

EXHIBIT B

Measurement Report

MEASUREMENT REPORT of CORDLESS TELEPHONE

Applicant : Sony Corporation
Model No. : SPP-A9171
EUT : Cordless Telephone with Answering System
FCC ID : AK8SPPA9171
Report No. : S2515759

Test by :

Training Research Co., Ltd.

TEL : 886-2-26935155 FAX : 886-2-26934440
2, Lane 194, Huan-Ho Street, Hsichih, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C.

CERTIFICATION

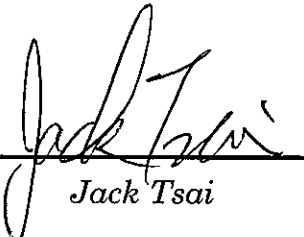
We here by verify that:

The test data, data evaluation, test procedures and equipment configurations shown in this report were made mainly in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4 (1992) as a reference. All test were conducted by *Training Research Co., Ltd.*, 2, Lane 194, Huan-Ho Street, Hsichih, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C. Also, we attest to the accuracy of each.

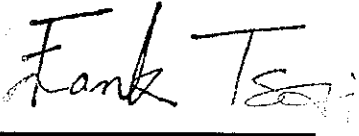
We further submit that the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in the report is in compliance with the technical requirements set forth in the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C Section 15.233.

Applicant : Sony Corporation
Model No. : SPP-A9171
EUT : Cordless Telephone with Answering System
FCC ID : AK8SPPA9171
Report No. : S2515759
Test Date : May 25, 2000

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Report No.: S2515759, Cordless Phone with Answering System, FCC Part 15 Class B

Test date: 05/25/2000, Training Research Co., Ltd., TEL:886-2-26935155, Fax:886-2-26934440

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1.4 Configuration of System Under Test

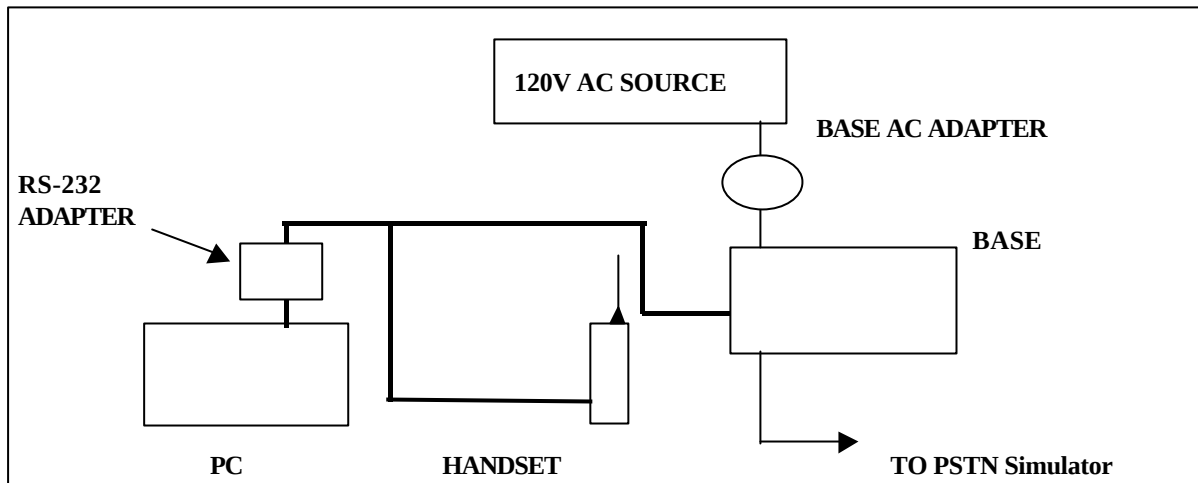


Fig. 1 Configuration of system under test

The tests below are run with the DCT transmitter set at high power in TDD mode .A serial port from a computer to the DCT UUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number.

The setting up procedure was recorded in Appendix A.

1.5 Verify the Frequency and Channel

1.5.1 Verify the Frequency Pairs

Channel	Base(MHz)	Handset(MHz)	Channel	Base(MHz)	Handset(MHz)
1	903.74	903.74	11	915.50	915.50
2	904.80	904.80	12	916.80	916.80
3	906.00	906.00	13	918.00	918.00
4	907.20	907.20	14	919.20	919.20
5	908.40	908.40	15	920.40	920.40
6	909.60	909.60	16	921.60	921.60
7	910.80	910.80	17	922.80	922.80
8	912.00	912.00	18	924.00	924.00
9	913.20	913.20	19	925.20	925.20
10	914.88	914.72	20	925.80	926.12

Note:

1. This is for sure that all frequencies are in 902 MHz to 928 MHz.
2. Section 15.31(m): Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers shall be performed at three frequencies for operating frequency range over 10 MHz. (The locations of these frequencies one near the top, one near the middle and one near the bottom.)
3. After test, the EUT operating frequencies are in 903.74 MHz to 926.12 MHz. So all the items as followed in testing report are need to test these three frequencies: top: channel 1, middle: channel 10, bottom: channel 20.

1.6 Test Procedure

All measurements contained in this report were performed mainly according to the techniques described in ANSI C63.4 (1992) and the pre-setup was written on Appendix A, the detail setup was written on each test item.

1.7 Location of the Test Site

The radiated emissions measurements required by the rules were performed on the **three-meter, Anechoic Chamber (Registration Number: 93906)** maintained by *Training Research Co., Ltd.* 1F., No. 2, Lane 194, Huan-Ho Street, Hsichih, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C. Complete description and measurement data have been placed on file with the commission. The conducted power line emissions tests and other test items were performed in a anechoic chamber also located at Training Research Co., Ltd.

No. 2, Lane 194, Huan-Ho Street, Hsichih, Taipei Hsien 221, Taiwan, R.O.C. *Training Research Co., Ltd.* is listed by the FCC as a facility available to do measurement work for others on a contract basis.

1.8 General Test Condition

The conditions under which the EUT operates were varied to determine their effect on the equipment's emission characteristics. The final configuration of the test system and the mode of operation used during these tests was chosen as that which produced the highest emission levels. However, only those conditions which the EUT was considered likely to encounter in normal use were investigated.

In test, the base and handset are tested separately. They were set in high power and continuously transmitting mode that controlled by computer. The ch01, ch10 and ch20 of base and handset were all tested. The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

II. Section 15.207: Power Line Conducted Emissions for AC Powered Units

2.1 Test Condition & Setup

The power line conducted emission measurements were performed in an anechoic chamber. The EUT was assembled on a wooden table which is 80 centimeters high, was placed 40 centimeters from the backwall and at least 1 meter from the sidewall.

Power was fed to the EUT from the public utility power grid through a line filter and Line Impedance Stabilization Networks (LISNs). The LISN housing, measuring instrumentation case, ground plane, etc., were electrically bonded together at the same RF potential. The Spectrum analyzer (or EMI receiver) was connected to the AC line through an isolation transformer. The 50-ohm output of the LISN was connected to the spectrum analyzer directly. Conducted emission levels were in the CISPER quasi-peak detection mode. The analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 9 KHz. No post-detector video filter was used.

The spectrum was scanned from 450 KHz to 30 MHz. The physical arrangement of the test system and associated cabling was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude and frequency. All spurious emission frequencies were observed. The highest emission amplitudes relative to the appropriate limit were measured and have been recorded in paragraph 2.4.

There are three test conditions apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following :

1. Base station transmit only:

Using the RS-232 port of PC and Rockwell software to control the base, handset.

Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channels are tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

2. Idle state (handset park, on hook mode)

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

2.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz ~ 1.5GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8591EM	50.00
EMCO	Line Impedance Stabilization Network	3825/2	50.00
TRC	Anechoic Chamber	N/A	N/A
HP	0.9KHz ~ 6GHz EMI Receiver	8546A	N/A
HP	RF Filter Section	85460A	N/A
TRC	LISN	LISN-01	N/A
TRC	LISN	LISN-03	N/A

2.3 Test configuration

Conducted emissions test placement (idle only)



Conducted emissions test placement (operating only)



2.4 Test Result of Conducted Emissions

2.4.1 Base station transmit only

The following table shows a summary of the highest emissions of power line conducted emissions on the HOT and NATURAL conductors of the EUT power cord.

Model No. : SPP-A9171

EUT : Cordless Telephone with Answering System

Table 1 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 1)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency (KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude (dB μV)</i>	<i>Limit (dB μV)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
Line 1	2040.00	22.43	48.00	-25.57
	3970.00	23.87	48.00	-24.13
	6020.00	24.56	48.00	-23.44
	7070.00	25.60	48.00	-22.40
	7400.00	27.10	48.00	-20.90
	7600.00	26.60	48.00	-21.40
	21410.00	30.99	48.00	-17.01
	22010.00	23.85	48.00	-24.15
	22900.00	21.46	48.00	-26.54
	24120.00	21.43	48.00	-26.57
LINE 2	875.00	22.00	48.00	-26.00
	3970.00	22.27	48.00	-25.73
	6020.00	22.56	48.00	-25.44
	6890.00	22.48	48.00	-25.52
	7070.00	24.32	48.00	-23.68
	7260.00	25.05	48.00	-22.95
	7660.00	25.17	48.00	-22.83
	21410.00	31.43	48.00	-16.57
	22160.00	22.97	48.00	-25.03
	24120.00	22.47	48.00	-25.53

NOTE:

1. *Margin = Peak Amplitude - Limit*
2. A "+" sign in the margin column means the emission is **OVER** the Class B Limit and "-" sign of means **UNDER** the Class B limit.

Table 2 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 10)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency (KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude (dB μV)</i>	<i>Limit (dB μV)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
Line 1	3970.00	26.27	48.00	-21.73
	6020.00	25.91	48.00	-22.09
	6700.00	22.48	48.00	-25.52
	7350.00	29.08	48.00	-18.92
	7770.00	25.60	48.00	-22.40
	7990.00	23.96	48.00	-24.04
	12010.00	22.62	48.00	-25.38
	21410.00	29.87	48.00	-18.13
	22610.00	24.06	48.00	-23.94
	24120.00	24.99	48.00	-23.01
LINE 2	538.00	21.71	48.00	-26.29
	641.00	20.95	48.00	-27.05
	3970.00	21.57	48.00	-26.43
	6020.00	23.28	48.00	-24.72
	7260.00	26.46	48.00	-21.54
	8040.00	21.83	48.00	-26.17
	21410.00	30.01	48.00	-17.99
	22010.00	23.21	48.00	-24.79
	24120.00	24.03	48.00	-23.97
	29800.00	21.00	48.00	-27.00

Table 3 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Channel 20)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency (KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude (dB μV)</i>	<i>Limit (dB μV)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
Line 1	6020.00	24.16	48.00	-23.84
	6840.00	21.54	48.00	-26.46
	7070.00	24.76	48.00	-23.24
	7350.00	25.91	48.00	-22.09
	7550.00	28.26	48.00	-19.74
	7710.00	25.17	48.00	-22.83
	12010.00	21.79	48.00	-26.21
	21410.00	29.23	48.00	-18.77
	22610.00	22.03	48.00	-25.97
	24120.00	24.59	48.00	-23.41
LINE 2	984.00	20.90	48.00	-27.10
	6020.00	23.95	48.00	-24.05
	6700.00	20.92	48.00	-27.08
	7350.00	25.73	48.00	-22.27
	7490.00	26.20	48.00	-21.80
	7820.00	21.43	48.00	-26.57
	7990.00	22.92	48.00	-25.08
	24120.00	24.10	48.00	-23.90
	26910.00	21.00	48.00	-27.00
	28160.00	21.47	48.00	-26.53

Table 4 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Charging)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency (KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude (dB μV)</i>	<i>Limit (dB μV)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
Line 1	564.00	20.80	48.00	-27.20
	2040.00	22.06	48.00	-25.94
	3970.00	24.84	48.00	-23.16
	6020.00	22.01	48.00	-25.99
	6790.00	24.21	48.00	-23.79
	7310.00	27.31	48.00	-20.69
	7550.00	25.96	48.00	-22.04
	7770.00	23.50	48.00	-24.50
	12010.00	21.16	48.00	-26.84
	24120.00	28.45	48.00	-19.55
LINE 2	590.00	20.74	48.00	-27.26
	3970.00	23.97	48.00	-24.03
	6020.00	22.98	48.00	-25.02
	6790.00	20.76	48.00	-27.24
	7170.00	24.77	48.00	-23.23
	7400.00	25.79	48.00	-22.21
	7660.00	24.33	48.00	-23.67
	24120.00	27.19	48.00	-20.81
	27260.00	21.72	48.00	-26.28
	29800.00	21.00	48.00	-27.00

Table 5 Power Line Conducted Emissions (Linking)

<i>Power</i>	<i>Connected</i>	<i>Emissions</i>	<i>FCC</i>	<i>Class B</i>
<i>Conductor</i>	<i>Frequency (KHz)</i>	<i>Peak Amplitude (dB μV)</i>	<i>Limit (dB μV)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
Line 1	571.00	22.63	48.00	-25.37
	857.00	28.79	48.00	-19.21
	2240.00	22.62	48.00	-25.38
	2580.00	22.59	48.00	-25.41
	3970.00	23.08	48.00	-24.92
	6020.00	23.95	48.00	-24.05
	7710.00	22.45	48.00	-25.55
	9520.00	22.51	48.00	-25.49
	24120.00	24.88	48.00	-23.12
	28160.00	22.64	48.00	-25.36
LINE 2	534.00	24.22	48.00	-23.78
	857.00	26.43	48.00	-21.57
	2560.00	23.33	48.00	-24.67
	3970.00	22.88	48.00	-25.12
	7170.00	24.24	48.00	-23.76
	7550.00	23.03	48.00	-24.97
	8150.00	23.24	48.00	-24.76
	9520.00	27.89	48.00	-20.11
	10960.00	23.01	48.00	-24.99
	11190.00	23.72	48.00	-24.28

III. Section 15.247(a)(2): Bandwidth for Direct Sequence System.

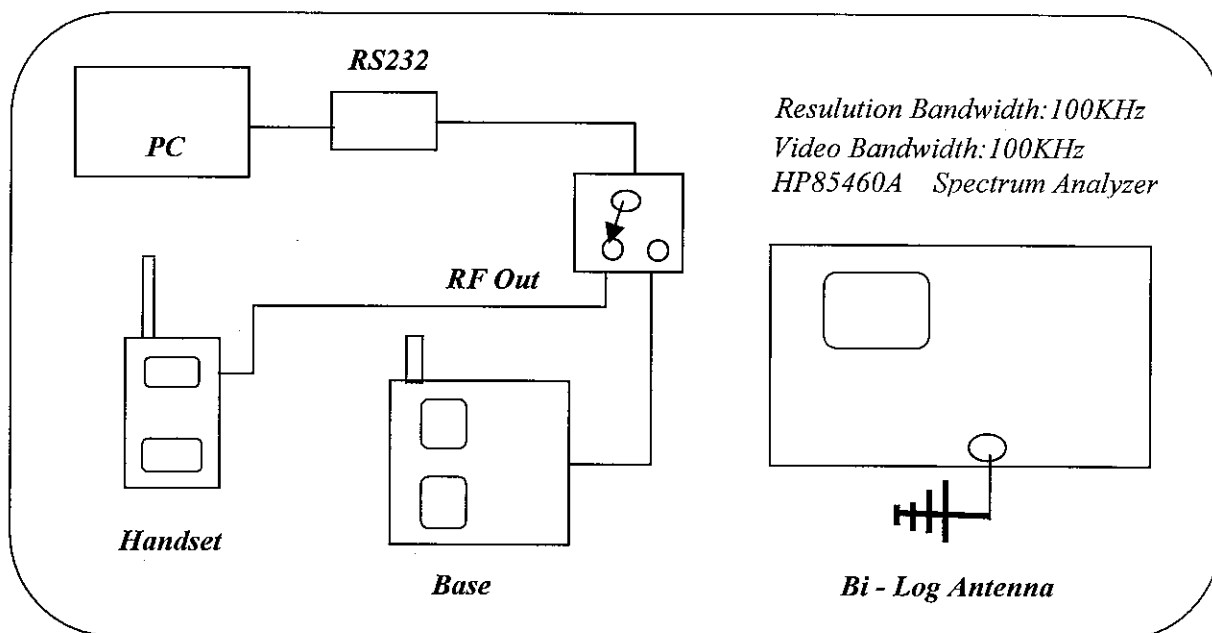
3.1 Test Condition & Setup

The transmitter bandwidth measurements were performed in an anechoic chamber. The EUT was placed on a wooded table which is 0.8 meters height. The EUT was set to transmit continuously. Various channels were also investigated to find the maximum occupied bandwidth. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 KHz.

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 KHz. Set the span >> RBW. The detector function was set to peak and hold mode to clearly observe the components.

Setting up procedure is written on Appendix A.

3.2 Test Instruments Configuration



P.S.A serial port from notebook computer to control the EUT at maximal power output and channel Number.

Fig 10. Test Configuration of bandwidth for direct sequence system

3.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	.9KHz ~ 6GHz EMI Receiver	8546A	50.00
Schaffner	30MHz ~ 2GHz Bi-Log Antenna	CBL6141A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	RF Filter Section	85460A	50.00

3.4 Test Result of Bandwidth

Bandwidth of Channel 1

Bandwidth of Base : 1.62 MHz

Bandwidth of Handset : 1.67 MHz

The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Bandwidth of Channel 10

Bandwidth of Base : 1.62 MHz

Bandwidth of Handset : 1.67 MHz

The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Bandwidth of Channel 20

Bandwidth of Base : 1.60 MHz

Bandwidth of Handset : 1.67 MHz

The min. 6 dB BW at least : 500 KHz

Note:

- 1.The data in the above table are summarizing the following attachment spectrum analyzer hard copy.
- 2.The attachment follow by this page and there is no page number.

