

8.9.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple colocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

RESULTS

Antenna Gain and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Directional Gain for Power (dBi)	Directional Gain for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Low	5190	2.30	2.30	24.00	11.00
High	5230	2.30	2.30	24.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

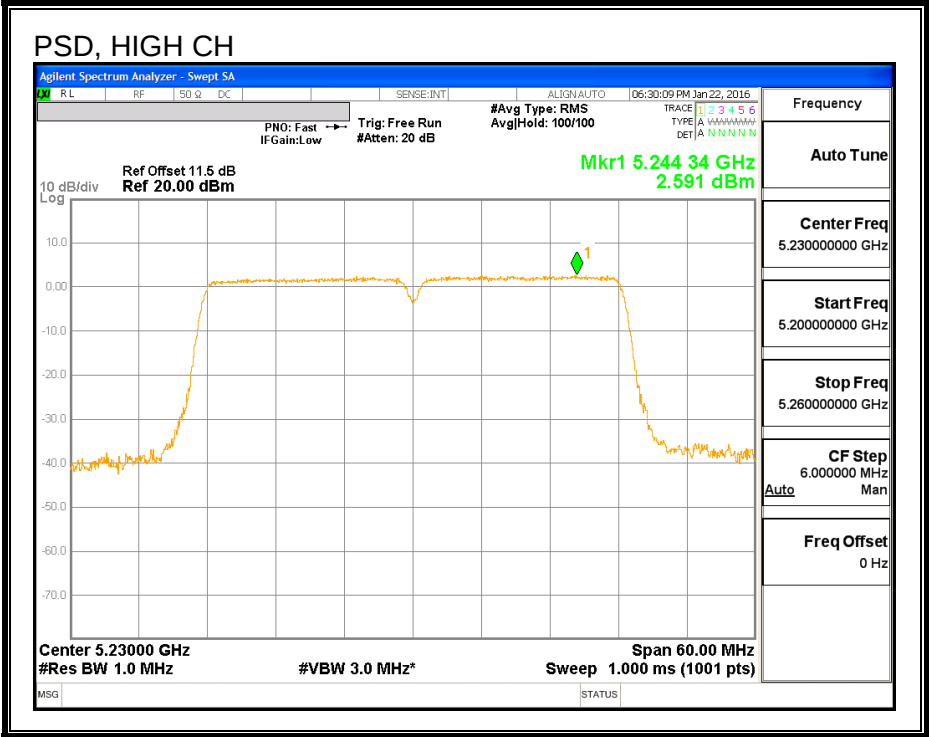
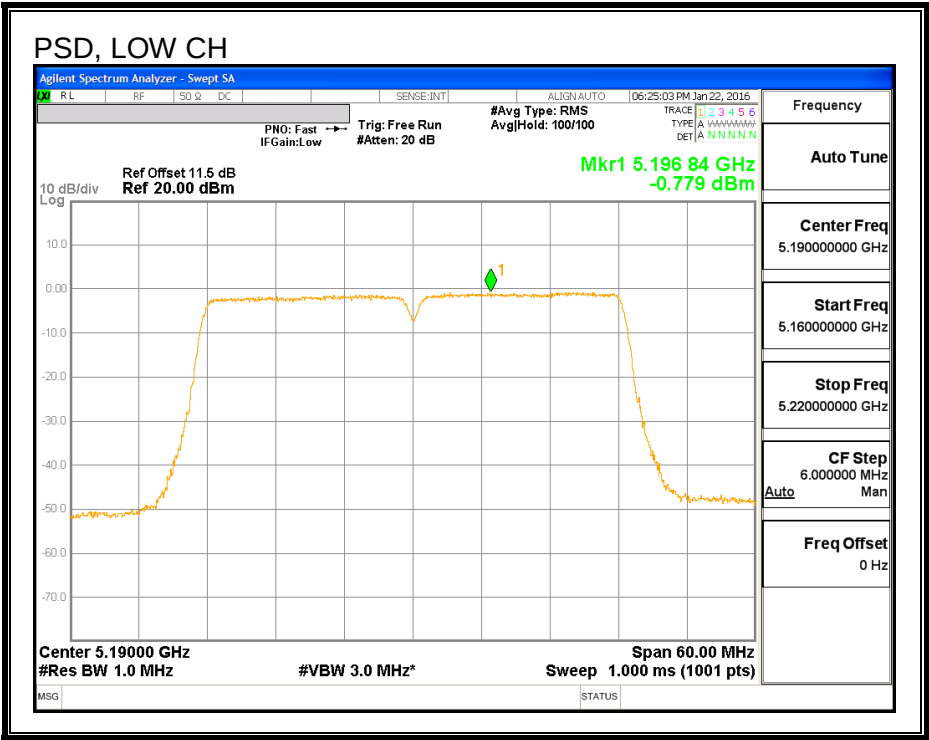
Output Power Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna A Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Low	5190	13.48	13.48	24.00	-10.52
High	5230	16.99	16.99	24.00	-7.01

PSD Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna A Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Low	5190	-0.779	-0.779	11.00	-11.78
High	5230	2.591	2.591	11.00	-8.41

PSD



8.10. 802.11n HT40 2TX CDD MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

8.10.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

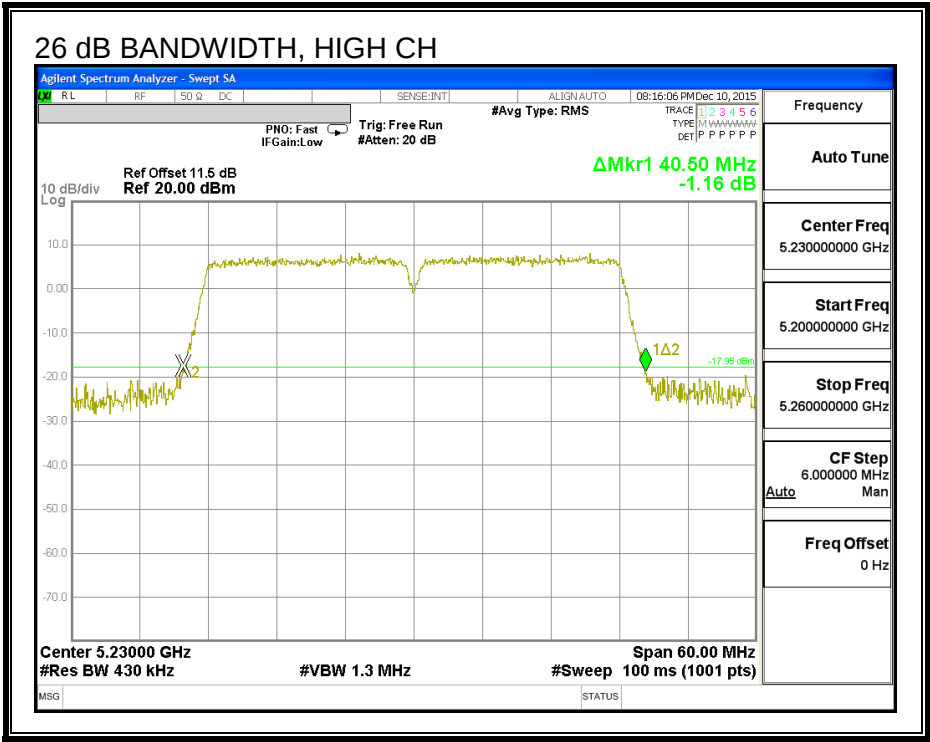
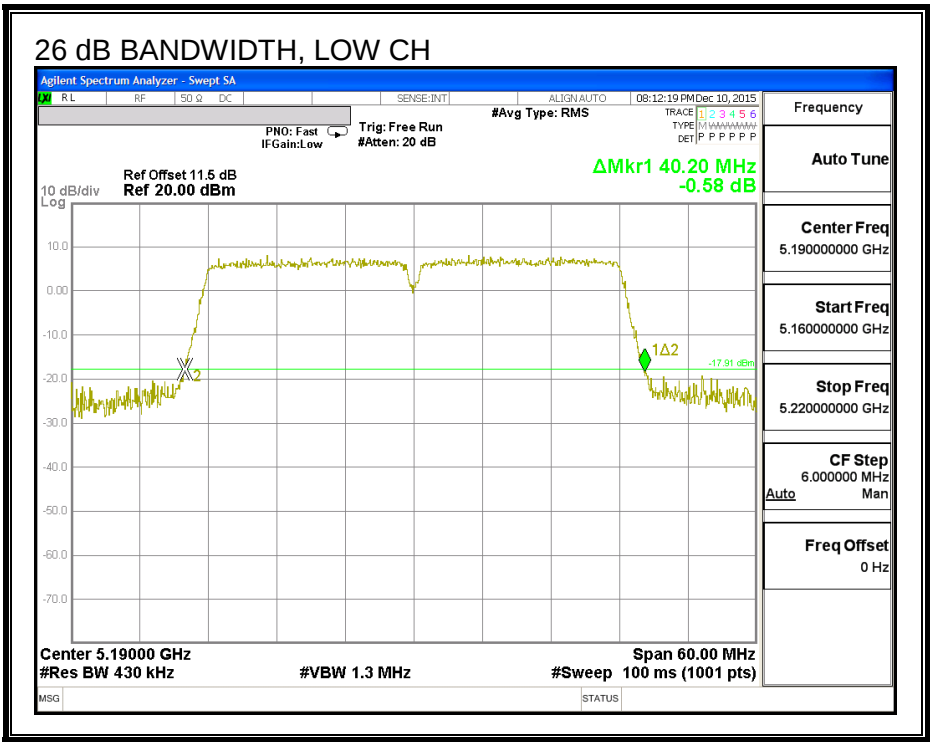
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

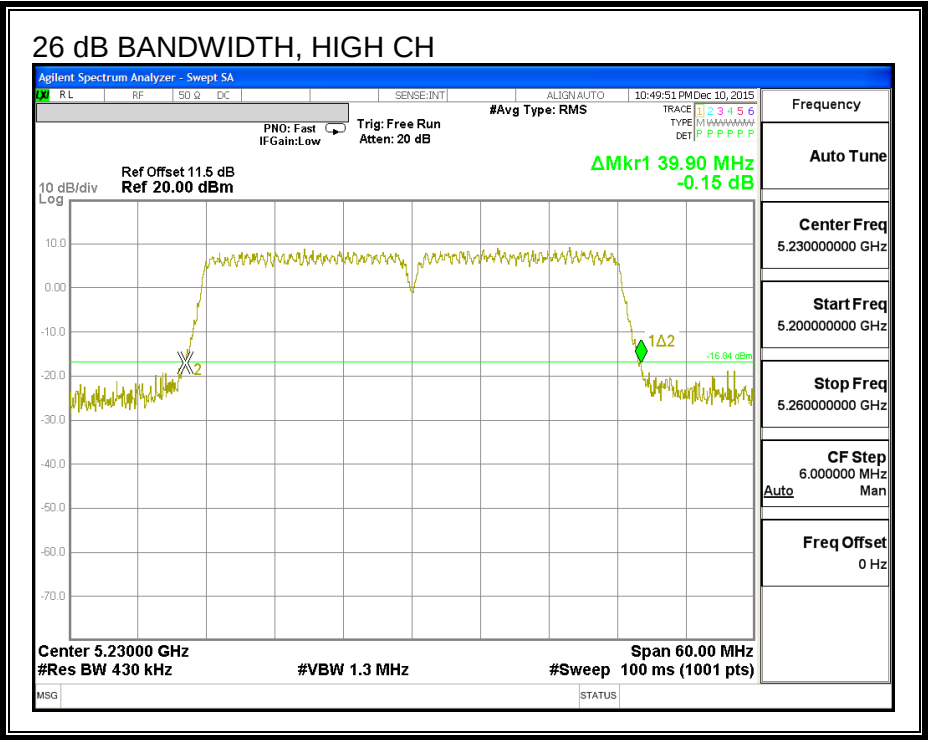
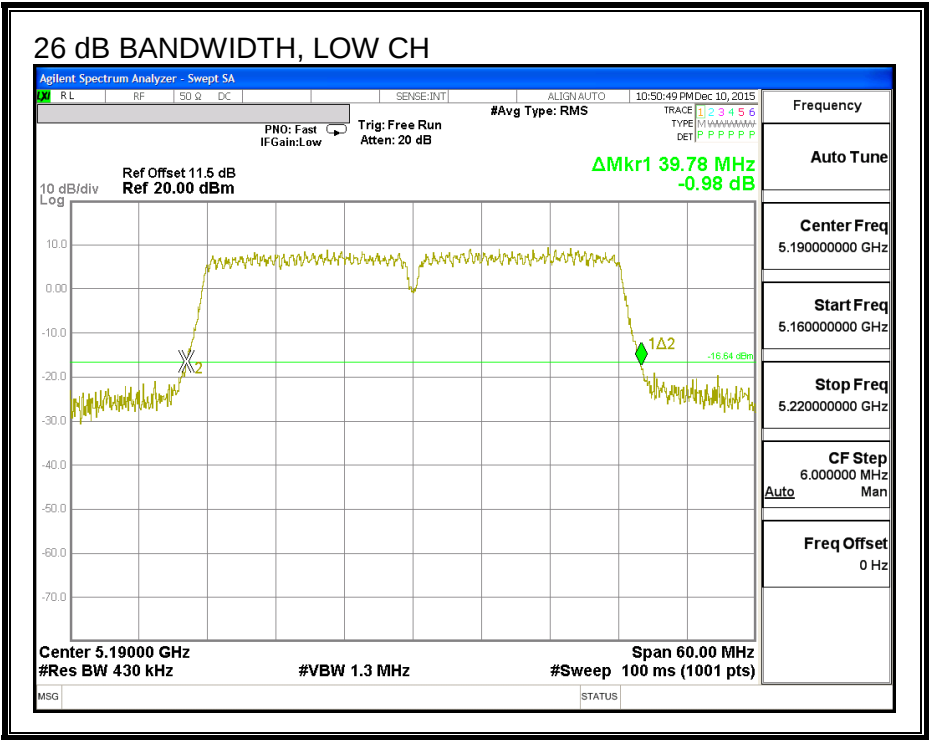
RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna B (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna A (MHz)
Low	5190	40.20	39.78
High	5230	40.50	39.90

26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B



26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A



8.10.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

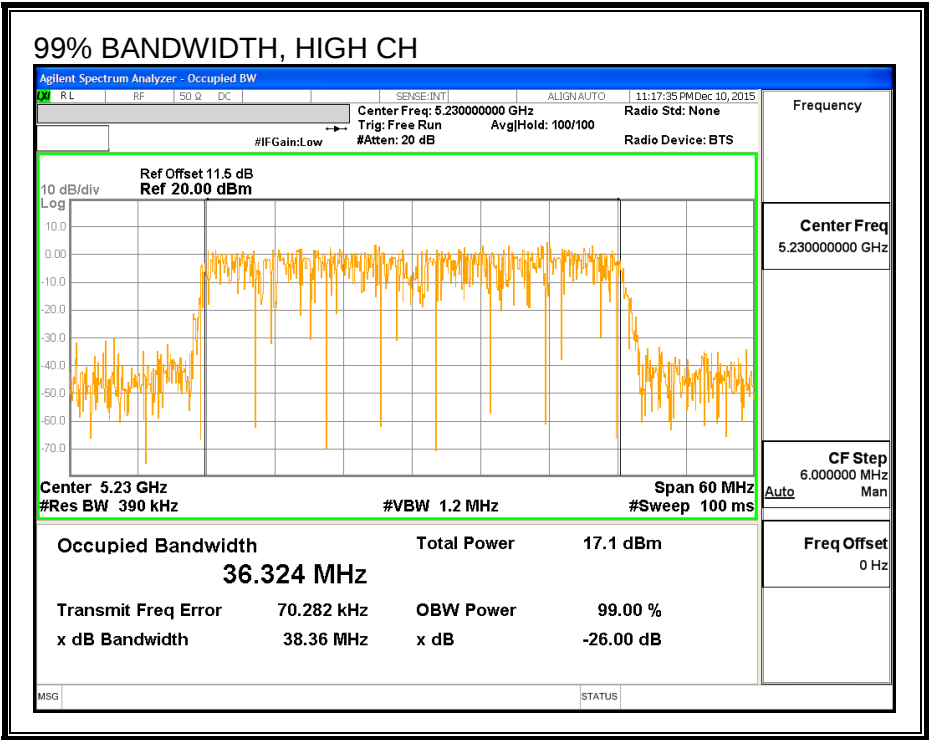
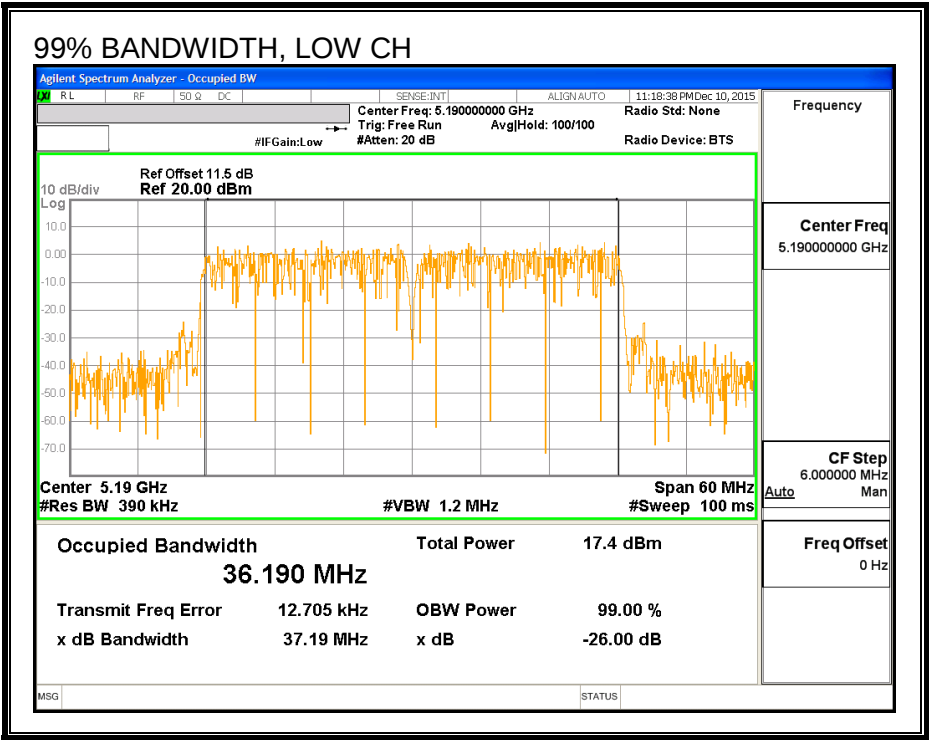
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

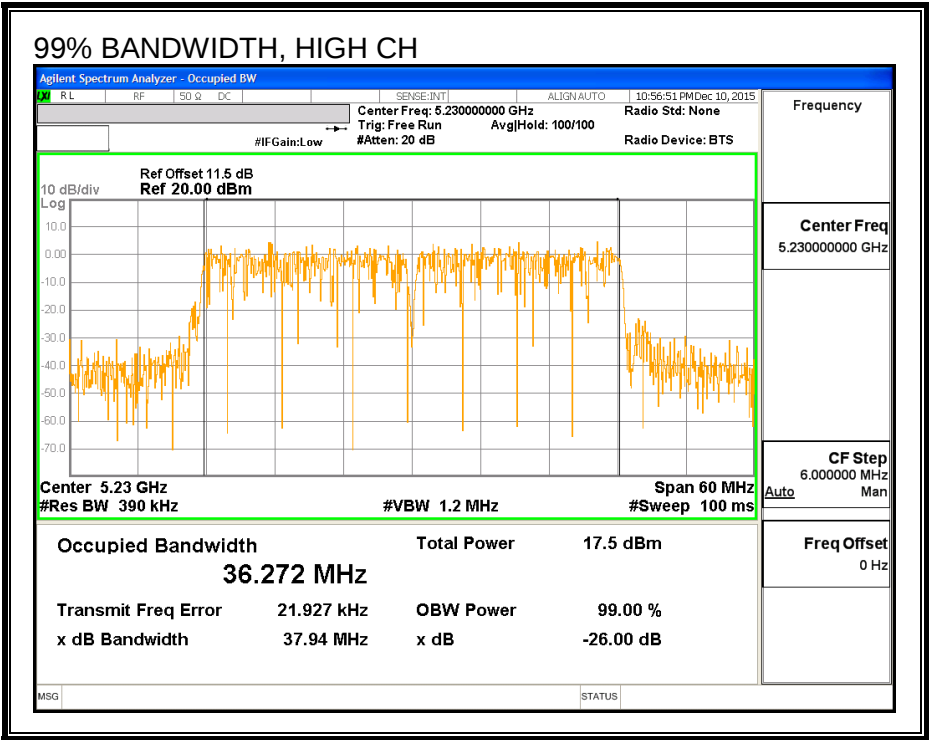
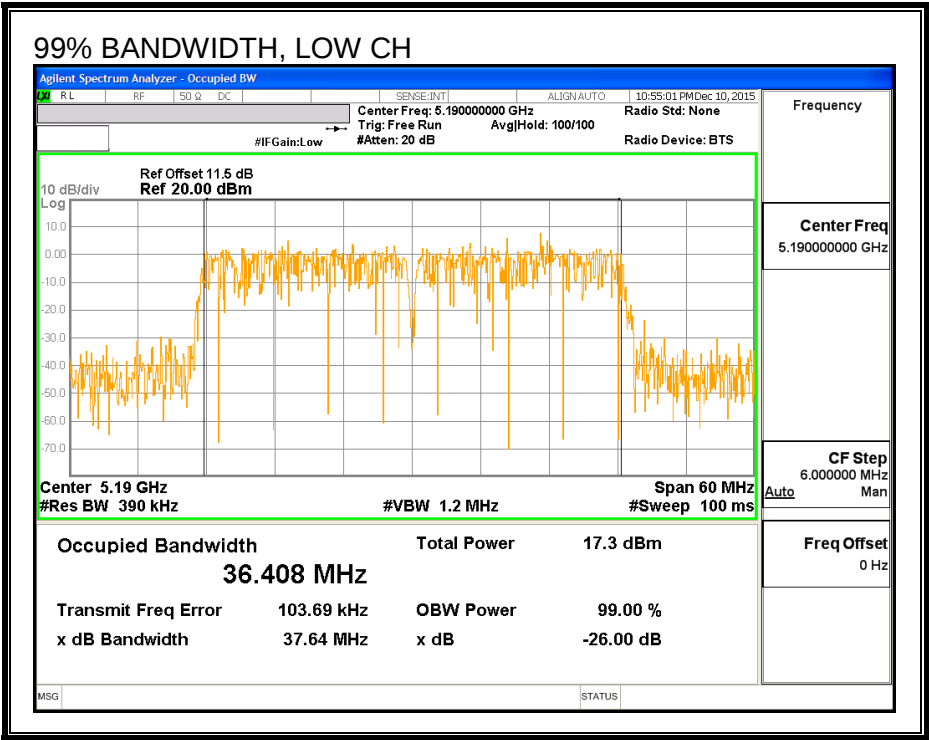
RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% BW Antenna B (MHz)	99% BW Antenna A (MHz)
Low	5190	36.190	36.408
High	5230	36.324	36.272

99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B



99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A



8.10.3. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter.

