

Pub. No.: TI-1692

Date: June, 1998

FURUNO®

TECHNICAL INFORMATION

TEST REPORT ON THE PERFORMANCE OF
MARINE RADAR

MODEL: FR-2125

FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
NISHINOMIYA CITY, JAPAN

Pub. No.: TI-1692

Date: June, 1998

June 25, 1998

All data herein contained is true and correct to my best knowledge.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "T. Yoshihara", followed by a horizontal line.

T. Yoshihara

Manager

Radio Navigation & Communication Section 2

Research & Development Department

Marine Product Division

FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

Personal History

Born: January 29, 1944

Graduated: Osaka University
Electric Engineering Faculty

Occupation: Joined FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD. in April 1967, since then engaged in the development of radar equipment.

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1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 General

- (a) Manufacturer: Furuno Electric Co., Ltd.
Ashihara-cho 9-52, Nishinomiya-city, 662-8580 Japan
- (b) Model: FR-2125
Serial no.: 3377-0004
- (c) Primary Function: Search, navigation and anticollision
- (d) Maximum Range Scale: 96 nm
- (e) Discrimination
Range Discrimination: 35 meters on a range scale of 1.5 nm
Bearing Discrimination: Better than 2.5° on a range scale of 1.5 nm
- (e) Minimum Range: 35 meters on a range scale of 0.25 nm
- (f) Frequency Range: Fixed frequency, X-band
Type of Emission: P0N
- (g) Power Supply: 24/32 VDC
100/110/115/220/230 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 1 ϕ

1.2 Transmitter

- (a) Assignable Frequency for Shipborne Radar:
Between 9300 and 9500 MHz (FCC Rule § 80.375 (d)-(1))
- (b) Type of RF Generator
Magnetron Type: MG5436
Peak Output Power: 25 kW nominal
- (c) Magnetron Ratings
Center frequency of Magnetron: 9410 MHz
Tolerances
Manufacturing: ± 30 MHz
Pulling: 23 MHz
Tolerance for 20°C temperature variation: 5 MHz
- (d) Guard Band:
Guard Band is specified to be equal to $1.5/T$ MHz, where "T" is the pulselength in microseconds. See para (e). (FCC Rule § 80.209)

(e) Pulse Characteristics:

Pulse Type	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long
Range Scale (nm)	0.125 0.25 0.5 0.75 (*) 1.5 (*)	0.5 0.75 (*) 1.5 (*) 3 (*)	0.75 (*) 1.5 (*) 3 (*) 6 (*)	3 (*) 6 (*) <u>12 (*)</u> 24 (*)	3 (*) 6 (*) <u>12 (*)</u> 24 (*)	6 (*) 12 (*) <u>24 (*)</u> 48 96
Output pulselength (μs)	0.07	0.15	0.30	0.50	0.70	1.20
P.R.R. (Hz)	3000	3000	1500	1000	1000	600
Duty cycle	2.10E-4	4.50E-4	4.50E-4	5.00E-4	7.00E-4	7.20E-4
Guard Band (MHz)	21.43	10.00	5.00	3.00	2.14	1.25

Note 1:(*) Two (2) pulse types are selectable for each Range Scale.

2: Tests were carried out for the underlined Range Scales.

1.3 Modulator

(a) FET Type: 2SK1450

1.4 Receiver

(a) Passband

IF Stage:

Pulse Type	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long
(MHz)	27	27	27	3	3	3

(b) Gain (overall) (dB): Sufficient to cause limiting, approximately 130

(c) Overall Noise Figure (dB): 6 (typical)

(d) Video Output Voltage (V): 0.7 positive across 75 ohms

(e) Features Provided: Sensitivity Time Controls (Anti-clutter Sea),
Fast Time Constant (Anti-clutter Rain)

(f) If receiver is tunable, describe method of adjusting frequency:

Adjustment of tuning voltage of receiver local oscillator (Automatic and manual)

1.5 Display

(a) Type: 21 (in.) multi-color, 1280X1024 pixels
Rasterscan, non-interlace

(b) Size of Indicator Tube: 21 in. diagonal CRT
effective dia. 275 mm

(c) Sweep Linearity: 2 % on all ranges

(d) Range Scales:

Range (nm)	Number of Range Rings	Range Ring Interval (nm)
0.125	5	0.025
0.25	5	0.05
0.5	5	0.1
0.75	3	0.25
1.5	6	0.25
3	6	0.5
6	6	1
12	6	2
24	6	4
48	6	8
96	6	16

(e) Range Ring Accuracy: Better than 1 % of maximum scale in use
or 15 m, whichever is the greater

(f) Overall Bearing Accuracy from Scanner to Display:
Better than 1°

(g) Target Plot Facility: Simulated afterglow in low shade

(h) Heading Indicator: Provided, automatic alignment. Heading Line and Heading
Marker

(i) True Bearing Indicator: Provided

1.6 Antenna

(a) Antenna Rotation ON-OFF Switch:
Provided, interlocked with the Power Switch and Transmitter Circuits.

(b) Reflector: Slotted waveguide array,

Radiator Type	XN12AF	XN20AF	XN24AF
Length (cm)	120	200	240
Length (ft)	4	6.6	8

(c) Type of Beam: Vertical fan

(d) Beam Width (between half-Radiator power points)

Radiator Type	XN12AF	XN20AF	XN24AF
Horizontal	1.80 °	1.23 °	0.95 °
Vertical	20 °	20 °	20 °

(e) Polarization: Horizontal

(f) Antenna Gain:

Radiator Type	XN12AF	XN20AF	XN24AF
(dB)	27.9	30.7	31.6

(g) Attenuation of Major Side Lobes with respect to main beam:

Within $\pm 10^\circ$, -28 dB or less for all radiators

Outside $\pm 10^\circ$, -32 dB or less for all radiators

(h) Scanning (rotating or Rotating over 360° continuously oscillating):

clockwise

(i) Antenna Rotation Rate (rpm): 24 rpm (for RSB-0074)

42 rpm (for RSB-0075)

(j) Number of Degrees Scanned: 360°

(k) Sector Scan: Not provided. Sector blanking available.

(l) Type of Transmission System: Contained in scanner unit

(m) Rated Loss of Transmission System per hundred feet::

None. Transmission path is only in the antenna scanner unit.

1.7 Line Power Supply Requirements

(a) Input Voltage: 24/32 VDC

100/110/115/220/230 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 1 ϕ

(b) Power Drain: 260 W

410 VA

1.8 Functional Controls

Range selector	Tune (manual)	EBL offset
INDEX LINE	Anti-clutter auto	Power Switch
A/C Sea control	Gain control	Panel dimmer
Heading line off	Echo stretch	MENU
Guard zone set/Audio alarm off	Range ring brilliance	Noise rejector on/off
Interference rejector	STBY/TX	Trackball (VRM,EBL,GUARD)
VRM on/off	Off-center (SHIFT)	A/C Rain control

—

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—

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Range set	Zoom	EBL on/off
Target trail	Brilliance (screen)	TRU/REL
Navigation on/off	Mark Brilliance	Function #1- #4
Range ring on/off	Text Brilliance	
ARPA function (option)		

1.9 Construction Features

- (a) Does equipment embody replacement units with chassis type assembly:

Yes

- (b) Are fuse alarms provided: Fuses are provided.

- (c) State units which are weatherproof: Scanner Unit (IEC IPX6)

- (d) If all units are not housed in a single container, indicate number and give description of individual units:

1 × Display Unit	Type:	RDP-124
1 × Scanner Unit	Type:	RSB-0074 (24 V, 24 rpm)
		RSB-0075 (24 V, 42 rpm)
(Transceiver	Type:	RTR-063 (contained in the Scanner unit))

- (e) Approximate Weight of Complete Installation:

Display Unit (Optional):	55 kg	
Scanner Unit:	31 kg	(XN12AF-RSB-0074/75)
	34 kg	(XN20AF-RSB-0074/75)
	36 kg	(XN24AF-RSB-0074/75)

- (f) Approximate space required for installation excluding scanner:

Display Unit: 588 mm (W) X 573 mm (H) X 720 mm (D)

1.10 Operational Features

- (a) Is positive means provided to indicate whether or not the overall operation of the equipment is such that it may be relied upon to provide effective operation in accordance with its primary function:

Magnetron/Xtal checker

- (b) Is the equipment for continuous operation:

Yes

- (c) Is provision made for operation with shore based radar beacons (RACONS):

Yes (RACONS and SART)

2 IDENTIFICATION OF EQUIPMENT (FCC Rule § 2.925)

The following nameplates are permanently fixed on the corresponding equipment units.

FCC ID: ADB9ZWFR2125

Material of nameplate: Aluminum, 0.5 mm thick

MARINE RADAR	
MODEL	FR-2125
PROCESSOR UNIT	
TYPE	RDP-124
INPUT	
SER.NO.	3377-
FCC ID: ADB9ZWFR2125	
FURUNO U.S.A., INC.	
MADE IN JAPAN	
COMPASS SAFE DISTANCE	
STD	m STEER m
EQUIPMENT CLASS	
FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.	
NISHINOMIYA CITY, MADE IN JAPAN	

Fig.2.1
Nameplate for Processor Unit
(RDP-0124)

MARINE RADAR	
FR-2125	
CONTROL UNIT	
TYPE	RCU-011
SER.NO.	3377-
COMPASS SAFE DISTANCE	
STD	m STEER m
EQUIPMENT CLASS	
FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.	
NISHINOMIYA CITY, MADE IN JAPAN	

Fig.2.2
Nameplate for Control unit
(RCU-011)
(Display unit consists of
Control and Processor units.)

MARINE RADAR	
FR-2125	
DISPLAY UNIT	
TYPE	RPU-011
SER.NO.	3377-
COMPASS SAFE DISTANCE	
STD	m STEER m
EQUIPMENT CLASS	
FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.	
NISHINOMIYA CITY, MADE IN JAPAN	

Fig.2.3
Nameplate for Display Unit
(RPU-011)

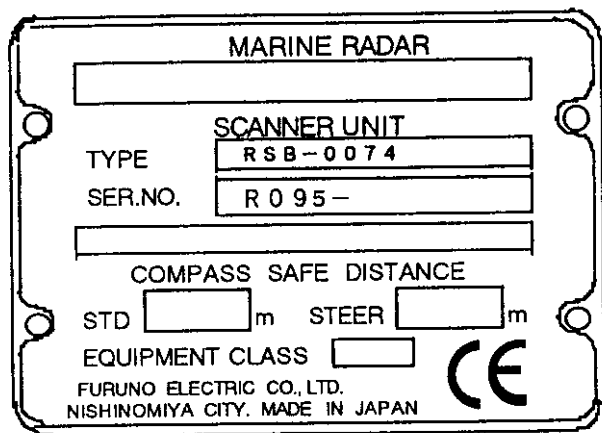


Fig.2.4
Nameplate for Scanner unit
(RSB-0074)

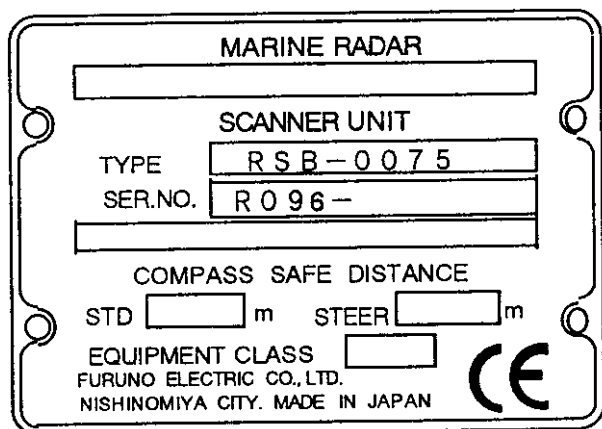


Fig.2.5
Nameplate for Scanner unit
(RSB-0075)

3 RF POWER OUTPUT (FCC Rule § 2.985)

3.1 Microwave characteristics

The peak voltage was determined using the divider having a ratio of 1000 to 1 and the oscilloscope. Current pulse was viewed across the wideband current transformer with output voltage per ampere 1.00.

Nominal values

Pulse Type	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long
Range scale (nm)	0.125	3	6	12	24	48
Pulselength (μs)	0.07	0.15	0.30	0.50	0.70	1.20
PRR (Hz)	3000	3000	1500	1000	1000	600
Duty cycle	2.10E-4	4.50E-4	4.50E-4	5.00E-4	7.00E-4	7.20E-4
Guard band (MHz)	21.43	10.00	5.00	3.00	2.14	1.25

Measured values

Magnetron input pulse voltage was measured at its cathode using the oscilloscope and divider with ratio 1000 to 1.

Pulse Type	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long
Directional coupler attenuation (dB)	40.67	40.67	40.67	40.67	40.67	40.67
Magnetron input voltage (kV)	8.40	8.40	8.30	8.40	8.40	8.40
Pulselength (μs) (50 % amplitude)	0.245	0.750	1.200	1.300	0.930	1.370
Rise time (μs) (10-90 % amplitude)	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.070
Decay time (μs) (90-10 % amplitude)	0.160	1.550	1.550	1.350	1.080	0.560

Magnetron input pulse current

Magnetron input pulse current was observed across the wideband current transformer with output voltage per ampere 1.00.

Pulse Type	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long
Magnetron input current (A)	7.0	7.0	7.0	8.4	8.8	8.8

Pulse Type	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long
Pulselength (μ s) (50 % amplitude)	0.074	0.150	0.320	0.504	0.710	1.150
Rise time (μ s) (10-90 % amplitude)	0.090	0.090	0.090	0.255	0.330	0.330
Decay time (μ s) (90-10 % amplitude)	0.100	0.130	0.180	0.180	0.125	0.125

RF envelope of the magnetron output pulse

The RF envelope of the magnetron output pulse was measured using a diode and the oscilloscope with the following results:

Pulse Type	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long
Pulselength (μ s) (-3 dB points)	0.073	0.166	0.317	0.505	0.710	1.160
Rise time (μ s) (10-90 % amplitude)	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.008	0.190	0.245
Decay time (μ s) (90-10 % amplitude)	0.102	0.109	0.186	0.200	0.132	0.135

Estimated efficiency

The estimated efficiency of the RF generator (magnetron) was determined by the following measurements and calculation. Power output from magnetron was measured using the directional coupler, power meter and the oscilloscope.

Pulse Type	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long
Range scale (nm)	0.125	3	6	12	24	48
PRR (Hz)	3212	2982.1	1605.8	1043.7	1043.7	623.1
Duty cycle	2.34E-4	4.95E-4	5.09E-4	5.27E-4	7.41E-4	7.22E-4
Magnetron input, av. (W)	13.79	29.11	29.58	37.19	54.78	53.43
Magnetron input, peak (kW)	58.800	58.800	58.100	70.560	73.920	73.920
Power meter reading (mW)	0.333	0.673	0.825	0.913	1.330	1.320
Magnetron output, av. (W)	3.885	7.853	9.626	10.653	15.519	15.402
Spurious response limits (dB)	48.9	52.0	52.8	53.3	54.9	54.9
Magnetron Output, peak (kW):	16.573	15.863	18.911	20.212	20.942	21.309
Magnetron efficiency (%):	28.2	27.0	32.5	28.6	28.3	28.8

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Peak Power Input to RF Generator : 64.04 kW

Estimated Efficiency of RF Generator : 28.9 %

4 MODULATION CHARACTERISTICS (FCC Rule § 2.987)

4.1 FET Trigger Pulse

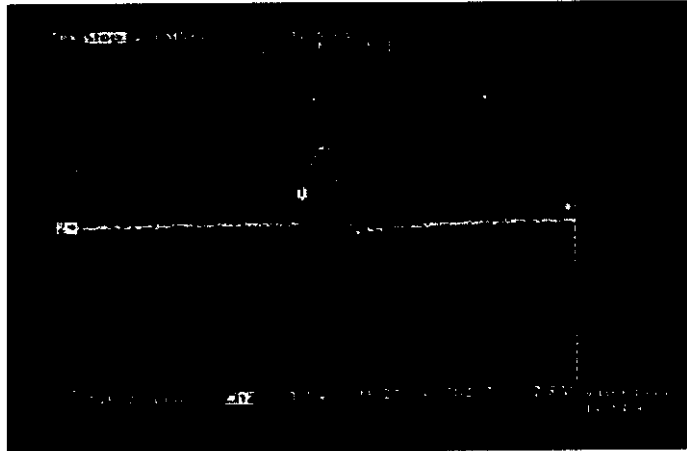


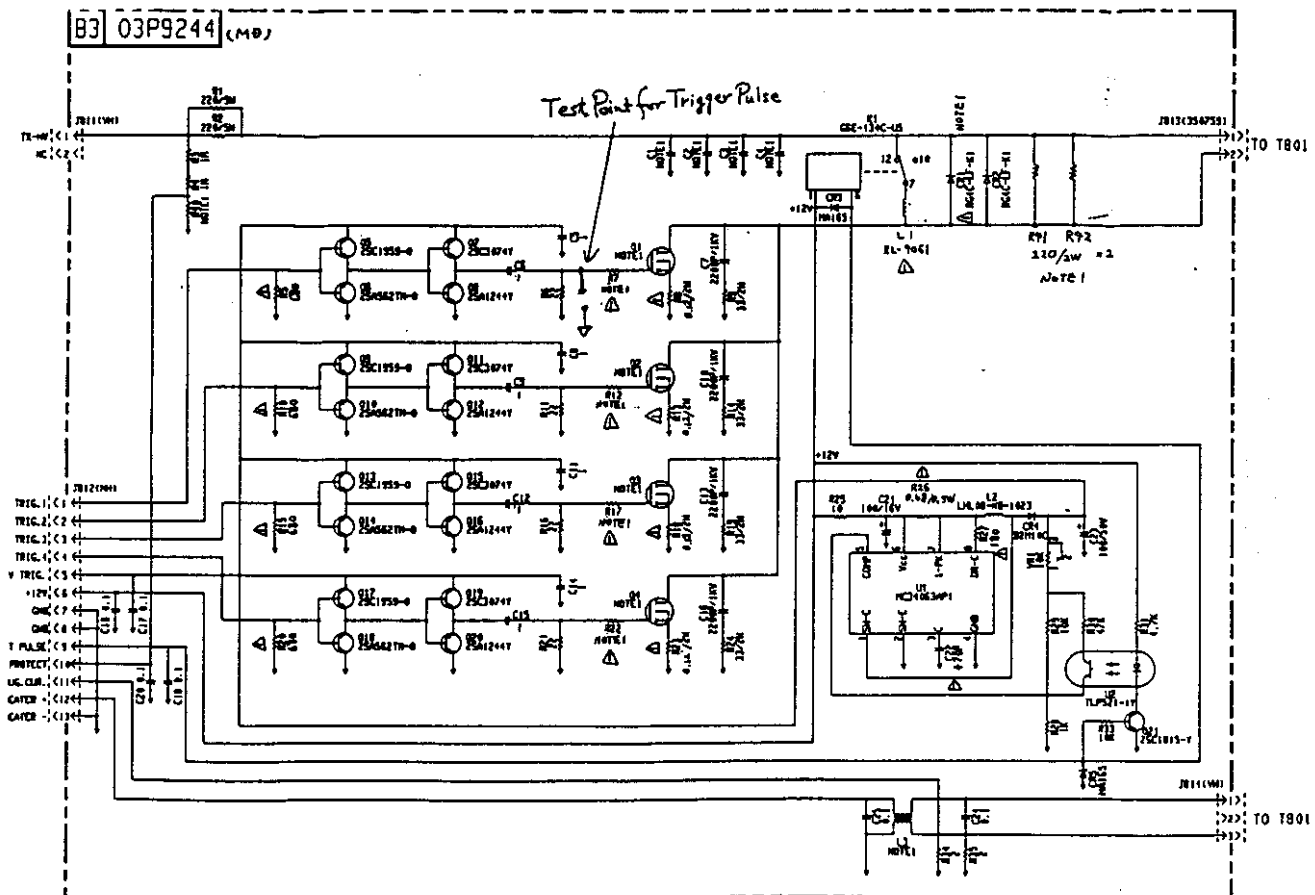
Fig. 4.1

(Typical wave form of Trigger Pulse)

Scale: 10 V/div.

Short 1 Pulse (0.125 nm Range)

200 ns/div.



4.2 Trigger Pulse at Magnetron Cathode

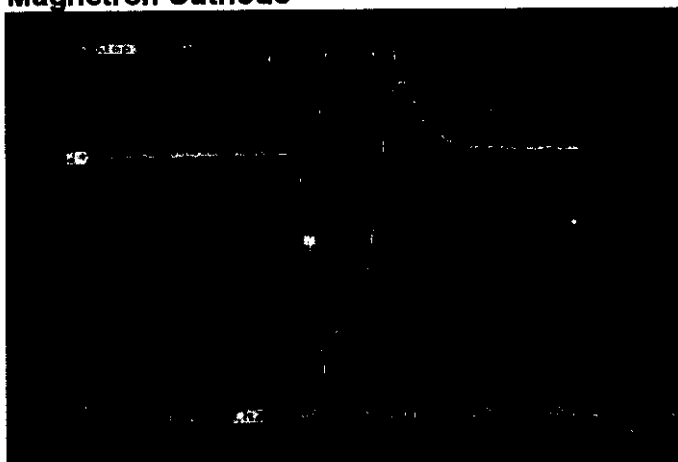


Fig. 4.2.1

Short 1 Pulse (0.125 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 200 ns/div.

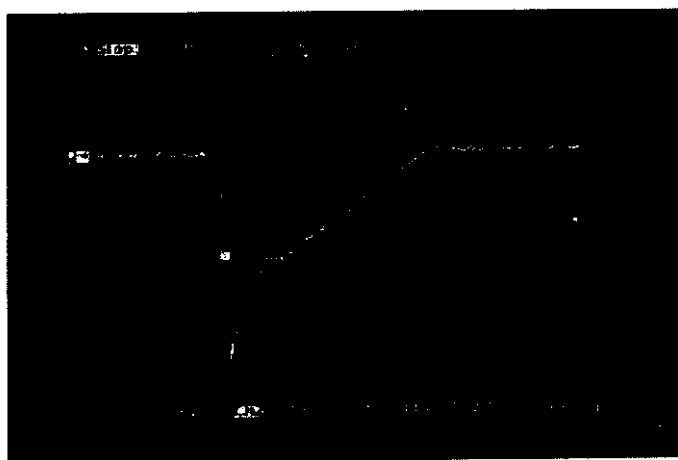


Fig. 4.2.2

Short 2 Pulse (3 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.

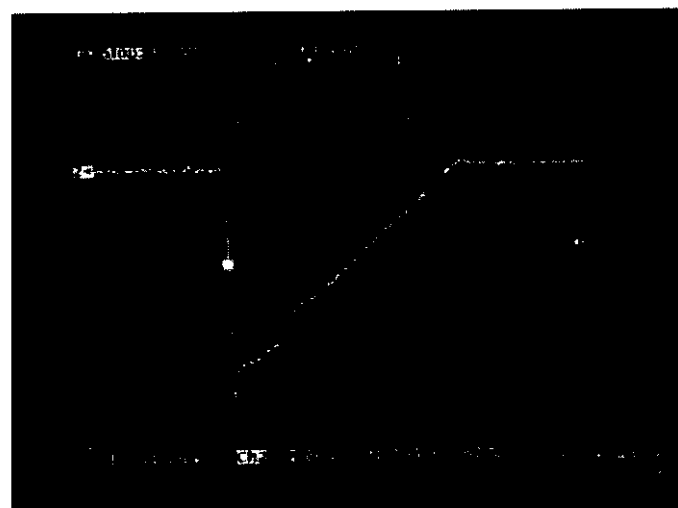


Fig. 4.2.3

Middle 1 Pulse (6 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.

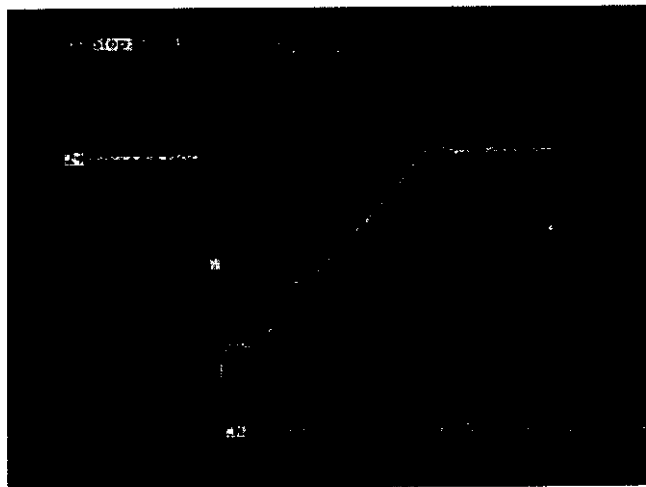


Fig. 4.2.4

Middle 2 Pulse (12 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.



Fig. 4.2.5

Middle 3 Pulse (24 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.

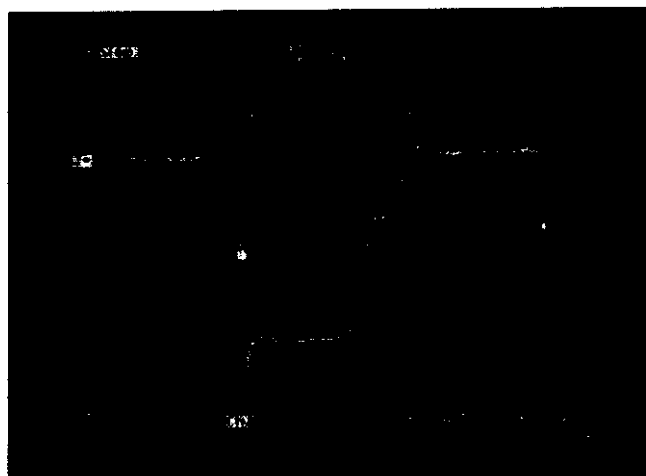


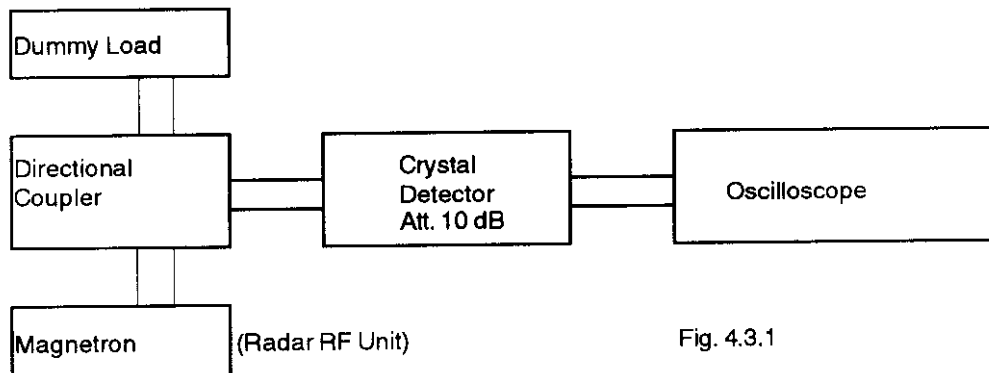
Fig. 4.2.6

Long Pulse (48 nm Range)

Scale: 2 kV/div. 500 ns/div.

4.3 Magnetron Output (detected):

4.3.1 Setup for Measurement:



4.3.2 Measuring Equipment List:

See ATTACHMENT 4 [LIST OF TEST/MEASURING EQUIPMENT].

4.3.3 Measured Data:

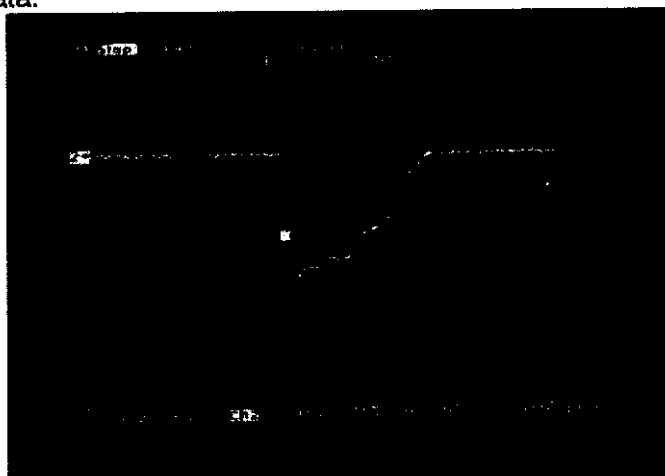


Fig. 4.3.2

Short 1 Pulse (0.125 nm Range)

Scale: 100 mV/div. 50 ns/div.

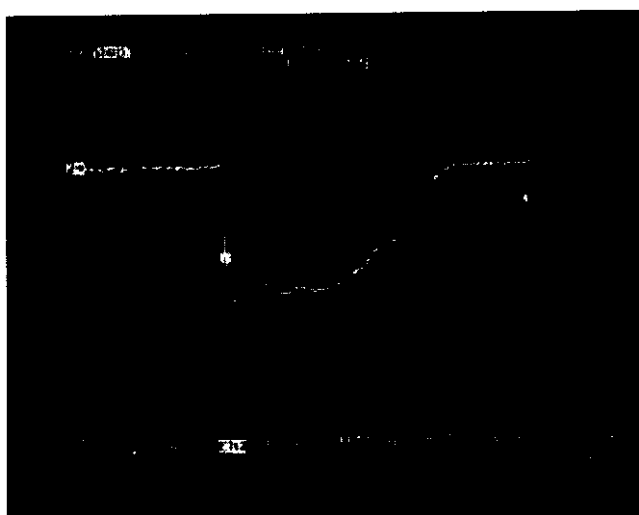


Fig. 4.3.3

Short 2 Pulse (3 nm Range)

Scale: 100 mV/div. 50 ns/div.

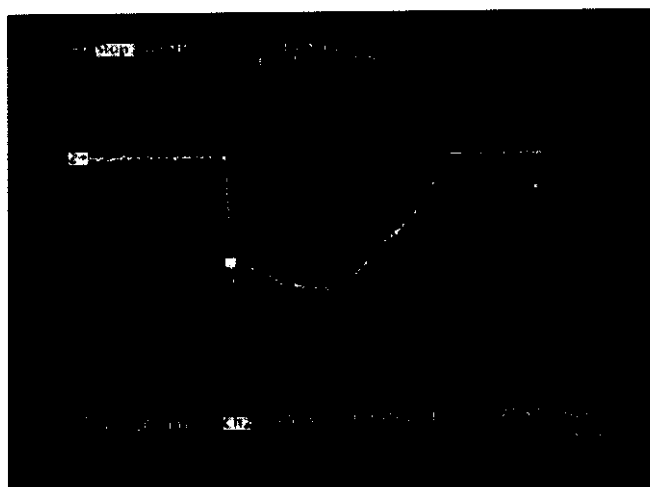


Fig. 4.3.4

Middle 1 Pulse (6 nm Range)

Scale: 100 mV/div. 100 ns/div.

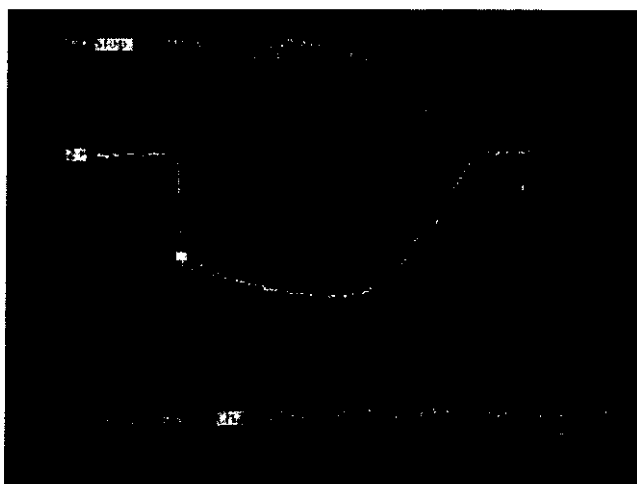


Fig. 4.3.5

Middle 2 Pulse (12 nm Range)

Scale: 100 mV/div. 100 ns/div.

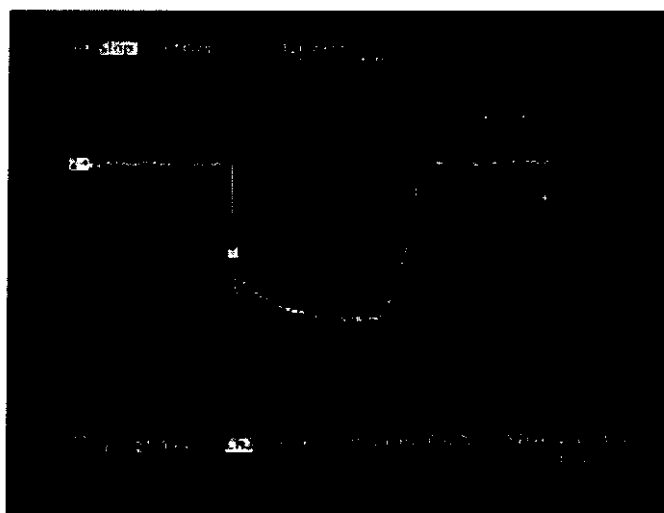


Fig. 4.3.6

Middle 3 Pulse (24 nm Range)

Scale: 100 mV/div. 200 ns/div.

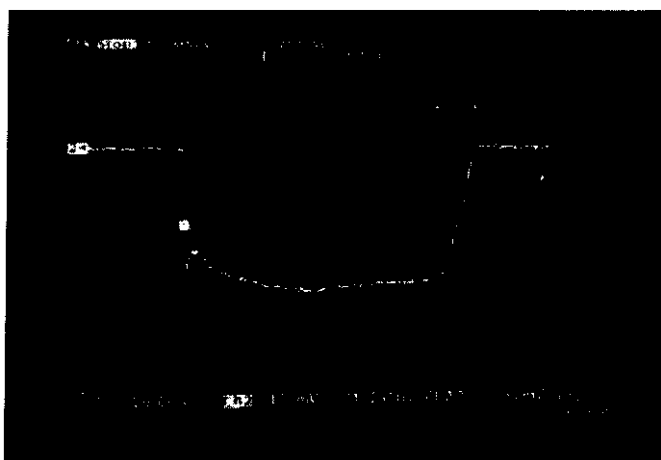


Fig. 4.3.7

Long Pulse (48 nm Range)

Scale: 100 mV/div. 200 ns/div.

4.4 Radar Pulse Spectrum:

Measured by the spectrum analyzer.

(Test Equipment Setup and Measuring Equipment List are same as Clause 6.1 and 6.2.)

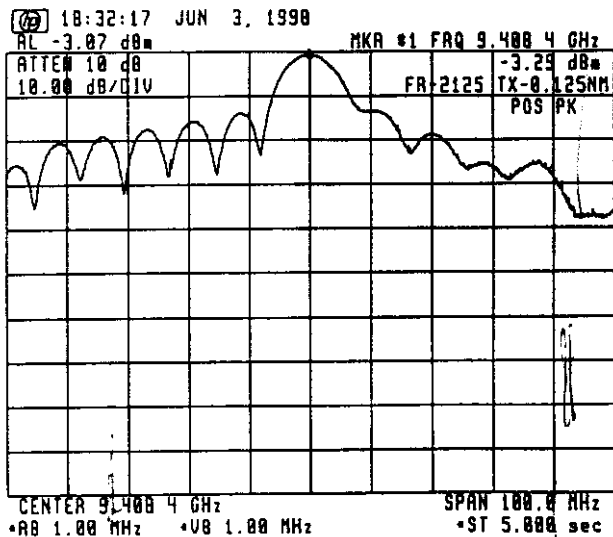


Fig. 4.4.1

Short 1 Pulse (0.125 nm Range)

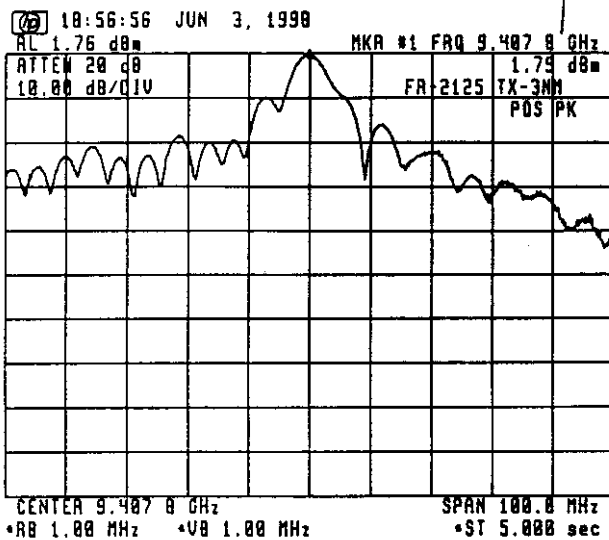


Fig. 4.4.2

Short 2 Pulse (3 nm Range)

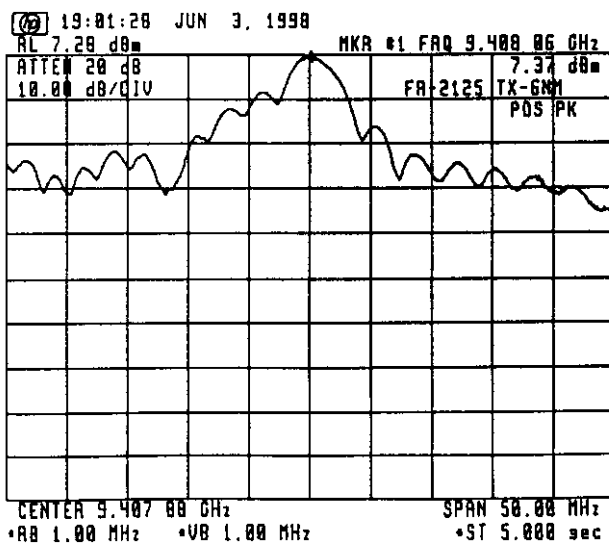


Fig. 4.4.3

Middle 1 Pulse (6 nm Range)

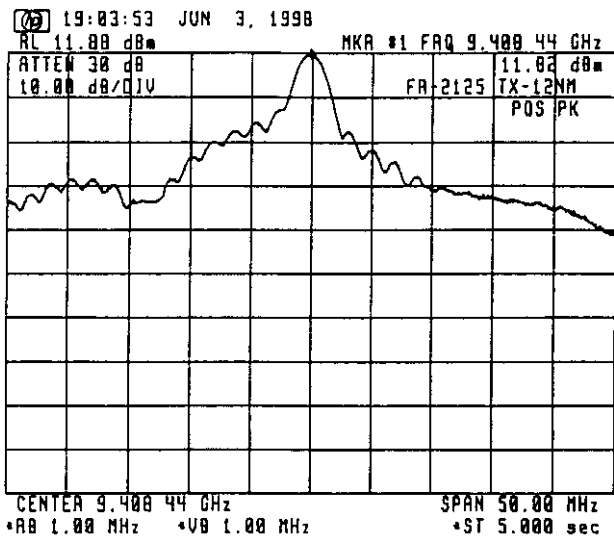


Fig. 4.4.4

Middle 2 Pulse (12 nm Range)

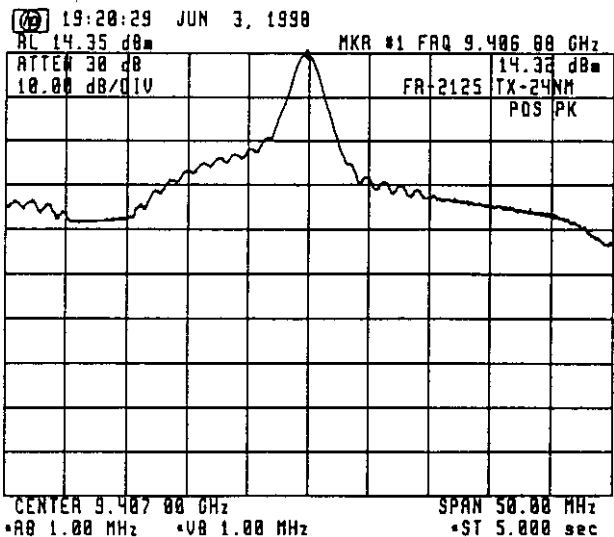


Fig. 4.4.5

Middle 3 Pulse (24 nm Range)

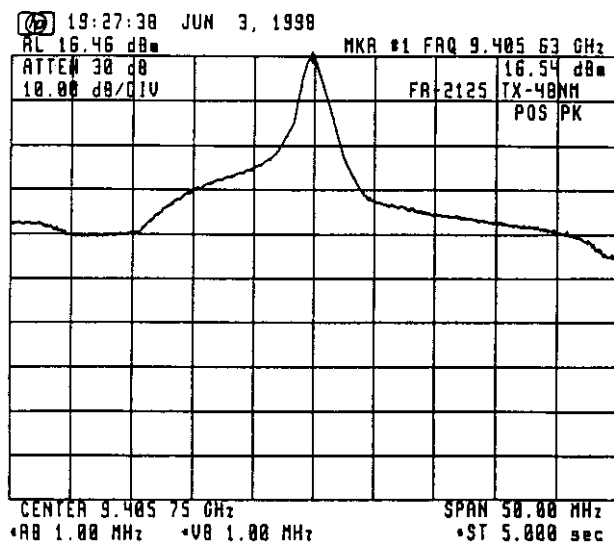


Fig. 4.4.6

Long Pulse (48 nm Range)

5 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (FCC Rule §2.989)

5.1 Measuring Method

FCC rule 47 CFR 2.989 requires measurements of the occupied bandwidth which is defined in the same section as "the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission."

To obtain the occupied bandwidth of the radar transmitter, a special program (program list shown below) was loaded to the Hewlett-Packard spectrum analyzer and run by entering the HP-provided POWER BANDWIDTH calculation command [PWRBW].

The result was automatically displayed on the screen on the spectrum analyzer as:

POWER_BW=----- MHz

```

10 ! HP 71000 DOWNLOAD PROGRAM
20 ASSIGN @Sa TO 718
30 CLEAR @Sa
40 CALL M_ain(@Sa)
50 LOCAL @Sa
60 END
70 !
80 SUB M_ain(@Sa)
90 M_ain: !
100 CALL Pwr_bw(@Sa)
110 CALL Limit_line(@Sa)
120 !
130 OUTPUT @Sa;"VARDEF K_ey,0;";
140 !
150 OUTPUT @Sa;"FUNCDEF D_LP,^";
160 OUTPUT @Sa;"MOV K_ey,0;";
170 !
180 Main_menu: !
190 OUTPUT @Sa;"REPEAT;";
200 OUTPUT @Sa;"READMENU K_ey;";
210 ! location: %Top----Bottom-%
220 OUTPUT @Sa;"I,%Limit line %, ";
230 OUTPUT @Sa;"2,%Power bw %, ";
240 OUTPUT @Sa;"14,% Exit%;";
250 !
260 OUTPUT @Sa;"IF K_ey,EQ,1;THEN;LIMIT_LINE;";
270 OUTPUT @Sa;"ELSF K_ey,EQ,2;THEN;PWR_BW;";
280 OUTPUT @Sa;"ELSF K_ey,EQ,14;THEN;ABORT;";
290 OUTPUT @Sa;"ENDIF;";
300 OUTPUT @Sa;"UNTIL K_ey,EQ,14;";
310 OUTPUT @Sa;"IP:TS;";
320 OUTPUT @Sa;"ADORT;";
330 OUTPUT @Sa;"^"
340 !
350 Define_keydef: !
360 OUTPUT @Sa;"KEYDEF 7,D_LP, %DLP TEST%;";
370 !
380 OUTPUT @Sa;"FUNCDEF D,^";
390 OUTPUT @Sa;"KEYPST;";
400 OUTPUT @Sa;"^"
410 !
420 SUBEND

430 !
440 SUB Limit_line(@Sa)
450 Limit_line: !
460 OUTPUT @Sa;"CLRDSF;";
470 OUTPUT @Sa;"FUNCDEF LIMIT_LINE,^";
480 OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 0,654;";
490 OUTPUT @Sa;"LINET 1;";
500 OUTPUT @Sa;"PD;PA 100,654;";
510 OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 201,654;";
520 OUTPUT @Sa;"PD;PA 300,654;";
530 OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 105,630;";
540 OUTPUT @Sa;"TEXT @-35dB@;";
550 OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 205,720;";
560 OUTPUT @Sa;"TEXT @-25dB@;";
570 OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 301,743;";
580 OUTPUT @Sa;"LINET 1;";
590 OUTPUT @Sa;"PD;PA 400,743;";
600 OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 601,743;";
610 OUTPUT @Sa;"LINET 1;";
620 OUTPUT @Sa;"PD;PA 700,743;";
630 OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 701,654;";
640 OUTPUT @Sa;"LINET 1;";
650 OUTPUT @Sa;"PD;PA 1000,654;HD;";
660 OUTPUT @Sa;"^"
670 SUBEND
680 SUB Pwr_bw(@Sa)
690 Pwr_bw: !
700 ! Calculating Power band width
710 OUTPUT @Sa;"VARDEF P_bw,0;";
720 OUTPUT @Sa;"FUNCDEF PWR_BW,^";
730 OUTPUT @Sa;"CLRWA TRA;";
740 OUTPUT @Sa;"CLRDSF;";
750 OUTPUT @Sa;"SNGLS;";
760 OUTPUT @Sa;"MXMH TRA;TS;TS;TS;";
770 OUTPUT @Sa;"MOV P_bw,PWRBW TRA,99.0;";
780 OUTPUT @Sa;"DIV P_bw,P_bw,1000000;";
790 OUTPUT @Sa;"PU;PA 10,800;HD;";
800 OUTPUT @Sa;"TEXT @POWER BW = @;";
810 OUTPUT @Sa;"DSPLY P_bw,8.3;";
820 OUTPUT @Sa;"TEXT @ MHz @;";
830 OUTPUT @Sa;"^"
840 SUBEND

```

Fig. 5.1

Program for Calculation of Occupied Bandwidth

5.2 Test Equipment Setup:

Same as Clause 6.1.

5.3 Measuring Equipment List:

Same as Clause 6.2.

5.4 Test Result:

The test result is shown below.

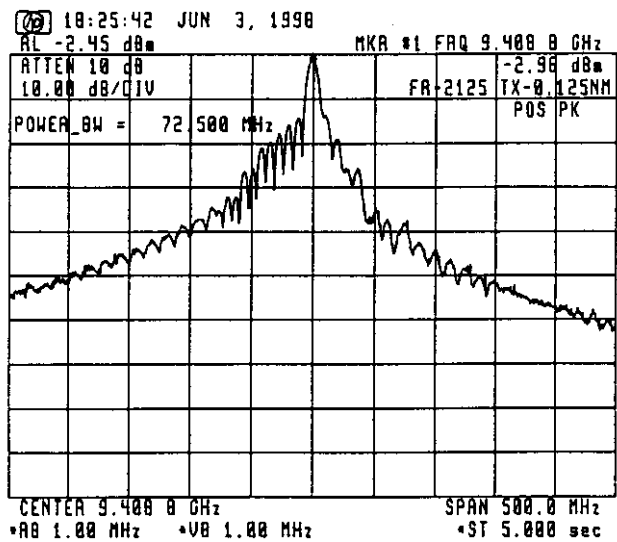


Fig. 5.2 Measurement of Occupied Bandwidth

Occupied bandwidth = 72.500 MHz

6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL (FCC Rule § 2.991)

6.1 Test Equipment Setup:

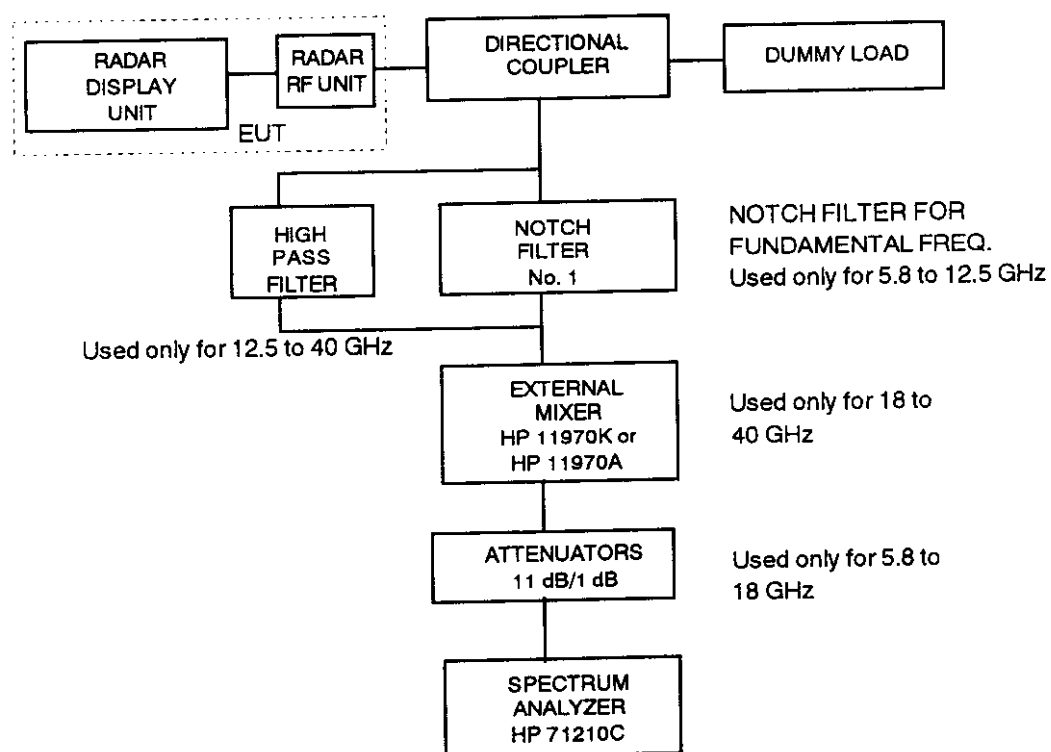


Fig. 6.1

6.2 Measuring Equipment List:

See ATTACHMENT 4 [LIST OF TEST/MEASURING EQUIPMENT].

- Note :
- (1) The characteristics of Notch Filter (No. 1) are described in Fig. 6.2 to Fig. 6.5.
 - (2) The characteristic of High Pass Filter (No. 2) is described in Fig. 6.6.

6.3 Test Conditions:

Radar Range Settings: 0.125 nm (Short1)/3 nm (Short2)/6 nm (Middle1)/
12 nm (Middle2)/24 nm (Middle3)/48 nm (Long)

6.4 Emission Limits:

- (a) Frequency Range (FCC Rule § 2.997) : 10 kHz - 40 GHz
- (b) Emission Limits (FCC Rule § 80.211) :

Frequency removed from the assigned frequency	Frequency (Hz)	Emission attenuation (mean power ,dB)
50 - 100 % (of the authorized bandwidth)	9310 - 9360 M 9460 - 9510 M	At least 25
100 - 250 %	9160 - 9310 M 9510 - 9660 M	At least 35
more than 250 %	10 k - 9160 M 9660 - 40,000 M	At least $43 + 10 \log 10$ (mean power in watts)

Note : (1) Assigned frequency (center frequency) = 9410 MHz

(2) Authorized bandwidth = 100 MHz

6.5 Test Results:

As shown in ATTACHMENT 1 , the spurious emissions at antenna terminal of EUT are found lower than the specified limits.

(Note: Spurious emissions for 10 kHz to 5 GHz are not found due to the antenna terminal structure. (wave guide tube)).

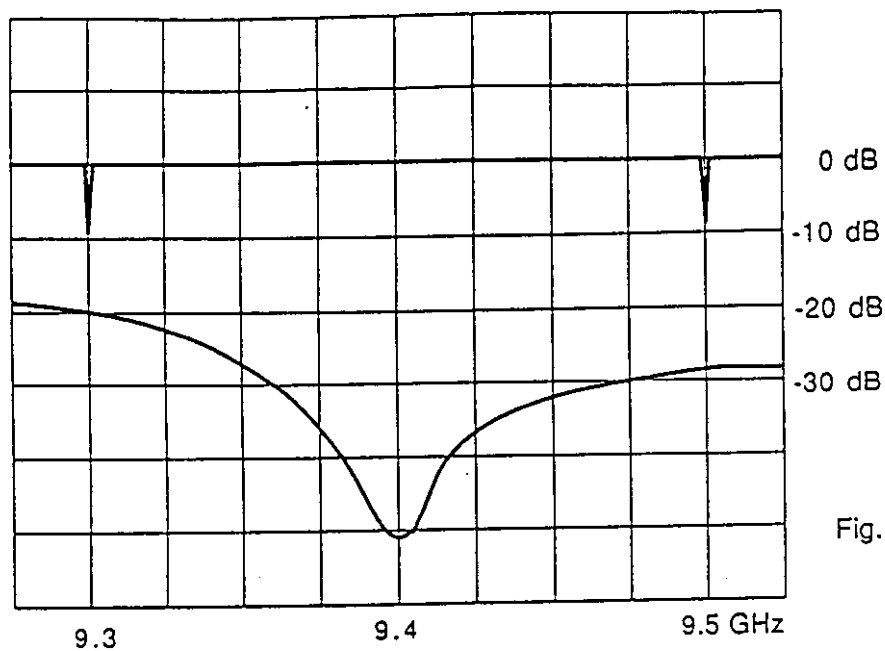
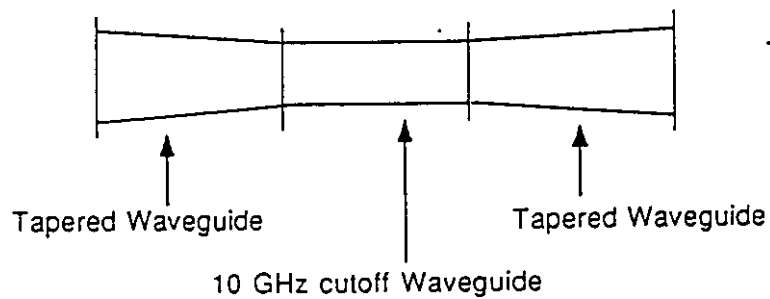


Fig. 6.5

Characteristic of Filter No. 2 (for X-band)



This filter is used to filter out the high level fundamental signal to avoid damage to the analyzer.