**Test Report**

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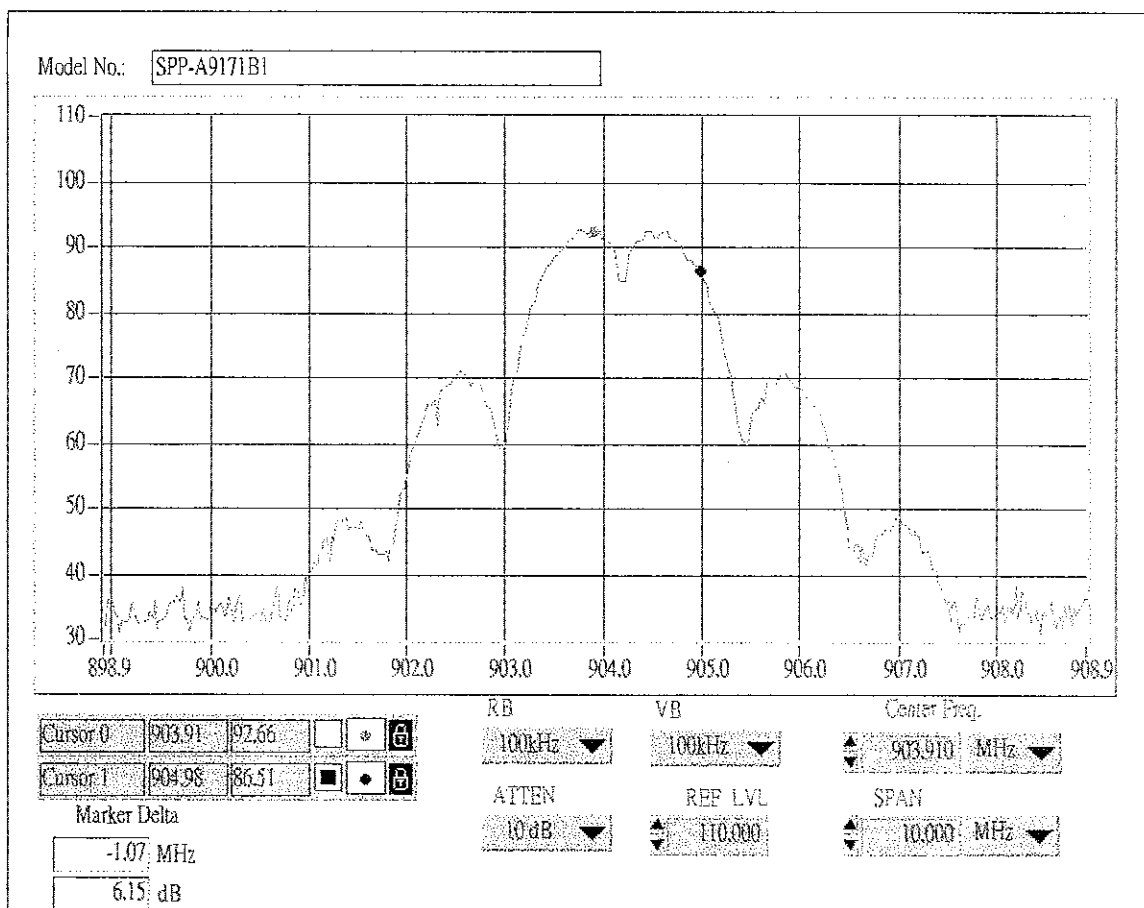
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Connector Pane



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Front Panel



**Test Report**

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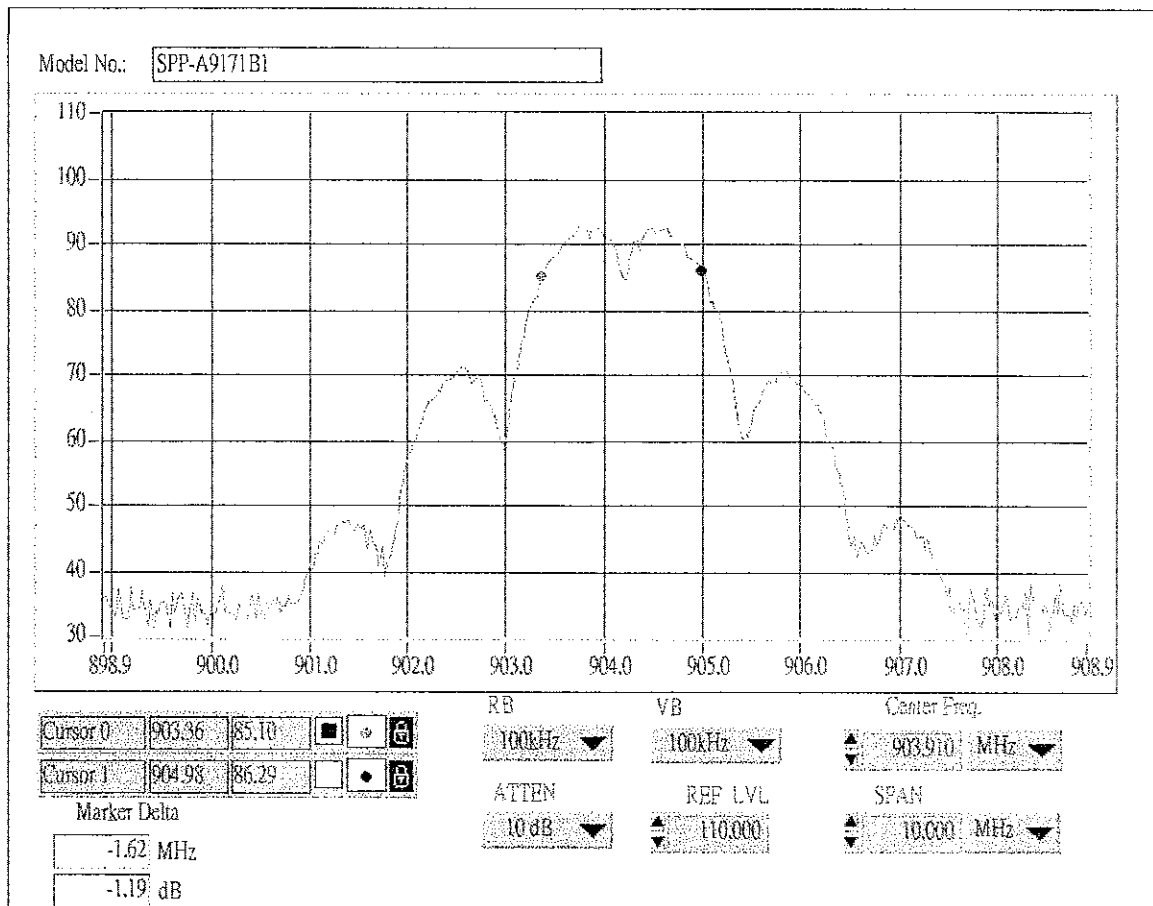
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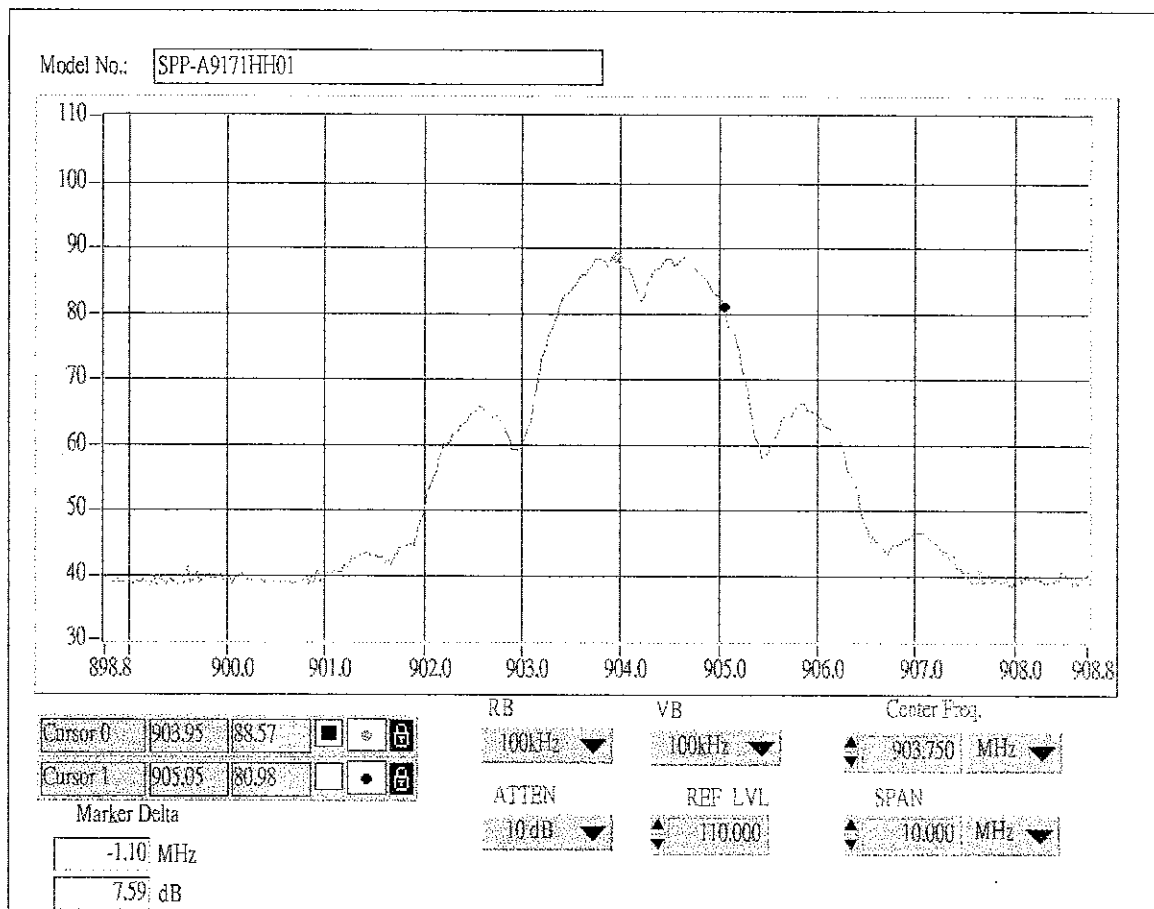
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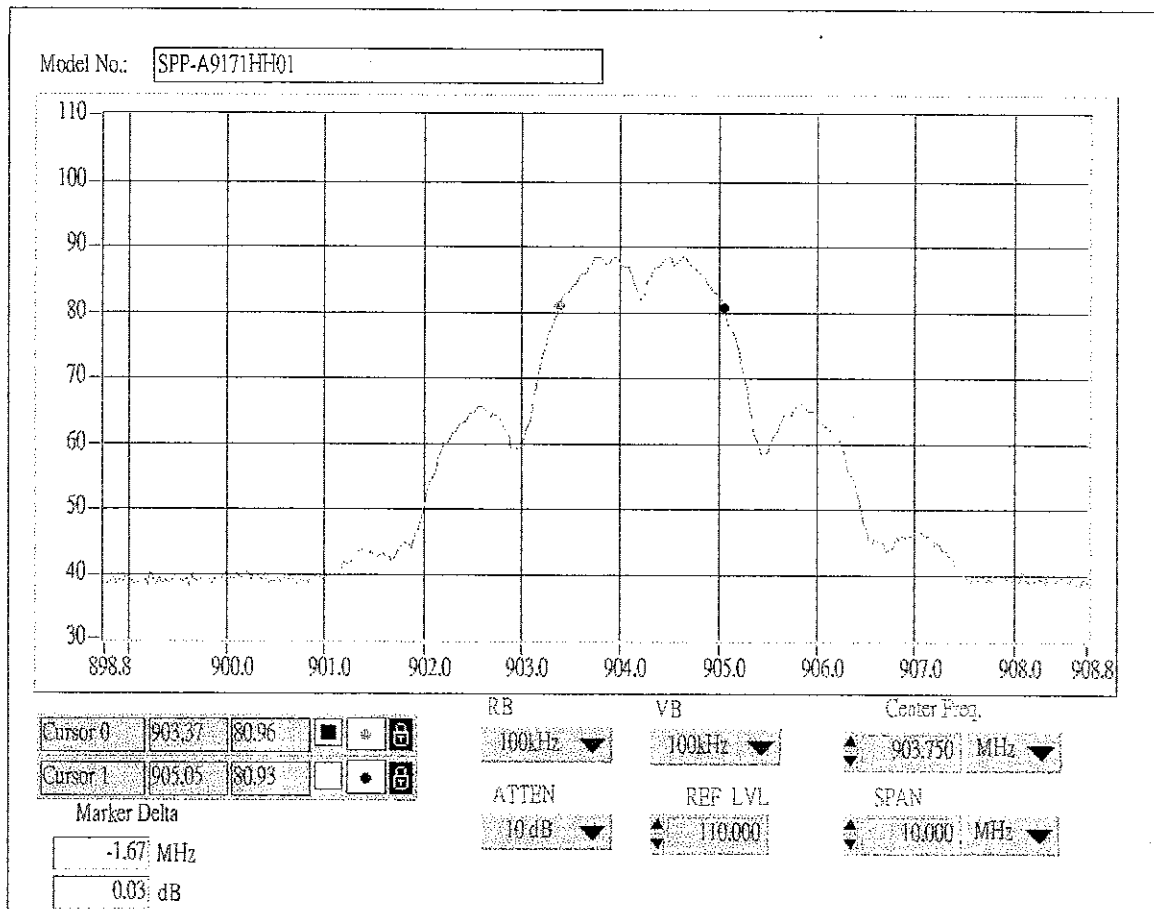


