



SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS Co., Ltd.,
Regulatory Compliance Group
IT R&D Center
416 Maetan3-Dong,
Yeongtong-gu, Suwon city,
Gyeonggi-Do, Korea 443-742

FCC CFR47 PART 24 SUBPART CERTIFICATION REPORT

Model Tested: SPH-M270
FCC ID (Requested): A3LSPHM270
Report No: FJ-142-R1
Job No: FJ-142
Date issued: June 5, 2012

- Abstract -

All measurement reported here in accordance with FCC Rules, 47CFR
Part2, Part24

Prepared By

HK LEE - Test Engineer

Authorized By

WT JANG – Technical Manager

TABLE OF CONTENT

MEASUREMENT REPORT	Page
1. FCC Certification Information	3
1.1 §2.1033 General Information	3
2. INTRODUCTION	4
2.1 General	4
3. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION	5
4. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST.....	6
5. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS.....	7
5.1 Output Power Variation	7
5.2 Effective Radiated Power / Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	8
5.3 Radiated Spurious & Harmonic Emission	9
5.4 Peak-Average Ratio	10
5.5 Occupied Bandwidth	11
5.6 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal	11
5.6.1 Occupied Bandwidth Emission Limits	11
5.6.2 Conducted Spurious Emission	13
5.7 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation	14
6. TEST DATA	15
6.1 Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power(E.I.R.P.)	15
6.2 PCS CDMA Radiated Spurious & Harmonic measurement	16
6.3 PCS Radiated Spurious & Harmonic Conversion Table	17
6.4 Frequency Stability.....	18
6.4.1 PCS Frequency Stability Table	18
6.4.2 PCS Frequency Stability Graph	19
7. SAMPLE CALCULATION	21
7.1 Emission Designator	21
8. CONCLUSION.....	22
9. TEST PLOTS.....	23



MEASUREMENT REPORT

1. FCC Certification Information

The following information is in accordance with FCC Rules, 47CFR Part2, Subpart J, Sections 2.1033 – 2.1055.

1.1 §2.1033 General Information

- Applicant Name: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.
- Address: 416 Maetan3-Dong, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon City
Gyeonggi-Do, Korea 443-742
- FCC ID: A3LSPHM270
- Model: SPH-M270
- Quantity: Quantity production is planned
- Emission Designators: 1M27F9W(PCS CDMA)
- Tx Freq. Range: 1851.25-1908.75MHz (PCS CDMA)
- Rx Freq. Range: 1931.25-1988.75MHz (PCS CDMA)
- Max. Power Rating: 0.195 W EIRP PCS (22.91 dBm)
- FCC Classification(s): PCS Licensed Portable Tx Held to Ear (PCE)
- Equipment (EUT) Type: PCS CDMA Phone
- Modulation(s): CDMA
- Frequency Tolerance: $\pm 0.00025\%$ (2.5ppm)
- FCC Rule Part(s): §24(E), §22(H), §2.
- Dates of Test: May 14-15, 2012
- Place of Test: SAMSUNG Lab,
- Test Report S/N: FJ-142-R1

2. INTRODUCTION

2.1 General

These measurement test were conducted at **SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO., LTD(SUWON)**.
 The site address is 416 Maetan3-Dong, Yeongtong-gu, Suwon City, Gyeonggi-Do, Korea 443-742
 The site have 1 Fully-anechoic chamber and measurement facility.



Figure1. Map of the Suwon City area.

Measurement Procedure

The radiated and spurious measurements were made Fully-anechoic chamber at a 3-meter test range (see Figure2). The equipment under testing was placed on the rotating device at the same height and at a distance of 3-meters from the receive antenna. The rotating device which can rotate horizontal axis was mounted on the turn unit to facilitate rotation around a vertical axis. The measurement was made for each horizontal/vertical position combination with receive antenna horizontally polarized. This measurement was repeated with receive antenna vertically polarized. The substitution antenna will replace the EUT antenna it the same position and in vertical polarization. The frequency of the signal generator shall be set to the frequencies that were measured on the EUT. The signal generator, output level, shall be adjusted until an equal or a known related level to what was measured from the EUT is obtained in the spectrum analyzer. This level was recorded. For readings above 1 GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration.



Figure2. Photograph of 3m Fully-Anechoic Chamber

3. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

- End of page –

4. TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Name Of Equipment	Model	Serial No.	Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	ESI26	836119/010	2012-10-25
	E4440A(3Hz~26.5GHz)	MY46187454	2013-03-14
	E4440A(3Hz~26.5GHz)	MY41000236	2013-04-26
Signal Generator	SMR20	835197/030	2012-12-01
Network Analyzer	8753E	JP38160590	2012-06-21
Pre-Amplifier	8449B	3008A00691	2012-12-09
Communication test set	8960	MY47510060	2013-03-05
	8960	GB42360886	2012-09-02
Controller	CO2000	CO2000/424	Not Required
Turn Unit	CT0800	CT0800/057	Not Required
Rotating Device	DE3600-RH-PR	DE3600-RH-PR/050	Not Required
Antenna Master	MA4000	MA4000/204	Not Required
Horn Antenna	HF906	100134	2013-09-05
	BBHA9120	9120D-636	2012-07-14
Dipole Antenna	UHA 9105	9105-2412	2013-09-09
	UHA 9105	9105-2413	2012-07-15
Receive Antenna	HL040	353255/019	2013-09-05
Power Supply	E3640A	MY40003594	2012-06-21
	E3640A	MY40003595	2013-05-16
	E3632A	MY40022438	2013-03-02
Divider	11636B	51946	2012-07-04
	11636B	51942	2012-07-05
	11636B	56918	2012-09-28
High Pass Filter	WHK/3.0/18G-10SS	492	2013-04-09
	WHK/3.5/18G-10SS	4	2013-04-09
Environmental Chamber	SH-241	92000549	2012-11-14
	SH-241	92000548	2012-11-14
Shielded Fully Anechoic Chamber	CHAMBER	ANT0001	Not Required

5. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

5.1 Output Power Variation

Test Condition to measure the Output Power

This device was tested under all R.C.s and S.O.s and worst case is reported with RC3/SO55, with “All Up” power control bits.

The following procedures were followed according to FCC “SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices”.

1. If the mobile station (MS) supports Reverse TCH RC 1 and Forward TCH RC 1, set up a call using Fundamental Channel Test Mode 1 (RC=1/1) with 9600 bps data rate only.
2. Under RC1, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-1, Table 5-1 parameters were applied.
3. If the MS supports the RC 3 Reverse FCH, RC3 Reverse SCH0 and demodulation of RC 3,4 or 5, set up a call using Supplemental Channel Test Mode 3 (RC 3/3) with 9600 bps Fundamental Channel and 9600 bps SCH0 data rate.
4. Under RC3, C.S0011 Table 4.4.5.2-2, Table 5-2 was applied.
5. FCHs were configured at full rate for maximum SAR with “All Up” power control bits.

Parameter	Units	Value
I _{or}	dBm/1.23MHz	-104
Pilot Ec/I _{or}	dB	-7
Traffic Ec/I _{or}	dB	-7.4

Table 5-1
Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

Parameter	Units	Value
I _{or}	dBm/1.23MHz	-86
Pilot Ec/I _{or}	dB	-7
Traffic Ec/I _{or}	dB	-7.4

Table 5-2
Parameters for Max. Power for RC1

Band	Channel	CDMA2000 RC	SO2	SO55	TDSO SO32 (F-SCH)	TDSO SO32 (+SCH)
PCS	25	RC1	24.64	24.60	24.60	24.64
		RC3	24.72	24.57		
	600	RC1	24.42	24.51	24.55	24.50
		RC3	24.29	24.30		
	1175	RC1	24.64	24.56	24.58	24.48
		RC3	24.76	24.67		

Table 5-3
Maximum Power Output Table for SPH-M270

5.2 Effective Radiated Power / Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power

Test Set-up for the ERP/EIRP TEST

Effective Radiated Power Output and Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power output Measurements by Substitution Method according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004

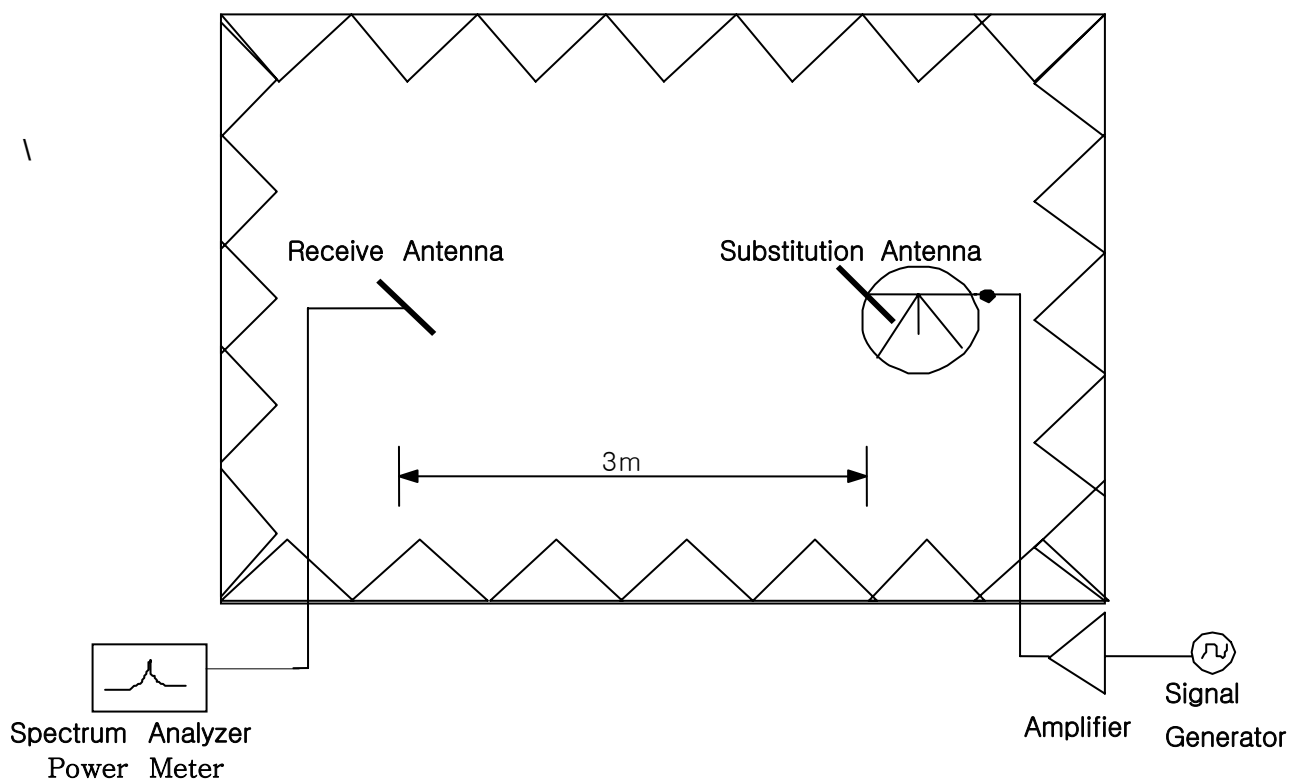


Figure 3. Diagram of ERP/EIRP test Set-up

The EUT was placed on the rotating device at 3-meters from the receive antenna and tested in 3 orthogonal planes. The turn unit and rotating device was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. For CDMA & PCS signals, an average detector is used, with RBW=VBW=3MHz, SPAN=10MHz. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. The conducted power at the terminals of dipole is measured. The ERP and EIRP are recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

