



# Pathfinder Radar Scanners Owner's Handbook

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# Pathfinder Radar Scanners

## Owners Handbook

May 1999

### SAFETY NOTICES

This radar equipment must be installed and operated in accordance with the instructions contained in this manual. Failure to do so can result in personal injury and/or navigational inaccuracies. In particular:



**1. HIGH VOLTAGE.** The scanner unit contains high voltages. Adjustments require specialised service procedures and tools only available to qualified service technicians – there are no user serviceable parts or adjustments. The operator should never remove the scanner unit cover or attempt to service the equipment.

**2. ELECTROMAGNETIC ENERGY.** The radar scanner transmits electromagnetic energy. It is important that the radar is turned off whenever personnel are required to come close to the scanner to perform work on the scanner assembly or associated equipment.

It is recommended that the radar scanner is mounted out of range of personnel (above head height).

Do not look directly at the antenna at close range as your eyes are the most sensitive part of the body to electromagnetic energy.

When properly installed and operated, the use of this radar will conform to the requirements of ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 Hz to 300 GHz and NRPB, Board Statement on Restrictions on Human Exposure to Static and Time Varying Electromagnetic Fields and Radiation, Doc *NRPB, No. 5 (1993)*.

**3. NAVIGATION AID.** This radar unit is only an aid to navigation. Its accuracy can be affected by many factors, including equipment failure or defects, environmental conditions, and improper handling or use. It is the user's responsibility to exercise common prudence and navigational judgements. This radar unit should not be relied upon as a substitute for such prudence and judgement.



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## Preface

This handbook describes the following Pathfinder radar scanners from Raytheon:

|    |                             |
|----|-----------------------------|
| 2D | 18" 2 kW Radome Scanner     |
| 4D | 24" 4 kW Radome Scanner     |
| 5S | 48" 4 kW Open Array Scanner |

### CAUTION

**The 5S 48" Open Array Scanner must not be used with the SL70 or Autohelm 7" LCD Display Unit. This may result in damage to the display due to the high power requirements of the open array scanner.**

The handbook contains very important information on the installation and operation of your new equipment. In order to obtain the best results in operation and performance, please read this handbook thoroughly.

Raytheon's Product Support representatives or your local dealer will be available to answer any questions you may have.

## Warranty

To register your Pathfinder Radar Scanner ownership, please take a few minutes to fill out the warranty registration card found at the end of this handbook. It is very important that you complete the owner information and return the card to the factory in order to receive full warranty benefits.

## EMC Conformance

All Raytheon equipment and accessories are designed to the best industry standards for use in the leisure marine environment.

Their design and manufacture conforms to the appropriate Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standards, but correct installation configuration is essential to maintain EMC performance.

**Note:** *Then 5S 48" Open Array Scanner has NOT been tested with the SL70 or Autohelm 7" LCD Display Unit for EMC conformance.*



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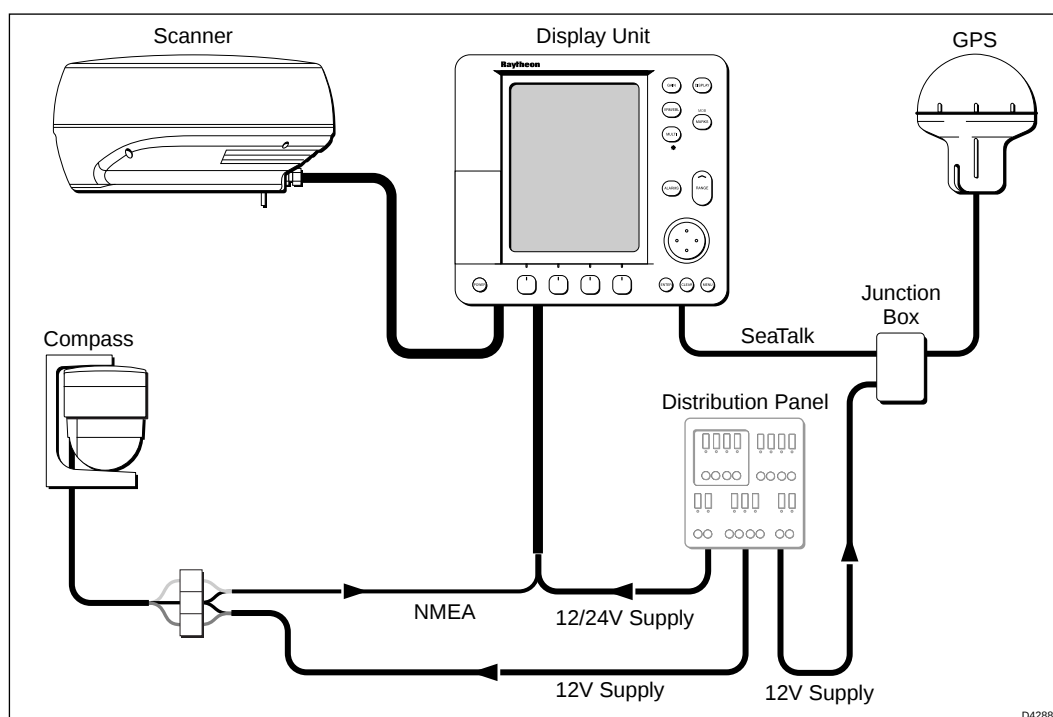
# Chapter 1: Overview

## 1.1 Introduction

This handbook provides instructions to assist you in the installation and set up of the following radar scanners:

- 18" Radome Scanner
- 24" Radome Scanner
- 48" Open Array Scanner

A typical Pathfinder Radar system is illustrated below.



### CAUTION

**Do not use the 48" Open Array Scanner with an SL70 or Autohelm 7" display unit. Failure to observe this may result in permanent damage to these display units.**

This handbook is divided into three chapters as follows:

**Chapter One** provides an overview of the scanner installation. It includes sections on Unpacking and Inspecting the Components, Selecting the Scanner Site and a description of the Cable Runs.

**Chapter Two** provides detailed instructions on how to mount and connect each type of scanner.

**Chapter Three** provides instructions on how to perform the system checks, alignment and adjustments.

## EMC installation guidelines

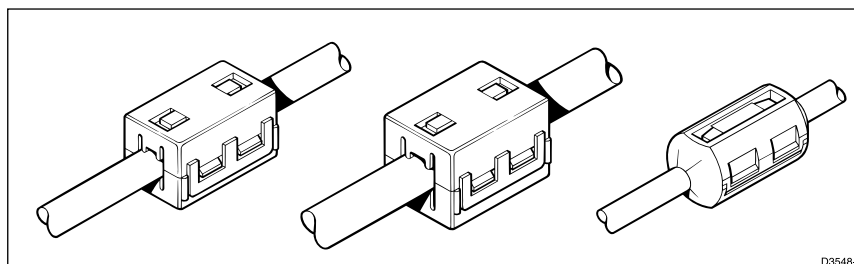
All Raytheon equipment and accessories are designed to the best industry standards for use in the leisure marine environment.

Their design and manufacture conforms to the appropriate Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standards, but correct installation configuration is essential to maintain EMC performance and CE compliance. Although every effort has been taken to ensure that they will perform under all conditions, it is important to understand what factors could affect the operation of the product.

To avoid the risk of operating problems, all Raytheon equipment, and cables connected to it, should be installed as follows:

- Ensuring you follow the installation instructions in *Chapter 2*, particularly with reference to earthing details.
- With at least 1 m (3 ft) from any equipment transmitting or cables carrying radio signals e.g. VHF radios, cables and antennas. In the case of SSB radios, the distance should be increased to 2 m (7 ft).
- Avoiding the beam from another radar scanner. A radar beam can normally be assumed to spread 20 degrees above and below the radiating element.
- The equipment should be supplied from a different battery than the one used for engine start. Voltage drops below 10.7 V in the power supply to our products can cause the equipment to reset. This will not damage the equipment, but will cause the loss of some information and can change the mode of operation.
- Genuine Raytheon cables must be used at all times. Cutting and rejoining these cables can degrade EMC performance and must therefore be avoided unless specifically detailed in this handbook.
- If a suppression ferrite is attached to a cable, this ferrite must not be removed. If the ferrite has to be removed during installation it must be reassembled in the same position. *Section 2.1 Installing the Radome Scanner* includes instructions on fitting a ferrite.

The following illustration shows a typical range of suppression ferrites fitted to Raytheon equipment.



If your Raytheon equipment is going to be connected to other equipment using a cable not supplied by Raytheon, a suppression ferrite **MUST** always be fitted to the cable close to the Raytheon unit.

## 1.2 Unpacking and inspecting the components

Unpack your system carefully, to prevent damage to the equipment. It is good practice to save the carton and packing for future use, in case you need to return the unit for service.

Check that you have all the correct system components. These depend on your system package, as detailed in the following tables.

### Radome scanners

| Item                                                 | Part No. | Supplied with:      | Option for: |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|-------------|
| <b>Radome Scanners</b>                               |          |                     |             |
| 2D 18" 2 kW Radome Scanner                           | M92650   | US Version          | -           |
| 2DE 18" 2 kW Radome Scanner                          | M92650E  | European Version    | -           |
| 4D 24" 4 kW Radome Scanner                           | M92652   | -                   | -           |
| <b>Radome Scanner Accessories</b> (2D & 4D Variants) |          |                     |             |
| Inter-unit cable 15 m heavy                          | M92668   | 4D                  | -           |
| Inter-unit cable 25 m heavy                          | M92669   | -                   | Both        |
| Inter-unit cable 10 m light                          | M92692   | 2D (US version)     | -           |
| Inter-unit cable 15 m light                          | M92720   | 2D (Europe version) | -           |
| Extension cable 5 m                                  | M92699   | -                   | Both        |
| Extension cable 10 m                                 | M92700   | -                   | Both        |
| Mast Mount 18" Scanner                               | M92722   | -                   | 2D          |
| Mast Mount 24" Scanner                               | M92698   | -                   | 4D          |
| Radar Interface adapter                              | M92721   | -                   | 2D          |
| To fit radome to M88390 type 18" mast mount          |          |                     |             |
| Radome mounting interface plate                      | M92731   | -                   | 2D          |
| <b>Supplied with HSB Series Display Unit</b>         |          |                     |             |
| Ferrite Clamp                                        | R55007   | -                   | Both        |