High Pass Filter Construction

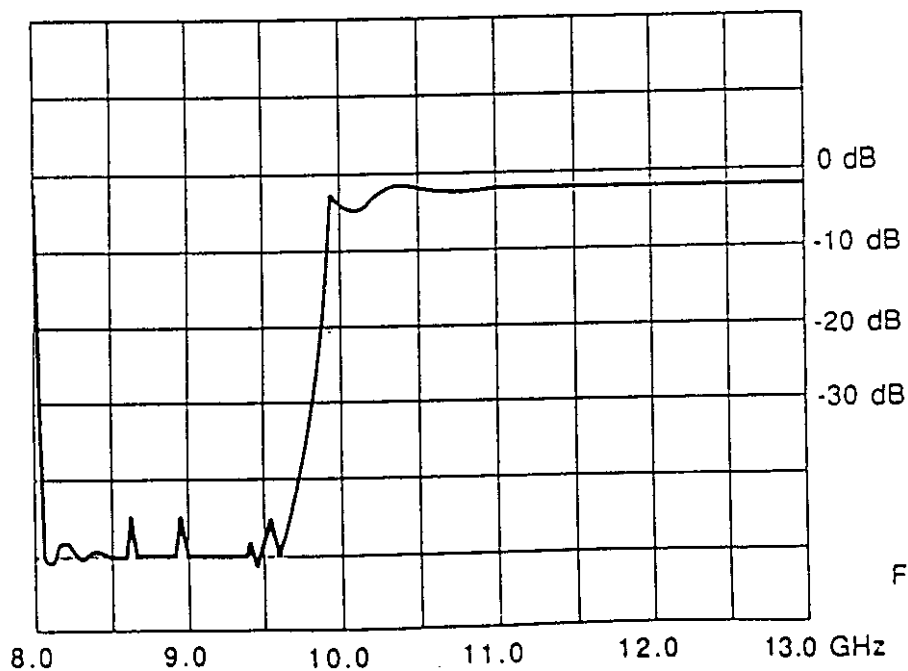


Fig.6.6

Characteristic of Filter No. 1 (for X-band)

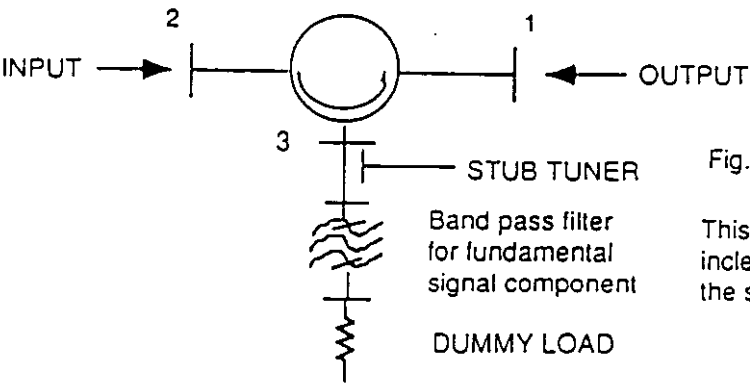


Fig. 6.2 Setup of Notch Filter No.1

This notch filter is used to increase the dynamic range of the spectrum analyzer

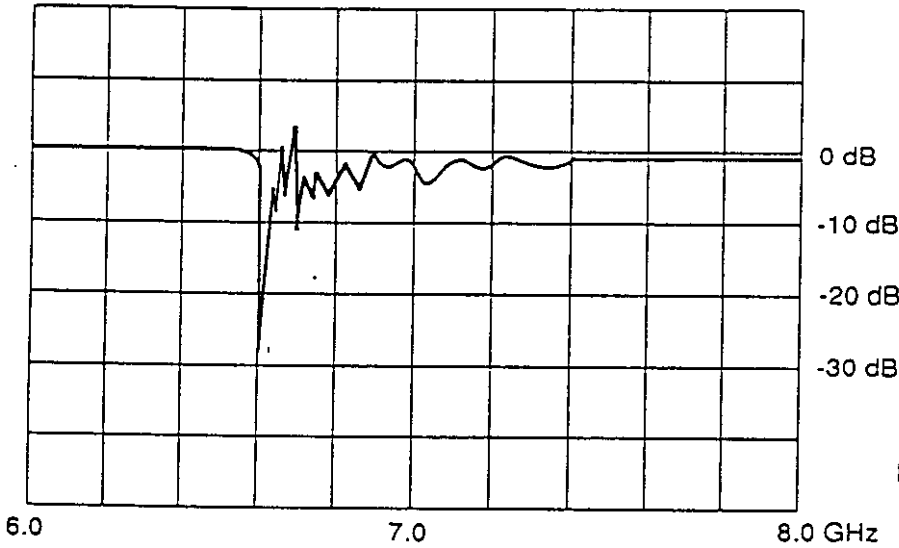


Fig. 6.3

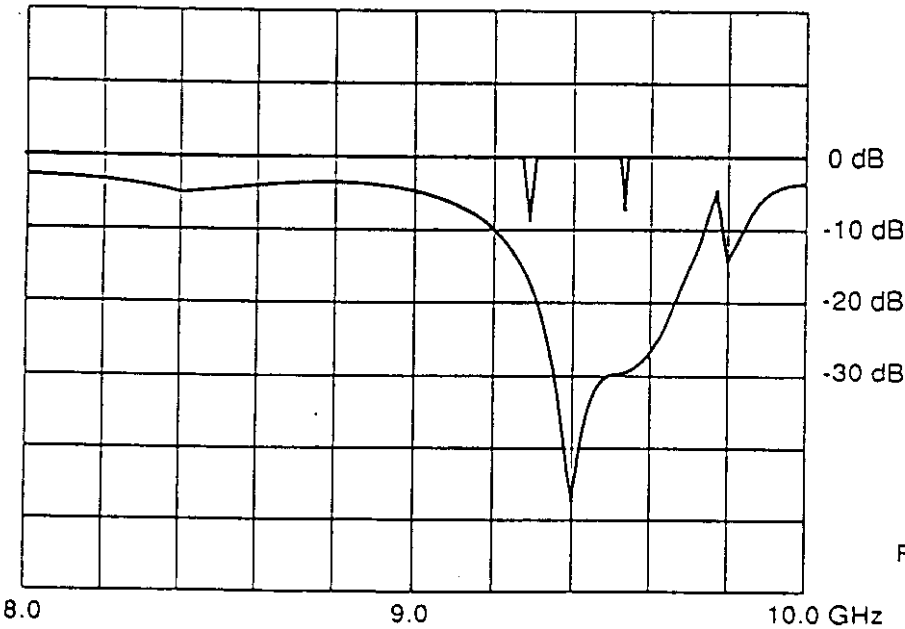


Fig. 6.4

7 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION (FCC Rule § 2.993)

7.1 **Test Site:** Rooftop of 6-story building,
FURUNO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
Ashihara- cho 9-52, Nishinomiya-city, 662-8580 Japan

7.2 **Date:** June, 1998

7.3 **Distance between the radar set and measuring antenna:** 10 m

7.4 **Radar Range settings:** 0.125 nm (Short1)/3 nm (Short2)/6 nm (Middle1)/
12 nm (Middle2)/24 nm (Middle3)/48 nm (Long)

7.5 **Measuring Equipment List:**
See ATTACHMENT 4 [LIST OF TEST/MEASURING EQUIPMENT].

7.6 **Test settings:**
See Fig. 7.1 - Fig. 7.5.

7.7 Field Strength Limits:

(a) Frequency Range (FCC Rule § 2.997) : 10 kHz - 40 GHz

(b) Emission Limits (FCC Rule § 80.211) :

Frequency removed from the assigned frequency	Frequency (Hz)	Emission attenuation (mean power ,dB)
50 - 100 % (of the authorized bandwidth)	9310 - 9360 M	At least 25
	9460 - 9510 M	
100 - 250 %	9160 - 9310 M	At least 35
	9510 - 9660 M	
more than 250 %	10 k - 9160 M 9660 - 40,000 M	At least 43 + 10 log 10 (mean power in watts)

Note : (1) Assigned frequency (center frequency) = 9410 MHz

(2) Authorized bandwidth = 100 MHz

7.8 Test Results:

As shown in ATTACHMENT 2 , the field strengths of spurious radiation generated by EUT are found lower than the specified limits.

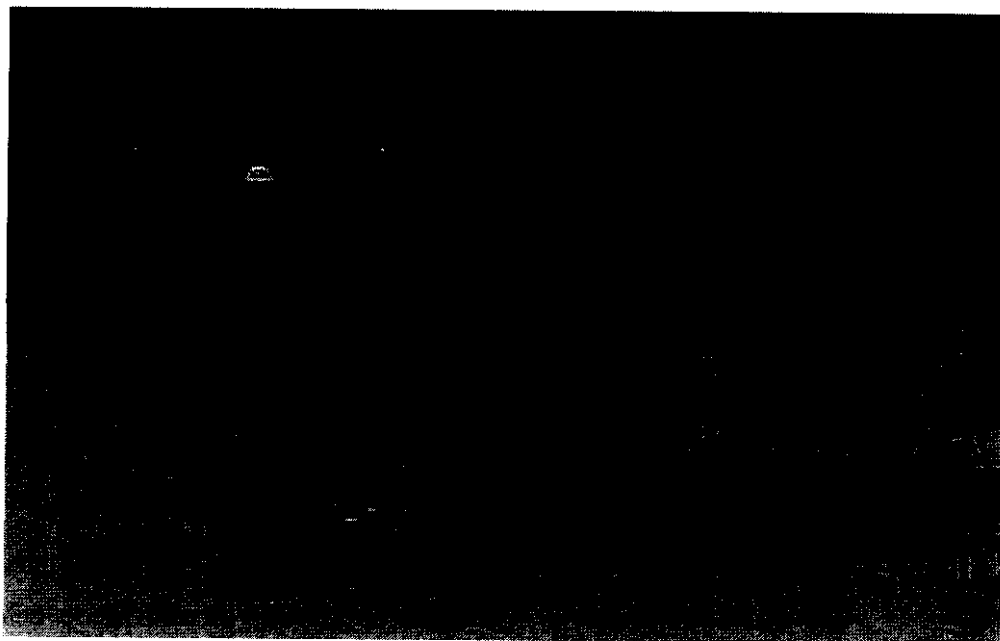


Fig. 7.1 Measuring Antenna: Broadband Rod Antenna Model 95010-1 of
Advanced Electronics
Frequency Range: 10 kHz - 20 MHz

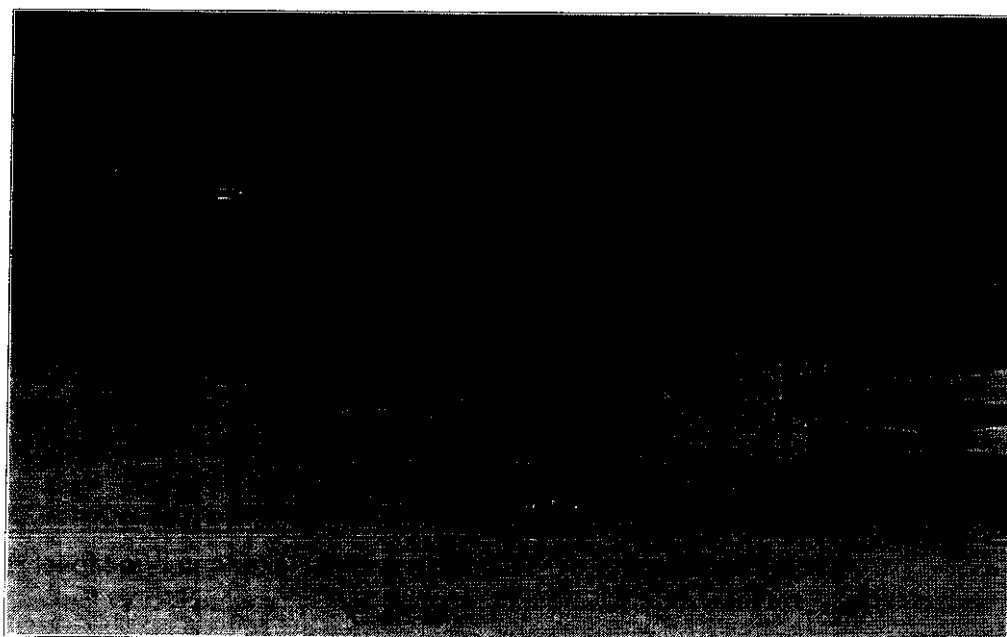


Fig. 7.2 Measuring Antenna: Biconical Antenna Model BIA-25 of Electro
Metrics
Frequency Range: 20 MHz - 200 MHz



Fig. 7.3

Measuring Antenna: Conical Log-Spiral Antenna Model LCA-25 of
Electro Metrics

Frequency Range: 200 MHz - 1 GHz

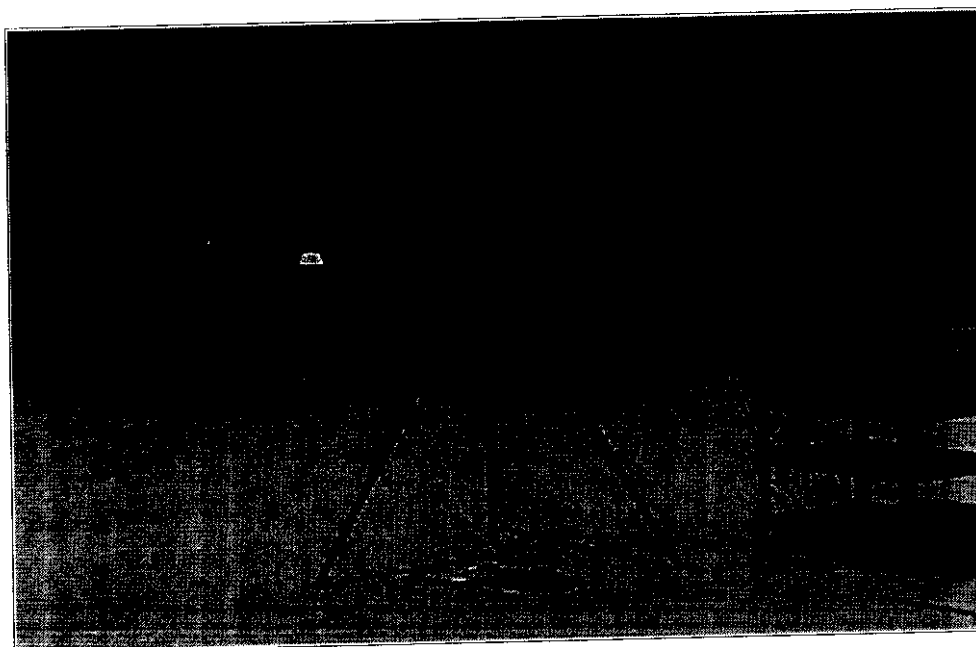


Fig. 7.4

Measuring Antenna: Double-ridged Guide Antenna Model RGA-
180 of EMD

(Notch filter was connected between 9.3 and 9.5 GHz
to ensure sufficient dynamic range of spectrum
analyzer.)

Frequency Range: 1 GHz - 18 GHz

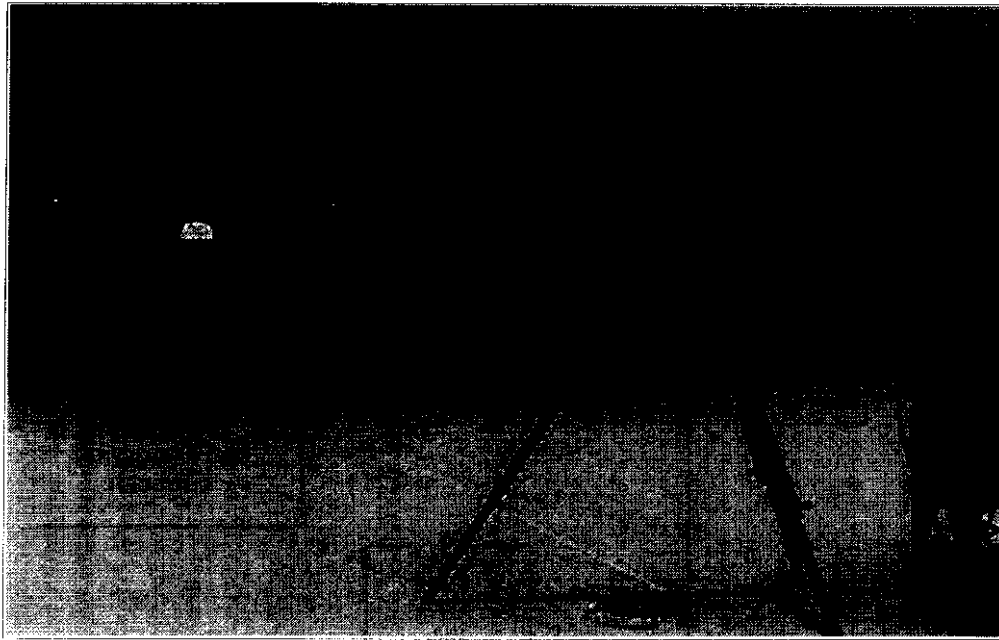


Fig. 7.5

Measuring Antenna:

Toshiba Horn Antenna

Frequency Range:

18 GHz - 40 GHz

8 FREQUENCY STABILITY (FCC Rule § 2.995)

8.1 Setup for Measurement

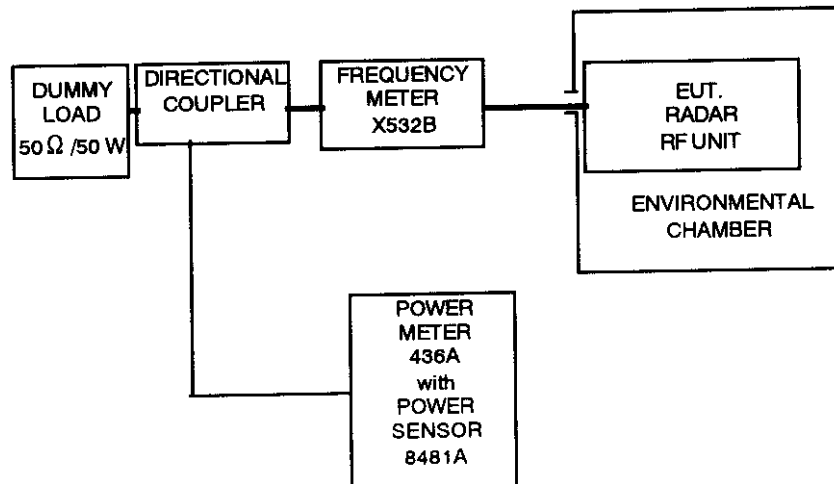


Fig. 8.1

8.2 Test Conditions:

- 1) Radar Range settings : 0.125 nm (Short1)/3 nm (Short2)/6 nm (Middle1)/
12 nm (Middle2)/24 nm (Middle3)/48 nm (Long)
- 2) Ambient Temperature settings: - 20 to + 50 °C (10 °C step)
- 3) Power Supply Voltage settings: 85 /115 % of nominal voltage (85 to 115 VAC)

8.3 Measuring Equipment List:

See ATTACHMENT 4 [LIST OF TEST/MEASURING EQUIPMENT].

8.4 Frequency Tolerance Limits:

"The frequency at which maximum emission occurs must be within the authorized bandwidth and must not be closer than $1.5/T$ MHz to the upper and lower limits of the authorized band width, where "T" is the pulse duration in microseconds. " (FCC Rule § 80.209)

1) Center frequency (f_0): 9410 MHz

2) Authorized bandwidth ($f(\text{AUBW})$): 100 MHz

"Upper limit frequency of the authorized band", $f(\text{UAUBW}) = f_0 + f(\text{AUBW})/2 = 9460$ Mhz

"Lower limit frequency of the authorized band", $f(\text{LAUBW}) = f_0 - f(\text{AUBW})/2 = 9360$ Mhz

3) Assignable frequency bandwidth : 200 MHz (between 9300 MHz and 9500 MHz)
(FCC Rule § 80.375 (d)-(1))

"Upper limit frequency of the assignable band", $f(\text{UASB}) = 9500$ MHz

"Lower limit frequency of the assignable band", $f(\text{LASB}) = 9300$ MHz

4) Guard Band ($f(1.5/T)$) :

Pulse Type	Short 1	Short 2	Middle 1	Middle 2	Middle 3	Long
Range Scale (nm)	0.125	3	6	12	24	48
Pulse length (μ sec)	0.07	0.15	0.30	0.50	0.70	1.20
Guard Band $f(1.5/T)$ (MHz)	21.43	10.00	5.00	3.00	2.14	1.25

8.5 Test Results:

Shown on Fig. 8.2.

(1) "Upper Tolerance Frequency measured (at -20°C)", $f(\text{U}) = 9418.0$ MHz

(2) "Lower Tolerance Frequency measured (at $+50^\circ\text{C}$)", $f(\text{L}) = 9403.6$ MHz

(3)-(a)

$f(\text{U}) + \max. f(1.5/T) = 9439.43$ MHz $< f(\text{UAUBW}) = 9460$ MHz $< f(\text{UASB}) = 9500$ MHz

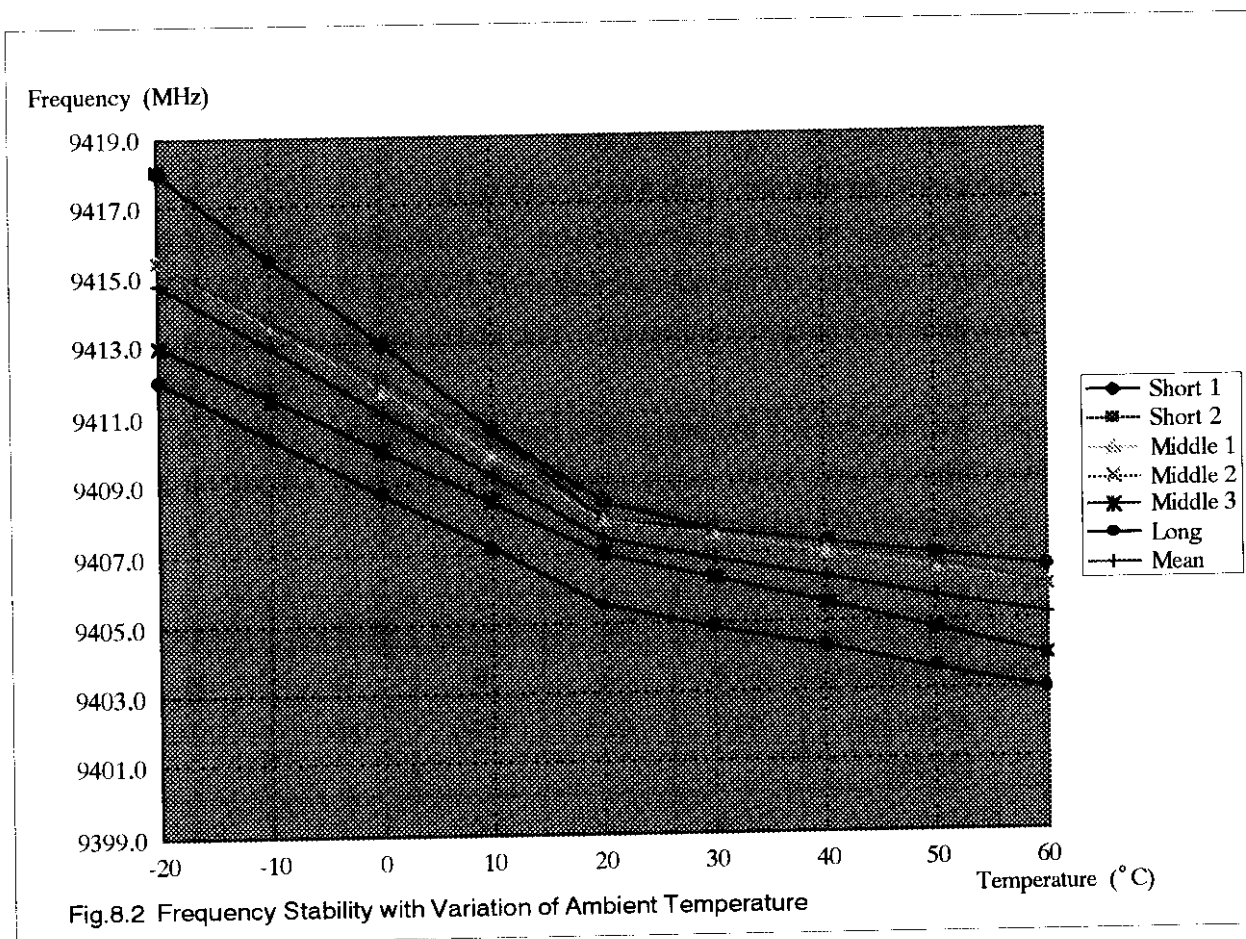
(b)

$f(\text{L}) - \max. f(1.5/T) = 9382.17$ MHz $> f(\text{LAUBW}) = 9360$ MHz $> f(\text{LASB}) = 9300$ MHz

So, both are found within the specified limits.

FREQUENCY STABILITY WITH VARIATION OF PRIMARY SUPPLY VOLTAGE:

The built-in voltage regulator allows no frequency variation against variations of $\pm 15\%$ of nominal power supply voltage (85 to 115 VAC for nominal 100 VAC).



9 SUPPRESSION OF INTERFERENCE ABOARD SHIPS

(FCC Rule § 80.217)

9.1 Measuring Antenna Characteristics at Representative Frequencies:

Whip antennas are used to determine the level of interference caused by the radar to shipboard receivers. These antennas have the following characteristics (refer to impedance charts attached):

Length	Test Frequency (Hz)	Impedance (Ω)	θ	R (Ω)	C or L
6 m	500.5 k	1 k	-90°	0	80 pF
6 m	1.992 M	1.25 k	-86°	87.2	64 pF
6 m	10.00204 M	158		109	140 pF
4 m	27.5 M	95		83.5	128 pF
5/8 λ	150 M	116.5		105.5	52.5 nH
1/4 λ	450 M	70.5		34.5	5.68 pF

9.2 Test Site: Rooftop of 6-story building,
Furuno Electric Company, Ltd.
Ashihara-cho 9-52, Nishinomiya-city, 662-8580 JAPAN

9.3 Measuring Instruments:

- (1) RF Vector Impedance Meter, HP 4815A
- (2) Spectrum Analyzer, ADVANTEST TR4172
- (3) Spectrum Analyzer, HP 8566B
- (4) Antennas,
for 14 k - 10 MHz, 6 m whip
for 10 - 30 MHz, 4 m whip
for 30 - 300 MHz, VHF whip
for 300 - 1000 MHz, UHF whip

9.4 Test Results:

Interference levels to the respective antenna were measured at 2 m from the radar which was put in OFF, STANDBY, TRANSMIT conditions., and found within the specified limits.

9.4.1 Harmful Interference to Receiver (FCC Rule § 80.217 (a))

Limits: for 14 - 490 kHz, 5 μ V/m
 for 490 kHz - 1 GHz, 1 μ V/m

Results: There is no spurious component which is deemed harmful
 interference. (Test data are shown in ATTACHMENT 3)

9.4.2 Electromagnetic Field (FCC Rule § 80.217 (b) - 1)

Limits: for below 30 MHz, 0.1 μ V/m at 1 nm (-20 dBmV/m)
 for 30 to 100 MHz, 0.3 μ V/m at 1 nm (-10.5 dBmV/m)
 for 100 to 300 MHz, 1.0 μ V/m at 1 nm (0 dBmV/m)
 for over 300 MHz, 3.0 μ V/m at 1 nm (9.5 dBmV/m)

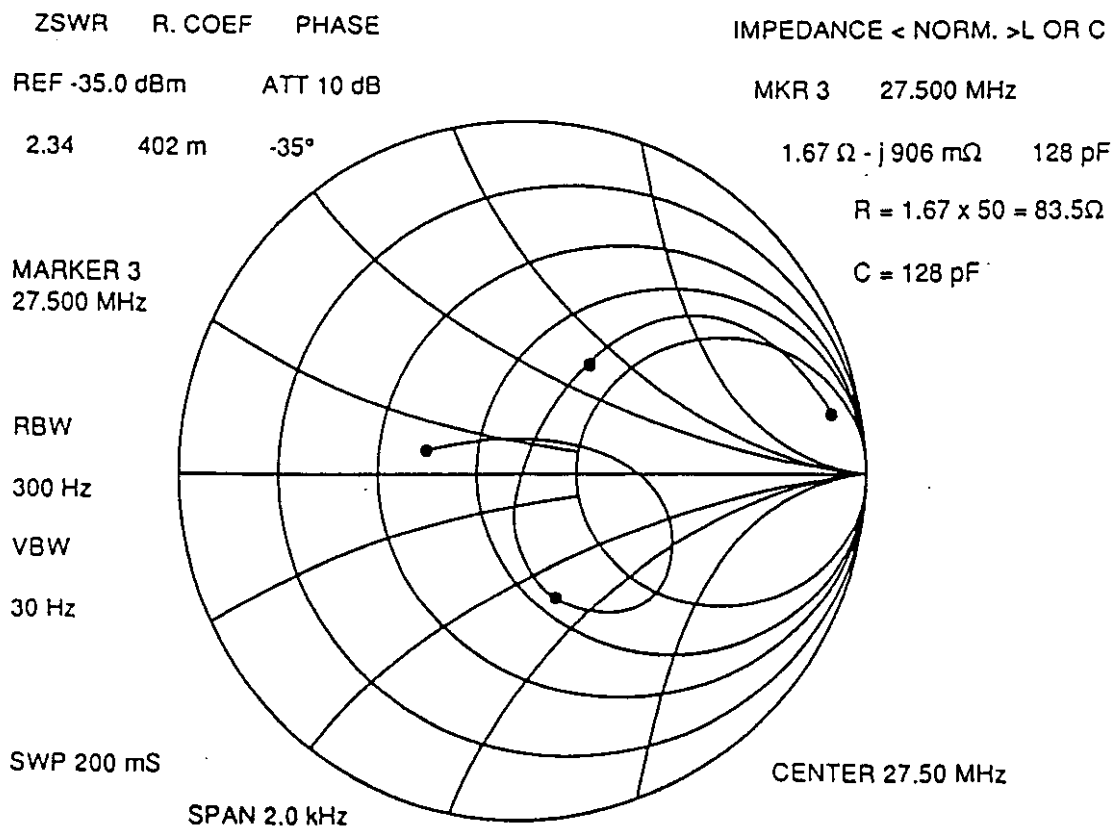
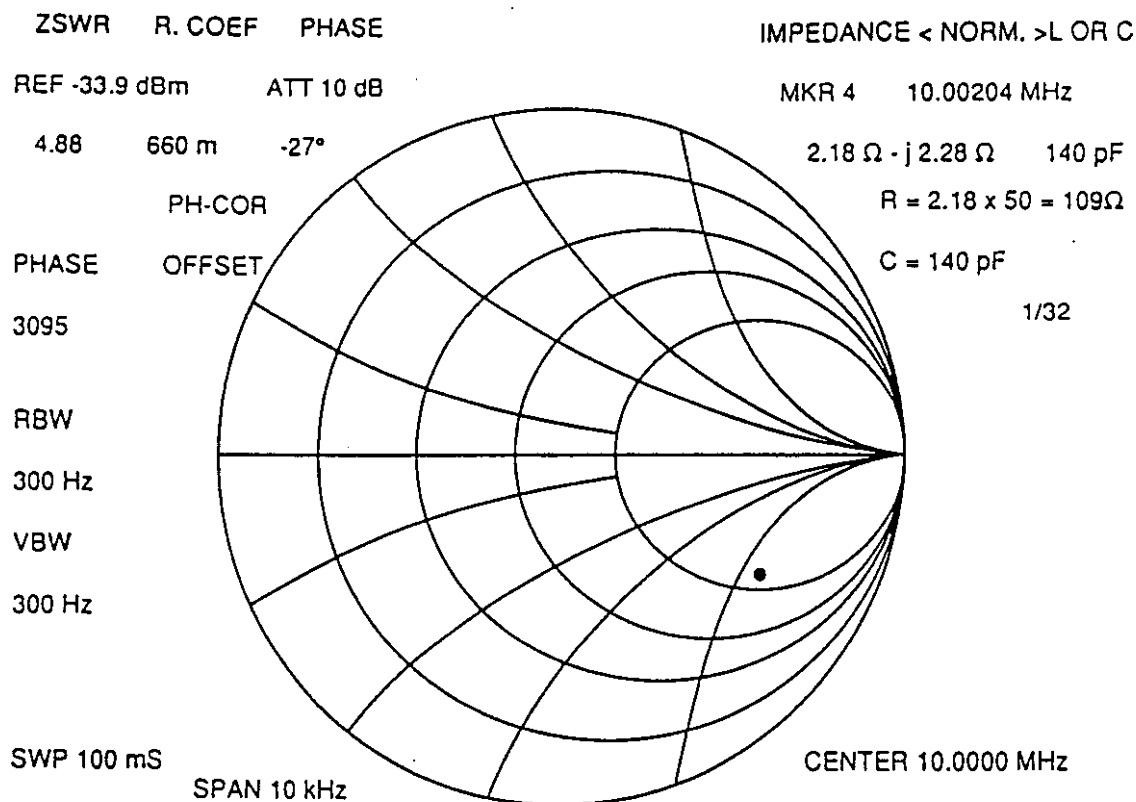
Results: Interference was measured with the antenna located 2 m from
 the radar and converted to levels at 1 nm. There is no spurious
 component exceeding the limits.
 (Test data are shown in ATTACHMENT 3)