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Front Panel







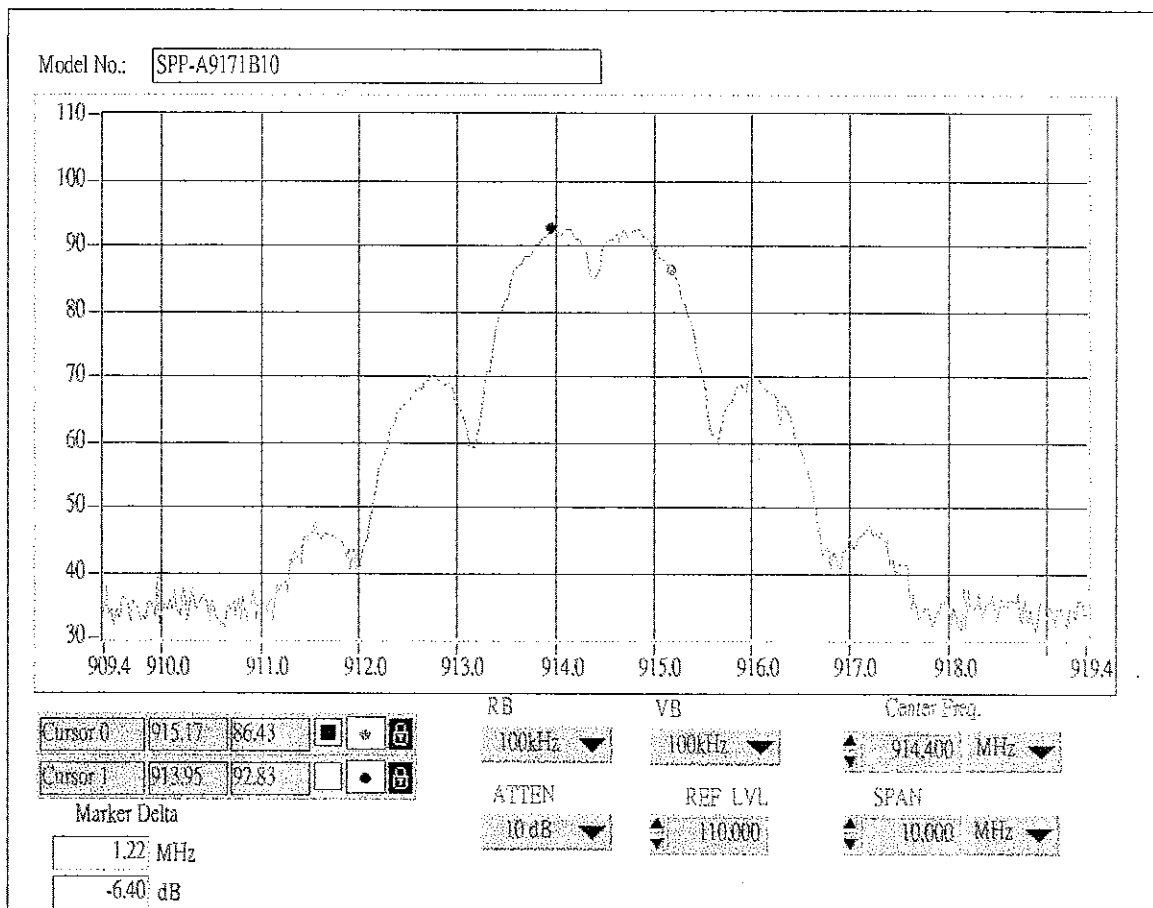


Connector Pane



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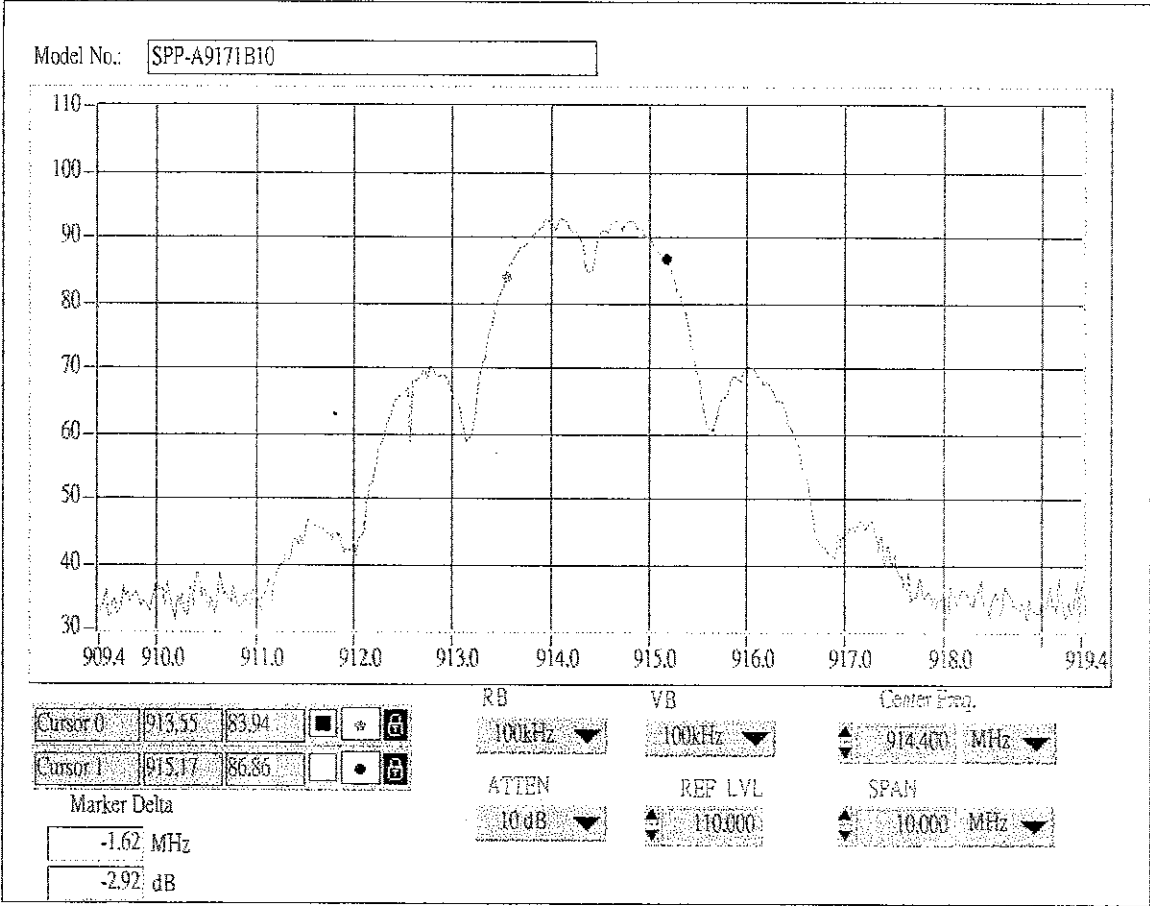
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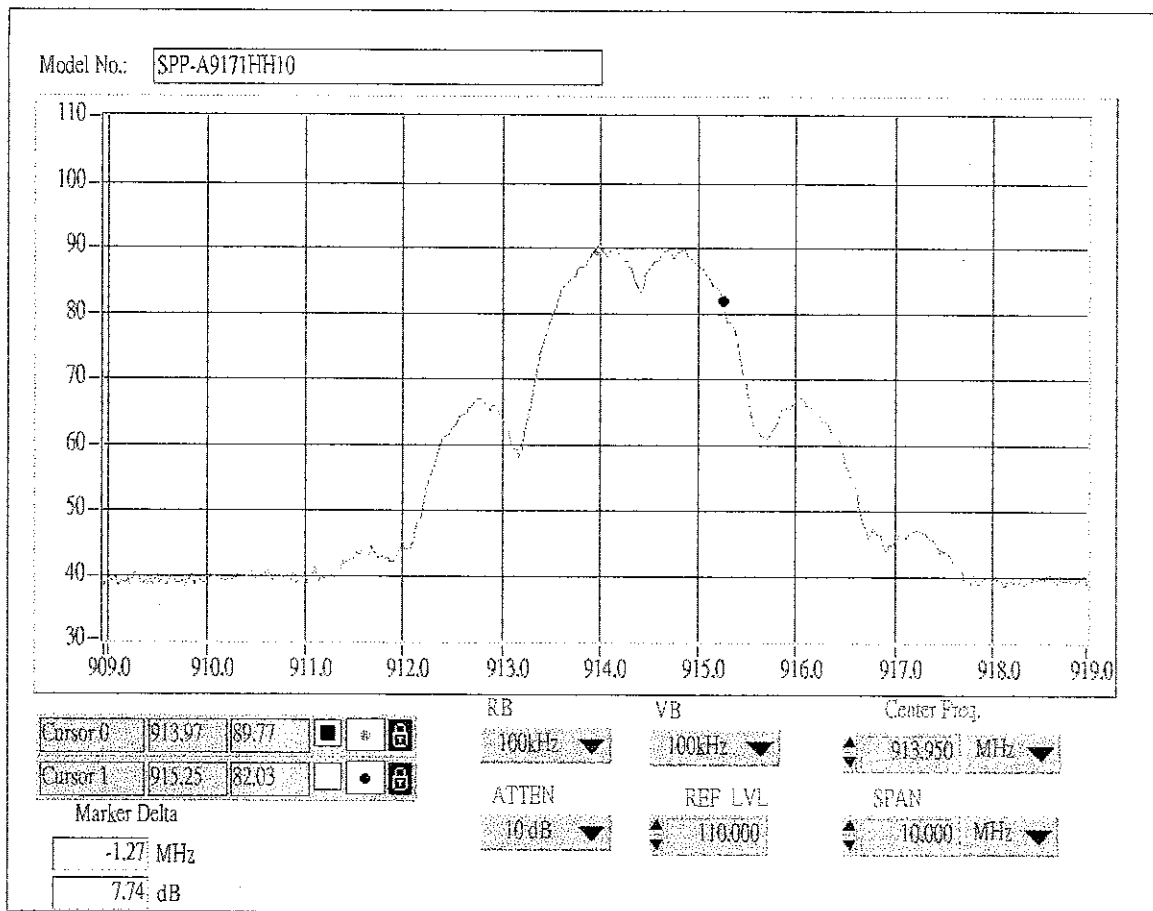


