

REPORT

FCC/IC Certification

Applicant Name:
LG Electronics Inc.**Address:**
222 LG-ro Jinwi-myeon, Pyeongtaek-si, Gyeonggi-do 451-
713, Korea**Date of Issue:**

January 12, 2014

Test Site/Location:HCT CO., LTD., 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil,
Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea**Report No.:** HCT-R-1501-F009**HCT FRN:** 0005866421**IC Recognition No.:** 5944A-3

FCC ID:	BEJLC7S
IC:	2703H-LC7S
APPLICANT:	LG Electronics Inc.

FCC/IC Model(s): LC7S**EUT Type:** Silverbox RADIO ASM-RECEIVER**Max. RF Output Power:** 3.94 dBm (2.48 mW)**Frequency Range:** 2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth)**Modulation type** GFSK(Normal), $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)**FCC Classification:** FCC Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter**FCC Rule Part(s):** Part 15 subpart C 15.247**IC Rule Part(s):** RSS-210 Issue 8(December 2010) , RSS-GEN Issue 4(November 2014)

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures specified in §2.947. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998, 21 U.S. C.853(a)



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Approved by
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Manager of RF Team

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Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-R-1501-F009	January 12, 2014	- First Approval Report

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant: LG Electronics Inc.
Address: 222 LG-ro Jinwi-myeon, Pyeongtaek-si, Gyeonggi-do 451-713, Korea
FCC ID: BEJLC7S
IC: 2703H-LC7S
EUT Type: Silverbox RADIO ASM-RECEIVER
FCC/IC Model name(s): LC7S
Date(s) of Tests: October 20, 2014 ~ January 09, 2015
Place of Tests: HCT Co., Ltd.
74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea
(IC Recognition No. : 5944A-3)

2. EUT DESCRIPTION

FCC Model Name	LC7S
IC Model Name	LC7S
EUT Type	Silverbox RADIO ASM-RECEIVER
Power Supply	DC 12 V
Frequency Range	2402 MHz - 2480 MHz (Bluetooth)
Transmit Power	3.94 dBm (2.48 mW)
BT Operating Mode	Normal, EDR, AFH
Modulation Type	GFSK(Normal), $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK(EDR)
Modulation Technique	FHSS
Number of Channels	79Channels, Minimum 20 Channels(AFH)
Antenna Specification	Manufacturer: AMOTECH Antenna type: Chip Antenna Peaak Gain : 3.46dBi

15.247 Requirements for Bluetooth transmitter

- This Bluetooth module has been tested by a Bluetooth Qualification Lab, and we confirm the following:
 - 1) This system is hopping pseudo-randomly.
 - 2) Each frequency is used equally on the average by each transmitter.
 - 3) The receiver input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters
 - 4) The receiver shifts frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.
- 15.247(g): The system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this Section 15.247 should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream.
- 15.247(h): The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

3. TEST METHODOLOGY

The measurement procedure described in the American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices(ANSI C63.4-2003) and FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 dated March 30, 2000 entitled "Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems" were used in the measurement of the **LG Electronics Inc.**

Silverbox RADIO ASM-RECEIVER FCC ID: BEJLC7S,IC:2703H-LC7S

3.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

3.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

3.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2003) Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10. (Version: 2009)

Conducted Antenna Terminal

See Section from 8.1 to 8.6.1.(DA 00-705)

3.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under operating condition. Test program used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Channel low, mid and high with highest data rate (worst case) is chosen for full testing.

4. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

5. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

The SAC(Semi-Anechoic Chamber) and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4. (Version :2003) and CISPR Publication 22. Detailed description of test facility was submitted to the Commission and accepted dated February 28, 2014 (Registration Number: 90661)

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

6. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

"An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section."

* The antennas of this E.U.T are permanently attached.

*The E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203

7. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test Description	IC Part Section(s)	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Condition	Test Result
20 dB Bandwidth	RSS-210, A8.1(a)	§15.247(a)(1)(ii) or (iii)	NA	CONDUCTED	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	RSS-210, A1.1.3	NA	NA		PASS
Conducted Maximum Peak Output Power	RSS-210, A8.4(2)	§15.247(b)(1)	< 1 Watts for 1Mbps < 125 Milliwatts for 2, 3Mbps		PASS
Carrier Frequency Separation	RSS-210, A8.1(b)	§15.247(a)(1)	>25 kHz or >2/3 of the 20dB BW		PASS
Number of Hopping Frequencies	RSS-210, A8.1(d)	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	>15		PASS
Time of Occupancy	RSS-210, A8.1(d)	§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	<400 ms		PASS
Conducted Spurious Emissions	RSS-210, A 8.5 RSS-GEN, Section 7.2.3	§15.247(d)	< 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
Band Edge(Out of Band Emissions)	RSS-210, A 8.5	§15.247(d)	< 20 dB for all out-of band emissions		PASS
AC Power line Conducted Emissions	RSS-GEN, Section 7.2.2	§15.207(a)	cf. Section 8.7		PASS
Radiated Spurious Emissions	RSS-210, A2.9, A 8.5	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.6.2	RADIATED	PASS
Radiated Restricted Band Edge	RSS-210, A2.9, A 8.5	§15.247(d), 15.205, 15.209	cf. Section 8.6.4		PASS
Receiver Spurious Emissions	RSS-GEN, Section 7.2.3	§15.109	cf. Section 8.6.3		PASS

8. FCC PART 15.247 REQUIREMENTS

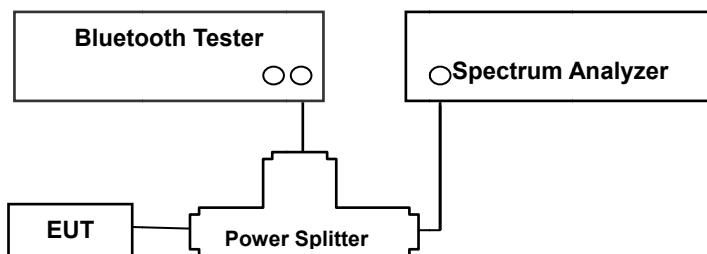
8.1 PEAK POWER

LIMIT

The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

1. For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850 MHz band: 1 W for hopping mode, 125 mW for AFH mode
2. The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer. The Spectrum Analyzer is set to the peak detector mode. This test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel

RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

SAMPLE CALCULATION

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Output Power} &= \text{Spectrum Reading Power} + \text{Power Splitter loss} + \text{Cable loss}(2 \text{ ea}) \\ &= 10 \text{ dBm} + 6 \text{ dB} + 1.5 \text{ dB} = 17.5 \text{ dBm}\end{aligned}$$

Note :

1. Spectrum reading values are not plot data. The power results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Power Splitter loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. Actual value of

loss for the splitter and cable combination is 6.51 dB at 2402 MHz and is 6.54 dB at 2480 MHz.

So, 6.5 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the conducted peak power final result

TEST RESULTS

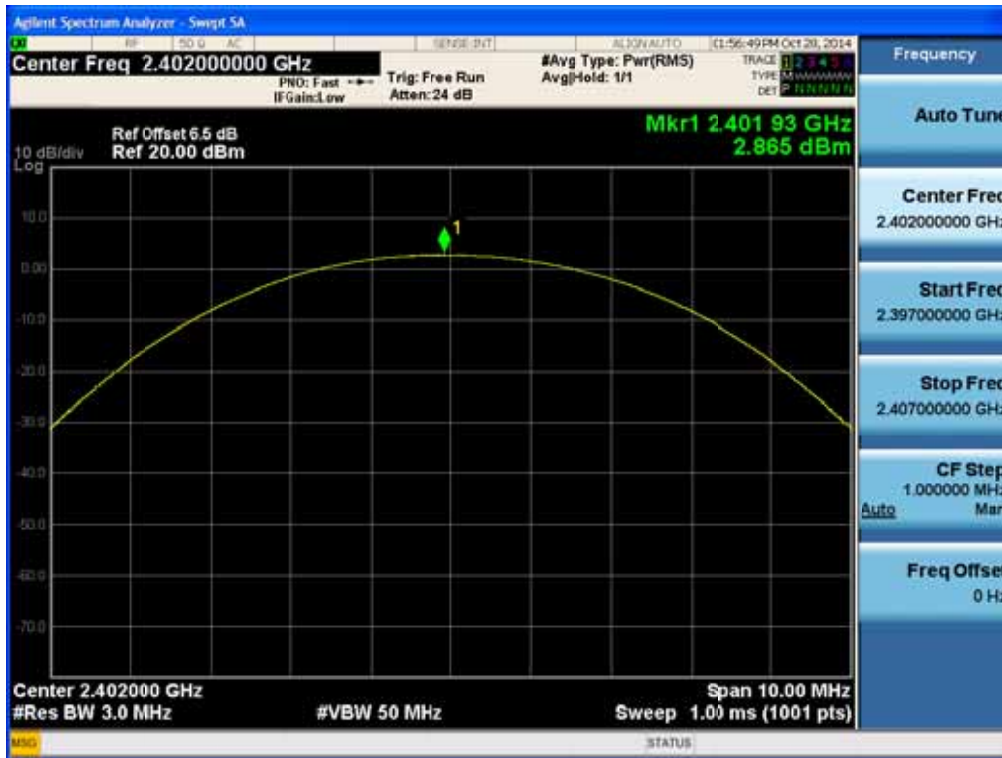
No non-compliance noted

Test Data

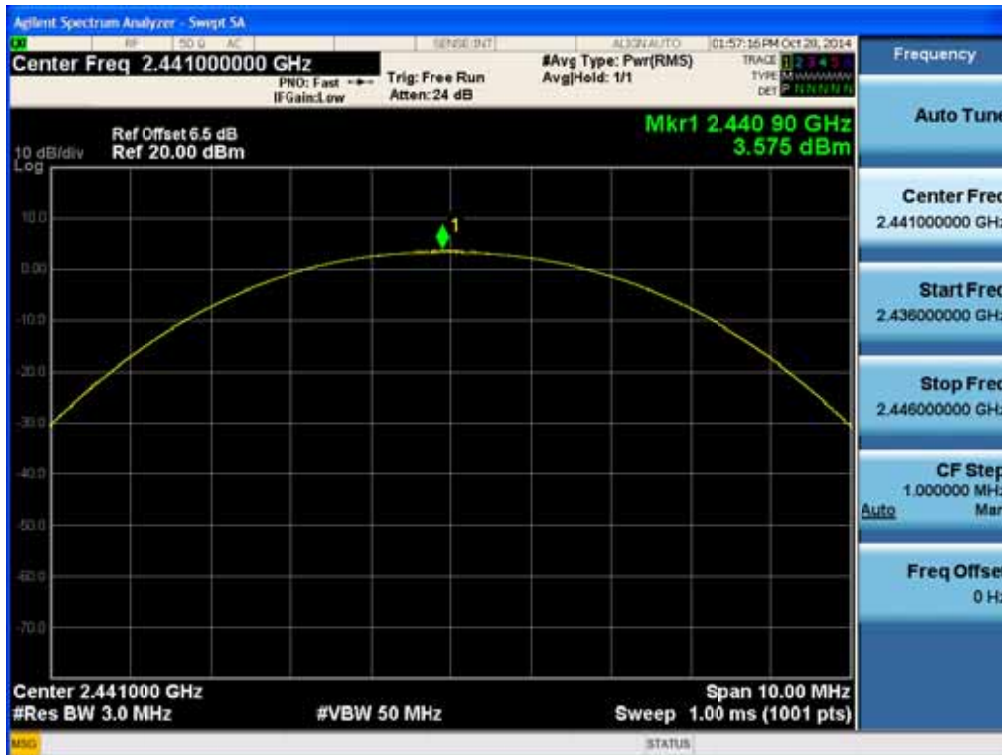
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (GFSK)		Limit (mW)	Result
		(dBm)	(mW)		
Low	2402	2.87	1.93	125	PASS
Mid	2441	3.58	2.28		PASS
High	2480	3.58	2.28		PASS

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (8DPSK)		Output Power ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)		Limit (mW)	Result
		(dBm)	(mW)	(dBm)	(mW)		
Low	2402	3.22	2.10	2.72	1.87	125	PASS
Mid	2441	3.89	2.45	3.40	2.19		PASS
High	2480	3.94	2.48	3.41	2.19		PASS

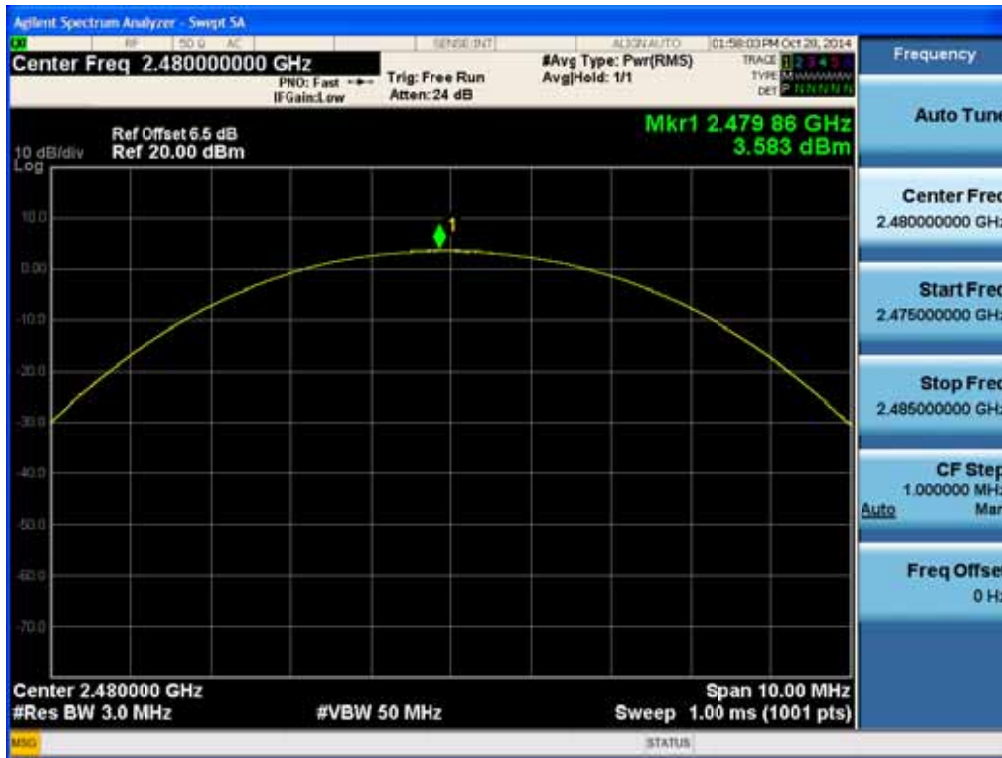
Test Plots (GFSK)
Peak Power (Low-CH)



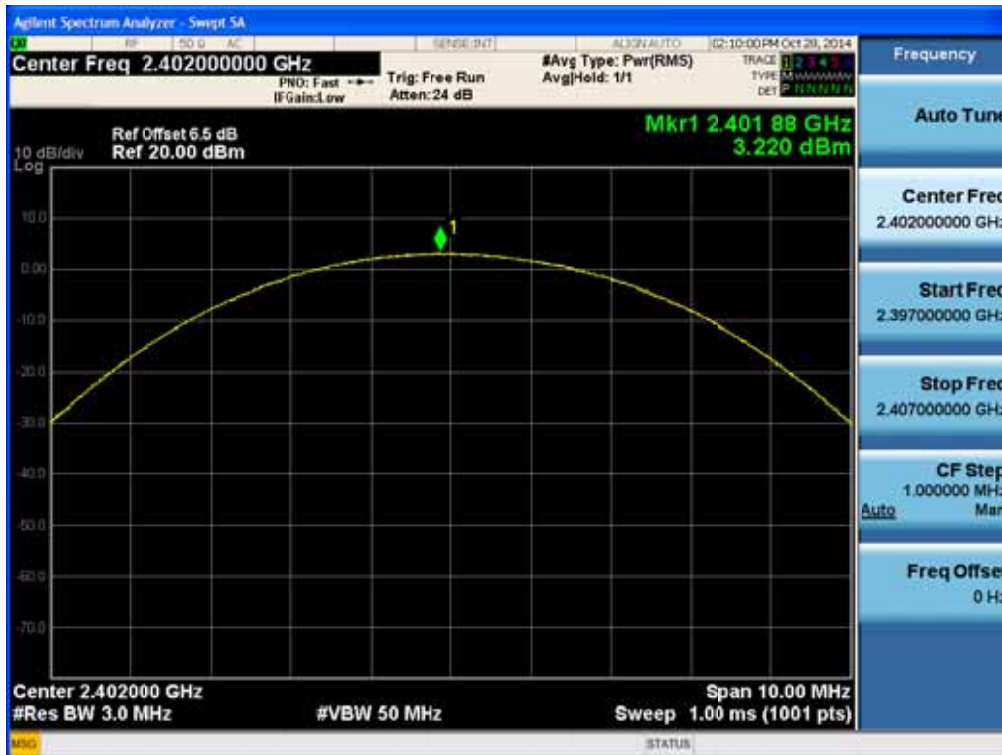
Test Plots (GFSK)
Peak Power (Mid-CH)



Test Plots (GFSK)
Peak Power (High-CH)



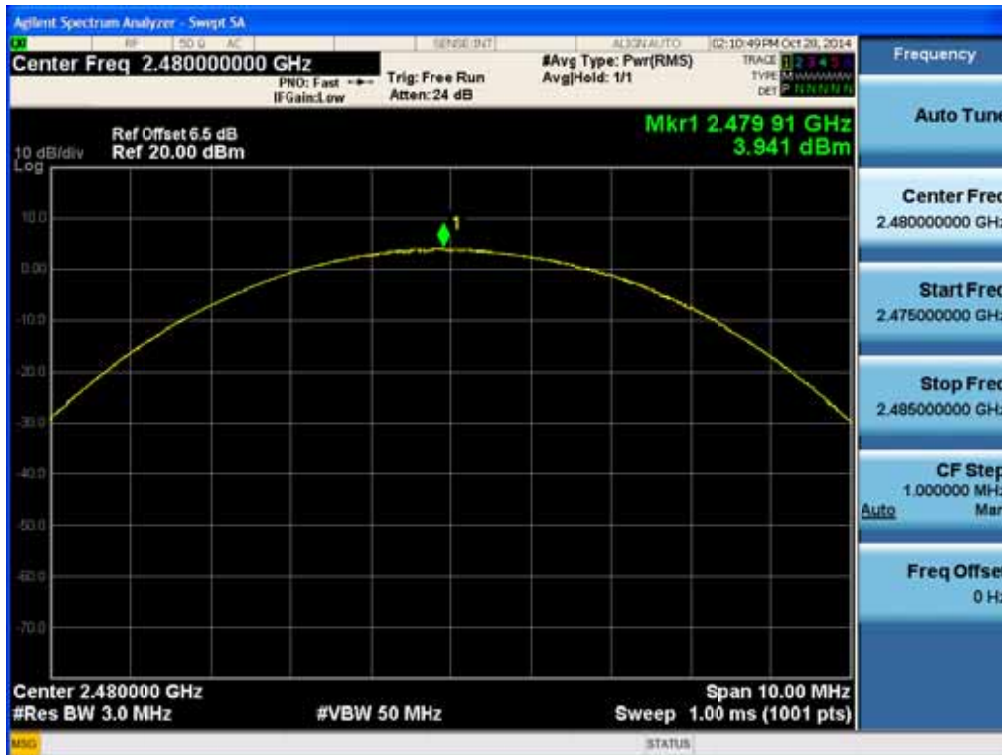
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Peak Power (Low-CH)