5.3 Radiated Spurious & Harmonic Emission

Test Set-up for the Radiated Emission TEST

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements by Substitution Method according to ANSI/TIA/EIA-603-C-2004

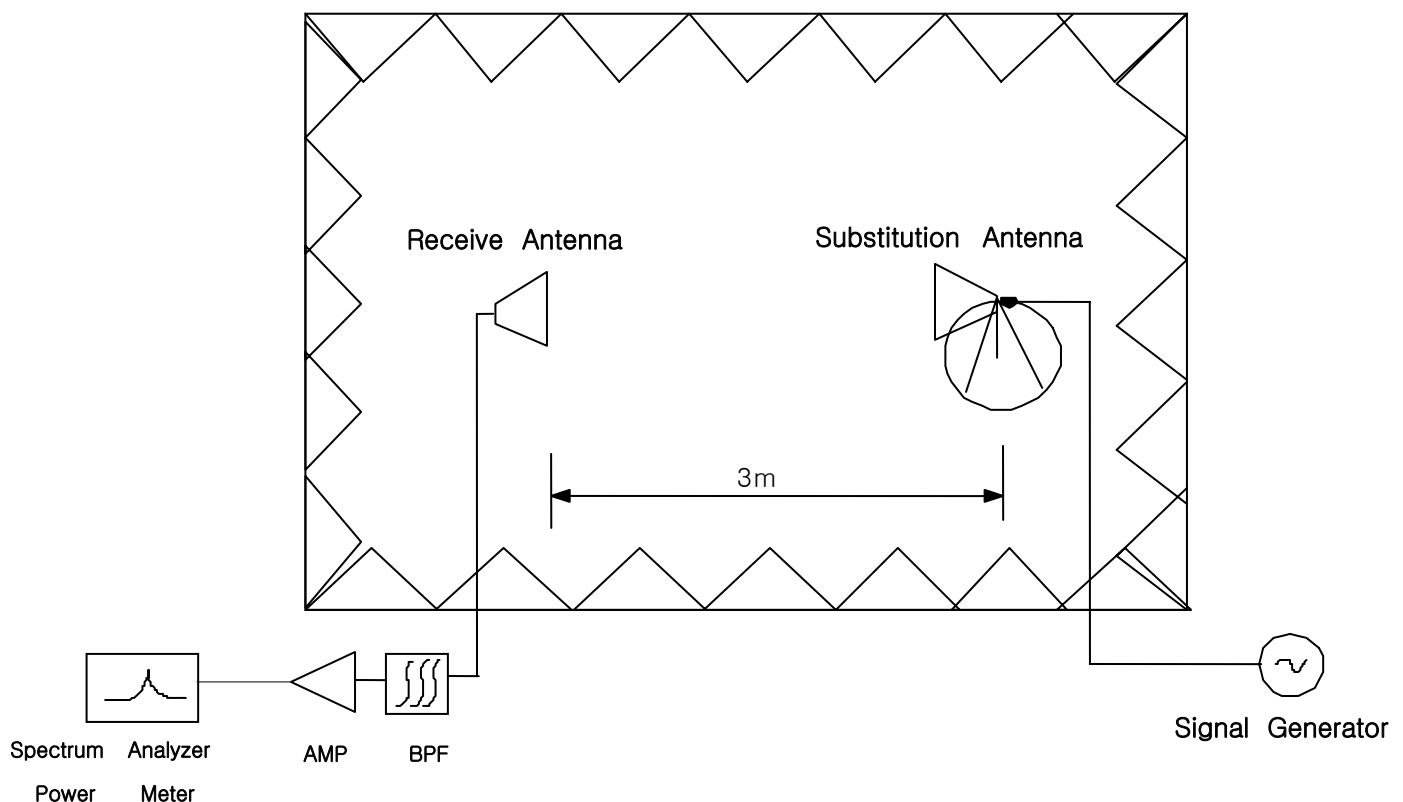


Figure 4. Diagram of Radiated Spurious & Harmonic test Set-up

The EUT was placed on the rotating device at 3-meters from the receive antenna and tested in 3 orthogonal planes. The turn unit and rotating device was adjusted for the highest reading on the receive spectrum analyzer. The Spectrum was investigated from 30MHz to the 10th Harmonic of the fundamental. A peak detector is used, with RBW=VBW=1MHz. The value that we could measure was only reported. A half-wave dipole was substituted in place of the EUT. This dipole antenna was driven by a signal generator and the level of the signal generator was adjusted to obtain the same receive spectrum analyzer reading. This spurious level is recorded. For readings above 1GHz, the above procedure is repeated using horn antennas and the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic or dipole antenna are taken into consideration.

SAMPLE CALCULATION

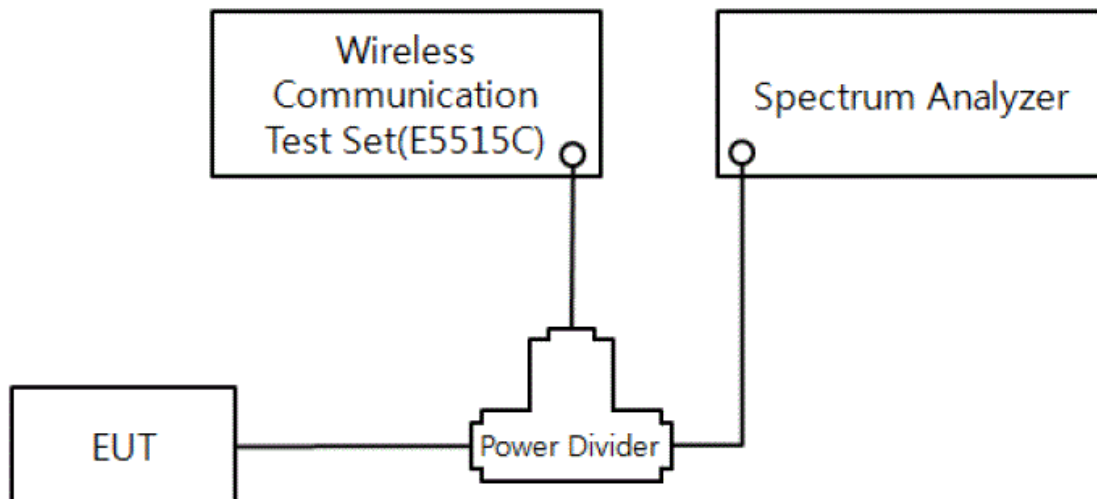
Example: Channel 600 PCS Mode 2nd Harmonic(3760MHz)

The receive analyzer reading at 3meters with the EUT on the turntable was -81.0dBm . The gain of the substituted antenna is 8.1dBi . The signal generator connected to the substituted antenna terminals is adjusted to produce a reading of -81.0dBm of the receive analyzer. The loss of the cable between the signal generator and the terminals of the substituted antenna is 2.0dB at 3760MHz. So 6.1dB is added to the signal generator reading of -30.9dBm yielding -24.8dBm . The fundamental EIRP was 25.5dBm so this harmonic was $25.5\text{dBm} - (-24.8) = 50.3\text{dBc}$.

5.4 Peak-Average Ratio

A peak to average ratio measurement is performed at the conducted port of the EUT. For CDMA signals, the spectrum analyzers Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function(CCDF) measurement profile is used to determine the largest deviation between the An average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth. The CCDF curve shows how much time the peak waveform spends at or above a given average power level. The percent of time the signal spends at or above the level defines the probability for that particular power level. For GSM signals, and a peak trace are used on a spectrum analyzer to determine the largest deviation between the average and the peak power of the EUT in a given bandwidth.

Test set-up



(Configuration of conducted Emission measurement)

5.5 Occupied Bandwidth

Test Procedure

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured. The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts. The resolution and video bandwidth shall be set to as close to 1 percent of the selected span as is possible without being below 1 percent. Video averaging is not permitted. The trace data points are recovered and are directly summed in linear terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5 percent of the total is reached and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points. This frequency is recorded, The span between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth. These measurements were performed on Agilent E4440A Spectrum Analyzer, and use analyzer's bandwidth measurement function.

5.6 Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal

5.6.1 Occupied Bandwidth Emission Limits

Part 24

- (a) On any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
- (b) Compliance with these provisions is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emission are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (c) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the licensee's frequency block edges, both upper and lower, as the design permits.

Part 22

- (a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.
- (b) Measurement procedure. Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 100 kHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

BLOCK	Freq. Range (MHz) Transmitter (Tx)	Freq. Range (MHz) Receiver (Rx)
A	1850 – 1865	1930 – 1945
B	1870 – 1885	1950 – 1965
C	1895 – 1910	1975 – 1990
D	1865 – 1870	1945 – 1950
E	1885 – 1890	1965 – 1970
F	1890 – 1895	1970 – 1975

Table 1. Broadband PCS Service Frequency Blocks

BLOCK	Freq. Range (MHz) Transmitter (Tx)	Freq. Range (MHz) Receiver (Rx)
A* Low + A	824 – 835	869 – 880
B	835 – 845	880 – 890
A* High	845 – 846.5	890 – 891.5
B*	846.5 – 849	891.5 – 894

Table 2. Cellular Service Frequency Blocks

5.6.2 Conducted Spurious Emission

Minimum standard:

On any frequency outside a license frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power(P) by at least $43+10\log(P)$ dB. Limit equivalent to -13 dBm, calculation shown below.

$$43 + 10\log(0.333 \text{ W}) = 38.22 \text{ dB}$$
$$25.22 \text{ dBm} - 38.22 \text{ dB} = -13 \text{ dBm}$$

Test Procedure:

The EUT was setup to maximum output power at its lowest channel. The Resolution BW of the analyzer is set to 1% of the emission bandwidth to show compliance with the -13 dBm limit, in the 1MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the edge of the frequency block. The measurements are repeated for the EUT's highest channel. For the Out-of-Band measurements a 1MHz RBW was used to scan from 10MHz to 10GHz. (PCS Mode : 10MHz to 20GHz). A display line was placed at -13 dBm to show compliance. The high, lowest and a middle channel were tested for out of band measurements.

Plots are shown herein.

