Prüfbericht-Nr.: *Test report no.:*	**CN23W9KU 001**	**Auftrags-Nr.:** *Order no.:*	168404927	Seite 1 von 28 *Page 1 of 28*
Kunden-Referenz-Nr.: *Client reference no.:*	N/A	**Auftragsdatum:** *Order date:*	2023-01-04	
Auftraggeber: *Client:*	**Panasonic Corporation of North America** Two Riverfront Plaza, 9th Floor Newark, New Jersey 07102-5490 United States			
Prüfgegenstand: *Test item:*	Digital Wireless Stereo Earphones			
Bezeichnung / Typ-Nr.: *Identification / Type no.:*	EAH-AZ40M2 (Trademark: Technics)			
Auftrags-Inhalt: *Order content:*	FCC approval			
Prüfgrundlage: *Test specification:*	FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093 IEEE Std 1528-2013 Published RF exposure KDB procedures			
Wareneingangsdatum: *Date of sample receipt:*	2022-11-14	Please refer to Photo Document		
Prüfmuster-Nr.: *Test sample no:*	A003371483-002			
Prüfzeitraum: *Testing period:*	2022-11-16 –2022-11-16			
Ort der Prüfung: *Place of testing:*	TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.			
Prüflaboratorium: *Testing laboratory:*	TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.			
Prüfergebnis*: *Test result*:*	Pass			
geprüft von: *tested by:*	X Chris Chen Signed by: Chris Chen	**genehmigt von:** *authorized by:*	X Yan Signed by: Andy Yan	
Datum: *Date:* 2023-01-19		**Ausstellungsdatum:** *Issue date:* 2023-01-19		
Stellung */ Position:*	Section Manager	**Stellung** */ Position:*	Reviewer	
Sonstiges */ Other:*	FCC ID: ACJ-EAH-AZ40M2			
Zustand des Prüfgegenstandes bei Anlieferung: *Condition of the test item at delivery:*	Prüfmuster vollständig und unbeschädigt *Test item complete and undamaged*			

* Legende:	1 = sehr gut	2 = gut	3 = befriedigend	4 = ausreichend	5 = mangelhaft
	P(ass) = entspricht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n)		F(ail) = entspricht nicht o.g. Prüfgrundlage(n)	N/A = nicht anwendbar	N/T = nicht getestet
** Legend:*	*1 = very good*	*2 = good*	*3 = satisfactory*	*4 = sufficient*	*5 = poor*
	P(ass) = passed a.m. test specification(s)		*F(ail) = failed a.m. test specification(s)*	*N/A = not applicable*	*N/T = not tested*

Dieser Prüfbericht bezieht sich nur auf das o.g. Prüfmuster und darf ohne Genehmigung der Prüfstelle nicht auszugsweise vervielfältigt werden. Dieser Bericht berechtigt nicht zur Verwendung eines Prüfzeichens.
This test report only relates to the a. m. test sample. Without permission of the test center this test report is not permitted to be duplicated in extracts. This test report does not entitle to carry any test mark.
V05

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1. General Information

1.1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR_{1g} (0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
Bluetooth	**0.175**
BLE	**0.287**

Note:

1. This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; 10-gram SAR for Product Specific 10g SAR, limit: 4.0W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.
2. The Bluetooth and BLE cannot transmit simultaneously, so there is no co-location test requirement for Bluetooth and BLE.

1.2. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

1.2.1. General Information

Equipment Name	Digital Wireless Stereo Earphones
FCC ID	ACJ-EAH-AZ40M2
Brand Name	Technics
Model Name	EAH-AZ40M2
Series Model name	N/A
Model Differences	N/A
HW Version	TBD
SW Version	TBD
Antenna Type	Fixed Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Production Unit

1.2.2. Wireless Technologies

Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz BLE: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Uplink Modulations	Bluetooth®: GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8-DPSK BLE: 1M,2M

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

2. Test Sites

2.1. Test Facilities

TÜV Rheinland (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

No. 362 Huanguan Road Middle Longhua District, Shenzhen 518110 People's Republic of China

A2LA Cert. No.: 5162.01

FCC Registration No.: 694916

IC Registration No.: 25069

2.2. Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	22.6°C
Relative Humidity	54%

