

# SAR Test Report

## Test Report No. 14577971S-A

|                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| Customer            | CANON INC.          |
| Description of EUT  | Wireless Microphone |
| Model Number of EUT | DS586233 (Master)   |
| FCC ID              | AZD250              |
| Test Regulation     | FCC 47CFR 2.1093    |
| Test Result         | Complied            |
| Issue Date          | March 18, 2024      |
| Remarks             | -                   |

|                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Representative Test Engineer</b>                                                                                                                                        | <b>Approved By</b>                                                                                                    |
| <br>Hiroshi Naka<br>Engineer                                                            | <br>Toyokazu Imamura<br>Engineer |
|   |                                                                                                                       |
| CERTIFICATE 1266.03                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> The testing in which "Non-accreditation" is displayed is outside the accreditation scopes in UL Japan, Inc.                                       |                                                                                                                       |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> There is no testing item of "Non-accreditation".                                                                                       |                                                                                                                       |

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- The information provided from the applicant for this report is identified in Section 1.
- The laboratory is not responsible for information provided by the customer which can impact the validity of the results.

# REVISION HISTORY

Original Test Report No.: 14577971S-A

| Revision     | Test Report No. | Date           | Page Revised Contents |
|--------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| - (Original) | 14577971S-A     | March 18, 2024 | -                     |

**Reference : Abbreviations (Including words undescribed in this report)** (radio\_r0v09s06\_230726)

|                |                                                                 |             |                                                        |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| A2LA           | The American Association for Laboratory Accreditation           | JAB         | Japan Accreditation Board                              |
| AC             | Alternating Current                                             | LAN         | Local Area Network                                     |
| AFH            | Adaptive Frequency Hopping                                      | LIMS        | Laboratory Information Management System               |
| AM             | Amplitude Modulation                                            | MCS         | Modulation and Coding Scheme                           |
| Amp, AMP       | Amplifier                                                       | MIMO        | Multiple Input Multiple Output (Radio)                 |
| ANSI           | American National Standards Institute                           | MPE         | Maximum Permissible Exposure                           |
| Ant, ANT       | Antenna                                                         | MRA         | Mutual Recognition Arrangement                         |
| AP             | Access Point                                                    | MU-MIMO     | Multi-User Multiple Input Multiple Output (Radio)      |
| APD            | Absorbed Power Density                                          | N/A         | Not Applicable, Not Applied                            |
| ASK            | Amplitude Shift Keying                                          | NII         | National Information Infrastructure (Radio)            |
| Atten., ATT    | Attenuator                                                      | NIST        | National Institute of Standards and Technology         |
| AV             | Average                                                         | NR          | New Radio                                              |
| BPSK           | Binary Phase-Shift Keying                                       | NS          | No signal detect.                                      |
| BR             | Bluetooth Basic Rate                                            | NSA         | Normalized Site Attenuation                            |
| BT             | Bluetooth                                                       | OBW         | Occupied Band Width                                    |
| BT LE          | Bluetooth Low Energy                                            | OFDM        | Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing             |
| BW             | BandWidth                                                       | PD          | Power Density                                          |
| Cal Int        | Calibration Interval                                            | P/M         | Power meter                                            |
| CCK            | Complementary Code Keying                                       | PCB         | Printed Circuit Board                                  |
| CDD            | Cyclic Delay Diversity                                          | PER         | Packet Error Rate                                      |
| CFR            | Code of Federal Regulations                                     | PHY         | Physical Layer                                         |
| Ch., CH        | Channel                                                         | PK          | Peak                                                   |
| CISPR          | Comite International Special des Perturbations Radioelectriques | PN          | Pseudo random Noise                                    |
| CW             | Continuous Wave                                                 | PRBS        | Pseudo-Random Bit Sequence                             |
| DBPSK          | Differential BPSK                                               | PSD         | Power Spectral Density                                 |
| DC             | Direct Current                                                  | QAM         | Quadrature Amplitude Modulation                        |
| D-factor       | Distance factor                                                 | QP          | Quasi-Peak                                             |
| DFS            | Dynamic Frequency Selection                                     | QPSK        | Quadrature Phase Shift Keying                          |
| DQPSK          | Differential QPSK                                               | RBW         | Resolution Band Width                                  |
| DSSS           | Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum                                 | RDS         | Radio Data System                                      |
| DUT            | Device Under Test                                               | RE          | Radio Equipment                                        |
| EDR            | Enhanced Data Rate                                              | RF          | Radio Frequency                                        |
| EIRP, e.i.r.p. | Equivalent Isotropically Radiated Power                         | RMS         | Root Mean Square                                       |
| EMC            | ElectroMagnetic Compatibility                                   | RSS         | Radio Standards Specifications                         |
| EMI            | ElectroMagnetic Interference                                    | RU          | Resource Unit                                          |
| EN             | European Norm                                                   | Rx          | Receiving                                              |
| ERP, e.r.p.    | Effective Radiated Power                                        | SA, S/A     | Spectrum Analyzer                                      |
| ETSI           | European Telecommunications Standards Institute                 | SAR         | Specific Absorption Rate                               |
| EU             | European Union                                                  | SDM         | Space Division Multiplexing                            |
| EUT            | Equipment Under Test                                            | SISO        | Single Input Single Output (Radio)                     |
| Fac.           | Factor                                                          | SG          | Signal Generator                                       |
| FCC            | Federal Communications Commission                               | SPLSR       | SAR to Peak Location Separation Ratio                  |
| FHSS           | Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum                               | SVSWR       | Site-Voltage Standing Wave Ratio                       |
| FM             | Frequency Modulation                                            | TER         | Total Exposure Ratio                                   |
| Freq.          | Frequency                                                       | TSL         | Tissue Simulation Liquid                               |
| FSK            | Frequency Shift Keying                                          | T/R         | Test Receiver                                          |
| GFSK           | Gaussian Frequency-Shift Keying                                 | Tx          | Transmitting                                           |
| GNSS           | Global Navigation Satellite System                              | U-NII       | Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (Radio) |
| GPS            | Global Positioning System                                       | URS         | Unintentional Radiator(s)                              |
| HE             | High Efficiency (e.g. IEEE 802.11ax20HE)                        | VBW         | Video BandWidth                                        |
| HT             | High Throughput (e.g. IEEE 802.11n20HT)                         | Vert.       | Vertical                                               |
| Hori.          | Horizontal                                                      | VHT         | Very High Throughput (e.g. IEEE 802.11ac20VHT)         |
| ICES           | Interference-Causing Equipment Standard                         | WLAN        | Wireless LAN                                           |
| IEC            | International Electrotechnical Commission                       | Wi-Fi, WiFi | Wireless LAN, trademarked by Wi-Fi Alliance            |
| IEEE           | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers               |             |                                                        |
| IF             | Intermediate Frequency                                          |             |                                                        |
| ILAC           | International Laboratory Accreditation Conference               |             |                                                        |
| IPD            | Incident Power Density                                          |             |                                                        |
| ISED           | Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada             |             |                                                        |
| ISO            | International Organization for Standardization                  |             |                                                        |

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## SECTION 1: Customer information

|                  |                                                       |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|
| Company Name     | CANON INC.                                            |
| Address          | 30-2,Shimomaruko 3-chome,Ohta-ku,Tokyo 146-8501,Japan |
| Telephone Number | +81-3-3757-4264                                       |
| Contact Person   | Tomohiro Suzuki                                       |

The information provided from the customer is as follows;

- Customer name, Company name, Type of Equipment, Model No., FCC ID on the cover and other relevant pages.
- SECTION 1: Customer information
- SECTION 2: Equipment under test (EUT)
- SECTION 4: Operation of EUT during testing
- Appendix 1: The part of Antenna location information, Description of EUT and Support Equipment

## SECTION 2: Equipment under test (EUT)

This report contains data provided by the customer which can impact the validity of results. UL Japan, Inc. is only responsible for the validity of results after the integration of the data provided by the customer. The data provided by the customer is marked "a)" in the table below.

### 2.1 Identification of EUT

|                        |                                                                                        |
|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Type                   | Wireless Microphone                                                                    |
| Model Number           | DS586233 (Master)                                                                      |
| Serial Number          | No.40                                                                                  |
| Rating                 | DC 1.8 V                                                                               |
| Condition of sample    | Engineering prototype (Not for sale: The sample is equivalent to mass-produced items.) |
| Receipt Date of sample | December 20, 2023 (for power measurement and SAR) (*. No modification by the Lab.)     |
| Test Date (SAR)        | January 9, 2024                                                                        |

### 2.2 Product Description

#### General

|                         |                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Feature of EUT          | Model number: DS586233 (referred to as the EUT in this report) is a Master of Wireless Microphone which has BLE function.                    |
| SAR Category Identified | Portable device (*. Since EUT may contact to a localized human body during wireless operation, the partial-body SAR (1g) shall be observed.) |
| SAR Accessory           | None                                                                                                                                         |

#### Radio specification

|                                        |                                       |                      |             |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Equipment type                         | Transceiver                           | Bluetooth version    | Version 5.2 |
| Frequency of operation                 | 2402 MHz ~2480 MHz                    | RF operating voltage | DC 1.8 V    |
| Antenna gain <sup>a)</sup> (max. gain) | -0.35 dBi (*including cable loss)     |                      |             |
| Antenna type / connector type          | Pattern antenna on PCB (no connector) |                      |             |

|                               |             |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Bluetooth                     | BT LE       |
| Data rate                     | 1 Mbps      |
| Channel spacing               | 2 MHz       |
| Number of channels            | 40          |
| Type of modulation / carrier  | GFSK / FHSS |
| Tune-up limit (maximum) power | 10 dBm      |

- \*. Tune-up limit (maximum) is conducted burst average power and is defined by a customer as Duty cycle 100% (continuous transmitting).
- \*. The measured output power (conducted) as SAR reference power refers to section 5 in this report.

## SECTION 3: Maximum SAR value, test specification and procedures

### 3.1 Summary of Maximum SAR Value

| Mode / Band    | Highest Reported SAR [W/kg]                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                              |                                        |                              |                                          |                              |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
|                | Partial-body<br>(Separation 0 mm, Flat phantom)                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                              | Head<br>(Separation 0 mm, SAM phantom) |                              | Limbs<br>(Separation 0 mm, Flat phantom) |                              |
|                | SAR type: SAR (1g)                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                              | SAR type: SAR (1g)                     |                              | SAR type: SAR (10g)                      |                              |
|                | Standalone                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Simultaneous<br>Transmission | Standalone                             | Simultaneous<br>Transmission | Standalone                               | Simultaneous<br>Transmission |
| Bluetooth      | 0.13                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | N/A                          | N/A                                    | N/A                          | N/A                                      | N/A                          |
| Limit applied  | Partial-body/Head: 1.6 W/kg (SAR (1g)), Limbs: 4 W/kg (SAR (10g)), for general population/uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR 2.1093.                                                                                               |                              |                                        |                              |                                          |                              |
| Test Procedure | Refer to Section 3.3 in this report. In addition;<br>UL Japan's SAR measurement work procedures No. ULID-003599 (13-EM-W0430).<br>UL Japan's SAR measurement equipment calibration and inspection work procedures No. ULID-003598 (13-EM-W0429). |                              |                                        |                              |                                          |                              |

### Conclusion

The SAR test values found for the device are separately below the maximum limit of 1.6 W/kg.