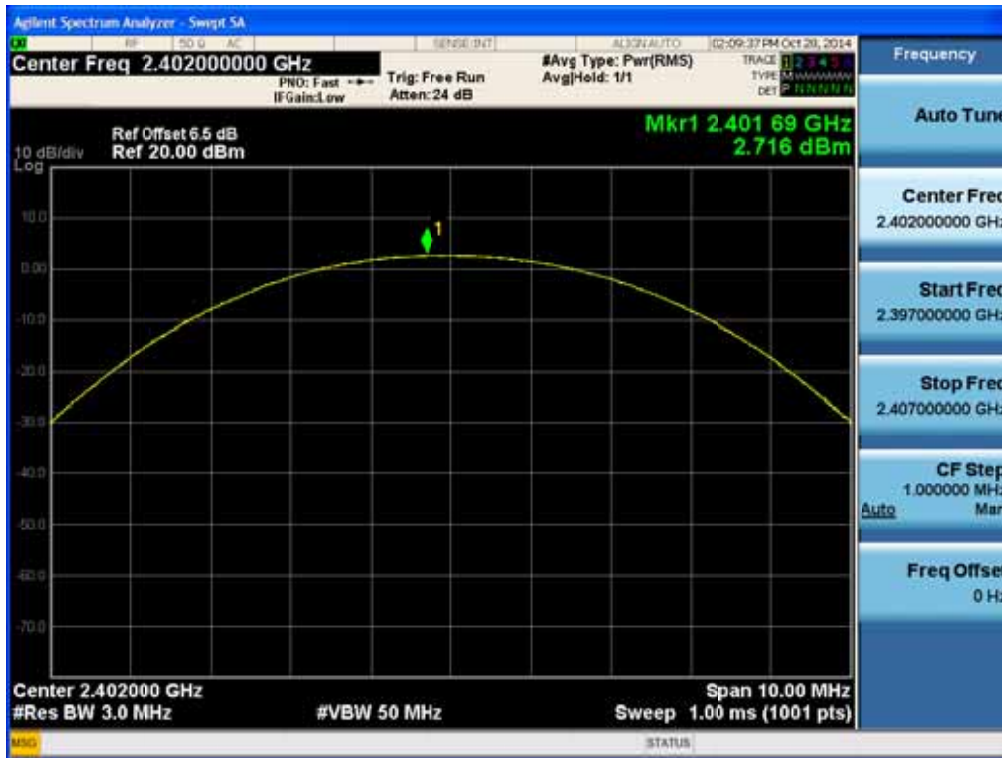
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Peak Power (Mid-CH)



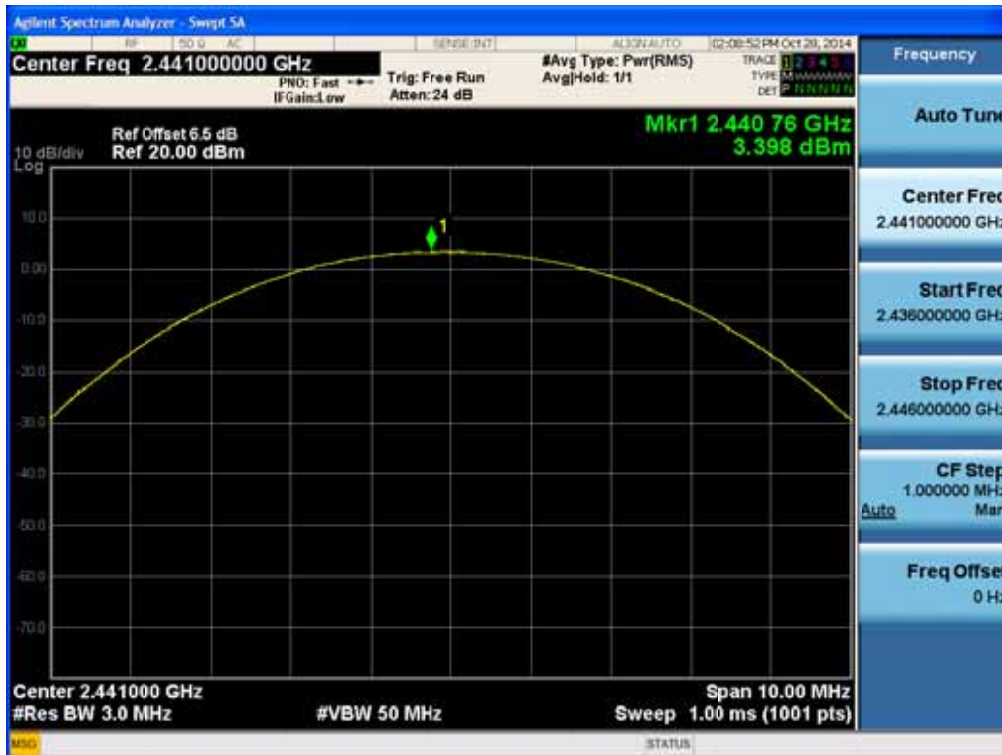
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Peak Power (High-CH)



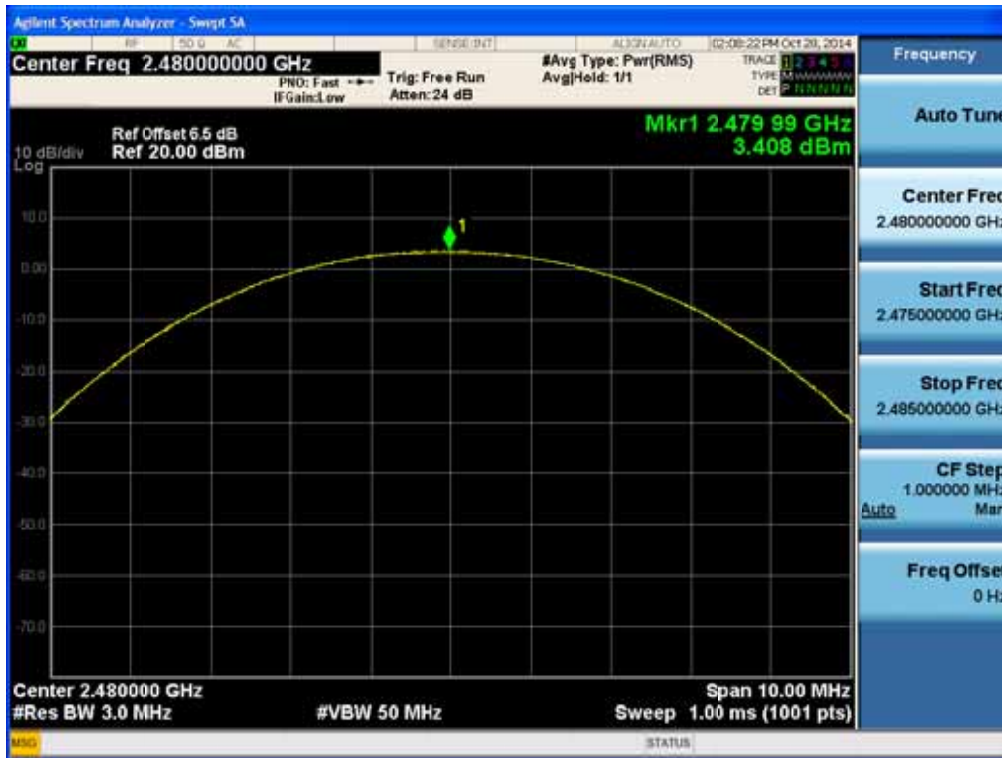
Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Peak Power (Low-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Peak Power (Mid-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Peak Power (High-CH)

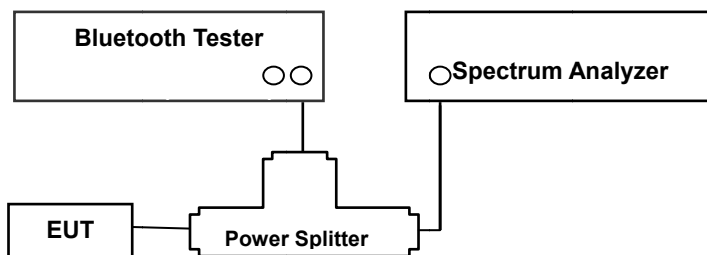


8.2 BAND EDGES

LIMIT

According to §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

This test is performed with hopping off and hopping on.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

RBW $\geq$ 1% of the span

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

TEST RESULTS

See attached.

Note :

1. The results in plot is already including the actual values of loss for the splitter and cable combination.
2. Spectrum offset = Power Splitter loss + Cable loss
3. We apply to the offset in the 2.4 GHz range that was rounded off to the closest tenth dB. Actual value of loss for the splitter and cable combination is 6.51 dB at 2402 MHz and is 6.54 dB at 2480 MHz. So, 6.5 dB is offset. And the offset gap in the 2.4 GHz range do not affect the band edge measurement final result.

Test Data

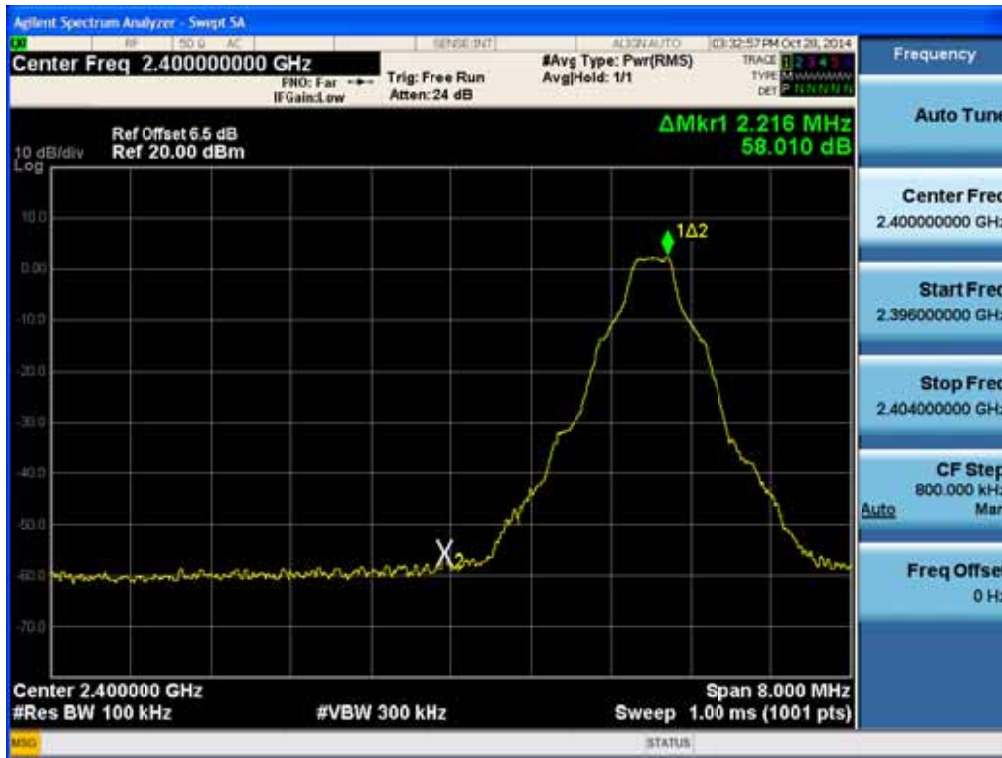
- Without hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Limit (dBc)	Margin			Result
	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		GFSK (dBc)	8DPSK (dBc)	$\pi/4$ DQPSK (dBc)	
Lower	58.010	55.788	56.217	20	38.01	35.79	36.22	PASS
Upper	61.642	59.043	58.432		41.64	39.04	38.43	PASS

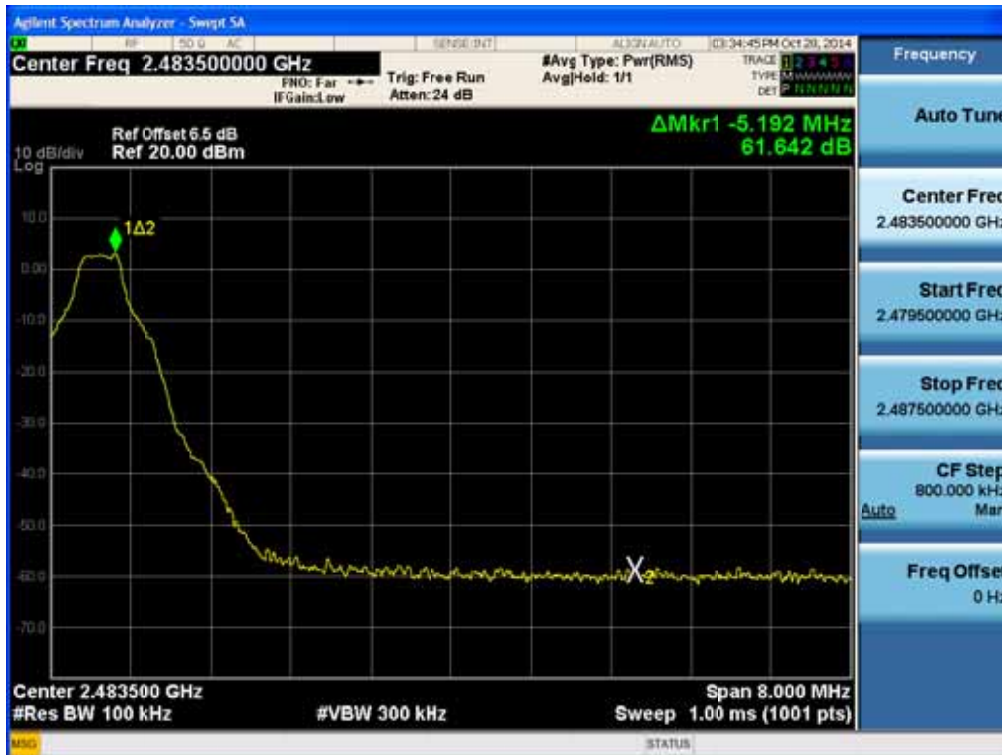
- With hopping

Outside Frequency Band	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Limit (dBc)	Margin			Result
	(dB)	(dB)	(dB)		GFSK (dBc)	8DPSK (dBc)	$\pi/4$ DQPSK (dBc)	
Lower	59.500	56.282	56.697	20	39.500	36.282	36.697	PASS
Upper	60.223	57.162	57.104		40.223	37.162	37.104	PASS

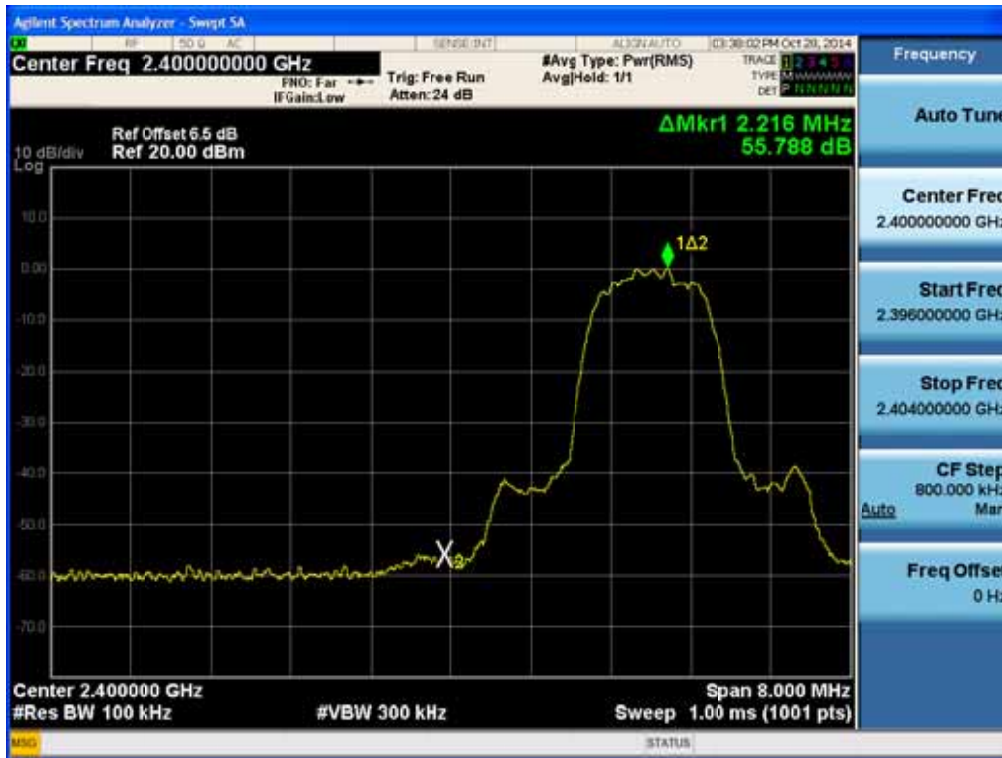
Test Plots without hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



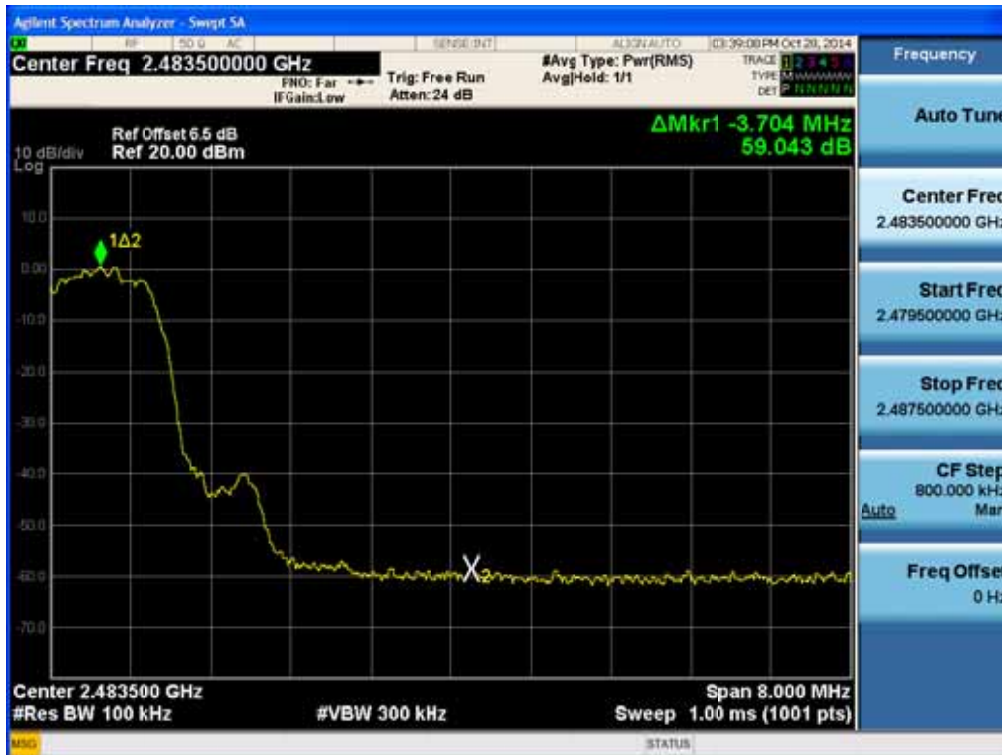
Test Plots without hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



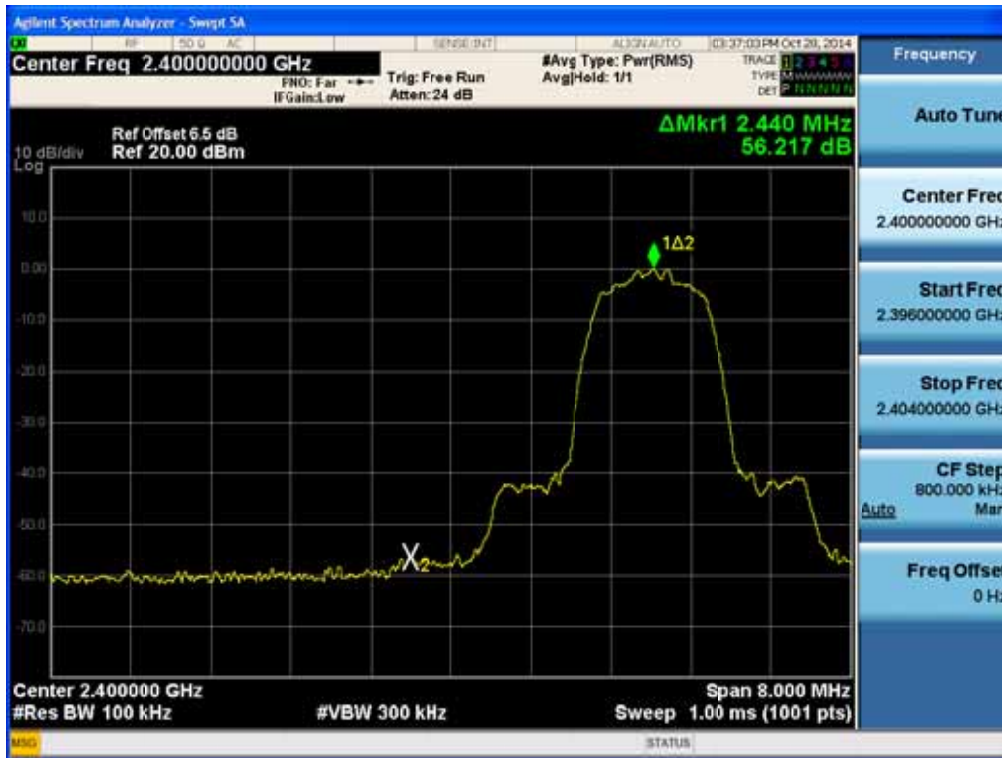
Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



