Add: No.52 HuaYuanBei Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China
Tel: +86-10-62304633-2711
E-mail: emf@caict.ac.cn http://www.caict.ac.cn

**Glossary:**

| | |
|---|---|
| TSL | tissue simulating liquid |
| ConvF | sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z |
| N/A | not applicable or not measured |

**Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:**

a) IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020

b) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

**Additional Documentation:**

c) DASY4/5 System Handbook

**Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:**

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

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## Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **DASY Version** | DASY52 | 52.10.4 |
| **Extrapolation** | Advanced Extrapolation | |
| **Phantom** | Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C | |
| **Distance Dipole Center - TSL** | 10 mm | with Spacer |
| **Zoom Scan Resolution** | dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm | Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction) |
| **Frequency** | 4500 MHz ± 1 MHz<br>4700 MHz ± 1 MHz | |

## Head TSL parameters at 4500 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | **Temperature** | **Permittivity** | **Conductivity** |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Nominal Head TSL parameters** | 22.0 ℃ | 36.8 | 3.94 mho/m |
| **Measured Head TSL parameters** | (22.0 ± 0.2) ℃ | 36.7 ± 6 % | 3.87 mho/m ± 6 % |
| **Head TSL temperature change during test** | <1.0 ℃ | — | — |

## SAR result with Head TSL at 4500 MHz

| **SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL** | Condition | |
|---|---|---|
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 6.78 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | **67.8 W/kg ± 24.4 % (*k*=2)** |
| **SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL** | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 100 mW input power | 2.25 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | **22.5 W/kg ± 24.2 % (*k*=2)** |

## Head TSL parameters at 4700 MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

| | **Temperature** | **Permittivity** | **Conductivity** |
|---|---|---|---|
| **Nominal Head TSL parameters** | 22.0 ℃ | 36.6 | 4.14 mho/m |
| **Measured Head TSL parameters** | (22.0 ± 0.2) ℃ | 36.2 ± 6 % | 4.11 mho/m ± 6 % |
| **Head TSL temperature change during test** | <1.0 ℃ | — | — |

## SAR result with Head TSL at 4700 MHz

| **SAR averaged over 1 $cm^3$ (1 g) of Head TSL** | Condition | |
|---|---|---|
| SAR measured | 100 Mw input power | 6.61 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | **66.0 W/kg ± 24.4 % (*k*=2)** |
| **SAR averaged over 10 $cm^3$ (10 g) of Head TSL** | Condition | |
| SAR measured | 100 Mw input power | 2.17 W/kg |
| SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters | normalized to 1W | **21.6 W/kg ± 24.2 % (*k*=2)** |

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## Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

## Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 4500 MHz

| | |
|---|---|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 47.1Ω - 4.03jΩ |
| Return Loss | - 25.8dB |

## Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 4700 MHz

| | |
|---|---|
| Impedance, transformed to feed point | 55.3Ω - 1.24jΩ |
| Return Loss | - 25.7dB |

## General Antenna Parameters and Design

| | |
|---|---|
| Electrical Delay (one direction) | 1.015 ns |

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

## Additional EUT Data

| | |
|---|---|
| Manufactured by | SPEAG |

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**DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL** Date: 2022-10-20

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

**DUT: Dipole 4600 MHz; Type: D4600V2; Serial: D4600V2 - SN: 1033**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 4500 MHz; Frequency: 4700 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 4500 MHz; $\sigma$ = 3.87 S/m; $\varepsilon_r$ = 36.69; $\rho$ = 1000 kg/m$^3$

Medium parameters used: f = 4700 MHz; $\sigma$ = 4.113 S/m; $\varepsilon_r$ = 36.186; $\rho$ = 1000 kg/m$^3$

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7464; ConvF(6.53, 6.53, 6.53) @ 4500 MHz; ConvF(6.4, 6.4, 6.4) @ 4700 MHz; Calibrated: 2022-01-26
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2022-01-12
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

**Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=4500 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 61.33 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.4 W/kg
**SAR(1 g) = 6.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.25 W/kg**
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.9 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 72.7%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg

**Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=4700 MHz/Zoom Scan, dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 59.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 20.8 W/kg
**SAR(1 g) = 6.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg**
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 70.9%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg