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Canada
46390-2049

NVLAP
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00-034



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Oct. 23, 2002

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

7435 Oakland Mills Road
Columbia, MD 21046
USA

Subject: Type Acceptance Application under FCC CFR 47, Parts 2, 80 (Marine in 156.05-157.425 MHz) and 90 (146-174 MHz) - Non-Broadcast Radio Transceivers Operating in the frequency bands .

Applicant: ICOM Incorporated
Product: VHF MARINE TRANSCEIVER
Model: IC-M88
FCC ID: AFJIC-M88

Dear Sir/Madam,

As appointed agent for **ICOM Incorporated**, we would like to submit the application to Federal Communications Commission for certification of the above product. Please review all necessary files uploaded to FCC OET site.

Evaluation of RF Exposure Compliance Requirements	
RF Exposure Requirements	Compliance with FCC Rules
SAR Tests for Portable Transmitters - Body Tissue - Brain Tissue	- Comply with SAR limits with body tissue with maximum SAR level of 0.724 W/Kg (duty cycle = 50% for push-to-talk transceiver) when the tip of the Tx antenna in was in contact with the phantom. - Comply with SAR limits with brain tissue with maximum SAR level of 1.196 W/Kg (duty cycle = 50% for push-to-talk transceiver) at 25 mm separation distance from the phantom.
Any other RF exposure related issues that may affect MPE compliance	RF Safety Training for Occupational Use is provided on Page i of the Users Manual

If you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact us by our TOLL FREE number:

OUR TELEPHONE NO.: 1-877-765-4173

Yours truly,



Tri Minh Luu, P. Eng.,
V.P., Engineering

TML/SL



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Oct. 23, 2002

ICOM Incorporated

1-1-32, Kamiminami
Hirano-ku, Osaka
Japan, 547-0003

Attn.: Mr. Takahasi Aoki

Subject: Certification Testing in accordance with FCC CFR 47, Parts 2, 80 (Marine in 156.05-157.425 MHz) and 90 (146-174 MHz) - Non-Broadcast Radio Transceivers Operating in the frequency bands.

Product: VHF MARINE TRANSCEIVER

Model: IC-M88

Dear Mr. Aoki,

The product sample has been tested in accordance with **FCC CFR 47, Parts 2, 80 (Marine in 156.05-157.425 MHz) and 90 (146-174 MHz) - Non-Broadcast Radio Transceivers Operating in the frequency bands**, and the results and observation were recorded in the engineering report, Our File No.: ICOM-044FCC80-90

Evaluation of RF Exposure Compliance Requirements	
RF Exposure Requirements	Compliance with FCC Rules
SAR Tests for Portable Transmitters - Body Tissue - Brain Tissue	- Comply with SAR limits with body tissue with maximum SAR level of 0.724 W/Kg (duty cycle = 50% for push-to-talk transceiver) when the tip of the Tx antenna in was in contact with the phantom. - Comply with SAR limits with brain tissue with maximum SAR level of 1.196 W/Kg (duty cycle = 50% for push-to-talk transceiver) at 25 mm separation distance from the phantom.
Any other RF exposure related issues that may affect MPE compliance	RF Safety Training for Occupational Use is provided on Page i of the Users Manual

Enclosed you will find copy of the engineering report. If you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact us.

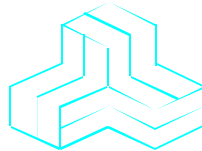
Yours truly,



Tri Minh Luu, P.Eng
Vice President - Engineering

Encl.

ENGINEERING TEST REPORT



VHF MARINE TRANSCEIVER

Model No.: IC-M88

FCC ID: AFJIC-M88

Applicant: ICOM Incorporated
1-1-32, Kamiminami
Hirano-ku, Osaka
Japan, 547-0003

Tested in Accordance With

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
CFR 47, Part 2, Part 80 (Marine in 156.025-157.425 MHz) & Part 90 (146-174 MHz)

UltraTech's File No.: ICOM-044FCC80-90

This Test report is Issued under the Authority of
Tri M. Luu, Professional Engineer,
Vice President of Engineering
UltraTech Group of Labs

Date: Oct. 23, 2002



Report Prepared by: Tri M. Luu, P.Eng.

Tested by: Hung Trinh

Issued Date: Oct. 23, 2002

Test Dates: Oct. 09-22/2002

*The results in this Test Report apply only to the sample(s) tested, and the sample tested is randomly selected.
This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.*

UltraTech

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EXHIBIT 1. SUBMITTAL CHECK LIST

Annex No.	Exhibit Type	Description of Contents	Quality Check (OK)
--	Test Report	- Exhibit 1: Submittal check lists - Exhibit 2: Introduction - Exhibit 3: Performance Assessment - Exhibit 4: EUT Operation and Configuration during Tests - Exhibit 5: Summary of test Results - Exhibit 6: Measurement Data - Exhibit 7: Measurement Uncertainty - Exhibit 8: Measurement Methods	
1	Test Report - Plots of Measurement Data	Plots # 1 to 56	
2	Test Setup Photos	Photos # 1 to 3	
3	External Photos of EUT	Photos # 1 to 11	
4	Internal Photos of EUT	Photos of 1 to 11	
5	Cover Letters	- Letter from Ultratech for Certification Request - Letter from the Applicant to appoint Ultratech to act as an agent - Letter from the Applicant to request for Confidentiality Filing	
6	Attestation Statements	Manufacturer's Declaration for Equipment Specifications, Installation (if it is professionally installed) and Production Quality Production Assurance.	
7	ID Label/Location Info	ID Label Location of ID Label	
8	Block Diagrams	Block Diagrams	OK
9	Schematic Diagrams	Schematic Diagrams	OK
10	Parts List/Tune Up Info	Parts List/Tune Up Info	OK
11	Operational Description	Operational Description	OK
12	RF Exposure Info	SAR Test Report & RF Safety Training	OK
13	Users Manual	Users Manual	OK

ULTRATECH GROUP OF LABS

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File #: ICOM-044FCC80-90
Oct. 23, 2002

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

EXHIBIT 2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. SCOPE

Reference:	FCC Parts 2, 80 and 90
Title:	Telecommunication - Code of Federal Regulations, CFR 47, Parts 2 & 90
Purpose of Test:	To gain FCC Certification Authorization for Radio operating in the frequency bands
Test Procedures:	Both conducted and radiated emissions measurements were conducted in accordance with American National Standards Institute ANSI C63.4 - American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.
Categories of Station:	- Coast Station in 156.025-157.425 MHz - Ship Station in 156.025-157.425 MHz - General Station: 146-174 MHz

2.2. RELATED SUBMITAL(S)/GRANT(S)

None

2.3. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

Publication	Year	Title
FCC CFR Parts 0-19, 80-End	2001	Code of Federal Regulations – Telecommunication
ANSI C63.4	1992	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
CISPR 22 & EN 55022	1997 1998	Limits and Methods of Measurements of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment
CISPR 16-1		Specification for Radio Disturbance and Immunity measuring apparatus and methods

EXHIBIT 3. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

3.1. CLIENT INFORMATION

APPLICANT	
Name:	Icom Incorporated
Address:	1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003
Contact Person:	Mr. Takashi Aoki Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp

MANUFACTURER	
Name:	Icom Incorporated
Address:	1-1-32, Kamiminami Hirano-ku, Osaka Japan, 547-0003
Contact Person:	Mr. Takashi Aoki Phone #: +81-66-793-5302 Fax #: +81-66-793-0013 Email Address: export@icom.co.jp

3.2. EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) INFORMATION

The following information (with the exception of the Date of Receipt) has been supplied by the applicant.

Brand Name:	ICOM Incorporated
Product Name:	VHF MARINE TRANSCEIVER
Model Name or Number:	IC-M88
Serial Number:	3
Type of Equipment:	Non-broadcast Radio Communication Equipment
Power Supply Requirement:	7.2 Vdc batteries - Battery Pack Model BP-226 for Type AA Alkaline batteries or - Li Ion Rechargeable Battery Pack Model BP-227
Transmitting/Receiving Antenna Type:	Integral
Primary User Functions of EUT:	Voice wireless communication for Marine in 156.025-157.425 MHz Band and other General Use in 146-174 MHz.

3.3. EUT'S TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TRANSMITTER	
Equipment Type:	Portable
Intended Operating Environment:	[x] Marine [x] Commercial & industrial
Power Supply Requirement:	7.2 Vdc batteries - Battery Pack Model BP-226 for Type AA Alkaline batteries or - Li Ion Rechargeable Battery Pack Model BP-227
RF Output Power Rating:	5 Watts (High), 3 Watts (Mid) and 1 Watt (Low)
Operating Frequency Range:	156.025-157.425 MHz (Marine) 146-174 MHz (General)
RF Output Impedance:	156.0250-157.425 MHz [Marine]
Channel Spacing:	50 Ohms
Occupied Bandwidth (99%):	25 kHz (for both Marine & General) 12.5 kHz (for General only)
Emission Designation*:	2000 Ohms
Radio Oscillator Frequencies:	11K0F3E, 11K0G3E, 16K0F3E & 16K0G3E (General VHF) 16KF3E and 16K0G3E (Marine)
Antenna Connector Type:	SMA

* For an average case of commercial telephony, the Necessary Bandwidth is calculated as follows:

For FM Voice Modulation:

- * Channel Spacing = 12.5 KHz, D = 2.5 KHz max, K = 1, M = 3 KHz
 $B_n = 2M + 2DK = 2(3)/2 + 2(2.5)(1) = \underline{11 \text{ KHz}}$
emission designation: 11K0F3E
- * Channel Spacing = 25 KHz, D = 5 KHz max, K = 1, M = 3 KHz
 $B_n = 2M + 2DK = 2(3) + 2(5)(1) = \underline{16 \text{ KHz}}$
emission designation: 16K0F3E

RECEIVER	
Power Supply Requirement:	7.2 Vdc
Operating Frequency Range:	156.0250-163.275 MHz (Marine) 146-174 MHz (General)
RF Input Impedance:	50 Ohms
Channel Spacing:	25 kHz (for both Marine & General) 12.5 kHz (for General only)
IF Frequencies	31.05 MHz (1 st IF), 21.7 MHz (1 st IF for DSC Ch70 Receiver), 450 kHz (2 nd IF for both)
Audio Output Power	0.3 W
Audio Output Impedance:	8 Ohms

3.4. LIST OF EUT'S PORTS

Port Number	EUT's Port Description	Number of Identical Ports	Connector Type	Cable Type (Shielded/Non-shielded)
1	RF Port	1	Female SMA	None

3.5. ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

None.

EXHIBIT 4. EUT OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS DURING TESTS

4.1. CLIMATE TEST CONDITIONS

The climate conditions of the test environment are as follows:

Temperature:	21°C
Humidity:	51%
Pressure:	102 kPa
Power input source:	7.2 Vdc batteries

4.2. OPERATIONAL TEST CONDITIONS & ARRANGEMENT FOR TEST SIGNALS

Operating Modes:	The transmitter was operated in a continuous transmission mode with the carrier modulated as specified in the Test Data.
Special Test Software:	N/A
Special Hardware Used:	N/A
Transmitter Test Antenna:	The EUT is tested with the transmitter antenna port terminated to its antenna.

Transmitter Test Signals	
Frequency Band(s): 156.025-157.425 MHz (Marine) 146-174 MHz (General VHF):	Near lowest, near middle & near highest frequencies in each frequency bands that the transmitter covers: Note (1) 146.025, 160.025 and 173.975 MHz Note (1): Since the Marine band 156.025-157.425 MHz lies within the 146-174 MHz and FCC Limit for the FCC Parts 80 & 90 are the same except for the frequency tolerance. Tests were performed on the lowest, middle and highest frequencies of the 146-174 MHz band and the results shall also applied of the Marine Band.
Transmitter Wanted Output Test Signals: - Transmitter Power (measured maximum output power): - Normal Test Modulation - Modulating signal source:	5 Watts High & 1 Watts Low - FM with and without scrambler - Internal/external

EXHIBIT 5. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

5.1. LOCATION OF TESTS

All of the measurements described in this report were performed at Ultratech Group of Labs located in the city of Oakville, Province of Ontario, Canada.