RESULTS

Average Power Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B	Antenna A	Total
		Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)	Power (dBm)
Low	5190	12.50	12.42	15.47
High	5230	15.88	15.92	18.91

8.10.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

The TX chains are uncorrelated and the antenna gain is unequal among the chains. The directional gain is:

Antenna B	Antenna A	Uncorrelated Chains
Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (dBi)
3.04	2.30	2.69

The TX chains are correlated and the antenna gain is unequal among the chains. The directional gain is:

Antenna B	Antenna A	Correlated Chains
Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (dBi)
3.04	2.30	5.69

RESULTS

Antenna Gain and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Directional Gain for Power (dBi)	Directional Gain for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Low	5190	2.69	5.69	24.00	11.00
High	5230	2.69	5.69	24.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

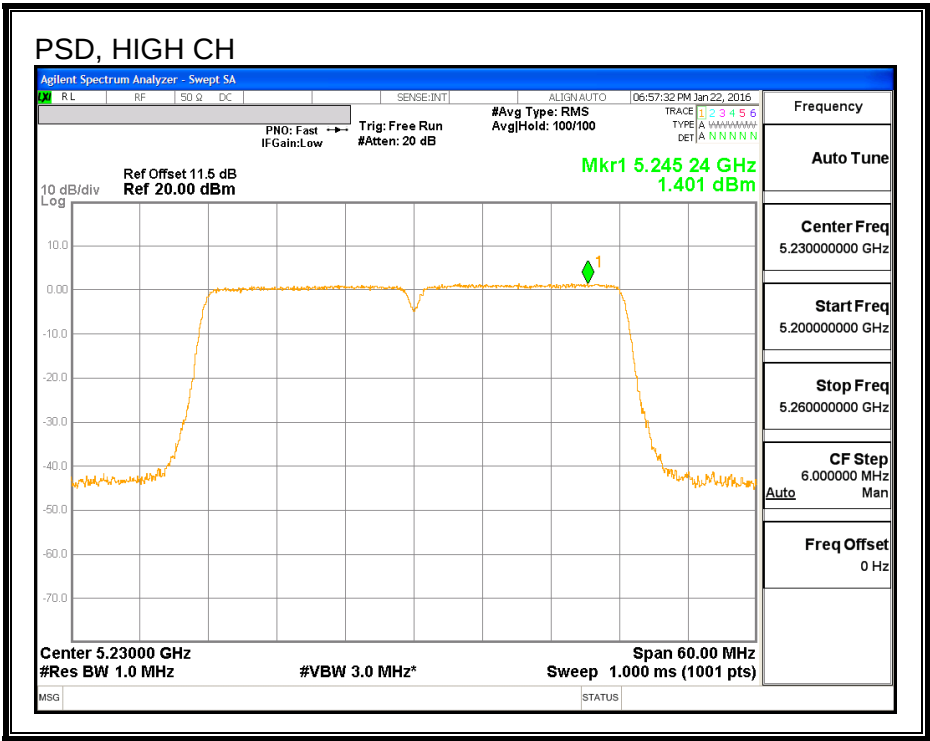
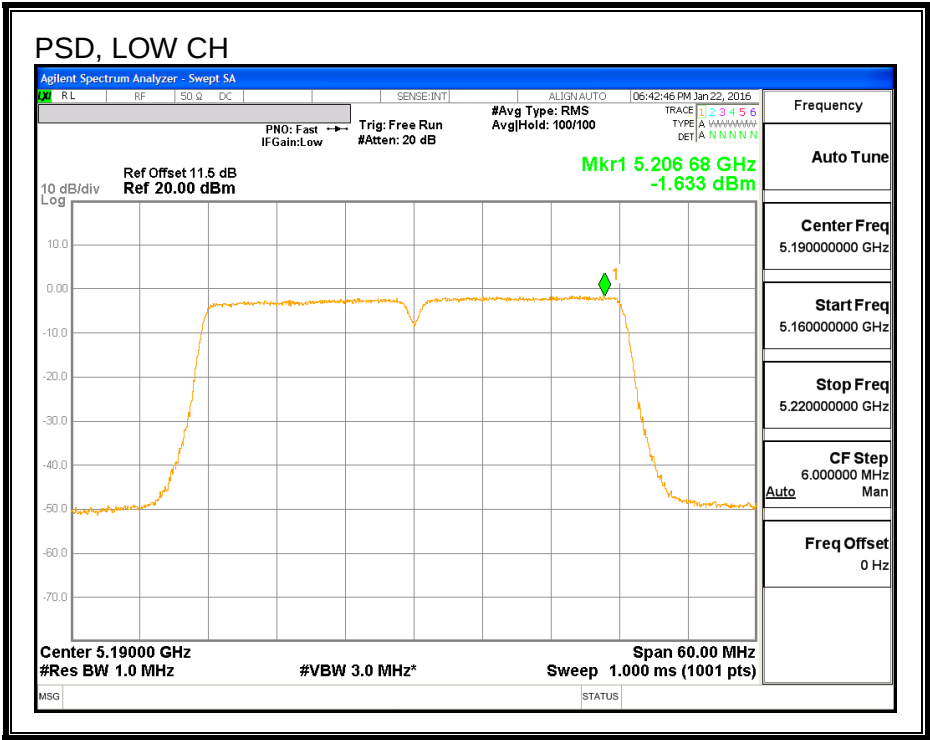
Output Power Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas Power (dBm)	Antenna A Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Low	5190	12.50	12.42	15.47	24.00	-8.53
High	5230	15.88	15.92	18.91	24.00	-5.09

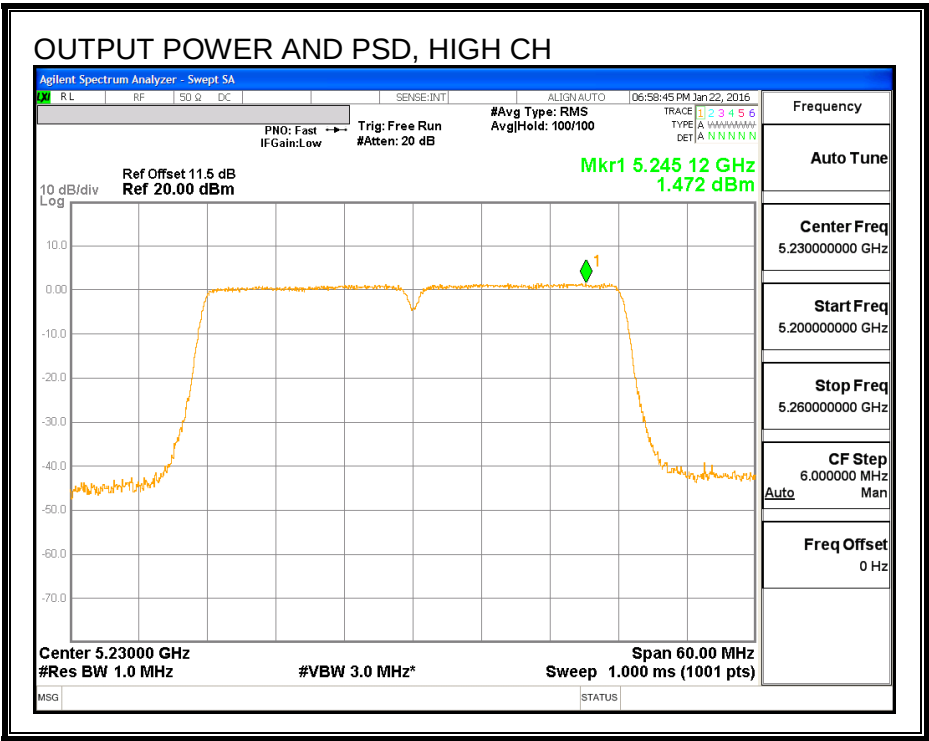
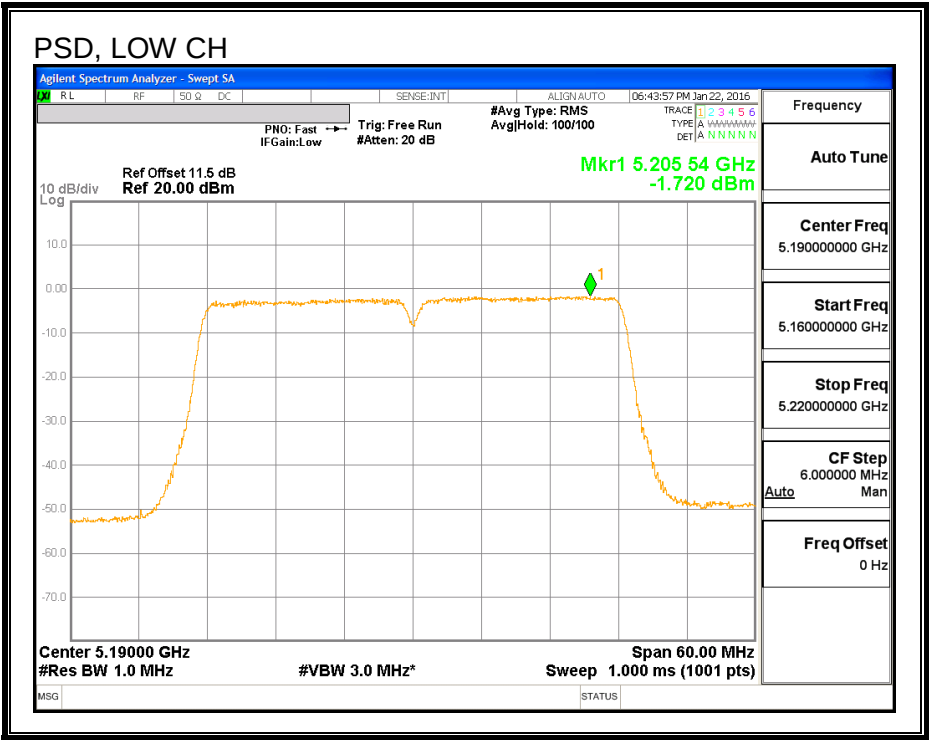
PSD Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas PSD (dBm)	Antenna A Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Low	5190	-1.633	-1.720	1.334	11.00	-9.67
High	5230	1.401	1.472	4.447	11.00	-6.55

PSD, ANTENNA - B



PSD, ANTENNA - A



8.11. 802.11n HT40 2Tx STBC MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

8.11.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

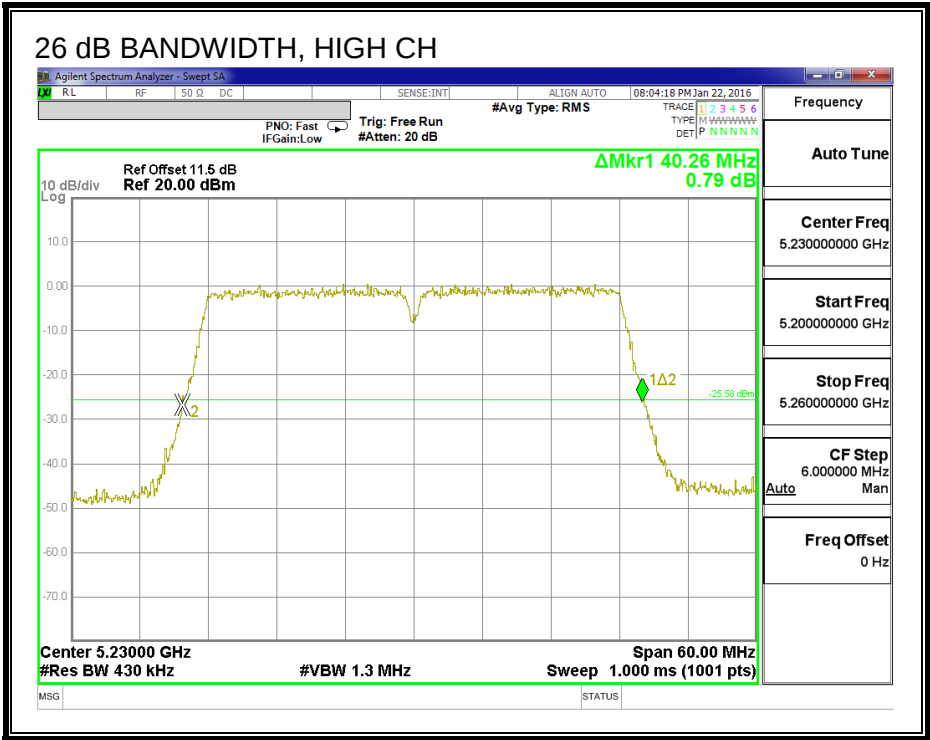
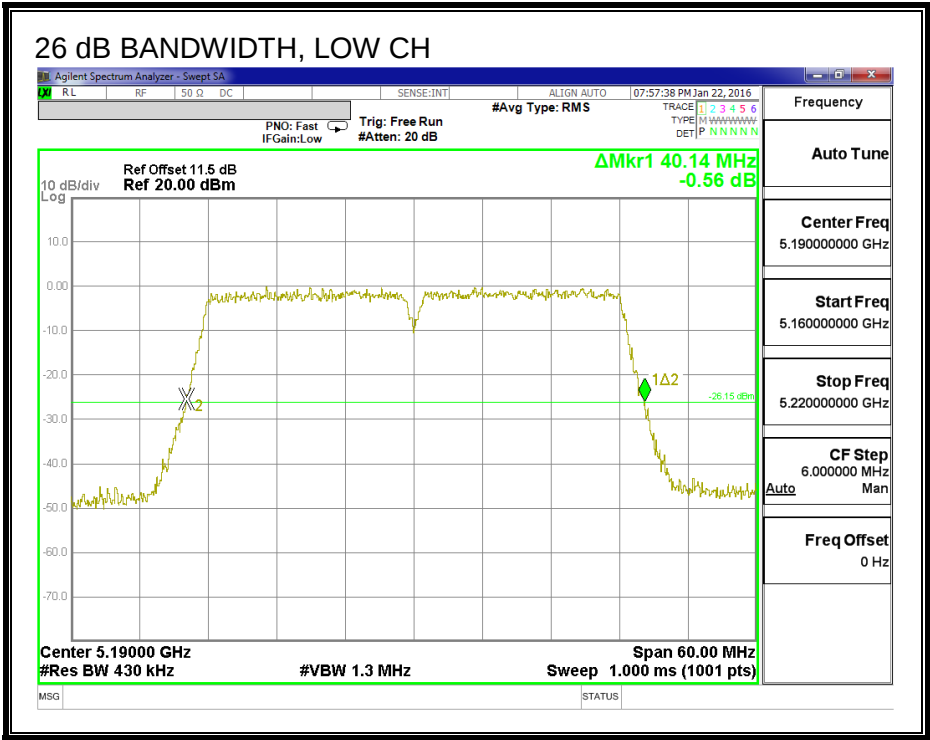
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

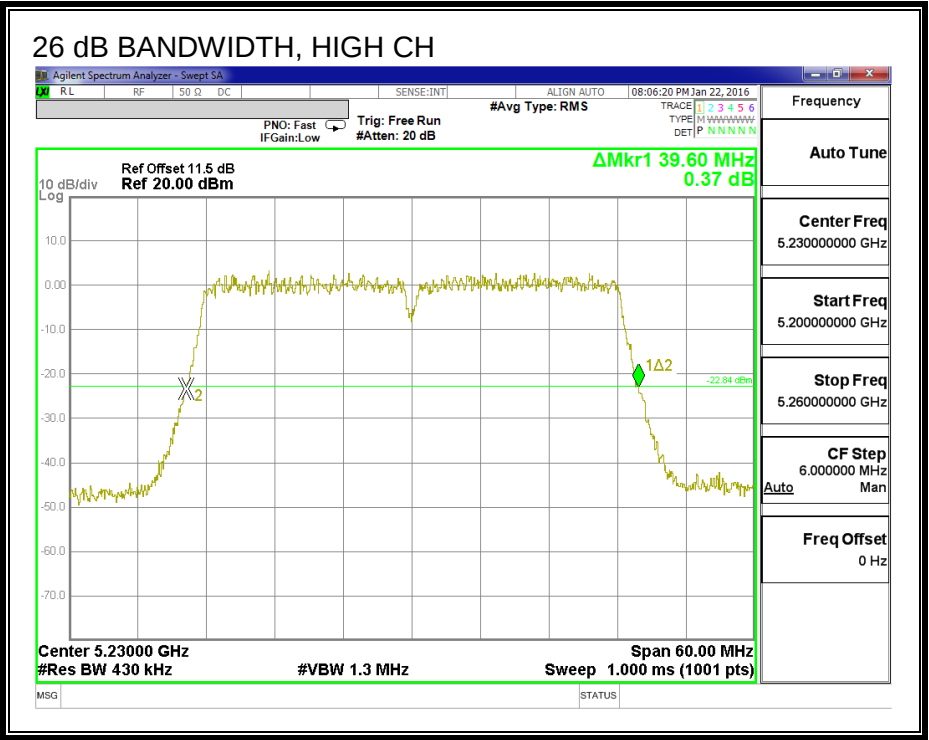
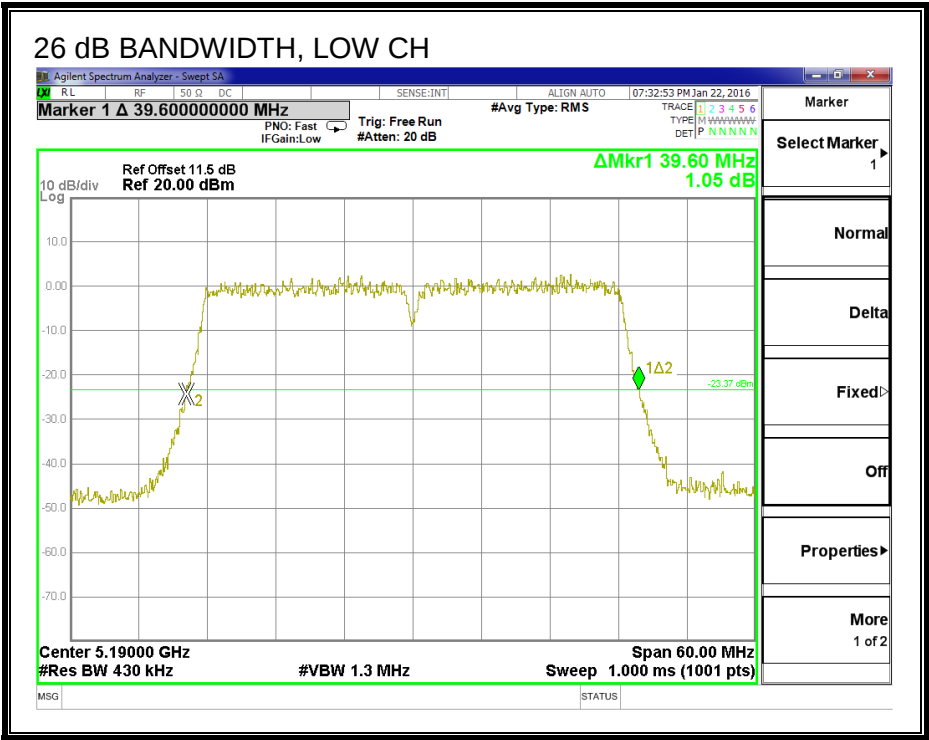
RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna B (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna A (MHz)
Low	5190	40.14	39.60
High	5230	40.26	39.60

26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B



26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A



8.11.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

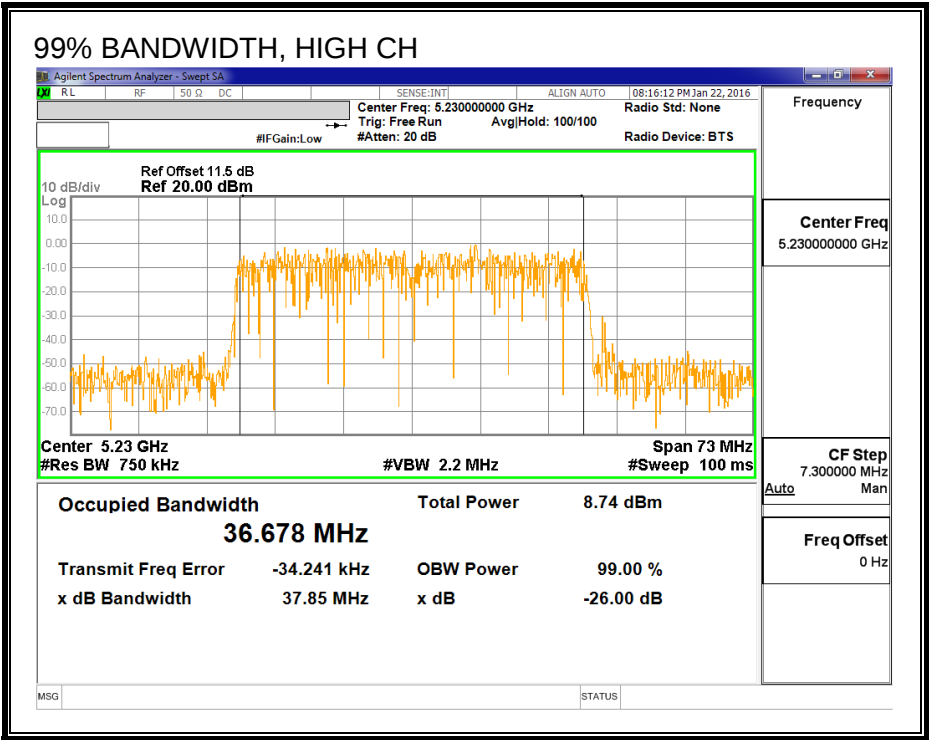
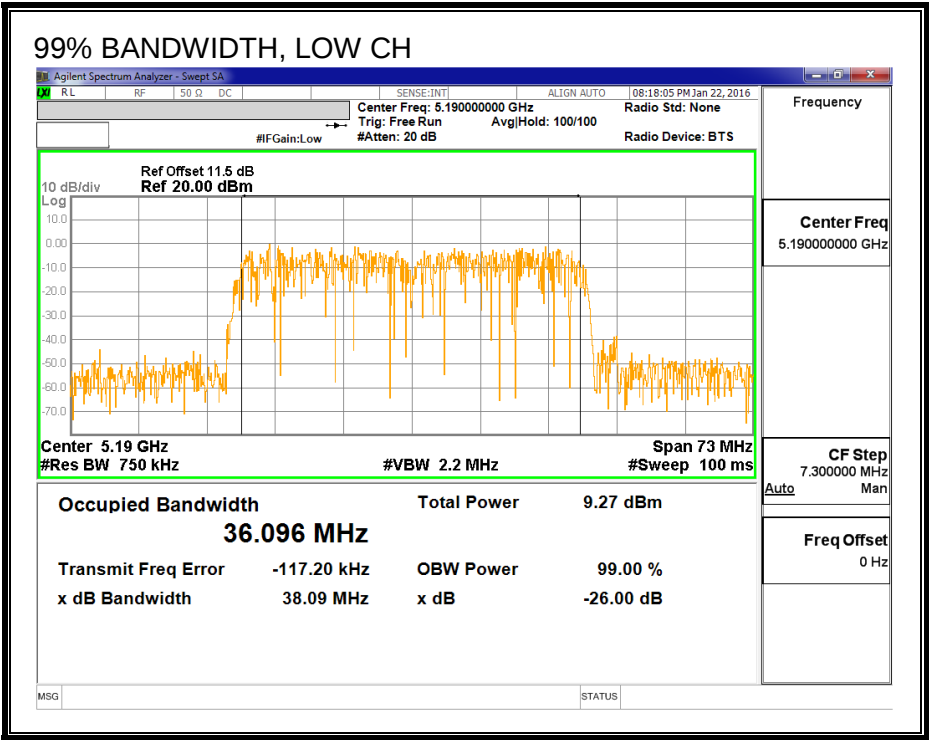
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

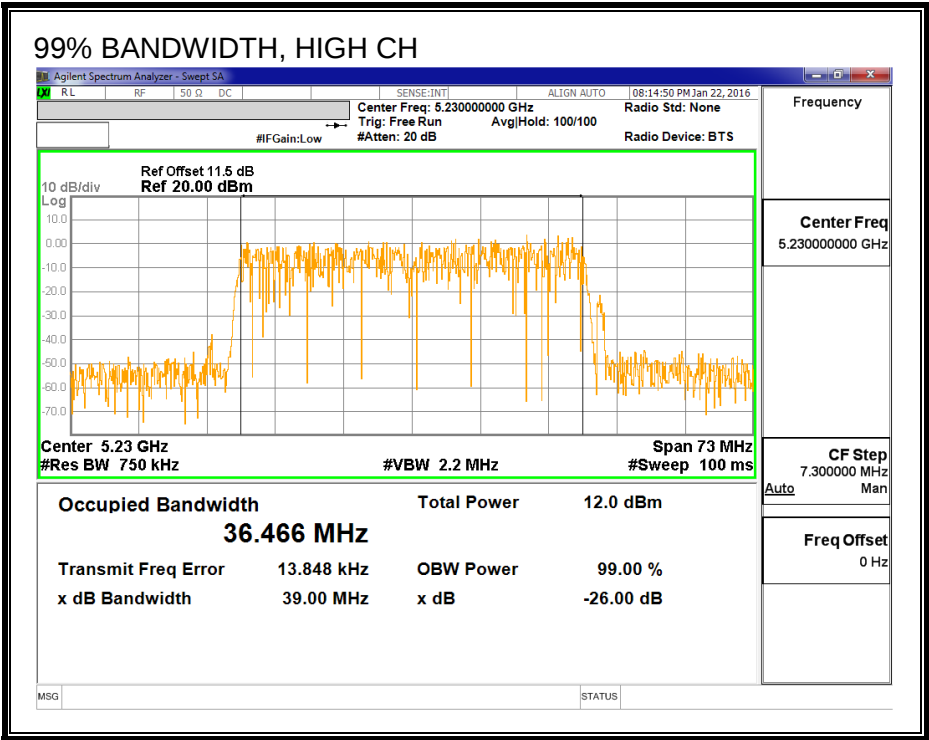
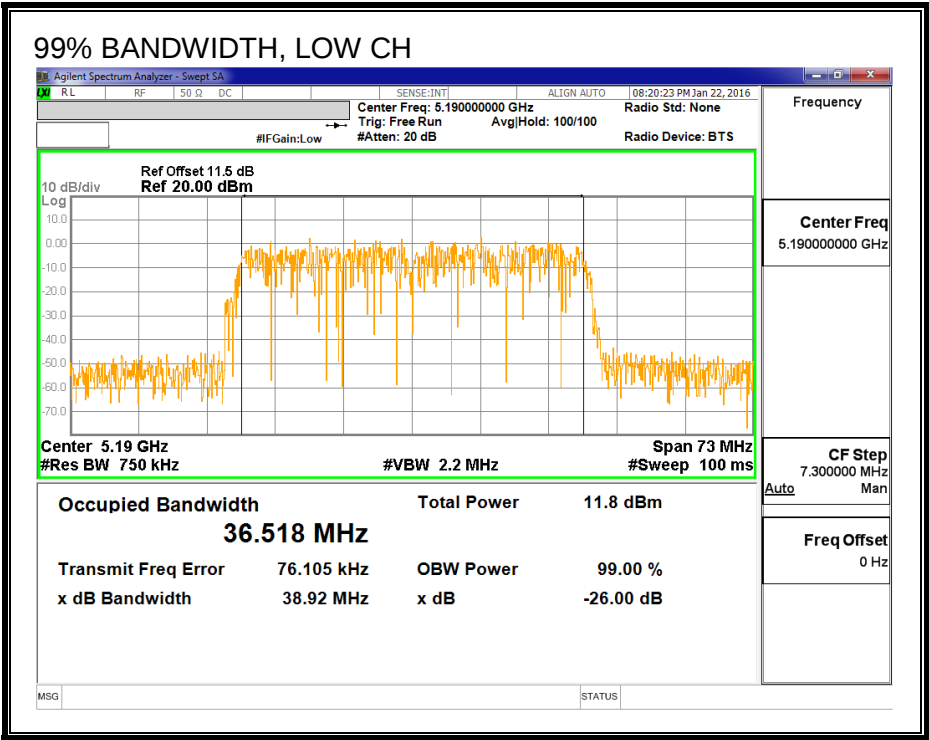
RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% BW Antenna B (MHz)	99% BW Antenna A (MHz)
Low	5190	36.096	36.518
High	5230	36.678	36.466

99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B



99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A



8.11.3. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter.