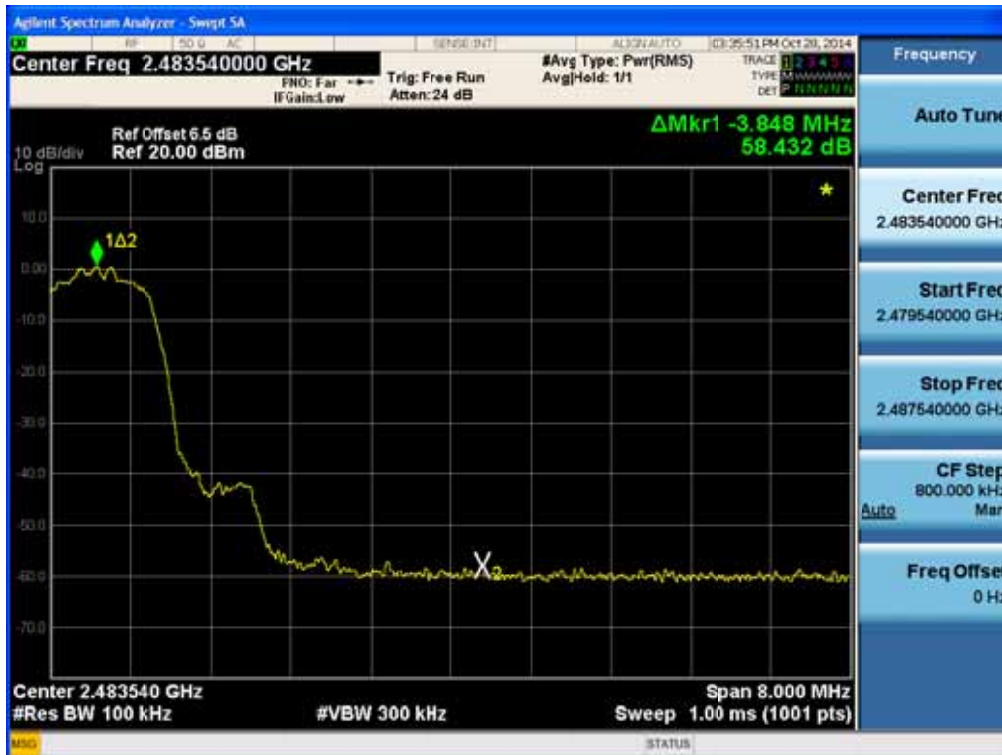
Test Plots without hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



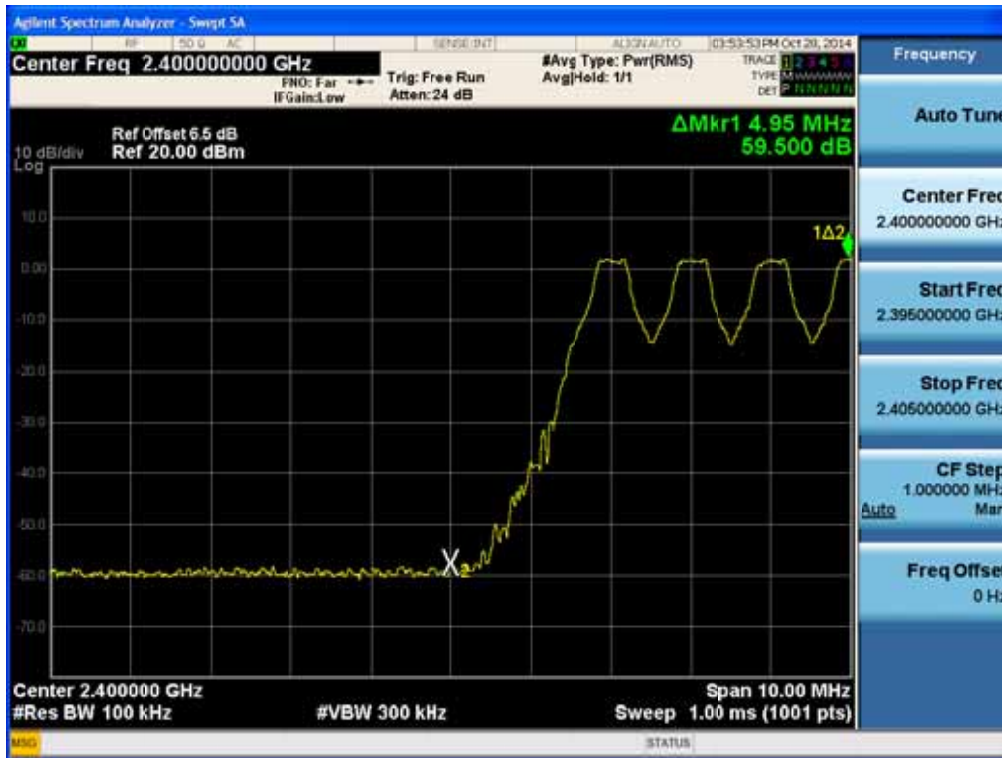
Test Plots without hopping ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



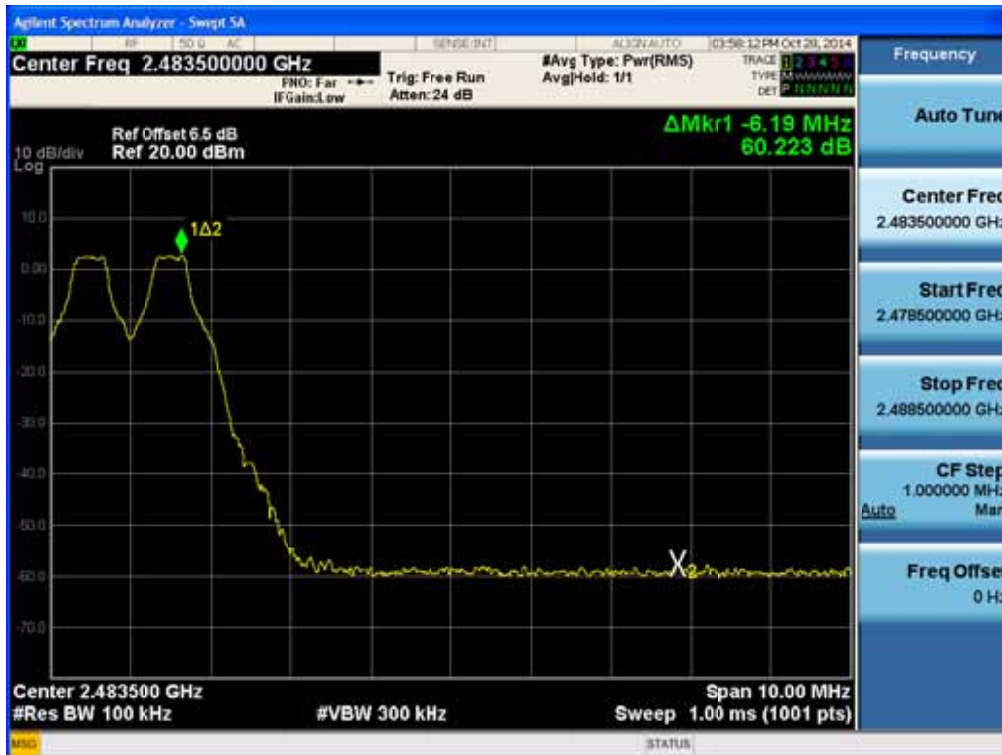
Test Plots without hopping ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



Test Plots with hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



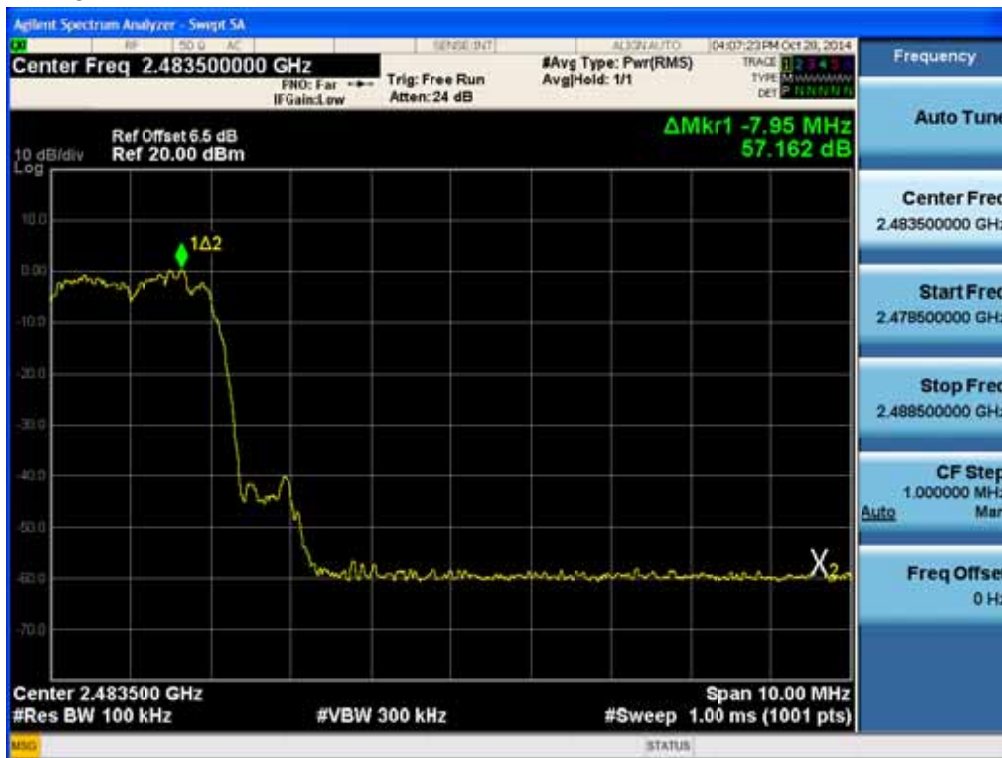
Test Plots with hopping (GFSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



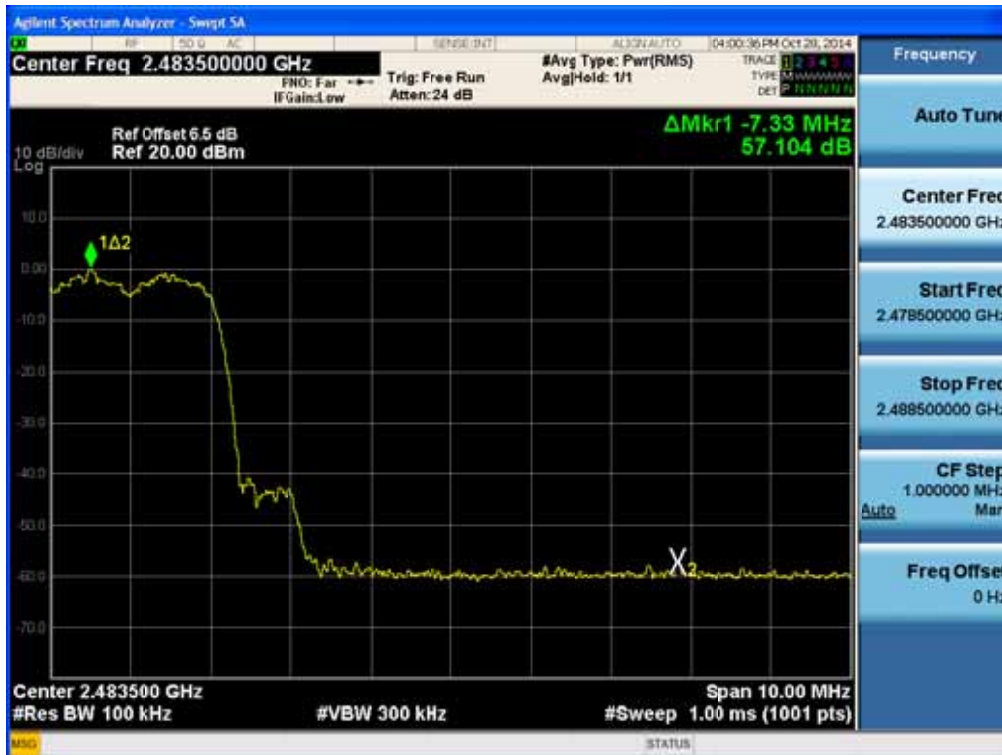
Test Plots with hopping (8DPSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)



Test Plots with hopping ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Band Edges (Low-CH)



Test Plots with hopping ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Band Edges (High-CH)

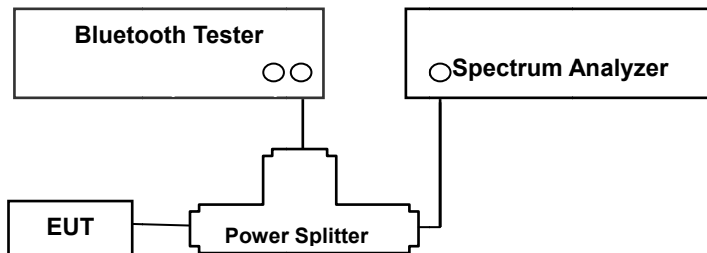


8.3 FREQUENCY SEPARATION / OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99% BW)

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The Channel Separation test is performed with hopping on. And the 20 dB Bandwidth test is performed with hopping off.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

RBW $\geq$ 1% of the span

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

The trace was allowed to stabilize. The marker-delta function was used to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

Test Data

Channel Separation (kHz)			20dB Bandwidth (kHz)				Limit (kHz)	Result
GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK		
996	1002	1005	Low CH	940.3	1315.0	1356.0	>25 or >2/3 of the 20dB BW	Pass
			Middle CH	1002.0	1336.0	1350.0		
			High CH	1005.0	1335.0	1340.0		

Occupied Bandwidth (99% BW)

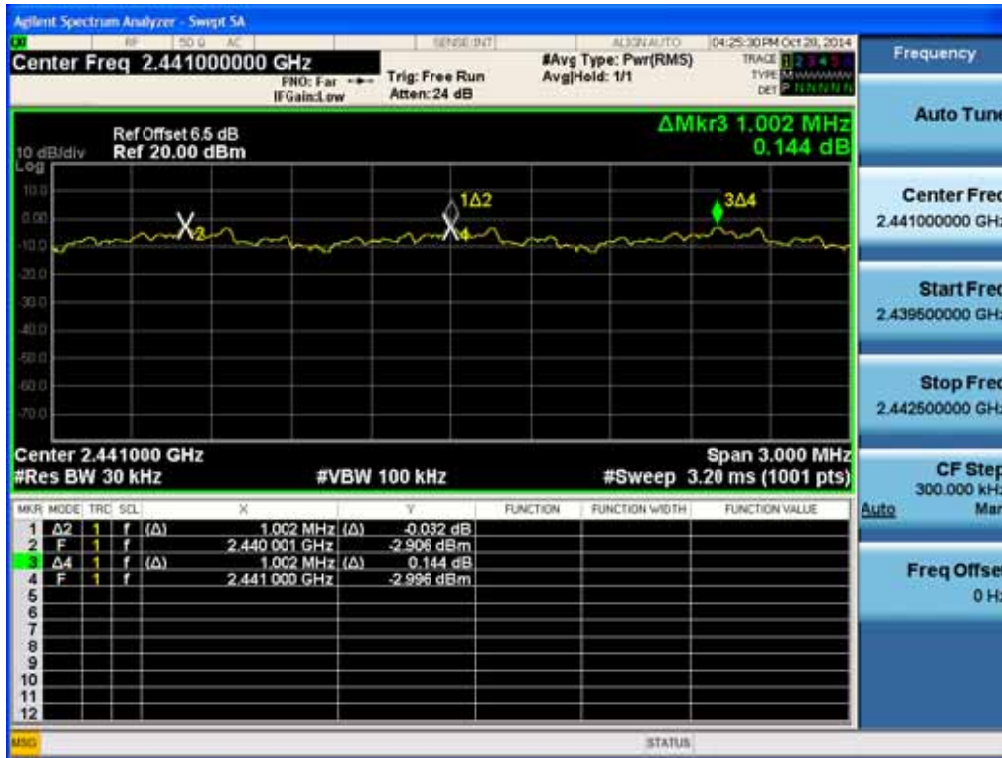
99% BW (kHz)			
Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK
Low CH	862.5	1196.4	1200.4
Middle CH	894.8	1207.9	1200.3
High CH	894.0	1205.4	1194.9

Note : We can not know what use channel in AFH mode. So, we can not test in AFH mode. Also, if the test performs some channel in AFH mode, the test result is not different with normal mode.

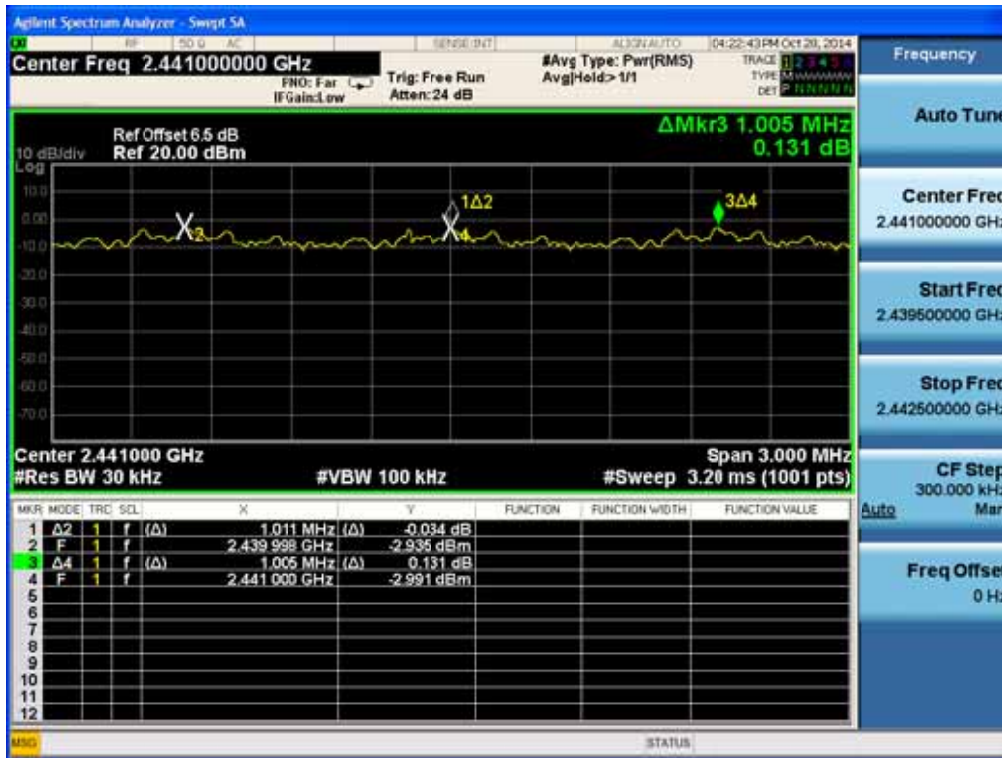
Test Plots (GFSK)
Channel Separation



Test Plots (8DPSK)
Channel Separation



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Channel Separation



Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Low-CH)



Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Mid-CH)



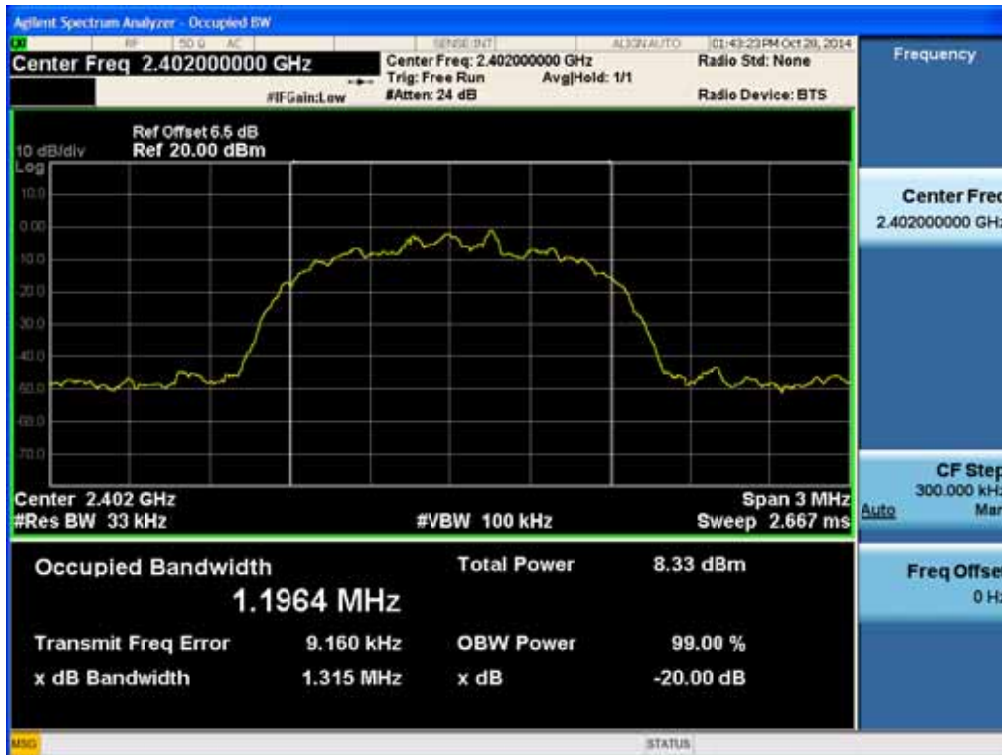
Test Plots (GFSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (High-CH)