- AC Powerline Conducted Emissions were performed in UltraTech's shielded room, 16'(L) by 12'(W) by 12'(H).
- Radiated Emissions were performed at the Ultratech's 3 Meter Open Field Test Site (OFTS) situated in the Town of Oakville, province of Ontario.

The above sites have been calibrated in accordance with ANSI C63.4, and found to be in compliance with the requirements of Sec. 2.948 of the FCC Rules. The descriptions and site measurement data of the Oakville Open Field Test Site has been filed with FCC office (FCC File No.: 31040/SIT 1300B3) and Industry Canada office (Industry Canada File No.: IC2049). Last Date of Site Calibration: Aug. 10, 2002.

5.2. APPLICABILITY & SUMMARY OF EMC EMISSION TEST RESULTS

FCC PARAGRAPH.	TEST REQUIREMENTS	APPLICABILITY (YES/NO)
80.215, 90.205(d) & 2.1046	RF Power Output	Yes
1.1307, 1.1310, 2.1091 & 2.1093	RF Exposure Limit	Yes
80.209, 90.213 & 2.1055	Frequency Stability	Yes
80.213(e), 90.242(b)(8) & 2.1047(a)	Audio Frequency Response	Yes
2.1047(b)	Modulation Limiting	Yes
80.211(2), 90.210 & 2.1049	Emission Limitation / Emission Mask	Yes
80.211(e2), 90.210, 2.1057 & 2.1051	Emission Limits - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal	Yes
80.211(2), 90.210, 2.1057 & 2.1053	Emission Limits - Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	Yes
90.214	Transient Frequency Behavior	Yes
80.217	Suppression of Interference aboard ships	Yes
VHF MARINE TRANSCEIVER, Model No.: IC-M88, by ICOM Incorporated has also been tested and found to comply with FCC Part 15, Subpart B - Radio Receivers and Class A Digital Devices. The engineering test report has been documented and kept in file and it is available anytime upon FCC request.		

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File #: ICOM-044FCC80-90
Oct. 23, 2002

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

5.3. MODIFICATIONS INCORPORATED IN THE EUT FOR COMPLIANCE PURPOSES

None

5.4. DEVIATION OF STANDARD TEST PROCEDURES

None

EXHIBIT 6. MEASUREMENTS, EXAMINATIONS & TEST DATA FOR EMC EMISSIONS

6.1. TEST PROCEDURES

This section contains test results only. Details of test methods and procedures can be found in Exhibit 8 of this report

6.2. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with requirements of UKAS Document NIS 81 with a confidence level of 95%. Please refer to Exhibit 7 for Measurement Uncertainties.

6.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED:

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the Standards referenced in the Methods & Procedures ANSI C63.4:1992 and CISPR 16-1.

6.4. ESSENTIAL/PRIMARY FUNCTIONS AS DECLARED BY THE MANUFACTURER:

The essential function of the EUT is to correctly communicate data to and from radios over RF link.

6.5. RF POWER OUTPUT @ FCC 2.1046, 80.215 & 90.205(D)

6.5.1. Limits

@ FCC 80.215

- **Coast Stations in 156.025-157.425 MHz:** 50 Watts (at the input terminal of the station antenna). The frequencies 156.375 and 156.65 are primarily intership frequencies. When authorized for coast station on secondary basis, the normal output power must not exceed 1 Watt and the maximum output power must not exceed 10 Watts.
- **Marine Utility Stations & Handheld Portable in 156.025-157.425 MHz:** 10 Watts (at the input terminal of the station antenna)
- **Ship Stations in 156.025-157.425 MHz:** 25 Watts (at the input terminal of the station antenna)
- @ FCC 90.205(d) - Please refer to FCC 90.205(d) for Power and antenna height limits

6.5.2. Method of Measurements

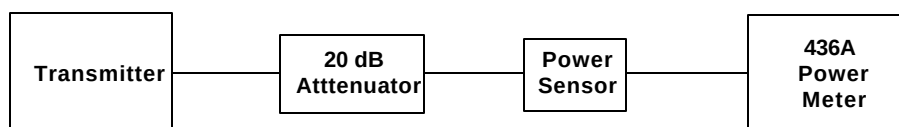
Please refer to Exhibit 8, § 8.1 (Conducted) and § 8.2 (Radiated) for test procedures and test setup.

6.5.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer/ EMI Receiver	Hewlett Packard	HP 8546A	...	9 kHz to 5.6 GHz with built-in 30 dB Gain Pre-selector, QP, Average & Peak Detectors.
Attenuator(s)	Bird	...	...	DC – 22 GHz
Spectrum Analyzer/ EMI Receiver	Advantest	R3271	15050203	100 Hz – 26.5 GHz
Attenuator(s)	Weinschel Corp	24-20-34	BJ2357	DC – 8.5 GHz
Dipole Antenna	EMCO	3121C	8907-440	30 MHz – 1 GHz
Dipole Antenna	EMCO	3121C	8907-434	30 MHz – 1 GHz
Power Meter	Hewlett Packard	436A	1725A02249	10 kHz – 50 GHz, sensor dependent
Power Sensor	Hewlett Packard	8481A	2702A68983	10 MHz – 18 GHz
Synthesize Sweeper	Hewlett Packard	83752B	3610A00457	0.01 – 20 GHz

6.5.4. Test Arrangement

Power at RF Power Output Terminals



6.5.5. Test Data

Remark: Test is performed in the General Operating Frequency Bands 146-174 MHz and the results shall also represent the Marine band 156.025-157.425 MHz since the marine operating frequency band lies within the general band RF output power is constant throughout the band.

Power Setting: High			
Transmitter Channel Output	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Measured (Average) Conducted Power (Watts)	Power Rating (Watts)
Lowest	146.025	5.2	5.0
Middle	160.025	5.1	5.0
Highest	173.975	4.7	5.0

Power Setting: Medium			
Transmitter Channel Output	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Measured (Average) Conducted Power (Watts)	Power Rating (Watts)
Lowest	146.025	3.2	3.0
Middle	160.025	3.1	3.0
Highest	173.975	3.0	3.0

Power Setting: Low			
Transmitter Channel Output	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Measured (Average) Conducted Power (Watts)	Power Rating (Watts)
Lowest	146.025	1.0	1.0
Middle	160.025	1.0	1.0
Highest	173.975	1.0	1.0

6.6. RF EXPOSURE REQUIREMENTS @ 1.1310 & 2.1091

Evaluation of RF Exposure Compliance Requirements	
RF Exposure Requirements	Compliance with FCC Rules
SAR Tests for Portable Transmitters - Body Tissue - Brain Tissue	- Comply with SAR limits with body tissue with maximum SAR level of 0.724 W/Kg (duty cycle = 50% for push-to-talk transceiver) when the tip of the Tx antenna in was in contact with the phantom. - Comply with SAR limits with brain tissue with maximum SAR level of 1.196 W/Kg (duty cycle = 50% for push-to-talk transceiver) at 25 mm separation distance from the phantom.
Any other RF exposure related issues that may affect MPE compliance	RF Safety Training for Occupational Use is provided on Page i of the Users Manual

6.7. FREQUENCY STABILITY @ FCC 2.1055, 80.209 & 90.213

6.7.1. Limits

Please refer to FCC CFR 47, Part 80, Subpart I, Para. 80.209 for specification details.

Operating Frequency Band (MHz)	Coast Stations			Ship Stations
	Below 3 W	3 to 100 W	Above 100W	
156.025-157.425 MHz	10 ppm	5 ppm	2.5 ppm	10 ppm

Please refer to FCC CFR 47, Part 90, Subpart I, Para. 90.213 for specification details.

FREQUENCY RANGE (MHz)	MOBILE STATIONS (ppm)			
	> 2 W		≤ 2 W	
	12.5 kHz	25 kHz	12.5 kHz	25 kHz
146-174 MHz	2.5	5.0	2.5	5.0

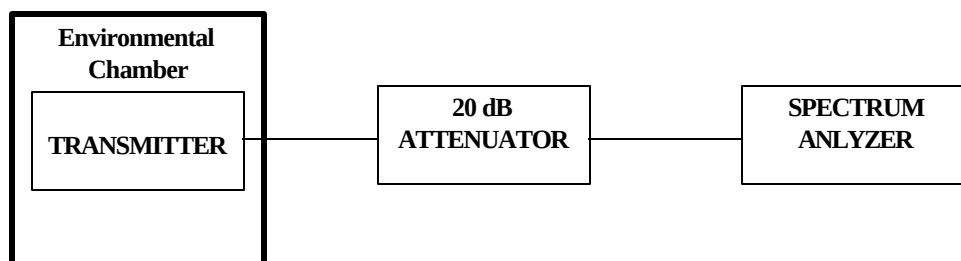
6.7.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Exhibit 8, § 8.3 of this report for measurement details

6.7.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer/ EMI Receiver	Hewlett Packard	HP 8593EM	3412A00103	9 kHz – 26.5 GHz
Attenuator(s)	Bird	..	...	DC – 22 GHz
Temperature & Humidity Chamber	Tenney	T5	9723B	-40° to +60° C range

6.7.4. Test Arrangement



6.7.5. Test Data

Remark: The worst limits of FCC 80.209 and 90.213 are applied for compliance with both Part 80 & 90.

6.7.5.1. Frequency Tolerance versus Ambient Temperature

Product Name:	VHF MARINE TRANSCEIVER
Model No.:	IC-M88
Center Frequency:	146.025 MHz
Full Power Level:	5.2 Watts
Frequency Tolerance Limit (Worst Case):	±2.5 ppm or 365.1 Hz
Max. Frequency Tolerance Measured:	+245 Hz or +1.67 ppm
Input Voltage Rating:	7.2 Vdc

CENTER FREQUENCY & RF POWER OUTPUT VARIATION			
Ambient Temperature (°C)	Supply Voltage (Nominal) 7.2 Volts	Supply Voltage (Minimum before switch-off) 5.6 Volts	Supply Voltage (115% of Nominal) 8.28 Volts
	Hz	Hz	Hz
-30	-227	N/A	N/A
-20	-192	N/A	N/A
-10	-165	N/A	N/A
0	-145	N/A	N/A
+10	-101	N/A	N/A
+20	-93	-96	-89
+30	-95	N/A	N/A
+40	+25	N/A	N/A
+50	+245	N/A	N/A

6.7.5.2. RF Output Power Versus Input Voltage at Room Temperature

Ambient Temperature (°C)	Supply Voltage (Vdc)	Current (Adc)	RF Output Power (High) (Watts)
20	7.2 (Nominal)	1.59	37.2
20	6.8	1.61	37.1
20	6.6	1.61	37.0
20	6.4	1.58	36.7
20	6.2	1.54	36.5
20	6.0	1.51	36.2
20	5.8	1.47	35.9
20	5.6	1.44	35.6
20	5.4	Power automatically switched from "High" to "Low"	Power automatically switched from "High" to "Low" or 30 dBm

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Oct. 23, 2002

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

6.7.5.3. RF Output Power Drop Versus Time (with Battery Pack BP-226 using Alkaline Type AA Batteries) at Room Temperature

Time (Minutes)	Input Voltage (Vdc)	Input Current (Amps)	RF Output Power (High) (Watts)
0	8.06 (new batteries)	1.61	36.9
1	6.25	1.56	36.3
2	6.01	1.52	36.1
3	5.83	1.49	35.9
4	5.71	1.49	35.7
5	5.61	1.46	35.6
6	5.50	Automatically switched to "Low" or 30 dBm	Automatically switched to "Low" or 30 dBm