RESULTS

Average Power Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Power (dBm)	Antenna A Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)
Low	5190	12.49	12.46	15.49
High	5230	16.94	16.98	19.97

8.11.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple colocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

The TX chains are uncorrelated and the antenna gain is unequal among the chains. The directional gain is:

Antenna B	Antenna A	Uncorrelated Chains
Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (dBi)
3.04	2.30	2.69

RESULTS

Antenna Gain and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Directional Gain for Power (dBi)	Directional Gain for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Low	5190	2.69	2.69	24.00	11.00
High	5230	2.69	2.69	24.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

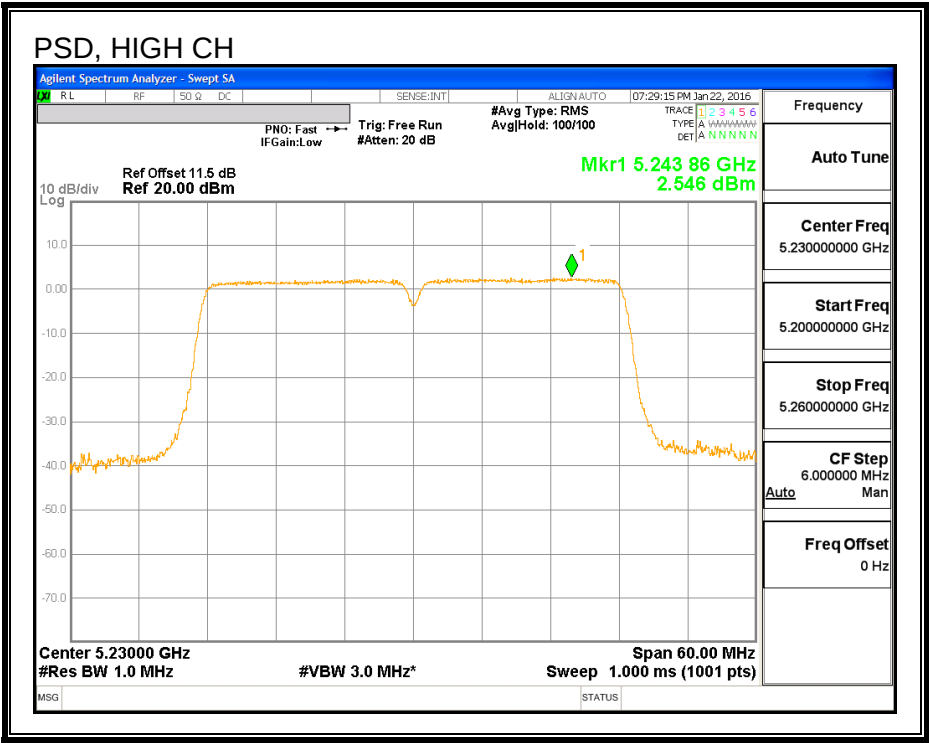
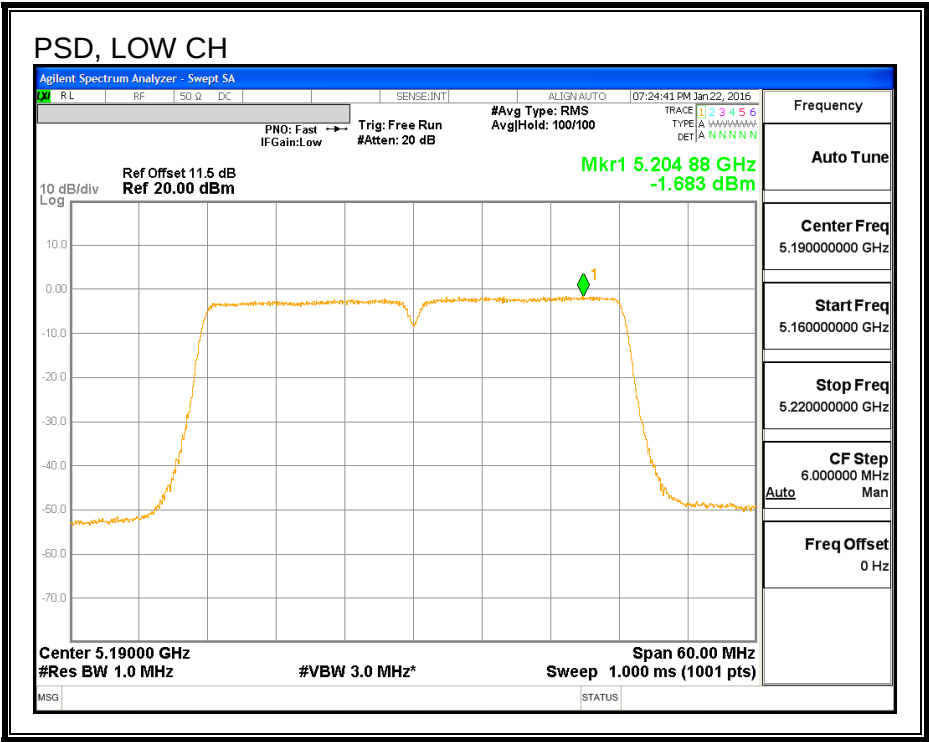
Output Power Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas Power (dBm)	Antenna A Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Low	5190	12.49	12.46	15.49	24.00	-8.51
High	5230	16.94	16.98	19.97	24.00	-4.03

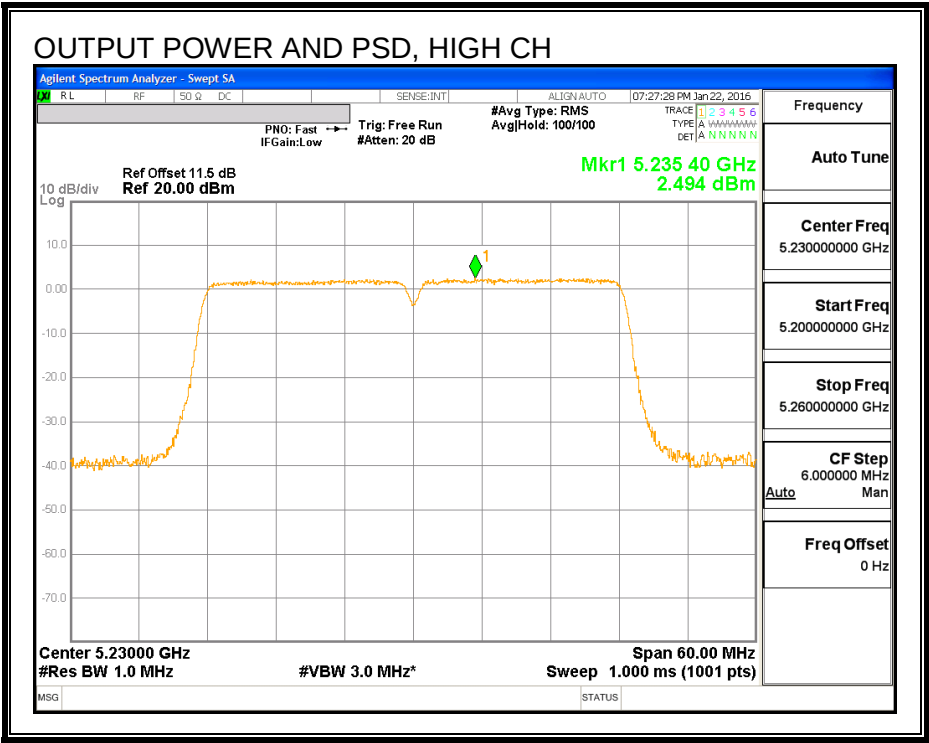
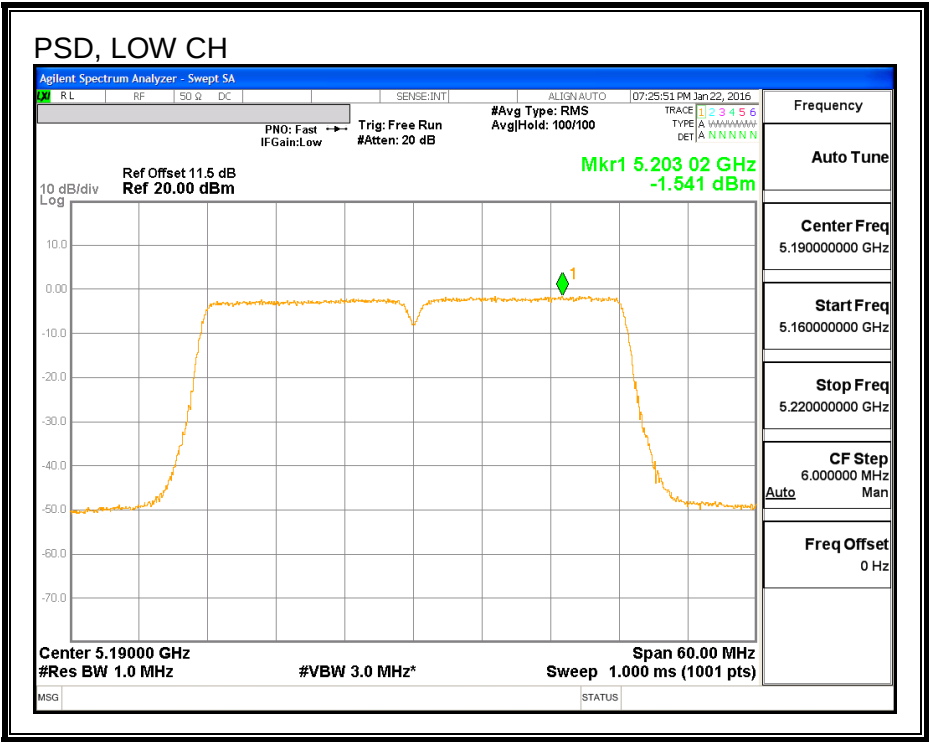
PSD Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas PSD (dBm)	Antenna A Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Low	5190	-1.68	-1.54	1.40	11.00	-9.60
High	5230	2.55	2.49	5.53	11.00	-5.47

PSD, ANTENNA - B



PSD, ANTENNA - A



8.12. 802.11n HT40 2TX SDM MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

Note: Covered by 802.11n HT40 2Tx STBC MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

8.13. 802.11acV VHT80 ANTENNA - B MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

8.13.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

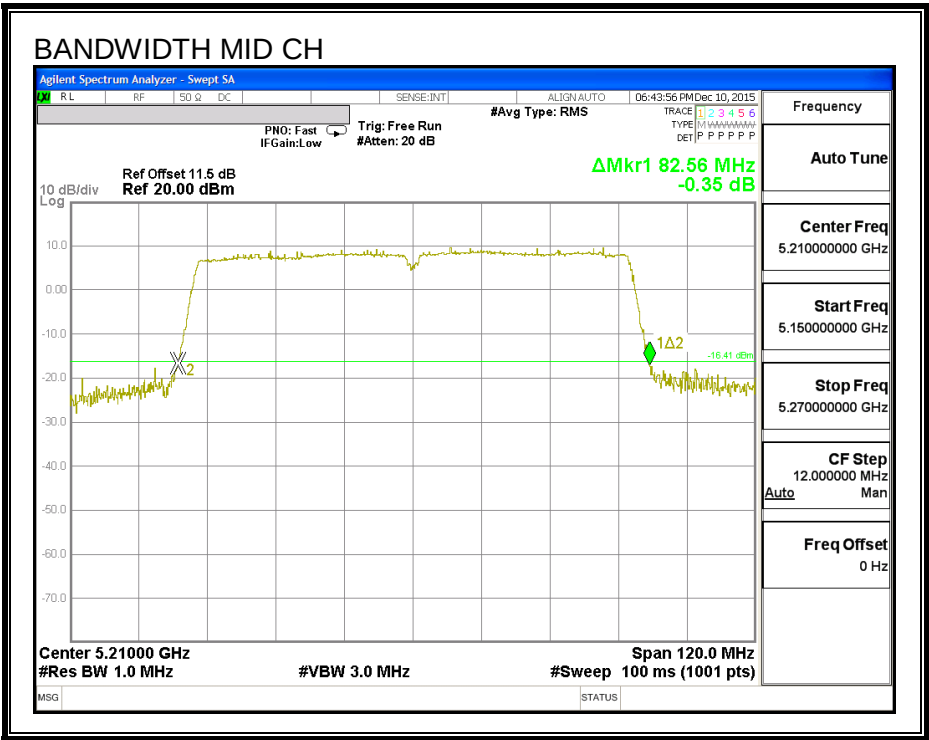
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Mid	5210	82.56

26 dB BANDWIDTH



8.13.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

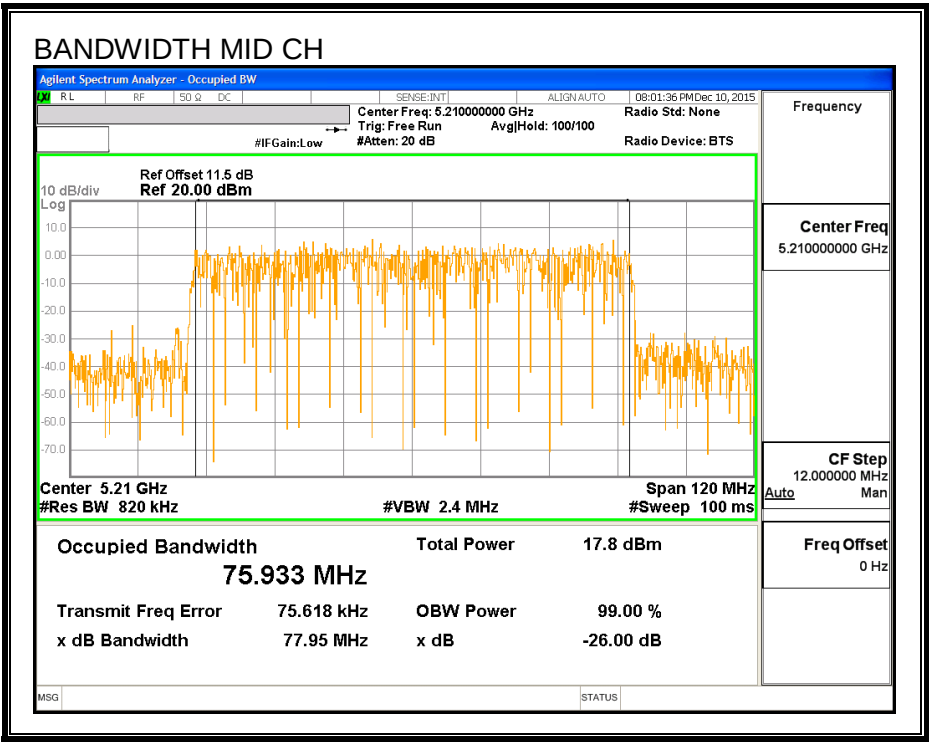
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Mid	5210	75.933

99% BANDWIDTH



8.13.3. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
Mid	5210	13.00

8.13.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

RESULTS

Antenna Gain and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Directional Gain for Power (dBi)	Directional Gain for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Mid	5210	3.04	3.04	24.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.16	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

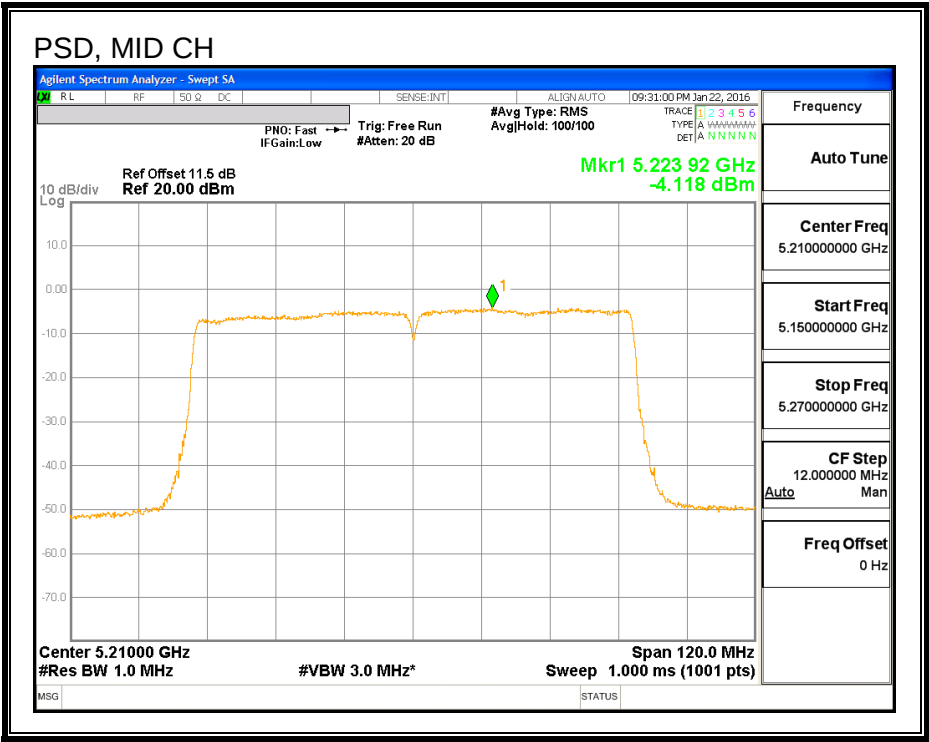
Output Power Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Mid	5210	13.00	13.00	24.00	-11.00

PSD Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Mid	5210	-4.12	-3.96	11.00	-14.96

PSD



8.14. 802.11ac VHT80 ANTENNA - A MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

8.14.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

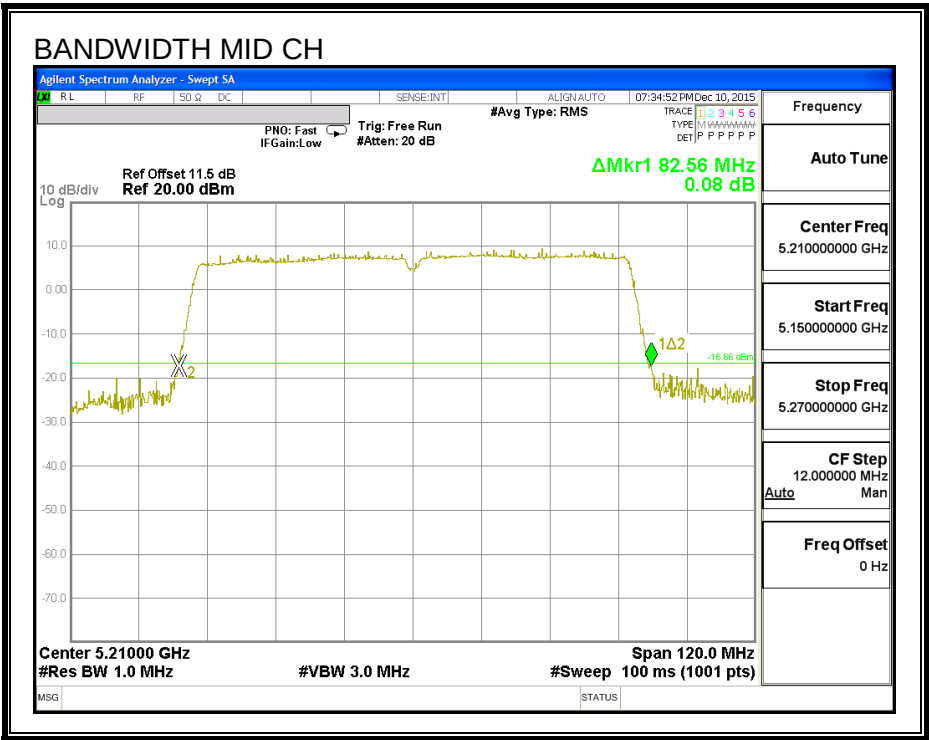
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Mid	5210	82.56

26 dB BANDWIDTH



8.14.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

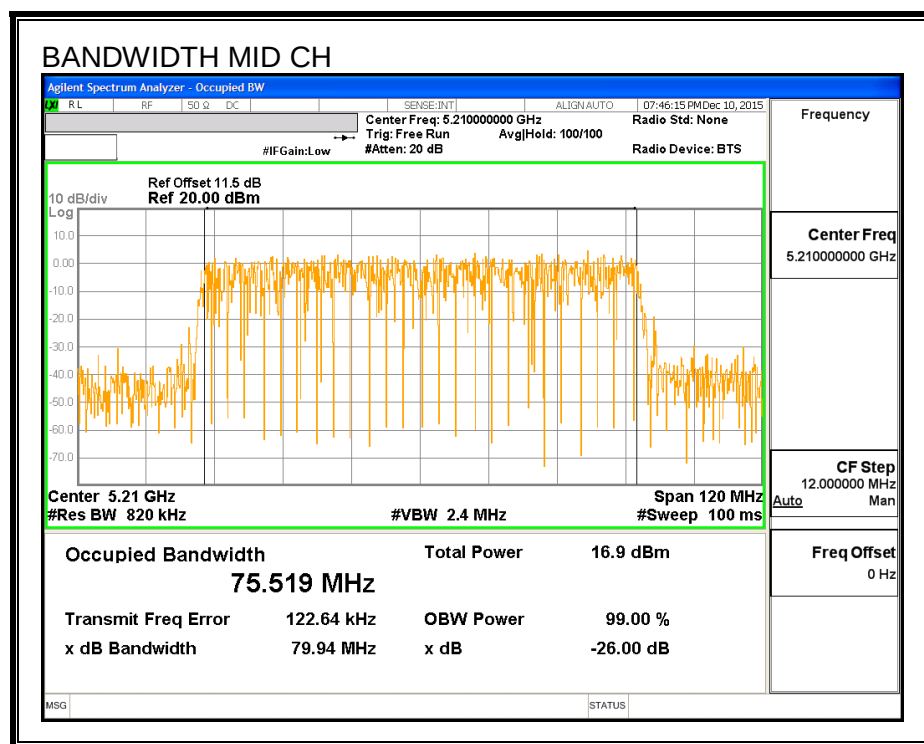
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Mid	5210	75.519

99% BANDWIDTH



8.14.3. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
Mid	5210	12.99

8.14.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

RESULTS

Antenna Gain and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Directional Gain for Power (dBi)	Directional Gain for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Mid	5210	2.30	2.30	24.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.16	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

