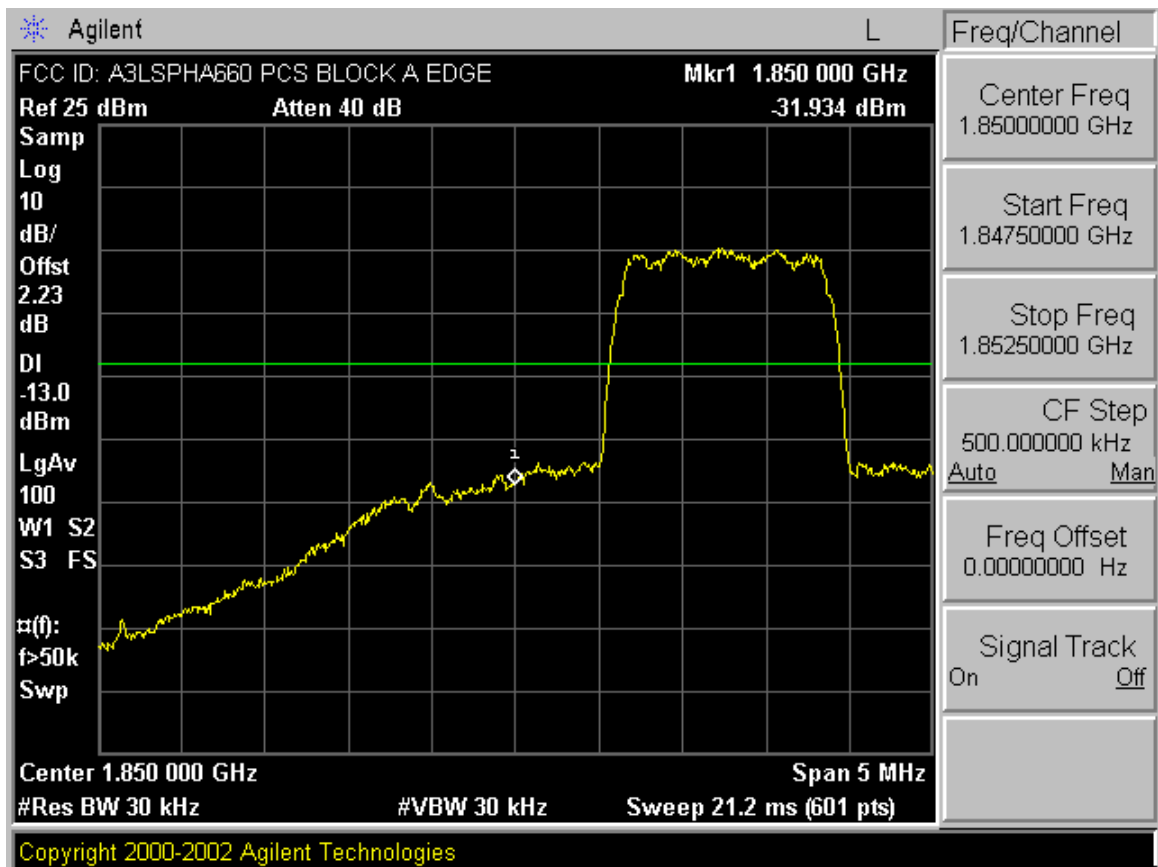


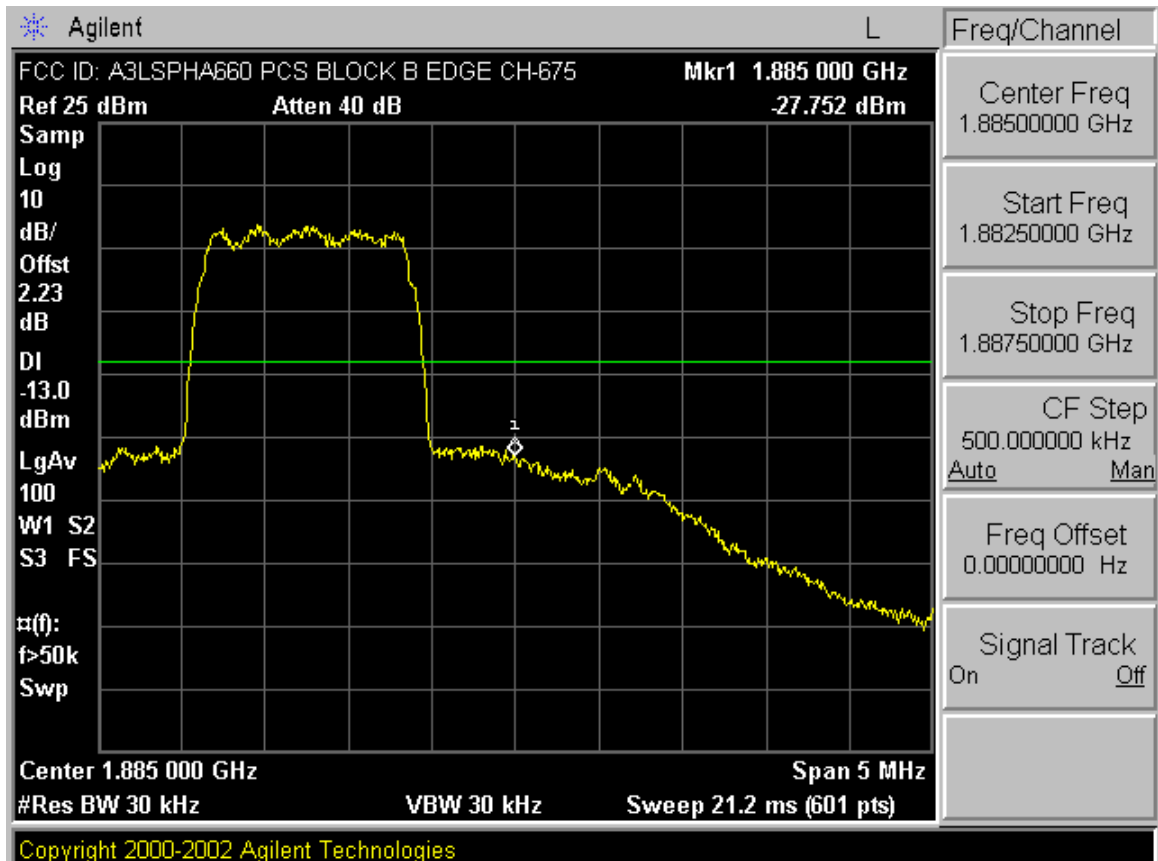
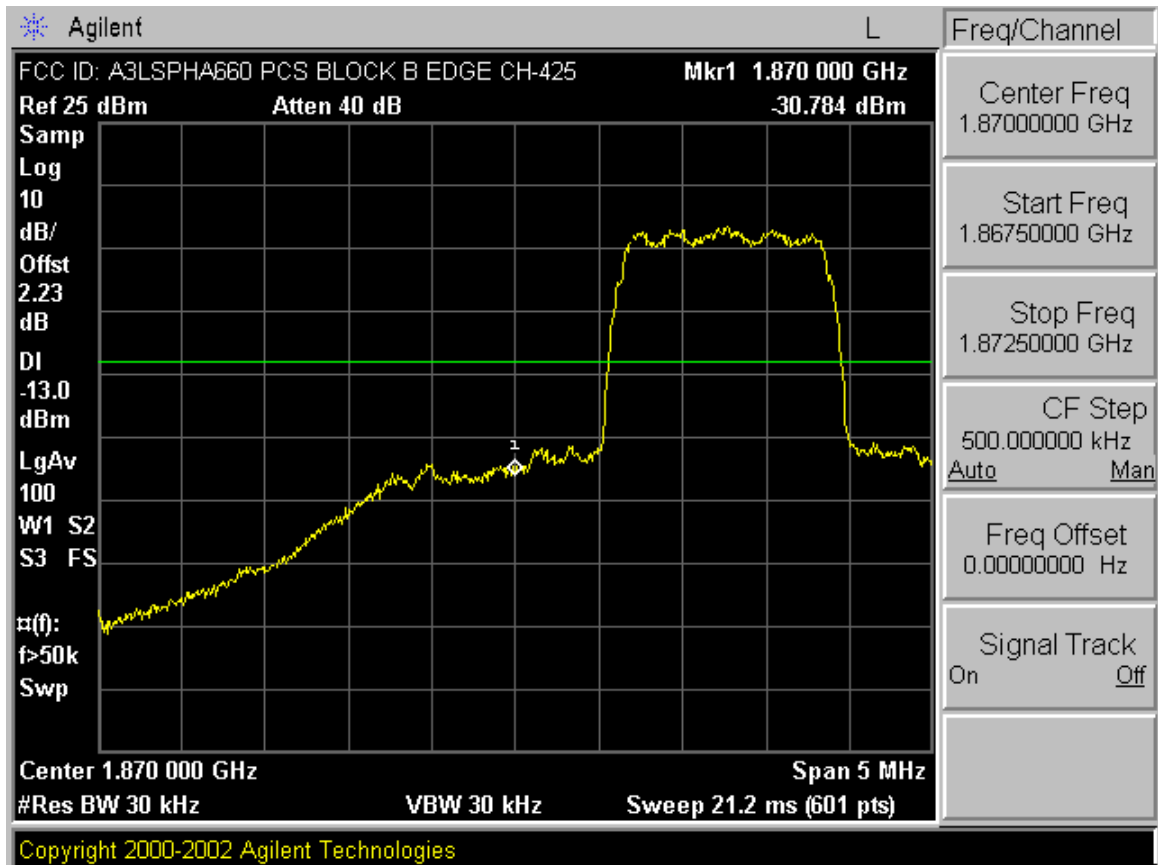