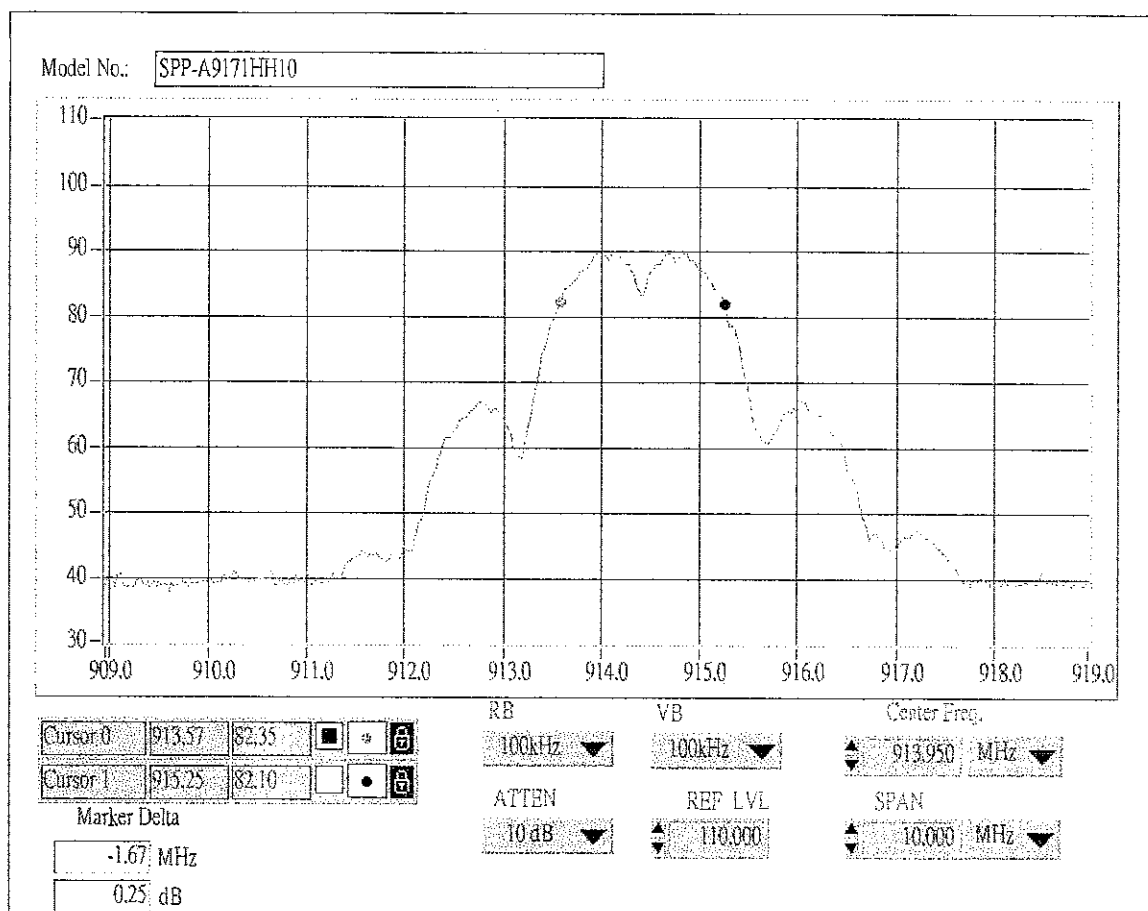
Connector Pane



Front Panel







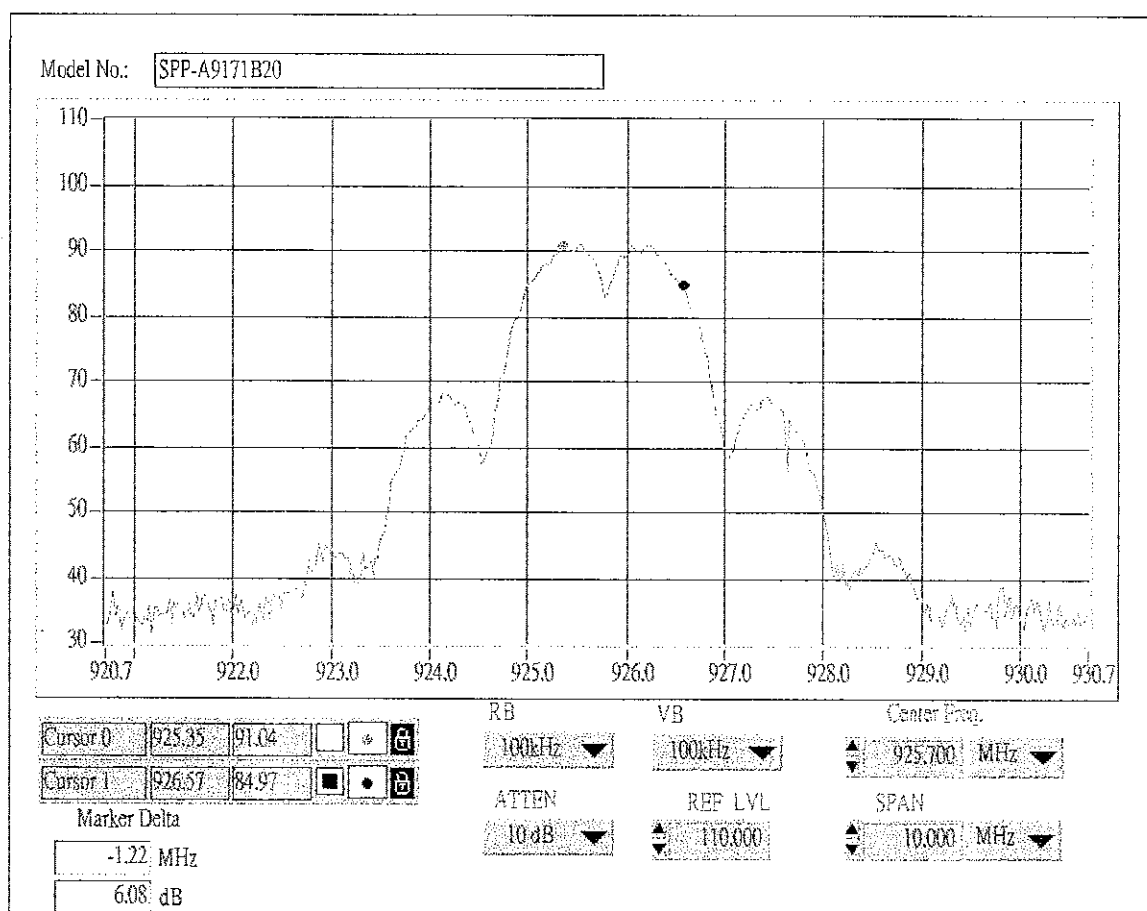


Connector Pane



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Front Panel



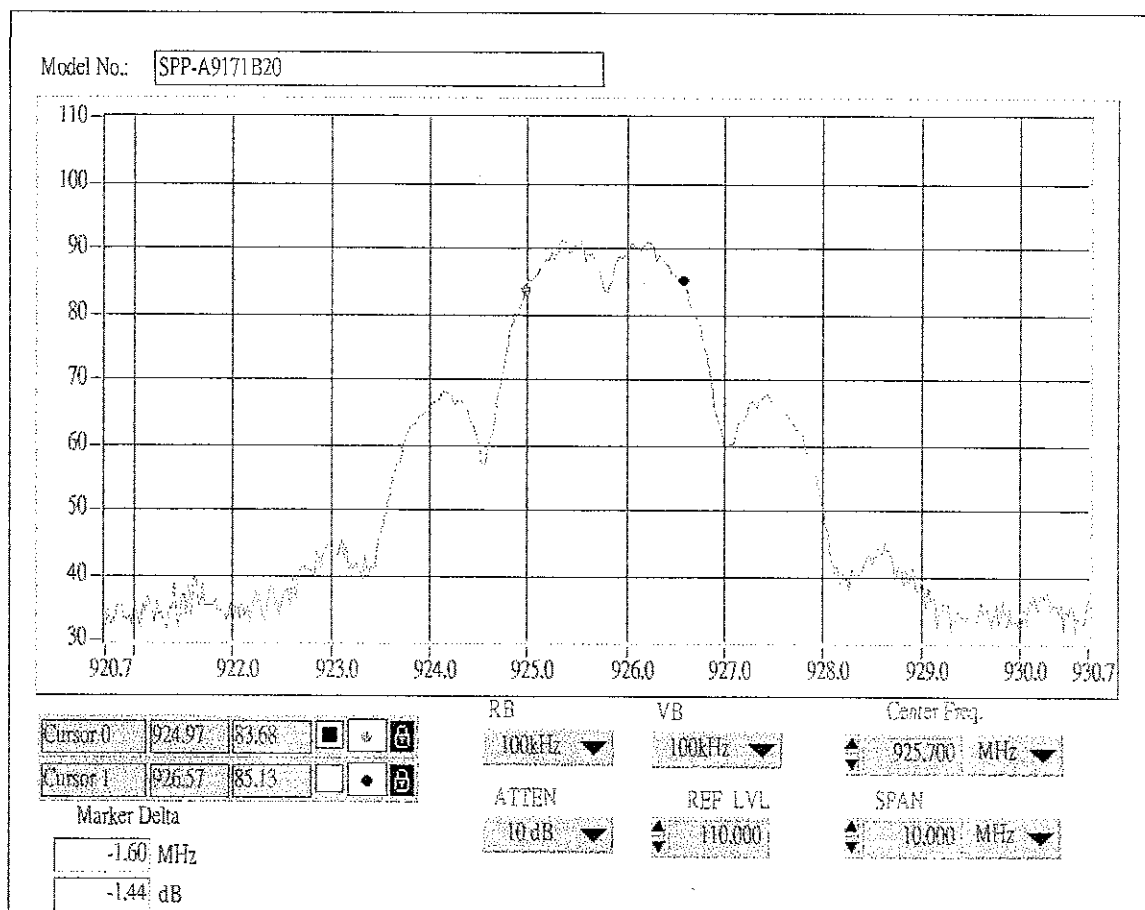


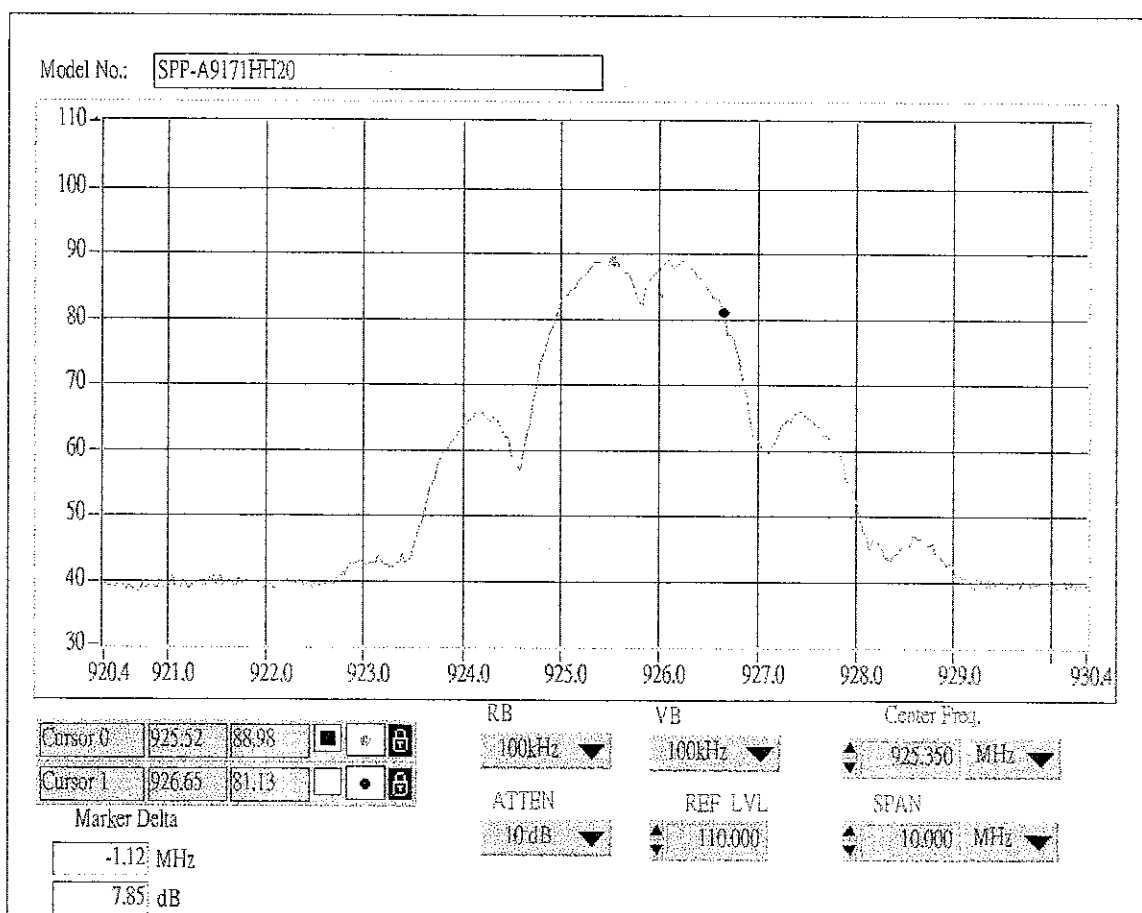
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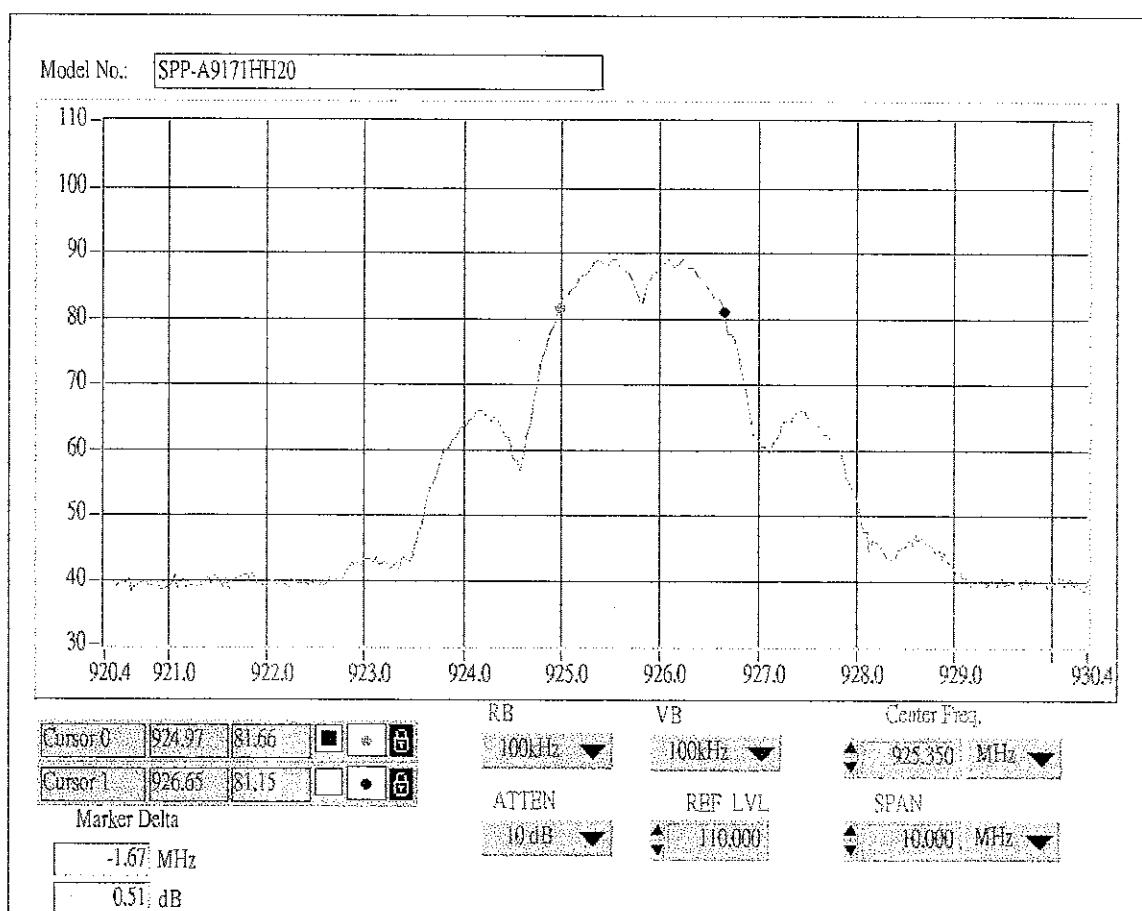


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Front Panel







IV. Section 15.247(B) : Power Output

4.1 Test Condition & Setup

The EUT was placed in a anechoic chamber and scanned at 3 meter distance to determine its emission characteristics. The physical arrangement of the EUT was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude, directivity, and frequency. The exact system configuration, that produced the highest emissions was noted so it could be reproduced later during the final tests. This was done to ensure that the final measurements would demonstrate the worst-case interference potential of the EUT. Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, anechoic chamber. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable, which is 0.8 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter.

The spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using an Hewlett Packard 85460A EMI Receiver, Schaffner whole range Bi-Log antenna (Model No.: CBL6141A) is used to measure frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz. The final test is used the spectrum HP 85460A. At each frequency, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer HP85460A used on this testing for frequency 30MHz to 1000MHz. No post-detector video filters were used in the test. Set the RB= 3 MHz, VB = 3MHz and the span = 5 MHz. The analyzer was operated in the maximum hold mode.

There are two test condition apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

(1) Base and handset station transmit only:

Using the RS-232 port of PC and Rockwell software to control the base, handset. Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channels were tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

With the transmitter operating from a fully charged battery and using the internal antenna, Radiates spurious emissions falling within the restricted bands of 15.209 were measured at operating frequencies corresponding to low, mid and high channels in the 902-928 MHz band.

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dBuV/m) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dBuV, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) at the appropriate frequency.

4.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	.9KHz ~ 6GHz EMI Receiver	8546A	50.00
Schaffner	30MHz ~ 2GHz Bi-Log Antenna	CBL6141A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	RF Filter Section	85460A	50.00

4.3 Test Result of Fundamental Emissions

The peak values of fundamental emissions from the EUT at various antenna heights, antenna polarization, EUT orientation, etc. are recorded on the following.

Model No. : SPP-A9171

EUT : Cordless Telephone with Answering System

Table 6 Open Field Fundamental Emissions

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	A.P. (H/V)	A.H. (M)	Table (degree)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	CF (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	E.R.P. (Peak)	
								m W	dB m
Base 01	903.744	H	1.00	58	69.82	-27.57	97.39	1.645	2.161
	903.748	V	1.00	136	72.54	-28.43	100.97	3.751	5.741
Base 10	913.951	H	2.43	130	68.23	-27.72	95.95	1.181	0.721
	914.752	V	1.00	137	67.02	-28.72	95.74	1.125	0.511
Base 20	925.346	H	1.00	0	66.69	-27.99	94.68	0.881	-0.549
	925.348	V	1.00	75	69.15	-29.22	98.37	2.061	3.141
Handset 01	903.746	H	3.94	134	57.42	-27.57	84.99	0.095	-10.239
	903.751	V	1.00	115	64.77	-28.44	93.21	0.628	-2.019
Handset 10	914.096	H	3.93	102	56.40	-27.73	84.13	0.078	-11.099
	914.687	V	1.00	9	64.17	-28.72	92.89	0.584	-2.339
Handset 20	925.501	H	3.92	85	54.17	-27.99	82.16	0.049	-13.069
	926.085	V	1.00	26	61.15	-29.27	90.42	0.330	-4.809

Note:

1. A.P. means antenna polarization, horizontal and vertical.
2. A.H. means antenna height.
3. Table means turntable turning position.
4. Corrected Factor (C. F.) = Cable Loss + Antenna Factor – Amplified Gain
Corrected Amplitude = Peak Amplitude – Corrected Factor
5. Amplitude means the fundamental emission measured.
6. Effective Radiation Power (E.R.P.) = $(E d)^2 / 30G$

E is the measured maximum field strength in V/m utilizing the maximum hold mode RBW (3MHz)

G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna over an isotropic radiator (1.00)

d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured (3M)

Example: the Max Radiation Emission of base ch01 = 97.39 dBμV/m

$$10^{(97.39/20)} \times 10^{-6} = 0.074046 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{E.R.P.} = (0.074046 \times 3)^2 / 30 = 1.64483 \text{ mW} = 10 \times \log (1.64483 \text{ mW} / 1 \text{ mW}) = 2.161 \text{ dBm}$$

V. Section 15.247 (C)(2): Spurious Emissions (Radiated)

5.1 Test Condition & Setup

The EUT was placed in a anechoic chamber and scanned at 3 meter distance to determine its emission characteristics. The physical arrangement of the EUT was varied (within the scope of arrangements likely to be encountered in actual use) to determine the effect on the unit's emanations in amplitude, directivity, and frequency. The exact system configuration which produced the highest emissions was noted so it could be reproduced later during the final tests. This was done to ensure that the final measurements would demonstrate the worst-case interference potential of the EUT.

Final radiation measurements were made on a three-meter, anechoic chamber. The EUT system was placed on a nonconductive turntable which is 0.8 meters height, top surface 1.0 x 1.5 meter.

The spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz using an Hewlett Packard 85460A EMI Receiver, Schaffner whole range Bi-Log antenna (Model No.: CBL6141A) is used to measure frequency from 30 MHz to 1GHz. The final test is used the spectrum HP 85460A and spectrum was examined from 1 GHz to 18GHz using an Hewlett Packard 8564E Spectrum Analyzer, EMCO Horn Antenna (Model 3115) for 1 G - 18 GHz.

At each frequency, the EUT was rotated 360 degrees, and the antenna was raised and lowered from one to four meters to find the maximum emission levels. Measurements were taken using both horizontal and vertical antenna polarization.

Appropriate preamplifiers were used for improving sensitivity and precautions were taken to avoid overloading or desensitizing the spectrum analyzer. There are two spectrum analyzers use on this testing , HP 85460A for frequency 30MHz to 1000MHz, and 8564E for frequency 1 GHz to 18 GHz. No post-detector video filters were used in the test. The spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 120 KHz (spectrum was examined from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz), the spectrum analyzer's 6 dB bandwidth was set to 1 MHz (spectrum was examined from 1 GHz to 18GHz) and the analyzer was operated in the maximum hold mode.

There are two test condition apply in this test item, the test procedure description as the following:

(1) Base and handset station transmit only:

Using the RS-232 port of PC and Rockwell software to control the base, handset. Then making access to the mode of continuous transmission. Three channels is tested, one in the top (CH01), one in the middle (CH10) and the other in bottom (CH20).

With the transmitter operating from a fully charged battery and using the internal antenna, radiates spurious emissions falling within the restricted bands of 15.209 were measured at operating frequencies corresponding to low, mid and high channels in the 902 ~ 928 MHz band.

The actual field intensity in decibels referenced to 1 microvolt per meter (dB μ V/m) is determined by algebraically adding the measured reading in dB μ V, the antenna factor (dB), and cable loss (dB) at the appropriate frequency.

For frequency between 30MHz to 1000MHz

$$F_{la} \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = F_{lr} \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V)} - \text{Correction Factors}$$

F_{la} : Actual Field Intensity

F_{lr} : Reading of the Field Intensity

$$\text{Correction Factors} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

For frequency between 1 GHz to 18 GHz

$$F_{la} \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V/m)} = F_{lr} \text{ (dB}\mu\text{V)} + \text{Correction Factor} - \text{Duty Cycle}$$

F_{la} : Actual Field Intensity

F_{lr} : Reading of the Field Intensity

$$\text{Correction Factors} = \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Distance Factor (9.54dB)} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

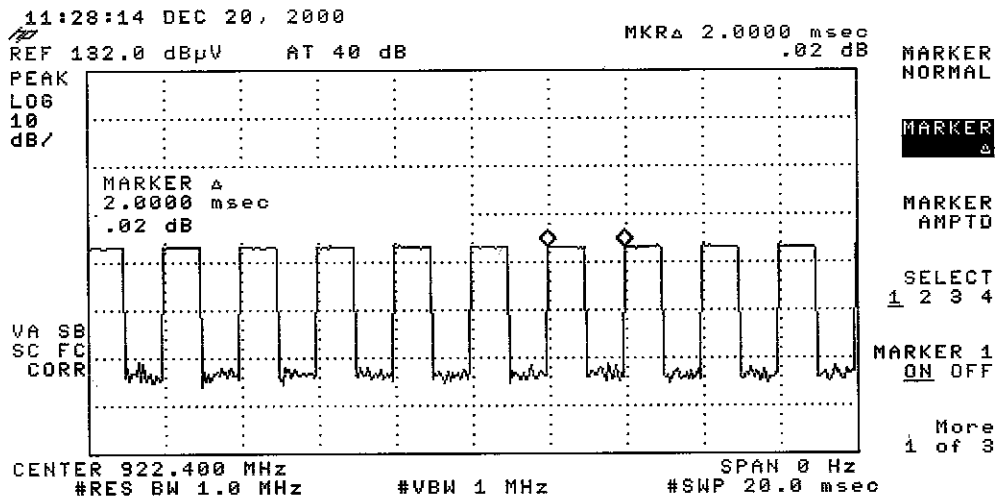
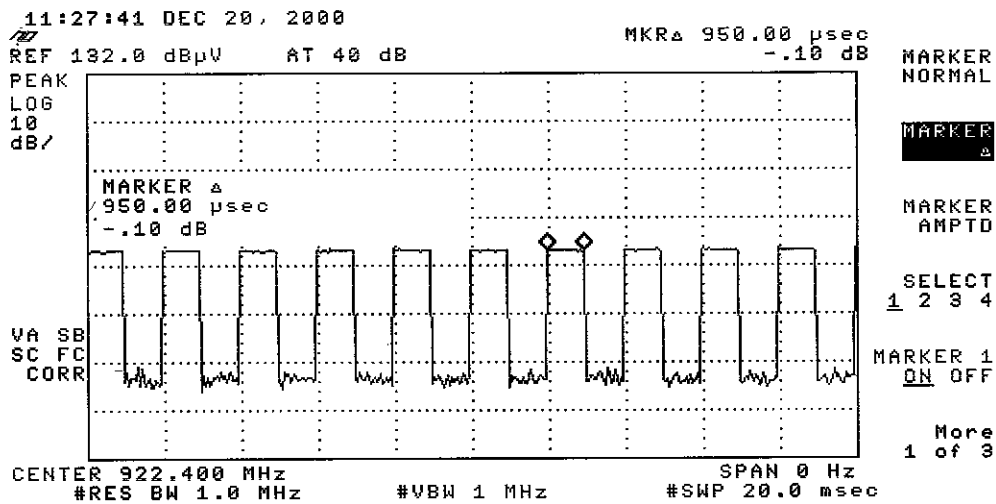
5.2 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	0.9KHz ~ 6GHz EMI Receiver	8546A	50.00
Schaffner	30MHz ~ 2GHz Bi-Log Antenna	CBL6141A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	RF Filter Section	85460A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	9KHz ~ 40GHz Spectrum Analyzer	8564E	50.00
EMCO	1G ~ 18GMHz Double Ridge Antenna	3115.00	50.00

5.2.1 Duty Cycle Factor Measurement

The duty cycle factor measurement is performed in a shield enclosure. The test condition and setup is as same as paragraph III. Set the RB = 1MHz, VB=1MHz, and span = 0 MHz. Link the base and handset, then get the Time of duty and cycle as follow page.

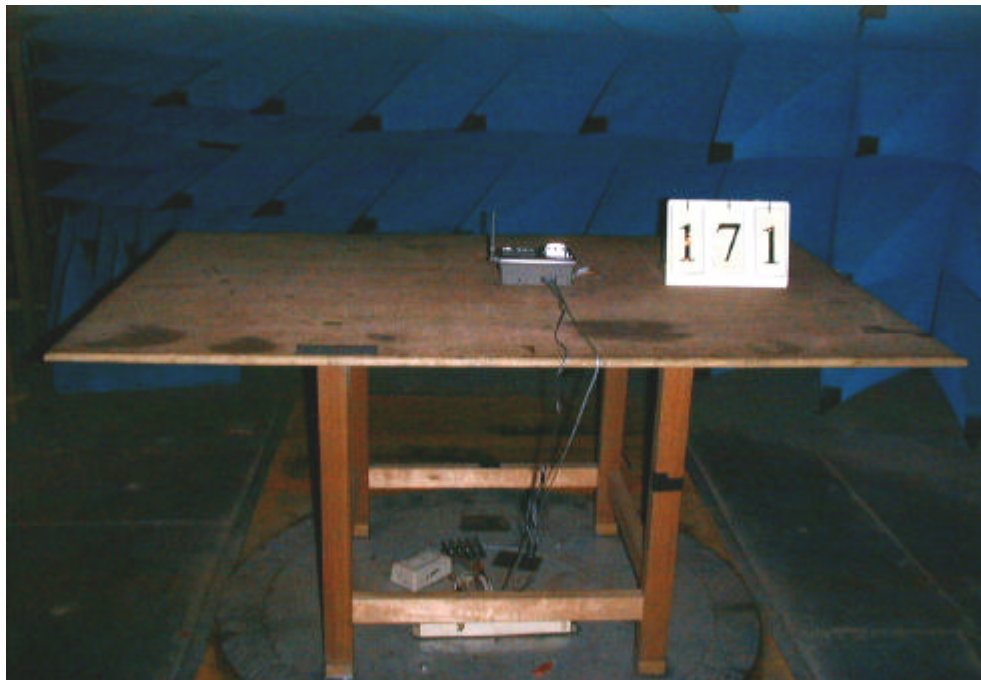
$$\text{The duty cycle factor} = 20 \log (T_{\text{duty}} / T_{\text{cycle}}) = 20 \log (0.950 / 2.000) = - 6.466$$



5.3 Test Instruments Configuration



Pig 1 Front View of the Test Configuration (BASE)



Pig 2 Rear View of the Test Configuration (BASE)



Fig 1 Front View of the Test Configuration (HANDSET)



Fig 2 Rear View of the Test Configuration (HANDSET)

The test configuration for frequency between 1 GHz to 18 GHz is same as above.

5.4 Test Result of Second Harmonic

Set the spectrum RB= 3 MHz, VB = 3MHz and span = 5MHz. The correction factors of the second harmonic is the second harmonic must lower 20 dB than the fundamental.

Model No. : SPP-A9171

EUT : Cordless Telephone with Answering System

Table 7 Second Harmonic Attenuation

<i>Channel</i>	<i>Fundamental (MHz)</i>	<i>Fundamental (dBμV/m)</i>	<i>2nd Harmonic (GHz)</i>	<i>2nd Harmonic (dBμV/m)</i>	<i>Result (F/H dB)</i>	<i>Limit (dB)</i>	<i>Margin (dB)</i>
B/S CH 01	903.748	100.97	1.808	36.47	64.50	20.00	44.50
B/S CH 10	913.951	95.95	1.828	33.13	62.82	20.00	42.82
B/S CH 20	925.348	98.37	1.852	30.47	67.90	20.00	47.90
H/S CH 01	903.751	93.21	1.828	43.13	50.08	20.00	30.08
H/S CH 10	914.687	92.89	1.828	43.47	49.42	20.00	29.42
H/S CH 20	926.085	90.42	1.852	44.30	46.12	20.00	26.12

Note:

- 1.The data in the above table are summarize the following attachment spectrum analyzer hard copy.
- 2.Result = Fundamental – 2nd Harmonic must over 20 dB.