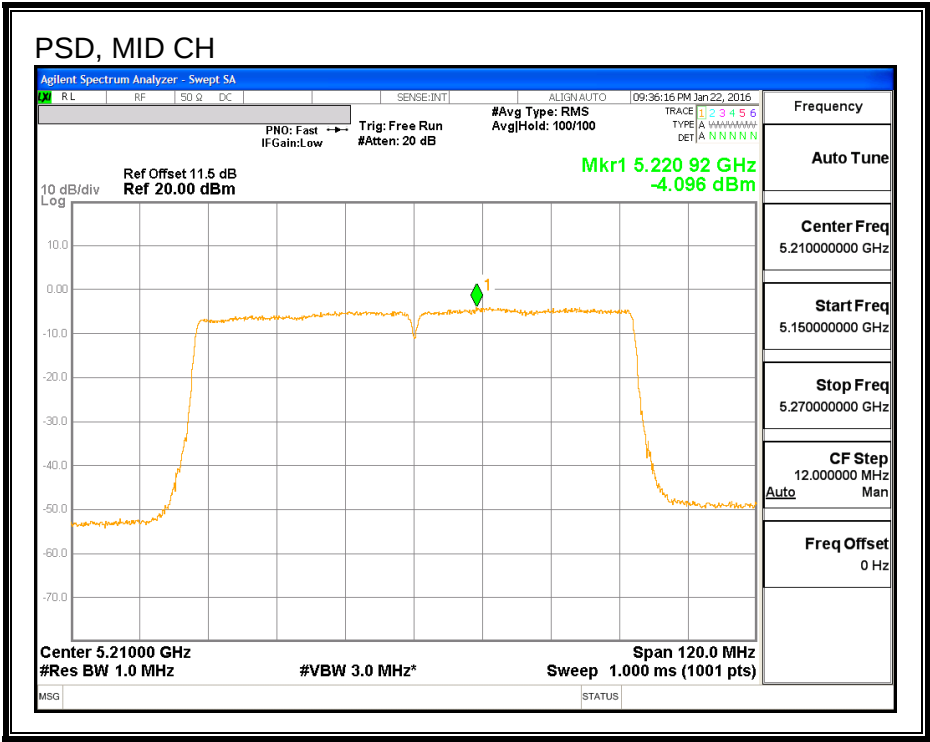
Output Power Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna A Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Mid	5210	12.99	12.99	24.00	-11.01

PSD Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna A Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Mid	5210	-4.10	-3.94	11.00	-14.94

PSD



8.15. 802.11ac VHT80 2Tx CDD MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

8.15.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

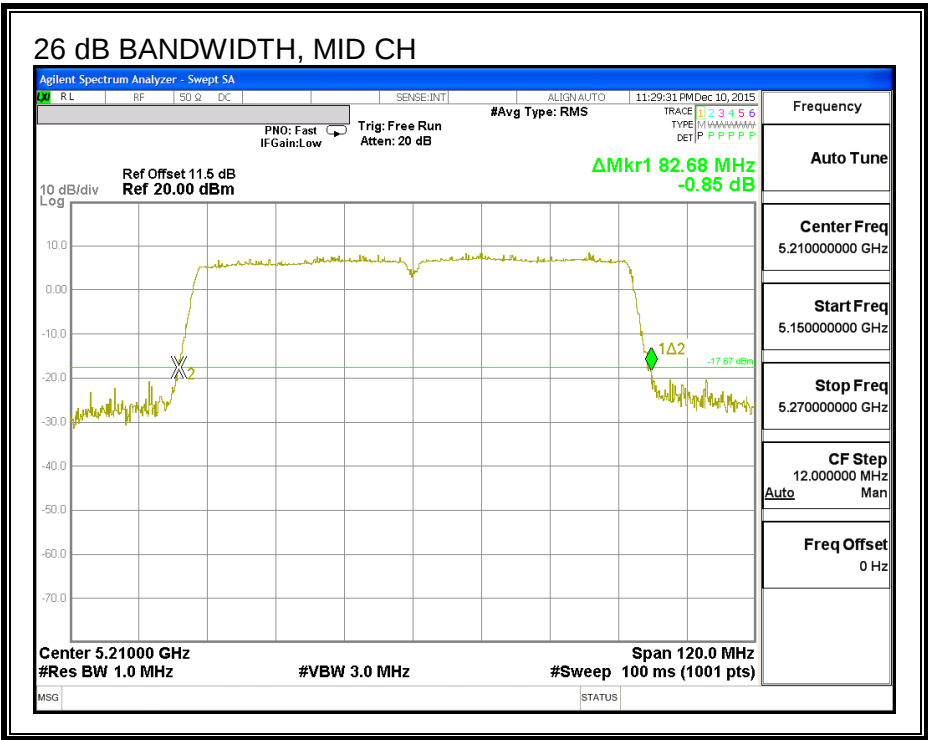
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

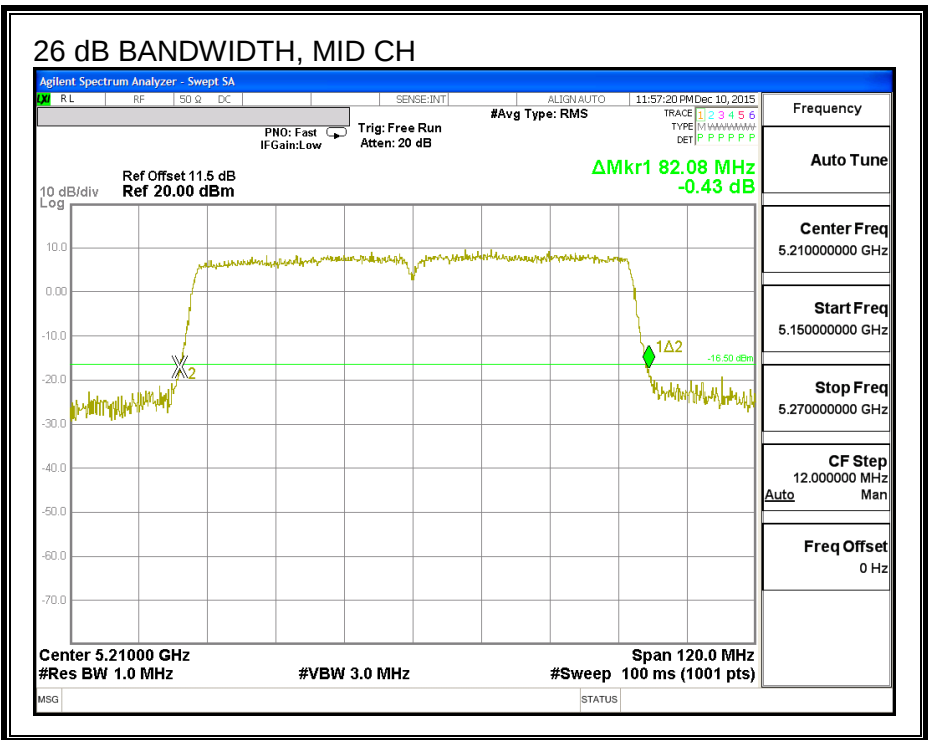
RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna B (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna A (MHz)
Mid	5210	82.68	82.08

26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B



26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A



8.15.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

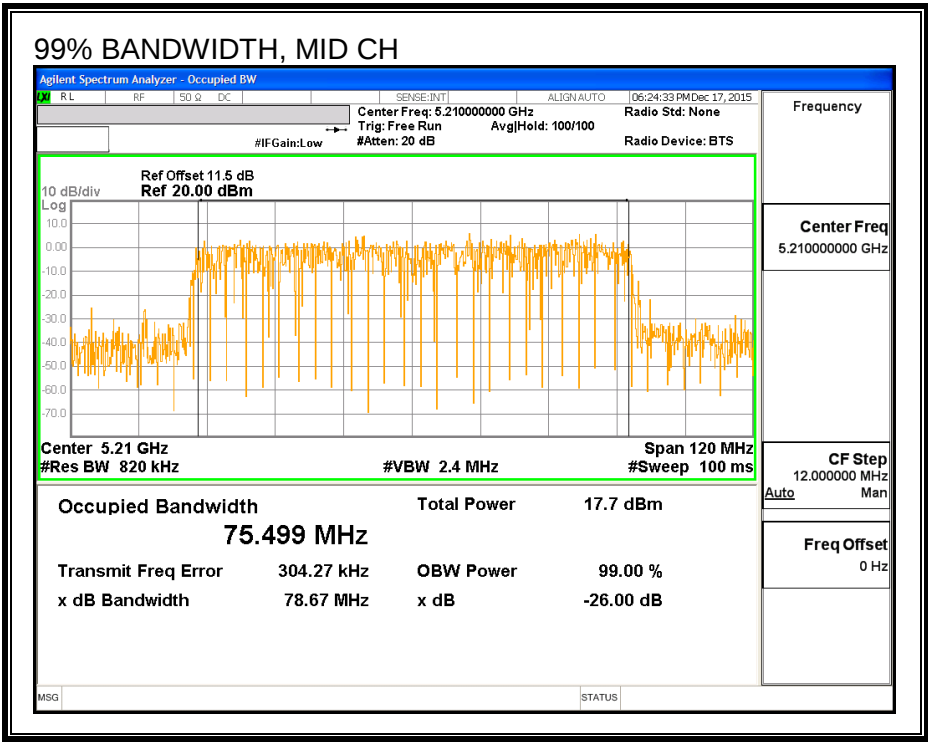
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

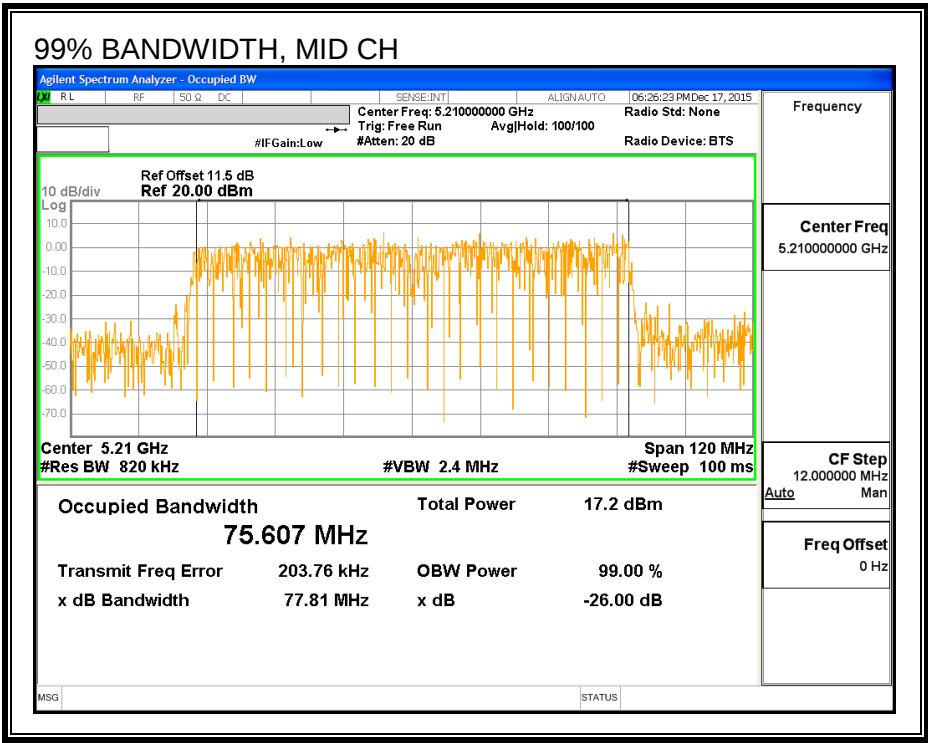
RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% BW Antenna B (MHz)	99% BW Antenna A (MHz)
Mid	5210	75.499	75.607

99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B



99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A



8.15.3. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Power (dBm)	Antenna A Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)
Mid	5210	11.68	11.89	14.80

8.15.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple colocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

The TX chains are uncorrelated and the antenna gain is unequal among the chains. The directional gain is:

Antenna B	Antenna A	Uncorrelated Chains
Gain	Gain	Directional
(dBi)	(dBi)	Gain
(dBi)	(dBi)	(dBi)
3.04	2.30	2.69

The TX chains are correlated and the antenna gain is unequal among the chains. The directional gain is:

Antenna B	Antenna A	Correlated Chains
Gain	Gain	Directional
(dBi)	(dBi)	Gain
(dBi)	(dBi)	(dBi)
3.04	2.30	5.69

RESULTS

Antenna Gain and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Directional Gain for Power (dBi)	Directional Gain for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Mid	5210	2.69	5.69	24.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.20	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

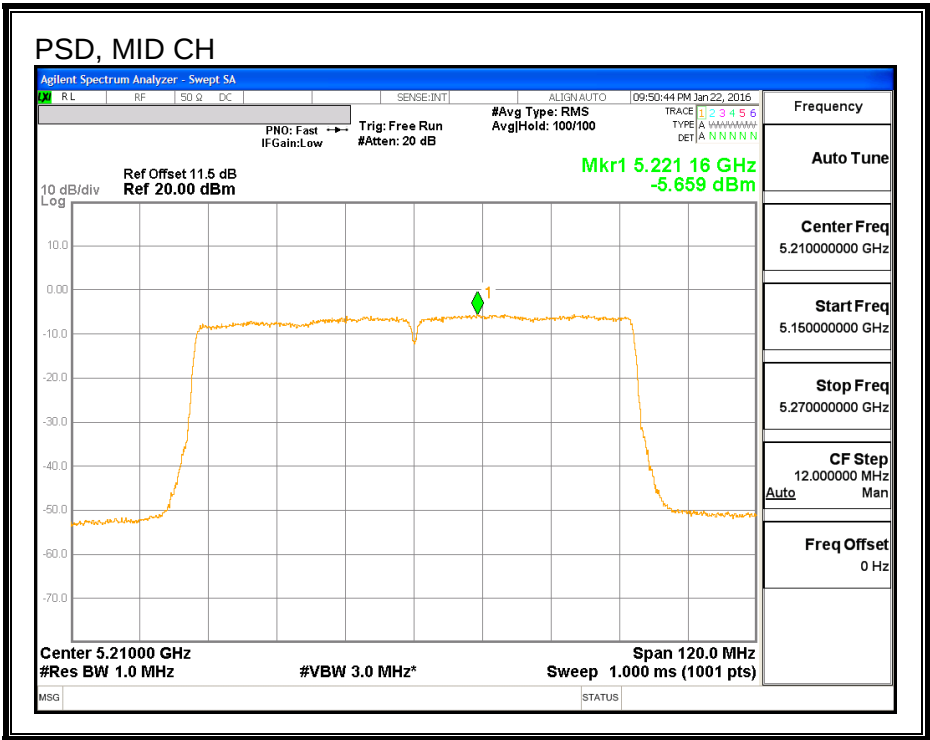
Output Power Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas Power (dBm)	Antenna A Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Mid	5210	11.68	11.89	14.80	24.00	-9.20

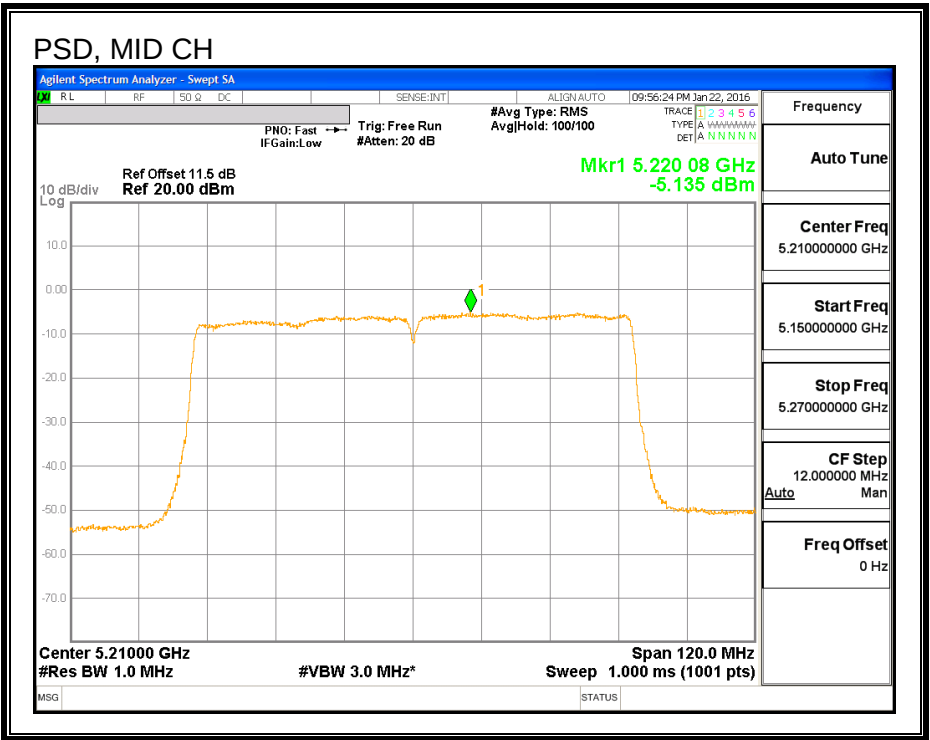
PSD Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas PSD (dBm)	Antenna A Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Mid	5210	-5.66	-5.14	-2.18	11.00	-13.18

PSD, ANTENNA - B



PSD, ANTENNA - A



8.16. 802.11ac VHT80 2Tx STBC MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

8.16.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

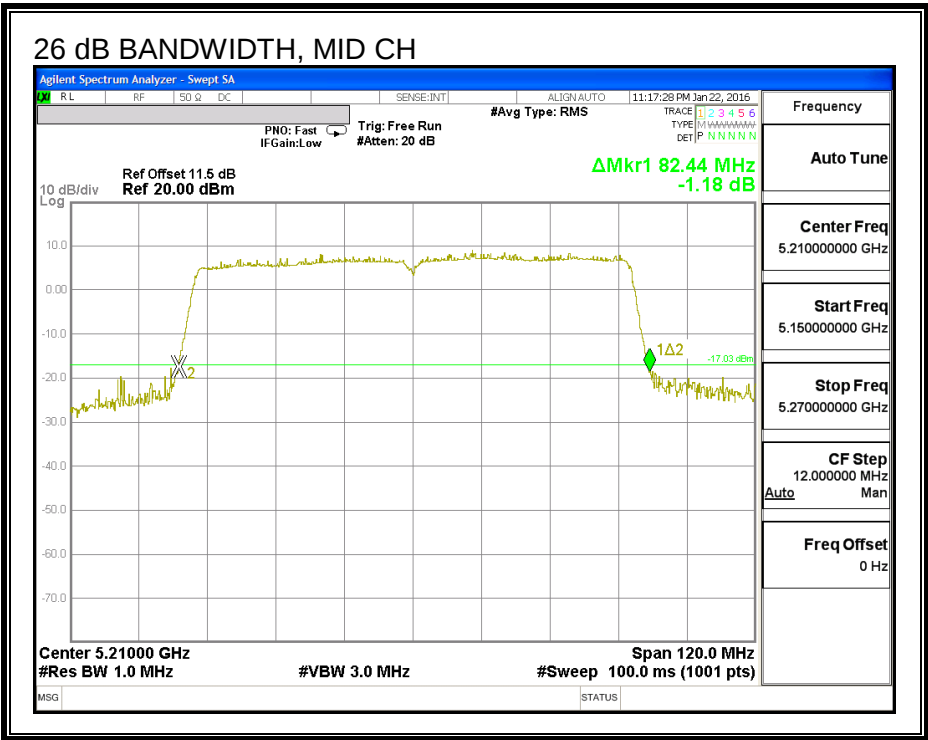
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

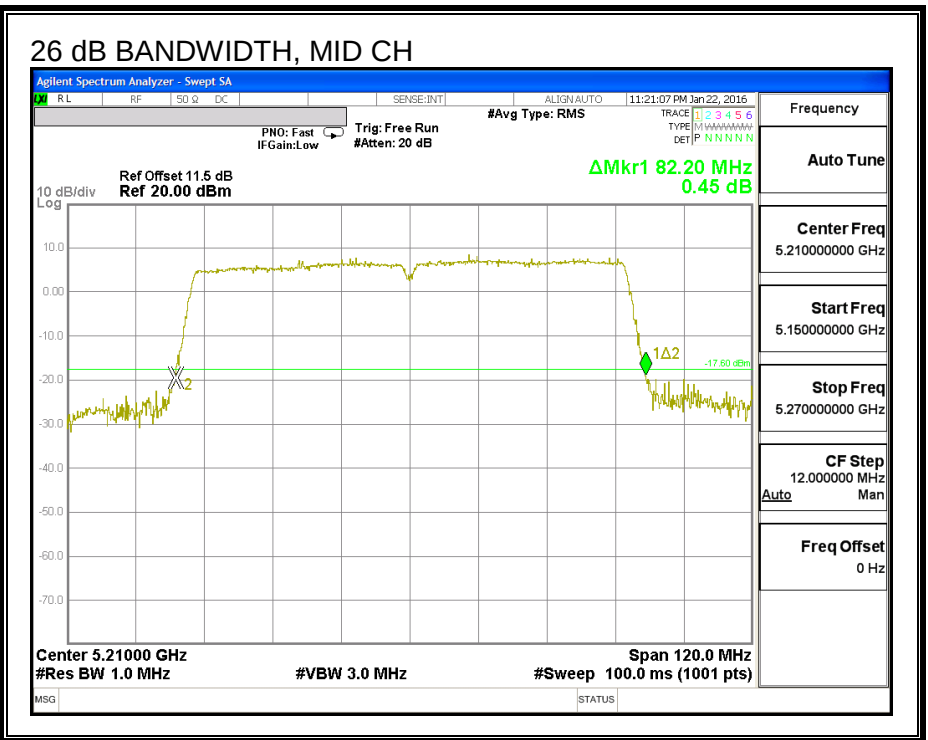
RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna B (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna A (MHz)
Mid	5210	82.44	82.20

26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B



26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A



8.16.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

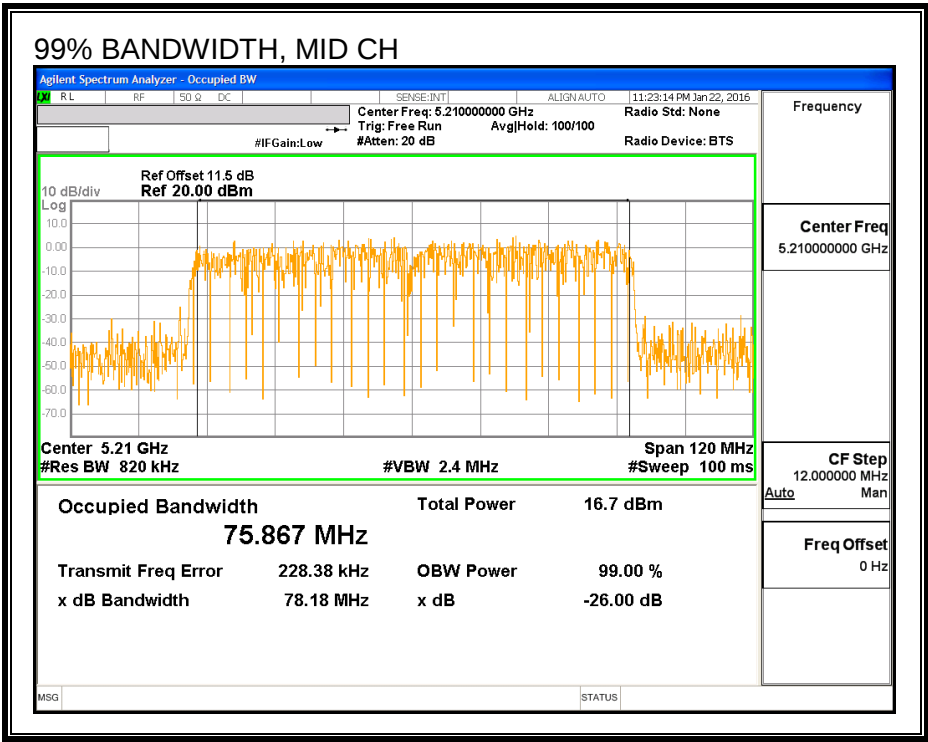
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

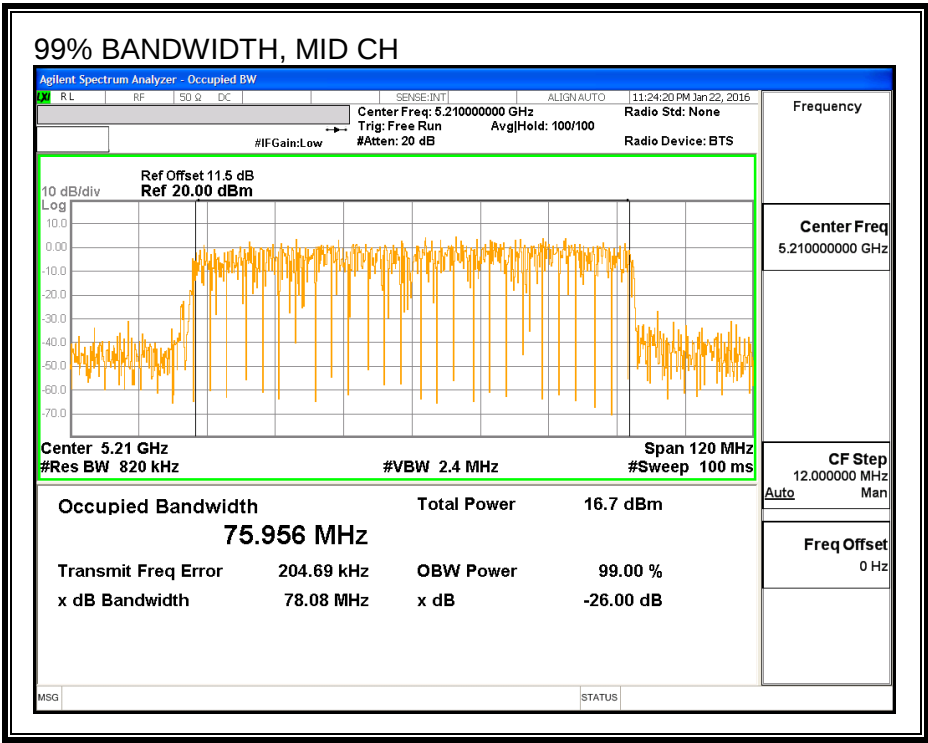
RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% BW Antenna B (MHz)	99% BW Antenna A (MHz)
Mid	5210	75.867	75.956