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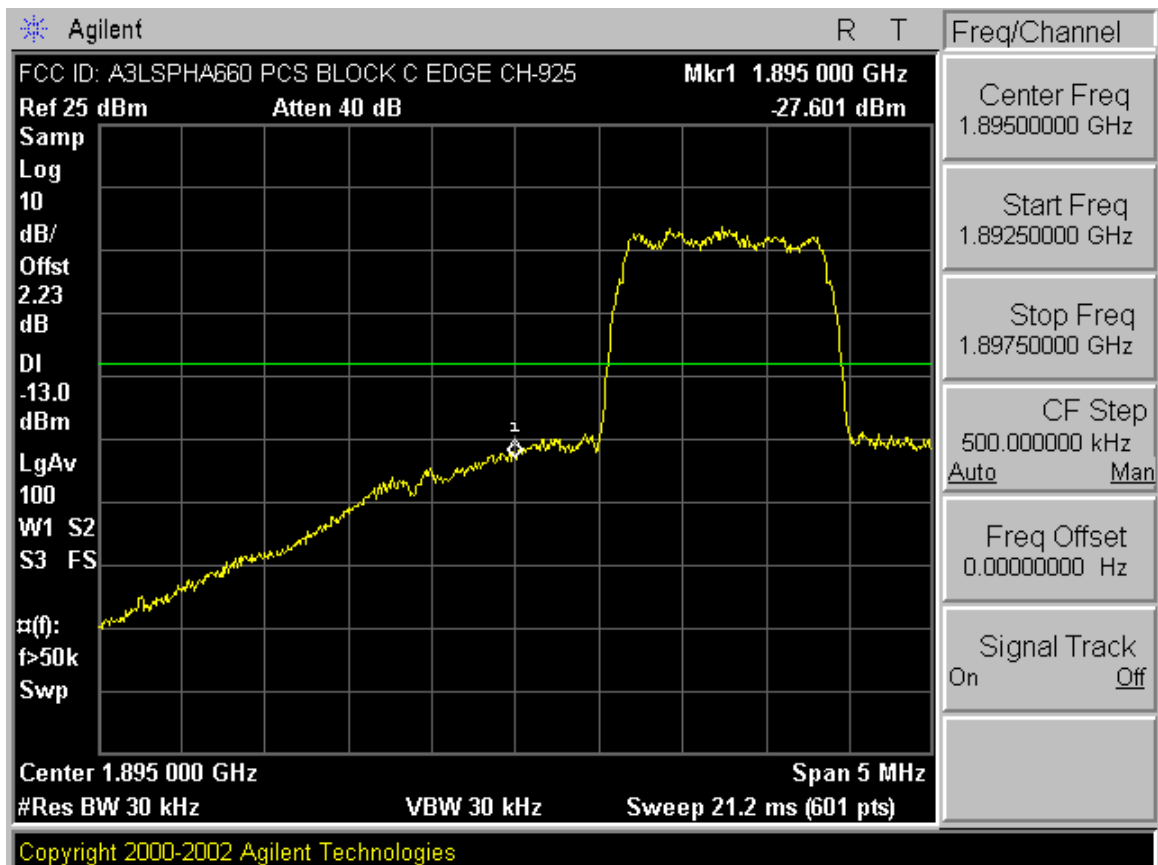


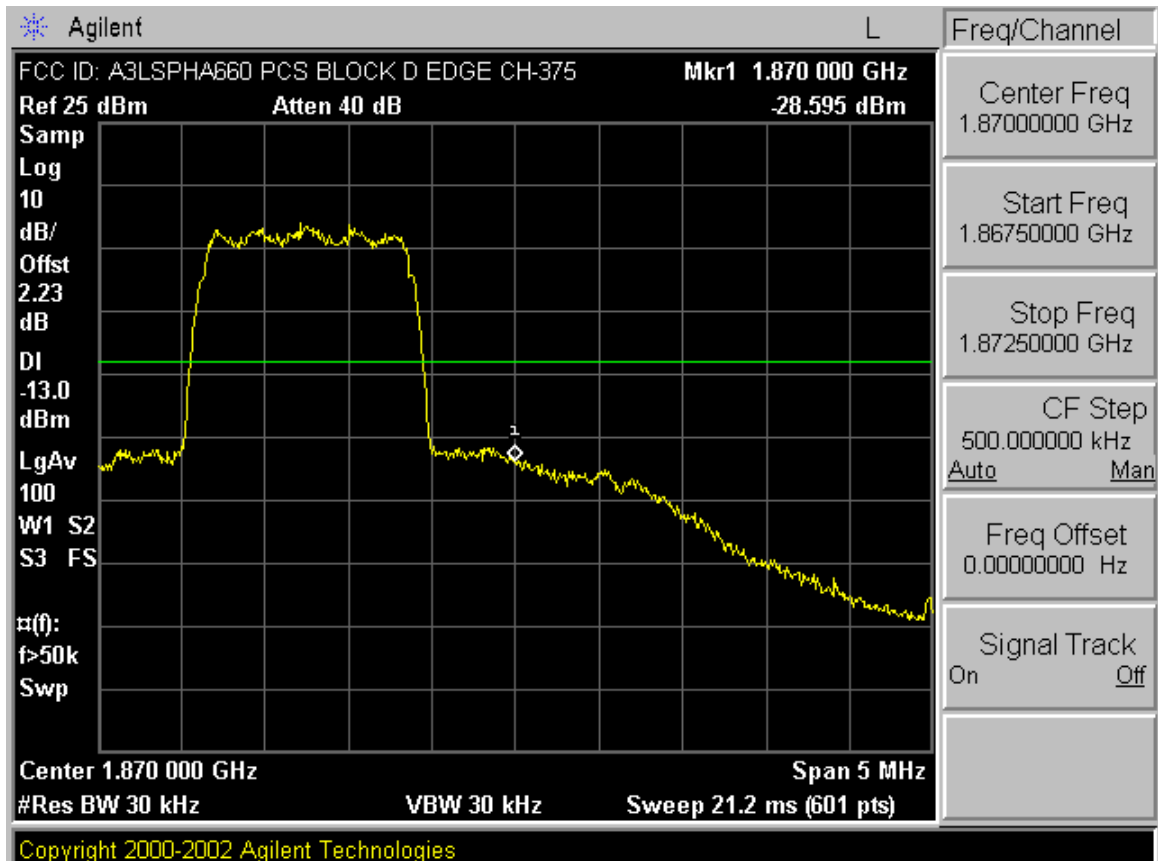
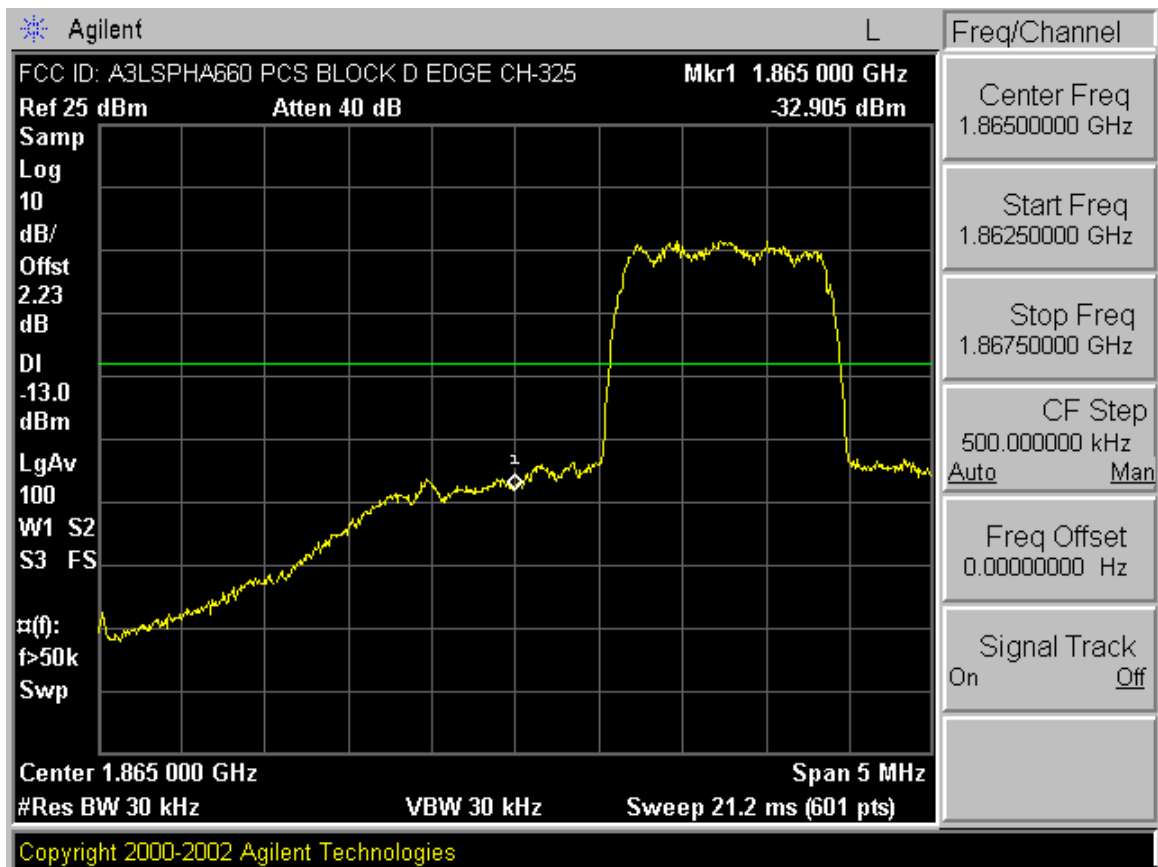