5.5 Test Result of Spurious Radiated Emissions

5.5.1 Base and handset station transmit only

The highest peak values of radiated emissions from the EUT at various antenna heights, antenna polarizations, EUT orientation, etc. are recorded on the following.

Model No. : SPP-A9171

EUT : Cordless Telephone with Answering System

Test Conditions: Testing room : Temperature : 26 ° C Humidity : 73 % RH

Testing site : Temperature : 31 ° C Humidity : 75 % RH

Table 8 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 1, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
220.788	22.84	1.00	137	-15.46	38.30	46.00	-7.70
604.790	15.88	1.00	48	-23.24	39.12	46.00	-6.88
623.990	15.47	1.00	2	-23.23	38.70	46.00	-7.30
894.600	13.46	1.00	2	-27.34	40.80	46.00	-5.20
913.785	13.69	3.93	32	-27.72	41.41	46.00	-4.59

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected Amplitude – Limit.

2. Peak Amplitude – Correction Factors = Corrected Amplitude

Table 9 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 1, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.808	47.93	1.00	228	-8.67	-6.46	32.80	54.00	-21.20
2.710	41.60	1.00	29	-6.84	-6.46	28.30	54.00	-25.70
3.617	40.73	1.00	174	-5.64	-6.46	28.63	54.00	-25.37
4.521	34.18	1.00	106	3.91	-6.46	31.63	54.00	-22.37
5.425	31.54	1.00	33	9.72	-6.46	34.80	54.00	-19.20

Note:

1. Margin = Corrected - Limit.
2. Peak Amplitude + Correction Factor + Duty Cycle = Corrected

Table 10 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 1, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
604.815	13.77	1.00	94	-23.57	37.34	46.00	-8.66
623.989	15.03	1.00	126	-23.55	38.58	46.00	-7.42
856.190	10.25	1.00	56	-27.53	37.78	46.00	-8.22
875.390	12.15	1.00	150	-27.70	39.85	46.00	-6.15
894.587	17.24	1.00	79	-28.21	45.45	46.00	-0.55

Table 11 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 1, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.808	51.60	1.00	218	-8.67	-6.46	36.47	54.00	-17.53
2.710	39.77	1.00	32	-6.84	-6.46	26.47	54.00	-27.53
3.617	40.23	1.00	149	-5.64	-6.46	28.13	54.00	-25.87
4.521	34.02	1.00	6	3.91	-6.46	31.47	54.00	-22.53
5.425	27.71	1.00	153	9.72	-6.46	30.97	54.00	-23.03

Table 12 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 10, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
163.193	22.19	2.44	103	-14.04	36.23	43.50	-7.27
604.795	14.88	1.00	134	-23.24	38.12	46.00	-7.88
623.983	14.58	1.00	81	-23.23	37.81	46.00	-8.19
681.600	12.08	1.00	51	-24.62	36.70	46.00	-9.30
904.747	8.98	2.43	87	-27.59	36.57	46.00	-9.43

Table 13 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 10, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
1.828	44.76	1.00	67	-8.67	-6.46	29.63	54.00	-24.37
2.740	41.27	1.00	148	-6.84	-6.46	27.97	54.00	-26.03
3.657	38.90	1.00	105	-5.64	-6.46	26.80	54.00	-27.20
4.572	31.68	1.00	229	3.91	-6.46	29.13	54.00	-24.87
5.487	27.54	1.00	40	9.72	-6.46	30.80	54.00	-23.20

Table 14 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 10, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
604.788	14.14	1.00	75	-23.57	37.71	46.00	-8.29
623.988	13.86	1.00	143	-23.55	37.41	46.00	-8.59
866.390	10.69	1.00	10	-27.59	38.28	46.00	-7.72
885.593	12.42	1.00	135	-27.96	40.38	46.00	-5.62
904.796	14.30	1.00	115	-28.46	42.76	46.00	-3.24

Table 15 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 10, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.828	48.26	1.00	91	-8.67	-6.46	33.13	54.00	-20.87
2.740	42.43	1.00	334	-6.84	-6.46	29.13	54.00	-24.87
3.657	39.57	1.00	284	-5.64	-6.46	27.47	54.00	-26.53
4.572	32.35	1.00	20	3.91	-6.46	29.80	54.00	-24.20

Table 16 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 20, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
201.591	21.74	1.00	112	-13.51	35.25	43.50	-8.25
604.788	15.07	1.00	132	-23.24	38.31	46.00	-7.69
623.997	15.19	1.00	78	-23.23	38.42	46.00	-7.58
916.198	11.26	1.00	67	-27.77	39.03	46.00	-6.97

Table 17 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 20, Base Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.852	42.60	1.00	267	-8.67	-6.46	27.47	54.00	-26.53
2.775	41.27	1.00	18	-6.84	-6.46	27.97	54.00	-26.03
3.703	39.07	1.00	111	-5.64	-6.46	26.97	54.00	-27.03
4.630	33.68	1.00	329	3.91	-6.46	31.13	54.00	-22.87
5.553	30.87	1.00	90	9.72	-6.46	34.13	54.00	-19.87

Table 18 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 20, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
585.592	13.33	1.00	130	-23.40	36.73	46.00	-9.27
623.995	14.96	1.00	145	-23.55	38.51	46.00	-7.49
643.197	13.34	1.00	73	-24.01	37.35	46.00	-8.65
916.206	13.12	1.00	106	-28.76	41.88	46.00	-4.12
935.383	10.24	1.00	136	-29.69	39.93	46.00	-6.07

Table 19 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 20, Base Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.852	45.60	1.00	339	-8.67	-6.46	30.47	54.00	-23.53
2.775	42.93	1.00	147	-6.84	-6.46	29.63	54.00	-24.37
3.703	40.90	1.00	258	-5.64	-6.46	28.80	54.00	-25.20
4.630	31.68	1.00	16	3.91	-6.46	29.13	54.00	-24.87
5.553	27.87	1.00	94	9.72	-6.46	31.13	54.00	-22.87

Table 20 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 1, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
201.595	1.16	1.04	0	-13.51	14.67	43.50	-28.83
412.803	2.12	2.43	91	-20.05	22.17	46.00	-23.83
428.398	5.28	1.02	105	-19.88	25.16	46.00	-20.84
430.788	5.31	2.43	117	-19.89	25.20	46.00	-20.80
771.978	5.50	1.03	59	-26.14	31.64	46.00	-14.36

Table 21 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 1, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.828	57.60	1.00	305	-8.67	-6.46	42.47	54.00	-11.53
2.740	42.77	1.00	171	-6.84	-6.46	29.47	54.00	-24.53
3.657	42.57	1.00	15	-5.64	-6.46	30.47	54.00	-23.53
4.572	40.02	1.00	336	3.91	-6.46	37.47	54.00	-16.53

Table 22 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 1, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)
422.405	1.68	1.00	144	-19.83	21.51	46.00	-24.49
432.001	8.83	1.00	60	-19.95	28.78	46.00	-17.22
451.192	6.13	1.00	9	-20.62	26.75	46.00	-19.25
518.394	11.40	1.00	144	-22.16	33.56	46.00	-12.44
894.601	8.88	1.00	97	-28.21	37.09	46.00	-8.91

Table 23 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 1, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.828	58.26	1.00	35	-8.67	-6.46	43.13	54.00	-10.87
2.740	40.43	1.00	317	-6.84	-6.46	27.13	54.00	-26.87
3.657	41.23	1.00	215	-5.64	-6.46	29.13	54.00	-24.87
4.572	39.35	1.00	83	3.91	-6.46	36.80	54.00	-17.20

Table 24 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 10, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
575.980	2.04	1.00	138	-23.02	25.06	46.00	-20.94
594.217	5.69	1.00	92	-23.27	28.96	46.00	-17.04
814.639	5.32	2.43	134	-26.06	31.38	46.00	-14.62
904.632	3.42	2.43	30	-27.59	31.01	46.00	-14.99

Table 25 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 10, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.828	58.60	1.00	61	-8.67	-6.46	43.47	54.00	-10.53
2.740	42.43	1.00	159	-6.84	-6.46	29.13	54.00	-24.87
3.658	41.07	1.00	24	-5.64	-6.46	28.97	54.00	-25.03
4.573	41.52	1.00	218	3.91	-6.46	38.97	54.00	-15.03
5.487	26.71	1.00	341	9.72	-6.46	29.97	54.00	-24.03

Table 26 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 10, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
441.601	15.63	1.00	138	-20.22	35.85	46.00	-10.15
451.190	15.55	1.00	140	-20.62	36.17	46.00	-9.83
451.746	5.87	1.00	0	-20.64	26.51	46.00	-19.49
904.785	8.47	1.00	4	-28.46	36.93	46.00	-9.07

Table 27 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 10, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.828	56.76	1.00	17	-8.67	-6.46	41.63	54.00	-12.37
2.740	55.10	1.00	115	-6.84	-6.46	41.80	54.00	-12.20
3.658	42.23	1.00	324	-5.64	-6.46	30.13	54.00	-23.87
4.573	39.85	1.00	28	3.91	-6.46	37.30	54.00	-16.70
5.487	26.21	1.00	34	9.72	-6.46	29.47	54.00	-24.53

Table 28 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 20, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
566.388	2.46	2.44	111	-23.13	25.59	46.00	-20.41
719.963	1.70	1.00	104	-25.34	27.04	46.00	-18.96
739.158	2.78	1.00	117	-26.27	29.05	46.00	-16.95
916.204	1.01	1.00	9	-27.77	28.78	46.00	-17.22

Table 29 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 20, Handset Horizontal]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.852	59.43	1.00	320	-8.67	-6.46	44.30	54.00	-9.70
2.775	44.27	1.00	11	-6.84	-6.46	30.97	54.00	-23.03
3.703	42.07	1.00	221	-5.64	-6.46	29.97	54.00	-24.03
4.630	40.35	1.00	19	3.91	-6.46	37.80	54.00	-16.20

Table 30 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 30MHz ~ 1GHz [Channel 20, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors	Corrected Amplitude	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (MHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)			Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
422.390	14.96	1.00	11	-19.83	34.79	46.00	-11.21
431.997	16.52	1.00	49	-19.95	36.47	46.00	-9.53
451.200	14.32	1.00	16	-20.62	34.94	46.00	-11.06
518.402	14.33	1.00	61	-22.16	36.49	46.00	-9.51

Table 31 Open Field Radiated Emissions For 1GHz ~ 18GHz [Channel 20, Handset Vertical]

Radiated Emission				Correction Factors (dB)	Duty Cycle (dB)	Corrected Amplitude (dBμV/m)	FCC Class B (3 m)	
Frequency (GHz)	Amplitude (dBμV/m)	Ant. H. (m)	Table (°)				Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
1.852	54.93	1.00	32	-8.67	-6.46	39.80	54.00	-14.20
2.775	41.77	1.00	116	-6.84	-6.46	28.47	54.00	-25.53
3.703	40.57	1.00	321	-5.64	-6.46	28.47	54.00	-25.53
4.630	38.85	1.00	19	3.91	-6.46	36.30	54.00	-17.70

VI. Section 15.247(d): Power Spectral Density

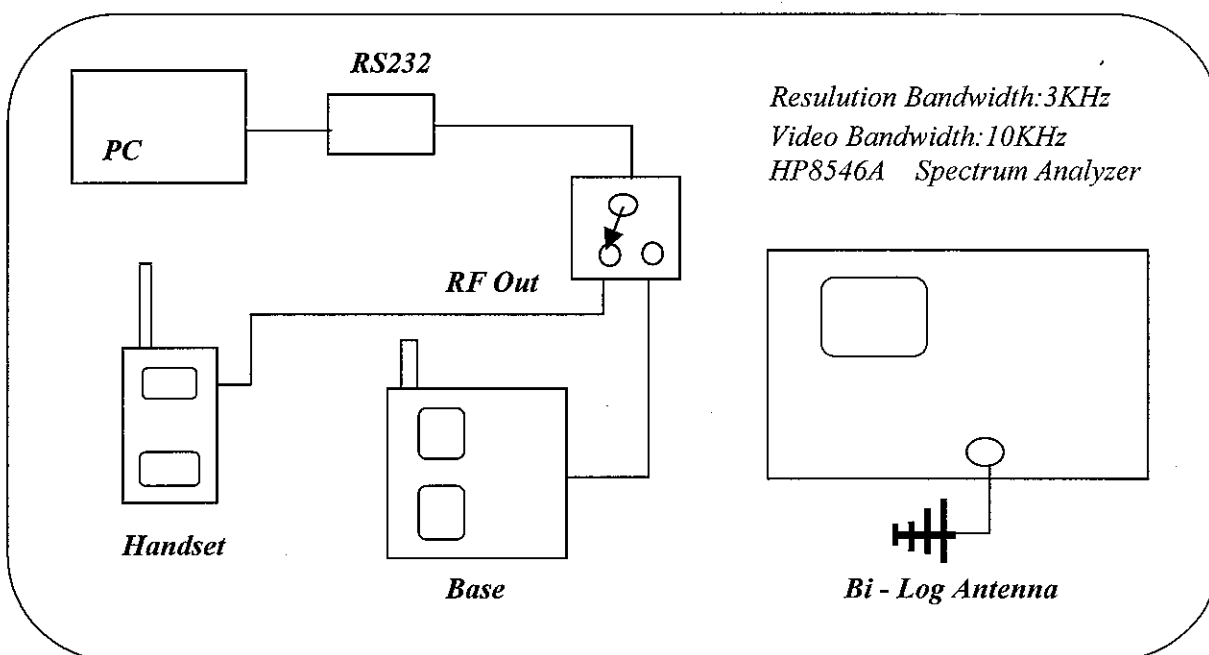
6.1 Test Condition & Setup

The tests below are running with the DCT transmitter set at high power in TDD mode .A serial port from a computer to the DCT UUT is needed to force selection of output power level and channel number. While testing, EUT was set to transmit continuously. A log antenna was connected with the spectrum analyzer.

The EUT is tested in open field site. Put EUT on the middle of a wooden table. Set spectrum analyzer RBW = 3 KHz, VBW > RBW (e.g. VBW = 10 KHz), Span = 1.5 MHz. Turn around the table to find maximum emission. Then set the Span = 300 KHz and sweep time = 100 sec. Peak the maximum emission again. The peak level measured must be no greater than + 8dBm.

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

6.2 Test Instruments Configuration



P.S.A serial port from notebook computer to control the EUT at maximal power output and channel Number.