99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B



99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A



8.16.3. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Power (dBm)	Antenna A Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)
Mid	5210	11.61	11.83	14.73

8.16.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (1)

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple colocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

The TX chains are uncorrelated and the antenna gain is unequal among the chains. The directional gain is:

Antenna B	Antenna A	Uncorrelated Chains
Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBi)	Directional Gain (dBi)
3.04	2.30	2.69

RESULTS

Antenna Gain and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Directional Gain for Power (dBi)	Directional Gain for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Mid	5210	2.69	2.69	24.00	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.20	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

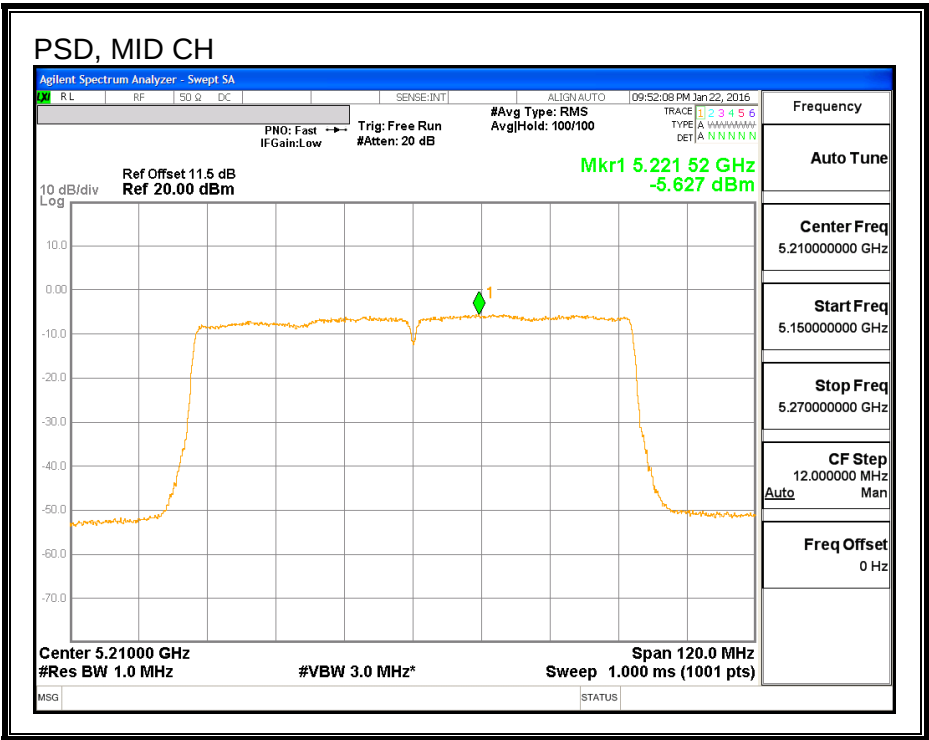
Output Power Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas Power (dBm)	Antenna A Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Mid	5210	11.61	11.83	14.73	24.00	-9.27

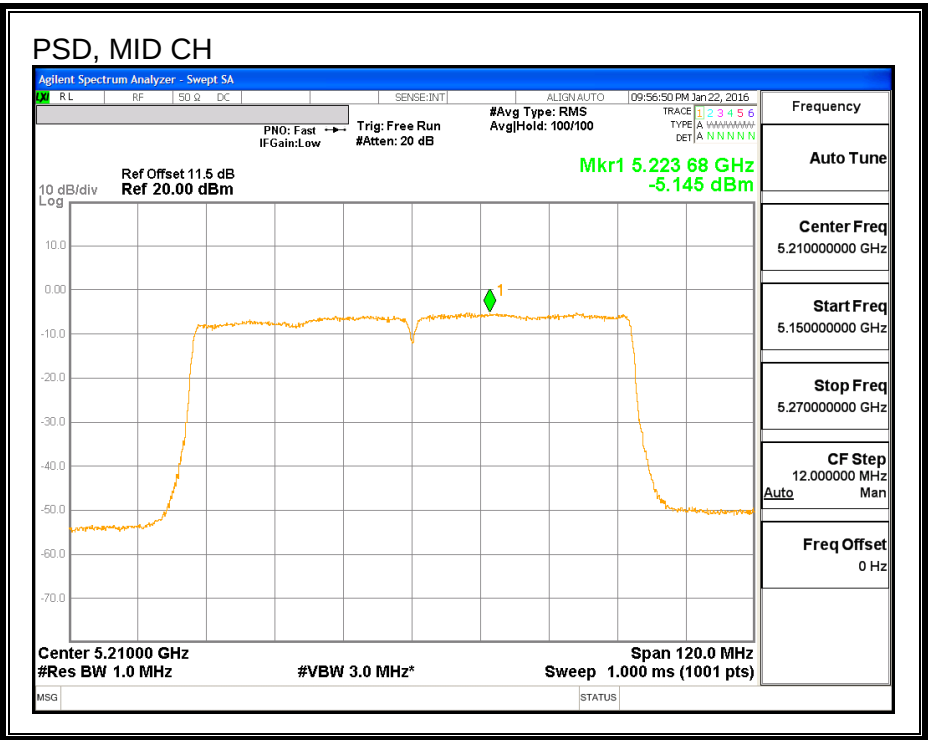
PSD Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas PSD (dBm)	Antenna A Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Mid	5210	-5.63	-5.15	-2.17	11.00	-13.17

PSD, ANTENNA - B



PSD, ANTENNA - A



8.17. 802.11ac VHT80 2TX SDM MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

Note: Covered by 802.11ac VHT80 2Tx STBC MODE IN THE 5.2 GHz BAND

8.18. 802.11a SISO MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

Note: Covered by 802.11n HT20 SISO MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

8.19. 802.11n HT20 ANTENNA - B MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

8.19.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

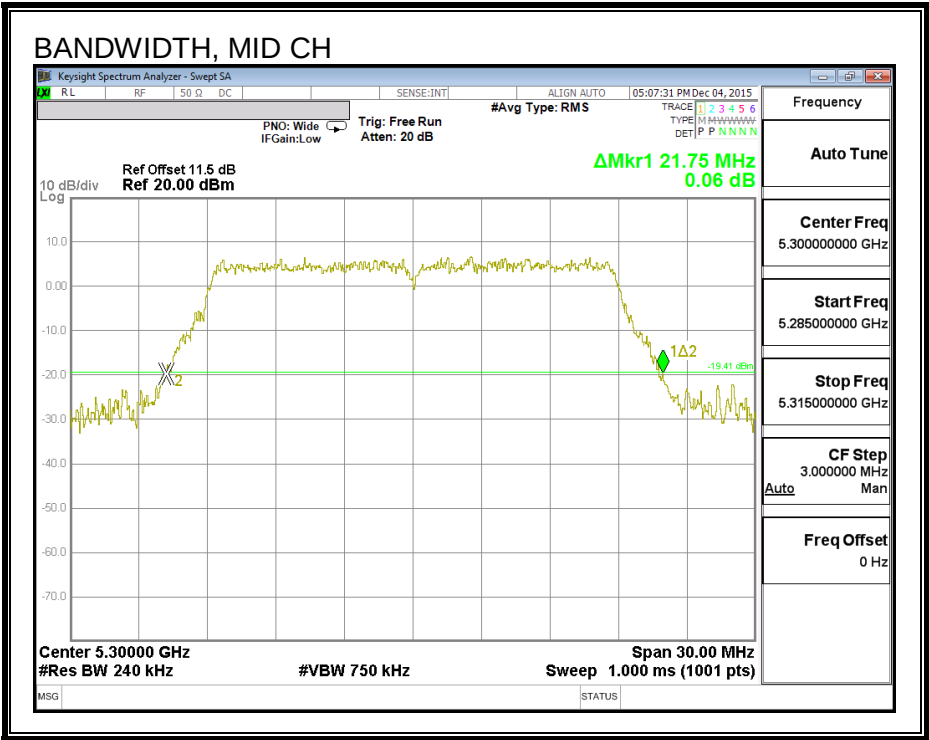
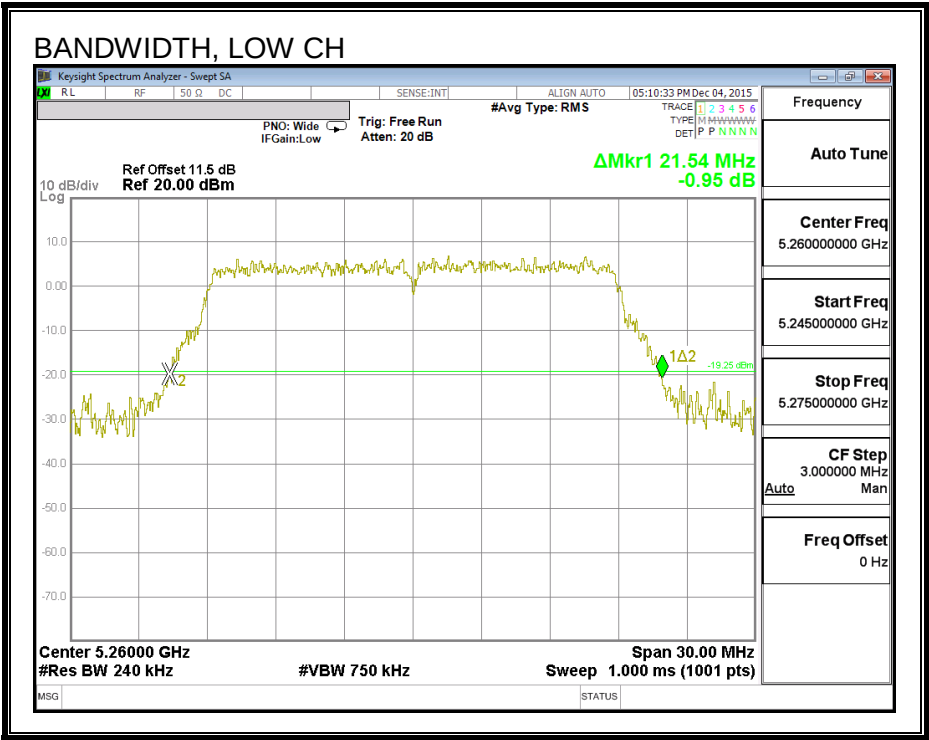
LIMITS

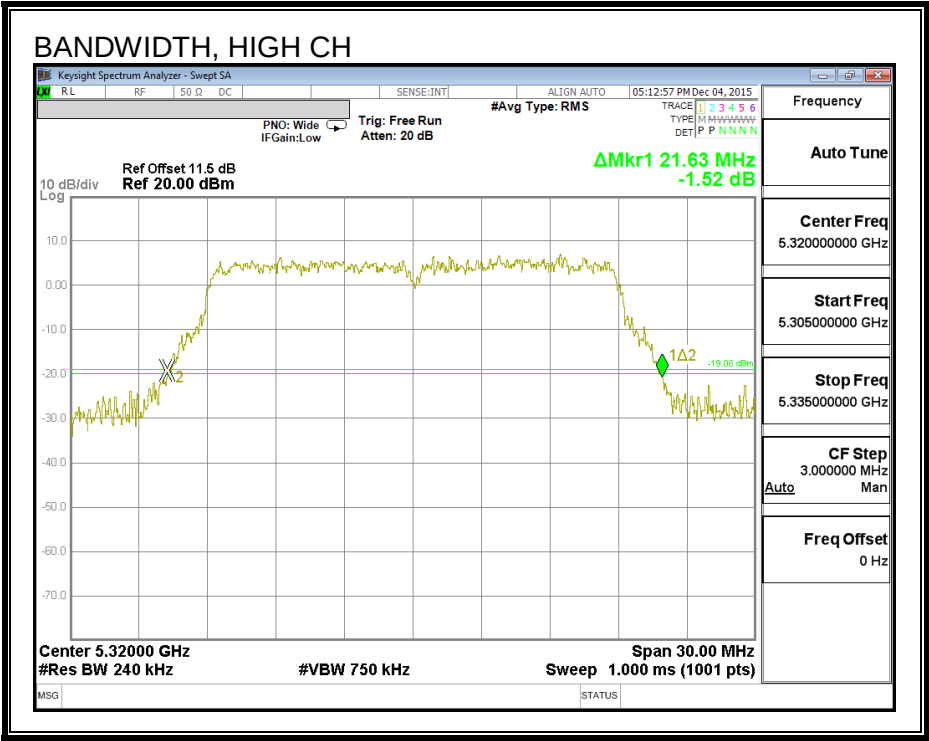
None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5260	21.54
Mid	5300	21.75
High	5320	21.63

26 dB BANDWIDTH





8.19.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

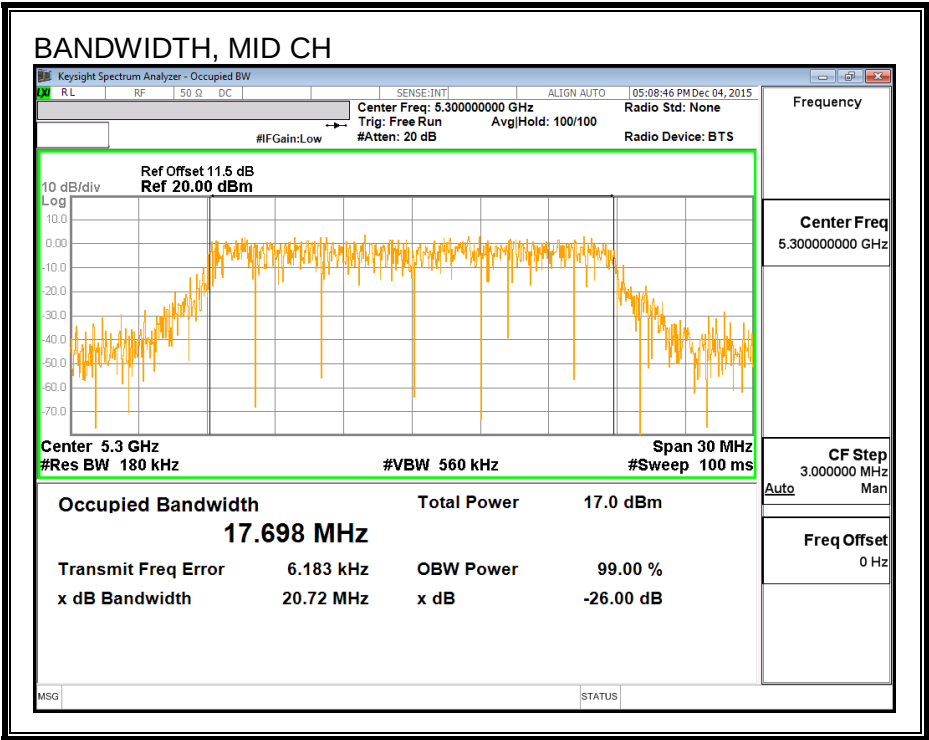
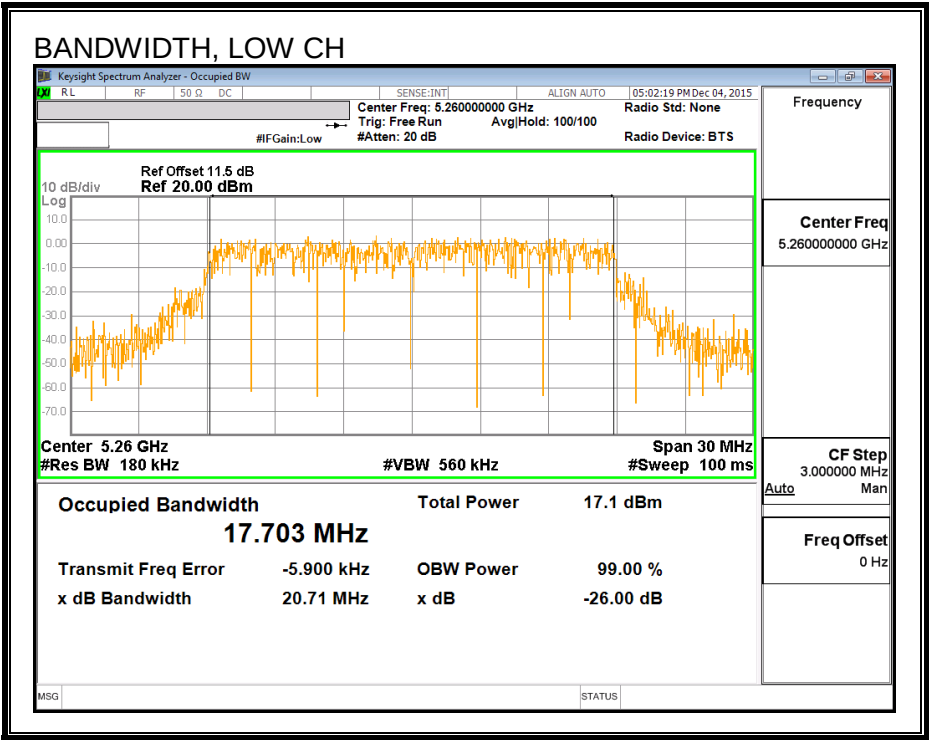
LIMITS

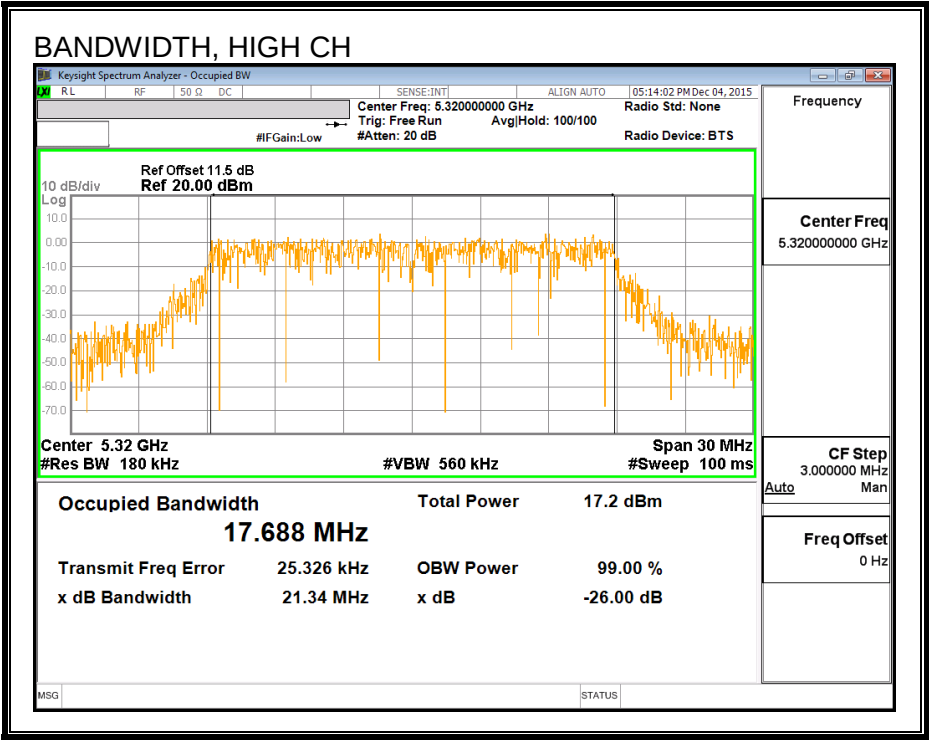
None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5260	17.703
Mid	5300	17.698
High	5320	17.688

99% BANDWIDTH





8.19.3. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
Low	5260	17.45
Mid	5300	17.49
High	5320	16.45

8.19.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

For the band 5.25–5.35 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

RESULTS

Bandwidth, Antenna Gain, and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Min 26 dB BW (MHz)	Min 99% BW (MHz)	Directional Gain (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Low	5260	21.54	17.703	3.02	23.48	11.00
Mid	5300	21.75	17.698	3.02	23.48	11.00
High	5320	21.63	17.688	3.02	23.48	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

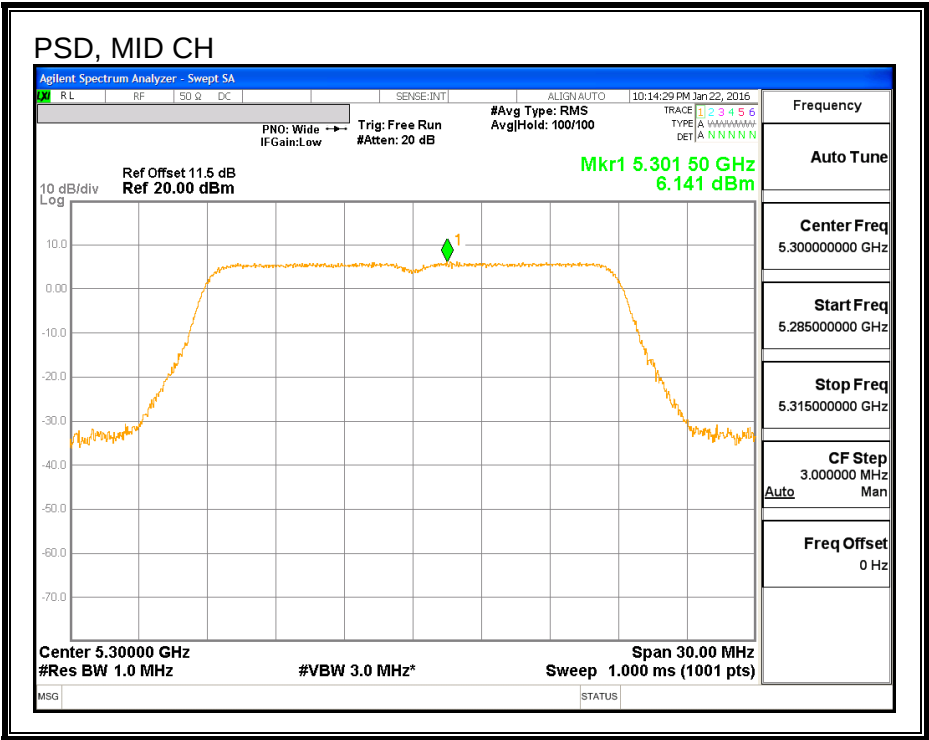
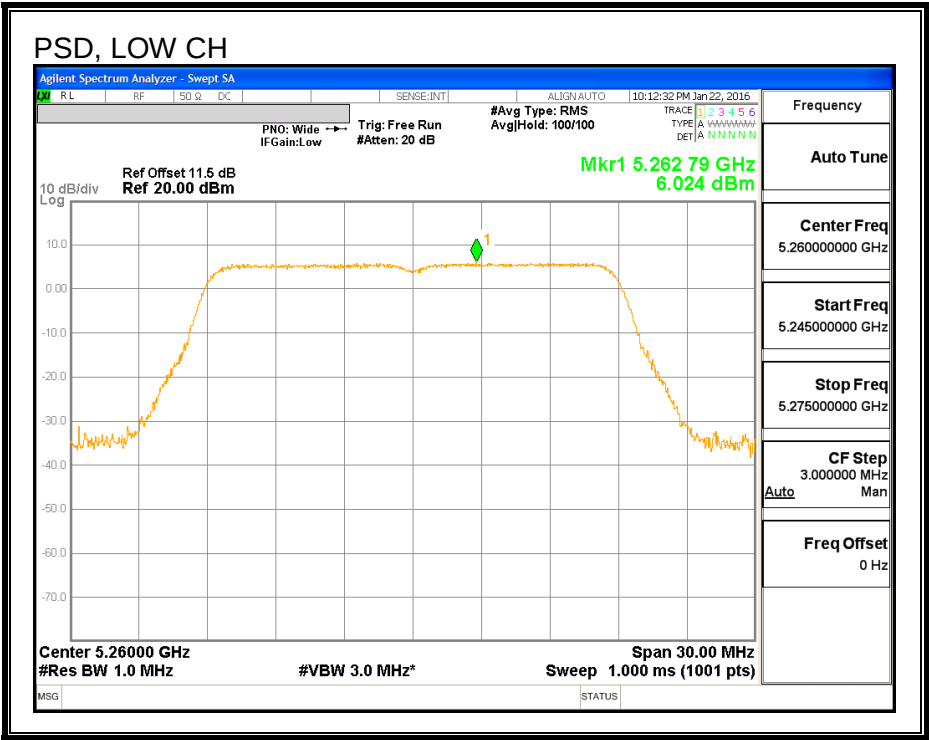
Output Power Results