2.3. List of Test and Measurement Instruments

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1014	May. 19, 2021	3 years
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7506	May. 31, 2022	1 year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1557	Jan. 20, 2022	1 year
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV 7	103665	Aug. 09, 2022	1 year
Vector Network Analyzer	R&S	ZNB 8	107040	Aug. 09, 2022	1 year
Dielectric assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1269	May. 30, 2022	1 year
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB 100A	180840	Aug. 09, 2022	1 year
EPM Series Power Meter	Keysight	N1914A	MY58240005	Nov. 21, 2022	2 years
Power Sensor	Keysight	N8481H	MY58250002	Nov. 21, 2022	1 year
Power Sensor	Keysight	N8481H	MY58250006	Nov. 21, 2022	1 year
DC Power Supply	Topward	3303D	809332	Nov. 21, 2022	1 year
Coaxial Directional Couper	Keysight	773D	MY52180552	Nov. 21, 2022	1 year
Coaxial Directional Couper	shhuaxiang	DTO-0.4/3.9-10	18052101	Nov. 21, 2022	1 year
Coaxial attenuator	Keysight	8491A	MY52463219	Nov. 21, 2022	1 year
Coaxial attenuator	Keysight	8491A	MY52463210	Nov. 21, 2022	1 year
Coaxial attenuator	Keysight	8491A	MY52463222	Nov. 21, 2022	1 year
Digital Thermometer	LKM	DTM3000	3116	Nov. 21, 2022	1 year
Power Amplifier Mini circuit	mini-circuits	ZHL-42W	SN002101809	N/A	N/A
Power Amplifier Mini circuit	mini-circuits	ZVE-8G	SN070501814	N/A	N/A
PHANTOM	SPEAG	SAM-Twin V8.0	1961	N/A	N/A

3. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System Errors							
Probe Calibration	±13.3%	Normal (k=2)	2	1	1	± 6.65 %	± 6.65 %
Probe Calibration Drift	±1.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%
Probe Linearity	±4.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%
Broadband Signal	±3.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%
Probe Isotropy	±7.6%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±4.4%	±4.4%
Other Probe + Electronic	±0.7%	Normal	1	1	1	±0.7%	±0.7%
RF Ambient	±1.8%	Normal	1	1	1	±1.8%	±1.8%
Probe Positioning	±0.006mm	Normal	1	0.14	0.14	±0.10%	±0.10%
Data Processing	±1.2%	Normal	1	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%
Phantom and Device Errors							
Conductivity (meas.)[DAK]	±2.5%	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	±2.0%	±1.8%
Conductivity (temp.)[BB]	±3.3%	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%
Phantom Permittivity	±14.0%	Rectangular	√3	0	0	±0%	±0%
Distance DUT – TSL	±2.0%	Normal	1	2	2	±4.0%	±4.0%
Device Positioning	±2.4%/±2.8%	Normal	1	1	1	±2.8%	±2.8%
Device Holder	±3.4%/±3.5%	Normal	1	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%
DUT Modulation[m]	±2.4%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%
Time-average SAR	±1.7%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±1.0%	±1.0%
DUT drift	±2.5%	Normal	1	1	1	±2.5%	±2.5%
Val Antenna Unc.[val]	±0.0%	Normal	1	1	1	±0%	±0%
Unc. Input Power[val]	±0.0%	Normal	1	1	1	±0%	±0%
Correction to the SAR results							
Deviation to Target	±1.9%	Normal	1	1	0.84	±1.9%	±1.6%
SAR scaling[p]	±0.0%	Rectangular	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%
Combined Standard Uncertainty (K = 1)						±12.54%	±12.44%
Expanded Uncertainty (K = 2)						**±25.1%**	**±24.9%**

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

4. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE STD 1528- 2013, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures & manufacturer KDB inquiries:

- KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
- KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

- TCB workshop April, 2019; Page 19, Tissue Simulating Liquids(TSL)