### 3.2 RF Exposure limit

| SAR Exposure Limit (100 kHz ~ 6 GHz)                 |                                                           |                                                   |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
|                                                      | General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure (*1)<br>[W/kg] | Occupational / Controlled Exposure (*2)<br>[W/kg] |
| Spatial Peak SAR (*3) (Whole Body)                   | 0.08                                                      | 0.4                                               |
| Spatial Peak SAR (*4) (Partial-Body, Head or Body)   | 1.6                                                       | 8                                                 |
| Spatial Peak SAR (*5) (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist) | 4                                                         | 20                                                |

\*. For the purpose of this Regulation, FCC has adopted the SAR and RF exposure limits established in FCC 47 CFR 1.1310: Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits.

\*1. General Population / Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

\*2. Occupational / Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

\*3. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

\*4. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

\*5. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

The limit applied to this device which tested in this report is;

|                                          |          |                                            |
|------------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------|
| Limit of Spatial Peak SAR (Partial-Body) | 1.6 W/kg | General population / uncontrolled exposure |
|------------------------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------|

### 3.3 Test specification

| Standard        | Description                                                                                                                                                                       | Version |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| 47 CFR 2.1093   | (Limit) Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices                                                                                                            | -       |
| ANSI/IEEE C95.1 | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz                                                        | 1992    |
| IEEE Std. 1528  | IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques. | 2013    |
| KDB 248227 D01  | SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) transmitters                                                                                                                                 | v02r02  |
| KDB 447498 D04  | Interim General RF Exposure Guidance                                                                                                                                              | v01     |
| KDB 447498 D03  | OET Bulletin 65, Supplement C Cross-Reference                                                                                                                                     | v01     |
| KDB 865664 D01  | SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz                                                                                                                                                  | v01r04  |
| KDB 865664 D02  | RF exposure compliance reporting and documentation considerations                                                                                                                 | v01r02  |
| KDB 388624 D02  | Pre-approval guidance list-APPENDIX OVER6G                                                                                                                                        | v18r03  |

\*. The measurement uncertainty budget is suggested by IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and determined by SPEAG, DASY8 Manual for Module SAR. Refer to Appendix3-3 for more details.

In addition to the above, the following information was used:

|                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| TCB workshop, 2016-10 | RF Exposure Procedure, DUT Holder Perturbations; When the highest reported SAR of an antenna is > 1.2 W/kg, holder perturbation verification is required for each antenna, using the highest SAR configuration among all applicable frequency bands. |
| TCB workshop, 2018-04 | Expedited Area Scans. (Including mother scans)                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| TCB workshop, 2019-04 | RF Exposure Procedure, 802.11ax SAR Testing                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| TCB workshop, 2019-10 | RF Exposure Procedure, Tissue Simulating Liquids (TSL)<br>-FCC has permitted the use of single head tissue simulating liquid specified in IEC 62209 for all SAR tests.<br>-If FCC parameters are used, 5 % tolerance. If IEC parameters, 10 %.       |

### 3.4 Addition, deviation and exclusion to the test procedure

No addition, exclusion nor deviation has been made from the test procedure.

### 3.5 Test Location

#### UL Japan, Inc., Shonan EMC Lab.

1-22-3 Megumigaoka, Hiratsuka-shi, Kanagawa-ken 259-1220 JAPAN  
Telephone number: +81 463 50 6400 / Facsimile number: +81 463 50 6401

\*. A2LA Certificate Number: 1266.03 (FCC Test Firm Registration Number: 626366, ISED Lab Company Number: 2973D / CAB identifier: JP0001)

| Place              | Width × Depth × Height (m) | Size of reference ground plane (m) / horizontal conducting plane |
|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| No.7 Shielded room | 2.76 × 3.76 × 2.4          | 2.76 × 3.76                                                      |

### 3.6 SAR measurement procedure

#### 3.6.1 SAR Definition

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SAR is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is shown in right.                                                         | $SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho \cdot dV} \right)$ |
| SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by the equation in right. SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg).<br>Where : σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m), ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³), E = RMS electric field strength in tissue (V/m) | $SAR = \frac{\sigma  E ^2}{\rho}$                                                                        |

#### 3.6.2 Full SAR measurement procedure

The SAR measurement procedures are as follows: (1) The EUT is installed engineering testing software that provides continuous transmitting signal; (2) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter; (3) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software; (4) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band; (5) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

- \* According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:  
Step 1) Power measurement -> SAR: Step 2) Power reference measurement -> Step 3) Area scan -> Step 4) Zoom scan -> Step 5) Power drift measurement

##### Step 1: Confirmation before SAR testing

Before SAR test, the RF wiring for the sample had been switched to the antenna conducted power measurement line from the antenna line and the average power was measured. This SAR reference power measurement was proceeded with the lowest data rate (which may have the higher time-based average power typically) on each operation mode and on the lower, middle (or near middle), upper and specified channels. The power measurement result is shown in Section 5.

- \* The EUT transmission power used SAR test was verified that it was not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. (KDB447498 D01 (v06))

##### Step 2: Power reference measurement

Measured psSAR value at a peak location of Fast Area Scan was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop.

##### Step 3: Area Scan

(Scan parameters: KDB 865664 D01, IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (> 6GHz))  
Area Scans are used to determine the peak location of the measured field before doing a finer measurement around the hotspot. Peak location can be found accurately even on coarse grids using the advanced interpolation routines implemented in DASY8. Area Scans measure a two dimensional volume covering the full device under test area. DASY8 uses Fast Averaged SAR algorithm to compute the 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue from the Area Scan. DASY8 can either manually or automatically generates Area Scan grid settings based on device dimensions. In automatically case, the scan extent is defined by the device dimensions plus additional 15mm on each side. In manually, the scan covered the entire dimension of the antenna of EUT.

##### Step 4: Zoom Scan and post-processing

(Scan parameters: KDB 865664 D01, IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 (> 6GHz))  
Zoom Scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The Zoom Scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure.

- \* A minimum volume of 30 mm (x) × 30 mm (y) × 30 mm (z) was assessed by "Ratio step" method (\*1), for 2.4 GHz band. (Step XY: 5 mm)  
\* A minimum volume of 24 mm (x) × 24 mm (y) × 24 mm (z) was assessed by "Ratio step" method (\*1), for 5 GHz band (Step XY: 4 mm).  
\* A minimum volume of 24 mm (x) × 24 mm (y) × 24 mm (z) was assessed by "Ratio step" method (\*1), for 6 GHz band (Step XY: 3.4 mm).

When the SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are proceeded for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR. If the zoom scan measured as defined above complies with both of the following criteria, or if the peak spatial-average SAR is below 0.1 W/kg, no additional measurements are needed.

- \* The smallest horizontal distance from the local SAR peaks to all points 3 dB below the SAR peak shall be larger than the horizontal grid steps in both x and y directions and recorded.  
\* The ratio of the SAR at the second measured point to the SAR at the closest measured point at the x-y location of the measured maximum SAR value shall be at least 30 % and recorded.

|                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                               | $f \leq 3$ GHz                                                                      | $3 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 10$ GHz                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface |                                                                                                                                               | 5 mm ± 1 mm                                                                         | $1/2 \times \delta \times \ln(2)$ mm ± 0.5 mm                                                                                                        |
| Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location              |                                                                                                                                               | $5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ (flat phantom only)<br>$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ (other phantom) | $5^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ (flat phantom only)<br>$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ (other phantom)                                                                  |
| Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Area}$ , $\Delta y_{Area}$                            |                                                                                                                                               | $\leq 2$ GHz : $\leq 15$ mm,<br>2~3 GHz : $\leq 12$ mm                              | 3~4 GHz : $\leq 12$ mm,<br>4~6 GHz : $\leq 10$ mm,<br>> 6 GHz : $\leq 60/f$ mm, or half of the corresponding zoom scan length, whichever is smaller. |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{Zoom}$ , $\Delta y_{Zoom}$                            |                                                                                                                                               | $\leq 2$ GHz : $\leq 8$ mm,<br>2~3 GHz : $\leq 5$ mm (*1)                           | 3~4 GHz : $\leq 5$ mm (*1),<br>4~6 GHz : $\leq 4$ mm (*1),<br>> 6 GHz : $\leq 24/f$ mm                                                               |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface                                        | uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$                                                                                                            | $\leq 5$ mm                                                                         | 3~4 GHz : $\leq 4$ mm,<br>4~5 GHz : $\leq 3$ mm,<br>5~6 GHz : $\leq 2$ mm,<br>> 6 GHz : $\leq 10/(f-1)$ mm                                           |
|                                                                                                        | graded grid<br>$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$ : between 1st two points closest to phantom surface<br>$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points | $\leq 4$ mm                                                                         | 3~4 GHz : $\leq 3$ mm,<br>4~5 GHz : $\leq 2.5$ mm,<br>5~6 GHz : $\leq 2$ mm,<br>> 6 GHz : $\leq 12/f$ mm                                             |
| Minimum zoom scan volume                                                                               | x, y, z                                                                                                                                       | $\geq 30$ mm                                                                        | 3~4 GHz : $\geq 28$ mm,<br>4~5 GHz : $\geq 25$ mm,<br>5~6 GHz : $\geq 22$ mm,<br>> 6 GHz : $\geq 22$ mm                                              |

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 ( $\leq 6$  GHz) and IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 ( $\leq 10$  GHz) for details.

\*1. When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is  $\leq 1.4$  W/kg,  $\leq 8$  mm,  $\leq 7$  mm and  $\leq 5$  mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz. (KDB 865664 D01)

\* The scan parameters of > 6GHz is defined IEC/IEEE 62209-1528.

##### Step 5: Power drift measurement

The Power Drift Measurement measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement within the same project. The Power Drift Measurement gives the SAR difference in dB from the reading conducted within the last Power Reference Measurement. This allows a user to monitor the power drift of the device under test within a batch process. It was checked that the power drift was within  $\pm 5\%$  (0.21 dB) in single SAR project run. The verification of power drift during the SAR test shown in SAR plot data of APPENDIX 2.

- \* The most of SAR tests were conservatively performed with test separation distance 0 mm. The phantom bottom thickness is approx. 2mm. Therefore, the distance between the SAR probe tip to the surface of test device which is touched the bottom surface of the phantom is approx. 2.4 mm. Typical distance from probe tip to probe's dipole centers is 1mm.  
\*1. "Ratio step" method parameters used; the first measurement point: "1.4 mm" from the phantom surface, the initial z grid separation: "1.5 mm", subsequent graded grid ratio: "1.5" for 2.4 GHz band and the initial z grid separation: "1.4 mm", subsequent graded grid ratio: "1.4" for above 5 GHz. These parameters comply with the requirement of KDB 865664 D01 and recommended by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (DASY8 manual).