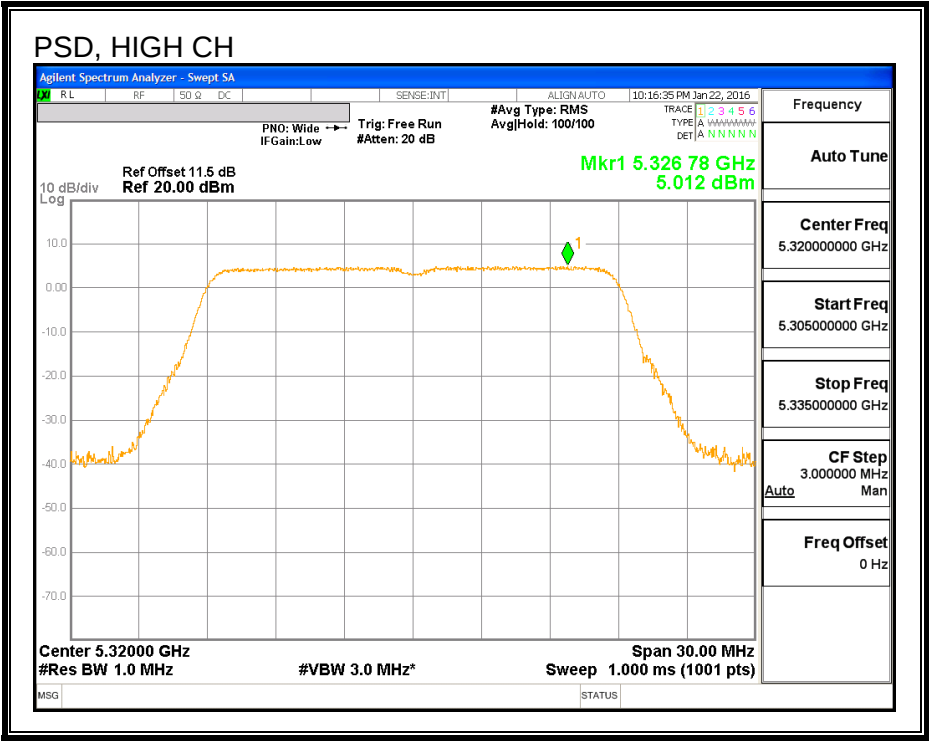
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Low	5260	17.45	17.45	23.48	-6.03
Mid	5300	17.49	17.49	23.48	-5.99
High	5320	16.45	16.45	23.48	-7.03

PSD Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Low	5260	6.024	6.024	11.00	-4.98
Mid	5300	6.141	6.141	11.00	-4.86
High	5320	5.012	5.012	11.00	-5.99

PSD





8.20. 802.11n HT20 ANTENNA A MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

8.20.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

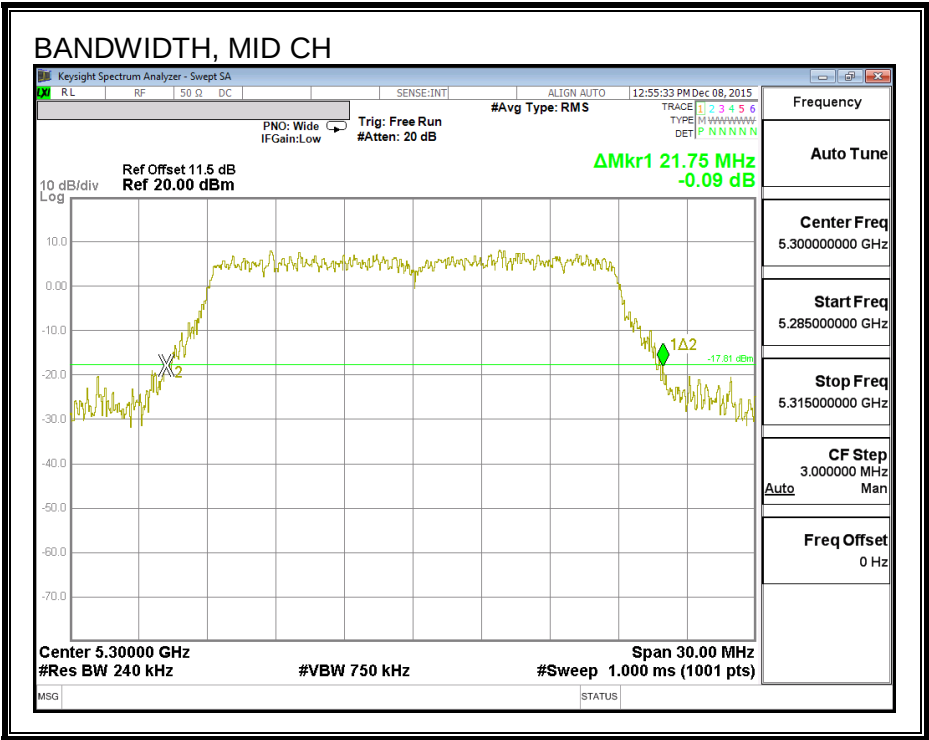
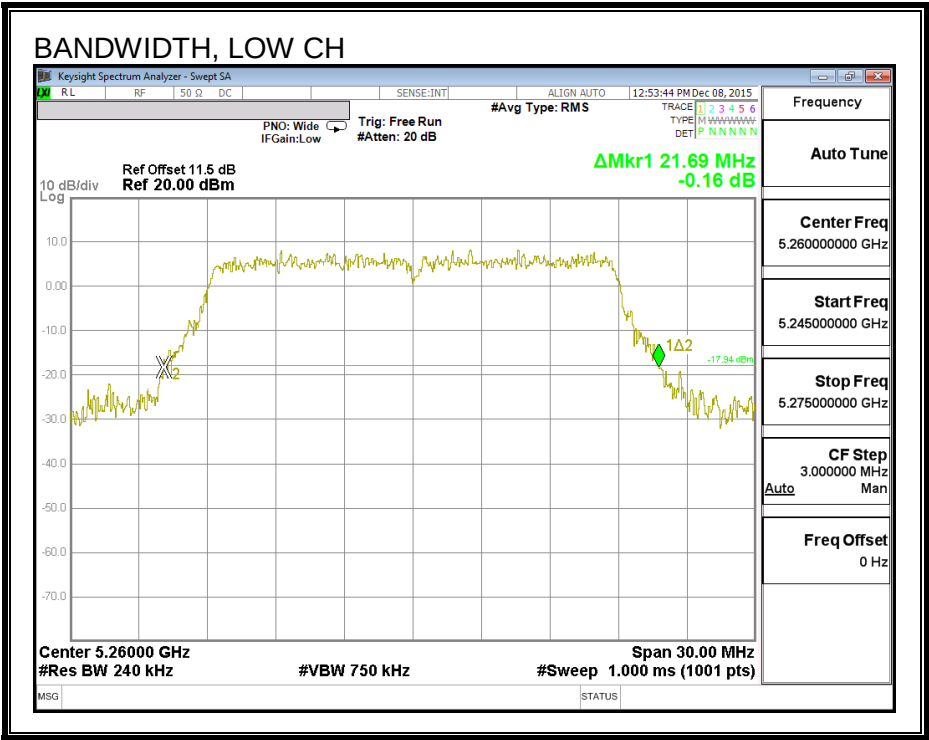
LIMITS

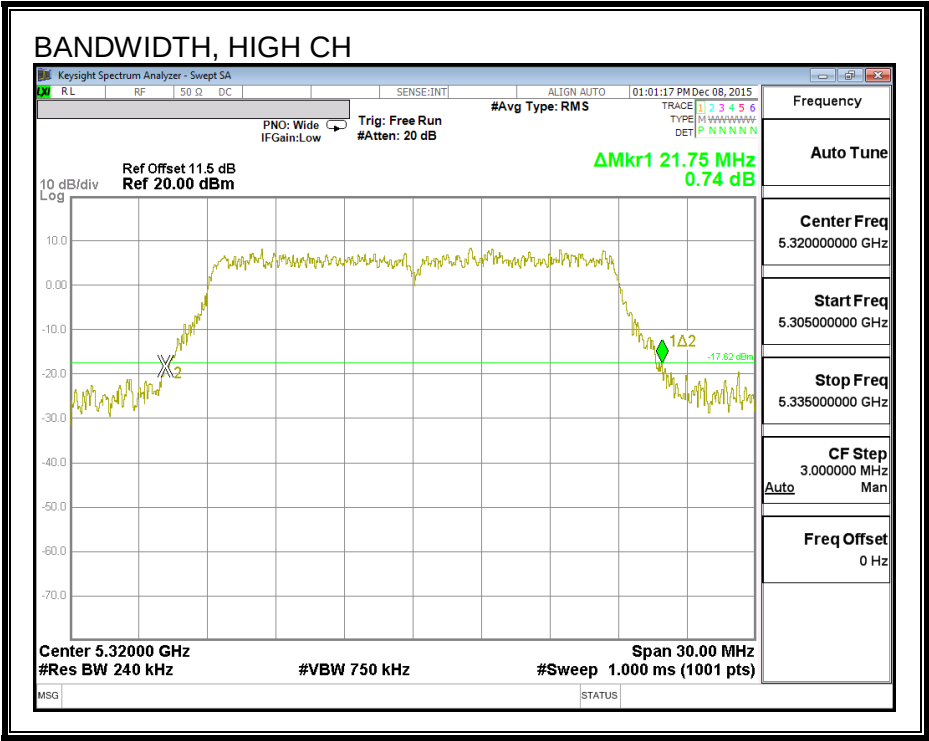
None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5260	21.69
Mid	5300	21.75
High	5320	21.75

26 dB BANDWIDTH





8.20.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

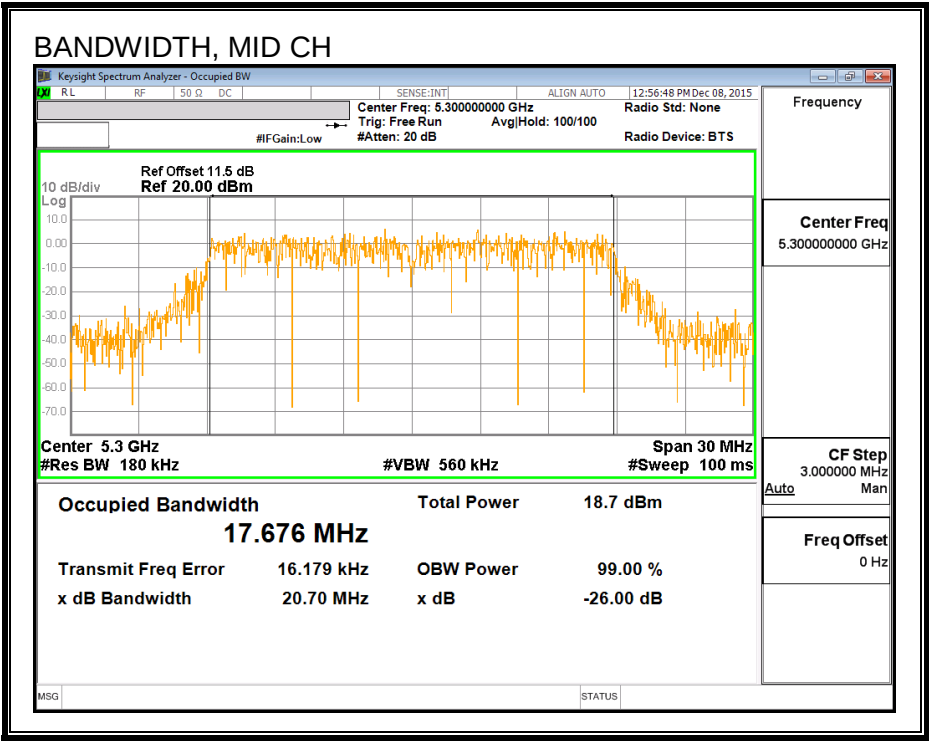
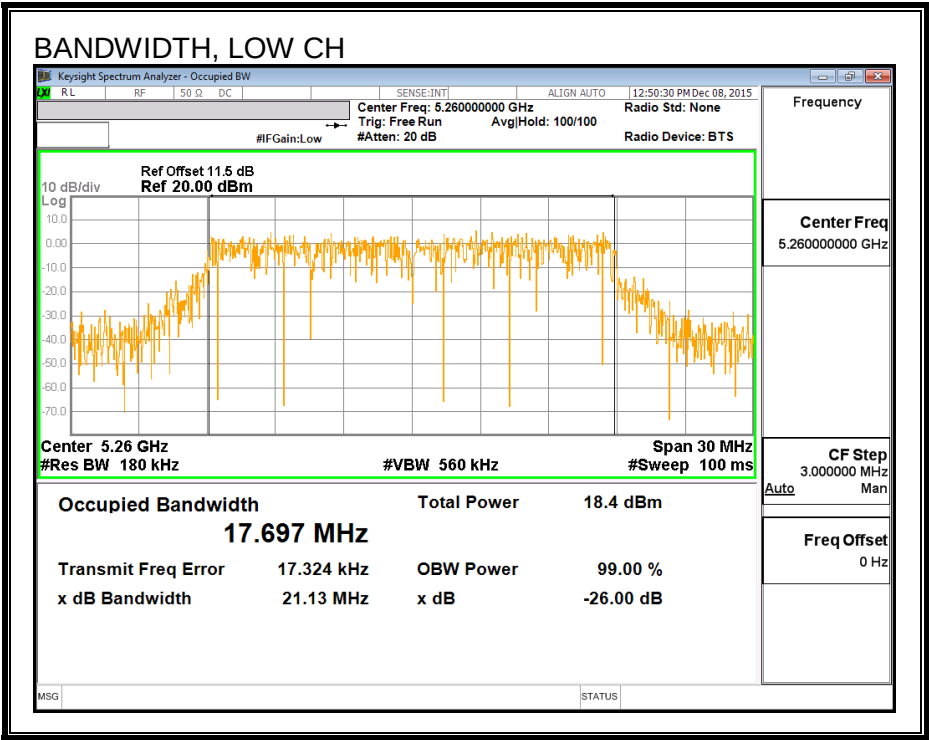
LIMITS

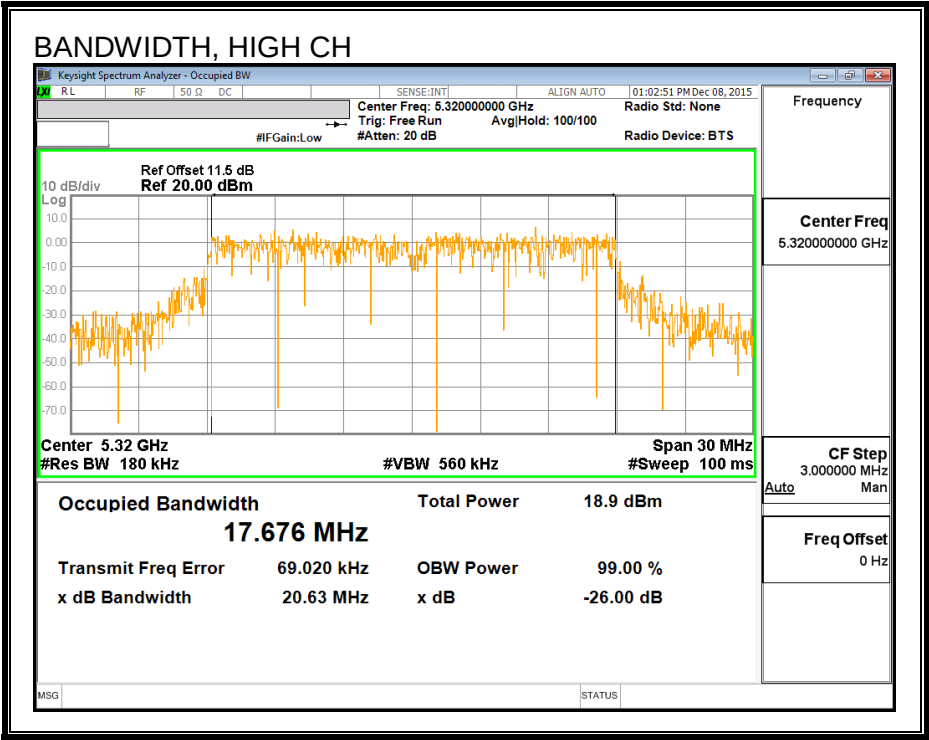
None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	5260	17.697
Mid	5300	17.676
High	5320	17.676

99% BANDWIDTH





8.20.3. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power (dBm)
Low	5260	17.45
Mid	5300	17.50
High	5320	16.49

8.20.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

For the band 5.25–5.35 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

There is only one transmitter output therefore the directional gain is equal to the antenna gain.

RESULTS

Bandwidth, Antenna Gain, and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Min 26 dB BW (MHz)	Min 99% BW (MHz)	Directional Gain (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Low	5260	21.69	17.697	2.23	23.48	11.00
Mid	5300	21.75	17.676	2.23	23.47	11.00
High	5320	21.75	17.676	2.23	23.47	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

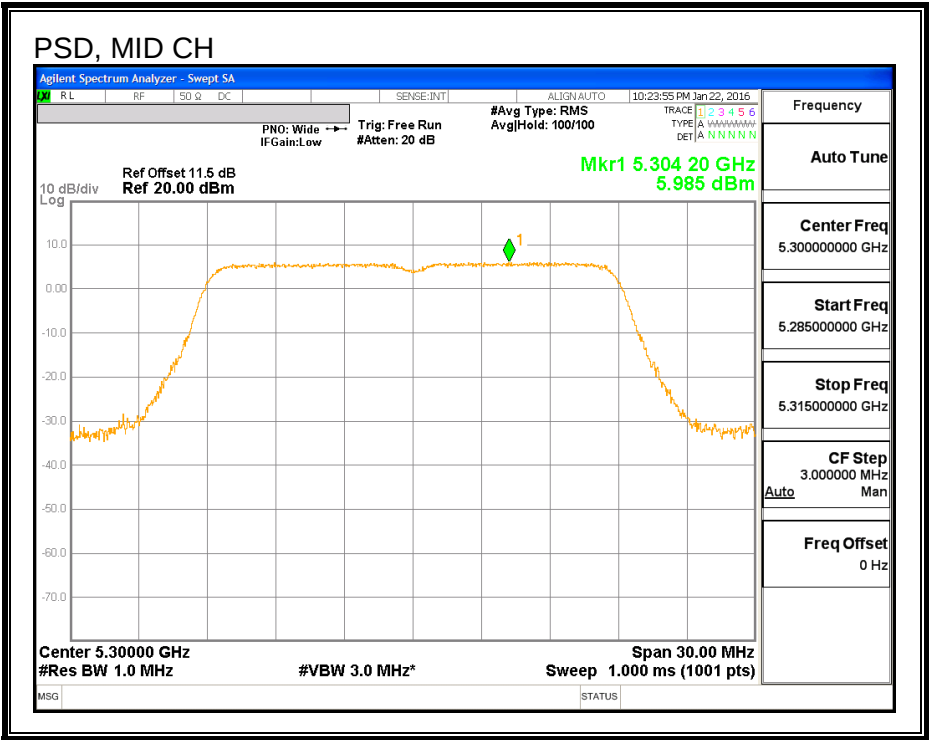
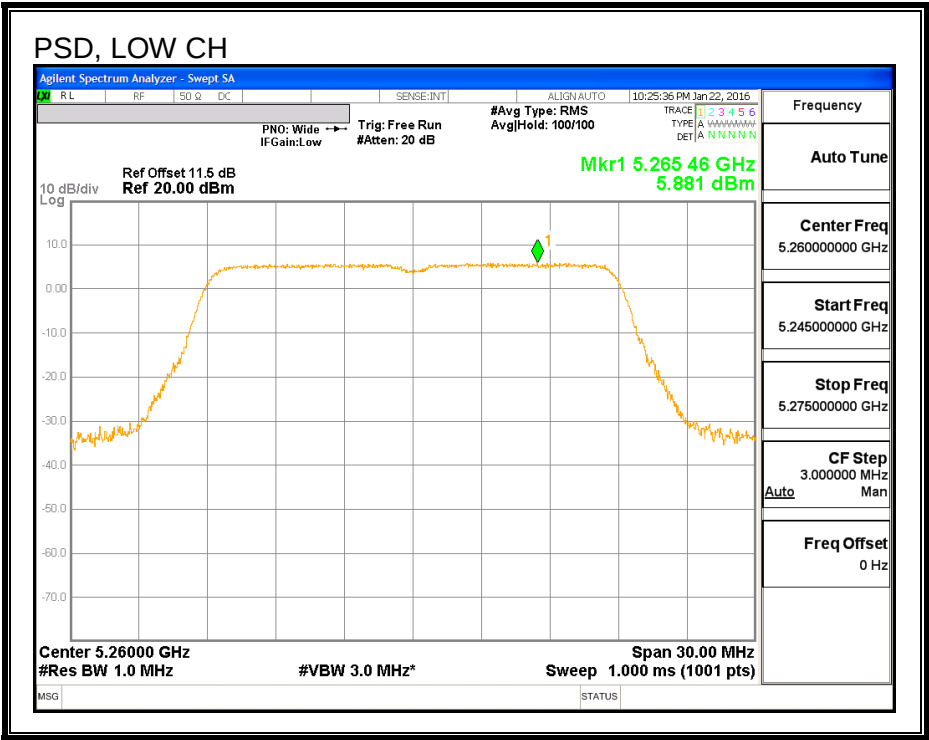
Output Power Results

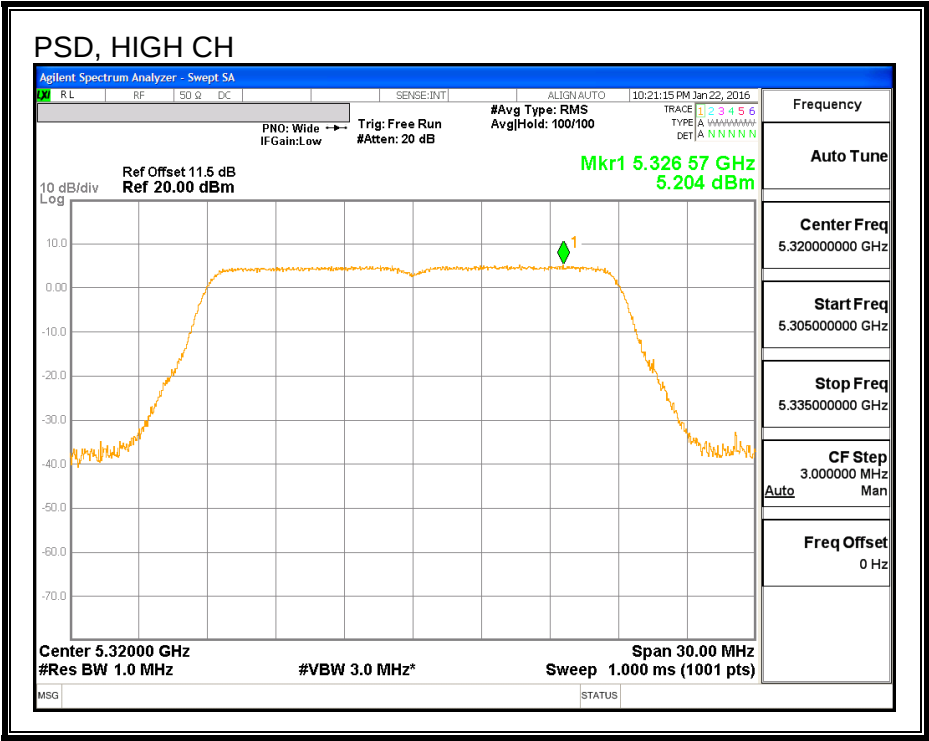
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna A Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Low	5260	17.45	17.45	23.48	-6.03
Mid	5300	17.50	17.50	23.47	-5.97
High	5320	16.49	16.49	23.47	-6.98

PSD Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna A Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Low	5260	5.88	5.88	11.00	-5.12
Mid	5300	5.99	5.99	11.00	-5.02
High	5320	5.20	5.20	11.00	-5.80

PSD





8.21. 802.11a 2TX CDD MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

Note: Covered by 802.11n HT20 2TX CDD MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND.