6.7.5.4. RF Output Power Drop Versus Time (with Fully Rechargeable Li Ion Battery Pack BP-227 at Room Temperature)

Time (Minutes)	Input Voltage (Vdc)	Input Current (Amps)	RF Output Power (High) (Watts)
0	8.29 (fully charged)	1.58	37.2
1	7.56	1.58	37.1
2	7.52	1.58	37.1
3	7.49	1.58	37.1
4	7.46	1.57	37.1
5	7.44	1.57	37.1
10	7.30	1.58	37.0
15	7.16	1.59	37.0
20	7.05	1.60	37.0
25	6.96	1.60	37.0
30	6.89	1.61	36.9
40	6.78	1.61	36.9
50	6.71	1.61	36.8
60	6.56	1.61	36.7
66	6.20	1.54	36.5
67	5.90	1.48	36.01
68	5.60	Automatically switched to "Low" or 30 dBm	Automatically switched to "Low" or 30 dBm

6.8. AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE @ FCC 2.1047(A), 80.213(E) & 90.242(B)(8)

6.8.1. Limits

The coast station transmitter operated in 156.025-157.425 MHz must be equipped with a lowpass filter. The filter must be installed between the modulation limiter and the modulated radio frequency stages. The audio lowpass filter shall meet the following characteristics:

RF Band	Audio band	Minimum Attenuation Rel. to 1 kHz Attenuation
156.025-157.425 MHz / 146-174 MHz	3 –20 kHz 15 – 30 kHz	$60 \log_{10}(f/3)$ dB where f is in kHz 50dB

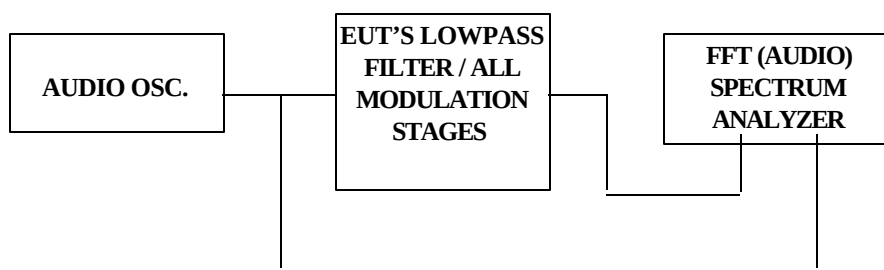
6.8.2. Method of Measurements

The rated audio input signal was applied to the input of the audio lowpass filter (or of all modulation stages) using an audio oscillator, this input signal level and its corresponding output signal were then measured and recorded using the FFT (Audio) spectrum analyzer. Tests were repeated at different audio signal frequencies from 0 to 50 kHz.

6.8.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
FFT (audio) Spectrum Analyzer	Advantest	R9211E	...	10 mHz – 100 kHz, 1 MHz Input Impedance
Audio Oscillator	Hewlett Packard	HP 204C	0989A08798	DC to 1.2 MHz

6.8.4. Test Arrangement



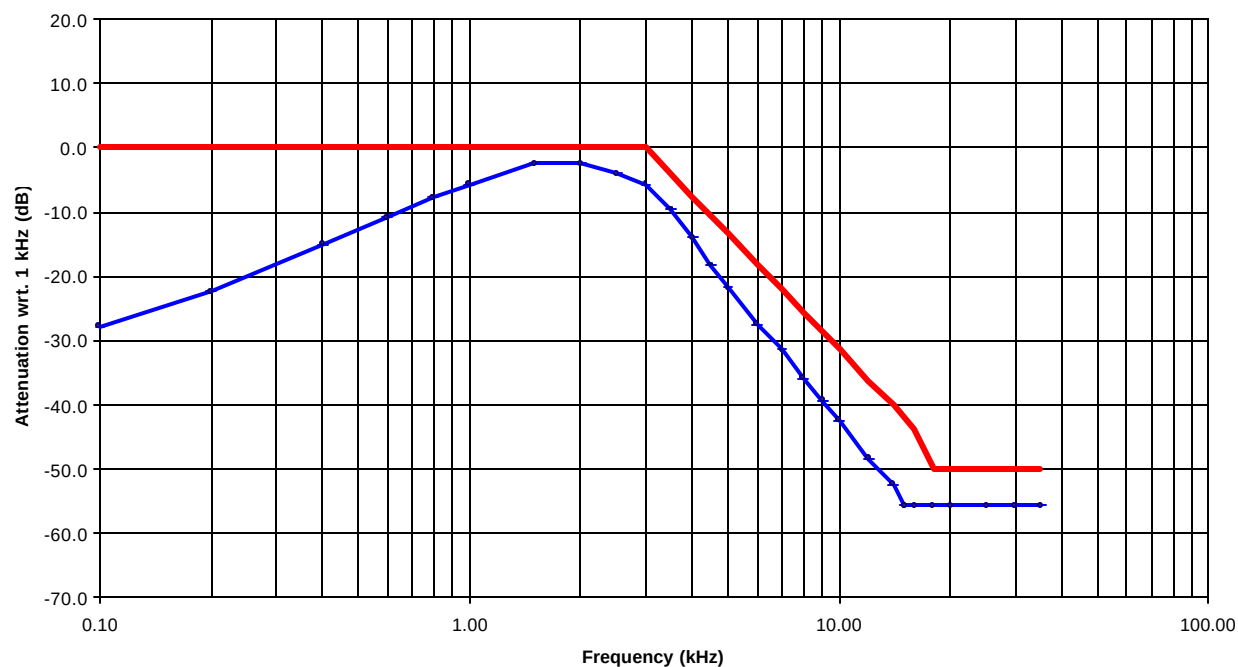
6.8.5. Test Data

6.8.5.1. 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing, F3E, Frequency of All Modulation States*

Note: Because of the difficulty of measuring the Frequency Response of the internal lowpass filter, the Frequency Response of All Modulation States are performed to show the roll-off at 3 kHz in comparison with FCC Limit for audio lowpass filter.

FREQUENCY (kHz)	AUDIO IN (dBV)	AUDIO OUT (dBV)	ATTEN. (OUT - IN) (dB)	ATTEN. wrt. 1 kHz (dB)	FCC LIMIT (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
0.10	-34.4	-22.2	12.2	-27.8	--	--
0.20	-34.4	-16.8	17.6	-22.4	--	--
0.40	-34.4	-9.4	25.0	-15.0	--	--
0.60	-34.4	-5.3	29.1	-10.9	--	--
0.80	-34.4	-2.1	32.3	-7.7	--	--
1.00	-34.4	-0.1	34.3	-5.7	--	--
1.50	-34.4	3.2	37.6	-2.4	--	--
2.00	-34.4	3.1	37.5	-2.5	--	--
2.50	-34.4	1.6	36.0	-4.0	--	--
3.00	-34.4	-0.1	34.3	-5.7	0.0	PASS
3.50	-34.4	-3.9	30.5	-9.5	-4.0	PASS
4.00	-34.4	-8.4	26.0	-14.0	-7.5	PASS
4.50	-34.4	-12.6	21.8	-18.2	-10.6	PASS
5.00	-34.4	-16.1	18.3	-21.7	-13.3	PASS
6.00	-34.4	-21.8	12.6	-27.4	-18.1	PASS
7.00	-34.4	-25.7	8.7	-31.3	-22.1	PASS
8.00	-34.4	-30.2	4.2	-35.8	-25.6	PASS
9.00	-34.4	-33.7	0.7	-39.3	-28.6	PASS
10.00	-34.4	-36.8	-2.4	-42.4	-31.4	PASS
12.00	-34.4	-42.7	-8.3	-48.3	-36.1	PASS
14.00	-34.4	-46.8	-12.4	-52.4	-40.1	PASS
16.00	-34.4	<-50.0	<-15.6	<-55.6	-43.6	PASS
18.00	-34.4	<-50.0	<-15.6	<-55.6	-50.0	PASS
20.00	-34.4	<-50.0	<-15.6	<-55.6	-50.0	PASS
25.00	-34.4	<-50.0	<-15.6	<-55.6	-50.0	PASS
30.00	-34.4	<-50.0	<-15.6	<-55.6	-50.0	PASS
35.00	-34.4	<-50.0	<-15.6	<-55.6	-50.0	PASS
40.00	-34.4	<-50.0	<-15.6	<-55.6	-50.0	PASS
50.00	-34.4	<-50.0	<-15.6	<-55.6	-50.0	PASS

AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF ALL MODULATION STAGES
@ FCC 2.987(a) & 8013(e) & 90.242(b)(8)
ICOM VHF Radio Transceiver, Model IC-M88 [12.5 kHz Channel Spacing]



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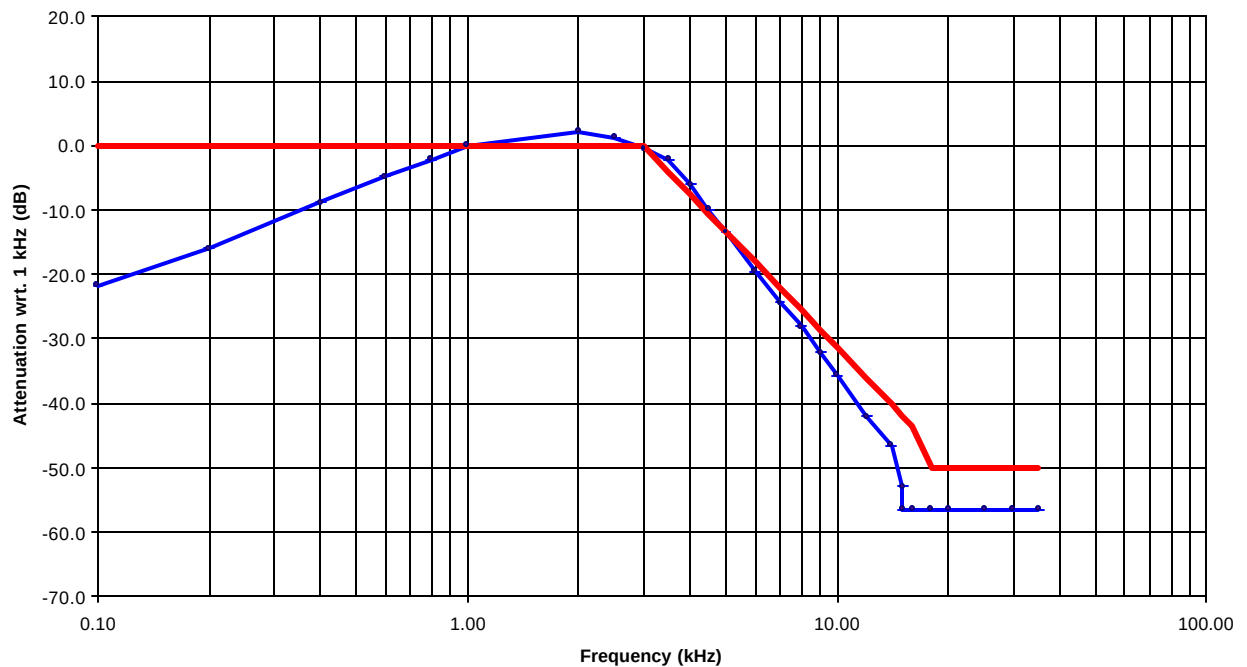
All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

6.8.5.2. 25 kHz Channel Spacing, F3E, Frequency of All Modulation States*

Note: Because of the difficulty of measuring the Frequency Response of the internal lowpass filter, the Frequency Response of All Modulation States are performed to show the roll-off at 3 kHz in comparison with FCC Limit for audio lowpass filter.