Fig 12. Test Configuration of power spectral density

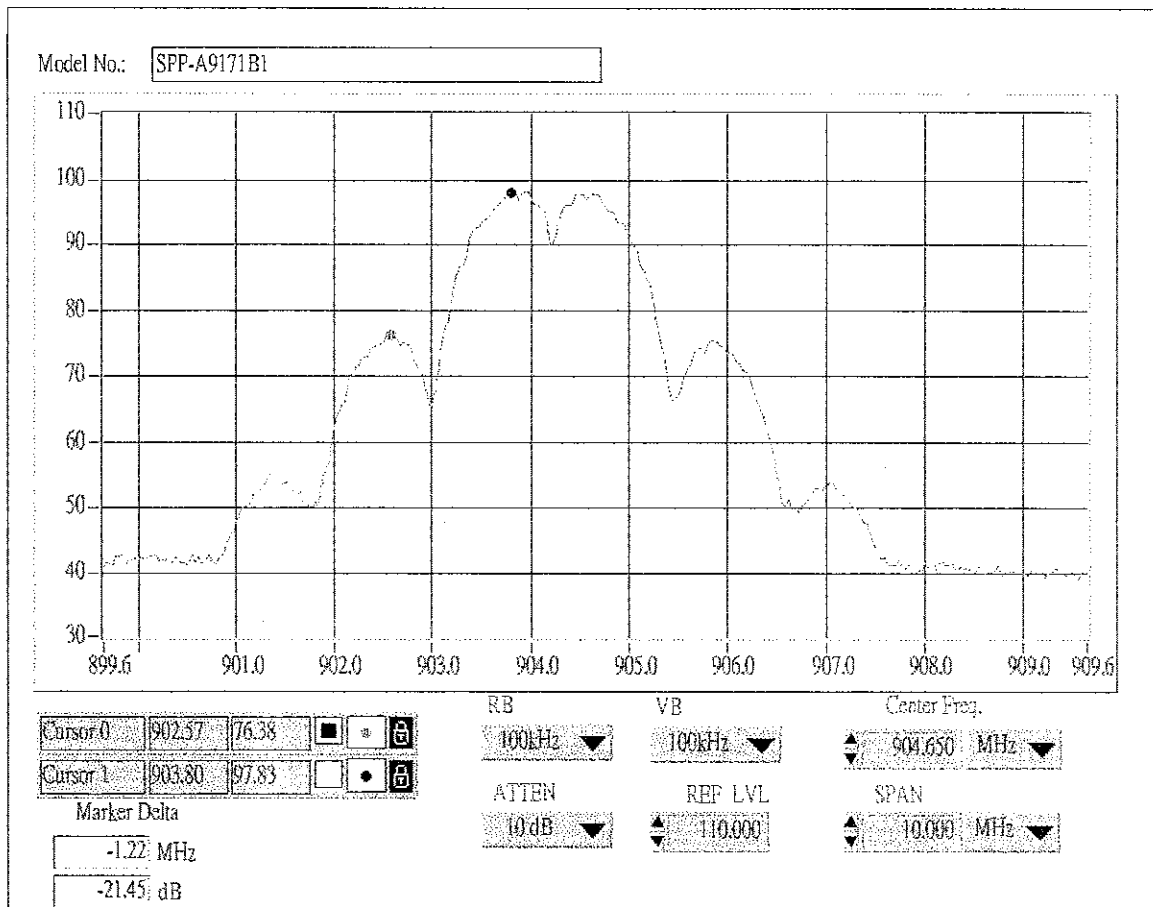
6.3 List of Test Instruments

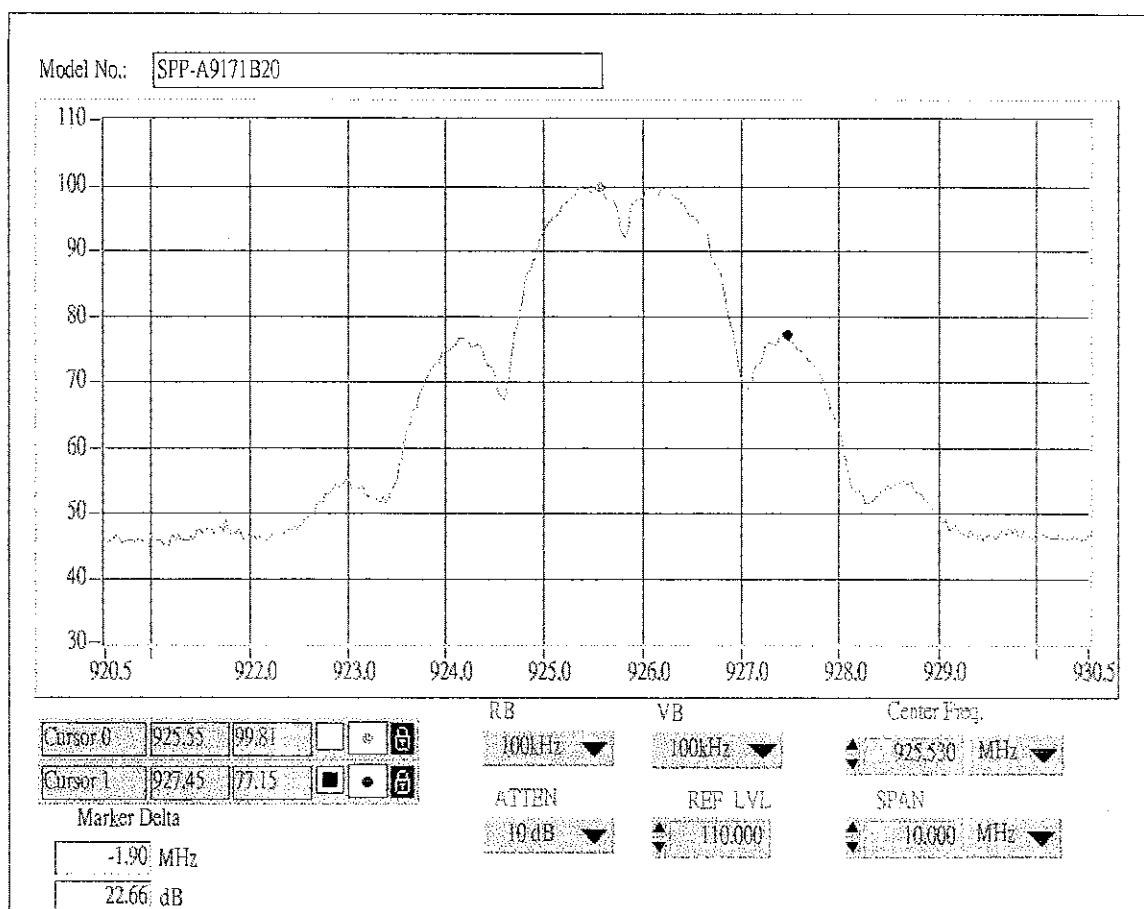
Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	.9KHz – 6GHz EMI Receiver	HP8546A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	.RF Filter Section	HP85460A	50.00
Schaffner	30MHz-2GHz Bi-Log Antenna	CBL6141A	50.00

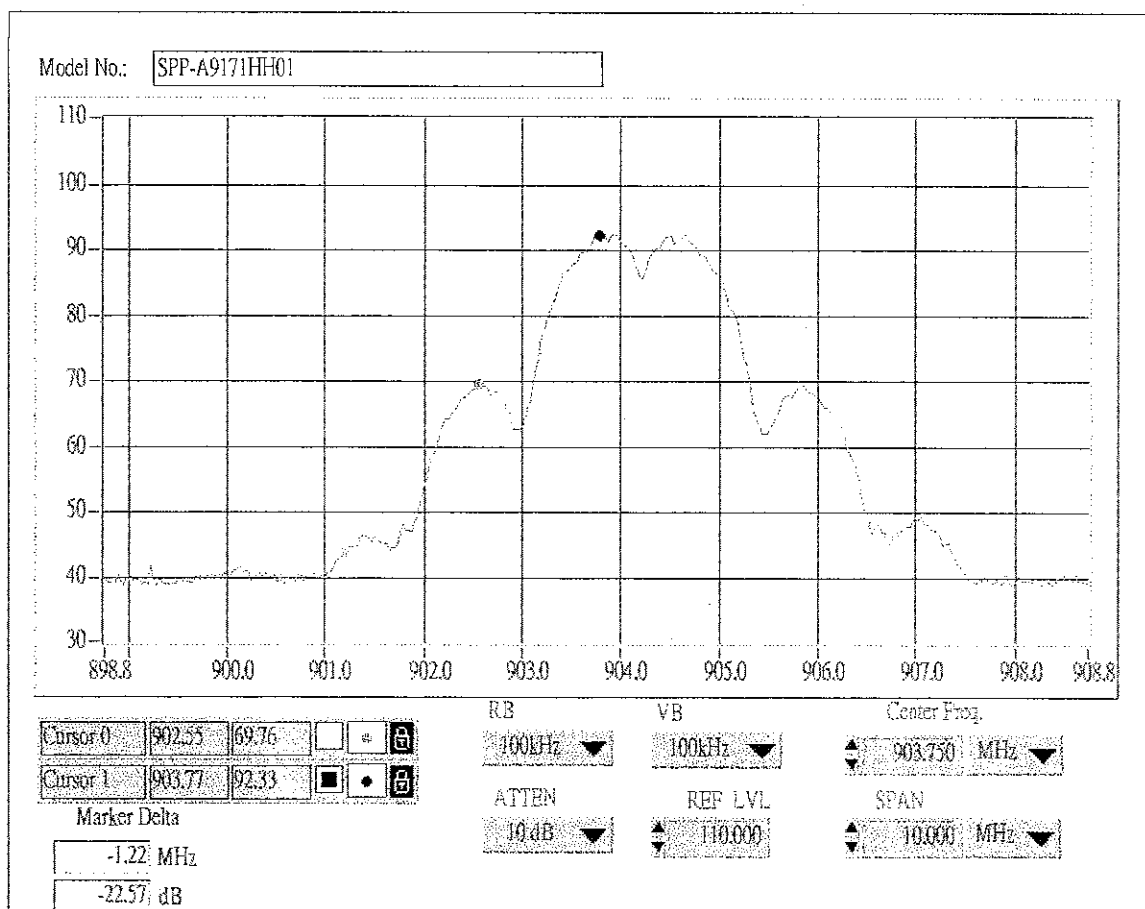
6.4 Required of Carrier frequency

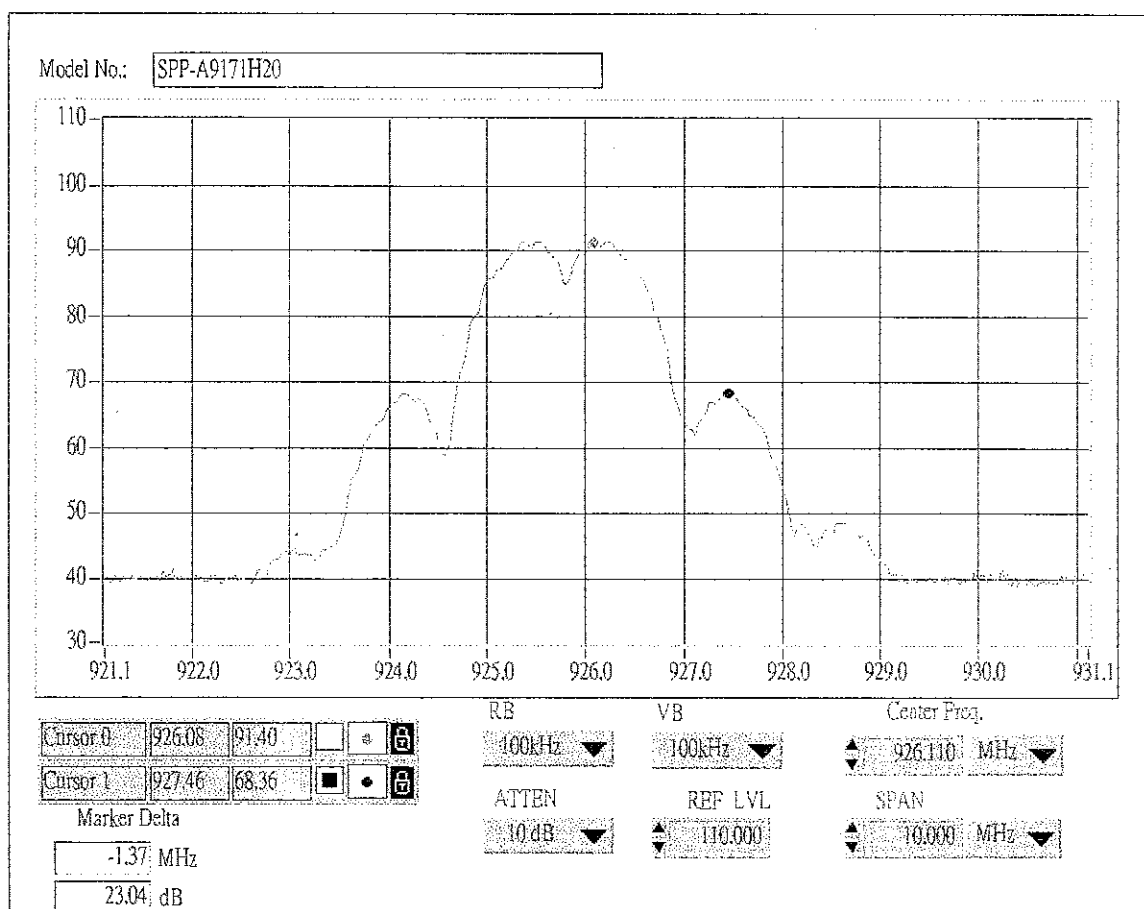
If any 100 kHz bandwidth outside these frequency bands, the radio frequency power that is produced by the modulation products of the spreading sequence, the information sequence and the carrier frequency shall be either at least 20 dB below that in any 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power or shall not exceed the general levels specified in § 15.209(a), whichever results in the lesser attenuation.

Test Condition & Setup: same as 3.1









6.5 Test Result of Power spectral density.

The following table shows a summary of the highest power out of UT.

Model No. : SPP-A9171

EUT : Cordless Telephone with Answering System

Table 33. Power Spectral Density

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Ppr (dBuV)	CF (dB)	Ppq (dBm)	Limit (dB)	Margin (dB)
B/S CH 01	903.75	70.99	-27.58	3.34	8.00	-4.66
B/S CH 10	913.95	65.43	-28.72	-1.08	8.00	-9.08
B/S CH 20	925.35	66.33	-27.99	-0.91	8.00	-8.91
H/S CH 01	903.75	65.61	-27.59	-2.03	8.00	-10.03
H/S CH 10	914.10	61.65	-27.73	-5.85	8.00	-13.85
H/S CH 20	926.10	58.61	-27.99	-8.63	8.00	-16.63

Note:

1. The attachment follow by this page and there is no page number.
2. Ppr: spectrum read power density (using peak search mode), CF: correct factor, Ppq: actual peak power density in the spread spectrum band.
3. $Ppq = Ppr - CF$
4. Effective Radiation Power (E.R.P.) = $(E d)^2 / 30G$

E is the measured maximum field strength in V/m utilizing the maximum hold mode RBW (3KHz).

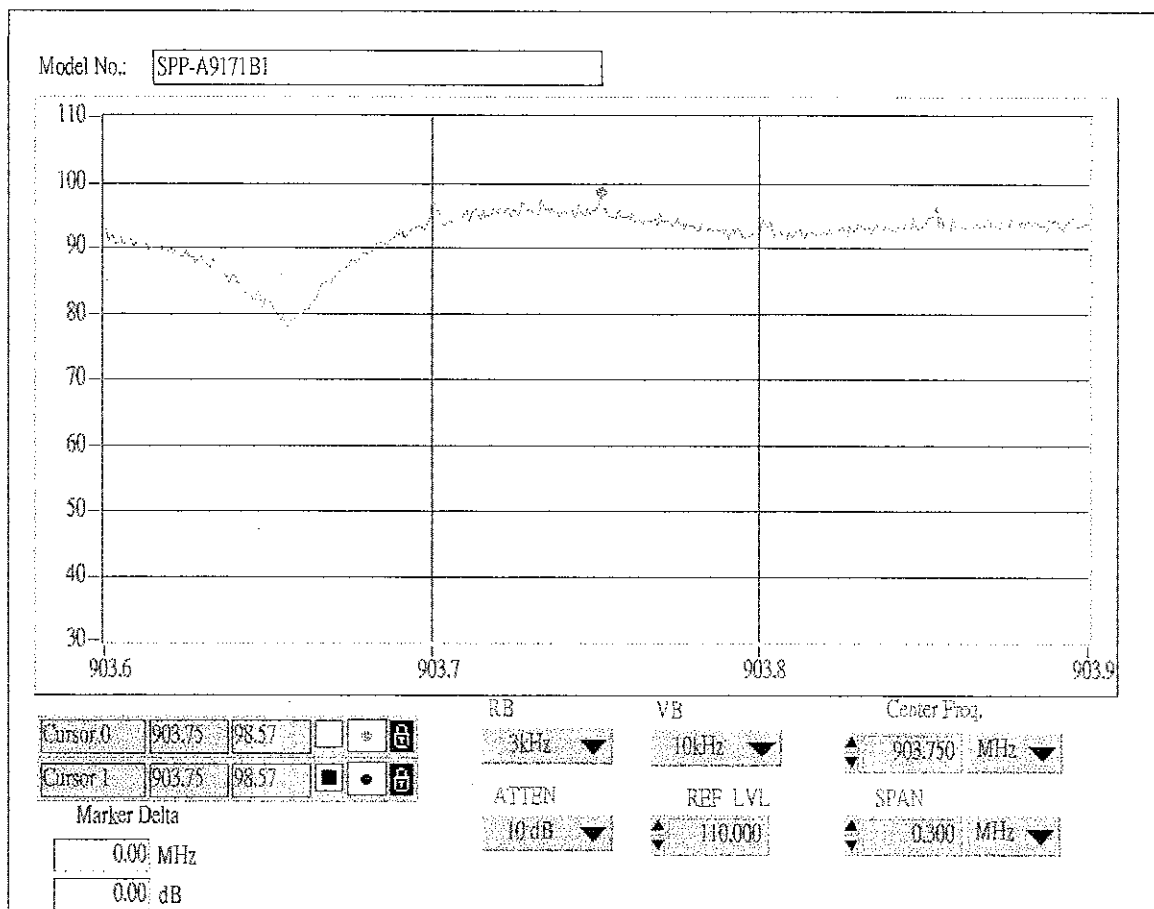
G is the numeric gain of the transmitting antenna over an isotropic radiator (1.00).

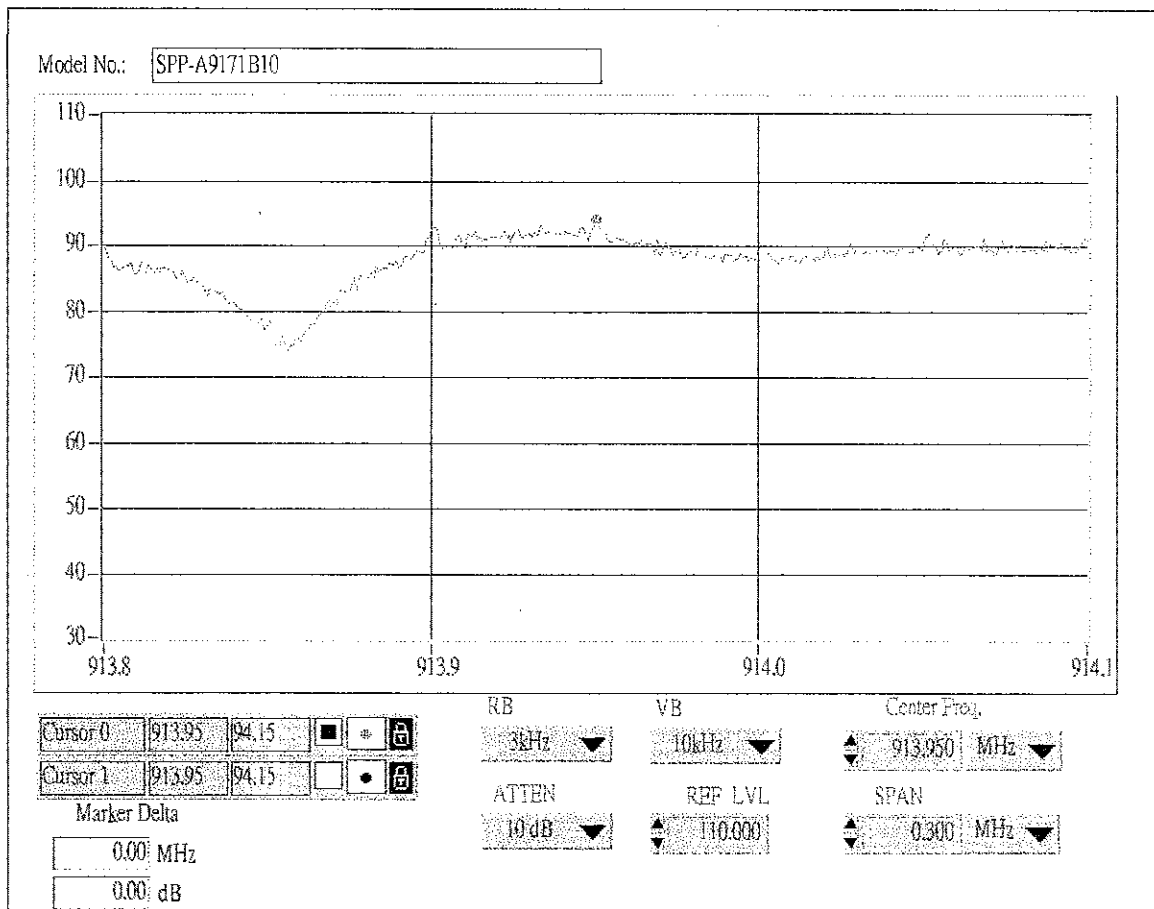
d is the distance in meters from which the field strength was measured (3M).