8.22. 802.11n HT20 2Tx CDD MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

8.22.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

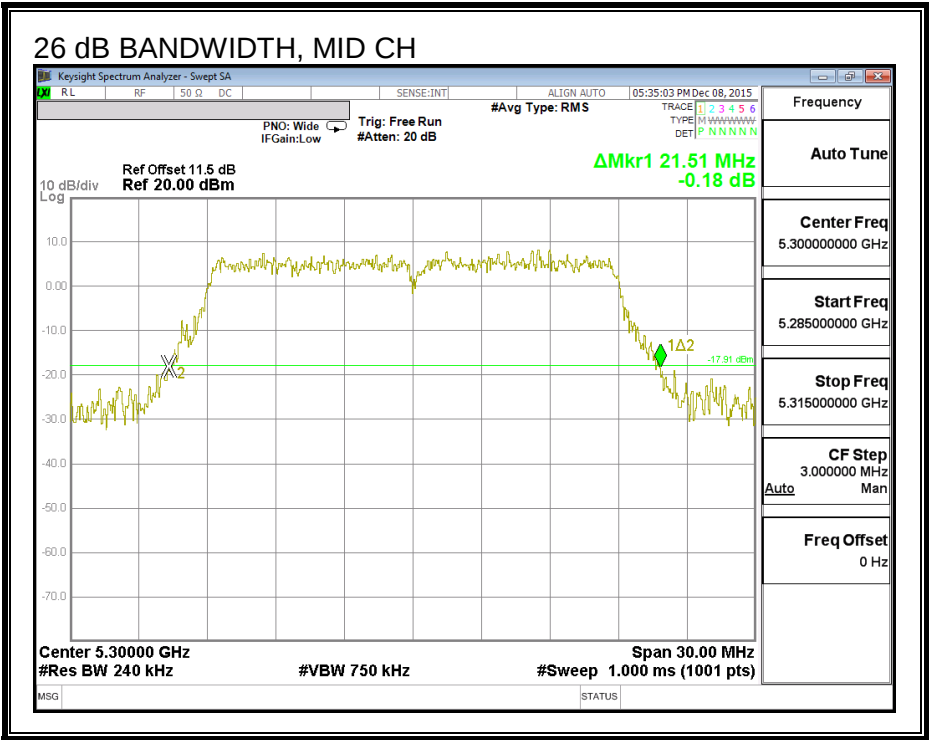
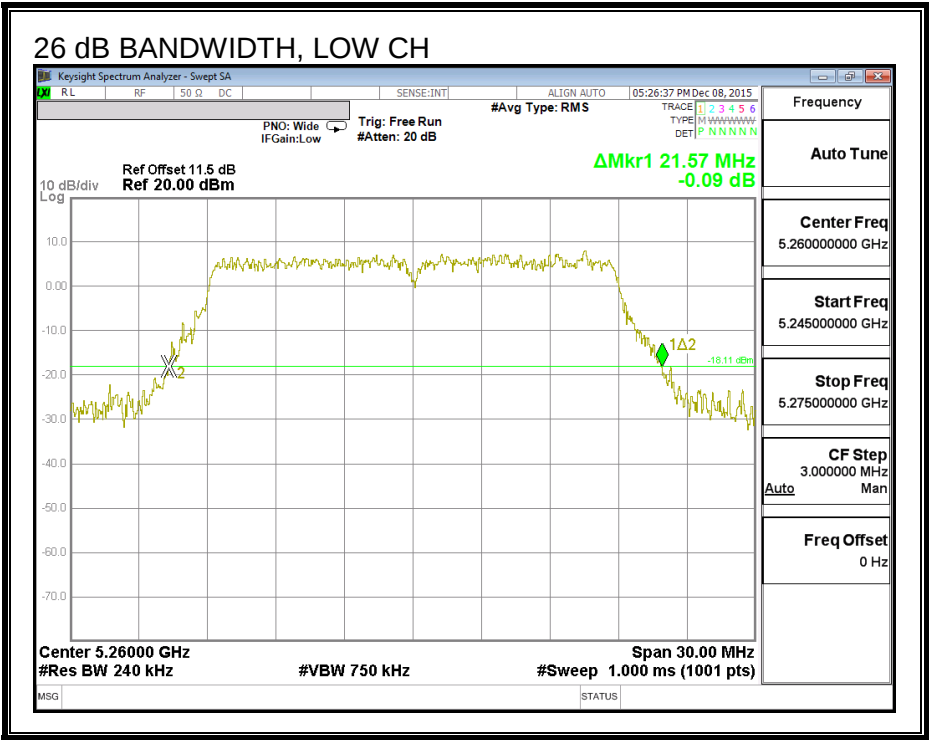
LIMITS

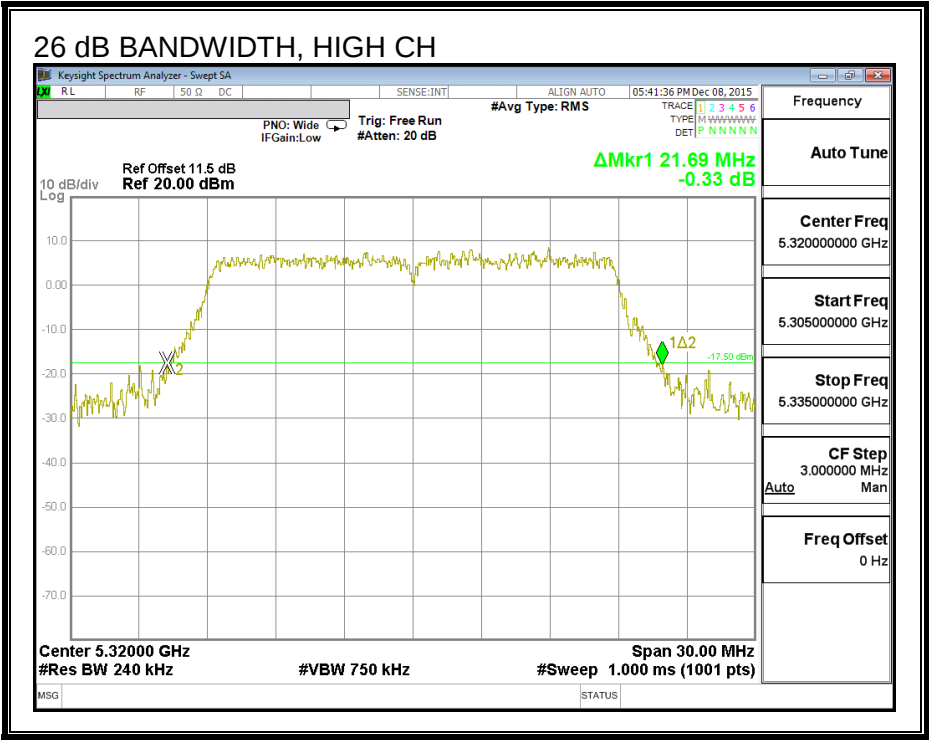
None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

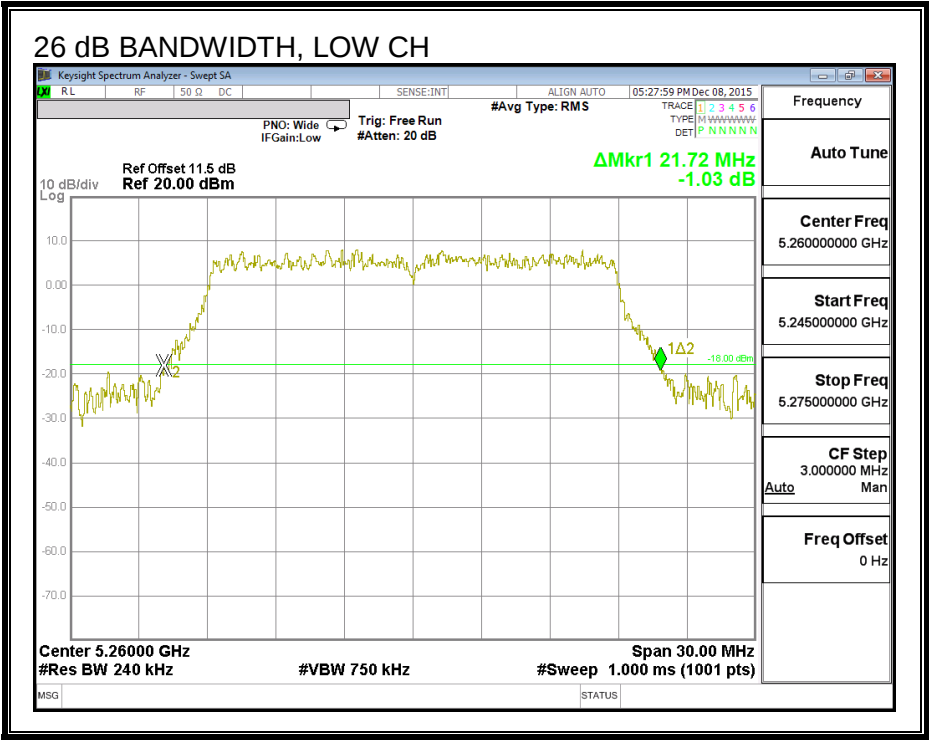
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna B (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna A (MHz)
Low	5260	21.57	21.72
Mid	5300	21.51	21.54
High	5320	21.69	21.57

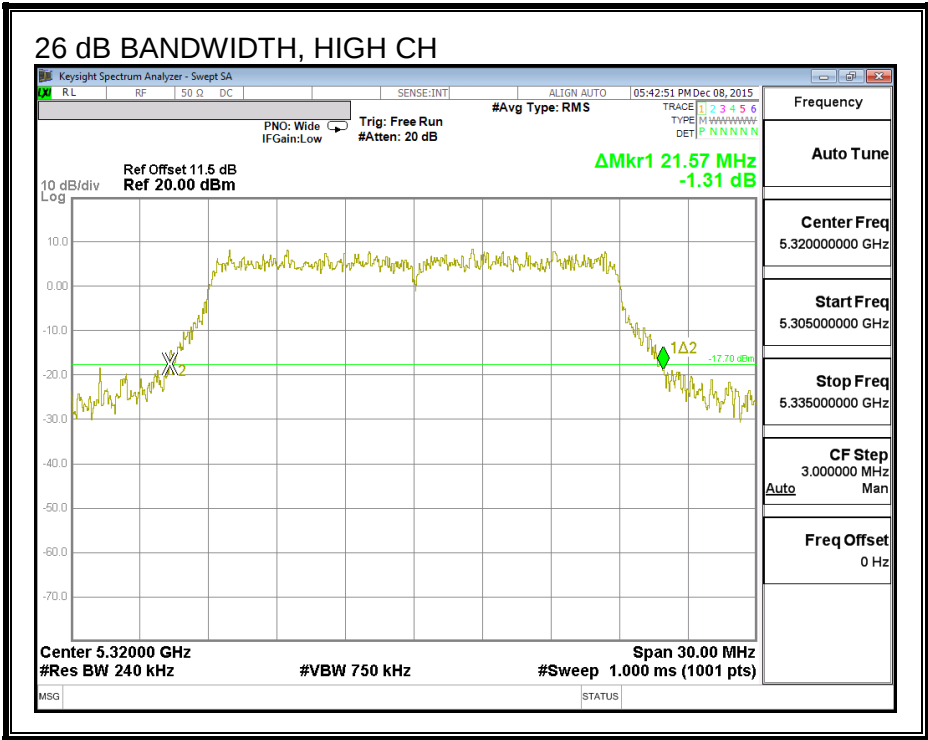
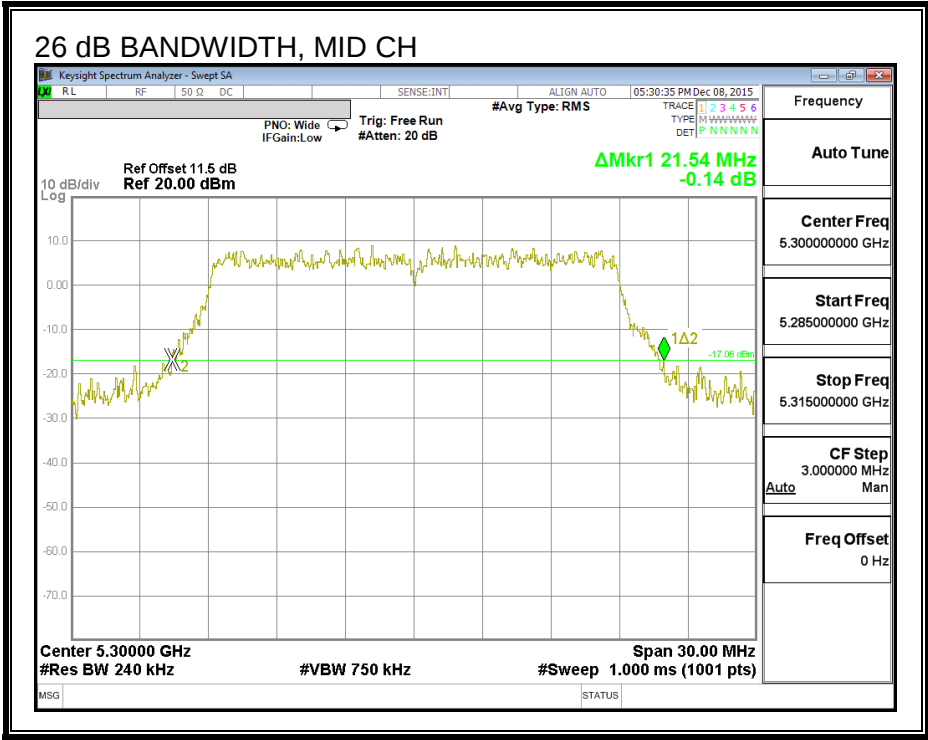
26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B





26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A





8.22.2. 99% BANDWIDTH

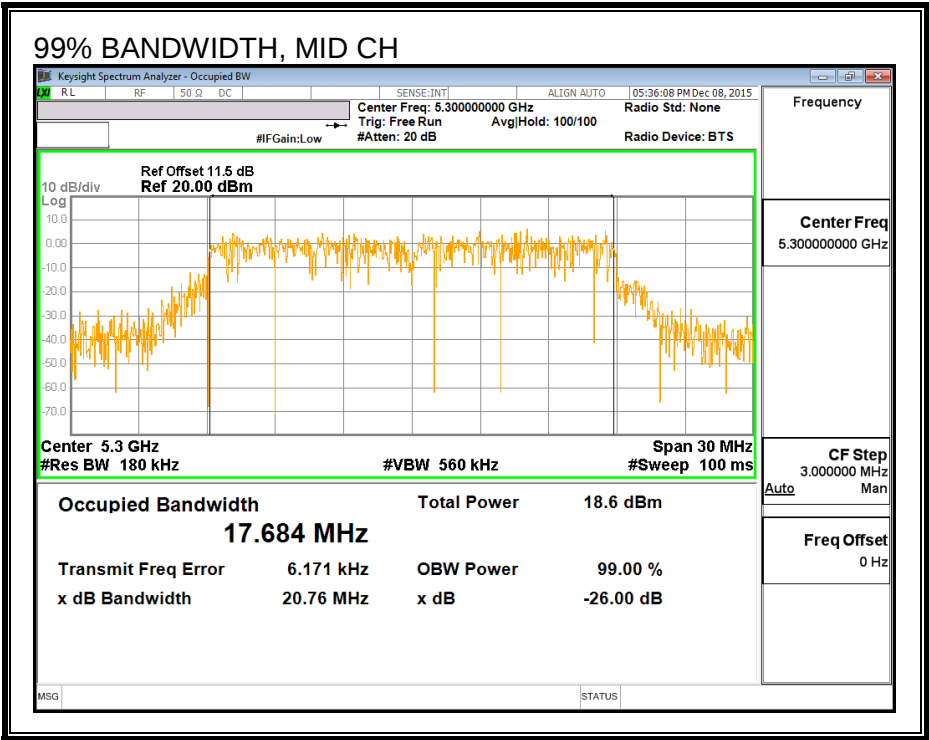
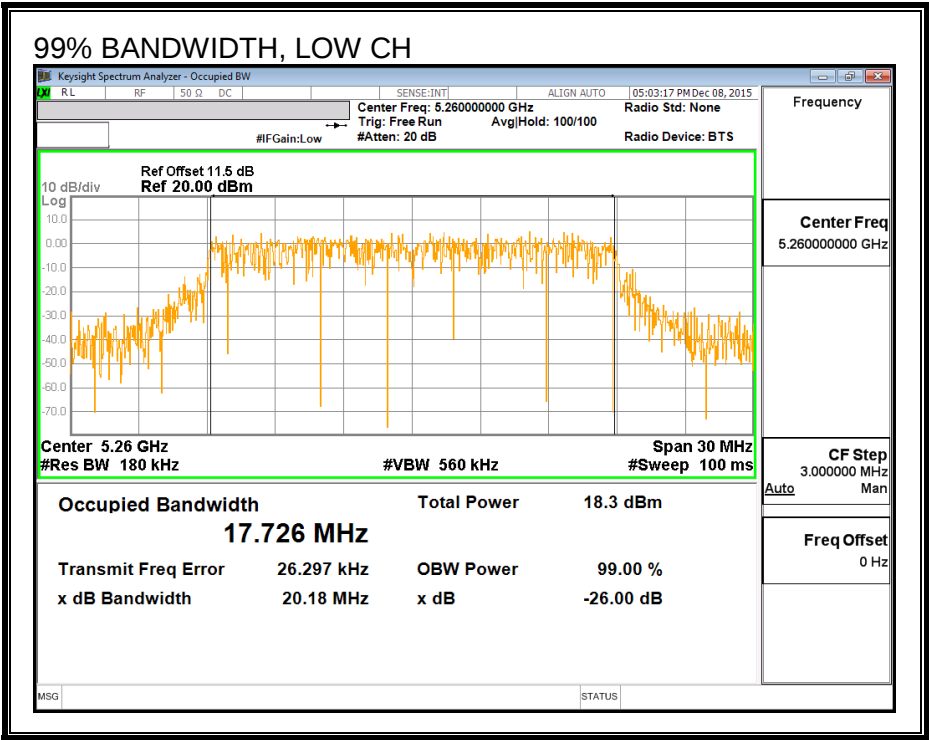
LIMITS

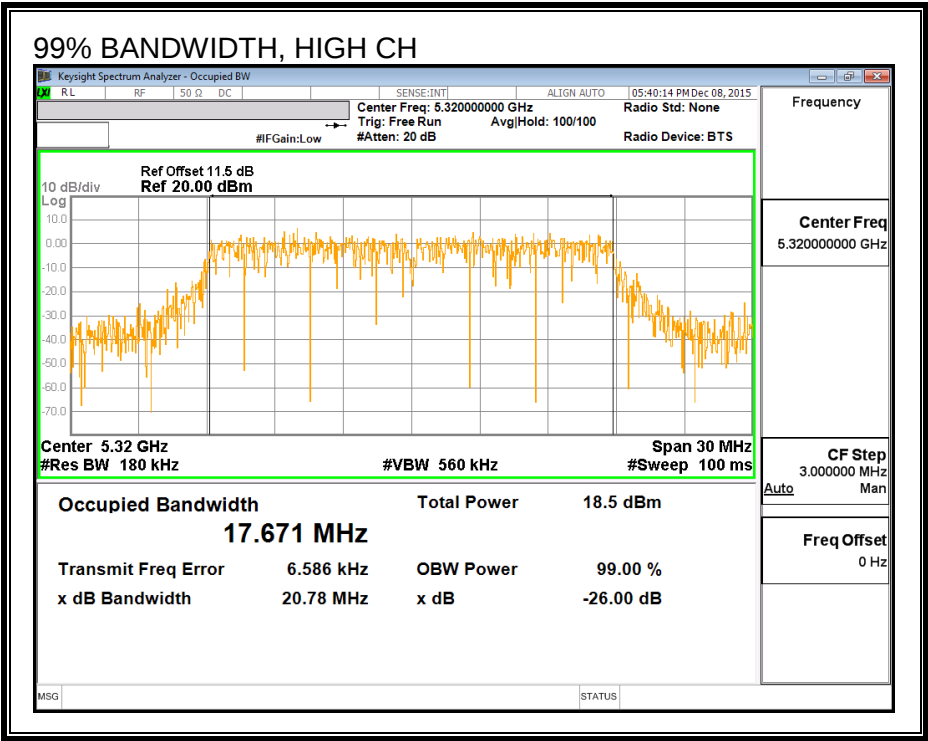
None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

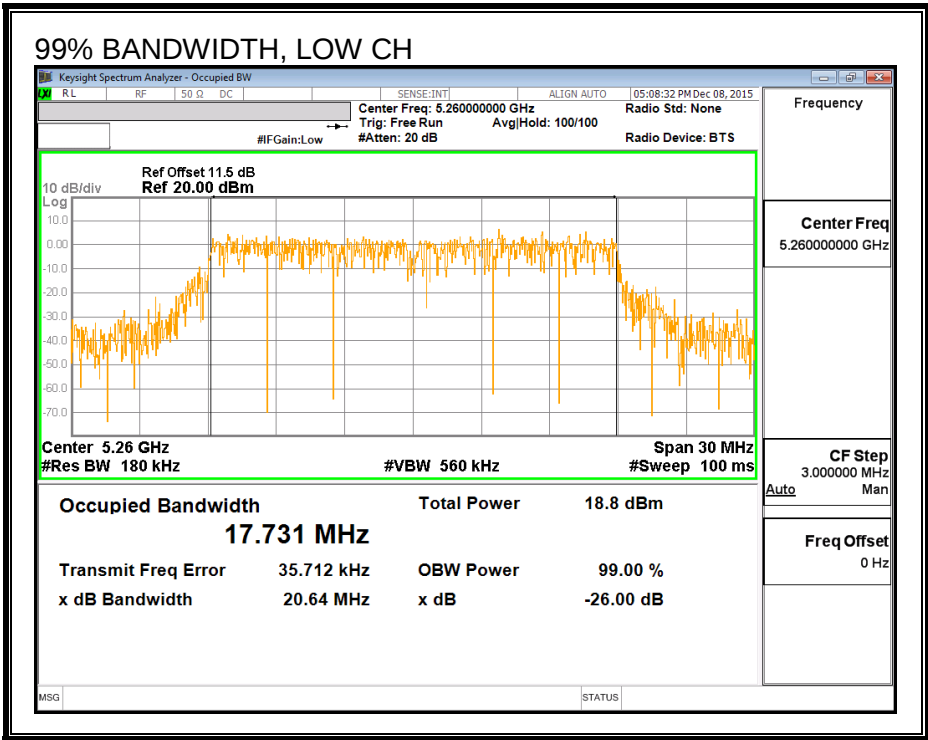
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% BW Antenna B (MHz)	99% BW Antenna A (MHz)
Low	5260	17.726	17.731
Mid	5300	17.684	17.719
High	5320	17.671	17.695

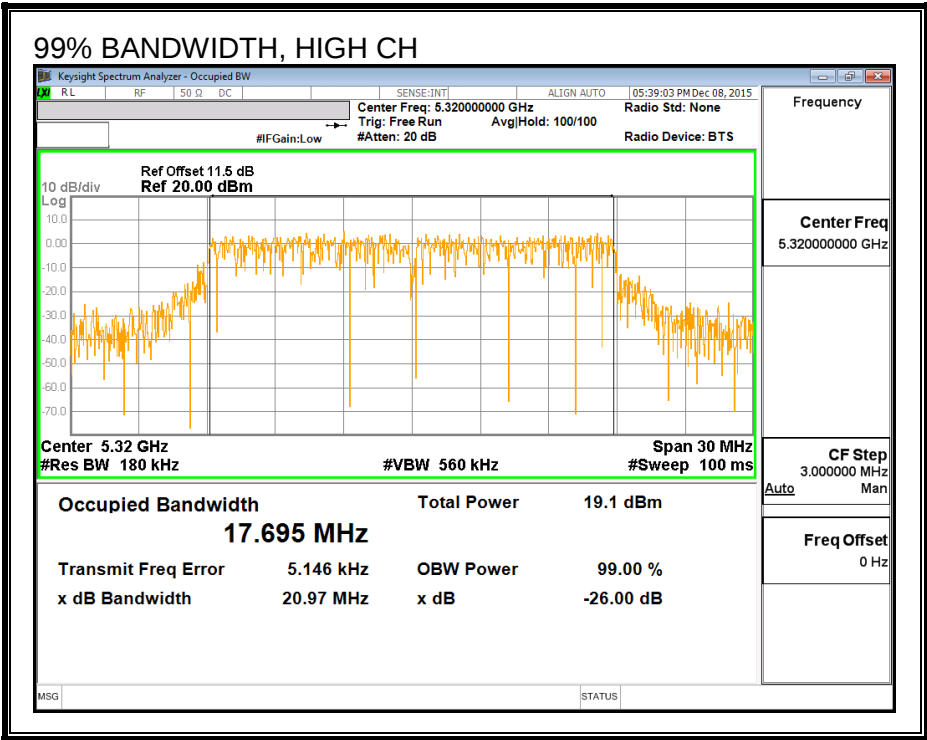
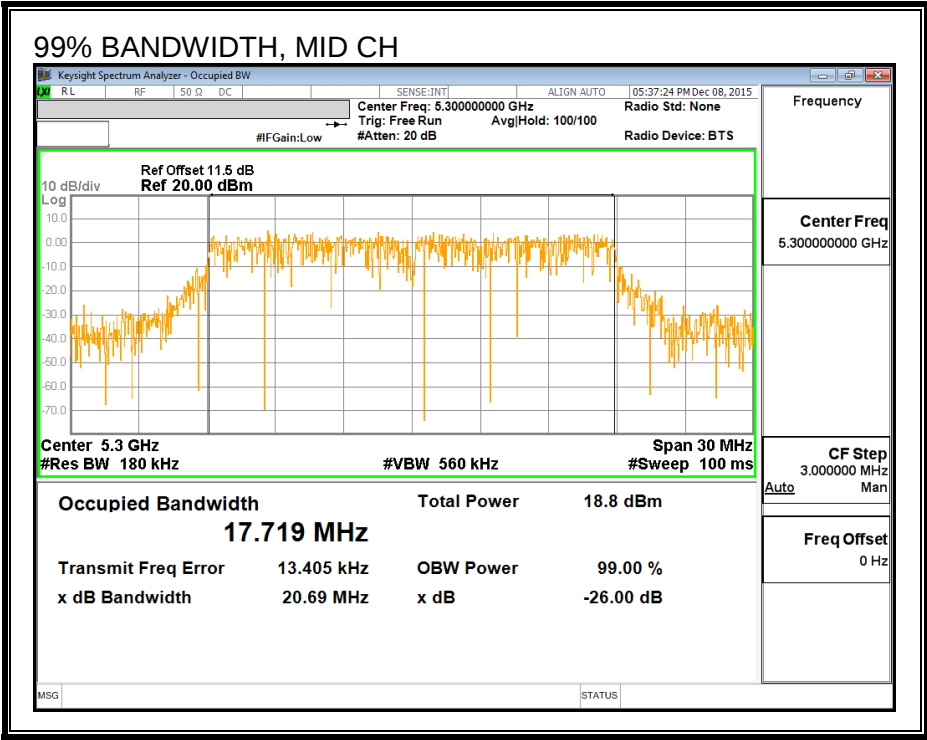
99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - B





99% BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A





8.22.3. AVERAGE POWER

LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Power (dBm)	Antenna A Power (dBm)	Total Power (dBm)
Low	5260	15.87	15.95	18.92
Mid	5300	15.90	15.91	18.92
High	5320	13.88	13.92	16.91

8.22.4. OUTPUT POWER AND PSD

LIMITS

FCC §15.407 (a) (2)

For the band 5.25–5.35 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26–dB emission bandwidth in MHz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1–MHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

TEST PROCEDURE

Measurements perform using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since the measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction factor is required.

