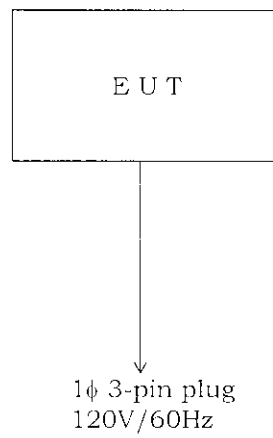


Test System-Arrangement (Drawings)



Preliminary Test and Test-setup(Drawings)

Magnetic Field Radiated Emission 9 kHz - 30 MHz:

The preliminary test was performed according to the description of FCC/OET MP-5 (1986) Sec.5.1 (Preliminary Radiated Emissions Tests) and Sec.5.2 (Equipment Configurations).

The preliminary test was carried out to investigate the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limits within normal operating modes, cable positions, and a typical system configuration. In order to find out to the maximum emission, the preliminary test and a final test were performed in accordance with the following steps.

Step 1: One operation mode of the test system was setting.

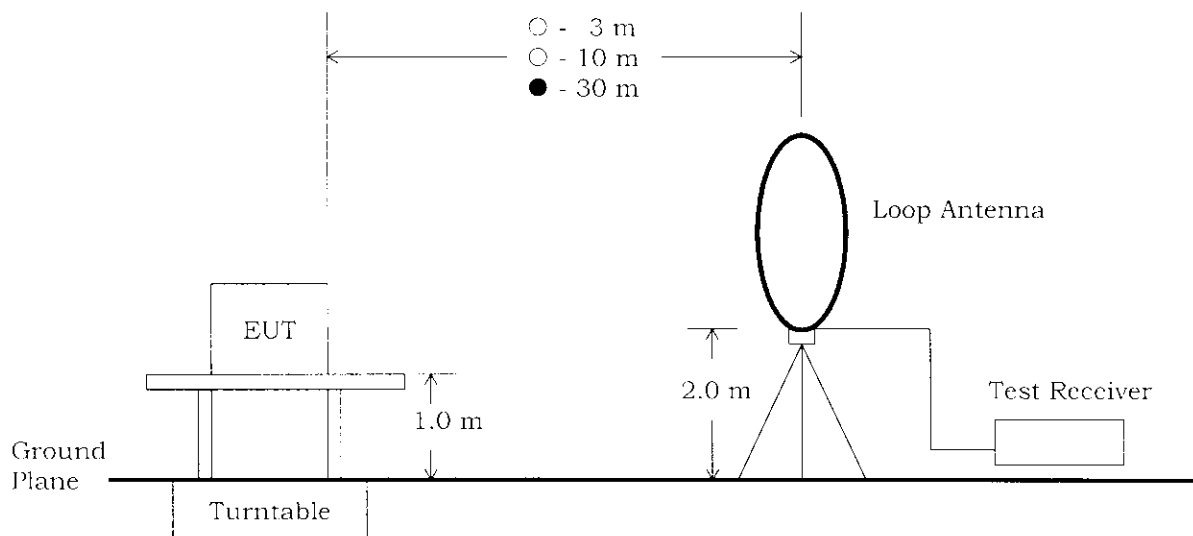
Step 2: In order to investigate the frequencies of maximum emissions, the loop antenna position was approached to the EUT and the significant frequency of the emission's circumstance from the test system were investigated. These data were recorded in the specified frequency band (9 kHz - 30 MHz).

Step 3: Using a test receiver and a loop antenna, the emission's circumstance from the test system was measured in according with FCC/OET MP-5 (1986) Sec.5.6 (Final Radiated Emissions Tests) at each frequency which was found the higher emission referred to level vs. frequency on the list and which was measured by the loop antenna.

Step 4: Return to step 1, if the other operation mode was possible to be setting.

Step 5: The worst result was reported arranging data of which was obtained and performed by one or plural operation modes as the final test.

At the worst point that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit the repeatability of the level was reconfirmed. The photographs of the tests system setup on the worst point were taken and recorded.



Electromagnetic Field Radiated Emission 30 MHz - 1000 MHz:

The preliminary test was performed according to the description of FCC/OET MP-5 (1986) Sec.5.1 (Preliminary Radiated Emissions Tests) and Sec.5.2 (Equipment Configurations).

The preliminary test was carried out to investigate the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limits within normal operating modes, cable positions, and a typical system configuration. In order to find out to the maximum emission, the preliminary test and a final test were performed in accordance with the following steps.

Step 1: One operation mode of the test system was setting.