9.4.3 Power Input to an Artificial Antenna (FCC Rule § 80.217 (b) - 2)

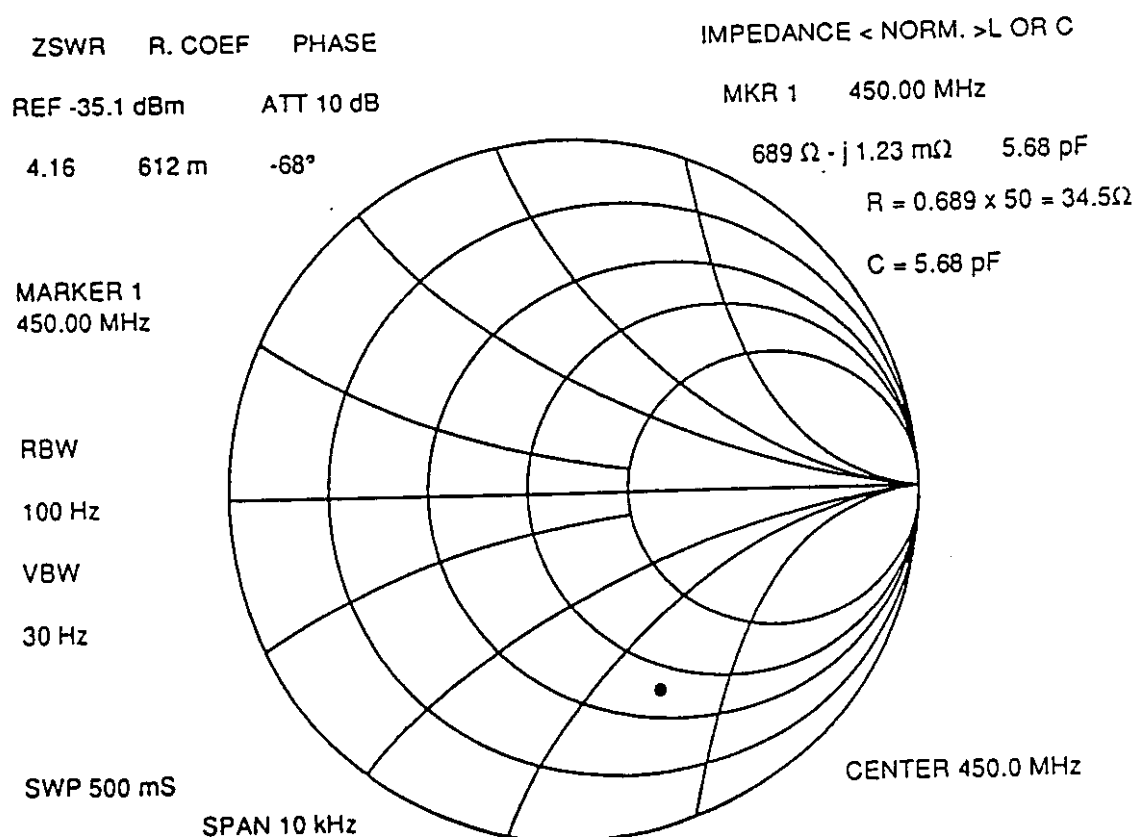
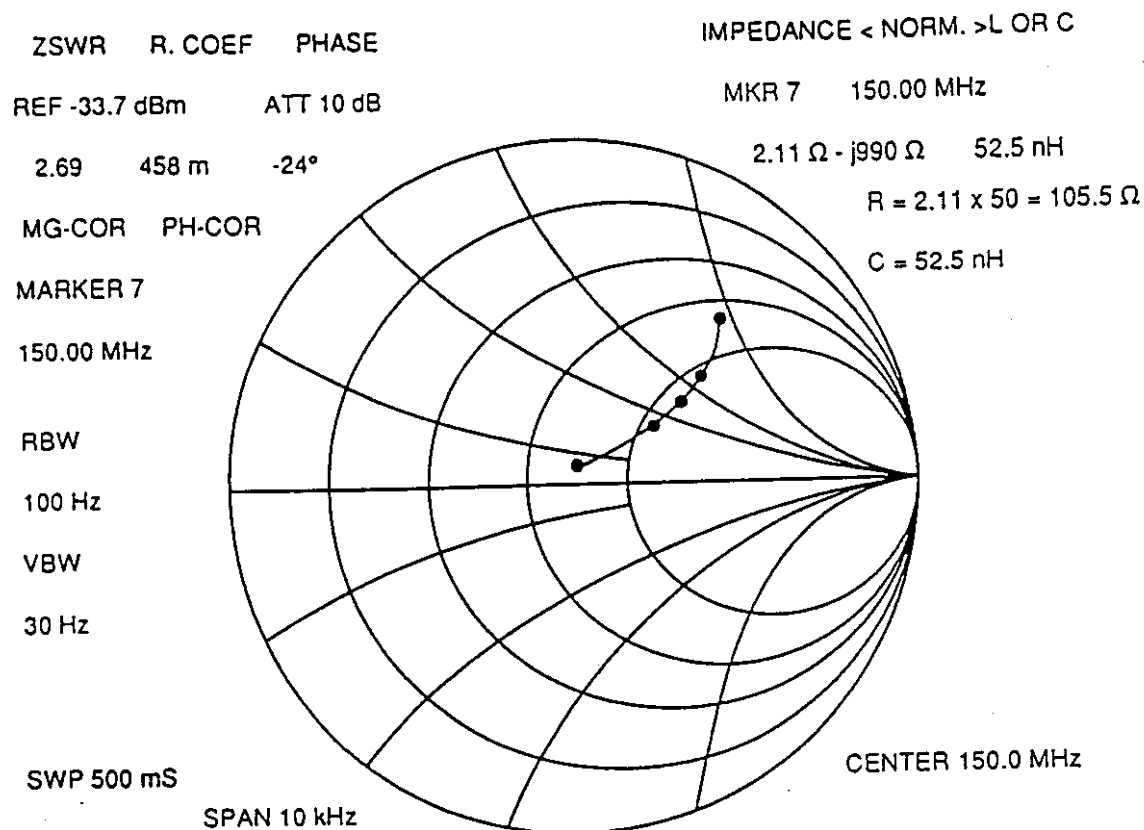
Limits: for below 30 MHz, 400 μ W
 for 30 to 100 MHz, 4,000 μ W
 for 100 to 300 MHz, 40,000 μ W
 for over 300 MHz, 400,000 μ W

Results: There is no spurious component exceeding the limits.
 (Test data are shown in ATTACHMENT 3)

MEASUREMENT OF IMPEDANCE OF TEST ANTENNAS



MEASUREMENT OF IMPEDANCE OF TEST ANTENNAS



Pub. No.: TL-1692

Date: June, 1998

12 OPERATOR'S MANUAL INCL. CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS (FCC Rule § 2.983)

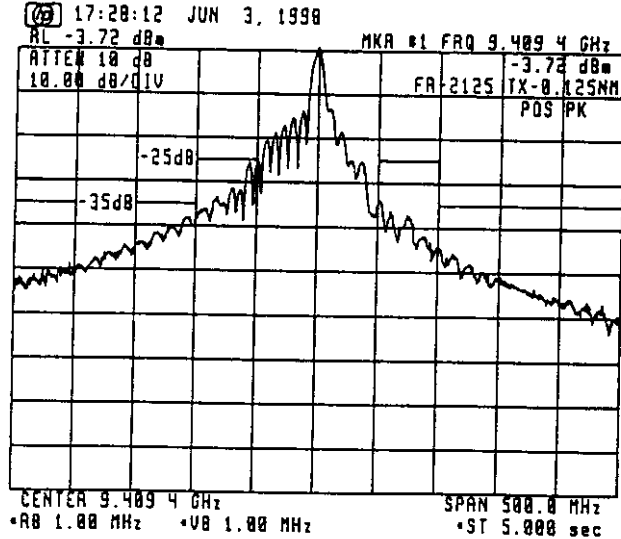
(See separate covers)

ATTACHMENT 1

[TEST DATA FOR 6. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS]

1. Spurious emissions for 0.125 nm Range:

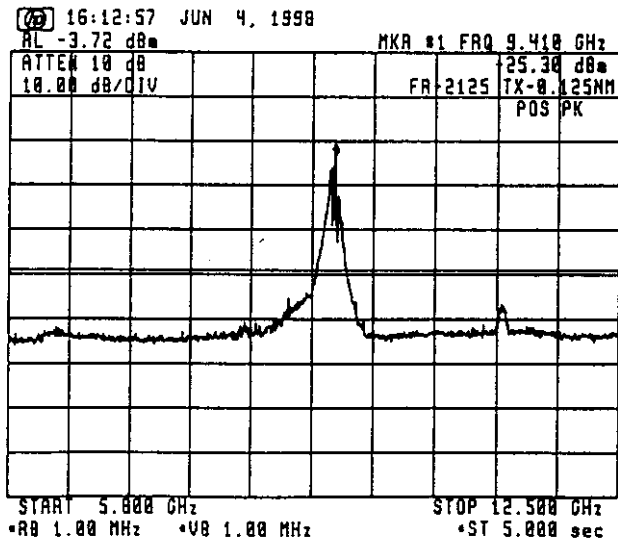
Ref. level: -3.72 dBm



Emission limitations:

- (a) 25 dB for 50 to 100 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)
- (b) 35 dB for 100 to 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

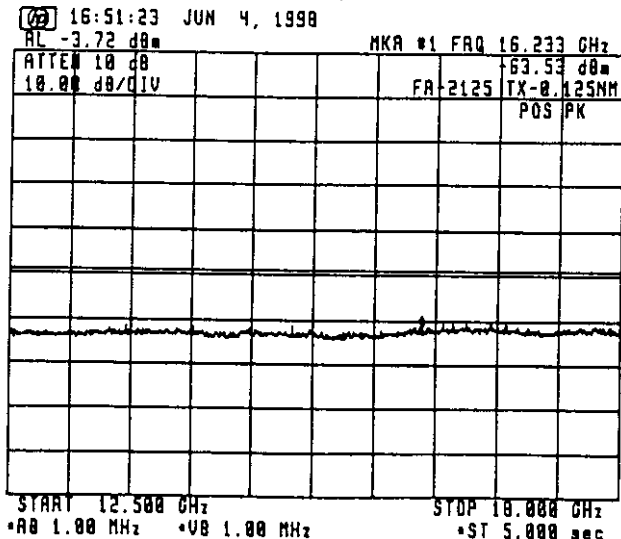
Fig. 1.1 Without Filter



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 48.89 \text{ dB}$ for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

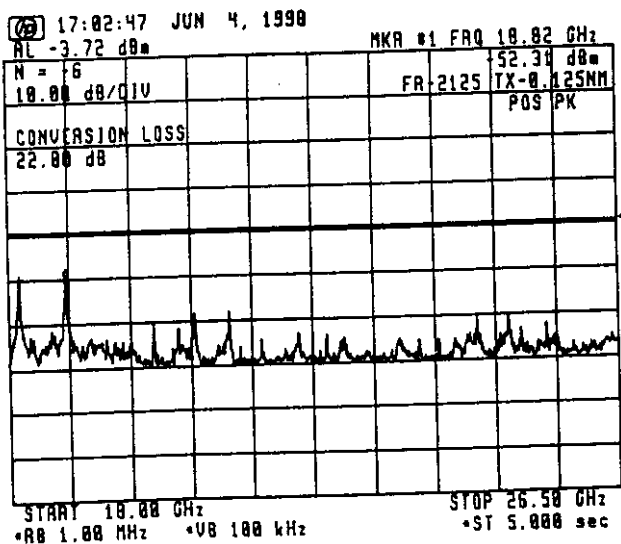
Fig. 1.2 With Filter No.1



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 48.89 \text{ dB}$ for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

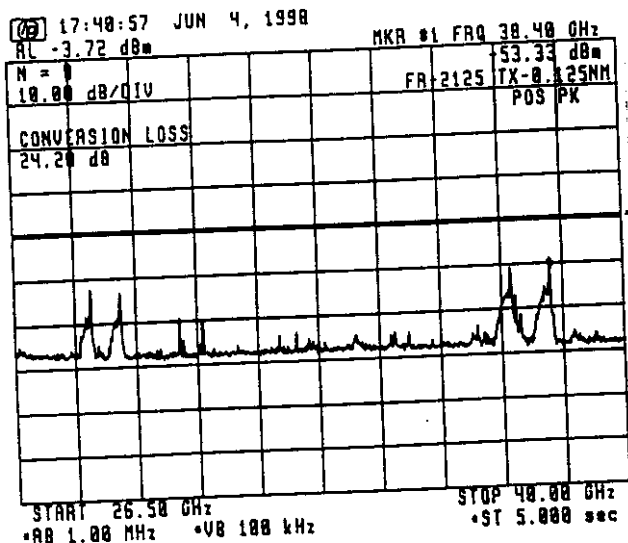
Fig. 1.3 With Filter No.2



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 48.89 \text{ dB}$
 for more than 250 % of
 the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 1.4 With Filter No. 2

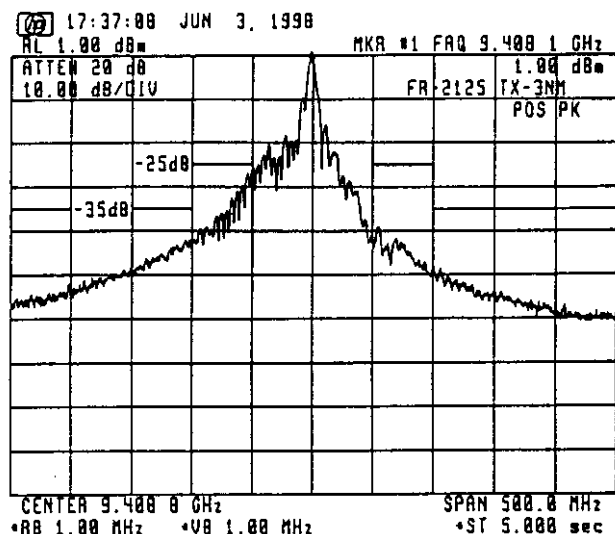


Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 48.89 \text{ dB}$
 for more than 250 % of
 the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 1.5 With Filter No. 2

2. Spurious emissions for 3 nm Range:

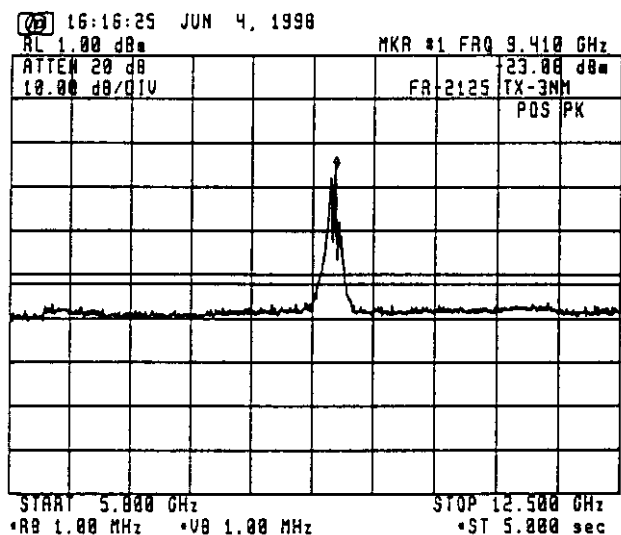


Ref. level: 1 dBm

Emission limitations:

- (a) 25 dB for 50 to 100 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)
- (b) 35 dB for 100 to 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

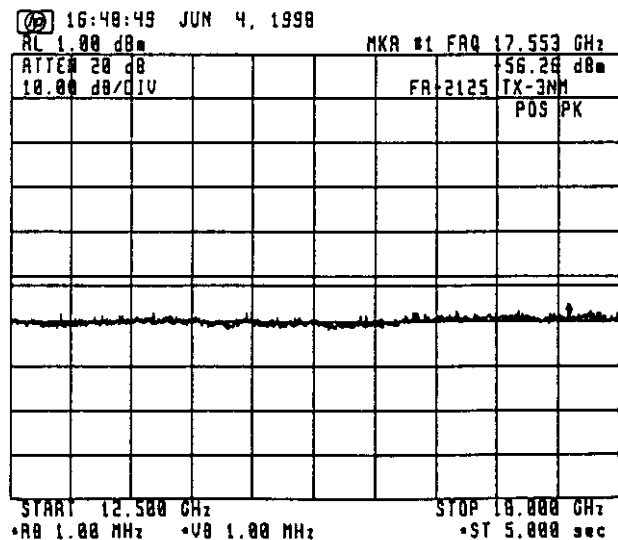
Fig. 2.1 Without Filter



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 51.95 \text{ dB}$ for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

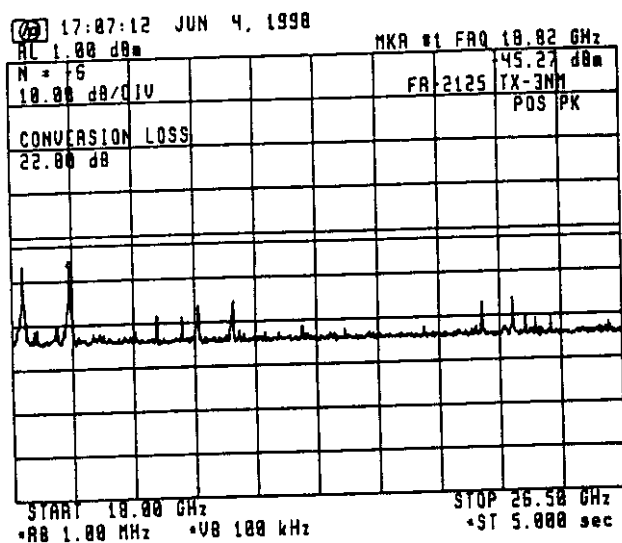
Fig. 2.2 With Filter No.1



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 51.95 \text{ dB}$ for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

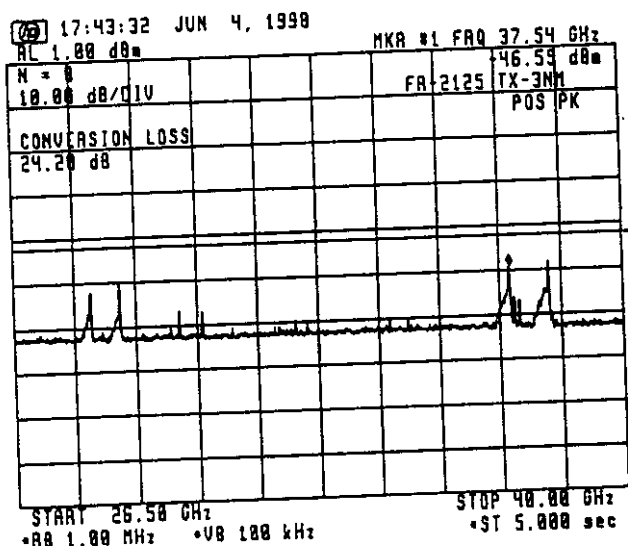
Fig. 2.3 With Filter No. 2



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 51.95 \text{ dB}$
for more than 250 % of
the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 2.4 With Filter No. 2

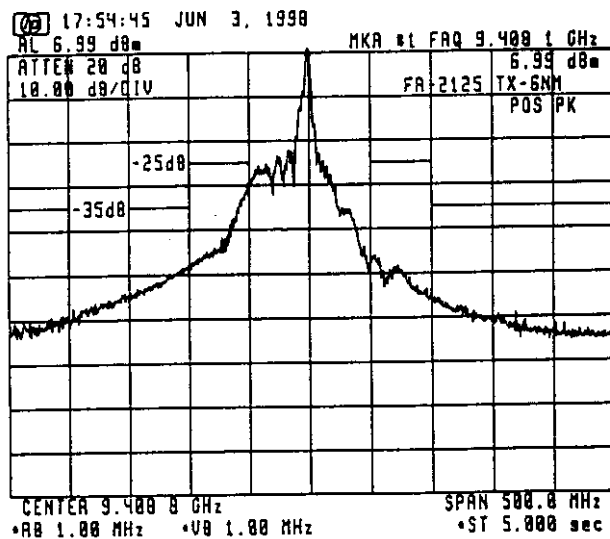


Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 51.95 \text{ dB}$
for more than 250 % of
the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 2.5 With Filter No. 2

3. Spurious emissions for 6 nm Range:

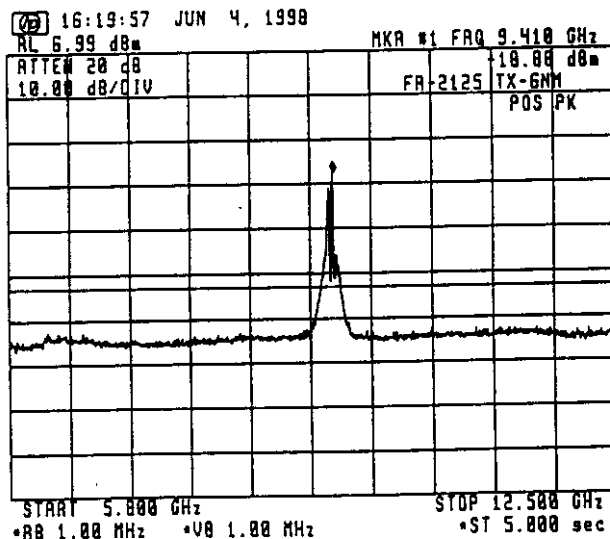


Ref. level: 6.99 dBm

Emission limitations:

- (a) 25 dB for 50 to 100 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)
- (b) 35 dB for 100 to 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

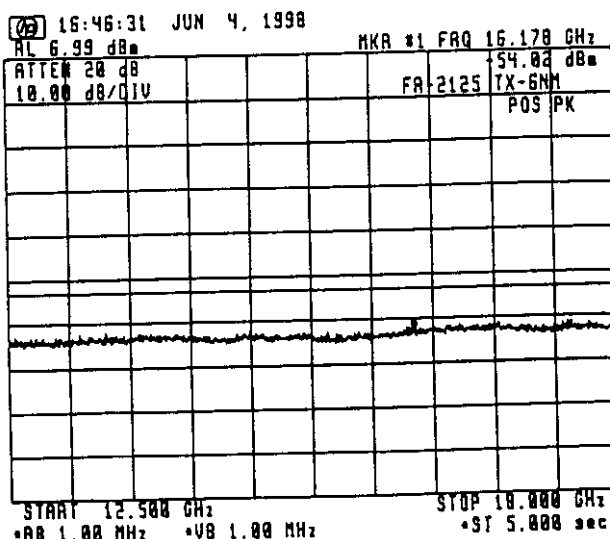
Fig. 3.1 Without Filter



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 52.83$ dB for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

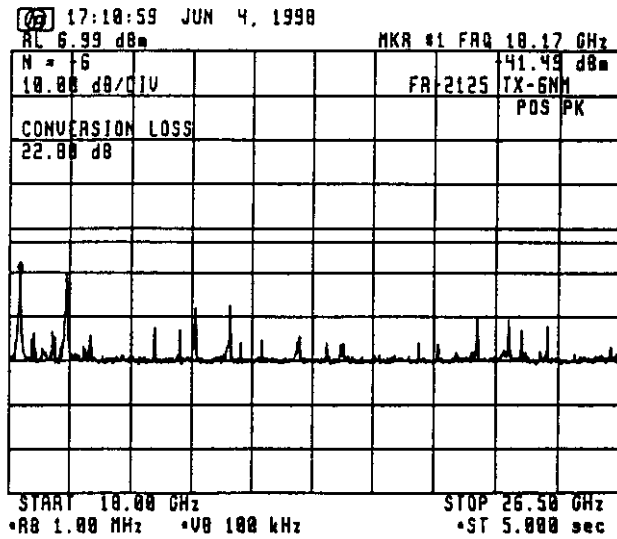
Fig. 3.2 With Filter No.1



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 52.83$ dB for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

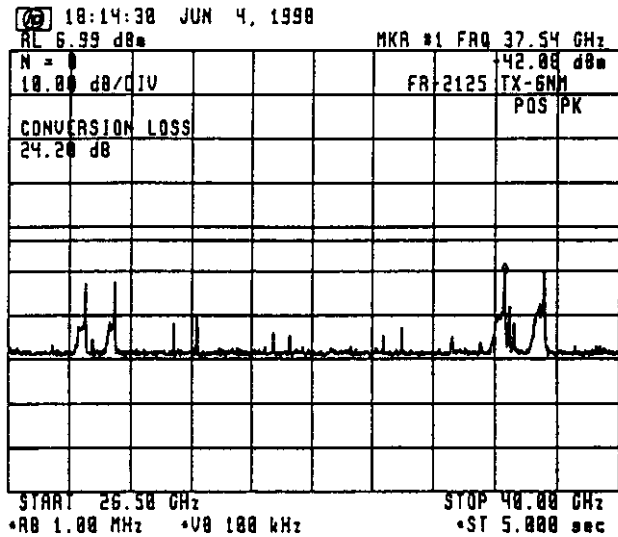
Fig. 3.3 With Filter No. 2



Emission limitations:

(c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 52.83 \text{ dB}$
for more than 250 % of
the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 3.4 With Filter No. 2

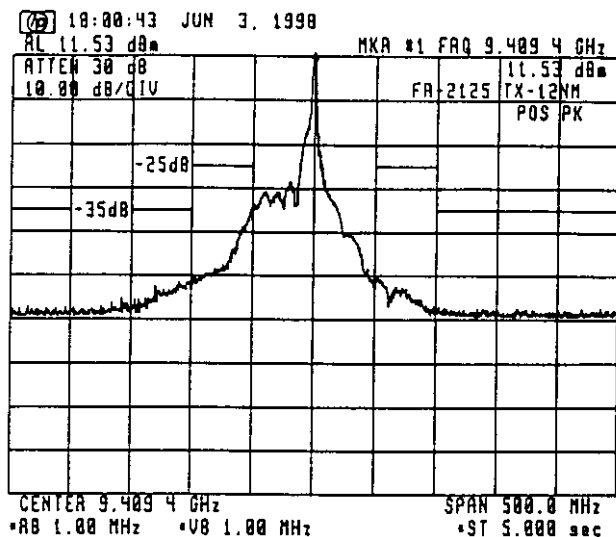


Emission limitations:

(c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 52.83 \text{ dB}$
for more than 250 % of
the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 3.5 With Filter No. 2

4. Spurious emissions for 12 nm Range:

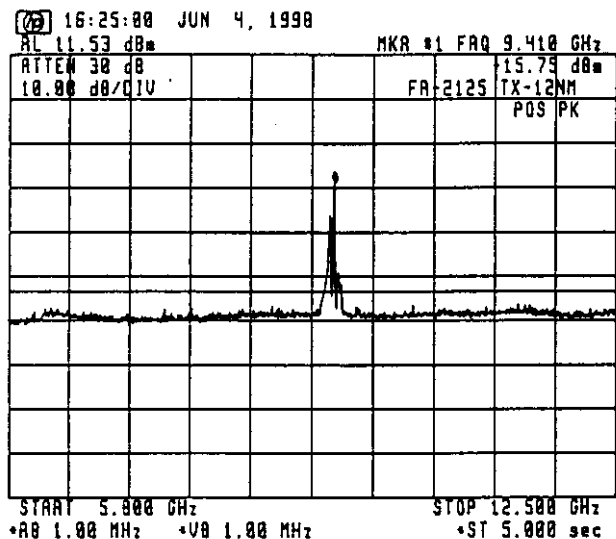


Ref. level: 11.53 dBm

Emission limitations:

- (a) 25 dB for 50 to 100 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)
- (b) 35 dB for 100 to 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

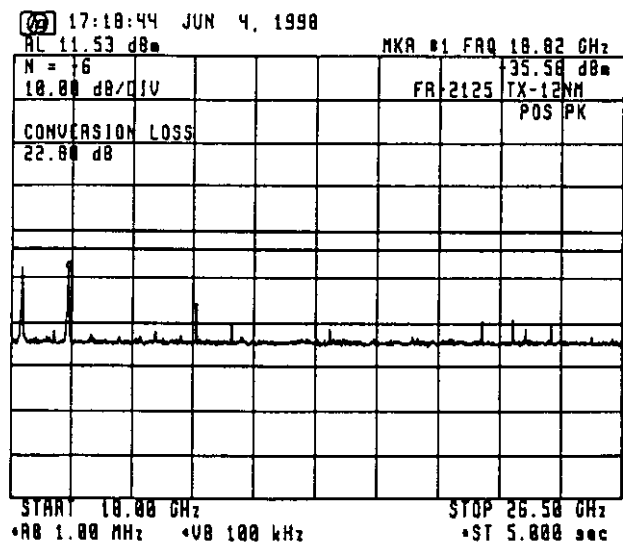
Fig. 4.1 Without Filter



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 53.27 \text{ dB}$ for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

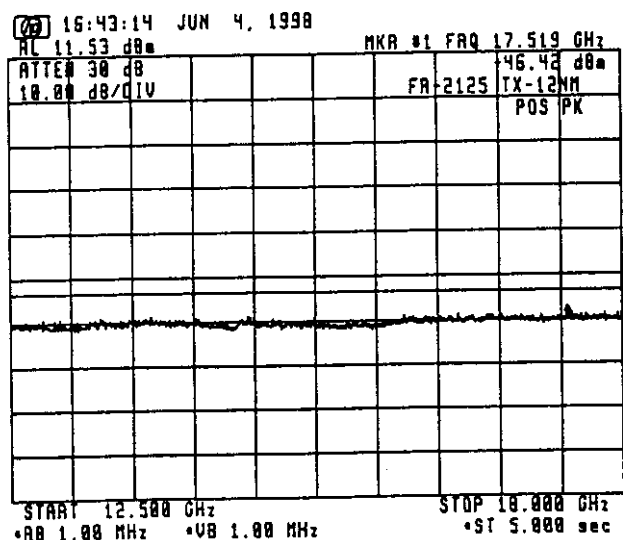
Fig. 4.2 With Filter No.1



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 53.27 \text{ dB}$ for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

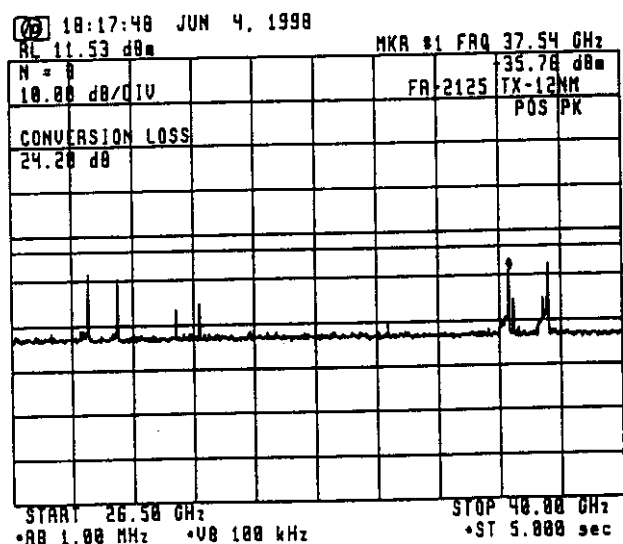
Fig. 4.3 With Filter No. 2



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 53.27 \text{ dB}$
for more than 250 % of
the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 4.4 With Filter No. 2



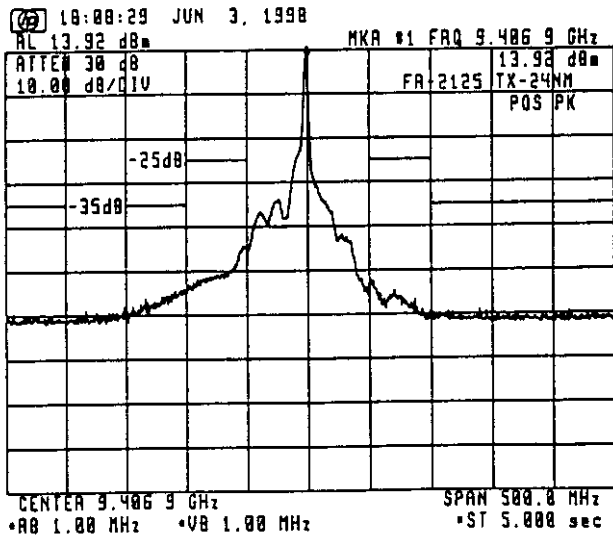
Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 53.27 \text{ dB}$
for more than 250 % of
the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 4.5 With Filter No. 2

5. Spurious emissions for 24 nm Range:

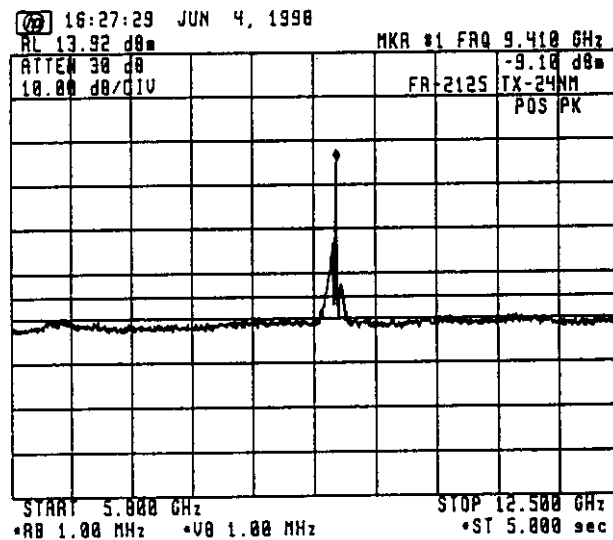
Ref. level: 13.92 dBm



Emission limitations:

- (a) 25 dB for 50 to 100 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)
- (b) 35 dB for 100 to 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

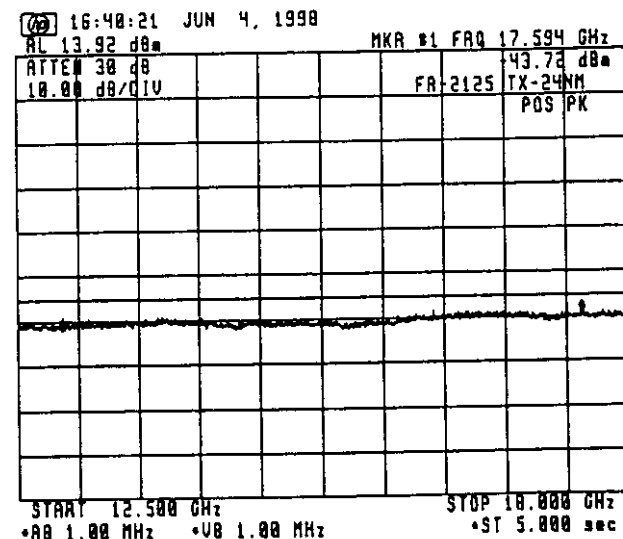
Fig. 5.1 Without Filter



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 54.91 \text{ dB}$ for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

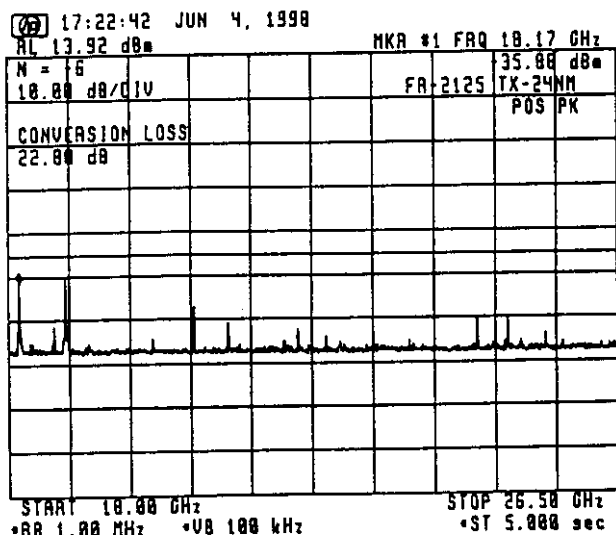
Fig. 5.2 With Filter No. 1



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 54.91 \text{ dB}$ for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

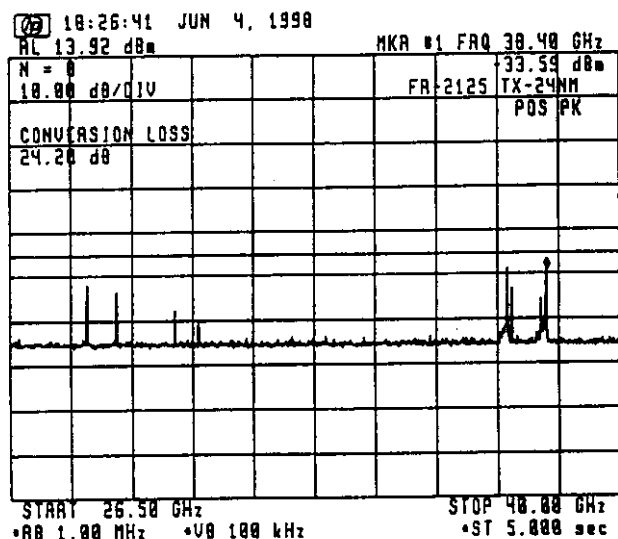
Fig. 5.3 With Filter No. 2



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 54.91 \text{ dB}$
for more than 250 % of
the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 5.4 With Filter No. 2

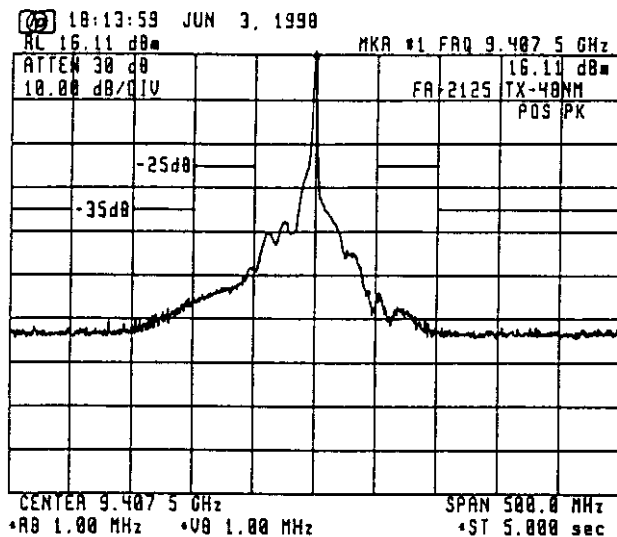


Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 54.91 \text{ dB}$
for more than 250 % of
the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 5.5 With Filter No. 2

6. Spurious emissions for 48 nm Range:

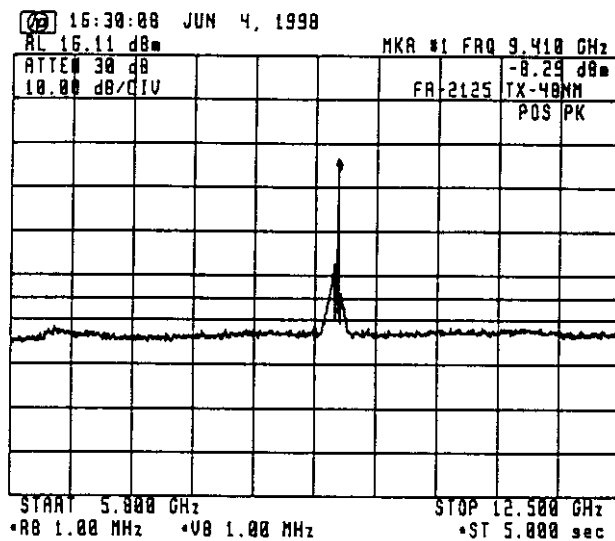


Ref. level: 16.11 dBm

Emission limitations:

- (a) 25 dB for 50 to 100 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)
- (b) 35 dB for 100 to 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

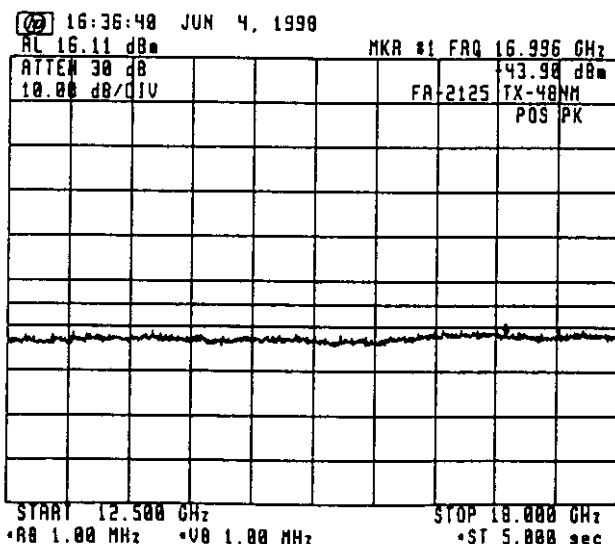
Fig. 6.1 Without Filter



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 54.88$ dB for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

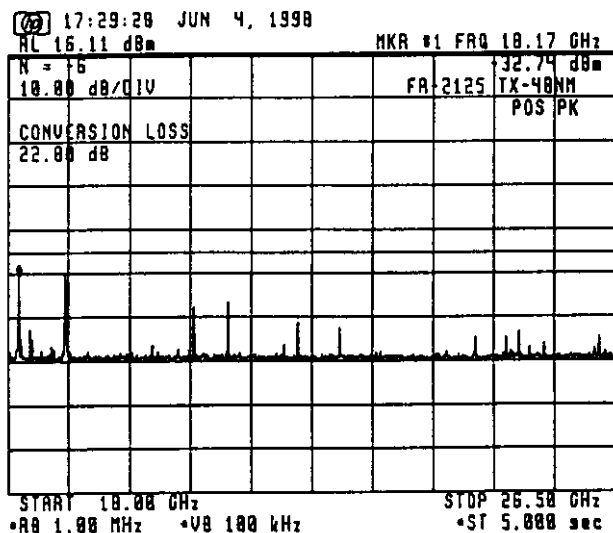
Fig. 6.2 With Filter No.1



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 54.88$ dB for more than 250 % of the authorized BW (100 MHz)

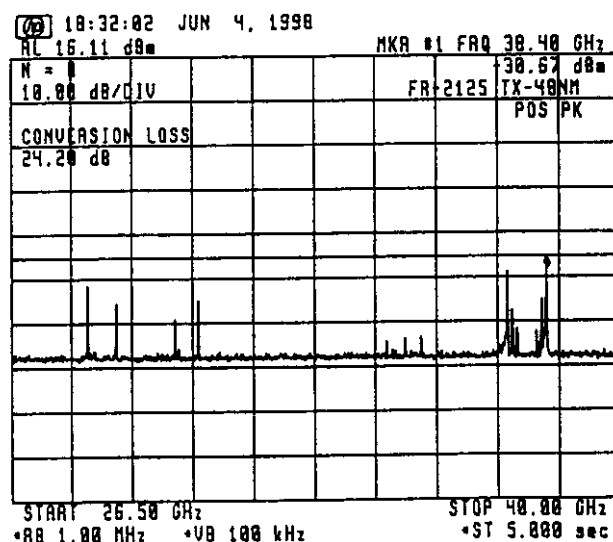
Fig. 6.3 With Filter No. 2



Emission limitations:

- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 54.88 \text{ dB}$
 for more than 250 % of
 the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 6.4 With Filter No. 2



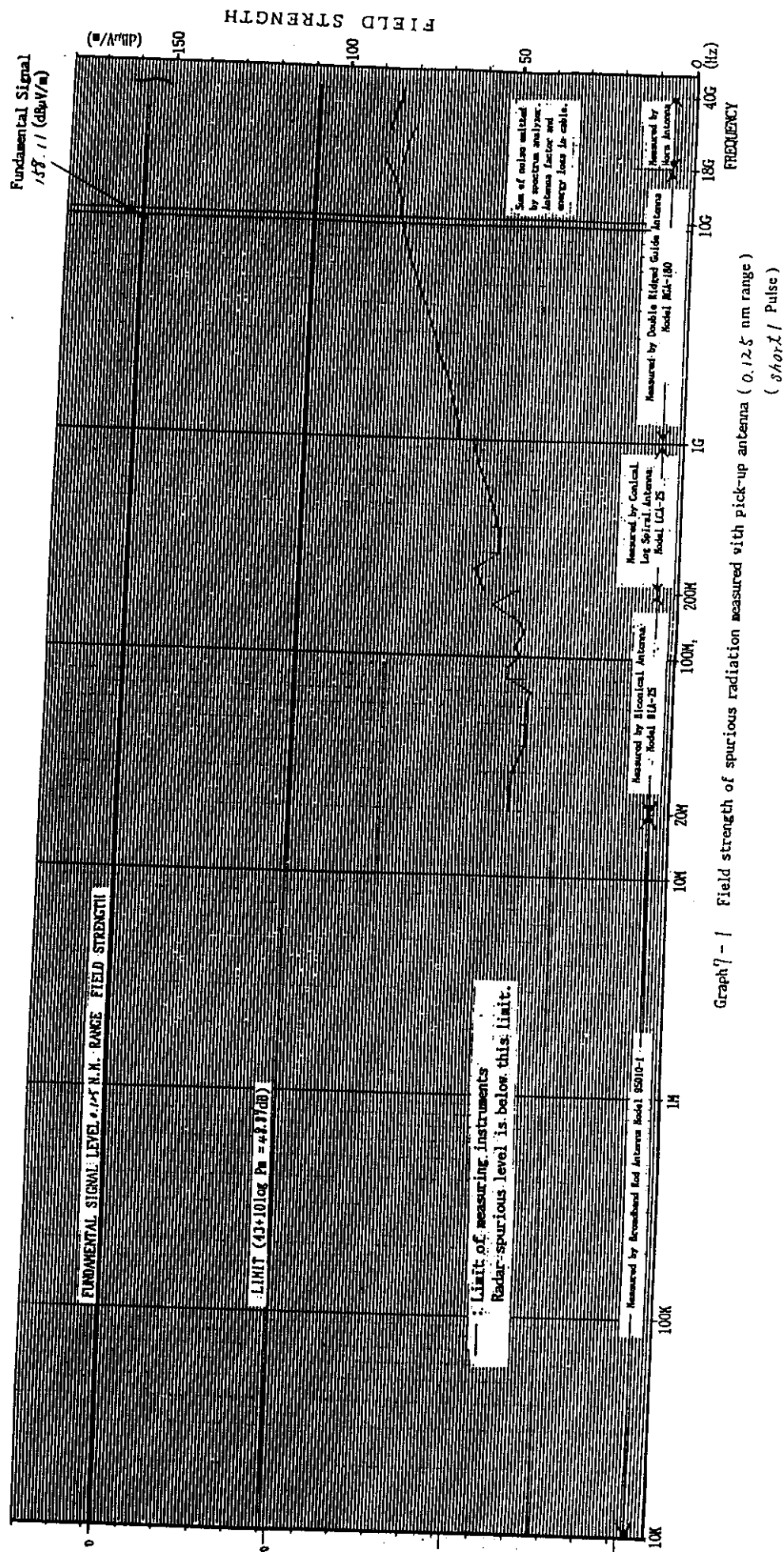
Emission limitations:

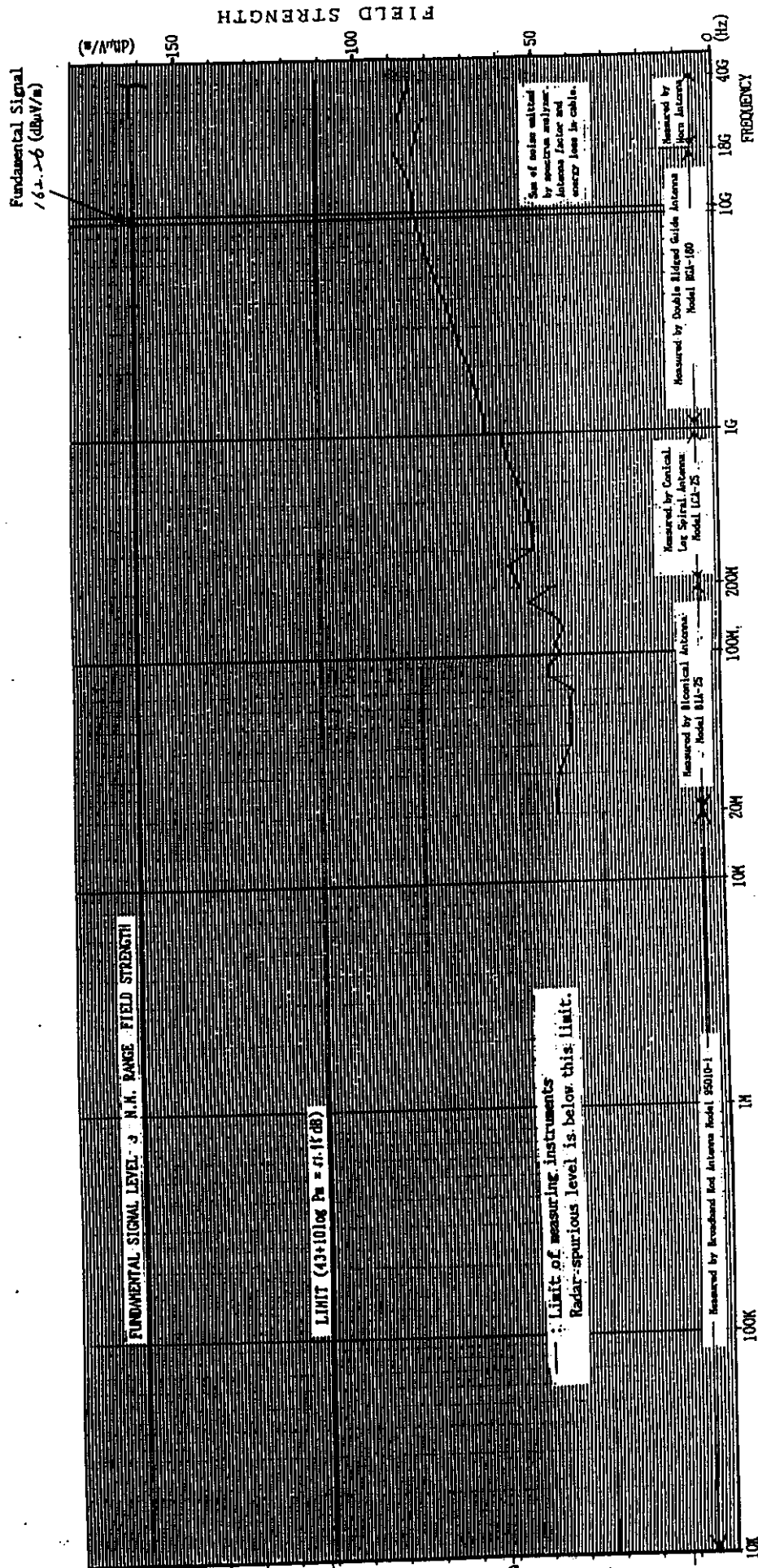
- (c) $43 + 10 \log P_m = 54.88 \text{ dB}$
 for more than 250 % of
 the authorized BW (100 MHz)

Fig. 6.5 With Filter No. 2

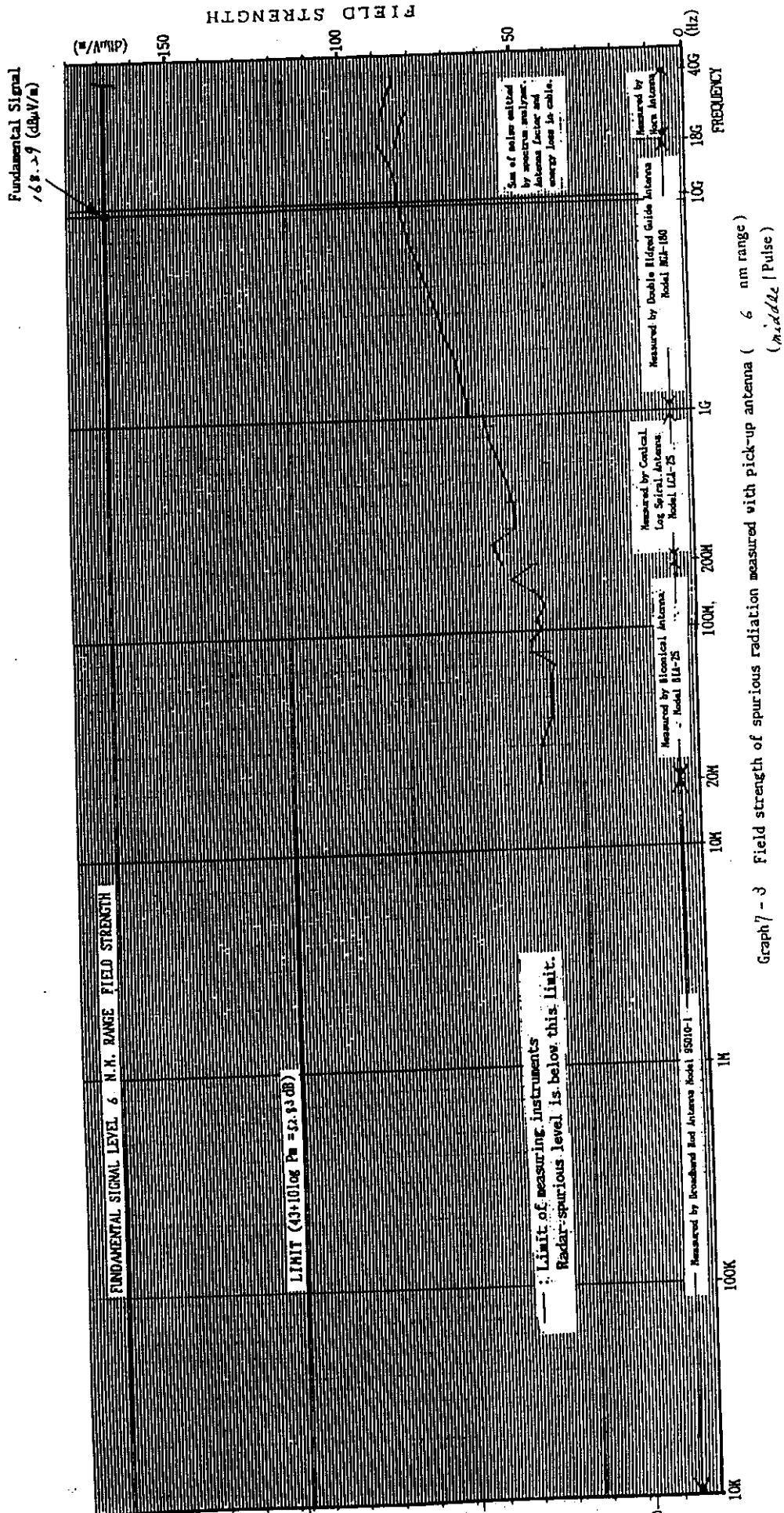
ATTACHMENT 2

[TEST DATA FOR 7. FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION]