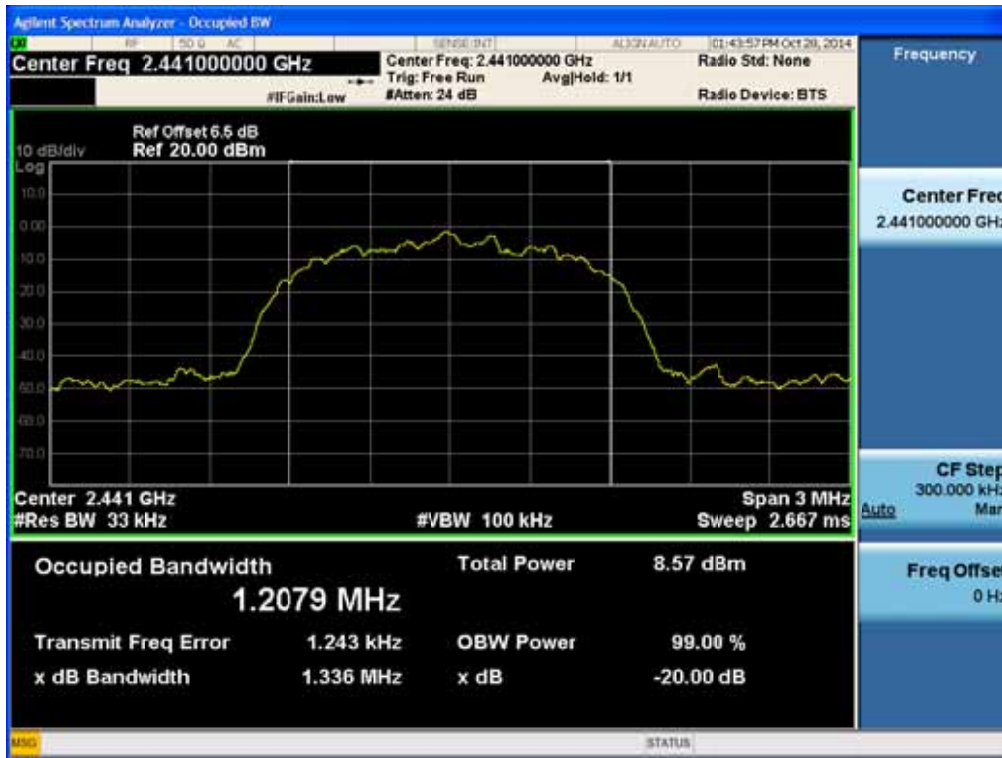
Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Low-CH)



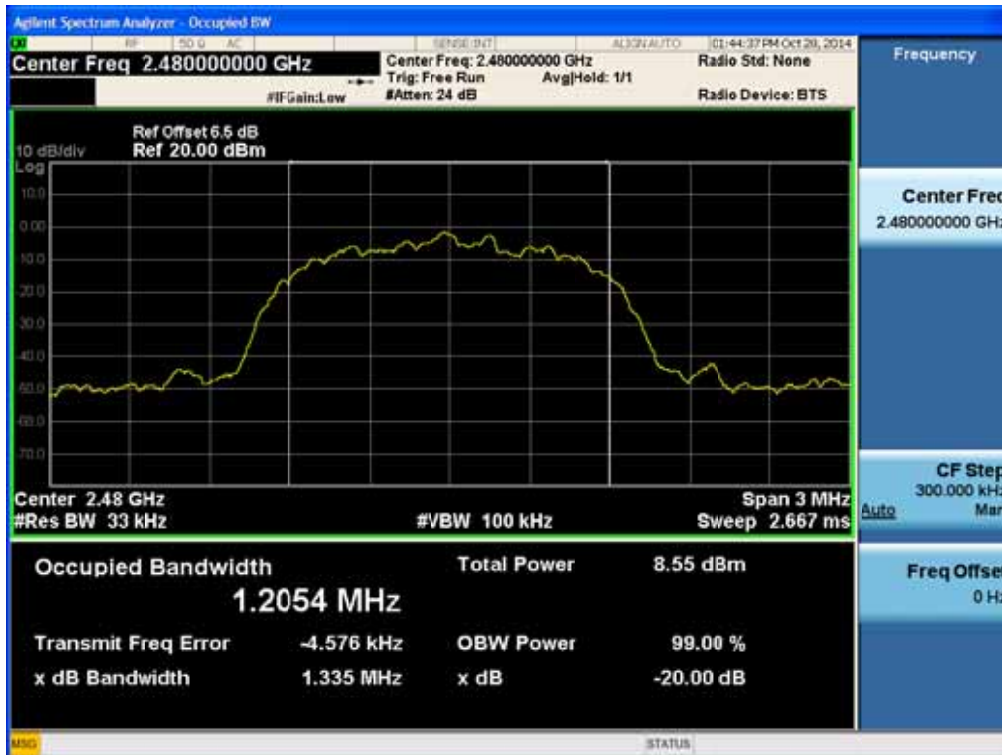
Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Mid-CH)



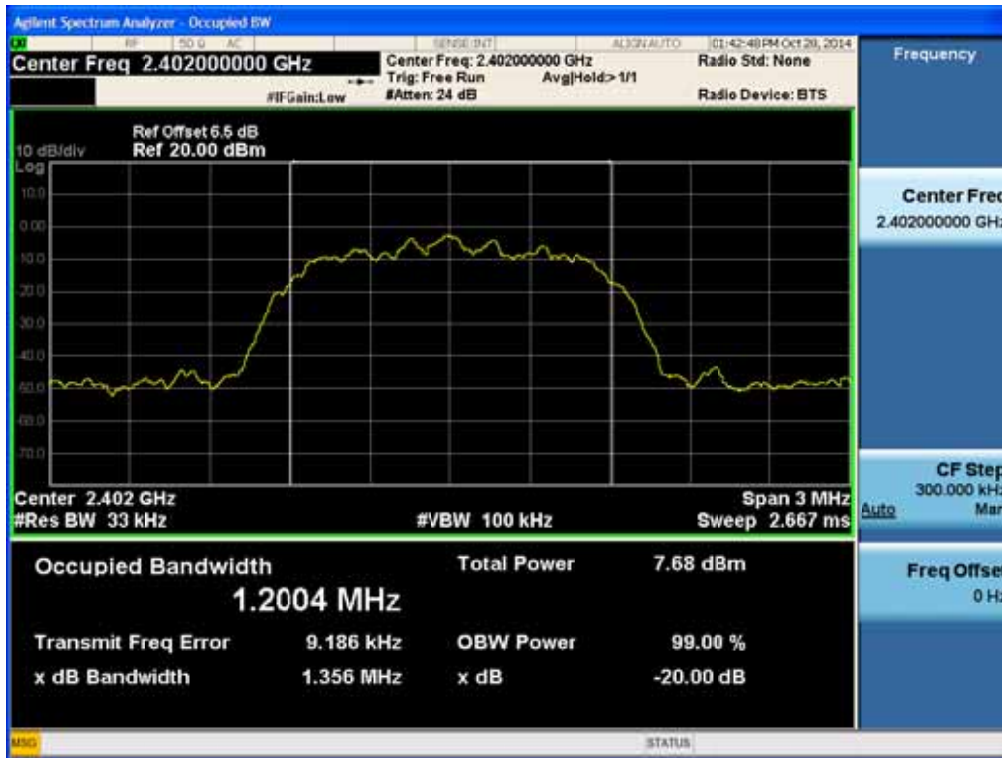
Test Plots (8DPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (High-CH)



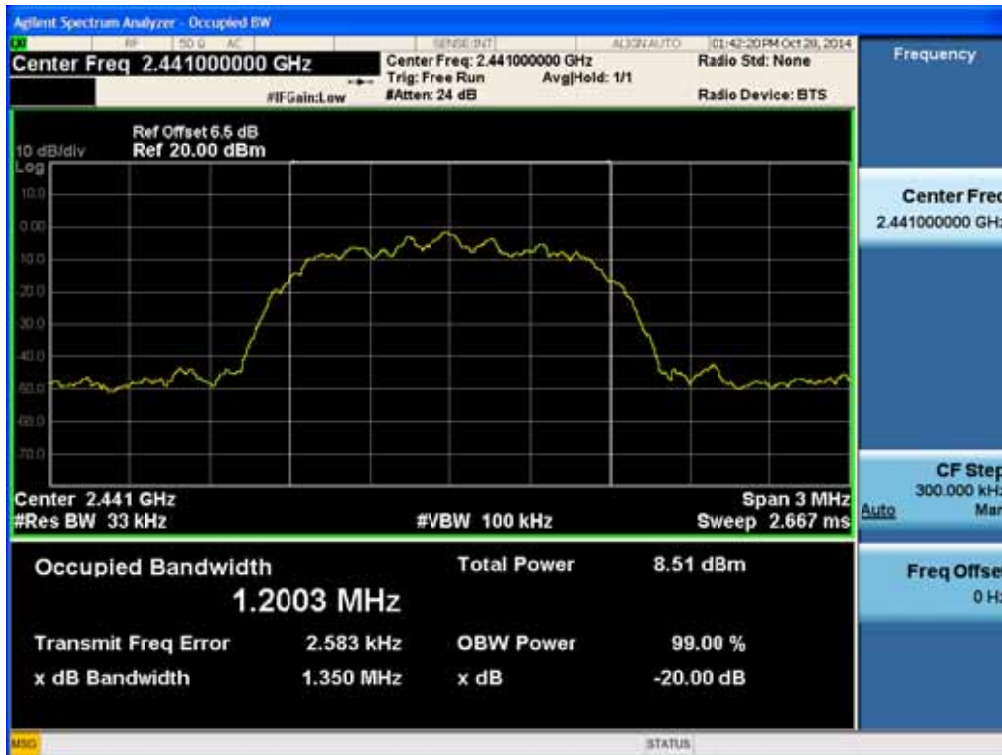
Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Low-CH)

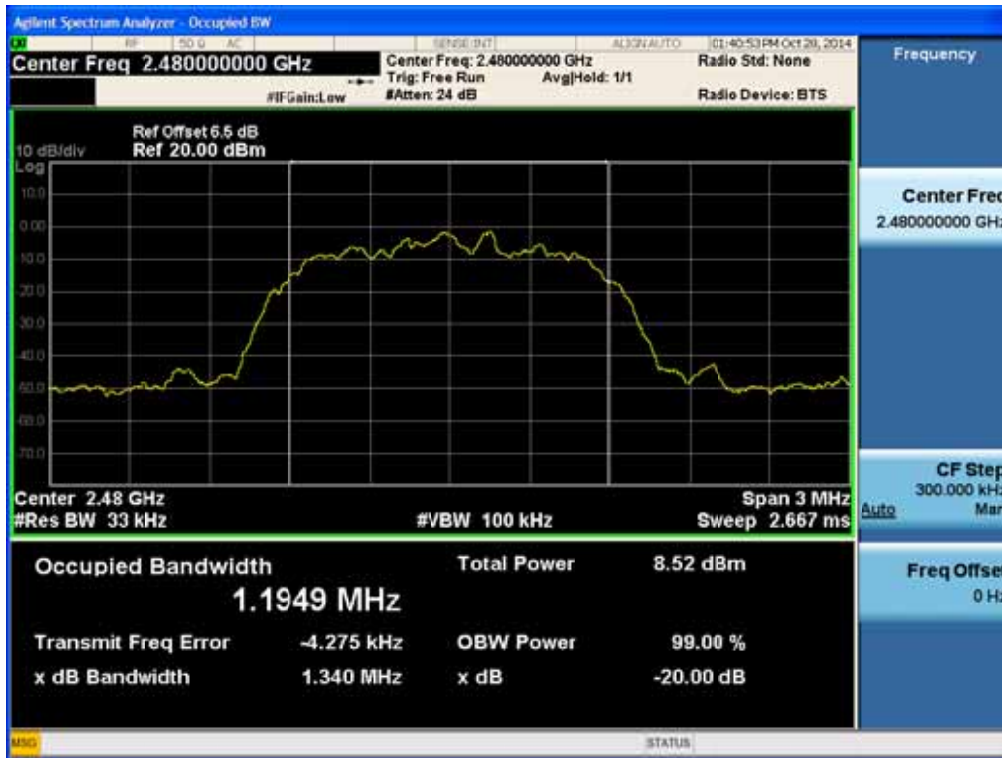


Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (Mid-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
20 dB Bandwidth & Occupied Bandwidth (High-CH)

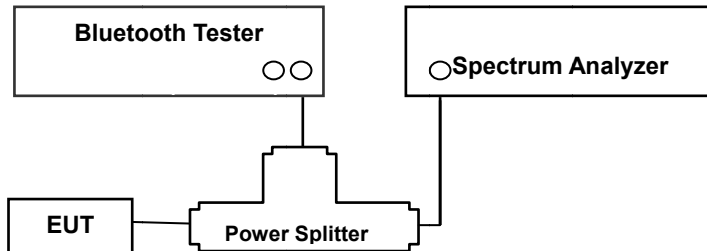


8.4 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

The Bluetooth frequency hopping function of the EUT was enabled.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = the frequency band of operation

RBW $\geq$ 1% of the span

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = Auto

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

The trace was allowed to stabilize.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted

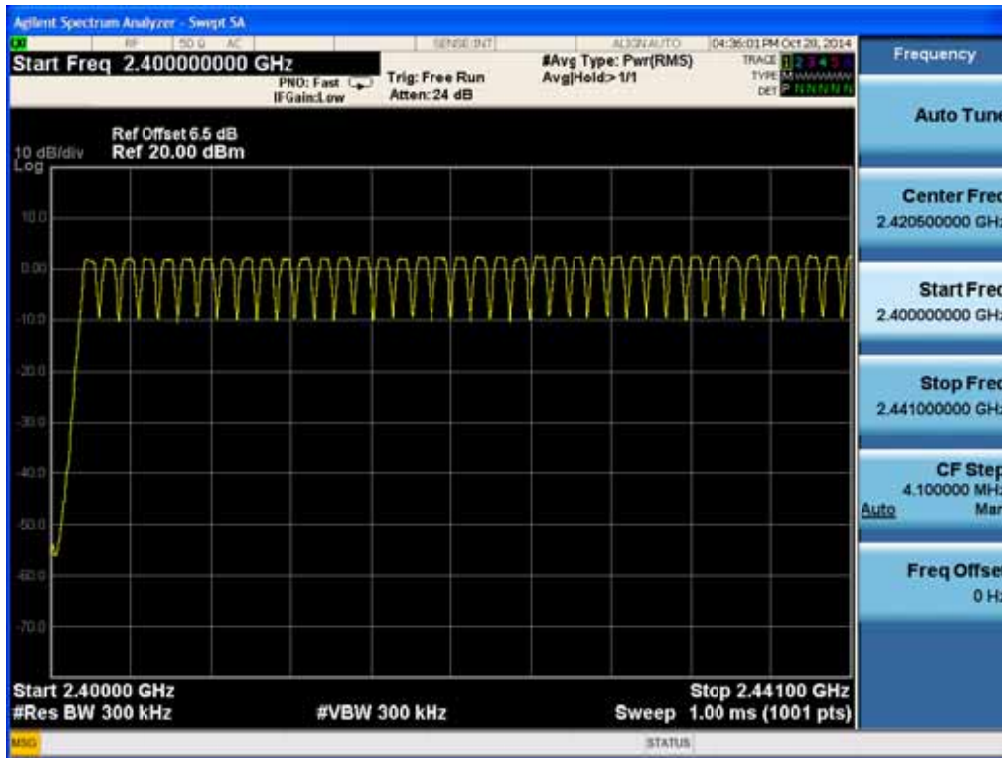
Test Data

Result (No. of CH)			Limit	Result
GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK		
79	79	79	>15	Pass

Note : In case of AFH mode, minimum number of hopping channels is 20.

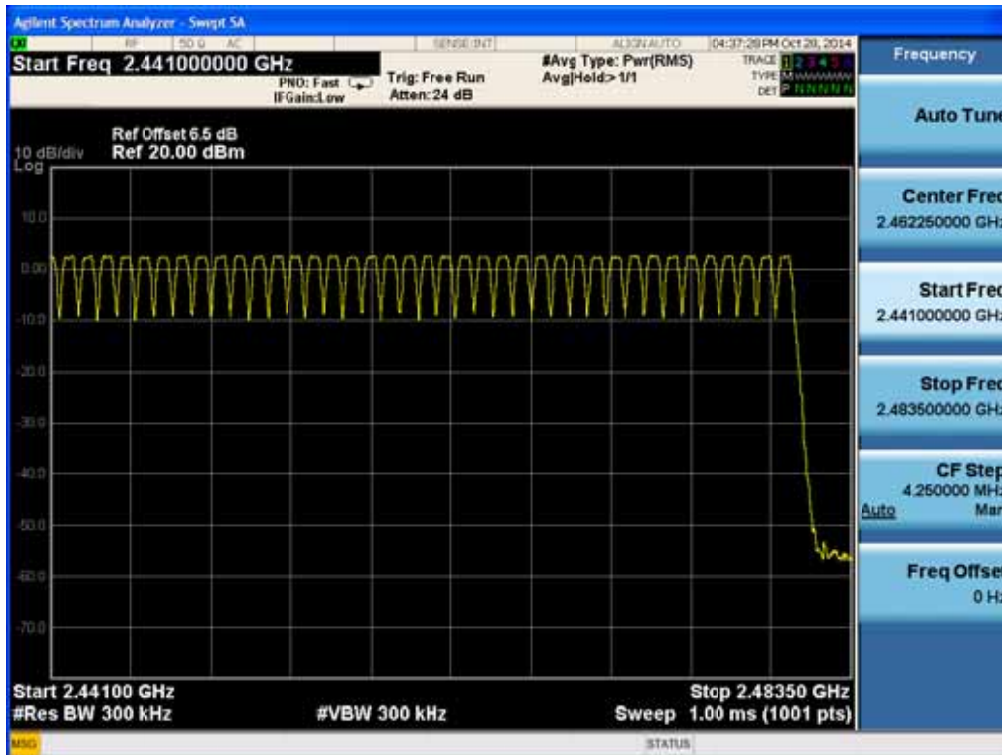
Test Plots (GFSK)

Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



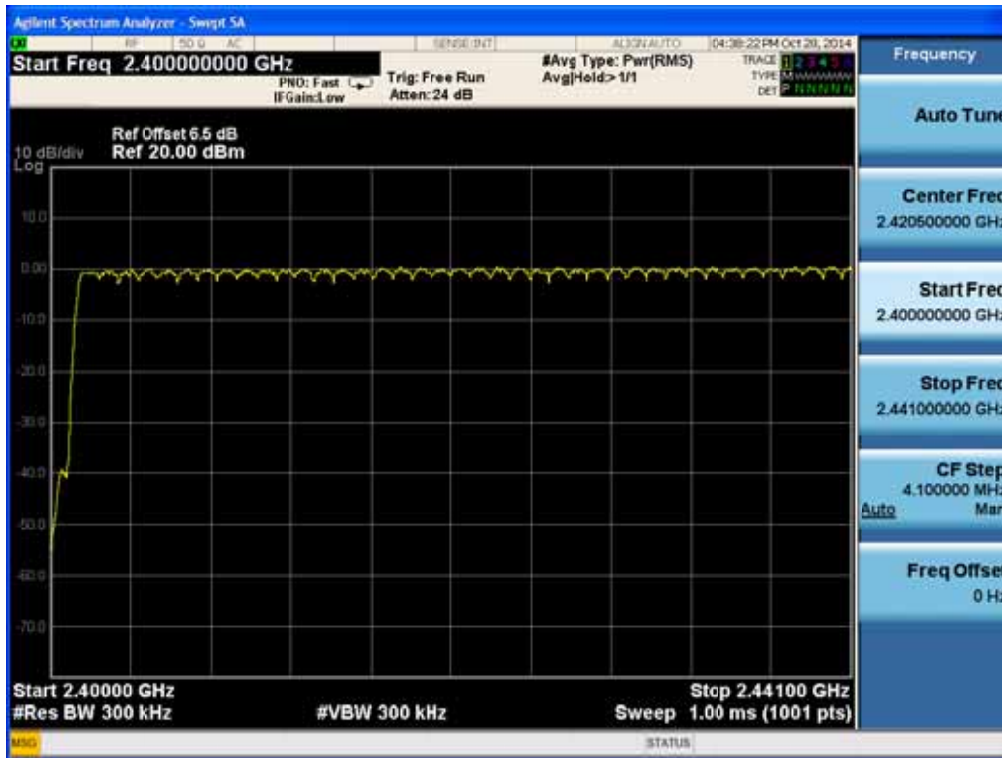
Test Plots (GFSK)

Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Number of Channels (2.4 GHz - 2.441 GHz)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Number of Channels (2.441 GHz - 2.4835 GHz)

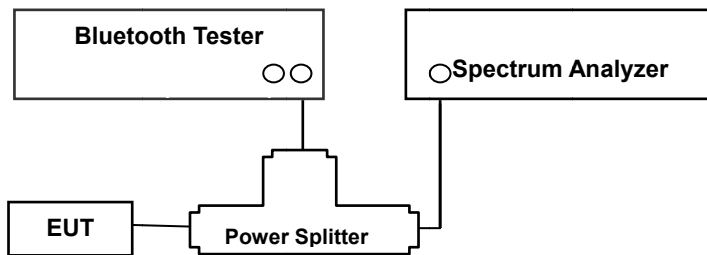


8.5 TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

LIMIT

According to §15.247(a)(1)(iii), Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz bands. The average time of occupancy on any channels shall not greater than 0.4 s within a period 0.4 s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

This test is performed with hopping off.