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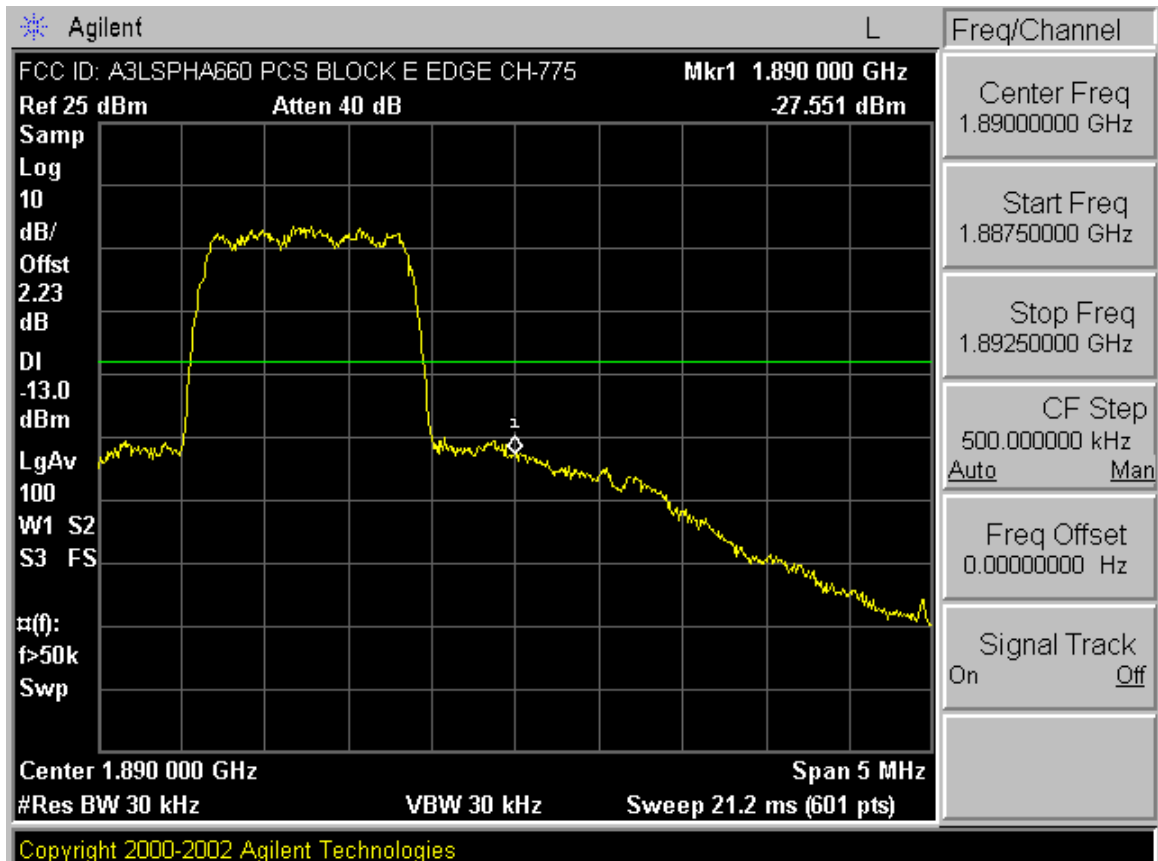
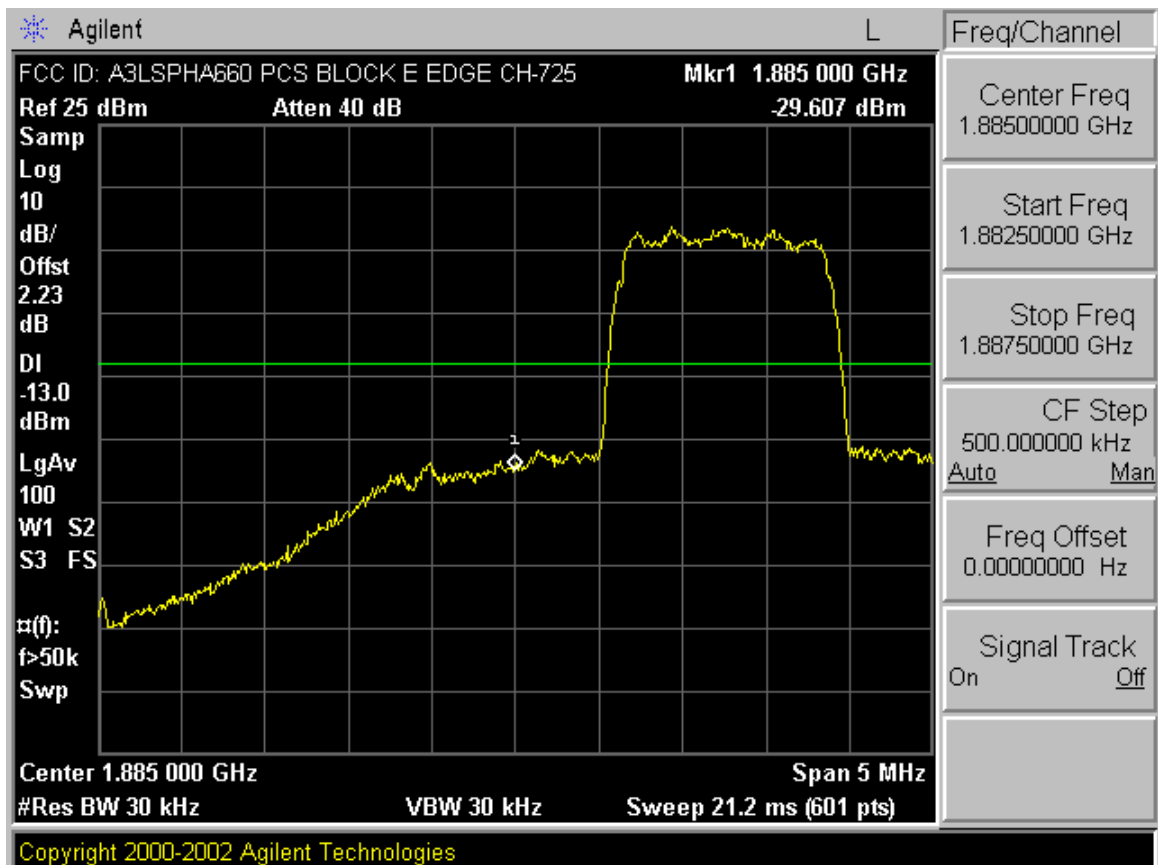