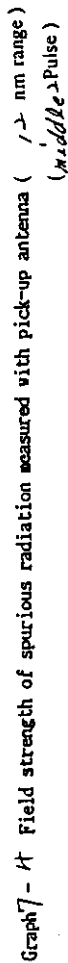


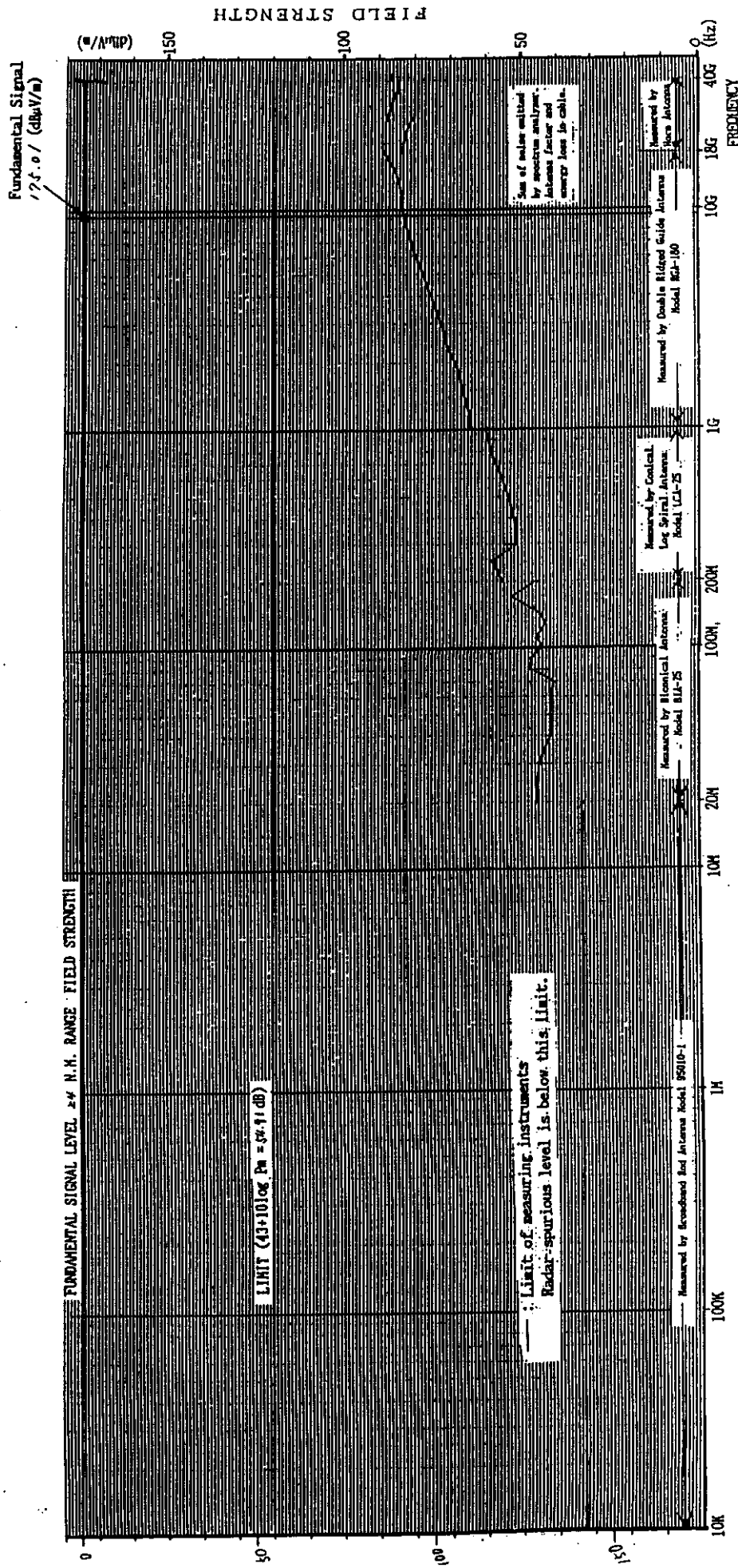


Graph 7-2 Field strength of spurious radiation measured with pick-up antenna (3 nm range)
(Short Pulse)

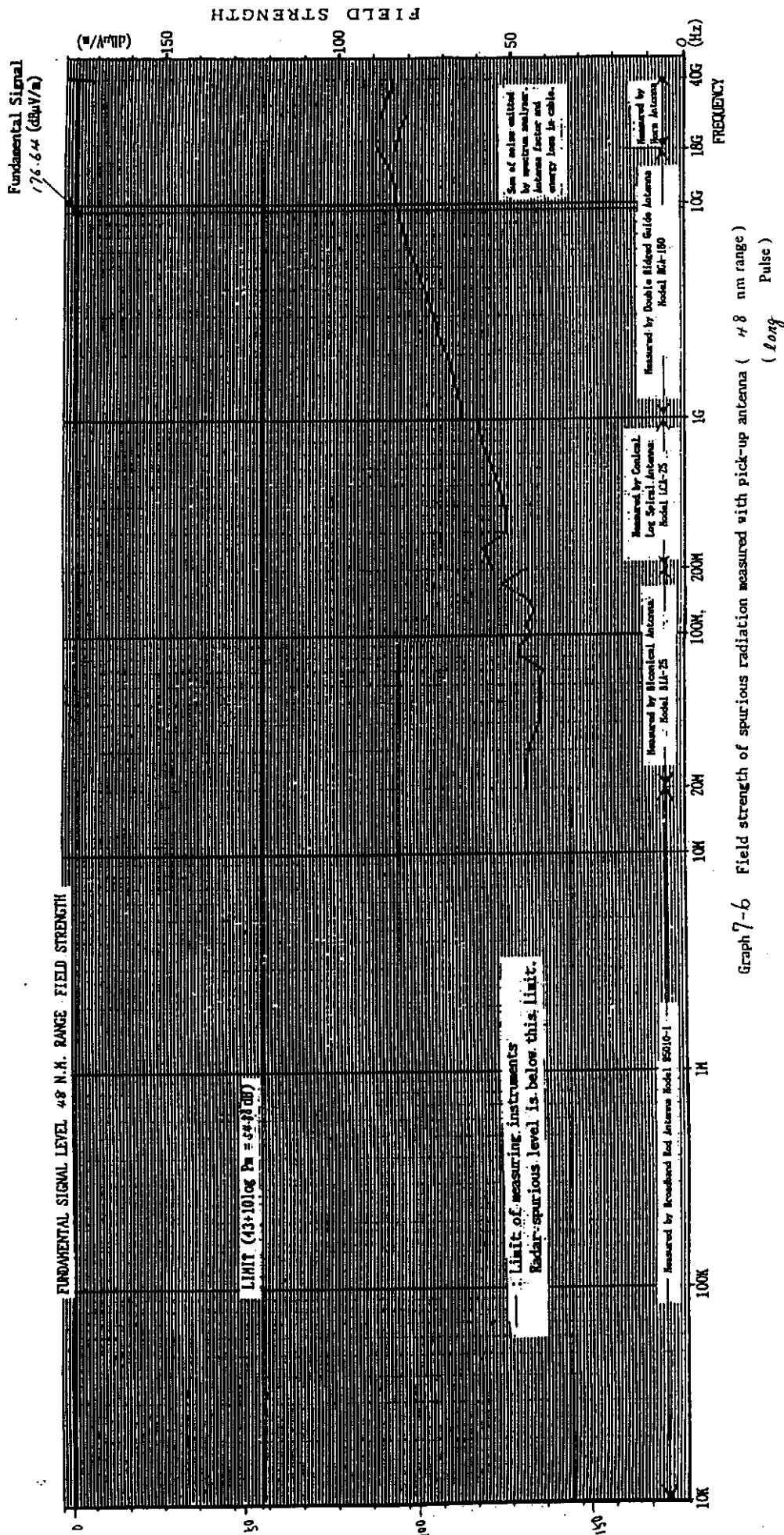


Graph 7 - 3 Field strength of spurious radiation measured with pick-up antenna (6 nm range)
(middle Pulse)





Graph 7-5 Field strength of spurious radiation measured with pick-up antenna (± 4 nm range) (middle 3 Pulse)



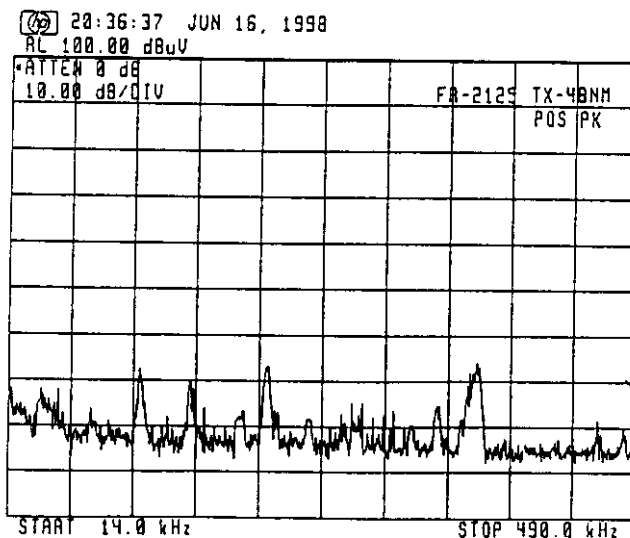
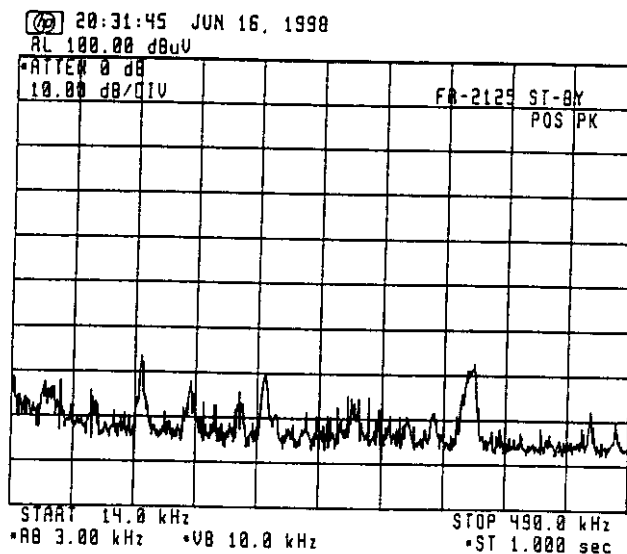
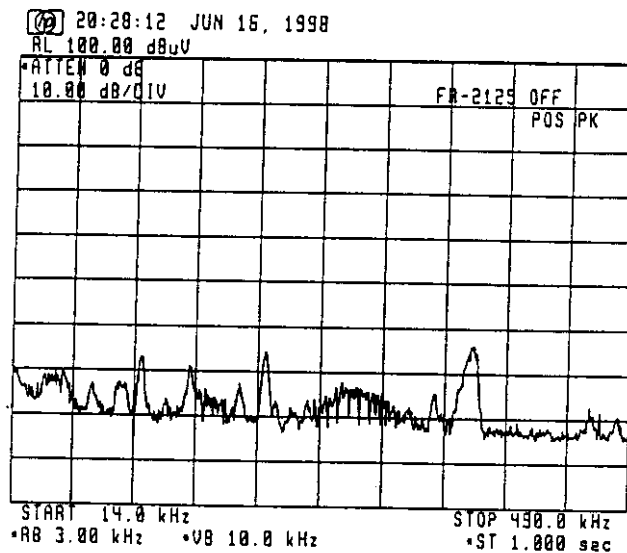
Graph 7-6 Field strength of spurious radiation measured with pick-up antenna (48 nm range)
(Long Pulse)

ATTACHMENT 3

[TEST DATA FOR 9. SUPPRESSION OF INTERFERENCE ABOARD SHIP]

1. Harmful Interference to Receiver

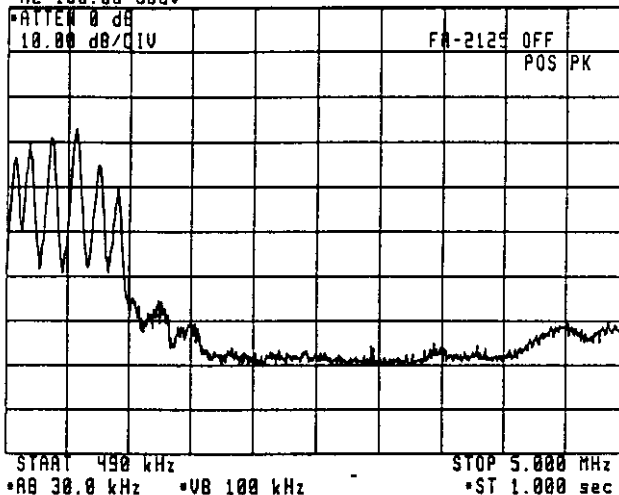
Band: 14 kHz ~ 490 kHz



Band: 490kHz ~ 5MHz

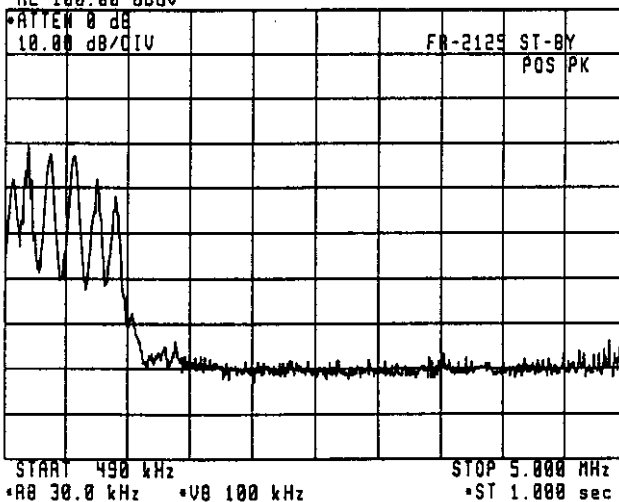
09:52:05 JUN 17, 1998

RL 100.00 dBuV



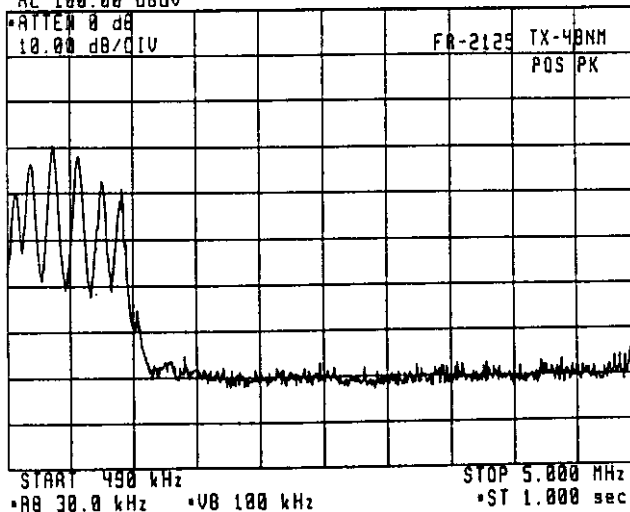
09:55:33 JUN 17, 1998

RL 100.00 dBuV

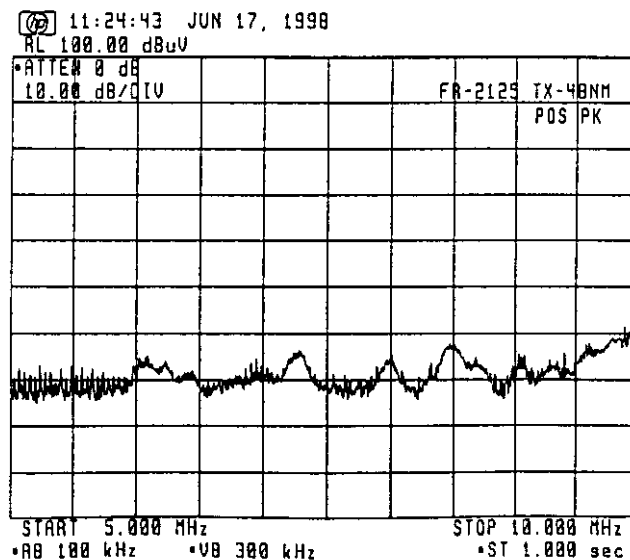
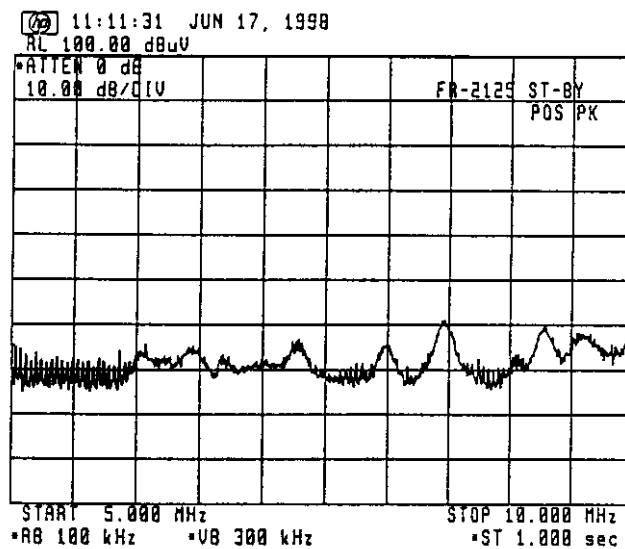
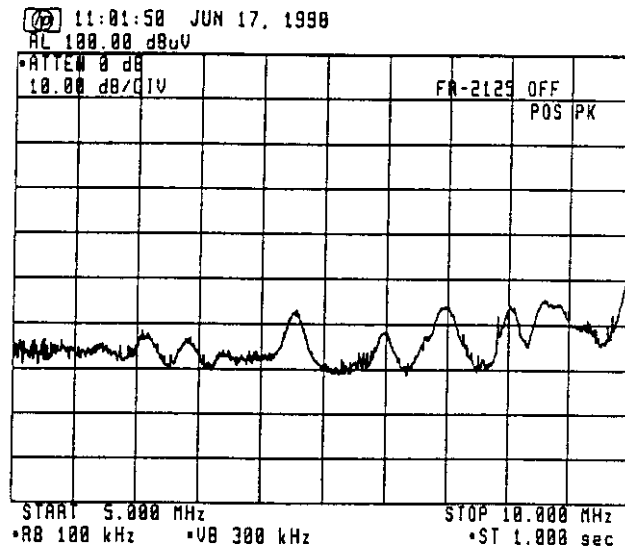


10:20:31 JUN 17, 1998

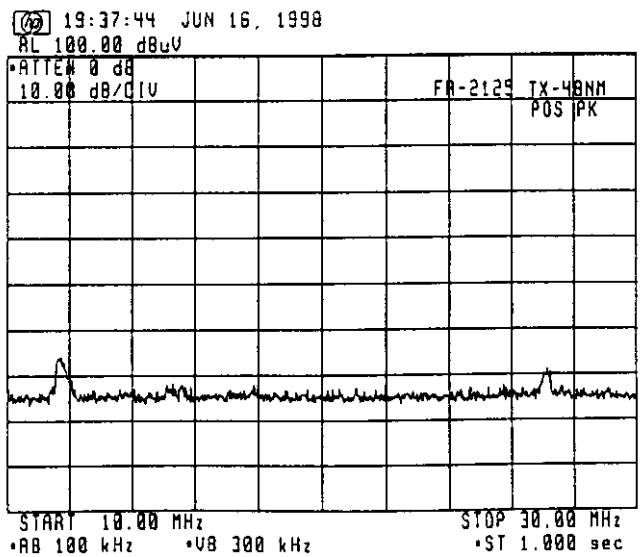
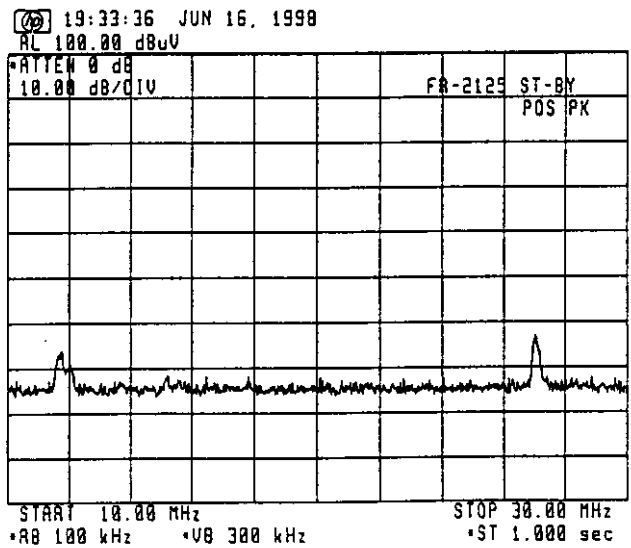
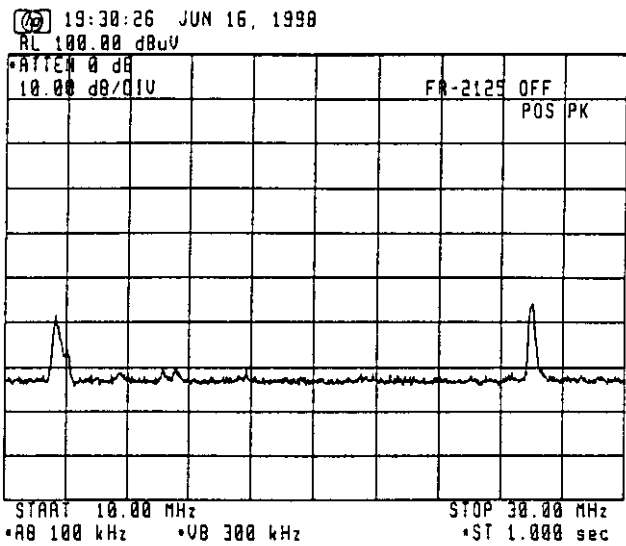
RL 100.00 dBuV



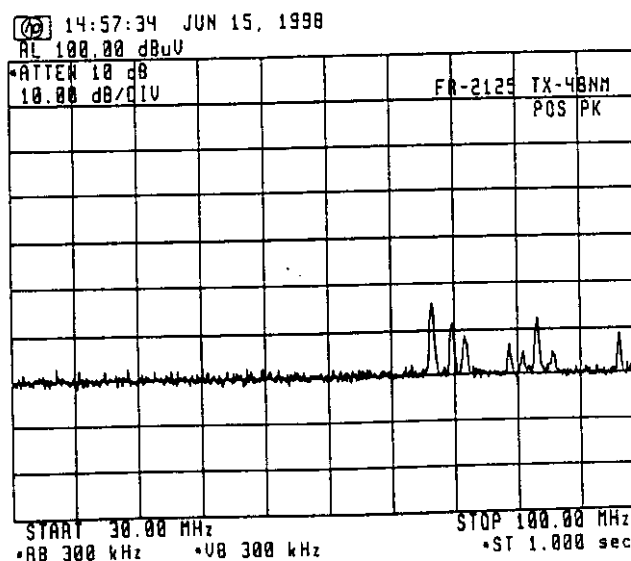
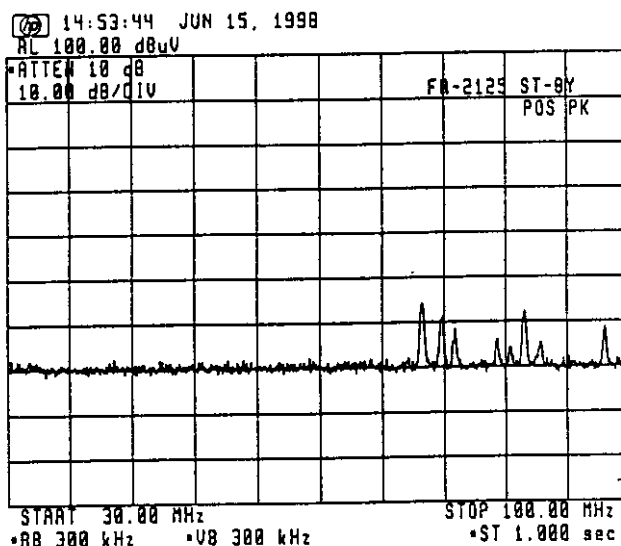
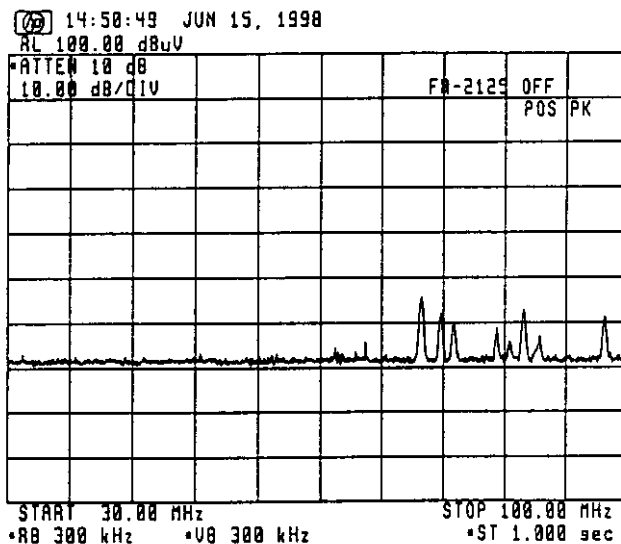
Band: 5MHz ~ 10MHz



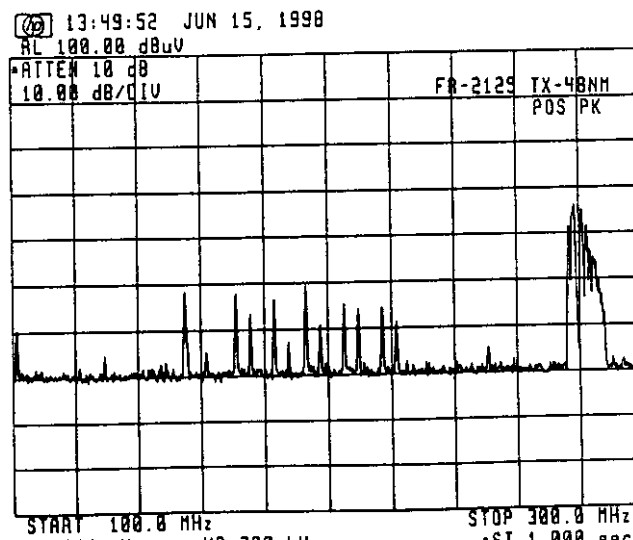
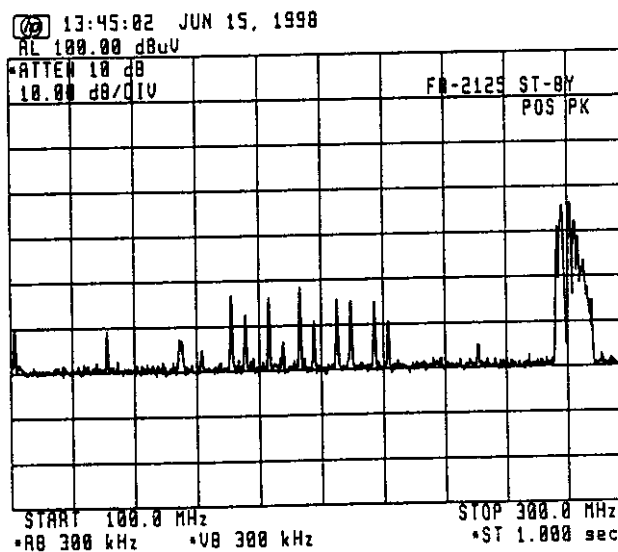
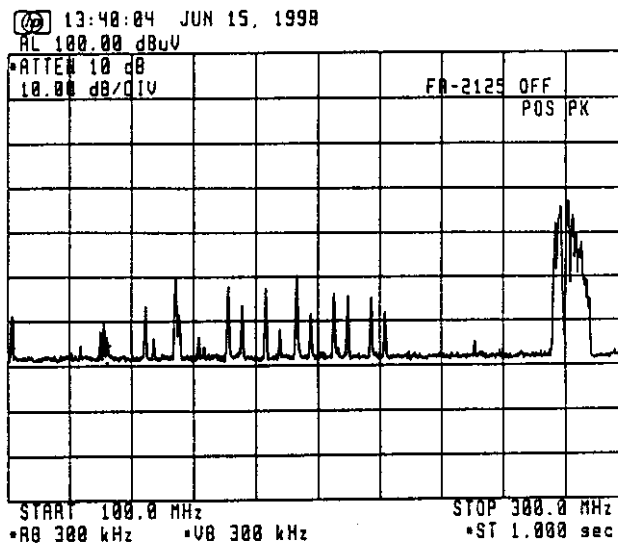
Band: 10MHz ~ 30MHz