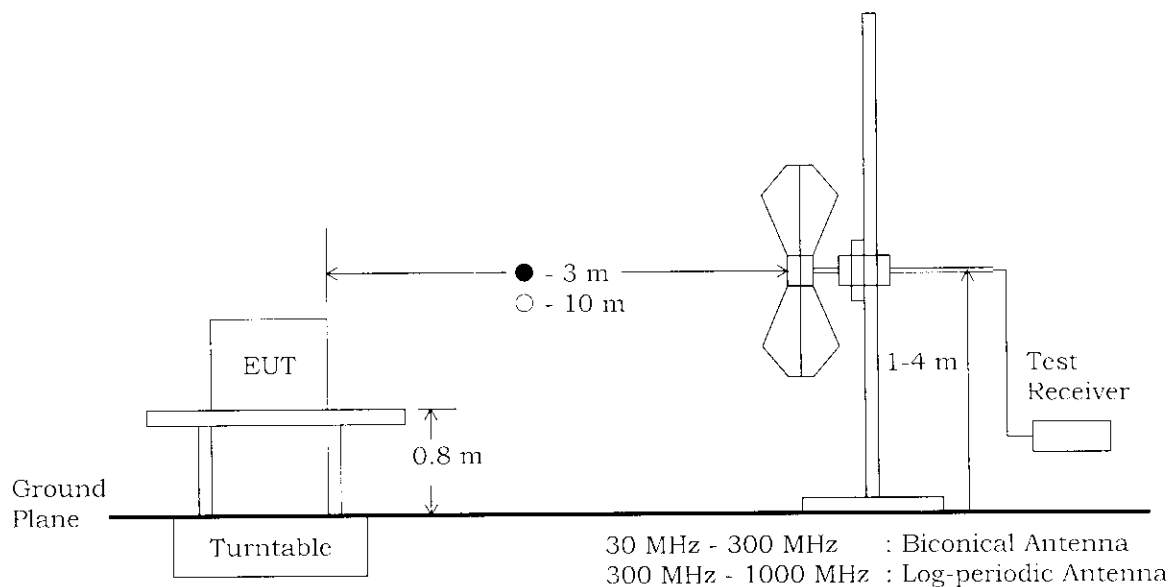
Step 2: Using a test receiver and a test antenna probe, the significant frequency of the emission's circumstance from the test system were investigated. These data were recorded every one of 22 divided bands in the specified frequency band (30 MHz - 1000 MHz).

Step 3: Using a test receiver and a linearly polarized broadband antenna, the emission's circumstance from the test system was measured in according with FCC/OET MP-5 (1986) Sec.5.6 (Final Radiated Emissions Tests) at each frequency which was found the higher emission referred to level vs. frequency on the list and which was measured by the linearly polarized broadband antenna.

Step 4: Return to step 1, if the other operation mode was possible to be setting.

Step 5: The worst result was reported arranging data of which was obtained and performed by one or plural operation modes as the final test.

At the worst point that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit the repeatability of the level was reconfirmed. The photographs of the tests system setup on the worst point were taken and recorded.