FREQUENCY (kHz)	AUDIO IN (dBV)	AUDIO OUT (dBV)	ATTEN. (OUT - IN) (dB)	ATTEN. wrt. 1 kHz (dB)	FCC LIMIT (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
0.10	-33.6	-15.3	18.3	-21.7	--	--
0.20	-33.6	-9.6	24.0	-16.0	--	--
0.40	-33.6	-2.4	31.2	-8.8	--	--
0.60	-33.6	1.6	35.2	-4.8	--	--
0.80	-33.6	4.3	37.9	-2.1	--	--
1.00	-33.6	6.4	40.0	0.0	--	--
2.00	-33.6	8.6	42.2	2.2	--	--
2.50	-33.6	7.6	41.2	1.2	--	--
3.00	-33.6	6.0	39.6	-0.4	0.0	PASS
3.50	-33.6	4.2	37.8	-2.2	-4.0	PASS
4.00	-33.6	0.3	33.9	-6.1	-7.5	PASS
4.50	-33.6	-3.5	30.1	-9.9	-10.6	PASS
5.00	-33.6	-7.0	26.6	-13.4	-13.3	PASS
6.00	-33.6	-13.2	20.4	-19.6	-18.1	PASS
7.00	-33.6	-18.0	15.6	-24.4	-22.1	PASS
8.00	-33.6	-21.7	11.9	-28.1	-25.6	PASS
9.00	-33.6	-25.7	7.9	-32.1	-28.6	PASS
10.00	-33.6	-29.3	4.3	-35.7	-31.4	PASS
12.00	-33.6	-35.7	-2.1	-42.1	-36.1	PASS
14.00	-33.6	-40.1	-6.5	-46.5	-40.1	PASS
16.00	-33.6	<-50.0	<-16.4	<-56.4	-43.6	PASS
18.00	-33.6	<-50.0	<-16.4	<-56.4	-50.0	PASS
20.00	-33.6	<-50.0	<-16.4	<-56.4	-50.0	PASS
25.00	-33.6	<-50.0	<-16.4	<-56.4	-50.0	PASS
30.00	-33.6	<-50.0	<-16.4	<-56.4	-50.0	PASS
35.00	-33.6	<-50.0	<-16.4	<-56.4	-50.0	PASS
40.00	-33.6	<-50.0	<-16.4	<-56.4	-50.0	PASS
50.00	-33.6	<-50.0	<-16.4	<-56.4	-50.0	PASS

AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF ALL MODULATION STAGES
@ FCC 2.987(a) & 8013(e) & 90.242(b)(8)
ICOM VHF Radio Transceiver, Model IC-M88 [25 kHz Channel Spacing]



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6.9. MODULATION LIMITING @ FCC 2.1047(B)

6.9.1. Limits @ FCC 2.1047(b)

Recommended frequency deviation characteristics are give below:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Authorized BW (KHz)	Channel Spacing (KHz)	Recommended Frequency Deviation (KHz)
156.025-157.425 MHz (Marine) 135-174 MHz (General)	20.0	25.0	5.0
146-174 MHz (General)	11.25	12.5	2.5

6.9.2. Method of Measurements

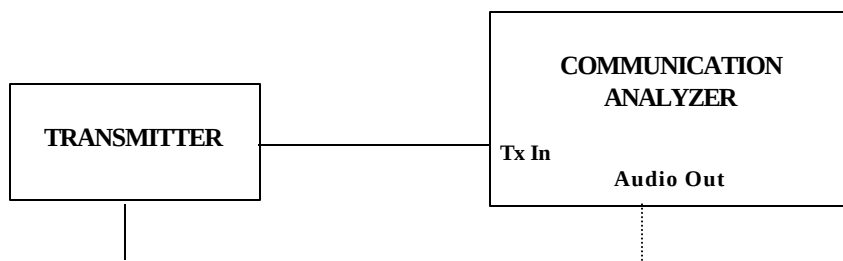
For Audio Transmitter:- The carrier frequency deviation was measured with the tone input signal level varied from 0 Vp to audio input rating level plus 16 dB at frequencies 0.1, 0.5, 1.0, 3.0 and 5.0 kHz. The maximum deviation was recorded at each test condition.

For Data Transmitter with Maximum Frequency Deviation set by Factory:- The EUT was set at maximum frequency deviation, and its peak frequency deviation was then measured using EUT's internal random data source.

6.9.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Communication Analyzer	Rohde & Schawrz	SMF02	879988/057	400 kHz - 1000 MHz including AF & RF Signal Generators, SINAD, DISTORTION, DEVIATION meters and etc

6.9.4. Test Arrangement



6.9.5. Test Data

Remark: Test is performed in the General Operating Frequency Bands 146-174 MHz and the results shall also represent the Marine band 156.025-157.425 MHz since the marine operating frequency band lies within the general band RF output power is constant throughout the band.

6.9.5.1. Voice Modulation Limiting for 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing Operation:

MODULATING SIGNAL LEVEL (mVrms)	PEAK FREQUENCY DEVIATION (kHz) at the following modulating frequency:					MAXIMUM LIMIT (kHz)
	0.1 kHz	0.5 kHz	1.0 kHz	3.0 kHz	5.0 kHz	
10	0.1	0.4	0.8	1.3	0.3	2.5
20	0.2	0.7	1.5	1.4	0.3	2.5
30	0.2	1.0	1.8	1.4	0.3	2.5
40	0.3	1.3	2.0	1.4	0.3	2.5
50	0.3	1.6	2.1	1.4	0.3	2.5
60	0.4	1.7	2.1	1.4	0.3	2.5
80	0.5	1.8	2.1	1.4	0.3	2.5
100	0.6	1.9	2.1	1.4	0.3	2.5
120	0.7	1.9	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5
140	0.9	2.0	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5
160	0.9	2.0	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5
180	1.1	2.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5
200	1.2	2.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5
250	1.5	2.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5
300	1.8	2.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5
400	2.4	2.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5
500	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5
600	1.2	2.1	2.2	1.4	0.3	2.5

Voice Signal Input Level = STD MOD Level + 16 dB = 26 dB(mVrms) + 16 = 42 dB(mVrms) or 125.9 mVrms

MODULATING FREQUENCY (KHz)	PEAK FREQUENCY DEVIATION (KHz)	MAXIMUM LIMIT (KHz)
0.1	0.8	2.5
0.2	1.6	2.5
0.4	1.9	2.5
0.6	2.1	2.5
0.8	2.2	2.5
1.0	2.2	2.5
1.2	2.2	2.5
1.4	2.1	2.5
1.6	2.1	2.5
1.8	2.2	2.5
2.0	2.0	2.5
2.5	1.7	2.5
3.0	1.4	2.5
3.5	0.9	2.5
4.0	0.6	2.5
4.5	0.4	2.5
5.0	0.2	2.5
6.0	0.1	2.5
7.0	0.1	2.5
8.0	0.1	2.5
9.0	0.0	2.5
10.0	0.0	2.5

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6.9.5.2. Voice Modulation Limiting for 25 kHz Channel Spacing Operation:

MODULATING SIGNAL LEVEL (mVrms)	PEAK FREQUENCY DEVIATION (kHz) at the following modulating frequency:					MAXIMUM LIMIT (kHz)
	0.1 kHz	0.5 kHz	1.0 kHz	3.0 kHz	5.0 kHz	
10	0.15	0.7	1.5	2.8	0.7	5.0
20	0.26	1.3	2.8	2.8	0.7	5.0
30	0.38	2.0	3.4	2.8	0.7	5.0
40	0.48	2.6	3.7	2.8	0.7	5.0
50	0.62	3.2	3.8	2.8	0.7	5.0
60	0.73	3.3	3.9	2.8	0.7	5.0
80	0.96	3.4	4.0	2.8	0.7	5.0
100	1.21	3.5	4.0	2.8	0.7	5.0
120	1.43	3.5	4.1	2.8	0.7	5.0
140	1.71	3.7	4.1	2.8	0.7	5.0
160	1.91	3.8	4.1	2.8	0.7	5.0
180	2.15	3.9	4.1	2.8	0.7	5.0
200	2.40	4.0	4.1	2.8	0.7	5.0
250	3.01	4.0	4.1	2.8	0.7	5.0
300	3.60	4.0	4.1	2.8	0.7	5.0
400	3.86	4.0	4.1	2.8	0.7	5.0
500	4.15	4.1	4.1	2.9	0.7	5.0
600	2.61	4.1	4.1	2.9	0.7	5.0

Voice Signal Input Level = STD MOD Level + 16 dB = 26 dB(mVrms) + 16 = 42 dB(mVrms) or 125.9 mVrms

MODULATING FREQUENCY (KHz)	PEAK FREQUENCY DEVIATION (KHz)	MAXIMUM LIMIT (KHz)
0.1	1.7	5.0
0.2	3.1	5.0
0.4	3.6	5.0
0.6	3.9	5.0
0.8	4.0	5.0
1.0	4.1	5.0
1.2	4.1	5.0
1.4	4.1	5.0
1.6	4.1	5.0
1.8	4.1	5.0
2.0	3.9	5.0
2.5	3.4	5.0
3.0	2.8	5.0
3.5	2.3	5.0
4.0	1.5	5.0
4.5	1.0	5.0
5.0	0.6	5.0
6.0	0.3	5.0
7.0	0.2	5.0
8.0	0.1	5.0
9.0	0.1	5.0
10.0	0.07	5.0

6.10. EMISSION MASK @ FCC 2.1049, 90.208, 80.211 & 90.210

6.10.1. Limits

Emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter as follows:

@ FCC 80.211 (Marine):

Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Authorized BW (KHz)	Channel Spacing (KHz)	Recommended Frequency Deviation (KHz)	FCC Applicable Mask
156.025-157.425	20.0	25.0	5.0	For other stations: 80.211(2)

@ FCC 90.210 (General):

Frequency Range (MHz)	Maximum Authorized BW (KHz)	Channel Spacing (KHz)	Recommended Frequency Deviation (KHz)	FCC Applicable Mask
146-174	20.0	25.0	5.0	90.210(b): Mask B – Voice
146-174	11.25	12.5	2.5	90.210(d): Mask D – Voice & Data

Note: Emission Mask @ 80.211(2) is the same as Mask B of FCC 90.210(b), and the Marine band is within the General VHF Band. Therefore, tests for the General VHF Band was performed and the results also applied for the Marine Band.

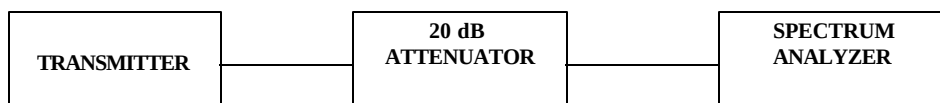
6.10.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Exhibit 8, § 8.4 of this report for measurement details

6.10.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer/EMI Receiver	Hewlett Packard	HP 8593EM	3412A00103	9 kHz – 26.5 GHz
Attenuator(s)	Bird	..	...	DC – 22 GHz
Audio Oscillator	Hewlett Packard	HP 204C	0989A08798	DC to 1.2 MHz

6.10.4. Test Arrangement



6.10.5. Test Data

6.10.5.1. 99% Occupied Bandwidth

Conform. Please refer to Plots # 1 through # 12 in Annex 1 for Details of measurements

Frequency (MHz)	Channel Spacing (kHz)	Measured 99% OBW (kHz)	Recommended 99% OBW (kHz)
146.025	12.5	7.35	11.0
160.025	12.5	7.31	11.0
173.975	12.5	7.50	11.0
146.025	25.0	11.6	16.0
160.025	25.0	11.8	16.0
173.975	25.0	11.9	16.0
146.025	12.5.0 (with scrambler)	6.8	11.0
160.025	12.5.0 (with scrambler)	6.7	11.0
173.975	12.5.0 (with scrambler)	6.8	11.0
146.025	25.0 (with scrambler)	10.8	16.0
160.025	25.0 (with scrambler)	10.9	16.0
173.975	25.0 (with scrambler)	10.8	16.0

6.10.5.2. Emission Masks

Remark: The Emissions Mask per 80.211(2) and 90.210(b) are identical; therefore, test is performed in the General Operating Frequency Bands 146-174 MHz and the results shall also represent the Marine band 156.025-157.425 MHz since the marine operating frequency band lies within the general band RF output power is constant throughout the band.

Conform.