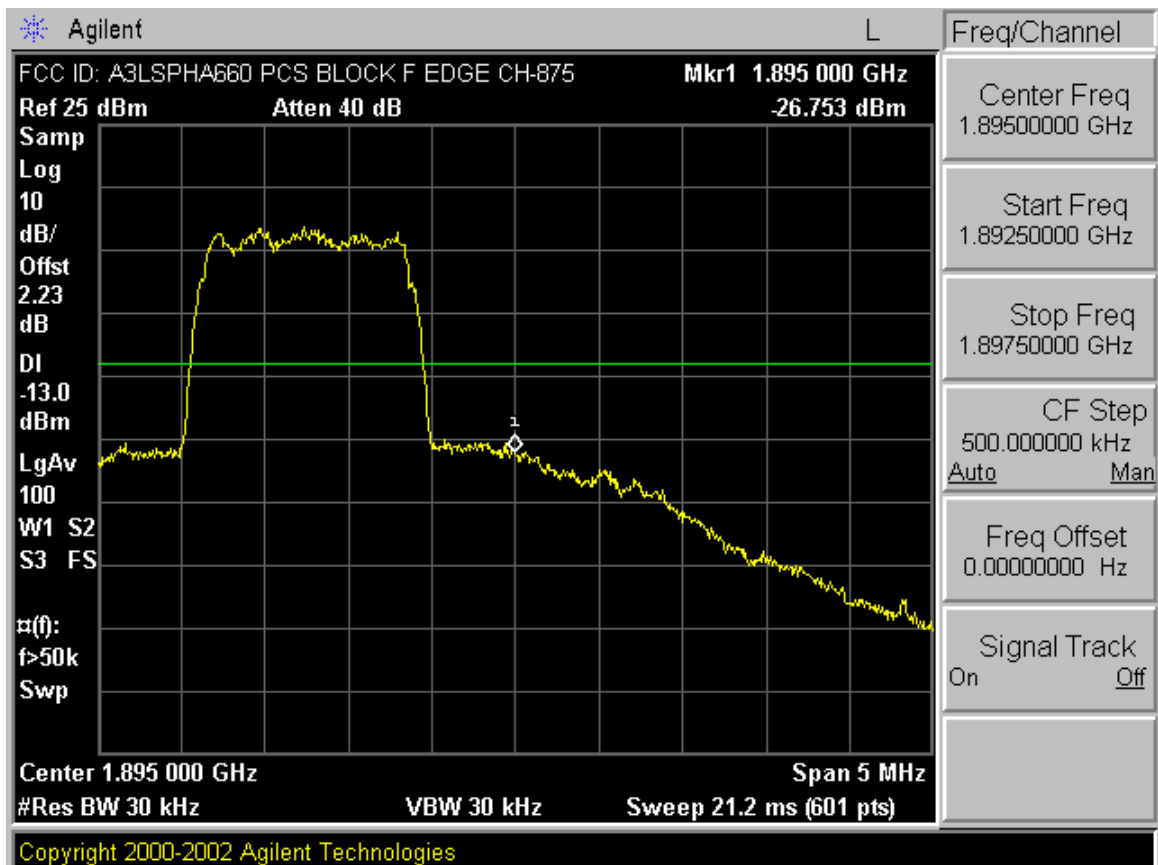
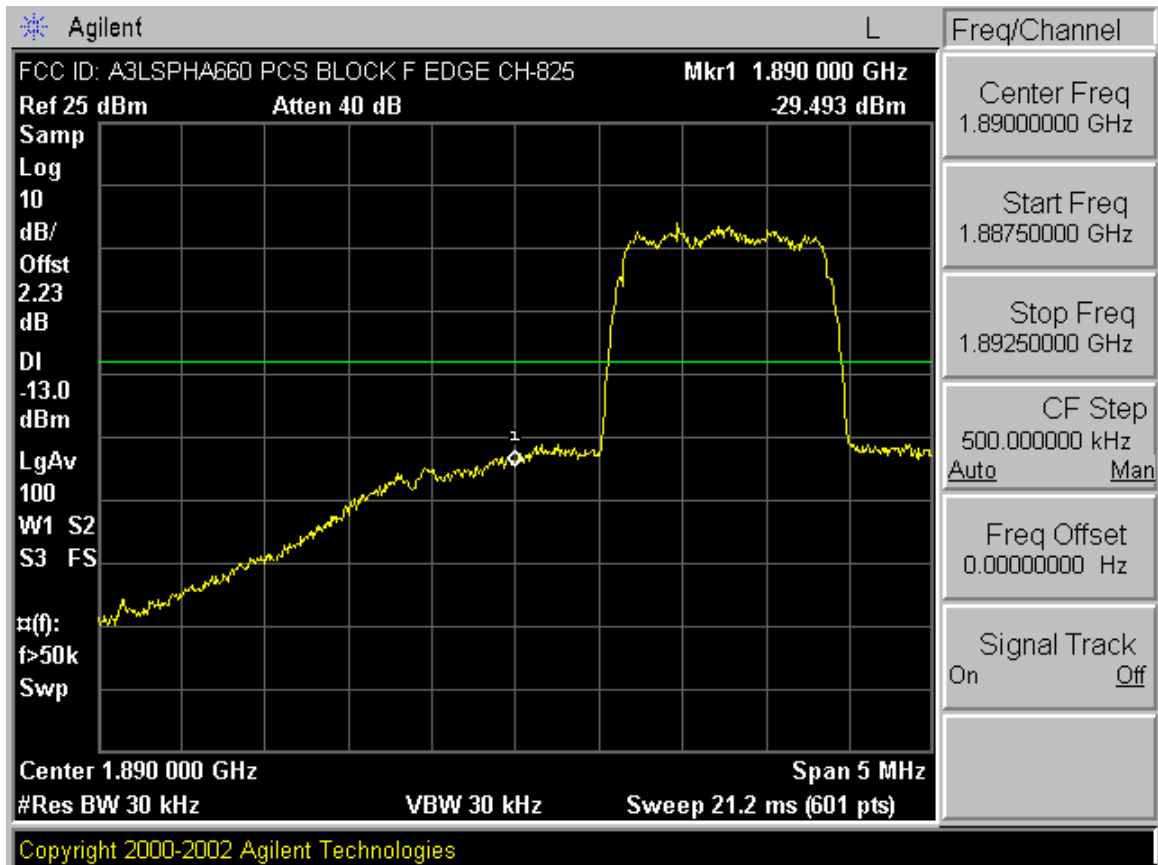












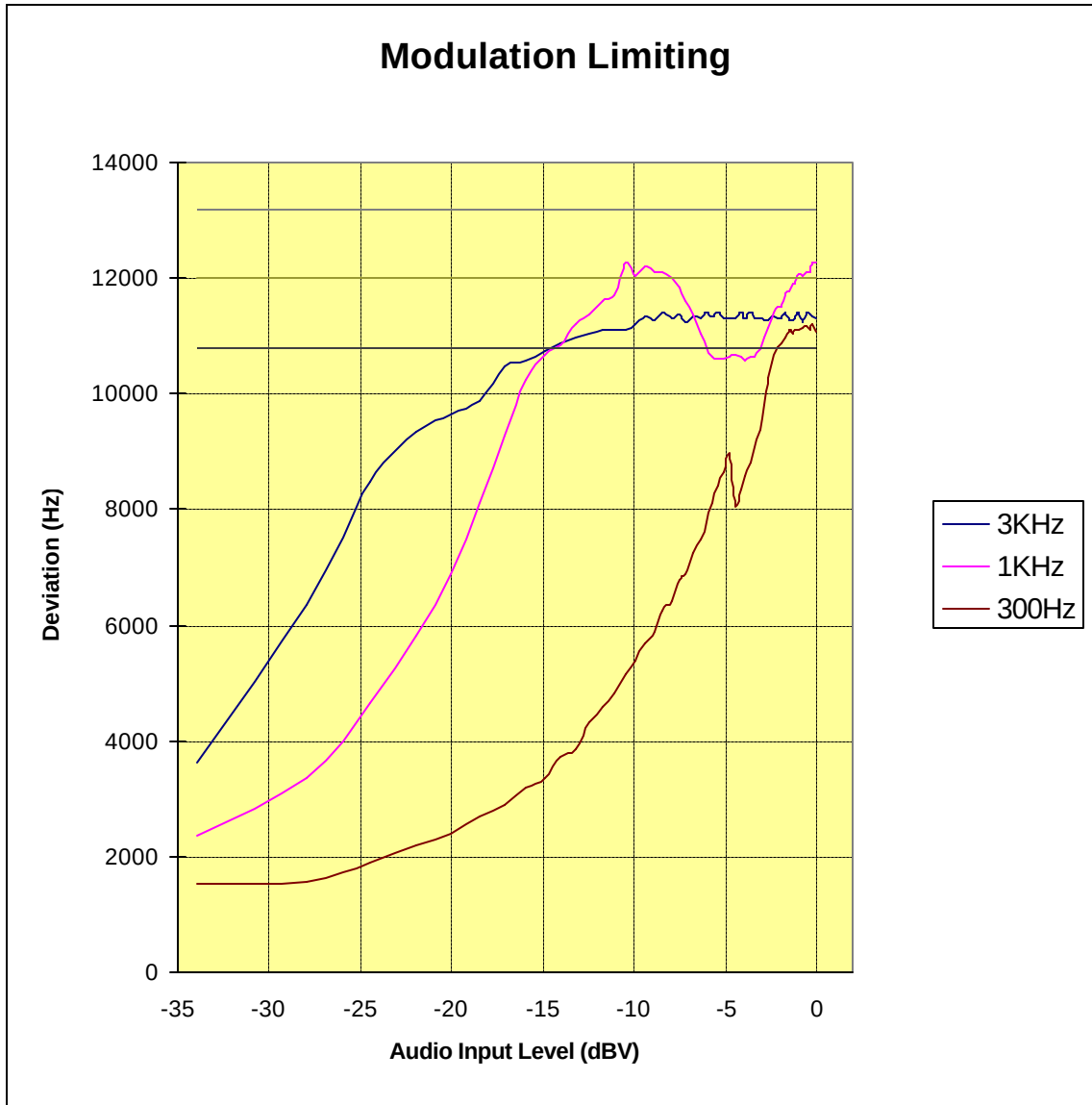