EUT was set to transmit the longest packet type (DH5)

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

Span = Zero span, Centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector = Peak

Trace = Max hold

The marker-delta function was used to determine the dwell time.

Normal Mode / EDR Mode

DH 5(The longest packet type for GFSK)

CH Mid : $2.892 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 308.48 \text{ (ms)}$

2-DH 5(The longest packet type for $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

CH Mid : $2.883 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 307.52 \text{ (ms)}$

3-DH 5(The longest packet type for 8DPSK)

CH Mid : $2.892 * (1600/6)/79 * 31.6 = 308.48 \text{ (ms)}$

AFH Mode

DH 5(The longest packet type for GFSK)

CH Mid : $2.892 * (800/6)/20 * 8.0 = 154.24 \text{ (ms)}$

2-DH 5(The longest packet type for $\pi/4$ DQPSK)

CH Mid : $2.883 * (800/6)/20 * 8.0 = 153.76 \text{ (ms)}$

3-DH 5(The longest packet type for 8DPSK)

CH Mid : $2.892 * (800/6)/20 * 8.0 = 154.24 \text{ (ms)}$

Note :

A DH5 Packet need 5 time slot for transmitting and 1 time slot for receiving. Then the system makes worst case 1600/6 hops per second with 79 channels. So the system have each channel 3.3755 times per second and so for 31.6 seconds the system have 106.7 times of appearance.

Each tx-time per appearance of DH5 is 2.892 ms.

Dwell time = Tx-time * 106.7

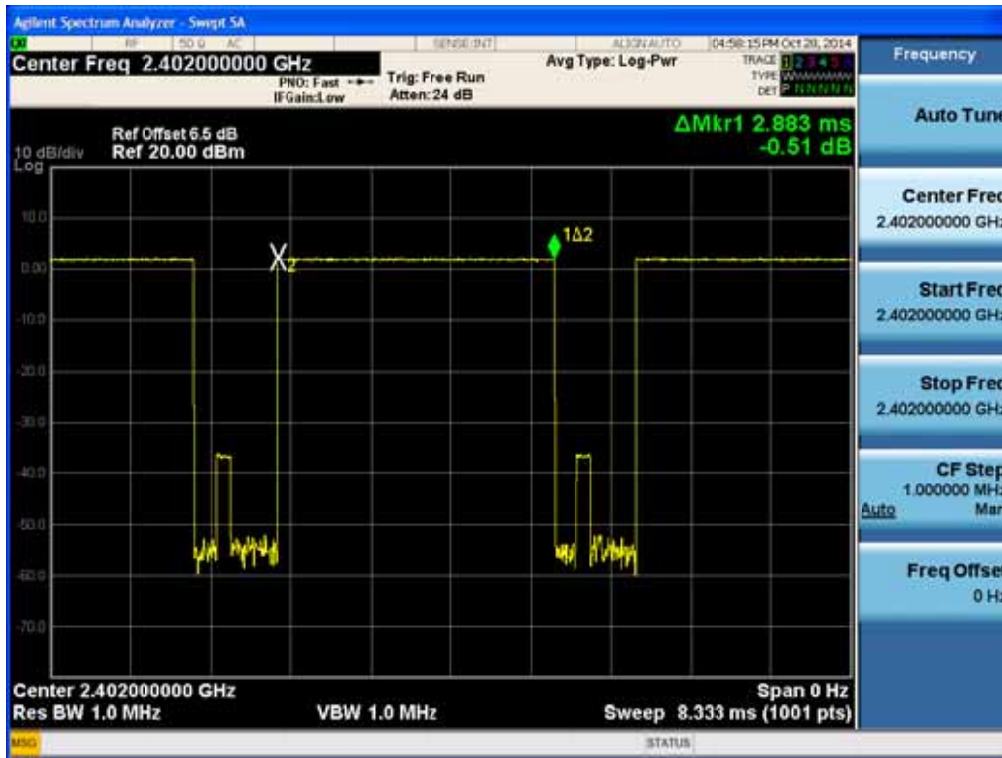
TEST RESULTS

See the table.

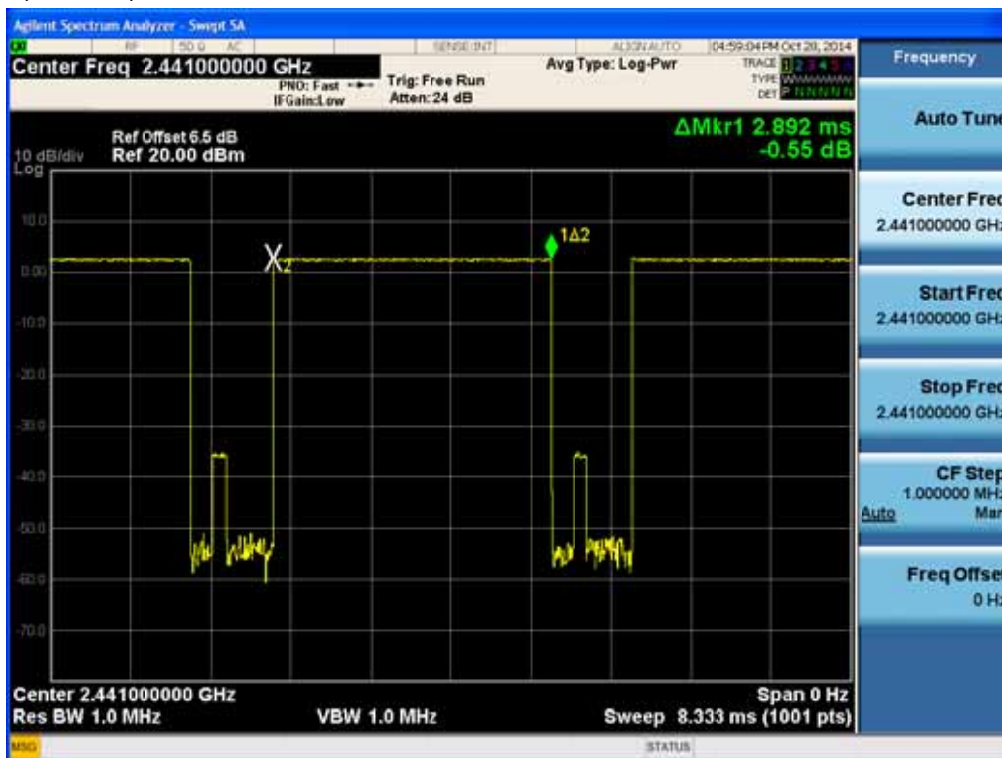
	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK
Pulse Time (ms)	Low	2.883	2.892	2.883
	Mid	2.892	2.892	2.883
	High	2.883	2.883	2.892

	Channel	GFSK	8DPSK	$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Period Time (s)	Limit (ms)	Result
Total of Dwell (ms)	Low	307.52	308.48	307.52	31.6	400	PASS
	Mid	308.48	308.48	307.52	31.6		PASS
	High	307.52	307.52	308.48	31.6		PASS

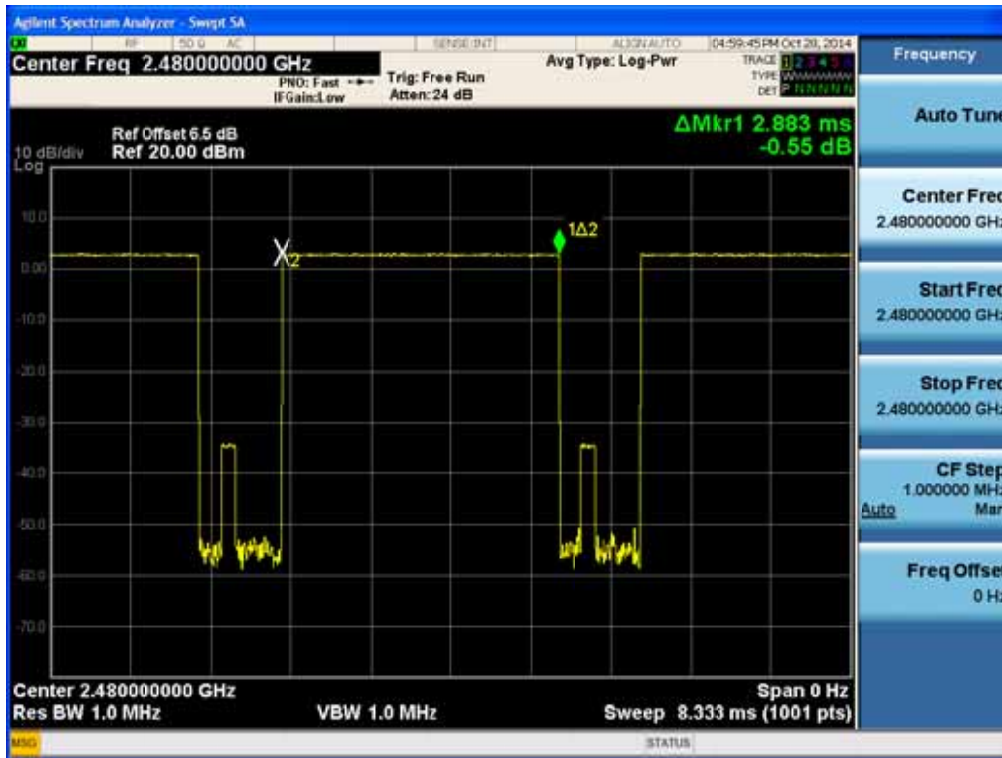
Test Plots (GFSK)
Dwell Time (Low-CH)



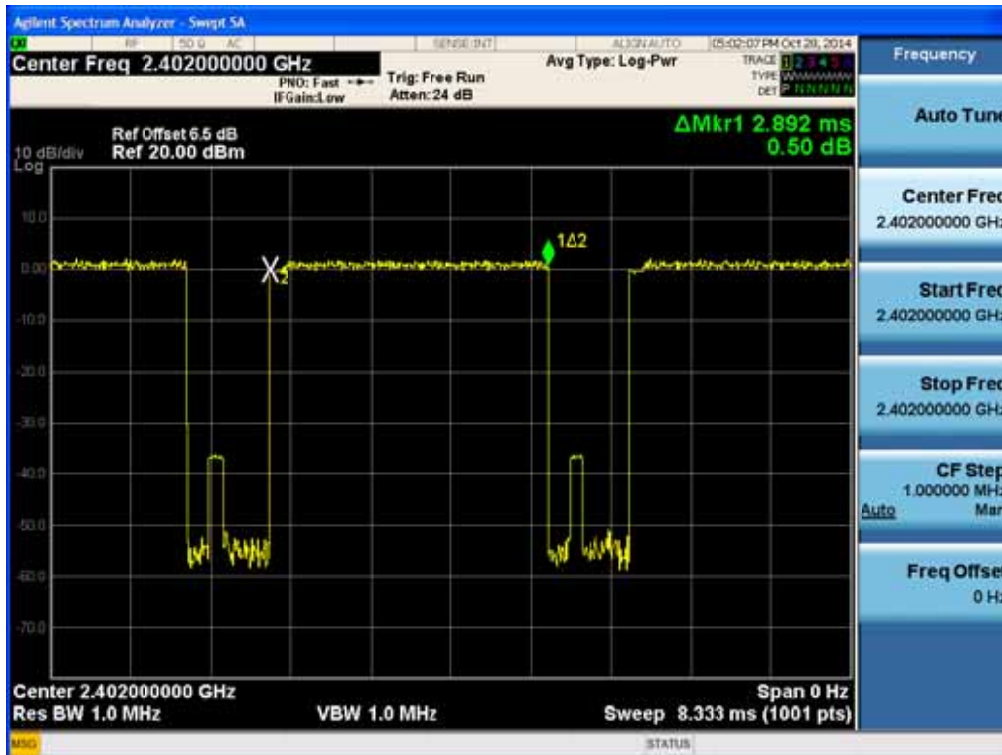
Test Plots (GFSK)
Dwell Time (Mid-CH)



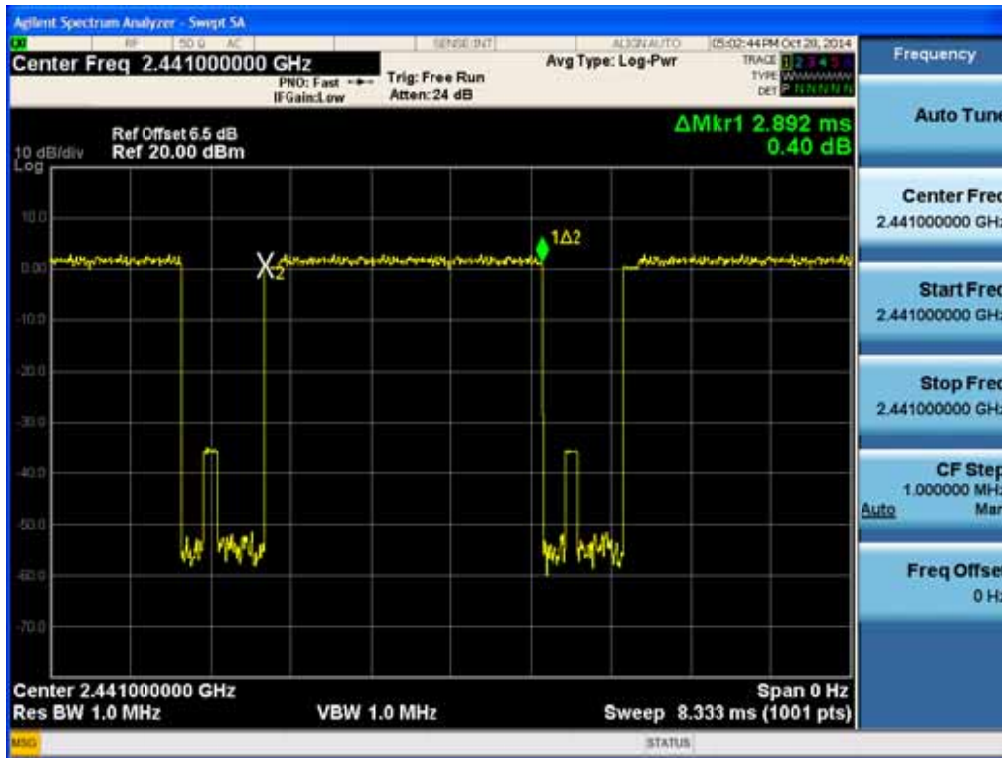
Test Plots (GFSK)
Dwell Time (High-CH)



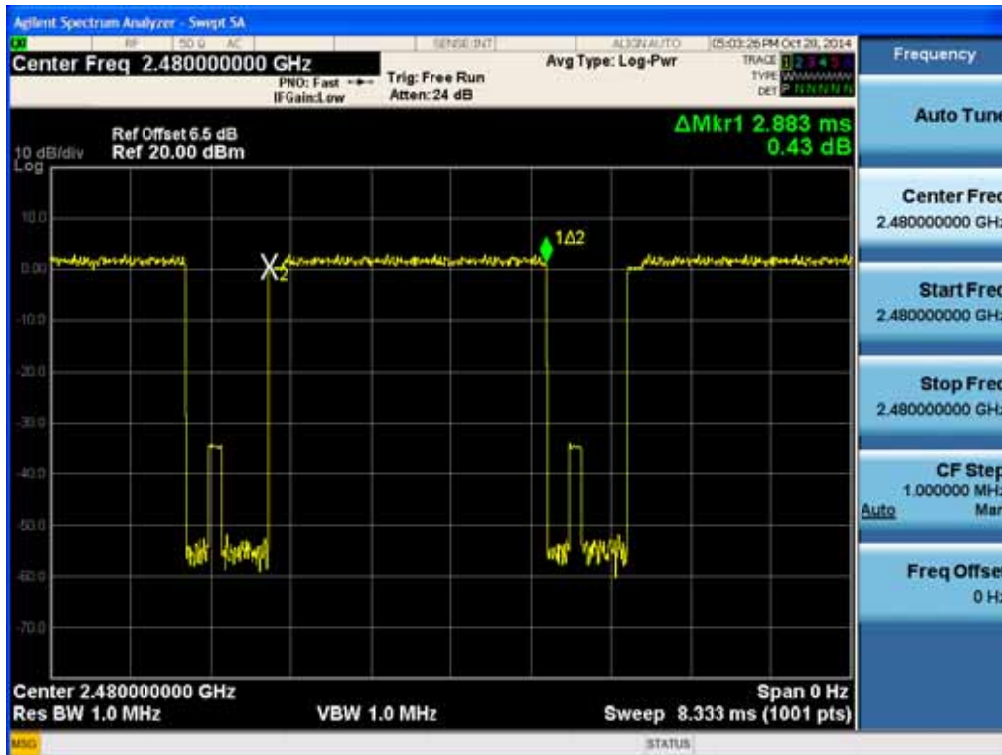
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Dwell Time (Low-CH)



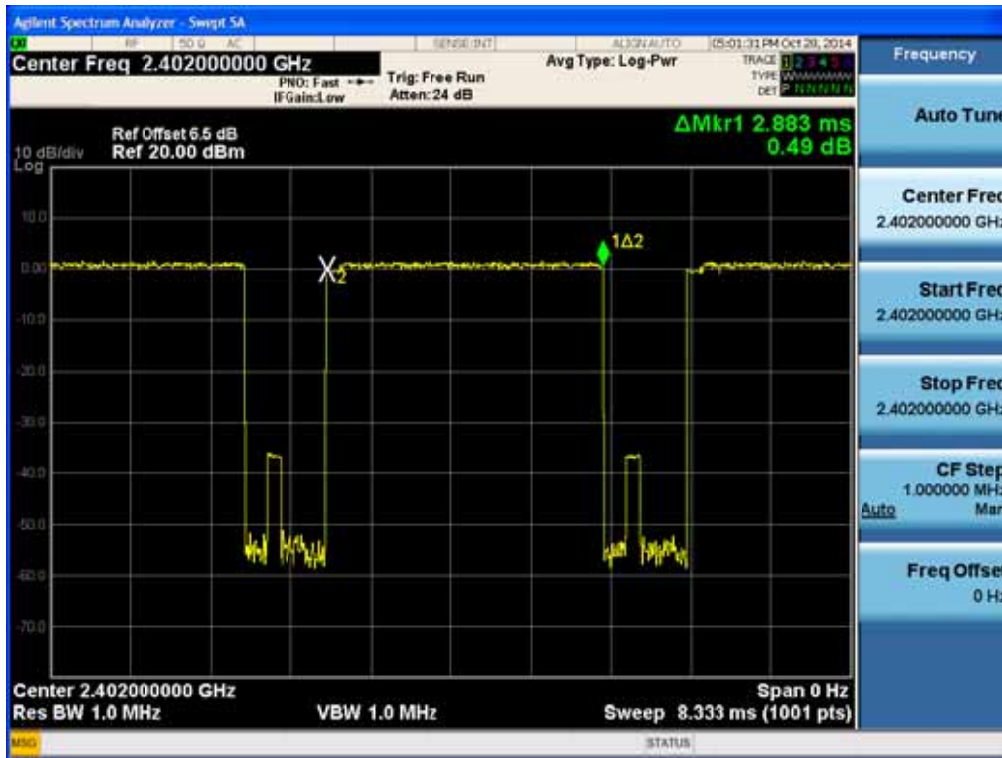
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Dwell Time (Mid-CH)