5.7 Frequency Stability / Temperature Variation

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

- a.) Temperature: The temperature is carried from -30°C to +50°C using an environmental chamber.
- b.) Primary Supply Voltage: The primary supply voltage is varied from 85% to 115% of the voltage normally at the input to the device or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally supplied.

Specification- The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. The frequency stability of the transmitter shall be maintained within ± 0.00025 (± 2.5 ppm) of the center frequency.

Time Period and Procedure:

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature (25°C to 27°C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is subjected to an overnight “soak” at -30°C without any power applied.
3. After the overnight “soak” at -30°C (Usually 14~16 hours), the equipment is turned on in a “standby” condition for one minute before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter and the individual oscillators is made within a three minute interval after applying to the transmitter.
4. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C interval up to room temperature. At least a period of one and one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.
5. Again the transmitter carrier frequency and the individual oscillators is measured at room temperature to begin measurement of the upper temperature levels.
6. Frequency measurements are at 10 intervals starting at -30°C up to +50°C allowing at least two hours at each temperature for stabilization. In all measurements the frequency is measured within three minutes after re-applying power to the transmitter.
 - The artificial load is mounted external to the temperature chamber.

NOTE : The EUT is tested down to the battery endpoint.

– End of page –

6. TEST DATA

6.1 Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power(E.I.R.P.)

Supply Voltage : 3.7VDC

Modulation : PCS

■ Result

Frequency (MHz)	Tested level [dBm]	Substitute Level [dBm]	Antenna Gain [dBd]	Polarization [H/V]	EIRP [dBm]	EIRP [W]	Battery
1851.25	-28.23	11.09	10.16	H	21.25	0.133	Standard
1880.00	-27.02	11.96	10.16	H	22.12	0.163	Standard
1908.75	-26.66	12.75	10.16	H	22.91	0.195	Standard

NOTE : Standard batteries are the only battery options for this phone

- All modes of operation were investigated, and the worst-case results are reported.

Radiated measurements at 3 meters by Substitution Method

6.2 PCS CDMA Radiated Spurious & Harmonic measurement

Field Strength of SPURIOUS Radiation

Operating Frequency : 1851.25 MHz(Low), 1880.00 MHz(Middle), 1908.75MHz(High)

Measured Output Power : 22.91 dBm = 0.195 W

Modulation Signal : PCS

Limit : $43 + 10\log_{10}(P) = 35.91 \text{ dBc}$

■Result

Channel	Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	From EUT Tested level (dBm)	POL (H/V)	Result (dBc)
25	2	3702.50	-59.12	H	55.05
	3	5553.75	-67.44	H	59.95
	4	7405.55	-69.31	H	56.51
	5	9256.25	-	-	-
	6	11107.50	-	-	-
	7	12958.75	-	-	-
600	2	3760.00	-62.09	H	58.11
	3	5640.00	-67.84	H	60.01
	4	7520.00	-68.86	H	56.01
	5	9400.00	-	-	-
	6	11280.00	-	-	-
	7	13160.00	-	-	-
1175	2	3817.50	-55.91	H	51.87
	3	5726.25	-68.12	H	59.83
	4	7635.00	-69.28	V	57.27
	5	9543.75	-	-	-
	6	11452.50	-	-	-
	7	13361.25	-	-	-

Radiated Spurious Emission measurements at 3 meters by Substitution Method

6.3 PCS Radiated Spurious & Harmonic Conversion Table

Date : May 15, 2012

Test Engineer : HK LEE

- ① Tx Cable loss
- ② Tx Horn Ant Gain
- ③ Tx Level to radiate -13dBm
- ④ ESI Level received from Tx with-13dBm
- ⑤ Tested Level from EUT
- ⑥ = EIRP - (-13 + ⑤ - ④)

CH	Har	Frequency (MHz)	① Tx C/L dB	②Tx Horn Gain dBi	③Tx Level dBm	④ ESI Level : H dBm	④ ESI Level : V dBm	⑤Test ed EUT Level : H dBm	⑤Test ed EUT Level : V dBm	⑥ Result EUT : H (dBc)	⑥ Result EUT : V (dBc)
25	2	3702.50	-12.85	12.60	-12.80	-39.98	-39.03	-59.12	-61.54	55.05	58.42
	3	5553.75	-16.92	12.50	-8.60	-43.40	-42.99	-67.44	-67.30	59.95	60.22
	4	7405.00	-20.20	11.50	-4.30	-48.71	-48.56	-69.31	-69.79	56.51	57.14
	5	9256.25	-23.05	11.90	-1.90	-53.11	-52.12	-	-	-	-
	6	11107.50	-25.08	11.50	0.60	-57.75	-54.90	-	-	-	-
	7	12958.75	-28.10	14.42	0.70	-61.50	-58.01	-	-	-	-
600	2	3760.00	-13.35	12.60	-12.30	-39.89	-39.16	-62.09	-62.28	58.11	59.03
	3	5640.00	-17.07	12.50	-8.40	-43.74	-43.42	-67.84	-67.81	60.01	60.30
	4	7520.00	-20.60	11.50	-3.90	-48.76	-48.06	-68.86	-69.33	56.01	57.18
	5	9400.00	-23.50	11.90	-1.40	-52.65	-551.24	-	-	-	-
	6	11280.00	-26.24	11.50	1.70	-56.66	-54.54	-	-	-	-
	7	13160.00	-28.79	14.42	1.40	-61.01	-57.76	-	-	-	-
1175	2	3817.50	-13.30	12.60	-12.30	-39.95	-39.55	-55.91	-61.54	51.87	57.90
	3	5726.25	-17.16	12.50	-8.30	-44.20	-43.35	-68.12	-68.43	59.83	60.99
	4	7635.00	-20.88	11.50	-3.60	-48.25	-47.92	-69.83	-69.28	57.49	57.27
	5	9543.75	-24.09	11.90	-0.80	-52.88	-51.48	-	-	-	-
	6	11452.50	-26.05	11.50	1.60	-57.49	-54.67	-	-	-	-
	7	13361.25	-28.74	14.42	1.30	-63.03	-59.49	-	-	-	-

6.4 Frequency Stability

6.4.1 PCS Frequency Stability Table

Operating Frequency : 1,880,000,000 Hz

Channel : 600

Reference Voltage : 3.7VDC

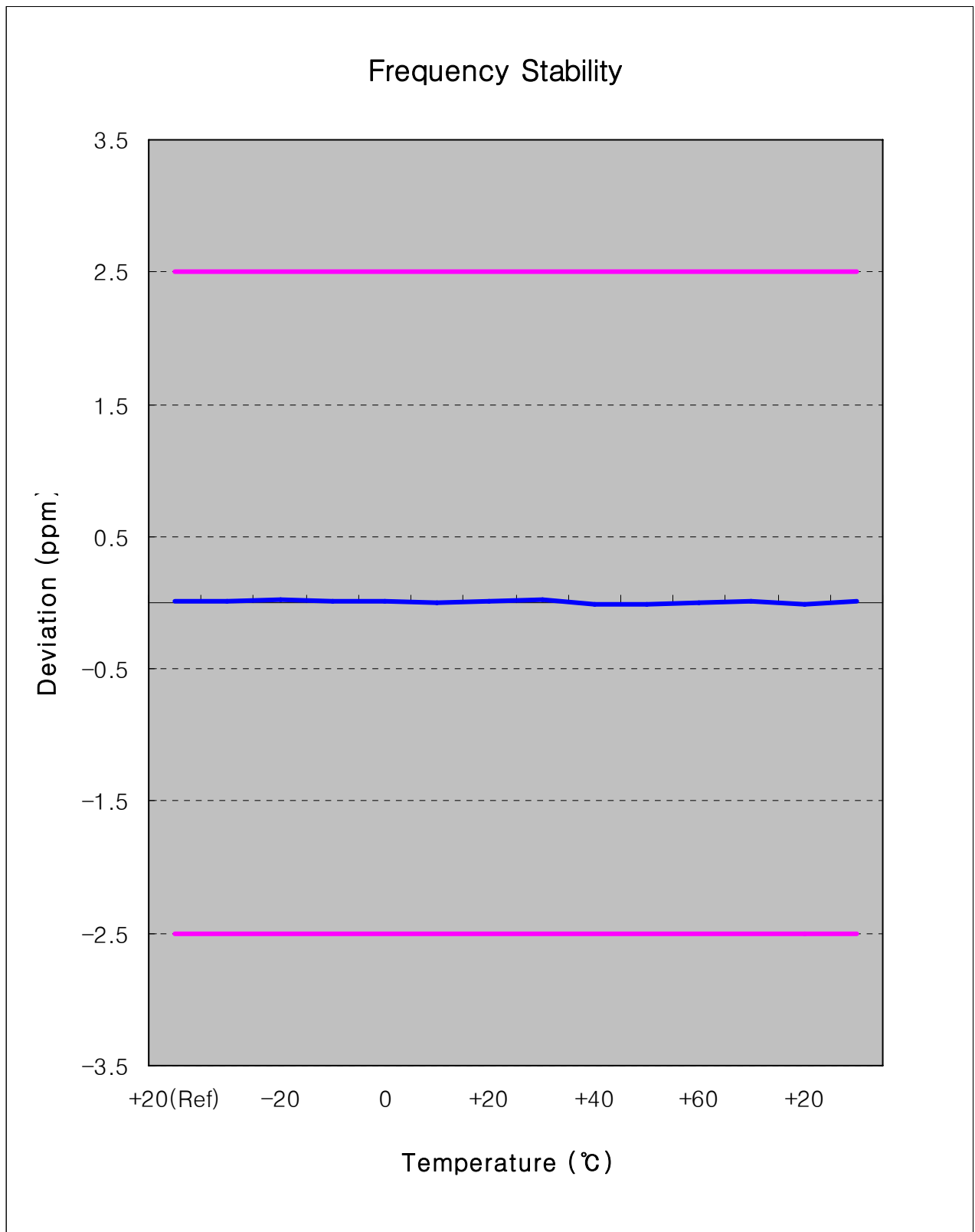
Deviation Limit : ± 0.00025 % or 2.5ppm

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency (Hz)	Deviation (%)	ppm
100%	3.70	+20(Ref)	21.60	1,880,000,022	0.000001	0.011
100%		-30	14.30	1,880,000,014	0.000001	0.008
100%		-20	-39.50	1,879,999,961	-0.000002	-0.021
100%		-10	-9.30	1,879,999,991	0.000000	-0.005
100%		0	0.30	1,880,000,000	0.000000	0.000
100%		+10	16.70	1,880,000,017	0.000001	0.009
100%		+20	21.60	1,880,000,022	0.000001	0.011
100%		+30	-11.70	1,879,999,988	-0.000001	-0.006
100%		+40	21.50	1,880,000,022	0.000001	0.011
100%		+50	-17.60	1,879,999,982	-0.000001	-0.009
100%		+60	-33.60	1,879,999,966	-0.000002	-0.018
115%	4.26	+20	34.30	1,880,000,034	0.000002	0.018
Batt. Endpoint	3.35	+20	-13.50	1,879,999,987	-0.000001	-0.007

Note : The temperature is varied from -30 °C to +50 °C using an environmental chamber.

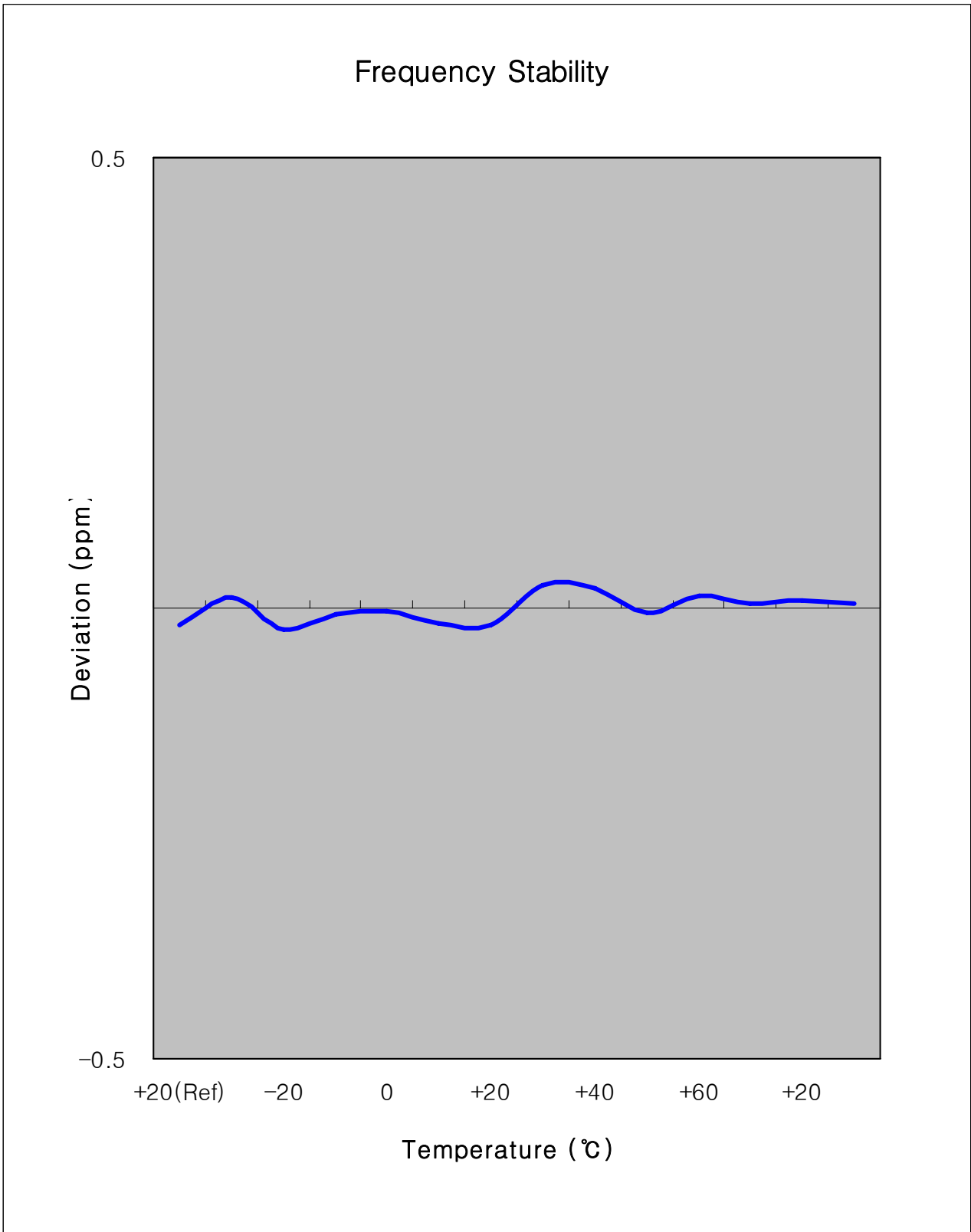
The EUT is tested down to the battery end point

6.4.2 PCS Frequency Stability Graph



– End of page –

Zoom In



- End of page -

7. SAMPLE CALCULATION

7.1 Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 1M25F9W

CDMA BW = 1.25MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Info

W = Combination(Audio/Data)

(Measured at the 99.75% power bandwidth)

– End of page –



8. CONCLUSION

The data collected shows that the SAMSUNG PCS CDMA Phone
FCC ID : A3LSPHM270 complies with all the requirements of Parts 2, 24 of the FCC Rules.

– End of page -

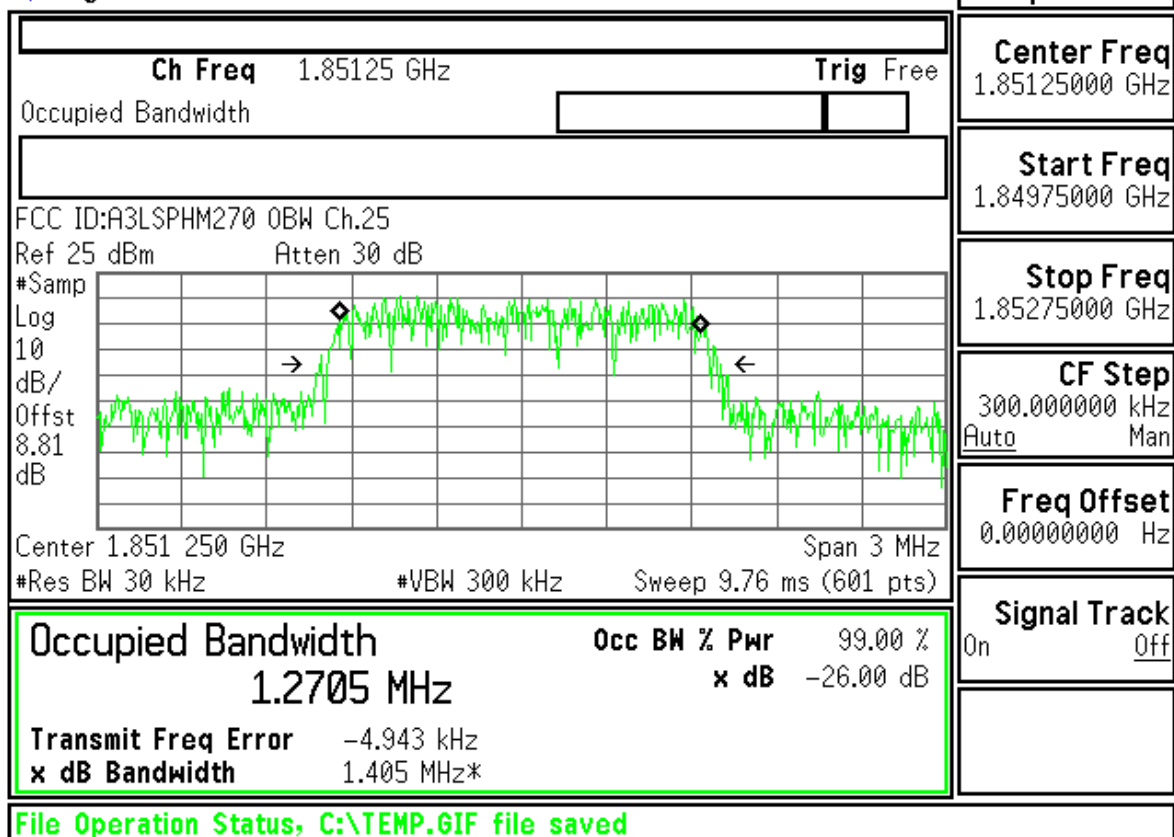
9. TEST PLOTS

Ref Offset(dB) = Cable loss(dB) + Power divider(dB)
Ref Offset at 1880 MHz = 8.83dBm