## SECTION 4: Operation of EUT during testing

### 4.1 Operating modes for testing

The EUT has Bluetooth continuous transmitting modes. The frequency and the modulation used in the SAR testing are shown as a following.

| Operation mode         | BT LE            | Controlled software | Test name              | Software name                              | Version | Released Date | Storage location  |
|------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------|---------------|-------------------|
| Tx Band [MHz]          | 2402~2480        |                     | Power measurement, SAR | Direct Test Mode / nRF Connect for Desktop | 2.2.0   | 2023-12-20    | Connected host PC |
| Max.power [dBm]        | 10               |                     |                        | BT LE                                      | 1.0     | 2023-12-20    | EUT firmware      |
| Data rate [Mbps]       | 1M-PHY           |                     |                        |                                            |         |               |                   |
| Frequency tested [MHz] | 2402, 2440, 2480 |                     |                        |                                            |         |               |                   |

\*. Max.power: Maximum power (tune-up limit power), n/a: SAR test was not applied.

\*1. SAR test applies in according to the following "SAR test reduction considerations" procedure.

(KDB 447498 D04(v01), General RF Exposure Guidance) Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1g or 10g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

- (1)  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg for 1g, or 2.0 W/kg for 10g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\leq 100$  MHz
- (2)  $\leq 0.6$  W/kg for 1g, or 1.5 W/kg for 10g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
- (3)  $\leq 0.4$  W/kg for 1g, or 1.0 W/kg for 10g respectively, when the transmission band is  $\geq 200$  MHz

The SAR has been measured with highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tool for Bluetooth. When the transmission duty factor could not be 100%, the reported SAR will be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production unit, the measured SAR will be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit to determine compliance.

### 4.2 RF exposure conditions (Test exemption)

Antenna separation distances in each test setup plan are shown as follows.

| Setup plan | Explanation of SAR test setup plan<br>(* Refer to Appendix 1 for test setup photographs which had been tested.) | D [mm]       | SAR Tested /Reduced (*2) |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| Left       | The left side of EUT is touched to the Flat phantom.                                                            | 4.46         | Tested                   |
| Back       | The back side of EUT is touched to the Flat phantom.                                                            | $\approx 10$ | Tested                   |
| Top        | The top side of EUT is touched to the Flat phantom.                                                             | $\approx 16$ | Tested                   |
| Bottom     | The bottom side of EUT is touched to the Flat phantom. (DS586233: host device side)                             | $\approx 20$ | Tested                   |
| Front      | The front side of EUT is touched to the Flat phantom.                                                           | $\approx 25$ | Tested                   |
| Right      | The right side of EUT is touched to the Flat phantom.                                                           | $\approx 37$ | Tested                   |

\*. Dx Antenna separation distance. It is the distance from the antenna inside EUT to the outer surface of EUT which user may touch.

\*2. [SAR test exemption consideration by KDB 447498 D04 (v01)]

| Tx mode                |           | Judge of SAR test exemption ("Test" or "Exempt") / SAR based Threshold power |            |           |       |           |            |             |               |               |               |
|------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------|-----------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|                        |           | D: Antenna separation distance [mm]                                          |            |           |       |           |            |             |               |               |               |
|                        |           | <5                                                                           |            | 10        |       | 16        |            | 20          |               | 25            |               |
| Higher frequency [MHz] | Conducted | Antenna                                                                      |            | Left      |       | Back      |            | Top         |               | Bottom        |               |
|                        |           | Max.ave. power [dBm]                                                         | Gain [dBi] | ERP [dBm] | SAR1g | ERP [dBm] | SAR1g      | ERP [dBm]   | SAR1g         | ERP [dBm]     | SAR1g         |
| BT LE                  | 2480      | 10                                                                           | 10         | -0.35     | 7.50  | 6         | Test, 3 mW | Test, 10 mW | Exempt, 25 mW | Exempt, 38 mW | Exempt, 58 mW |

\*. Module-based antenna gains with maximum values were used conservatively.

\*. Antenna separation distance is rounded to the nearest integer numbers (in mm) before calculation.

\*. (Calculating formula) ERP (dBm) = (max. conducted output power, dBm) + (antenna gain, dBi) - 2.15

#### <Conclusion for consideration for SAR test reduction>

- 1) The all SAR tests were conservatively performed with test separation distance 0 mm.
- 2) All surface (6 face) of EUT's setup are applied the SAR test because the EUT is small device even if the SAR test exemption judge is "exempt."

SAR-based thresholds (P<sub>th</sub> (mW)) shown below table of "Example Power Thresholds [mW]" are derived based on frequency, power, and separation distance of the RF source. The formula defines the thresholds in general for either available maximum time-averaged power or maximum time-averaged effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater. The SAR-based exemption is calculated by Formula (B.2) in below, applies for single fixed, mobile, and portable RF sources with available maximum time-averaged power or effective radiated power (ERP), whichever is greater, of less than or equal to the threshold P<sub>th</sub> (mW).

When 10-g extremity SAR applies, SAR test exemption may be considered by applying a factor of 2.5 to the SAR-based exemption thresholds.

\*. This method shall only be used at separation distances from 0.5 cm to 40 cm and at frequencies from 0.3 GHz to 6 GHz (inclusive).

| Table: Example Power Thresholds [mW] for SAR1g (Bold listed in Table B.2 of KDB 447498 D04 (v01), Italic: Calculated) |   | Distance [mm] |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Frequency [MHz]                                                                                                       |   | 5             | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
|                                                                                                                       |   | 15            | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 |
| 2402                                                                                                                  | 3 | 4             | 5  | 7  | 9  | 10 | 12 | 15 | 17 | 20 | 22 |
| 2450                                                                                                                  | 3 | 4             | 5  | 7  | 8  | 10 | 12 | 15 | 17 | 19 | 22 |
| 2462                                                                                                                  | 3 | 4             | 5  | 7  | 8  | 10 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 19 | 22 |
| 2480                                                                                                                  | 3 | 4             | 5  | 7  | 8  | 10 | 12 | 14 | 17 | 19 | 22 |
| 3600                                                                                                                  | 2 | 3             | 4  | 5  | 6  | 8  | 10 | 11 | 13 | 16 | 18 |
| 5240                                                                                                                  | 1 | 2             | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 8  | 9  | 11 | 13 | 14 |
| 5320                                                                                                                  | 1 | 2             | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 8  | 9  | 11 | 12 | 14 |
| 5700                                                                                                                  | 1 | 2             | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 9  | 10 | 12 | 14 |
| 5800                                                                                                                  | 1 | 2             | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 9  | 10 | 12 | 14 |
| 5825                                                                                                                  | 1 | 2             | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 9  | 10 | 12 | 14 |
| 5885                                                                                                                  | 1 | 2             | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 10 | 12 | 14 |
| 6000                                                                                                                  | 1 | 2             | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 10 | 12 | 13 |

| TABLE B.1—THRESHOLDS FOR SINGLE RF SOURCES<br>SUBJECT TO ROUTINE ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION |                    |                     |                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| RF Source Frequency                                                                       | Minimum Distance   | Threshold ERP       |                     |
| f <sub>L</sub> MHz                                                                        | f <sub>H</sub> MHz | λ <sub>L</sub> / 2π | λ <sub>H</sub> / 2π |
| 0.3                                                                                       | 1.34               | 159 m               | 35.6 m              |
| 1.34                                                                                      | 30                 | 35.6 m              | 1.6 m               |
| 30                                                                                        | 300                | 1.6 m               | 159 mm              |
| 300                                                                                       | 1.500              | 159 mm              | 31.8 mm             |
| 1.500                                                                                     | 100.000            | 31.8 mm             | 0.5 mm              |
| Subscripts L and H are low and high, λ is wavelength                                      |                    |                     |                     |
| From §1.1307(b)(3)(i)(C), modified by adding Minimum Distance columns                     |                    |                     |                     |
| R is in meter, f is in MHz                                                                |                    |                     |                     |
| Threshold ERP [W] = 19.2 × R <sup>2</sup> (–formula (A.1))                                |                    |                     |                     |
| (Distance: over 40 cm)                                                                    |                    |                     |                     |

Calculating formula:

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \leq f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \leq f \leq 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases} \quad (B.1)$$

$$P_{th} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \leq 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \leq 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases} \quad (B.2) \quad x = -\log_{10} \left( \frac{60}{ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} \sqrt{f}} \right)$$

and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and ERP<sub>20cm</sub> is per Formula (B.1).

## SECTION 5: Confirmation before testing

### 5.1 Test reference power measurement

| Mode  | Frequency |    | Data rate | Power spec. on each antenna |            | Duty cycle |             |               | Antenna 1 power |            |        |                |           | Adjusted power setting? (*1) |
|-------|-----------|----|-----------|-----------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|------------|--------|----------------|-----------|------------------------------|
|       |           |    |           | Typical [dBm]               | Max. [dBm] | duty cycle | duty factor | scaled factor | Set pwr.        | Burst Ave. | Δ Max. | Tune-up factor | Time Ave. |                              |
|       | [MHz]     | CH | [Mbps]    |                             |            | [dBm]      | [dBm]       | [%]           | [dB]            | [ ]        | [ ]    | [dBm]          | [dB]      |                              |
| BT LE | 2402      | 0  | 1         | 8                           | 10         | 63.3       | 1.99        | 1.58          | 0               | 8.47       | -1.53  | 1.42           | 6.48      | No                           |
|       | 2440      | 19 | 1         | 8                           | 10         | 63.3       | 1.99        | 1.58          | 0               | 9.35       | -0.65  | 1.16           | 7.36      | No                           |
|       | 2480      | 39 | 1         | 8                           | 10         | 63.3       | 1.99        | 1.58          | 0               | 8.51       | -1.49  | 1.41           | 6.52      | No                           |

\*.  : SAR test was applied.

\*1. "Yes": The power setting was adjusted so that measured average power was not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit. (This power setting value might be different from product specification value. Any conditions under the normal use do not exceed the condition of setting. End user cannot change the power setting of product.)

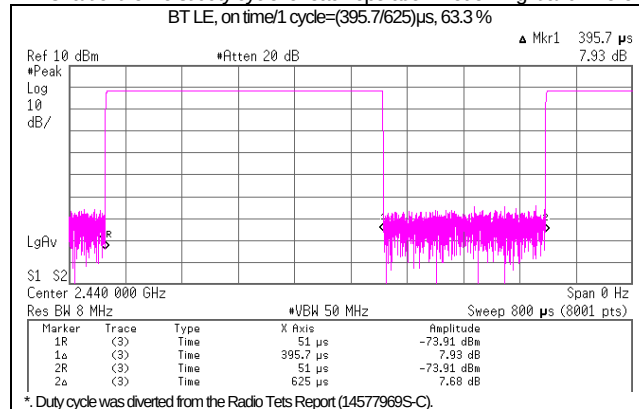
\*. CH: Channel; Power spec.: Power specification; Max.: Maximum; Set pwr.: Setting power by tested software; Burst Ave.: Measured burst average power; Time Ave.: Measured time-based average power; n/a: Not applied./Not applicable.