DIRECTIONAL ANTENNA GAIN

The TX chains are uncorrelated and the antenna gain is unequal among the chains. The directional gain is:

Antenna B	Antenna A	Uncorrelated Chains Directional
Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBi)
3.02	2.23	2.64

The TX chains are correlated and the antenna gain is unequal among the chains. The directional gain is:

Antenna B	Antenna A	Correlated Chains Directional
Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBi)	Gain (dBi)
3.02	2.23	5.64

RESULTS

Bandwidth, Antenna Gain and Limits

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Min 26 dB BW (MHz)	Min 99% BW (MHz)	Directional Gain for Power (dBi)	Directional Gain for PSD (dBi)	Power Limit (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)
Low	5260	21.72	17.731	2.64	5.64	23.49	11.00
Mid	5300	21.54	17.719	2.64	5.64	23.48	11.00
High	5320	21.69	17.695	2.64	5.64	23.48	11.00

Duty Cycle CF (dB)	0.00	Included in Calculations of Corr'd PSD
--------------------	------	--

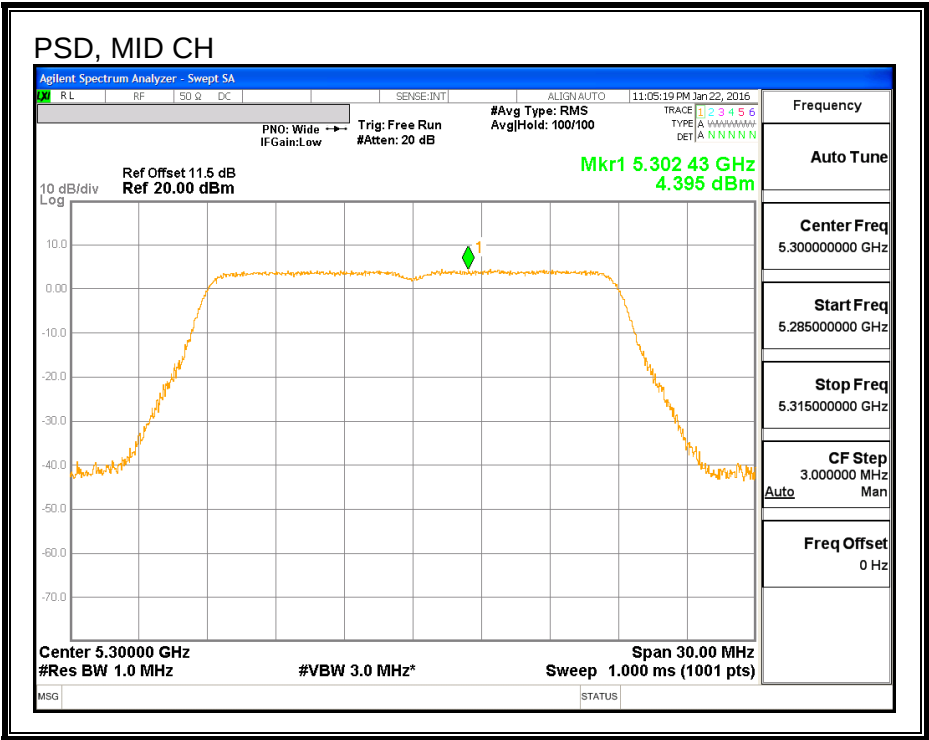
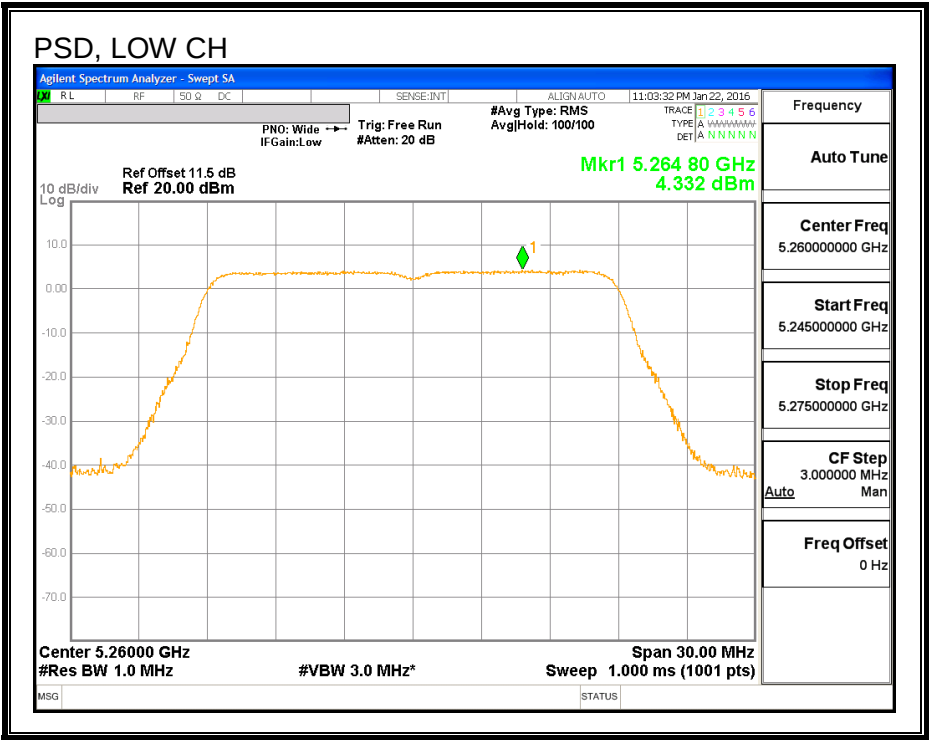
Output Power Results

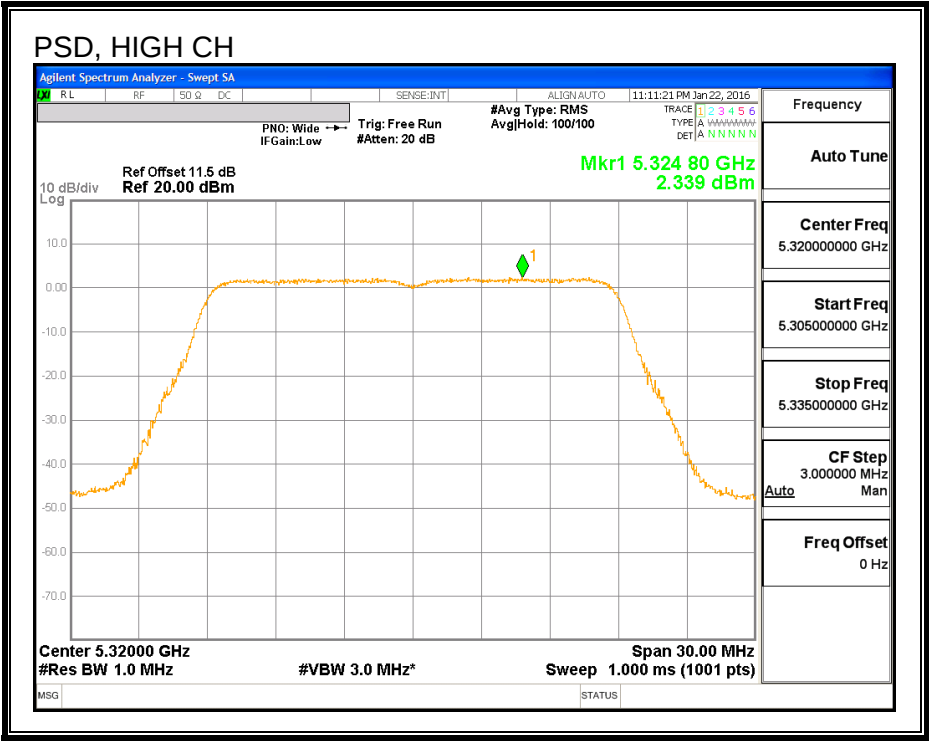
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas Power (dBm)	Antenna A Meas Power (dBm)	Total Corr'd Power (dBm)	Power Limit (dBm)	Power Margin (dB)
Low	5260	15.87	15.95	18.92	23.49	-4.57
Mid	5300	15.90	15.91	18.92	23.48	-4.57
High	5320	13.88	13.92	16.91	23.48	-6.57

PSD Results

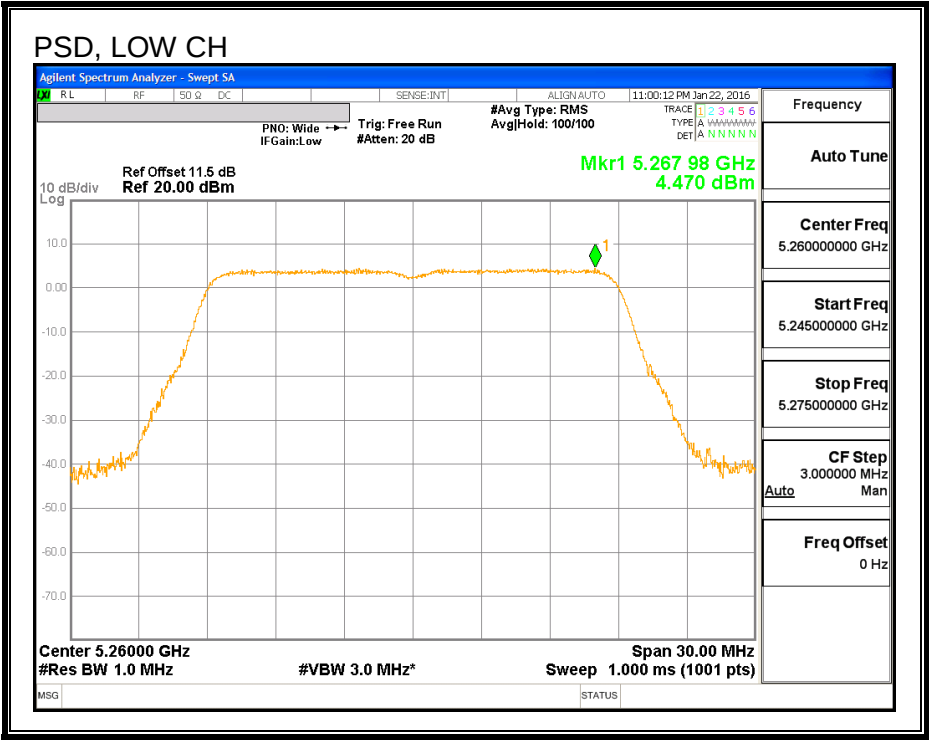
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna B Meas PSD (dBm)	Antenna A Meas PSD (dBm)	Total Corr'd PSD (dBm)	PSD Limit (dBm)	PSD Margin (dB)
Low	5260	4.332	4.470	7.412	11.00	-3.59
Mid	5300	4.395	4.410	7.413	11.00	-3.59
High	5320	2.339	2.505	5.433	11.00	-5.57

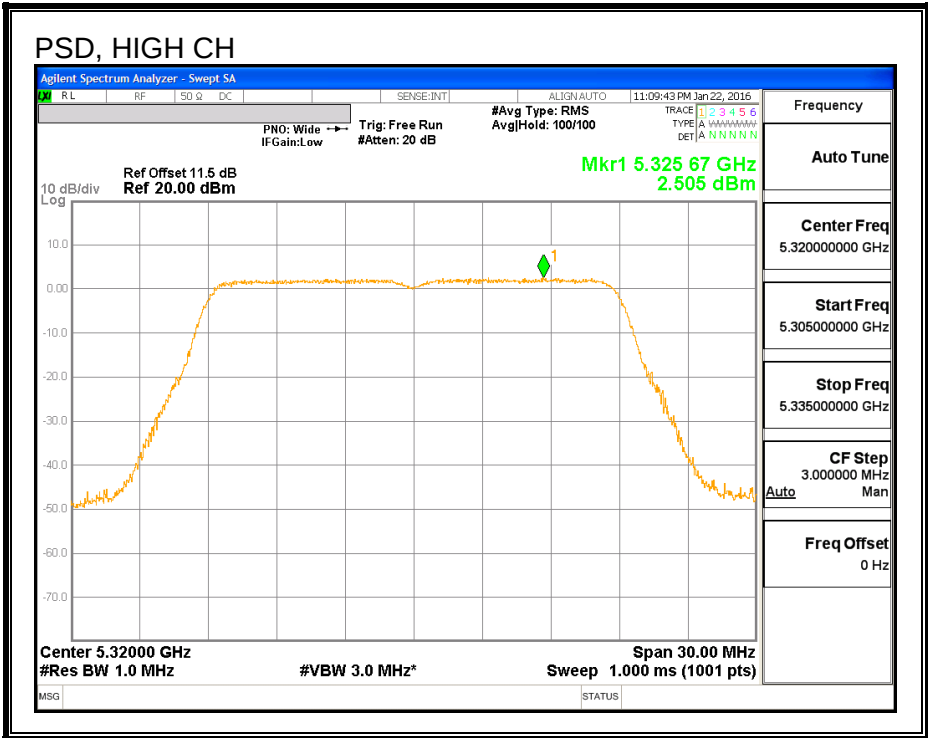
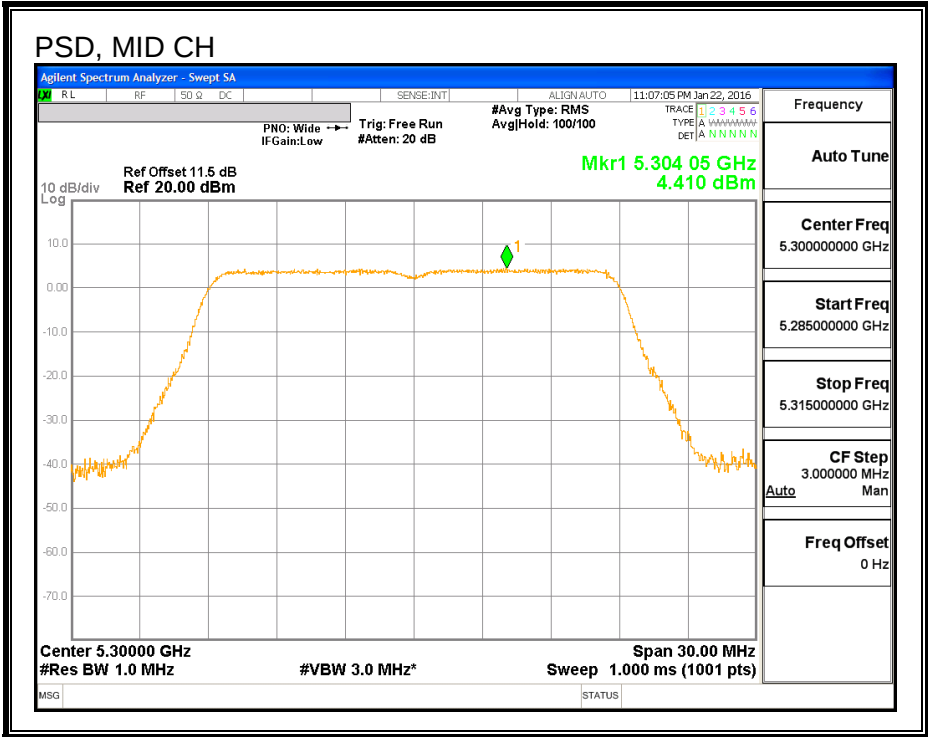
PSD, ANTENNA - B





PSD, ANTENNA - A





8.23. 802.11n HT20 2Tx STBC MODE IN THE 5.3 GHz BAND

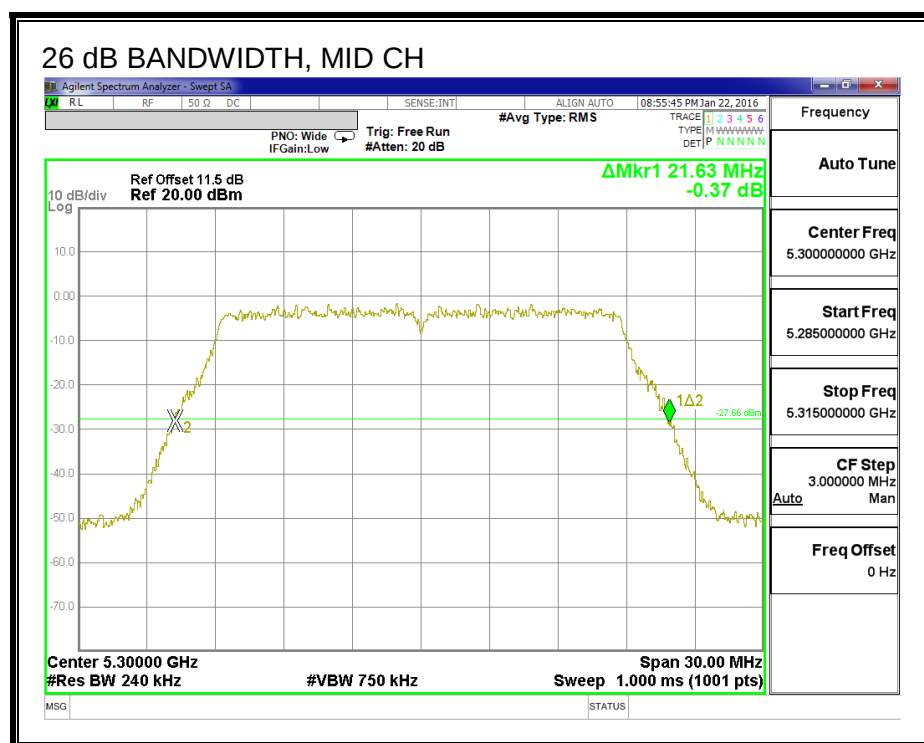
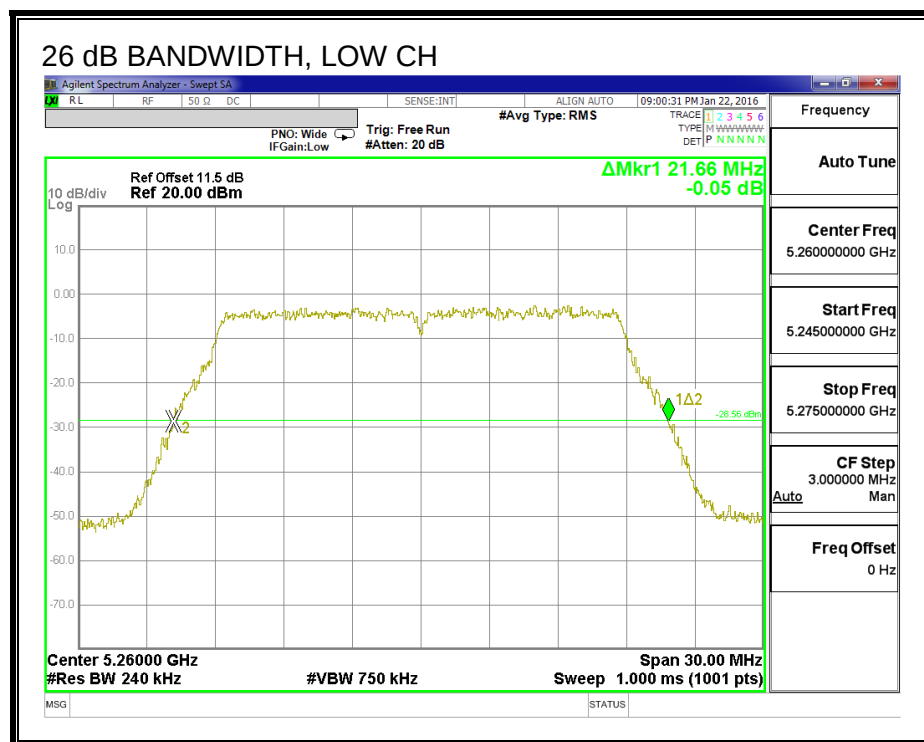
8.23.1. 26 dB BANDWIDTH

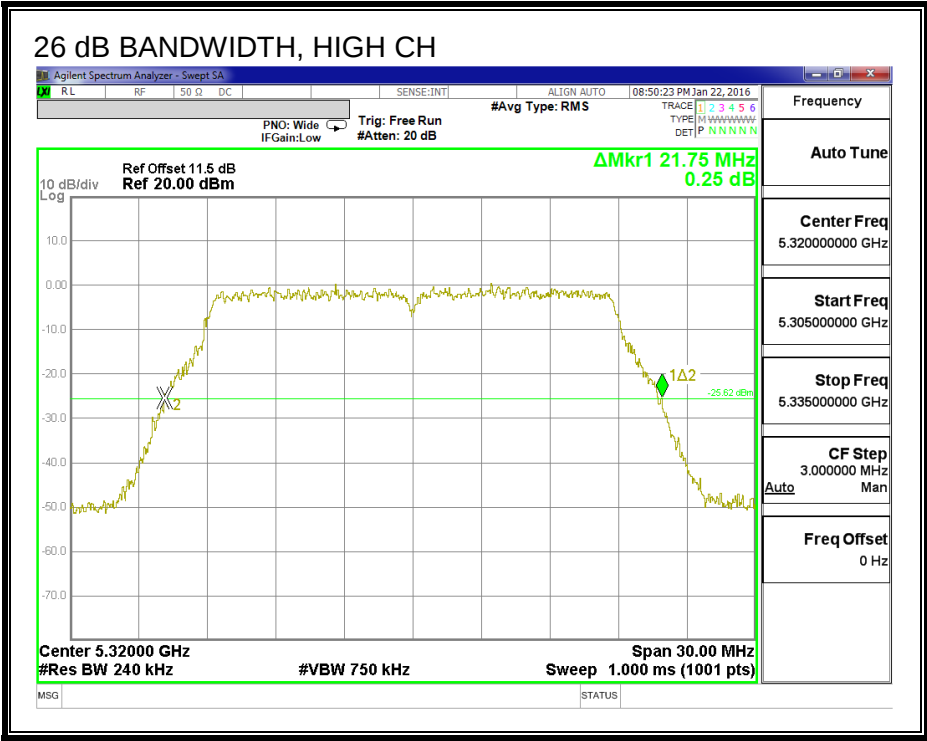
LIMITS

None; for reporting purposes only.

RESULTS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna B (MHz)	26 dB BW Antenna A (MHz)
Low	5260	21.66	21.54
Mid	5300	21.63	21.36
High	5320	21.75	21.63





26 DB BANDWIDTH, ANTENNA - A