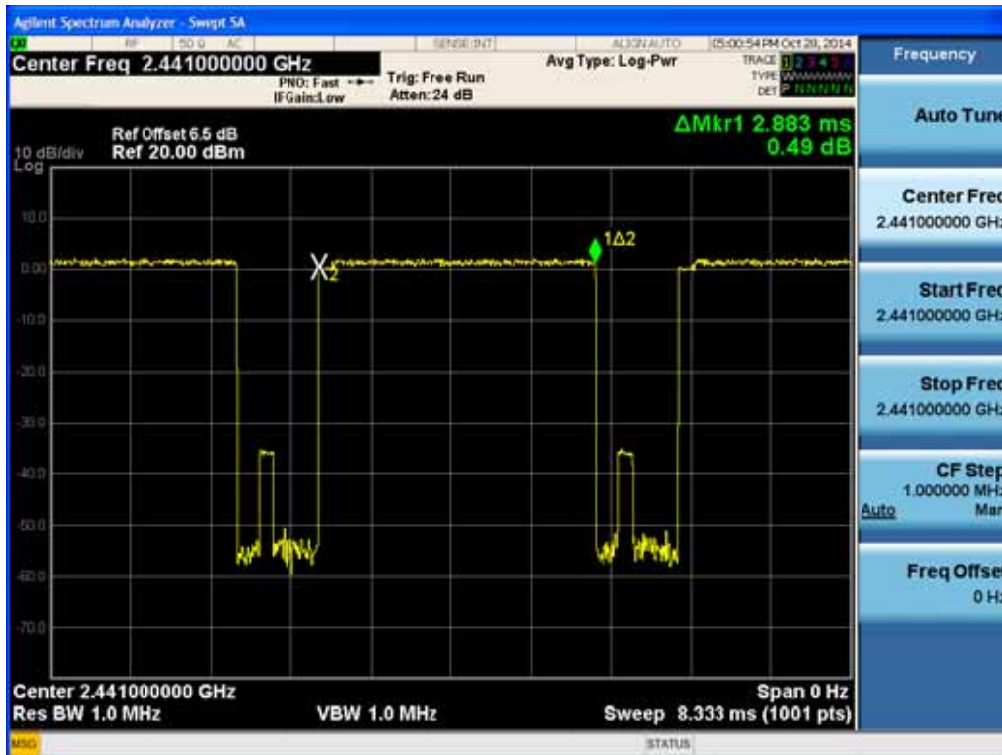
Test Plots (8DPSK)
Dwell Time (High-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Dwell Time (Low-CH)

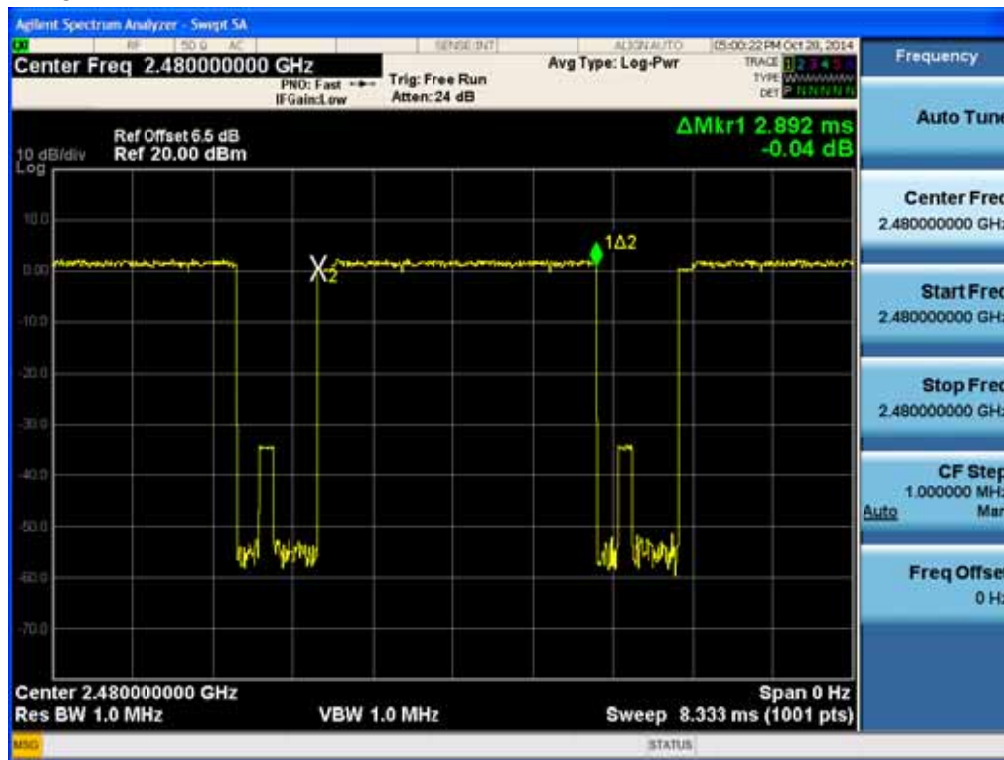


Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Dwell Time (Mid-CH)



Test Plots ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Dwell Time (High-CH)



8.6 SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

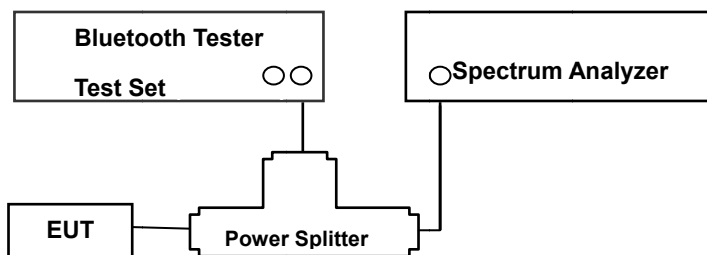
8.6.1 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Limit : 20 dBc

Test Configuration



TEST PROCEDURE

Conducted RF measurements of the transmitter output were made to confirm that the EUT antenna port conducted emissions meet the specified limit and to identify any spurious signals that require further investigation or measurements on the radiated emissions site.

The transmitter output is connected to the spectrum analyzer.

The Spectrum Analyzer is set to (DA 00-705)

1. Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions(e.g.,harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.
2. RBW = 100 kHz
3. VBW ≥ 300 kHz
4. Sweep = auto
5. Sweep point ≥ 2*span/RBW
5. Detector function = peak

6. Trace = max hold

Measurements are made over the 30 MHz to 26 GHz range with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

This test is performed with hopping off.

TEST RESULTS

No non-compliance noted.

Note : In order to simplify the report, attached plots were only the worst case channel and data rate.

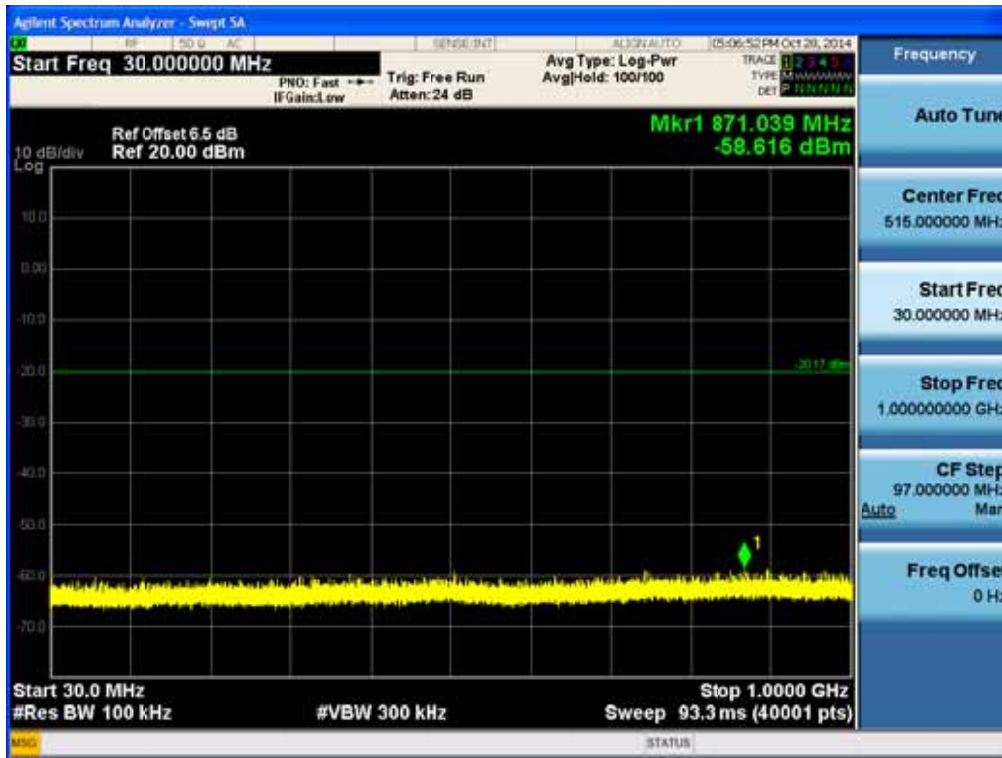
FACTORS FOR FREQUENCY

Freq(MHz)	Factor(dB)
30	10.01
100	10.02
200	10.10
300	10.09
400	10.13
500	10.21
600	10.13
700	10.31
800	10.18
900	10.30
1000	10.17
2000	8.53
2400*	6.51
2500*	6.54
3000	8.59
4000	10.02
5000	9.88
6000	5.70
7000	10.21
8000	6.13
9000	8.79
10000	12.46
11000	8.11
12000	9.52
13000	8.98
14000	8.13
15000	11.82
16000	6.92
17000	13.23
18000	10.25
19000	10.28
20000	9.10
21000	10.94
22000	11.54
23000	8.81
24000	11.71
25000	9.37
26000	9.34

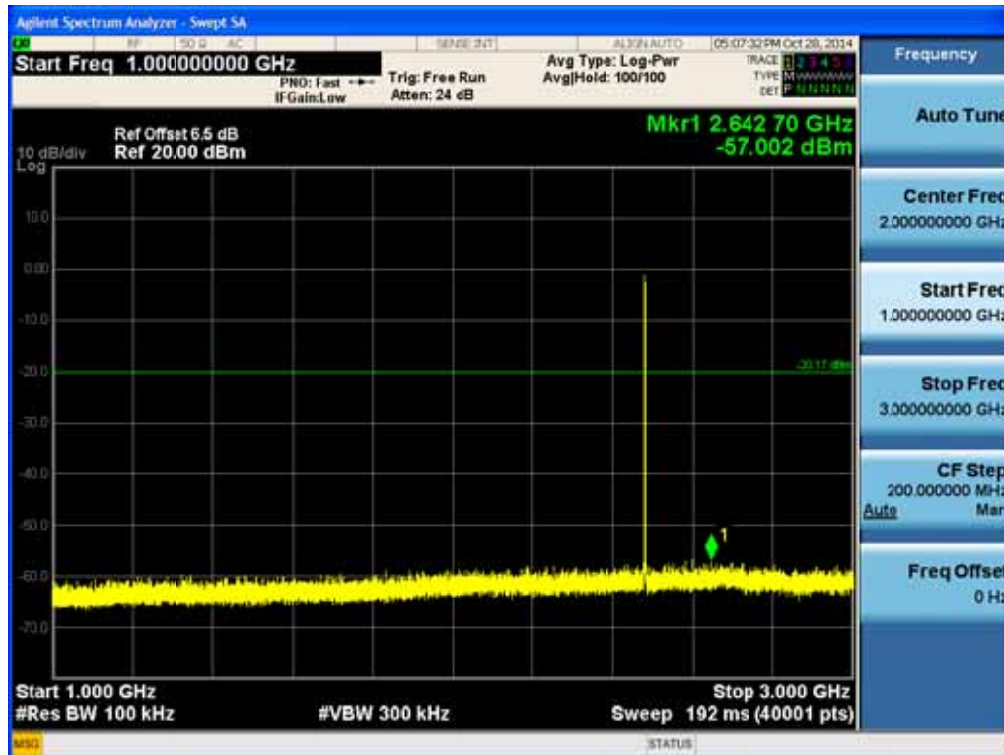
Note : 1. '*' is fundamental frequency range.

2. Factor = Cable loss + Splitter loss

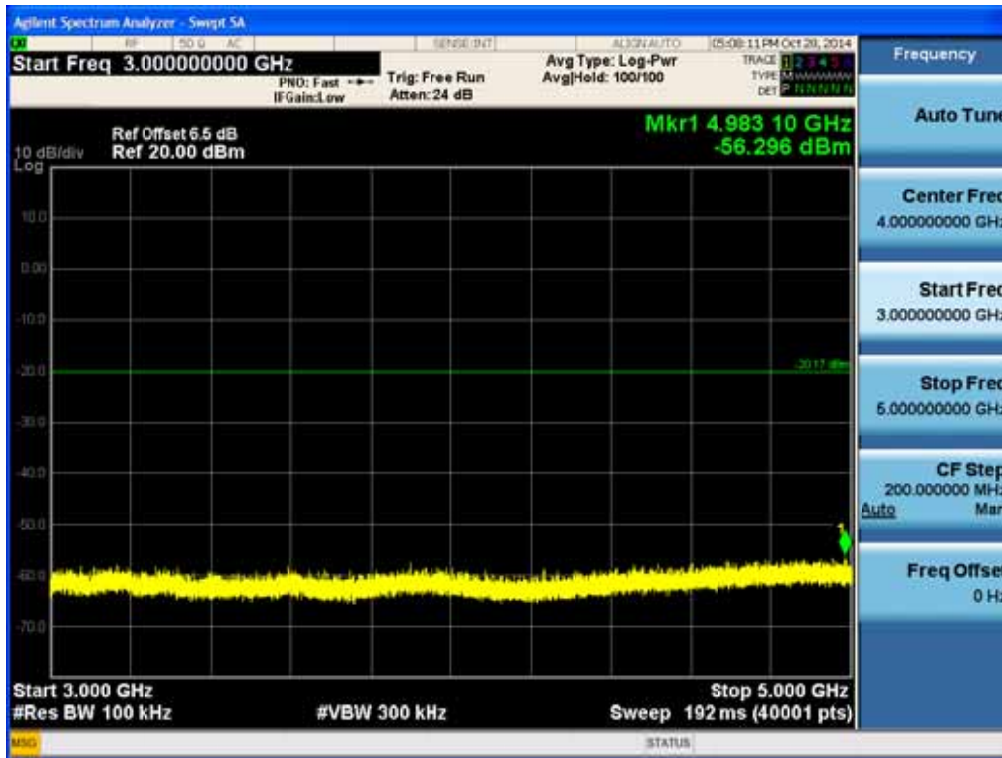
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 30 MHz - 1 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



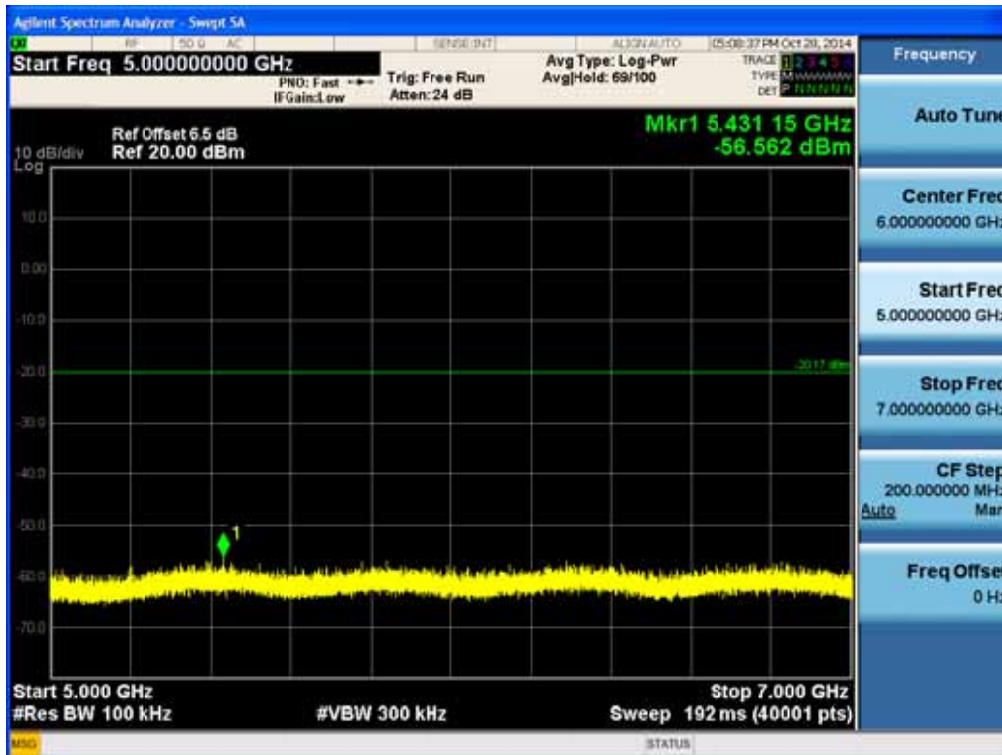
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 1 GHz – 3 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



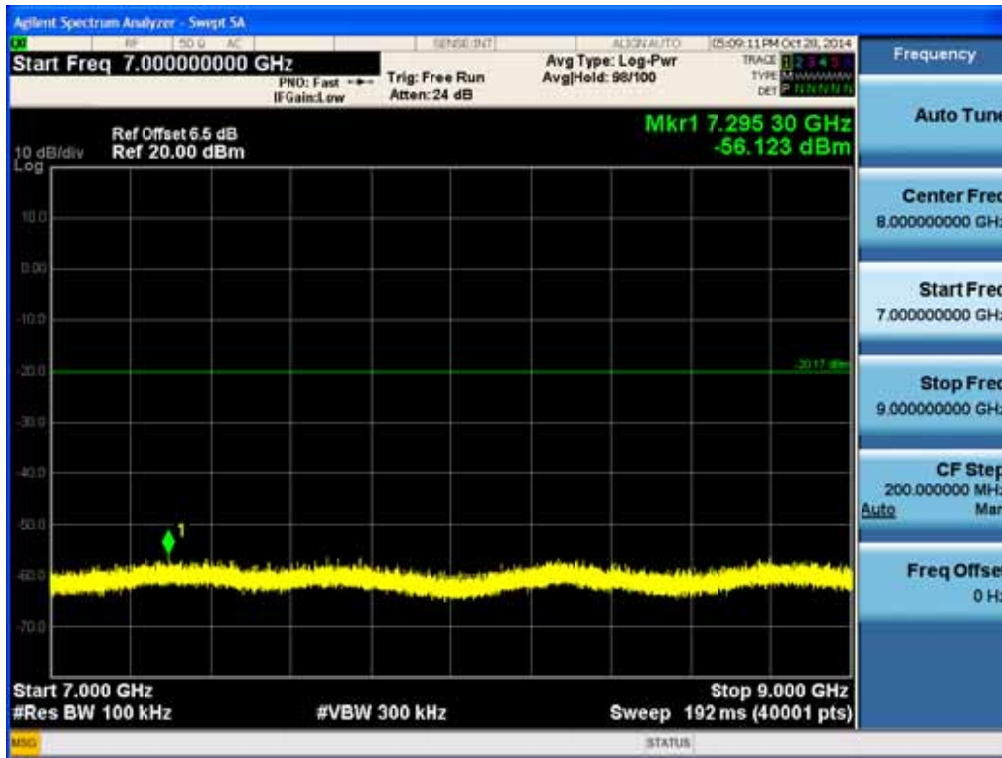
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 3 GHz - 5 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



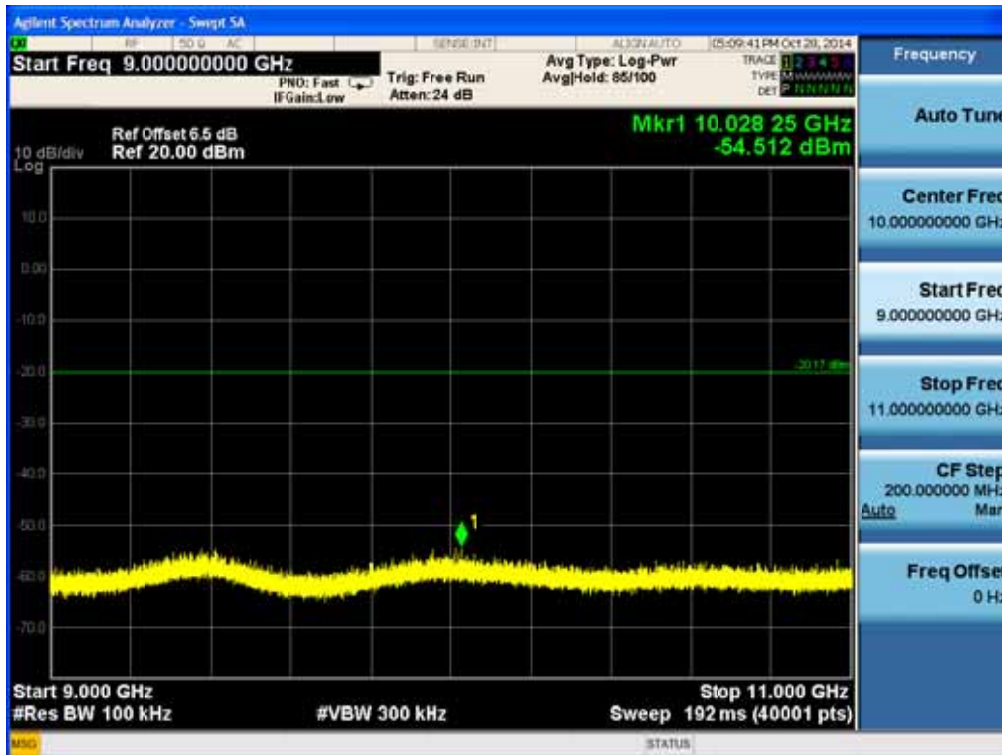
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 5 GHz - 7 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