 Agilent

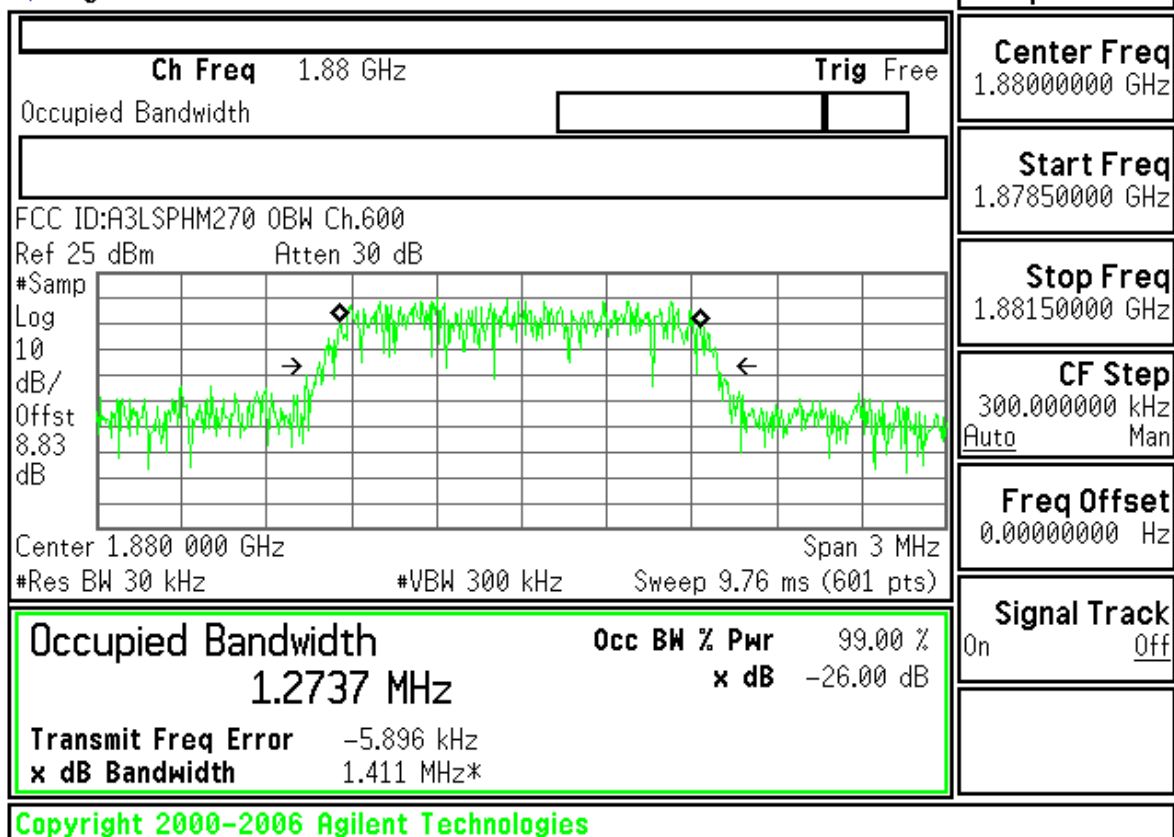
R T

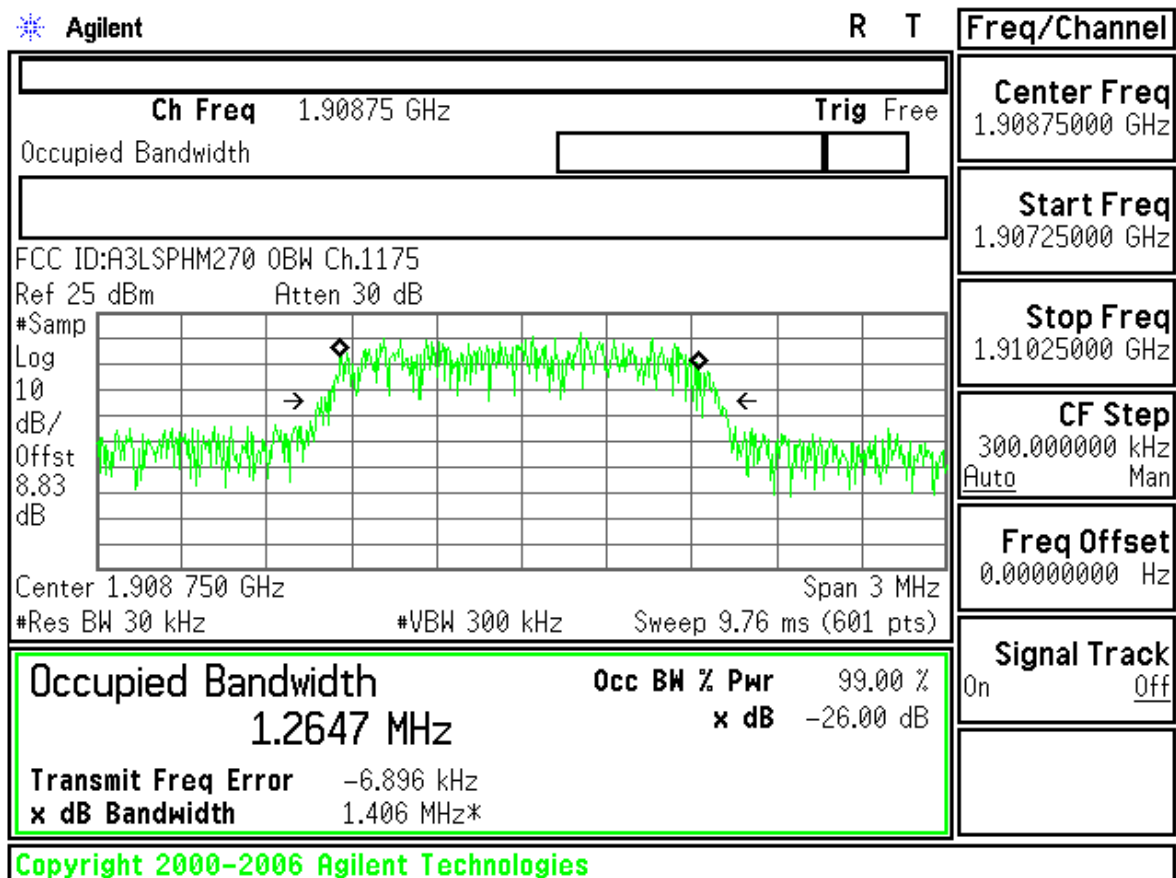
Freq/Channel


 Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel





Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel

FCC ID:A3LSPHM270 Cond Spur Ch.25

Ref 25 dBm

Atten 30 dB

#Peak

Log

10

dB/

Offst

8.81

dB

DI

-13.0

dBm

#LgAv

M1 S2

S3 FC

AA

£(f):

FTun

Swp

Center 1.265 GHz

Span 2.47 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 1 MHz

Sweep 4.12 ms (601 pts)

Center Freq
1.26500000 GHz

Start Freq
30.0000000 MHz

Stop Freq
2.50000000 GHz

CF Step
247.000000 MHz
Auto Man

Freq Offset
0.00000000 Hz

Signal Track
On Off

File Operation Status, C:\TEMP.GIF file saved

Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel

FCC ID:A3LSPHM270 Cond Spur Ch.25

Ref 25 dBm

Atten 30 dB

Mkr1 762 MHz

-43.04 dBm

#Peak

Log

10

dB/

Offst

8.81

dB

DI

-13.0

dBm

#LgAv

V1 S2

S3 FC

AA

£(f):

FTun

Swp

Center 891 MHz

Span 1.721 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 1 MHz

Sweep 2.88 ms (601 pts)

Center Freq
890.625000 MHz

Start Freq
30.0000000 MHz

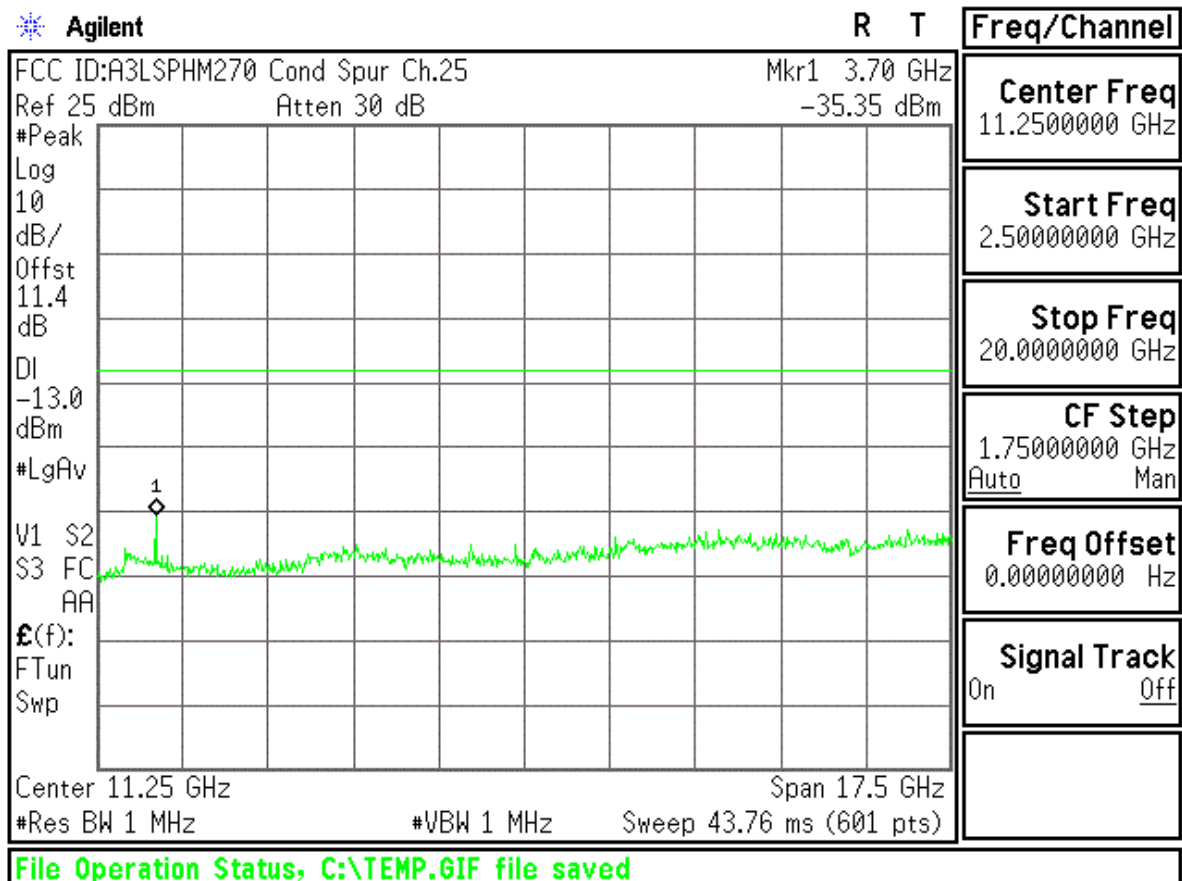
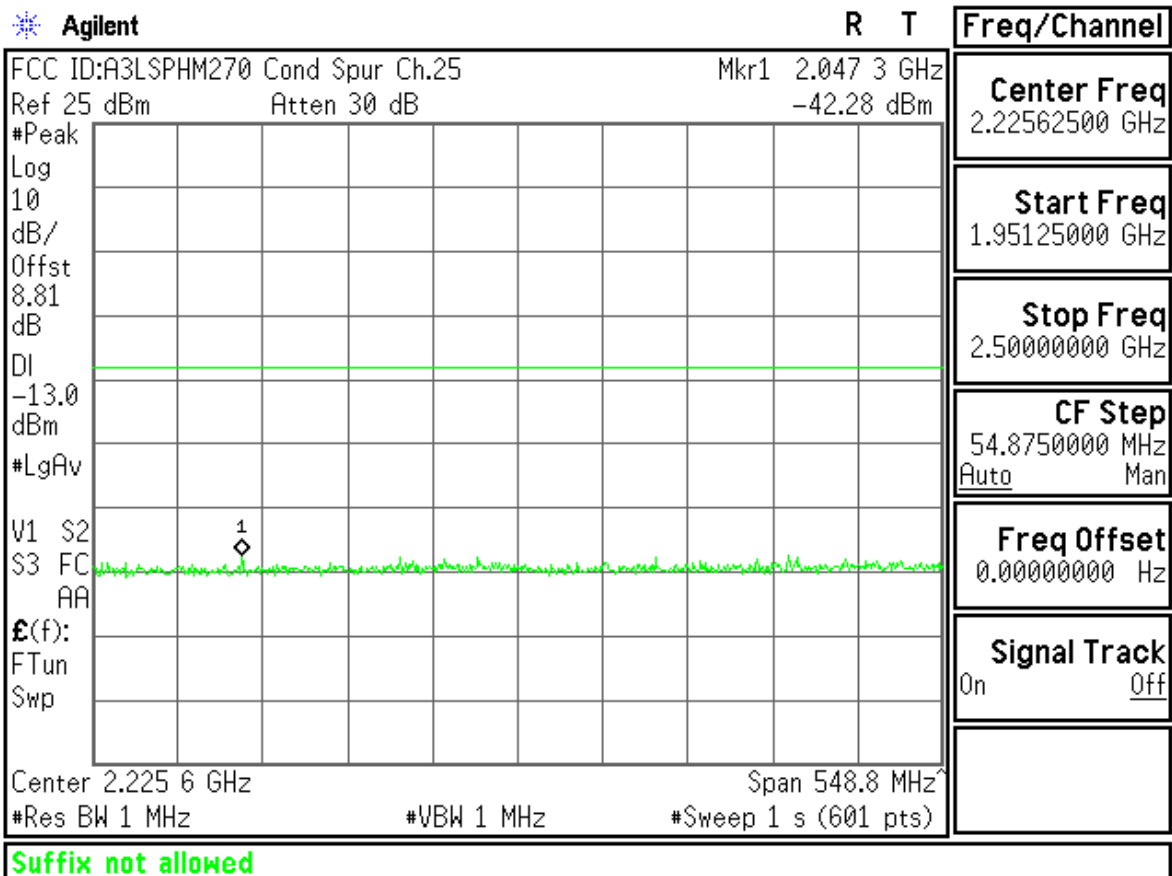
Stop Freq
1.75125000 GHz