PCTEST Engineering Lab., Inc.

SUBJECT: Modulation Characteristics
FCC Part 24/22

Test Report No.: 22/24.231020510.A3L
Test Date: 10.20.2003

EUT: SAMSUNG Tri-Mode Dual-Band Analog/PCS Phone (AMPS/CDMA)
Model: SPH-A660
FCC ID: A3LSPHA660

REFERENCE: 1 kHz = 0 dB



SAMSUNG Tri-Mode Dual-Band Analog/PCS Phone (AMPS/CDMA)
FCC ID: A3LSPHA660

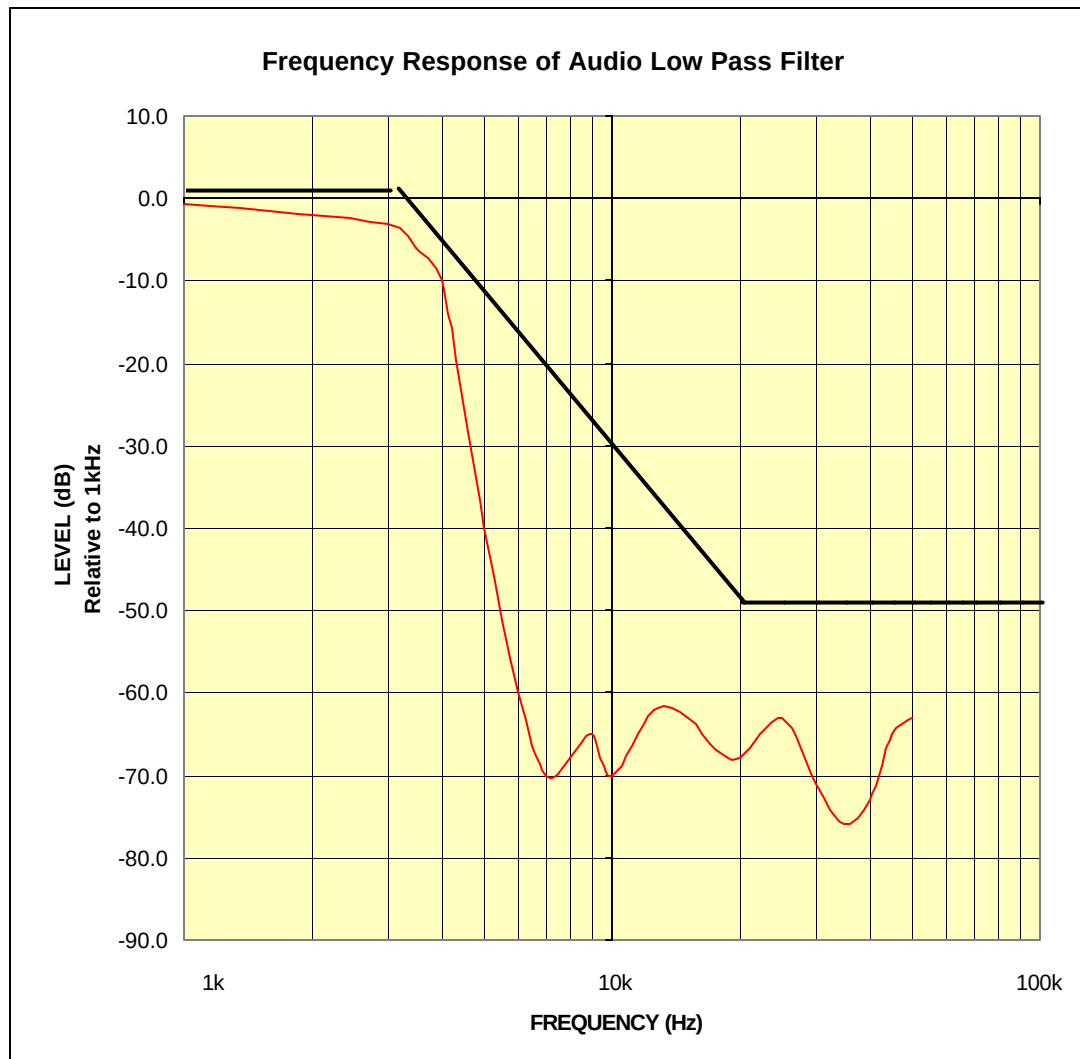
PCTEST Engineering Lab., Inc.