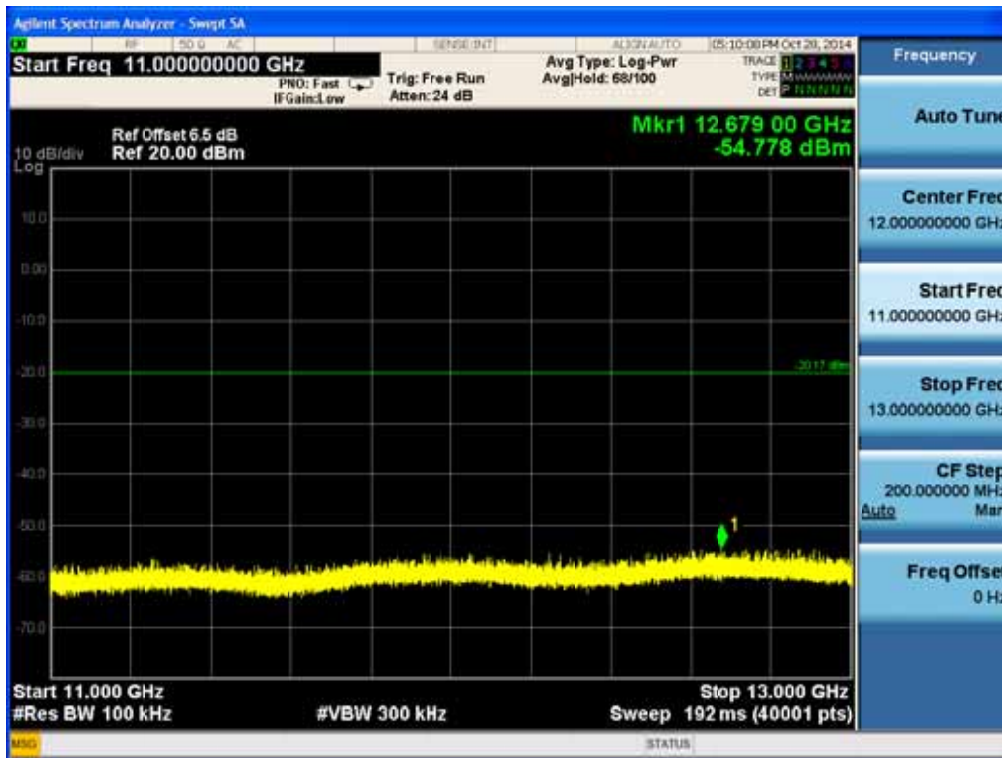
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 7 GHz - 9 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



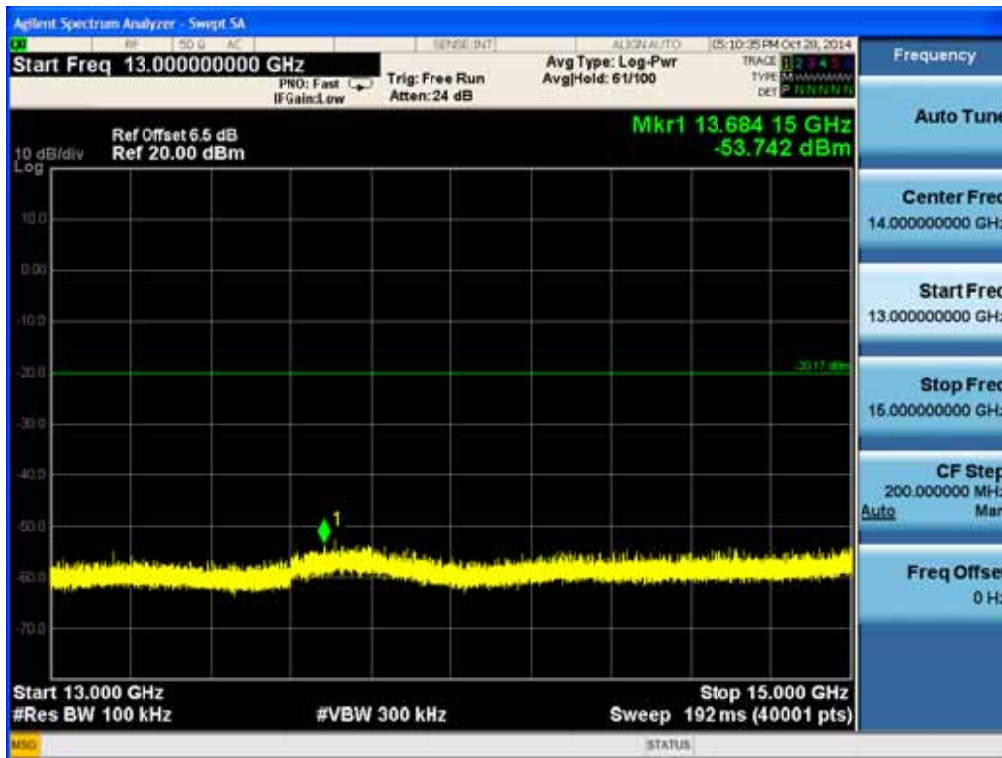
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 9 GHz - 11 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



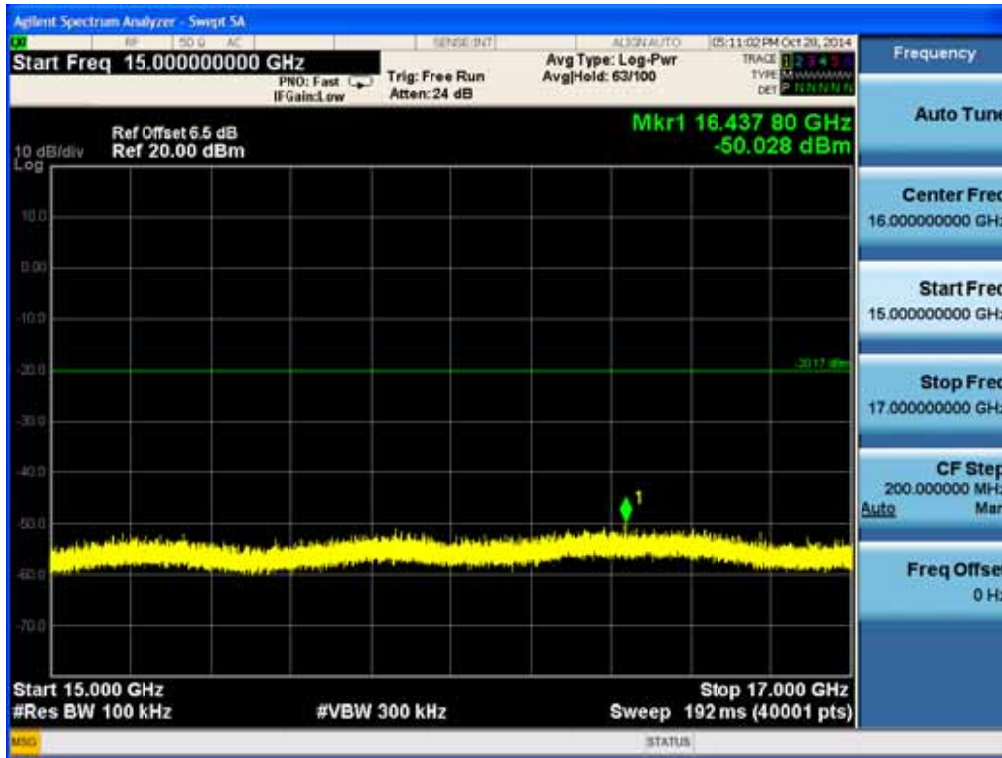
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 11 GHz - 13 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



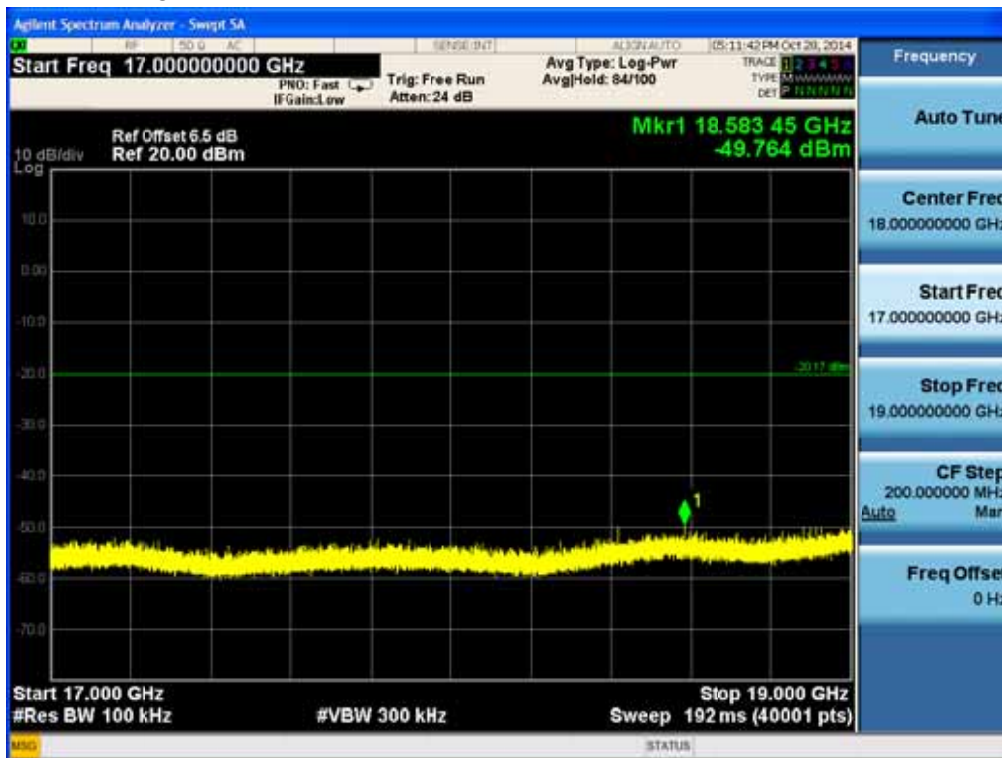
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 13 GHz – 15 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



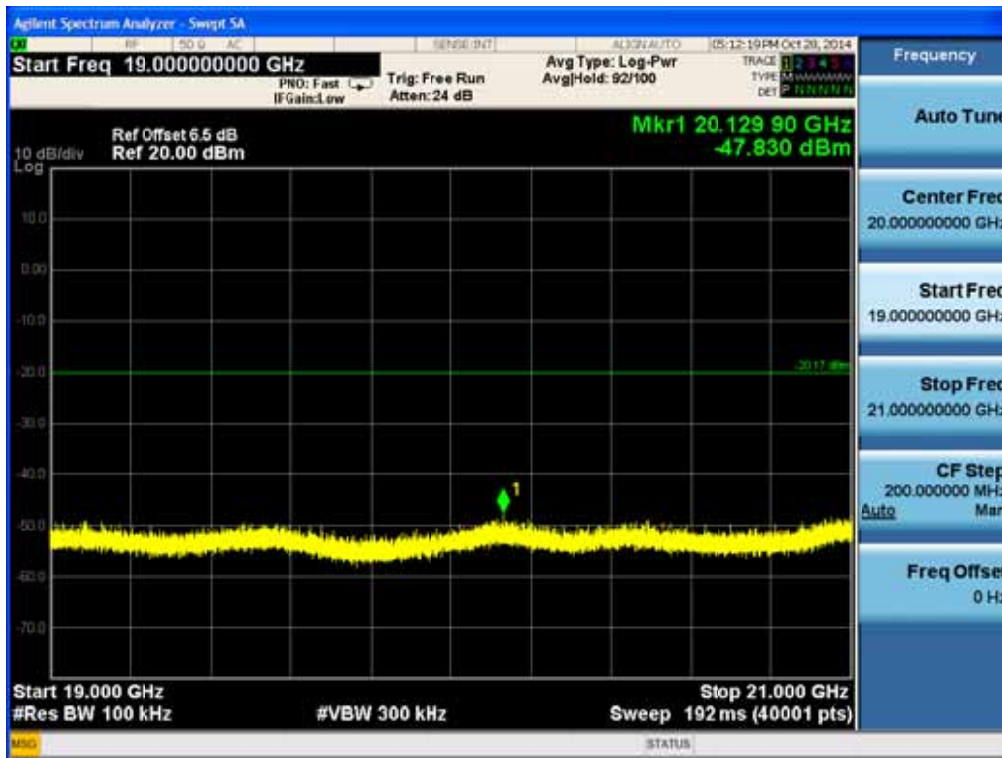
Test Plots (8DPSK)– 15 GHz - 17 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



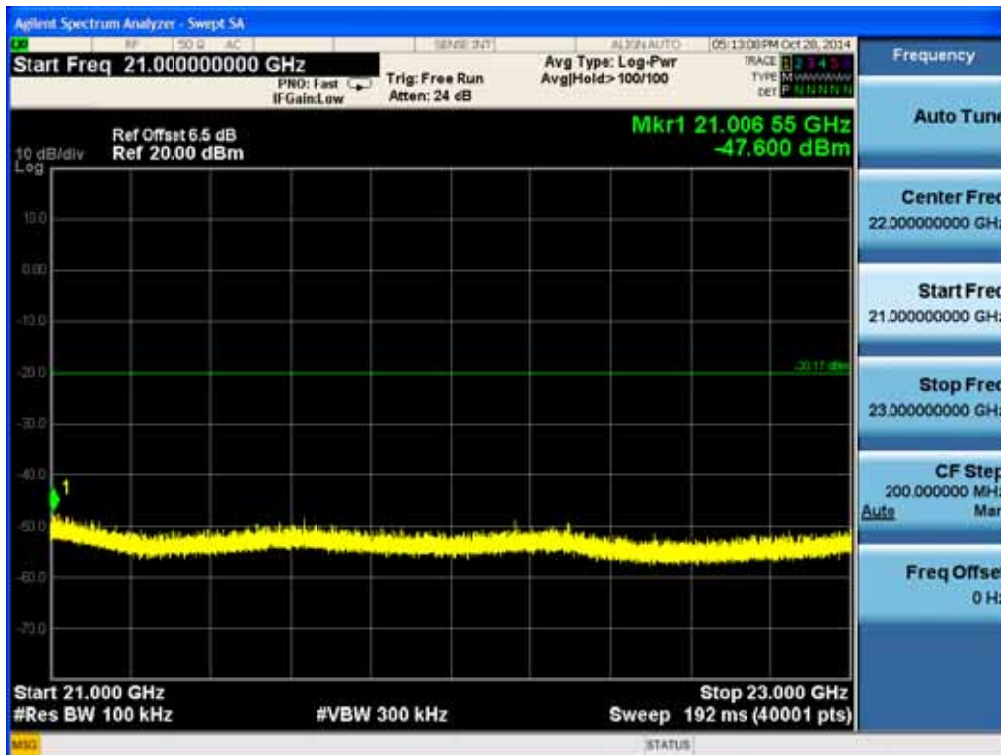
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 17 GHz - 19 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



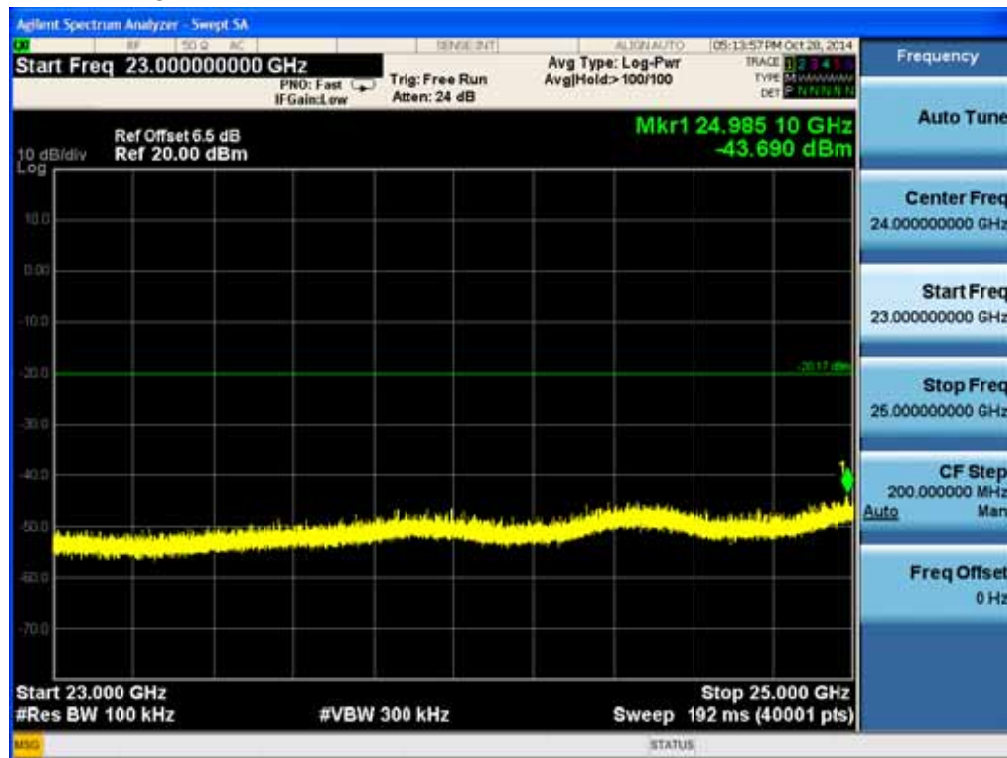
Test Plots (8DPSK)- 19 GHz - 21 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



Test Plots (8DPSK)- 21 GHz - 23 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



Test Plots (8DPSK)- 23 GHz - 25 GHz
Spurious Emission (High-CH)



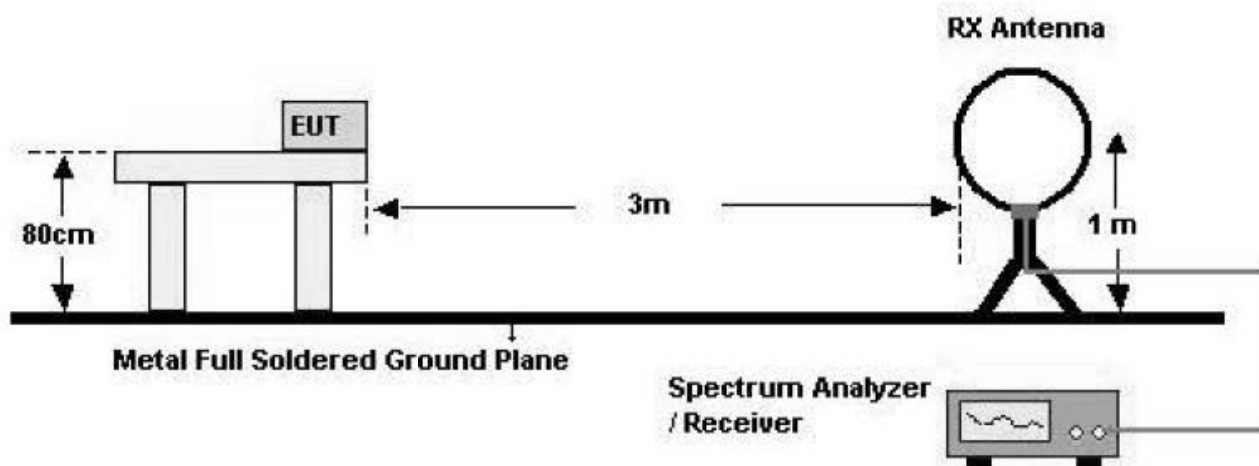
8.6.2 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS**LIMIT : §15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209**