5. SAR Measurement System

5.1. Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

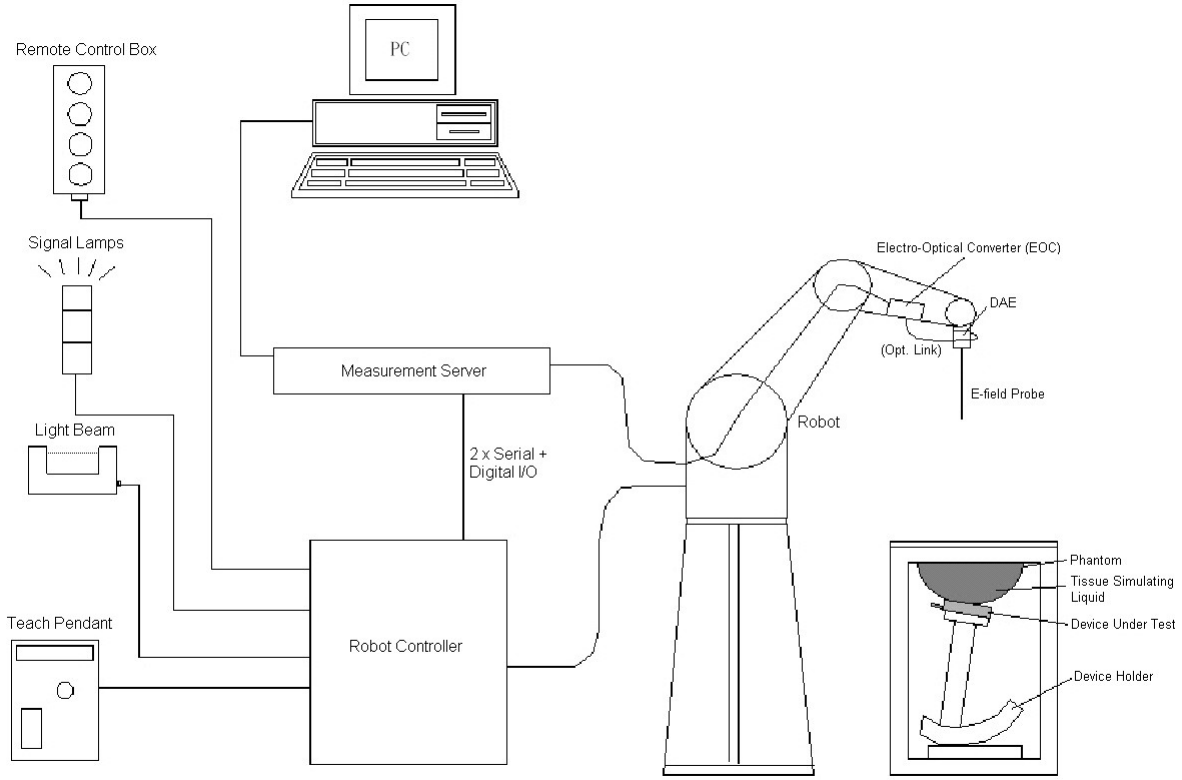
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)
SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

5.2. SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.



DASY System Setup

5.2.1.Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

DASY6

5.2.2. Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

5.2.3.Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

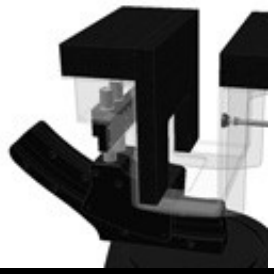
5.2.4. Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body-mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	The ELI phantom is used for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all of SPEAG's dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

5.2.5. Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-1528 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

5.2.6.System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with l/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

5.2.7. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed.

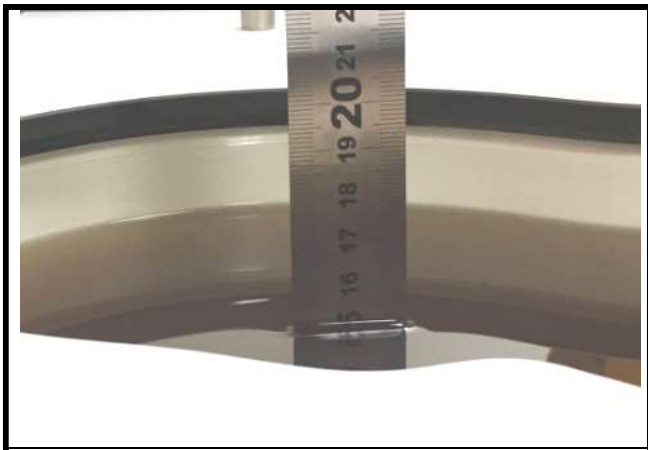
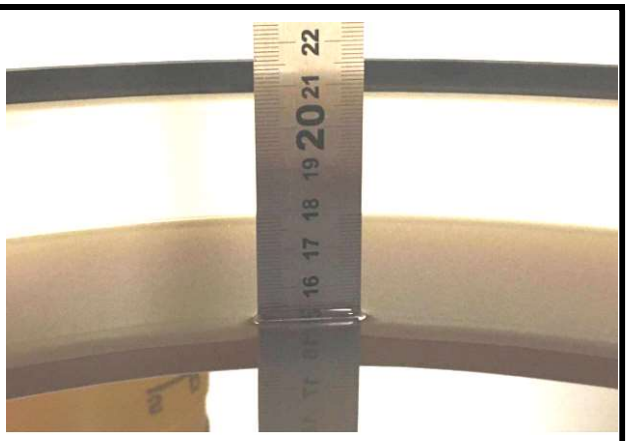
	