- Plots # 13 through # 15 in Annex 1 show Emissions Masks D for 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing Operation, RF Output Power = Low (1 Watt), FM Voice Modulation (11K0F3E).
- Plots # 16 through # 18 in Annex 1 show Emissions Masks D for 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing Operation, RF Output Power = High (5 Watts), FM Voice Modulation (11K0F3E).
- Plots # 19 through # 21 in Annex 1 show Emissions Masks D for 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing Operation, RF Output Power = Low (1 Watt), FM Voice Modulation with Scrambler (11K0G3E).
- Plots # 22 through # 24 in Annex 1 show Emissions Masks D for 12.5 KHz Channel Spacing Operation, RF Output Power = High (5 Watts), FM Voice Modulation with Scrambler (11K0G3E).
- Plots # 25 through # 27 in Annex 1 show Emissions Masks B for 25 KHz Channel Spacing Operation, RF Output Power = Low (1 Watt), FM Voice Modulation (16K0F3E).
- Plots # 28 through # 30 in Annex 1 show Emissions Masks B for 25 KHz Channel Spacing Operation, RF Output Power = High (5 Watts), FM Voice Modulation (16K0F3E).
- Plots # 31 through # 33 in Annex 1 show Emissions Masks B for 25 KHz Channel Spacing Operation, RF Output Power = Low (1 Watt), FM Voice Modulation with Scrambler (16K0G3E).
- Plots # 34 through # 36 in Annex 1 show Emissions Masks B for 25 KHz Channel Spacing Operation, RF Output Power = High (5 Watts), FM Voice Modulation with Scrambler (16K0G3E).

6.11. TRANSMITTER ANTENNA POWER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC CONDUCTED EMISSIONS @ FCC 80.211(2) & 90.210

6.11.1. Limits

Emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter as follows:

FCC Rules	Frequency Range	Attenuation Limit (dBc)
80.211(2) - Marine 90.210(b)&(c) – Voice & data	10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio	43+10*log(P)
90.210(d) – Voice & data	10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio	50+10*log(P) or -20 dBm or 70 dBc whichever is less

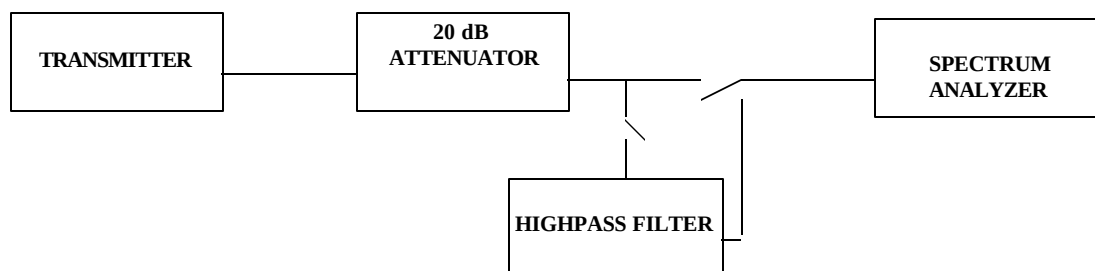
6.11.2. Method of Measurements

Refer to Exhibit 8 § 8.5 of this report for measurement details

6.11.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer/ EMI Receiver	Hewlett Packard	HP 8593EM	3412A00103	9 kHz – 26.5 GHz
Attenuator(s)	Bird	..	...	DC – 22 GHz
Audio Oscillator	Hewlett Packard	HP 204C	0989A08798	DC to 1.2 MHz
Highpass Filter, Microphase	Microphase	CR220HID	IIT111000AC	Cut-off Frequency at 600 MHz, 1.3 GHz or 4 GHz

6.11.4. Test Arrangement



6.11.5. Test Data

Remarks:

- Tests are performed in the General Operating Frequency Bands 146-174 MHz and the results also represent the Marine band 156.025-157.425 MHz since the marine operating frequency band lies within the general band RF output power is constant throughout the band.
- Tests are performed with 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing where the lowest limit of $50+10*\log(P)$ is applied as worst case.

6.11.5.1. Lowest Channel Frequency (146.025 MHz, FM Modulation with 2.5 kHz Sine Wave Signal, RF Power: 1.0 Watts (Low))

FREQUENCY (MHz)	TRANSMITTER CONDUCTED ANTENNA EMISSIONS		LIMIT (dBc)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
	(dBm)	(dBc)			
292.050	-48.9	-78.9	-50.0	-28.9	PASS
- The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 2 GHz and all emissions within 30 dB below the limits were recorded. - Please refer to Plot # 37-38 in Annex 1 for Detailed Measurements - No difference in test results was found when transmitter was tested with and without the scrambler function.					

6.11.5.2. Middle Channel Frequency (160.025 MHz, FM Modulation with 2.5 kHz Sine Wave Signal, RF Power: 1.0 Watts (Low))

FREQUENCY (MHz)	TRANSMITTER CONDUCTED ANTENNA EMISSIONS		LIMIT (dBc)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
	(dBm)	(dBc)			
320.050	-44.0	-74.0	-50.0	-24.0	PASS
- The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 2 GHz and all emissions within 30 dB below the limits were recorded. - Please refer to Plot # 39-40 in Annex 1 for Detailed Measurements - No difference in test results was found when transmitter was tested with and without the scrambler function.					

6.11.5.3. Highest Channel Frequency (173.975 MHz, FM Modulation with 2.5 kHz Sine Wave Signal, RF Power: 1.0 Watts (Low))

FREQUENCY (MHz)	TRANSMITTER CONDUCTED ANTENNA EMISSIONS		LIMIT (dBc)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
	(dBm)	(dBc)			
347.950	-45.5	-75.5	-50.0	-25.5	PASS
- The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 2 GHz and all emissions within 30 dB below the limits were recorded. - Please refer to Plot # 41-42 in Annex 1 for Detailed Measurements - No difference in test results was found when transmitter was tested with and without the scrambler function.					

6.11.5.4. Lowest Channel Frequency (146.025 MHz, FM Modulation with 2.5 kHz Sine Wave Signal, RF Power: 5.2 Watts (High))

FREQUENCY (MHz)	TRANSMITTER CONDUCTED ANTENNA EMISSIONS		LIMIT (dBc)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
	(dBm)	(dBc)			
292.050	-44.0	-81.2	-57.2	-24.0	PASS
438.075	-49.8	-87.0	-57.2	-29.8	PASS
1022.175	-50.9	-88.1	-57.2	-30.9	PASS
1168.200	-42.5	-79.7	-57.2	-22.5	PASS
1314.225	-49.5	-86.7	-57.2	-29.5	PASS
- The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 2 GHz and all emissions within 30 dB below the limits were recorded. - Please refer to Plot # 43-44 in Annex 1 for Detailed Measurements - No difference in test results was found when transmitter was tested with and without the scrambler function.					

6.11.5.5. Middle Channel Frequency (160.025 MHz, FM Modulation with 2.5 kHz Sine Wave Signal, RF Power: 5.1 Watts (High))

FREQUENCY (MHz)	TRANSMITTER CONDUCTED ANTENNA EMISSIONS		LIMIT (dBc)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
	(dBm)	(dBc)			
320.050	-36.9	-74.0	-57.1	-16.9	PASS
480.075	-44.5	-81.6	-57.1	-24.5	PASS
640.100	-46.5	-83.6	-57.1	-26.5	PASS
800.125	-50.9	-88.0	-57.1	-30.9	PASS
1120.175	-40.8	-77.9	-57.1	-20.8	PASS
- The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 2 GHz and all emissions within 30 dB below the limits were recorded. - Please refer to Plot # 45-46 in Annex 1 for Detailed Measurements - No difference in test results was found when transmitter was tested with and without the scrambler function.					

6.11.5.6. Highest Channel Frequency (173.975 MHz, FM Modulation with 2.5 kHz Sine Wave Signal, RF Power: 4.7 Watts (High))

FREQUENCY (MHz)	TRANSMITTER CONDUCTED ANTENNA EMISSIONS		LIMIT (dBc)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/ FAIL
	(dBm)	(dBc)			
347.950	-37.8	-74.5	-56.7	-17.8	PASS
- The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 2 GHz and all emissions within 30 dB below the limits were recorded. - Please refer to Plot # 47-48 in Annex 1 for Detailed Measurements - No difference in test results was found when transmitter was tested with and without the scrambler function.					

6.12. TRANSMITTER SPURIOUS/HARMONIC RADIATED EMISSIONS @ FCC 80.211(2) & 0.210

6.12.1. Limits @ FCC 90.210

Emissions shall be attenuated below the mean output power of the transmitter as follows:

FCC Rules	Frequency Range	Attenuation Limit (dBc)
80.211(2) - Marine 90.210(b)&(c) – Voice & data	10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio	43+10*log(P)
90.210(d) – Voice & data	10 MHz to Lowest frequency of the radio to 10 th harmonic of the highest frequency of the radio	50+10*log(P) or -20 dBm or 70 dBc whichever is less

6.12.2. Method of Measurements

The spurious/harmonic ERP measurements are using substitution method specified in Exhibit 8, § 8.2 of this report and its value in dBc is calculated as follows:

- If the transmitter's antenna is an integral part of the EUT, the ERP is measured using substitution method.
- If the transmitter's antenna is non-integral and diverse, the lowest ERP of the carrier with 0 dBi antenna gain is used for calculation of the spurious/harmonic emissions in dBc:

$$\text{Lowest ERP of the carrier} = \text{EIRP} - 2.15 \text{ dB} = P_c + G - 2.15 \text{ dB} = \text{xxx dBm (conducted)} + 0 \text{ dBi} - 2.15 \text{ dB}$$

- Spurious /harmonic emissions levels expressed in dBc (dB below carrier) are as follows:

$$\text{ERP of spurious/harmonic (dBc)} = \text{ERP of carrier (dBm)} - \text{ERP of spurious/harmonic emission (dBm)}$$

6.12.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
Spectrum Analyzer/ EMI Receiver	Advantest	R3271	15050203	100 Hz to 32 GHz with external mixer for frequency above 32 GHz
Microwave Amplifier	Hewlett Packard	HP 83017A	3116A00661	1 GHz to 26.5 GHz
Active Loop Antenna	EMCO	6507	8906-1167	1 kHz – 30 MHz
Biconilog Antenna	EMCO	3143	1029	20 MHz to 2 GHz
Horn Antenna	EMCO	3155	9701-5061	1 GHz – 18 GHz
Horn Antenna with Mixer	EMCO	3160-09	1007	18 GHz – 26.5 GHz
Horn Antenna with Mixer	EMCO	3160-10	1001	26.5 GHz – 40 GHz

6.12.4. Test Setup

Please refer to Photo # 1 to 3 in Annex 2 for detailed of test setup.

6.12.5. Test Data

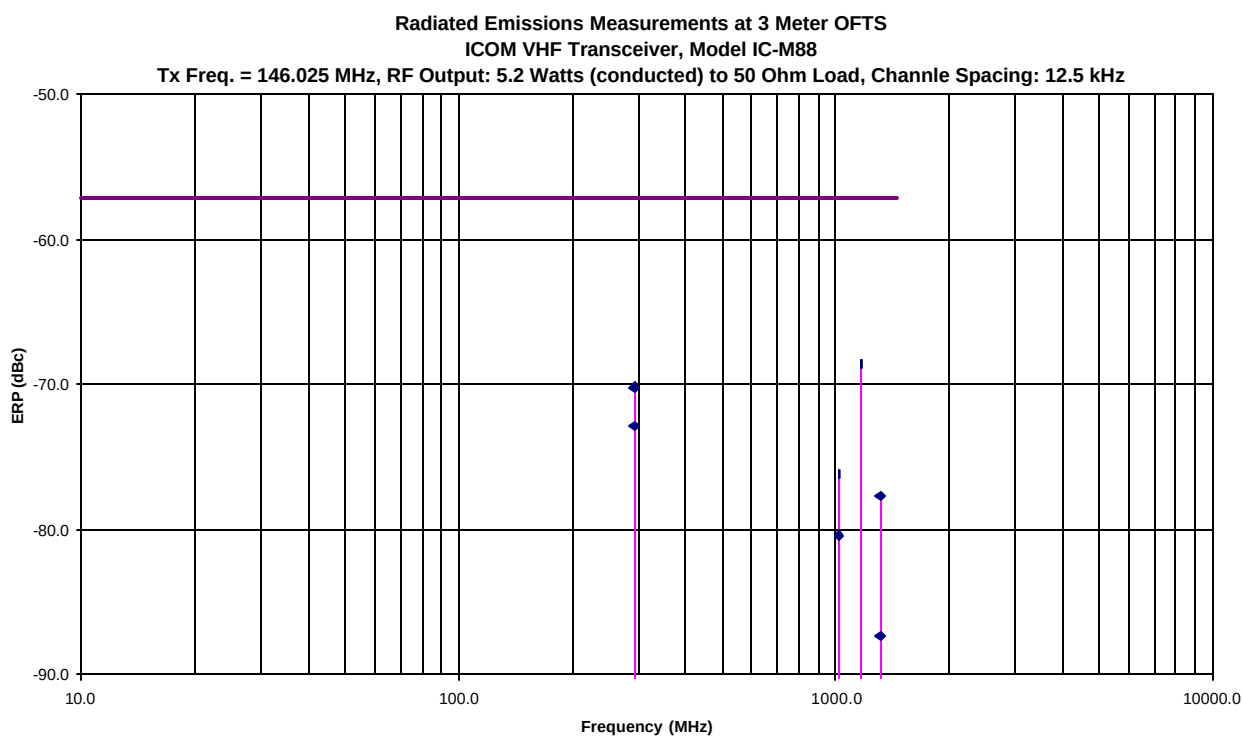
Remarks:

- Tests are performed in the General Operating Frequency Bands 146-174 MHz and the results also represent the Marine band 156.025-157.425 MHz since the marine operating frequency band lies within the general band RF output power is constant throughout the band.
- Tests are performed with 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing where the lowest limit of $50+10*\log(P)$ is applied as worst case.
- Only highest RF output power needs to be tested since the transmitter conducted emissions in Sec. 6.11 of test report show that the emission interference at maximum RF output power is the worst case.

6.12.5.1. Lowest Channel Frequency (146.025 MHz, FM Modulation with 2.5 kHz Sine Wave Signal, RF Power: 5.2 Watts (High), Channel Spacing: 12.5 kHz)

FREQUENCY (MHz)	E-FIELD @3m (dBuV/m)	ERP measured by Substitution Method (dBm) (dBc)		EMI DETECTOR (Peak/QP)	ANTENNA POLARIZATION (H/V)	LIMIT (dBc)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/FAIL
292.05	60.9	-35.7	-72.9	PEAK	V	-57.2	-15.7	PASS
292.05	64.7	-33.0	-70.2	PEAK	H	-57.2	-13.0	PASS
1022.18	65.2	-39.0	-76.2	PEAK	V	-57.2	-19.0	PASS
1022.18	60.7	-43.2	-80.4	PEAK	H	-57.2	-23.2	PASS
1168.20	71.7	-31.4	-68.6	PEAK	V	-57.2	-11.4	PASS
1168.20	65.8	-31.4	-68.6	PEAK	H	-57.2	-11.4	PASS
1314.23	64.9	-40.5	-77.7	PEAK	V	-57.2	-20.5	PASS
1314.23	57.3	-50.1	-87.3	PEAK	H	-57.2	-30.1	PASS

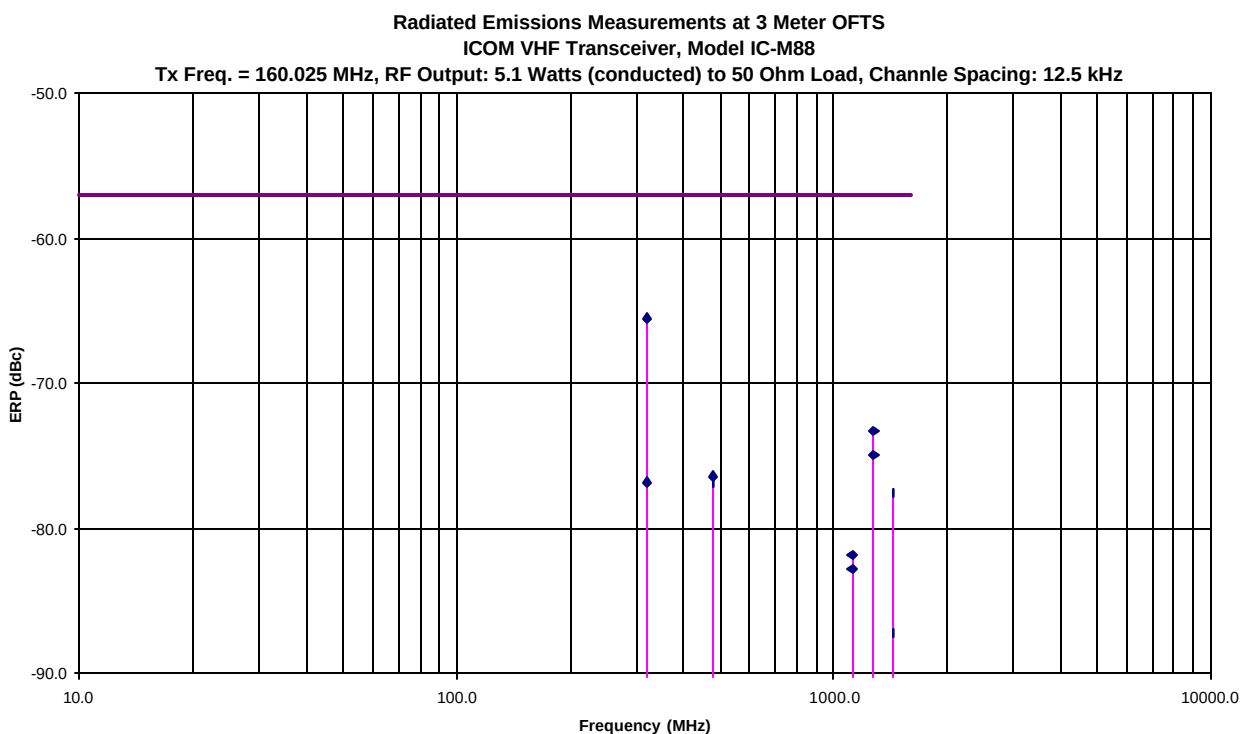
The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 2 GHz and all emissions within 30 dB below the limits were recorded.



6.12.5.2. Lowest Channel Frequency (160.025 MHz, FM Modulation with 2.5 kHz Sine Wave Signal, RF Power: 5.1 Watts (High), Channel Spacing: 12.5 kHz)

FREQUENCY (MHz)	E-FIELD @3m (dBuV/m)	ERP measured by Substitution Method (dBm) (dBc)		EMI DETECTOR (Peak/QP)	ANTENNA POLARIZATION (H/V)	LIMIT (dBc)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/FAIL
320.05	53.6	-39.7	-76.8	PEAK	V	-57.1	-19.7	PASS
320.05	68.7	-28.4	-65.5	PEAK	H	-57.1	-8.4	PASS
480.08	60.8	-39.2	-76.4	PEAK	V	-57.1	-19.3	PASS
480.08	62.6	-39.7	-76.9	PEAK	H	-57.1	-19.8	PASS
1120.18	61.5	-44.7	-81.8	PEAK	V	-57.1	-24.7	PASS
1120.18	60.5	-45.7	-82.8	PEAK	H	-57.1	-25.7	PASS
1280.20	67.7	-37.8	-74.9	PEAK	V	-57.1	-17.8	PASS
1280.20	65.7	-36.2	-73.3	PEAK	H	-57.1	-16.2	PASS

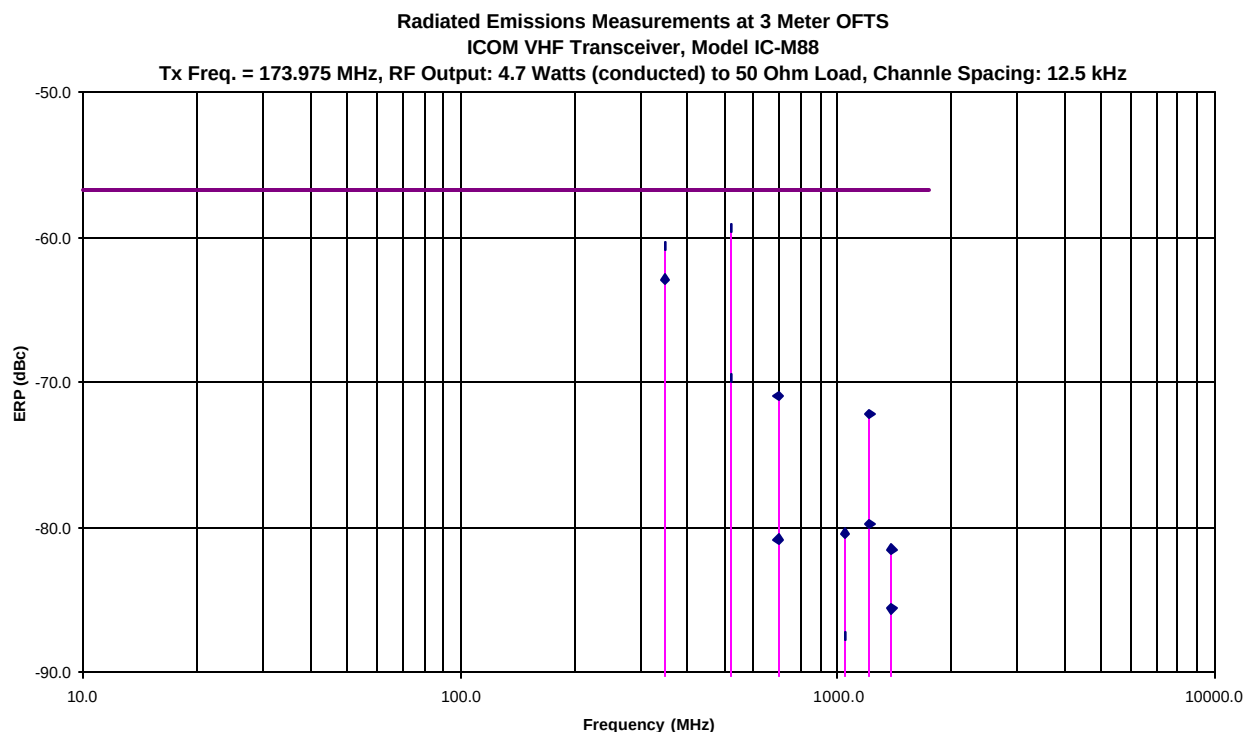
The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 2 GHz and all emissions within 30 dB below the limits were recorded.



6.12.5.3. Lowest Channel Frequency (173.975 MHz, FM Modulation with 2.5 kHz Sine Wave Signal, RF Power: 4.7 Watts (High), Channel Spacing: 12.5 kHz)

FREQUENCY (MHz)	E-FIELD @3m (dBuV/m)	ERP measured by Substitution Method		EMI DETECTOR (Peak/QP)	ANTENNA POLARIZATION (H/V)	LIMIT (dBc)	MARGIN (dB)	PASS/FAIL
347.95	68.4	-26.2	-62.9	PEAK	V	-56.7	-6.2	PASS
347.95	75.2	-23.9	-60.6	PEAK	H	-56.7	-3.9	PASS
521.93	62.6	-33.0	-69.7	PEAK	V	-56.7	-13.0	PASS
521.93	76.9	-22.7	-59.4	PEAK	H	-56.7	-2.7	PASS
695.90	58.2	-44.1	-80.8	PEAK	V	-56.7	-24.1	PASS
695.90	67.4	-34.2	-70.9	PEAK	H	-56.7	-14.2	PASS
1043.85	62.4	-43.7	-80.4	PEAK	V	-56.7	-23.7	PASS
1043.85	55.2	-50.8	-87.5	PEAK	H	-56.7	-30.8	PASS
1217.83	69.8	-35.5	-72.2	PEAK	V	-56.7	-15.5	PASS
1217.83	62.7	-43.1	-79.8	PEAK	H	-56.7	-23.1	PASS
1391.80	62.6	-44.8	-81.5	PEAK	V	-56.7	-24.8	PASS
1391.80	58.0	-48.9	-85.6	PEAK	H	-56.7	-28.9	PASS

The emissions were scanned from 10 MHz to 2 GHz and all emissions within 30 dB below the limits were recorded.