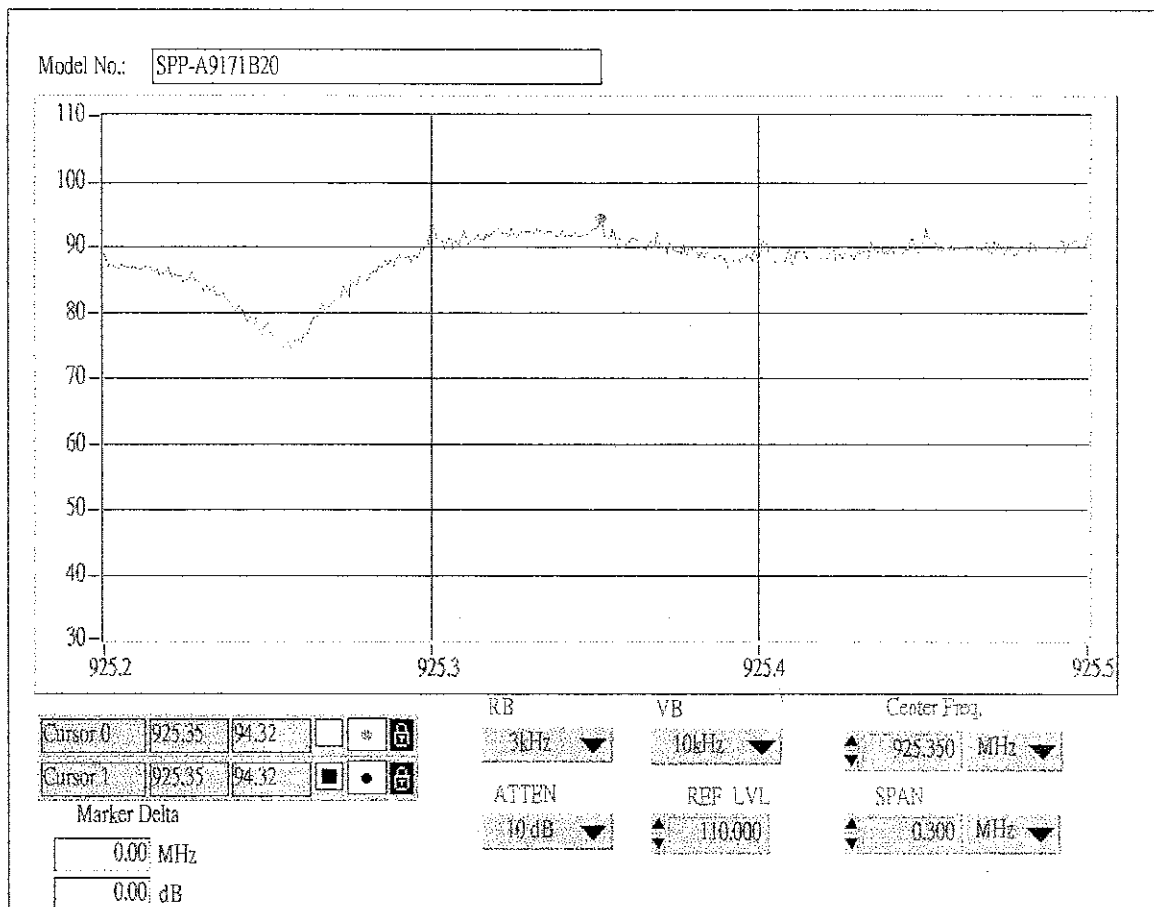
Example: the Max Radiation Emission of base ch01 = $70.99 - (-27.58) = 98.57 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$

$$10^{(98.57/20)} \times 10^{-6} = 0.084820 \text{ V}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{E.R.P.} &= (0.084820 \times 3)^2 / 30 = 2.158347 \text{ mW} = 10 \times \log (2.158347 \text{ mW/1mW}) \\ &= 3.34 \text{ dBm} \end{aligned}$$





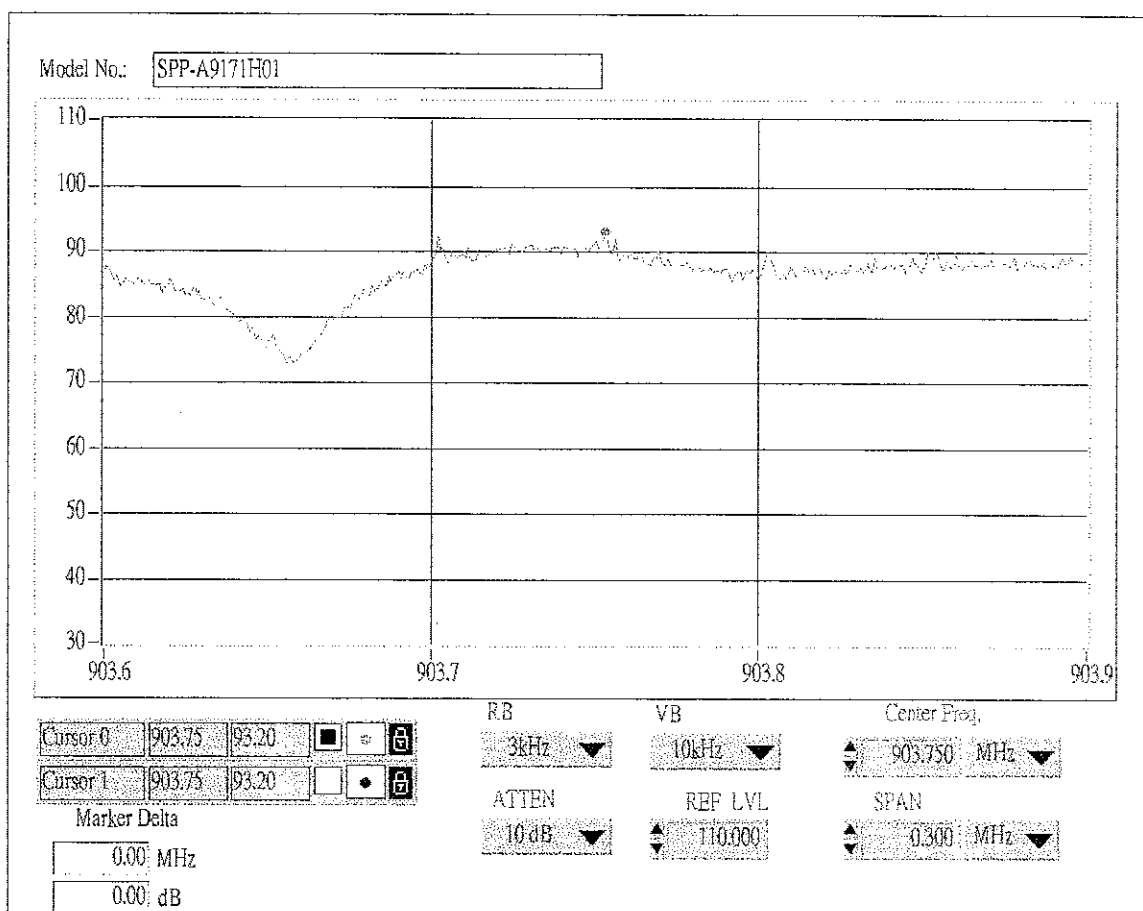


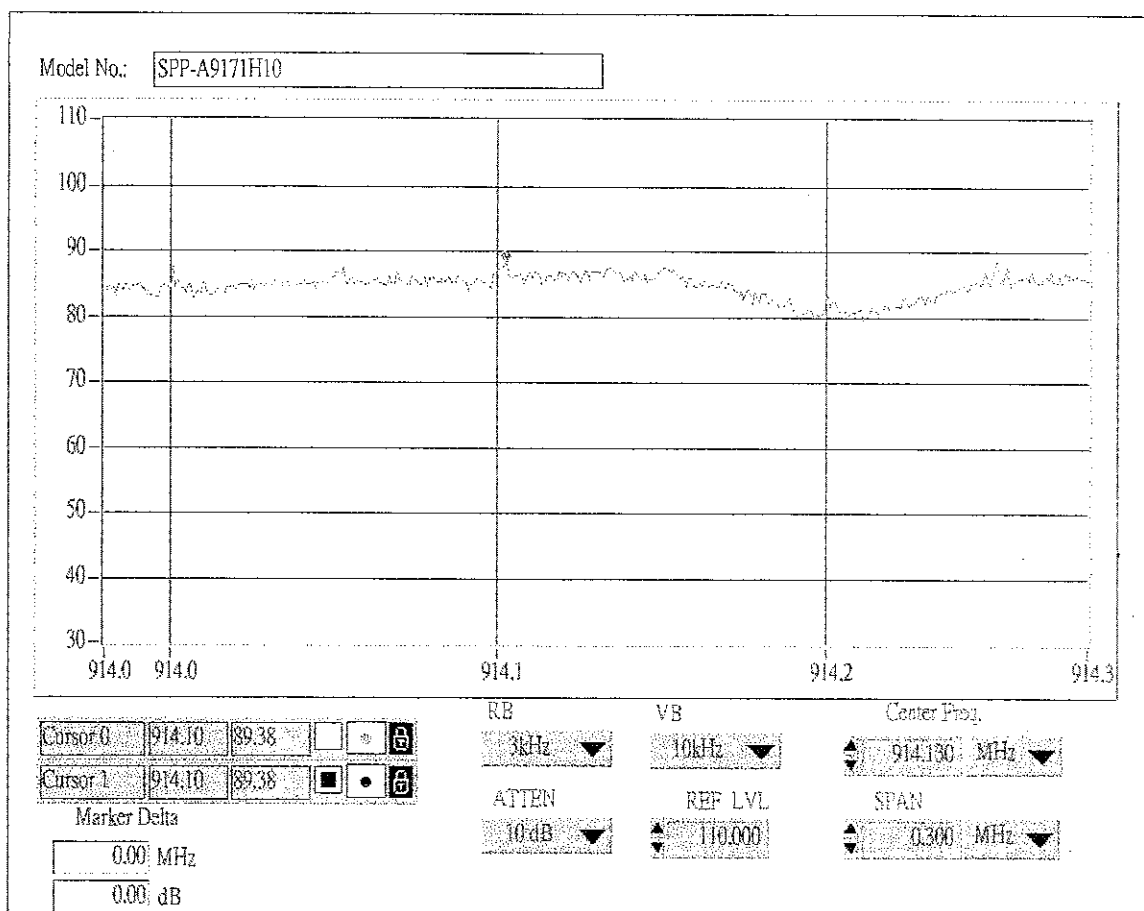
Report No.: S2515759, Cordless Phone with Answering System, FCC Part 15 Class B

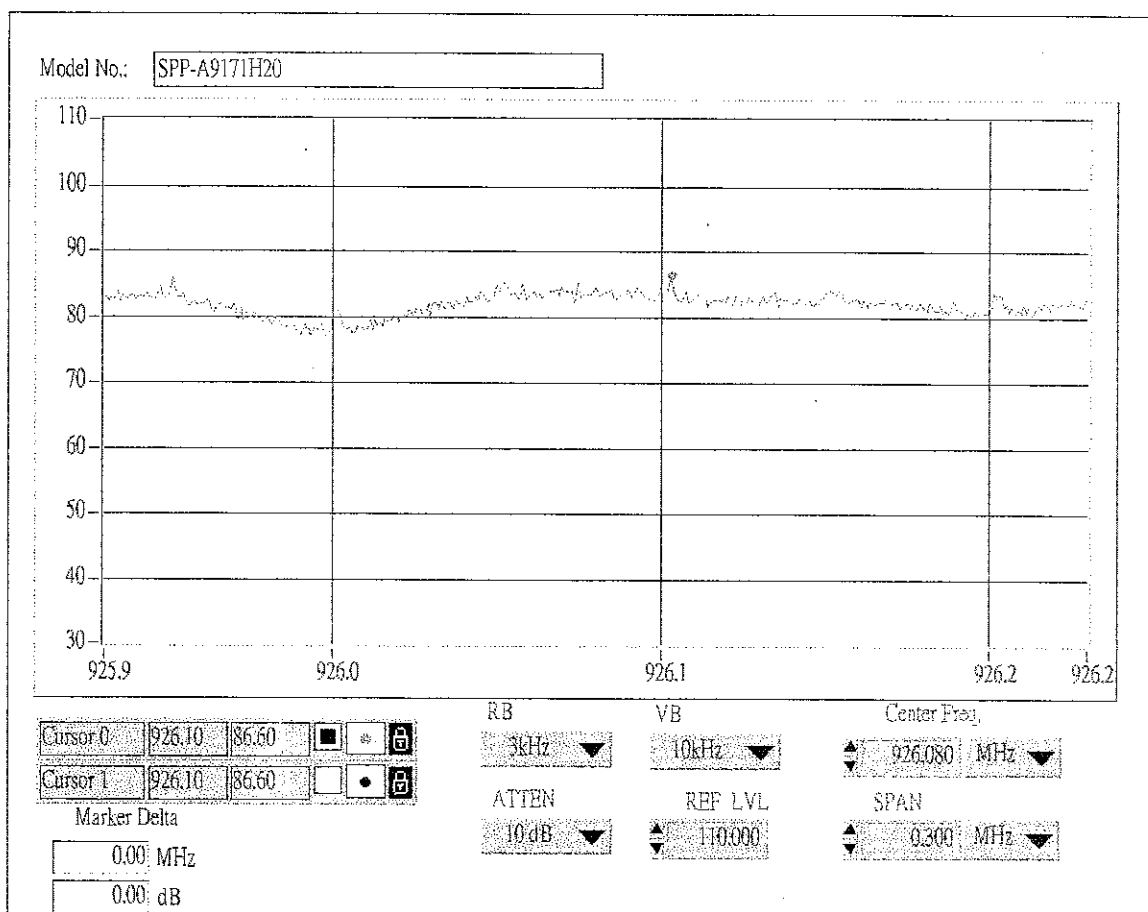
Test date: 05/25/2000, Training Research Co., Ltd., TEL:886-2-26935155, Fax:886-2-26934440

Report No.: S2515759, Cordless Phone with Answering System, FCC Part 15 Class B

Test date: 05/25/2000, Training Research Co., Ltd., TEL:886-2-26935155, Fax:886-2-26934440







VII. Section 15.247(e): Processing Gain

7.1 Test Condition & Setup

A. Bit Error Rate (Pe)

The subjective device RF module (base & handset) digital modulation by Differential Phase -Shift Keying (DPSK), the DPSK can use it's previous waveform as the phase reference for demodulation and thus requires no coherent detection, which greatly simplifies the receiver structure but with some Bit Error Rate (BER) degradation because of noisy phase reference. There is tradeoff between system complexity and system performance. In order to driver the DPSK error probability , we observe that DPSK using differential coding , we observable that DPSK using different coding is essentially an orthogonal signal scheme. A binary 1 is transmitted a sequence of two pulse (P,P) or (-P,-P) over 2 To seconds (no transition). Similarly, a binary 0 is transmitted by a sequence of two plus (P,-P) or (-P,P) over 2 TO seconds (transition). Either of the pulse sequences used for binary 1 is orthogonal to either of the pulse sequences used for binary 0. Because no local carrier is generated for demodulation, the detection is noncoherent , with an effective pulse energy equal to 2 Ep (twice the energy of pulse P). The actual energy transmitted per digit only Ep, however, the same as in noncoherent FSK, Consequently, the performance of DPSK is 3 dB superior to that of noncoherent FSK, We can write Pe for DPSK as :

The major component inside the subjective device are supplied by Rock well , Included RF block transmitter (RF101), Receiver (RF 100), and Base band block ASIC (c8502-13), CODEC (10497-14), above 4 IC chips are affected the processing gain as following :

$$J/S = (W/RD) / (ED/NO) \text{ [without CODING]}$$

Where: W= Spread Chip Rate = Required Transmitted Base band Bandwidth.

Rb = Information Data Rate

Eb/No = Require Energy per Bit over noise Spectral Density for a Specific Bit Error Probability.

The subjective Device Information Data Rate are 80k and the Spread Chip Rate are 960k So the processing gain ($10 \log w/Rb$) at least 10.79 dB (without Coding).

The ASIC (c8502-13) and CODEC (10497-14) these two chip included the coding function, So, it is great improve the processing gain and also improve the J/S ratio.

The Engineer work for Rock well System in Taiwan had pass us the information about the probability of error rate (Pe) must be lower than 0.001 that the system performance will satisfy for communication between Handset and Base station.

Why we need the Pe lower than 0.001, the Rockwell Semiconductor System is not explained , Since it relative with ASIC and Codec, it is confidential area that Rockwell is not allow to disdouse to the public.

When $Pe = 0.001$ and then Signal to Noise Ratio $(S/N) = 6.2194 = 7.9dB$.

B. Jamming Margin Method

The Rockwell Semiconductor System give us a software operated in the personal computer, and use the computer series port COM1 and COM2 connect Handset and Base than we can measure the Bit Error Rate.

Using this software we can perform Jamming Margin method testing, The test consists of stepping a signal generator in 50 KHz increments across the pass band of the system (up to 960 KHz away in RI's DCT). At each point, the generator level required to produce the recommend Bit Error Rate ($BER = 10e - 3$) is recorded. This level is the jamming level. The maximum implementation loss a system can claim in calculating processing gain is 2 dB. The equation to calculate the processing gain (Gp) is the following:

$$Gp = (S/N) + Mj + Lsys$$

$$Gp = 8 \text{ dB} + Mj + 2 \text{ dB}$$

FCC regulation section 15.247 (e) require the processing gain of a direct sequence system shall be at least 10 dB, when Gp must be greater than 10 dB, then the Jammer must be greater than 0 dB.

The processing gain may be measured using the CW jamming margin method. The Jammer to Signal (J/S) ratio is then calculated. Discard the worst 20% of the J/S data points.

1. For avoid the handset and basestation are situation, so, the UUT were in low power mode.
2. The signal generator was selected in interference band, using this software we can perform Jamming Margin method testing, the test consists of stepping a signal generator is 50 KHz increments across the pass band of the system (up to 960 KHz away in RI's DCT). So, the BER will keep in 0.1%.