Photo of Liquid Height for Head Position	**Photo of Liquid Height for Body Position**

The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
For Head				
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
For Body				
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	8.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

Simulating Head Liquid (HBBL600-6000MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

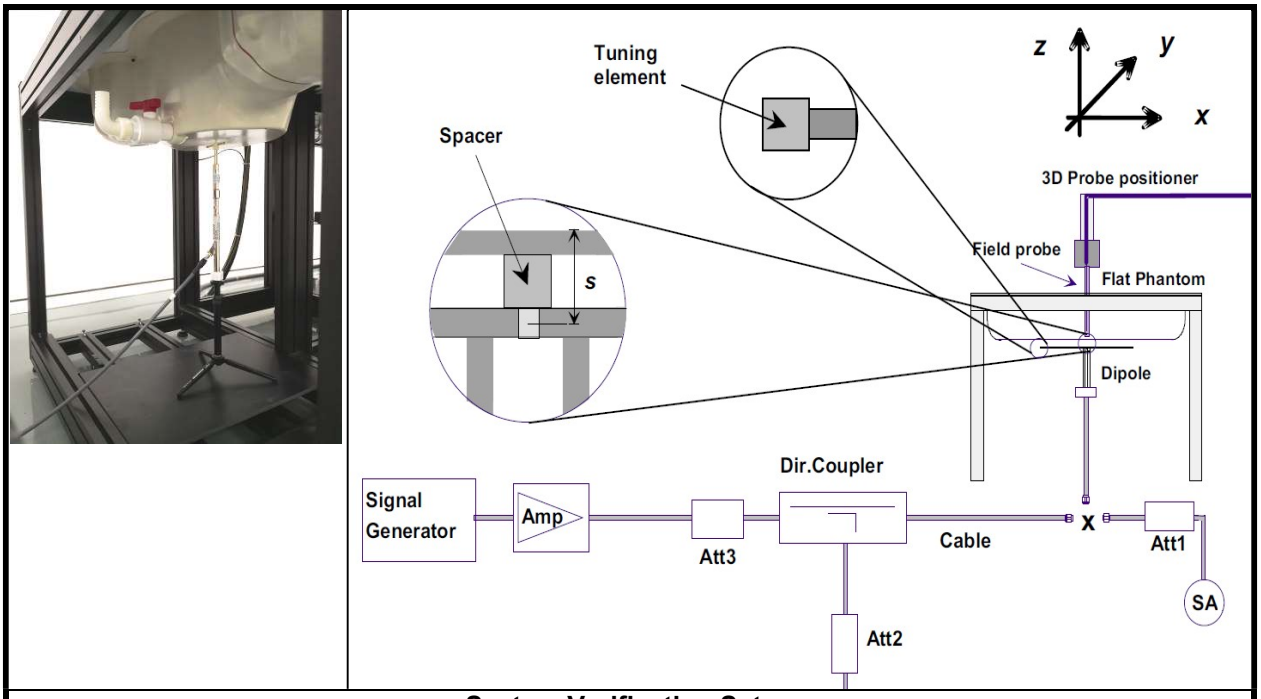
Water (% by weight)	Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors (% by weight)	Sodium salt (% by weight)
50 - 65%	10 - 30%	8 - 25%

Simulating Body Liquid (MBBL600-6000MHz), Manufactured by SPEAG:

Water (% by weight)	Esters, Emulsifiers, Inhibitors (% by weight)	Sodium salt (% by weight)
60 - 80%	20 - 40%	0 – 1.5%

5.2.8.SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.