1. 20dBc in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

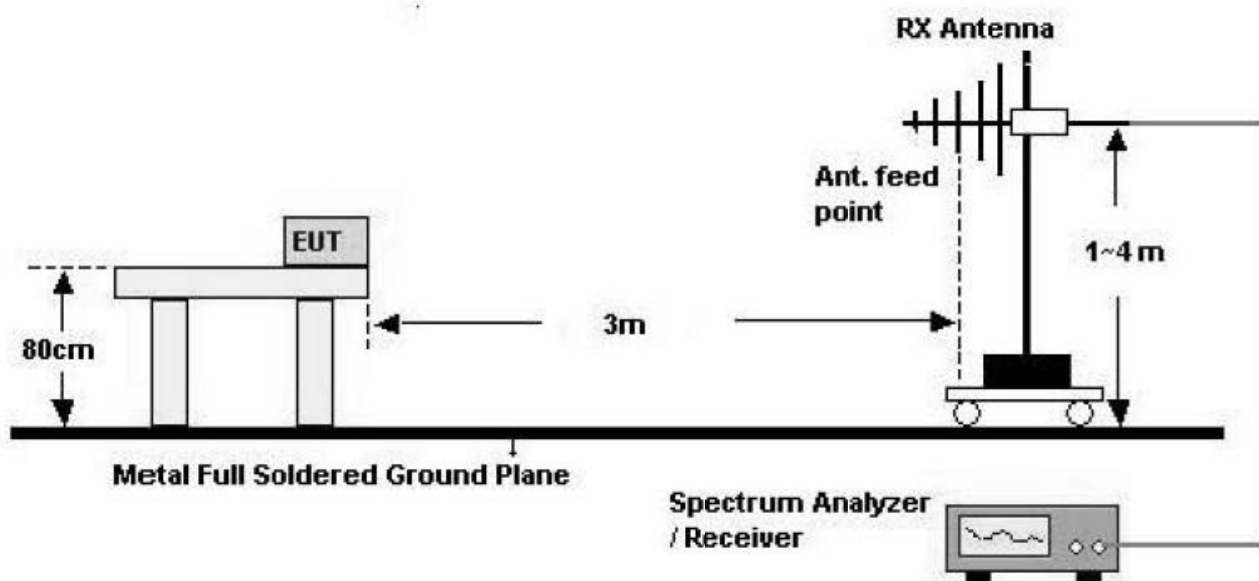
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 – 0.490	$2400/F(\text{kHz})$	300
0.490 – 1.705	$24000/F(\text{kHz})$	30
1.705 – 30	30	30
30-88	100	3
88-216	150	3
216-960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

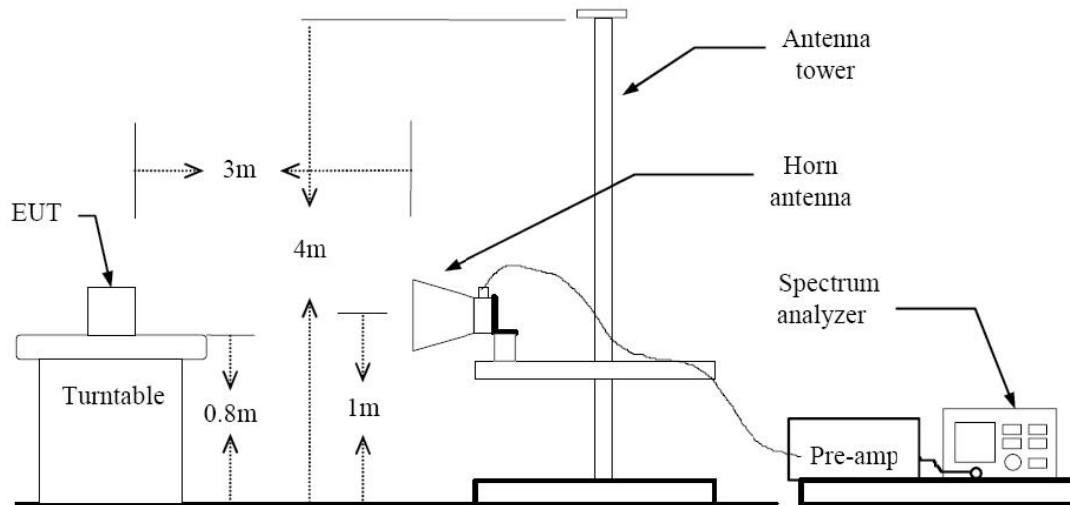
Test Configuration

Below 30 MHz



30 MHz - 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz**TEST PROCEDURE**

1. The EUT is placed on a turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.
7. Spectrum Setting
 - a. Peak Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 MHz.
 - b. AV Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 kHz $\geq 1/\tau$ Hz, where τ = pulse width in seconds.

TEST RESULTS**9 kHz – 30MHz****Operation Mode:** Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dB μ V	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dB μ V/m	dB μ V/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

Notes:

1. Measuring frequencies from 9 kHz to the 30MHz.
2. The reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
3. Distance extrapolation factor = $40 \log (\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$ (dB)
4. Limit line = specific Limits (dB μ V) + Distance extrapolation factor
5. This test is performed with hopping off.
6. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

TEST RESULTS**Below 1 GHz****Operation Mode:** Normal Mode

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dB μ V	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dB μ V/m	dB μ V/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

Notes:

1. Measuring frequencies from 30 MHz to the 1 GHz.
2. Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Quasi peak detector mode.
3. This test is performed with hopping off.
4. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

Above 1 GHz

Operation Mode: CH Low(GFSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	A.F+CL-AMP GAIN [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4804	49.08	-2.16	V	46.92	73.98	27.06	PK
4804	35.54	-2.16	V	33.38	53.98	20.60	AV
7206	45.58	7.31	V	52.89	73.98	21.09	PK
7206	32.17	7.31	V	39.48	53.98	14.50	AV
4804	49.76	-2.16	H	47.60	73.98	26.38	PK
4804	35.63	-2.16	H	33.47	53.98	20.51	AV
7206	45.89	7.31	H	53.20	73.98	20.78	PK
7206	32.19	7.31	H	39.50	53.98	14.48	AV

Operation Mode: CH Low(8DPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	A.F+CL-AMP GAIN [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4804	49.08	-2.16	V	46.92	73.98	27.06	PK
4804	32.63	-2.16	V	30.47	53.98	23.51	AV
7206	45.99	7.31	V	53.30	73.98	20.68	PK
7206	32.14	7.31	V	39.45	53.98	14.53	AV
4804	49.30	-2.16	H	47.14	73.98	26.84	PK
4804	35.68	-2.16	H	33.52	53.98	20.46	AV
7206	46.23	7.31	H	53.54	73.98	20.44	PK
7206	32.21	7.31	H	39.52	53.98	14.46	AV

Operation Mode: CH Low($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	A.F+CL-AMP GAIN [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4804	49.44	-2.16	V	47.28	73.98	26.70	PK
4804	35.62	-2.16	V	33.46	53.98	20.52	AV
7206	45.67	7.31	V	52.98	73.98	21.00	PK
7206	32.16	7.31	V	39.47	53.98	14.51	AV
4804	49.67	-2.16	H	47.51	73.98	26.47	PK
4804	35.70	-2.16	H	33.54	53.98	20.44	AV
7206	45.99	7.31	H	53.30	73.98	20.68	PK
7206	32.16	7.31	H	39.47	53.98	14.51	AV

A.F: ANTENNA FACTOR

C.L: CABLE LOSS

AMP GAIN: AMPLIFIER GAIN

Notes:

- Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
- Spectrum setting:
 - Peak Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 MHz.
 - AV Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 kHz $\geq 1/\tau$ Hz, where τ = pulse width in seconds.
We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode.
- We have done Normal Mode and EDR Mode test.
- This test is performed with hopping off.
- We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

Operation Mode: CH Mid(GFSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	A.F+CL-AMP GAIN [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4882	49.58	-1.95	V	47.63	73.98	26.35	PK
4882	35.94	-1.95	V	33.99	53.98	19.99	AV
7323	46.44	7.34	V	53.78	73.98	20.20	PK
7323	32.42	7.34	V	39.76	53.98	14.22	AV
4882	49.67	-1.95	H	47.72	73.98	26.26	PK
4882	35.99	-1.95	H	34.04	53.98	19.94	AV
7323	46.58	7.34	H	53.92	73.98	20.06	PK
7323	32.56	7.34	H	39.90	53.98	14.08	AV

Operation Mode: CH Mid(8DPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	A.F+CL-AMP GAIN [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4882	49.59	-1.95	V	47.64	73.98	26.34	PK
4882	35.94	-1.95	V	33.99	53.98	19.99	AV
7323	45.92	7.34	V	53.26	73.98	20.72	PK
7323	32.53	7.34	V	39.87	53.98	14.11	AV
4882	49.98	-1.95	H	48.03	73.98	25.95	PK
4882	35.98	-1.95	H	34.03	53.98	19.95	AV
7323	46.45	7.34	H	53.79	73.98	20.19	PK
7323	32.55	7.34	H	39.89	53.98	14.09	AV

Operation Mode: CH Mid($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	A.F+CL-AMP GAIN [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4882	49.86	-1.95	V	47.91	73.98	26.07	PK
4882	35.90	-1.95	V	33.95	53.98	20.03	AV
7323	46.38	7.34	V	53.72	73.98	20.26	PK
7323	32.50	7.34	V	39.84	53.98	14.14	AV
4882	50.11	-1.95	H	48.16	73.98	25.82	PK
4882	35.97	-1.95	H	34.02	53.98	19.96	AV
7323	46.79	7.34	H	54.13	73.98	19.85	PK
7323	32.54	7.34	H	39.88	53.98	14.10	AV

A.F: ANTENNA FACTOR

C.L: CABLE LOSS

AMP GAIN: AMPLIFIER GAIN

Notes:

- Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
- Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
- Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
- Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
- Spectrum setting:
 - Peak Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 MHz.
 - AV Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 kHz $\geq 1/\tau$ Hz, where τ = pulse width in seconds.
We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode.
- We have done Normal Mode and EDR Mode test.
- This test is performed with hopping off.
- We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

Operation Mode: CH High(GFSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	A.F+CL-AMP GAIN [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4960	49.82	-1.84	V	47.98	73.98	26.00	PK
4960	35.92	-1.84	V	34.08	53.98	19.90	AV
7440	45.87	7.13	V	53.00	73.98	20.98	PK
7440	32.03	7.13	V	39.16	53.98	14.82	AV
4960	50.12	-1.84	H	48.28	73.98	25.70	PK
4960	36.03	-1.84	H	34.19	53.98	19.79	AV
7440	46.25	7.13	H	53.38	73.98	20.60	PK
7440	32.09	7.13	H	39.22	53.98	14.76	AV

Operation Mode: CH High(8DPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	A.F+CL-AMP GAIN [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4960	49.71	-1.84	V	47.87	73.98	26.11	PK
4960	35.93	-1.84	V	34.09	53.98	19.89	AV
7440	45.80	7.13	V	52.93	73.98	21.05	PK
7440	32.09	7.13	V	39.22	53.98	14.76	AV
4960	50.50	-1.84	H	48.66	73.98	25.32	PK
4960	35.99	-1.84	H	34.15	53.98	19.83	AV
7440	46.21	7.13	H	53.34	73.98	20.64	PK
7440	32.10	7.13	H	39.23	53.98	14.75	AV

Operation Mode: CH High ($\pi/4$ DQPSK)

Frequency [MHz]	Reading DBuV	A.F+CL-AMP GAIN [dB]	ANT. POL [H/V]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
4960	49.59	-1.84	V	47.75	73.98	26.23	PK
4960	35.88	-1.84	V	34.04	53.98	19.94	AV
7440	45.63	7.13	V	52.76	73.98	21.22	PK
7440	32.08	7.13	V	39.21	53.98	14.77	AV
4960	49.77	-1.84	H	47.93	73.98	26.05	PK
4960	35.92	-1.84	H	34.08	53.98	19.90	AV
7440	46.07	7.13	H	53.20	73.98	20.78	PK
7440	32.12	7.13	H	39.25	53.98	14.73	AV

A.F: ANTENNA FACTOR

C.L: CABLE LOSS

AMP GAIN: AMPLIFIER GAIN

Notes:

1. Measuring frequencies from 1 GHz to the 10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency.
2. Measurements above show only up to 6 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
3. Radiated emissions measured in frequency above 1000 MHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode and average detector mode of the emission shown in Actual FS column.
4. Total = Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amp Gain
5. Spectrum setting:
 - a. Peak Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 MHz.
 - b. AV Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 kHz $\geq 1/\tau$ Hz, where τ = pulse width in seconds.
We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode.
6. We have done Normal Mode and EDR Mode test.
7. This test is performed with hopping off.
8. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

8.6.3 RECEIVER SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

IC Rule(s) RSS-GEN
Test Requirements: Blow the table
Operating conditions: Under normal test conditions
Method of testing: Radiated

S/A. Settings: F < 1 GHz: RBW: 120 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz (Quasi Peak)
 F > 1 GHz: RBW: 1 MHz, VBW: 1 MHz (Peak)
Mode of operation: Receive

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/m at 3 meters)
30 – 88	100
88 - 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

Operation Mode: Receive:

30 MHz ~ 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBμV	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

Above 1 GHz

Frequency	Reading	Ant. factor	Cable loss	Ant. POL	Total	Limit	Margin
MHz	dBμV	dB /m	dB	(H/V)	dBμV/m	dBμV/m	dB
No Critical peaks found							

8.6.4 RADIATED RESTRICTED BAND EDGES

Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in section 15.209(a) (See section 15.205(c)).

Operation Mode	Normal(GFSK)
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz, 2480 MHz
Channel No	CH 0, CH 78

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	A.F.+CL [dB]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Duty Cycle Correction [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2390.0	25.47	31.47	H	0	56.94	73.98	17.04	PK
2390.0	12.22	31.47	H	-24.73	18.95	53.98	35.03	AV
2390.0	25.38	31.47	V	0	56.85	73.98	17.13	PK
2390.0	12.20	31.47	V	-24.73	18.93	53.98	35.05	AV
2483.5	29.12	31.46	H	0	60.58	73.98	13.40	PK
2483.5	25.83	31.46	H	-24.73	32.56	53.98	21.42	AV
2483.5	29.62	31.46	V	0	61.08	73.98	12.90	PK
2483.5	26.17	31.46	V	-24.73	32.90	53.98	21.08	AV

Operation Mode	EDR(8DPSK)
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz , 2480 MHz
Channel No	CH 0, CH 78

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	A.F.+CL [dB]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Duty Cycle Correction [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2390.0	25.76	31.47	H	0	57.23	73.98	16.75	PK
2390.0	12.15	31.47	H	-24.73	18.88	53.98	35.10	AV
2390.0	25.59	31.47	V	0	57.06	73.98	16.92	PK
2390.0	12.15	31.47	V	-24.73	18.88	53.98	35.10	AV
2483.5	29.34	31.46	H	0	60.80	73.98	13.18	PK
2483.5	23.74	31.46	H	-24.73	30.47	53.98	23.51	AV
2483.5	29.73	31.46	V	0	61.19	73.98	12.79	PK
2483.5	24.13	31.46	V	-24.73	30.86	53.98	23.12	AV

Operation Mode	EDR($\pi/4$ DQPSK)
Operating Frequency	2402 MHz , 2480 MHz
Channel No	CH 0, CH 78

Frequency [MHz]	Reading dBuV	A.F.+CL [dB]	Ant. Pol. [H/V]	Duty Cycle Correction [dB]	Total [dBuV/m]	Limit [dBuV/m]	Margin [dB]	Measurement Type
2390.0	26.09	31.47	H	0	57.56	73.98	16.42	PK
2390.0	12.20	31.47	H	-24.73	18.93	53.98	35.05	AV
2390.0	25.49	31.47	V	0	56.96	73.98	17.02	PK
2390.0	12.15	31.47	V	-24.73	18.88	53.98	35.10	AV
2483.5	29.36	31.46	H	0	60.82	73.98	13.16	PK
2483.5	23.77	31.46	H	-24.73	30.50	53.98	23.48	AV
2483.5	29.77	31.46	V	0	61.23	73.98	12.75	PK
2483.5	24.08	31.46	V	-24.73	30.81	53.98	23.17	AV

A·F: ANTENNA FACTOR

C·L: CABLE LOSS

AMP GAIN: AMPLIFIER GAIN

Notes:

- Frequency range of measurement = 2483.5 MHz ~ 2500 MHz
- Total = Fundamental Reading Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss + Duty Cycle Correction Factor

3. Spectrum setting:

- a. Peak Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 MHz.
- b. AV Setting 1 GHz – 26 GHz, RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 1 kHz $\geq 1/\tau$ Hz, where τ = pulse width in seconds.

We performed using a reduced video BW method was done with the analyzer in linear mode.

4. FYI : Duty Cycle Correction Factor (79 channel hopping)

- a. Time to cycle through all channels= $\Delta t = \tau$ [ms] x 79 channels = 229.100 ms, where τ = pulse width
- b. $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t$ [ms] = $H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, $H' = 1$
- c. Worst Case Dwell Time = τ [ms] x $H' = 2.900$ ms
- d. Duty Cycle Correction = $20\log(\text{Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100\text{ms}) \text{ dB} = -30.752 \text{ dB}$

5. Duty Cycle Correction Factor(AFH mode – minimum channel number case - 20 channels)

- a. Time to cycle through all channels= $\Delta t = \tau$ [ms] x 20 channels = 58.00 ms, where τ = pulse width
- b. $100 \text{ ms} / \Delta t$ [ms] = $H \rightarrow$ Round up to next highest integer, $H' = 2$
- c. Worst Case Dwell Time = τ [ms] x $H' = 5.800$ ms
- d. Duty Cycle Correction(AFH) = $20\log(\text{Worst Case Dwell Time} / 100\text{ms}) \text{ dB} = -24.7314 \text{ dB}$
- e. We applied DCCF in the test result which hopping channel number is 20.

6. We have done Normal Mode, EDR Mode.

7. This test is performed with hopping off.

8. We have done x, y, z planes in EUT and horizontal and vertical polarization in detecting antenna.

8.7 POWERLINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

LIMIT

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolt (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line (LINE and NEUTRAL) and ground at the power terminals.

Test Configuration

See test photographs attached in Appendix 1 for the actual connections between EUT and support equipment.

TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to a test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors – Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

Note : We don't perform powerline conducted emission test. Because this EUT is used with vehicle.

9. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

9.1 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Conducted Test)

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216/ LISN	01/29/2014	Annual	100073
Agilent	E4440A/ Spectrum Analyzer	04/09/2014	Annual	US45303008
Agilent	N9020A/ SIGNAL ANALYZER	05/23/2014	Annual	MY51110063
Agilent	N1911A/Power Meter	01/24/2014	Annual	MY45100523
Agilent	N1921A /POWER SENSOR	07/09/2014	Annual	MY45241059
Agilent	87300B/Directional Coupler	12/08/2014	Annual	3116A03621
Hewlett Packard	11667B / Power Splitter	01/27/2014	Annual	10545
ITECH	IT6720 / DC POWER SUPPLY	11/04/2014	Annual	010002156287001199
TESCOM	TC-3000C / BLUETOOTH TESTER	04/11/2014	Annual	3000C000276
Rohde & Schwarz	CBT / BLUETOOTH TESTER	05/07/2014	Annual	100422
Agilent	8493C / Attenuator(10 dB)	07/21/2014	Annual	76649

9.2 LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT(Radiated Test)

Manufacturer	Model / Equipment	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Serial No.
Schwarzbeck	VULB 9160/ TRILOG Antenna	10/10/2014	Biennial	3368
Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI / EMI TEST RECEIVER	01/24/2014	Annual	100584
HD	MA240/ Antenna Position Tower	N/A	N/A	556
EMCO	1050/ Turn Table	N/A	N/A	114
HD GmbH	HD 100/ Controller	N/A	N/A	13
HD GmbH	KMS 560/ SlideBar	N/A	N/A	12
Rohde & Schwarz	SCU-18/ Signal Conditioning Unit	09/04/2014	Annual	10094
CERNEX	CBL18265035 / POWER AMP	07/23/2014	Annual	22966
CERNEX	CBL26405040 / POWER AMP	04/04/2014	Annual	19660
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D/ Horn Antenna	07/05/2013	Biennial	1151
Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170 / Horn Antenna(15 GHz ~ 40 GHz)	07/05/2013	Biennial	BBHA9170541
Rohde & Schwarz	FSP / Spectrum Analyzer	01/24/2014	Annual	839117/011
Wainwright Instrument	WHF3.0/18G-10EF / High Pass Filter	02/03/2014	Annual	F6
Wainwright Instrument	WHNX6.0/26.5G-6SS / High Pass Filter	04/09/2014	Annual	1
Wainwright Instrument	WHNX7.0/18G-8SS / High Pass Filter	04/04/2014	Annual	29
Wainwright Instrument	WRCJ2400/2483.5-2370/2520-60/14SS / Band Reject Filter	06/17/2014	Annual	1
TESCOM	TC-3000C / BLUETOOTH TESTER	04/11/2014	Annual	3000C000276
Rohde & Schwarz	CBT / BLUETOOTH TESTER	05/07/2014	Annual	100422
Rohde & Schwarz	LOOP ANTENNA	09/03/2014	Biennial	1513-175
CERNEX	CBL06185030 / POWER AMP	07/21/2014	Annual	22965
CERNEX	CBLU1183540 / POWER AMP	07/21/2014	Annual	22964