6.13. TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR @ 90.214

6.13.1. Limits

Transient frequencies must be within the maximum frequency difference limits during the time intervals indicated:

Time intervals ^{1, 2}	Maximum frequency difference ³	All equipment
		150 to 174 MHz
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 25 kHz Channels		
t ₁ ⁴	± 25.0 kHz	5.0 ms
t ₂	± 12.5 kHz	20.0 ms
t ₃ ⁴	± 25.0 kHz	5.0 ms
Transient Frequency Behavior for Equipment Designed to Operate on 12.5 kHz Channels		
t ₁ ⁴	± 12.5 kHz	5.0 ms
t ₂	± 6.25 kHz	20.0 ms
t ₃ ⁴	± 12.5 kHz	5.0 ms

- t_{on} is the instant when a 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed, including any capture time due to phasing.
 t_1 is the time period immediately following t_{on} .
 t_2 is the time period immediately following t_1 .
 t_3 is the time period from the instant when the transmitter is turned off until t_{off} .
 t_{off} is the instant when the 1 kHz test signal starts to rise.
- During the time from the end of t_2 to the beginning of t_3 , the frequency difference must not exceed the limits specified in § 90.213.
- Difference between the actual transmitter frequency and the assigned transmitter frequency.
- If the transmitter carrier output power rating is 6 watts or less, the frequency difference during this time period may exceed the maximum frequency difference for this time period.

6.13.2. Method of Measurements

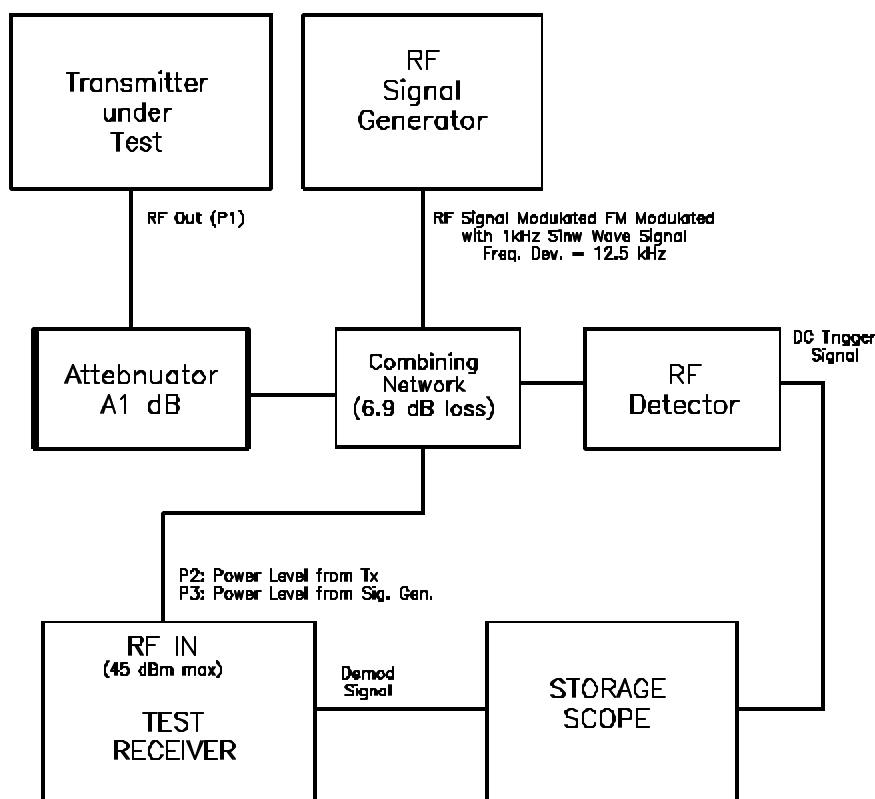
Refer to Exhibit 8, § 8.6 of this test report and ANSI/TIA/EIA - 603 - 1992, Sec. 2.2.19, Page 83

6.13.3. Test Equipment List

Test Instruments	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Frequency Range
RF Synthesized Signal Generator	Fluke	6061A	...	10 kHz – 1GHz 13 dBm output max. @ 50 Ohms
Communication Analyzer (Test Receiver)	Rohde & Schwarz	SMFP2	879988/057	GHz including SINAD, S/N, Modulation meters, AF & RF signal generators and etc....
Network Combiner	Mini-circuit	15542	...	DC to 22 GHz (7 dB insertion loss)
Digital Storage Scope	Phillips	3320A	DQ 646	DC - 5 MHz
67297 RF Detector,	Herotex	DZ122-553	63400	..

6.13.4. Test Arrangement

The following drawings show details of the test setup for radiated emissions measurements



6.13.5. Plots

Please refer to plots # 49 through # 56 in Annex 1 for details of measurements

6.13.6. Test Data

6.13.6.1. 12.5 kHz Channel Spacing Operation

Test Configuration #1: Unmodulated		
Time Interval	Transient Frequency	Transient Frequency Limit
t1 (5 mS) Switch ON Condition	+4.7 kHz	12.5 kHz or no limit for RF Output
t2 (20 mS) Switch On Condition	0	6.25 kHz
After t ₂ (10 ms) Switch On Condition	0	FCC Limit = ± 365 Hz (2.5 ppm @ 146.025 MHz)
Before t3 (5 mS) Switch Off Condition	0	FCC Limit = ± 365 Hz (2.5 ppm @ 146.025 MHz)
t3 (5 mS) Switch Off Condition	0	12.5 kHz or no limit for RF Output
Test Configuration #2: FM modulation with 1 KHz Sine Wave, Freq. Dev.: 2.2 kHz		
t1 (5 mS) Switch ON Condition	+6.1 kHz	12.5 kHz or no limit for RF Output Power < 6 Watts
t2 (20 mS) Switch On Condition	0	6.25 kHz
After t ₂ Switch On Condition	0	FCC Limit = ± 365 Hz (2.5 ppm @ 146.025 MHz)
Before t3 Switch Off Condition	0	FCC Limit = ± 365 Hz (2.5 ppm @ 146.025 MHz)
t3 (5 mS) Switch Off Condition	0	12.5 kHz or no limit for RF Output

6.13.6.2. 25 kHz Channel Spacing Operation

Test Configuration #1: Unmodulated		
Time Interval	Transient Frequency	Transient Frequency Limit
t1 (5 mS) Switch ON Condition	+4.0 kHz	25 kHz or no limit for RF Output
T2 (20 mS) Switch On Condition	0	12.5 kHz
After t ₂ Switch On Condition	0	FCC Limit = ± 730 Hz (5 ppm @ 146.025 MHz)
Before t3 Switch Off Condition	0	FCC Limit = ± 730 Hz (5 ppm @ 146.025 MHz)
t3 (5 mS) Switch Off Condition	0	25 kHz or no limit for RF Output Power < 6 Watts
Test Configuration #2: FM modulation with 1 KHz Sine Wave, Freq. Dev.: 4.4 KHz		
t1 (5 mS) Switch ON Condition	+8.6 kHz	25 kHz or no limit for RF Output
t2 (20 mS) Switch On Condition	0	12.5 kHz
After t ₂ Switch On Condition	0	FCC Limit = ± 730 Hz (5 ppm @ 146.025 MHz)
Before t3 Switch Off Condition	0	FCC Limit = ± 730 Hz (5 ppm @ 146.025 MHz)
t3 (5 mS) Switch Off Condition	0	25 kHz or no limit for RF Output

EXHIBIT 7. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties stated were calculated in accordance with the requirements of NIST Technical Note 1297 and NIS 81 (1994)

7.1. RADIATED EMISSION MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

CONTRIBUTION (Radiated Emissions)	PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION	UNCERTAINTY ($\pm$ dB)	
		3 m	10 m
Antenna Factor Calibration	Normal (k=2)	± 1.0	± 1.0
Cable Loss Calibration	Normal (k=2)	± 0.3	± 0.5
EMI Receiver specification	Rectangular	± 1.5	± 1.5
Antenna Directivity	Rectangular	± 0.5	± 0.5
Antenna factor variation with height	Rectangular	± 2.0	± 0.5
Antenna phase center variation	Rectangular	0.0	± 0.2
Antenna factor frequency interpolation	Rectangular	± 0.25	± 0.25
Measurement distance variation	Rectangular	± 0.6	± 0.4
Site imperfections	Rectangular	± 2.0	± 2.0
Mismatch: Receiver VRC $\Gamma_1 = 0.2$ Antenna VRC $\Gamma_R = 0.67(Bi) 0.3 (Lp)$ Uncertainty limits $20\text{Log}(1 \pm \Gamma_1 \Gamma_R)$	U-Shaped	+1.1 -1.25	± 0.5
System repeatability	Std. Deviation	± 0.5	± 0.5
Repeatability of EUT		-	-
Combined standard uncertainty	Normal	+2.19 / -2.21	+1.74 / -1.72
Expanded uncertainty U	Normal (k=2)	+4.38 / -4.42	+3.48 / -3.44

Calculation for maximum uncertainty when 3m biconical antenna including a factor of k=2 is used:

$$U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(+2.19) = +4.38 \text{ dB} \quad \text{And} \quad U = 2u_c(y) = 2x(-2.21) = -4.42 \text{ dB}$$

EXHIBIT 8. MEASUREMENT METHODS

8.1. CONDUCTED POWER MEASUREMENTS

The following shall be applied to the combination(s) of the radio device and its intended antenna(e).

- If the RF level is user adjustable, all measurements shall be made with the highest power level available to the user for that combination.
- The following method of measurement shall apply to both conducted and radiated measurements.
 - The radiated measurements are performed at the Ultratech Calibrated Open Field Test Site.
 - The measurement shall be performed using normal operation of the equipment with modulation.
- Test procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1: Duty Cycle measurements if the transmitter's transmission is transient

- Using a EMI Receiver with the frequency span set to 0 Hz and the sweep time set at a suitable value to capture the envelope peaks and the duty cycle of the transmitter output signal;
- The duty cycle of the transmitter, $x = \text{Tx on} / (\text{Tx on} + \text{Tx off})$ with $0 < x < 1$, is measure and recorded in the test report. For the purpose of testing, the equipment shall be operated with a duty cycle that is equal or more than 0.1.

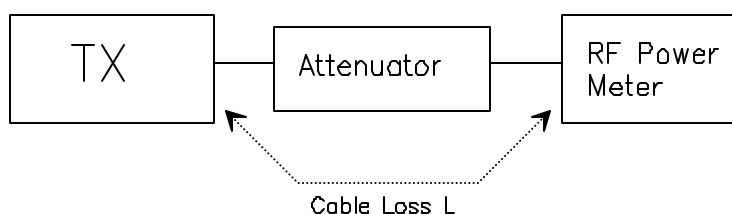
Step 2: Calculation of Average EIRP. See Figure 1

- The average output power of the transmitter shall be determined using a wideband, calibrated RF average power meter with the power sensor with an integration period that exceeds the repetition period of the transmitter by a factor 5 or more. The observed value shall be recorded as "A" (in dBm);
- The e.i.r.p. shall be calculated from the above measured power output "A", the observed duty cycle x , and the applicable antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi, according to the formula:

$$\text{EIRP} = A + G + 10\log(1/x)$$

{ $X = 1$ for continuous transmission $\Rightarrow 10\log(1/x) = 0 \text{ dB}$ }

Figure 1.