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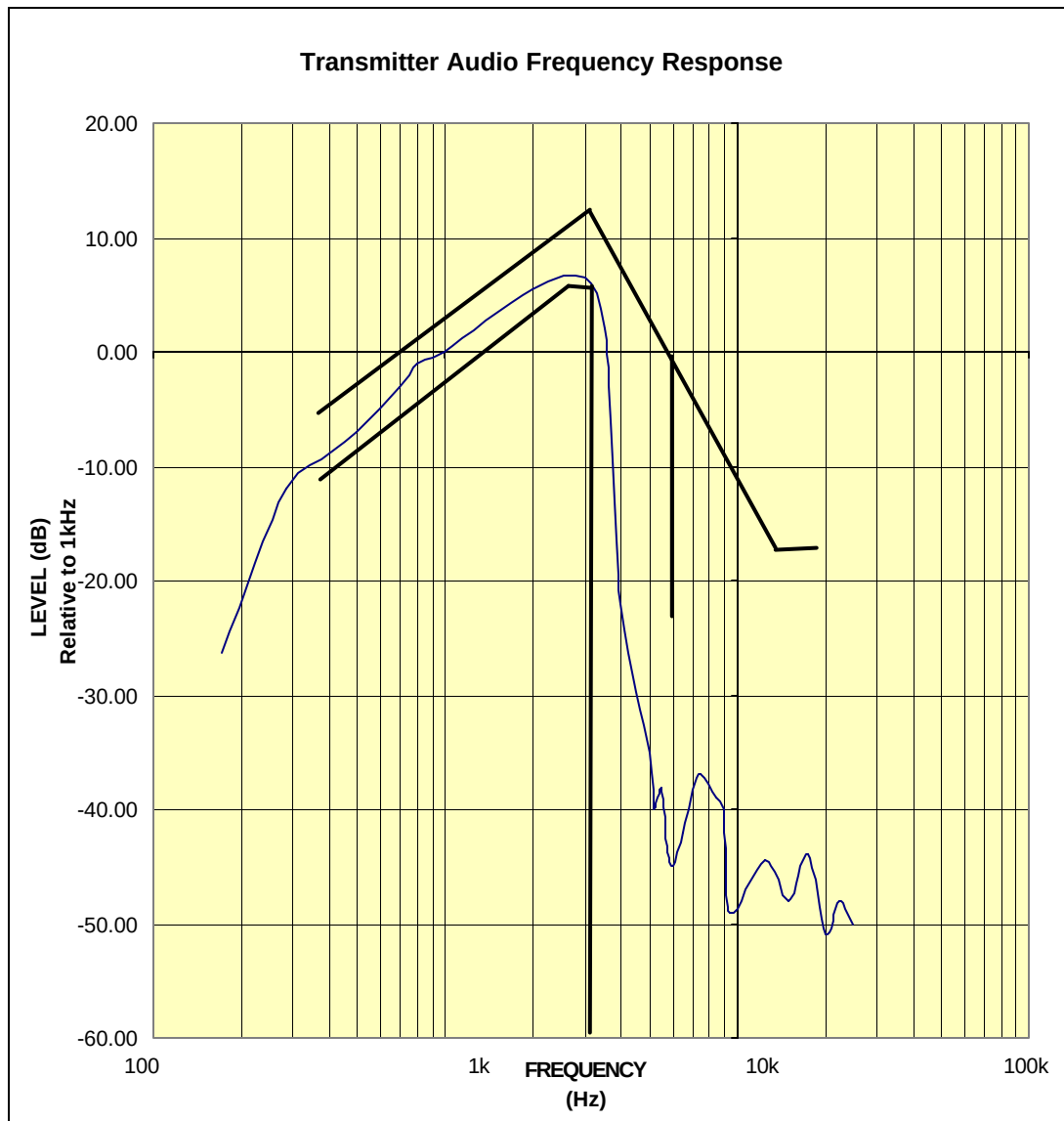
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