CF Step
172.125000 MHz
Auto Man

Freq Offset
0.00000000 Hz

Signal Track
On Off

File Operation Status, C:\TEMP.GIF file saved



Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel

FCC ID:A3LSPHM270 Cond Spur Ch.600

Ref 25 dBm

Atten 30 dB

#Peak

Log

10

dB/

Offst

8.83

dB

DI

-13.0

dBm

#LgAv

M1 S2

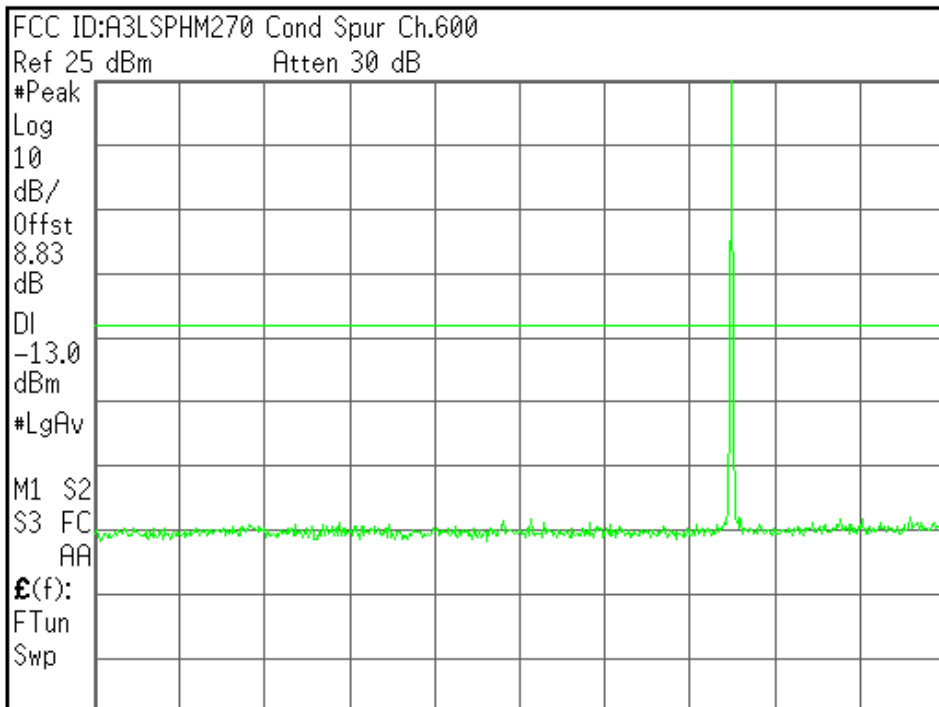
S3 FC

AA

£(f):

FTun

Swp



Center 1.265 GHz

Span 2.47 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 1 MHz

Sweep 4.12 ms (601 pts)

Center Freq
1.26500000 GHz

Start Freq
30.0000000 MHz

Stop Freq
2.50000000 GHz

CF Step
247.000000 MHz
Auto Man

Freq Offset
0.00000000 Hz

Signal Track
On Off

File Operation Status, C:\TEMP.GIF file saved

Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel

FCC ID:A3LSPHM270 Cond Spur Ch.600

Ref 25 dBm

Atten 30 dB

Mkr1 1.742 GHz

-43.09 dBm

#Peak

Log

10

dB/

Offst

8.83

dB

DI

-13.0

dBm

#LgAv

V1 S2

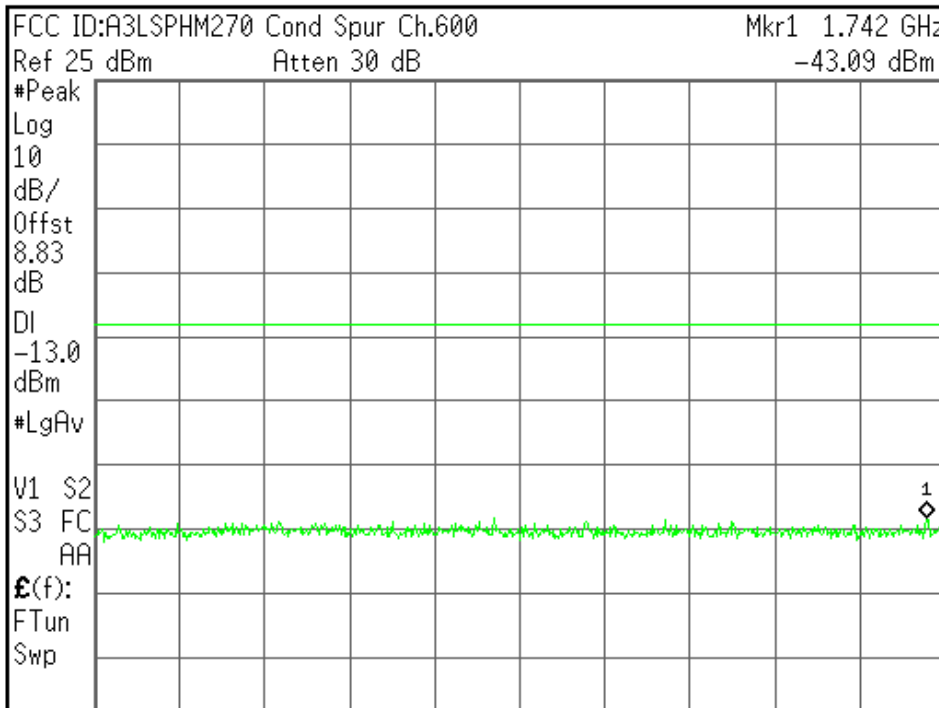
S3 FC

AA

£(f):

FTun

Swp



Center 905 MHz

Span 1.75 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 1 MHz

Sweep 2.92 ms (601 pts)

Center Freq
905.000000 MHz

Start Freq
30.0000000 MHz

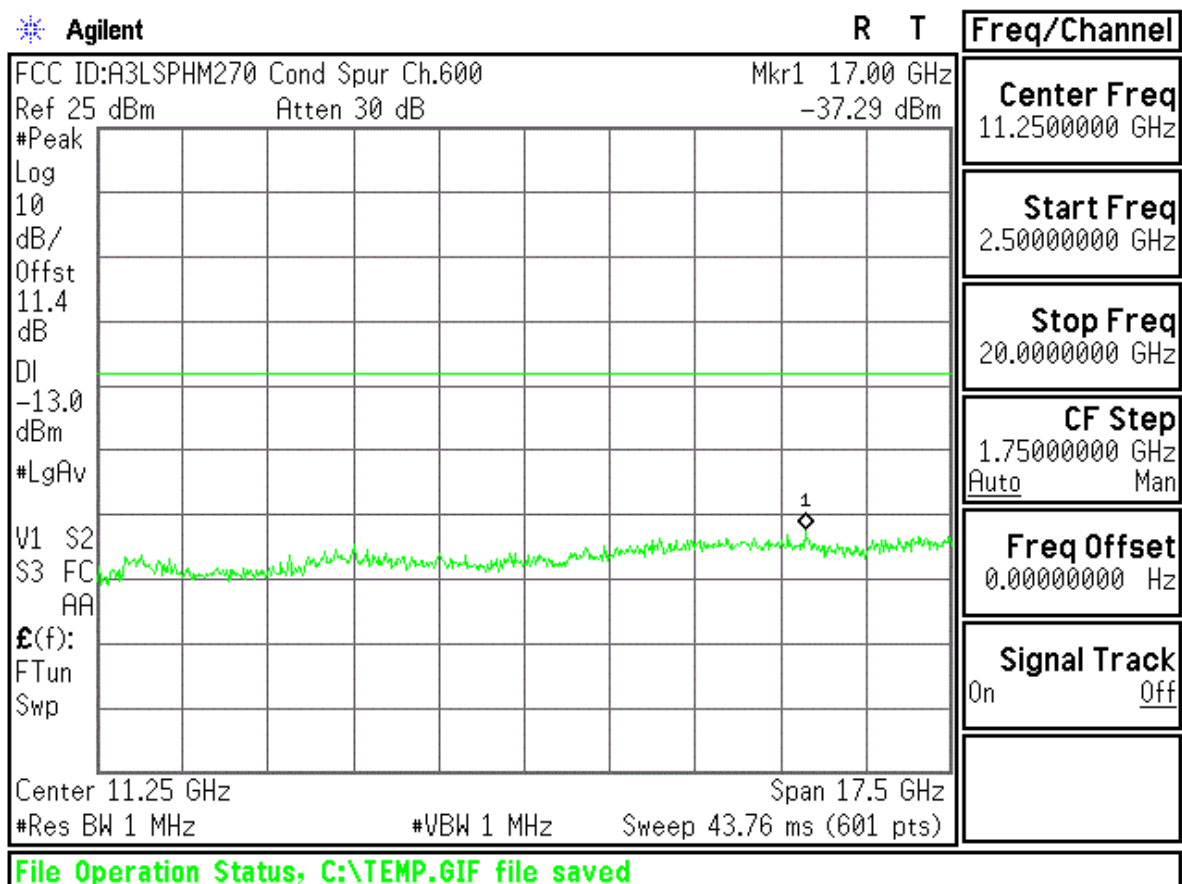
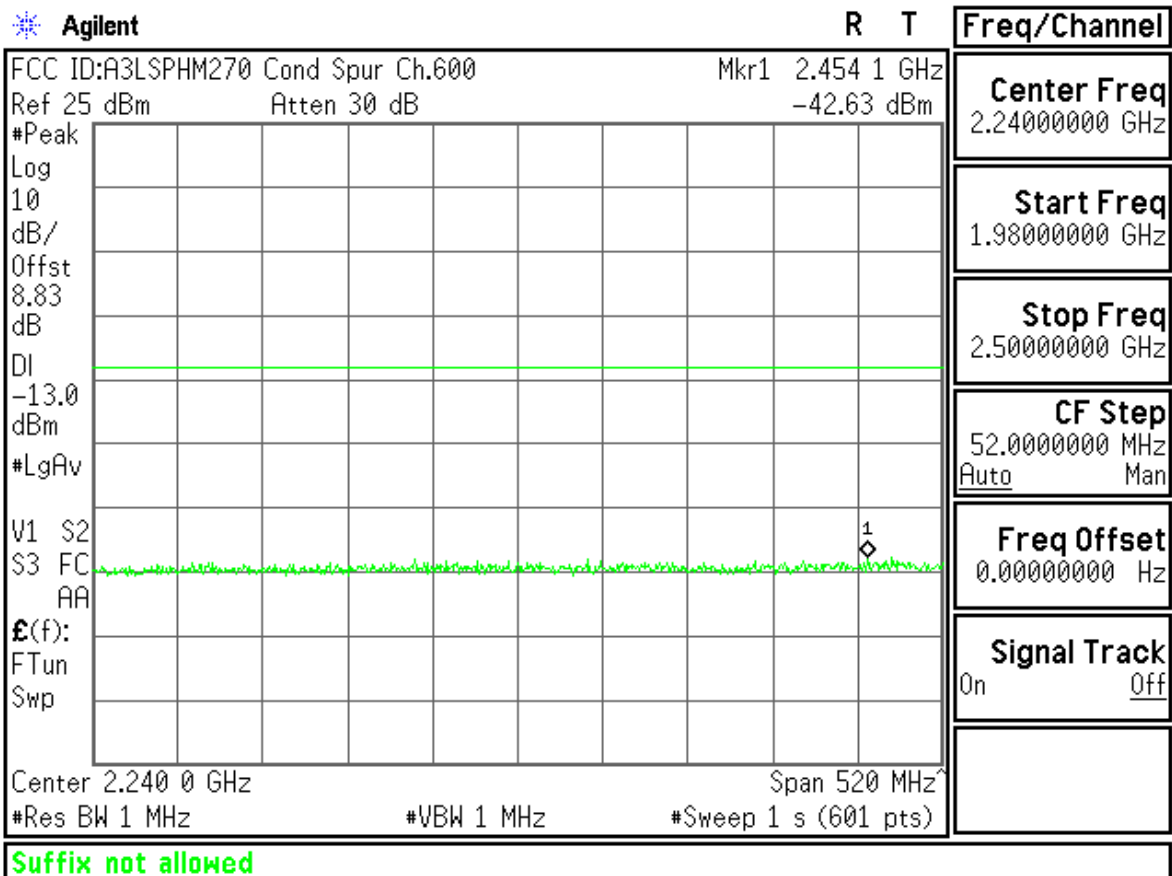
Stop Freq
1.78000000 GHz