System Verification Setup

The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

6. SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

(a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
(b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
(c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
(d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
(e) Record the SAR value

6.1. Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:
When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of Δx / Δy (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

6.2. Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

6.3. Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

6.4. Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

6.5. SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard’s method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

7. SAR Measurement Evaluation

7.1. EUT Configuration and Setting

<Considerations Related to Bluetooth for Setup and Testing>

This device has installed Bluetooth engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During Bluetooth SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

7.2. EUT Testing Position

7.2.1. Head Exposure Conditions

This device is a Bluetooth headset that are used in the head position, SAR evaluation is required on front and Rear of the headset, at 0 mm separation from a flat phantom.

7.3. Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
Nov. 16, 2022	H2450	2450	1.872	38.152	1.80	39.20	4.00	-2.67

Note:
The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within ±5% of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ±2 ℃.

7.4. System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibration Point		Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Validation for CW			Validation for Modulation		
						Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
Nov. 16, 2022	7506	Head	2450	1.872	38.152	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	N/A	Pass

7.5. System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
Nov. 16, 2022	Head	2450	51.80	13.20	52.80	1.93	1014	7506	1557

Note:
Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

8. Maximum Output Power

8.1. Measured Conducted Power Result

The average power and Max. Tune up (Unit: dBm) are shown as below.

<Bluetooth _ Left Earphone>

Mode	**Bluetooth**		
Data Rate	**DH5**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	**9.80**	9.73	9.69
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		
Mode	**Bluetooth**		
Data Rate	**2DH5**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	9.72	9.74	9.65
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		
Mode	**Bluetooth**		
Data Rate	**3DH5**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	9.75	9.68	9.62
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		
Mode	**Bluetooth LE**		
Data Rate	**1M**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	9.75	**9.77**	9.65
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		
Mode	**Bluetooth LE**		
Data Rate	**2M**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	**9.76**	9.75	9.64
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		

<Bluetooth _ Right Earphone>

Mode	**Bluetooth**		
Data Rate	**DH5**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	9.49	9.52	**9.55**
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		
Mode	**Bluetooth**		
Data Rate	**2DH5**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	9.44	9.42	**9.45**
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		
Mode	**Bluetooth**		
Data Rate	**3DH5**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	9.47	9.40	9.31
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		
Mode	**Bluetooth LE**		
Data Rate	**1M**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	9.46	9.49	9.38
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		
Mode	**Bluetooth LE**		
Data Rate	**2M**		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	**0 (2402)**	**39 (2441)**	**78 (2480)**
Average Power	9.47	9.49	9.36
Max. Tune up	**10.0**		

8.2. SAR Testing Results

8.2.1. SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

(1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz

(2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz

(3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

8.2.2.SAR Results for Head Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Ch.	Test Position	Duty Cycle	Crest Factor	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	SAR 1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	BT	DH5	0	Left Earphone	78.00%	1.282	10.00	9.80	-0.06	0.027	1.047	0.037
	BT	DH5	78	Right Earphone	78.00%	1.282	10.00	9.55	0.06	0.007	1.109	0.010
1	BT	DH5	0	Rear Face_Left Earphone	78.00%	1.282	10.00	9.80	0.13	0.090	1.047	0.121
	BT	DH5	78	Rear Face_Right Earphone	78.00%	1.282	10.00	9.55	0.03	0.123	1.109	**0.175**
	BLE	1M	19	Left Earphone	62.00%	1.613	10.00	9.77	-0.05	0.029	1.054	0.049
	BLE	1M	19	Right Earphone	62.00%	1.613	10.00	9.49	0.04	0.009	1.125	0.016
2	BLE	1M	19	Rear Face_Left Earphone	62.00%	1.613	10.00	9.77	-0.09	0.109	1.054	0.185
	BLE	1M	19	Rear Face_Right Earphone	62.00%	1.613	10.00	9.49	-0.04	0.158	1.125	**0.287**

8.2.3. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg, the repeated measurement is not required.

Test Engineer： Warren Xiong,

Appendixes

All attachments are integral parts of this test report. This applies especially to the following appendix:

Appendix A: SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Appendix B: SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

Appendix C: Calibration Certificate for probe and Dipole

Appendix D: Photographs of EUT and setup