The setting up procedure is recorded on Appendix A.

7.2 Test Instruments Configuration

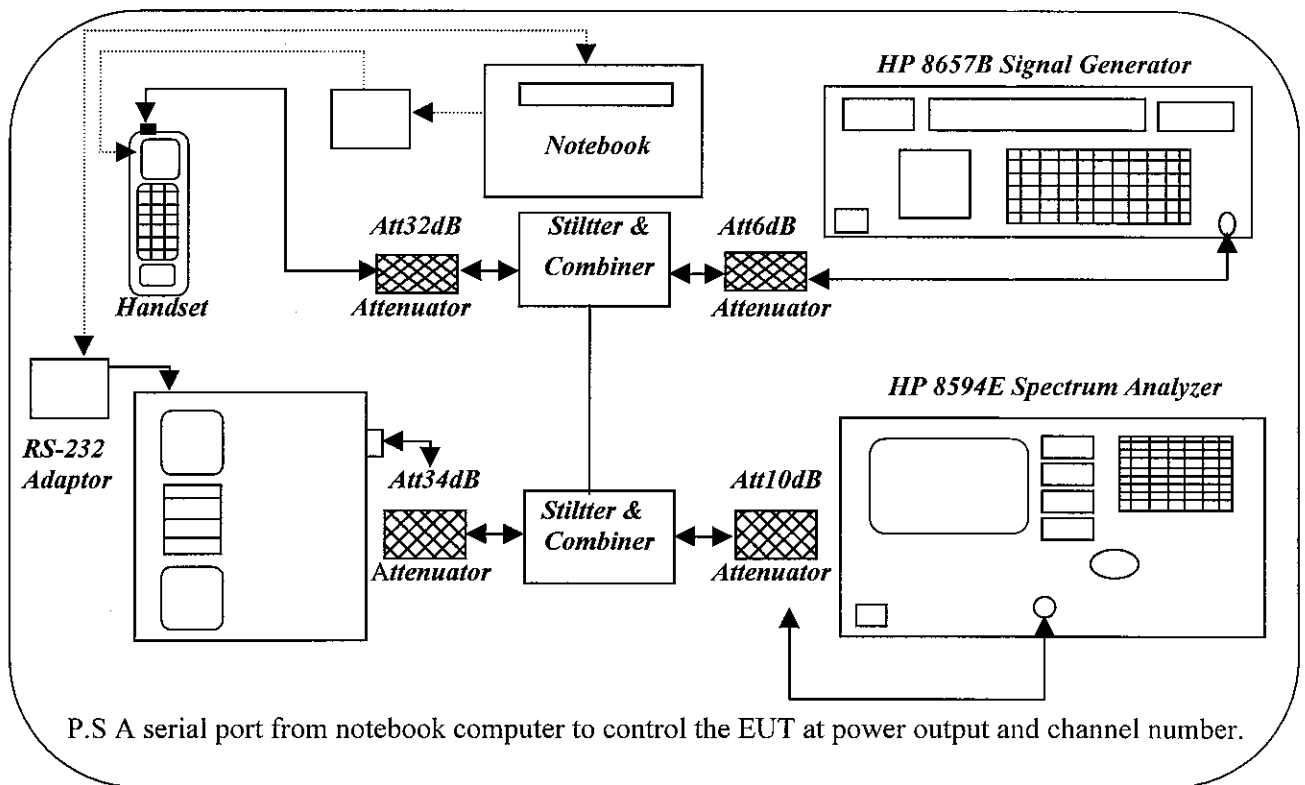


Fig 13. Test Configuration of processing gain for base station

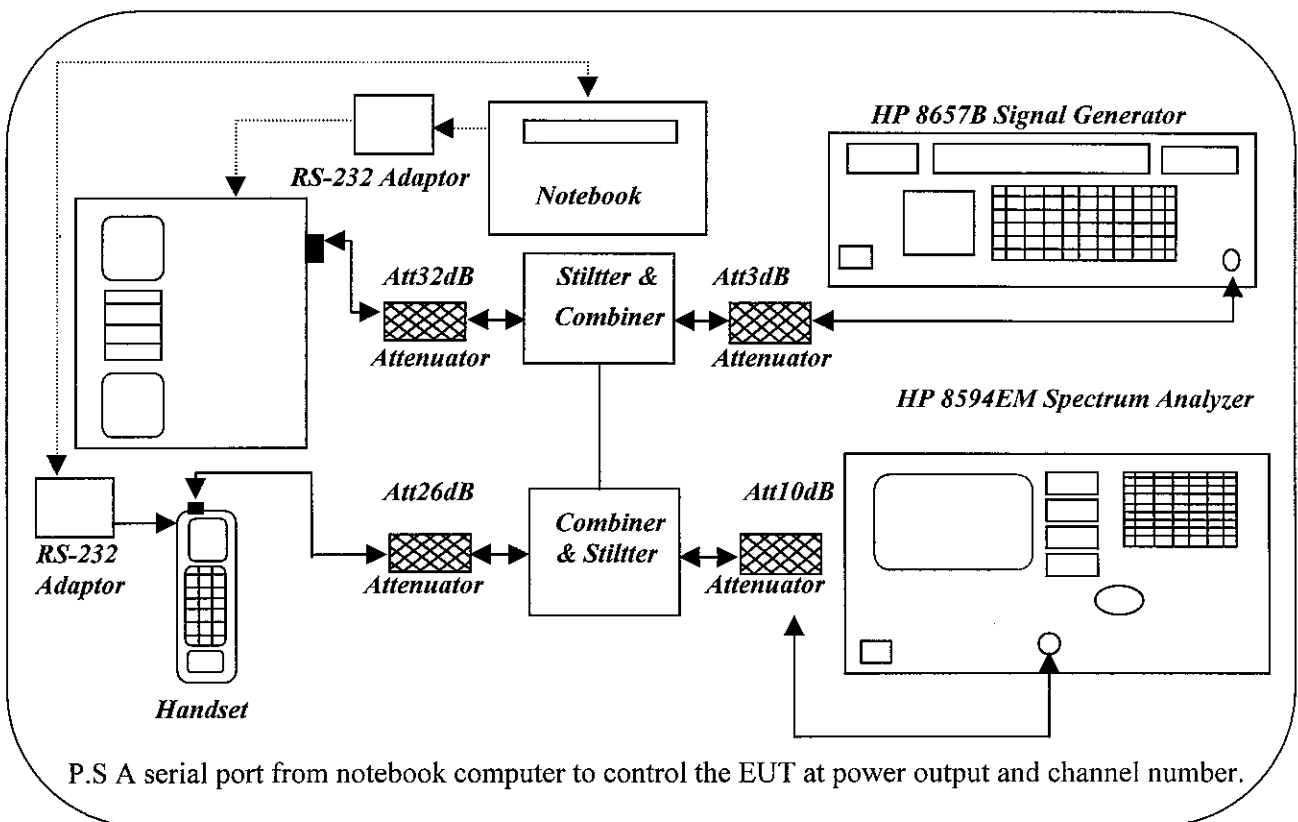


Fig. 14 Test Configuration of processing gain for handset

7.3 List of Test Instruments

Manufacturer	Device	Model	Input Impedance
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-1.8GHz Spectrum Analyzer	HP8592A	50.00
Hewlett Packard	100Hz-2.6GHz Signal Generator	HP8657B	50.00
Mini Circuits	10MHz-2GHz Power Splitter/Combiner	ZESC-2-11	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 3dB Attenuator	CAT-3	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 20dB Attenuator	CAT-20	50.00
Mini Circuits	DC-1.5GHz 30dB Attenuator	CAT-30	50.00

7.4 Test Procedure

According to the Fig. 13 of the page 53, combine the stuffs.

Measure the low power output of the channel 10 of the handset while the handset is in "Transmit-Only-Test" and the whole circuit is as same as Fig. 13. What we measure in this step is "S".

Change to the "BER Test " program. Increase the RF output of the signal generator till the BER is close to the 0.1% but under 0.1%.

Stop the program and turn off the base, handset then record the highest point of the spectrum. What we measure in this step is "J".

Star the Program again and test the next point.

7.5 Test Result of Processing Gain**Model No.** : SPP-A9171**EUT** : Cordless Telephone with Answering System**Table 34 Processing Gain [Channel 10, Base]**

Jammer Frequency (MHz)	S (dBm)	J (dBm)	Mj (J/S)	Process Gain (dB)
914.600	-35.90	-33.30	2.60	12.50
914.650	-35.90	-34.63	1.27	11.17
914.700	-35.90	-35.85	0.05	9.95
914.750	-35.90	-35.51	0.39	10.29
914.800	-35.90	-34.96	0.94	10.84
914.850	-35.90	-34.03	1.87	11.77
914.900	-35.90	-32.86	3.04	12.94
914.950	-35.90	-32.62	3.28	13.18
915.000	-35.90	-32.75	3.15	13.05
915.050	-35.90	-32.62	3.28	13.18
915.100	-35.90	-32.55	3.35	13.25
915.150	-35.90	-32.40	3.50	13.40
915.200	-35.90	-32.41	3.49	13.39
915.250	-35.90	-32.20	3.70	13.60
915.300	-35.90	-32.15	3.75	13.65
915.350	-35.90	-32.10	3.80	13.70
915.400	-35.90	-31.81	4.09	13.99
915.450	-35.90	-31.72	4.18	14.08
915.500	-35.90	-31.75	4.15	14.05
915.550	-35.90	-31.61	4.29	14.19
915.600	-35.90	-31.60	4.30	14.20
915.650	-35.90	-31.25	4.65	14.55
915.700	-35.90	-31.22	4.68	14.58
915.750	-35.90	-31.15	4.75	14.65
915.800	-35.90	-30.50	5.40	15.30
915.850	-35.90	-30.45	5.45	15.35
915.900	-35.90	-30.40	5.50	15.40
915.950	-35.90	-30.44	5.46	15.36
916.000	-35.90	-30.20	5.70	15.60
916.050	-35.90	-30.10	5.80	15.70

Test Result : Processing Gain: 12.94 dB

- Note: 1. $GP = (S/No) + Mj + L_{sys} = 7.9\text{dB} + Mj + 2\text{dB}$
 2. S = Signal Level
 3. J = Signal Generator RF Output

Table 35 Processing Gain [Channel 10, Handset]

Jammer Frequency (MHz)	S (dBm)	J (dBm)	Mj (J/S)	Process Gain (dB)
914.600	-34.15	-32.20	1.95	11.85
914.650	-34.15	-32.05	2.10	12.00
914.700	-34.15	-32.55	1.60	11.50
914.750	-34.15	-33.50	0.65	10.55
914.800	-34.15	-33.60	0.55	10.45
914.850	-34.15	-32.40	1.75	11.65
914.900	-34.15	-31.02	3.13	13.03
914.950	-34.15	-31.05	3.10	13.00
915.000	-34.15	-31.11	3.04	12.94
915.050	-34.15	-31.10	3.05	12.95
915.100	-34.15	-31.01	3.14	13.04
915.150	-34.15	-30.91	3.24	13.14
915.200	-34.15	-30.95	3.20	13.10
915.250	-34.15	-30.80	3.35	13.25
915.300	-34.15	-30.62	3.53	13.43
915.350	-34.15	-30.50	3.65	13.55
915.400	-34.15	-30.40	3.75	13.65
915.450	-34.15	-30.30	3.85	13.75
915.500	-34.15	-30.21	3.94	13.84
915.550	-34.15	-30.10	4.05	13.95
915.600	-34.15	-30.06	4.09	13.99
915.650	-34.15	-30.01	4.14	14.04
915.700	-34.15	-29.85	4.30	14.20
915.750	-34.15	-29.70	4.45	14.35
915.800	-34.15	-29.67	4.48	14.38
915.850	-34.15	-29.65	4.50	14.40
915.900	-34.15	-29.50	4.65	14.55
915.950	-34.15	-28.55	5.60	15.50
916.000	-34.15	-28.20	5.95	15.85
916.050	-34.15	-28.05	6.10	16.00

Test Result : Processing Gain: 12.94 dB

- Note: 1. $GP = (S/No) + Mj + L_{sys} = 7.9dB + Mj + 2 dB$
 2. S = Signal Level
 3. J = Signal Generator RF Output

Appendix A

Setting up Procedure

1. Using an RS-232 Adaptor that is given by customer connected with the COM 1 of the computer.
2. The other end of the RS-232 Adaptor is connected with the EUT.
3. Use the software that is given by the customer and operated in the windows to control the EUT's continuous transmission.

Appendix B

Antenna Sketch

General

1.1 Scope : This is specification is applicable for the antenna , usable in a basaset.

1.2 Operating temperature range : $-10 \sim +60^{\circ} \text{C}$

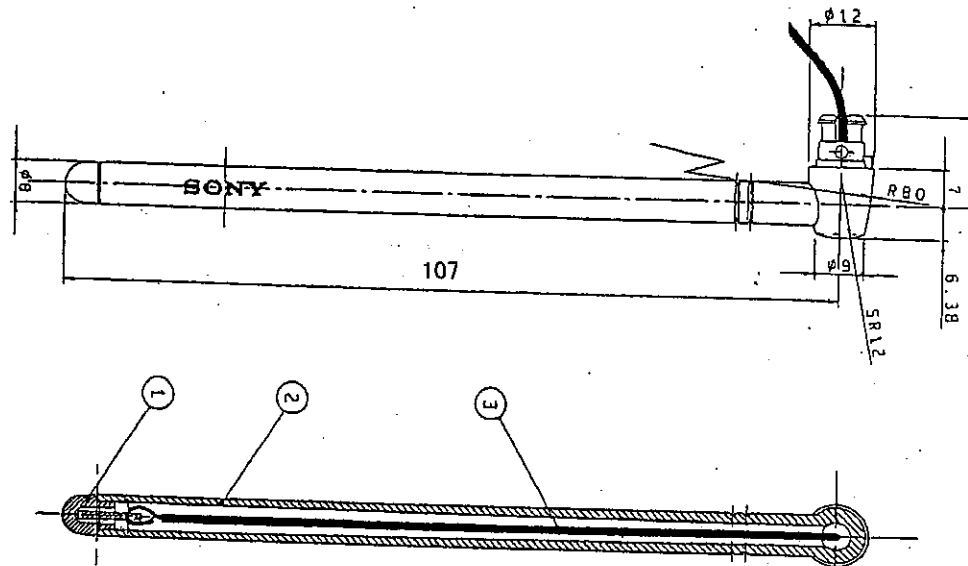
1.3 Storage temperature range : $-10 \sim +70^{\circ} \text{C}$

Electric performance

2.1 Resonance Frequency : 902 - 928 MHz

2.2 VSWR : Less than 3.0 at the resonance

2.3 Gain : Less than 0 dBd at 915MHz



Unit : mm Scale / Tolerance
単位 : mm 尺度 / 公差

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TENTATIVE PART NO.				TITLE/DESCRIPTION			
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				(J)			
CHECKED BY		APPROVED BY		PART NO.		DRAWING NO.	
				-		SB-	
						SHEET 1/	

Report No.: S2515759, Cordless Phone with Answering System, FCC Part 15 Class B

Test date: 05/25/2000, Training Research Co., Ltd., TEL:886-2-26935155, Fax:886-2-26934440

General

1.1 Scope : This is specification is applicable for the antenna , usable in a handset.

1.2 Operating temperature range : $-10 \sim +60^{\circ} \text{C}$

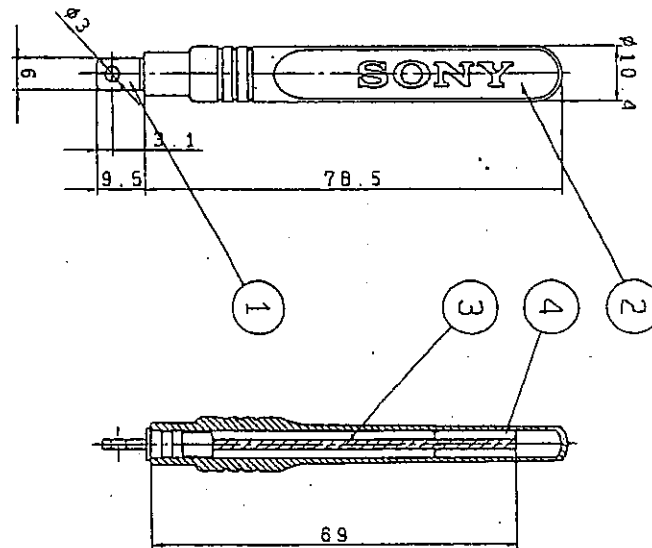
1.3 Storage temperature range : $-10 \sim +70^{\circ} \text{C}$

Electric performance

2.1 Resonance Frequency : 902 - 928 MHz

2.2 VSWR : Less than 3.0 at the resonance

2.3 Gain : Less than 0 dBd at 915MHz



Unit : mm Scale : Tolerance :
単位 : mm 尺 度 : 公 差 :

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						SHEET 1 /

Report No.: S2515759, Cordless Phone with Answering System, FCC Part 15 Class B

Test date: 05/25/2000, Training Research Co., Ltd., TEL:886-2-26935155, Fax:886-2-26934440

Appendix C

The antenna of the device is screwed inside the device, the user can not remove it freely without any tools from outside the device. This is comply with the FCC rules part 15.203

Appendix D

Security Code

Description of 900 MHz Direct Spectrum Cordless Phone

The subject device's 20 independent channels, autoscans at link establishment and smart channel hopping combine to find the clearest channels at all times, automatically. Spread spectrum technology ensures the highest level of security available in a cordless phone.

The spread spectrum technique provides better security than other solutions since only the receiver has a copy of the pre-assigned spreading code, making interception virtually impossible. The transmitting signal is diluted over a large bandwidth with power density at any point being very light, so the signal goes unnoticed by other systems since they are not tuned to receive it. Moreover, the scrambling code changes every 8 times the phone is parked, and there are millions of codes.

Scrambler / Descrambler A16-code randomizes the voice and supervisory data for transmission and reception, more than 64K scramble codes are available from the 16-bit maximal length pseudo-noise sequence generator.

Spread Spectrum Spreader each transmitted bit is multiplied with a 12-chip spreading code, meeting FCC Part 15.247 requirements.