CF Step
175.000000 MHz
Auto Man

Freq Offset
0.00000000 Hz

Signal Track
On Off

File Operation Status, C:\TEMP.GIF file saved



Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel

FCC ID:A3LSPHM270 Cond Spur Ch.1175

Ref 25 dBm

Atten 30 dB

#Peak

Log

10

dB/

Offst

8.83

dB

DI

-13.0

dBm

#LgAv

M1 S2

S3 FC

AA

£(f):

FTun

Swp

Center 1.265 GHz

Span 2.47 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 1 MHz

Sweep 4.12 ms (601 pts)

Center Freq
1.26500000 GHz

Start Freq
30.0000000 MHz

Stop Freq
2.50000000 GHz

CF Step
247.000000 MHz
Auto Man

Freq Offset
0.00000000 Hz

Signal Track
On Off

File Operation Status, C:\TEMP.GIF file saved

Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel

FCC ID:A3LSPHM270 Cond Spur Ch.1175

Mkr1 1.409 GHz

Ref 25 dBm

Atten 30 dB

-43.15 dBm

#Peak

Log

10

dB/

Offst

8.83

dB

DI

-13.0

dBm

#LgAv

V1 S2

S3 FC

AA

£(f):

FTun

Swp

Center 919 MHz

Span 1.779 GHz

#Res BW 1 MHz

#VBW 1 MHz

Sweep 3 ms (601 pts)

Center Freq
919.375000 MHz

Start Freq
30.0000000 MHz

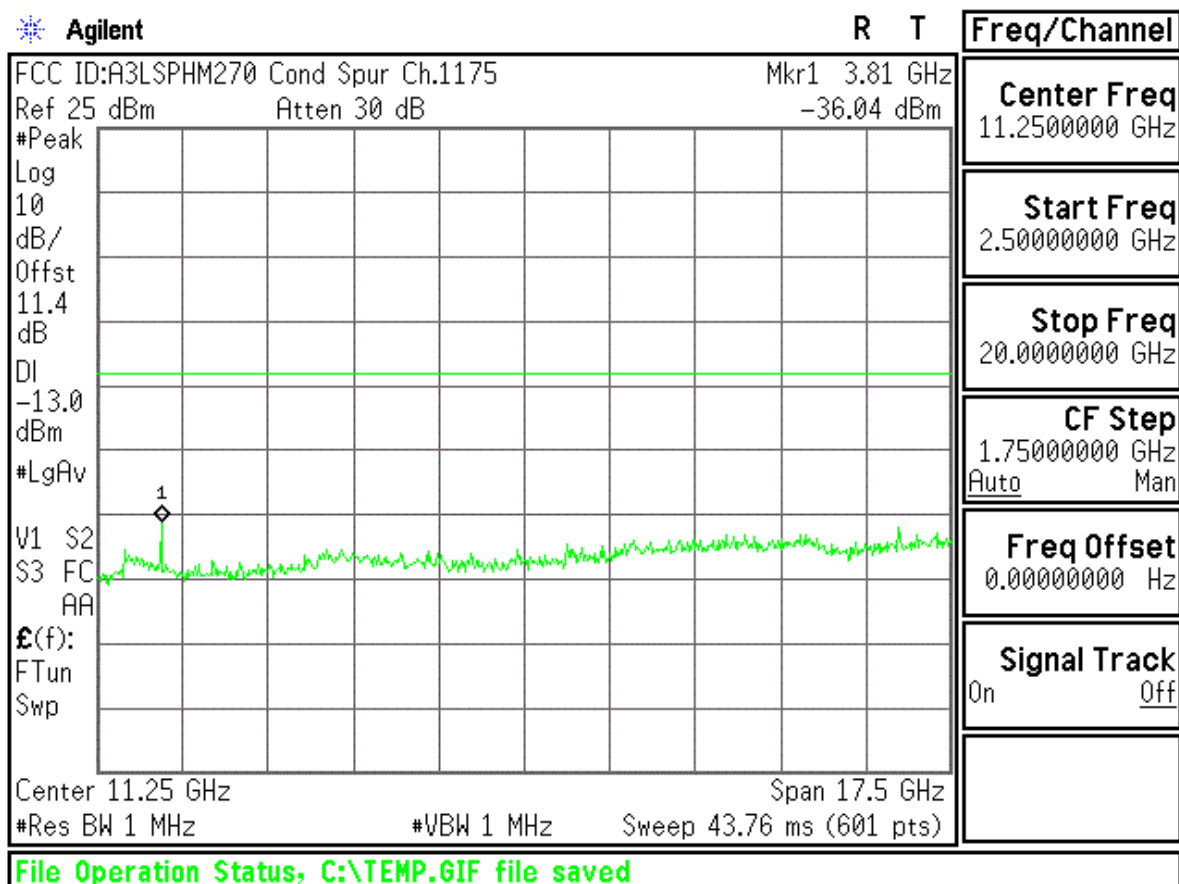
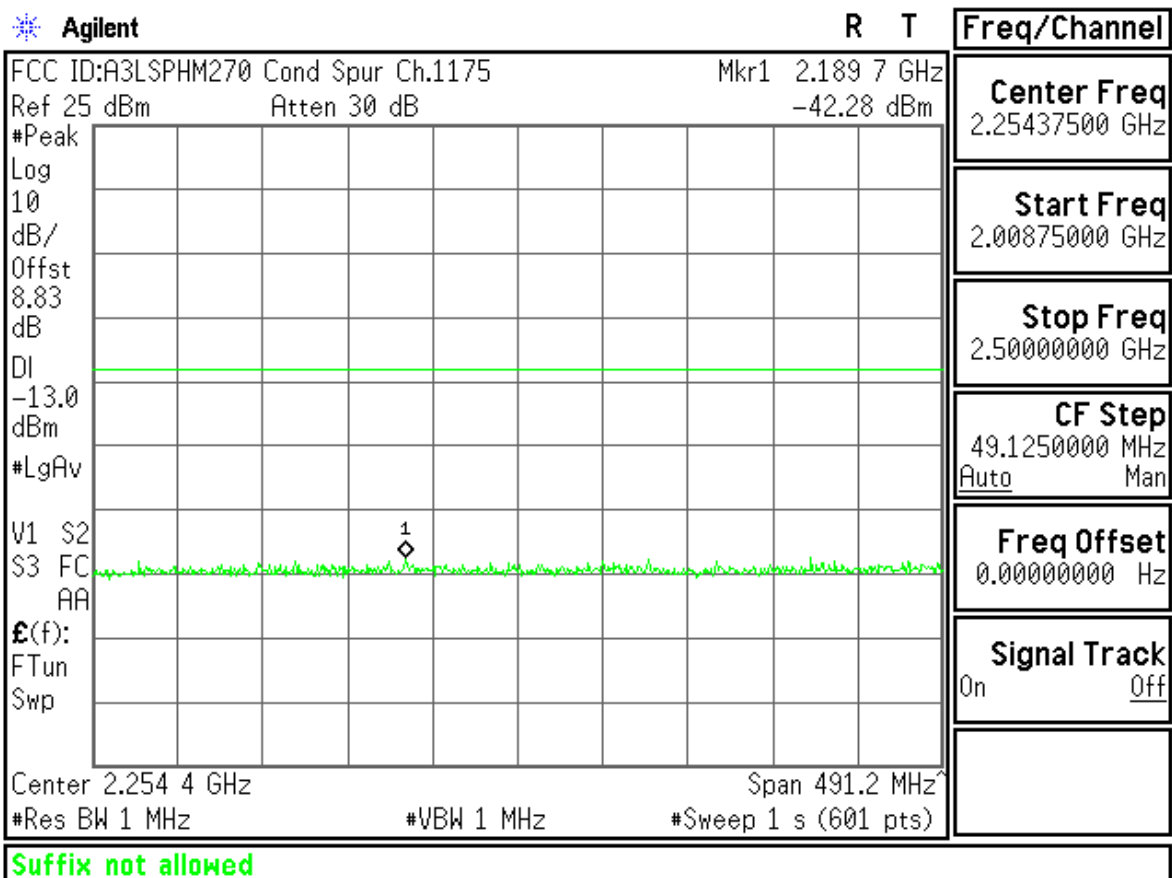
Stop Freq
1.80875000 GHz