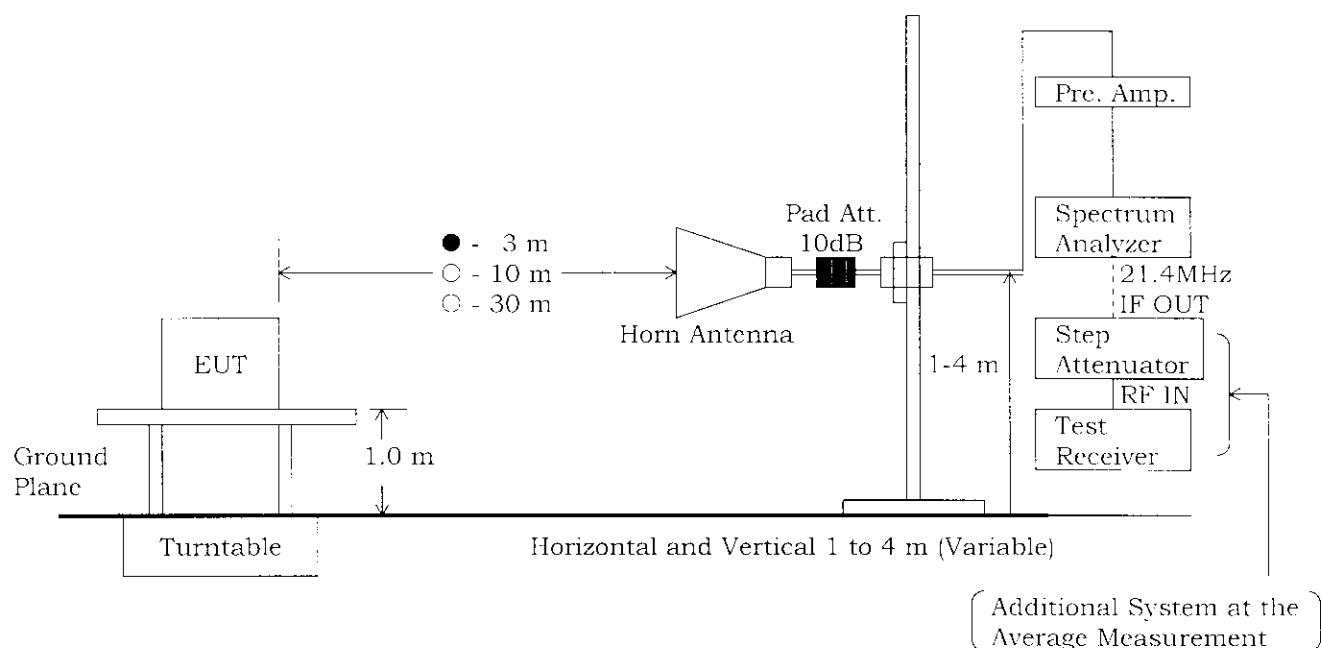


The preliminary test was carried out to investigate the frequency of the emission that has the highest amplitude relative to the limits within normal operating modes, cable positions, and a typical system configuration. In order to find out to the maximum emission, the preliminary test and a final test were performed in accordance with the following steps.

Step 2: In order to investigate the frequencies of maximum emissions, the horn antenna position was approached to the EUT and the significant frequency of the emission's circumstance from the test system were investigated. These data were recorded in the specified frequency band (1 GHz - 26 GHz).

Step 4: Return to step 1, if the other operation mode was possible to be setting.

At the worst point that has the highest amplitude relative to the limit the repeatability of the level was reconfirmed. The photographs of the tests system setup on the worst point were taken and recorded.



Spectrum Analyzer Setting:		
Detector	Peak	*)Average
RES BW	1 MHz	3 MHz
VIDEO BW	1 MHz	3 MHz
SPAN	0 Hz	0 Hz

SCALE	LINEAR
I.F.B.W.	1 MHz
Detector	Average

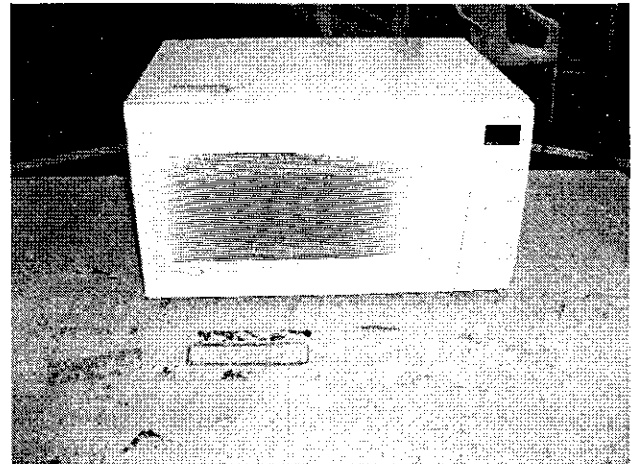
*) For the average measurement, it is made using a test receiver and a step attenuator.

Test-Setup (Photographs) at worst case

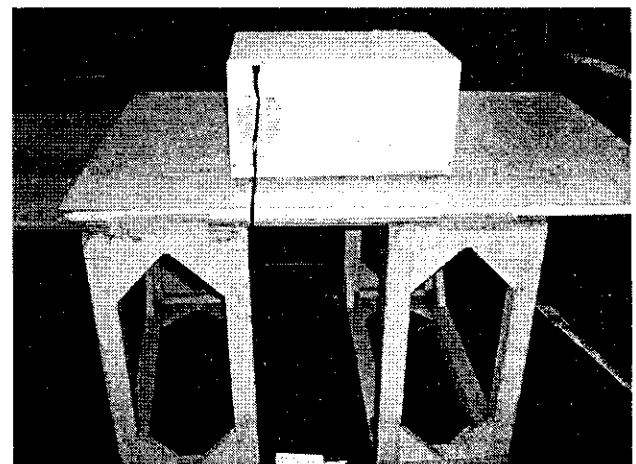
Conducted Emission 150kHz - 30MHz:

Not Applicable

Radiated Emission 9kHz - 26GHz:



Front View



Rear View