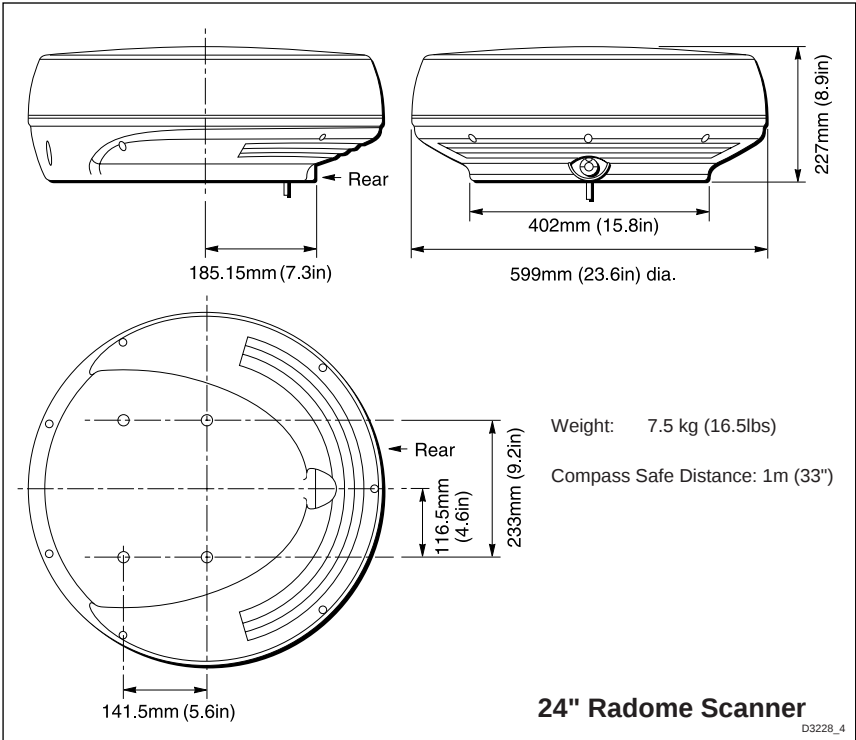
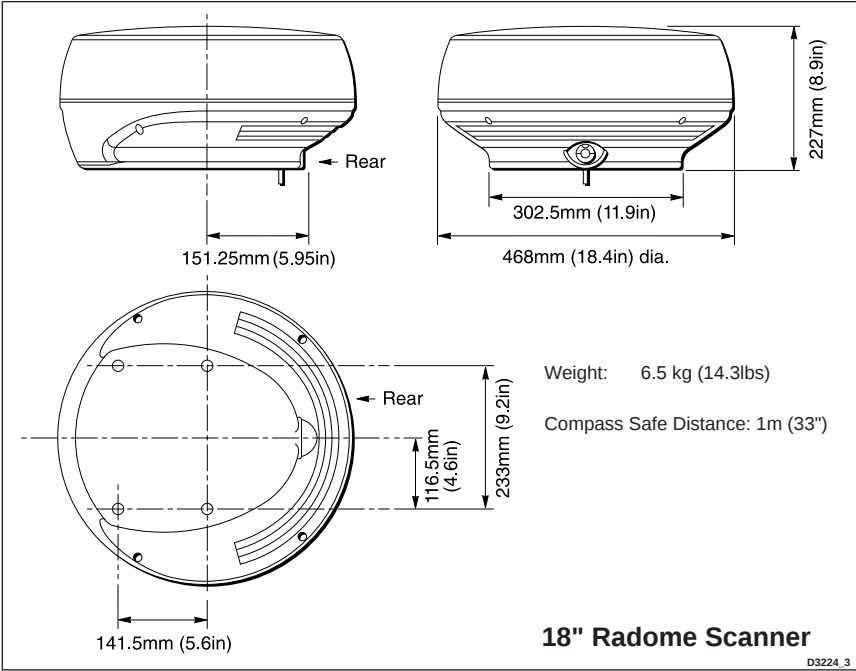
### Open array scanners

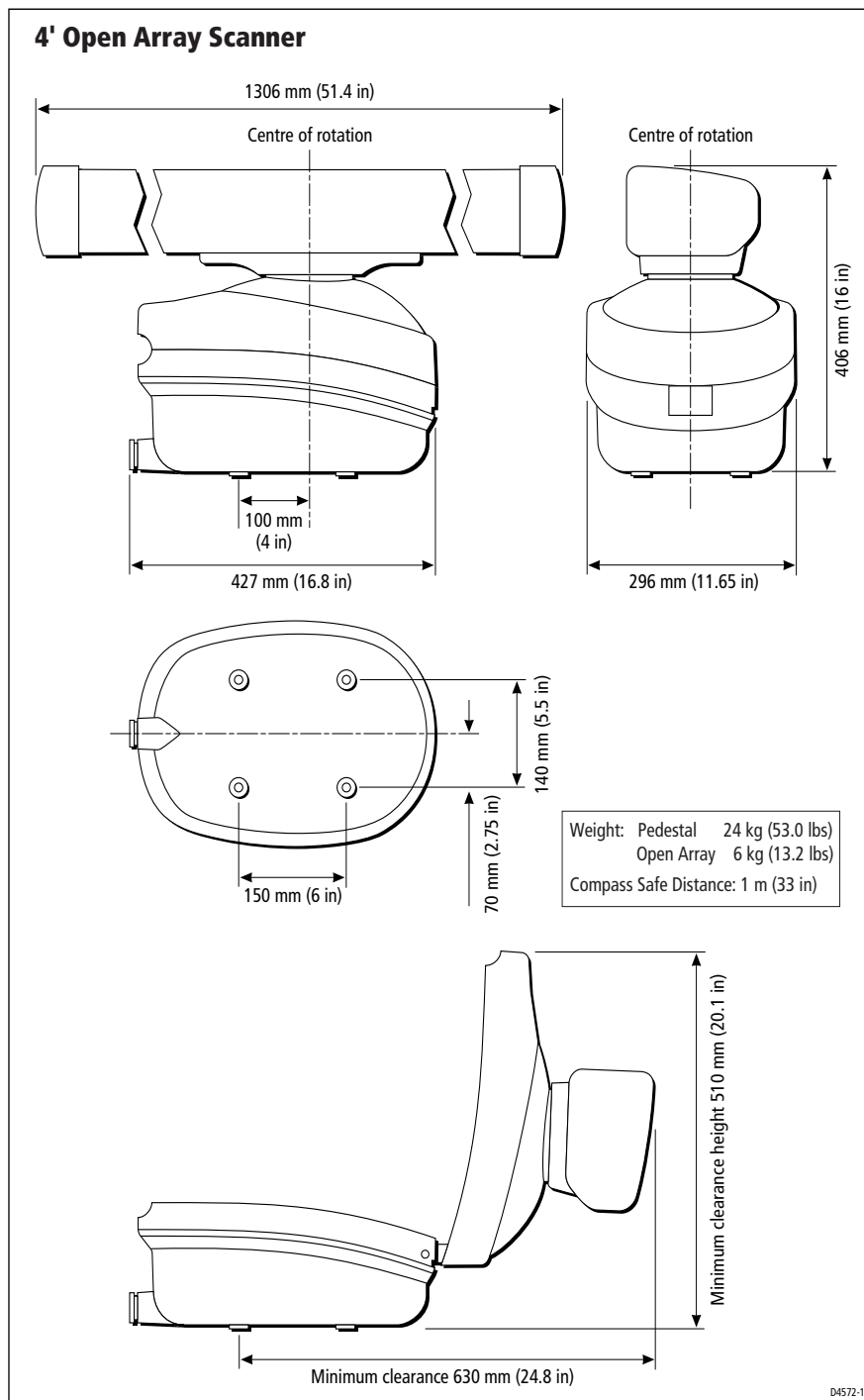
| Item                                                                     | Part No. | Supplied with: | Option for:             |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------|-------------------------|
| 5S 4 kW Scanner Pedestal                                                 | M92654   | 5S             | -                       |
| 48" Open Array                                                           | M92693   | 5S             | -                       |
| Inter-unit cable 5 m heavy                                               | E55017   | -              | 5S                      |
| Inter-unit cable 15 m heavy                                              | M92728   | -              | 5S                      |
| Inter-unit cable 25 m heavy                                              | M92706   | -              | 5S (24/32V system only) |
| <b>Open Array Scanner Accessories</b> (5S Variant) - 24/32V systems only |          |                |                         |
| Extension cable 5 m                                                      | M92699   | -              | 5S                      |
| Extension cable 10 m                                                     | M92700   | -              | 5S                      |
| Cable kit: 5 m +10 m extension                                           |          | -              | 5S                      |

### 1.3 Selecting the scanner unit site

This section provides information that affects the possible locations of the scanner, and its position relative to the display unit and to the power supply.

The dimensions of the each scanner unit are shown in the following diagrams.





Selecting the best location for the scanner unit requires careful consideration of the following points, to ensure reliable and trouble free operation:

**Note:** *In order to minimise potential interference to other systems on board ship (EMC), it is advisable to mount the scanner on a part of the boat that is insulated from the ship's battery negative. If you cannot do this, and encounter problems, you can fit insulating bushes between the scanner and its mounting bracket.*

- **Height:** The scanner unit should normally be mounted as high as practical above the waterline, for three reasons:
  - Safety -the scanner should be above head height of personnel. This avoids mechanical danger and electromagnetic contact, particularly with the eyes.
  - Radar operates at the line-of-sight, so a high mounting position gives better long range performance.
  - Surrounding large objects, in the same horizontal plane, can interfere with the radar signal and cause blind areas or shadow sectors and false targets on the radar screen (see below).

However, do not mount the scanner so high that it is affected by the pitching and rolling of the vessel. In addition, you may need to lower the scanner to avoid creating a shadow sector.

- **Access:** The scanner unit site should be easily accessible to allow maintenance to be carried out safely.
- **Magnetic compass:** Mount the scanner unit at least 1 m away from a magnetic compass.
- **Cable run:** The maximum length of cable between the display unit and the scanner unit should not normally exceed 20 m (60 ft) for radome scanners, or 15 m (45 ft) for open array scanners. If you need to use a longer cable power cable lengths must be considered, refer to *Section 1.4 Cable Runs*.
- **Shadow sectors and false echoes:** Mount the scanner away from large structures or equipment, such as the fly bridge, large engine stacks, searchlights, horns, or masts. It is particularly important to avoid shadow sectors near the bow. Raising or even lowering the scanner may help to reduce these effects.

In shadow areas beyond the obstruction there will be a reduction of the beam intensity, although not necessarily a complete cut-off; there will be a blind sector if the subtended angle is more than a few degrees.

In some shadow sectors the beam intensity may not be sufficient to obtain an echo from a very small object, even at close range, despite the fact that a large vessel can be detected at a much greater range. For this reason the



angular width and relative bearing of any shadow sector must be determined at installation. Sometimes shadowing can be seen by increasing the radar gain until noise is present. Dark sectors indicate possible shadowed areas. This information should be posted near the display unit and operators must be alert for targets in these blind sectors.

It should also be noted that wet sails create shadow areas and thus sail boat operators should be aware that radar performance may reduce in rain.

If you mount the scanner on a mast, echoes from the mast may appear on the radar display. These can be minimised by placing absorbing material, such as a block of wood, between the scanner and mast.

- **Platform rigidity/stability:** The scanner platform should not twist (causing bearing errors) or be subject to excessive vibration.
- **Heat/fumes:** Mount the scanner away from the top of exhaust stacks, since the scanner and cables can be damaged by excessive heat and the corrosive effects of exhaust gases.

For open array scanners you should also consider the following points:

- **Mounting Platform:** The platform must be mechanically secure and capable of supporting the mass and inertia of the open array scanner. The complete unit weighs 30 kg.
- The site must be clear of ropes and moving rigging.
- Sufficient clearance must be allowed to fully open the open array pedestal for maintenance.

### Mounting surface: sailboats

The scanner unit can be installed on a mast platform, an arch, or a bridge structure. Make sure that the platform surface is flat and the scanner unit drain hole (radome scanners) is not obstructed. Raytheon recommends that radome scanner units are best suited for sailboat operation as open array systems are more difficult to protect from ropes and sails.

For sailboat installations, Raytheon offers a universal mast mount kit for each radome scanner type. This optional mount is used to fit a radome scanner to a flat surface on a mast with a minimum diameter of 60 mm (2½ in). When using the mast mount kit, appropriate hardware should be used for the style and structure of the mast aboard the vessel. If there is any doubt concerning the appropriate type of hardware, consult your boat dealer or representative for their recommendations.

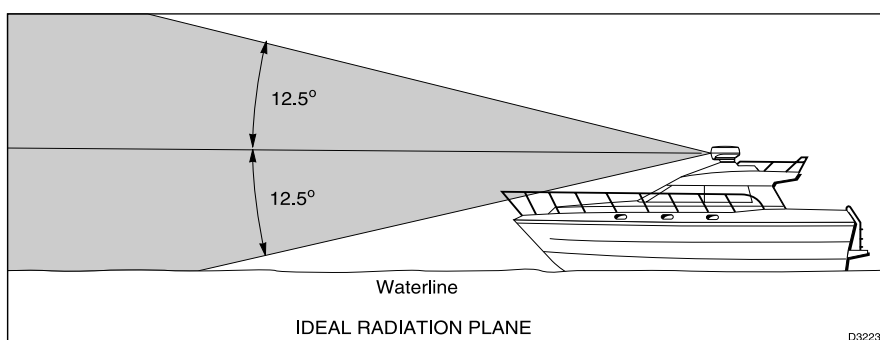
Depending on the type of sailboat, a radar scanner guard should be installed if the sails could touch the scanner or platform. Without a proper radar guard the mounting platform and the radar scanner could be severely damaged.

## Mounting surface: power boats

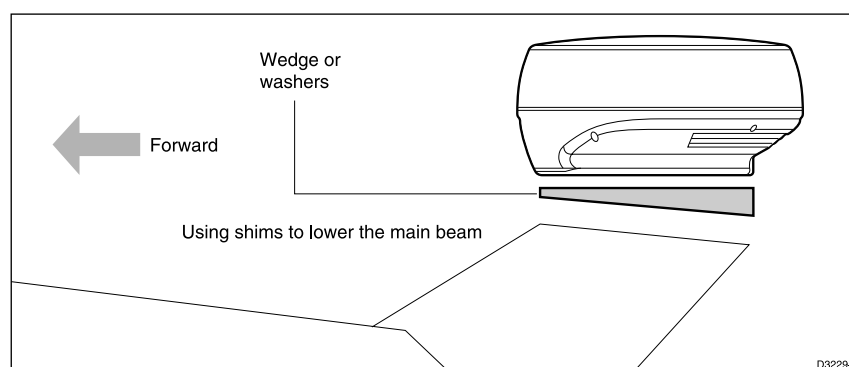
On many small vessels the scanner unit can be installed on a mast platform, an arch, or a bridge structure, but take care to follow the scanner site guidelines, particularly regarding height. If necessary, construct a radar mounting platform to obtain a sufficiently high mounting position. Make sure that the platform surface is flat and the scanner unit drain hole (radome scanners) is not obstructed. Ensure the platform is strong enough to support the maximum shock loads likely to occur.

## Setting the radiation plane

The scanner unit should be mounted so that the array rotates parallel to the waterline. The radar beam is approximately  $25^\circ$  wide in the vertical direction, providing good target detection during the vessel's pitching and rolling.



Planing hull vessels, and some displacement hull vessels, adopt a higher bow angle when the vessel is at its cruising speed. In many cases this substantially alters and raises the radar's main radiation plane, and can cause poor detection of nearby targets. It may be helpful to lower the radar beam back towards the parallel, by shimming the rear of the radar, so that the beam points slightly downwards with respect to the waterline when the vessel is at rest.



The shims may be made from aluminium plate wedges, simple flat washers, or an angled wooden block. For thick shims, you may need longer securing bolts than the M8x40 bolts supplied with the radome scanner, or the M10 studding supplied with the open array scanners.



## 1.4 Cable runs

You need to consider the following before installing the system cables:

- You need to fit the inter-unit cable and the power cable.
- All cables should be adequately clamped and protected from physical damage and exposure to heat - avoid running cables through bilges or doorways, or close to moving or hot objects.
- Acute bends must be avoided
- Where a cable passes through an exposed bulkhead or deckhead, a watertight gland or *swan neck* tube should be used.
- Avoid cutting and re-joining cables (if necessary, refer to the notes below)

You need to run the following cables:

### CAUTION

**Do not pull the cable through bulkheads using a cord attached to the connector. This could damage the connections.**

- **Inter-unit cable** . A vinyl-covered and shielded cable is supplied with the radome scanner unit. The cable has a connector plug at one end for connecting to the display unit or extension cable; the other end of the radome scanner cable is fitted with an 8-way plug and power cores (covered by a clear protective sleeve) for connecting to the scanner.  
For open array scanners, various length cables are available. These cables have a connector plug at one end for connecting to the display unit or extension cable; the other end is prepared ready to fit to the power and signal connectors (see *Section 2.2*)
- **Power cable**, the scanner receives power via the display unit. The power cable is supplied with the display unit. However, cable details are provided in this section.

### Rejoining Cables

You should avoid cutting and re-joining cables. If this is necessary you must:

- Fit a ferrite on each side of the join. The specific ferrite to use depends on the cable type - contact Raytheon Marine for details.
- Take care not to damage any of the wires. Make sure that all the wires and, in particular, the screen are reconnected correctly.

If you are mounting the scanner on the mast of a sailboat, and will need to unstep the mast, you should install a suitable junction box inside the boat. On a radome scanner, the junction box should provide an 11- or 13-way terminal strip, depending on the number of power cores in your cable, with a 10 A rating. Also, you should keep the length of the un-screened coaxial cores to less than 30 mm to maintain EMC conformance.

On an open array scanner, the junction box should provide a 13-way terminal strip with a 20 A rating for power cores. It is essential that all 4 power cores are connected and that the connection is of very low resistance as considerable power passes through this connection. Also, you should keep the length of the un-screened coaxial cores to less than 30 mm to maintain EMC conformance.

## Inter-unit cable

The inter-unit cable entrance is at the rear of the scanner unit. If the unit is mounted on a hollow mast the cable may be run inside the mast and then fed through the radar's cable entrance. Make sure that the cable does not chafe where it enters and exits the mast.

**Note:** Route the cable from the display up to the scanner, since this will require the smallest clearance hole.

### CAUTION

**The display connector on the inter-unit cable is a moulded plug that cannot be replaced. DO NOT remove this moulded plug.**

The inter-unit cable, for connecting the scanner to the display unit, depends on your scanner package as follows:

| Scanner Package | Inter-Unit Cable                                                       |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2D (US)         | 10 m light (2 power cores)                                             |
| 2DE (European)  | 15 m light (2 power cores)                                             |
| 4D              | 15 m heavy (4 power cores)                                             |
| 5S              | 5 m, 15 m or 5 m + 10 m extension<br>25 m heavy (24/32 V systems only) |

The minimum bends permitted are:

|                           |                         |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Minimum bend, light cable | 60 mm (~2.5 in) radius  |
| Minimum bend, heavy cable | 82 mm (~3.75 in) radius |

## Radome scanner cable

The length of the supplied cable should be sufficient to complete the cable run required on most small vessels. For longer runs, additional or replacement cables are available, which have 4 power cores to minimise voltage drops over the longer cable run: these optional cables include 5 m and 10 m extension cables, and a 25 m replacement cable.

The maximum inter-unit cable length is limited by the minimum supply voltage, the scanner type (18" radome or 24" radome), and the cable type (2 or 4

power cores): if a mix of light and heavy cables is used, only 2 power cores are connected through.

**Note:** For vessels with 24 V power systems, any combination of inter-unit cables can be used.

For vessels with 12 V power systems, the recommended cable(s) for different run lengths are given in the following table, which assumes a minimum supply voltage of 10.7 V (the lowest voltage likely to be reached by a 12 V battery in normal marine use). **Do not use cable combinations that are not included in the table.**

#### Recommended Radome Inter-Unit Cable(s) for Vessels with 12 V Power Systems

| Inter-Unit Cable<br>Length Required (m) | 2D (US)         | Scanner Package<br>2DE (Eur) | 4D              |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 10                                      | Std 10 m light  | N/A                          | N/A             |
| 15                                      | Std + 5 m ext   | Std 15 m light               | Std 15 m heavy  |
| 20                                      | Std + 10 m ext  | 25 m assembly                | Std + 5 m ext   |
| 25                                      | 25 m assembly   | 25 m assembly                | Std + 10 m ext  |
| 30                                      | 25 m + 5 m ext  | 25 m + 5 m ext               | 25 m + 5 m ext  |
| 35                                      | 25 m + 10 m ext | 25 m + 10 m ext              | 25 m + 10 m ext |

Refer to the packing list in *Section 1.2* for cable part numbers

**Note:** This table applies to systems using the standard 1.5 m power cable. If you extend the power cable you may need to select different inter-unit cable(s), as discussed in the following section *Power Cable*.

#### Open array scanner cable

Heavy duty cables are available in 5 m, 15 m and 25 m lengths which should be sufficient to complete the cable run required on most small vessels. For longer runs, 5 m and 10 m extension cables are available, both have 4 power cores to minimise voltage drops over the cable run and incorporate in-line moulded plugs.

The maximum inter-unit cable length is limited by the minimum supply voltage and the scanner type.

### 12 V Systems

For vessels with 12 V power systems, the recommended cable(s) for different run lengths are given in the following table, which assumes a minimum supply voltage of 10.7 V (the lowest voltage likely to be reached by a 12 V battery in normal marine use). **Do not use cable combinations that are not included in the table.**

#### Recommended Open Array Inter-Unit Cable(s) for Vessels with 12 V Power Systems

| Inter-Unit Cable Length Required (m) | 4 kW Scanners              |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 5                                    | 5m heavy                   |
| 15                                   | 15 m heavy                 |
| 15                                   | 5 m heavy + 10 m extension |

**Note:** This table applies to systems using the standard 1.5 m power cable. If you extend the power cable you may need to select different inter-unit cable(s), as discussed in the following section *Power Cable*.

Refer to the packing list in *Section 1.2* for cable part numbers

### 24 V and 32 V Systems

For vessels with 24 V and 32 V power systems, any combination of inter-unit cable up to a maximum length of 35 m can be used.

## Power cable - radome scanners

The radome radar systems are intended for use on ships' DC power systems operating in the 10.7 to 32 V DC range (that is, 12 V and 24 V systems, not 32 V systems). A 1.5 m (5 ft) power cable is supplied (with the display unit) for connecting the ship's DC power to the radar scanner via the display unit. Refer to the HSB Series Display Owner's Handbook for details on connecting this cable. This section provides details for extending the length of the power cable.

If a longer power cable run is required, use the supplied power cable to connect to the display unit. Then use a suitable connector block to connect the free end to the extension cable. The supplied power cable has a cross-section of 2.0 mm<sup>2</sup>.

**Note:** For vessels with 24 V power systems, the power cable may be extended by up to 20 m using a wire gauge of 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16) or greater, irrespective of the inter-unit cable length.

For vessels with *12 V power systems*, longer power cable runs may require larger wire gauges to minimise any voltage drop in the cable. The scanner type and the length and type of the inter-unit cable (see tables) also affect the wire gauge required for the extension power cable. In order to determine the correct supply cable size if the power cable must be extended, estimate the length of cable between the ship's main power source and the connector block, and then select the wire size indicated by the distance and inter-unit cable in the appropriate table following.

For example, you might have a 24" scanner, with 20 m between the scanner and display unit, that you plan to connect by extending the supplied 15 m heavy inter-unit cable with a 5 m extension cable. In addition, your 12 V power supply might be 10 m from the display unit, requiring an extension of 8.5 m. To determine the wire gauge required for the power cable extension, refer to the table for the 24" scanner, go to the row labelled *15 m Heavy + 5 m ext*, and read across until you come to a maximum cable length greater than 8.5 m. This is the 10 m entry, in the column for 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> wire gauge.

#### Maximum Extension Power Cable Lengths (m), 12 V Systems with 18" Radome Scanner

| Inter-Unit Cable(s)   | Power Cable Core                 |           |           |           |           |           |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                       | mm <sup>2</sup> : 1.5<br>AWG: 16 | 2.0<br>15 | 2.5<br>14 | 4.0<br>11 | 6.0<br>10 | 10.0<br>7 |
| 10 m Light            | 5.0                              | 7.0       | 9.0       | 14.0      | 20.0      | 35.0      |
| 10 m Light + 5 m ext  | 1.0                              | 2.0       | 3.0       | 4.5       | 7.0       | 12.0      |
| 10 m Light + 10 m ext | Do NOT extend the power cable    |           |           |           |           |           |
| 15 m Light            | 1.0                              | 2.0       | 3.0       | 4.5       | 7.0       | 12.0      |
| 15 m Heavy            | 7.0                              | 10.0      | 13.0      | 20.0      | 30.0      | 50.0      |
| 15 m Heavy + 5 m ext  | 5.0                              | 7.0       | 10.0      | 15.0      | 25.0      | 40.0      |
| 25 m Heavy            | 4.5                              | 6.0       | 8.0       | 12.0      | 20.0      | 35.0      |
| 25 m Heavy + 5 m ext  | 3.5                              | 4.5       | 6.0       | 9.0       | 15.0      | 25.0      |
| 25 m Heavy + 10 m ext | 2.0                              | 3.0       | 4.0       | 6.0       | 9.0       | 15.0      |

**Note:** *If you have an 18" radome scanner, and the wire gauge required for your extended power cable is unacceptably large, you should replace the supplied light (2 power core) inter-unit cable with the 25 m heavy (4 power core) inter-unit cable assembly (see table).*

### Maximum Extension Power Cable Lengths (m), 12 V Systems with 24" Radome Scanner

| Inter-Unit Cable(s)   | Power Cable Core |                               |     |     |      |      |      |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|------|
|                       | mm²:             | 1.5                           | 2.0 | 2.5 | 4.0  | 6.0  | 10.0 |
|                       | AWG:             | 16                            | 15  | 14  | 11   | 10   | 7    |
| 15 m Heavy            |                  | 5.0                           | 7.0 | 9.0 | 14.0 | 20.0 | 35.0 |
| 15 m Heavy + 5 m ext  |                  | 4.0                           | 5.0 | 6.0 | 10.0 | 15.0 | 25.0 |
| 15 m Heavy + 10 m ext |                  | 2.0                           | 3.0 | 4.0 | 7.0  | 10.0 | 17.0 |
| 25 m Heavy            |                  | 2.0                           | 3.0 | 4.0 | 7.0  | 10.0 | 17.0 |
| 25 m Heavy + 5 m ext  |                  | 1.0                           | 1.5 | 2.0 | 3.0  | 4.0  | 8.0  |
| 25 m Heavy + 10 m ext |                  | Do NOT extend the power cable |     |     |      |      |      |

## Power cable - open array scanners

The 48" 4 kW open array scanner is intended for use on ships' DC power systems operating in the 10.7 to 44 V DC range (that is, 12 V, 24 V and 32 V systems). Open array scanners draw considerable power from the vessels power source, especially in high wind speeds. It is essential for reliable operation that the unit is supplied with a low resistance power cable system, especially when operated from a 12 V power system.

### CAUTION

**Do not use the 48" Open Array Scanner with an SL70 or Autohelm 7" LCD display unit. Failure to observe this may result in permanent damage to the display unit.**

## 12 V systems

Extensions to the supplied power cable must be kept to a minimum and the power should be fed directly from the output of the battery isolator switch via its own dedicated cable system. It is recommended that no additional power switch is included in this power cable.

### CAUTION

**The display unit does not include a fuse for scanner power, so an in-line fuse or circuit breaker rated at 20 A MUST be included in the power cable.**

All power connections must be of high quality to minimise their resistance and to remove the risk of accidental shorts. Recommended maximum power cable extensions are given in the table below. These figures relate to the total cable extension, from the end of the supplied 1.5 m power cable to the system battery terminals. Do not exceed these lengths as unreliable operation may result.

### Maximum Extension Power Cable Lengths (m), 12 V Systems with 48" 4 kW Scanners

|                   |      | Power Cable Core Size (each core) |     |      |  |
|-------------------|------|-----------------------------------|-----|------|--|
|                   |      | 6.0                               | 8.0 | 10.0 |  |
| mm <sup>2</sup> : | 4.0  | 6.0                               | 8.0 | 10.0 |  |
| AWG:              | 11   | 10                                | 8   | 7    |  |
|                   | <3.0 | 4.5                               | 6.0 | 7.5  |  |

**Note:** If the required extension results in unacceptably large diameter cables, use two or more smaller gauge wires to achieve the required copper wire cross-section. For example, using two pairs of 2 mm<sup>2</sup> is equivalent to using two single 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> cables.

### 24 V and 32 V systems

These systems are less sensitive than 12 V systems to voltage loss in the power cables. However, it is still necessary to use adequate cables to prevent excessive power loss. The table below gives the recommended wire gauge for different power cable extension lengths. Raytheon recommends that power is fed directly from the output of the battery isolator switch via its own dedicated cable system.

#### CAUTION

**The display unit does not include a fuse for scanner power, so an in-line fuse or circuit breaker rated at 10 A MUST be included in the power cable.**

### Maximum Extension Power Cable Lengths (m), 12 V Systems with 48" 4 kW Scanners

|                   |      | Power Cable Core Size (each core) |     |     |      |
|-------------------|------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|------|
|                   |      | 4.0                               | 6.0 | 8.0 | 10.0 |
| mm <sup>2</sup> : | 2.0  | 4.0                               | 6.0 | 8.0 | 10.0 |
| AWG:              | 14   | 11                                | 10  | 8   | 7    |
|                   | <8.0 | 16.0                              | 24  | 32  | 35   |

**Note:** If the required extension results in unacceptably large diameter cables, use two or more smaller gauge wires to achieve the required copper wire cross-section. For example, using two pairs of 2 mm<sup>2</sup> is equivalent to using two single 4.0 mm<sup>2</sup> cables.

## Chapter 2: Installing the Scanner

### 2.1 Radome scanner

#### Securing the radome scanner to the mounting surface

##### CAUTION

The drain tube must always be used, but may be shortened if necessary

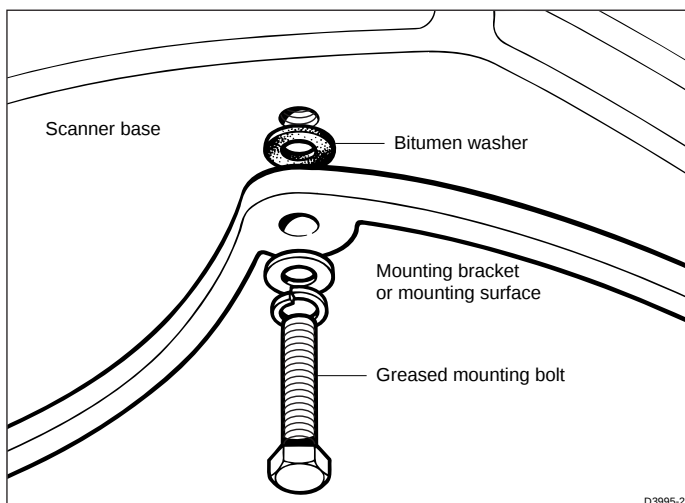
1. Using the paper template supplied with the scanner mounting kit, mark the flat mounting surface with the mounting holes and drain tube hole, and drill the holes as indicated on the template.

If it is impractical to drill a hole for the drain tube, then the scanner unit should be mounted on 4 suitable spacers 10 mm high and the drain tube length reduced by 10 mm. It will then be clear of the flat surface and can still perform its function.

**Note:** If you are using a Raytheon mast mount bracket, the surface is pre-prepared.

**Note:** If you are mounting the scanner on a flat surface, you may find it easier to fit the drain tube, as described in the following section, before securing the scanner.

2. Position the scanner on the mounting surface, ensuring that the cable inlet is pointing aft.
3. Locate the bolts and washers supplied with the scanner, grease the bolts, and secure the scanner to the mounting surface as shown in the following diagram.



You may need to use longer M8 mounting bolts to secure the scanner if you have used shims to lower the radar beam.

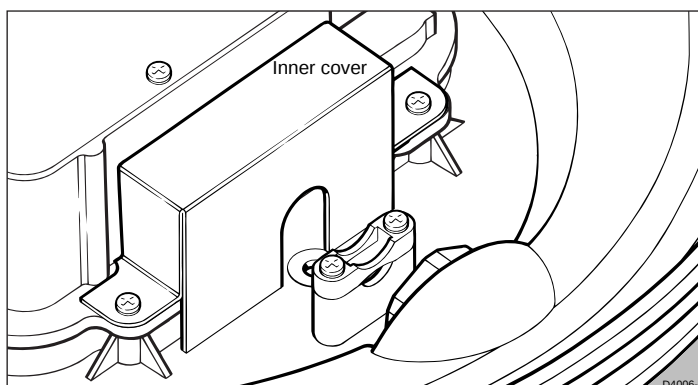
## Connecting the radome scanner inter-unit cable

### CAUTION:

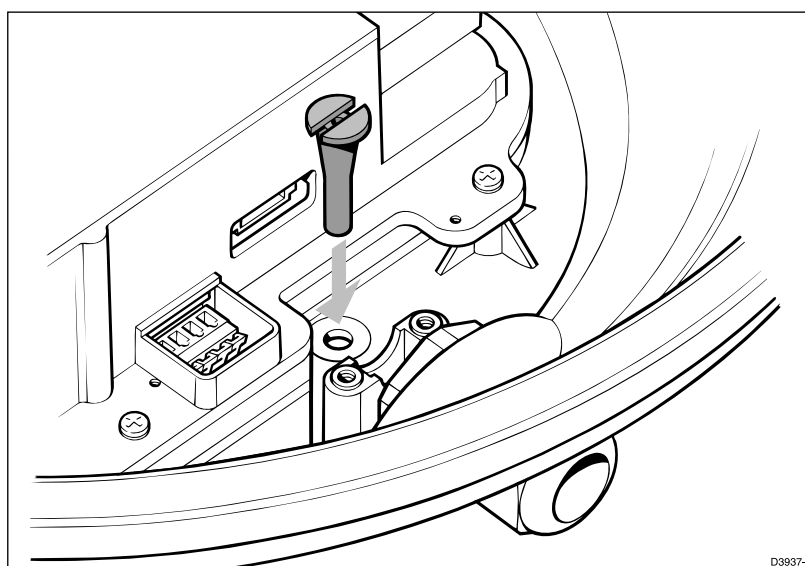
**Before wiring the scanner unit, make sure that the inter-unit cable is not connected and power is not applied to the display unit.**

When you have run the inter-unit cable to the scanner location, connect the cable as follows:

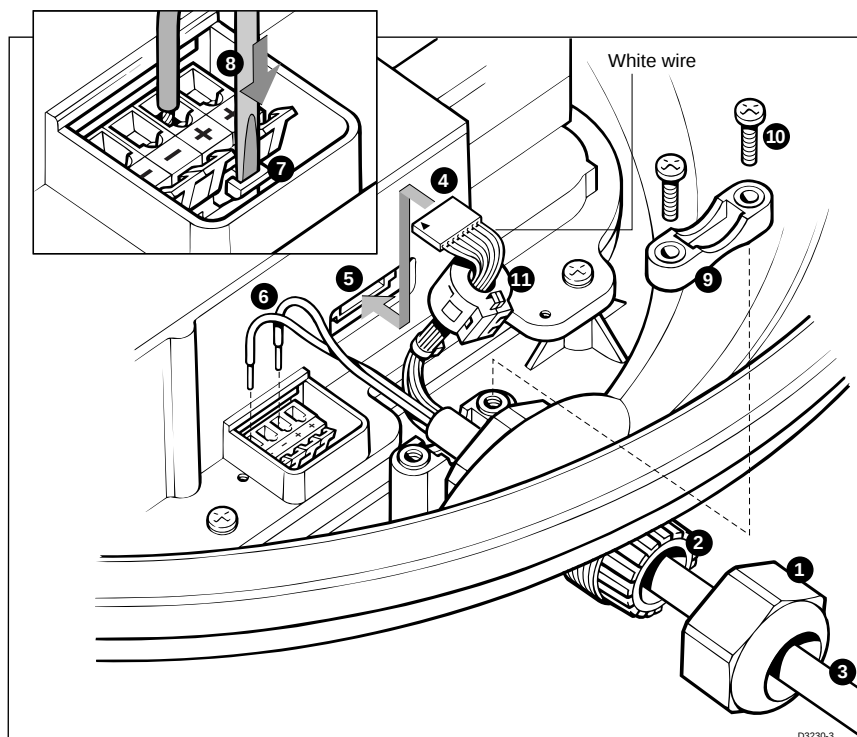
1. Loosen the 4 (18") or 7 (24") screws securing the scanner cover. These screws are captive and should remain assembled to the lower flange assembly. Press the radome inwards to release the top. This breaks the seal and makes removal easier.
2. To avoid losing the scanner cover, tie the cord, attached to the inside of the base of the scanner, to the eye provided in the cover.
3. If you have a 24" scanner, unscrew and remove the inner cover:



4. Remove the drain tube from inside the base of the scanner, and insert it into the drain hole as shown in the following diagram. Pull the tube gently from outside the scanner so that it clips into place.



5. Referring to the following illustration, remove the securing nut (1) from the watertight gland and grommet (2), where the inter-unit cable (3) will enter the base.



1 Securing nut 2 Gland 3 Inter-unit cable 4 Eight-way plug 5 Eight-way socket 6 Power cores (2 or 4) 7 Terminal clamp 8 Screwdriver 9 Cable clamp 10 Cable clamp screws 11 Ferrite clamp

6. Slide the gland nut onto the inter-unit cable (3), and insert the cable, still covered by its protective sleeve, through the gland into the base.
7. Cut and remove the protective sleeve to expose the 8-way plug (4) and power cores (6).
8. If the scanner is connected to an HSB Series Pathfinder Radar display, fit the ferrite clamp (11), supplied loose with the display unit, as follows:

#### CAUTION

**If any wires are damaged when the clamp is fitted, the scanner unit will not function correctly.**

- the ferrite clamp is supplied open. If the clamp has been closed, insert a small, flat-blade screwdriver into the slots at the end of the clamp opposite the hinge and twist gently.
- Position one-half of the clamp around the eight cores of the inter-unit cable between the 8-way plug (4) and the cable clamp, as close to the 8-way plug as possible. (It may be necessary to fit the clamp over the

cable tie closest to the 8-way plug – this will not affect the ferrite clamp's function).

**Note:** *on the 24" scanner, the clamp must be contained inside the inner cover.*

- With the clamp positioned correctly, close the clamp ensuring none of the cores are trapped by the hinge, latch or the ferrite itself.
9. Connect the 8-way plug (4) to the connector (5). The correct fitting is with the small arrow marked on the body of the plug facing upwards and to the left hand side. The grey wire will then be at the left hand side and the white wire will be at the right hand side.
  10. Connect the red and black power cores (6).

If you have a 10 m or light 15 m inter-unit cable, there is one pair of cores. Connect the red cable lead to one of the terminal sockets marked "+", and the black cable lead to one of the sockets marked "-".

If you have a heavy 15 m inter-unit cable, there are two pairs of cores. Connect the red cable leads to the terminal sockets marked "+", and the black cable leads to the terminal sockets marked "-", with one lead in each socket.

The terminal clamps (7) are operated using a screwdriver (8), as shown in the inset diagram on the previous page.

#### CAUTION:

**Do not earth the cable screen to the scanner. The radar system is earthed via the display unit.**

11. Secure the nut (1) on the watertight gland, making sure that it grips the cable's outer sheath.
12. Secure the cable with the cable clamp (9), using the two screws (10) provided. The clamp can be installed either way up, depending on the thickness of the cable: use the position that matches the profile of the cable.

#### CAUTION

**It is essential that the drain tube is fitted and that the nut on the watertight gland is adequately tightened. If this is not done, water could become trapped in the scanner and cause irreparable damage.**

13. Tighten the securing nut (1) again to ensure a waterproof seal.
14. If you have a 4D scanner, replace the inner cover over the connectors.
15. **Untie the cord from the scanner cover, and coil it up in the base of the scanner unit so that it cannot foul the rotating antenna.**
16. Replace the scanner cover, aligning the mark on the cover with the mark on the scanner base above the cable gland, and tighten the 4 or 7 captive screws. **Do not over-tighten these screws.**

## 2.2 Open array scanner

Installation of the open array scanner should only be undertaken by a competent installer. If you have any difficulty with the installation, please contact your local Raytheon Marine dealer.

The open array scanner is supplied in two sections; the pedestal unit and the antenna. The pedestal unit is secured from below the mounting platform. The open array is then secured to the pedestal. Full details for mounting the scanner are given below.

### CAUTION

**The pedestal unit has a protective cap fitted over the open array mounting shaft. This cap must be left in place until the open array is fitted to the pedestal in order to protect the co-axial pin which protrudes from the pedestal.**

### WARNING

**The open array scanner weighs 30 kg. For safety reasons it is recommended that the unit is not lifted by one person.**

**The unit is fitted with lifting eyes (maximum SWL 40 kg) to facilitate the use of standard lifting accessories, e.g. rope, chain or strop. The safe working load (SWL) of the lifting accessories should be 150 kg. Suitable lifting equipment could include a crane, hoist, or an appropriate rigid, overhead structure.**

**Alternatively, the unit is suitable for a two person lift. Care should be taken to ensure that each person is standing on a stable surface, and that the pedestal is held carefully to ensure it cannot slip.**

**The T-bar beneath the open array antenna can be used to aid lifting. You should never lift the scanner by holding onto the open array antenna.**

## Securing the pedestal to the mounting platform

1. Using the paper template supplied with the scanner mounting kit, mark the flat mounting surface with the holes and drill as indicated on the template. Refer to *Section 1.2* when selecting the scanner unit site.
2. Stick the four self-adhesive bitumen washers over the mounting holes.
3. Ensure the lifting eyes are securely fitted to the top of the pedestal, and the yellow protective cap is in place.
4. Grease the studs. Using two nuts locked together on the stud, screw each studs into the pedestal until they bottom out. Remove these two nuts and secure the studs with the fixings as shown in the following illustration.

**Note:** *If the studding supplied is not long enough, use M10 stainless steel, grade A4 studding of a suitable length. Refer to the following illustration for details.*

5. Using suitable lifting equipment, raise the pedestal over the mounting surface. Carefully lower into position, taking care that the studs pass through the holes without damaging the threads. Ensure that the cable inlet is pointing aft.

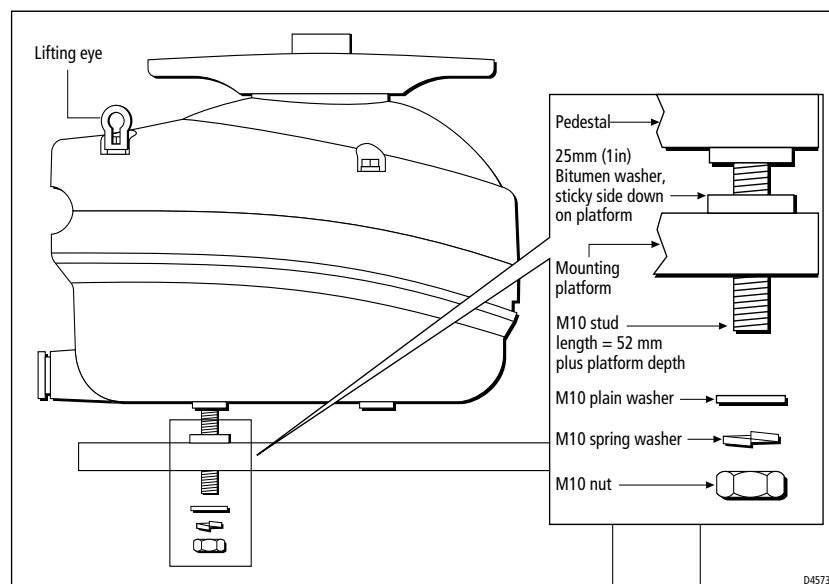
### WARNING

**Support the pedestal unit until it has been secured to the mounting platform. It is important that all four sets of nuts and washers are used to secure the pedestal to the mounting platform.**

6. Referring to the following illustration, use the four nuts and associated washers supplied to secure the pedestal.

Grease the nuts.

If required, cut-off any excess stud.



## Connecting the open array scanner inter-unit cable

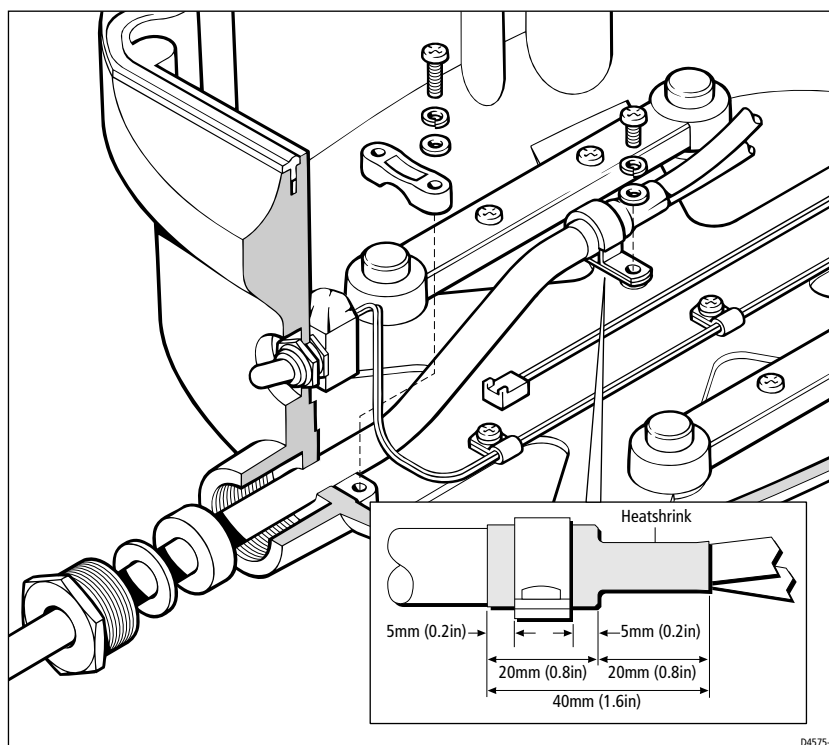
### CAUTION:

Before wiring the scanner unit check that it is securely mounted to the platform, then make sure that the inter-unit cable is not connected and power is not applied to the display unit. The scanner switch must be in the OFF position.

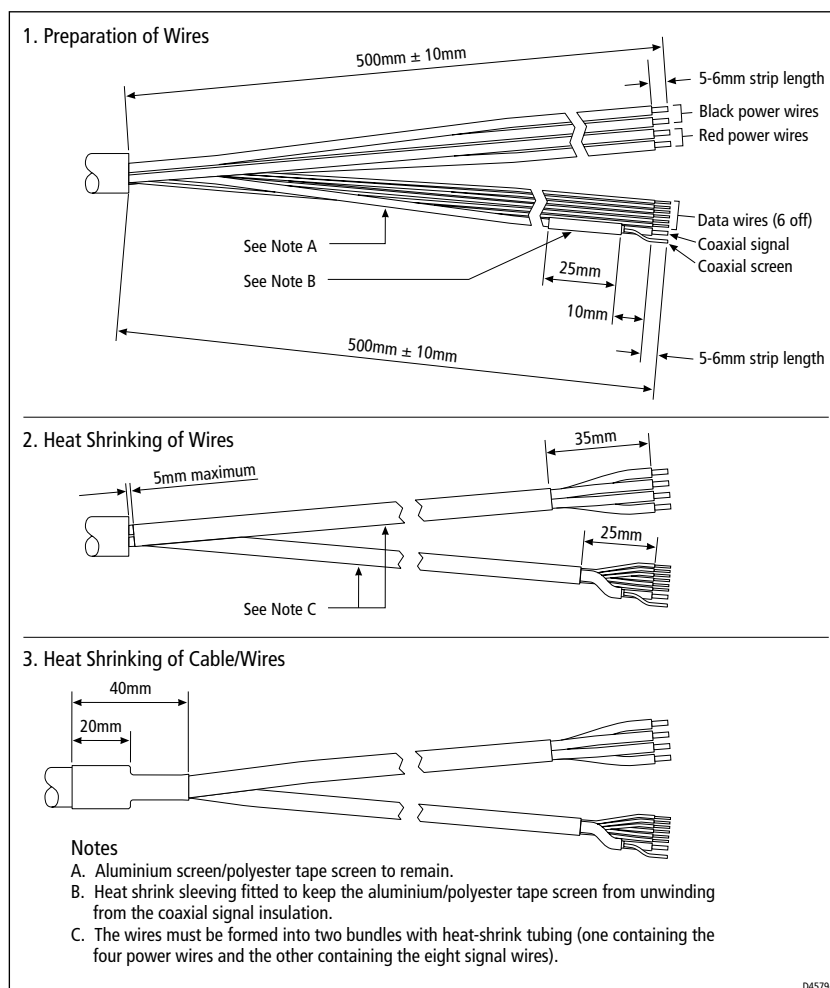
1. Loosen the four self-retaining bolts securing the pedestal lid to the base. Pull-up and turn the bolts anti-clockwise to lock them in the upright position. Remove the lifting eyes.

**Note:** Retain the lifting eyes: they will be required if the scanner is removed from its platform.

2. Open the pedestal lid. Ensure the securing stay has automatically locked into position.
3. Referring to the following illustration, remove the cable gland nut, washer and grommet from the watertight gland, where the inter-unit cable will enter the base.
4. Slide the cable through the gland nut, washer and grommet, then into the base. Clamp into position, ensuring the section of main cable covered in yellow heatshrink is clamped.



4. The cable is supplied prepared and ready to fit to the signal and power connectors. If you need to cut the cable to length, strip off the protective outer sleeve then use the supplied kit to prepare the cable as detailed in the illustration below.

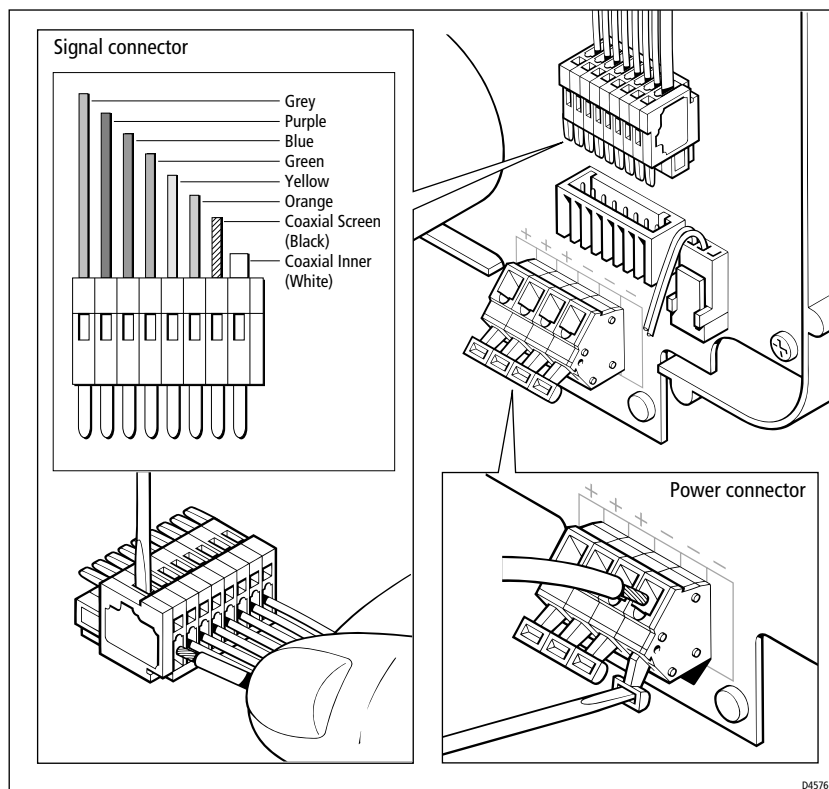


### CAUTION:

**If any of the wires are incorrectly fitted, the scanner will not function correctly.**

Remove the 8-way plug from the signal connector and fit to the cable as shown in the following diagram. The terminal clamps are operated using a screwdriver as shown in the diagram. Alternatively, you can leave the connector in position whilst connecting the cable, you should then remove the connector and visually check each wire connection.

Re-connect to the plug. When correctly fitted the white wire (co-axial) will be at the outer edge of the unit.



5. Connect the red and black power cores. Connect the red cable leads to the terminal sockets marked “+”, and the black cable leads to the terminal socket marked “-”, with one lead in each socket. The terminal clamps are operated using a screwdriver as shown in the inset diagram.

**CAUTION:**

**Do not earth the cable screen to the scanner. The radar system is earthed via the display unit.**

6. Using the tie-wrap fitting on the pedestal lid, secure the cable.
7. Close the pedestal lid, ensuring that the cable does not become trapped. Tighten the four self-retaining bolts.

## Fitting the open array to the pedestal

### CAUTION

The pedestal unit has a protective cap fitted over the open array mounting shaft. This cap must be left in place until the open array is fitted to the pedestal in order to protect the co-axial pin which protrudes from the pedestal.

1. Remove the yellow cap from the open array shaft. Retain the cap, it will be required if the open array is removed from the pedestal.
2. Grease the four securing studs.

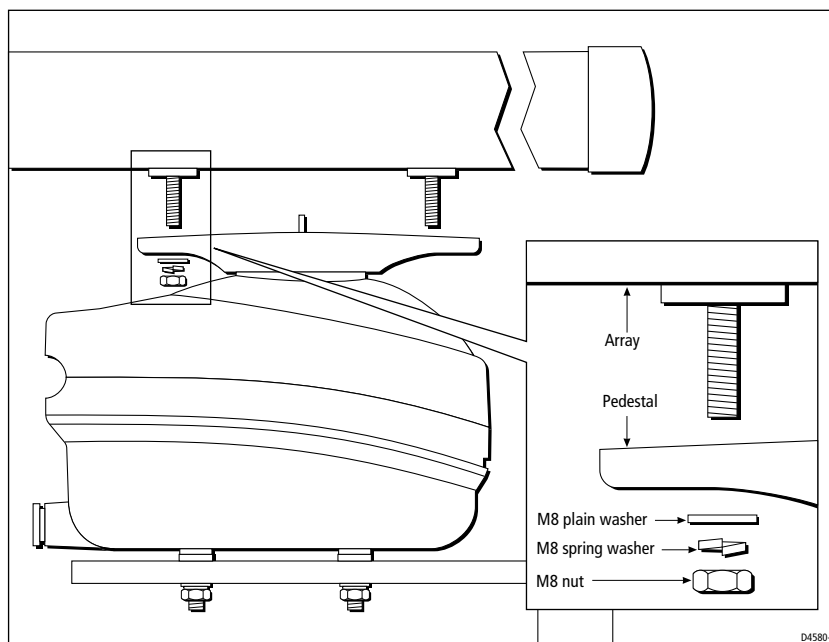
### CAUTION

If the pin is damaged during the following operation you should contact your service dealer.

3. Lift the open array into position. Carefully lower the array - to prevent damage to the mounting pin, ensure the array remains parallel to the pedestal so that the studs slot into the holes on the pedestal mounting bracket.

**Note:** The open array mounting bracket is designed so that the array can only be fitted to the pedestal in the correct orientation.

4. Use the four nuts and associated washers supplied to secure the array to the pedestal as shown in the diagram below.



## 2.3 System connections

### DC power connection

Power is supplied to the scanner via the display unit; the power cable is supplied with the display unit, refer to your display unit *Owner's Handbook* for details on connecting power. However, you should be aware of the following.

The DC system should be either:

- Negative grounded, with the negative battery terminal connected to the ship's ground.
- Floating, with neither battery terminal connected to the ship's ground.

**CAUTION:**

**This radar is not intended for use on “positive” ground vessels.**

**The power cable Earth screen connections must be connected to the ship's ground.**

#### Grounding the radar system

It is important that an effective RF ground is connected to the radar system. You must ground the radar by connecting the drain wire (screen) of the Power/ NMEA Input cable to the nearest ground point of the ship's RF ground system. Refer to your display unit *Owner's Handbook* for details.

**Note:** *Use only this ground connection.*

#### Radome systems

The Radome radar system is intended for use on ships' DC power systems operating in the 10.7 to 32 V dc range (12 V and 24 V systems, not 32 V systems). The connections should be made at a DC power distribution panel, through an isolation switch or circuit breaker that is fused or trips at not greater than 10 A. Check that all connection terminals are clean.

**CAUTION:**

**If you do not have a breaker in your power circuit, you must fit an in-line 6.3 A quick-blow fuse to the positive (red) lead of the power cable.**

#### Open array systems

The 5S 48" open array radar system is intended for use on ships' DC power systems operating in the 10.7 to 44 V DC range (that is, 12 V, 24 V and 32 V systems). Raytheon recommends that power is fed directly from the output of the battery isolator switch via its own dedicated cable system.

**CAUTION**

**The display unit does not include a fuse for scanner power so an in-line fuse or circuit breaker, rated at 20 A for 12 V systems or 10 A for 24 V and 32 V systems, MUST be included in the positive supply lead (red) of the power cable.**

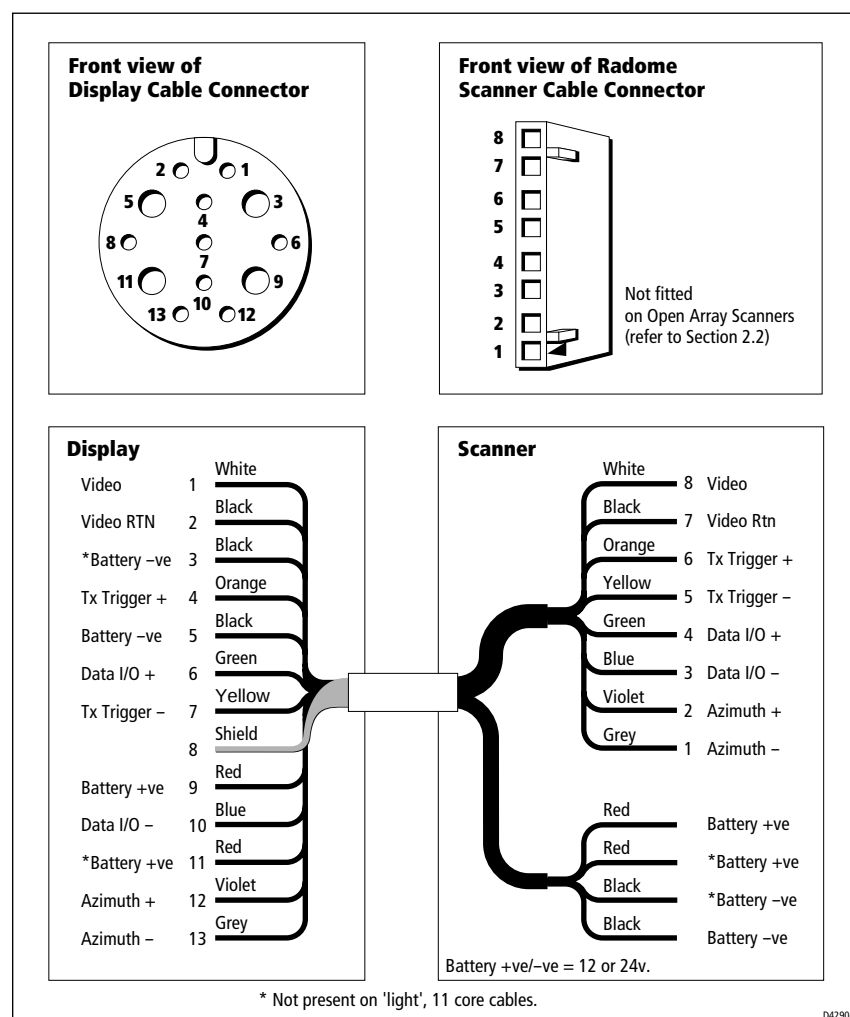
The open array scanner has a power switch fitted to the pedestal. This switch can normally be left ON. However, if the scanner is being serviced or if any personnel are in the vicinity of the open array, the switch should be set to OFF.

## Scanner connection

The inter-unit cable is connected to the scanner as described in *Sections 2.1 and 2.2*. If you are using an inter-unit extension cable, connect this to the display unit, and connect the supplied cable to the extension cable. The scanner connector pins are shown in the following diagram, together with the connections and core colours.

### CAUTION

**The display connector on the inter-unit cable is a moulded plug that cannot be replaced. DO NOT remove this moulded plug.**



## Display unit connection

### CAUTION

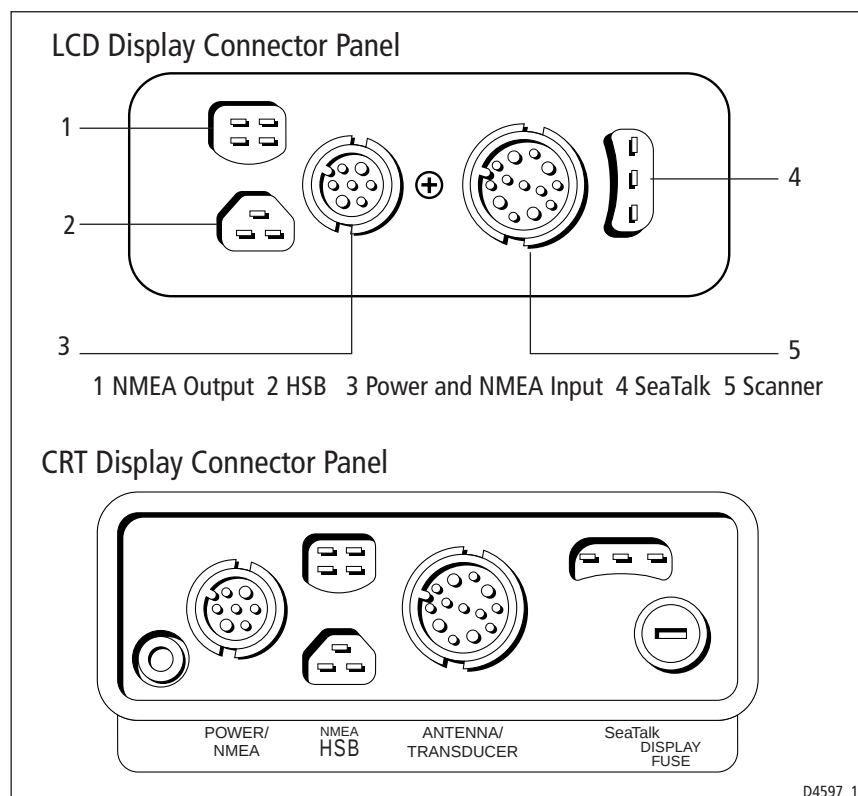
**Do not use the 48" open array scanner with an SL70 or Autohelm 7" LCD display unit. Failure to observe this may result in permanent damage to the display unit.**

The rear of the Pathfinder display provides the following connection sockets:

- **Scanner** connection
- **HSB**, for connecting to another HSB Series display (such as a chartplotter or second radar display) – not available on SL70 display
- **SeaTalk**, for SeaTalk data input and output and connecting to another HSB Series display (such as a chartplotter or second radar display)
- **NMEA Output** – not available on SL70 display:  
**Note:** *For the SL70 display, NMEA OUT can be selected instead of SeaTalk.*
- **Power/NMEA Input**, for 12 V, 24 V or 32 V (open array) DC power connection, two NMEA 0183 inputs and one RF ground (screen) connection.

Connect the scanner cable to the scanner connector (5) and power to the power/NMEA input connector (3).

Power and all other connector details are supplied in the display unit *Owner's Handbook*.





## Chapter 3: System Tests and Post Installation Alignment

Once you have installed your radar scanner and display unit, and made all the connections, you need to check your installation. You can then set up the radar system, align the scanner and check the display timing.

Set up, alignment and timing checks are performed from the radar system display unit. The procedures are outlined below; full details are provided in the display unit *Owner's Handbook*. You should read the Pathfinder radar display unit *Owner's Handbook* and familiarise yourself with the operation of the radar.

### System check

Before performing the functional test, check the following:

- All securing bolts are fully tightened and mechanical locking arrangements as specified are in place
- All connections have been made
- All connecting wires are secured and protected as necessary

**Note:** *If you are the boat owner and have performed the installation yourself, ask your authorised installation dealer to check the installation before going to sea.*

### Set up, alignment and timing checks

#### Switch on and initial set up

On the 48" open array scanner, ensure the power switch on the pedestal is set to ON.

To switch on the display unit, press and hold the **POWER** key until the unit beeps. The magnetron warm-up sequence should start, after which the unit should enter Standby mode.

If necessary, adjust the lighting and contrast.

If required, change the default language settings.

#### Checking transmission

##### WARNING:

**The radar scanner transmits electromagnetic energy. Ensure that the scanner has been installed according to the recommendations given in Chapter 1, and that all personnel are clear of the scanner, before switching to transmit mode.**

Run through the radar operations described in the display unit *Owner's Handbook* and check that all the expected data is displayed.

**Bearing alignment**

When the system is correctly installed, you must check the bearing alignment to ensure that targets appear at their correct bearing relative to the ship's bow, and adjust the alignment if necessary.

**Display timing adjustment**

The display timing can be affected by the length of the cable used to connect the scanner to the display unit. This in turn affects the short range accuracy shown on the display.

If you have extended your inter-unit cable, you will need to check the display timing before using the system for navigation.

## Appendix A: Specification

### 2D 18" Radome Scanner Unit

#### General

|                     |                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Approvals           |                                                                                                                                                        |
| CE - conforms to    | 89/336/EEC (EMC), EN60945:1997                                                                                                                         |
| FCC - conforms to   | Part 80 (47CFR) and Part 2 (47CFR)                                                                                                                     |
| Dimensions          | Φ468 x 227 mm (18.4 x 8.9 in)                                                                                                                          |
| Weight              | 6.5 kg (14.3 lbs)                                                                                                                                      |
| Input Voltage       | 8.7 - 32 V DC (from display unit)                                                                                                                      |
| Power Consumption   | 28 W (9 W Standby)                                                                                                                                     |
| Environmental       | Waterproof to CFR46<br>Temperature range: -10° to +55°C<br>Humidity limit: up to 95% at 35°C<br>Maximum wind speed for satisfactory operation: 100 Kts |
| Maximum Range Scale | 24 nm                                                                                                                                                  |

#### Transmitter

|                       |                                                                                                                          |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Transmitter Frequency | 9410 +/- 30 MHz                                                                                                          |
| Peak Power Output     | 2.0 kW (nominal)                                                                                                         |
| Transmitter           | Solid-state modulator driving Magnetron                                                                                  |
| Pulse Length/PRF      | 0.08μs/2250Hz (0.75 nm or less)<br>0.25 μs/1500 Hz (above 0.75 nm and less than 6 nm)<br>0.70 μs/750 Hz 6 nm or greater) |
| Standby Mode          | Magnetron heater and control left on, all other services off                                                             |
| Duplexer              | Circulator                                                                                                               |

#### Antenna

|                      |                               |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Antenna Type         | Patch array                   |
| Beam Width (nominal) | 5.1° horizontal, 25° vertical |
| Polarisation         | Horizontal                    |
| Antenna Side lobes   | Less than -22 dB              |
| Rotation Rate        | 24 rpm (nominal)              |

**Receiver**

|                         |                                                        |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| IF Frequency            | 60 MHz (nominal)                                       |
| Receiver Characteristic | Semi-log                                               |
| Receiver Noise Figure   | Less than 5 dB (including Low Noise Converter/Limiter) |
| Receiver Bandwidth      | Bandwidth 12/3/1 MHz                                   |

**4D 24" Radome Scanner Unit****General**

|                     |                                                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Approvals           |                                                                                                                                                        |
| CE - conforms to    | 89/336/EEC (EMC), EN60945:1997                                                                                                                         |
| FCC - conforms to   | Part 80 (47CFR) and Part 2 (47CFR)                                                                                                                     |
| Dimensions          | Φ599 x 227 mm (23.6 x 8.9 in)                                                                                                                          |
| Weight              | 7.5 kg (16.5 lbs)                                                                                                                                      |
| Input Voltage       | 8.7 - 32 V DC (from display unit)                                                                                                                      |
| Power Consumption   | 34 W (10 W Standby)                                                                                                                                    |
| Environmental       | Waterproof to CFR46<br>Temperature range: -10° to +55°C<br>Humidity limit: up to 95% at 35°C<br>Maximum wind speed for satisfactory operation: 100 Kts |
| Maximum Range Scale | 48 nm                                                                                                                                                  |

**Transmitter**

|                       |                                                                                                                           |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Transmitter Frequency | 9410 +/- 30 MHz                                                                                                           |
| Peak Power Output     | 4.0 kW (nominal)                                                                                                          |
| Transmitter           | Solid-state modulator driving Magnetron                                                                                   |
| Pulse Length/PRF      | 0.08μs/2250Hz (0.75 nm or less)<br>0.25 ms/1500 Hz (above 0.75 nm and less than 6 nm)<br>0.70 ms/750 Hz (6 nm or greater) |
| Standby Mode          | Magnetron heater and control left on, all other services off                                                              |
| Duplexer              | Circulator                                                                                                                |

**Antenna**

|                      |                               |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Antenna Type         | Patch array                   |
| Beam Width (nominal) | 3.9° horizontal, 25° vertical |
| Polarisation         | Horizontal                    |
| Antenna Side lobes   | Less than -22dB               |
| Rotation Rate        | 24 rpm (nominal)              |

**Receiver**

|                         |                                                        |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| IF Frequency            | 60 MHz (nominal)                                       |
| Receiver Characteristic | Semi-log                                               |
| Receiver Noise Figure   | Less than 5 dB (including Low Noise Converter/Limiter) |
| Receiver Bandwidth      | 12/3/1 MHz                                             |

**5S 48" Open Array Scanner Unit****General**

|                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Approvals<br>CE - conforms to<br>FCC - conforms to | 89/336/EEC (EMC), EN60945:1997<br>Part 80 (47CFR) and Part 2 (47CFR)                                                                                             |
| Dimensions                                         | Pedestal: 427 x 296 x 406 mm (16.8 x 10.5 x 16 in)<br>Array: 1306 mm (51.4 in) length                                                                            |
| Weight                                             | Pedestal: 24 kg<br>Array: 6 kg                                                                                                                                   |
| Input Voltage                                      | 7 - 44 V DC (from display unit)                                                                                                                                  |
| Power Consumption                                  | 9.2 W Standby<br>46 W Typical operation in light winds<br>61 W Max. operation in 50 Kt winds<br>96 W Max. operation in 100 Kt winds                              |
| Environmental                                      | Waterproof to CFR46<br>Operating Temperature range: -10° to +55°C<br>Humidity limit: up to 95% at 35°C<br>Maximum wind speed for satisfactory operation: 100 Kts |
| Maximum Range Scale                                | 72 nm                                                                                                                                                            |

### Transmitter

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Transmitter Frequency | 9410 +/– 30 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Peak Power Output     | 4 kW (nominal)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Transmitter           | Solid state modulator driving magnetron                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Pulse Length/PRF      | 0.06 µs/3,000 Hz (0.125 nm, 0.25 nm)<br>0.09 µs/3,000 Hz (0.50 nm, 0.125 nm exp, 0.25 exp)<br>0.15 µs/3,000 Hz (0.75 nm, 0.50 nm exp)<br>0.25 µs/3,000 Hz (0.75 nm exp)<br>0.35 µs/2,000 Hz (1.5 nm)<br>0.45 µs/1,600 Hz (3.0 nm, 1.5 nm exp)<br>0.60 µs/1,200 Hz (3.0 nm exp)<br>1.00 µs/740 Hz (6.0 nm or greater) |

**Note:**

*If the scanner is bought to use with an existing display, contact your dealer/service agent for the latest software.*

|              |                                                              |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| Standby Mode | Magnetron heater and control left on, all other services off |
| Duplexer     | Circulator                                                   |

### Antenna

|                      |                         |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Antenna Type         | Slotted waveguide array |
| Beam Width (nominal) | 1.85°                   |
| Polarisation         | Horizontal              |
| Antenna Side lobes   | Less than -22 dB        |
| Rotation Rate        | 24 rpm (nominal)        |

### Receiver

|                         |                                                                          |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IF Frequency            | 60 MHz (nominal)                                                         |
| Receiver Characteristic | Semi-log                                                                 |
| Receiver Noise Figure   | Less than 5 dB<br>(including Low Noise Converter/Inverter & IF Receiver) |
| Receiver Bandwidth      | 12/3/0.7/0.5 MHz                                                         |

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## Warranty iii



## Limited Warranty Certificate

Raytheon Marine Company warrants each new Light Marine/Dealer Distributor Product to be of good materials and workmanship, and will repair or exchange any parts proven to be defective in material and workmanship under normal use for a period of 2 years/24 months from date of sale to end user, except as provided below.

Defects will be corrected by Raytheon Marine Company or an authorized Raytheon dealer. Raytheon Marine Company will, except as provided below, accept labor cost for a period of 2 years/24 months from the date of sale to end user. During this period, except for certain products, travel costs (auto mileage and tolls) up to 100 round trip highway miles and travel time of 2 hours, will be assumed by Raytheon Marine Company only on products where proof of installation or commission by authorised service agents, can be shown.

### Warranty Limitations

Raytheon Marine Company Warranty policy does not apply to equipment which has been subjected to accident, abuse or misuse, shipping damage, alterations, corrosion, incorrect and/or non-authorized service, or equipment on which the serial number has been altered, mutilated or removed.

Except where Raytheon Marine Company or its authorized dealer has performed the installation, it assumes no responsibility for damage incurred during installation.

This Warranty does not cover routine system checkouts or alignment/calibration, unless required by replacement of part(s) in the area being aligned.

A suitable proof of purchase, showing date, place, and serial number must be made available to Raytheon Marine Company or authorized service agent at the time of request for Warranty service.

Consumable items, (such as: Chart paper, lamps, fuses, batteries, styli, stylus/drive belts, radar mixer crystals/diodes, snap-in impeller carriers, impellers, impeller bearings, and impeller shaft) are specifically excluded from this Warranty.

Magnetrons, Cathode Ray Tubes (CRT), hailer horns and transducers are warranted for 1 year/12 months from date of sale. These items must be returned to a Raytheon Marine Company facility.

All costs associated with transducer replacement, other than the cost of the transducer itself, are specifically excluded from this Warranty.

Overtime premium labor portion of services outside of normal working hours is not covered by this Warranty.

Travel cost allowance on certain products with a suggested retail price below \$2500.00 is not authorized. When/ or if repairs are necessary, these products must be forwarded to a Raytheon Marine Company facility or an authorized dealer at owner's expense will be returned via surface carrier at no cost to the owner.

Travel costs other than auto mileage, tolls and two (2) hours travel time, are specifically excluded on all products. Travel costs which are excluded from the coverage of this Warranty include but are not limited to: taxi, launch fees, aircraft rental, subsistence, customs, shipping and communication charges etc..

Travel costs, mileage and time, in excess to that allowed must have prior approval in writing.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH STATE AND FEDERAL LAW:

(1) THIS WARRANTY IS STRICTLY LIMITED TO THE TERMS INDICATED HEREIN, AND NO OTHER WARRANTIES OR REMEDIES SHALL BE BINDING ON RAYTHEON MARINE COMPANY INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

(2) Raytheon Marine Company shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special (including punitive or multiple) damages.

All Raytheon Marine Company products sold or provided hereunder are merely aids to navigation. It is the responsibility of the user to exercise discretion and proper navigational skill independent of any Raytheon equipment.

44592-4  
9th November 1998

**United States of America**

Raytheon Marine Company  
Recreational Products  
676 Island Pond Road  
Manchester, NH 03109-5420  
U.S.A.

Tel 603-647-7530  
Fax 603-634-4756

**UK, Europe, Middle East, Far East**

Raytheon Marine Company  
Recreational Products  
Anchorage Park, Portsmouth  
PO3 5TD, England

Tel (44) 1705 693611  
Fax (44) 1705 694642  
Fax Customer support (44) 1705 661228

## Raytheon

### Factory Service Centers

**United States of America**

Raytheon Marine Company  
address as above

**UK, Europe, Middle East, Far East**

Raytheon Marine Company  
address as above

Stick barcode label here

Purchased from

Purchase date

Dealer Address

Installed by

Installation date

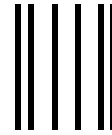
Commissioned by

Commissioning date

Owner's name

Mailing address

This portion of card should be completed and retained by the owner.



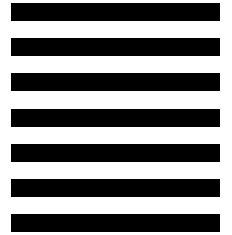
NO POSTAGE  
NECESSARY  
IF MAILED  
IN THE  
UNITED STATES

# BUSINESS REPLY MAIL

FIRST CLASS MAIL PERMIT NO. 369 MANCHESTER NH

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

Attn: Warranty Department  
**Raytheon Marine Company**  
Recreational Products  
676 Island Pond Road  
Manchester NH 03109-9953  
USA



Note: This information is held by Raytheon Marine only and shall not be made available to any other companies. Raytheon Marine may send you mailshots/details of any new products.

Please tick this box ☐ if you do not wish to receive any further information from Raytheon Marine.

2



NO STAMP REQUIRED IF POSTED IN THE UK.

**Raytheon Marine Company**  
Recreational Products  
Freepost PT 1127  
Portsmouth  
PO3 5BR  
England





## North and South America

Detach and mail this portion within **48 hours**.

To validate the warranty, the customer or dealer must fill in the requested information below and mail to address shown on front.

Retain other portion for your records.

Stick barcode label here

Purchased from

Purchase date

Dealer address

Installed by

Installation date

Commissioned by

Commissioning date

Owner's name

Boat's name/Boat type/Location

Mailing address

Owner's occupation

## UK, Europe, Middle East and Far East

Detach and mail this portion within **48 hours**.

To validate the warranty, the customer or dealer must fill in the requested information below and mail to address shown on front.

Retain other portion for your records.

Stick barcode label here

Purchased from

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Installed by

Installation date

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