CF Step
177.875000 MHz
Auto Man

Freq Offset
0.00000000 Hz

Signal Track
On Off

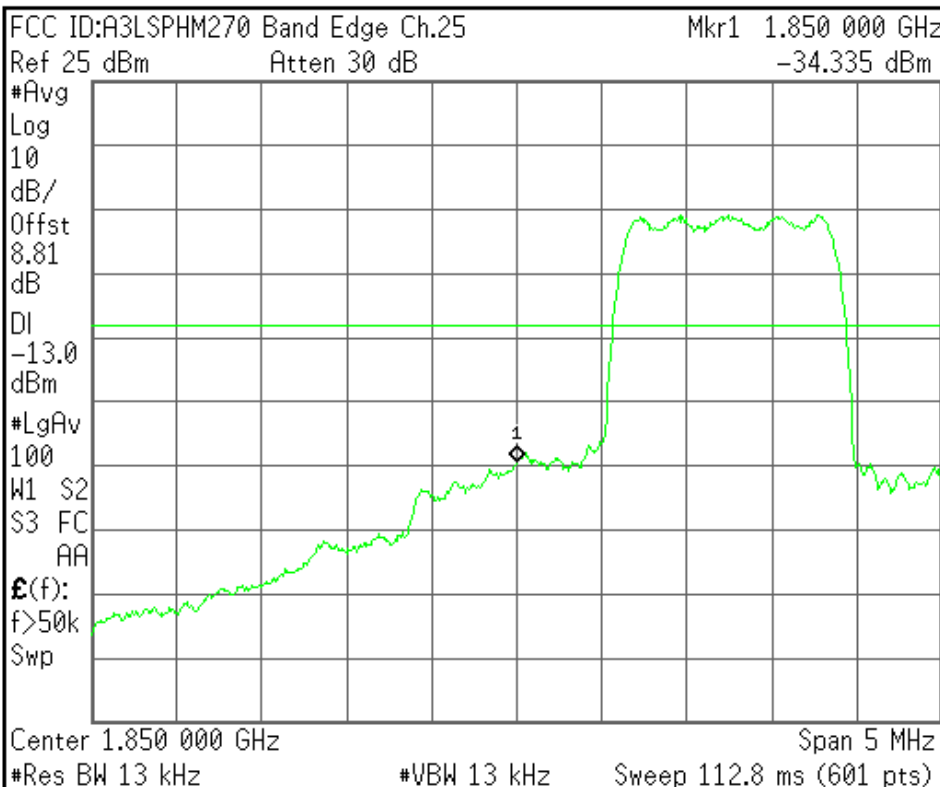
File Operation Status, C:\TEMP.GIF file saved



Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel



Center Freq
1.85000000 GHz

Start Freq
1.84750000 GHz

Stop Freq
1.85250000 GHz

CF Step
500.000000 kHz
Auto Man

Freq Offset
0.00000000 Hz

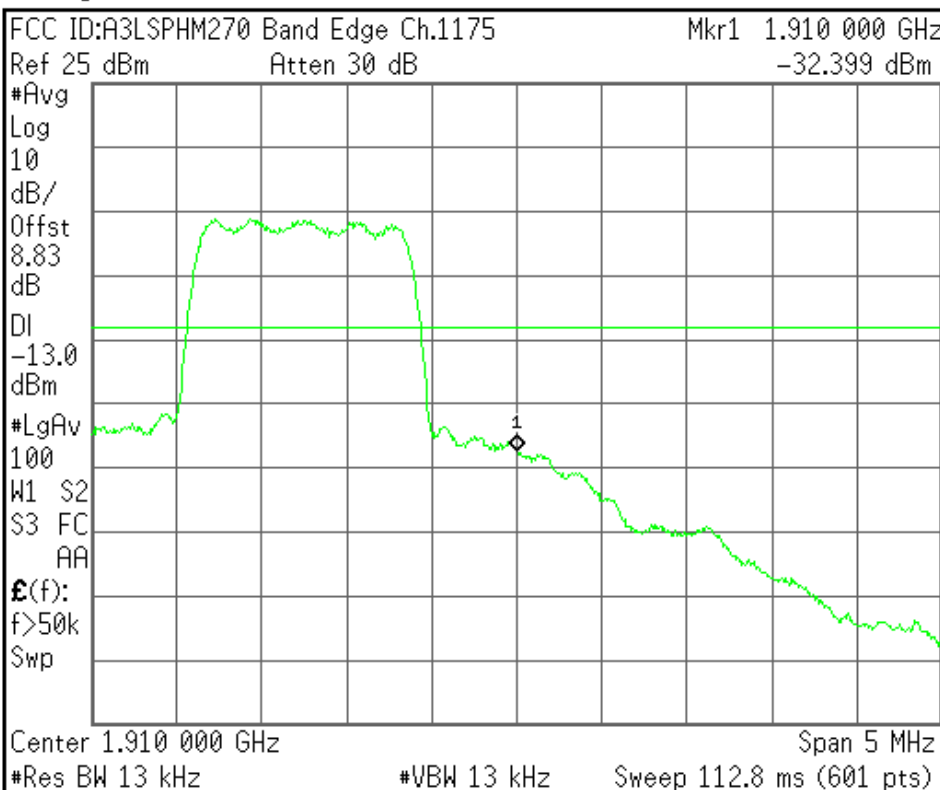
Signal Track
On Off

Invalid suffix

Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel



Center Freq
1.91000000 GHz

Start Freq
1.90750000 GHz

Stop Freq
1.91250000 GHz

CF Step
500.000000 kHz
Auto Man

Freq Offset
0.00000000 Hz

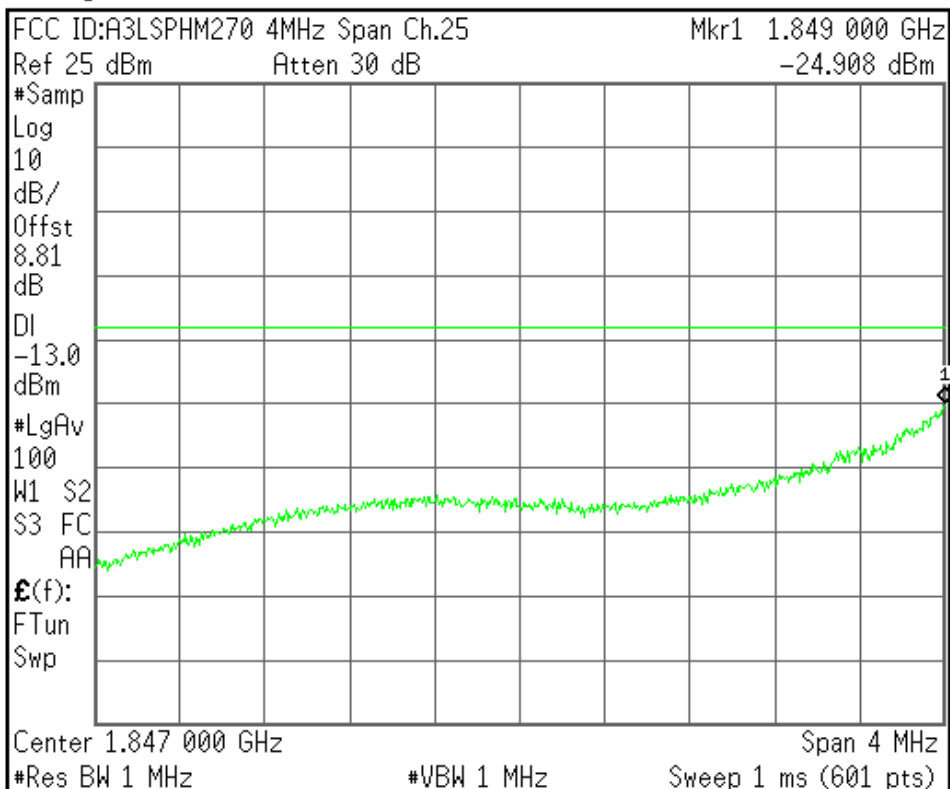
Signal Track
On Off

Invalid suffix

Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel



Center Freq
 1.84700000 GHz

Start Freq
 1.84500000 GHz

Stop Freq
 1.84900000 GHz

CF Step
 400.000000 kHz
 Auto Man

Freq Offset
 0.00000000 Hz

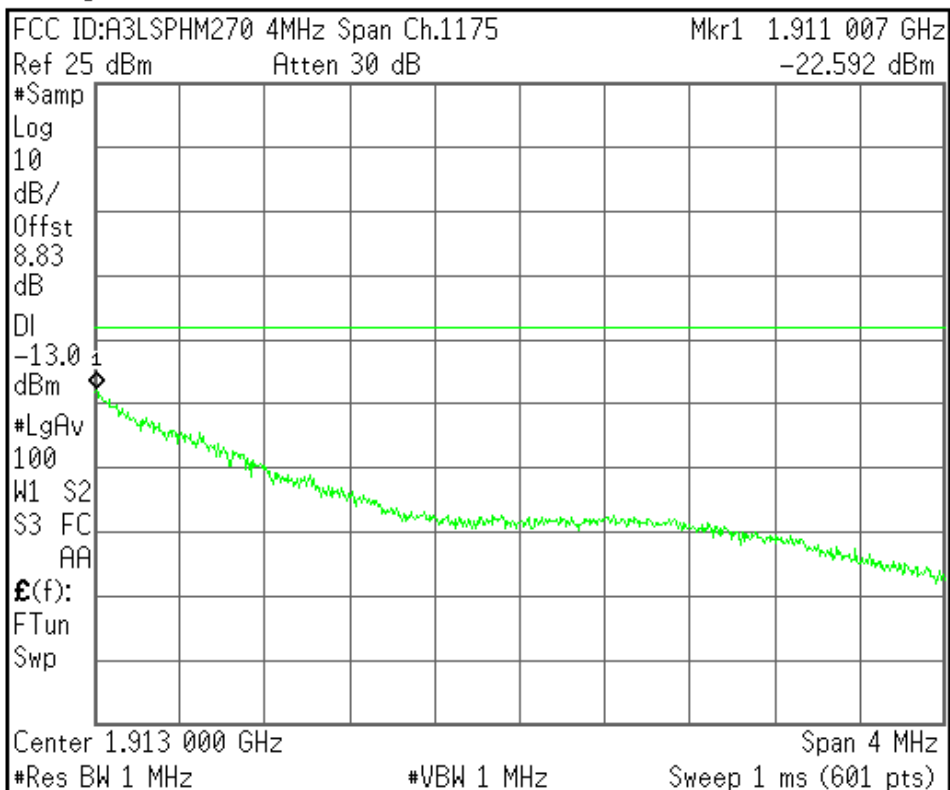
Signal Track
 On Off

Copyright 2000-2006 Agilent Technologies

Agilent

R T

Freq/Channel



Center Freq
 1.91300000 GHz

Start Freq
 1.91100000 GHz

Stop Freq
 1.91500000 GHz

CF Step
 400.000000 kHz
 Auto Man

Freq Offset
 0.00000000 Hz

Signal Track
 On Off

File Operation Status, C:\TEMP.GIF file saved