8.2. RADIATED POWER MEASUREMENTS (ERP & EIRP) USING SUBSTITUTION METHOD

8.2.1. Maximizing RF Emission Level (E-Field)

- The measurements was performed with full rf output power and modulation.
- Test was performed at listed 3m open area test site (listed with FCC, IC, ITI, NVLAP, ACA & VCCI).
- The transmitter under test was placed at the specified height on a non-conducting turntable (80 cm height)
- The BICONILOG antenna (20 MHz to 1 GHz) or HORN antenna (1 GHz to 18 GHz) was used for measuring.
- Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor
 $E \text{ (dBuV/m)} = \text{Reading (dBuV)} + \text{Total Correction Factor (dB/m)}$

- Set the EMI Receiver #1 and #2 as follows:

Center Frequency:	test frequency
Resolution BW:	100 kHz
Video BW:	same
Detector Mode:	positive
Average:	off
Span:	3 x the signal bandwidth

- The test antenna was lowered or raised from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
- The transmitter was rotated through 360° about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
- The test antenna was lowered or raised again from 1 to 4 meters until a maximum was obtained. This level was recorded.
- The recorded reading was corrected to the true field strength level by adding the antenna factor, cable loss and subtracting the pre-amplifier gain.
- The above steps were repeated with both transmitters' antenna and test receiving antenna placed in vertical and horizontal polarization. Both readings with the antennas placed in vertical and horizontal polarization shall be recorded.
- Repeat for all different test signal frequencies

8.2.2. Measuring the EIRP of Spurious/Harmonic Emissions using Substitution Method

- Set the EMI Receiver (for measuring E-Field) and Receiver #2 (for measuring EIRP) as follows:

Center Frequency:	equal to the signal source
Resolution BW:	10 kHz
Video BW:	same
Detector Mode:	positive
Average:	off
Span:	3 x the signal bandwidth

- Load an appropriate correction factors file in EMI Receiver for correcting the field strength reading level

Total Correction Factor recorded in the EMI Receiver = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor
 $E \text{ (dBuV/m)} = \text{Reading (dBuV)} + \text{Total Correction Factor (dB/m)}$

- Select the frequency and E-field levels obtained in the Section 8.2.1 for ERP/EIRP measurements.
- Substitute the EUT by a signal generator and one of the following transmitting antenna (substitution antenna):
 DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or
 HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.
- Mount the transmitting antenna at 1.5 meter high from the ground plane.
- Use one of the following antenna as a receiving antenna:
 DIPOLE antenna for frequency from 30-1000 MHz or
 HORN antenna for frequency above 1 GHz }.
- If the DIPOLE antenna is used, tune it's elements to the frequency as specified in the calibration manual.
- Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a VERTICAL polarization.
- Tune the EMI Receivers to the test frequency.
- Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
- The transmitter was rotated through 360° about a vertical axis until a higher maximum signal was received.
- Lower or raise the test antenna from 1 to 4 meters until the maximum signal level was detected.
- Adjust input signal to the substitution antenna until an equal or a known related level to that detected from the transmitter was obtained in the test receiver.
- Record the power level read from the Average Power Meter and calculate the ERP/EIRP as follows:

$$P = P1 - L1 = (P2 + L2) - L1 = P3 + A + L2 - L1$$

$$EIRP = P + G1 = P3 + L2 - L1 + A + G1$$

$$ERP = EIRP - 2.15 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{Total Correction factor in EMI Receiver \# 2} = L2 - L1 + G1$$

Where: P: Actual RF Power fed into the substitution antenna port after corrected.

P1: Power output from the signal generator

P2: Power measured at attenuator A input

P3: Power reading on the Average Power Meter

EIRP: EIRP after correction

ERP: ERP after correction

- Adjust both transmitting and receiving antenna in a HORIZONTAL polarization, then repeat step (k) to (o)
- Repeat step (d) to (o) for different test frequency
- Repeat steps (c) to (j) with the substitution antenna oriented in horizontal polarization.
- Actual gain of the EUT's antenna is the difference of the measured EIRP and measured RF power at the RF port.
Correct the antenna gain if necessary.:

Figure 2

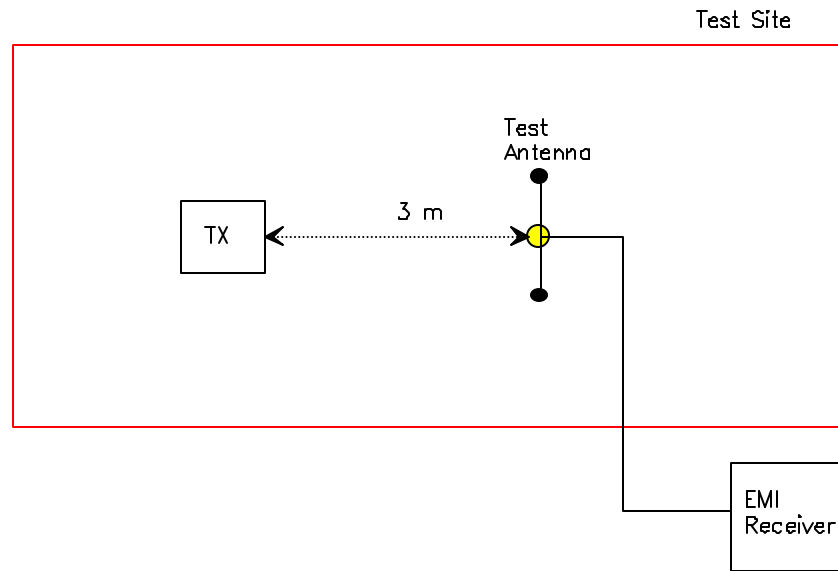
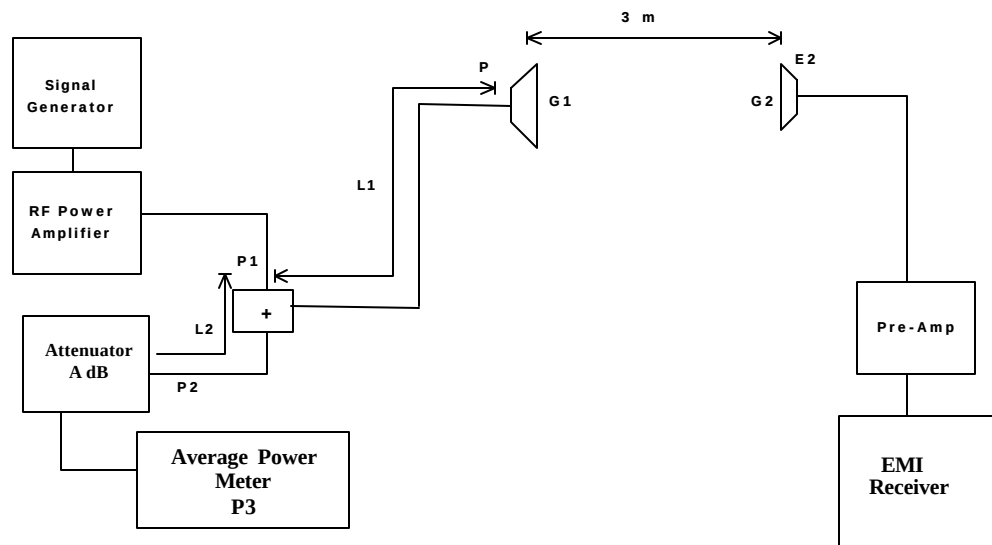


Figure 3



8.3. FREQUENCY STABILITY

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File #: ICOM-044FCC80-90

Oct. 23, 2002

All test results contained in this engineering test report are traceable to National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)

Refer to FCC @ 2.1055.

- (a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows: From -30 to +50 centigrade except that specified in subparagraph (2) & (3) of this paragraph.
- (b) Frequency measurements shall be made at extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than 10 centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. The short-term transient effects on the frequency of the transmitter due to keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling normally occurring at each ambient temperature level also shall be shown. Only the portion or portions of the transmitter containing the frequency determining and stability circuitry need be subjected to the temperature variation test.
- (d) The frequency stability supply shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:
 - (1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
 - (2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.
 - (3) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provide with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided. Effects on frequency of transmitter keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling at the nominal supply voltage and at each extreme also shall be shown.
- (e) When deemed necessary, the Commission may require tests of frequency stability under conditions in addition to those specifically set out in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this section. (For example, measurements showing the effect of proximity to large metal objects, or of various types of antennas, may be required for portable equipment).

8.4. EMISSION MASK

Voice or Digital Modulation Through a Voice Input Port @ 2.1049(c)(i):- The transmitter was modulated by a 2.5 KHz tone signal at an input level 16 dB greater than that required to produce 50% modulation (e.g.: ± 2.5 KHz peak deviation at 1 KHz modulating frequency). The input level was established at the frequency of maximum response of the audio modulating circuit.

Digital Modulation Through a Data Input Port @ 2.1049(h):- Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques - when modulated by an input signal such that its amplitude and symbol rate represent the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated. The signal shall be applied through any filter networks, pseudo-random generators or other devices required in normal service. Additionally, the Emission Masks shall be shown for operation with any devices used for modifying the spectrum when such devices are operational at the discretion of the user.

The following EMI Receiver bandwidth shall be used for measurement of Emission Mask/Out-of-Band Emission Measurements:

For 25 kHz Channel Spacing: RBW = 300 Hz

For 12.5 kHz or 6.25 kHz Channel Spacings: RBW = 100 Hz

The all cases the Video Bandwidth shall be equal or greater than the measuring bandwidth.

8.5. SPURIOUS EMISSIONS (CONDUCTED)

With transmitter modulation characteristics described in Out-of-Band Emissions measurements @ 2.1049, the transmitter spurious and harmonic emissions were scanned. The spurious and harmonic emissions were measured with the EMI Receiver controls set as RBW = 30 kHz minimum, VBW $\geq$ RBW and SWEEP TIME = AUTO). The transmitter was operated at a full rated power output, and modulated as follows:

FCC CFR 47, Para. 2.1057 - Frequency spectrum to be investigated:- The spectrum was investigated from the lowest radio generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency or to the highest frequency practicable in the present state of the art of measuring techniques, whichever is lower. Particular attention should be paid to harmonics and subharmonics of the carrier frequency. Radiation at the frequencies of multiplier stages should be checked. The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be reported.

FCC CFR 47, Para. 2.1051 - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminal:- The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of the harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

8.6. TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR

- Connect the transmitter under tests as shown in the above block diagram
- Set the signal generator to the assigned frequency and modulate with a 1 kHz tone at ± 12.5 kHz deviation and its output level to be 50 dB below the transmitter rf output at the test receiver end.
- Set the horizontal sweep rate on the storage scope to 10 milliseconds per division and adjust the display to continuously view the 1000 Hz tone from the Demodulator Output Port (DOP) of the Test Receiver. Adjust the vertical scale amplitude control of the scope to display the 1000 Hz at ± 4 divisions vertical Center at the display.
- Adjust the scope so it will trigger on an increasing magnitude from the RF trigger signal of the transmitter under test when the transmitter was turned on. Set the controls to store the display.
- The output at the DOP, due to the change in the ratio of the power between the signal generator input power and transmitter output power will, because of the capture effect of the test receiver, produce a change in display: For the first part of the sweep it will show the 1 kHz test signal. Then once the receiver's demodulator has been captured by the transmitter power, the display will show the frequency difference from the assigned frequency to the actual transmitter frequency versus time. The instant when the 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed (including any capture time due to phasing) is considered to be t_{on} . The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t_1 and t_2 .
- During the time from the end of t_2 to the beginning of t_3 the frequency difference should not exceed the limits set by the FCC in Part 90.214 and the outlined in the Carrier Frequency Stability sections. The allowed limit is equal to FCC frequency tolerance limits specified in FCC 90.213.
- Repeat the above steps when the transmitter was turned off for measuring t_3 .