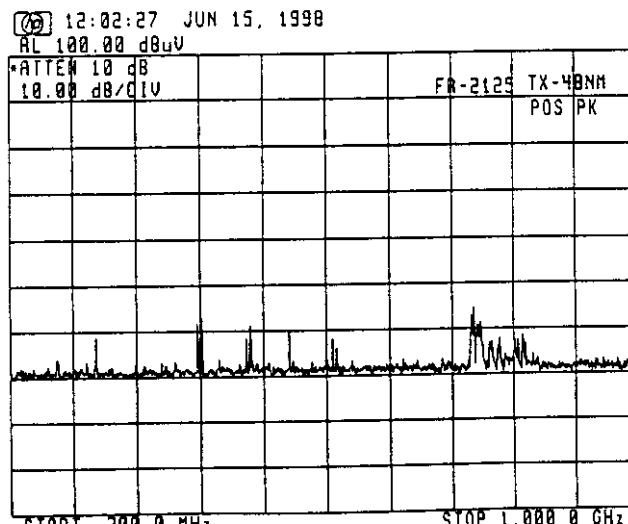
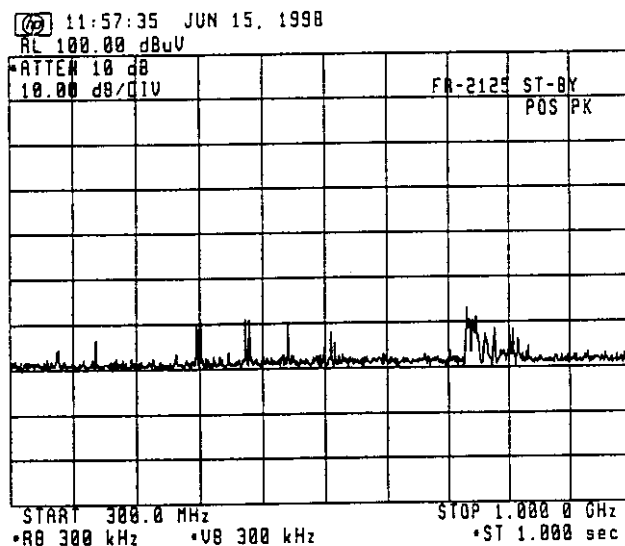
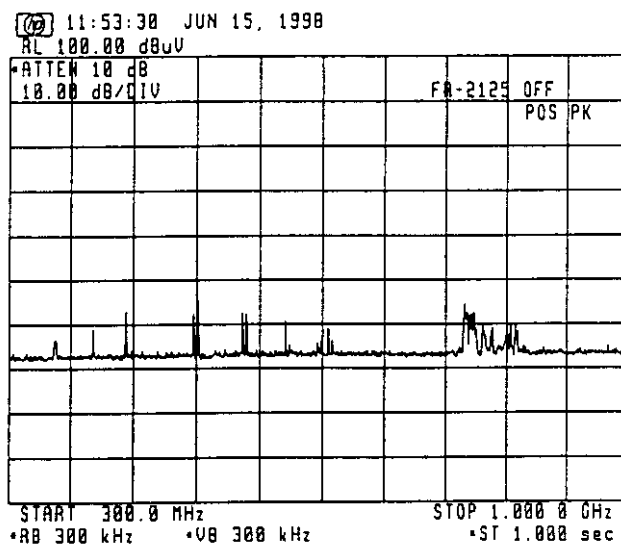
Band : 30MHz ~ 100MHz



Band: 100MHz ~ 300MHz

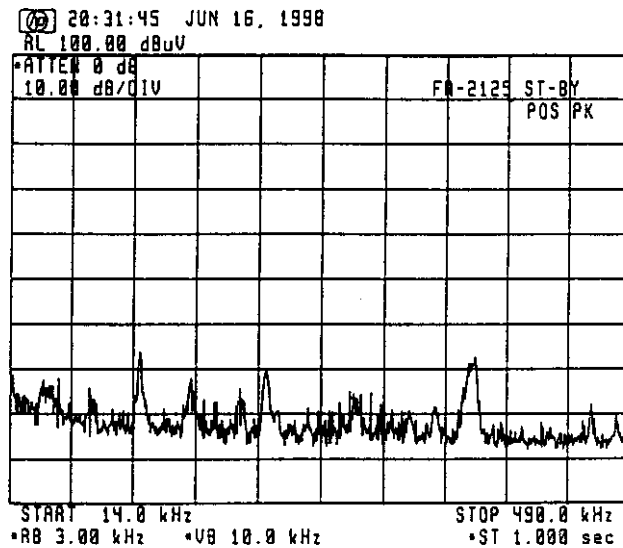
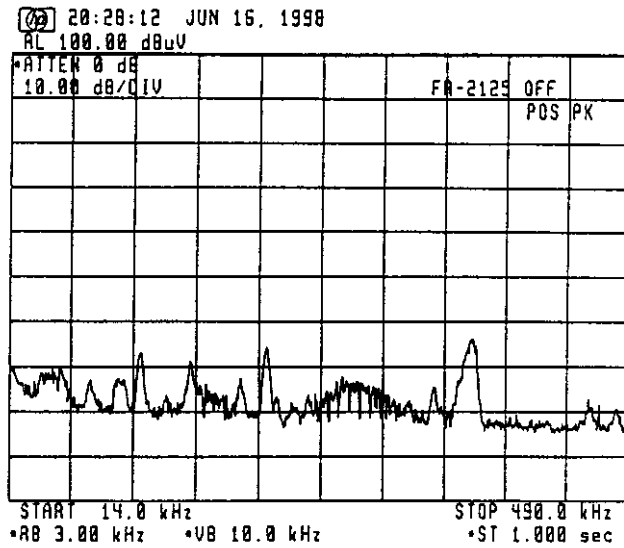


Band: 300MHz ~ 1GHz

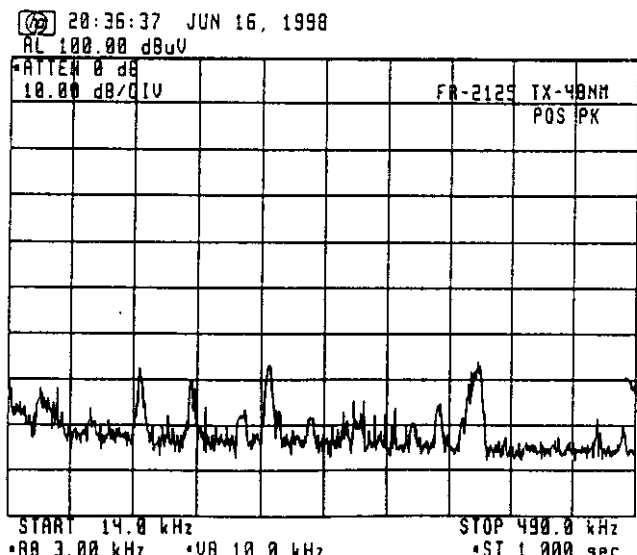


2. Electromagnetic Field

Band: 14 kHz ~ 490 kHz (Limit at 1 N.M. = $0.1 \mu\text{V/m}$ = $-20 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$)

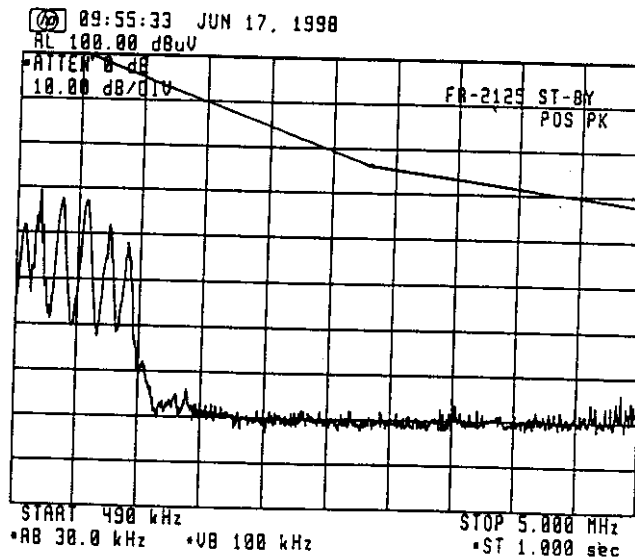
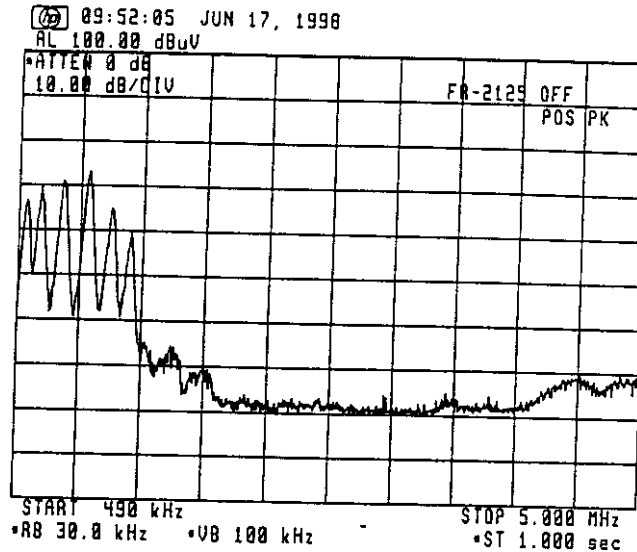


R.E.F
-26 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$

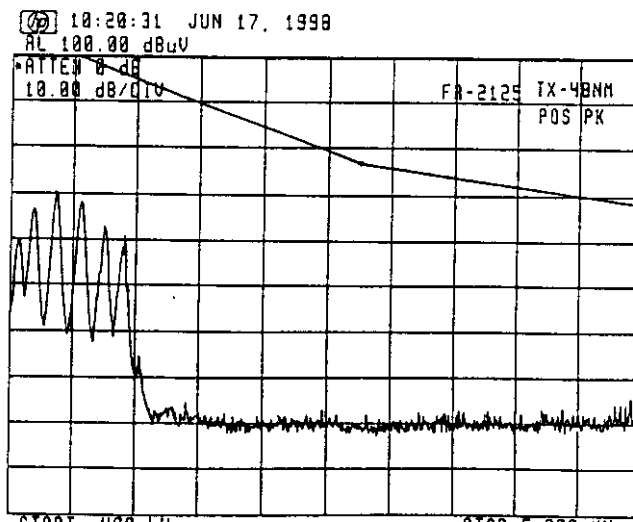


REF
-26 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$

Band: 490 kHz ~ 5 MHz (Limit at 1 N.M. = $0.1 \mu V/m = -20 dB \mu V/m$)

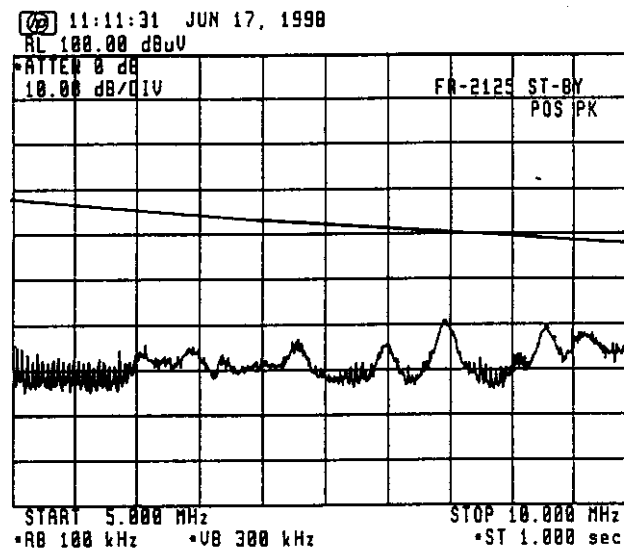
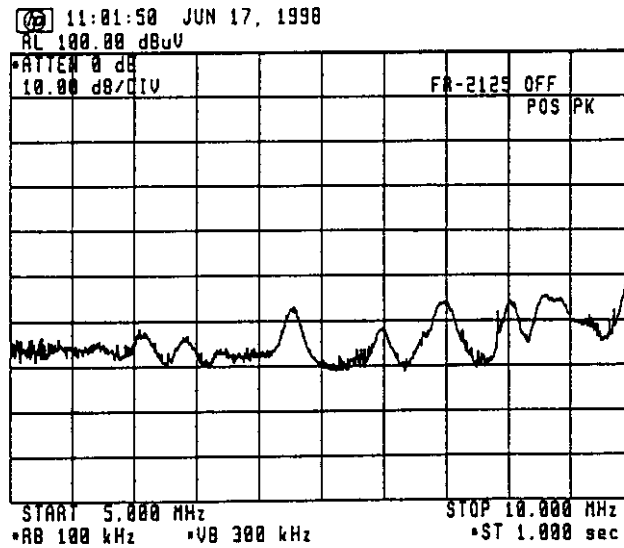


REF (dBuV/m)
100 - 126 = -26 (0.5 MHz)
100 - 96 = 4 (3 MHz)
100 - 88 = 12 (5 MHz)
-20 dBuV/m



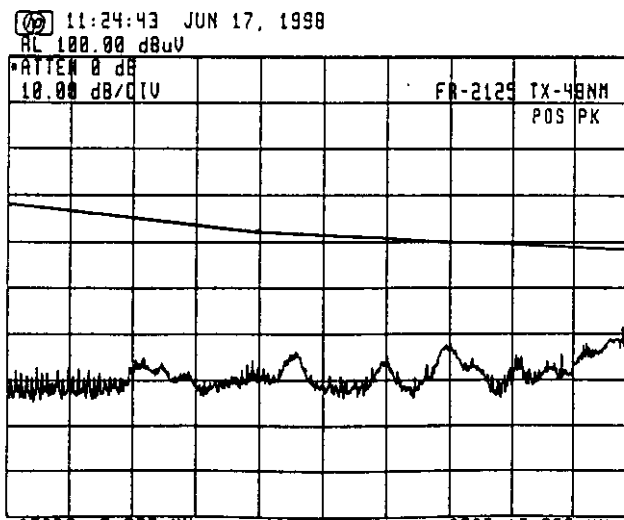
REF (dBuV/m)
100 - 126 = -26 (0.5 MHz)
100 - 96 = 4 (3 MHz)
100 - 88 = 12 (5 MHz)
-20 dBuV/m

Band: 5MHz ~ 10MHz (Limit at 1N.M. = 0.1 μ V/m $\rightarrow$ -20dB μ V/m)



R.E.F (dB μ V/m)
100 - 88 = 12 (5MHz)
100 - 83 = 17 (7MHz)
100 - 78 = 22 (10MHz)

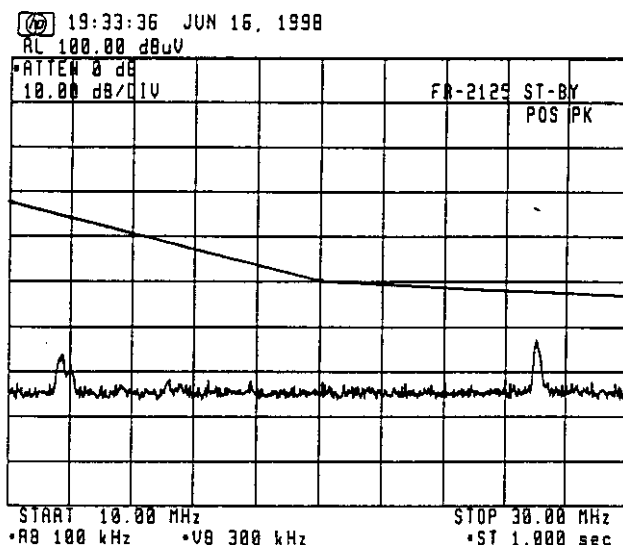
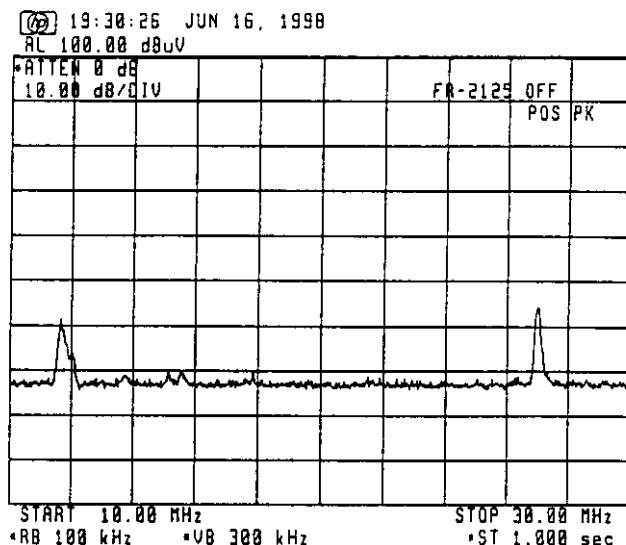
-20 dB μ V/m



R.E.F (dB μ V/m)
100 - 88 = 12 (5MHz)
100 - 83 = 17 (7MHz)
100 - 78 = 22 (10MHz)

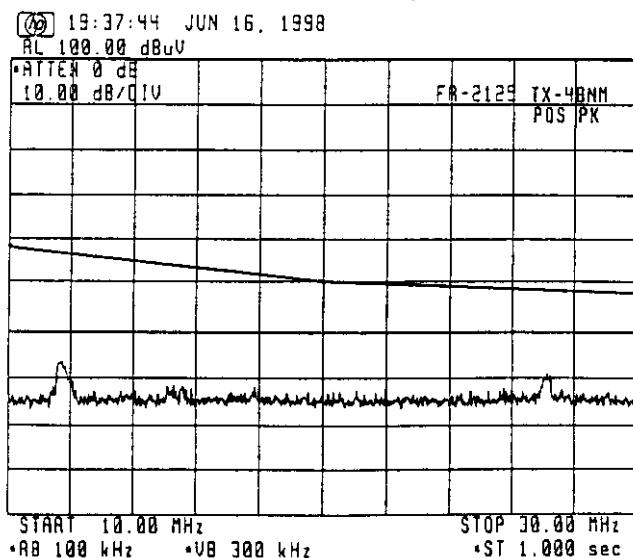
-20 dB μ V/m

Band: 10MHz ~ 30MHz (Limit at 1N.M. = $0.1 \mu V/m = -20 dB\mu V/m$)



REF (dBuV/m)
100 - 78 = 22 (10MHz)
100 - 70 = 30 (20MHz)
100 - 67 = 33 (30MHz)

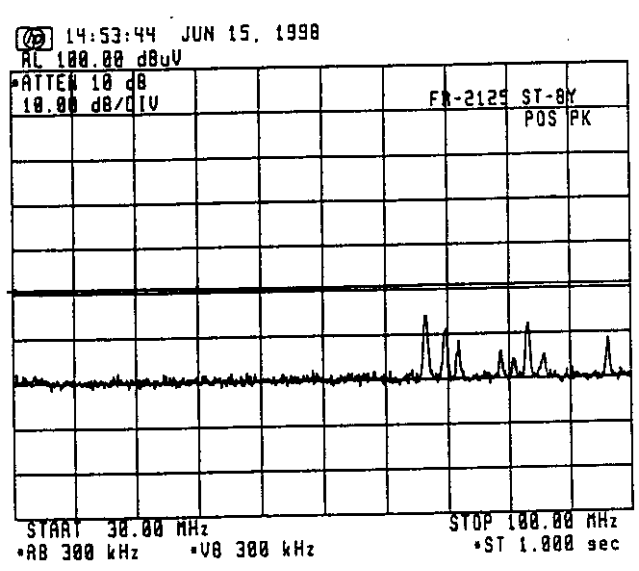
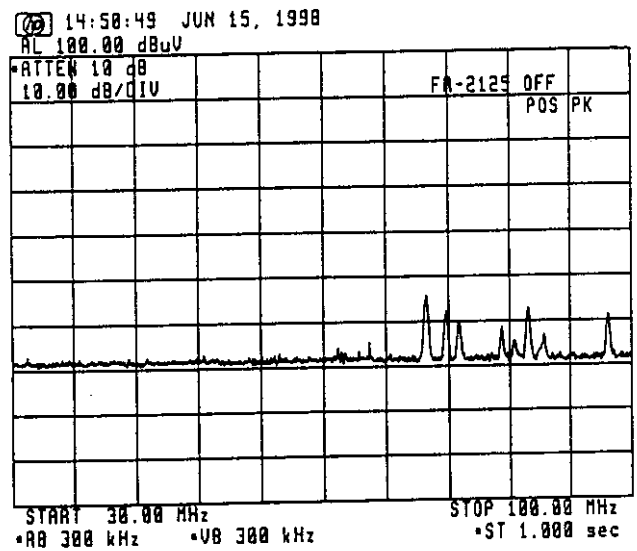
-20 dBuV/m



REF (dBuV/m)
100 - 78 = 22 (10MHz)
100 - 70 = 30 (20MHz)
100 - 67 = 33 (30MHz)

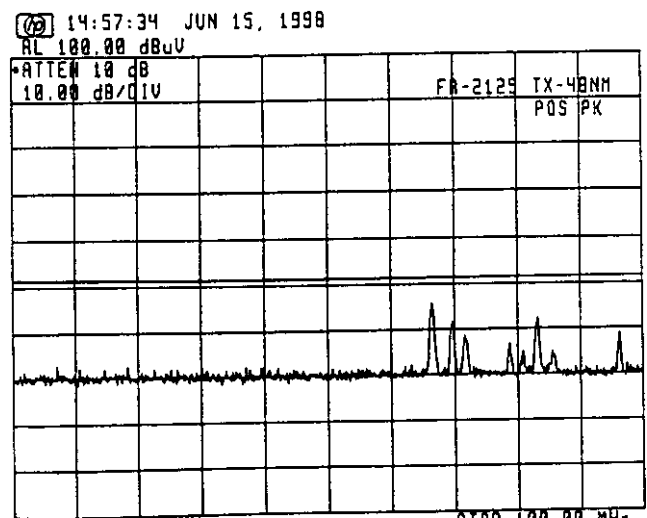
-20 dBuV/m

Band = 30MHz ~ 100MHz (Limit at 1N.M. = 0.1 μ V/m = -10.5 dB μ V/m)



REF (dB μ V/m)
100 - 61 = 39

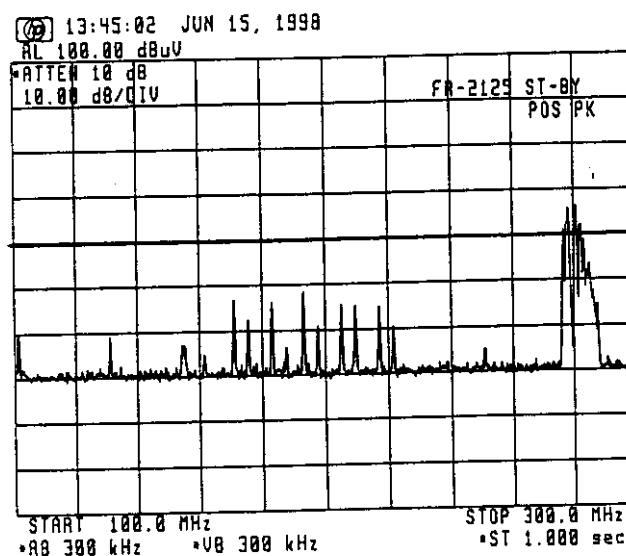
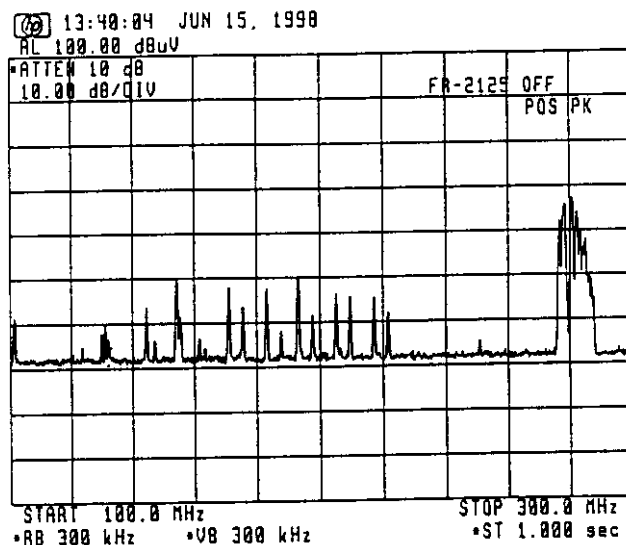
-10 dB μ V/m



REF (dB μ V/m)
100 - 61 = 39

-10 dB μ V/m

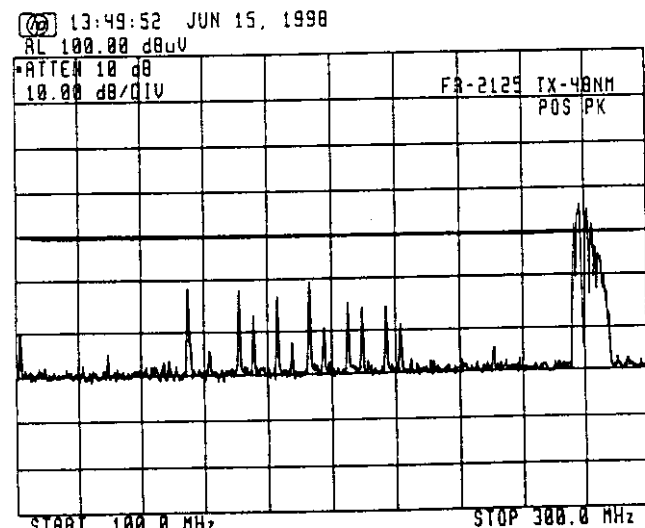
Band: 100MHz ~ 300MHz (Limit at 1N.M. = $1\mu\text{V/m} = 0\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$)



REF. (dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)
 $100 - 60 = 40$

0dB $\mu\text{V/m}$

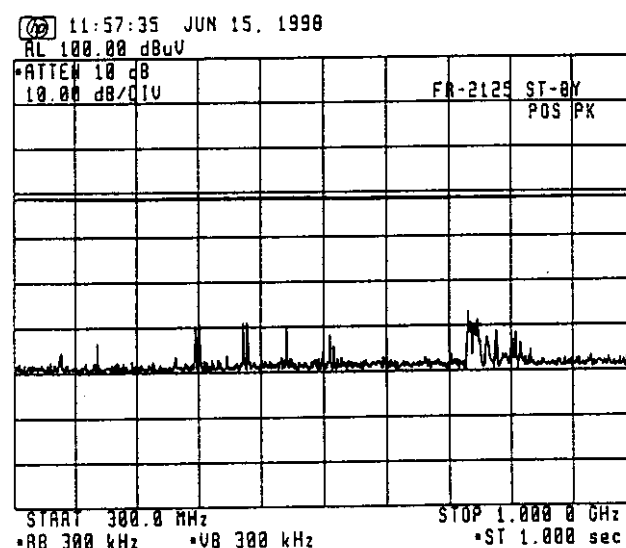
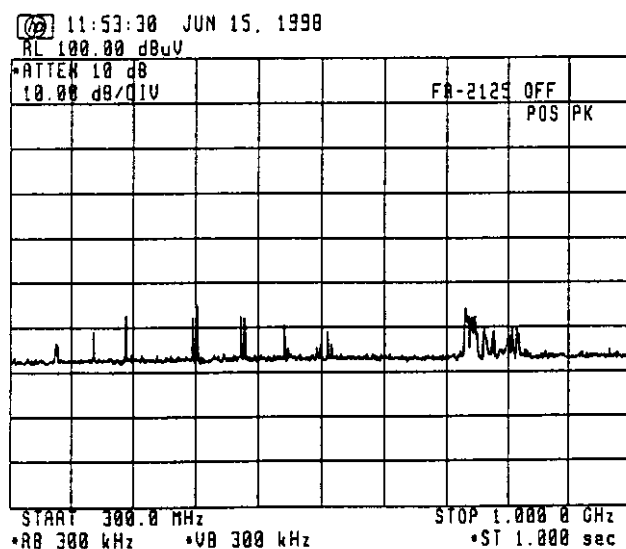
ALL COMPONENTS ABOVE
THE LIMIT ARE FROM
EXTERNAL NOISE OR SIGNALS,
NOT FROM RADAR



REF. (dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)
 $100 - 61 = 40$

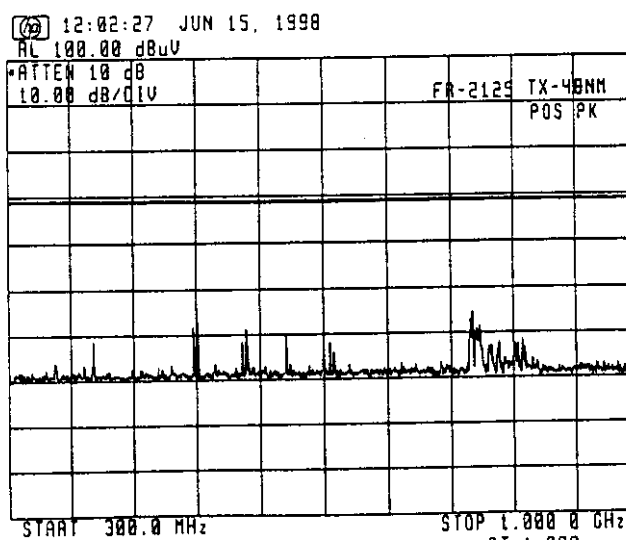
0dB $\mu\text{V/m}$

Band: 300MHz ~ 1GHz (Limit at 1N.M. = $3\mu\text{V/m} = 9.5\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$)



REF. (dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)
 $100 - 59.5 = 40.5$

9.5 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$

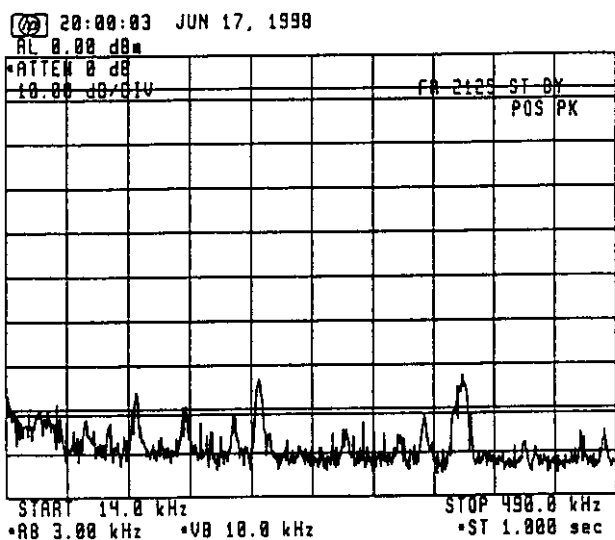
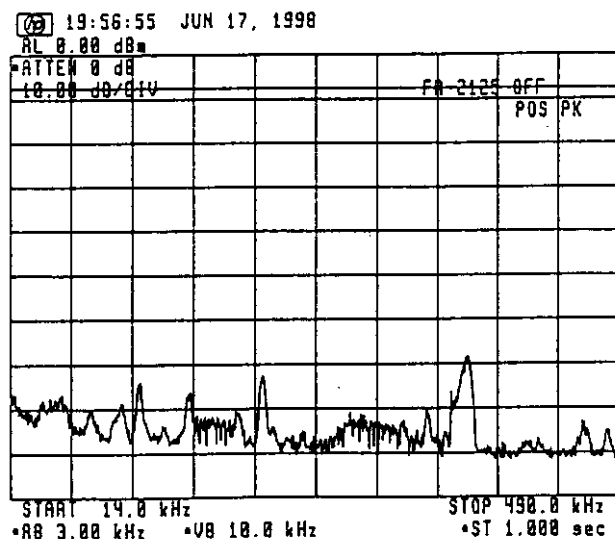


REF. (dB $\mu\text{V/m}$)
 $100 - 59.5 = 40.5$

9.5 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$

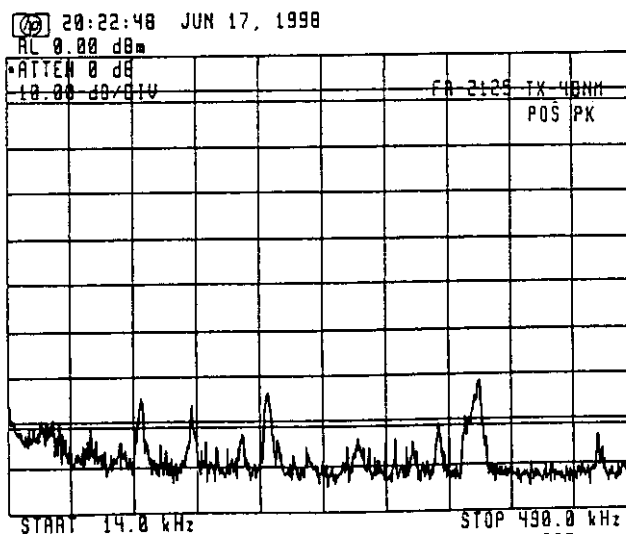
3. Power Input to an Artificial Antenna

Band = 14kHz ~ 490kHz (Limit at meter = -81dBm)



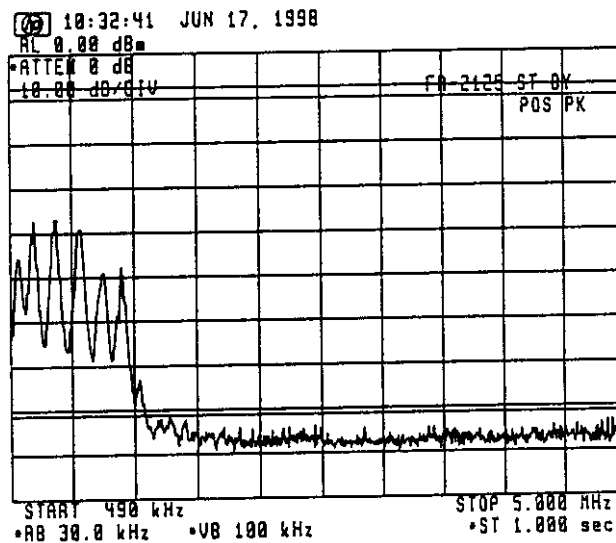
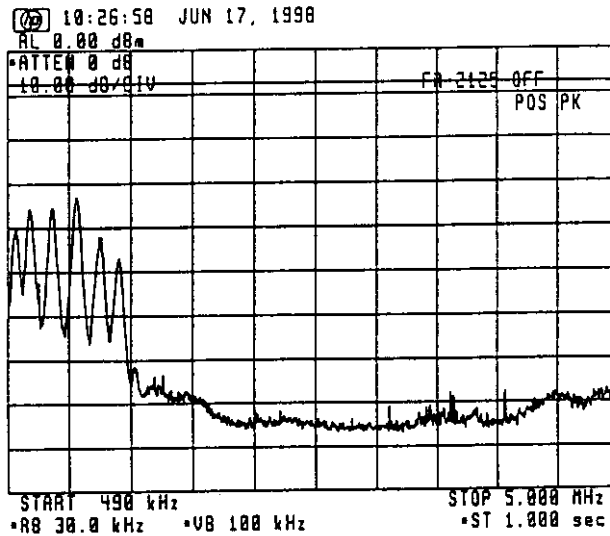
-81dBm

ALL COMPONENTS ABOVE
THE LIMIT ARE FROM
EXTERNAL NOISE OR SIGNALS,
NOT FROM RADAR.



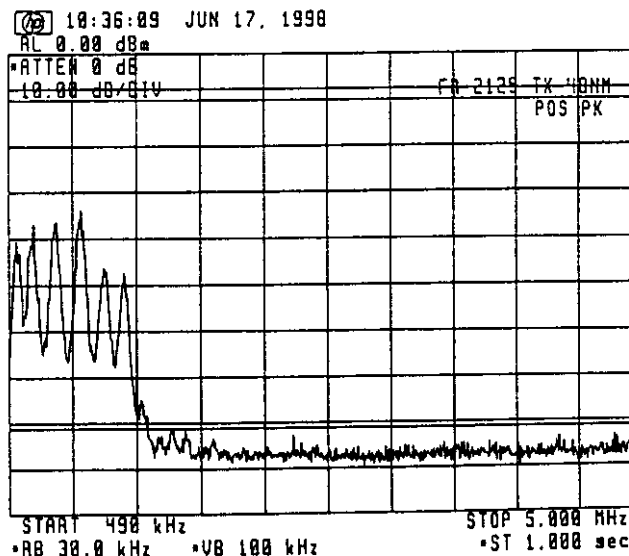
-81 dBm

Band = 490 kHz ~ 5 MHz (Limit at 2 meter = -81 dBm)



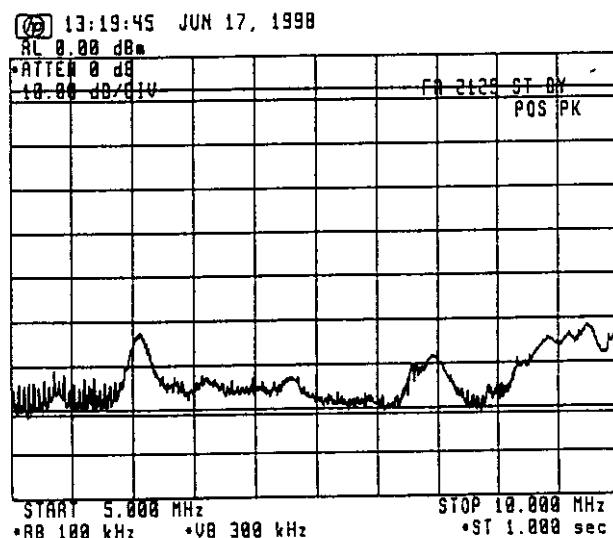
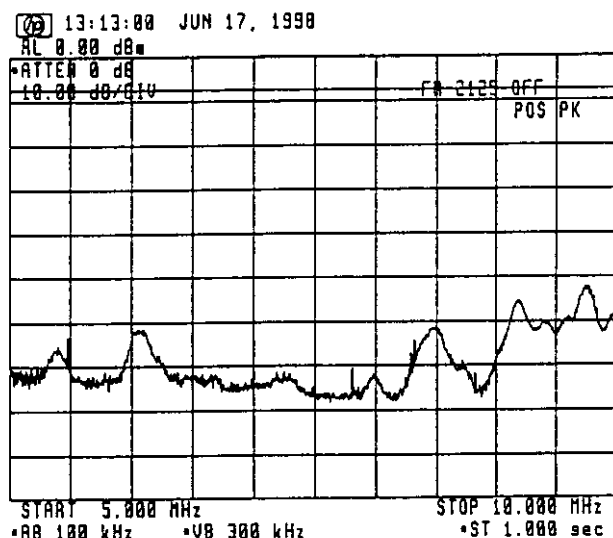
-81 dBm

ALL COMPONENTS ABOVE
THE LIMIT ARE FROM
EXTERNAL NOISE OR SIGN.
NOT FROM RADAR.



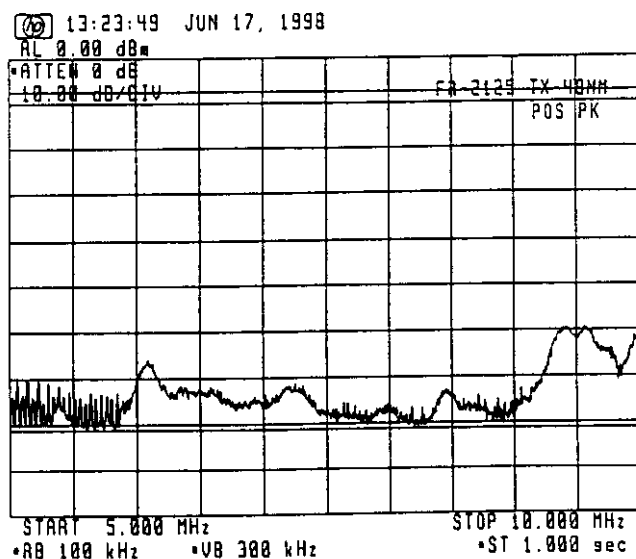
-81 dBm

Band: 5 MHz ~ 10 MHz (Limit at 2 meter = -81 dBm)



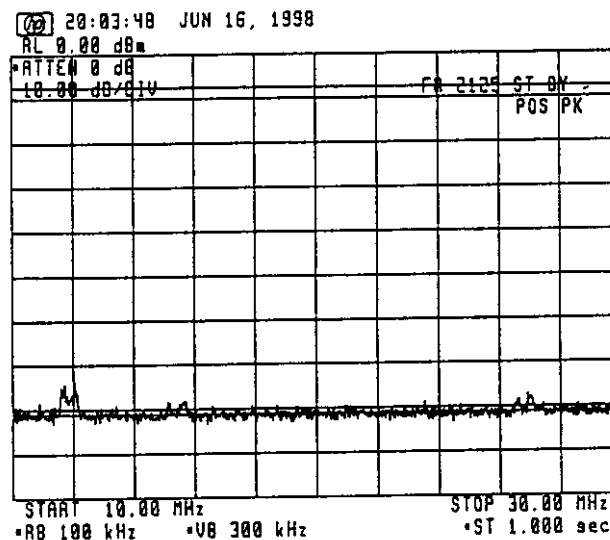
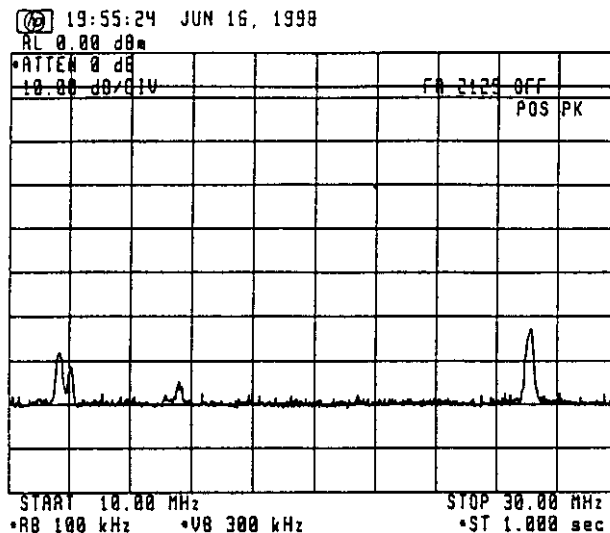
-81 dBm

ALL COMPONENTS ABOVE
THE LIMIT ARE FROM
EXTERNAL NOISE OR SIGNALS,
NOT FROM RADAR.



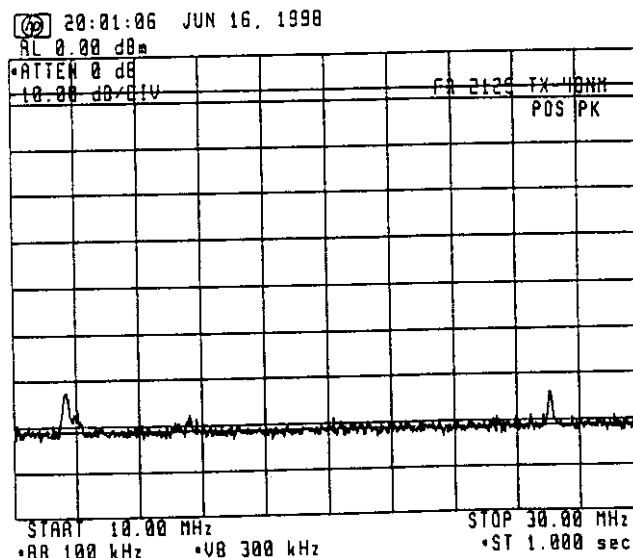
-81 dBm

Band: 10MHz ~ 30MHz (Limit at 2-meter = -81dBm)



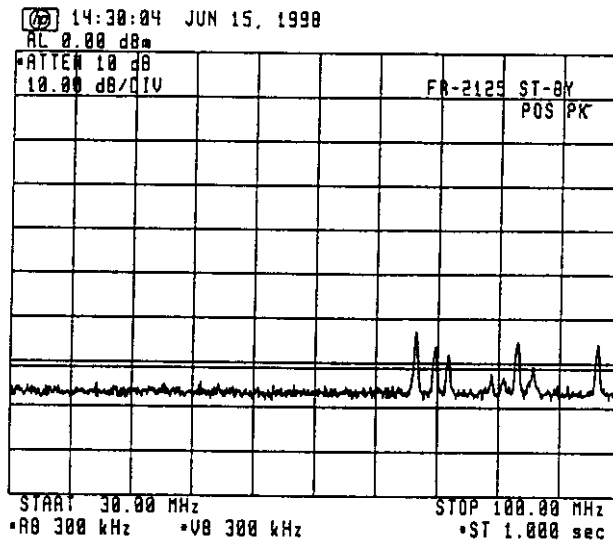
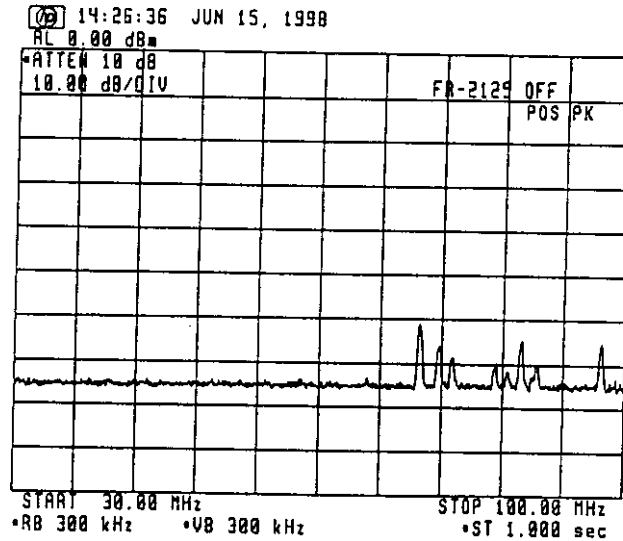
-81dBm

ALL COMPONENTS ABOVE
 THE LIMIT ARE FROM
 EXTERNAL NOISE OR SIG. S,
 NOT FROM RADAR.



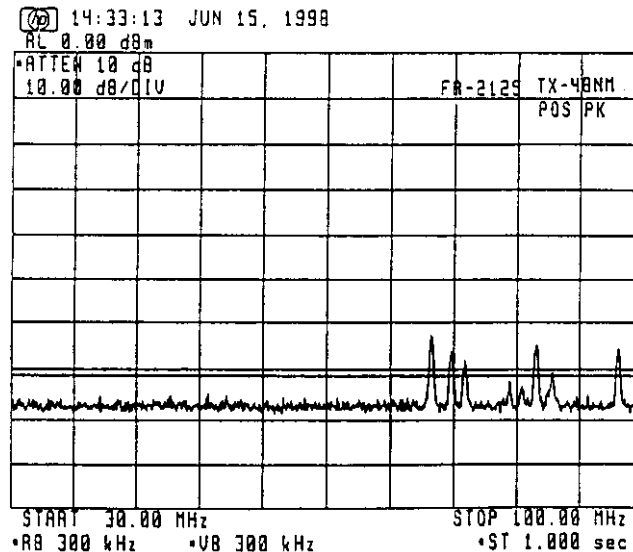
-81 dBm

Band: 30MHz ~ 100MHz (Limit at meter = -81dBm)



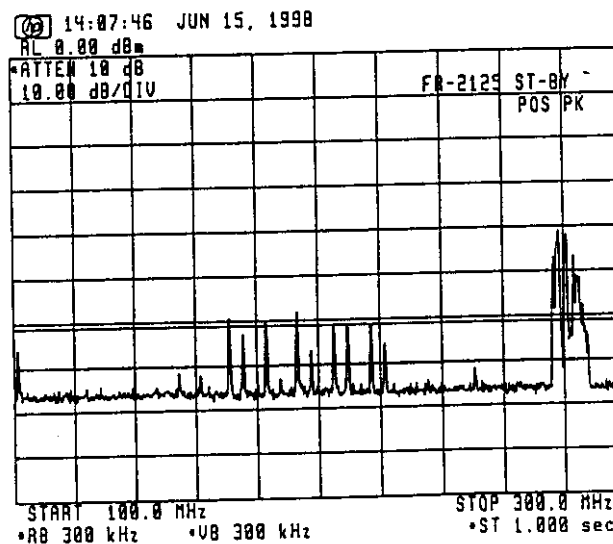
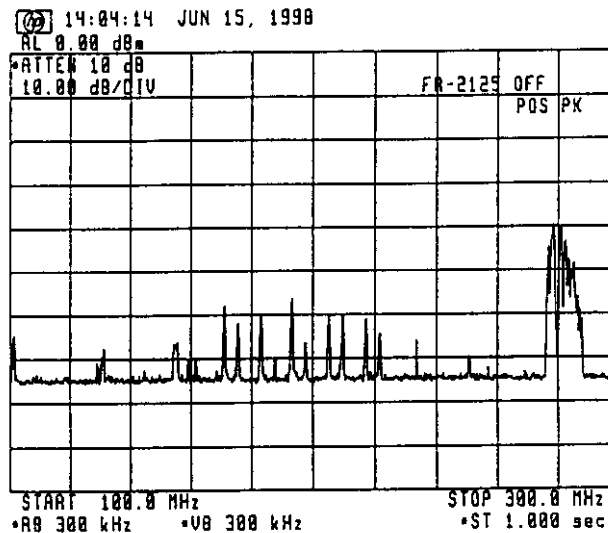
-81-dBm

ALL COMPONENTS ABOVE
THE LIMIT ARE FROM
EXTERNAL NOISE OR SIGNALS,
NOT FROM RADAR.



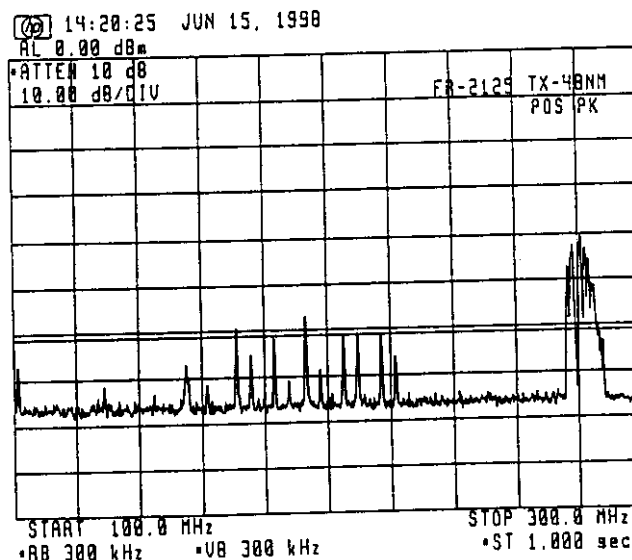
-81 dBm

Band: 100MHz ~ 300MHz (Limit at 2 meter = -81dBm)



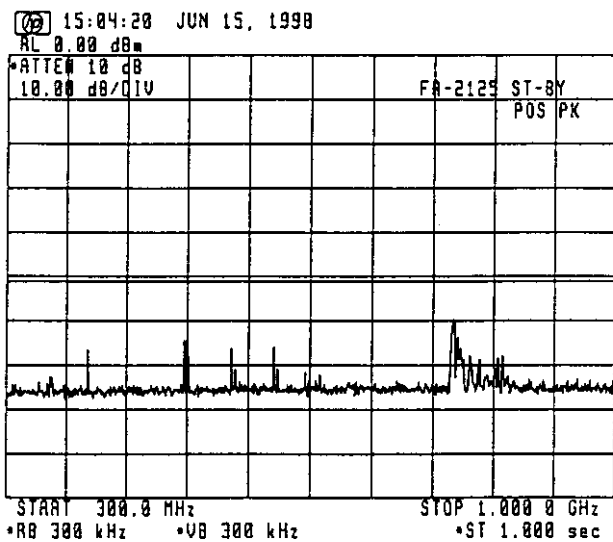
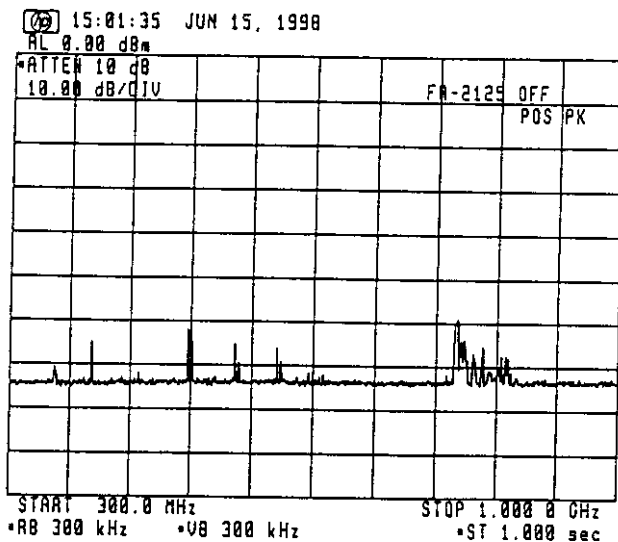
- 81 dBm

ALL COMPONENTS ABOVE
THE LIMIT ARE FROM
EXTERNAL NOISE OR SIGNALS,
NOT FROM RADAR.

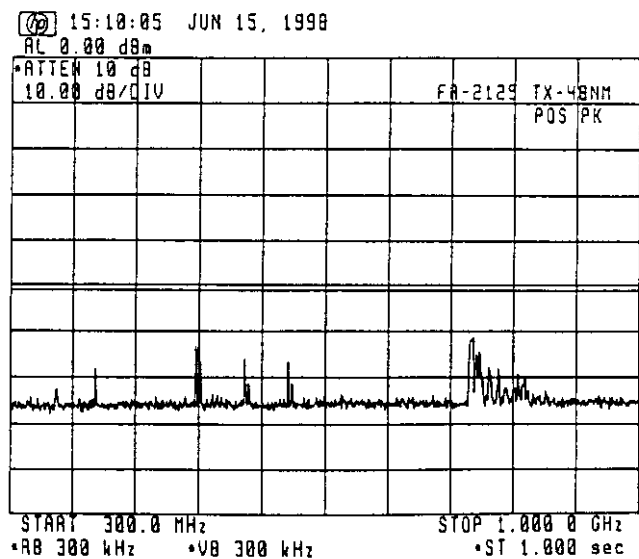


- 81 dBm

Band: 300MHz ~ 1GHz (Limit at 2meter = -8(dBm))



-81 dBm



-81 dBm

ATTACHMENT 4 [List of Test/Measuring Equipment]

3. RF Power Output

<u>Model</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Serial no.</u>	<u>Mfr.</u>
Spectrum Analyzer	71210C	2927A02847	HP
Oscilloscope	TDS680B	B030202	Tektronix
Directional Coupler	----	R94471	Shimada
Directional Coupler	5D364S	R05762	Shimada
Voltage Divider	P6015	----	Tektronix
Current Transformer	2100	----	Pearson Electronics
Power Meter	436A	2410A19137	HP
Power Sensor	9481A	2349A39603	HP
Frequency Counter	TR5824A	41940036	Advantest
Frequency Meter	X532B	1441A00523	HP
Crystal Detector	423B	03696	HP
Step Attenuator	8494B	1510A07310	HP
Step Attenuator	8495B	1350A04754	HP
Dummy Load	----	8411057	Shimada

4. Modulation Characteristics

<u>Model</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Serial no.</u>	<u>Mfr.</u>
Oscilloscope	TDS680B	B030202	Tektronix
Step Attenuator	8494B	1510A07310	HP
Step Attenuator	8495B	1350A04754	HP
Crystal Detector	423B	1822A24214	HP
Directional Coupler	5D364S	R9425	Shimada
Dummy Load	-----	8411057	Shimada
Voltage Divider	P6015	----	Tektronix
Spectrum Analyzer	71210C	2927A02847	HP
External Mixer:	11970K	----	HP
External Mixer:	11970A	----	HP
Directional Coupler	5D364S	R9425	Shimada

Pub. No. : TL-1692

Date : June, 1998

6. Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal

<u>Model</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Serial no.</u>	<u>Mfr.</u>
Spectrum Analyzer	71210C	2927A0847	HP
Attenuator (11dB/1dB)	8494B	1510A07310	HP
External Mixer:	11970K	----	HP
External Mixer:	11970A	----	HP
Directional Coupler	5D364S	R0576	Shimada
Dummy Load	-----	8411057	Shimada
Notch Filter	MA8L32#8	----	Microwave
High Pass Filter	MAS15905004	R9904	Shimada

7. Field Strength of Spurious Radiation

<u>Model</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Serial no.</u>	<u>Mfr.</u>
Broadband Rod Antenna	M 95010-1	0496	Advanced Electronics
Biconical Antenna	BIA-25	2650	Electro Metrics
Conical Log-Spiral Antenna	LCA-25	2886	Electro Metrics
Double Ridged Guide Horn Antenna:RGA-180		----	EMD
Horn Antenna:	----	----	Toshiba
Spectrum Analyzer:	71210C	2927A0287	HP
External Mixer:	11970K	----	HP
External Mixer:	11970A	----	HP

8. Frequency Stability

<u>Model</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Serial no.</u>	<u>Mfr.</u>
Power Meter:	436A	2410A19137	HP
Power Sensor:	8481A	2349A39603	HP
Frequency Meter:	X532B	1441A00523	HP
Directional Coupler:	5D364S	R9425	Shimada
Dummy Load:	----	8411057	Shimada
Environmental Chamber:	PL-4E	1632712	Tabai Espec

Pub. No. : TI-1692

Date : June, 1998

9. Suppression of Interference Aboard Ships

<u>Model</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Serial no.</u>	<u>Mfr.</u>
Spectrum Analyzer:	71210C	2927A02847	HP
6 m Whip Antenna	14 k - 10 MHz	----	Furuno
4 m Whip Antenna	10 - 30 MHz	----	Furuno
VHF Whip Antenna	30 - 300 MHz	150M-W2UM	Anten
UHF Whip Antenna	300 - 1000 MHz	----	Anten
RF Vector Impedance Meter:	4815A	2048A03354	HP
Spectrum Analyzer	TR4172	30690116	Advantest
Spectrum Analyzer	8566B	2637A03642	HP