\*. Calculating formula: Time average power (dBm) = (P/M Reading, dBm)+(Cable loss, dB)+(Attenuator, dB)  
Burst power (dBm) = (P/M Reading, dBm)+(Cable loss, dB)+(Attenuator, dB)+(duty factor, dB)  
Duty cycle: (duty cycle, %) = (Tx on time) / (1 cycle time) × 100, Duty factor (dBm) = 10 × log (100/(duty cycle, %))  
Duty cycle scaled factor: Duty cycle correction factor for obtained SAR value, Duty scaled factor [-] = 100(%) / (duty cycle, %)  
Δ Max. (Deviation from max. power, dB) = (Burst power measured (average, dBm)) - (Max.tune-up limit power (average, dBm))  
Tune-up factor: Power tune-up factor for obtained SAR value, Tune-up factor [-] = 1 / (10 ^ ("Deviation from max., dB" / 10))

\*. Date measured: December 26, 2023 / Measured by: H. Naka/ Place: Preparation room of No. 7 shield room. (23 deg.C./ 34 %RH)

\*. Uncertainty of antenna port conducted test; (±) 0.81 dB (Average power), (±) 0.27 % (duty cycle).

\*. Chart of the worst duty cycle for each operation mode in right and in follows.



## SECTION 6: Tissue simulating liquid

### 6.1 Liquid measurement

| Frequency [MHz] | Liquid type | Liquid parameters    |                              |                       |          |         |           |                    |                    |          |        |           |                    | ΔSAR Coefficients (*a)            |        |         | Date measured |                              |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|--------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|---------|---------------|------------------------------|
|                 |             | Liquid Temp. [deg.C] | Liquid depth of phantom [mm] | Permittivity (εr) [-] |          |         |           |                    | Conductivity [S/m] |          |        |           |                    | Interpolated ?<br>□: No<br>☑: Yes | ΔSAR   |         |               | ΔSAR correct Required?       |
|                 |             |                      |                              | Target value          | Measured |         |           | Δend, >48hrs. (*1) | Target value       | Measured |        |           | Δend, >48hrs. (*1) |                                   | 1g [%] | 10g [%] |               |                              |
|                 |             |                      |                              |                       | Value    | Δεr [%] | Limit [%] |                    |                    | Value    | Δσ [%] | Limit [%] |                    |                                   |        |         |               |                              |
| 2450            | Head        | 22.5                 | 151                          | 39.2                  | 39.66    | 1.2     | 5         | begin              | 1.80               | 1.858    | 3.2    | 5         | begin              | ☐                                 | 1.3    | 0.6     | no            | 2024-01-09                   |
| 2402            | Head        | 22.5                 | 151                          | 39.29                 | 39.75    | 1.2     | 5         | < 48 hrs.          | 1.757              | 1.824    | 3.8    | 5         | begin              | ☐                                 | 1.6    | 0.8     | no            | 2024-01-09, before SAR test. |
| 2440            |             |                      |                              | 39.22                 | 39.69    | 1.2     | 5         | < 48 hrs.          | 1.791              | 1.850    | 3.3    | 5         | begin              | ☐                                 | 1.3    | 0.7     | no            |                              |
| 2480            |             |                      |                              | 39.16                 | 39.62    | 1.2     | 5         | < 48 hrs.          | 1.833              | 1.882    | 2.7    | 5         | begin              | ☐                                 | 1.0    | 0.5     | no            |                              |

\*1. "begin": SAR test has ended within 24 hours from the liquid parameter measurement, "< 48 hrs.". Since SAR test has ended within 48 hours (2 days) from the liquid parameter measurement and a change in the liquid temperature was within 1 degree, liquid parameters measured on first day were used on next day continuously, "value (%)". Since the SAR test series took longer than 48 hours, the liquid parameters were measured on every 48 hours period and on the date which was end of test series. Since the difference of liquid parameters between the beginning and next measurement was smaller than 5%, the liquid parameters measured in beginning were used until end of each test series.

Calculating formula: "Δend(>48 hrs.) (%)" = {(dielectric properties, end of test series) / (dielectric properties, beginning of test series) - 1} × 100

\*. The dielectric parameters were checked prior to assessment using the DAKS-3.5 dielectric probe.

\*. The target values refers to clause 6.2 of this report.

\*a. The coefficients in below are parameters defined in IEEE Std.1528-2013.

(Calculating formula, 4 MHz~6 GHz):  $\Delta SAR(1g) = C_{\epsilon r} \times \Delta \epsilon r + C_{\sigma} \times \Delta \sigma$ ,  $C_{\epsilon r} = 7.854E-4 \times f^3 + 9.402E-3 \times f^2 - 2.742E-2 \times f + 0.2026$  /  $C_{\sigma} = 9.804E-3 \times f^3 - 8.661E-2 \times f^2 + 2.981E-2 \times f + 0.7829$

$\Delta SAR(10g) = C_{\epsilon r} \times \Delta \epsilon r + C_{\sigma} \times \Delta \sigma$ ,  $C_{\epsilon r} = 3.456 \times 10^{-3} \times f^3 - 3.531 \times 10^{-2} \times f^2 + 7.675 \times 10^{-2} \times f + 0.1860$  /  $C_{\sigma} = 4.479 \times 10^{-3} \times f^3 - 1.586 \times 10^{-2} \times f^2 - 0.1972 \times f + 0.7717$

(Calculating formula):  $\Delta SAR \text{ corrected SAR (W/kg)} = (\text{Measured SAR (W/kg)}) \times (100 - (\Delta SAR(\%) / 100))$

Since the calculated ΔSAR values of the tested liquid had shown positive correction, the measured SAR was not converted by ΔSAR correction conservatively.

### 6.2 Target of tissue simulating liquid

Nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom are listed in the following table. (Appendix A, KDB 865664 v01r04)

| Target Frequency (MHz) | Head |        | Body |        | Target Frequency (MHz) | Head |        | Body |        |
|------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|------------------------|------|--------|------|--------|
|                        | εr   | σ(S/m) | εr   | σ(S/m) |                        | εr   | σ(S/m) | εr   | σ(S/m) |
| 1800~2000              | 40.0 | 1.40   | 53.3 | 1.52   | 3000                   | 38.5 | 2.40   | 52.0 | 2.73   |
| 2450                   | 39.2 | 1.80   | 52.7 | 1.95   | 5800                   | 35.3 | 5.27   | 48.2 | 6.00   |

\*. For other frequencies, the target nominal dielectric values shall be obtained by linear interpolation between the higher and lower tabulated figures. Above 5800MHz were obtained using linear extrapolation.

### 6.3 Simulated tissue composition

| Liquid type                       | Head                                                                                                                                 | Control No. | SSLHV6-01                                                                        | Model No. / Product No. | HBBL600-10000V6 / SL AAH U16 BC |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Ingredient: Mixture [%]           | Water: >77, Ethanediol: <5.2, Sodium petroleum sulfonate: <2.9, Hexylene Glycol: <2.9, alkoxylated alcohol (>C <sub>16</sub> ): <2.0 |             |                                                                                  |                         |                                 |
| Tolerance specification           | ± 10%                                                                                                                                |             |                                                                                  |                         |                                 |
| Temperature gradients [% / deg.C] | permittivity: -0.19 / conductivity: -0.57 (at 2.6 GHz), permittivity: +0.31 / conductivity: -1.43 (at 5.5 GHz) (*)                   |             |                                                                                  |                         |                                 |
| Manufacture                       | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG                                                                                                      |             | Note: *. speag_920-SLAAxyy-E_1.12.15CL (Maintenance of tissue simulating liquid) |                         |                                 |

## SECTION 7: Measurement results

### 7.1 Measurement results (SAR)

| Test setup           |               |          |              | Mode and Frequency                                  |       |    | Duty cycle     |                    | Power correction         |                          |                               | SAR results [W/kg]        |          |                |                   |          |       | SAR plot # | Setup photo# | Memo |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|---------------|----------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------|----|----------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|----------------|-------------------|----------|-------|------------|--------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ant.                 | Test position | Gap [mm] | Source power | Mode (D/R)                                          | [MHz] | CH | Duty cycle [%] | Duty scaled factor | Max. tune-up limit [dBm] | Measured conducted [dBm] | Power scaled (tune-up) factor | (Max.value of multi-peak) |          |                |                   |          |       | in Appx. 2 | in Appx. 1-3 |      |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      |               |          |              | Mark with "*" is the initial test mode & frequency. |       |    |                |                    |                          |                          |                               | Measured SAR              | ΔSAR [%] | ΔSAR corrected | Reported SAR (*b) | SAR type | Limit |            |              |      |  |  |  |  |  |
|                      |               |          |              |                                                     |       |    |                |                    |                          |                          |                               |                           |          |                |                   |          |       |            |              |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1) DS586233 (Master) |               |          |              |                                                     |       |    |                |                    |                          |                          |                               |                           |          |                |                   |          |       |            |              |      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1Tx                  | Left          | 0        | DC P/S       | BT LE (1Mbps)                                       | 2402  | 0  | 63.3           | 1.58               | 10                       | 8.47                     | 1.42                          | 0.033                     | Positive | n/a(*a)        | 0.074             | 1g       | 1.6   | -          | P1           | -    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1Tx                  | Left          | 0        | DC P/S       | BT LE (1Mbps)                                       | 2440* | 19 | 63.3           | 1.58               | 10                       | 9.35                     | 1.16                          | 0.060                     | Positive | n/a(*a)        | 0.110             | 1g       | 1.6   | -          | P1           | -    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1Tx                  | Left          | 0        | DC P/S       | BT LE (1Mbps)                                       | 2480  | 38 | 63.3           | 1.58               | 10                       | 8.51                     | 1.41                          | 0.058                     | Positive | n/a(*a)        | 0.129             | 1g       | 1.6   | 1-1        | P1           | -    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1Tx                  | Back          | 0        | DC P/S       | BT LE (1Mbps)                                       | 2440* | 19 | 63.3           | 1.58               | 10                       | 9.35                     | 1.16                          | 0.054                     | Positive | n/a(*a)        | 0.099             | 1g       | 1.6   | -          | P2           | -    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1Tx                  | Top           | 0        | DC P/S       | BT LE (1Mbps)                                       | 2440* | 19 | 63.3           | 1.58               | 10                       | 9.35                     | 1.16                          | 0.028                     | Positive | n/a(*a)        | 0.051             | 1g       | 1.6   | -          | P3           | -    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1Tx                  | Bottom        | 0        | DC P/S       | BT LE (1Mbps)                                       | 2440* | 19 | 63.3           | 1.58               | 10                       | 9.35                     | 1.16                          | 0.011                     | Positive | n/a(*a)        | 0.026             | 1g       | 1.6   | -          | P4           | -    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1Tx                  | Front         | 0        | DC P/S       | BT LE (1Mbps)                                       | 2440* | 19 | 63.3           | 1.58               | 10                       | 9.35                     | 1.16                          | 0.013                     | Positive | n/a(*a)        | 0.074             | 1g       | 1.6   | -          | P5           | -    |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1Tx                  | Right         | 0        | DC P/S       | BT LE (1Mbps)                                       | 2440* | 19 | 63.3           | 1.58               | 10                       | 9.35                     | 1.16                          | 0.006                     | Positive | n/a(*a)        | 0.110             | 1g       | 1.6   | -          | P6           | -    |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Notes:

- \*. The higher scaled (reported) SAR in each operation band is marked (shaded yellow marker).
- \*. Appx. Appendix, n/a: not applied. Gap: It is the separation distance between EUT surface and the bottom outer surface of phantom.
- \*. During test, the EUT was connected with the DC P/S to provide dc power, and connected to host PC via USB to control.
- \*. During SAR test, the radiated power is always monitored by Spectrum Analyzer or/and MAIA.

- a. Since the calculated ΔSAR values of the tested liquid had shown positive correction, the measured SAR was not converted by ΔSAR correction.  
Calculating formula:  $\Delta\text{SAR corrected SAR (W/kg)} = (\text{Measured SAR (W/kg)}) \times (100 - (\Delta\text{SAR}(\%))) / 100$   
Calculating formula:  $\Delta\text{SAR corrected SAR (W/kg)} = (\text{Measured SAR (W/kg)}) \times (100 - (\Delta\text{SAR}(\%))) / 100$
- b. Calculating formula:  $\text{Reported (Scaled) SAR (W/kg)} = (\text{Measured SAR (W/kg)}) \times (\text{Duty scaled factor}) \times (\text{Power scaled factor})$   
where, Duty scaled factor [-] =  $100(\%) / (\text{measured duty cycle, } \%)$ , Power scaled factor [-] =  $10^{((\text{Max.tune-up limit power, dBm}) - (\text{Measured conducted power, dBm})) / 10}$
- \*. Calibration frequency of the SAR measurement probe (and used conversion factors for each frequency.)  
The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

| Liquid | SAR test frequency     | Probe calibration frequency | Validity                                 | Conversion factor | Uncertainty |
|--------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| Head   | (2402, 2440, 2480) MHz | 2450 MHz                    | within ± 50 MHz of calibration frequency | 6.89              | ± 12.0 %    |

### 7.2 Simultaneous transmission evaluation

**Result:** Simultaneous transmission did not exist.

### 7.3 SAR Measurement Variability (Repeated measurement requirement)

**Result:** Since all the measured SAR are less than 0.8 W/kg (SAR(1g)), the repeated measurement is not required.

- \*. In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB 865664 D01: SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.
- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR(1g) is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
  - 2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
  - 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
  - 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

### 7.4 Device holder perturbation verification (SAR)

**Result:** Since all the reported (scaled) SAR were less than 1.2 W/kg (SAR(1g)), the additional "device holder perturbation verification" measurement was not considered.

When the highest reported SAR of an antenna is > 1.2 W/kg, holder perturbation verification (by Urethane form alone) is required by using the highest SAR configuration among all applicable frequency bands.

### 7.5 Requirements on the Uncertainty Evaluation

#### 7.5.1 SAR Uncertainty Evaluation

Decision Rule

- ☒ Uncertainty is not included.  
☐ Uncertainty is included.

\*. The highest measured SAR(1g) is less than 1.5 W/kg and the highest measured SAR(10g) is less than 3.75 W/kg. Therefore, per KDB 865664 D01, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE 1528-2013 and in IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 is not required.

## APPENDIX 2: Measurement data

### Appendix 2-1: Plot(s) of Worst Reported Value

#### Plot 1-1: Left & touch, BT LE (1Mbps), 2480 MHz

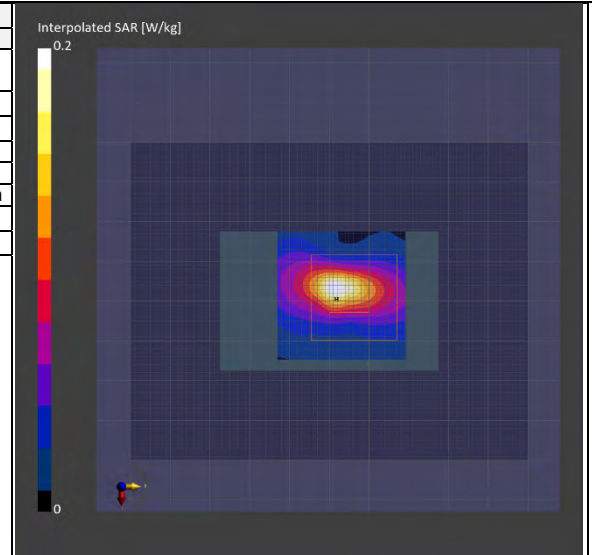
EUT: Wireless Microphone; Model: DS586233(Master); Serial:No.40

Mode: BT LE (1 Mbps) (UID: 0 (CW)) ; Frequency: 2480 MHz ; Test Distance: 0.00 mm

TSL parameters used: Head(v6) ; f= 2480 MHz; Conductivity: 1.882 S/m; Permittivity: 39.62

DASY8 Configuration: - Electronics: DAE4 - SN518 (Calibrated: 2023-04-19) / - Phantom: ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) ; Serial: 2161 ; Phantom section: Flat  
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3745(Calibrated: 2023-04-18); ConvF: (6.89, 6.89, 6.89)@2480 MHz / - Software: 16.2.4.2524 (Measurement); 16.2.4.2524 (Evaluation)

| Scan Setup          |            |                     | Measurement Results |               |               |
|---------------------|------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Setup Items         | Area Scan  | Zoom Scan           | Meas. Items         | Area Scan     | Zoom Scan     |
| Grid Extents [mm]   | 100.0×80.0 | 30.0× 30.0<br>×30.0 | psSAR 1g [W/kg]     | 0.053         | <b>0.058</b>  |
| Grid Steps [mm]     | 10.0×10.0  | 4.6× 4.6 ×1.5       | psSAR 10g [W/kg]    | 0.025         | <b>0.024</b>  |
| Sensor Surface [mm] | 3.0        | 1.4                 | Power Drift [dB]    | -0.03         | 0.03          |
| Graded Grid         | N/A        | Yes                 | Power Scaling       | Disabled      | Disabled      |
| Grading Ratio       | N/A        | 1.5                 | Scaling Factor [dB] | N/A           | N/A           |
| MAIA monitored      | Y          | Y                   | TSL Correction      | No correction | No correction |
| Surface Detection   | VMS + 6p   | VMS + 6p            | M2/M1 [%]           | N/A           | 60.3          |
| Scan Method         | Measured   | Measured            | Dist 3dB Peak [mm]  | N/A           | 5.4           |



Remarks: \*. Date tested: 2024-01-09; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place: No.7 shielded room; Ambient: 23 deg.C. / (60~65) %RH; Liquid depth: 151 mm;  
\*. Liquid temperature: 22.5 deg.C. ± 0.5 deg.C. (22.5 deg.C., in check); \*. Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) / small=SAR(1g)  
\*. Project file name-Measurement Group: 240109\_14577971\_mic-oya\_canon.d8sar- 1/9-4,24h4,left&d0,2480,ble(1)

## APPENDIX 3: Test instruments

### Appendix 3-1: Equipment used

| Test Name | LIMS ID | Description                              | Manufacturer                      | Model                    | Serial             | Calibration Last Date | Interval (Month) |
|-----------|---------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| AT        | 160520  | Attenuator                               | Weinschel - API Technologies Corp | 4M-10                    | -                  | 2023/12/04            | 12               |
| AT        | 169910  | Power Meter                              | Keysight Technologies Inc         | 8990B                    | MY51000448         | 2023/09/28            | 12               |
| AT        | 169911  | Power sensor                             | Keysight Technologies Inc         | N1923A                   | MY57270004         | 2023/09/28            | 12               |
| AT,SAR    | 191844  | Thermo-Hygrometer                        | CUSTOM. Inc                       | CTH-201                  | -                  | 2023/08/03            | 12               |
| SAR       | 144886  | Dielectric assessment kit soft           | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | DAK ver.3.0.6.14         | 9-0EE103A4         | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 144986  | Thermo-Hygrometer data logger            | SATO KEIRYOKI                     | SK-L200THIIa/SK-LTHIIa-2 | 015246/08169       | 2023/08/04            | 12               |
| SAR       | 144988  | Power meter                              | Keysight Technologies Inc         | E4417A                   | GB41290718         | 2023/09/27            | 12               |
| SAR       | 144990  | Power sensor                             | Keysight Technologies Inc         | E9327A                   | US40440544         | 2023/09/27            | 12               |
| SAR       | 144991  | Power sensor                             | Anritsu Corporation               | MA2411B                  | 12088              | 2023/09/27            | 12               |
| SAR       | 145086  | Ruler(300mm)                             | SHINWA                            | 13134                    | -                  | 2023/02/08            | 12               |
| SAR       | 145087  | Ruler(100x50mm,L)                        | SHINWA                            | 12101                    | -                  | 2023/02/08            | 12               |
| SAR       | 145105  | Power meter                              | Anritsu Corporation               | ML2495A                  | 6K00003356         | 2023/09/27            | 12               |
| SAR       | 145106  | Ruler(150mm,L)                           | SHINWA                            | 12103                    | -                  | 2023/02/08            | 12               |
| SAR       | 145558  | Dipole Antenna                           | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | D2450V2                  | 765                | 2023/05/24            | 12               |
| SAR       | 146112  | Primepure Ethanol                        | Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.          | 14032-79                 | -                  | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 146176  | Spectrum Analyzer                        | ADVANTEST                         | R3272                    | 101100994          | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 146185  | DI water                                 | MonotaRo                          | 34557433                 | -                  | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 146258  | Network Analyzer                         | Keysight Technologies Inc         | 8753ES                   | US39171777         | 2023/10/05            | 12               |
| SAR       | 146308  | Power sensor                             | Keysight Technologies Inc         | E9327A                   | US40440545         | 2023/09/27            | 12               |
| SAR       | 150560  | Measuring Tool, Ruler                    | SHINWA                            | 14001                    | -                  | 2023/02/08            | 12               |
| SAR       | 201967  | Digital thermomoter                      | HANNA                             | Checktemp-4              | A01440226111       | 2023/08/04            | 12               |
| SAR       | 201968  | Digital thermomoter                      | HANNA                             | Checktemp-4              | A01310946111       | 2023/08/04            | 12               |
| SAR       | 207714  | Head Tissue Simulating Liquid            | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | HBBL600-10000V6          | SL AAH U16 BC      | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 224020  | DASY8 PC                                 | Hewlett Packard                   | HP Z4 G4 Workstation     | CZC1198G21         | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 224023  | Robot Controller                         | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | CS9spe-TX2-60            | F/22/0033789/C/001 | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 224025  | Measurement Server                       | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | DASY8 Measurement Server | 10042              | 2023/12/18            | 12               |
| SAR       | 224026  | Electro-Optical Converter                | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | EOC8-60                  | 1027               | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 224027  | Light Beam Unit                          | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | LIGHTBEAM-85             | 2069               | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 224028  | Modulation & Audio Interference Analyser | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | MAIA                     | 1582               | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 224031  | DASY8 Module SAR/APD soft                | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | ver.16.2.4.2524          | 9-2506F07D         | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 224032  | 6-axis Robot                             | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | TX2-60L spe              | F/22/0033789/A/001 | 2023/08/29            | 12               |
| SAR       | 224034  | Flat Phantom                             | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | ELI V8.0                 | 2161               | 2023/08/21            | 12               |
| SAR       | 225155  | Mounting Platform                        | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | MP8E-TX2-60L Basic       | -                  | -                     | -                |
| SAR       | 225418  | Directional coupler (dual)               | TAP Microwave                     | TDC20180A20D             | 22100556           | 2023/12/04            | 12               |
| SAR       | 226380  | Dosimetric E-Field Probe                 | Schmid & Partner Engineering AG   | EX3DV4                   | 3745               | 2023/04/18            | 12               |
| SAR       | 235176  | Signal Generator                         | Rohde & Schwarz                   | SMB 100A                 | 183690             | 2023/01/26            | 12               |
| SAR       | 236501  | Coaxial Cable                            | To-Conne Co., Ltd.                | TC-038-SP-SP-200         | 23E09-01           | 2023/12/04            | 12               |
| SAR       | 236503  | Coaxial Cable                            | To-Conne Co., Ltd.                | TC-038-SP-SP-1800        | 23E09-02           | 2023/12/04            | 12               |
| SAR       | 243045  | Data Acquisition Electronics             | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | DAE4                     | 518                | 2023/04/19            | 12               |
| SAR       | 243048  | Dielectric assessment kit                | Schmid&Partner Engineering AG     | DAKS-3.5                 | 1058               | 2023/05/22            | 12               |

\*. AT (antenna terminal conducted power measurement) was measured December 26, 2023. (Refer to Section 5 in this report.)

\*. LIMS ID: 146112, the parameters of primepure Ethanol (as reference liquid) used for the simulated tissue parameter confirmation was defined the NPL Report MAT23 (<http://www.npl.co.uk/content/conpublication/4295>)

The expiration date of calibration is the end of the expired month.

As for some calibrations performed after the tested dates, those test equipment have been controlled by means of an unbroken chain of calibrations.

All equipment is calibrated with valid calibrations. Each measurement data is traceable to the national or international standards.

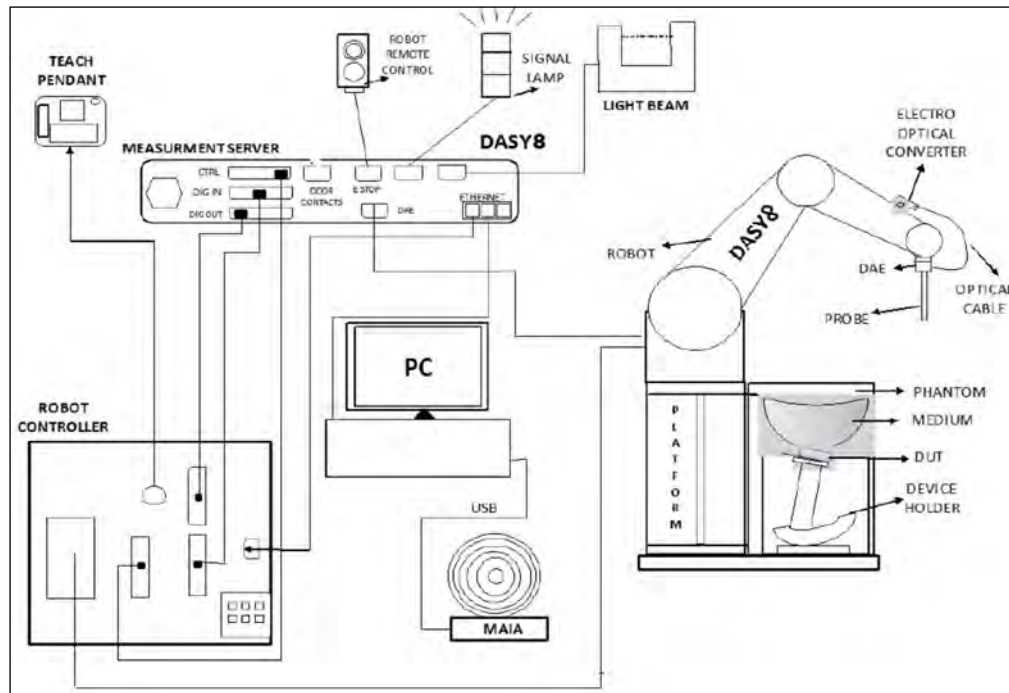
\*. Hyphens for Last Calibration Date and Cal Int (month) are instruments that Calibration is not required (e.g. software), or instruments checked in advance before use.

[Test Item] SAR: Specific Absorption Rate, AT: Antenna terminal conducted power

## Appendix 3-2: Measurement System

### Appendix 3-2-1: SAR Measurement System

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY8 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG). The system is based on a high precision robot, which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than  $\pm 0.03$  mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit. The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetry probes EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.



The DASY8 SAR/APD system for performing compliance tests consist of the following items:

- 6-axis robotic arm (Stäubli TX2-60L) for positioning the probe
- Mounting Platform for keeping the phantoms at a fixed location relative to the robot
- Measurement Server for handling all time-critical tasks, such as measurement data acquisition and supervision of safety features
- EOC (Electrical to Optical Converter) for converting the optical signal from the DAE to electrical before being transmitted to the measurement server
- LB (Light-Beam unit) for probe alignment (measurement of the exact probe length and eccentricity)
- SAR probe (EX3DV4 probes) for measuring the E-field distribution in the phantom. The SAR distribution and the psSAR (peak spatial averaged SAR) are derived from the E-field measurement.
- SAR phantom that represents a physical model with an equivalent human anatomy. A Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) head is usually used for handheld devices, and a Flat phantom is used for body-worn devices.
- TSL (Tissue Simulating Liquid) representing the dielectric properties of used tissue, e.g. Head Simulating Liquid, HSL.
- DAE (Data Acquisition Electronics) for reading the probe voltages and transmitting it to the DASY8 PC.
- Device Holder for positioning the DUT beneath the phantom.
- MAIA (Modulation and Interference Analyzer) for confirming the accuracy of the probe linearization parameters
- Operator PC for running the DASY8 software to define/execute the measurements
- System validation kits for system check/validation purposes.

## Platforms

The platform is a multi-phantom support structure made of a wood and epoxy composite ( $\epsilon = 3.3$  and loss tangent  $\delta < 0.07$ ). It is a strong and rigid structure transparent to electric and magnetic fields (nonmetallic components).

## TX2-60L robot, CS9 robot controller

•Number of Axes : 6 •Repeatability :  $\pm 0.03$  mm •Manufacture : Stäubli

## DASY8 Measurement server

The DASY8 Measurement Server handles all time critical tasks such as acquisition of measurement data, detection of phantom surface, control of robot movements, supervision of safety features.

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE)

The DAE is used to acquire the probe sensor voltages and transfer them to the DASY8 Measurement Server, and to report mechanical surface detection and probe collisions. The DAE consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16-bit AD-converter, and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the DASY8 Measurement Server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

•Measurement Range :  $1 \mu\text{V}$  to  $> 200$  mV (2 range settings: 4 mV (low), 400 mV (high))  
•Input Offset voltage :  $< 1 \mu\text{V}$  (with auto zero) •Input Resistance :  $200 \text{ M}\Omega$   
•Battery operation :  $> 10$  hrs. (with two rechargeable 9 V battery)  
•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## Electro-Optical Converter (EOC8-TX2-60L)

The Electrical to Optical Converter (EOC8) supports as data exchange between the DAE and the measurement server (optical connector) and data acquisition based on Ethernet protocol.

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## Light Beam Switch

The light beam unit allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset, are measured. The software then corrects all movements within the measurement jobs, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip. The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.

•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## SAR measurement software

•Software version : Refer to Appendix 3-1 (Equipment used) •Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## E-Field Probe

•Model : EX3DV4 •Frequency: 4 MHz to 10 GHz, Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)  
•Construction : Symmetrical design with triangular core, Built-in shielding against static charges, PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).  
•CF : Refer to calibration data of Appendix. (CF: Conversion Factors)  
•Directivity :  $\pm 0.1$  dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) /  $\pm 0.3$  dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)  
•Dynamic Range :  $10 \mu\text{W/g}$  to  $> 100 \text{ mW/g}$ ; Linearity:  $\pm 0.2$  dB (noise: typically  $< 1 \mu\text{W/g}$ )  
•Dimension : Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) / Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm)  
Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1mm  
•Application : High precision dosimetric measurement in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6GHz with precision of better 30%.  
•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## ELI Phantom

The ELI phantom is used for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

ELI V8.0 phantom shell has optimized pretension in the bottom surface during production, such that the phantom is more robust and with reduced sagging.

•Model Number : ELI V8.0 flat phantom •Shell Material : Vinyl ester, fiberglass reinforced (VE-GF)  
•Shell Thickness :  $2.0 \pm 0.2$  mm (bottom plate) •Dimensions : 600 mm  $\times$  400 mm (oval) (volume: Approx. 30 liters)  
•Manufacture : Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

## Device Holder, Laptop holder, support material

Accurate device positioning is crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards. The device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles. The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity  $\epsilon=3$  and loss tangent  $\delta=0.02$ . The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

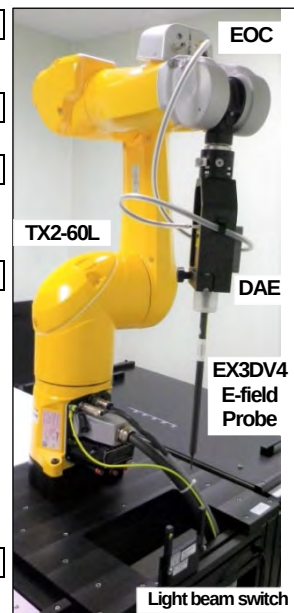
☒ Device holder: In combination with the ELI phantom, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned. The low-loss dielectric urethane foam was used for the mounting section of device holder.

•Material : Polyoxymethylene (POM) •Manufacture: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

☐ Laptop holder: A simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for the Mounting Device; facilitates testing of larger devices (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.) according to IEC 62209-2.

•Material : Polyoxymethylene (POM), PET-G, Foam •Manufacture: Schmid & Partner Engineering AG

☒ Support form: Urethane foam



### Data storage and evaluation (post processing)

The uplink signal transmitted by the DUT is measured inside the TSL by the probe, which is accurately positioned at a precisely known distance and with a normal orientation with respect to the phantom surface. The dipole / loop sensors at the probe tips pick up the signal and generate a voltage, which is measured by the voltmeter inside the DAE. The DAE returns digital values, which are converted to an optical signal and transmitted via the EOC to the measurement server. The data is finally transferred to the DASY8 software for further post processing. In addition, the DASY8 software periodically requests a measurement with short-circuited inputs from the DAE to compensate the amplifier offset and drift. This procedure is called DAE zeroing.

The operator has access to the following low level measurement settings:

- the integration time is the voltage acquisition time at each measurement point. It is typically 0.5 s.
- the zeroing period indicates how often the DAE zeroing is performed.

In parallel, the MAIA measures the characteristics of the uplink signal via the air interface and sends this information to the DASY8 software, which compares them to the communication system defined by the operator. A warning is issued if any difference is detected.

The measurement data is now acquired and can be post processed to compute the psSAR1g /8g /10g.

The measured voltages are not directly proportional to SAR and must be linearized. The formulas below are based on [1] (\*1).

The measured voltage is first linearized using the (a, b, c, d) set of parameters specific to the communication system and sensor:

$$V_{comp_i} = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{10^{\frac{d}{10}}}{d_{cp_i}}$$

|      |              |                                             |                              |
|------|--------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| with | $V_{comp_i}$ | = compensated voltage of channel i (μV)     | (i = x,y,z)                  |
|      | $U_i$        | = input voltage of channel i (μV)           | (i = x,y,z)                  |
|      | $d$          | = PMR factor d (dB)                         | (Probe parameter)            |
|      | $d_{cp_i}$   | = diode compression point of channel i (μV) | (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z) |

$$V_{comp_i \text{ dB}\sqrt{\mu V}} = 10 \cdot \log_{10}(V_{comp_i})$$

$$corr_i = a_i \cdot e^{-\left(\frac{b_i - 10 \log_{10}(V_{comp_i})}{c_i}\right)^2}$$

|      |                                     |                                            |                              |
|------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| with | $corr_i$                            | = correction factor of channel i (dB)      | (i = x,y,z)                  |
|      | $V_{comp_i \text{ dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}$ | = compensated voltage of channel i (dB√μV) | (i = x,y,z)                  |
|      | $a_i$                               | = PMR factor a of channel i (dB)           | (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z) |
|      | $b_i$                               | = PMR factor b of channel i (dB√μV)        | (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z) |
|      | $c_i$                               | = PMR factor c of channel i (-)            | (Probe parameter, i = x,y,z) |

The voltage  $V_{i \text{ dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}$  is the linearized voltage in dB√μV:

$$V_{i \text{ dB}\sqrt{\mu V}} = V_{comp_i \text{ dB}\sqrt{\mu V}} - corr_i$$

|      |                                     |                                            |             |
|------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| with | $V_{i \text{ dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}$      | = linearized voltage of channel i (dB√μV)  | (i = x,y,z) |
|      | $V_{comp_i \text{ dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}$ | = compensated voltage of channel i (dB√μV) | (i = x,y,z) |
|      | $corr_i$                            | = PMR factor a of channel i (dB)           | (i = x,y,z) |

Finally, the linearized voltage is converted in μV:

$$V_i = 10^{\frac{V_{i \text{ dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}}{10}}$$

|      |                                     |                                           |             |
|------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------|
| with | $V_i$                               | = linearized voltage of channel i (μV)    | (i = x,y,z) |
|      | $V_{comp_i \text{ dB}\sqrt{\mu V}}$ | = linearized voltage of channel i (dB√μV) | (i = x,y,z) |

The Field data for each channel are calculated using the linearized voltage:

$$\text{E-field probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

|      |          |                                                                               |             |
|------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| with | $V_i$    | = linearized voltage of channel i in μV                                       | (i = x,y,z) |
|      | $Norm_i$ | = sensor sensitivity of channel i in μV/(V/m) <sup>2</sup> for E-field Probes | (i = x,y,z) |
|      | $ConvF$  | = sensitivity enhancement in solution                                         |             |
|      | $E_i$    | = electric field strength of channel i in V/m                                 | (i = x,y,z) |

The RMS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The E-field data value is used to calculate SAR :

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

|      |           |                                                  |
|------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------|
| with | $SAR$     | = local specific absorption rate in mW/g         |
|      | $E_{tot}$ | = total field strength in V/m                    |
|      | $\sigma$  | = conductivity in [Ω/m] or [S/m]                 |
|      | $\rho$    | = equivalent tissue density in g/cm <sup>3</sup> |

Note: The resulting linearized voltage is only approximated because the probe UID is used 0 (CW) for the test signal in this test report.

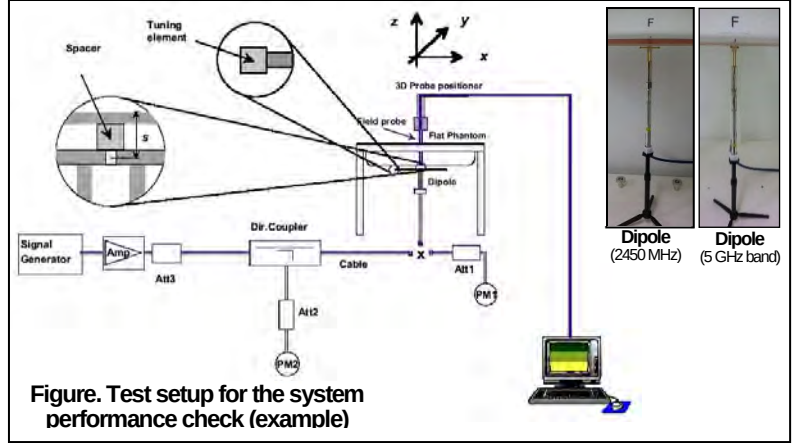
(\*1) [1] Jagadish Nadakuduti, Sven Kuehn, Marcel Fehr, Mark Douglas Katja Pokovic and Niels Kuster, "The Effect of Diode Response of electromagnetic Field Probes for the Measurements of Complex Signals." IEEE Transactions on Electromagnetic Compatibility, vol. 54, pp. 1195–1204, Dec. 2012.

### Appendix 3-2-2: SAR system check results

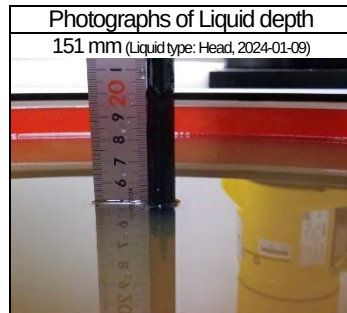
\*. Prior to the SAR assessment of EUT, the Daily check was performed to test whether the SAR system was operating within its target of  $\pm 10\%$ . The Daily check results are in the table below.

| Daily check results (*. Abbreviations: F: Frequency, Meas.: Measured, Cal.: Calibration value, STD: Standard value, Dev.: Deviation) |            |           |            |                      |              |              |             |                       |              |              |             |              |             |     |     |                      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-----|-----|----------------------|
| Liquid type:<br>Head                                                                                                                 | F<br>[MHz] | ΔSAR      |            | SAR (1g) [W/kg] (*b) |              |              |             | SAR (10g) [W/kg] (*b) |              |              |             |              |             |     |     | Dev.<br>Limit<br>[%] |
|                                                                                                                                      |            | 1g<br>[%] | 10g<br>[%] | Meas.<br>(*)a        | 1W<br>scaled | Target       | Deviation   | Meas.<br>(*)a         | 1W<br>scaled | Target       | Deviation   |              |             |     |     |                      |
| Date                                                                                                                                 |            |           |            |                      |              | Cal.<br>(*)c | STD<br>(*)d | Cal.<br>(*)c          | STD<br>(*)d  | Cal.<br>(*)c | STD<br>(*)d | Cal.<br>(*)c | STD<br>(*)d |     |     |                      |
| 2024-01-10                                                                                                                           | 2450       | 1.3       | 0.6        | 2.71                 | 53.5         | 52.7         | 52.4        | 1.5                   | 2.1          | 1.26         | 25.04       | 24.7         | 24          | 1.4 | 4.3 | ≤10                  |

- \*a. The measured SAR value is obtained at 50 mW (17 dBm) for all tested frequencies
- \*b. The measured SAR value of Daily check was compensated for tissue dielectric deviations ( $\Delta$ SAR) and scaled to 1W of output power in order to compare with the manufacture's calibration target value which was normalized.  
 $\Delta$ SAR corrected SAR (1g) (W/kg) = (Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg))  $\times$  (100 - ( $\Delta$ SAR1g(%))) / 100  
 $\Delta$ SAR corrected SAR (10g) (W/kg) = (Measured SAR(10g) (W/kg))  $\times$  (100 - ( $\Delta$ SAR10g(%))) / 100
- \*c. The target value is a parameter defined in the calibration data sheet of D2450V2(sn765) dipole calibrated by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, the data sheet was filed in this report when there were used.
- \*d. The target value (normalized to 1W) is defined in IEEE Std.1528.



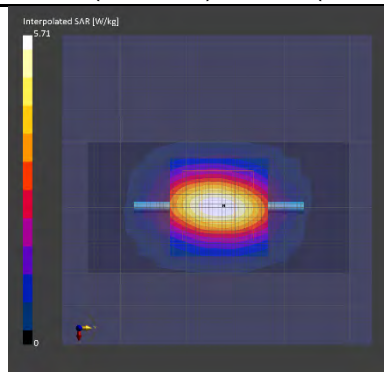
### Appendix 3-2-3: SAR system check measurement data



Dipole: D2450V2 - SN765 ; Mode: CW (0) ; Frequency: 2450 MHz ; Test Distance: 10 mm (dipole to liquid); Power: 17.0 dBm  
 TSL parameters used: Head(v6) ; f= 2450 MHz; Conductivity: 1.858 S/m; Permittivity: 39.66

DASY8 Configuration: - Electronics: DAE4 - SN518 (Calibrated:2023-04-19) - Phantom: ELI V8.0 (20deg probe tilt) ; Serial: 2161 ; Phantom section: Flat - Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3745(Calibrated: 2023-04-18); ConvF: ( 6.89, 6.89, 6.89)@2450 MHz / - Software: 16.2.4.2524 (Measurement); 16.2.4.2524 (Evaluation)

| Scan Setup          |           |                  | Measurement Results |               |               |
|---------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Setup Items         | Area Scan | Zoom Scan        | Meas. Items         | Area Scan     | Zoom Scan     |
| Grid Extents [mm]   | 40.0x80.0 | 30.0x 30.0 x30.0 | psSAR1g [W/kg]      | 2.74          | <b>2.71</b>   |
| Grid Steps [mm]     | 10.0x10.0 | 5.0x 5.0 x1.5    | psSAR10g [W/kg]     | 1.26          | <b>1.26</b>   |
| Sensor Surface [mm] | 3.0       | 1.4              | Power Drift [dB]    | 0.01          | 0.01          |
| Graded Grid         | N/A       | Yes              | Power Scaling       | Disabled      | Disabled      |
| Grading Ratio       | N/A       | 1.5              | Scaling Factor [dB] | N/A           | N/A           |
| MAIA monitored      | Y         | Y                | TSL Correction      | No correction | No correction |
| Surface Detection   | VMS + 6p  | VMS + 6p         | M2/M1 [%]           | N/A           | 79.5          |
| Scan Method         | Measured  | Measured         | Dist 3dB Peak [mm]  | N/A           | 9.0           |



Remarks: \*. Date tested:2024-01-09 ; Tested by: Hiroshi Naka; Tested place:No.7 shielded room; Ambient: (23) deg.C. / (65~70) %RH; Liquid depth: 151 mm;  
 \*. Liquid temperature: 22.5 deg.C.  $\pm$  0.5 deg.C. (22.5 deg.C. in check); \*. Red cubic: big=SAR(10g) / small=SAR(1g)  
 \*. Project file name-Measurement Group: 240109\_14577971\_mic-oya\_canon.d8sar-1/9a,50mw

### Appendix 3-3: Measurement Uncertainty

| Uncertainty of SAR measurement (2.4 GHz ~ 6 GHz) (*, liquid: head(v6), DAKS-3.5, W-Fi(BT)) (v11r04) |                                                           |                    |                          |         |         |          | 1g SAR              | 10g SAR              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Symbol                                                                                              | Error Description                                         | Uncertainty (Unc.) | Probability distribution | Divisor | ci (1g) | ci (10g) | ui (1g) (Std. Unc.) | ui (10g) (Std. Unc.) |
| <b>Measurement System (DASY8)</b>                                                                   |                                                           |                    |                          |         |         |          |                     |                      |
| CF                                                                                                  | Probe Calibration (EX3DV4)                                | ± 13.1 %           | Normal                   | 2       | 1       | 1        | ± 6.55 %            | ± 6.55 %             |
| CF <sub>drift</sub>                                                                                 | Probe Calibration Drift                                   | ± 1.7 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 1.0 %             | ± 1.0 %              |
| LIN                                                                                                 | Probe Linearity                                           | ± 4.7 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 2.7 %             | ± 2.7 %              |
| BBS                                                                                                 | Broadband Signal                                          | ± 2.6 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 1.5 %             | ± 1.5 %              |
| ISO1                                                                                                | Probe Isotropy                                            | ± 7.6 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 4.4 %             | ± 4.4 %              |
| DAE                                                                                                 | Data Acquisition                                          | ± 1.2 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 1.2 %             | ± 1.2 %              |
| AMB                                                                                                 | RF Ambient (noise&refraction) (< 12μW/g)                  | ± 1.0 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 1.0 %             | ± 1.0 %              |
| Δsys                                                                                                | Probe Positioning                                         | ± 0.5 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 0.33    | 0.33     | ± 0.2 %             | ± 0.2 %              |
| DAT                                                                                                 | Data Processing                                           | ± 2.3 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 2.3 %             | ± 2.3 %              |
| <b>Phantom and Device Error</b>                                                                     |                                                           |                    |                          |         |         |          |                     |                      |
| LIQ(σ)                                                                                              | Conductivity (measured) (DAKS-3.5)                        | ± 5.0 %            | Normal                   | 2       | 0.78    | 0.71     | ± 2.0 %             | ± 1.8 %              |
| LIQ(Tσ)                                                                                             | Conductivity (temperature) (≤ 2 deg.C.)                   | ± 2.4 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 0.78    | 0.71     | ± 1.1 %             | ± 1.0 %              |
| EPS                                                                                                 | Phantom Permittivity (liquid to antenna: ≥ 5 mm)          | ± 14.0 %           | Rectangular              | √3      | 0.25    | 0.25     | ± 2.0 %             | ± 2.0 %              |
| DIS                                                                                                 | Distance EUT-TSL                                          | ± 2.7 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 2       | 2        | ± 5.4 %             | ± 5.4 %              |
| Dxyz                                                                                                | Test Sample positioning                                   | ± 1.8 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 5.0 %             | ± 5.0 %              |
| H                                                                                                   | Device holder uncertainty                                 | ± 3.6 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 3.6 %             | ± 3.6 %              |
| MOD                                                                                                 | EUT Modulation                                            | ± 2.4 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 1.4 %             | ± 1.4 %              |
| TAS                                                                                                 | Time-average SAR                                          | ± 0.0 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 0.0 %             | ± 0.0 %              |
| RFdrift                                                                                             | Drift of output power (measured, < 0.2 dB)                | ± 4.7 %            | Normal                   | 2       | 1       | 1        | ± 2.4 %             | ± 2.4 %              |
| <b>Correction to the SAR results</b>                                                                |                                                           |                    |                          |         |         |          |                     |                      |
| C(e,σ)                                                                                              | Deviation to Target (e',σ: ≤ 10 %, IEC head)              | ± 1.9 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 0.84     | ± 1.9 %             | ± 1.6 %              |
| C(R)                                                                                                | SAR Scaling                                               | ± 0 %              | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 0.0 %             | ± 0.0 %              |
| u(ΔSAR)                                                                                             | <b>(SAR: 2.4 GHz~6 GHz) Combined Standard Uncertainty</b> |                    |                          |         |         |          | <b>RSS</b>          | <b>± 12.1 %</b>      |
| U                                                                                                   | <b>(SAR: 2.4 GHz~6 GHz) Expanded Uncertainty</b>          |                    |                          |         |         |          | <b>k=2</b>          | <b>± 24.2 %</b>      |

\*. This uncertainty budget is suggested by IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and determined by SPEAG, DASY8 Module SAR Manual, 2022-08 (Chapter 6.3, DASY8 Uncertainty Budget for Hand-held/Body-worn Devices, Frequency band: 300 MHz - 3 GHz range and 3 GHz - 6 GHz range). All listed error components have v<sub>eff</sub> equal to ∞.

| Uncertainty of SAR daily check (2.4 GHz ~ 6 GHz) (*, liquid: head(v6), DAKS-3.5, CW) (v11r04) |                                                                       |                    |                          |         |         |          | 1g SAR              | 10g SAR              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------|---------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Symbol                                                                                        | Error Description                                                     | Uncertainty (Unc.) | Probability distribution | Divisor | ci (1g) | ci (10g) | ui (1g) (Std. Unc.) | ui (10g) (Std. Unc.) |
| <b>Measurement System (DASY8)</b>                                                             |                                                                       |                    |                          |         |         |          |                     |                      |
| CF                                                                                            | Probe Calibration (EX3DV4)                                            | ± 13.1 %           | Normal                   | 2       | 1       | 1        | ± 6.55 %            | ± 6.55 %             |
| CF <sub>drift</sub>                                                                           | Probe Calibration Drift                                               | ± 1.7 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 1.0 %             | ± 1.0 %              |
| LIN                                                                                           | Probe Linearity                                                       | ± 4.7 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 2.7 %             | ± 2.7 %              |
| ISO2                                                                                          | Probe Isotropy                                                        | ± 4.7 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 2.7 %             | ± 2.7 %              |
| DAE                                                                                           | Data Acquisition                                                      | ± 1.2 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 1.2 %             | ± 1.2 %              |
| AMB                                                                                           | RF Ambient (noise&refraction) (<12μW/g)                               | ± 1.0 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 1.0 %             | ± 1.0 %              |
| Δsys                                                                                          | Probe Positioning                                                     | ± 0.5 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 0.33    | 0.33     | ± 0.2 %             | ± 0.2 %              |
| DAT                                                                                           | Data Processing                                                       | ± 2.3 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 2.3 %             | ± 2.3 %              |
| <b>Phantom and Device Error</b>                                                               |                                                                       |                    |                          |         |         |          |                     |                      |
| LIQ(σ)                                                                                        | Conductivity (measured) (DAKS-3.5)                                    | ± 5.0 %            | Normal                   | 2       | 0.78    | 0.71     | ± 2.0 %             | ± 1.8 %              |
| LIQ(Tσ)                                                                                       | Conductivity (temperature) (≤ 2 deg.C.)                               | ± 2.4 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 0.78    | 0.71     | ± 1.1 %             | ± 1.0 %              |
| EPS                                                                                           | Phantom Permittivity (liquid to antenna: ≥ 5 mm)                      | ± 14.0 %           | Rectangular              | √3      | 0.25    | 0.25     | ± 2.0 %             | ± 2.0 %              |
| VAL                                                                                           | Validation antenna uncertainty                                        | ± 5.5 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 3.2 %             | ± 3.2 %              |
| Pin                                                                                           | Uncertainty in accepted power                                         | ± 2.5 %            | Normal                   | 2       | 1       | 1        | ± 1.3 %             | ± 1.3 %              |
| DIS                                                                                           | Distance EUT-TSL                                                      | ± 2.0 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 2       | 2        | ± 4.0 %             | ± 4.0 %              |
| Dxyz                                                                                          | Test Sample positioning                                               | ± 1.0 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 1        | ± 1.0 %             | ± 1.0 %              |
| RFdrift                                                                                       | Drift of output power (measured, < 0.1 dB)                            | ± 2.3 %            | Rectangular              | √3      | 1       | 1        | ± 1.3 %             | ± 1.3 %              |
| <b>Correction to the SAR results</b>                                                          |                                                                       |                    |                          |         |         |          |                     |                      |
| C(e,σ)                                                                                        | Deviation to Target (e',σ: ≤ 10 %, IEC head)                          | ± 1.9 %            | Normal                   | 1       | 1       | 0.84     | ± 1.9 %             | ± 1.6 %              |
| u(ΔSAR)                                                                                       | <b>(SAR daily check: 2.4 GHz~6 GHz) Combined Standard Uncertainty</b> |                    |                          |         |         |          | <b>RSS</b>          | <b>± 10.5 %</b>      |
| U                                                                                             | <b>(SAR daily check: 2.4 GHz~6 GHz) Expanded Uncertainty</b>          |                    |                          |         |         |          | <b>k=2</b>          | <b>± 21.0 %</b>      |

\*. This uncertainty budget is suggested by IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and determined by SPEAG, DASY8 Module SAR Manual, 2022-08 (Chapter 6.2, DASY8 Uncertainty Budget for System Verification, Frequency band: 300 MHz - 6 GHz range). All listed error components have v<sub>eff</sub> equal to ∞.

\*. Table of uncertainties are listed for ISO/IEC 17025.

\*. Although this standard determines only the limit value of uncertainty, there is no applicable rule of uncertainty in this. Therefore, the results are derived depending on whether or not laboratory uncertainty is applied.

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**Appendix 3-4: Calibration certificates**

| LIMS ID | Description               | Type/Model | Serial Number | Manufacture | Calibration Certificate                                                             | Note |
|---------|---------------------------|------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| 226380  | Dosimetric E-Field Probe  | EX3DV4     | 3745          | SPEAG       |  | -    |
| 145558  | Dipole Antenna (2.45 GHz) | D2450V2    | 765           | SPEAG       |  | *1   |

\*1: As stated on page 2 of the certificate, the calibration was performed in accordance to the latest standard IEC/IEEE 62209-1528. Therefore, the reported SAR values are valid for any system that complies with IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 including all new versions of DASY such as DASY6 and DASY8.

-End of report-