

RF Exposure Evaluation Report

1. Product Information

Manufacturer	Furuno Electric Co., Ltd. 9-52 Ashihara-cho, Nishinomiya city, Hyogo, 662-8580 Japan
Trade name	Furuno
Type	RTR-133
Model	Transceiver for RADAR SENSOR DRS2D-NXT
Product Description	Marine Radar operating in the band of 9300-9500 MHz
FCC ID	ADB9ZWRTR133
IC ID	1281B-RTR133
Frequency Range	9380MHz ~ 9440MHz
Peak Envelope Power (PEP)	25W
Antenna Gain (G _p)	21.5dBi
Beam Width (θ)	5.2°
Maximum Pulse Width (τ)	1.2μs + 18μs
Pulse Repetition Frequency (PRF)	1100Hz
Minimum separation distance	0.7m

2. Evaluation method and Limit

FCC requirements

According to FCC CFR 47 part1 1.1307 (b)(3)(i)(C): The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to determine the exemption of further evaluation.

RF Source frequency (MHz)	Threshold ERP (watts)
0.3-1.34	$1,920 R^2$
1.34-30	$3,450 R^2 / f^2$
30-300	$3.83 R^2$
300-1,500	$0.0128 R^2 f$
1,500-100,000	$19.2 R^2$

R is the separation distance and is 0.7 m instructed in the installation manual.

Threshold ERP* is

$$ERP_{TH} = 19.2 \times 0.7^2 = 9.408 \text{ [W]}$$

* ERP: refer to FCC CFR 47 part1 1.1307 (b)(2)

ISED requirements

According to RSS-102 Issue 5 2.5.2: Exemption Limits for Routine Evaluation is defined as follows "device operates ~ at or above 6 GHz and the source-based, time-averaged maximum e.i.r.p. of the device is equal to or less than 5 W (adjusted for tune-up tolerance)."

3. Evaluation Results

Calculated ERP

$$ERP = PEP \times 10^{\left(\frac{G_p - 2.15}{10}\right)} \times (\tau \times PRF) \times \frac{\theta}{360}$$

$$ERP = 25 \times 10^{\left(\frac{21.5 - 2.15}{10}\right)} \times ((1.2 + 18) \times 10^{-6} \times 1100) \times \frac{5.2}{360} = 0.657 \text{ [W]} \leq 9.408 \text{ [W]}$$

where:

PEP is converted to the mean power using the pulse width and the pulse repetition frequency.

G_p is converted to a gain relative to a dipole.

The antenna rotates continuously over 360 degrees in the horizontal plane and illuminates the subjects only by its main lobe. Therefore, time-averaged power is derated by the beamwidth and the angle of rotation..

Calculated e.i.r.p.

$$e.i.r.p. = PEP \times 10^{\left(\frac{G_p}{10}\right)} \times (\tau \times PRF) \times \frac{\theta}{360}$$

$$e.i.r.p. = 25 \times 10^{\left(\frac{21.5}{10}\right)} \times ((1.2 + 18) \times 10^{-6} \times 1100) \times \frac{5.2}{360} = 1.08 \text{ [W]} \leq 5 \text{ [W]}$$

where:

PEP is converted to the mean power using the pulse width and the pulse repetition frequency.

The antenna rotates continuously over 360 degrees in the horizontal plane and illuminates the subjects only by its main lobe. Therefore, time-averaged power is derated by the beamwidth and the angle of rotation..

4. Conclusion

According to the calculation results above the EUT is exempted from the determination of potential exposure levels to ensure compliance.